



Code of Federal Regulations

49

Part 1200 to End

Revised as of October 1, 2003

Transportation

Containing a codification of documents
of general applicability and future effect

As of October 1, 2003

With Ancillaries

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Cite this Code: CFR

*To cite the regulations in
this volume use title,
part and section num-
ber. Thus, 49 CFR
1200.1 refers to title 49,
part 1200, section 1.*

Explanation

The Code of Federal Regulations is a codification of the general and permanent rules published in the Federal Register by the Executive departments and agencies of the Federal Government. The Code is divided into 50 titles which represent broad areas subject to Federal regulation. Each title is divided into chapters which usually bear the name of the issuing agency. Each chapter is further subdivided into parts covering specific regulatory areas.

Each volume of the Code is revised at least once each calendar year and issued on a quarterly basis approximately as follows:

Title 1 through Title 16.....	as of January 1
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Title 42 through Title 50.....	as of October 1

The appropriate revision date is printed on the cover of each volume.

LEGAL STATUS

The contents of the Federal Register are required to be judicially noticed (44 U.S.C. 1507). The Code of Federal Regulations is prima facie evidence of the text of the original documents (44 U.S.C. 1510).

HOW TO USE THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

The Code of Federal Regulations is kept up to date by the individual issues of the Federal Register. These two publications must be used together to determine the latest version of any given rule.

To determine whether a Code volume has been amended since its revision date (in this case, October 1, 2003), consult the "List of CFR Sections Affected (LSA)," which is issued monthly, and the "Cumulative List of Parts Affected," which appears in the Reader Aids section of the daily Federal Register. These two lists will identify the Federal Register page number of the latest amendment of any given rule.

EFFECTIVE AND EXPIRATION DATES

Each volume of the Code contains amendments published in the Federal Register since the last revision of that volume of the Code. Source citations for the regulations are referred to by volume number and page number of the Federal Register and date of publication. Publication dates and effective dates are usually not the same and care must be exercised by the user in determining the actual effective date. In instances where the effective date is beyond the cut-off date for the Code a note has been inserted to reflect the future effective date. In those instances where a regulation published in the Federal Register states a date certain for expiration, an appropriate note will be inserted following the text.

OMB CONTROL NUMBERS

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (Pub. L. 96-511) requires Federal agencies to display an OMB control number with their information collection request.

Many agencies have begun publishing numerous OMB control numbers as amendments to existing regulations in the CFR. These OMB numbers are placed as close as possible to the applicable recordkeeping or reporting requirements.

OBSOLETE PROVISIONS

Provisions that become obsolete before the revision date stated on the cover of each volume are not carried. Code users may find the text of provisions in effect on a given date in the past by using the appropriate numerical list of sections affected. For the period before January 1, 2001, consult either the List of CFR Sections Affected, 1949–1963, 1964–1972, 1973–1985, or 1986–2000, published in 11 separate volumes. For the period beginning January 1, 2001, a “List of CFR Sections Affected” is published at the end of each CFR volume.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

What is incorporation by reference? Incorporation by reference was established by statute and allows Federal agencies to meet the requirement to publish regulations in the Federal Register by referring to materials already published elsewhere. For an incorporation to be valid, the Director of the Federal Register must approve it. The legal effect of incorporation by reference is that the material is treated as if it were published in full in the Federal Register (5 U.S.C. 552(a)). This material, like any other properly issued regulation, has the force of law.

What is a proper incorporation by reference? The Director of the Federal Register will approve an incorporation by reference only when the requirements of 1 CFR part 51 are met. Some of the elements on which approval is based are:

- (a) The incorporation will substantially reduce the volume of material published in the Federal Register.
- (b) The matter incorporated is in fact available to the extent necessary to afford fairness and uniformity in the administrative process.
- (c) The incorporating document is drafted and submitted for publication in accordance with 1 CFR part 51.

Properly approved incorporations by reference in this volume are listed in the Finding Aids at the end of this volume.

What if the material incorporated by reference cannot be found? If you have any problem locating or obtaining a copy of material listed in the Finding Aids of this volume as an approved incorporation by reference, please contact the agency that issued the regulation containing that incorporation. If, after contacting the agency, you find the material is not available, please notify the Director of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration, Washington DC 20408, or call (202) 741-6010.

CFR INDEXES AND TABULAR GUIDES

A subject index to the Code of Federal Regulations is contained in a separate volume, revised annually as of January 1, entitled CFR INDEX AND FINDING AIDS. This volume contains the Parallel Table of Statutory Authorities and Agency Rules (Table I). A list of CFR titles, chapters, and parts and an alphabetical list of agencies publishing in the CFR are also included in this volume.

An index to the text of “Title 3—The President” is carried within that volume.

The Federal Register Index is issued monthly in cumulative form. This index is based on a consolidation of the “Contents” entries in the daily Federal Register.

A List of CFR Sections Affected (LSA) is published monthly, keyed to the revision dates of the 50 CFR titles.

REPUBLICATION OF MATERIAL

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the Code of Federal Regulations.

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For a legal interpretation or explanation of any regulation in this volume, contact the issuing agency. The issuing agency's name appears at the top of odd-numbered pages.

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RAYMOND A. MOSLEY,

Director,

Office of the Federal Register.

October 1, 2003.

THIS TITLE

Title 49—TRANSPORTATION is composed of eight volumes. The parts in these volumes are arranged in the following order: Parts 1-99, parts 100-185, parts 186-199, parts 200-399, parts 400-599, parts 600-999, parts 1000-1199, part 1200 to End. The first volume (parts 1-99) contains current regulations issued under subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Transportation; the second volume (parts 100-185) and the third volume (parts 186-199) contain the current regulations issued under chapter I—Research and Special Programs Administration (DOT); the fourth volume (parts 200-399) contains the current regulations issued under chapter II—Federal Railroad Administration (DOT) and chapter III—Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (DOT); the fifth volume (parts 400-599) contains the current regulations issued under chapter IV—Coast Guard (DHS) and chapter V—National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (DOT); the sixth volume (parts 600-999) contains the current regulations issued under chapter VI—Federal Transit Administration (DOT), chapter VII—National Railroad Passenger Corporation (AMTRAK), and chapter VIII—National Transportation Safety Board; the seventh volume (parts 1000-1199) contains the current regulations issued under chapter X—Surface Transportation Board (DOT); and the eighth volume (part 1200 to End) contains the current regulations issued under chapter X—Surface Transportation Board, chapter XI—Bureau of Transportation Statistics, and chapter XII—Transportation Security Administration, Department of Homeland Security. The contents of these volumes represent all current regulations codified under this title of the CFR as of October 1, 2003.

In the volume containing parts 100-185, see §172.101 for the Hazardous Materials Table. The Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards appear in part 571.

Title 49—Transportation

(This book contains part 1200 to end)

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EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to chapter X appear at 62 FR 42075, Aug. 5, 1997.

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SUBCHAPTER C—ACCOUNTS, RECORDS AND REPORTS

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PART 1200—GENERAL ACCOUNTING REGULATIONS UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE ACT

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1200.2 Adoption of generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11142, 11143, 11144, 11145.

§ 1200.1 Financial statements released by carriers.

Carriers desiring to do so may prepare and publish financial statements in reports to stockholders and others, except in reports to this Board, based on generally accepted accounting principles for which there is authoritative support, provided that any variance from this Board's prescribed accounting rules contained in such statements is clearly disclosed in footnotes to the statements.

[32 FR 20123, Dec. 20, 1967]

§ 1200.2 Adoption of generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

(a) *Accounting Series Circulars.* Following the release of a Statement of Financial Accounting Standards by the FASB, and provided that the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration of the Board considers such standards appropriate for the Board's accounting regulations, the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration shall issue an Accounting Series Circular (ASC) requiring carriers under the Board's jurisdiction to follow the new standards in their accounts and reports filed with the Board. The Office shall also specify in the ASC the proper ac-

counting procedures that the carriers shall follow.

(b) *Carriers' and Interested Parties' Comments on the ASC.* The ASC issued by the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration will remain effective until revoked by the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration. After an ASC is issued, the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration shall allow carriers and interested parties 45 days following the service date of the ASC during which the respondents may submit to the Office their comments and reasons either supporting or opposing the ASC.

(c) *Formal Adoption of the New Accounting Standards.* After considering the comments submitted in response to the ASC, and based on the proposal of the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, the Board will decide whether or not to adopt the new accounting standards specified in the ASC by revising the Uniform Systems of Accounts, (49 CFR 1201 through 1210).

(d) *Accounting Standards Not Appropriate for Board's Use.* The Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration may determine that a new FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards is not appropriate for use by carriers under the Board's jurisdiction. In such instances, the Office shall issue an ASC to advise the carriers that the new standards shall not be used in their reports filed with the Board. The carriers and interested parties shall be allowed 45 days following the ASC's service date to submit comments to the Board. The Board will then determine whether or not to revise the Uniform Systems of Accounts to conform to the new accounting standards.

[43 FR 26314, June 19, 1978, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

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APPENDIX I TO PART 1201— CERTIFICATION OF BRANCH LINE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM RECORDS

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 553 and 49 U.S.C. 11142 and 11164.

Subpart A—Uniform System of Accounts

SOURCE: 42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, unless otherwise noted.

LIST OF INSTRUCTIONS AND ACCOUNTS

REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED

(i) *Regulations prescribed.* Carriers by railroad subject to provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act and not independently operated as electric lines, and each lessor of such a carrier, shall comply with regulations in this part as presented hereinafter.

(ii) *Definitions.*

1. *Abandonment* means the withdrawal from transportation service of a branch line or other track segment or facility, representing a permanent reduction in plant.

2. *Accounts* means the accounts prescribed in this system of accounts.

3. *Actually issued* as applied to funded debt securities or capital stock issued or assumed by the company, means those which have been sold to bona fide purchasers or holders for a valuable consideration (including those issued in exchange for other securities or other property) and such purchasers or holders secured them free from control

by the carriers. Also securities issued as dividends on stock.

4. *Actually outstanding* as applied to funded debt securities or capital stock issued or assumed by the carrier means those which have been actually issued and are neither retired and canceled nor reacquired and held by or for the accounting company.

5. (a) *Affiliated companies* means companies or persons that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the accounting carrier.

(b) *Control* (including the terms *controlling*, *controlled by*, and *under common control with*) means the possession directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a company, whether such power is exercised through one or more intermediary companies, or alone, or in conjunction with, or pursuant to an agreement, and whether such power is established through a majority of minority ownership or voting of securities, common directors, officers or stockholders, voting trusts, holding trusts, associated companies, contract or any other direct or indirect means.

6. *Amortization* means the gradual extinguishment of an amount in an account by distributing such amount over a fixed period dependent on the requirements of regulatory bodies, over the life of the asset or liability to which it applies, or over the period during which it is anticipated the benefit will be realized.

7. *Carrier* as used herein and when not otherwise indicated in the context means any carrier to which this system of accounts is applicable.

8. *Consolidation* means the formation of a new company. See instruction 2-15.

9. *Board* means the Surface Transportation Board.

10. *Compensating balance* means the portion of any demand deposit (or any time deposit or certificate of deposit) maintained by a carrier (or by any person on behalf of the carrier) which constitutes support for existing borrowing arrangements of the carrier with a lending institution. Such arrangements include both outstanding borrowings and the assurance of future credit

availability. (The compensating balance requirement should be adjusted by the amount of float unless such adjustment would cause the compensating balance to be greater than the cash balance per carrier's books.) The float adjustment is made by subtracting the float from the compensating balance requirement if the collected bank ledger balance exceeds the cash balance per carrier's books or by adding the float to the compensating balance requirement if the collected bank ledger balance is less than the cash balance per carrier's books.

(a) *Float* means deposits and withdrawals in transit which constitute a difference between the collected bank ledger balance and the cash balance per carrier's books.

11. *Cost center* refers to an organizational subdivision for which cost data are desired and for which provision is made to accumulate costs such as a terminal, yard, or track segment. A cost center may correspond to a given area of responsibility for which costs are presently accumulated for planning and control. A cost center is the smallest segment of activity or area of responsibility for which costs are accumulated and directly traceable.

12. *Cost of renewal* means the cost of additional material applied (other than the value assigned second-hand parts remaining in the rebuilt unit) plus the cost of labor used in the rebuilding process, exclusive of the portion applicable to dismantling and repair of old parts reused.

13. *Cost of removal* means cost of demolishing, dismantling, tearing down or otherwise removing property.

14. *Debt issue cost* means all costs in connection with the issuance and sale of evidences of debt, such as fees for drafting mortgages and trust deeds; fees for issuing or recording evidences of debt; cost of engraving and printing bonds and certificates of indebtedness; fees paid trustees, specific costs of obtaining governmental authority; fees for legal services; fees and commissions paid underwriters, brokers and salespeople for marketing such evidences for debt; fees and costs of listing on exchanges; and other like costs.

15. *Discount* as applied to funded debt securities or capital stock issued or as-

sumed by the carrier, means the excess of the par or face value of the securities plus interest or dividends accrued at the date of the sale over the cash value of the consideration received from their sale.

16. *Equity security* encompasses any instrument representing ownership shares (e.g., common, preferred and other capital stock), or the right to acquire (e.g., warrants, rights, and call options) or dispose of (e.g., put options) ownership shares in an enterprise at fixed or determinable prices. The term does not encompass preferred stock that by its terms either must be redeemed by the issuing enterprise or is redeemable at the option of the investor, nor does it include treasury stock or convertible bonds.

(a) *Marketable*, as applied to an equity security, means an equity security as to which sales prices or bid and ask prices are currently available on a national securities exchange (i.e., those registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission) or in the over-the-counter market. In the over-the-counter market, an equity security shall be considered marketable when a quotation is publicly reported by the National Association of Securities Dealers Automatic Quotations System or by the National Quotations Bureau, Inc. (provided, in the latter case, that quotations are available from at least three dealers). Equity securities traded in foreign markets shall be considered marketable when such markets are of a breadth and scope comparable to those referred to above. This definition is not met by restricted stock (securities for which sale is restricted by a governmental or contractual requirement except where such requirement terminates within one year or where the holder has the power to cause the requirement to be met within one year). Any portion of the stock which can reasonably be expected to qualify for sale within one year, such as may be the case under Rule 144 or similar rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, is not considered restricted.

(b) *Market value* refers to the aggregate of the market price of a single share or unit times the number of shares or units of each marketable equity security in the portfolio. When an

equity has taken positions involving short sales, sales of calls, and purchases of puts for marketable equity securities and the same securities are included in the portfolio, those contracts shall be taken into consideration in the determination of market value of the marketable equity securities.

(c) *Cost*, as applied to a marketable equity security, refers to the original cost unless a new cost basis has been assigned based on recognition of an impairment of value that was deemed other than temporary or as the result of a transfer between current and non-current classifications. In such cases, the new cost basis assigned shall be considered cost.

17. (a) *Income taxes* means taxes based on income determined under provisions of the United States Internal Revenue Code and foreign, state and other taxes (including franchise taxes) based on income.

(b) *Income tax expense* means the amount of income taxes (whether or not currently payable or refundable) allocable to a period in the determination of net income.

(c) *Pretax accounting income* means income or loss for a period, exclusive of related income tax expense.

(d) *Taxable income* means the excess of revenues over deductions or the excess of deductions over revenue to be reported for income tax purposes for a period.

(e) *Timing differences* means differences between the periods in which transactions affect taxable income and the periods in which they enter into the determination of pretax accounting income. Timing differences originate in one period and reverse or *turn around* in one or more subsequent periods. Some timing differences reduce income taxes that would otherwise be payable currently; others increase income taxes that would otherwise be payable currently.

(f) *Permanent differences* means differences between taxable income and pretax accounting income arising from transactions that, under applicable tax laws and regulations, will not be offset by corresponding differences or *turn around* in other periods.

(g) *Tax effects* means differentials in income taxes of a period attributable to (1) revenue or expense transactions which enter into the determination of pretax accounting income in one period and into the determination of taxable income in another period, (2) deductions or credits that may be carried backward or forward for income tax purposes and (3) adjustments of prior periods and direct entries to other stockholders' equity accounts which enter into the determination of taxable income in a period but which do not enter into the determination of pretax accounting income of that period. A permanent difference does not result in a *tax effect* as that term is used in this definition.

(h) *Deferred taxes* means tax effects which are deferred for allocation to income tax expense of future periods.

(i) *Interperiod tax allocation* means the process of apportioning income taxes among periods.

(j) *Tax allocation within a period* means the process of apportioning income tax expenses applicable to a given period between income before extraordinary items and extraordinary items, and of associating the income tax effects of adjustments of prior periods and direct entries to other stockholders' equity accounts with these items.

18. (a) *Investor* means a business entity that holds an investment in voting stock of another company.

(b) *Investee* means a corporation that issued voting stock held by an investor.

(c) *Corporate joint venture* is a company owned and operated as a separate and specific business or project for the mutual benefit of the members of the group. Joint facilities for purposes of this system of accounts are not considered corporate joint ventures.

(d) *Dividends* when applied to distributions received from investees unless otherwise specified, means dividends received or receivable in cash, other assets, or another class of stock and does not include stock dividends or stock splits.

(e) *Earnings or losses of an investee and financial position of an investee* refer to net income (or net loss) and financial position of an investee determined in

accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(f) *Undistributed earnings of an investee* means net income less dividends declared whether received or not.

(g) *Date of acquisition* is the date on which the investor assumes the rights of ownership. Ordinarily, this is the date assets are received and other assets are given or securities issued.

19. *Joint facility* means any owned or leased carrier operating property occupied or operated jointly by the carrier and one or more other carriers, under an arrangement whereby the cost and income are apportioned to the parties to the joint agreement. Portions of a structure or other property used exclusively by each of two or more carriers are not joint facilities.

20. *Ledger value* of an account means the undepreciated or unamortized cost of acquisition of the item to the carrier, recorded in the general ledger. In case the cost of any item of property is not shown separately in the ledger, the ledger value of that item shall be its proportionate share of the value of the entire group in which the particular property is included.

21. *Merger* means the acquisition of one company by another. See instruction 2-15.

22. *Minor items of property* means the associated parts or items of which units of property are composed.

23. *Net railway operating income*: Operating revenue remaining after deducting operating expenses, income taxes on ordinary income, and the provision for deferred income taxes. Also, in arriving at NROI, deduct the Income from Lease of Road and Equipment and add the Rent for Leased Road and Equipment, formerly accounts 509 and 542, respectively.

24. *Net salvage value* means salvage value of property retired less the cost of removal.

25. *Nominally issued* as applied to funded debt securities or capital stock issued or assumed by the carrier, means those which have been signed, certified by trustees, or otherwise executed, and placed with the proper officer for sale and delivery, or pledged, or otherwise placed in some special fund of the accounting company, but which have not been sold or issued directly to

the trustees of such fund in accordance with contractual requirements.

26. *Nominally outstanding* as applied to funded debt securities or capital stock issued or assumed by the carrier, means those which, after being actually issued, have been reacquired by or for the accounting company under such circumstances which require them to be considered as held alive and not retired and canceled.

27. *Premium* as applied to funded debt securities or capital stock issued or assumed by the carrier, means the excess of the cash value of the consideration received from their sale over the sum of their par (stated value of no par stock) or face value and interest or dividends accrued at the date of sale.

28. *Programmed track replacements* are costs incurred as part of a track replacement program or planned expenditures. Programmed track replacements are generally performed by relatively large work gangs which, on the basis of programmed and authorized work orders, use heavy mechanized equipment to replace rail, ties and other track material. For guidance on what not to capitalize, see the notes to the text of Accounts 8, 9 and 11.

29. *Property retired* means units of property which have been removed, sold, abandoned, destroyed, or which for any cause have been permanently withdrawn from service; also minor items of property not replaced.

30. *Rail Transportation Property*. Rail transportation property is all property and other assets, irrespective of ownership, that comprise the entire operating unit devoted to rail transportation service. This definition comprises the following accounts:

701	Cash
703	Special deposits
704	Loans and notes receivable
705	Accounts receivable—interline and other balances
706	Accounts receivable—customers
707	Accounts receivable—other
708.5	Receivable with affiliated companies
709	Accrued accounts receivable
710	Working funds
711	Prepayments
712	Material and supplies
713	Other current assets
714	Deferred income tax charges
731	Road and equipment property
732	Improvements on leased property

31. *Salvage value* means the amount received from the sale of operating property retired less any expenses in connection with the sale or in preparing the property for sale. If the property is retained for reuse, the salvage value shall be recorded in account 712, Materials and Supplies, or other appropriate account at an amount not to exceed its recorded cost (actual or average), or current market value, whichever is lower.

32. *Segment of a business* refers to a component of an entity whose activities represent a separate major line of business or class of customer. A segment may be in the form of a subsidiary, a division, or a department, and in some cases a joint venture or other non-subsidiary investee, provided that its assets, results of operations, and activities can be clearly distinguished, physically and operationally and for financial reporting purposes, from the other assets, results of operations, and activities of the entity. The fact that the results of operations of the segment being sold or abandoned cannot be separately identified strongly suggests that the transaction should not be classified as a disposal of a segment of business.

(a) *Measurement date* means the date on which the management having authority to approve the action commits itself to a formal plan to dispose of a segment of the business, whether by abandonment or sale. The measurement date for disposals requiring Commission approval shall be the service date of the Order authorizing the disposal.

(b) *Disposal date* refers to the date of closing the sale, if the disposal is by sale or the date that operations cease if the disposal is by abandonment.

33. *Service life* means the period between the date when operating property is placed in service and the date of its retirement.

34. *Service value* means the ledger value of operating property less its salvage value (see definition 17).

35. *Track maintenance* is material and labor costs of routine track repairs such as sporadic tie replacement, repair of broken rails, tightening track bolts and track spikes. A more complete list of maintenance items are in-

cluded in notes to the text of Accounts 8, 9 and 11.

36. *Work equipment* means equipment which can be coupled in a train for movement over the carrier's tracks, and which is used in the carrier's work service. See equipment listing for account 57, *Work equipment*.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 44 FR 3493, Jan. 19, 1979; 45 FR 31110, May 12, 1980; 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983; 48 FR 33718, July 25, 1983; 49 FR 2254, Jan. 19, 1984; 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1-1 *Classification of carriers.* (a) For purposes of accounting and reporting, carriers are grouped into the following three classes:

Class I: Carriers having annual carrier operating revenues of \$250 million or more after applying the railroad revenue deflator formula shown in Note A.

Class II: Carriers having annual carrier operating revenues of less than \$250 million but in excess of \$20 million after applying the railroad revenue deflator formula shown in Note A.

Class III: Carriers having annual carrier operating revenues of \$20 million or less after applying the railroad revenue deflator formula shown in Note A.

(b)(1) The class to which any carrier belongs shall be determined by annual carrier operating revenues after the railroad revenue deflator adjustment. Families of railroads operating within the United States as a single, integrated rail system will be treated as a single carrier for classification purposes. Upward and downward reclassification will be effected as of January 1 in the year immediately following the third consecutive year of revenue qualification.

(2) If a Class II or Class III carrier's classification is changed based on three years' adjusted revenues the carrier shall complete and file the Classification Index Survey Form with the Board by March 31 of the year following the end of the period to which it relates.

(3) Newly organized carriers shall be classified on the basis of their annual carrier operating revenues after railroad revenue deflator adjustment for the latest period of operation. If actual data are not available, new carriers

shall be classified on the basis of their carrier operating revenues known and estimated for a year (after railroad revenue deflator adjustment).

(4) When a business combination occurs, such as a merger, reorganization, or consolidation, the surviving carrier shall be reclassified effective January 1 of the next calendar year on the basis of the combined revenue for the year when the combination occurred (after railroad revenue deflator adjustment).

(5) In unusual circumstances, such as partial liquidation and curtailment or elimination of contracted services, where regulations will unduly burden the carrier, the carrier may request the Board for an exception to the regulations. This request shall be in writing specifying the conditions justifying an exception.

(c) Class I carriers shall keep all of the accounts of this system which are applicable to their operations. Class II and III carriers are not required to maintain the accounts of this system.

(d) All switching and terminal companies, regardless of their operating revenues will be designated Class III carriers.

(e) Unless provided for otherwise, all electric railway carriers, regardless of operating revenues, will be designated Class III carriers.

NOTE A: The railroad revenue deflator formula is based on the Railroad Freight Price Index developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The formula is as follows:

Current Year's Revenues × (1991 Average Index/Current Year's Average Index)

NOTE B: See related regulations 49 CFR 1241.15 Railroad classification survey form.

[57 FR 27185, June 18, 1992; 57 FR 31754, July 17, 1992; 66 FR 56245, Nov. 7, 2001; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

1-2 *Classification of accounts.* (a) Accounts are prescribed to cover cost of property used in transportation operations and operations incidental thereto and for revenues, expenses, taxes, rents, and other items of income for such operations. Separate accounts are prescribed for investment in property not used in transportation operations and for other investments and income therefrom; for unusual and infrequent items; for operations and disposal of discontinued segments; for extraordinary items and accounting changes;

and for assets, liabilities and capital includable in the balance sheet statement. Retained earnings accounts form the connecting link between the income account and the equity section of the balance sheet. They are provided to record the transfer of net income or loss for the year; certain capital transactions; and, when authorized by the Board, other items.

(b) The cost of property, and the revenues, expenses, taxes and rents for miscellaneous operations involving the use of such facilities as hotels, restaurants, grain elevators, storage warehouses, power plants, cold storage plants, etc., shall not be included in the accounts prescribed for transportation operations unless the operation of the facilities is conducted by the railway companies in connection with furnishing transportation services. Likewise, the cost of property, the revenues, expenses, taxes, and rents arising from the operation of stockyards shall not be included in accounts prescribed for transportation operations unless operation of the facilities is conducted in connection with transportation of livestock. It is not intended that cost of property and income arising from incidental public stockyards service rendered by stockyards primarily devoted to transportation services shall be excluded from transportation operation accounts.

(c) Joint facility accounts are provided for the joint users of tracks, bridges, yards, wharves, stations, and other facilities in which to record items in settlement for use of such facilities. When the compensation for the use of facilities is a fixed amount or is based upon a charge per passenger, ton, car or other unit, the amount shall be fairly apportioned by the operating company among the joint facility operating expense and income accounts. The creditor shall show the distribution of these charges upon its bills, and such distribution shall be adhered to by the debtor. Train service in connection with the line haul of traffic, including that operated under a joint arrangement for the benefit of two or more carriers, is not considered a joint facility operation.

(d)(1) *Extraordinary Items.* All items of profit and loss recognized during the

year are includable in ordinary income unless evidence clearly supports their classification as extraordinary items.

Extraordinary items are characterized by both their unusual nature and infrequent occurrence taking into account the environment in which the firm operates; they must also meet the materiality standard.

Unusual means the event or transaction must possess a high degree of abnormality and be of a type clearly unrelated to, or only incidentally related to the ordinary and typical activities of the entity.

Infrequent occurrence means the event or transaction shall be of a type not reasonably expected to recur in the foreseeable future.

(2) *Unusual or Infrequent Items.* Material events unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence but not both, thus not meeting both criteria for classification as extraordinary, shall be includable in the accounts provided as separate components of income/expense from continuing operations.

(3) *Discontinued Operations.* The results of continuing operations shall be reported separately from discontinued operations and any gain or loss resulting from disposal of a segment of a business (see definition 23(a)) shall be reported in conjunction with the related results of discontinued operations and not as an extraordinary item. The disposal of a segment of a business shall be distinguished from other disposals of assets incident to the evolution of the entity's business, such as the disposal of part of a line of business, the shifting of production or marketing activities for a particular line of business from one location to another, the phasing out of a product line or class of service, and other changes occasioned by technological improvements. If a loss is expected from the proposed sale or abandonment of a segment, the estimated loss shall be provided for at the measurement date (see definition 23(b)). If a gain is expected, it shall be recognized when realized, which ordinarily is the disposal date (see definition 23(c)).

(4) *Prior period adjustments.* Only the following two items of profit and loss shall be accounted for and reported as prior period adjustments and excluded

from the determination of net income for the current period:

(1) Correction of an error in the financial statements of a prior period, and

(2) Adjustments that result from realization of income tax benefits of preacquisition operating loss carryforwards of purchased subsidiaries.

With the exception of the two items just mentioned, all items of profit and loss recognized during a period shall be included in the determination of net income for that period.

NOTE: The carrier shall follow generally accepted accounting principles where an interpretation of the rules is needed or obtain an interpretation from its public accountant or the Board.

(5) *Accounting Changes.* Errors in financial statements result from mathematical mistakes, mistakes in the application of accounting principles, or oversight or misuse of facts that existed at the time the financial statements were prepared. In contrast, a change in an accounting estimate results from new information or subsequent developments and from better insight or judgment. Correction of an error should be accomplished through a prior period adjustment [See Instruction 1-2(d)(4)]. Changes in an accounting estimate should be accounted for in the period of change (and future period if the change affects both)(See Instruction 1-7). A change in an accounting principle or accounting entity should be referred to this Board for approval. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle should ordinarily be reflected in the account provided for in determining net income.

(6) *Materiality.* As a general standard an item shall be considered material when it exceeds 10 percent of annual income (loss) before extraordinary items. An item may also be considered in relation to the trend of annual earnings before extraordinary items or other appropriate criteria. Items shall be considered individually and not in the aggregate in determining materiality. However, the effects of a series of related transactions arising from a single specific and identifiable event or plan of action shall be aggregated to determine materiality.

(7) *Board Approval and Accountant's Letter.* Items shall be included in the accounts provided for extraordinary items, unusual or infrequent items, discontinued operations, prior period adjustments and cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles only upon approval of the Board. If the carrier retains the service of an independent accountant, a request for using these accounts shall be accompanied by a letter from the independent accountant approving or otherwise commenting on the request.

NOTE: The carrier may refer to generally accepted accounting principles for further guidance in applying paragraph (d) above.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977 as amended at 43 FR 37455, Aug. 23, 1978; 52 FR 4321, 4324, Feb. 11, 1987]

1-3 *Records.* (a) Each carrier shall keep its books of account, and all other books, records, and memoranda which support the entries in such books of account so as to be able to furnish readily full information as to any item included in any account. Each entry shall be supported by such detailed information as will permit ready identification, analysis, and verification of all facts relevant thereto.

(b) All expenditures including the expense accounts of officers and employees shall be supported by vouchers, payrolls, receipted bills, canceled checks, receipts for petty cash payments, or other evidences of the expenditures incurred.

(c) The books referred to herein include not only books of accounts in a limited technical sense but all other records such as minute books, stock books, reports, correspondence, memoranda, etc., which will be useful in developing the history of or facts regarding any transaction.

(d) No carrier shall destroy any books, records, memoranda, etc., which support entries to its accounts unless destruction is permitted by the regulations governing preservation of records, Part 1220 of this chapter.

(e) In addition to prescribed accounts, clearing accounts, temporary accounts, and subdivisions of any accounts may be kept, provided the integrity of the prescribed accounts is not impaired.

(f) Cost detail shall be maintained by cost centers for purposes of cost assignments effective 1-1-79. This provides for cost control and cost planning at any designated area of responsibility. These cost centers shall be similarly defined as the railroads' existing responsibility centers. Cost center information shall therefore be kept at the same level of detail presently collected, categorized, and maintained in railroad internal managerial accounting systems. This detailed information shall not be reported to the Board on an ongoing basis. However, the carrier shall keep the detailed information to provide a ready analysis and verification of the costs collected by cost center.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4324, Feb. 11, 1987; 61 FR 9113, Mar. 7, 1996]

1-4 *Accounting period.* (a) Each carrier shall keep its books on a monthly basis so that known transactions, as nearly as may be ascertained, shall be entered in the accounts not later than 60 days after the last day of the period for which the accounts are stated, except that the time within which the final entries for the year ending December 31 shall be made may be extended to such date in the following March as shall not interfere with the preparation and filing of annual report.

(b) A trial balance of the general ledger accounts shall be prepared at the close of each month setting out the account number, title, and amount of each ledger account. (Mechanical, electronic or automatic data processing printout documentation producing the equivalent of manually prepared trial balances shall identify balances by account numbers.) At the end of the calendar year, the revenue, expense, and other income accounts shall be closed into retained earnings account, and the balance sheet account balances shall be brought forward to the general ledger for the succeeding year.

(c) No changes shall be made in the accounts for periods covered by quarterly and annual reports that have been filed with the Board unless the changes have first been authorized by the Board.

1-5 *Accrual method of accounting.* The accounting for operating revenues, operating expenses, income and other

items each month and year shall be, as nearly as practicable, upon the basis of accruals consistently applied. Any change in practice of accounting for accruals or any unusual accruals involving material amounts shall be reported promptly to the Board.

1-6 *Charges to be just and reasonable.* All charges to the accounts prescribed in this system of accounts for carrier property, operating revenues, operating and maintenance expenses, and other carrier expenses, shall be just, reasonable and not exceed amounts necessary to the honest and efficient operation and management of carrier business. Payments shall not exceed the fair market value of goods and services acquired in an arm's length transaction. Any payments in excess of such just and reasonable charges shall be included in account 551, *Miscellaneous income charges*.

1-7 *Changes in accounting estimates.* Changes in accounting estimate arising during the current year which are applicable to prior years shall be included in the same account which would have been charged or credited if the item had been taken up or the adjustment made in the year to which it pertained. [See Instruction 1-2(d)(5) for Accounting Changes].

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4324, Feb. 11, 1987]

1-8 *Accounting for computer systems and word processing costs.* (a) Capitalized costs for computer systems and word processing equipment shall be charged to property account 59, when such costs are not dedicated to a particular function (See Account 59). Related depreciation expenses for capitalized costs shall be charged to account 62-23-00, Depreciation, Other Equipment.

(b) Repair and maintenance costs related to computer systems and word processing equipment shall be charged to function 46 of the Other equipment subactivity by appropriate natural expense (labor, material, purchased services, other). Repairs performed by an outside company shall be charged to operating expense account 39-23-46.

(c) Operating costs related to computer systems and word processing equipment shall be charged to function

87, Management services and data and word processing, when the equipment benefits more than one activity. When the equipment benefits one activity only, such operating costs shall be charged to the activity/function benefited.

[52 FR 4324, Feb. 11, 1987]

1-9 *Transactions with affiliated companies.* (a) The records and supporting data of all transactions with affiliated companies shall be maintained in a separate file. The types of transactions referred to in this paragraph are for management services or any other type of services rendered, sale or use of facilities or any other type of assets or property. The file shall be maintained so as to enable the carrier, upon a Board request, to furnish accurate information with supporting documentation about particular transactions within 15 days of the request. We do not intend the file to include data relating to ordinary carrier operations (e.g. lawful tariff charges or interchange of equipment).

(b) Each bill rendered by an affiliated company shall state specifically the basis used for determining charges, unless the file contains the information to support the specific basis for charges.

(c) Punched cards, magnetic tapes, discs, or other machine-sensible devices used for recording, consolidating, and summarizing accounting transactions and records with a carrier's electronic or automatic data processing system may constitute a file within the meaning of this instruction.

(d) The carrier shall record, as the cost of assets or services received from an affiliated supplier, the invoice price (plus any incidental costs related to those transactions) in those cases where the invoice price can be determined from a prevailing price list of the affiliated supplier available to the general public in the normal course of business. If no such price list exists, the charges shall be recorded at the lower of their cost to the originating affiliated supplier (less all applicable valuation reserves in case of asset sales, or their estimated fair market

value determined on the basis of a representative study of similar competitive and arm's-length or bargained transaction. Any difference between actual transaction price and the above, as well as charges that are not transportation related, shall be considered of a financing nature and shall be recorded, accordingly, as nonoperating charges or credits. (See instruction 1-6.)

(e) Nothing contained herein shall be construed as restraining the carrier from subdividing accounts (see instruction I-3(e)) for the purpose of recording separately transactions with affiliated companies.

(f) Carriers reporting information on a consolidated or combined basis in railroad Annual Report Form R-1 shall maintain a file with appropriate records and supporting data. This shall include work sheets showing revenues, expenses, earnings, investment in assets and accumulated depreciation for all affiliated railroads and rail-related affiliated companies. The work sheets shall also disclose any eliminations. Carriers shall also disclose the methodology used to support segregation of rail-related or other items as appropriate. Further, a file shall be maintained to support and reconcile entity sales, transfers and reclassifications as well as taxes deducted from gains or losses.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 53 FR 46620, Nov. 18, 1988]

1-10 *Accounting for income taxes.* (a) The interperiod tax allocation method of accounting shall be applied where material timing differences (see definition 17(e)) occur between pretax accounting income and taxable income. Carriers may elect, as provided by the Revenue Act of 1971, to account for the investment tax credit by either the flow through method or the deferred method of accounting. See paragraphs (d) and (e) below. All income taxes (Federal, state and other) currently accruable for income tax return purposes shall be charged to account 556, *Income taxes on ordinary income*, and account 590, *Income Taxes on Extraordinary Items*, as applicable.

(b) Under the interperiod tax allocation method of accounting the tax ef-

fect of timing differences (see definition 17) originating in the current accounting period are allocated to income tax expense of future periods when the timing differences reverse. Similar timing differences originating and reversing in the current accounting period should be combined into groups and the current tax rates applied to determine the tax effect of each group. A carrier shall not apply other than current tax rates in determining the tax effect of reversing differences except upon approval of the Board. When determining the amount of deferred taxes, rather than computing state and other taxes individually by jurisdiction, the Federal income tax rate may be increased by a percent equivalent to the effect of taxes imposed by the jurisdictions. In classifying a deferred charge or credit as current or noncurrent a carrier shall follow the classification criteria used for the related asset or liability which caused the timing difference. A deferred charge or credit that is not related to an asset or liability because (a) there is no associated asset or liability or (b) reduction of an associated asset or liability will not cause the timing difference to reverse shall be classified based on the expected reversal date of the specific timing difference. Such classification disregards any additional timing differences that may arise and is based on the criteria used for classifying other assets and liabilities.

(c) The future tax benefits of loss carryforwards shall normally be recognized in the year in which such loss is applied to reduce taxes. Only in those unusual instances when realization is assured beyond any reasonable doubt should the future tax benefits of loss carryforwards be recognized in the year of loss. The tax effects of any realizable loss carrybacks shall be recognized in the determination of net income (loss) of the loss periods; appropriate adjustments of existing net deferred tax credits may also be necessary in the loss period.

(d) Carriers electing to account for the investment tax credit by the flow through method shall credit account 556 *Income taxes on ordinary income*, or

account 590, *Income taxes on extraordinary items*, as applicable, and charge account 760, *Federal income taxes accrued*, with the amount of investment tax credit utilized in the current accounting period. When the flow through method is followed for the investment tax credit, account 557, *Provision for Deferred Taxes*, shall reflect the difference between the tax payable (after recognition of allowable investment tax credit) based on taxable income and tax expense (with full recognition of investment tax credit that would be allowable based on accounting income) based on accounting income.

(e) Carriers electing to account for the investment tax credit by the deferred method shall concurrently with making the entries prescribed in (d) above charge account 557, *Provision for deferred taxes*, or account 591, *Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary item*, as applicable, and shall credit account 786, *Accumulated deferred income tax credits*, with the investment tax credit utilized as a reduction of the current year's tax liability but deferred for accounting purposes. The investment tax credit so deferred shall be amortized by credits to account 557, *Provision for deferred taxes*.

NOTE A: Any change in practice of accounting for the investment tax credit shall be reported promptly to the Board. Carriers desiring to clear deferred investment tax credits because of a change from the deferral method to the flow through method shall submit the proposed journal entry to the Board for consideration and advice.

NOTE B: The carrier shall follow generally accepted accounting principles where an interpretation of the accounting rules for income taxes is needed or obtain an interpretation from its public accountant or the Board.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 47 FR 12350, Mar. 23, 1982; 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

1-11 *Items in texts of accounts*. The items appearing in the texts of the accounts or elsewhere herein are for the purpose of more clearly indicating the application of the prescribed accounting. The items are intended to be representative, but not exhaustive. The appearance of an item in the text of a primary account warrants the inclusion of the item in the account mentioned only when the whole text also

indicates inclusion inasmuch as the same item frequently appears in more than one primary account. The proper entry in each instance must be determined by the entire text of each primary account.

1-12 *Distribution of pay and expenses of employees*. (a) The pay and expenses of officers or employees regularly assigned to specific duties who perform incidental services of a different nature involving small expense may be included in the appropriate expense accounts for the duties to which such officers or employees are regularly assigned.

(b) When it is necessary to apportion the pay of officers and employees among various accounts, the carrier shall apportion the pay on the basis of the directly assignable pay to the various accounts.

1-13 *Payroll related expenses*. (a) Fringe benefits (account series 12-00-00) distributed to the activities using one of the following techniques (in order of preference):

(1) Apply appropriate factors to the total of the fringe expense account, in such a way as to distribute an equitable proportion of cost to each activity. These factors shall be developed to take into account variables such as the following:

(i) The effect of seniority on the expense. For example, profit sharing or pensions may be available to only certain categories of employees, which may be more predominant in one activity than another.

(ii) The effect of the type of work performed. For example, workmen's compensation expense may vary for each category of employees because of the rate charged or the claims experience of the category.

(iii) Any other variable which may have an appreciable effect on the equity of the apportionment.

(2) Distribute the amount in the same proportion as the pay charged to each activity in account series 11-00-00 (salaries and wages).

(3) Distribute the amounts using any other equitable basis which the carrier can substantiate.

(b) All carriers shall be prepared to describe the basis of apportionment

used to distribute expenses included in this instruction.

(c) Any carrier which finds it impracticable to distribute expenses as required by this instruction should furnish the Board with full particulars of the conditions which prevent the proper distribution. Upon receipt of such information carrier will be advised of the procedure to be followed.

1-14 *Submission of questions.* To maintain uniformity of accounting, carriers shall submit questions of doubtful interpretation to the Board for consideration and decision.

1-15 *Transfers from government authorities.* When a Federal, State, or municipal government transfers cash or other assets to a railroad, the transaction shall be accounted for in accordance with the provisions set forth hereunder.

(a) The following forms of government transfers shall be included in account 502, *Railway Operating Revenues—Transfers from Government Authorities for Current Operations* when received:

(1) Payments as reimbursement for operating losses sustained on a specific line, or in a certain region. Examples include support of commuter operations of a railroad, and local rail service assistance subsidies granted to a railroad under authority of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976;

(2) Subsidies designated by the donor to offset operating expenses of the railroad, and

(3) Subsidies which may be applied at the discretion of the recipient to operating expenses and/or operating property.

(b) Government transfers relating to the acquisition, addition to, or improvement of depreciable operating property shall be included in account 783, *Deferred Revenues—Transfers from Government Authorities* when received. Account 783 shall be periodically charged, and account 503, *Railway Operating Revenues—Amortization of Deferred Transfers from Government Authorities* shall be credited with amounts equal to the depreciation costs of the assets to which they apply.

(c) Government transfers in the form of, or designated for the purchase of nondepreciable operating property

shall be included in account 796, *Other Capital Surplus* in the manner described in the text of that account.

(d)(1) Transfers from the Federal Government to Amtrak and ConRail relating to the acquisitions, addition to, or improvement of depreciable or nondepreciable operating property shall be included in account 796 in the manner described in the text of that account.

(2) Transfers from the Federal Government to Amtrak and ConRail other than those described in paragraph (d)(1) shall be accounted for in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

(e) The provisions of this section do not apply to the following forms of government transfers:

(1) Government contributions in connection with construction projects in which government agencies and railroads participate. Transfers of this type shall be accounted for in accordance with the provisions of instruction 2-17. Paragraph (b) of that instruction lists applicable construction projects.

(2) Government payment for specific services rendered by the carrier in transporting property or persons by rail line other than services described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section. Such payments shall be included in account 501, *Railway Operating Revenues (Exclusive of Transfers from Government Authorities)*.

(3) Government transfers relating to other than carrier operations.

(4) Government transfers in exchange for debt and/or equity securities of recipients.

(f) Government transfers shall generally be recorded when made available to the railroad. However, transfers relating to specific operations shall be recorded as earned.

(g) Government transfers in the form of assets other than cash shall be recorded at fair value when received.

[43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

1-16 *Business entertainment expenses.*

(a) Business entertainment expenses are to be accounted for as operating expenses when incurred in conjunction

with sales or marketing related activities. Sales or marketing related activities are those that emphasize a carrier's ability to provide efficient, timely and competitive service. These activities include outlays designed to promote new business as well as outlays incurred in maintaining existing business. The entertainment expenditures must be reasonable in relation to the business conducted and the business purpose for the entertainment must be adequately supported. Examples of this type of activity include the following:

- (1) Salespersons' salaries and travel expenses, advertising, promotional and educational material;
- (2) The conduct of shipper symposiums, conferences, meetings and traffic related functions;
- (3) The use of direct mail solicitations and the publication and distribution of routing guides and service directories;
- (4) Incidental promotional materials such as road atlases, calendars, pens, scratchpads, and other materials of nominal value;
- (5) The conduct of business oriented lunches and dinners, public affairs programming, conferences and customer service calls;
- (6) Sponsoring sales promotion functions, involving a number of customers or potential customers.

It must be noted that an activity listed above is not to be automatically accounted for as an operating expense. A carrier must be able to justify that an activity was primarily sales or marketing related.

(b) Business entertainment expenses are to be accounted for as non-operating expenses when they cannot be shown to be related to the sales or marketing activity. These are expenses that are primarily related to recreation or to the convenience and comfort of the individuals rather than to the transaction of business. Examples of this type of activity include the following:

- (1) Recreational or resort entertainment, including but not limited to, fishing, hunting, tennis, golfing, skiing or other sporting or recreational trips or outings;

- (2) Expense paid transportation in any carrier owned, leased or furnished vehicles, planes, helicopters, boats, yachts, or other methods;

- (3) Expense paid lodging in any carrier owned, leased or furnished motels, hotels, apartments, condominiums, lodges, rooms and other places of overnight accommodation;

- (4) Paid admission to any sporting, cultural, educational, recreational, or entertaining occurrence or event;

- (5) Gifts such as athletic equipment, food or liquor, beverages of all types, smoking materials, clothing and personal accessories;

- (6) The furnishing of lunches, dinners, appetizers or beverages where there is no true business purpose;

- (7) Social occasions such as holiday parties.

It must be noted that an activity listed above is not to be automatically accounted for as a non-operating expense. If a carrier can justify that the activity was primarily sales or marketing related, it may be accounted for as an operating expense.

NOTE: The examples listed above are not inclusive, but are intended as a guide to give carriers an indication of what will or will not be permitted to be recovered through the rate structure. In all instances the burden of proof will fall on the carrier involved.

[47 FR 9467, Mar. 5, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

1-17 *Disclosure guideline.* In addition to the accounting policies presented in these regulations, all disclosures relating to APB Opinions and FASB Statements adopted by the Board are required.

[52 FR 4324, Feb. 11, 1987]

1-18 *Distribution of expenses for material, tools, fuel, lubricants, purchased services and general.* (a) These expenses shall be assigned directly to activities based on usage whenever possible.

(b) When it is necessary to apportion these expenses to two or more activities they shall be equitably apportioned only to the activities in which they are actually used or to the activities they support.

[67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROPERTY ACCOUNTS

2-1 *Items to be charged.* (a) To the road and equipment property accounts shall be charged the cost of purchasing land, the cost of purchasing and constructing buildings, facilities and equipment, and the cost of additions and betterments to property. *Cost* means the amount of cash disbursed, or the fair value of other assets distributed, or the present value of amounts to be paid. Where the fair market value of resources given up (assets, services or items of stockholder's equity) is not clearly determinable, the cost may be determined by the fair market value of the resources acquired. The carrier shall be prepared to furnish the Board with the particulars of its method of determining cash value when the consideration is other than monetary. The amount of liabilities incurred with suppliers in the normal course of business, which are due in customary trade terms not exceeding approximately one year, shall be recorded at the maturity value. Acquisition date is the date title passes to the carrier.

(b) The cost of road and equipment purchased under a plan involving other deferred payments (debt or capital lease) shall be recorded at the discounted present value of the payment, net of executory costs such as insurance, maintenance, and taxes. The interest rate used to discount the payments should be the prevailing market rate for similar debt instruments of issues with similar credit ratings. In any event, the rate used for valuation purposes will normally be at least equal to the rate at which the carrier can obtain financing of a similar nature from other sources at the date of the transaction (the carrier's incremental borrowing rate). In the case of a capital lease, when it is practical to ascertain the implicit rate computed by the lessor, and that rate is less than the carrier's incremental borrowing rate, the carrier should use the implicit rate. Acquisition date for a capital lease is the date the lease agreement is signed. If the property covered by the lease has yet to be constructed or has not been acquired by the lessor at the date the lease agreement or

commitment is signed, the acquisition date shall be the date the property under construction is completed or the date the property not yet acquired is acquired by the lessor. (See Instruction 2-20.)

(c) Where actually incurred, interest cost is to be added to the cost of road and equipment deemed *qualifying assets* during the period of time required to get them ready for their intended use (acquisition period). *Qualifying assets* are those that are (1) either constructed or otherwise produced for a carrier's own use (including assets constructed or produced for the carrier by others for which deposits or progress payments have been made) or (2) assets intended for sale or lease that are constructed or otherwise produced as discrete projects. The amount of interest to be capitalized for qualifying assets shall be based upon the average amount of accumulated expenditures for the asset during the acquisition period at the rate used on specific new borrowings associated with the qualifying asset. If average accumulated expenditures for the asset exceed the amount of specific new borrowings associated with the asset, the rate to be applied to such excess shall be a weighted average of the rates applicable to other borrowings of the enterprise. The total amount of interest cost capitalized in an accounting period shall not exceed the total amount of interest cost incurred by the enterprise during that period.

(d) Suitable records shall be maintained showing expenditures during the year for original road and equipment and road extensions; for merger and purchase of existing lines and reorganizations; for additions and betterments; and credits for property retirement.

(e) When the carrier exchanges road and equipment for other road and equipment with no other consideration involved, the road and equipment received shall be recorded at the ledger value of the road and equipment relinquished. Where the carrier receives a monetary consideration in the exchange, the carrier shall recognize gain on the exchange to the extent that the consideration received exceeds a proportionate share of the recorded cost of

the road and equipment surrendered. The portion of the cost applicable to the realized amount shall be based on the ratio of the monetary consideration to the total consideration received (monetary consideration plus the estimate fair value of the road and equipment received) or, if more clearly evident, the fair value of the road and equipment transferred. Where the carrier pays a monetary consideration in the exchange, it shall not recognize any gain on the transaction but shall record the road and equipment received at the amount of the monetary consideration paid plus the recorded costs of the road and equipment surrendered. If a loss is indicated by the terms of an exchange transaction, the carrier shall recognize the entire loss on the exchange. Immaterial gains and losses on these exchanges shall be included in account 519, Miscellaneous Income, or 551, Miscellaneous Income Charges, as appropriate. Material amounts shall be recorded in accordance with Instruction 1-2(d).

[52 FR 4324, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-2 *Minimum rule applicable to additions to property.* An exception to the rule in Instruction 2-1 is that when the cost of acquisition of units of road property and of additions to existing units of road property (other than land and tracks) is less than \$5,000, such costs may be charged to operating expenses. This amount (rounded to the nearest \$100) will be adjusted by the June Producer Price Index for all commodities when an aggregate adjustment is \$500 or more. The revision will be published in the Federal Register and be effective as of January 1 of the following year. The carrier shall not parcel expenditures under a general plan bringing the accounting for such expenditures within this minimum rule. An amount of less than the current minimum capitalization level, for the railroad as a whole or for individual property accounts may be adopted for purposes of this rule provided the carrier first notifies the Board of the amount it proposes to adopt and thereafter makes no change in the amount unless authorized by the Board. An amount adopted shall be ad-

hered to in reporting property changes for valuation purposes.

[55 FR 42016, Oct. 17, 1990]

2-3 *Land.* (a) Accounts are provided for the cost of land used in transportation operations and also for land used in other than transportation operations. When land is retired from transportation operations but is retained by the carrier the original cost (estimated, if not known) shall be transferred to the account prescribed for property used in other than transportation operations. It is not contemplated that irregular parcels of land acquired in connection with acquisition of right-of-way which have no value as commercial property shall be thus transferred, either for the purpose of making right-of-way boundaries run more or less regular or for the purpose of eliminating from transportation property account the cost of unoccupied lands between tracks in yards and terminals. When any land, the cost of which is included in the accounts, is sold or otherwise retired, the ledger value shall be credited to the appropriate property investment account. The profit or loss from sale or loss from retirement or land shall be included in the accounts prescribed for such amounts.

(b) [Reserved]

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4324, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-4 *Structures.* Accounts are provided for the cost of several classes of buildings and facilities, including fixtures permanently attached to and made a part thereof. When a building or other structure is used or held primarily for transportation operations and is an integral part of the carrier's transportation plant, but a part thereof is used or held for commercial purposes such as for rental to others or for use in other than transportation operations by the carrier, the entire cost of the building or other structure is includable in the accounts for transportation property. When a building or other structure is used or held primarily for commercial purposes or for use in other than transportation operations by the carrier, the entire cost of the building or structure is includable in account 737, *Property used in other*

than carrier operations. Reclassification of property from its primary classification as transportation or other than transportation property, as the case may be, to the other classification is not required where changes in use are of a temporary nature or for a short period of time. The accounting for costs of maintenance, taxes, other operating costs, and for revenues and rentals shall be consistent with the classification of the building or other structure.

2-5 *Equipment.* Accounts are provided for several classes of equipment, such as locomotives, passenger-train cars, freight-train cars, highway revenue equipment, work equipment, floating equipment, and the necessary appurtenance, furniture, and fixtures first to equip for service, including the cost of inspection, setting up, and trying out, and transportation over foreign lines; also the cost of additions and betterments, such as improved appliances, parts, or appurtenances. When retired equipment is held without being torn down, the estimated value of the salvage therefrom shall be included in account 741, *Other assets*, until the salvage is recovered, except that the estimated scrap value of retired equipment held for sale in the ordinary course of business, and on which sale and realization of the proceeds within one year is assured, is includable in account 713, *Other current assets*.

2-6 *Components of construction cost.* The cost of constructing property includable in the property accounts shall include the direct and other costs as described hereunder.

(a) *Cost of labor.* This includes the amount paid for labor expended by the carrier's own employees, including the cost of labor expended for preliminary work, such as sinking test holes or making soundings for tunnels, grading, buildings, and other structures; and cost of labor expended in laying and taking up tracks for temporary use in construction, except the cost of labor expended on tracks provided for the protection of traffic during the progress of addition and betterment work. The cost of labor shall also include the accounting company's expenditures for associated fringe benefits, such as vacation and holiday pay, health and welfare group insurance,

pensions and retirement plans, payroll taxes and unemployment insurance. Office expenses and traveling and other personal expenses of employees, when borne by the carrier, shall be considered a part of the cost of the labor, as shall also the cost of fidelity bonds and employer's liability insurance premiums. When officers or employees are especially assigned to construction work their pay and their traveling and incidental expenses while thus engaged shall be included in the cost of the work. No charge shall be made against road and equipment accounts for the pay of officers and employees who merely render services incidentally in connection with extensions, additions, or betterments, although traveling and incidental expenses incurred by such officers and employees solely on account of such work shall be included in the account to which the cost of the work is chargeable.

(b) *Cost of materials and supplies.* This includes the purchase price of materials and supplies, including small tools, at the point of free delivery plus the cost of inspection and loading assumed by the carrier; a suitable proportion of store expenses; also sales and excise taxes on materials and supplies except as otherwise provided in the text of account 712, *Material and supplies*. In calculating the cost of materials used, proper allowance shall be made for the value of unused portions and of cuttings, turnings, borings, etc.; for the value of the material recovered from temporary tracks, scaffolding, cofferdams, and other temporary structures used in construction; and for the value of small tools recovered and used for other purposes.

(c) *Cost of work-train service.* This includes amounts paid to others for rent and maintenance of equipment used; cost of labor of enginemen, trainmen, and enginehousemen, including wages of engine crews and train crews held in readiness for such service; and cost of fuel and other supplies consumed in connection with the operation of work trains. It shall also include the cost of maintaining the carrier's own equipment used in construction service. Amounts representing constructive rent or return upon the investment in owned equipment shall not be included

as a part of the cost of work-train service.

(d) *Cost of special machine service.* This includes the cost of labor expended and of materials and supplies consumed in maintaining and operating power shovels, scrapers, rail unloaders, ballast unloaders, pile drivers, dredges, ditchers, weed burners, and other labor-saving machines; also rents paid for use of such machines.

(e) *Cost of transportation.* This includes the amounts paid to other companies or individuals for the transportation of men, materials and supplies, special machine outfits, appliances, and tools in connection with construction. Freight charges paid foreign lines for the transportation of construction material to the carrier's line shall be included, so far as practicable, as a part of the cost of the material.

(f) *Cost of contract work.* This includes amounts paid for work performed under contract by other companies, firms, or individuals, and costs incident to the award of the contract.

(g) *Cost of protection from casualties.* This includes expenditures for protection against fire, such as payments for discovery or extinguishment of fires, cost of detecting and prosecuting incendiaries, witness fees in relation thereto, amounts paid to municipal corporations and other for fire protection, and other analogous items of expenditure incurred directly in connection with construction work.

(h) *Cost of injuries and damages.* This includes expenditures on account of injuries to persons or damage to property when incurred directly as a result of construction projects, and shall be included in the cost of the work in connection with which the injury or damage occurs. It also includes that portion of premiums paid for insuring property applicable to the period prior to the completion or coming into service of the property insured. Insurance recovered on account of compensation paid for injuries to persons incident to construction shall be credited to the accounts to which such compensation is charged, and insurance recovered on account of damages to property incident to construction shall be credited to the accounts chargeable with the ex-

pensitures necessary for restoring the damaged property. The cost of injuries and damages incident to the removal of old structures, or parts thereof, shall be charged to operating expenses, except that such costs in connection with the removal of old structures which are incumbrances on newly acquired lands shall be included in accounts 2, *Land for transportation purposes*, or 3, *Grading*, as appropriate.

(i) *Cost of privileges.* This includes compensation for temporary privileges, such as the use of public property or streets, in connection with the construction of the property of the carrier.

(j) *Material excavated.* The cost of disposing of material excavated in connection with construction shall be considered as a part of the cost of work, except that when such material is used for filling, the cost of removal and dumping shall be equitably apportioned between the work in connection with which the removal occurs and the work in connection with which the material is used.

(k) *Interest cost.* [See Instruction 2-1(c)].

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-7 Additions to and retirements of property—General. (a) In accounting for additions to and retirements and replacements of road and equipment property (excluding land) used in transportation operations, such property changes shall be considered as consisting of: (1) Units of property, and (2) other than units of property as prescribed in Instruction 2-19. Track property changes will be distinguished by units of property as approved by the Commission.

(b) The cost of removal of retired property, both depreciable and other than depreciable, when borne by the carrier, shall be charged, as appropriate, to account 11-13-39, *Personnel—Salaries and Wages—Way and Structures—Other—Dismantling retired property*, or 11-23-39, *Personnel—Salaries and Wages—Equipment—Other Equipment—Dismantling retired property*, and other

appropriate accounts (including subactivities 11 and 12).¹

(c) An equitable proportion of a balance in property accounts 76, *Interest During Construction*, and 80, *Other elements of investment*, applicable to retired property shall be cleared from these accounts concurrently with the retirement accounting. Unless provided for otherwise, interest costs shall be capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(d) When retired property is held and not removed, the estimated value of the salvage therefrom shall be included in account 741, *Other assets*, until the salvage is recovered, except that the estimated scrap value of retired property held for sale in the ordinary course of business, and on which sale and realization of the proceeds within one year is assured, is includible in account 713, *Other current assets*.

(e) The accounting for track additions and retirements (with and without replacement) shall be guided by Instruction 2–10.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 10920, Feb. 5, 1981; 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983; 49 FR 2254, Jan. 19, 1984; 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

2–8 *Additions to and retirements of units of property.* (a) When a unit of road or equipment property is added to the plant, the cost thereof shall be included in the appropriate primary account. When a unit of property is retired, with or without replacement, the cost thereof shall be written out of the property account at time of retirement.

(b) When a unit of road or equipment property (or a minor item not replaced) classified as depreciable and included in the accounts prescribed for depreciable property is retired the service value shall be charged to account 735, *Accumulated depreciation; Road and equipment property*.

¹The references to solely related freight operating expense activity/subactivity numbers and titles used throughout the system are for convenience and brevity. Refer to the specific account texts to determine the appropriate solely related passenger and/or common expense activity/subactivity numbers.

(c) When road property (other than a minor item constituting repairs) classified as other than depreciable property is retired, the cost thereof shall be cleared from the property account and the service value shall be charged to account 61–13–99, *General—Other Expenses—Way and Structures—Other—Other*. When the retirement requires Board approval, the carrier shall clear the cost from the property account upon the effective date of the abandonment. Subactivities 11 and 12 also apply.

(d) When property included in the depreciable accounts but excluded from the depreciation base is retired, the service value (including engineering expenditures assignable to retired property but not included in the depreciation base) shall be charged to operating expense.

2–9 *Additions and retirements of other than units of property.* (a) When an item of road or equipment property, other than a complete unit, is added to the plant and the addition is not a replacement, the cost thereof shall be accounted for in the same manner as an addition of a complete unit of property, subject to the minimum rule applicable to road property (see Instruction 2–2). When an item of property other than a complete unit (minor item) is replaced, independent of the complete unit of which it is a part, the cost of replacement shall be treated as maintenance and charged to operating expenses. If the replacement constitutes an improvement then the cost of replacement should be accounted for as a rebuilding expenditure under Instruction 2–12.

(b) When second-hand property acquired is in such physical condition that it is necessary to rehabilitate the property to bring it up to the standard required by the carrier, the cost of such rehabilitation shall be included in the appropriate account for the property.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 55 FR 42016, Oct. 17, 1990]

2–10 *Additions to and retirements of track.*

(a) When track or its components are added to the plant, the cost shall be included in the track primary account.

When track components are replaced as part of a track replacement program, the replacement cost shall be accounted for as an addition to the track property account. The cost of track components which are retired with or without replacement shall be written out of the track property account at the time of retirement.

(b) When track is retired the service value (ledger value less net salvage) shall be charged to account 735, *Accumulated depreciation; Road and equipment property*.

(c) All repairs of tracks shall be accounted for as operating expenses.

(d) Track investment written out of the accounts shall be at original cost or estimated standard or average cost for that density category. Material to be reused shall be put in an investment pool at unrecovered cost and, when reused, included in the appropriate density category at the average cost of the investment pool.

[48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983]

2-11 *Expenses in connection with additions and betterments.* The cost of removing old material from equipment and from buildings, bridges, wharves, tracks, and other fixed improvements, shall be charged to the appropriate operating expense accounts. Such charges shall include the cost of removing old foundations and filling old excavations, and restoring condition of grounds after addition and betterment work; and maintaining or protecting traffic during the progress of addition and betterment work, including the cost of constructing, maintaining, and removing temporary tracks required for maintaining traffic during the progress of the work.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977. Redesignated at 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983]

2-12 *Units of property rebuilt or converted*—(a) *Rebuilding expenditures.* Carriers shall be governed by the following provisions when determining and accounting for depreciable road and equipment property rebuilding expenditures:

(1) Rebuilding expenditures are those cost actually incurred which substantially extend the service life or substantially increase the utility of depreciable road and equipment property.

The rebuilding expenditures shall be material in nature relative to the current replacement cost of a similar new unit of road or equipment property. Expenses resulting from delayed maintenance and repairs shall not be considered in determining materiality.

(2) The phrase *extend the service life* means to extend the life of a property unit past its estimated service life.

(3) The term *increased utility* means that the road or equipment property has become more useful, more efficient, more durable, or has greater capacity.

(4) Rebuilt or converted road or equipment property shall be accounted for as an addition to the appropriate property accounts, with the old units accounted for as retired from service. The charge to the appropriate property accounts shall be composed of (i) the cost (estimated if necessary) less a fair allowance for depreciation, or salvage value, whichever is lower, of the parts reused, (ii) the cost of labor expended in rebuilding or in the conversion process, (iii) the cost of additional materials applied, and (iv) any other expenses incurred directly with the rebuilding or conversion. In no case shall the total amount charged to the property accounts for these units exceed the current replacement costs of similar new units that would be used for the same purpose. When a unit of road property or equipment is transferred from one class of service to another, with or without physical conversion, the unit shall be accounted for as retired from its original account and be recorded in a primary investment account appropriate to its new class of service.

(5) If it is necessary to repair the secondhand or reused parts remaining in a rebuilt unit, the repair cost may be added to the value assigned parts in determining the related cost to be capitalized. Associated dismantling costs shall be included in operating expenses.

(b) *Repair expenses.* Expenses pertaining to road and equipment property, which represent normal or delayed repairs and maintenance, shall be expensed in the year incurred.

(c) *File and Storage.* Carriers shall keep records of each rebuilding program readily available. These records

shall be provided to representatives of the Board when requested. The retention period shall be as required by 49 CFR part 1220, Preservation of Records.

[44 FR 67426, Nov. 26, 1979. Redesignated at 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983, and amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-13 Changes in line of road and relocation of yard tracks.

(a) When changes are made in a line of road for the purpose of reducing curves or grades, or to eliminate bridges, tunnels, tracks in the installation of a centralized traffic control system, or other physical features, the part of the line so changed shall be considered property retired and its ledger value credited to the property accounts. The new line of road, including land, grading, ballast, track elements, and other transportation facilities serving the road shall be considered an addition and the cost charged to the property accounts. The cost of track changes which do not involve change in the existing roadbed shall be charged to operating expenses, even though the tracks may be dismantled in the process, but the resulting track extensions or reductions shall be accounted for as additions or retirements as appropriate.

(b) The cost of shifting or rearranging tracks within a yard shall be charged to operating expenses, even though the tracks may be dismantled in the process, but resulting increases or decreases in grading, ballast, or track length shall be accounted for as additions or retirements, as appropriate. Where tracks in whole or in part within a yard are determined to be no longer permanently used, the ledger value of such tracks shall be eliminated from the property account. If yard tracks and facilities are constructed in another location to take the place of tracks retired, such tracks and facilities shall be accounted for as additions and the cost thereof shall be included in the property account.

[48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983]

2-14 Track connections. (a) When the accounting carrier bears the construction cost of a connecting track situated on the property of another carrier, but acquires the salvage rights to the track, the cost of the track construc-

tion shall be charged to account 731, *Road and equipment property.*

(b) When carriers (1) share the cost of constructing a connecting track of which a portion is situated on each carrier's right-of-way, and (2) own and obtain the salvage rights to the track segment located on their respective properties, the construction cost borne by each carrier shall be charged to account 731, *Road and equipment property.*

(c) The cost of constructing a track connection on the right-of-way of another carrier which acquires the ownership of and salvage rights to the track, shall be charged by the carrier bearing such cost to accounts 37-11-00, *Purchased service—Joint facility—Debit—Way and Structures—Running*, or 37-12-00, *Purchased services—Joint facility—Debit—Way and Structures—Switching.* The owner carrier shall charge the amount of the construction cost to account 731, *Road and equipment—property*, with contra credit to accounts 38-11-00, *Purchases services—Joint facility—Credit—Way and Structures—Running*, or 38-12-00, *Purchases services—Joint facility—Credit—Way and Structures—Switching.* Material amounts for such costs shall be referred to the Board for consideration and decision.

(d) The cost of constructing a side track under a deposit refund agreement shall be charged to account 731, *Road and equipment property.* The deposit shall be credited to account 782, *Other liabilities.* Deposit amounts refunded during the agreement period shall be charged to account 782, *Other liabilities.* Upon termination of the agreement, the amount of any unrefunded deposit shall be credited to the applicable primary property accounts on an equitable basis.

2-15 Merger, consolidation, and purchase of a railway operating entity or system. (a) When a railway or portion thereof constituting an operating unit or system is acquired by merger or consolidation in a pooling of interests or by purchase the cost of acquisition represented by cash, capital stock or other securities issued or assumed, liabilities assumed, and other consideration, shall be recorded in the accounts in the manner stated hereunder. Separate instructions are provided for a merger of subsidiaries.

(b) Pooling of interests:

(1) When the acquisition results from a merger or consolidation constituting a pooling of interests, in which all or substantially all of the equity interest in predecessor companies continue, as such, in a surviving company or a new company created for the purpose, the road and equipment, the other assets, and the liabilities of the predecessor companies, together with the balances in the accumulated amortization and depreciation accounts and the retained earnings accounts shall be recorded in the appropriate balance sheet accounts at the amounts shown in the accounts of predecessor companies, adjusted as may be necessary to conform with the accounting rules of the Board. Such adjustments shall be included in retained earnings or the other accounts that would have been appropriate had the adjustments been made in the books of account of the predecessor company.

(2) When the total par or the stated value of no par capital stock issued or outstanding pursuant to the pooling of interests is more than the aggregate amount of the capital stock of the separate companies before such pooling of interests, the excess shall be charged to account 795, *Other capital*, if unrestricted capital is available for such purpose; otherwise, the excess shall be charged to retained earnings.

(3) When the total par or stated value of no par capital stock issued or outstanding pursuant to the pooling of interests is less than aggregate amount of the capital stock of the separate companies before such pooling of interests, the difference for reduction in capital stock shall be credited to account 795, *Other capital*.

(c) Purchase:

(1) When the acquisition results from a purchase (except from subsidiaries controlled through ownership of the majority share of voting stock) including mergers or consolidations other than pooling of interests, the amount includible in account 731, *Road and equipment property*, shall be the cost at the date of acquisition to the purchaser of the transportation property acquired. The cost assigned the property, as well as other assets acquired, shall be the amount of the cost consideration given. Where property and other

assets are acquired for other than cash, including liabilities assumed and shares of stock issued, cost shall be determined by either the fair value of the consideration given or the fair value of the assets acquired, whichever is more clearly evident. In addition to any liabilities assumed, provision shall be made for such estimated liabilities as may be necessary.

(2) When the costs of individual units or classes of transportation property are not specified in the agreement, the cost assigned such property shall be apportioned among the appropriate primary accounts using the percentage relationship between the fair values for each class of property acquired and the total of such values.

(d) Merger of subsidiaries:

The acquisition and merger of property of subsidiaries controlled through ownership of the majority shares of voting stock is to be accounted for as a pooling of interests or as a purchase depending on the circumstances in each case. Where control was initially acquired through issuance of capital stock to stockholders of the subsidiary the rule applicable to pooling of interests ordinarily is applicable. Where control was initially acquired through purchase of stock the rule applicable to purchase of property may be appropriate even though the shares were purchased gradually from time to time over a period of years, in which event recognition of retained earnings since date of acquisition assignable to such shares may be proper. The journal entry pertaining to acquisition of property of subsidiaries shall be submitted to the Board for consideration based on the principles herein and procedures for which there is authoritative support, and the accounting for the merger shall become final only after approval by the Board.

2-16 *Reorganization of railway.* (a) When a railway reorganization or receivership has been consummated, the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and the capital stock or other securities issued or assumed, and other consideration, shall be recorded in the accounts in the manner stated hereunder. An adjustment of capitalization resulting in modification and reformation of

classes of securities pursuant to voluntary action of the holders of securities but not resulting in a formal reorganization following a bankruptcy or other receivership proceedings (sometimes called a quasi-reorganization) is not covered by this instruction 2-16. Reduction of capital stock and other contributions to capital by stockholders shall be recorded in accordance with the instructions in the text of account 795, *Other capital*.

(b) The amounts includable in primary road and equipment property accounts shall be recorded at cost as shown in the predecessor companies' accounts except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this instruction 2-16. The remaining assets and the liabilities of the predecessor companies, adjusted as necessary to conform with the accounting rules of the Board, together with the balances in the accumulated amortization and depreciation accounts, shall be recorded in the appropriate balance sheet accounts.

(c) When the amount recorded for assets acquired is more than the par or stated value of no par capital stock issued and other consideration paid, including liabilities assumed, the difference shall be applied to such extent as necessary and is available to provide first for any deficiency in past accrued depreciation on property classified as depreciable; and, second, for any estimated loss from retirement of a branch line, segment of track or other important facility indicated by supporting records to be imminent. The remaining amount of the difference, if any, shall be applied proportionately to reduce the amounts includable in the property accounts in accordance with paragraph (b) of this instruction 2-16, based on the percentage relationship between such difference and the aggregate cost of the property shown in the predecessor companies' accounts.

(d) When the amount applicable to the assets acquired is less than the par or stated value of no par capital stock issued and other consideration paid, including liabilities assumed, the accounting shall be referred to the Board for consideration and decision.

2-17 *Construction projects in which governmental agencies, individuals, or others, and the carrier participate.* (a) The amount includable in the property account for construction projects in which the carrier and governmental agencies, individuals, or others participate shall be (1) the payment made by the carrier for its share of the cost of construction plus (2) the recorded cost (estimated if unknown) of property relinquished as a direct result of the arrangement and retired from service less the value of salvage recovered therefrom by the carrier and less depreciation accrued on depreciable property, which is part of the carrier's cost of the project. The amount so includable in the property account shall be distributed equitably among the primary accounts applicable to railway property constructed. This amount shall first be applied to railway facilities includable in accounts other than 4, *Other right-of-way expenditures*, or 39, *Public improvements—Construction*, then any remaining balance shall be included in account 4 or 39, as appropriate. In no case shall the amount included in the primary accounts for the railway facilities acquired exceed the actual cost of constructing such facilities. The property account shall not include any cost or value for facilities or land contributed or paid for by governmental agencies, individuals or others. Property acquired as a specific contribution to capital by stockholders does not come under this rule. (See text of account 795, *Other capital*.)

(b) Construction projects as used in this section means widening of highways, construction of spillways, drainage canals, farm and other private passes, pipelines, drains or other facilities across the right-of-way; construction of overhead highway bridges, and railroad bridges over public highways and across streams, which provide a railroad use in the operation of trains and a public use in the uninterrupted passage of highway and river traffic; installation of warning signals to protect highway traffic; and industrial side tracks. Also, reconstruction and relocation of tracks and appurtenant facilities such as occur in connection

with carrying out flood control, reclamation, and other public improvement projects where it becomes necessary to abandon part of the line of railroad and relocate the tracks.

2-18 *Leased property improvements and retirements.* The cost to lessee of structures, facilities, additions and betterments on leased property and for retirement of property the cost of which is included in account 732 *Improvements on leased property*, shall be accounted for in conformity with the principles in the instructions for property owned. When lessor's property is retired and replaced and lessee is not obligated to reimburse the lessor for the retired property other than through the replacement, the lessee shall (1) charge the cost of the replacement to account 732, *Improvements on leased property*, (2) discontinue accruing depreciation for lessor's retired property, and (3) when recording final settlement with the lessor, consider jointly the amount accrued in account 772, *Accrued liability; Leased property*, for lessor's retired property and the respective amounts for the replacement included in accounts 732, *Improvements on leased property*, and 733, *Accumulated depreciation; Improvements on leased property*. When lessee is obligated to reimburse the lessor currently or at the termination of the lease for property retired other than through replacement, the lessee shall include the amount of the obligation in the appropriate liability account. The lessee shall furnish the lessor such information as is required to enable the lessor to perform necessary accounting. The accounting by the lessee and the lessor shall be consistent with contractual arrangements.

[47 FR 26635, June 21, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-19 *List of units of property.* (a) This list of units is established for the purpose of designating the units of property to be used in accounting for additions to and retirements and replacements of property. Detailed information is included in instructions 2-7 and 2-8. Items listed under road property accounts are subject to the minimum rule applicable to additions to prop-

erty. See instruction 2-2 pertaining to the minimum rule.

(b) This list of units will be revised from time to time as may be necessary to meet conditions. A carrier desiring to include in any account an appropriate unit not now specified therein may, upon approval of the Board, make such authorized addition to this list of units.

(c) Rules applicable to units of property rebuilt or converted and to changes in line of road or tracks which involve accounting for units or property retired are set forth in instructions 2-12 and 2-13.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983]

Account 3, Grading

A retaining wall, riprap (hand placed), a protecting dyke, a protecting crib, a wing dam, a revetment, mattress, pipe or other structures to provide drainage. Each entire installation.

Account 5, Tunnels and Subways

The entire masonry, entire timber, and entire metal lining of a tunnel or subway, including portals and wing walls.

Drainage. Entire installation.
Lighting. Each entire installation.
Ventilation. Each entire installation.

Account 6, Bridges, Trestles, and Culverts

A steel superstructure.
A concrete or stone substructure.
A concrete trestle, a complete bridge or approach.
A timber trestle, a complete bridge or approach.
Complete machinery for operating a movable span.
A protecting dyke, a protecting crib (a fender), a wing dam, a complete culvert. Each entire installation.

Account 7, Elevated Structures

Any applicable units listed under account 6, *Bridges, trestles, and culverts*.

Account 13, Fences, Snowsheds, and Signs

A complete snowshed.
One continuous mile of right-of-way fence.
One continuous mile of permanent sand or snow fence.

Account 16, Station and Office Buildings

A complete building, including attached platform.
A complete platform structurally detached from a building.

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Each retaining wall installation.
Each timber trestle installation.
Each outside steam, water, air, etc., pipe line installation.
Each storm or sanitary sewer installation.
A complete fence.
Paving. Each complete installation.
A station stockyard. Each complete installation.
A track scale.
A track scale pit.
An outside crane or conveying system for handling freight.
A motor truck.
A motor tractor.
Any applicable units listed under other accounts.

Account 17, Roadway Buildings

Any applicable units listed under account 16, *Station and office buildings*, and 44, *shop machinery*.

Account 18, Water Stations

A complete water supply piping system.
A dam or reservoir.
A pump house.
Pumping machinery. Each complete installation.
A water tank. Each complete installation.
A complete track trough at one location.
A water crane. Complete with pit.
A water treating plant.

Account 19, Fuel Stations

A complete fuel supply system, including appurtenances.
A pump house.
A fuel oil storage tank (large).

Account 20, Shops and Enginehouses

A complete building, including attached platform.
A complete platform structurally detached from a building.
A turntable.
A turntable pit.
A transfer table with machinery.
A transfer table pit.
A sand storage and handling and drying apparatus.
Outdoor bins. Each complete installation.
A lorry track system (outside).
A boiler washing plant. Each complete installation.
An overhead crane, outside.
Each outside pipe installation, steam, air, water, etc.
Each sewer installation, storm or sanitary.
Paving. Each complete installation.
Each shop fence or wall installation.
Any applicable unit under account 16, *Station and office buildings*.

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Account 22, Storage Warehouses

A complete building, including attached platform.
A complete platform structurally detached from a building.
For additional items, see accounts 16 *Station and office buildings*, and 44, *Shop machinery*.

Account 23, Wharves and Docks

A timber float bridge.
A steel float bridge.
A wharf (including pile clusters).
A timber incline.
A bulkhead.
Jetties or breakwater.
Ferry racks (including pile clusters).
Float racks.
Each complete machinery installation.
For additional items, see accounts 3, *Grading*, 6, *Bridges, trestles and culverts*, and 44, *Shop machinery*.

Account 24, Coal and Ore Wharves

Car dumper complete.
Timber bridges.
Steel bridges.
Each complete machinery installation.
A loading or unloading machine complete.
Each coal or ore pocket installation.
For additional items, see accounts 6, *Bridges, trestles and culverts*, 16, *Station and office buildings*, 20, *Shops and enginehouses*, 23, *Wharves and docks*, and 44, *Shop machinery*.

Account 25, TOFC/COFC Terminals

A complete building.
A complete building, including attached platform and ramp.
A complete platform and attached ramp, structurally detached from a building.
A portable ramp.
A complete fence.
Paving, each complete installation.
An overhead crane, complete.
Each sewer installation.
A truck or tractor used exclusively at TOFC/COFC terminals.
Each floodlighting pole or tower installation.
Each floodlighting installation.
A power distribution system, complete.
Any applicable units listed under all other accounts.

Account 26, Communication Systems

A complete mile section or complete installation if less than a mile of pole line including cross arms, wires and appurtenances.
Each mile or complete installation of cable with associated parts.
Each mile or complete installation of conduit with associated parts.
A complete tower.

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A complete installation at each location constituting a separate means of communication, such as radio, radar, carrier telephone, teletype, or other communication systems.

For additional items see account 16, *Station and office buildings*.

Account 27, Signals and Interlockers

A signal system installation complete, or section thereof, with associated parts, including masts, batteries, relays, ladder, etc.

A complete mile section or complete installation if less than a mile, or pole line including cross arms, wires and appurtenances.

Each mile or complete installation if less than one mile of cable with associated parts.

Each mile or complete installation if less than one mile of conduit with associated parts.

Switch movement with associated parts.

A complete building.

An interlocking plant complete (excluding machine).

An interlocking machine.

Signal bridge complete.

Each highway crossing protection installation complete.

Each car retarder installation complete.

A traffic control or C.T.C. system installation complete.

Account 29, Power Plants

Any applicable units listed under accounts 16, *Station and office buildings*, and 20, *Shops and enginehouses*.

Account 31, Power Transmission Systems

A continuous mile, or a separate installation if less than a mile, of catenary complete including catenary hangers, trolley wire and appurtenances.

A continuous mile, or a separate installation if less than a mile, of transmission line, including poles, wires, transformers, switches, and other appurtenances.

Each outside steam, air, etc., pipe line installation.

A manhole.

Substation or switching station complete.

Each mile, or installation if less than a mile, of third rail.

A catenary bridge or support.

A high-tension transmission tower.

Any applicable units listed under accounts 26, *Communication systems*, and 27, *Signals and interlockers*.

Account 35, Miscellaneous Structures

A complete building, including attached platform.

A complete platform structurally detached from a building.

A conveyor system complete.

An elevator system complete.

A blowing system complete.

Any applicable units listed under other accounts.

Account 37, Roadway Machines

Each roadway machine complete including accessories.

Each on and/or off-track automotive vehicle complete, including appurtenant special-purpose machinery.

Account 39, Public Improvements—Construction

Any applicable units listed under other accounts.

Account 44, Shop Machinery

A machine (including foundation and motor, if any), such as lathes, shapers, slotters, boring machines.

A furnace.

A boiler installation complete.

A motor vehicle used in shops only.

Testing equipment.

Overhead crane, complete.

Account 45, Power Plant Machinery

A power plant machine, including foundation, such as a turbine, rectifier, dynamo, generator.

Any applicable unit listed under account 44, *Shop machinery*.

Account 52, Locomotives

Diesel electric, lead or booster, i.e., "A" or "B" units.

Diesel electric. Extra or spare engines.

Electric locomotive.

Radio control locomotive.

Account 53, Freight-Train Cars

A complete car.

Motor equipment of a motor driven car.

A propulsion motor, including generator.

A freight container, complete.

Account 54, Passenger-Train Cars

A complete car, including interior furnishings.

Motor equipment of a motor driven car.

A propulsion motor, including generator.

Account 55, Highway Revenue Equipment

A complete vehicle.

A chassis.

A container.

A bogie.

Account 56, Floating Equipment

A complete vessel or boat, exclusive of machinery.

Machinery: a boiler, a motor, an engine.

Account 57, Work Equipment

- (a) Rail equipment: (1) A complete car or machine, (2) A boiler, (3) An engine, (4) A motor, (5) Machinery equipment (with or without tractive machinery) such as concrete mixer, snow plow, derrick, steam shovel, or pile driver, (6) A complete motor equipment.
- (b) Floating equipment—Work: (1) A complete vessel or boat, (2) A boiler, (3) An engine, (4) A motor. Any applicable units listed under other accounts.

Account 58, Miscellaneous Equipment

An airplane.
A complete vehicle.

Account 59, Computer Systems and Word Processing Equipment

A Mainframe
A Mini-computer
A Word processing system
A Printer
A Monitor
A Modem
A Storage device

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-20 Accounting for leases. (a) Leases shall be accounted for as capital leases whenever the lease meets one or more of the following four criteria:

- (1) The lease transfers ownership of the property to the lessee by the end of the lease term,
- (2) The lease contains a bargain purchase option,
- (3) The lease term is equal to 75 percent or more of the estimated economic life of the property, and,
- (4) The present value at the beginning of the lease term of the minimum lease payments equals or exceeds 90 percent of the fair value of the leased property to the lessor at the inception of the lease less any related investment tax credit retained by the lessor.

(b) If the lease does not meet any of the four criteria, the lease shall be classified and accounted for as an operating lease.

(c) When accounting for capital leases the lessee shall record the asset and the related obligation. The amount recorded as the asset and the obligation shall be the present value at the beginning of the lease term of the minimum lease payments during the lease term, excluding that portion of the payments representing executory costs such as insurance, maintenance, and

taxes to be paid by the lessor. However, if that amount exceeds the fair value of the leased property, the amount recorded as the asset and the obligation shall be the fair value. The lessee shall compute the present value of the minimum lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate unless (1) it is practicable to learn the implicit rate computed by the lessor and (2) the implicit rate computed by the lessor is less than the lessee's incremental borrowing rate. If both of those conditions are met, the lessee shall use the implicit rate.

(d) Leased assets that meet the criteria for classification as a capital lease shall be subject to depreciation over their useful lives in the same manner as assets owned. If the capital lease meets the criteria of either Instruction 2-20(a)(1) or 2-20(a)(2), the asset shall be amortized in a manner consistent with the lessee's normal depreciation policy for owned assets. If the lease does not meet either of these two criteria, the asset shall be amortized in a manner consistent with the lessee's normal depreciation policy except that the period of amortization shall be the lease term.

(e) The accounting accorded the lease shall be subject to the same considerations as other obligations in classifying them with current and non-current liabilities in the classified balance sheet. Leases that meet the criteria requiring capitalization shall be recorded in those accounts that provide for carrier operating property or property used in other than carrier operations, as appropriate. The accounts shall segregate the amounts pertaining to capital leases.

(f) If the lease qualifies as an operating lease it should be accounted for by charging the rent to expense over the lease term. The rental expense should be recognized on a straight line basis over the lease term unless another method is more representative of the use and the benefits derived.

(g) The criteria specified in paragraph (a) should be applied to all leases regardless of the relationship between the lessor and the lessee unless it is clear that the terms of the lease transaction have been significantly affected by their relationship. In this situation,

the accounting should be modified to recognize economic substance rather than legal form.

(h) In the case of subsidiary companies or companies under common control whose principal business activity is leasing property or facilities to the carrier, the carrier is encouraged to request special authority to file consolidated or combined financial statements. If the carrier does not wish to file consolidated or combined financial statements, capitalization of the lease will be required if the lease meets the criteria that would require capitalization.

NOTE: The carrier shall follow generally accepted accounting principles where an interpretation of the rules for lease accounting is needed or obtain an interpretation from its public accountant or the Board.

[42 FR 56611, Oct. 27, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4321, 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-21 *Freight train car repair costing.* Class I railroads shall report the costs of repairing freight train cars by car types.

(a) The accounting for freight train car repair costs shall agree with the applicable instructions and texts of accounts in 49 CFR Part 1201 relating to the equipment repair process (see Note A).

(b) Railroads may assign either actual costs, standard costs, or a combination of both to the accounting process. Standard costs, if used, shall recognize the differences in performing repairs on various types of equipment, and the differences related to specific repair facilities. Standard costs shall be based on adequate operational data which are reviewed at least annually. The resulting variances (price, efficiency, capacity, etc.) shall be reasonably allocated back to the car types to derive the amounts reported in Form R-1.

(c) Railroads shall report repair costs by the freight train car types shown in Schedule 415 of Form R-1. In assigning repair costs, railroads may use either one of the following methodologies:

Level I: Job Order Cost System

Railroads may use a job order cost system for assigning repair costs to the car types for freight train cars. Under this methodology, railroads shall directly match direct labor and materials with the specific unit of equip-

ment that was repaired. Actual costs, standard costs, or a combination of both may be used as stated above.

Level II: Alternative Repair Costs Methodology

Railroads not using the job order cost system shall report freight train car repair costs by using the methodology described below:

(1) The repair costs relating to heavy, program, or project repairs of freight train cars shall be directly assigned to the car types repaired by using actual or standard costs. A heavy repair is defined as a repair that is relatively so material in cost, repair time, or physical damage that management's involvement in the determination of the repair to be made is necessary and relatively greater than usual. Program or project repairs are those repairs which are performed under a predetermined plan where estimates costs, time periods, and car types to be repaired are identified.

(2) The repair costs relating to light and running repairs of system cars shall be allocated to the car types by using the Association of American Railroads' Car Repair Billing System (CRBS) as the process for distributing light and running repairs. The CRBS will be the tracking system for recording the number of repairs, the car types and types of repairs. Then by applying the CRBS standard costs to the particular repairs, standard costs relationships by car type can be developed and used to distribute actual light and running repair cost pools to the car types.

(3) Railroads shall match repair costs billed by and paid to foreign roads with the car types that were repaired. Foreign billings for light and running repairs are usually conducted through CRBS, and therefore, the car types can be identified. For heavy off-line repairs, car type identification is possible because system management is generally involved with the authorization of such heavy repairs and car identification numbers are generally included in the billing process.

(4) Repair costs relating to foreign freight train cars shall also be reported by car types. However, a separate breakdown between foreign and system repair costs is not required for Board

reporting purpose. Car type identification for light and running repairs to foreign cars can be obtained from CRBS tapes. The cost of heavy repairs to foreign cars should be accumulated by car types. The resulting expense credits from foreign railroads should be assigned to the car types to which they relate.

(5) Railroads shall match any resulting expense credits with the car types to which they relate. This can occur, for example, when a railroad is charged with the repair costs of system cars, but the responsibility of the repair ultimately rests with and is paid by a foreign road.

(d) Railroads shall submit to the Board any repair cost by car type methodology which does not agree with item (c) above. The Board shall review the methodology and determine if it is acceptable for reporting purposes.

(e) Railroads may submit justification and supporting documents requesting waiver from provisions required by this instruction. This provision is intended to provide relief for those smaller Class I railroads that might be unduly burdened by the cost of developing and maintaining the required system. Waivers shall be directed to the Board's Accounting and Valuation Board.

(f) Equipment repair cost records, including the allocation methods used, shall be maintained and made available to the Board upon request.

NOTE A: The following accounts and reference pertain to the freight train car repair process:

11-22-42
21-22-42
39-22-42
40-22-42
41-22-42
61-22-42

Instruction 2-12, *Units of property rebuilt or converted.*

[46 FR 52951, Dec. 4, 1981, as amended at 52 FR 4321, 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-22 *Map specifications.*

(a) Class I Railroad companies shall maintain current maps of its property and shall promptly record any changes that may take place.

(b) Class I companies shall furnish, on request, copies of maps showing its

property as it exists on such date or dates as may be fixed by the Board.

(c) Class I companies shall maintain planimetric maps that show right-of-way, track and other important facilities at a scale to show sufficient detail.

(d) Maps shall be indexed and titled to clearly indicate the specific area depicted.

(e) All maps shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted mapping practices.

[47 FR 50267, Nov. 5, 1982; 48 FR 32833, July 19, 1983]

2-23 *Accounting for engineering costs.*

(a) The pay and expenses of engineers, assistants and clerks engaged in the survey and construction of new lines and extensions shall be included in the cost of the particular property involved. This accounting treatment also applies in making additions to and improvements of the carriers road, including wharves and docks.

List of Officers and Employees

Chief engineer.
Assistant engineers.
Bridge and signal engineer.
Architects and draftsmen.
Chief clerk and other clerks.
Transitmen and levelmen.
Rodmen and chainmen.
Cooks and porters on business cars.

ITEMS OF EXPENSE AND SUPPLIES

Atlases and maps.
Barometers.
Books for office use.
Business car service.
Cameras; compasses.
Camp equipage.
Chains for surveyors.
Drawing boards.
Drawing instruments.
Field glasses.
Furniture repairs and renewals.
Heating and lighting.
Magnets and magnifiers.
Official train service.
Paper, blue-print.
Periodicals and newspapers.
Photographic supplies.
Printing and stationery.
Provisions for business cars.
Rent and repairs of offices.
Rods for surveyors.
Sextants and slide rules.
Telegraph and telephone service.
Traveling expenses.
Triangles and tripods.

(b) When employees listed in (a) above are engaged in the repair and maintenance of the roadway, their pay and expenses shall be charged to the appropriate operating expense accounts.

(c) Expenditures for tentative or preliminary surveys shall be carried in account 743, *Other deferred debits*, until it is determined whether or not to continue the work. If the project is continued, expenditures for all surveys shall be transferred to the appropriate property account and, if abandoned, to appropriate income accounts.

(d) The cost of designing, making plans and specifications, and supervising the construction of equipment shall be included in the cost of the particular equipment.

(e) Fees and expenses of architects specially employed for designing or supervising the construction of buildings shall be included in the accounts appropriate for the cost of the buildings constructed.

[49 FR 2254, Jan. 19, 1984, as amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

2-24 Accounting for other general expenditures.

Expenditures of a general nature that are attributable but not directly assignable to original construction or important expansion of road shall be equitably assigned to the cost of specific units or segments of property. These expenditures include the pay and expenses of executive and general officers and their assistants engaged exclusively with such construction, law expenses (other than organization expenses), stationery and printing, and taxes before property is used in transportation operations.

[49 FR 2255, Jan. 19, 1984, as amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE EXPENSES

3-1 *Items to be charged.* (a) The accounts provided for maintenance of road property and of equipment are designed to show the cost of repairs and also the loss through depreciation of the property used in transportation operations, including expenses resulting from ordinary wear and tear of service,

exposure to the elements, inadequacy, obsolescence, or other depreciation, or from accident, fire, flood, or other casualty.

(b) These accounts shall include the cost of labor, materials and supplies, work-train service, floating equipment work service, special machine service, contract work, privileges, protection from casualties, and other analogous items of expense in connection with the maintenance of the plant used in railway service. The cost of materials and supplies, which shall include small tools, shall include the cost at the point of free delivery plus freight charges of foreign lines, and the costs of inspection and loading assumed by the carrier; also a proportion of store expenses. Such costs shall not include expenses of transportation over the carrier's line. Royalties for patent rights on mechanical appliances used in repairs of equipment shall be included in the cost of the repairs. The cost of boarding, traveling, and other incidental expenses of employees shall be included in the accounts to which the pay of the employees is chargeable, except where otherwise specified in the text of the accounts. In calculating the cost of materials used proper allowance shall be made for the value of unused portions and of cuttings, turnings, borings, etc., and for the value of the material recovered from property repaired and from temporary tracks, scaffolding, cofferdams, and other temporary structures used in repair work.

(c) The cost of repairs shall include the cost of inspecting to determine the repairs necessary, and of adjusting or repairing parts, both of road property and of equipment, such as the repairing of locomotives, cars, frogs, switches, rails, etc.; the cost of inspecting and testing after repairs have been made such as the testing of locomotives after repairs to determine whether the repairs have been properly made, and the running of repaired locomotives light in order to break them in for regular service; incidental costs of repairs, such as the construction or removal of false work in connection with maintenance, cost of demolishing retired road property and disposing of the wreckage therefrom when the property is dismantled by or for the carrier; cost of

maintaining or protecting traffic during the progress of construction work, including the cost of constructing, maintaining and removing temporary tracks required for maintaining traffic during the progress of the work; cost of mowing and beautifying grounds around buildings; repairing fences, sidewalks, driveways, and streets within or adjacent to such grounds; cost of removing snow from roofs of buildings (when not removed by those employed in the buildings); cost of periodical restorations of seasonal features, such as gardens, shrubbery, and lawns; cost of operating hothouses in connection with the work of beautifying grounds; and cost of clearing and removing casual incumbrances, such as ice, snow, and fallen timber.

(d) An employee's job classification shall not govern the accounting for work performed. Charges to a particular expense function shall be based on the nature of the work performed.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEPRECIATION ACCOUNTS

4-1 *Method.* (a) There shall be charged monthly to operating expenses or other appropriate accounts and credited to account 735, *Accumulated depreciation; Road and equipment property*, during the service life of depreciable road and equipment property, includable in accounts classed as depreciable, amounts which will approximate the loss in service value not restored by current repairs or covered by insurance. The charges for accruing depreciation currently shall be computed in conformity with the group plan by applying to the cost of property such percentage rates as will distribute the service value by the straight-line method in equal annual charges to operating expenses or other accounts during the estimated life of the property. In the case of track accounts 8, 9 and 11, service value shall reflect net salvage value. For road property, the cost shall be original cost or estimated original cost, as used in the valuation records, adjusted to current date. If a carrier submits proof that the actual cost of depreciable property is substan-

tially different from cost figures in the valuation records, the carrier may, with the approval of the Board, use such cost figures as the depreciation base.

(b) The term group plan means the plan under which depreciation charges are accrued upon the basis of the cost of depreciable property includable in accounts classed as depreciable using the service lives of the individual depreciable units in the accounts and properly weighing to determine the composite annual rate of depreciation.

(c) For the purpose of the group plan of depreciation accounting, the following primary accounts are classed as depreciable accounts:

Road accounts:

3. Grading.
4. Other right-of-way expenditures.
5. Tunnels and subways.
6. Bridges, trestles and culverts.
7. Elevated structures.
8. Ties.
9. Rails and other track material.
11. Ballast.
13. Fences, snowsheds, and signs.
16. Station and office buildings.
17. Roadway buildings.
18. Water stations.
19. Fuel stations.
20. Shops and enginehouses.
22. Storage warehouses.
23. Wharves and docks.
24. Coal and ore wharves.
25. TOFC/COFC terminals.
26. Communication systems.
27. Signals and interlockers.
29. Power plants.
31. Power transmission systems.
35. Miscellaneous structures.
37. Roadway machines.
39. Public improvements-construction.
44. Shop machinery.
45. Power plant machinery.

Equipment accounts:

52. Locomotives.
53. Freight-train cars.
54. Passenger-train cars.
55. Highway revenue equipment.
56. Floating equipment.
57. Work equipment.
58. Miscellaneous equipment.
59. Computer systems and word processing equipment.

(d) When abandonment of a branch line or other important segment of the track structure or other part of the plant for which depreciation charges are not includable in the accounts as foreseeable within a reasonable period

of time due to exhaustion of traffic, obsolescence or other causes, application may be made to the Board for authority to record a suitable provision in anticipation of a probable loss.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 48 FR 4183, Feb. 18, 1983; 52 FR 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

4-2 *Rates of depreciation.* (a) A separate composite annual percentage rate for each depreciable property account, or a subgroup in that account, shall be used in computing annual depreciation expenses and accumulated depreciation. The composite rates shall be based on the results of a depreciation study performed by each railroad. A depreciation study shall, in general, contain the following components:

(i) Actuarial or semiactuarial methods for determining service lives for road and equipment properties;

(ii) Salvage value calculations for road and equipment properties;

(iii) Accumulated depreciation for each account or subaccount as appropriate;

(iv) Other factors and related calculations involving the depreciation process; and

(v) A commentary on any adjustments and judgmental factors used in the study.

(b) Railroads shall submit to the Board for review and approval a report on depreciation studies and proposed depreciation rates every three years for equipment property, and every six years for road property. Railroads can, however, submit depreciation studies prior to its scheduled year, in which case a new cycle will begin.

(c) In computing monthly depreciation charges, the annual percentage rates shall be applied to the depreciation base as of the first of each month and the results shall be divided by twelve.

(d) Class II railroads are exempt from the three-year and six-year cyclical reviews, but shall submit depreciation studies when requested by the Board. Class III railroads are not required to submit depreciation studies.

(e) A separate track depreciation rate shall apply to each primary property account in each track density category as provided in Instruction 4-3(d). Track depreciation rates shall be developed

by estimating the average life based on an acceptable depreciation methodology, consistently applied, including as an option the units of production method based on gross ton-miles per mile of track.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 20210, Apr. 3, 1981; 48 FR 7184, Feb. 18, 1983; 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

4-3 *Depreciation records to be kept.* (a) The carrier shall maintain for each class of property in convenient and accessible form engineering and other data bearing on prospective service lives.

(b) The carrier also shall keep such records of depreciable property and property retirements as will reflect the service life of each class of property which has been retired, or will permit the determination of service life indications by past experience of useful life tenure of comparable property, turnover, or other appropriate methods; also such records as will reflect the percentage of value of the salvage for property retired from each class of depreciable property.

(c) For purposes of analysis the carrier shall maintain subsidiary records in which the accumulated depreciation account is broken down into component parts corresponding to each primary account to show the current credits and debits and the balance for each account. Such detailed information shall be reported annually to this Board. For balance sheet purposes, the accumulated depreciation account shall be treated as a single composite account for depreciable property.

(d) Carriers shall be prepared to justify all track depreciation rates by keeping appropriate data on the service lives and salvage values of track components which went into the life and net salvage computation of each primary account in each density category.

(e) The investment and related accumulated depreciation for accounts 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11 and 39 must be maintained by distinct traffic density categories. Each line segment shall be identified on January 1 of each year as belonging to one of the following traffic density classes, based on the average traffic density in the preceding three years:

DENSITY

Class	Description
I	Lines carrying at least 20 million gross ton-miles per mile on an annual basis and not designated as belonging to Density Class III.
II	Lines carrying less than 20 million gross ton-miles per mile on an annual basis and not designated as belonging to Density Class III.
III	Lines identified as potentially subject to abandonment pursuant to Section 10904 of the Interstate Commerce Act.
IV	Yard and way switching tracks.
V	Electronic yards.

NOTE A: For purposes of designating line segments as belonging to one of the density classes, the carrier shall consider all traffic carried over the segment whether in the carrier's trains or in the trains of other carriers (estimated if not known).

NOTE B: When a carrier operates systems of parallel tracks on a single roadbed, the density associated with the related segment of a rail route shall be the aggregate gross ton-miles on all individual tracks.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 20210, Apr. 3, 1981; 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983; 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

4-4 *Leased property—depreciation.* (a) The carrier shall include in operating expenses charges for depreciation on road property and equipment used but not owned, the rent for which is includable in the lease rental accounts, and shall maintain the same records of service lives, salvage values, etc., as provided for owned road property and equipment. The excess of the total compensation paid over the amount chargeable for depreciation shall be included in the rent account. If settlement between the carrier and the lessor is not currently made, the amount of the depreciation accrued during the period of the lease shall be credited by the carrier to account 772, *Accrued liability; Leased property*. The necessary adjustments of the difference between the balance thus accrued in that account and the actual amount of settlement shall be made appropriately through accounts 519, *Miscellaneous income*, or 551, *Miscellaneous income charges*, at the time settlement for depreciation on the property is made with the lessor.

(b) The carrier shall not include in the depreciation account in operating expenses any charges for depreciation of equipment used but not owned when the rents therefor are not included in

the lease rental accounts but shall include such charges in the appropriate other rent expense accounts.

4-5 *Jointly used property—depreciation.* The owning carrier shall include in the depreciation accounts in operating expenses the charges for depreciation on units of depreciable property jointly used with one or more other carriers. The owning carrier shall credit it and each using carrier shall charge the appropriate joint facility accounts in operating expenses with the amounts billed by the owning carrier against each using carrier for its proportion of the service loss on property retired from service whether billed currently as depreciation or when retirements occur as the loss in service value. The using carriers shall be required to account for depreciation or retirement of units of road property jointly used but not owned to the extent of their contract liability. The same principle shall apply to terminal companies and their nonowner tenants in accounting for depreciation accruals or retirement charges recorded in the accounts of the terminal companies.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR INCOME AND BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

5-1 *Current assets.* (a) In the group of accounts designated as current assets shall be included cash, those assets which are readily convertible into cash or are held for current use in operations, current claims against others and amounts accruing to the carrier which are subject to settlement in the ordinary course of business within one year. There shall not be included in this group of accounts any amount the collection of which is not reasonably assured within one year because of the known financial conditions of the debtor or otherwise. Such items shall be included in account 741, *Other assets*, at an amount not in excess of a reasonable estimate of realizable value. Items of current character but of doubtful value shall be written down or written off by charge to account 63-61-00, *General—Uncollectible accounts—General and administrative*, or account 553, *Uncollectible accounts*, as appropriate. Adjustment of these items of doubtful value shall be made by direct reduction

of the asset account in which such items are carried or by provision in account 709.5, *Allowance for uncollectible accounts*, for the estimated uncollectible amount.

(b) The carrier shall transfer the estimated realizable value of obsolete material to account 741, *Other assets*, equitably distribute the loss due to obsolescence among the accounts ordinarily chargeable for such classes of material, and concurrently credit account 712, *Material and Supplies*.

5-2 *Recorded value of securities owned.* (a)(1) The investment in securities other than those issued or assumed by the accounting company shall be recorded in these accounts at cost, but excluding amounts paid for accrued interest and accrued dividends.

(2) Accounts 702, *Temporary Cash Investments*, 721, *Investments in Affiliated Companies*, and 722, *Other Investments*, shall be maintained in such a manner as to reflect the marketable equity securities' portion (see definition 26) and other securities or investments.

(3) For the purpose of determining net ledger value, the marketable equity securities in account 702 shall be considered the current portfolio and the marketable equity securities in accounts 721 and 722 (combined) shall be considered the noncurrent portfolio. The net ledger value of each portfolio shall be the lower of its aggregate cost or market value. (See definition 26.) The amount by which aggregate cost exceeds market value shall be accounted for as the valuation allowance. Account 702, *Temporary Cash Investments*, shall be subdivided to include the valuation allowance for the marketable equity securities included therein. Account 724, *Allowance for Net Unrealized Loss on Noncurrent Marketable Equity Securities—Cr.*, is the valuation allowance for the marketable equity securities recorded in account 721, *Investments in Affiliated Companies*, and 722, *Other Investments*. Marketable equity securities accounted for by the equity method shall not be combined with other marketable equity securities when determining aggregate cost and market value.

(4) Realized gains and losses (the difference between net proceeds from sale and cost) shall be included in the deter-

mination of net income of the period in which they occur. Changes in the valuation allowance for marketable equity securities included in account 702 shall be charged to account 551, *Miscellaneous Income Charges*, or credited to account 519, *Miscellaneous Income*, as appropriate, with a contra entry to the valuation allowance contained within account 702. Changes in the valuation allowance for marketable equity securities included in accounts 721 and 722 shall be recorded in equity account 798.1, *Net Unrealized Loss on Noncurrent Marketable Equity Securities*, with a contra entry to valuation account 724.

(5) If there is a change in the classification of a marketable equity security between current and noncurrent, the security shall be transferred at the lower of its cost or market value at date of transfer. If market value is less than cost, the market value shall become the new cost basis, and the difference shall be accounted for as if it were a realized loss and included in the determination of net income.

(6) The accounting company shall write down the ledger value of any securities to the extent of impairment in their value or write off entirely if there is no reasonable prospect of realizing any value therefrom. For long term investments in marketable equity securities, when the decline in market value below cost is judged to be other than temporary, the cost basis of the individual security shall be written down to a new cost basis. The amount of the write-down shall be accounted for as realized loss by a charge to account 551, *Other Income Charges*, and a credit to account 723, *Reserve for Adjustment of Investment in Securities*. The new cost basis shall not be changed for subsequent recoveries in value.

(b)(1) For financial statement purposes the carrier shall follow the principles of equity accounting for (1) all investments in corporate joint ventures (see definition 21(c)), and (2) all investments in voting stock of affiliated companies giving the carrier the ability to significantly influence the operating and financial policies of an investee (see definition 21(b)). For purposes of this instruction an investment of 20 percent or more of the outstanding voting stock of an investee

will indicate the ability to exercise significant influence over an investee in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

(2) Since the equity method is not to be effected by entries in the books of accounts but is to apply only in financial reports to the Board, the carrier shall establish worksheet or memorandum accounts. Three basic worksheet or memorandum accounts are needed:

(i) An investment account to include (1) equity in the undistributed earnings or losses of the investee since the date of acquisition (see definition 21(g)); (2) accumulated amortization of the difference between cost and net assets at date of acquisition (see (b)(3) below); and other adjustments for disposition or writedown of investments.

(ii) An income account to include (1) the investor's share of the investee's undistributed profits or losses for each reporting period subsequent to acquisition of the investment except that in the year of acquisition such amount shall be determined from the date of acquisition; (2) amortization for the reporting period of the difference between cost and net assets at date of acquisition. This account shall be closed at year-end to the retained earnings memorandum account discussed in paragraph (iii) below.

(iii) A retained earnings account to include (1) equity in the undistributed earnings or losses of the investee since the date of acquisition; (2) accumulated amortization of the difference between cost and net assets acquired at date of acquisition (see (b)(3) below).

(iv) Other memorandum accounts will be needed for such adjustments as gains and losses on disposition of investments, recognition of impairments in value, the investor's share of extraordinary and prior period adjustments reported in the investee's financial statements (see instruction 1-2(d)), and provision for deferred taxes where it is reasonable to assume that undistributed earnings of an investee will be transferred to the investor in a taxable distribution. These memorandum accounts shall be closed at year-end to the retained earnings memorandum account discussed in paragraph (iii) above.

(3) The carrier shall retain the following information for each investee in support of the worksheet or memorandum accounts:

(i) Original cost of investment.

(ii) Equity in net assets of investee at date of acquisition.

(iii) Allocation of difference between cost and equity in net assets, namely, to specific assets of investee or to goodwill.

(iv) Accumulated amortization of difference between cost and equity in net assets.

(v) Unamortized balance of difference between cost and equity in net assets.

(vi) Equity in undistributed earnings/losses for each year since date of acquisition.

(vii) Dividends received since date of acquisition if determinable.

(viii) Proceeds from sale of investments.

(4) Any difference between the investor's cost and its share of the net assets of the investee at date of acquisition shall be allocated to specific assets of the investee to the extent the difference is attributable to them. When the difference is allocated to depreciable or amortizable assets, depreciation and amortization (through the investment and income memorandum accounts) should absorb the difference over the remaining life of the related assets. If the difference is not related to specific accounts, it should be considered goodwill and amortized over a reasonable period not to exceed 40 years. For investments made prior to November 1, 1970, amortization of goodwill is not required in the absence of evidence that the goodwill has a limited term of existence.

(5) The financial statements of the investee that are used for equity accounting should be timely. If the accounting year of the investee differs from that of the investor then the most recent available financial statements may be used. The lag in reporting should be consistent from period to period.

(6) Material profits or losses on transactions between the investor and investee shall be eliminated until realized by either company as if the two were consolidated.

(7) A transaction of the investee of a capital nature that affects the investor's share of the investee's stockholder's equity should be reported in the financial statements as if the two were consolidated.

(8) The investor shall deduct any dividends applicable to outstanding cumulative preferred stock whether or not declared, and any other dividends declared when computing its share of undistributed earnings or losses.

(9) The investor shall suspend application of the equity method when the investment (including the investment memorandum account) together with any net advances made to the investee is reduced to zero. Additional losses shall not be provided for unless the investor has guaranteed obligations of the investee or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the investee. If the investee subsequently reports net income the investor shall resume applying the equity method at such time as its share of that net income equals the share of net losses not recognized during the period of suspension.

(10) When the investor's voting stock interest falls below the level of ownership described in paragraph (b)(1) of this instruction, the investment no longer qualifies for the equity method. Should dividends received on the investment in subsequent periods exceed the investor's share of earnings for such periods, the investment memorandum and income memorandum accounts shall be reduced by the excess amount.

(11) When the level of ownership of an investment increases to that described in paragraph (b)(1) of this instruction, the equity method shall be applied. The memorandum accounts for the investment, income (for current year's equity in undistributed earnings less amortization), and retained earnings (for prior years' equity in undistributed earnings less amortization) shall be adjusted retroactively on a step-by-step basis determining the equity in net assets at date of acquisition, amortization adjustment, and equity in undistributed earnings or losses at each level of ownership. Where small purchases are made over a period of time and then a purchase is made which

qualifies the investment for the equity method, the date of latest purchase may be used as date of acquisition.

(12) Information having significance with respect to the investor's ownership in investees shall be disclosed in notes to financial statements of annual reports filed with the Board in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(c) When securities with a fixed maturity date are purchased at a discount (i.e., when total cost including brokerage fees, taxes, commissions, etc., is less than par), such discounts may be amortized over the remaining life of the securities through periodic debits to the account in which the securities are carried (preferably coincident with entries recording interest accruals) and credits to the same account in which interest income is credited. No debits shall be made in respect to discounts upon securities held as investments or in special funds if there is reason to believe that such securities will be disposed of by redemption or otherwise at less than par or will not be paid at date of maturity. When securities with a fixed maturity date are purchased at a premium (i.e., when the total cost including brokerage fees, taxes, commissions, etc., is in excess of par), such premium may be amortized over the remaining life of the securities through periodic credits to the account in which the securities are carried (preferably coincident with entries recording interest accruals) and debits to the same accounts in which the interest income is recorded.

NOTE: The carrier shall follow generally accepted accounting principles where an interpretation of the rules for equity accounting is needed or obtain an interpretation from its public accountant or the Board.

5-3 *Discounts, expenses, and premiums on debt.* (a) Ledger accounts shall be provided to cover the discounts, expenses, and premiums on the sale or resale of each subclass of funded debt and of receivers' and trustees' securities issued for the benefit of or assumed by the company. (For explanation of *subclass* see account 765, *Funded debt unmatured.*) The net debit balances remaining in the ledger accounts for discount and premium shall be included in account 770.1, *Unamortized debt discount*, and the net credit balances in

account 770.2, *Unamortized premium on debt*. Debt expense shall be included in account 743, *Other deferred debits*.

(b) Each fiscal period there shall be charged to account 548, *Amortization of discount on funded debt*, a proportion on a consistent basis of each of the debit balances in the discount and premium accounts and correspondingly there shall be credited to income account 517, *Release of premiums on funding debt*, a similar proportion of each of the credit balances in these accounts. Related debt expense shall also be charged to account 548 on a proportional and consistent basis. The amounts for the respective debit balances for discount and expenses applicable to a particular issue of obligations may be charged directly to account 548 at time of issue when the aggregate of such amounts does not appreciably affect the accounts. The method of apportioning debt discount, issue costs, and premium to accounts 517 and 548 shall be the *interest method*, where the effective interest rate on the date of issuance is applied to the carrying value (debt, less related discount, and issue cost, plus related premium of each specific issue to the beginning of any given period.) However, other methods of amortization may be used if the results obtained are not materially different from those which would result from the interest method.

(c) When any funded debt which has been actually issued to bona fide holders for value is reacquired by the accounting company, that proportion of the balance remaining in accounts containing discount, expense and premium on funded debt for the subclass of the security reacquired applicable to the portion reacquired shall be credited or charged thereto, as appropriate, and concurrently charged or credited to account 519, *Miscellaneous income*, account 551, *Miscellaneous income charges*; or to account 570, *Extraordinary items*, as appropriate, in accordance with the text of these accounts. Such proportion shall be based upon the ratio of the par value of the security reacquired to the par value of all the securities of the subclass actually outstanding immediately before such reacquisition. Gains and losses from extinguishment of debt (excluding debt maturing seri-

ally) which is acquired to satisfy sinking fund requirements, shall not be recorded as extraordinary items regardless of amount, but shall be included in accounts 519 and 551, as appropriate. Such gains and losses shall be separately disclosed in reports to this Board.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4325, Feb. 11, 1987]

5-4 *Discount, premium, and assessment on capital stock*. (a) Separate ledger accounts shall be provided for each subclass of capital stock issued or assumed by the accounting company to cover discount suffered and premium realized at the time of sale of capital stock. General levies or assessments against stockholders shall be credited to the appropriate ledger accounts for the subclass of capital stock against which the levy or assessment is made.

(b) The total of net debit balance in these ledger accounts shall be included in account 793, *Discount on capital stock*, and the total of net credit balances in account 794, *Premiums and assessments on capital stock*.

(c) Discount on each subclass of capital stock may be offset or reduced by charges to account 794, *Premiums and assessments on capital stock*, to the extent that net gains from premiums or assessments have been included therein or to account 795, *Other capital*, to the extent that net gains from reacquisition and resale or retirement of capital stock applicable to such subclass have been included therein. Any remaining discount may be amortized by charge to account 616, *Other debits to retained earnings*, or may be retained and carried in account 793, *Discount on capital stock*, until the stock to which the discount applies is retired.

(d) In case the accounting company is permitted and elects with the approval of the Board, to distribute all or any part of the net balance of other paid-in capital to its stockholders, the amount thus distributed shall be charged to account 795, *Other capital*.

(e) When capital stock is reacquired, either by purchase or donation, and is retired or cancelled, account 791, *Capital stock*, shall be charged with the par value, stated value of no par stock, or if no par stock without stated value,

the proportionate amount at which the particular class of stock is included in account 791. Any excess of reacquisition cost over the recorded value of the stock shall be charged to account 795, *Other capital*, to the extent of the accumulated net gains included in this account applicable to reacquisition and resale or retirement of such subclass. Any remaining excess reacquisition cost shall be charged to account 616, *Other debits to retained earnings*. Any excess of recorded value over reacquisition cost shall be credited to account 795, *Other capital*.

(f) When capital stock is reacquired, either by purchase or donation, and is not retired or cancelled, nor properly includable in sinking or other funds, the reacquisition cost shall be charged to account 798.5, *Treasury stock*.

(g) When treasury stock is resold, account 798.5, *Treasury stock*, shall be credited with the cost paid for it. Gains shall be credited to account 795, *Other capital*. Losses shall be charged to account 795, *Other capital*, to the extent that previous net gains from sales or retirements of the same class of stock are included therein; otherwise, to account 616, *Other debits to retained earnings*.

5-5 *Joint liabilities*. The accounting company shall state as a liability in its balance sheet the difference between the total par value of securities jointly or severally issued by it and others and the portion of such liability which, under the joint arrangement, it is expected will be liquidated by the other party or parties to the joint arrangement. The amount of the jointly or severally issued securities expected to be liquidated by the other party or parties shall be shown as a contingent liability in accordance with instruction 5-6 pertaining to contingent assets and liabilities.

5-6 *Contingencies*. (a) The proper accounting treatment for contingencies depends upon whether the contingency is: *Probable*: the event or events are likely to occur; *Reasonably possible*: the chance of occurrence of the future event or events is more than remote, but less than likely; or *Remote*: the chance of occurrence of the future event or events is slight.

(b) Loss contingencies must be accrued when they are probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Where they are only reasonably possible, only footnote disclosure is required. Where they are remote, footnote disclosure is not required, but is permitted.

(c) Gain contingencies usually are not reflected in the accounts since to do so might be to recognize revenue prior to its realization. Adequate disclosure shall be made of contingencies that might result in gain, but care shall be exercised to avoid misleading implications as to the likelihood of realization.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

5-7 *Long-term obligations*. Commitments under unconditional purchase obligations associated with suppliers' financing arrangements and future payments on long-term borrowings and redeemable stock shall be disclosed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Such disclosures shall not preclude accounting recognition if the substance of a financing arrangement is the acquisition of an asset or incurrence of a liability.

[47 FR 4266, Jan. 29, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 4321, Feb. 11, 1987]

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEARING ACCOUNTS

6-1 *Items to be charged*. In recognition of the fact that certain expenditures incident to the construction and the operation of property are not chargeable directly to any particular property investment or expense account, clearing accounts have been provided for the purpose of securing an equitable distribution of such items to the proper primary accounts.

6-2 *Material and stationery store expenses*. (a) To clearing accounts called *Material store expenses* and *Stationery store expenses* shall be charged expenses in connection with purchasing, handling and storing material and stationery in and distributing it from the company's storehouses. Including the pay of officers and employees in the purchasing and store departments and

their traveling, office, and other expenses; also expenses, including wages, fuel, and supplies, of operating switching locomotives when exclusively assigned to the service of switching at material storehouses. (Expenses of incidental switching at material yards by locomotives in regular switching service shall be charged to the appropriate transportation accounts.) The pay and expenses of men employed in purchasing or inspecting a single class of material, such as ties, shall be added as store expenses to the cost of that particular material.

(b) The total amount of storehouse expenses charged to these accounts shall be distributed among the accounts to which material and stationery has been charged, in proportion to the amounts charged to each account for the items issued, except that the amount representing the purchasing department expenses shall be apportioned on the value of the items issued which were purchased by that department. To avoid monthly fluctuations in the ratio of store expenses to the value of material and stationery purchased or issued, carriers may make a monthly apportionment on the basis of fair percentage rates, provided the store expense accounts are adjusted and closed out at the end of each year.

6-3 *Shop expenses.* (a) To a clearing account entitled *Shop expenses* shall be charged items of expense at shops, enginehouses, repair tracks, and other places where mechanical work is performed, not assignable directly to specific accounts. Such expenses shall be apportioned among the various accounts affected. The basis of distribution shall be the relative proportion which the total amount of charges to *Shop expenses* bears to the total of the directly distributed labor. To avoid monthly fluctuations in the ratio of shop expenses to the total of distributed labor, carriers are permitted to make the monthly apportionment on the basis of a percentage of the distributed labor, provided the shop expense account is adjusted and closed out at the end of the year.

(b) The expenses assignable to this account shall include the pay of foremen (who exercise supervision over all departments), their clerks, and other

employees engaged in general work in and about shops, cost of heat, light and power; cost of small tools and supplies and water and power purchased; also cost of removal of snow and ice from transfer tables and shop yards, and other incidental shop expenses. To this account shall be charged expenses, including wages, fuel and supplies, of operating switching locomotives when exclusively assigned to switching service at shops (the expenses of incidental switching at shops by locomotives in transportation switching service shall be charged to appropriate transportation accounts).

6-4 *Gravel and sand pits and quarries.*

(a) When a gravel or sand pit or quarry is opened for operations likely to extend over a long period, an account shall be set up designated, *Operations of gravel pit at -----*, or *Operations of quarry at -----*, as the case may be. To this account shall be charged cost of the land in excess of its estimated value after the gravel, sand, or stone has been removed (credit to the property account in which the cost of the land is included); payments for right to enter upon and remove ballast from land not owned by the carrier; cost of sinking test holes; and costs preparatory to opening the pit or quarry. To this account shall be charged also the cost, in excess of the estimated salvage value, of rails and fastenings, ties, other material and labor used in constructing tracks to and in the gravel pit or quarry (the estimated salvage being carried in an appropriate suspense account); cost of labor and train service employed in producing, quarrying, and loading ballast, including the cost of operation, repairs, and depreciation of power shovels and other machines and machinery; pay and expenses of watchmen; cost of explosives and hand tools, and miscellaneous expenses; and cost of installing, operating and maintaining signals and interlockers at gravel pits.

(b) Credit to the clearing account shall be made each month to cover the cost of ballast material produced during the month. The cost of production shall include the expenses directly assignable to the monthly output plus a proportion of the expenses not directly assignable, such as cost of land, tracks,

machinery, and interlockers. This latter amount shall be computed upon the basis of the ratio which the monthly output bears to the total estimated yardage to be taken from the pit. When any portion of the product of such pits or quarries is sold, the cost thereof shall be credited to this clearing account and any related profit shall be credited to account 110, *Incidental*.

6-5 *Power plant operations.* (a) The accounting for the expenses of maintaining and operating an electric, steam, or other power plant (both building and machinery) shall be determined by the purpose for which the power produced is used. When a power plant is intended and used for producing power solely for the carrier's own operations and the cost of operating the plant is chargeable to clearing account *Shop expenses*, or to any one specific account for operating expenses, the expenses of maintenance shall be charged to the appropriate maintenance accounts, and the cost of operation to the account appropriate according to the use of the power.

(b) When the power from such a plant is properly chargeable to more than one account, the expenses of maintaining and operating the plant shall be included in clearing account designated *Power plant operations*. The expense of maintenance shall be cleared from that account to the appropriate maintenance accounts. The expenses of operation shall be apportioned to the appropriate accounts upon the basis of quantity of power used for the various purposes.

(c) When a part of the power produced by a power plant is sold and the remainder is used in the carrier's own operations, the cost of maintaining and operating the plant shall be charged to a clearing account. The expense of maintenance shall be cleared from that account to the appropriate maintenance accounts. The proportion of the expenses of operation assignable to the power sold, on the basis of ratio of quantity of power sold to total quantity of power produced, shall be credited to this clearing account and any related profit shall be credited to account 110, *Incidental*. The remainder of the cost of operation shall be distrib-

uted to the appropriate expense accounts for the carrier's own operations.

(d) When power plants are intended and used solely for furnishing power to others, their investment cost shall be included in account 737, *Property used in other than carrier operations*, and the revenues and operating expenses shall be included in the accounts provided for operations of such property.

(e) The accounting for the maintenance of transmission systems and distribution systems shall be in accordance with instructions pertaining to power plant operations.

PROPERTY ACCOUNTS

Road

0 Road.

The several primary accounts included in this general account are designed to show the cost of land and road property owned by the carrier and devoted to transportation service.

2 Land for transportation purposes.

This account shall include the cost of land of necessary width acquired for roadway; the cost of land for station, office, shop, and other grounds; for ingress to or egress from such grounds; for borrow pits, waste banks, snow fences, sand fences, and other railway appurtenances; and for storage of material adjoining the right-of-way; the cost of land for wharves and docks and the cost of riparian or water rights necessary therefor; the cost of removing from the right-of-way and locating elsewhere the property of others, and the cost of the necessary land for relocation of the property, when such costs are assumed by the accounting carrier.

The carrier's records shall be kept in such manner as to show separately the cost of land purchased. Proceeds from the sale of timber or of improvements purchased with right-of-way, less any cost of removal, shall be credited to this account.

ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Abstracts.
Appraisals.
Arbitrators in condemnation cases.
Commissions paid to others.

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Condemnation expenses, including court costs and special counsel fees.
 Damages to property of others.
 Deferred payments for right-of-way.
 Ditches for waterways when part of consideration.
 Judgments and decreed costs to clear or defend titles.
 Notarial fees.
 Plats.
 Premiums on condemnation bonds.
 Recording deeds.
 Payments for relinquishment of cattle passes and other rights.
 Removal and relocation of buildings and other structures not purchased.
 Rent of land when part of consideration for purchase.
 Right-of-way agents' compensation (engaged solely in acquiring right of way).
 Taxes accrued and assumed at time of purchase.

NOTE A: The cost of land acquired in excess of that necessary for transportation operations shall be included in balance sheet account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations." When the purchase of land acquired for transportation operations involves land not used for such purposes, the charges to this account shall be based upon the estimated cost of only that portion which is used for such purposes, and the cost of the remaining land shall be included in account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations." Only the actual cost borne by the carrier for right-of-way and other lands acquired through vacation of streets and highways shall be included in this account. No donation should be considered as involved in the acquisition of such property.

NOTE B: Amounts paid for options to purchase land for use in transportation operations shall be charged to account 743, "Other deferred debits." If the carrier subsequently purchases the land, the amount of the option payment shall be transferred to this account. If the carrier does not acquire the land and forfeits the option paid, the amount shall be charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges."

3 Grading.

(a) This account shall include the cost of clearing and grading the roadway, and of constructing protection for the roadway, tracks, embankments and cuts.

(b) When a part of a bridge or trestle, or the entire structure, is converted by filling into an earth embankment, and the bridge or trestle is used in lieu of a temporary trestle which would otherwise be required for the filling, the estimated cost of such temporary trestle shall be included in the cost of the fill-

ing, and charged to this account. (See note A, under account 6, "Bridges, trestles, and culverts.")

(c) When a tunnel is converted into an open cut, the cost of clearing, grubbing, and excavating shall be included in this account. (Also see instruction 2-11.)

DETAILS OF ROADBED AND ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Advertising for contractors' bids.
 Berm ditches.
 Blasting.
 Breakwaters.
 Bulkheading.
 Clearing land.
 Cribbing.
 Dikes (including those of earthen construction which are intended to function indefinitely).
 Ditches (not required by right-of-way agreement).
 Dressing slopes.
 Excavation for conversion of tunnels into open cuts.
 Filling bridges, trestles, and culverts.
 Grading outfits.
 Grubbing land.
 Material taken from borrow pits.
 New channels for streams.
 Operations of steam shovels.
 Payments for privilege of wasting material on the property of others.
 Payments for waste banks off the right-of-way.
 Retaining walls.
 Revetments.
 Riprap.
 Spoil banks.
 Temporary trestles for fills.
 Tools for grading.
 Wing dams.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 49 FR 2255, Jan. 19, 1984]

4 Other right-of-way expenditures.

This account shall include the cost (in excess of cost of railway facilities installed, if any) actually borne by the carrier of improvement projects (other than public improvement projects), such as the construction of canals, farm and other private passes, pipe lines, drains, and other facilities across the carrier's right-of-way.

5 Tunnels and subways.

This account shall include the cost of tunnels and subways for the passage of trains, including apparatus for ventilating and lighting and safety devices therein, other than signals.

NOTE A: The cost of tracks, including guard rails, in tunnels shall not be charged to this account.

NOTE B: Station subways not highway crossings are includible in account 16, "Station and office buildings."

NOTE C: When a tunnel is converted into an open cut, the ledger value of the tunnel shall be credited to this account. The service value of the tunnel shall be charged to account 735, "Accumulated depreciation; Road and equipment property."

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983]

6 Bridges, trestles, and culverts.

This account shall include the cost of the substructure and superstructure of bridges, trestles, and culverts which carry the tracks of the carrier over water-courses, ravines, public and private highways, and other railways.

DETAILS OF BRIDGE STRUCTURES

Abutments.
 Bridge signs.
 Cofferdams.
 Concrete and masonry ends for culvert.
 Cribs.
 Decking, including gravel for fire protection.
 Dike protection.
 Drainage systems.
 Draw protection.
 Drawbridge engines and machinery.
 False work.
 Guard timbers.
 Ice breakers.
 Painting (except repainting).
 Pier protection.
 Piers and foundations.
 Pipe culverts.
 Retaining walls.
 Riprap around abutments.
 Riprap at culverts ends.
 Supports.
 Water channels.
 Waterproofing.
 Wind dams.
 Wing walls.

NOTE A: When a part or the entire structure of a bridge or trestle is converted, by filling, into an earth embankment, the ledger value of the structure, or of the portion thereof filled, shall be credited to this account. In case the bridge or trestle is used in lieu of a temporary trestle for the purpose of filling, the estimated cost of such temporary trestle shall be charged to account 3, "Grading." The ledger value of the structure or portion thereof, filled, less the value of the salvage and the estimated cost of trestle charged to account 3 shall be charged to account 735, "Accumulated depreciation; Road and equipment property."

NOTE B: The cost of bridges to carry the carrier's tracks over undergrade crossings, including the necessary piers and abutments to sustain them, shall be included in this account.

7 Elevated structures.

This account shall include the cost of elevated structures and foundations of elevated railway systems. This account is applicable to structures other than earthwork, which are for the purpose of elevating tracks above the grade of streets, and which are not properly classifiable as bridges or trestles.

NOTE: The cost of stations and other structures built on elevated structures shall be accounted for according to the class of the structure and not in this account.

8 Ties.

(a) This account shall include the cost of cross, switch, bridge and other track ties used in the construction of tracks for the movement or storage of locomotives and cars (including tracks in shop, fuel station, supply yard areas, etc.), and the cost of additional ties subsequently laid in such tracks. This account should also include the cost of labor for unloading, distributing and placing ties in tracks.

(b) The cost of handling ties in general supply and storage yards shall be included as store expenses.

NOTE: The cost of ties used in the construction of car floats shall be included in the cost of such floating equipment, and the cost of ties used in the construction of temporary tracks, such as gravel-pit and quarry tracks, shall be included in the appropriate clearing accounts.

NOTE: Respacing crossties is to be considered maintenance and expense.

[48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983]

9 Rails and other track material.

(a) This account shall include the cost of rails and other track material used in the construction of tracks for the movement or storage of locomotives and cars (including tracks in shop, fuel station, supply yard areas, etc.); the cost of welding two or more lengths or rail into continuous lengths for use in construction of tracks; and the cost of labor associated with unloading and installation of the rail and other track material.

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(b) The cost of handling rails and other track material in general supply and storage yards shall be included as store expenses.

ITEMS OF OTHER TRACK MATERIAL

- Angle bars.
- Anticreepers.
- Bumping posts.
- Compromise joints.
- Connecting rods.
- Crossings, including foundations or bases.
- Derails.
- Frog blocking.
- Frogs.
- Guard-rail blocking.
- Guard-rail clamps.
- Guard-rail fasteners.
- Guard rails, switch and other.
- Main rods.
- Nut locks.
- Nuts.
- Offset bars.
- Rail braces.
- Rail chairs.
- Rail clips.
- Rail joints.
- Rail rests.
- Rail shims.
- Rail splices.
- Splice bars.
- Step chairs.
- Switch chairs.
- Switch crossings.
- Switch lamps.
- Switch locks and keys.
- Switch points.
- Switch stands.
- Switch targets.
- Switches.
- Tie plates.
- Tie plugs.
- Tie rods.
- Track bolts.
- Track insulators.
- Track spikes.

NOTE A: The cost of rails and other track material used in the construction of car floats shall be included in the cost of such floating equipment and the cost of rails and other track material used in the construction of temporary tracks, such as gravel-pit and quarry tracks, shall be included in the appropriate clearing accounts.

NOTE B: The following activities are considered as maintenance and should be expensed accordingly.

- Rail flaw detection
- Track inspection
- Shifting of existing track
- Removing weeds in track
- Transposing rail
- Restoring chipped and battered rail ends by welding and/or by rail grinding train or other such equipment.
- Gauging track

- Loading scrap track materials
- Lubricating rail
- Tightening bolts
- Resetting spikes and rail anchors in existing track
- Any other maintenance work not involving the placement of track material

[48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 2255, Jan 19, 1984; 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

11 Ballast.

(a) This account shall include the cost of gravel, stone, slag, cinders, sand, and like material used in ballasting tracks (including tracks in shop, fuel station, and supply yard areas, etc.) including cost of worktrain service and the cost of labor expended in placing ballast in tracks.

NOTE A: The cost of ballast used in the construction of temporary tracks, such as gravel-pit and quarry tracks, shall be included in the appropriate clearing accounts.

NOTE B: Earth placed to form a crown in the middle of the track is not considered as ballast.

NOTE C: The cost of ballast material placed on the decking of bridges solely for fire-protected purposes shall be included in account 6, "Bridges, trestles and culverts."

NOTE D: Surfacing (surface correction of existing ballast) is to be considered maintenance and expensed.

[48 FR 7183, Feb. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 2255, Jan. 19, 1984]

13 Fences, snowsheds, and signs.

This account shall include:

(a) Fences. The cost of right-of-way fences and snow and sand fences, farm gates, cattle guards, wing fences, aprons, and hedges, on property not previously fenced, excluding those around stockyards, fuel stations, station and shop grounds, and building sites.

(b) Snowsheds. The cost of snowsheds, including initial cost of planting trees for protecting tracks from snow.

(c) Signs. The initial cost of signs other than those for identification of bridges, signals, stations and other structures.

SIGN ITEMS

- Boundary signs.
- Bridge-caution signs.
- Crossing signs.
- Curve and elevation markers.
- Division-limit signs.
- Mileposts.

Monuments.
 Safety-first signs at crossings.
 Section-limit signs.
 Slow or stop signs.
 Tunnel-caution signs.
 Water-station signs.
 Whistle signs.
 Yard-limit signs.

NOTE A: The cost of fences (other than right-of-way boundary fences) around stockyards, fuel and water stations, and other building sites, shall be charged to the accounts appropriate for the cost of the structures.

NOTE B: The cost of signs for identifying bridges, signals, stations, and other structures shall be included in the account appropriate for the cost of the structures.

NOTE C: The cost of crossing signals, including crossing gates, shall be included in account 27, "Signals and interlockers."

NOTE D: This account shall also include the cost of replacing units of such property or substantial parts of fences or snowsheds the original cost of which are charged to this account.

16 Station and office buildings.

This account shall include the cost of station and general office structures, their fixtures, appurtenances, and furniture necessary to equip the buildings ready for use.

STATION AND OFFICE STRUCTURES AND DETAILS

Breakwaters for protection of buildings.
 Buildings and rooms for trainmen.
 Buildings on piers.
 Coal transferring machinery (not on coal and ore wharves).
 Coal trestles (not at fuel stations).
 Drainage and sewerage systems.
 Elevators and machinery.
 Fences.
 Freight cranes and derricks.
 Freight handling machinery.
 Gas-supply systems.
 General office buildings.
 Grain elevators and warehouses.
 Heating plants.
 Hoisting engines, for handling freight.
 Lighting plants.
 Ore-transferring machinery.
 Pavement within ground limits.
 Platforms, passengers, including planking between tracks.
 Power distribution systems, interior.
 Sidewalks.
 Station footbridges (not highway crossings).
 Station intertrack fences.
 Telegraph offices.
 Track scales.
 Water-supply systems.
 Yard offices.

NOTE A: Office buildings used exclusively in connection with maintenance of way shall be included in account 17, "Roadway buildings." Those used exclusively in connection with maintenance of equipment shall be included in account 20, "Shops and enginehouses."

NOTE B: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of station buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction in the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

17 Roadway buildings.

This account shall include the cost of roadway shops and other roadway buildings, including drainage, water, gas, and sewer pipes and connections; and all machinery, fixtures, and furniture to equip the building ready for use.

LIST OF ROADWAY BUILDINGS

Breakwaters for protection of buildings.
 Carpenters shops.
 Fire-engine houses.
 Frog shops for repair of track material.
 Hand-car houses.
 Lighting plants.
 Lumber sheds.
 Planning mills.
 Rail reclamation plant.
 Rail shops for repair of track material.
 Rail welding plant.
 Repair shops.
 Scrap bins.
 Section dwelling houses.
 Tool houses.

NOTE: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of roadway buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights, shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects, employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings, shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

18 Water stations.

This account shall include the cost of structures, facilities, and appliances necessary to equip for service, stations for supplying water. The cost of analyses of water preliminary to the establishment of water stations shall be included in this account.

WATER STATION STRUCTURES AND DETAILS

Boilers.
Breakwaters for protection of buildings.
Buildings on piers.
Cisterns and dams.
Fences.
Pump houses.
Purifying plants.
Reservoirs and wells.
Settling basins.
Stationary engines.
Steam pipes.
Tanks and foundations.
Water pipe lines.
Water-treating plants.

NOTE A: The cost of water stations used solely for supplying water to shops, power plants, stations, hotels, tenement houses, or section houses shall be charged to the appropriate accounts relating to the property so supplied.

NOTE B: The cost of a temporary water station established only for use during the construction period shall be included in the primary accounts to which is charged the cost of the work in connection with which the water station is used.

NOTE C: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of water station buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

19 Fuel stations.

This account shall include the cost of structures, facilities other than tracks, and appliances necessary to equip for service, stations for supplying fuel to locomotives and floating equipment.

FUEL STATION STRUCTURES AND DETAILS

Breakwaters for protection of buildings.
Buildings on piers.
Dumping machinery.
Elevating machinery.
Fences.

Fuel houses or stations.
Fuel-oil plants, pumps, and tanks.
Fuel platforms on wharves.
Stationary engines.
Weighing apparatus.

NOTE A: The cost of fuel stations, coal houses, etc., used solely for supplying fuel to shops, power plants, stations, hotels, tenement houses, or section houses shall be charged to the appropriate accounts relating to the property so supplied.

NOTE B: The cost of a temporary fuel station established only for use during the construction period shall be allocated to the primary accounts charged with the construction costs.

NOTE C: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of fuel station buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

20 Shops and enginehouses.

This account shall include the cost of buildings to be used as shops and enginehouses and storehouses for material for maintenance of equipment; foundations, except those special to particular machines and other apparatus; furniture and fixtures other than equipment chargeable to account 44, *Shop machinery*; drainage, sewerage, and water supply systems; and plants for heat and light.

SHOP AND ENGINEHOUSE STRUCTURES AND DETAILS

Air-compressor houses.
Bins for material.
Blacksmith shops.
Breakwaters for protection of buildings.
Buildings on piers.
Car sheds and shops.
Carpenter shops.
Electric-power distribution systems within buildings.
Enginehouses.
Fire engine houses.
Footbridges (not public highways).
Foundries and machine shops.
Gas-compressor houses.
Heating and lighting plants.
Laboratories.
Lumber sheds.
Material and supply truck tracks.
Motor-crane tracks.

Offices, shop.
 Paint shops.
 Pipe lines, air, and heat.
 Pipe lines, gas, interior.
 Planning mills and repair shops.
 Platforms, shop and yard.
 Scale houses and scales.
 Scrap bins.
 Sidewalks.
 Steam-distribution systems, interior.
 Storehouses.
 Tanks, gas, and oil.
 Test rooms.
 Turntables.
 Upholstering shops.
 Warehouses.

NOTE A: The cost of distinct power plant buildings for shop purposes shall be included in account 29, "Power plants." The cost of distribution systems leading from such power plants to shops shall be included in account 31, "Power-transmission systems."

NOTE B: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of shop buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the costs of permanent water rights shall be included in the costs of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

NOTE C: The cost of shop buildings devoted solely to the maintenance of way and structures shall be included in account 17, "Road-way buildings."

22 Storage warehouses.

This account shall include the cost of storage warehouses, including machinery and fixtures therein. The buildings herein referred to are not the ordinary freight warehouses or stations where freight is received for shipment, etc., but warehouses in which merchandise is stored and which the railway companies operate as storage warehouses.

NOTE A: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of storage warehouse buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

NOTE B: The cost of warehouses leased to noncarriers shall be charged to account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations."

23 Wharves and docks.

This account shall include the cost of wharves, docks, dry docks, slips, float bridges, and other landings for vessels, including the cost of necessary dredging and the cost of float-bridge machinery; also the cost of piling, pile protection, cribs, cofferdams, walls, and other necessary devices and apparatus for the operation or protection of wharves and docks.

DETAILS OF WHARVES AND DOCKS

Bridge pontoons.
 Bulkheads.
 Caissons and cribwork.
 Dry docks.
 Ferry-bridge machinery.
 Ferry bridges.
 Ferry slips.
 Jetties and inclines.
 Transfer-bridge machinery.
 Transfer bridges.

NOTE A: The cost of coal and ore wharves and docks shall be included in account 24, "Coal and ore wharves."

NOTE B: The cost of the land on which wharves are built and cost of riparian or water rights for wharves and docks shall be charged to account 2, "Land for transportation purposes."

NOTE C: The cost of buildings located on wharves shall be included in the accounts appropriate for the class of buildings.

NOTE D: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of wharves (other than coal and ore wharves), the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the wharves. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

24 Coal and ore wharves.

This account shall include the cost of wharves and docks for the transfer, treatment, blending, or storage of coal or ore, including the cost of necessary dredging and of conveyors, machinery, and fixtures.

NOTE A: The structures referred to in the account do not include small transfer or storage trestles or wharves at stations where coal is stored or delivered, such trestles being classed as station buildings.

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NOTE B: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of coal and ore wharves, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the wharves. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of wharves shall also be included in the cost of the wharves. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

25 TOFC/COFC terminals.

This account shall include the cost of structures, fixtures, machinery and appurtenances comprising terminals used for loading and unloading trailers and containers on and from flat cars.

TOFC/COFC TERMINAL STRUCTURES AND
DETAILS

Cranes and hoists, including related machinery and appurtenances.
Drainage and sewerage.
Fences.
Grading and preparing grounds for TOFC/COFC terminals.
Offices, TOFC/COFC terminal.
Lighting system.
Platforms, ramps and appurtenances.
Power distribution systems.
Sidewalks, pavements and driveways on terminal grounds.
Terminal trucks and tractors.

NOTE A: "Trailer," as used in the text and elsewhere in this system of accounts unless otherwise indicated in the context, means trailer bodies used in TOFC/COFC service which are permanently mounted on running gear. "Containers" means trailer bodies used in TOFC/COFC service which are not permanently mounted on wheels or chassis, but are separated from such running gear before being loaded on flat cars.

NOTE B: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of TOFC/COFC terminals, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

26 Communication systems.

This account shall include the cost of telegraph, telephone, radio, radar, inductive train communication, and

other communication systems, including terminal equipment.

DETAILS OF TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE
TERMINAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries.
Cables and wires, interior.
Carrier terminating equipment.
Conduits, interior.
Connecting wires.
Current-controlling instruments.
Electric generators and motors.
Electric meters.
Engines, stationary.
Fuses and mechanical protectors.
Rectifiers.
Rheostats.
Sending and receiving instruments.
Switchboards.
Telegraph repeaters.
Telephone repeaters.
Teletypewriters.
Testing outfits.
Transformers.

DETAILS OF TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE
OUTSIDE PLANT

Aerial attachments.
Braces.
Brackets.
Cable boxes and appurtenances.
Cable and wires, aerial.
Conduits and appurtenances.
Cross arms.
Gas and associated facilities for cables.
Guy stubs.
Guy wires.
Insulators.
Load coils.
Submarine cables and connections.
Telephone pole boxes.
Towers.
Underground cables and connections.

DETAILS OF RADIO, RADAR, AND INDUCTIVE
TRAIN COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT

Aerials or antenna, and attachments.
Buildings or towers used exclusively for wireless.
Control units.
Power generating, converting, or supply equipment.
Radar console and associated equipment.
Roadside or office equipment for all wireless systems operated on special channels between train and train, train and tower or office, or between ship and shore.
Specialized testing and repair equipment.
Transmitters and receivers, including mobile units.

NOTE A: Radio, radar or trainphone equipment (except portable apparatus) which is permanently attached to locomotives, cars, work equipment, or other rolling stock or floating equipment shall be included in the

same accounts as the equipment on which installed. Wireless sets for instruction, advertising, or entertainment shall be included in the same accounts as the building in which located.

NOTE B: Communication systems of limited extent, not connected with other systems used for special purposes and usually installed within a single building, group of buildings, or within the limits of a station or shop layout or yard, shall be included in the same account as the building in which located or in the account appropriate for the service with which associated.

ITEMS

Buzzers, bells, dictaphone or other inter-office communication systems in an office or group of buildings.

Loud speakers, bells, or whistles in shop and other yards.

Loud speakers, public address devices, press button control lights, telautograph or other systems in stations or on platforms. Whistles, klaxons, or horns operated from signals towers.

NOTE C: Test sets shall be classified as tools and included in the account appropriate for their use.

27 Signals and interlockers.

This account shall include the cost of interlocking and other signals apparatus for governing the movements of locomotives, cars, and trains, and for the protection of traffic at crossings, including towers and other buildings, furniture, fixtures, and machinery in connection therewith; roadway installations for train control and remote control including the cost of the initial tests of such installation; also the cost of buildings and machinery of power plants used primarily for the production of power for the operation of signals and interlockers.

ITEMS

Automatic-train control devices other than on equipment.

Call-bell systems along track to call in flagmen.

Call boxes, electric.

Car-retarder systems.

Centralized traffic control.

Crossing flasher-light signals.

Crossing gates, highway and railway.

Crossing signals bells.

Crossing warning signals.

Interlocker buildings and machinery.

Power apparatus primarily for the operation of signals and interlockers.

Power-distribution lines primarily for the operation of signals and interlockers.

Signal buildings.

Signal machinery, poles and foundations.

Train-order signals.

NOTE A: When signal or interlocking apparatus is located in a station building, only the cost of the signal or interlocking apparatus shall be charged to this account. The entire cost of the building shall be included in account 16, "Station and office buildings."

NOTE B: The cost of track material, such as switches, special rail braces, special roads, special track fastenings, split rails, derails, derail stands, and frogs, used in connection with interlockers, shall be included in account 9, "Rail and other track material."

NOTE C: When derails are arranged so as to be thrown from switch stands, the cost of labor expended in the installation of the connections between the switch stand and derail and the devices for throwing the derail shall be included in account 9, "Rail and other track material." The cost of the material shall be included in account 9, "Rail and other track material."

NOTE D: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of signal and interlocker buildings, the cost of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, and the cost of permanent water rights shall be included in the cost of the buildings. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the buildings. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

29 Power plants.

This account shall include the cost of power-plant and substation buildings (housing machinery provided for in account 45, "Power-plant machinery"); all foundations other than those special to particular machines and apparatus; and also dams, canals, pipe lines, and accessories devoted to the utilization of water for power. Gas and sewer pipes and their connections, fixtures (including wiring) for lighting and heating, and furniture and miscellaneous fixtures shall be considered as a part of the power-plant buildings.

POWER-PLANT STRUCTURE ITEMS

Buildings.

Coal bunkers, pockets and trestles.

Fences (other than right-of-way boundary fences).

Fixtures for lighting (including wiring) and heating power-plant buildings.

Foundations (except special foundations for machines and other apparatus).

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Fuel-oil tanks.
Furniture.
Hose and appliances for protecting buildings against fire.
Pavement within ground limits.
Permanent rights in water supply.
Platforms.
Smoke stacks and chimneys and their foundations when distinct from and not resting on boilers.
Water, sewer, gas, and drainage, pipes and connections.
Wells (but not pumps).

Compressed air storage tanks (not at power houses or shops).
Cut-outs (not at power houses and substations).
Overhead trolley wires.
Rail-insulating devices.
Steam-heating pipe-lines in car yards.
Switchboards (not at power houses and substations).
Third-rail insulation and protection.
Transformers (not at power houses and substations).
Underground power tubes.

DAM, CANAL, AND PIPE-LINE ITEMS

POLE-LINE AND CONDUIT ITEMS

Aqueducts.
Bridges.
Fences (other than right-of-way boundary fences).
Footbridges.
Reservoirs.
Roadways.
Sluices.
Valves.
Water rights.

Braces and other support for holding poles in position.
Brackets, cross arms, and other pole fixtures.
Conduits for wires and cables.
Cutting and trimming trees.
Guy stubs and wires.
Manholes.
Poles and towers.
Sewer traps.
Stenciling or painting letters or numbers on poles.

NOTE A: The cost of power-plant machinery, including stacks resting on boilers, and special foundations for machines, shall be included in account 45, "Power-plant machinery."

NOTE A: The cost of wire and pipe-distribution systems located within shop buildings and in stations and office buildings shall be included in the cost of the buildings, except that lateral service lines to equipment-shop machines shall be included in account 44, "Shop machinery." The cost of distribution systems used primarily for operating signals and interlockers shall be included in account 27, "Signals and interlockers."

NOTE B: The cost of the buildings and the power machinery and other apparatus of plants used primarily for operating signals and interlockers shall be included in account 27, "Signals and interlockers."

NOTE B: The cost of conduits and of poles and fixtures for telegraph and telephone, or signal lines shall be included in account 26, "Communication systems," or account 27, "Signals and interlockers," as appropriate. The cost of poles and conduits used for telegraph and telephone or signal lines and for power-distribution lines shall be included in the account appropriate according to their predominant use.

NOTE C: Investment in buildings and machinery of detached plants for furnishing power both for operating purposes and for sale shall be included in this account and in account 45, "Power-plant machinery," respectively. When plants are intended and used primarily for generating power for sale to other than common carriers, the investment shall be included in account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations."

31 Power-transmission systems.

35 Miscellaneous structures.

This account shall include the cost of systems for conveying electricity, steam, and compressed air from producing plants to place or building where used; also the cost of conduits and of poles, cross arms, insulator pins, brackets, and other pole fixtures, and of other structures for power-transmission and distribution systems, including those for electric railway operation, and lighting systems for general lighting purposes.

This account shall include the cost of all permanent structures not provided for elsewhere, including all fixtures and furniture to equip them for use.

POWER-TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ITEMS

MISCELLANEOUS STRUCTURES ITEMS

Air pipe-line in car yards.
Compressed air pipe-lines.

Floodlight tower installations in yards.
Grain elevators where grain is stored for owners.
Storehouses for general purpose materials and supplies.

NOTE A: Small storage elevators at way stations where grain is received for shipment are classed as station buildings.

NOTE B: The cost of grading and preparing grounds both before and after the construction of miscellaneous structures and the cost

of constructing sidewalks, driveways, and fences thereon, shall be included in the cost of the structures. The fees and expenses of architects employed to design or supervise the construction of the buildings shall also be included in the cost of the structures. However, the cost of restoring the grounds after addition and betterment work shall be included in the appropriate operating expense accounts.

37 Roadway machines.

This account shall include the cost of the initial outfit of roadway machines provided for the maintenance of roadway and structures at the time the road is opened for commercial traffic, and the cost of additional roadway machines acquired subsequently. This account shall also include the cost of on and/or off-track automotive vehicles, permanently equipped with special-purpose machinery such as hydraulic cranes, derricks, ditching apparatus, pile-driving equipment, and similar machines listed below, and used exclusively in maintenance of way and structures.

LIST OF ROADWAY MACHINES

Adzers.
Anchor applicators.
Ballast regulators.
Cars, lever.
Cars, motor inspection.
Cars, push.
Cars (small), crane, for supply yards and general use.
Concrete mixers.
Ditching machines.
Dredging machines.
Engines, portable.
Grading outfits.
Hydraulic outfits.
Jacks, hydraulic.
Pile drivers.
Plows, unloading.
Rail grinders.
Rail unloaders.
Rock crushers.
Scarifier-inserters.
Spike drivers.
Spike pullers.
Tie tampers.
Timber trucks.
Trackliners.

NOTE A: When an important addition and betterment project or the construction of a new line necessitates the purchase of roadway machines to be used exclusively thereon, the cost shall be included in the accounts to which the cost of the work is charged. The amount realized from any subsequent sale, or the appraised value of the machines re-

tained after the completion of the special work for which they were purchased, shall be credited to the accounts charged with the cost thereof. The appraised value of such machines retained shall be debited to this account and thereafter considered as the cost of such property.

NOTE B: The cost of machines for the equipment of roadway shops shall be included in account 17, "Roadway buildings."

NOTE C: The cost of roadway machines, such as pile drivers, log loaders, hoist engines, and concrete mixers, when permanently mounted for movement on the carrier's tracks, shall be included in account 57, "Work equipment."

39 Public improvements; construction.

This account shall include amounts assessed on carrier property by governmental authority (by mutual agreement or otherwise) to cover the cost of constructing public improvements, when such assessments are made against property within defined areas of taxing districts. The account also shall include carrier's portion of the cost of public improvements constructed under governmental requirements. (See instruction 2-17.) The entire amount of each assessment and other liabilities for public improvements shall be included in this account as soon as the amounts are determined.

ITEMS

Cost of land outside carrier's right-of-way to provide for the relocation of streets or highways or providing slopes therefor.
Cost of removal and relocation of buildings and other structures in connection with the construction of streets and highways.
Curbing streets and highways.
Damage to property of others when incidental to highway construction.
Drainage systems.
Engineering—When such costs apply to items chargeable to this account.
Flood protection.
Grading streets and highways.
Guttering streets and highways.
Irrigation systems.
Levees.
Overhead highway bridges, including approaches.
Paving streets and highways, including such pavings at crossings.
Planking, highway crossings.
Sewer systems.
Sidewalks.
Street-lighting systems.
Water works.

NOTE A: The cost of railway facilities installed in connection with joint public improvement projects if not in excess of total costs borne by the carrier shall be included in accounts other than account 39, "Public improvements; construction," appropriate for the class of property installed. Any costs borne by the carrier in excess of the cost of railway facilities shall be charged to this account. The carrier shall charge the cost of assessments for public improvements which is borne by joint owner tenants to the appropriate property accounts other than account 39, "Public improvements; construction," assessments from tenant owners shall be credited to account 795, "Other capital." The owner tenants shall charge their proportionate share of the assessment to account 721, "Investments and advances; affiliated companies." The carrier shall charge the appropriate property accounts other than the public improvement account for the cost of public improvement assessments borne by nonowner tenants with contra credit to account 38-00-00, "Purchased services—Joint facility—Credit," and the tenants shall charge their proportionate share of the assessments to account 37-00-00, "Purchased services—Joint facility—Debit."

NOTE B: The cost to the carrier of maintaining public improvements shall be included in operating expenses.

NOTE C: Any portion of the cost of public improvements which is included in the general tax levy for a regular taxing district shall be included in the account appropriate for the taxes.

NOTE D: The amount of the deferred payments of assessments for public improvements, if payments are to be made within one year, shall be included in account 763, "Other current liabilities." If the payments are spread over a longer period they shall be credited to account 782, "Other liabilities." The interest paid on such assessments shall be included in account 547, "Interest on unfunded debt."

NOTE E: Interest imposed for failure to pay assessments within the allocated time shall be charged to Account 547, Interest on unfunded debt. Any related penalties shall be charged to Account 551, Miscellaneous income charges.

NOTE F: Assessments on noncarrier property for the cost of constructing public improvements shall be charged to account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations."

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

44 Shop machinery.

This account shall include the cost of machinery and other apparatus in shops and engine houses, including the

cost of special foundations and installation and cost of small hand tools necessary first to equip a shop.

LIST OF SHOP MACHINERY

Ash conveyors.
Air compressors.
Belting.
Blowers.
Boilers for furnishing power.
Boring machines.
Cars, motor.
Cars, push.
Cranes.
Drilling machines.
Drop tables.
Forges.
Framing machines.
Furnaces.
Grinding and polishing machines.
Hoists.
Hydraulic jacks.
Lathes.
Lifting magnets.
Metal chimneys.
Milling machines.
Motors.
Pipe cutting and threading machines.
Planers.
Pneumatic hammers.
Power equipment.
Punches.
Riveters.
Saws.
Shafting.
Shapers.
Slotters.
Stationary engines.
Steam hammers.
Vises.
Welding machines.
Woodworking machines.

NOTE A: The cost of power-plant machinery and other apparatus for shop purposes, when located in distinct buildings, shall be included in account 45, "Power-plant machinery."

NOTE B: The cost of foundations other than those special to particular machines and other apparatus shall be included in the cost of the building and not in this account.

45 Power-plant machinery.

This account shall include the cost of machinery and other apparatus in power plants and substations for generating and transforming power used for the operation of trains and cars or to furnish power, heat, and light for stations, shops, and general purposes, and also the cost of foundations special to particular machines or other apparatus including the cost of installation.

ITEMS

Air compressors.
 Ash-conveying machinery.
 Battery-charging apparatus.
 Boiler-room appliances and tools.
 Boilers and fittings.
 Circuit breakers.
 Furnaces.
 Ice-manufacturing machinery and apparatus.
 Lubricating devices.
 Mechanical stokers.
 Metal stacks on boilers.
 Refrigerating—machinery and apparatus.
 Rotary converters.
 Sewer connection for machinery.
 Coal-conveying machinery.
 Condensers.
 Cranes.
 Draft machinery.
 Dynamos.
 Engine-room appliances and tools.
 Feed water heaters.
 Special foundations for machines.
 Steam-distribution systems within the plant.
 Switchboards.
 Tanks.
 Tractors, trailers, and trucks, permanently assigned to power plants.
 Transformers.
 Turbines.
 Water meters.
 Well pumps.

NOTE A: The cost of power machinery and other apparatus installed in a shop as part of the shop equipment shall be included in account 44, "Shop machinery."

NOTE B: The cost of power machinery and other apparatus installed in station and office buildings shall be included in account 16, "Station and office buildings."

NOTE C: The cost of buildings and the power machinery and other apparatus of plants used primarily for operating signals and interlockers shall be included in account 27, "Signals and interlockers."

NOTE D: The cost of foundations other than those special to particular machines and other apparatus shall be included in the cost of the building and not in this account.

NOTE E: The cost of machinery and buildings of detached plants for producing power both for operating purposes and for sale shall be included in this account and in account 29, "Power plants," respectively. When plants are intended and used primarily for generating power for sale to noncarriers the investment shall be included in account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations."

Equipment

50 Equipment.

The several primary accounts included in this general account are designed to show the cost of the several classes of equipment vehicles and shop and power plant equipment owned by the carrier, or held under equipment trust agreements or other contractual obligation for purchase of the property.

52 Locomotives.

(a) This account shall include the cost of locomotives and tenders purchased or built by the carrier, and of appurtenances, furniture, and fixtures necessary to equip them for service, including the cost of inspection, setting up, and trying out after receipt from builders, and transportation charges to the carrier's line. This account may also include the cost of spare engines carried on hand for the purpose of temporarily replacing similar units removed from locomotives for overhaul, repair or other reason.

(b) Records shall be maintained to reflect separately the investment cost of locomotives on the basis of their initial identification for depreciation purposes; i.e., road passenger, road freight, road switching and yard switching.

LIST OF APPURTENANCES TO LOCOMOTIVES

Airbrake equipment and hose.
 Arm rests.
 Brake fixtures.
 Cab cushions.
 Clocks.
 Fire-extinguishing apparatus.
 Gongs.
 Headlamps.
 Metallic packing.
 Pneumatic sanding equipment.
 Radio equipment, permanently attached.
 Seat boxes.
 Signal lamps.
 Speed recorders.
 Steam-gauge lamps.
 Steam-heat equipment and hose.
 Storm doors.
 Tool boxes.
 Train-signal equipment and hose.

NOTE: Cars with motor equipment are not to be classed as locomotives.

53 Freight-train cars.

This account shall include the cost of freight-train cars of all classes, such as motor-driven cars, purchased or built

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by the carrier, including all appurtenances, furniture, and fixtures necessary to equip them for service, and the cost of inspection and transportation charges to the carrier's line.

LIST OF FREIGHT-TRAIN CARS

Automobile.
Ballast (commercial).
Beer.
Box.
Cabin.
Caboose.
Charcoal.
Coal.
Coke.
Dump (commercial).
Express.
Flat.
Fruit.
Furniture.
Gondola.
Gondola (hopper).
Gondola (long).
Hay.
Lime.
Mail.
Oil tank.
Ore.
Logging.
Platform.
Polling.
Poultry.
Produce.
Rack.
Refrigerator.
Stock.
Tank and water (when used as commercial cars).

LIST OF APPURTENANCES TO FREIGHT-TRAIN CARS

Air-brake equipment, including hose.
Cooking equipment and utensils.
Heating units.
Lamps and fixtures.
Loading devices.
Refrigeration units.
Seats.
Speed recorders.
Train-signal equipment, including hose.
Water tanks.

54 Passenger-train cars.

This account shall include the cost of passenger-train cars of all classes, such as motor-driven cars, purchased or built by the carrier, including all appurtenances, furniture, and fixtures necessary to equip them for service, and cost of inspection and transportation charges to the carrier's line.

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LIST OF PASSENGER-TRAIN CARS

Automobile.
Baggage.
Baggage-express.
Baggage-mail.
Baggage-mail-express.
Buffet.
Cafe, chair, and club.
Dining.
Library.
Milk.
Observation.
Parlor.
Parlor-baggage.
Passenger.
Passenger-baggage.
Passenger-baggage-mail.
Postal.
Refrigerator-express.
Sleeping.
Smoking.
Tourists.

LIST OF APPURTENANCES TO PASSENGER-TRAIN CARS

Air-brake equipment including hose.
Bedding.
Chairs.
Coat hooks.
Curtains and fixtures.
Cushions.
Electric bells.
Floor coverings.
Heating equipment.
Ice boxes.
Ice tanks.
Kitchen equipment and utensils.
Lighting equipment.
Mail catchers.
Parcel racks.
Ranges and boilers.
Seats.
Speed recorders.
Steam-heat hose.
Table china.
Table glassware.
Table linen.
Table silver.
Toilet equipment.
Train-signal equipment, including hose.
Water tanks.

55 Highway revenue equipment.

(a) This account shall include the cost of highway vehicles used in revenue transportation service, including pickup and delivery service, substitute line-haul service, and TOFC/COFC service; also the cost of appurtenances (such as radio communication equipment) necessary to equip them for service, and the inspection and transportation costs and charges required

for delivery of the vehicles into the carrier's revenue service.

(b) Records shall be maintained to identify the carrier's investment in the following equipment, including appurtenances:

LIST OF HIGHWAY REVENUE EQUIPMENT

Bogies.
Buses.
Chassis.
Containers.
Semi-trailers.
Tractors.
Trailers.
Trucks.

LIST OF APPURTENANCES TO HIGHWAY REVENUE EQUIPMENT

Fire extinguishers.
Heating units.
Radio communication equipment.
Refrigeration units.
Rigging equipment.
Road dollies.
Tarpaulins.

NOTE: The cost of trucks and tractors, which are used exclusively at TOFC/COFC terminals for loading and unloading trailers and containers on and from flat cars shall be charged to account 25, "TOFC/COFC terminals."

56 Floating equipment.

This account shall include the cost of marine or floating equipment of all kinds except work equipment, purchased or built by the carrier, including all appurtenances, furniture, and fixtures necessary to equip it for service, and cost of inspection and transportation charges to the carrier's line.

LIST OF FLOATING EQUIPMENT

Barges.
Canal boats.
Car and other floats.
Ferryboats.
Lighters.
Power launches.
Power lighters.
Scows.
Steam boats.
Steamships.
Transfer boats.
Tugboats.

LIST OF APPURTENANCES TO FLOATING EQUIPMENT

Anchors.
Barometers.
Beds and bedding.
Binnacle lamps.

Blocks and tackle.
China, crockery, and glassware.
Chronometers.
Compasses.
Desks and furniture.
Engines and foundations.
Fire buckets and extinguishers.
Floor coverings.
Gangplanks.
Heating equipment.
Hoisting equipment.
Kitchen equipment.
Life preservers.
Lighting equipment.
Linen.
Logs.
Machinery and foundations.
Masts.
Boilers and foundations.
Cables.
Capstan bars.
Charts.
Pianos and other musical instruments.
Pumps.
Railings.
Rigging.
Scales.
Seats, chairs, and cushions.
Spyglasses and telescopes.
Steam distribution systems.
Steering equipment.
Ticket cases.
Tool boxes and tools.
Tracks on car floats.
Ventilating equipment.

57 Work equipment.

This account shall include the cost of work equipment, including motor-driven equipment, purchased or built by the carrier; cost of appurtenances, furniture, and fixtures necessary to equip it for service; and cost of inspection and transportation charges to the carrier's line.

LIST OF RAIL WORK EQUIPMENT

Air-brake instruction cars.
Ballast cars.
Ballast unloader cars.
Boarding cars.
Bridge cars.
Business cars.
Camp cars.
Cinder cars.
Concrete mixers (mounted).
Derrick cars.
Dirt spreaders (mounted).
Ditching cars.
Dump cars.
Dynamometer cars.
Gas tank cars.
Grading cars.
Gravel cars.
Indicator cars.

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Locomotive tanks used permanently as water cars.
 Locomotives.
 Officers' cars.
 Outfit cars.
 Painters' cars.
 Pay cars.
 Pile drivers (mounted).
 Rail cars.
 Rail saws (mounted).
 Salt cars.
 Sanding cars.
 Scale test cars.
 Scraper cars.
 Snow dozers.
 Snow drags.
 Snow plows (moved by but not attached to locomotives).
 Sprinkling cars.
 Steam shovels.
 Steam wrecking derricks.
 Supply cars.
 Sweeper cars.
 Tool cars.
 Tool and block cars.
 Water cars.
 Weed burners (mounted).
 Wrecking cars.

LIST OF FLOATING WORK EQUIPMENT

Derricks.
 Dredges.
 Pile drivers.

58 Miscellaneous equipment.

(a) This account shall include the cost of automobiles, trucks and other highway equipment not used in revenue transportation service and not provided for elsewhere; the cost of airplanes; the cost of appurtenances (such as radio communication equipment) necessary to equip them for service; and the inspection and transportation costs and charges required for delivery of the vehicles to the carrier.

(b) The cost of on and/or off-track automotive vehicles, which are permanently equipped with special-purpose machinery and used exclusively in maintenance of way and structures, shall be charged to account 37, *Roadway machines*.

LIST OF MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

Airplanes.
 Automobiles.
 Buses.
 Emergency repair vehicles.
 Road dollies.
 Semi-trailers.
 Tractors.
 Trailers.

Trucks.
 Wreckers.

LIST OF APPURTENANCES TO MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

Fire extinguisher.
 Radio communication equipment.
 Rigging equipment.
 Tarpaulins.

59 Computer systems and word processing equipment.

This account shall include the cost of mainframe and mini-computers and data processing equipment as well as the cost of word processing equipment that is not dedicated to a particular function. Essentially this account consists of all computer-related equipment that remains under the control of the data processing department. This account shall also include the cost of foundations, power supply, fixtures, appurtenances and other devices to prepare this equipment for use.

ITEMS

Mainframes, Mini-computers, Word processing systems, Printers, Monitors, Modems, Storage devices.

NOTE A: The cost of micro computers, data processing equipment, and word processing equipment which are an integral part of and essential to the operation of a separate facility shall be charged to the appropriate property account for that facility.

NOTE B: Carriers desiring to adopt other methods of accounting for computers and word processing equipment that are considered more suitable for their operational structure shall submit justification and supporting documents to the Board for consideration and decision.

[52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

General Expenditures

70 General expenditures.

The primary accounts of this general account are designed to include expenditures made in connection with the acquisition and construction of original road and equipment, and with extension, additions, and betterments to road and equipment property, when such expenditures cannot properly be included in any of the foregoing accounts as a part of the cost of any specific work. When assignable, such expenditures shall be included in the cost

of the property for which the expenditures occurred.

76 Interest during construction.

(a) When any bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness are sold, or any interest-bearing debt is incurred for acquisition and construction of original road and equipment, extensions, additions, and betterments, the interest accruing on the part of the debt representing the cost of property chargeable to road and equipment accounts (less interest, if any, allowed by depositaries on unexpended balances) after such funds become available for use and before the receipt or the completion or coming into service of the property so acquired shall be charged to this account.

(b) When such securities are sold at a premium, the proportion of such premium assignable to the time between the date of the actual issuance of the securities and the time when the property acquired or the improvement made becomes available for service shall be credited to this account.

(c) This account shall also include such proportion of the discount and expense on funded debt issued for the acquisition of original road, original equipment, road extensions, additions, and betterments, as is equitably assignable to the period between the date of the actual issuance of securities and the time when the property acquired or the improvement made become available for the service for which it is intended. The proportion of discount and expense thus chargeable shall be determined by the ratio between the period prior to the completion or coming into service of the facilities or improvements acquired and the period of the entire life of the securities issued.

NOTE A: Interest on bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness accruing before the proceeds from the sale of the securities become available for use shall not be included in this account, nor shall there be included any interest accruing after the property with respect to which the proceeds are expended is received or becomes available for use in connection with commercial service.

NOTE B: If securities issued or assumed by the carrier are subsequently sold or exchanged by or for the carrier, the excess of the par value and accrued interest of the securities over the actual money value of the consideration received shall be deemed a dis-

count. In no case (except as provided in the third paragraph of this account) shall discount be included as part of the cost of items included in the accounts prescribed in this classification.

NOTE C: Whenever interest, premium, or discount assignable to the construction period is incurred in connection with an expenditure covered by some specific road and equipment account or accounts, such interest, premium, or discount shall be charged directly to the specific accounts to which it is related. Unless provided for otherwise, interest costs shall be capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE D: This account shall not include interest during the construction period on the carrier's own funds expended in connection with the acquisition or construction of original road and equipment, extensions, additions, and betterments.

(5 U.S.C. 553; 49 U.S.C. 10321)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 10920, Feb. 5, 1981]

Other Property Accounts

80 Other elements of investment.

(a) This account shall include amounts resulting from adjustment of the primary property accounts to conform with cost of property in valuation records. The amount in this account shall be cleared on a consistent basis as property is retired from service or otherwise in accordance with the rules in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this account. Any material amount in this account assignable to property previously retired from service shall be cleared immediately.

(b) When property is retired from service, an equitable portion of the balance in this account assignable to such property shall be cleared when the retirement entry is made. The amount so cleared, when a debit, shall be charged to account 551, *Miscellaneous income charges*, or, when a credit, shall be recorded in account 519, *Miscellaneous income*. The exception to this general rule with respect to a credit balance assignable to property retired is that when property classified as depreciable is retired from service and the balance in the accumulated depreciation account for the property is materially deficient, because of sudden retirement or other unusual cause, the portion of a

credit balance cleared for the retirement, equal to the deficiency, shall be applied to reduce the amount of loss otherwise chargeable to the accumulated depreciation account.

(c) A carrier may apply to the Board for authority to clear the entire balance from this account immediately or amortize the balance over a short period of time by appropriate inclusion in account 616, *Other debits to retained earnings*, or account 606 *Other credits to retained earnings*. Any amount so authorized or directed by the Board to be cleared and written off to retained income shall be in lieu of amounts includible in accounts indicated in paragraph (b).

(d) Other plans for clearance, disposition, or classification of a balance in this account in conformity with sound accounting principles may be submitted to the Board with suitable details for consideration. This includes application for disposition of a balance in this account attributable to reduction of capitalization in a reorganization. An accounting procedure so applied for shall become effective only after Board approval. Each carrier shall maintain a record of items initially included in and cleared later from this account and the basis used in computing such items.

NOTE: The amounts attributable to past mergers, consolidations and purchases of property included in this account shall be merged with the adjustment made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this text.

90 Construction in progress.

This account shall include expenditures incurred by the carrier in the process of constructing road and equipment with its own forces or under contract during the period prior to the time property is placed in transportation operations, including cost of materials and supplies located at point of use and of necessary land acquired for such projects. When a project is completed or when a segment of a large project is completed and placed in service, the cost of the completed project or the completed segment thereof shall be transferred to the appropriate road and equipment primary accounts. Separate subaccounts may be maintained for road, equipment, or other classes of expenditures. Expenditures for rel-

atively unimportant projects may be included directly in primary accounts.

RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS

Transportation Revenue Accounts

100 Transportation; rail line.

The primary accounts included in this general account are designed to show amounts of money which the carrier becomes entitled to receive or which accrue to its benefit from services rendered in transporting property or persons by rail line. The detail accounts include in this general account series are summarized in account 501, *Railway Operating Revenues*.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987]

101 Freight.

(a) This account shall include revenue from the transportation of freight and from transit, stop, and re-signing privileges, upon the basis of lawful tariff rates.

(b) This account shall include collections in excess of tariff charges, except where such amounts are segregated and held subject to refund.

(c) Proceeds derived from the sale of unclaimed and refused freight which has been transported in accordance with the contract of shipment shall be credited to this account in cases where such items can be readily identified. Uncollected tariff charges on such shipments shall be charged to this account.

(d) Amounts determined to be uncollectible shall be accounted for in accordance with the text of account 63-61-00 *General—Uncollectible accounts*.

ITEMS TO BE CREDITED

(a) Revenue upon the basis of local freight tariff rates, regardless of class of train in which the freight is transported.

(b) The carrier's proportion of revenue upon the basis of through freight tariff rates, regardless of class of train on which the freight is transported.

(c) Revenue from transportation of mail matter, and empty mail pouches, at freight rates.

(d) Revenue from transportation of freight on special trains at rates based on weights of shipments.

(e) Revenue on basis of classifications and freight tariffs from transportation of caretakers of freight shipments.

(f) Revenue from reconsigning privileges.

(g) Revenue from stop privileges.

(h) Revenue from transit privileges.

(i) Revenue upon the basis of arbitraries out of freight, rates for water transfers (ferriage, lighterage, and floatage).

(j) Revenue from transportation of trailers and containers on flat cars in TOFC/COFC service upon the basis of all-rail line-haul freight tariff rates and under arrangements for motor carrier-railroad joint haul, and from the loading and unloading of trailers and containers on and from flat cars upon the basis of tariff rates and under arrangements for motor carrier-railroad joint haul.

ITEMS TO BE CHARGED

(a) Amounts paid as bridge and ferry arbitraries on freight.

(b) Amounts paid for completing a haul.

(c) Amounts paid for elevation of freight.

(d) Amounts paid for switching services, in connection with the transportation of freight, on the basis of switching tariffs, and allowances out of through rates, including amounts paid for switching empty cars in connection with a freight revenue movement.

(e) Amounts paid for transferring freight between stations.

(f) Arbitraries and allowances to others for lighterage and wharfage.

(g) The carrier's proportion of overcharges resulting from the use of erroneous rates, weights, classifications or computations.

(h) The carrier's proportion of refunds on account of errors in routing and billing.

(i) The carrier's proportion of uncollected revenue on freight lost or destroyed in transit.

(j) The carrier's proportion of uncollected tariff charges on damaged shipments for which charges neither shipper nor consignee is liable.

(k) Amounts paid on basis of tariff rates for loading and unloading livestock.

(l) Amounts paid to motor truck companies for hauling trailers and containers to and from TOFC/COFC terminals, and allowances to shippers who perform such service on the basis of tariff rates.

NOTE A: Amounts paid for switching empty cars other than in connection with loaded movements shall be charged to operating expense account 61-32-XX, "General—Other Expenses—Transportation—Yard—Freight," except that amounts paid for switching equipment for repairs shall be included in the appropriate equipment repair accounts.

NOTE B: Other carriers' proportion of revenue and of uncollectible undercharges paid by the carrier on account of its errors in routing and billing shall be charged to operating expense account 61-35-76, "General—

Other Expenses—Transportation—Administrative Support."

NOTE C: When a lessee company transports freight over the tracks of another carrier on the basis of a proportion of revenues under a joint arrangement, it shall include the entire compensation in its revenues and statistics, charging the appropriate joint facility expense and rental accounts with the amounts paid the lessor company, and the lessor company shall credit the corresponding accounts.

NOTE D: Revenue from the transportation of caretakers of freight shipments, when not included as a part of the freight charges on the waybill covering the freight shipments, shall be credited to account 102, "Passenger."

NOTE E: This account shall be maintained so as to show separately payments and allowances for (a) terminal collection and delivery services when performed in connection with line-haul transportation of freight on the basis of freight tariff rates, further separated between (1) TOFC/COFC service, and (2) all other freight service; also (b) payments for switching services when performed in connection with line-haul transportation of freight on the basis of switching tariffs and allowances out of freight rates, including the switching of empty cars in connection with a revenue movement, and (c) payments on basis of tariff rates for loading and unloading livestock.

102 Passenger.

This account shall include the revenue from transportation of passengers at passenger tariff fares, from the transportation of passengers at special fares as provided by law, and from incidental charges in connection therewith.

ITEMS TO BE CREDITED

(a) Revenue from local passenger fares.

(b) The carrier's proportion of revenue from interline passenger fares.

(c) Revenue from extra fares.

(d) Revenue from additional fares or charges for exclusive use of a passenger car, drawing room, compartment, bedroom, etc.

(e) Revenue from mileage and scrip coupons honored for all services covered by this account.

(f) Revenue from transportation of passengers in special cars or on special trains when charge is based on passenger fare per capita, regardless of the number of passengers actually transported.

(g) Revenue from a guaranteed minimum amount not based on per capita fare, for transportation of passengers on special or chartered trains.

(h) Cash fare penalty collections.

(i) Unclaimed collections and deposits for transportation of passengers.

(j) Passenger fare overcharges.

(k) Revenue from transportation of corpses, based on passenger fares.

(l) Revenue from water transfers (ferriage), bridge tolls, and transfers between railway stations or between railway stations and docks, received as arbitraries in divisions of passenger fares.

ITEMS TO BE CHARGED

(a) Amounts paid as bridge tolls, and also for ferry, depot to depot and depot to dock passenger transfer service.

(b) Amounts paid for switching in completing a passenger transportation movement.

(c) Amounts paid for switching empty passenger-train cars in connection with transportation of passengers. (See note C.)

(d) Redemptions of unused and partially unused local tickets and redemptions of carrier's proportions of unused and partially unused interline tickets.

(e) Refund of extra fares, cash fare penalty collections, and overcharges in excess of tariff fares.

(f) Uncollectible undercharges.

NOTE A: Gross receipts from the sale of mileage tickets, and scrip books shall be credited to a suspense account. The suspense account shall be charged and this account credited with the value of coupons as honored, in connection with any of the services provided for in *Items To Be Credited*.

NOTE B: When a lessee company transports passengers over the tracks of another company under a joint arrangement upon the basis of a proportion of the passenger revenue, it shall include the entire compensation in its passenger revenue and statistics, charging the appropriate joint facility expense and rental accounts with the amounts paid the lessor company and the lessor company shall credit the corresponding joint facility accounts.

NOTE C: Amounts paid for switching empty passenger-train cars other than in connection with loaded movements, shall be charged to account 61-42-XX, *General—Other Expenses—Transportation—Yard—Passenger*, except that when switched for repairs, the amounts paid shall be included in account 39-25-45, *Purchased Services—Repairs Billed by Others—Equipment—Other Equipment*.

NOTE D: Amounts determined to be uncollectible shall be accounted for in accordance with the text of account 63-62-00, *General—Uncollectible accounts*.

103 Passenger-related.

This account shall include the revenue from the transportation of baggage, packages, etc. on passenger trains at other than freight or express

tariff rates. This account shall also include the revenue from berth and seat accommodations furnished in sleeping, parlor observation, chair, and other special passenger cars, also the revenue derived from the operation of passenger trains not provided for elsewhere, and dining and buffet service.

The amounts recorded in this account shall not include aid in the form of abatement or forgiveness of taxes, assumption by local governments of station maintenance costs, and other similar special indirect benefits, contributed by governmental agencies.

104 Switching.

(a) This account shall include the revenue from switching service upon the basis of lawful tariff rates. To this account shall be credited the carrier's revenue upon the basis of tariff rates, or the carrier's allowance out of through rates, from the switching of cars of all kinds, loaded or empty, either locally at a station or within a switching district, between connecting lines, between local industries, or between connecting lines and local industries; revenue upon the basis of distinct tariff rates for *trapcar* and *ferry-car* service and for spotting cars; also the revenue from interwork switching at industrial plants, and the revenue from *penalty switching* incident to the improper delivery of cars by other carriers.

(b) To this account shall be charged amounts paid others for switching when such switching service is provided for in the switching rate charged by the carrier.

NOTE: *Penalty switching* charges paid by the carrier shall be included in expense account 61-32-XX, *General—Other Expenses—Transportation—Yard—Freight*.

105 Water transfers.

(a) This account shall include the revenue, from the transfer by water (ferriage, lighterage, and floatage) of passenger, freight, vehicles and livestock, upon the basis of lawful local tariff rates.

(b) This account also shall include revenue from water transfers of other traffic, such as the revenue from towing beyond lighterage limits and all other towing for which an extra charge

is made; insurance of freight afloat when billed out at other than cost; storage of freight afloat; grain overage in boats; pumping performed for outside parties; and from other similar sources.

(c) To this account shall be charged amounts payable to other companies or individuals for extra lighterage, extra towing, and for all other service when such payments represent revenue collected and credited to this account and not a direct expense.

NOTE: No revenue shall be included in this account for water transfers of passengers or shipments upon the basis of arbitraries out of rates for transportation involving rail line haul.

106 Demurrage.

This account shall include the revenue from the detention of cars incident to loading, unloading, re-signing, and stops in transit upon the basis of lawful tariffs for demurrage. This account shall also include the revenue from the detention of trailers and containers used in TOFC/COFC service, incident to loading and unloading, upon the basis of tariff rates.

NOTE: This account shall be maintained so as to reflect separately (1) revenue from detention of cars, and (2) revenue from detention of trailers and containers used in TOFC/COFC service.

110 Incidental.

This account is designed to show the amounts which the carrier becomes entitled to receive from services rendered incidentally with rail-line and water-line transportation; for the use of facilities of which the expenses for operation and maintenance are not separable from railway expenses and from incidental sources not provided for elsewhere. Among the items included in this account are revenues derived from (1) hotels and restaurants, (2) operations conducted at stations and on trains by individual or companies other than railway companies, (3) storage, (4) the sale of electric power, (5) renting property operated and maintained in connection with the property used in the carrier's transportation operations and from railway operations not provided for elsewhere.

Joint Facility Revenue Accounts

120 Joint facility.

The primary accounts included in this general account are designed to show the carrier's proportion of revenues collected by others in connection with operation of joint facilities and the amount payable by the carrier to other companies from operation of joint facilities.

121 Joint facility—credit.

This account shall include the carrier's proportion of revenue collected by others in connection with the operation of joint tracks, yards, terminals, and other facilities, including revenue from hotels, restaurants, grain elevators, sale of power, and other miscellaneous operations.

NOTE A: The purpose of this account is to show the amounts of revenue from the operation of joint tracks, yards, terminals and other facilities operated by other companies, which under existing contracts or agreements are credited by the operating company to the tenant companies which participate therein. The bill rendered by any creditor company against a debtor company for the latter's proportion of the expense of maintenance and operation of joint facilities, which includes also a credit covering a proportion of the revenue to be paid over, shall show the distribution of the credit for such proportion of the revenue separately from the distribution of the expense of operation.

NOTE B: No credits shall be made to this account representing amounts creditable by the operating company to primary accounts 101-103, 105 and 110.

122 Joint facility—debit.

This account shall include that proportion of revenue from the operation of joint tracks, yards, terminals, and other facilities, which is creditable to other companies, including revenue from hotels, restaurants, grain elevators, sale of power, and other miscellaneous operations.

NOTE A: The purpose of this account is to show the amount of revenue from operation of a terminal company or other carrier which, under the terms of existing contracts or agreements covering the joint use of tracks, yards, and other facilities, is credited to other carriers that participate in the benefits from such joint use. The bill rendered by a creditor company against a debtor company for the latter's proportion of expense of

maintaining and operating joint facilities, which includes a credit covering the debtor company's proportion of the revenues from operation of such joint facilities, shall indicate separately the proper distribution of both the revenues and the expenses included in the bill, and such distribution shall be adhered to by the debtor.

NOTE B: No debits shall be made to this account representing amounts creditable by the operating company to primary accounts 101-103, 105 and 110.

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS

SOURCE: 52 FR 4326, Feb. 11, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

INSTRUCTION

(1) The operating expense accounts use a six-digit code. The first two digits denote natural expense, the second two digits denote activity/subactivity, and the third two digits denote detailed functions. [See Table A for an overview of the coding structure and Tables B-E for detailed functions.]

(2) The operating expense account explanations use a three-tier format. Sec-

tion 1 contains natural expense explanations with applicable activity/subactivity and function assignment. Section 2 details the activity/subactivity explanations. Section 3 explains the functions appropriate for each activity/subactivity. To obtain a complete explanation for a particular account, refer to section 1 to locate the natural expense and activity/subactivity (first four digits) and read the appropriate account text. Accounts that are assigned to functions are appropriately listed. For further information, refer to section 2 and section 3.

(3) All accounts listed in Table A and section 1 are for freight only. Refer to Table F for applicable passenger or common account codes. Account numbers designated with an asterisk in section 1 denote freight only accounts, while other accounts are used for both freight and passenger or common accounts.

(4) All expense assigned to common operating accounts shall be allocated to freight and passenger accounts in accordance with Part 1242 of this chapter.

TABLE A—CODING STRUCTURE FOR RAILWAY OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS¹

XX-00	Way and structures XX-10			Equipment XX-20			Transportation XX-30, 40, 50				XX-60		
	Control	Run-ning	Switch- ing	Other	Loco- motive	Freight cars	Other equip- ment	Train	Yard	Train and yard com- mon		Spe- cialized SVDS	Admin- istra- tive support	Gen- eral and admin- istra- tive
Freight ²	XX-00	XX-11	XX-12	XX-13	XX-21	XX-22	XX-23	XX-31	XX-32	XX-33	XX-34	XX-35	XX-61
Personnel	10-00	11-11	11-12	11-13	11-21	11-22	11-23	11-31	11-32	11-33	11-34	11-35	11-61
Salaries and wages	11-00	12-11	12-12	12-13	12-21	12-22	12-23	12-31	12-32	12-33	12-34	12-35	12-61
Fringe benefits	12-00	20-00											
Material	20-00	21-11	21-12	21-13	21-21	21-22	21-23	21-31	21-32	21-33	21-34	21-35	21-61
Material, tools, supp, fuel, lubricants	21-00	30-00											
Purchased services	30-00	31-11	31-12	31-13	31-21	31-22	31-23						
Lease rentals—DR	31-00	32-11	32-12	32-13	32-21	32-22	32-23						
Lease rentals—CR	32-00	33-11	33-12	33-13	33-21	33-22	33-23						
Jt. Fac. Rent—DR	33-00	34-11	34-12	34-13	34-21	34-22	34-23						
Jt. Fac. Rent—CR	34-00	35-11	35-12	35-13	35-21	35-22	35-23						
Other rents—DR	35-00	36-11	36-12	36-13	36-21	36-22	36-23						
Other rents—CR	36-00	37-11	37-12	37-13	37-21	37-22	37-23	37-31	37-32		37-34	37-35	37-61
Jt. facility—DR	37-00	38-11	38-12	38-13	38-21	38-22	38-23	38-31	38-32		38-34	38-35	38-61
Jt. facility—CR	38-00	39-11	39-12	39-13	39-21	39-22	39-23						
Repairs billed by others—DR	39-00	40-11	40-12	40-13	40-21	40-22	40-23						
Repairs billed to others—CR	40-00	41-11	41-12	41-13	41-21	41-22	41-23	41-31	41-32	41-33	41-34	41-35	41-61
Other purchase services	41-00												
Claims and insurance	50-00												
Loss damage claims	51-00												
Other casualties	52-00	52-11	52-12	52-13	52-21	52-22	52-23	51-31	51-32	51-33	51-34		
Insurance	53-00	53-11	53-12	53-13	53-21	53-22	53-23	52-31	52-32		52-34	52-35	52-61
General	60-00	61-11	61-12	61-13	61-21	61-22	61-23	53-31	53-32		53-34	53-35	53-61
Other expenses	61-00	62-11	62-12	62-13	62-21	62-22	62-23	61-31	61-32		61-34	61-35	61-61
Depreciation	62-00												
Uncollectible account	63-00												
Property taxes	64-00												63-61
													64-61

¹ Each operating expense account has a six-digit code divided into three two-digit groups. The first two-digit group denotes the natural expense [see control column], the second group denotes the activity/subactivity for freight, passenger or common service [see Table F], and the third group signifies applicable function assignment [see Tables B, C, D & E].

² The account numbers shown on this matrix are for freight only. The account numbers for passenger and common are derived by applying the natural expense code (first two digits) to the activity codes shown in Table F. Natural expenses are used only in the same activities as shown for freight.

³ Expenses shall be reported by applicable functions [see account text].

TABLE B—FUNCTION CODE USE—WAY AND STRUCTURES

Code	Functions	Running			Switching			Other		
		¹ F	P	C	F	P	C	F	P	C
ADMINISTRATION										
02	Track							X	X	X
03	Bridges and buildings							X	X	X
04	Signals							X	X	X
05	Communications							X	X	X
06	Other							X	X	X
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE										
10	Roadway	X	X	X	X	X	X			
11	Tunnels and subways	X	X	X	X	X	X			
12	Bridges and culverts	X	X	X	X	X	X			
13	Ties	X	X	X	X	X	X			
14	Rails and other track material	X	X	X	X	X	X			
16	Ballast	X	X	X	X	X	X			
19	Signals and interlockers	X	X	X	X	X	X			
20	Communication systems							X	X	X
21	Power systems							X	X	X
22	Highway grade crossings	X	X	X	X	X	X			
23	Station and office buildings							X	X	X
24	Shop bldgs.—Locomotives							X	X	X
25	Shop bldgs.—Freight cars							X		
26	Shop bldgs.—Other equipment							X	X	X
27	Locomotive servicing facilities							X	X	X
28	Misc. buildings and structures							X	X	X
29	Coal terminals							X		
30	Ore terminals							X		
31	TOFC/COFC terminals							X		
32	Other marine terminals							X		
33	Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities							X		
35	Facilities—Other specialized services operations							X		
36	Roadway machines							X	X	X
37	Small tools and supplies							X	X	X
38	Snow removal							X	X	X
39	Dismantling retired property	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
48	Road property damaged	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
OTHER										
99	Other	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

¹F—Freight; P—Passenger; C—Common.

TABLE C—FUNCTION CODE USE—EQUIPMENT

Code	Functions	Locomotives			Freight Cars			Other Equip-ment		
		¹ F	P	C	F	P	C	F	P	C
ADMINISTRATION										
01	Administration	X	X	X	X			X	X	X
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE										
39	Dismantling retired property	X	X	X	X			X	X	X
41	Locomotives	X	X	X						
42	Freight cars				X					
43	Trucks, trailers, containers in revenue service							X		
44	Floating equipment in revenue service							X		
45	Passenger and other revenue equipment							X	X	X
46	Computer systems and word processing equipment							X	X	X
47	Work and other nonrevenue equipment							X	X	X
48	Equipment damaged	X	X	X	X			X	X	X
49	Shop machinery—locomotives							X	X	X
50	Shop machinery—freight cars							X	X	X
51	Shop machinery—other equipment							X	X	X
99	Other	X	X	X	X			X	X	X

¹F—Freight; P—Passenger; C—Common.

TABLE D—FUNCTION CODE USE—TRANSPORTATION

Code	Train						Yard			Train and yard common			Specialized services			Administrative support		
	*F	P	C	F	P	C	F	P	C	F	P	C	F	P	C	F	P	C
01	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
56	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
57	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
58	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
59	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
60	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
61	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
62	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
63	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
64	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
65	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
66	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
67	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
68	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
69	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
70	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
71	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
72	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
73	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
74	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
75	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
76	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
77	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
78	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
99	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

TABLE E—FUNCTIONAL CODE USE—GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

Code	Functions	Freight	Passenger	Common
	ADMINISTRATION			
	Administration	X	X	X
	GENERAL			
86	Accounting, auditing, finance	X	X	X
87	Management services and data and word processing	X	X	X
88	Marketing	X	X	X
89	Sales	X	X	X
90	Industrial development	X		
91	Personnel, labor relations	X	X	X
92	Legal and secretarial	X	X	X
93	Public relations and advertising	X	X	X
94	Research and development	X	X	X
	OTHER			
99	Other	X	X	X

TABLE F—ACTIVITY/SUBACTIVITY CODE USE

Activity/subactivity	Freight	Code pas- senger	Common
Way and structures:			
Running	11	14	17
Switching	12	15	18
Other	13	16	19
Equipment:			
Locomotives	21	24	26
Freight cars	22	N/A	N/A
Other	23	25	27
Transportation:			
Train	31	41	51
Yard	32	42	52
Train and yard common	33	43	53
Specialized services	34	N/A	N/A
Administrative support	35	45	55
General and administrative	61	62	63

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS

*Section 1—Natural Expense Explanations**

Personnel

Control—10-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the PERSONNEL Series: Salaries and Wages. Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation.

Salaries and Wages—Control 11-00-00

This account series includes the compensation payable to employees for services performed. It includes amounts payable in connection with profit sharing and stock option plans that are part of employee compensation. This account series also includes amounts of compensation payable to employees for paid time off as a fringe benefit: Vacation pay, holiday pay, sick pay, and other payments consid-

ered direct compensation for time not worked. Amounts of labor billed by contractors, other companies, and joint facilities, are not considered salaries and wages of the carrier company and are not to be included in this account group. Its components shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-12.

Salaries and Wages—Way and Structures—Running—11-11-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all repair and maintenance employees and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. Compensation payable to officers and technical and clerical employees shall only be assigned to Way and Structures—Other. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	11-11-10
Tunnels and Subways	11-11-11
Bridges and Culverts	11-11-12

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Ties	11-11-13
Rails and Other Track Material	11-11-14
Ballast	11-11-16
Signals and Interlockers	11-11-19
Highway Grade Crossings	11-11-22
Dismantling Retired Property	11-11-39
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	11-11-48
Other—Other	11-11-99

Salaries and Wages—Way and Structures—Switching—11-12-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all repair and maintenance employees and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. Compensation payable to officers and technical and clerical employees shall be assigned to Way and Structures—Other. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	11-12-10
Tunnels and Subways	11-12-11
Bridges and Culverts	11-12-12
Ties	11-12-13
Rails and Other Track Material	11-12-14
Ballast	11-12-16
Signals and Interlockers	11-12-19
Highway Grade Crossings	11-12-22
Dismantling Retired Property	11-12-39
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	11-12-48
Other—Other	11-12-99

Salaries and Wages—Way and Structures—Other—11-13-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all repair and maintenance employees and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures other than roadway and track. Each administration account (functions 02-06) includes the compensation payable to all officers and technical and clerical employees associated with the Way and Structures Activity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration:

Track	11-13-02
Bridges and Buildings	11-13-03
Signals	11-13-04
Communications	11-13-05
Other	11-13-06

Repair and Maintenance:

Communication Systems	11-13-20
Power Systems	11-13-21
Station and Office Buildings ...	11-13-23
Shop Buildings—Locomotives	11-13-24
Shop Buildings—Freight Cars	*11-13-25
Shop Buildings—Other	11-13-26

Locomotive Servicing Facilities	11-13-27
Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures	*11-13-28
Coal Terminals	*11-13-29
Ore Terminals	*11-13-30
TOFC/COFC Terminals	*11-13-31
Other Marine Terminals	*11-13-32
Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities	*11-13-33
Facilities for Other Specialized Services Operations	*11-13-35
Roadway Machines	11-13-36
Snow Removal	11-13-38
Dismantling Retired Property	11-13-39
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	11-13-48
Other—Other	11-13-99

Salaries and Wages—Equipment—Locomotives—11-21-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers and technical and clerical employees, repair and maintenance employees, and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General

11-21-01

Repair and Maintenance:

Dismantling Retired Property	11-21-39
Locomotives	11-21-41
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	11-21-48
Other—Other	11-21-99

Salaries and Wages—Equipment—Freight Cars—11-22-XX*

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, repair and maintenance employees, and others, who are associated with the repair and maintenance of freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General

11-22-01

Repair and Maintenance:

Dismantling Retired Property	11-22-39
Freight Cars	11-22-42
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	11-22-48
Other—Other	11-22-99

Salaries and Wages—Equipment—Other Equipment—11-23-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, repair and maintenance employees, and others, who are associated with the repair and maintenance of equipment other than locomotives and freight cars, whether

owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	11-23-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property	11-23-39
Trucks, Trailers, Containers	
in Revenue Service	*11-23-43
Floating Equipment—Revenue	
Service	*11-23-44
Passenger and Other Revenue	
Service	11-23-45
Work and Other Non-Revenue	
Equipment	11-23-47
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	11-23-48
Shop Machinery—Locomotives	11-23-49
Shop Machinery—Other	
Equipment	11-23-51
Other—Other	11-23-99

Salaries and Wages—Transportation—Train—11-31-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees, who are associated with the dispatching and operation of freight trains over the roadway and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	11-31-01
Operations:	
Engine Crews	11-31-56
Train Crews	11-31-57
Dispatching Trains	11-31-58
Operating Switches, Signals,	
Interlockers, Retarders,	
Humps	11-31-59
Operating Drawbridges	11-31-60
Highway Crossing Protection	11-31-61
Train Inspection and Lubrica-	
tion	11-31-62
Clearing Wrecks	11-31-63
Locomotive Fuel	11-31-67
Electric Power Purchased/Pro-	
duced for Motive Power	11-31-68
Servicing Locomotives	11-31-69
Other—Other	11-31-99

Salaries and Wages—Transportation—Yard—11-32-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees, who are associated with the movement of freight cars within classification yards and in terminal switching and transfer service. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	11-32-01
Operations:	
Operating Switches, Signals,	
Interlockers, Retarders,	
Humps	11-32-59

Clearing Wrecks	11-32-63
Switch Crews	11-32-64
Controlling Operations	11-32-65
Yard and Terminal Clerical	11-32-66
Locomotive Fuel	11-32-67
Electric Power Purchased/Pro-	
duced for Motive Power	11-32-68
Servicing Locomotives	11-32-69
Other—Other	11-32-99

Salaries and Wages—Transportation—Train and Yard—Common—11-33-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, performing functions incurred on behalf of both train and yard operations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Operations:	
Cleaning Car Interiors	11-33-70
Adjusting and Transferring	
Loads	*11-33-71
Car Loading Devices and	
Grain Doors	*11-33-72

Salaries and Wages—Transportation—Specialized Services—11-34-XX*

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, and other operational employees who are associated with operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Board appear within the explanation of activities/subactivities. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	11-34-01
Operations:	
Pick Up and Delivery, Marine	
Line Haul, and Rail Sub-	
stitute Service	11-34-73
Loading, Unloading, and Local	
Marine	11-34-74
Protective Services	11-34-75
Other—Other	11-34-99

Salaries and Wages—Transportation—Administrative Support—11-35-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, are associated with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. For further clarification refer to the explanation of the Administrative Support Operations Subactivity. Each account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	11-35-01
Operations:	
Clerical and Accounting Em-	
ployees	11-35-76
Communication Systems Op-	
erations	11-35-77

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Loss and Damage Claims Processing	11-35-78
Other—Other	11-35-99

Salaries and Wages—General and Administrative—11-61-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all employees who are associated with overall administration or other general support for carrier operations. Overall administration includes executive, legal, financial, treasury, accounting, budgeting, taxation, corporate planning, costing, marketing, advertising, traffic, corporate secretary, public relations, real estate, insurance administration, personnel administration, pension plan administration, general purchasing, labor relations, internal auditing, industrial engineering, and regulatory reporting. For further clarification refer to the explanation of the General and Administrative Activity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	11-61-01
General:	
Accounting, Auditing, Finance	11-61-86
Marketing	11-61-88
Sales	11-61-89
Industrial Development	*11-61-90
Personnel and Labor Relations	11-61-91
Legal and Secretarial	11-61-92
Public Relations and Advertising	11-61-93
Research and Development	11-61-94
Other—Other	11-61-99

Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Control—12-00-00

This account series includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation. These benefits include the carrier portions of Railroad Retirement contributions, pension expense, unemployment taxes, dental plans, health plans, hospitalization insurance, life insurance, subsidies for employee lunchrooms, company entertainment facilities for personal use, and other benefits to employees that are not includible in direct compensation. They exclude travel expense on company business, casualties, workmen's compensation, as well as dues, memberships, and similar items when the direct beneficiary is clearly the company rather than the employee.

Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Way and Structures—Running	12-11-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Way and Structures—Switching	12-12-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Way and Structures—Other	12-13-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Equipment Locomotives	12-21-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Equipment—Freight Cars	*12-22-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Equipment—Other Equipment	12-23-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Transportation—Train	12-31-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Transportation—Yard	12-32-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Transportation—Train and Yard Common	12-33-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Transportation—Specialized Services	12-34-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—Transportation—Administrative Support	12-35-00
Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation—General and Administrative	12-61-00

Materiel Control—20-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for the MATERIEL series: Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants.

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Control—21-00-00

This account group includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense in connection with carrier operations. This account group includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. This account group excludes purchased services such as utilities, communications, postage and other items of similar nature. Its components shall be distributed to the following accounts:

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Way and Structures—Running—21-11-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track on the line of the road and outside of classification yards. Each account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials, and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	21-11-10
Tunnels and Subways	21-11-11
Bridges and Culverts	21-11-12
Ties	21-11-13
Rails and Other Track Material	21-11-14
Ballast	21-11-16
Signals and Interlockers	21-11-19
Dismantling Retired Property	21-11-39
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	21-11-48
Other—Other	21-11-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Way and Structures—Switching—21-12-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	21-12-10
Tunnels and Subways	21-12-11
Bridges and Culverts	21-12-12
Ties	21-12-13
Rails and Other Track Material	21-12-14
Ballast	21-12-16
Signals and Interlockers	21-12-19
Highway Grade Crossings	21-12-22
Dismantling Retired Property	21-12-29
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	21-12-48

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Way and Structures—Other—21-13-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures not provided for in running or switching. Each account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Administration:

Track	21-13-02
Bridges and Buildings	21-13-03
Signals	21-13-04
Communications	21-13-05
Other	21-13-06

Repair and Maintenance:

Communication Systems	21-13-20
Power Systems	21-13-21
Station and Office Buildings ...	21-13-23
Shop Buildings—Locomotives	21-13-24
Shop Buildings—Freight Cars	*21-13-25
Shop Buildings—Other Equipment	21-13-26
Locomotive Servicing Facilities	21-13-27
Coal Terminals	*21-13-29
Ore Terminals	*21-13-30
TOFC/COFC Terminals	*21-13-31
Other Marine Terminals	*21-13-32
Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities	*21-13-33
Facilities for Other Specialized Services Operations	*21-13-35
Roadway Machines	21-13-36
Snow Removal	21-13-38
Dismantling Retired Property	21-13-39
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	21-13-48
Other—Other	21-13-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Equipment—Locomotives—21-21-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

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Administration—General	21-21-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Locomotives	21-21-41
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	21-21-48
Other—Other	21-21-99

Shop Machinery—Locomotives	21-23-49
Shop Machinery—Freight Cars	*21-23-50
Shop Machinery—Other	
Equipment	21-23-51
Other—Other	21-23-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Equipment—Freight Cars—21-22-XX*

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of freight-cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Administration—General	21-22-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property	21-22-39
Freight Cars	21-22-42
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	21-22-48
Other—Other	21-22-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Equipment—Other Equipment—21-23-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of equipment by others. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Administration—General	21-23-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property	21-23-39
Trucks, Trailers, Containers	
in Revenue Service	*21-23-43
Floating Equipment—Revenue	
Service	*21-23-44
Passenger and Other Revenue	
Equipment	21-23-45
Computer Systems and Word	
Processing Equipment	21-23-46
Work and Other Non-Revenue	
Equipment	21-23-47
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	21-23-48

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Transportation—Train—21-31-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in association with the dispatching and operation of freight trains over the charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Administration—General	21-31-01
Operations:	
Engine Crews	21-31-56
Train Crews	21-31-57
Dispatching Trains	21-31-58
Operating Switches, Signals,	
Interlockers, Retarders,	
Humps	21-31-59
Operating Drawbridges	21-31-60
Highway Crossing Protection	21-31-61
Train Inspection and Lubrica-	
tion	21-31-62
Clearing Wrecks	21-31-63
Locomotive Fuels	21-31-67
Electric Power Purchased/Pro-	
duced for Motive Power	21-31-68
Servicing Locomotives	21-31-69
Other—Other	21-31-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Transportation—Yard—21-32-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in and in terminal switching and transfer service. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Administration—General	21-32-01
Operations:	
Operating Switches, Signals,	
Interlockers, Retarders,	
Humps	21-32-59
Clearing Wrecks	21-32-63
Switch Crews	21-32-64
Controlling Operations	21-32-65

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Yard and Terminal Clerical	21-32-66
Locomotive Fuel	21-32-67
Electric Power Purchased/Produced for Motive Power	21-32-68
Servicing Locomotives	21-32-69
Other—Other	21-32-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Transportation—Train and Yard Common—21-33-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed on behalf of both train and yard operations. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Operations:	
Cleaning Car Interiors	21-33-70
Adjusting, Transferring Loads.	*21-33-71
Car Loading Devices and Grain Doors.	*21-33-72

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Transportation—Specialized Services—21-34-XX*

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Board appear within the explanation of specialized services. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	21-34-01
Operations:	
Pick Up and Delivery, Marine Line Haul, and Rail Substitute Service	21-34-73
Loading, Unloading, and Local Marine	21-34-74
Protective Services	21-34-75
Other—Other	21-34-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—Transportation—Administrative Support—21-35-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in association with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. For further clarification refer to the explanation of the Administrative Support Operations Subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

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Administration—General	21-35-01
Operations:	
Clerks, Accounting Employees	21-35-76
Communication Systems Operations	21-35-77
Loss and Damage Claims Processing	21-35-78
Other—Other	21-35-99

Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants—General and Administrative—21-61-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in providing overall administration or other general support for carrier operations. For further clarification refer to the definition of the General and Administrative Activity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	21-61-01
General:	
Accounting, Auditing, Finance Management Services and Data and Word Processing ...	21-61-87
Marketing	21-61-88
Sales	21-61-89
Industrial Development	*21-61-90
Legal and Secretarial	21-61-92
Public Relations and Advertising	21-61-93
Research and Development	21-61-94
Other—Other	21-61-99

Purchased Services

Control—30-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the PURCHASED SERVICES series:

- Lease Rentals—Dr.
- Lease Rentals—Cr.
- Joint Facility Rent—Dr.
- Joint Facility Rent—Cr.
- Other Rents—Dr.
- Other Rents—Cr.
- Joint Facility—Dr.
- Joint Facility—Cr.
- Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.
- Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.
- Other Purchased Services

Lease Rentals—Debit—Control—31-00-00

This account series includes the rentals of road property and equipment with terms of 30 days or more. This account excludes joint facility and joint trackage rents, insurance and maintenance elements of lease payments, and all elements of capital leases as defined in FASB Statement No. 13. Capitalized

leases shall be included in the applicable property account for the particular asset leased [See Instruction 2-11b]. The components of this natural expense will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Lease Rentals—Dr.—Way and Structures—Running	31-11-00
Lease Rentals—Dr.—Way and Structures—Switching	31-12-00
Lease Rentals—Dr.—Way and Structures—Other	31-13-00
Lease Rentals—Dr.—Equipment—Locomotives	31-21-00
Lease Rentals—Dr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*31-22-00
Lease Rentals—Dr.—Equipment—Other Equipment	31-23-00

Lease Rentals—Credit—Control—32-00-00

This account group includes the rentals of owned property and equipment or subleases of leased road property and equipment with terms of from 30 days to one year. Longer term leases are indicative of a noncarrier operation and all revenues and expenses related to such property and equipment should be classified accordingly and excluded from railroad operations. This account excludes joint facilities and joint trackage, capital leases, and portions of lease receipts covering maintenance and insurance. The components of this natural expense account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Lease Rentals—Cr.—Way and Structures—Running	32-11-00
Lease Rentals—Cr.—Way and Structures—Switching	32-12-00
Lease Rentals—Cr.—Way and Structures—Other	32-13-00
Lease Rentals—Cr.—Equipment—Locomotives	32-21-00
Lease Rentals—Cr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*32-22-00

Joint Facility Rents—Debits—Control—33-00-00

This account group includes amounts payable accrued as rent for equipment, tracks, yards, terminals, and other facilities owned or controlled by other carriers, companies, or individuals, and in the joint use of which the accounting company participates. Amounts paid or payable by the accounting company in reimbursement for taxes on

property jointly used shall be charged to this account.

The cost of maintenance, operation, or administration of joint facilities, chargeable to the accounting company, shall be charged to the various joint facility accounts (37-XX-00). When the compensation for the use of joint facilities is a fixed amount or is based upon a charge per passenger, ton, car, or other unit, it shall be fairly apportioned between this account and Joint Facility—Dr. (37-XX-00). This apportionment shall be made by the operating company and shall be followed by the accounting company.

The components of this natural expense consist of the following accounts:

Joint Facility Rents—Dr.—Way and Structures—Running	33-11-00
Joint Facility Rents—Dr.—Way and Structures—Switching	33-12-00
Joint Facility Rents—Dr.—Way and Structures—Other	33-13-00
Joint Facility Rents—Dr. Equipment—Locomotives	*33-21-00
Joint Facility Rents—Dr. Equipment—Freight Cars	*33-22-00
Joint Facility Rents—Dr. Equipment—Other Equipment	33-23-00

Joint Facility Rents—Credit—Control—34-00-00

This account series includes amounts receivable accrued for rent of equipment, tracks, yards, terminals and other facilities owned or controlled by the accounting company and used jointly with other companies or individuals. Amounts receivable from other companies in reimbursement for taxes on property jointly used shall be credited to this account.

The portion of the cost of maintenance, operation, or administration of joint facilities recoverable from others shall be credited to the various joint facility accounts (38-XX-00). When the compensation for the use of joint facilities is a fixed amount or is based upon a charge per passenger, ton, car, or other unit, it shall be fairly apportioned by the creditor between this account and Joint Facility—Cr. (38-XX-00).

The components of this account series shall be distributed to the following accounts:

Joint Facility Rents—Cr.—Way and Structures—Running	34-11-00
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Joint Facility Rents—Cr.—Way and Structures—Switching	34-12-00
Joint Facility Rents—Cr.—Way and Structures—Other	34-13-00
Joint Facility Rents—Cr.—Equipment—Locomotives	*34-21-00
Joint Facility Rents—Cr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*34-22-00
Joint Facility Rents—Cr.—Equipment—Other Equipment	34-23-00

Other Rents—Debit—Control—35-00-00

This account group includes the rents with terms of less than 30 days which are not renewed. This account includes all time and mileage payments for interchange locomotive, freight car, and other revenue equipment hire. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Other Rents—Dr.—Way and Structures—Running	35-11-00
Other Rents—Dr.—Way and Structures—Switching	35-12-00
Other Rents—Dr.—Way and Structures—Other	35-13-00
Other Rents—Dr.—Equipment—Locomotives	35-21-00
Other Rents—Dr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*35-22-00
Other Rents—Dr.—Equipment—Other Equipment	35-23-00

Other Rents—Credit—Control—36-00-00

This account includes rents with terms of less than 30 days which are not renewed. This account includes all time and mileage receipts for interchanged locomotive, freight car, and other revenue equipment hire. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Other Rents—Cr.—Way and Structures—Running	36-11-00
Other Rents—Cr.—Way and Structures—Switching	36-12-00
Other Rents—Cr.—Way and Structures—Other	36-13-00
Other Rents—Cr.—Equipment—Locomotives	36-21-00
Other Rents—Cr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*36-22-00
Other Rents—Cr.—Equipment—Other Equipment	36-23-00

Joint Facility—Debit—Control—37-00-00

This account includes joint trackage and joint facility costs, exclusive of rents, payable by the railroad to others. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Joint Facility—Dr.—Way and Structures—Running	37-11-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Way and Structures—Switching	37-12-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Way and Structures—Other	37-13-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Equipment—Locomotives	37-21-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*37-22-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Equipment—Other Equipment	37-23-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Transportation—Train	37-31-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Transportation—Yard	37-32-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Transportation—Specialized Services	*37-34-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—Transportation—Administrative Support	37-35-00
Joint Facility—Dr.—General and Administrative	37-61-00

Joint Facility—Credit—Control—38-00-00

This account group includes joint trackage and joint facility costs, exclusive of rents, payable by others to the railroad. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Joint Facility—Cr.—Way and Structures—Running	38-11-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Way and Structures—Switching	38-12-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Way and Structures—Other	38-13-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Equipment—Locomotives	38-21-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Equipment—Freight Cars	*38-22-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Equipment—Other Equipment	38-23-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Transportation—Train	38-31-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Transportation—Yard	38-32-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Transportation—Specialized Services	*38-34-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—Transportation—Administrative Support	38-35-00
Joint Facility—Cr.—General and Administrative	38-61-00

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Repairs Billed by Others—Debit—Control—39-00-00

This account group includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the reporting railroad's property and equipment. The components of this account shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.—Way and Structures—Running—39-11-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the reporting railroad's property associated with the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	39-11-10
Tunnels and Subways	39-11-11
Bridges and Culverts	39-11-12
Ties	39-11-13
Rails and Other Track Material	39-11-14
Ballast	39-11-16
Signals and Interlockers	39-11-19
Highway Grade Crossings	39-11-22
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	39-11-48

Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.—Way and Structures—Switching—39-12-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the reporting railroad's property associated with the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	39-12-10
Tunnels and Subways	39-12-11
Bridges and Culverts	39-12-12
Ties	39-12-13
Rails and Other Track Material	39-12-14
Ballast	39-12-16
Signals and Interlockers	39-12-19
Highway Grade Crossings	39-12-22
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	39-12-48

Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.—Way and Structures—Other—39-13-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures other than

roadway and track. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Communication Systems	39-13-20
Power Systems	39-13-21
Station and Office Buildings ...	39-13-23
Shop Buildings—Locomotives	39-13-24
Shop Buildings—Freight Cars	*39-13-25
Shop Buildings—Other Equipment	39-13-26
Locomotive Servicing Facilities	39-13-27
Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures	39-13-28
Coal Terminals	*39-13-29
Ore Terminals	*39-13-30
TOFC/COFC Terminals	*39-13-31
Other Marine Terminals	*39-13-32
Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities	*39-13-33
Facilities for Other Specialized Services Operations	*39-13-35
Roadway Machines	39-13-36
Snow Removal	39-13-38
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	39-13-48

Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.—Equipment—Locomotives—39-21-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance under the Locomotive subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Locomotives	39-21-41
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	39-21-48

Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.—Equipment—Freight Cars—39-22-XX*

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance under the Freight Car subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Freight Cars	39-22-42
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	39-22-48

Repairs Billed by Others—Dr.—Equipment Other Equipment—39-23-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for the repair and maintenance of equipment not pertaining to the Locomotive or Freight Car subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Trucks, Trailers, and Containers in Revenue Service ..	*39-23-43
Floating Equipment—Revenue Service	*39-23-44

Passenger and Other Revenue Equipment	39-23-45
Computer Systems and Word Processing Equipment	39-23-46
Work and Other Non-Revenue Equipment	39-23-47
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	39-23-48
Shop Machinery—Locomotives	39-23-49
Shop Machinery—Freight Cars	*39-23-50
Shop Machinery—Other Equipment	39-23-51

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Control 40-00-00

This account series includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of others' road property and equipment. The components of this account shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Way and Structures—Running—40-11-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:	
Roadway	40-11-10
Tunnels and Subways	40-11-11
Bridges and Culverts	40-11-12
Ties	40-11-13
Rails and Other Track Material	40-11-14
Ballast	40-11-16
Signals and Interlockers	40-11-19
Highway Grade Crossings	40-11-22
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	40-11-48

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Way and Structures Switching—40-12-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:	
Roadway	40-12-10
Tunnels and Subways	40-12-11
Bridges and Culverts	40-12-12
Ties	40-12-13
Rails and Other Track Material	40-12-14
Ballast	40-12-16
Signals and Interlockers	40-12-19
Highway Grade Crossings	40-12-22
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	40-12-48

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Way and Structures—Other—40-13-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' structures other than roadway and track. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:	
Communication Systems	40-13-20
Power Systems	40-13-21
Station and Office Buildings ...	40-13-23
Shop Buildings Locomotives ..	40-13-24
Shop Buildings—Freight Cars	*40-13-25
Shop Buildings—Other Equipment	40-13-26
Locomotive Servicing Facilities	40-13-27
Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures	40-13-28
Coal Terminals	*40-13-29
Ore Terminals	*40-13-30
TOFC/COFC Terminals	*40-13-31
Other Marine Terminals	*40-13-32
Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities	*40-13-33
Facilities for Other Specialized Services Operations	*40-13-35
Roadway Machines	40-13-36
Snow Removal	40-13-38
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	40-13-48

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Equipment Locomotives—40-21-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' locomotives. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:	
Locomotives	40-21-41
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	40-21-48

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Equipment—Freight Cars—40-22-XX*

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' freight cars. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:	
Freight Cars	40-22-42
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	40-22-48

Repairs Billed to Others—Cr.—Equipment—Other Equipment—40-23-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' other equipment. Each account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

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Repair and Maintenance:

Trucks, Trailers, and Containers in Revenue Service ..	*40-23-43
Floating Equipment—Revenue Service ..	*40-23-44
Passenger and Other Revenue Equipment ..	40-23-45
Computer Systems and Word Processing Equipment ..	40-23-46
Road Property and Equipment Damaged ..	40-23-48
Shop Machinery—Locomotives	40-23-49
Shop Machinery—Freight Cars	*40-23-50
Shop Machinery—Other Equipment ..	40-23-51

Other Purchased Services—Control—41-00-00

This account group includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for purchased advertising; purchased printing; outside professional services such as legal, accounting, audit, engineering, and consulting; payments for detour of trains; utilities, telephone, postage, subscriptions, communications, purchased electric power for train and locomotive propulsion; and other services purchased. The components of this account group shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with Instruction 1-18:

Other Purchased Services—Way and Structures—Running—41-11-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway ..	41-11-10
Tunnels and Subways ..	41-11-11
Bridges and Culverts ..	41-11-12
Ties ..	41-11-13
Rails and Other Track Material ..	41-11-14
Ballast ..	41-11-16
Signals and Interlockers ..	41-11-19
Highway Grade Crossings ..	41-11-22
Dismantling Retired Property Road Property and Equipment Damaged ..	41-11-39
Other—Other ..	41-11-99

Other Purchased Services—Way and Structures—Switching—41-12-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway ..	41-12-10
Tunnels and Subways ..	41-12-11
Bridges and Culverts ..	41-12-12
Ties ..	41-12-13
Rails and Other Track Material ..	41-12-14
Ballast ..	41-12-16
Signals and Interlockers ..	41-12-19
Highway Grade Crossings ..	41-12-22
Dismantling Retired Property Road Property and Equipment Damaged ..	41-12-39
Other—Other ..	41-12-99

Other Purchased Services—Way and Structures—Other—41-13-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration:

Track ..	41-13-02
Bridges and Buildings ..	41-13-03
Signals ..	41-13-04
Communications ..	41-13-05
Other ..	41-13-06

Repair and Maintenance:

Communication Systems ..	41-13-20
Power Systems ..	41-13-21
Station and Office Buildings ..	41-13-23
Shop Buildings—Locomotives	41-13-24
Shop Buildings—Freight Cars	*41-13-25
Shop Buildings—Other Equipment ..	41-13-26
Locomotive Servicing Facilities ..	41-13-27
Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures ..	41-13-28
Coal Terminals ..	*41-13-29
Ore Terminals ..	*41-13-30
TOFC/COFC Terminals ..	*41-13-31
Other Marine Terminals ..	*41-13-32
Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities ..	*41-13-33
Facilities for Other Specialized Services Operations ..	*41-13-35
Roadway Machines ..	41-13-36
Snow Removal ..	41-13-38
Dismantling Retired Property Road Property and Equipment Damaged ..	41-13-39
Other—Other ..	41-13-99

Other Purchased Services—Equipment—Locomotives—41-21-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administrative—General ..	41-21-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property	41-21-39

Locomotives	41-21-41
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	41-21-48
Other—Other	41-21-99

Other Purchased Services—Equipment—Freight Cars—41-22-XX*

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administrative—General	41-22-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property	41-22-39
Freight Cars	41-22-42
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	41-22-48
Other—Other	41-22-99

Other Purchased Services—Equipment—Other Equipment—41-23-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administrative—General	41-23-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property	41-23-39
Trucks, Trailers, Containers	
in Revenue Service	41-23-43
Floating Equipment—Revenue	
Service	*41-23-44
Passenger and Other Revenue	
Equipment	41-23-45
Computer Systems and Word	
Processing Equipment	41-23-46
Work and Other Non-Revenue	
Equipment	41-23-47
Road Property and Equipment	
Damaged	41-23-48
Shop Machinery—Locomotives	41-23-49
Shop Machinery—Freight Cars	*41-23-50
Shop Machinery—Other	
Equipment	41-23-51
Other—Other	41-23-99

Other Purchased Services—Transportation—Train—41-31-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	41-31-01
Operations:	
Engine Crews	41-31-56
Train Crews	41-31-57
Dispatching Trains	41-31-58
Operating Switches, Signals,	
Interlockers, Retarders,	
Humps	41-31-59
Operating Drawbridges	41-31-60

Highway Crossing Protection	41-31-61
Train Inspection and Lubrica-	
tion	41-31-62
Clearing Wrecks	41-31-63
Locomotive Fuel	41-31-67
Electric Power Purchased/Pro-	
duced for Motive Power	41-31-68
Servicing Locomotives	41-31-69
Other—Other	41-31-99

Other Purchased Services—Transportation—Yard—41-32-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	41-32-01
Operations:	
Operating Switches, Signals,	
Interlockers, Retarders,	
Humps	41-32-59
Clearing Wrecks	41-32-63
Switch Crews	41-32-64
Controlling Operations	41-32-65
Yard and Terminal Clerical	41-32-66
Locomotive Fuel	41-32-67
Electric Power Purchased/Pro-	
duced for Motive Power	41-32-68
Servicing Locomotives	41-32-69
Other—Other	41-32-99

Other Purchased Services—Transportation—Train and Yard Common—41-33-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Operations:	
Cleaning Car Interiors	41-33-70
Adjusting, Transferring Loads	41-33-71
Car Loading Devices and	
Grain Doors	41-33-72

Other Purchased Services—Transportation—Specialized Services—41-34-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	41-34-73
Operations:	
Pick Up and Delivery, Marine	
Line Haul, and Rail Sub-	
stitute Service	41-34-73
Loading, Unloading, and Local	
Marine	41-34-74
Protective Services	41-34-75
Other—Other	41-34-99

Other Purchased Services—Transportation—Administrative Support—41-35-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	41-35-01
Operations:	
Clerks, Accounting Employees	41-35-76
Communication Systems Operations	41-35-77
Loss and Damage Claims Processing	41-35-78
Other—Other	41-35-99

Other Purchased Services—General and Administrative—41-61-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	41-61-01
General:	
Accounting, Auditing, Finance Management Services and Data and Word Processing ...	41-61-86
Marketing	41-61-87
Sales	41-61-88
Industrial Development	41-61-89
Personnel and Labor Relations	*41-61-90
Legal and Secretarial	41-61-91
Public Relations and Advertising	41-61-92
Research and Development	41-61-93
Other—Other	41-61-94
Other—Other	41-61-99

Claims and Insurance

Control—50-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the CLAIMS AND INSURANCE series: Loss and Damage Claims, Other Casualties, Insurance.

Loss and Damage Claims—Control—51-00-00

This account series includes amounts payable to compensate for the loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service. Loss and damage claims should not be allocated. When specific identification of loss and damage claims is possible, the related expenses shall be directly assigned to the Train, Yard, or Specialized service Subactivity. If a solely related determination cannot be made the loss and

damage claim shall be charged to the Train and Yard Subactivity. This account series excludes amounts payable to employees or other parties for injuries sustained or loss of life; for damage to real property of others or personal property not carried in revenue services; all payments for other damages of any kind; and related insurance premiums. These costs are appropriately charged to the following accounts:

Loss and Damage Claims—Transportation—Train	51-31-00
Loss and Damage Claims—Transportation—Yard	51-32-00
Loss and Damage Claims—Transportation—Train and Yard Common	51-33-00
Loss and Damage Claims—Transportation—Specialized Services	*51-34-00

Other Casualties—Control—52-00-00

This account includes amounts payable to employees or other parties for injuries sustained or loss of life in connection with the construction, maintenance, operations, and administration of railroad property and equipment; for damage to real property, property of others or personal property not carried in revenue service; all payments for other damages of any kind. This account excludes freight and other goods carried in a revenue service, and insurance premiums related to the casualties chargeable to this account.

NOTE: The costs of clearing wrecks and repairing casualty-caused damage to the railroad's property and equipment are properly classified under other natural expense accounts as appropriate and further classified by relevant activities and functions. These costs are appropriately charged to the following accounts:

Other Casualties—Way and Structures—Running	52-11-00
Other Casualties—Way and Structures—Switching	52-12-00
Other Casualties—Way and Structures—Other	52-13-00
Other Casualties—Equipment—Locomotives	52-21-00
Other Casualties—Equipment—Freight Cars	*52-22-00
Other Casualties—Equipment—Other Equipment	52-34-00
Other Casualties—Transportation—Train	52-31-00
Other Casualties—Transportation—Yard	52-32-00

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Other Casualties—Transportation—Specialized Services	*52-34-00
Other Casualties—Transportation—Administrative Support	52-35-00
Other Casualties—General and Administrative	52-61-00

Insurance—Control—53-00-00

This account series include premiums for insurance to cover property and equipment loss and damage, liability, business interruption, and the like. These costs are appropriately charged to the following accounts:

Insurance—Way and Structures—Running	53-11-00
Insurance—Way and Structures—Switching	53-12-00
Insurance—Way and Structures—Other	53-13-00
Insurance—Equipment—Locomotives	53-21-00
Insurance—Equipment—Freight Cars	*53-22-00
Insurance—Equipment—Other Equipment	53-23-00
Insurance—Transportation—Train	53-31-00
Insurance—Transportation—Yard	53-32-00
Insurance—Transportation—Specialized Services	*53-34-00
Insurance—Transportation—Administrative Support	53-35-00
Insurance—General and Administrative	53-61-00

General

Control—60-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the GENERAL series: Other Expenses, Depreciation, Uncollectible Accounts, Property Taxes, Other Taxes.

Other Expenses—Control—61-00-00

This account series includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property and equipment retirement losses, and other items of a general nature.

Other Expenses—Way and Structures—Running—61-11-XX

Each account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property retirement losses, and other items of a general nature

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associated with the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. Each account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair Maintenance:

Roadway	61-11-10
Tunnels and Subways	61-11-11
Bridges and Culverts	61-11-12
Ties	61-11-13
Rails and Other Track Material	61-11-14
Ballast	61-11-16
Signals and Interlockers	61-11-19
Highway Grade Crossings	61-11-22
Dismantling Retired Property Road Property and Equipment Damaged	61-11-48
Other—Other	61-11-99

Other Expenses—Way and Structures—Switching—61-12-XX

Each account includes amount charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property retirement losses, and other items of a general nature associated with the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. Each account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and Maintenance:

Roadway	61-12-10
Tunnels and Subways	61-12-11
Bridges and Culverts	61-12-12
Ties	61-12-13
Rails and Other Track Material	61-12-14
Ballast	61-12-16
Signals and Interlockers	61-12-19
Highway Grade Crossings	61-12-22
Dismantling Retired Property Road Property and Equipment Damaged	61-12-48
Other—Other	61-12-99

Other Expenses—Way and Structures—Other—61-13-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property retirement losses, and other items of a general nature associated with the carrier's structures other than roadway and track. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration:

Track	61-13-02
Bridges and Buildings	61-13-03
Signals	61-13-04
Communications	61-13-05

Other	61-13-06
Repair and Maintenance:	
Communication Systems	61-13-20
Power Systems	61-13-21
Station and Office Buildings ...	61-13-23
Shop Buildings—Locomotives	61-13-24
Shop Buildings—Freight Cars	*61-13-25
Shop Buildings—Other Equip- ment	61-13-26
Locomotive Servicing Facili- ties	61-13-27
Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures	61-13-28
Coal Terminals	*61-13-29
Ore Terminals	*61-13-30
TOFC/COFC Terminals	*61-13-31
Other Marine Terminals	*61-13-32
Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities	*61-13-33
Facilities for Other Special- ized Services Operations	*61-13-35
Roadway Machines	61-13-36
Snow Removal	61-13-38
Dismantling Retired Property Road Property and Equipment Damaged	61-13-39
Damaged	61-13-48
Other—Other	61-13-99

**Other Expenses—Equipment—Loco-
motives 61-21-XX**

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees and equipment retirement losses, associated with the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-21-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property Locomotives	61-21-39
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	61-21-48
Other—Other	61-21-99

**Other Expenses—Equipment—Freight
Cars—61-22-XX***

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, equipment retirement losses, associated with the repair and maintenance of freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-22-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property Freight Cars	61-22-39
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	61-22-42
Damaged	61-22-48
Other—Other	61-22-99

**Other Expenses—Equipment—Other
Equipment—61-23-XX**

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, equipment retirement losses, associated with the repair and maintenance of equipment other than locomotives and freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-23-01
Repair and Maintenance:	
Dismantling Retired Property Trucks, Trailers, Containers in Revenue Service	61-23-39
Floating Equipment—Revenue Service	*61-23-43
Passenger and Other Revenue Equipment	*61-23-44
Computer Systems and Word Processing Equipment	61-23-45
Work and Other Non-Revenue Equipment	61-23-46
Road Property and Equipment Damaged	61-23-47
Shop Machinery—Locomotives Shop Machinery—Freight Cars	61-23-48
Shop Machinery—Other Equipment	*61-23-50
Equipment	61-23-51
Other—Other	61-23-99

**Other Expenses—Transportation—
Train—61-31-XX**

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, associated with the dispatching and operations of freight-trains over the roadway and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-31-01
Operations:	
Engine Crews	61-31-56
Train Crews	61-31-57
Dispatching Trains	61-31-58
Operating Switches, Signals, Interlockers, Retarders, Humps	61-31-59
Operating Drawbridges	61-31-60
Highway Crossing Protection	61-31-61
Train Inspection and Lubrica- tion	61-31-62
Clearing Wrecks	61-31-63
Locomotive Fuel	61-31-67
Electric Power Purchased/Pro- duced for Motive Power	61-31-68
Servicing Locomotives	61-31-69
Other—Other	61-31-99

Other Expenses—Transportation—Yard—61-32-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature associated with the movement of freight cars within classification yards and in terminal switching and transfer service. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-32-01
Operations:	
Operating Switches, Signals, Interlockers, Retarders, Humps	61-32-59
Clearing Wrecks	61-32-63
Switch Crews	61-32-64
Controlling Operations	61-32-65
Yard and Terminal Clerical	61-32-66
Locomotive Fuel	61-32-67
Electric Power Purchased/Produced for Motive Power	61-32-68
Servicing Locomotives	61-32-69
Other—Other	61-32-99

Other Expenses—Transportation—Specialized Services—61-34-XX*

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature incurred in operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Board appear within the explanation of activities/ subactivities. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-34-01
Operations:	
Pick Up and Delivery, Marine Line Haul, and Rail Substitute Service	61-34-73
Loading, Unloading, and Local Marine	61-34-74
Protective Services	61-34-75
Other—Other	61-34-99

Other Expenses—Transportation—Administrative Support—61-35-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature incurred in association with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-35-01
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Operations:

Clerks, Accounting Employees	61-35-76
Communication Systems Operations	61-35-77
Loss and Damage Claims Processing	61-35-78
Other—Other	61-35-99

Other Expenses—General and Administrative—61-61-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature incurred in providing overall administration or other support for carrier operations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—General	61-61-01
General:	
Accounting, Auditing, Finance Management Services and Data Processing	61-61-86
Marketing	61-61-87
Sales	61-61-88
Industrial Development	61-61-89
Personnel Labor Relations	*61-61-90
Legal and Secretarial	61-61-91
Public Relations and Advertising	61-61-92
Research and Development	61-61-93
Other—Other	61-61-94
	61-61-99

Depreciation—Control—62-00-00

This account group includes the amounts charged to operating expenses for depreciation of owned road property and equipment, and the depreciation element of road property held under capital lease in accordance with FASB Statement No. 13. These costs are appropriately charged to the following accounts:

Depreciation—Way and Structures—Running	62-11-00
Depreciation—Way and Structures—Switching	62-12-00
Depreciation—Way and Structures—Other	62-13-00
Depreciation—Equipment—Locomotives	62-21-00
Depreciation—Equipment—Freight Cars	*62-22-00
Depreciation—Equipment—Other Equipment	62-23-00

Uncollectible Accounts—Control—63-00-00

This account includes charges to operating expenses for the writedown of accounts and notes due to the railroad, whether classified as current or long-

term. This account includes any credits to allowance accounts for collectibility and total writeoff of receivables. This account does not include writedowns of property, equipment, or investments (except accounts, notes, or other receivables held as investments). Proper adjustments of incorrect receivables are not to be charged to this account. Collections of amounts previously written off or down are to be credited to this account. The total of this account shall be charged to the following account:

Uncollectible Accounts—General and Administrative 63-61-00

Property Taxes—Control—64-00-00

This account includes only taxes based on the value of real estate and personal property used in railroad operations. The total of this account shall be charged to the following account:

Property Taxes—General and Administrative 64-61-00

Other Taxes—Control—65-00-00

This account includes taxes on gross receipts, franchise fees, excise taxes, and similar items. This account excludes property taxes and taxes chargeable as employee benefits. The total of this account shall be charged to the following account:

Other Taxes—General and Administrative 65-61-00

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS

Section 2—Activity/Subactivity Explanations

Way and Structures Activity—(XX-10-XX)

(A) *Way and Structures* activity refers to repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring right-of-way and trackage, structures, buildings, and facilities. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications such as salaries and wages, fringe benefits, material and supplies, lease rentals, purchased services, casualties, depreciation and retirements, where such objects are in the performance or support of the above functions. Specifically included are all natural expense objects in the performance of the above

described functions on property of the type included in property accounts 2 through 45, excluding 44, whether such property is owned or leased. It includes the costs of operating work trains in support of this activity.

This activity excludes all expenses related to transportation and other equipment described in property accounts 44, 46 and 52 through 58, all of which should be charged to the Equipment activity. It also excludes expenses in performance or support of Transportation, General and Administrative activities, property used for noncarrier operations, non-operating property, and interest or other fixed charges.

Running Subactivity—(XX-11-XX)

(1) *Running* subactivity of the Way and Structures activity refers to the functions of repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring right-of-way, trackage, signals and interlockers, and highway grade crossings for running tracks, passing tracks, crossovers, etc., including turnouts from those tracks, passing clearance points. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications under the Way and Structures activity that are applicable to right-of-way and trackage as defined above. This subactivity specifically excludes expenses incurred in operating signals and interlockers and highway grade crossings, which are properly charged to the Transportation activity.

Switching Subactivity—(XX-12-XX)

(2) *Switching* subactivity of the Way and Structures activity refers to the function of repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring right-of-way, trackage, signals and interlockers, and highway grade crossings for yards where separate switching services are maintained, including classification, house, team, industry, and other tracks switched by yard locomotives, and for station, team, industry, and other switching tracks for which no separate switching service is maintained. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications under the Way and Structures activity that are applicable to right-of-way and trackage as defined above.

This subactivity specifically excludes expenses incurred in operating signals and interlockers, and highway grade crossings, which are properly charged to the Transportation activity.

Other Subactivity—(XX-13-XX)

(3) *Other* subactivity of the Way and Structures activity refers to the function of repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring other roadway property structures, buildings, and facilities not provided for in the Running and Switching subactivities. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications under the Way and Structures activity that are applicable to the structures, buildings, and facilities as defined above. The specifically excludes expenses incurred in operating such structures, buildings, and facilities, which are properly charged to the Equipment, Transportation, and General and Administrative activities.

Equipment Activity—(XX-20-XX)

(B) *Equipment* activity refers to repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring transportation and other operating equipment. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications such as salaries and wages, fringe benefits, material and supplies, lease rentals, purchased services, casualties, depreciation, and retirements. Specifically included are all natural expense objects in the performance of the above functions on property of the type included in property accounts 44, 46 and 52 through 58, whether such property is owned or leased. The costs of operating work trains in support of the Equipment activity are to be included herein.

This activity excludes all expenses related to road property as described in property accounts 2 through 45, excluding account 44, all of which should be charged to the Way and Structures activity. It also excludes expenses in performance of, or support for Transportation, General and Administrative activities, property used for noncarrier operations, nonoperating property, and interest or other fixed charges.

Locomotives Subactivity—(XX-21-XX)

(1) *Locomotives* subactivity of the Equipment activity refers to repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring locomotives. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications under the Equipment activity that are applicable to locomotives. This subactivity specifically excludes expenses incurred in operating locomotives, such as locomotive fuel and lubricants, train crew wages, operating supplies, servicing (as opposed to maintaining or repairing), and cleaning which are includable in the Transportation activity, except when locomotive use is clearly in support of other activities or subactivities. When locomotives are operated in support of repairing or maintaining locomotives, the operating costs shall be charged to this subactivity.

Freight Train Cars Subactivity—(XX-22-XX)

(2) *Freight Train Cars* subactivity of the Equipment activity refers to repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring freight train cars. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications under the Equipment activity that are applicable to freight train cars. This subactivity pertains to all freight train cars described in property account 53, whether owned or leased, including freight cars used for hauling freight in company service and cabooses. It does not pertain to work equipment. This subactivity specifically excludes expenses incurred in running trains or operating freight cars, such as for locomotive fuel and lubricants, train crew wages, inspecting trains, operating supplies, servicing (as opposed to maintaining or repairing), and cleaning, which are includable in the Transportation activity, except where such costs are clearly in support of repairing or maintaining freight cars, other activities or subactivities. When locomotives or trains are operated in support of repairing or maintaining freight cars, the operating costs shall be charged to this subactivity.

Other Equipment Subactivity—(XX-23-XX)

(3) *Other Equipment* subactivity of the Equipment activity refers to repairing, maintaining, leasing, renting, depreciating, and retiring other equipment. It includes all natural expense object subclassifications under the Equipment activity which are applicable to other equipment. The subactivity pertains to all equipment described in property accounts 44, 46 and 54 through 58, whether such property is owned or leased. This subactivity specifically excludes expenses incurred in operating other equipment, such as for fuel and lubricants, crew wages, inspecting equipment, operating supplies, servicing (as opposed to maintaining or repairing), and cleaning, which are includible in the Transportation activity, except where such costs are clearly in support of other activities or subactivities. When locomotives, trains, or other equipment are operating in support of repairing or maintaining other equipment, the operating costs shall be charged to this subactivity.

Transportation Activity—(XX-30-XX)

(C) *Transportation* activity refers to operating, servicing, inspecting, weighing, assembling, and switching trains; operating highway revenue services; operating facilities in connection with carrier transportation operations including coal and ore terminals, intermodal terminals, terminal grain elevators, and others; operating carfloat and carferry services and related facilities; operating communications systems which primarily support train operations; and joint facility transportation operations. It includes various administrative functions directly supporting transportation operations including those described in the Administrative Support Operations subactivity. Work train costs in support of the Way and Structures or the Equipment activities should be charged to those activities. However, shipments of company materials, handled in predominantly revenue freight trains, are appropriately included in this activity. This activity includes all natural expense object subclassifications such as salaries and wages, fringe benefits, ma-

terial and supplies, purchased services, lost or damaged freight, and casualties.

Train Operations Subactivity—(XX-31-XX)

This activity excludes all expenses assignable to the Way and Structures, Equipment, and General and Administrative activities, as well as those expenses for noncarrier operations and nonoperating functions.

(1) *Train Operations* subactivity of the Transportation activity refers to operations of all trains except those performing yard functions in terminals. It includes running trains in road or way service; switching trains except where such switching is performed within yards or terminals; and making customer pick-ups and deliveries except in yards and terminals.

It also provides for dispatching, controlling, reporting, and monitoring road train movements; inspecting and lubricating trains; servicing, fueling, and cleaning (not repairing or maintaining) locomotives; purchasing or producing electric power for motive power; and operating supporting activities such as communications, signaling, crossing protection, and interlockings.

This subactivity also includes crew calling and transporting; crew lodging, meals, and other expenses; lost or damaged freight; casualties and insurance; clearing wrecks; and operating joint tracks and facilities except for yards or specialized services. It also includes salaries and wages, fringe benefits, material and supplies, fuel and lubricants, purchased services, casualty and damages, and other natural expense elements incurred in operating trains.

The Train Operations subactivity excludes the operation of specialized services, all of which should be charged to the Specialized Services Operations subactivity. However, road or way switching between trains and specialized service facilities outside of terminal areas belongs to the Train Operations subactivity.

Work and other nonrevenue train operating costs are to be charged to the appropriate supported activity. Shipments of company materials normally should be charged to this subactivity,

except where the train movement is exclusively or predominantly for such nonrevenue purpose where the supported activity should bear the train operating costs.

Yard Operations Subactivity—(XX-32-XX)

(2) *Yard Operations* subactivity of the Transportation activity refers to classifying cars to make-up or break-down trains; sorting and handling way-bills in connection with freight car classification and switching in yards or terminals; inspecting, servicing, fueling, and cleaning (not repairing or maintaining) locomotives and cabooses used to provide yard or terminal services; purchasing or producing electric power for motive power; diverting or holding cars; and reporting operating and car movement data related to yards and terminals. It also includes operating supporting activities in yards or terminals, such as communications, signaling, and interlockings; yard crew calling and transporting; yard crew lodging, meals, and other expenses; lost or damaged freight specifically traceable to occurrences resulting from the performance of yard operations; casualties and insurance related to yard operations; clearing wrecks which occurred in the performance of yard operations; and operating joint yards and terminals.

Within terminals, this subactivity includes pick-up or delivery of freight cars from or to customer spur tracks, team tracks, freight houses, interchange tracks, rip tracks, and specialized service facilities. It also includes salaries and wages, fringe benefits, material and supplies, fuel and lubricants, purchased services, casualty and damages, and other natural expense elements incurred in operating yards and terminals.

The Yard Operations subactivity includes the cost of switching operations within facilities for Specialized Services and switching or transfer operations between yards and the specialized service facilities. The latter is not limited or affected by definitions or restrictions contained in carrier operating rules or labor agreements. It is related solely to the defined operations

when they are performed in a yard or terminal area.

Train and Yard Common Subactivity—(XX-33-XX)

(3) *Train and Yard Common* subactivity of the Transportation activity refers to the function of adjusting and transferring loads; and placing and removing car loading devices and grain doors. It also includes lost or damaged freight not specifically traceable to numerous activities resulting from performance of train, yard, or specialized services operations. It also includes salaries and wages, fringe benefits, material and supplies, purchased services, and other natural expense elements incurred in performing the functions defined above. It excludes the natural expense elements of casualties and insurance, which shall be charged to the Train Operations and Yard Operations subactivities.

Specialized Services Operations Subactivity—(XX-34-XX)

(4) *Specialized Services Operations* subactivity of the Transportation activity refers to operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics, including all of those so designated by the Board. The purpose of segregating the cost of such services is primarily to preclude distortion of general costs applicable to the Train Operations and Yard Operations subactivities. Secondly, further break-out of the costs of operating individual specialized services can be provided in less detail than the full range of natural expense accounts, in reports used for recurring cost analysis purposes pertaining to each type of specialized service.

The designated specialized services operations are as follows:

(a) *TOFC/COFC Operations* refers to the function of operating rail-to-ground or water and ground or water-to-rail transfer facilities for handling trailers or containers, including related storage; and the highway movement of trailers or containers within a terminal area for purposes of pick-up, delivery, or interchange.

The service includes loading, tie-down, and/or unloading flat cars or dollies and piggyback trailers to or from

highway tractors; moving trailers, dollies, or containers within the facility; servicing, cleaning, and fueling (but not repairing or maintaining) facility equipment; operating storage areas; and casualties, claims, and insurance relating to the facility.

TOFC/COFC Operations do not include Plan V or other arrangements, where there is a division of revenues between the rail and motor carrier. They do not include switching services performed within the facility by yard or road crews. They also do not include the functions of the Way and Structures, Equipment, and General and Administrative activities, or the Train, Yard, Train and Yard Common, or Administrative Support Operations subactivities.

(b) *Floating Operations* refers to operations of water vessels and equipment in revenue service. They include the operation of carferries, tugs, barges, lighterage, and all other forms of water craft.

Floating operations exclude operations includable in the Administrative Support Operations subactivity, and the switching transfer of cars between general yards or trains and the facility or a dedicated yard serving the facility, or switching within the dedicated supporting terminal facility when performed by yard crews. They also do not include costs appropriate to the Way and Structures, Equipment, or General and Administrative activities.

Floating operations should be classified by line and terminal operations. The distribution should be made based on the nature of the operation and not the facility or equipment. When the service occurs between distinct terminals, the operation should be considered a line operation. When the service is conducted within a general terminal or harbor area, the operation should be considered a terminal operation.

(c) *Coal Terminal Operations and Ore Terminal Operations* refers to operations of rail-to-water or water-to-rail transloading facilities for coal or for ores, including related storage, blending, and other processing or handling at the facility. These operations include loading and/or unloading rail cars or water vessels at the facility; moving commodities within the facility by

whatever means; operating the facility's pollution control equipment; operating and directing the operations of moorings and tugboats; servicing, cleaning, and fueling (but not repairing or maintaining) facility equipment; operating storage areas; and casualties, claims, and insurance relating to the facility.

These terminal operations do not include costs appropriate to the Way and Structures, Equipment, or General and Administrative activities. They also do not include costs appropriate to the Train Operations, Yard Operations, Train and Yard Operations Common, or Administrative Support Services Operations subactivities. Switching transfer of cars between general yards or trains and the facility or a dedicated yard serving the facility and switching within the dedicated supporting terminal facility when performed by yard crews should be charged to the Yard Operations subactivity.

(d) *Other Marine Terminal Operations* refers to the operations of marine terminals other than those for which a separate designated specialized service operation category is provided.

(e) *Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facility Operations* refers to the operations of facilities for loading, unloading, or storing motor vehicles.

(f) *Protective Service Operations* refers to the function of servicing, cleaning, and fueling (but not repairing or maintaining) mechanical protective service equipment.

(g) *Other Specialized Services Operations* refers to the function of performing rail substitute service, other highway revenue service, LCL terminal operations, warehouse operations, freight car transloading, grain elevator terminal operations, livestock feeding operations, and other specialized services designated by the Board. It includes the transportation operating expenses of only those services listed above.

Administrative Support Operations Subactivity—(XX-35-XX)

(5) *Administrative Support Operations* subactivity refers to operations providing direct administrative support to the overall Transportation activity. It includes administrative support for the

Common, and the Specialized Services Operations subactivities. The administrative support operations includes receiving and processing customer orders, requesting cars, preparing waybills, rating shipments, billing customers, collecting customer receivables in the ordinary course of business (not to include treasury, legal, general accounting, revenue accounting, or credit operations, all of which are chargeable to the General and Administrative activity), billing and recording demurrage, reporting interchanges, reporting advances, and the initial reporting and summarization of input documents for purposes of cash collection and accounting. Any operations beyond the initial summarization and reporting of input data are assignable to the General and Administrative activity except for those otherwise included in the definition of this subactivity.

Carrier staff, administrative, or clerical operations related to operating or transportation department general administration should not be charged to this subactivity. The Administrative Support Operations subactivity may be performed at local stations, regional offices, or even at the general offices; however, the location of the operation performance does not affect its nature. The operations included in this subactivity should reasonably correlate to the quantity of shipments or to the quantity of carloadings.

**General and Administrative Activity—
(XX-60-XX)**

(D) *General and Administrative* activity refers to the providing of overall administration or other general support for carrier operations. It comprehends only that portion of general and administrative activities that relates to carrier operations (as distinguished from noncarrier operations or nonoperating activities) including executive, legal, financial, treasury, accounting, budgeting, taxation, corporate planning, costing, marketing, advertising, traffic, corporate secretary, public relations, real estate, insurance administration, personnel administration, pension plan administration, general purchasing, labor rela-

tions, internal auditing, industrial engineering, and regulatory reporting.

This activity excludes expenses incurred for noncarrier operations of the carrier company as well as for general administration of the corporate entity and nonoperating income or expenses. It also excludes expenses in performance of or direct support for Way and Structures, Equipment, and Transportation activities, with particular attention to the Administrative Support Operations subactivity.

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS

Section 3—Function Explanations

NOTE: Functions do not necessarily correlate to organizational structure. A particular department may not have a specific USOA expense function code. However, its costs may be includable under various function codes. Costs not properly chargeable to specific functions should be assigned to Function Code 99, Other.

(a) Functions Related to the Way and Structures Activity

(1) Administration Functions.

(02) Administration, Track—General administration and supervision of central, regional, and divisional engineering functions related to repair and maintenance of track. Used only in Way and Structures—Other. Included are:

- General engineering and design.
- Valuation engineering for maintenance and improvements.
- Planning and supervision of repair and maintenance work.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

(03) Administration, Bridges and Buildings—General administration and supervision of central, regional and divisional engineering functions related to repair and maintenance of bridges and buildings. Used only in Way and Structures—Other. Included are:

- General engineering and design.
- Valuation engineering for maintenance and improvements.
- Planning and supervision of repair and maintenance work.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

(04) Administration, Signals—General administration and supervision of

central, regional, and divisional engineering functions related to repair and maintenance of signals. Used only in Way and Structures—Other. Included are:

- General engineering and design.
- Valuation engineering for maintenance and improvements.
- Planning and supervision of repair and maintenance work.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

(05) Administration, Communications—General administration and supervision of central, regional, and divisional engineering functions related to repair and maintenance of communication facilities. Used only in Way and Structures—Other. Included are:

- General engineering and design.
- Valuation engineering for maintenance and improvements.
- Planning and supervision of repair and maintenance work.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

(06) Administration, Other—General administration and supervision of central, regional, and divisional engineering functions related to repair and maintenance of other roadway property. Used only in Way and Structures—Other. Included are:

- General engineering and design.
- Valuation engineering for maintenance and improvements.
- Planning and supervision of repair and maintenance work.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

(2) Repair and Maintenance Functions—These functions include:

- Repair and maintenance work on road property and equipment, including gang foreman, shop foreman, and other supervisors with direct authority over workers; all higher levels of supervision are included in the Administration function.
- Work train service. Crew wages are to be charged directly; other work train expenses except fuel may be apportioned if not solely identifiable to work train service.
- Store expense and shop expense.

(10) Repair and Maintenance, Roadway—Roadway, cuts, fills, banks, embankments, subgrade, roadbed, ditches, drains, landscaping; cutting and removing grass, brush, debris; dressing ballast; preventing and extinguishing

fires; patrolling and inspection; roadway relocation.

(11) Repair and Maintenance, Tunnels and Subways—Repaving, ventilating, lighting, other maintenance.

(12) Repair and Maintenance, Bridges and Culverts—Bridges, trestles, culverts and elevated structures which carry tracks; repairing, filling, dredging, cleaning, watching these structures.

(13) Repair and Maintenance, Ties—Cross, switch, bridge, and other track ties. This function includes expenses associated with unloading, distributing and placing ties in tracks.

(14) Repair and Maintenance, Rails and Other Track Material—All track material used in repair of tracks except ballast and ties. This function includes expenses associated with unloading and installing Rail and Other Track Material.

(16) Repair and Maintenance, Ballast—Gravel, stone, slag, cinders, sand, and like material.

(19) Repair and Maintenance, Signals and Interlockers—Signals and interlockers and related apparatus governing train movement.

(20) Repair and Maintenance, Communications Systems—Telephone, telegraph, radio, radar, inductive train communication, and other communication systems, including terminal equipment.

(21) Repair and Maintenance, Power Systems—Power plants, substations, transmission and distribution systems.

(22) Repair and Maintenance, Highway Grade Crossings—Highway grade crossing signals, gates, and related apparatus.

(23) Repair and Maintenance, Station and Office Buildings—Station and office buildings, fixtures, appurtenances, and grounds.

(24) Repair and Maintenance, Shop Buildings—Locomotives—Shops and buildings, fixtures, appurtenances, and grounds, used for the repair, maintenance and servicing of locomotives.

(25) Repair and Maintenance, Shop Buildings—Freight Cars—Shops and buildings, fixtures, appurtenances, and grounds, used for the repair, maintenance, and servicing of freight cars.

(26) Repair and Maintenance, Shop Buildings—Other—Shops and buildings,

fixtures, appurtenances, and grounds, used for the repair, maintenance, and servicing of revenue service equipment other than locomotives and freight cars; roadway machines; work equipment and the like.

(27) Repair and Maintenance, Locomotive Servicing Facilities—Fuel and water stations, fixtures, appurtenances, and grounds.

(28) Repair and Maintenance, Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures. All permanent buildings and structures, and their fixtures, appurtenances, and grounds, not otherwise provided for. (Includes storehouses.)

(29) Repair and Maintenance, Coal Terminals—Wharves, docks, and other loading or unloading facilities for handling coal, including conveyors, machinery and fixtures.

(30) Repair and Maintenance, Ore Terminal—Wharves, docks, and other loading or unloading facilities for handling ores and other bulk mineral commodities, including conveyors, machinery and fixtures.

(31) Repair and Maintenance, TOFC/COFC—Terminals—TOFC/COFC terminal structures, fixtures, machinery and appurtenances, used for transfer of trailers and containers.

(32) Repair and Maintenance, Other Marine Terminals—Marine terminal structures, fixtures, machinery and appurtenances not otherwise provided for.

(33) Repair and Maintenance, Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities—Buildings, structures, fixtures, machinery and appurtenances used for receipt, loading, unloading, and distribution of motor vehicles.

(35) Repair and Maintenance Facilities for Other Specialized Services Operations—Buildings, structures, machinery, fixtures and grounds, used as part or whole of a revenue-producing specialized service.

(36) Repair and Maintenance, Roadway Machines—Machines and equipment used for repairs of roadway and structures.

(37) Small tools and Supplies—Cost of small tools and supplies used in repair and maintenances.

(38) Snow Removal—Removal of snow and ice; plow and flange service; setting up, taking down and storing

fences. If the amount of labor expense is not substantial, the wages of those employees who perform snow removal duties may be included in the appropriate expense accounts for the duties they are normally assigned.

(39) Dismantling Retired Property—Dismantling retired road property when the property is not to be replaced through normal maintenance, addition or betterment.

(48) Road Property Damaged—Repair of roadway property and structures, used in revenue service, and all equipment not used in revenue service, when damage is caused by derailments, collision, fire, explosions, sabotage, other casualties, and excluding damage resulting through normal operations or use; such as part failures, overloads, overheating, short circuits and similar events. Part failures through normal operations are those where the resulting damage is restricted to the unit of road property which experienced the failure. When the damage extends to other units of road property, related expenses shall be charged to this function.

(3) Other Function.

(99) Other—All expenses not properly includable in the above functions.

(b) Functions Related to the Equipment Activity

(1) Administrative Functions.

(01) Administration, General—General administration and supervision of central, regional, and divisional repair and maintenance functions. Included are:

- General engineering and design.
- Valuation engineering for maintenance and improvements.
- Planning and supervision of repair and maintenance of equipment.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

(2) Repair and Maintenance Functions—These functions include:

- Repair and maintenance work on equipment including gang foreman, shop foreman, and other supervisors with direct authority over workers; all higher levels of supervision are included in the Administrative function.
- Store expense and shop expense.

(39) Dismantling Retired Property—Dismantling retired equipment when the property is not to be replaced

through normal maintenance, addition or betterment.

(40) [Reserved]

(41) Repair and Maintenance, Locomotives—Repair of locomotives in revenue service.

(42) Repair and Maintenance, Freight Cars—Repair of freight cars and attached motor equipment in revenue service.

(43) Repair and Maintenance, Trucks, Trailers, Containers in Revenue Service—Repair, inspection, and lubrication of trucks, trailers and containers in revenue service.

(44) Repair and Maintenance, Floating Equipment in Revenue Service—Floating equipment including appurtenances.

(45) Repair and Maintenance, Passenger and Other Revenue Equipment—Repair, inspection and lubrication of passenger train cars and attached motor equipment, and other equipment used in revenue service.

(46) Repair and Maintenance, Computer Systems and Word Processing Systems—Computers and attached peripheral equipment; data recording and punch-card processing equipment; word processing equipment.

(47) Repair and Maintenance, Work and Other Non-Revenue Equipment—Rail and floating work equipment and appurtenances, and all other equipment not used in revenue service and not provided for elsewhere.

(48) Equipment Damaged—Repair of locomotives, freight cars, other equipment used in revenue service, and all equipment not used in revenue service, when damage is caused by derailment, collision, fire, explosions, sabotage, washouts, or other casualties, and excluding damage resulting through normal operations or use, such as part failures, overloads, overheating, short circuits and the like. Part failures through normal operations are those where the resulting damage is restricted to the equipment that experienced the failure. When the damage extends to other units of equipment, related repairs shall be charged to this function.

(49) Repair and Maintenance, Shop Machinery—Locomotives—Repair of shop machinery and other apparatus, including special foundations used for

the repair, maintenance and servicing of locomotives.

(50) Repair and Maintenance, Shop Machinery—Freight Cars—Repair of shop machinery and other apparatus, including special foundations for the repair, maintenance and servicing of freight cars.

(51) Repair and Maintenance, Shop Machinery—Other Equipment—Repair of shop machinery and other apparatus, including special foundations for the repair, maintenance and servicing of other equipment.

(3) Other Function.

(99) Other—All equipment expenses not properly includable in the above functions.

(c) Functions Related to the Transportation Activity

(1) Administrative Function.

(01) Administration, General—General administration and supervision of central, regional, and divisional operational functions. Included are:

- Planning and supervision of train, yard, common, specialized services and support operations.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions.

[Not applicable to the Train and Yard Common Subactivity.]

(2) Operations Functions.

(56) Engine Crews—Operation of trains in line-haul revenue service by enginemen, including crew meals, lodging, deadheading and other expenses.

(57) Train Crews—Operation of trains in line-haul revenue service by trainmen, including crew meals, lodging, deadheading, and other expenses.

(58) Dispatching Trains—Costs include dispatchers, supporting staff, train order stations and operators, office and supplies expense.

(59) Operating Switches, Signals, Interlockers, Retarders, Humps—Operators, switch tenders, supplies, etc.

(60) Operating Drawbridges—Engineers, tenders, watchmen, supplies, etc.

(61) Highway Crossing Protection—Gatekeepers, flagmen, lighting, supplies, etc.

(62) Train Inspection and Lubrication—Inspection and lubrication of trains (cars and locomotives), including minor repairs made by inspectors. This includes the inspection of train locomotives when indistinguishable from

the inspection and lubrication of train cars.

(63) Clearing Wrecks—Removal of equipment, freight or other goods, and property of others damaged in wrecks; note that repair of wreck damage caused to roadway property and equipment is classified as function Code 48—Road Property and Equipment Damaged.

(64) Switch Crews—Operation of trains and locomotives in yard and terminal revenue switching service by enginemen and trainmen, including associated expenses.

(65) Controlling Operations—Directing the operations of yard and terminal interchange and classification service, including office and supplies expense.

(66) Yard and Terminal Clerical—Clerical work in support of the operation of yard and terminal switching and classification service, including office and supplies expense.

(67) Locomotive Fuel—Cost of locomotive fuel used in all service, including the receipt, storage, and dispensing of the fuel.

(68) Electric Power Purchased/Produced for Motive Power—Purchase cost and cost of producing electric power for use by electrically-powered motive equipment in all service.

(69) Servicing Locomotives—Preparing locomotives for switching service in yards and for train service, including moving locomotives around engine yards. This includes the inspection and lubrication of yard locomotives and may include the inspection and lubrication of train locomotives where distinguishable from the inspection and lubrication of train cars.

(70) Cleaning Car Interiors—Cleaning and preparing car interiors for revenue service, including minor repairs made by car cleaners. This includes payment for cleaning cars due to spoilage of perishable shipments.

(71) Adjusting and Transferring Loads—Transferring, picking up, straightening, and reloading freight in the ordinary course of transportation.

(72) Car Loading Devices and Grain Doors—Servicing car loading devices and placing and removing grain doors.

(73) Pickup & Delivery, Marine Line Haul & Rail Substitute Service— Oper-

ation of trucks, floating equipment, and all other specialized equipment providing line haul movement for revenue including TOFC/COFC pick-up and delivery.

(74) Loading & Unloading and Local Marine—All other specialized services in the transportation activity such as TOFC/COFC loading, unloading, and tie down; coal and ore loading and unloading; and other similar functions.

(75) Protective Services—Inspecting, servicing, cleaning, and fueling protective equipment and devices.

(76) Clerical and Accounting Employees—Direct administrative support to the Transportation Activity, including receiving and processing customer orders, requesting cars, preparing waybills, rating shipments, billing customers, collecting customer receivables in the ordinary course of business, billing and recording demurrage, reporting interchanges, reporting advances, and the initial summarization and reporting of input data.

(77) Communications Systems Operation—Cost of operating communications systems; when such operations are an integral part of other functions, only specifically identifiable costs of operating communications systems are to be allocated to this function.

(78) Loss and Damage Claims Processing—Receipt, investigation, other handling, and adjustment and settlement of claims for loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service. Does not include handling claims for personal injury or for loss or damage of other property.

(3) Other Function.

(99) Other—All transportation expenses not properly includable in the above functions.

(d) Functions Related to the General and Administration Activity

(1) Administrative Function.

(01) Administration, General—General administration and supervision of central, regional, and divisional general functions. Included are:

- Planning and supervision of general and administrative functions.
- Budget preparation, clerical support, and similar functions. It includes the overall responsibility for two or more of the General and Administrative functions listed below or the responsibility that expands to more than one activity.

(2) General Functions.

(86) Accounting, Auditing, Finance—General and corporate accounting, auditing by internal auditors and outside accountants, treasury, tax accounting and returns, financial reporting, corporate planning related to investment decisions and budgeting.

(87) Management Services and Data and Word Processing—Systems planning and design, programming, computer operations, data control, key entry of data, and related activities; This includes operating expenses associated with a particular computer system or word processing equipment that is dedicated to more than one activity. This does not include expenses associated with computer systems or word processing equipment dedicated exclusively to the Way and Structure, Equipment or Transportation Activity; these expenses shall be charged to the appropriate subactivity/function.

(88) Marketing—Market planning and analysis, traffic analysis, costing, pricing, and related activities.

(89) Sales—Traffic solicitation and related sales efforts.

(90) Industrial Development—Efforts to locate industries on real estate accessible to the railroad's lines for the purpose of creating future revenues.

(91) Personnel and Labor Relations—Efforts to attract and retain employees, handle fringe benefit plans, monitor and negotiate labor contracts, maintain employee data and records, coordinate training programs, handle grievances, handle employee transfers, operate job safety and equal opportunity programs, and related activities.

(92) Legal and Secretarial—Legal functions handled by attorneys and supporting staff; including lawsuits, injury and damage claims, commerce matters, and similar functions; corporate secretarial functions involving shareholder records, corporate minutes, stock certificates, and similar items.

(93) Public Relations and Advertising—Public relations activities with governmental bodies, shippers, and the general public; advertising in the media, booklets, publications; open houses and tours; and similar activities.

(94) Research and Development—Research into the use of methods, procedures, practices, equipment, machinery tools, and plant, and in determining and measuring the impact of factors or costs not previously known, with the intention of finding ways to improve maintenance, operations, administration, rates, productivity, environmental impact, and similar items. Does not include specific studies or development efforts for which an implementation decision has already been made.

(3) Other Function.

(99) Other—All general and administration expenses not properly includable in the above functions.

INCOME ACCOUNTS

Ordinary Items

501 Railway operating revenues.

This account is a summarization of Railway Operating Revenue Accounts 101 to 122. It excludes transfers from governmental authorities except when the transfer payment is for specific services for transporting property or persons by rail line other than commuter operations and local rail service subsidies granted under authority of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 [See Instruction 1-15(e)(2)].

[52 FR 4346, Feb. 11, 1987]

502 Railway operating revenues—transfers from government authorities for current operations.

This account shall include amounts received or receivable from Federal, state, or municipal authorities which are specifically designated to offset operating expenses, or which may be applied at the discretion of the railroad to operating expenses and/or railroad property.

This account shall also include amounts received from government authorities to offset operating costs sustained on specific lines or in certain regions. Examples are: (1) Local Rail Service Assistance Subsidies granted to the carrier under authority of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, and (2) payments by regional transit authorities

in connection with specified operations performed by the carrier.

This account shall also include indirect receipts which reduce operating expenses, such as assumption of station maintenance costs, abatement of taxes, or other indirect contributions by government agencies, if clearly identifiable and measurable.

NOTE: This account shall not include receipts from government authorities designated for the acquisition, addition to, or improvement of railway operating property. (See instruction 1-15.)

(49 U.S.C. 304, 320)

[43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978]

503 Railway operating revenues—amortization of deferred transfers from government authorities.

This account shall include the amortization applicable to amounts representing the cost of acquisition, addition to, or improvement of depreciable operating property received from Federal, state, or municipal authorities. (See instruction 1-15, and account 783, "Deferred Revenues—Transfers from Government Authorities.")

(49 U.S.C. 304, 320)

[43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978]

506 Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations.

This account shall include the total revenues derived from property used in other than carrier operations, the cost of which is includible in balance-sheet account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations."

510 Miscellaneous rent income.

(a) This account shall include such rents of property owned and controlled by the accounting carrier as are not provided for in the foregoing accounts.

(b) This account shall be charged with the cost of maintenance of the property rented, also specific incidental expenses in connection with such property, such as the cost of negotiating contracts, advertising for tenants, fees paid conveyancers, collectors' commissions, and analogous items.

NOTE A: Taxes on property the rent of which is creditable to this account shall be charged to account 64-61-00, Property Taxes.

NOTE B: The rent from property carried in account 737, Property used in other than carrier operations, shall not be included in this account. Such rents shall be included in account 506, Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations.

NOTE C: Rent and other income from real estate acquired for new lines or for additions and betterments shall be credited to the appropriate road and equipment accounts until the completion or coming into service of the property.

NOTE D: Rent and other income from real estate acquired for new lines or for additions and betterments shall be credited to the appropriate road and equipment accounts until the completion or coming into service of the property.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4346, Feb. 11, 1987]

512 Separately operated properties; profit.

(a) This account shall include amounts earned under the terms of agreements or contracts whereby the net income resulting from the operation by others or properties of other companies having a separate corporate existence is to be paid, in whole or in part, to the accounting company.

(b) In determining the amount earned by the accounting company, consideration shall be given not only to the operating revenues and operating expenses but also to other items of income or deduction which affect that amount.

NOTE A: The amount payable by the operating company shall be charged by it to account 550, Income Transferred under Contracts and Agreements.

NOTE B: Dividends or other returns upon securities issued by separately operated companies, and held or controlled by the accounting company, shall be included in accounts 513, "Dividend income," 514, "Interest income," or 516, "Income from sinking and other funds," as may be appropriate.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

513 Dividend income.

(a) This account shall include dividends declared on railway and other stocks, the income from which is the property of the accounting company, whether such stocks are owned by the accounting company and held in its treasury or deposited in trust, or are controlled through lease or otherwise.

(b) Dividends declared shall not be credited prior to actual collection unless their payment is reasonably assured by past experience, guaranty, anticipated provision, or otherwise. (See note C to account 708, "Interest and dividends receivable.")

(c) Accruals of guaranteed dividends may be included in this account if their payment is reasonably assured.

NOTE A: This account shall not include credits for dividends on stocks issued or assumed by the accounting company and owned by it, whether pledged as collateral or held in its treasury, in special deposits, or in sinking or other funds.

NOTE B: Dividends on stocks of other companies held in sinking or other funds shall be credited to account 516, "Income from sinking and other funds."

514 Interest income.

(a) This account shall include the interest on securities and debenture stock of other companies, the income from which is the property of the accounting company whether such securities are owned by the accounting company and held in its treasury or deposited in trust, or are controlled through lease or otherwise.

(b) The account shall also include interest on notes and other evidences of indebtedness and interest on bank balances, open accounts, and other analogous items, including discount or short-term notes. Interest shall not be accrued unless its payment is reasonably assured by past experience, guaranty, anticipated provision, or otherwise. (See note C to account 708, "Interest and dividends receivable.")

(c) At the option of the accounting company there may be included each year in this account the portion, applicable to the fiscal period, of the amount requisite to extinguish, during the interval between the date of acquisition and the date of maturity, the discount or premium on securities of other companies owned (other than short-term notes). Amounts thus credited or charged shall be concurrently charged or credited to the account in which the cost of the securities is carried. The discount on short-term notes shall be distributed through equal monthly credits, over the terms of the notes.

NOTE A: This account shall not include interest on securities issued or assumed by the accounting company and owned by it, whether pledged as collateral or held in its treasury, in special deposits, or in sinking or other funds.

NOTE B: Interest on securities other than those of the accounting company, and on other assets held in sinking or other funds shall be included in account 516, "Income from sinking and other funds."

NOTE C: Discount on bills for material purchased shall be credited to the accounts to which is charged the cost of the material with respect to which the discount is allowed.

516 Income from sinking and other funds.

(a) This account shall include the income on cash, securities, and other assets (not including securities issued or assumed by the accounting company) held in sinking and other funds. (See note C to account 708, "Interest and dividends receivable.")

(b) At the option of the accounting company there may be included each year in this account the portion, applicable to the fiscal period, of the amount requisite to extinguish, during the interval between the date of acquisition and the date of maturity, the discount or premium on funded securities held in sinking or other funds. Amounts thus credited or charged shall be concurrently charged or credited to the account in which the cost of the securities is carried.

517 Release of premiums on funded debt.

This account shall include, during each fiscal year, such proportion of the premiums on outstanding funded debt as may be applicable to the period. (See instruction 5-3.)

518 Reimbursement received under contracts and agreements.

(a) This account shall include amounts received or receivable from other companies or individuals, representing the whole or a part of the net loss of the accounting company, when under the terms of agreements or contract, no obligation for subsequent reimbursement is incurred.

(b) In determining the amount receivable by the accounting company, consideration shall be given not only

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to the operating revenues and operating expenses, but also to other items of income or deduction which affect that amount.

NOTE: The amount payable shall be charged by the contributing company to account 545, "Separately operated properties—Loss."

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

519 Miscellaneous income.

(a) This account shall include all items, not provided for elsewhere, properly creditable to income accounts during the current year. Among the items which shall be included in this account are:

Cancellation of balance sheet accounts representing unclaimed wages and vouchered accounts written off because of carrier's inability to locate the creditor.

Profit from sale of securities carried as temporary cash investments.

Profit from sale of land used for transportation purposes, of noncarrier property and of securities acquired for investment purposes.

Profit from company bonds reacquired.

Decreases in the valuation allowance (contained within account 702) for the marketable equity securities included in current assets.

(b) Gains from extinguishment of debt shall be aggregated and, if material, credited to account 570, "Extraordinary Items," upon approval by the Board; however, gains from extinguishment of debt (excluding debt maturing serially) which is made to satisfy sinking fund requirements, shall be recorded in this account regardless of amount.

531 Railway operating expenses.

This account shall include total expenses caused by operations, as shown in the primary expense accounts provided in these regulations.

534 Expenses of property used in other than carrier operations.

This account shall include depreciation, rent, taxes, and other expenses incurred on property used in other than carrier operations.

NOTE: If property for which rent expense is includable in this account is sublet, the rent from the sublease shall be included in ac-

count 506, Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

544 Miscellaneous taxes.

This account shall include all accruals for taxes not provided for elsewhere, such as taxes on securities owned, and taxes on income from securities owned.

545 Separately operated properties; loss.

(a) This account shall include amounts payable under the terms of agreements or contracts whereby the net loss resulting from the operation by others of properties of other companies having a separate corporate existence is to be paid, in whole or in part, by the accounting company.

(b) In determining the amount payable by the accounting company, consideration shall be given not only to the operating revenues and operating expenses, but also to other items of income or deductions which affect that amount.

NOTE A: The amounts receivable by the operating company shall be credited by it to account 518, Reimbursements received under contracts and agreements.

NOTE B: Dividends or other returns upon securities issued by separately operated companies and held or controlled by the accounting company shall not be included in this account to offset a deficit payable, but in accounts 513, "Dividend income," or 514, "Interest income," as may be appropriate.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

546 Interest on funded debt.

This account shall include the current accruals of interest on all classes of long-term debt, the principal of which is includable in accounts 765, Funded debt unmatured; 766, Equipment obligations; 767, Receivers' and trustees' securities; 768, Debt in default; and 769, Accounts Payable; affiliated companies.

NOTE A: This account shall not include charges for interest on funded debt obligations issued or assumed by the accounting company and owned by it, whether pledged as collateral or held in its treasury, in special deposits, or in sinking or other funds.

NOTE B: When funded debt is incurred for new lines or extensions, or for addition and

betterment purposes, the accruals of interest on such funded debt (less interest received on unexpended balances), to the date of completion or coming into service of the property so acquired shall be includable in the road and equipment accounts.

NOTE C: This account shall be maintained so as to show separately: (a) Fixed interest which will be paid, or for which provision for payment will be made, when the interest matures; (b) interest in default; and (c) contingent interest determined to be payable.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

547 Interest on unfunded debt.

This account shall include interest accrued on unfunded debt, such as short-term notes payable on demand or having maturity dates of one year or less from dates of issue, and open accounts, including discount and expense on demand and short-term loans, interest on receipts outstanding for installments paid on capital stock, interest on deferred payments for public improvements, interest on tax deficiencies, overcharge claims and court awards, and other analogous items. The discount on short-term notes, if of a considerable amount shall be distributed through equal monthly charges, over the term of the notes.

NOTE: When short-term notes or other evidences of unfunded indebtedness are issued for new lines or extensions or for addition and betterment purposes the accrual of interest to the date of completion or coming into service of the property shall be included in the road and equipment accounts.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

548 Amortization of discount on funded debt.

(a) This account shall be charged during each fiscal period with the proportion of the discount on funded debt obligations applicable to that period. This proportion shall be determined according to a rule the uniform application of which through the interval between the date of sale and the date of maturity will extinguish the discount on funded debt.

(b) The charge to this account for any period must not be either greater or less than the proportion of the balance remaining unamortized applicable to that period so long as any portion of the discount remains unextinguished.

However, the entire amount for the discount and expense applicable to any particular issue of obligations may be charged directly to this account at time of issue when the aggregate of such amounts does not appreciably affect the accounts. (See instruction 5-3(b).)

549 Maintenance of investment organization.

This account shall include the directly assignable administration expenses of the accounting company which are incident to its investments in leased or nonoperating physical property, and in stocks, bonds, or other securities.

ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Advertising annual reports (lessor companies only).
Calls for bonds in accordance with sinking fund provisions of mortgages.
Directors' fees.
Printing and mailing dividend checks.
Publishing and mailing annual reports and other corporate statements to shareholders.
Publishing notices of declaration of dividends.
Law expenses.
Office expenses.
Salaries of officers, clerks, and attendant.
Stationery and printing.

NOTE: Administration expenses incident to railway operation are includable in the primary accounts provided for in operating expense general account series 60-00-00.

550 Income transferred under contracts and agreements.

(a) This account shall include the whole or any portion of the income of the accounting company payable to another company under the terms of agreements or contracts without obligation for reimbursement.

(b) In determining the amount payable by the accounting company, consideration shall be given not only to operating revenues and operating expenses, but also to other items of income or deduction which affect that amount.

NOTE A: The amount receivable by the other company shall be credited by it to account 512, "Separately operated properties—Profit."

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NOTE B: Dividends or other payments upon securities issued or assumed by the accounting company shall not be included in this account.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

551 Miscellaneous income charges.

(a) This account shall include items, not otherwise provided for in the other income accounts. This includes:

Income tax on the interest on the accounting company's funded debt when these taxes are assumed by the company.

Payments of old accounts previously written off.

Penalties and fines for violation of the Interstate Commerce Act or other federal and state laws.

Loss on sale of securities carried as temporary cash investments.

Loss on sale of land used for transportation purposes and of noncarrier property.

Loss on sale of securities acquired for investment purposes, and charges to write down the ledger value of such securities because of impairment in their value.

Loss from company bonds reacquired.

Increases in the valuation allowance (contained within account 702) for the marketable equity securities included in current assets.

Contributions for charitable, social, or community welfare purposes that do not have a direct relation to the protection of company property, development of its business, or welfare of its employees.

(b) Losses from extinguishment of debt shall be aggregated and, if material, charged to account 570, "Extraordinary Items (net)," upon approval by the Board; however, losses from extinguishment of debt (excluding debt maturing serially) which is made to satisfy sinking fund requirements, shall be included in this account regardless of amount.

(c) Contributions for charitable, social, or community welfare purposes that have a direct relation to the protection of company property, development of its business, or welfare of its employees should be charged to account 61-61-99, Other Expenses—General and Administrative—Other.

(49 U.S.C. 12, 20, 304, 913, and 1012)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 42 FR 64350, Dec. 23, 1977; 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

553 Uncollectible accounts.

This account shall include losses on receivable, notes, or claims that are not includible in account 63-61-00. "General—Uncollectible Accounts—General and Administrative."

555 Unusual or infrequent items (debit) credit.

This account shall include material items unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence, but not both, accounted for in the current year in accordance with the text of instruction 1-2(d), upon approval by the Board.

556 Income taxes on ordinary income.

This account shall include accruals for Federal, State and other income taxes applicable to ordinary income. See the text of account 590, for recording other income tax consequences.

557 Provision for deferred taxes.

(a) This account shall include the net tax effect of all material timing differences [See definition 17(e)] originating and reversing in the current accounting period and the future tax benefits of loss carryforwards recognized in accordance with Instruction 1-10.

(b) This account shall include credits for the amortization of the investment tax credit if the carrier elected to use the deferred method of accounting for the investment tax credit. (See instruction 1-10.)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

560 Income or loss from operations of discontinued segments.

This account shall include the results of operations of a segment of a business (see definition 32(a)), after giving effect to income tax consequences, that has been or will be discontinued in accordance with the text of instruction 1-2(d), upon approval by the Board.

562 Gain or loss on disposal of discontinued segments.

This account shall include the gain or loss from the disposal of a segment of a business, after giving effect to income tax consequences, in accordance

with the text of instruction 1-2(d), upon approval by the Board.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

570 Extraordinary items (net).

(a) This account shall include extraordinary items accounted for during the current accounting year in accordance with the text of instruction 1-2(d), upon submission of a letter from the carrier's independent accountants, approving or otherwise commenting on the item and upon approval by the Board.

(b) This account shall be maintained in a manner sufficient to identify the nature and gross amount of each debit and credit.

(c) Income tax consequences of charges and credits to this account shall be recorded in account 590, "Income taxes on extraordinary items," or account 591, "Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary items."

590 Income taxes on extraordinary items.

This account shall include the estimated income tax consequences (debit or credit) assignable to the aggregate of items of both taxable income and deductions from taxable income which for accounting purposes are classified as unusual and infrequent, and are recorded in account 570, "Extraordinary Items (Net)." The tax effect of any timing differences caused by recognizing an item in the account provided for extraordinary items in different periods in determining accounting income and taxable income shall be included in account 591, "Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary items."

591 Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary items.

This account shall include debits or credits for the current accounting period for income taxes deferred currently, or for amortization of income taxes deferred in prior accounting periods applicable to items of revenue or expense included in account 570, "Extraordinary Items (Net)." (See instruction 1-10.)

592 Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles.

This account shall include the cumulative effect of changing to a new accounting principle, after giving effect of income tax consequences, in accordance with instruction 1-2(d), upon approval by the Board.

FORM OF INCOME STATEMENT

I. Ordinary Items	
501	Railway operating revenues (exclusive of transfers from government authorities)
503	Railway operating revenues (amortization of deferred transfers from government authorities)
502	Railway operating revenues (amortization of deferred transfers from government authorities)
531	Railway operating expenses
	Net Revenue from Railway Operation ¹
II. Other Income	
506	Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations
510	Miscellaneous rent income
512	Separately operated properties—profit
513	Dividend income
514	Interest income
516	Income from sinking and other funds
517	Release of premiums on funded debt
518	Reimbursements received under contracts and agreements
519	Miscellaneous income
	Income from affiliated companies:
	Dividends
	Equity in undistributed earnings (losses)
	Total income from affiliated companies
	Total other income
	Total income
III. Miscellaneous Deductions From Income	
534	Expenses of property used in other than carrier operations
535	Taxes on property used in other than carrier operations
543	Miscellaneous rent expense
544	Miscellaneous taxes
545	Separately operated properties—loss
549	Maintenance of investment organization
550	Income transferred under contracts and agreements
551	Miscellaneous income charges
553	Uncollectible accounts
	Total miscellaneous deductions
	Income available for fixed charges
IV. Fixed Charges	
546	Interest on funded debt:
	(a) Fixed interest not in default
	(b) Interest in default
547	Interest on unfunded debt
548	Amortization of discount on funded debt
	Total fixed charges
	Income after fixed charges
V. Other Deductions	
546	Interest on funded debt: (c) Contingent interest

FORM OF INCOME STATEMENT—Continued

VI. Unusual or Infrequent Items	
555	Unusual or infrequent items (debt) credit
	Income (loss) from continuing operations (before income taxes)
VII. Provision for Income Taxes	
556	Income taxes on ordinary income:
	Federal income taxes
	State income taxes
	Other income taxes
557	Provision for deferred taxes
	Income from continuing operations
VIII. Discontinued Operations	
560	Income or loss from operations of discontinued segments (less applicable income taxes of \$—)
562	Gain or loss on disposal of discontinued segments (less applicable income taxes of \$—)
	Income (loss) before extraordinary items
IX. Extraordinary Items and Accounting Changes	
570	Extraordinary items (net)
590	Income taxes on extraordinary items
591	Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary items
	Total extraordinary items
592	Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles (less applicable income taxes of \$—) ..
	Net income
¹ Reconciliation of net railway operating income (NROI):	
	Net revenues from railway operations
(556)	Income taxes on ordinary income
(557)	Provision for deferred income taxes
(560)	Taxes applicable to income or loss from operations of discontinued segments
(562)	Taxes applicable to gain or loss on disposal of discontinued segments
	Income from lease of road and equipment (formerly account 509)
	Rent for leased roads and equipment (formerly account 542)
	Net railway operating income

(49 U.S.C. 304, 320)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

RETAINED EARNINGS ACCOUNTS

Credit

601 Credit balance (at beginning of calendar year).

This account shall include the net credit balance in the retained earnings account at the beginning of the calendar year.

601.5 Prior period adjustments to beginning retained earnings account.

This account shall include adjustments net of assigned income taxes, in accordance with the text of instruction 1-2(d), to the balance in the retained earnings account at the beginning of the calendar year, upon approval by the Board.

602 Credit balance transferred from income.

This account shall show the net credit balance brought forward from the income account for the calendar year.

603 Appropriations released.

This account is provided to return to unappropriated retained earnings the amount of appropriations no longer required. The account shall be subdivided to show the nature of the appropriations being released and the circumstances of the release shall be fully described.

606 Other credits to retained earnings.

This account shall include other credit adjustments, net of assigned income taxes, not provided for elsewhere in this system but only after such inclusion has been authorized by the Board.

Debit

611 Debit balance (at beginning of calendar year).

This account shall include the net debit balance in the retained earnings account at the beginning of the calendar year.

612 Debit balance transferred from income.

This account shall show the net debit balance brought forward from the income account for the calendar year.

616 Other debits to retained earnings.

(a) This account shall include losses from resale of reacquired capital stock, and charges which reduce or write-off discount on capital stock issued by the company, but only to the extent that such charges exceed credit balances in account 795, "Other capital," applicable to net gains from reacquisition and

resale or retirement of such subclass of capital stock. See instruction 5-4.

(b) This account shall also include other debit adjustments, net of assigned income taxes, not provided for elsewhere in this system but only after such inclusion has been authorized by the Board.

620 Appropriations for sinking and other funds.

This account shall be charged and account 797, "Retained earnings; Appropriated," shall be credited with amounts appropriated pursuant to provisions of reorganization plans, mortgages, deeds of trust, or other contracts requiring payments into sinking funds, capital funds, and other funds.

621 Appropriations for other purposes.

This account shall be charged and account 797, "Retained earnings; Appropriated," shall be credited with the amount of appropriations for general contingencies, indefinite possible future losses and other corporate purposes not provided for elsewhere. The appropriations shall be released when their respective purposes have been served.

623 Dividends.

This account shall be charged with the amount of dividends declared on actually outstanding capital stock issued or assumed by the company. If the dividend is not payable in cash, the securities or other property to be distributed shall be described with sufficient particularity to identify the distribution. This account shall be subdivided to show separately the dividends declared on the various subclasses of capital stock.

NOTE: This account shall not include charges for dividends on capital stock issued or assumed by the company and owned by it, whether pledged as collateral or held in its treasury, in special deposits, or sinking or other funds.

**GENERAL BALANCE SHEET
ACCOUNTS EXPLANATIONS**

Assets

CURRENT ASSETS

701 Cash.

(a) This account shall include money, checks, sight drafts, and sight bills of exchange in the hands of the accounting company's financial officers and agents, or in transit from its agents and conductors for which such agents and conductors have received credit. It shall include, also, deposits with banks and trust companies available for use on demand, and savings accounts subject to the usual clause reserving the right to defer payment for a specified number of days.

(b) The amount of checks and drafts, which have been transmitted to payees and which remain unpaid at the close of the accounting period, shall be credited to this account. When the amount of such checks and drafts cannot be determined with absolute accuracy, an estimate of the amount shall be used. Amounts not transmitted to payees shall be included in the appropriate liability accounts.

NOTE: Compensating balances under an agreement which legally restricts the use of such funds shall not be included in this account. Such balances shall be included in account 703, "Special Deposits," or 717, "Other Funds," as appropriate.

702 Temporary cash investments.

This account shall include the cost of securities and other obligations acquired for the purpose of temporarily investing cash, such as United States Treasury certificates, marketable securities, time drafts receivable, demand loans, time loans, time deposits with banks and trust companies, and other similar investments of a temporary character, which are readily convertible into cash at substantially their recorded cost.

This account shall be subdivided to reflect the marketable equity securities portion (and its corresponding valuation allowance) and other temporary investments. (See instruction 5-2.)

703 Special deposits.

This account shall include cash deposits, either placed in the hands of trustees or under the direct control of the reporting company, which are restricted for specific purposes. Examples are those deposits made for the payment of dividends and interest due within one year, the liquidation of other current liabilities, to guarantee fulfillment of current contract obligations to meet specific operating requirements, or compensating balances (See definition 10) under an agreement which legally restricts the use of such funds, and which constitute support for short-term borrowing arrangements. Subaccounts may be set up, if necessary, to account for special deposits for specific purposes.

NOTE: Deposits available for general company purposes shall be included in account 701, "Cash."

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

704 Loans and notes receivable.

This account shall include the book value of all collectible obligations in the form of demand or time loans and notes receivable, or other similar evidences (except interest coupons) of money receivable within a time not exceeding one year from date of issue.

NOTE A: Current loans and notes receivable from affiliated companies shall be included in account 708.5, "Receivables from affiliated companies."

NOTE B: Obligations held as investments which mature more than one year after date of issue shall be included in accounts 721, "Investments and advances: Affiliated companies," or 722, "Other investments and advances," as appropriate.

NOTE C: Loans and notes receivable acquired for the purpose of temporarily investing cash shall be included in account 702, "Temporary cash investments."

705 Accounts receivable; interline and other balances.

This account shall include the net debit balances receivable from other

companies representing items such as interline freight, passenger, switching, and baggage revenues, charges for equipment interchanged on a per diem or mileage basis, and charges, for car repairs, loss and damage freight claims, and overcharge claims.

NOTE: The amount to be entered in this account is not the net balance between this account and account 752, "Accounts payable; Interline and other balances." Net credit balances payable to other companies shall be included in account 752.

706 Accounts receivable; customers.

This account shall include amounts currently due from customers for transportation and other charges incidental to transportation, and from agents and other representatives charged with the collection or custody of current revenues.

NOTE: Amounts advanced to general and special agents as working funds shall be included in account 710, "Working funds."

707 Accounts receivable; other.

This account shall include amounts due in audited accounts, such as those due from the United States or other Governments for the transportation of mails and Government property, and from express companies for express facilities furnished under contract; miscellaneous bills against other railway companies, corporations, firms, and individuals; and other similar items.

NOTE A: The amount to be entered in this account is not the net balance between this account and account 754, "Accounts payable; Other."

NOTE B: Amounts due from affiliated companies for miscellaneous bills and other items subject to current settlement shall be included in account 708.5, "Receivables from affiliated companies."

708 Interest and dividends receivable.

This account shall include the amount of interest accrued to the date of the balance sheet on bonds, mortgages, notes, and other commercial paper owned, on loans made, open accounts, bank deposits, and the amount of dividends declared on stocks owned, and dividends accrued on such stocks when contracts require that the dividends be paid at stated times.

NOTE A: No amount representing interest or dividends receivable shall be included in

this account unless its payment is reasonably assured by past experience, anticipated provision, or otherwise.

NOTE B: No dividends or other returns on securities issued or assumed by the accounting company shall be included in this account.

NOTE C: If settlement of amounts included in this account is not made when due, such amounts that are not subject to current settlement shall be transferred to account 741, "Other assets," at their estimated realizable value. Items of current character but of doubtful value, as well as noncurrent items, shall be written off to the extent of any estimated uncollectible portion by charge to account 553, "Uncollectible accounts". If notes are taken in settlement of amounts included in this account, the amounts shall be transferred to account 704, "Loans and notes receivable," or account 741, as appropriate. (See instruction 5-1.)

NOTE D: Current interest and dividends receivable from affiliated companies shall be included in account 708.5, "Receivables from affiliated companies," and noncurrent amounts receivable shall be included in account 721, "Investments and advances; Affiliated companies."

708.5 Receivables from affiliated companies.

This account shall include amounts due from affiliated companies which are subject to current settlement such as deposits, demand or time loans, notes receivable, interest, dividends, miscellaneous bills and similar items.

NOTE: Receivables from affiliated companies, representing net debit balances for items such as operating revenues, charges for equipment interchanged, car repairs and claims, shall not be included in this account but in account 705, "Accounts receivable; Interline and other balances."

709 Accrued accounts receivable.

This account shall include estimates of all unaudited current items receivable by the carrier to the date of the balance sheet, including those which are creditable to revenue, expense, or income accounts. Among the items which shall be included in this account are:

Amounts receivable from others for unreported interline traffic.

Amounts receivable from others for use of facilities, including equipment, for which bills have not been rendered.

Amounts receivable from others for services for which bills have not been rendered.

Rents receivable for which bills have not been rendered.

709.5 Allowance for uncollectible accounts.

This account shall be credited with amounts provided for receivables which may become uncollectible, and shall be maintained to show the amount of each separate allowance set out below and the amounts of debits and credits thereto:

(a) Allowance for receivables applicable to transportation operations. Credits to this subdivision shall be concurrently charged to account 63-60-00, "Uncollectible Accounts; General and administrative."

(b) Allowances for receivables not applicable to transportation operations. Credits to this subdivision shall be concurrently charged to account 553, "Uncollectible accounts."

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

710 Working funds.

This account shall include amounts advanced to general and special agents, and to other officers and employees, as working funds from which certain expenditures are to be made and accounted for. It also includes advances to fast freight lines and to demurrage and other bureaus.

NOTE: Advances to jointly owned or used terminal companies and other companies for permanent working funds or capital purposes shall be included in accounts 721, "Investments and advances; Affiliated companies," or 722, "Other investments and advances," as appropriate.

711 Prepayments.

This account shall include the balances in the accounts representing short-term prepaid rents chargeable to the appropriate rent accounts as the term is consumed for which the rents are paid; also short-term interest, and insurance premiums, taxes and licenses, and similar items paid in advance of their accrual, which are to be apportioned and charged, as they accrue, to the appropriate accounts.

712 Material and supplies.

(a) This account shall include the balances representing the cost of all

unapplied material, such as road and shop material, articles in process of manufacture by the accounting company, fuel, stationery, and dining car and other supplies. In determining the cost of material and supplies suitable allowance shall be made for any purchase discounts allowed. The cost shall include all specifically assignable transportation charges incurred in obtaining the delivery of such materials and supplies upon the premises of the carrier including loading and unloading, and a suitable proportion of purchasing and store expenses. The cost shall also include sales and excise taxes on material purchases; however, sales and excise taxes may be charged to account 65-60-00, "Other taxes; General and administrative," provided this procedure will not adversely affect the accounts and is consistently followed. Taxes on gasoline, other motor fuel, and motor oil are also includible in this account.

(b) Materials recovered for reuse in connection with construction, maintenance, or the retirement of property shall be charged to this account at cost, or average cost, estimated if not known, less accumulated depreciation, if any, plus the cost to restore the materials to a serviceable condition, or current market value, whichever is lower. (See definition 31, *Salvage value*.)

(c) Scrap and other nonusable materials, including obsolete parts, shall be included in account 713, "Other current assets," at the estimated salvage value when the sale of the materials is imminent and there is a relatively firm market price. Obsolete parts not subject to imminent sale shall be included in account 741, "Other assets," at their net realizable value.

(d) Material and supplies shall be credited to this account and charged to the appropriate operating expense or other account on the basis of recorded cost, average cost, or other recognized pricing system, provided that such system is consistently applied and is based on the cost of such material and supplies.

(e) An inventory of material and supplies shall be taken during each calendar year and the necessary adjustments to bring this account into harmony with the actual inventory bal-

ances shall be made in the accounts of the year in which the inventories are taken. In effecting this adjustment, determined differences in accounting for important classes of material shall be equitably assigned among the accounts to which the classes of material are ordinarily chargeable. Other differences shall be equitably apportioned among the primary accounts to which material has been charged since the last inventory. (Also see instruction 5-1(b).)

NOTE: Balances representing the cost of unapplied construction material and supplies located at the point of use, which have been purchased for projected new roads and extensions, or for new railroad equipment, shall be included in account 90, "Construction in progress."

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

713 Other current assets.

This account shall include amounts for other current assets which are not includible in the foregoing current asset accounts.

714 Deferred income tax debits.

This account shall include the current portion of deferred income tax debits and credits determined in accordance with Instruction 1-10, when the balance is a net debit. A net credit balance shall be included in account 762, "Deferred income tax credits".

(49 U.S.C. 10321, 11145; 5 U.S.C. 553)

[47 FR 12350, Mar. 23, 1982]

SPECIAL FUNDS

715 Sinking funds.

(a) This account shall include the amount of cash, the ledger value of live securities of other companies, and other assets which are held by trustees of sinking and other funds for the purpose of redeeming outstanding obligations, including such assets held in the hands of the accounting company's treasurer when the assets are segregated in a distinct fund.

(b) This account shall include amounts deposited with trustees on account of mortgaged property sold, where the proceeds are held for the redemption of securities; and also the par value (or the amount recorded for no par stock) of live securities issued or

assumed by the accounting company and held in such funds.

(c) A separate subaccount shall be kept for each fund. The title of each subaccount shall designate the obligation redeemable from the fund.

NOTE: In stating the balance sheet in the annual reports to the Board the total amount of the funds and the par value (or the amount recorded for no par stock) of securities issued or assumed by the accounting company and held in the funds shall be shown in the short columns, and the net amount of the funds (total amount less securities issued or assumed) shall be shown in the long column.

716 Capital funds.

(a) This account shall include cash and the ledger value of other assets held by trustees or by the accounting company's treasurer when segregated in distinct funds that have been (1) realized from the sale of equipment obligations or other long-term obligations and not yet applied toward the specific purposes for which the obligations were incurred, and (2) set aside in accordance with governmental, mortgage, or contractual requirements in connection with reorganizations or otherwise. This account shall also include funds deposited with trustees to be held until mortgaged property sold is replaced.

(b) An appropriate record shall be maintained for securities issued or assumed by the accounting company and held in the funds, identifying those that are nominally issued or nominally outstanding.

NOTE: Funds specifically set aside for sinking fund purposes shall be included in account 715, "Sinking funds." If one purpose of a capital fund is to provide contributions to a sinking fund under specified conditions, the entire amount of the fund shall be included in this account until the contributions to the sinking fund are made, at which time the amounts thereof shall be transferred to account 715.

NOTE: The ledger value of assets of the character indicated in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, shall be transferred to the appropriate current asset account when the assets are definitely assigned in advance of expenditure to the payment of interest or other current liabilities payable within one year.

717 Other funds.

This account shall include the amount of cash and the ledger value of

securities of other companies and other assets which are in the hands of trustees or managers of insurance, employees' pension, savings, relief, hospital, and other funds which have been raised and specifically set aside or invested for specific purposes not provided for elsewhere; also the par value (or the amount recorded for no par stock) of securities issued or assumed by the accounting company and held in such funds. A separate subaccount shall be kept for each fund.

NOTE A: Sinking funds and capital funds are provided for in accounts 715, "Sinking funds," and 716, "Capital funds," respectively.

NOTE B: In stating the balance sheet in the annual reports to the Board, the total amount of the funds and the par value (or the amount recorded for no par stock) of securities issued or assumed by the accounting company and held in the funds shall be shown in the short columns, and the net amount of the funds (total amount less securities issued or assumed) shall be shown in the long column.

NOTE C: This account shall not include funds held by the accounting company solely as trustee and in which it has no beneficial interest.

NOTE D: This account shall include compensating balances (see definition 10) under an agreement which legally restricts the use of such funds and which constitute support for long-term borrowing arrangements.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

INVESTMENTS

721 Investments and advances; affiliated companies.

(a) This account shall include the ledger value of the accounting company's investment in securities issued or assumed by affiliated companies other than securities held in special deposits or special funds; and also investment advances made to affiliated companies not subject to current settlement; notes receivable from affiliated companies which mature later than 1 year from date of the balance sheet; and similar noncurrent items of affiliated companies.

(b) This account shall be maintained in such manner as to show each of the following classes of investment in each affiliated company:

- (1) Stocks.
- (2) Bonds.

- (3) Other secured obligations.
- (4) Unsecured notes.
- (5) Investment advances.

(c) A complete record of securities pledged shall be maintained to show separately the ledger value of securities pledged and unpledged in the annual report to the Board.

NOTE A: Accounts with affiliated companies which are subject to current settlement, if their collection is reasonably assured, shall be classed as current assets, and if settlement is deferred beyond one year such items shall be transferred to this account.

NOTE B: The term affiliated companies (also see definition 5(a)) includes:

1. Controlled companies, including companies solely controlled by the accounting company, and also companies jointly controlled by the accounting company and others under a joint arrangement.
2. Controlling companies, including both companies solely controlling the accounting company, and companies which jointly control the accounting company under a joint arrangement.
3. Companies controlled by controlled companies.
4. Companies controlled by controlling companies.

By *control* (also see definition 5(a)) is meant the ability to determine the action of a corporation. For the purposes of this account, the following are to be considered forms of control:

- (a) Right through title to securities issued or assumed to exercise the major part of the voting power in the controlled corporation.
- (b) Right through agreement or source other than title to securities, to name the majority of the board of directors, managers, or trustees of the controlled corporation.
- (c) Right to foreclose a first lien upon all or a major part in value of the tangible property of the controlled corporation.
- (d) Right to secure control because of advances made for construction of the operating property of the controlled corporation.
- (e) Right to control only in a specific respect the action of the controlled corporation.

A leasehold interest in the property of a corporation is not considered a form of control over the lessor corporation.

Sole control is that which rests in one corporation.

Joint control is that which rests in two or more corporations and which is held under a joint arrangement.

NOTE C: The value of securities borrowed by the accounting company and pledged shall not be included in this account. A memorandum record shall be kept.

NOTE D: The value of securities pledged for purposes other than that of security for funded debt or short-term loans shall be included in accounts 715, "Sinking funds," 716, "Capital funds," or 717, "Other funds," as appropriate.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

721.5 Adjustments; investments and advances—affiliated companies.

(a) This account shall be credited with amounts charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges," to provide for impairment in the value of investment securities and other assets included in account 721, "Investments and advances; affiliated companies."

(b) If provision is made for anticipated losses in specific assets, when the assets are written down or written off, or are sold or otherwise disposed of at a loss, the reduction in the book value or the losses sustained shall be charged to this account to the extent of the credit balance in the account applicable to the particular items involved, and the remainder, if any, shall be charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges." Where a general provision for losses in unspecified asset values is maintained, all such losses resulting from write-downs, write-offs, etc., shall be charged to this account to the extent of the total credit balance in the account, and the remainder, if any, shall be charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges."

722 Other investments and advances.

(a) This account shall include the ledger value of the accounting company's investment in securities issued or assumed by nonaffiliated companies other than securities held in special deposits or special funds; and also investment advances made to nonaffiliated companies not subject to current settlement; notes receivable from nonaffiliated companies which mature later than 1 year from date of the balance sheet; and similar noncurrent items of nonaffiliated companies.

(b) This account shall be maintained in such manner as to show each of the following classes of investment in each nonaffiliated company:

- (1) Stocks.
- (2) Bonds.
- (3) Other secured obligations.
- (4) Unsecured notes.
- (5) Investment advances.

(c) A complete record of securities pledged shall be maintained to show separately the ledger value of securities pledged and unpledged in the annual report to the Board.

NOTE A: Accounts with nonaffiliated companies which are subject to current settlement, if their collection is reasonably assured, shall be classed as current assets, and if settlement is deferred beyond one year such items shall be transferred to account 741, "Other assets."

NOTE B: The term *nonaffiliated companies* includes all companies other than those defined as affiliated in note B of account 721, "Investments and advances: Affiliated companies."

NOTE C: The value of securities borrowed by the accounting company and pledged shall not be included in this account. A memorandum record shall be kept.

NOTE D: The value of securities pledged for purposes other than that of security for funded debt or short-term loans shall be included in accounts 715, "Sinking funds," 716, "Capital funds," or 717, "Other funds," as appropriate.

723 Adjustments; other investments and advances.

(a) This account shall be credited with amounts charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges," to provide for impairment in the value of investment securities and other assets included in account 722, "Other investments and advances."

(b) If provision is made for anticipated losses in specific assets, when the assets are written down or written off, or are sold or otherwise disposed of at a loss, the reduction in the book value or the losses sustained shall be charged to this account to the extent of the credit balance in the account applicable to the particular items involved, and the remainder, if any, shall be charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges." Where a general provision for losses in unspecified asset values is maintained, all such losses resulting from write-down, write-offs, etc., shall be charged to this account to

the extent of the total credit balance in the account, and the remainder, if any shall be charged to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges."

724 Allowance for net unrealized loss on noncurrent marketable equity securities—Cr.

This account shall reflect the amount by which aggregate cost exceeds market value for the noncurrent marketable equity securities found in accounts 721 and 722. This account shall be debited or credited so that the balance at the balance sheet date shall reflect such difference. (Refer to instruction 5-2.)

This account shall *not* include amounts by which aggregate cost exceeds market value if such differences are judged to be other than temporary. (Such differences should be charged to account 723.)

TANGIBLE PROPERTY

731 Road and equipment property.

This account shall include the accounting company's investment in road and equipment (including that held under contract for purchase), used or held for use as transportation property in existence at the date of the balance sheet. When property is retired from service, this account shall be credited with the ledger value of the property retired.

NOTE A: This account shall not include any items representing titles to securities.

NOTE B: When equipment or other property is acquired under an agreement which provides that the cost shall be paid in installments, the cost (its money value at time of purchase) shall be charged to the appropriate road and equipment accounts at the time the equipment is delivered to the carrier, and included in this account in the same manner as the cost of equipment purchased outright. When the par value of notes or other securities issued in payment, or in part payment, for such equipment is more (or less) than the actual cash value of the equipment at the time of the purchase, or of the proportion to which the securities are applicable, the difference between the par value of the securities and the actual cash value of the equipment, or of the proportion paid for by the securities, shall be charged (or credited) to the proper discount and premium accounts.

NOTE C: Held for use, as referred to above, implies the ability of the carrier to substantiate within a reasonable period of time, by

plan or policy, the probable future use which is to be made of the property.

732 Improvements on leased property.

(a) This account shall include the cost of improvements made by the lessee to property which is held under lease from others or through control of the company owning the property, where such improvements are used by the lessee in transportation service, and the lessee is not to be reimbursed by the lessor for such improvements. (See instruction 2-18.)

(b) The carrier's records shall be kept in such manner as to show the debits and credits to this account in accordance with the provisions for road and equipment.

NOTE A: This account shall not include any items representing titles to securities.

NOTE B: When the lessor company includes in account 731, "Road and equipment property," the cost of improvements made by the lessee to property, leased by it from the lessor and settlement is not made at the time for the cost thereof, the lessee, pending settlement with the lessor, shall include the cost thereof in account 721, "Investments and advances; Affiliated companies," or 722, "Other investments and advances," as appropriate.

733 Accumulated depreciation; improvements on leased property.

(a) This account shall be credited with amounts concurrently charged to operating expenses or other authorized accounts for depreciation accrued on improvements to leased property, the cost of which is included in account 732, "Improvements on leased property."

(b) The service value of each unit of property retired (and also of each minor item, less than a unit, retired and not replaced) for which this accumulated depreciation account has been established shall be charged to this account.

(c) Instructions for depreciation accounts, rates of depreciation, and records to be maintained, as contained in instruction 4 for owned property, shall also apply to improvements on leased property.

734 Accumulated amortization; improvements on leased property—defense projects.

This account shall include the amounts of accumulated past provisions for amortization of improvements to leased property applicable to defense projects, the cost of which is included in account 732, "Improvements on leased property." This account shall be charged with the amount of the credit balance applicable to specific property at the time the property is retired. The accounting company shall maintain separate subaccounts for amortization of (1) road property and (2) equipment.

735 Accumulated depreciation; road and equipment property.

(a) This account shall be credited with amounts concurrently charged to operating expenses or other authorized accounts to cover the loss in service value of depreciable road and equipment property. It shall also include adjustments which the Board may authorize the accounting company to make such as adjustments for past accruals of depreciation, and provision for material abandonment or other losses applicable to nondepreciable property.

(b) The service value of each unit of depreciable property retired (and also of each minor item, less than a unit, retired and not replaced) shall be charged to this account. This account shall also be charged for amounts for losses applicable to nondepreciable property retired for which provision was previously made by approval of the Board, and any resultant adjustment of such provision shall be referred to the Board for consideration and decision.

(c) Comprehensive instructions pertaining to depreciation accounts, rates of depreciation, and records to be maintained, are contained in instruction 4.

736 Accumulated amortization; road and equipment property—defense project.

This account shall include the amount of accumulated past provisions for amortization of road and equipment defense projects, the cost of which is

included in account 731, "Road and equipment property." This account shall be charged with the amount of the credit balance applicable to specific property at the time the property is retired. The accounting company shall maintain separate subaccounts for amortization of (1) road property and (2) equipment.

737 Property used in other than carrier operations.

This account shall include the accounting company's investment in property other than property assignable to accounts 731, "Road and equipment property," and 732, "Improvements on leased property," such as hotels, restaurants, powerplants, which are not operated by the accounting company or another carrier in connection with its transportation service.

ITEMS OF INVESTMENT

Coal and other mines.
Commercial power plants.
Hotels and restaurants.
Lands and buildings not used in transportation operations.
Lands and other property acquired and held in anticipation of future use.
Mineral and timber lands.
Rails and other track material leased to others.
Saw mills and other manufacturing plants not operated in connection with transportation service.

738 Accumulated depreciation; property used in other than carrier operations.

This account shall be credited with amounts charged to income or other authorized accounts for depreciation accrued on property, the cost of which is included in account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations." When such property is destroyed, sold, or otherwise retired from service, this account shall be charged with the amount of the credit balance applicable to the property retired.

INTANGIBLE PROPERTY

739 Organization expenses.

This account shall include all fees paid to governments for the privilege of incorporation, and office and other expenditures incident to organizing the corporation and putting it in readiness

to do business; cost of preparing and distributing prospectuses; special counsel fees; cost of preparing and issuing certificates of stock; cost of procuring the necessary certificates from State authorities; and other like costs necessary and proper in organizing the enterprise.

NOTE: Cost of soliciting for loans or for the sale of bonds or other evidences of indebtedness shall be charged to balance sheet account 743, "Other deferred debits." (See instruction 5-3.)

OTHER ASSETS AND DEFERRED DEBITS

741 Other assets.

This account shall include the estimated value of salvage recoverable from property retired when the recovery of the salvage is deferred for any reason. (See instruction 2-5 and 2-7.) This account shall also include the estimated realizable amount for other assets of doubtful value, collection of which within one year is not assured; also other deferred assets and miscellaneous assets not otherwise provided for in general balance sheet accounts. (See instruction 5-1.)

743 Other deferred debits.

(a) This account shall include the amount of debit balances in suspense accounts that cannot be cleared and disposed of until additional information is received, such as freight claims paid when found to be correct, but in advance of investigation with other carriers; unextinguished discount on short-term notes; unadjusted debit items not otherwise provided for and similar items the proper disposition of which is uncertain

(b) This account shall also include the aggregate amount of the expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of each class of the carrier's outstanding long-term or equipment obligations, such as fees for listing long-term obligations on stock exchanges, legal and other fees, cost of tax stamps and similar items. (See account 14.) Separate subdivisions shall be maintained for each issue of such obligations. (See instruction 5-3.)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

744 Accumulated deferred income tax debits.

This account shall include the amount of deferred noncurrent income tax debits and credits determined in accordance with Instruction 1-10 when the balance is a net debit. A net credit balance shall be included in account 786, "Accumulated deferred income tax credits".

(49 U.S.C. 10321, 11145; 5 U.S.C. 553)

[47 FR 12350, Mar. 23, 1982]

Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

CURRENT LIABILITIES

751 Loans and notes payable.

(a) This account shall include the balances representing obligations outstanding in the form of loans and notes payable or other similar evidence (except interest coupons) of indebtedness payable on demand or within a time not exceeding one year from date of issue.

(b) This account shall be kept in such form so as to show separately the amounts of notes payable within one year from date of issue that are secured by collateral.

NOTE A: Loans and notes payable to affiliated companies which are subject to current settlement shall be included in account 757, "Payables to affiliated companies," and non-current obligations in account 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies."

NOTE B: This account shall not include obligations due within one year which are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis. Long-term refinancing of short-term obligations means: (1) Replacement with long-term obligations or equity securities, or (2) renewal, extension, or replacement with short-term obligations for an uninterrupted period extending beyond one year from the balance sheet date.

The intention to refinance on a long-term basis shall be supported by the ability to refinance. Evidence of this ability includes either: (1) The actual issuance of an obligation, after the balance sheet date but before the balance sheet is issued, or (2) before the balance sheet is issued, the existence of a financing agreement which is long-term and based on terms readily determinable with no existing violations of its provisions, and with a lender which is financially capable of honoring the agreement.

752 Accounts payable; interline and other balances.

This account shall include the net credit balances payable to other companies representing items such as interline freight, passenger, switching and baggage revenues, charges for equipment interchanged on a per diem or mileage basis, and charges for car repairs, loss and damage freight claims, and overcharge claims.

NOTE: The amount to be entered in this account is not the net balance between this account and account 705, "Accounts receivable; Interline and other balances." Net debit balances receivable from other companies shall be included in account 705.

753 Audited accounts and wages payable.

This account shall include the amount of audited vouchers or accounts and audited payrolls unpaid on the date of the balance sheet. It shall include balances representing unclaimed wages and outstanding pay and time or discharge checks issued in payment of wages and all other unpaid vouchered items.

NOTE: The amount of checks and drafts, which have been transmitted to payees and which remain unpaid at the close of the accounting period, shall be credited to account 701, "Cash."

754 Accounts payable; other.

This account shall include outstanding drafts drawn by station agents, conductors' refund and extra-fare checks not presented for redemption, taxes collected from employees and others for the account of taxing agencies, and other items of the nature of demand liabilities not covered by accounts 751, 752, 753, 755, 756, and 757.

NOTE A: The amount to be reported under this account is not the net balance between this account and account 707, "Accounts receivable; Other."

NOTE B: The amount of checks and drafts, which have been transmitted to payees and which remain unpaid at the close of the accounting period, shall be credited to account 701, "Cash." When the amount of such checks and drafts cannot be determined with absolute accuracy an estimate of the amount shall be used.

NOTE C: Deposits and other items of affiliated companies subject to current settlement shall be included in account 757, "Payables to affiliated companies."

755 Interest payable.

This account shall include the amount of matured and unpaid interest on funded debt, and other obligations of the accounting company for which provision has been made for current settlement. This account shall also include the amount of interest subject to current settlement accrued to the date of the balance sheet, but payable after that date, on obligations of the accounting company.

NOTE: Interest payable on debt to affiliated companies, if subject to current settlement, shall be included in account 757, "Payables to affiliated companies." Noncurrent interest shall be included in account 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies." Interest payable to others which is not paid when it matures shall be included in account 781, "Interest in default," if not subject to current settlement. Where interest is in default, subsequent accruals shall be credited directly to account 781.

756 Dividends payable.

This account shall include the amount of dividends payable on capital stock but unpaid, at the date of the balance sheet.

NOTE: Dividends payable to affiliated companies shall be included in account 757, "Payables to affiliated companies."

757 Payables to affiliated companies.

This account shall include amounts payable to affiliated companies which are subject to current settlement such as deposits, demand or time loans, notes payable, interest, dividends, miscellaneous bills, and similar items.

NOTE: Payables to affiliated companies, representing net credit balances for items such as revenues, charges for equipment interchanged, car repairs and claims, shall not be included in this account but in account 752, "Accounts payable; Interline and other balances."

759 Accrued accounts payable.

This account shall include estimates of unaudited items payable by the carrier to the date of the balance sheet, including those which are chargeable to revenue, expense, or income accounts. Among the items which should be included in this account are:

Rents payable.
Amounts payable to others for unreported interline traffic.

Amounts payable to others for use of facilities, including equipment, for which bills have not been rendered.

Amounts payable to others for services for which bills have not been rendered.

Estimated amounts payable within one year covering liability for claims for injuries to persons, loss and damage, and similar items.

Amounts payable (estimated if necessary) within one year pursuant to agreements with labor organizations or otherwise for employees vacations now earned.

760 Federal income taxes accrued.

This account shall be credited with the amount accrued for Federal income taxes which has been concurrently charged to the appropriate income or other authorized accounts. Credits to this account that are based upon estimates shall be adjusted during the year so that this account may show, as nearly as practicable the approximate amount of the carrier's unpaid liability for such taxes. Payments of taxes for which accruals have been made shall be debited to this account.

761 State and other income taxes accrued.

This account shall be credited with the amounts accrued for state and other income taxes which have been concurrently charged to the appropriate income or other authorized accounts. Credits to this account that are based upon estimates shall be adjusted during the year so that this account may show, as nearly as practicable, the approximate amount of the carrier's unpaid liability for such taxes. Payments of taxes for which accruals have been made shall be debited to this account.

761.5 Other taxes accrued.

(a) This account shall be credited with the accruals of all taxes, other than income taxes, which have been concurrently charged to the appropriate income or other accounts for taxes. Such accruals may be based upon estimates, provided such estimates shall be adjusted during the year so that this account may show, as nearly as practicable, the approximate amount of the carrier's unpaid liability for such taxes. Payments of taxes for

which accruals have been made shall be debited to this account.

(b) The records supporting the entries in this account shall be kept to show separately by classes of taxes the amount of the tax accruals for the current year and adjustments of accruals for prior years.

NOTE: Amounts for prepayments of taxes shall be included in account 711, "Prepayments."

762 Deferred income tax credits.

This account shall include the current portion of deferred income tax charges and credits determined in accordance with Instruction 1-10 when the balance is a net credit. A net debit balance shall be included in account 714, "Deferred income tax debits".

(49 U.S.C. 10321, 11145; 5 U.S.C. 553)

[47 FR 12350, Mar. 23, 1982]

763 Other current liabilities.

There shall be included in this account the principal amount of unrepresented bonds drawn for redemption through the operation of sinking and redemption fund agreements, also the principal amount of unrepresented fund debt obligations, and receivers' and trustees' securities which have matured (for which provision has been made for current settlement), and other current liabilities not includible in the foregoing current liability accounts.

764 Equipment obligations and other long-term debt due within one year.

This account shall include the total amount of bonds, equipment obligations, and other long-term debt, including obligations maturing serially or payable in installments which are due and payable within one year, and for which arrangements for long-term refinancing have not been made (See note B to account 751, "Loans and notes payable") or for which no sinking funds have been provided. This account shall be subdivided according to the different classes of debt.

LONG-TERM DEBT DUE AFTER ONE YEAR

765 Funded debt unmatured.

(a) This account shall include the total par value of unmatured debt (other than equipment obligations), maturing more than one year from the close of the accounting period, including obligations due within one year which are expected to be refinanced on a long-term basis (see note B to account 751, "Loans and notes payable"), whether the securities were issued by the accounting company or the payment was assumed by the accounting company after being issued as the debt of other companies. (See account 764, "Equipment obligations and other long-term debt due within one year.")

(b) The amounts included in this account shall be divided to show the par value of (1) certificates or other evidences of funded debt (pledged and unpledged) held in the company's treasury, by its agents or trustees, or otherwise subject to its control, including both those reacquired after actual issue and those nominally but never actually issued; and (2) certificates or other evidences of funded debt issued and actually outstanding, being those not held by the company, its agents or trustees, or subject to its control.

(c) The amounts included herein shall be further divided so as to show the amount of each class of funded debt, as follows:

(1) *Mortgage bonds.* Bonds secured by lien on physical property and not includible in the other subdivisions of this account.

(2) *Collateral trust bonds.* Bonds and notes secured by a lien on securities or other negotiable paper; and stock trust certificates that are similar in character to collateral trust bonds.

(3) *Income bonds.* Bonds which are a lien on a carrier's revenue alone, or bonds which, while being a lien on its property and franchises, can claim payment of interest only in case interest is earned.

(4) *Miscellaneous obligations.* All funded obligations not provided for by the other subdivisions of this account, also notes, unsecured certificates of indebtedness, debenture bond, plain bonds,

real estate mortgages executed or assumed and other similar obligations maturing more than one year from date of issue, but excluding liabilities for assessments for public improvements and those evidenced by conditional or deferred equipment purchase contracts for which provision is made in accounts 782, "Other liabilities," and 766, "Equipment obligations," respectively.

(5) *Receipts outstanding for funded debt.* Receipts for payments on account of funded debt. When certificates are issued for such payments, the par value shall be included in the account covering the class of funded debt for which the certificates are issued.

(d) Each of the above classes shall also be divided into subclasses according to differences in mortgage or other lien or security therefor, rate of interest, interest dates, or date of maturity. Parts of any issue agreeing in other characteristics but maturing serially may be treated as of the same subclass.

(e) Records shall be maintained in such manner as to show (1) securities the issuance or assumption of which has been authorized by the Board under provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act, and similar securities issued or assumed prior to the effective date of such provisions of the Act, and (2) other obligations of a kind which may legally be issued or assumed without such authorization.

NOTE A: Securities (other than equipment obligations) maturing one year or less from date of issue shall be included in accounts 757, "Payables to affiliated companies," 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies," or 751, "Loans and notes payable," as appropriate, except that where an issue of securities maturing serially over a period of years contains short-term obligations such obligations may be included as funded debt. Mature funded debt shall be included in account 763, "Other current liabilities," if provision has been made for current settlement. If no provision has been made for current settlement, matured funded debt shall be included in account 768, "Debt in default," except that when the collection of matured funded debt of affiliated companies is not enforced by controlling companies, the principal amount (to the extent held by a controlling company) shall be included in account 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies."

NOTE B: See definitions 3, actually issued; 4, actually outstanding; 25, nominally issued; and 26, nominally outstanding.

NOTE C: Nonnegotiable notes having a maturity of more than one year after date of issue, held by affiliated companies, shall be included in account 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies."

NOTE D: Securities nominally issued or re-acquired and held in the company's treasury, except securities held by trustees in sinking or other funds, shall be included in a subdivision of this account. In the general balance sheet statement the total unmatured funded debt included in this account shall be shown in the first short column. The amount nominally but not actually issued and the amount nominally outstanding shall be shown in the second short column, and in the long column shall be shown the amount actually outstanding.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

766 Equipment obligations.

(a) This account shall include the par value of equipment securities and the principal amount of contractual obligations for the purchase of equipment, excluding principal or obligations maturing serially or payable in installments within one year from the close of the accounting period, and including obligations due within one year which are expected to be refinanced on a long-term basis (see account 764, "Equipment obligations and other long-term debt due within one year"); for explanation of long-term refinancing, see note B to account 751, "Loans and notes payable."

(b) The amounts included herein shall be divided as follows:

(1) Principal amount of equipment securities including those maturing serially, issued or assumed by the accounting company or by receivers and trustees, which have been authorized by the Board under provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act and similar securities issued or assumed prior to the effective date of such provisions of the act.

(2) Principal sums of obligations for equipment purchased under conditional or deferred payment contracts, which may be legally entered into or assumed by the accounting company or by receivers and trustees, without authorization by the Board.

766.5 Capitalized lease obligations.

(a) Long-term leases which are clearly in substance installment purchases

shall be capitalized. The liability under such leases which have been capitalized in fixed asset accounts shall be recorded in this account. (See instruction 2-20.)

(b) This account shall be kept so as to show the liability under each lease obligation.

NOTE A: The portion of the liability for long-term leases which is payable within 1 year of the close of the accounting period is includible in account 764, Equipment obligations and other long-term debt due within one year.

NOTE B: Leases which merely state the right to use property and a related obligation to pay specific rents over a definite future period shall not be considered to be assets and liabilities.

(49 U.S.C. 12, 20, 304, 913 and 1012)

[42 FR 56611, Oct. 27, 1977]

767 Receivers' and trustees' securities.

When receivers or trustees acting under the orders of a court are in possession of the property of the company, and under the order of such court issue or assume evidences of indebtedness (other than equipment securities or obligations) the par value of such evidences shall be credited to this account.

NOTE: The par value of equipment securities or the principal amount of obligations incurred for the purchase of equipment under conditional or deferred payment contracts shall be included in account 766, "Equipment obligations."

768 Debt in default.

This account shall include amounts transferred from other accounts representing matured funded securities or obligations, receivers' and trustees' securities, equipment obligations and short-term notes, when maturity dates of such obligations have not been extended

NOTE A: The principle amount of matured funded debt of affiliated companies the collection of which is not enforced by the controlling company shall (to the extent of the principal amount held by the controlling company) be included in account 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies."

NOTE B: The principal amount unrepresented funded debt obligations which have matured, and for which provision has been made for payment shall be included in account 763, "Other current liabilities."

769 Accounts payable; affiliated companies.

This account shall include the par value of nonnegotiable notes issued to affiliated companies; also matured funded debt of affiliated companies held by controlling companies where there is no agreement for an extension as to time of payment and collection of the principal is not enforced; credit balances in open accounts with such companies other than credit balances classable as current liabilities, and interest accrued on notes, matured funded debt of affiliated companies and open accounts included in this account, when such interest is not subject to current settlements. The amounts included herein shall be divided as follows:

(a) Notes, including not only non-negotiable notes that run longer than a term of one year, but also such notes payable on demand or within one year from the date of issue when it is mutually agreed that the notes shall not be enforced as current assets by the holder.

(b) Par value of matured funded debt of affiliated companies held by controlling companies where there is no agreement for an extension of time and collection is not enforced.

(c) Open accounts not subject to current settlement.

(d) Interest accrued on amounts included in this account when not subject to current settlement.

NOTE A: Accounts with affiliated companies which are subject to current settlement shall be classed as current assets or current liabilities, as appropriate.

NOTE B: No item shall be included in this account which is not known to be the property of an affiliated company.

NOTE C: The term *affiliated companies* includes:

1. Controlled companies, including companies solely controlled by the accounting company, and also companies jointly controlled by the accounting company and others under a joint arrangement. (See definition 4.)

2. Controlling companies, including both companies solely controlling the accounting company, and companies which jointly control the accounting company under a joint arrangement.

3. Companies controlled by controlled companies.

4. Companies controlled by controlling companies.

By *control* (See definition 8) is meant the ability to determine the action of a corporation. For the purposes of this account, the following are to be considered forms of control:

- (a) Right through title to securities issued or assumed to exercise the major part of the voting power in the controlled corporation.
- (b) Right through agreement of some character or through some source other than title to securities, to name the majority of the board of directors, managers, or trustees of the controlled corporation.
- (c) Right to foreclose a first lien upon all or a major part in value of the tangible property of the controlled corporation.
- (d) Right to secure control in consequence of advances made for construction of the operating property of the controlled corporation.
- (e) Right to control only in a specific respect the action of the controlled corporation.

A leasehold interest in the property of a corporation is not to be classed as a form of control over the lessor corporation.

Sole control is that which rests in one corporation.

Joint control is that which rests in two or more corporations and which is held under a joint arrangement.

770.1 Unamortized debt discount.

This account shall include the total of the net debit balances representing the excess of the discount over the premium in connection with the issuance of each class of the carrier's outstanding long-term or equipment obligations. Separate subdivisions shall be maintained for each issue of such obligations. (See instruction 5-3.)

NOTE A: Issue costs related to long-term debt (debt expense) shall be included in account 743, "Other deferred debits." (See instruction 5-3.)

NOTE B: When long-term obligations are refinanced the balance of debt discount and expense pertaining to the old obligations shall be transferred to account 551, "Miscellaneous income charges."

770.2 Unamortized premium on debt.

This account shall include the total of all credit balances representing the excess of the premium over the discount and expenses in connection with the issuance of each class of the carrier's outstanding long-term or equipment obligations. Separate subdivisions shall be maintained for each issue of obligations. (See instruction 5-3.)

OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

771 Accrued liability; pension and welfare.

(a) This account shall include the credit balances accrued representing the estimated liability of the carrier for amounts provided by charges to operating expenses, including amounts contributed by employees, irrespective of whether carried in special funds or in general funds of the carrier, for pensions, accident and death benefits, savings, relief, hospital, or other provident purposes.

(b) The carrier may use the "full accrual basis" to account for pension costs upon prior approval of the Board. Full accrual basis as used herein means recording in the accounts now and hereafter costs of employees pensions accrued, including credits for past services, upon the basis of actuarial computations, even though the sum has not been funded by payment to the trustees. Applications for such accounting shall show the method of computation, together with the carrier's proposal for recording in the accounts the related income tax credits to be realized in subsequent years.

(c) This account shall be charged when payments are made to retired employees, or disbursements are made for the purposes for which liability was provided.

(d) Separate subaccounts shall be maintained to show the amount provided for each liability and the nature of and amounts of debits and credits to the subaccounts.

772 Accrued liability; leased property.

(a) This account shall be credited with amounts concurrently charged to operating expenses or other accounts to cover the accrued liability on leased road and equipment when settlement between the accounting carrier and the lessor is not made currently. The amounts recorded shall include unsettled rent, based on depreciation or other factors, and liability for property retired.

(b) This account shall be divided to show the liability to (1) affiliated companies (See definition 4), and (2) others.

774 Accrued liability; casualty and other claims.

(a) This account shall be credited with the amounts charged to operating expense to provide for estimated liabilities for claims for deaths of or injuries to employees and others, and for damages to property not owned or held under lease by the carrier; for claims for loss, destruction, damage, or delays to property entrusted to the carrier for transportation or storage; for revenue over charges, such as those covered by reparation claims; and for similar items. No credits shall be made to this account for amounts recoverable from insurance companies or others.

(b) Separate subaccounts shall be maintained to show the amount provided for each liability and the nature of and amounts of debits and credits to the subaccounts.

(c) If settlements for claims when audited are charged to this account, the balances for each year shall be kept separately until all items have been adjusted and cleared. If the settlements when audited are charged to the appropriate expense accounts, the balance in this account shall be adjusted through the expense accounts so as to reflect the probable liability at the close of each accounting period for claims which have been or may be filed for actuarial occurrences.

(d) Estimates of amounts payable within one year covering liability for claims shall be transferred from this account to account 759, "Accrued accounts payable."

775 Other accrued liabilities.

(a) This account shall be credited with the amounts accrued for estimated liabilities or losses provided by charges to operating expense or income accounts which are not provided for in any of the preceding accrued liability accounts.

(b) Separate subaccounts shall be maintained to show the amount provided for each liability and the nature of and amounts of debits and credits to the subaccounts.

(c) Upon accomplishment of the purpose for which each accrued liability was provided in this account, any remaining balance in the applicable subaccount shall be cleared to the appro-

priate operating expense or other account. Prior Board approval shall be required for clearance of balances in accrued liability subaccounts which were originally established by authority of the Board.

(d) Estimates of amounts payable within one year covering any liability included in this account shall be transferred to account 759, "Accrued accounts payable."

781 Interest in default.

This account shall include the amount of matured and unpaid interest (for which no provision has been made for current settlement) on all indebtedness issued or assumed by the accounting company except interest which is added to the principal of the debt on which incurred. Where interest is in default, subsequent accruals shall be credited to this account.

NOTE: Interest matured and unpaid on debt to affiliated companies, if not subject to current settlement, shall be included in account 769, "Accounts payable; Affiliated companies."

782 Other liabilities.

This account shall include assessments for public improvements; retained amounts due governmental agencies for construction work; percentages due contractors to be paid upon completion of contracts; deposits for construction of side tracks to be refunded on basis of an agreed portion of the earnings from the traffic handled over the tracks and similar liabilities not payable within one year: This account shall also include other deferred and noncurrent liabilities not otherwise provided for in general balance sheet accounts. Assessments for public improvements and amounts due governmental agencies and others for payments to be made within one year, shall be included in account 763, "Other current liabilities," or other appropriate current liability account.

783 Deferred revenues—transfers from government authorities.

This account shall include amounts representing the cost of acquisition, addition to, or improvement of depreciable operating property received, or receivable from Federal, state, or local

authorities. Items to be included in this account shall be determined in accordance with instruction 1-15.

An appropriate record shall be maintained of each asset associated with these transfers showing: (1) Original cost to carrier (or fair value if not purchased), (2) accumulated depreciation, and (3) estimated salvage value, if any.

This account shall be charged periodically, and account 503, "Railway Operating Revenues—Amortization of Deferred Transfers from Government Authorities," shall be credited with amounts equal to the depreciation costs of the assets to which they apply. When such assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, this account shall be charged, and account 503 concurrently credited with any remaining associated amounts. (See instruction 1-15.)

NOTE A: This account shall not include government transfers in the form of, or designated for the purchase of land or other non-depreciable property. Transfers of this type are includible in account 795, "Other Capital."

NOTE B: This account shall not include transfers from the Federal Government to either Amtrak or ConRail representing the cost of depreciable and non-depreciable operating property.

(49 U.S.C. 304, 320)

[43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978]

DEFERRED CREDITS

784 Other deferred credits.

(a) This account shall include the amount of credit balances in suspense accounts that cannot be disposed of until services are performed or additional information is received, such as amounts received from sale of mileage tickets, to be disposed of as mileage is honored; amounts received from sales of excess baggage script, to be disposed of as coupons are honored; interchangeable mileage credential ticket redemption funds, amounts collected from the sale of damaged, unclaimed, and over freight held pending final disposition, unadjusted credit items not otherwise provided for; and similar items, the proper disposition of which is uncertain.

786 Accumulated deferred income tax credits.

(a) This account shall be credited with the noncurrent portions of deferred income tax debits and credits when the balance is a net credit, as determined by Instruction 1-10. A net debit balance shall be included in account 744, "Accumulated deferred income tax debits."

(b) This account shall be credited with the amount of investment tax credits utilized in the current year for income tax purposes but deferred for accounting purposes (see Instruction 1-10).

(c) This account shall be concurrently debited with amounts credited to account 557, "Provision for deferred taxes," representing amortization of amounts for investment tax credits deferred in prior accounting periods.

(d) This account shall be maintained in such a manner as to show separately:

(1) the unamortized balance of deferred income taxes and deferred investment tax credit separately as of the beginning and as of the end of each year (2) the entries that affected the account balance, and (3) the current year's net credits or charges applicable to timing differences and deferred investment tax credits.

NOTE A: For definitions of income tax terminology see Definition 17. Account 557, "Provision for deferred taxes", and account 591, "Provision for deferred taxes—Extraordinary item," shall concurrently be charged (credited) with the net effect of material timing effects. Other related deferred income tax balance sheet accounts are:

Account 714, "Deferred income tax debit."
Account 744, "Accumulated deferred income tax debits."

Account 762, "Deferred income tax credits."

(49 U.S.C. 10321, 11145; 5 U.S.C. 553)

[47 FR 12350, Mar. 23, 1982, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

791 Capital stock.

(a) This account shall include the par value of stocks with par value; the stated value of no par stock having a stated value; and the cash value of the consideration received or the amount approved by the Board for the no par stocks without stated value for all

shares of capital stock or other form of proprietary interest in the accounting company which have been issued to bona fide purchasers and have not been reacquired and canceled, also shares of stock nominally issued.

(b) This account also shall include amounts transferred from retained earnings for no par stock without stated value when approved by the Board.

(c) The amount of the consideration received from the sale of par value stock and no par stock having a stated value in excess of the amount credited to this account shall be credited to account 794, "Premiums and assessments on capital stock."

(d) When capital stock is retired or canceled, this account shall be charged with the amount at which such stock is carried in this account. In the case of no par stock without stated value, the amount to be charged shall be the proportion, applicable to the reacquired shares immediately prior to reacquisition, of the total book liability included herein of actually outstanding shares of the particular class and series of stock of which the reacquired shares are a part.

(e) The amounts included in this account shall be recorded so as to show (1) par value of shares of par value stock; the stated value of shares of no par stock, and the amount paid in or approved by the Board for no par stock without stated value (pledged or unpledged), held in the company's treasury, by its agents or trustees, or otherwise subject to its control, including shares nominally but never actually issued and (2) par value of shares of par value stock, the stated value of shares of no par stock, and the amount paid in or approved by the Board for shares of no par stock without stated value, issued and actually outstanding, being the shares not held by the company, its agents, or trustees, or subject to its control.

(f) The amounts recorded shall be further divided so as to show the amount of each class of stock issued, separated as between par value and no par value stock, as follows:

(1) *Common stock.* Stocks which have no preference over other issues of stock in distribution of dividends or of assets.

(2) *Preferred stock.* Stocks having preference over other issues of stock in distribution of dividends or of assets.

(3) *Debenture stock.* Stock issued under a contract to pay a specified return at specified intervals.

(4) *Receipts outstanding for installments paid.* Receipts for payments on account of subscriptions to capital stock.

(g) When the subscriber has paid his subscription in full and is entitled to receive certificates representing the shares for which he has subscribed, the par value of stocks having par value, the stated value of no par stock, or the agreed purchase price or the price authorized by the Board for no par stock without stated value, as appropriate, shall be included in the division for the class for which the certificates are issued.

(h) Each of the above classes shall also be divided into subclasses according to differences in dividend or interest rights, voting rights, or conditions under which the securities may be retired.

NOTE A: When a general levy or assessment is made against the holders of capital stock requiring the payment of any sum in addition to the consideration agreed upon at the time of sale, the amount collected shall be credited to account 794, "Premiums and assessments on capital stock."

NOTE B: When no par stock without stated value is issued in exchange for par stock, or no par stock with stated value, amounts included in account 794, "Premiums and assessments on capital stock," for the retired stock, shall be transferred to this account, and any amounts included in the discount account for the retired stock shall be charged to account 795, "Other capital"; *Provided, however,* That any excess over the amount of accumulated net gains applicable to the subclass exchanged included in account 795 shall be charged to account 616, "Other debits to retained earnings."

NOTE C: An appropriate record shall be maintained with respect to shares of capital stock showing the number of shares nominally issued, nominally outstanding, actually issued and actually outstanding.

NOTE D: See definitions 3, actually issued; 4, actually outstanding; 25, nominally issued; and 26, nominally outstanding.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

792 Capital stock to be distributed.

This account shall include the company's liability under agreements to

exchange its capital stock for the outstanding securities of companies whose physical property has been acquired under such agreements, but whose securities have not yet been surrendered for exchange. This account shall also include stock dividends declared that remain undistributed at the end of an accounting period.

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 52 FR 4347, Feb. 11, 1987]

793 Discount on capital stock.

This account shall include the excess of the par or stated value recorded in account 791, "Capital stock," (at the time of original sale of par value stock and no par stock with a stated value) plus accrued dividends, if any, over the cash value of the consideration received.

794 Premiums and assessments on capital stock.

(a) This account shall include the excess of the actual cash value of the consideration received (at the time of original sale of par value stock and no par stock with a stated value) over the par or stated value of the stock issued, plus accrued dividends, if any, and subsequent assessments against stockholders representing payments required in excess of par or stated value.

(b) Separate subdivisions shall be maintained for premiums and for assessments on each class and series of stock.

(c) When capital stock is retired and canceled, this account shall be charged with the amount of assessments and premiums originally recorded for the shares of stock retired and canceled.

795 Other capital.

(a) This account shall include all other capital not classified as retained earnings. It shall include such items as the amount of consent dividends on the accounting company's capital stock; capital arising from donations by stockholders of capital stock of the company or other contribution to capital; amounts representing reduction of the par or recorded value of the accounting company's capital stock, including reductions arising in merger of a railroad and pooling of interest (see instruction 2-15(d)); capital from reor-

ganization of the company (see instruction 2-16); and amounts of forfeited subscriptions to the accounting company's capital stock. This account shall also include gains from the acquisition, retirement, or resale of reacquired shares of the accounting company's capital stock; and forgiveness by stockholders as a contribution to capital of long-term debt owed to them.

(b) This account shall be charged with amounts included herein when capitalized by stock dividends or otherwise with the approval of the Board, and losses from retirement or resale of reacquired shares up to an amount not in excess of credits included herein applicable to the reacquired shares; and may be charged with the amortization of discount on capital stock to the extent of credits herein for such stock.

(c) This account shall be subdivided to show each source of other capital.

(d) This account shall be subdivided to show the cumulative amounts representing the cost of nondepreciable operating property received from government authorities, in accordance with the provisions of instruction 1-15.

(e) This account shall also be subdivided to show the cumulative amounts representing the cost of depreciable and nondepreciable operating property received by Amtrak or Conrail from the Federal Government. (See instruction 1-15.)

(49 U.S.C. 304, 320)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978]

797 Retained earnings; appropriated.

This account shall include the accumulated amount of retained earnings which has been appropriated and set aside according to provisions of mortgages, deeds of trust, reorganization plans, or other agreements requiring payments into capital funds, sinking funds, or other funds; and also appropriations for general contingencies, possible future losses (not in the category of liabilities actually incurred), and other corporate purposes. This account shall be subdivided by classes of appropriations showing the purpose for which each appropriation is made.

798 Retained earnings; unappropriated.

(a) This account shall include the net balance (debit or credit) of the amounts included in accounts 601 to 623, inclusive. It shall not include transfers either to or from account 795, "Other capital," unless authorized upon application to the Board.

(b) Any balance representing retained earnings not segregated at the date of the balance sheet shall be included in a subdivision of this account.

(c) The balance of accounts 601 to 623, inclusive, shall be closed into this account at the end of each calendar year.

798.1 Net unrealized loss on noncurrent marketable securities.

This account shall include the accumulated changes in account 724 to the extent that these changes represent a net unrealized loss (aggregate cost exceeds market value).

798.5 Treasury stock.

(a) This account shall include in subdivisions for each class the reacquisition cost of capital stock which has been actually issued or assumed by the carrier, then reacquired, and is neither retired nor canceled, nor properly includable in sinking or other funds.

(b) This account shall be maintained to reflect separately securities pledged and unpledged.

(c) This account shall be shown on the balance sheet as a deduction in arriving at stockholders' equity.

NOTE: The accounting for the reacquisition and resale of capital stock shall be in accordance with instruction 5-4, paragraphs (e) through (g).

FORM OF GENERAL BALANCE SHEET
STATEMENT

The classified form of general balance sheet statement is designed to show the financial condition of the accounting company at any specified date.

ASSETS

- Current assets:
- 701. Cash.
- 702. Temporary cash investments.
- 703. Special deposits.
- 704. Loans and notes receivable.
- 705. Accounts receivable; Interline and other balances.
- 706. Accounts receivable; Customers.
- 707. Accounts receivable; Other.

ASSETS—Continued

- 708. Interest and dividends receivable.
- 708.5. Receivables from affiliated companies.
- 709. Accrued accounts receivable.
- 709.5. Allowance for uncollectible accounts.
 - Net receivables.
- 710. Working funds.
- 711. Prepayments.
- 712. Material and supplies.
- 713. Other current assets.
- 714. Deferred income tax debits.
 - Total current assets.
- Special funds:
 - 715. Sinking funds.
 - 716. Capital funds.
 - 717. Other funds.
 - Total special funds.
- Investments:
 - 721. Investments and advances; affiliated companies.
 - Undistributed earnings from certain investments in account 751.
 - 721.5. Adjustments; investments and advances—affiliated companies.
 - Net—investments and advances—affiliated companies.
 - 722. Other investments and advances.
 - 723. Adjustments; Other investments and advances.
 - 724. Allowance for net unrealized loss on noncurrent marketable equity securities—Cr.
 - Net—other investments and advances.
 - Total investments.
- Tangible property:
 - 731. Road and equipment property.
 - 735. Accumulated depreciation; Road and equipment property.
 - 736. Accumulated amortization; Road and equipment property—Defense projects.
 - Net road and equipment property.
 - 732. Improvements on leased property.
 - 733. Accumulated depreciation; Improvements on leased property.
 - 734. Accumulated amortization; Improvements on leased property—Defense projects.
 - Net improvements on leased property.
 - Total carrier property.
 - 737. Property used in other than carrier operations.
 - 738. Accumulated depreciation; Property used in other than carrier operations.
 - Net—property used in other than carrier operations.
 - Total tangible property.
- Intangible property:
 - 739. Organization expenses.
- Other assets and deferred debits:
 - 741. Other assets.
 - 743. Other deferred debits.
 - 744. Accumulated deferred income tax debits.
 - Total other assets and deferred debits.
 - Total assets.
- LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
- Current liabilities:
 - 751. Loans and notes payable.
 - 752. Accounts payable; Interline and other balances.
 - 753. Audited accounts and wages payable.
 - 754. Accounts payable; Other.
 - 755. Interest payable.
 - 756. Dividends payable.
 - 757. Payables to affiliated companies.
 - 759. Accrued accounts payable.
 - 760. Federal income taxes accrued.
 - 761. State and other income taxes accrued.
 - 761.5. Other taxes accrued.
 - 762. Deferred income tax credits.
 - 763. Other current liabilities.

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ASSETS—Continued

764. Equipment obligations and other long-term debt due within one year.
Total current liabilities.

Long-term debt due after one year:¹

765. Funded debt unmatured.
766. Equipment obligations.
766.5. Capitalized lease obligations.
767. Receivers' and trustees' securities.
768. Debt in default.
769. Accounts payable; Affiliated companies.
770.1. Unamortized debt discount.
770.2. Unamortized premium on debt.
Total long-term debt due after one year.

Other long-term liabilities:

771. Accrued liability; Pension and welfare.
772. Accrued liability; Leased property.
774. Accrued liability; Casualty and other claims.
775. Other accrued liabilities.
781. Interest in default.
782. Other liabilities.
Total other long-term liabilities.

Deferred credits:

783. Deferred revenues—transfers from government authorities.
784. Other deferred credits.
786. Accumulated deferred income tax credits.
Total deferred credits.

Shareholders' equity:

Capital stock:

791. Capital stock.
792. Liability for conversion of capital stock.
793. Discount on capital stock.
Total capital stock.

Additional capital:

ASSETS—Continued

794. Premiums and assessments on capital stock.
795. Other capital.
Total additional capital.

Retained earnings:

797. Retained earnings; Appropriated.
798. Retained earnings; Unappropriated.
798.1. Net unrealized loss on noncurrent marketable equity securities.
Total retained earnings.

798.5. Treasury stock.
Total shareholders' equity.
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity.

¹To be divided as to "Total issued" and "Held by or for company."

(49 U.S.C. 12, 20, 304, 913 and 1012)

[42 FR 35017, July 7, 1977, as amended at 42 FR 56611, Oct. 27, 1977; 43 FR 30558, July 17, 1978]

CONVERSION TABLES

Operating Expense Accounts.
Transportation Operating Revenue Accounts.
Income Accounts.
Retained Income Accounts.
General Balance Sheet Accounts.

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
Maintenance of Roadway and Structures						
Superintendence	201	11-13-02	21-13-02	.....	41-13-02	61-13-02
		11-13-03	21-13-03	.....	41-13-03	61-13-03
		11-13-04	21-13-04	.....	41-13-04	61-13-04
		11-13-05	21-13-05	.....	41-13-05	61-13-05
		11-13-06	21-13-06	.....	41-13-06	61-13-06
Roadway maintenance	202	11-11-10	21-11-10	39/40-11-10	41-11-10	61-11-10
		11-12-10	21-12-10	39/40-12-10	41-12-10	61-12-10
		11-11-11	21-11-48	39/40-11-48	41-11-48	61-11-48
		11-12-11	21-12-11	39/40-12-11	41-12-11	61-12-48
Tunnels and subways	206	11-11-11	21-11-11	39/40-11-11	41-11-11	61-11-11
		11-12-11	21-12-11	39/40-12-11	41-12-11	61-12-11
		11-11-48	21-11-48	39/40-11-48	41-12-48	61-12-48
		11-12-48	21-12-48	39/40-12-48	41-12-48	61-12-48
Bridges, trestles and culverts	208	11-11-12	21-11-12	39/40-11-12	41-11-12	61-11-12
		1-12-12	21-12-12	39/40-12-12	41-12-12	61-12-12
		11-11-48	21-11-48	39/40-11-48	41-11-48	61-11-48
		11-12-48	21-12-48	39/40-12-48	41-12-48	61-12-48
Elevated structures	210	11-11-12	21-11-12	39/40-11-12	41-11-12	61-11-12
		11-12-12	21-12-12	39/40-12-12	41-12-12	61-12-12
		11-11-48	21-11-48	39/40-11-48	41-11-48	61-11-48
		11-12-48	21-12-48	39/40-12-48	41-12-48	61-12-48
Ties	212	.....	21-11-13	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-13	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-11-48	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-48	.....	.....	.....
Rails	214	.....	21-11-14	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-14	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-11-48	.....	.....	.....

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
Other track material	216	.....	21-12-48	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-11-15	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-15	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-11-48	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-48	.....	.....	.....
Ballast	218	.....	21-11-16	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-16	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-11-48	.....	.....	.....
		.....	21-12-48	.....	.....	.....
Track laying and surfacing	220	11-11-17	21-11-17	39/40-11-17	41-11-17	61-11-17
		11-12-17	21-12-17	39/40-12-17	41-12-17	61-12-17
		11-11-48	21-11-48	39/40-11-48	41-11-48	61-11-48
		11-12-48	21-12-48	39/40-12-48	41-12-48	61-12-48
Fences, snowsheds and signs	221	11-13-28	21-13-28	39/40-13-28	41-13-28	61-13-28
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Station and office buildings	227	11-13-23	21-13-23	39/40-13-23	41-13-23	61-13-23
		11-13-33	21-13-33	39/40-13-33	41-13-33	61-13-33
		11-13-35	21-13-35	39/40-13-35	41-13-35	61-13-35
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Roadway buildings	229	11-13-28	21-13-28	39/40-13-28	41-13-28	61-13-28
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Water stations	231	11-13-27	21-13-27	39/40-13-27	41-13-27	61-13-27
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Fuel stations	233	11-13-27	21-13-27	39/40-13-27	41-13-27	61-13-27
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Shops and enginehouses	235	11-13-24	21-13-24	39/40-13-24	41-13-24	61-13-24
		11-13-25	21-13-25	39/40-13-25	41-13-25	61-13-25
		11-13-26	21-13-26	39/40-13-26	41-13-26	61-13-26
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Grain elevators	237	11-13-35	21-13-35	39/40-13-35	41-13-35	61-13-35
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Storage warehouses	239	11-13-28	21-13-28	39/40-13-28	41-13-28	61-13-28
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Wharves and docks	241	11-13-32	21-13-32	39/40-13-32	41-13-32	61-13-32
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Coal and ore wharves	243	11-13-29	21-13-29	39/40-13-29	41-13-29	61-13-29
		11-13-30	21-13-30	39/40-13-30	41-13-30	61-13-30
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
TOFC/COFC terminals	244	11-13-31	21-13-31	39/40-13-31	41-13-31	61-13-31
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Communication systems	247	11-13-20	21-13-20	39/40-13-20	41-13-20	61-13-20
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Signals and interlockers	249	11-11-19	21-11-19	39/40-11-19	41-11-19	61-11-19
		11-12-48	21-12-48	39/40-12-48	41-12-18	61-12-18
		11-11-48	21-11-48	39/40-11-48	41-11-48	61-11-48
		11-12-48	21-12-48	39/40-12-48	41-12-48	61-12-48
Power plants	253	11-13-21	21-13-21	39/40-13-21	41-13-21	61-13-21
		11-13-24	21-13-24	39/40-13-24	41-13-24	61-13-24
		11-13-28	21-13-25	39/40-13-25	41-13-25	61-13-25
		11-13-26	21-13-26	39/40-13-26	41-13-26	61-13-26
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Power transmission systems	257	11-13-21	21-13-21	39/40-13-21	41-13-21	61-13-21
		11-13-24	21-13-24	39/40-13-24	41-13-24	61-13-24
		11-13-25	21-13-25	39/40-13-25	41-13-25	61-13-25
		11-13-26	21-13-26	39/40-13-26	41-13-26	61-13-26
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Miscellaneous structures	265	11-13-28	21-13-28	39/40-13-28	41-13-28	61-13-28
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Roadway property; depreciation	266	.....	.....	.....	.....	62-11-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-12-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-13-00
Retirements; road	267	.....	.....	.....	.....	61-11-99
		.....	.....	.....	.....	61-12-99
		.....	.....	.....	.....	61-13-99
Roadway machines	269	11-13-36	21-13-36	39/40-13-36	41-13-36	61-13-36
		11-13-48	21-13-48	39/40-13-48	41-13-48	61-13-48
Dismantling retired road property	270	11-11-39	21-11-39	41-11-39	61-11-39

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OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
		11-12-39	21-12-39	.....	41-12-39	61-12-39
		11-13-39	21-13-39	.....	41-13-39	61-13-39
Small tools and supplies	271	11-13-37	21-13-37	39/40-13-37	41-13-37	61-13-37
Removing snow, ice and sand	272	11-13-38	21-13-38	39/40-13-38	41-13-38	61-13-38
Public improvements; maintenance	273	11-11-22	21-11-22	39/40-11-22	41-11-22	61-11-22
		11-12-22	21-12-22	39/40-12-22	41-12-22	61-12-22
Injuries to persons	274	11-11-99	.....	.....	.....	61-11-99
		11-12-99	.....	.....	.....	61-12-99
		11-13-99	.....	.....	.....	61-13-99
		11-61-92	21-61-92	41-61-92	.....	61-61-92
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-11-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-12-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-13-00
Insurance	275	.....	.....	.....	.....	53-11-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	53-12-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	53-13-00
Stationery and printing	276	.....	21-11-xx	.....	² 41-11-xx	.....
		.....	21-12-xx	.....	41-12-xx	.....
		.....	21-13-xx	.....	41-13-xx	.....
Employees health and welfare benefits	277	12-11-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-12-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-13-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maintaining joint tracks, yards and other facilities—Dr	278	.....	.....	37-11-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	37-12-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	37-13-00	.....	.....
Maintaining joint tracks, yards and other facilities—Cr	279	.....	.....	38-11-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	38-12-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	38-13-00	.....	.....
Right-of-way expenses	281	11-11-99	21-11-99	.....	41-11-99	61-11-99
		11-12-99	21-12-99	.....	41-12-99	61-12-99
		11-13-99	21-13-99	.....	41-13-99	61-13-99
Other expenses	282	11-11-99	21-11-99	.....	41-11-99	61-11-99
		11-12-99	21-12-99	.....	41-12-99	61-12-99
		11-13-99	21-13-99	.....	41-13-99	61-13-99
Maintenance of Equipment						
Superintendence	301	11-21-01	21-12-01	.....	41-21-01	61-21-01
		11-22-01	21-22-01	.....	41-22-01	61-22-01
		11-23-01	21-23-01	.....	41-23-01	61-23-01
Shop machinery	302	11-21-40	21-21-40	39/40-21-40	41-21-40	61-21-40
		11-22-40	21-22-40	39/40-22-40	41-22-40	61-22-40
		11-23-40	21-22-40	39/40-23-40	41-23-40	61-23-40
Power plant machinery	304	11-13-21	21-13-21	39/40-13-21	41-13-21	61-13-21
		11-13-28	21-13-28	39/40-13-28	41-13-28	61-13-28
Shop and power plant machinery; depreciation	305	.....	.....	.....	.....	62-13-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-21-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-22-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-23-00
Dismantling retired shop and power plant machinery	306	11-13-39	21-13-39	.....	41-13-39	61-13-39
		11-21-39	21-21-39	.....	41-21-39	61-21-39
		11-22-39	21-22-39	.....	41-22-39	61-22-39
		11-23-39	21-23-39	.....	41-23-39	61-23-39
Locomotive repairs	311	11-21-41	21-21-41	39/40-21-41	41-21-41	61-21-41
		11-21-48	21-21-48	39/40-21-48	41-21-48	61-21-48
		11-31-62	21-31-62	.....	41-31-62	61-31-62
Freight-train cars; repairs	314	11-22-42	21-22-42	39/40-22-42	41-22-42	61-22-42
		11-22-48	21-22-48	39/40-22-48	41-22-48	61-22-48
		11-31-62	21-31-62	.....	41-31-62	61-31-62
Passenger-train cars; repairs	317	11-25-45	21-25-45	39/40-25-45	41-25-45	61-25-45
		11-25-48	21-25-48	39/40-25-48	41-25-48	61-25-48
Highway revenue equipment; repairs	318	11-23-43	21-23-43	39/40-23-43	41-23-43	61-23-43
		11-23-48	21-43-48	39/40-23-48	41-23-48	61-23-48
Floating equipment; repairs	323	11-23-44	21-23-44	39/40-23-44	41-23-44	61-23-44

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
Work equipment; repairs	326	11-23-48	21-23-48	30/40-23-48	41-23-48	61-23-48
		11-23-47	21-23-47	39/40-23-47	41-23-47	61-23-47
Miscellaneous equipment; repairs	328	11-23-48	21-23-48	39/40-23-48	41-23-48	61-23-48
		11-23-47	21-23-47	39/40-23-47	41-23-47	61-23-47
Dismantling retired equipment	329	11-23-48	21-23-48	39/40-23-48	41-23-48	61-23-48
		11-21-39	21-21-39	.....	41-21-39	61-21-39
		11-22-39	21-22-39	.....	41-22-39	61-22-39
		11-23-39	21-23-39	.....	41-23-39	61-23-39
Retirements; equipment	330	.....	.....	.....	.....	61-29-99
		.....	.....	.....	.....	61-22-99
		.....	.....	.....	.....	61-23-99
Equipment; depreciation	331	.....	.....	.....	.....	62-21-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-22-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	62-23-00
Injuries to persons	332	11-21-99	.....	.....	.....	61-21-99
		11-22-99	.....	.....	.....	61-22-99
		11-23-99	.....	.....	.....	61-23-99
		11-61-99	21-61-92	41-61-92	.....	61-61-92
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-21-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-22-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-23-00
Insurance	333	.....	.....	.....	.....	53-21-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	53-22-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	53-23-00
Stationery and printing	334	.....	² 21-21-xx	.....	² 41-21-xx	.....
		.....	21-22-xx	.....	41-22-xx	.....
		.....	21-23-xx	.....	41-23-xx	.....
Employees health and welfare benefits	335	12-21-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-22-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-23-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Joint maintenance of equipment expenses—Dr ...	336	.....	.....	37-21-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	37-22-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	37-23-00	.....	.....
Joint maintenance of equipment expenses—Cr ...	337	.....	.....	38-21-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	38-22-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	38-23-00	.....	.....
Other expenses	339	11-21-99	21-21-99	.....	41-21-99	61-21-99
		11-22-99	21-22-99	.....	41-22-99	61-22-99
		11-23-99	21-23-99	.....	41-23-99	61-23-99
Various .....	.....	11-23-46	21-23-46	39/40-23-46	41-23-46	61-23-46
Traffic Expense Account						
Superintendence	351	11-61-01	21-61-01	.....	41-61-01	61-61-01
Outside agencies	352	11-61-88	21-61-88	.....	41-61-88	61-61-88
		11-61-89	21-61-89	.....	41-61-89	61-61-89
Advertising	353	11-61-93	21-61-93	.....	41-61-93	61-61-93
Traffic associations	354	11-61-93	21-61-93	.....	41-61-93	61-61-93
Fast freight lines	355	11-61-99	21-61-99	.....	41-61-99	61-61-99
Industrial and immigration bureaus	356	11-61-90	21-61-90	.....	41-61-90	61-61-90
Insurance	357	.....	.....	.....	.....	53-61-00
Stationery and printing	358	.....	² 21-61-xx	.....	² 41-61-xx	.....
Employees health and welfare benefits	359	12-61-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other expenses	360	11-61-99	21-61-99	.....	41-61-99	61-61-99
Transportation Expense Accounts						
Superintendence	371	11-31-01	21-31-01	.....	41-31-01	61-31-01
		11-32-01	21-32-01	.....	41-32-01	61-32-01
		11-34-01	21-34-01	.....	41-34-01	61-34-01
		11-35-01	21-35-01	.....	41-35-01	61-35-01
Dispatching trains	372	11-31-58	21-31-58	.....	41-31-58	61-31-58
Station employees	373	11-33-71	.....	.....	.....	.....
		11-35-76	.....	.....	.....	.....
		11-35-77	.....	.....	.....	.....
Weighing, inspection and demurrage bureaus	374	.....	.....	.....	41-31-99	.....
Coal and ore wharves	375	11-34-74	21-34-74	41-34-74	61-34-74
Station supplies and expenses	376	21-33-71	41-33-71

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OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
			21-35-76		41-35-76	61-35-76
			21-35-77		41-35-77	61-35-77
Yardmasters and yard clerks	377	11-32-65				
		11-32-66				
Yard conductors and brakemen	378	11-32-64				
Yard switch and signal tenders	379	11-32-59				
Yard enginemen	380	11-32-64				
Yard switching fuel	382	11-32-67	21-32-67		41-32-67	61-32-67
Yard switching power produced	383	11-32-68	21-32-68		41-32-68	61-32-68
Yard switching power purchased	384				41-32-68	
Servicing yard locomotives	388	11-32-69	21-32-69		41-32-69	61-32-69
Yard supplies and expenses	389		21-32-59		41-32-59	61-32-59
			21-32-64		41-32-64	61-32-64
			21-32-65		41-32-65	61-32-65
			21-32-66		41-32-66	61-32-66
Operating joint yards and terminals—Dr	390			37-32-00		
Operating joint yards and terminals—Cr	391			38-32-00		
Train enginemen	392	11-31-56				
Train fuel	394	11-31-67	21-31-67		41-31-67	61-31-67
Train power produced	395	11-31-68	21-31-68		41-31-68	61-31-68
Train power purchased	396				41-31-68	
Servicing train locomotives	400	11-31-69	21-31-69		41-31-69	61-31-69
Trainmen	401	11-31-57				
Train supplies and expenses	402		21-31-56		41-31-56	61-31-56
		11-31-62	21-31-62		41-31-62	61-31-62
		11-33-70	21-33-70		41-33-70	
		11-33-71	21-33-71		41-33-71	
		11-33-72	21-33-72		41-33-72	
		11-34-75	21-34-75		41-34-75	61-34-75
		11-31-99	21-31-99		41-31-99	61-31-99
Operating sleeping cars	403	11-41-01	21-41-01		41-41-01	61-41-01
		11-41-57	21-41-57		41-41-57	61-41-57
		11-45-76	21-45-76		41-45-76	61-45-76
		11-41-99	21-41-99		41-41-99	61-41-99
Signal and interlocker operation	404	11-31-59	21-31-59		41-31-59	61-31-59
Crossing protection	405	11-31-61	21-31-61		41-31-61	61-31-61
Drawbridge operations	406	11-31-60	21-31-60		41-31-60	61-31-60
Communication system operation	407	11-35-77	21-35-77		41-35-77	61-35-77
Operating floating equipment	408	11-34-01	21-34-01		41-34-01	61-34-01
		11-34-73	21-34-73		41-34-73	61-34-73
		11-34-74	21-34-74		41-34-74	61-34-74
Employees health and welfare benefits	409	12-31-00				
		12-32-00				
		12-33-00				
		12-34-00				
		12-35-00				
Stationery and printing	410		² 21-31-xx		² 41-31-xx	
		21-32-xx		41-32-xx		
		21-34-xx		41-34-xx		
		21-35-xx		41-35-xx		
Other expenses	411	11-31-99	21-31-99		41-31-99	61-31-99
		11-32-99	21-32-99		41-32-99	61-32-99
		11-34-99	21-34-99		41-34-99	61-34-99
		11-35-99	21-35-99		41-35-99	61-35-99
Operating joint tracks and facilities—Dr	412			37-31-00		
				37-32-00		
				37-34-00		
				37-35-00		
Operating joint tracks and facilities—Cr	413			38-31-00		
				38-32-00		
				38-34-00		
				38-35-00		
Insurance	414					53-31-00
						53-32-00
						53-34-00
						53-35-00

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
Clearing wrecks	415	11-31-63	21-31-63	.....	41-31-63	61-31-63
		11-32-63	21-32-63	.....	41-32-63	61-32-63
Damage to property	416	.....	.....	.....	.....	52-31-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-32-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-34-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-35-00
Damage to livestock on right-of-way	417	.....	.....	.....	.....	52-31-00
Loss and damage; Freight	418	.....	.....	.....	.....	51-31-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	51-32-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	51-33-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	51-34-00
		11-35-78	21-35-78	.....	41-35-78	61-35-78
Loss and damage; Baggage	419	.....	.....	.....	.....	51-31-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	51-32-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	51-33-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	51-34-00
		11-35-78	21-35-78	.....	41-35-78	61-35-78
Injuries to persons	420	11-31-99	.....	.....	.....	61-61-92
		11-32-99	.....	.....	.....	61-31-99
		11-34-99	.....	.....	.....	61-32-99
		11-35-99	.....	.....	.....	61-34-99
		11-61-92	21-61-92	41-61-92	.....	61-35-99
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-13-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-32-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-34-00
		.....	.....	.....	.....	52-35-00
TOFC/COFC terminals	421	11-35-78	21-35-78	.....	41-35-78	61-35-78
		11-34-73	21-34-73	.....	41-34-73	61-34-73
		11-34-74	21-34-74	.....	41-34-74	61-34-74
		11-34-75	21-34-75	.....	41-34-75	61-34-75
Other highway transportation	422	11-34-73	21-34-73	.....	41-34-73	61-34-73
		11-34-74	21-34-74	.....	41-34-74	61-34-74
		11-34-75	21-34-75	.....	41-34-75	61-34-75
Miscellaneous Operations Expense						
Dining and buffet service	441	11-41-01	21-41-01	.....	41-41-01	61-41-01
		11-41-57	21-41-57	.....	41-41-57	61-41-57
		11-41-99	21-41-99	.....	41-41-99	61-41-99
Hotels and restaurants	442	11-34-99	21-34-99	.....	41-34-99	61-34-99
Grain elevators	443	11-34-01	21-34-01	.....	41-34-01	61-34-01
		11-34-74	21-34-74	.....	41-34-74	61-34-74
		11-34-75	21-34-75	.....	41-34-75	61-34-75
Producing power sold	445	11-31-68	21-31-68	.....	41-31-68	61-31-68
		11-32-68	21-32-68	.....	41-32-68	61-32-68
Other miscellaneous operations	446	11-34-99	21-34-99	.....	41-34-99	61-34-99
Operating joint miscellaneous facilities—Dr	447	.....	.....	37-34-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	37-35-00	.....	.....
Operating joint miscellaneous facilities—Cr	448	.....	.....	38-34-00	.....	.....
		.....	.....	38-35-00	.....	.....
Employees Health and Welfare Benefits	449	12-34-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Operating Expenses						
Salaries and expenses of general officers	451	11-61-01	21-61-01	.....	41-61-01	61-61-01
		11-61-86	21-61-86	.....	41-61-86	61-61-86
		11-61-87	21-61-87	.....	41-61-87	61-61-87
		11-61-90	21-61-90	.....	41-61-90	61-61-90
		11-61-91	21-61-91	.....	41-61-91	61-61-91
		11-61-94	21-61-94	.....	41-61-94	61-61-94
		11-61-99	21-61-99	.....	41-61-99	61-61-99
Salaries and expenses of clerks and attendants ..	452	11-61-01	21-61-01	.....	41-61-01	61-61-01
		11-61-99	21-61-99	.....	41-61-99	61-61-99
		11-61-86	21-61-86	.....	41-61-86	61-61-86
		11-61-87	21-61-87	.....	41-61-87	61-61-87
		11-61-90	21-61-90	.....	41-61-90	61-61-90
		11-61-91	21-61-91	.....	41-61-91	61-61-91
		11-61-92	21-61-92	.....	41-61-92	61-61-92

OPERATING EXPENSE ACCOUNTS—CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

[See footnotes at end of table]

System of accounts effective prior to Jan 1, 1978		System of accounts effective Jan. 1, 1978				
Account title	No.	Account No. ¹				
		11-61-94	21-61-94	.....	41-61-94	61-61-94
		.....	21-61-99	.....	41-61-99	61-61-99
General office supplies and expenses	453	.....	21-61-01	.....	41-61-01	61-61-01
Law expenses	454	11-61-92	21-61-92	.....	41-61-92	61-61-92
Insurance	455	.....	.....	.....	.....	53-61-00
Employees health and welfare benefits	456	12-61-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pensions	457	12-11-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-12-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-13-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-21-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-22-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-23-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-31-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-32-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-34-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-35-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		12-61-00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stationery and printing	458	.....	² 21-61-xx	.....	² 41-61-xx	.....
Other expenses	460	11-61-99	21-61-99	.....	41-61-99	61-61-99
General joint facilities—Dr	461	.....	.....	37-61-00	.....	.....
General joint facilities—Cr	462	.....	.....	38-61-00	.....	.....
Various expenses .....	.....	11-61-94	21-61-94	.....	41-61-94	61-61-94

Footnotes:

¹ Freight account activity/subactivity numbers are shown except when old accounts are exclusively passenger expenses Passenger and common activity/subactivity numbers shall be used where appropriate.

² Account numbers with the last 2 digits "xx" indicates that the account is subdivided by applicable functions See account texts for appropriate function assignment.

TRANSPORTATION OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS CONVERSION TABLE

System of accounts eff. prior to Jan. 1, 1978		System of accounts eff. Jan. 1, 1978	
Account title	No.	No.	Account title
Transportation Revenue Accounts			
Transportation; rail line	100	100	Transportation; rail line.
Freight	101	101	Freight.
Passenger	102	102	Passenger.
Baggage	103	103	Passenger-related.
Sleeping car	104	103	Do.
Parlor and chair car	105	103	Do.
Other passenger-train	108	103	Do.
Milk	109	101	Freight.
Switching	110	104	Switching.
Water transfers	113	105	Water transfers.
Incidental	130	110	Incidental.
Dining and buffet	131	103	Passenger-related.
Hotel and restaurant	132	110	Incidental.
Station, train, and boat privileges	133	110	Do.
Storage; freight	135	110	Do.
Demurrage	137	106	Demurrage.
Communication	138	110	Incidental.
Grain elevator	139	110	Do.
Power	141	110	Do.
Rent of buildings and other property	142	110	Do.
Miscellaneous	143	110	Do.
Joint facility	150	120	Joint facility.
Joint facility—cr	151	121	Joint facility—cr.
Joint facility—dr	152	122	Joint facility—dr.

INCOME ACCOUNTS CONVERSION TABLE

System of accounts eff. prior to Jan. 1, 1978		System of accounts eff. Jan. 1, 1978	
Account title	No.	No.	Account title
Income Accounts			
Railway operating revenues	501	501	Railway operating revenues.
Revenues from miscellaneous operations	502	506	Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations.
Hire of freight cars and highway revenue freight equipment; credit balance.	503	.....	32-22-00, 32-23-00, 36-22-00, and 36-23-00.
Rent from locomotives	504	.....	32-21-00, and 36-21-00.
Rent from passenger-train cars	505	.....	32-25-00, and 36-25-00.
Rent from floating equipment	506	.....	32-23-00, and 36-23-00.
Rent from work equipment	507	.....	32-23-00, and 36-23-00.
Joint facility rent income	508	.....	34-11-00, 34-12-00, 34-13-00, 34-21-00, 34-22-00, and 34-23-00
Income from lease of road and equipment	509	.....	32-11-00, 32-12-00, 32-13-00, 32-21-00, 32-22-00, and 32-23-00.
Miscellaneous rent income	510	510	Miscellaneous rent income.
Income from nonoperating property	511	506	Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations.
		534	Expenses of property used in other than carrier operations.
Separately operated properties; profit	512	512	Separately operated properties; profit.
Dividend income	513	513	Dividend income.
Interest income	514	514	Interest income.
Income from sinking and other reserve funds	516	516	Income from sinking and other reserve funds.
Release of premiums on funded debt	517	517	Release of premiums on funded debt.
Contributions from other companies	518	518	Contributions from other companies.
Miscellaneous income	519	519	Miscellaneous income.
Railway operating expenses	531	531	Railway operating expenses.
Railway tax accruals	532	556	Income taxes on ordinary income.
Provision for deferred taxes	533	557	Provision for deferred taxes.
Expenses of miscellaneous operations	534	534	Expenses of property used in other than carrier operations.
Taxes on miscellaneous operating property	535	535	Taxes on property used in other than carrier operations.
Hire of freight cars and highway revenue freight equipment—debit balance.	536	.....	31-22-00, 35-22-00, 31-23-00, and 35-23-00.
Rent for locomotives	537	.....	31-21-00, and 35-21-00.
Rent for passenger-train cars	538	.....	31-25-00, and 35-25-00.
Rent for floating equipment	539	.....	31-23-00, and 35-23-00.
Rent for work equipment	540	.....	31-23-00, and 35-23-00.
Joint facility rents	541	.....	33-11-00, 33-12-00, 33-13-00, 33-21-00, 33-22-00, and 33-23-00.
Rent for leased roads	542	.....	31-11-00, 31-12-00, 31-13-00, 31-21-00, 31-22-00, and 31-23-00.
Miscellaneous rents	543	543	Miscellaneous rents.
Miscellaneous tax accruals	544	544	Miscellaneous taxes.
Taxes on property used in other than carrier operations	545	545	Separately operated properties; loss.
Separately operated properties; loss	546	546	Interest on funded debt.
Interest on funded debt	547	547	Interest on unfunded debt.
Interest on unfunded debt	548	548	Amortization of discount on funded debt.
Amortization of discount on funded debt	549	549	Maintenance of investment organization.
Maintenance of investment organization	550	550	Income transferred to other companies.
Income transferred to other companies	551	551	Miscellaneous income charges.
Miscellaneous income charges	553	553	Uncollectible accounts.
Unusual or infrequent items (debit) credit	555	555	Unusual or infrequent items (debit) credit.
Income or loss from operations of discontinued segments	560	560	Income or loss from operations of discontinued segments.
Gain or loss on disposal of discontinued segments	562	562	Gain or loss on disposal of discontinued segments.
Extraordinary items (net)	570	570	Extraordinary items (net).
Income taxes on extraordinary items	590	590	Income taxes on extraordinary items.
Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary items	591	591	Provision for deferred taxes—extraordinary items.
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	592	592	Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles.

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RETAINED INCOME ACCOUNTS CONVERSION TABLE

System of accounts eff. prior to Jan. 1, 1978		System of accounts eff. Jan. 1, 1978	
Account title	No.	No.	Account title
Credit			
Credit balance (at beginning of calendar year)	601	601	Credit balance (at beginning of calendar year).
Prior period adjustments to beginning retained income account.	601.5	601.5	Prior period adjustments to beginning retained earnings account.
Credit balance transferred from income	602	602	Credit balance transferred from income.
Other credits to retained income	606	606	Other credits to retained earnings.
Debit			
Debit balance (at beginning of calendar year)	611	611	Debit balance (at beginning of calendar year).
Debit balance transferred from income	612	612	Debit balance transferred from income.
Other debits to retained income	616	616	Other debits to retained earnings.
Appropriations for sinking and other reserve funds	620	620	Appropriations for sinking and other funds.
Appropriations for other purposes	621	621	Appropriations for other purposes.
Appropriations released	622	603	Appropriations released.
Dividends	623	623	Dividends.

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS CONVERSION TABLE

System of accounts eff. prior to Jan. 1, 1978		System of accounts eff. Jan. 1, 1978	
Account title	No.	No.	Account title
Cash	701	701	Cash.
Temporary cash investments	702	702	Temporary cash investments.
Special deposits	703	703	Special deposits.
Loans and notes receivable	704	704	Loans and notes receivable.
		708.5	Receivables from affiliated companies.
		709.5	Allowance for uncollectible accounts.
Traffic, car service and other balances—dr	705	705	Accounts receivable; interline and other balances.
		709.5	Allowances for uncollectible accounts.
		752	Accounts payable; interline and other balances.
Net balance receivable from agents and conductors	706	706	Accounts receivable; customers.
Miscellaneous accounts receivable	707	707	Accounts receivable; other.
		708.5	Receivables from affiliated companies.
		709.5	Allowance for uncollectible accounts.
Interest and dividends receivable	708	708	Interest and dividends receivable.
		708.5	Receivables from affiliated companies.
		709.5	Allowance for uncollectible accounts.
Accrued accounts receivable	709	709	Accrued accounts receivable.
Working fund advances	710	710	Working funds.
Prepayments	711	711	Prepayments.
Material and supplies	712	712	Material and supplies.
Other current assets	713	713	Other current assets.
Deferred income tax charges	714	714	Deferred income tax debits.
Sinking funds	715	715	Sinking funds.
Capital and other reserve funds	716	716	Capital funds.
Insurance and other funds	717	717	Other funds.
Investment in affiliated companies	721	721	Investments and advances; affiliated companies.
Other investments	722	722	Other investments and advances.
Reserve for adjustment of investment in securities—cr	723	721.5	Adjustments; investments and advances—affiliated companies.
		723	Adjustments; other investments and advances.
Road and equipment property	731	731	Road and equipment property.
Organization expenses	71	739	Organization expenses.
Improvements on leased property	732	732	Improvements on leased property.
Accrued depreciation; improvements on leased property	733	733	Accumulated depreciation; improvements on leased property.
Accrued depreciation; road and equipment	735	735	Accumulated depreciation; road and equipment property.
Amortization of defense projects; road and equipment	736	736	Accumulated amortization; road and equipment property—defense projects.
		734	Accumulated amortization; improvements on leased property—defense projects.
Miscellaneous physical property	737	737	Property used in other than carrier operations.
Accrued depreciation; miscellaneous physical property	738	738	Accumulated depreciation; property used in other than carrier operations.

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS CONVERSION TABLE—Continued

System of accounts eff. prior to Jan. 1, 1978		System of accounts eff. Jan. 1, 1978	
Account title	No.	No.	Account title
Other assets	741	741	Other assets.
Unamortized discount on long-term debt	770.1	770.1	Unamortized debt discount.
Other deferred charges	743	743	Other deferred debits.
Accumulated deferred income tax charges	744	744	Accumulated deferred income tax debits.
Liabilities			
Loans and notes payable	751	751	Loans and notes payable.
Traffic, car service and other balances—cr	752	757	Payables to affiliated companies.
		752	Accounts payable; interline and other balances.
		705	Accounts receivable; interline and other bal- ances.
		709.5	Allowance for uncollectible accounts.
Audited accounts and wages payable	753	753	Audited accounts and wages payable.
Miscellaneous accounts payable	754	754	Accounts payable; other.
		757	Payables to affiliated companies.
Interest matured unpaid	755	755	Interest payable.
		757	Payables to affiliated companies.
Dividends matured unpaid	756	756	Dividends payable.
		757	Payables to affiliated companies.
Unmatured interest accrued	757	755	Interest payable.
		757	Payables to affiliated companies.
Unmatured dividends declared	758	756	Dividends payable.
		757	Payables to affiliated companies.
Accrued accounts payable	759	759	Accrued accounts payable.
Federal income taxes accrued	760	760	Federal income taxes accrued.
Other taxes accrued	761	711	Prepayments.
		761	State and other income taxes accrued.
		761.5	Other taxes accrued.
Deferred income tax credits	762	762	Deferred income tax credits.
Other current liabilities	763	763	Other current liabilities.
Equipment obligations and other debt due within one year	764	764	Equipment obligations and other long-term debt due within 1 year.
Funded debt unmatured	765	765	Funded debt unmatured.
Equipment obligations	766	766	Equipment obligations.
Receivers' and trustees' securities	767	767	Receivers' and trustees' securities.
Debt in default	768	768	Debt in default.
Amounts payable to affiliated companies	769	769	Accounts payable; affiliated companies.
Pension and welfare reserves	771	771	Accrued liability; pension and welfare.
Casualty and other reserves	774	774	Accrued liability; casualty and other claims.
		775	Other accrued liabilities.
Interest in default	781	781	Interest in default.
Other liabilities	782	782	Other liabilities.
Unamortized premium on long-term debt	790.2	770.2	Unamortized premium on debt.
Other deferred credits	784	784	Other deferred credits.
Accrued liability; leased property	785	772	Accrued liability; leased property.
Accumulated deferred income tax credits	786	786	Accumulated deferred income tax credits.
Shareholders' Equity			
Capital stock issued	791	791	Capital stock.
Stock liability for conversion	792	792	Liability for conversion of capital stock.
Discount on capital stock	793	793	Discount on capital stock.
Premiums and assessment on capital stock	794	794	Premiums and assessments on capital stock.
Paid-in surplus	795	795	Other capital.
Other capital surplus	796	795	Do.
Retained income; appropriated	797	797	Retained earnings; appropriated.
Retained income; unappropriated	798	798	Retained earnings; unappropriated.
Treasury stock	798.5	798.5	Treasury stock.

Subpart B—Branch Line Accounting System

900 Definitions.

Unless otherwise required by context, the following definitions apply in this subpart:

Account means an account in the STB's Uniform System of Accounts (USOA), for Railroad companies (49 CFR Part 1201, Subpart A).

IC Act means the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1 *et seq.*), as amended.

Branch Line or *Branch* means a rail line or segment of line which (a) has been designated on a transportation system diagram in categories (1), (2), (3), or (4) (49 CFR 1152.10(b) (1), (2), (3), (4)); or (b) is the subject of a directed service order under section 304(d)(3) of the 3R Act; or (c) is the subject of a rail continuation service agreement entered into prior to the designation of the line on a system diagram.

STB or *Board* means the Surface Transportation Board.

Designated State agency means the instrumentality created by a State or designated by appropriate authority to administer or coordinate its State rail plan as required by section 5(j)(2) of the Department of Transportation Act (90 Stat. 131) or section 402(c)(1)(A) of the 3R Act (87 Stat. 985) or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

Railroad means a common carrier by railroad, as defined in section 1(3) of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1(3)).

3R Act means the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, Pub. L. 93-236, 87 Stat. 985, as amended.

4R Act means the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, Pub. L. 94-210, 90 Stat. 31.

XX, when used in place of digits in a six-digit account number, means that all accounts containing the remaining four-digits are included. Example: *11-21-XX* refers to all salary and wage accounts for locomotives because *11* designates salaries and wages and *21* designates locomotives. Thus, *11-21-XX* includes all of the following accounts: 11-21-01; 11-21-40; 11-21-48; 11-21-39; and 11-21-99. Similarly, *XX-31-67* means all ac-

counts containing *31* (train operations) and *67* (locomotive fuel).

[43 FR 1733, Jan. 11, 1978, as amended at 47 FR 49596, Nov. 1, 1982; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

910 Purpose and scope.

Section 205(e)(1)(A) of the 3R Act directs the office to issue regulations which will permit the collection and publication by the Consolidated Rail Corp. (ConRail), or by profitable railroads of information necessary to determine accurately the revenues attributable, avoidable costs, and service units of light-density lines scheduled for abandonment. This accurate information is intended to facilitate the determination of the revenues and avoidable costs in abandonment proceedings and in potential offers of subsidy. This information is intended to be compatible with the Regional Subsidy Standards, for those lines which were not conveyed to ConRail under the final system plan and with the National Subsidy Standards (49 CFR Part 1152, Subpart D), for all other lines. The purpose of the Branch Line Accounting System regulations is to specify an accounting system for the collection and publication of this information.

[43 FR 1733, Jan. 11, 1978, as amended at 47 FR 49596, Nov. 1, 1982; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

920 Collection of data.

(a) *Lines for which data collection is required.* The railroad shall collect data on all branch lines which meet the criteria listed in paragraphs 1 through 4 below. The data to be collected are specified in section 920(b).

(1) Branch lines in categories (1), (2), and (3) on the System Diagram Map include, respectively, lines for which a carrier intends to file an abandonment application within three years, lines which the carrier has under study and are potentially subject to abandonment, and lines for which an abandonment application is pending before the Board. The collection of data on such lines shall commence on the first day of the month after the line has been designated in one of the categories and will continue so long as the branch line is retained in one of these categories. The assignment and apportionment

methodology set forth in Part 1152, Subchapter B (National Subsidy Standards), shall be applied.

(2) For branch lines operated under an order directing service, under section 304(d)(3) of the 3R Act, data shall be collected from the effective date of the order until the order is withdrawn.

(3) For branch lines operated under a rail service continuation agreement under section 1a(6)(a) of the IC Act, data shall be collected from the effective date of the agreement until the termination of the agreement. The assignment and apportionment methodology set forth in Part 1152, Subchapter B (National Subsidy Standards), shall be applied.

(4) For branch lines operated under a rail service continuation agreement under section 304 of the 3R Act, data collection shall commence on the effective date of the agreement and shall continue until the termination date of the agreement.

(b) *Data to be collected.* The data collected shall include the items of revenue, expense, and service units which are specified in 49 CFR 1152, as described in the account texts listed in section 950. The format for presentation of these data is specified in section 940.

[43 FR 1733, Jan. 11, 1978, as amended at 47 FR 49596, Nov. 1, 1982; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

930 Publication of data.

(a) *General.* The railroad shall file on or before June 30 of each calendar year the certification included in these regulations as Appendix I. The railroad shall include a description of each branch line using the format set forth in Appendix I of these regulations. The description of each branch line requires the same data as that submitted under 49 CFR 1152.11. This section prescribes the branch line information required in conjunction with the system diagram maps specifying the line's designation,

states and counties traversed, delineation of mileposts, and location of agency and terminal stations.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) *Access to records.* The records, accounts, working papers, and other documents reflecting the revenues, cost, and service unit data of each branch line for which the railroad must maintain data shall be made available for inspection and examination by the Board and, for lines situated within its State, by the designated State agency at a time and place mutually agreeable to the parties. The railroad shall also reproduce such records for the designated State agency, provided the agency pays the reasonable cost thereof.

(d) *Waivers and modifications.* The STB's Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration may, with respect to individual requests, upon good cause shown, waive or modify any requirement of this section not required by law.

[43 FR 1733, Jan. 11, 1978, as amended at 44 FR 9730, Feb. 14, 1979; 47 FR 49596, Nov. 1, 1982; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

940 Annual branch line report.

This section specifies the format in which the data collected for each branch line shall be maintained. Definitions of each account are presented in section 950.

(A) Attributable revenue	Amount
101 Freight
104 Switching
105 Water transfers
106 Demurrage
110 Incidental
121 Joint facility—credit
122 Joint facility—debit
506 Revenue from property used in other than carrier operations
510 Miscellaneous rent income
519 Miscellaneous income
599 Subsidy payments from preexisting contracts
Total attributable revenues

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(B) ON-BRANCH AVOIDABLE COSTS

Line item—(a)	Freight			
	Salaries and wages—(b)	Material, tools, supplies, fuels, and lubricants—(c)	Purchased services—(d)	General—(e)
(1) Actual or apportioned expense accounts:				
Way and structures: Administration:				
001 Track				
002 Bridge and Building				
003 Signal				
004 Communication				
005 Other				
Repair and maintenance:				
006 Roadway—Running				
007 Roadway—Switching				
008 Tunnels and Subways—Running				
009 Tunnels and Subways—Switching				
010 Bridges and Culverts—Running				
011 Bridges and Culverts—Switching				
012 Ties—Running	N/A		N/A	N/A
013 Ties—Switching	N/A		N/A	N/A
014 Rail—Running	N/A		N/A	N/A
015 Rail—Switching	N/A		N/A	N/A
016 Other Track Material—Running	N/A		N/A	N/A
017 Other Track Material—Switching	N/A		N/A	N/A
018 Ballast—Running	N/A		N/A	N/A
019 Ballast—Switching	N/A		N/A	N/A
020 Track Laying and Surfacing—Running				
021 Track Laying and Surfacing—Switching				
022 Road Property Damaged—Running				
023 Road Property Damaged—Switching				
024 Road Property Damaged—Other				
025 Signals and Interlockers—Running				
026 Signals and Interlockers—Switching				
027 Communications Systems				
028 Electric Power Systems				
029 Highway Grade Crossings—Running				
030 Highway Grade Crossings—Switching				
031 Station and Office Buildings				
032 Shop Buildings—Locomotives				
033 Shop Buildings—Freight Cars				
034 Shop Buildings—Other Equipment				
101 Locomotive Servicing Facilities				
102 Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures				
103 Coal Terminals				
104 Ore Terminals				
105 Other Marine Terminals				
106 TOFC/COFC—Terminals				
107 Motor Vehicle Loading and Distribution Facilities				
108 Facilities for Other Specialized Service Operations				
109 Roadway Machines				
110 Small Tools and Supplies				
111 Snow Removal				
112 Fringe Benefits—Running	N/A	N/A	N/A	
113 Fringe Benefits—Switching	N/A	N/A	N/A	
114 Fringe Benefits—Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	
115 Casualties and Insurance—Running	N/A	N/A	N/A	
116 Casualties and Insurance—Switching	N/A	N/A	N/A	
117 Casualties and Insurance—Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	
118 Lease Rentals—Debit—Running	N/A	N/A		N/A
119 Lease Rentals—Debit—Switching	N/A	N/A		N/A
120 Lease Rentals—Debit—Other	N/A	N/A		N/A
121 Lease Rentals—(Credit)—Running	N/A	N/A		N/A
122 Lease Rentals—(Credit)—Switching	N/A	N/A		N/A
123 Lease Rentals—(Credit)—Other	N/A	N/A		N/A
124 Joint Facility Rent—Debit—Running	N/A	N/A		N/A
125 Joint Facility Rent—Debit—Switching	N/A	N/A		N/A
126 Joint Facility Rent—Debit—Other	N/A	N/A		N/A
127 Joint Facility Rent—(Credit)—Running	N/A	N/A		N/A
128 Joint Facility Rent—(Credit)—Switching	N/A	N/A		N/A
129 Joint Facility Rent—(Credit)—Other	N/A	N/A		N/A
130 Other Rents—Debit—Running	N/A	N/A		N/A

(B) ON-BRANCH AVOIDABLE COSTS—Continued

Line item—(a)	Freight			
	Salaries and wages—(b)	Material, tools, supplies, fuels, and lubricants—(c)	Purchased services—(d)	General—(e)
131 Other Rents—Debit—Switching	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
132 Other Rents—Debit—Other	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
133 Other Rents—(Credit)—Running	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
134 Other Rents—(Credit)—Switching	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
135 Other Rents—(Credit)—Other	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
136 Depreciation—Running	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
137 Depreciation—Switching	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
138 Depreciation—Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
139 Joint Facility—Debit—Running	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
140 Joint Facility—Debit—Switching	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
141 Joint Facility—Debit—Other	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
142 Joint Facility—(Credit)—Running	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
143 Joint Facility—(Credit)—Switching	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
144 Joint Facility—(Credit)—Other	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
145 Dismantling Retired Road Property—Running .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
146 Dismantling Retired Road Property—Switching .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
147 Dismantling Retired Road Property—Other .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
148 Other—Running .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
149 Other—Switching .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
150 Other—Other .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
151 Total Way and Structures .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Equipment: Locomotives:				
201 Administration .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
202 Repair and Maintenance .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
203 Machinery Repair .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
204 Equipment Damaged .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
205 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
206 Other Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
207 Lease Rentals—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
208 Lease Rentals—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
209 Joint Facility Rent—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
210 Joint Facility Rent—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
211 Other Rents—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
212 Other Rents—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
213 Depreciation	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
214 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
215 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
216 Repairs Billed to Others—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
217 Dismantling Retired Property .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
218 Other .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
219 Total Locomotives .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Freight cars:				
220 Administration .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
221 Repair and Maintenance .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
222 Machinery Repair .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
223 Equipment Damaged .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
224 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
225 Other Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
226 Lease Rentals—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
227 Lease Rentals—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
228 Joint Facility Rent—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
229 Joint Facility Rent—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
230 Other Rents—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
231 Other Rents—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
232 Depreciation	N/A	N/A	N/A	.....
233 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
234 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
235 Repairs Billed to Others—(Credit)	N/A	N/A	.....	N/A
236 Dismantling Retired Property .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
237 Other .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
238 Total Freight Cars .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Equipment:				
301 Administration				
Repair and Maintenance:				
302 Trucks, Trailers, and Containers—Revenue Service				
303 Floating Equipment—Revenue Service				
304 Floating and Other Revenue Equipment				

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(B) ON-BRANCH AVOIDABLE COSTS—Continued

Line item—(a)	Freight			
	Salaries and wages—(b)	Material, tools, supplies, fuels, and lubricants—(c)	Purchased services—(d)	General—(e)
305 Computers and Data Processing Systems				
306 Machinery				
307 Work and Other Non-Revenue Equipment				
308 Equipment Damaged				
309 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
310 Other Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	
311 Lease Rentals—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
312 Lease Rentals—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
313 Joint Facility Rent—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
314 Joint Facility Rent—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
315 Other Rents—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
316 Other Rents—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
317 Depreciation	N/A	N/A	N/A	
318 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
319 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
320 Repairs Billed to Others—(Credit)				
321 Dismantling Retired Property				
322 Other				
323 Total Other Equipment				
324 Total Equipment				
Transportation: Train operations:				
401 Administration				
402 Engine Crews				
403 Train Crews				
404 Dispatching Trains				
405 Operating Signals and Interlockers				
406 Operating Drawbridges				
407 Highway Crossing Protection				
408 Train Inspection and Lubrication				
409 Locomotive Fuel				
410 Electric Power Purchased or Produced for Motive Power				
411 Servicing Locomotives				
412 Freight Lost or Damaged—Solely Related	N/A	N/A	N/A	
413 Clearing Wrecks				
414 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
415 Other Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	
416 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
417 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
418 Other				
419 Total Train Operations				
Yard Operations:				
420 Administration				
421 Switch Crews				
422 Controlling Operations				
423 Yard and Terminal Clerical				
424 Operating Switches, Signals Retarders and Humps				
425 Locomotive Fuel				
426 Electric Power Purchased or Produced for Motive Power				
427 Servicing Locomotives				
428 Freight Lost or Damaged—Solely Related	N/A	N/A	N/A	
429 Clearing Wrecks				
430 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
431 Other Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	
432 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
433 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
434 Other				
435 Total Yard Operations				
Train and Yard Operations Common:				
501 Cleaning Car Interiors				N/A
502 Adjusting and Transferring Loads				N/A
503 Car Loading Devices and Grain Doors				N/A
504 Freight Lost or Damaged—all other	N/A	N/A	N/A	
505 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
506 Total Train and Yard Operations Common				
Specialized Service Operations:				
507 Administration				
508 Pickup and Delivery and Marine Line Haul				

(B) ON-BRANCH AVOIDABLE COSTS—Continued

Line item—(a)	Freight			
	Salaries and wages—(b)	Material, tools, supplies, fuels, and lubricants—(c)	Purchased services—(d)	General—(e)
509 Loading and Unloading and Local Marine				
510 Protection Services				
511 Freight Lost or Damaged—Solely Related	N/A	N/A	N/A	
512 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
513 Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	
514 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
515 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
516 Other				
517 Total Specialized Services Operations				
Administrative Support Operations:				
518 Administration				
519 Employees Performing Clerical and Accounting Functions				
520 Communication Systems Operation				
521 Loss and Damage Claims Processing				
522 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
523 Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	
524 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
525 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
526 Other				
527 Total Administrative Support Operations				
528 Total transportation				
General and Administrative:				
601 Officers—General Administration				
602 Accounting, Auditing and Finance				
603 Management Services and Data Processing				
604 Marketing				
605 Sales				
606 Industrial Development				
607 Personnel and Labor Relations				
608 Legal and Secretarial				
609 Public Relations and Advertising				
610 Research and Development				
611 Fringe Benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	
612 Casualties and Insurance	N/A	N/A	N/A	
613 Writedown of Uncollectible Accounts	N/A	N/A	N/A	
614 Property Taxes	N/A	N/A	N/A	
615 Other Taxes Except on Corporate Income or Payrolls	N/A	N/A	N/A	
616 Joint Facility—Debit	N/A	N/A		N/A
617 Joint Facility—(Credit)	N/A	N/A		N/A
618 Other				
619 Total General and Administrative				
620 Total Carrier Operating Expenses				
				Amount
(2) Other Computed Cost Elements:				
651 Locomotives return on investment				
652 Freight train car costs				
01 Per day costs				
02 Mileage costs				
654 Rehabilitation				
664 Deadheading, taxi and hotel costs				
01 Deadheading				
02 Taxi				
03 Hotel				
665 Overhead movement costs				
01 Transportation				
02 Equipment				
03 Freight train cars—mileage portion				
Total Computed On-Branch Costs				
(3) Off-Branch Avoidable Costs:				
661 Terminal Costs				
01 Modified terminal costs				
02 Normal terminal costs				
03 Interchange costs				
662 Freight train car costs				

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		Amount
663	Freight train revenue ton-mile costs
	Total Off-Branch Avoidable Costs
(4)	All Other Avoidable Costs:	
671	Working capital .....	.....
672	Required capital expenditures .....	.....
673	Deferred maintenance .....	.....
674	Current cost of freight train cars, locomotives, and other equipment .....	.....
675	Foregone tax benefits .....	.....
676	Administrative costs .....	.....
677	Deferred subsidy payment costs .....	.....
678	Casualty reserve expenses .....	.....
	Total, all other avoidable costs .....	.....
681	Reasonable return on the value of property .....	.....
682	Management fee .....	.....
(5)	Total of avoidable costs, reasonable return and management fee	\$

(C) Service Units

		Direct on-branch	Overhead movement
(1)	On-Branch Service Units—Freight-Car Accounts:		
821	Freight train car miles (loaded and empty):		
01	Box—Plain 40 foot .....	.....	.....
02	Box—Plain 50 foot or longer .....	.....	.....
03	Box—Equipped .....	.....	.....
04	Gondola—Plain .....	.....	.....
05	Gondola—Equipped .....	.....	.....
06	Hopper—Covered .....	.....	.....
07	Hopper—Open top—General Service .....	.....	.....
08	Hopper—Open top—Special Service .....	.....	.....
09	Refrigerator—Mechanical .....	.....	.....
10	Refrigerator—Nonmechanical .....	.....	.....
11	Flat—TOFC/COFC .....	.....	.....
12	Flat—Multi-level .....	.....	.....
13	Flat—General Service .....	.....	.....
14	Flat—Other .....	.....	.....
15	All other cars .....	.....	.....
823	Freight-train Car-days (loaded and empty):		
01	Box—Plain 40 foot .....	.....	.....
02	Box—Plain 50 foot or longer .....	.....	.....
03	Box—Equipped .....	.....	.....
04	Gondola—Plain .....	.....	.....
05	Gondola—Equipped .....	.....	.....
06	Hopper—Covered .....	.....	.....
07	Hopper—Open top—General Service .....	.....	.....
08	Hopper—Open top—Special Service .....	.....	.....
09	Refrigerator—Mechanical .....	.....	.....
10	Refrigerator—Nonmechanical .....	.....	.....
11	Flat—TOFC/COFC .....	.....	.....
12	Flat—Multi-level .....	.....	.....
13	Flat—General Service .....	.....	.....
14	Flat—Other .....	.....	.....
15	All other cars .....	.....	.....

		Total off-branch	Overhead movement	Net off-branch
Locomotive-Mile Accounts				
813	Road locomotive unit miles .....	.....	.....	.....
841	Road diesel locomotive gross ton-miles .....	.....	.....	.....
842	Road electric locomotive gross ton-miles .....	.....	.....	.....
Locomotive Unit Hour Accounts				
832	Road locomotive unit hours .....	.....	.....	.....
833	Road diesel locomotive unit hours .....	.....	.....	.....
834	Road electric locomotive unit hours .....	.....	.....	.....
835	Yard locomotive unit hours .....	.....	.....	.....
836	Yard diesel locomotive unit hours .....	.....	.....	.....
837	Yard electric locomotive unit hours .....	.....	.....	.....
Rented or Leased Equipment				
851	Freight train car-days .....	.....	.....	.....
852	Floating equipment car-days .....	.....	.....	.....

	Total off-branch	Overhead movement	Net off-branch
855 Locomotive days			
Train hours			
861 Train hours			
<hr/>			
	Total off-branch	Overhead movement	Net off-branch
(2) Off-Branch Service Units—Car-Mile Accounts:			
822 Freight train loaded car-miles by car type:			
01 Box—General service—unequipped			
02 Box—General service—equipped			
03 Box—Special service			
04 Gondola—General service			
05 Gondola—Special service			
06 Hopper—open—General service			
07 Hopper—open—Special service			
08 Hopper—covered			
09 Stock			
10 Flat—General service			
11 Flat—Special service			
12 Flat—TOFC			
13 Autorack			
14 Refrigerator—Meat mechanical			
15 Refrigerator—Other mechanical			
16 Refrigerator—Meat nonmechanical			
17 Refrigerator—Other nonmechanical			
18 Tank 9,999 gallons and under			
19 Tank 10,000—18,999 gal			
20 Tank 19,000—21,999 gal			
21 Tank 22,000—27,999 gal			
22 Tank 28,000—31,999 gal			
23 Tank 32,000 and over			
24 All other			
Ton-Mile Accounts			
831 Revenue ton-miles			

[43 FR 1733, Jan. 11, 1978, as amended at 43 FR 28498, June 30, 1978; 44 FR 9730, Feb. 14, 1979]

950 Text and chart of accounts.

This section defines each account outlined in the format shown under section 940 of these regulations.

(a) *Attributable revenues—101 Freight.*

(1) This account shall include revenue from the transportation of freight and from transit, stop, and recognizing privileges, upon the basis of lawful tariff rates.

(2) This account shall include collections in excess of tariff charges, except where such amounts are segregated and held subject to refund.

(3) Proceeds derived from the sale of unclaimed and refused freight which has been transported in accordance with the contract of shipment shall be credited to this account in cases where such items can be readily identified. Uncollectible tariff charges on such shipments shall be charged to this account.

(4) Amounts determined to be uncollectible shall be accounted for in

accordance with the text of account 63-61-00, "General—Uncollectible accounts."

ITEMS TO BE CREDITED

(a) Revenue upon the basis of local freight tariff rates, regardless of class of train in which the freight is transported.

(b) The carrier's proportion of revenue upon the basis of through freight tariff rates, regardless of class of train in which the freight is transported.

(c) Revenue from transportation of mail matter, and empty mail pouches, at freight rates.

(d) Revenue from transportation of freight on special trains at rates based on weights of shipments.

(e) Revenue on basis of classifications and freight tariffs from transportation of caretakers of freight shipments.

(f) Revenue from reconsigning privileges.

(g) Revenue from stop privileges.

(h) Revenue from transit privileges.

(i) Revenue upon the basis of arbitraries out of freight, rates for water transfers (ferriage, lighterage, and floatage).

(j) Revenue from transportation of trailers and containers on flat cars in TOFC/COFC service upon the basis of all-rail line-haul freight tariff rates and under arrangements for motor carrier-railroad joint haul, and from the loading and unloading of trailers and containers on and from flat cars upon the basis of tariff rates and under arrangements for motor carrier-railroad joint haul.

ITEMS TO BE CHARGED

(a) Amounts paid as bridge and ferry arbitraries on freight.

(b) Amounts paid for completing a haul.

(c) Amounts paid for elevation of freight.

(d) Amounts paid for switching services, in connection with the transportation of freight, on the basis of switching tariffs, and allowances out of through rates, including amounts paid for switching empty cars in connection with a freight revenue movement.

(e) Amounts paid for transferring freight between stations.

(f) Arbitrarities and allowances to others for lighterage and wharfage.

(g) The carrier's proportion of overcharges resulting from the use of erroneous rates, weights, classifications or computations.

(h) The carrier's proportion of refunds on account of errors in routing and billing.

(i) The carrier's proportion of uncollected revenue on freight lost or destroyed in transit.

(j) The carrier's proportion of uncollected tariff charges on damaged shipments for which charges neither shipper nor consignee is liable.

(k) Amounts paid on basis of tariff rates for loading and unloading livestock.

(l) Amounts paid to motor truck companies for hauling trailers and containers to and from TOFC/COFC terminals, and allowances to shippers who perform such service on the basis of tariff rates.

NOTE A: Amounts paid for switching empty cars other than in connection with loaded movements shall be charged to operating expense account 61-32-XX, "General—Other Expenses—Transportation, Yard, Freight," except that amounts paid for switching equipment for repairs shall be included in the appropriate equipment repair accounts.

NOTE B: Other carriers' proportion of revenue and of uncollectible undercharges paid by the carrier on account of its errors in routing and billing shall be charged to operating expense account 61-35-76, "General—Other Expenses—Transportation, Administrative Support."

NOTE C: When a lessee company transports freight over the tracks of another carrier on the basis of a proportion of revenues under a joint arrangement, it shall include the entire compensation in its revenue and statistics, charging the appropriate joint facility expense and rental accounts with the amounts

paid the lessor company, and the lessor company shall credit the corresponding accounts.

NOTE D: Revenue from the transportation of caretakers of freight shipments, when not included as a part of the freight charges on the waybill covering the freight shipments, shall be credited to account 102, "Passenger."

NOTE E: This account shall be maintained so as to show separately payments and allowances for (a) terminal collection and delivery services when performed in connection with line-haul transportation of freight on the basis of freight tariff rates, further separated between (1) TOFC/COFC service, and (2) all other freight service; also (b) payments for switching services when performed in connection with line-haul transportation of freight on the basis of switching tariffs and allowances out of freight rates, including the switching of empty cars in connection with a revenue movement, and (c) payments on basis of tariff rates for loading and unloading livestock.

104 Switching. (1) This account shall include the revenue from switching service upon the basis of lawful tariff rates. To this account shall be credited the carrier's revenue upon the basis of tariff rates, or the carrier's allowance out of through rates, from the switching of cars of all kinds, loaded or empty, either locally at a station or within a switching district, between connecting lines, between local industries, or between connecting lines and local industries; revenue upon the basis of distinct tariff rates for "trapcar" and "ferry-car" service and for spotting cars; also the revenue from interwork switching at industrial plants, and the revenue from "penalty switching" incident to the improper delivery of cars by other carriers.

(2) To this account shall be charged amounts paid for switching when such switching service is provided for in the switching rate charged by the carrier.

NOTE: "Penalty switching" charges paid by the carrier shall be included in expense account 61-32-XX, "General—Other Expenses—Transportation, Yard, Freight."

105 Water transfers. (1) This account shall include the revenue, from the transfer by water (ferriage, lighterage, and floatage), of passenger, freight, vehicles, and livestock, upon the basis of lawful local tariff rates.

(2) This account also shall include revenue from water transfers of other

traffic, such as the revenue from towing beyond lighterage limits and all other towing for which an extra charge is made; insurance of freight afloat when billed out at other than cost; storage of freight afloat; grain overage in boats; pumping performed for outside parties; and for other similar sources.

(3) To this account shall be charged amounts payable to other companies or individuals for extra lighterage, extra towing, and for all other service when such payments represent revenue collected and credited to this account and not a directed expense.

NOTE: No revenue shall be included in this account for water transfers of passengers or shipments upon the basis of arbitraries out of rates for transportation involving rail line haul.

106 Demurrage. This account shall include the revenue from the detention of cars incident to loading, unloading, re-consigning, and stops in transit upon the basis of lawful tariffs for demurrage. This account shall also include the revenue from the detention of trailers and containers used in TOFC/COFC service, incident to loading and unloading, upon the basis of tariff rates.

NOTE: This account shall be maintained so as to reflect separately (1) revenue from detention of cars, and (2) revenue from detention of trailers and containers used in TOFC/COFC service.

110 Incidental. This account is designed to show the amounts which the carrier becomes entitled to receive from services rendered incidentally with rail-line and water-line transportation; for the use of facilities of which the expenses for operation and maintenance are not separable from railway expenses and from incidental sources not provided for elsewhere. Among the items included in this account are revenues derived from (1) hotels and restaurants, (2) operations conducted at stations and on trains by individual or companies other than railway companies, (3) storage, (4) the sale of electric power, (5) renting property operated and maintained in connection with the property used in the carrier's transportation operations and from railway operations not provided for elsewhere.

121 Joint facility, credit. This account shall include the carrier's proportion of revenue collected by others in connec-

tion with the operation of joint tracks, yards, terminals, and other facilities, including revenue from hotels, restaurants, grain elevators, sale of power, and other miscellaneous operations.

NOTE A: The purpose of this account is to show the amounts of revenue from the operation of joint tracks, yards, terminals and other facilities operated by other companies, which under existing contracts or agreements are credited by the operating company to the tenant companies which participate therein. The bill rendered by any creditor company against a debtor company for the latter's proportion of the expense of maintenance and operation of joint facilities, which includes also a credit covering a proportion of the revenue to be paid over, shall show the distribution of the credit for such proportion of the revenue separately from the distribution of the expense of operation.

NOTE B: No credits shall be made to this account representing amounts creditable by the operating company to primary accounts 101-103, 105, and 110.

122 Joint facility, debit. This account shall include that proportion of revenue from the operation of joint tracks, yards, terminals, and other facilities, which is creditable to other companies, including revenue from hotels, restaurants, grain elevators, sale of power, and other miscellaneous operations.

NOTE A: The purpose of this account is to show the amount of revenue from operation of a terminal company or other carrier which, under the terms of existing contracts or agreements covering the joint use of tracks, yards, and other facilities, is credited to other carriers that participate in the benefits from such joint use. The bill rendered by a creditor company against a debtor company for the latter's proportion of expense of maintaining and operating joint facilities, which includes a credit covering the debtor company's proportion of the revenues from operation of such joint facilities, shall indicate separately the proper distribution of both the revenues and the expenses included in the bill, and such distribution shall be adhered to the debtor.

NOTE B: No debits shall be made to this account representing amounts creditable by the operating company to primary accounts 101-103, 105, and 110.

OTHER INCOME ACCOUNTS

506 Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations. This account shall include the total revenues

derived from property used in other than carrier operations, the cost of which is includible in balance-sheet account 737, "Property used in other than carrier operations."

510 *Miscellaneous rent income.* (1) This account shall include such rents of property owned and controlled by the accounting carrier as are not provided for in the foregoing accounts.

(2) This account shall be charged with the cost of maintenance of the property rented, also specific incidental expenses in connection with such property, such as the cost of negotiating contracts, advertising for tenants, fees paid conveyancers, collectors' commissions, and analogous items.

NOTE A: If property the rent of which is chargeable to account 543—"Miscellaneous rents," is sublet by the accounting company, the rent receivable therefore shall be credited to this account.

NOTE B: Taxes on property the rent of which is creditable to this account shall be charged to account 553—"Taxes on property used in other than carrier operations."

NOTE C: The rent from property carried in balance-sheet account 737—"Property used in other than carrier operations," shall not be included in this account, but in account 506—"Revenues from property used in other than carrier operations."

NOTE D: Rent and other income from real estate acquired for new lines or for additions and betterments shall be credited to the appropriate road and equipment accounts until the completion or coming into service of the property.

519 *Miscellaneous income.* (1) This account shall include all items, not provided for elsewhere, properly creditable to income accounts during the current year. Among the items which shall be included in this account are:

(i) Cancellation of balance sheet accounts representing unclaimed wages and vouchered accounts written off because of carrier's inability to locate the creditor.

(ii) Profit from sale of land used for transportation purposes, of noncarrier property and of securities acquired for investment purposes.

(2) Gains from extinguishment of debt shall be aggregated and, if material, credited to account 570 "Extraordinary Items," upon approval by the Commission; however, gains from extinguishment of debt (excluding debt maturing serially), which is made to satisfy sink-

ing fund requirements, shall be recorded in this account regardless of amount.

599 *Subsidy payments from preexisting contracts.* This account shall include all payments made to the operating carrier of a subsidized line that (1) existed prior to the commencement of operations under a subsidy operating agreement and (2) would cease if freight service on the line were discontinued.

(b) *On-branch avoidable cost.*

(1) *Actual and apportioned expense accounts.*

PERSONNEL

Control 10-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the PERSONNEL Series: Salaries and Wages; Fringe Benefits Not Included in Compensation.

Salaries and Wages—Control. This control account includes the compensation payable to employees for services performed. It includes amounts payable in connection with profit sharing and stock option plans that are part of employee compensation. This control account also includes amounts of compensation payable to employees for paid time off as a fringe benefit: vacation pay, holiday pay, sick pay, and other payments considered direct compensation for time not worked. Amounts of labor billed by contractors, other companies, and joint facilities, are not considered salaries and wages of the carrier company and are not to be included in this account group. Its components shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-14 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Salaries and wages—way and structures—running: Freight 11-11-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all repair and maintenance employees and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. Compensation payable to officers and technical and clerical employees shall only be assigned to Way and Structures—Other. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	11-11-10
Tunnels and subways	11-11-11
Bridges and culverts	11-11-12
Track laying and surfacing	11-11-17
Signals and interlockers	11-11-19
Highway grade crossings	11-11-22
Dismantling retired property	11-11-39
Road property and equipment damaged	11-11-48
Other—other	11-11-99
Salaries and wages—way and structures—switching: Freight	11-12-XX

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This account includes the compensation payable to all repair and maintenance employees and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. Compensation payable to officers and technical and clerical employees shall be assigned to Way and Structures—Other. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	11-12-10
Tunnels and subways	11-12-11
Bridges and culverts	11-12-12
Track laying and surfacing	11-12-17
Signals and interlockers	11-12-19
Highway grade crossings	11-12-22
Dismantling retired property	11-12-39
Road property and equipment damaged	11-12-48
Other—other	11-12-99
Salaries and wages—way and structures—other: Freight	11-13-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all repair and maintenance employees and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures other than roadway and track. Each administration account (functions 02-06) includes the compensation payable to all officers and technical and clerical employees associated with the Way and Structures Activity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration	
Track	11-13-02
Bridges and buildings	11-13-03
Signals	11-13-04
Communications	11-13-05
Other	11-13-06
Repair and maintenance	
Communication systems	11-13-20
Electric power systems	11-13-21
Station and office buildings	11-13-23
Shop buildings—locomotives	11-13-24
Shop buildings—freight cars	11-13-25
Shop buildings—other	11-13-26
Locomotive servicing facilities	11-13-27
Miscellaneous buildings and structures	11-13-28
Coal terminals	11-13-29
Ore terminals	11-13-30
TOFC/COFC terminals	11-13-31
Other marine terminals	11-13-32
Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities	11-13-33
Facilities for other specialized services operations	11-13-35
Roadway machines	11-13-36
Small tools and supplies	11-13-37
Snow removal	11-13-38
Dismantling retired property	11-13-39
Road property and equipment damaged	11-13-48
Other—other	11-13-99
Salaries and wages—equipment—locomotives: Freight	11-21-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers and technical and clerical employees, repair and maintenance employees, and others who are associated with the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others.

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This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-21-01
Repair and maintenance	
Dismantling retired property	11-21-39
Shop machinery	11-21-40
Locomotives	11-21-41
Road property and equipment damaged	11-21-48
Other—other	11-21-99
Salaries and Wages—Equipment—Freight Cars: Freight	11-22-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, repair and maintenance employees, and others, who are associated with the repair and maintenance of freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-22-01
Repair and maintenance	
Dismantling retired property	11-22-39
Shop machinery	11-22-40
Freight cars	11-22-42
Road property and equipment damaged	11-22-48
Other—other	11-22-99
Salaries and wages—equipment—other equipment: Freight	11-23-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, repair and maintenance employees, and others, who are associated with the repair and maintenance of equipment other than locomotives and freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-23-01
Repair and maintenance	
Dismantling retired property	11-23-39
Shop machinery	11-23-40
Trucks, trailers, containers in revenue service ..	11-23-43
Floating equipment—revenue service	11-23-44
Passenger and other revenue equipment	11-23-45
Computers and data processing equipment	11-23-46
Work and other non-revenue equipment	11-23-47
Road property and equipment damaged	11-23-48
Other—other	11-23-99
Salaries and wages—transportation—train: Freight	11-31-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees, who are associated with the dispatching and operation of freight trains over the roadway and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-31-01
Operations	
Engine crews	11-31-56
Train crews	11-31-57
Dispatching trains	11-31-58
Operating switches, signals, interlockers, retarders, humps	11-31-59
Operating drawbridges	11-31-60
Highway crossing protection	11-31-61

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Train inspection and lubrication	11-31-62
Clearing wrecks	11-31-63
Locomotive fuel	11-31-67
Electric power purchased/produced for motive power	11-31-68
Servicing locomotives	11-31-69
Other—other	11-31-99
Salaries and wages—transportation—yard: Freight	11-32-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees, who are associated with the movement of freight cars within classification yards and in terminal switching and transfer service. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-32-01
Operations	
Operating switches, signals, interlockers, retarders, humps	11-32-59
Clearing wrecks	11-32-63
Switch crews	11-32-64
Controlling operations	11-32-65
Yard and terminal clerical	11-32-66
Locomotive fuel	11-32-67
Electrical power purchased/produced for motive power	11-32-68
Servicing locomotives	11-32-69
Other—other	11-32-99
Salaries and wages—transportation—train and yard common: Freight	11-33-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees performing functions incurred on behalf of both train and yard operations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Operations	
Cleaning car interiors	11-33-70
Adjusting and transferring loads	11-33-71
Car loading devices and grain doors	11-33-72
Salaries and wages—transportation—specialized services: Freight	11-34-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees who are associated with operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Board appear within the definition of specialized services. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-34-01
Operations	
Pickup and delivery, marine line haul, and rail substitute service	11-34-73
Loading, unloading, and local marine	11-34-74
Protective service	11-34-75
Other—other	11-34-99
Salaries and wages—transportation—administrative support: Freight	11-35-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all officers, technical and clerical employees, engine and train crews, and other operational employees, who are associated

with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. For further clarification refer to the definition of the Administrative Support Operations Subactivity contained in Part 1201, Subpart A. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-35-01
Operations	
Clerical and accounting employees	11-35-76
Communication systems operations	11-35-77
Loss and damage claims processing	11-35-78
Other—other	11-35-99
Salaries and wages—general and administrative: Freight	11-61-XX

This account includes the compensation payable to all employees who are associated with overall administration or other general support for carrier operations. Overall administration includes executive, legal, financial, treasury, accounting, budgeting, taxation, corporate planning, costing, marketing, advertising, traffic, corporate secretary, public relations, real estate, insurance administration, personnel administration, pension plan administration, general purchasing, labor relations, internal auditing, industrial engineering, and regulatory reporting. For further clarification refer to the definition of the General and Administrative Activity contained in Part 1201, Subpart A. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	11-61-01
General	
Accounting, auditing, finance	11-61-86
Management services and data processing	11-61-87
Marketing	11-61-88
Sales	11-61-89
Industrial development	11-61-90
Personnel and labor relations	11-61-91
Legal and secretarial	11-61-92
Public relations and advertising	11-61-93
Research and development	11-61-94
Other—other	11-61-99
Fringe benefits not included in compensation—control	12-00-00

This control account includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation. These benefits include the carrier portions of Railroad Retirement contributions, pension expense, unemployment taxes, dental plans, health plans, hospitalization insurance, life insurance, subsidies for employee lunchrooms, company entertainment facilities for personal use, and other benefits to employees that are not includable in direct compensation. They exclude travel expense on company business, casualties, workmen's compensation, as well as dues, memberships, and similar items when the direct beneficiary is clearly the company rather than the employee

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—way and structures—running: Freight	12-11-00
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This account includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
way and structures—switching: Freight 12-12-00

This account includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
way and structures—other: Freight 12-13-00

This account includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures other than roadway and track, and who are associated with the Administration of the Way and Structures Activity.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
equipment—locomotives: Freight 12-21-00

This account includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
equipment—freight cars: Freight 12-22-00

This account includes amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the repair and maintenance of freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
equipment—other equipment: 12-23-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the repair and maintenance of equipment other than locomotives and freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
transportation—train: Freight 12-31-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the dispatching

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and operating of freight trains over the roadway and outside of classification yards.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
transportation—yard: Freight 12-32-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with the movement of freight cars within classification yards and in terminal switching and transfer service.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
transportation—train and yard Common:
Freight 12-33-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees performing functions incurred on behalf of both train and yard operations.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
transportation—specialized services: Freight 12-34-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Board appear within the definition of specialized services.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
transportation—administrative support:
Freight 12-35-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who are associated with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. For further clarification refer to the definition of the Administrative Support Operations Subactivity contained in Part 1201, Subpart A.

Fringe benefits not included in compensation—
general and administrative: Freight 12-61-00

This account includes the amounts payable to others, or other costs charged to expense, for employee benefits which are not considered part of direct compensation for employees who provide overall administration or other general support for carrier operations. Overall administration includes executive, legal, financial, treasury, accounting, budgeting, taxation, corporate planning, costing, marketing, advertising, traffic, corporate secretary, public relations, real estate, insurance administration, personnel administration, pension plan administration, general purchasing, labor relations, internal auditing, industrial engineering, and regulatory reporting. For further clarification refer to the definition of the General and Administrative Activity contained in Part 1201, Subpart A.

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MATERIEL

Control 20-00-00

This account may be used as a control account for the MATERIEL series: Materials, Tools, Supplies, Fuels, Lubricants.

Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants—
Control 21-00-00

This account group includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense in connection with carrier operations. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. This account excludes purchased services such as utilities, communications, postage and other items of similar nature.

Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants—
way and structures—Running: Freight 21-11-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track on the line of the road and outside of classification yards. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials, and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Repair and maintenance

Roadway 21-11-10
Tunnels and subways 21-11-11
Bridges and culverts 21-11-12
Ties 21-11-13
Rails 21-11-14
Other track material 21-11-15
Ballast 21-11-16
Track laying and surfacing 21-11-17
Signals and interlockers 21-11-19
Highway grade crossings 21-11-22
Dismantling retired property 21-11-39
Road property and equipment damaged 21-11-48
Other—other 21-11-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants—
way and structures—switching: Freight 21-12-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Repair and maintenance

Roadway 21-12-10
Tunnels and subways 21-12-11
Bridges and culverts 21-12-12
Ties 21-12-13
Rails 21-12-14
Other track material 21-12-15
Ballast 21-12-16
Track laying and surfacing 21-12-17
Signals and interlockers 21-12-19
Highway grade crossings 21-12-22
Dismantling retired property 21-12-39
Road property and equipment damaged 21-12-48
Other—other 21-12-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants—
way and structures—other: Freight 21-13-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures not provided for in running or switching. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Administration

Track 21-13-02
Bridges and buildings 21-13-03
Signals 21-13-04
Communications 21-13-05
Other 21-13-06

Repair and maintenance

Communication systems 21-13-20
Electric power systems 21-13-21
Station and office buildings 21-13-23
Shop buildings—locomotives 21-13-24
Shop buildings—freight cars 21-13-25
Shop buildings—other equipment 21-13-26
Locomotive servicing facilities 21-13-27
Miscellaneous buildings and structures 21-13-28
Coal terminals 21-13-29
Ore terminals 21-13-30
TOFC/COFC terminals 21-13-31
Other marine terminals 21-13-32
Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities 21-13-33
Facilities for other specialized services operations 21-13-35
Roadway machines 21-13-36
Small tools and supplies 21-13-37
Snow removal 21-13-38
Dismantling retired property 21-13-39
Road property and equipment damaged 21-13-48
Other—other 21-13-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants—
equipment—locomotives: Freight 21-21-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies,

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and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Administration—General	21-21-01
Repair and maintenance	
Dismantling retired property	21-21-39
Machinery	21-21-40
Locomotives	21-21-41
Road property and equipment	21-21-48
Other—other	21-21-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— equipment—freight cars: Freight	21-22-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Administration—general	21-22-01
Repair and maintenance	
Dismantling retired property	21-22-39
Machinery	21-22-40
Freight cars	21-22-42
Road property and equipment damaged	21-22-48
Other—other	21-22-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— equipment—other equipment: Freight	21-23-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in the performance or support of the repair and maintenance of equipment other than locomotives and freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Administration—general	21-23-01
Repair and maintenance	
Dismantling retired property	21-23-39
Machinery	21-23-40
Trucks, trailers, containers in revenue service ..	21-23-43
Floating equipment—revenue service	21-23-44
Passenger and other revenue equipment	21-23-45
Computers and data processing equipment	21-23-46
Work and other nonrevenue equipment	21-23-47
Road property and equipment damaged	21-23-48
Other—other	21-23-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— transportation—train: Freight	21-31-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are

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consumed in association with the dispatching and operation of freight trains over the roadway and outside of classification yards. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Administration—general	21-31-01
Operations	
Engine crews	21-31-56
Train crews	21-31-57
Dispatching trains	21-31-58
Operating switches, signals, interlockers, re- tarders, humps	21-31-59
Operating drawbridges	21-31-60
Highway crossing protection	21-31-61
Train inspection and lubrication	21-31-62
Clearing wrecks	21-31-63
Locomotive fuels	21-31-67
Electric power purchased/produced for motive power	21-31-68
Servicing locomotives	21-31-69
Other—other	21-31-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— transportation—yard: Freight	21-32-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in association with the movement of freight cars within classification yards and in terminal switching and transfer service. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Administration—general	21-32-01
Operations	
Operating switches, signals, interlockers, re- tarders, humps	21-32-59
Clearing wrecks	21-32-63
Switch crews	21-32-64
Controlling operations	21-32-65
Yard and terminal clerical	21-32-66
Locomotive fuel	21-32-67
Electric power purchased/produced for motive power	21-32-68
Servicing locomotives	21-32-69
Other—other	21-32-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— transportation—train and yard common: Freight	21-33-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed on behalf of both train and yard operations. This account includes charges to expense for all materials, small tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants, purchased standard stationery and forms, freight-in on materials and supplies, and similar items. Its components shall be distributed to the following

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functions in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Operations	
Cleaning car interiors	21-33-70
Adjusting, transferring loads	21-33-71
Car loading devices and grain doors	21-33-72
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— transportation—specialized services: Freight	21-34-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Commission appear within the definition of specialized services. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	21-34-01
Operations	
Pick up and delivery, marine line haul, and rail substitute service	21-34-73
Loading, unloading, and local marine	21-34-74
Protective services	21-34-75
Other—other	21-34-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— transportation—administrative support: Freight	21-35-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in association with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. For further clarification refer to the definition of the Administrative Support Operations Subactivity contained in Part 1201, Subpart A. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	21-35-01
Operations	
Clerks, accounting employees	21-35-76
Communication systems operations	21-35-77
Loss and damage claims processing	21-35-78
Other—other	21-35-99
Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, lubricants— general and administrative: Freight	21-61-XX

This account includes the cost of items installed or commodities consumed which are charged to expense, where such items are consumed in providing overall administration or other general support for carrier operations. For further clarification refer to the definition of the General and Administrative Activity contained in Part 1201, Subpart A. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	21-61-01
General	
Accounting, auditing, finance	21-61-86
Management services and data processing	21-61-87
Marketing	21-61-88
Sales	21-61-89
Industrial development	21-61-90
Personnel and labor relations	21-61-91
Legal and secretarial	21-61-92
Public relations and advertising	21-61-93
Research and development	21-61-94
Other—other	21-61-99

PURCHASED SERVICES

Control	30-00-00
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This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the PURCHASED SERVICES series:

Lease rentals—Credit	
Joint facility rent—Debit	
Joint facility rent—Credit	
Other rents—Debit	
Other rents—Credit	
Joint facility—Debit	
Joint facility—Credit	
Repairs billed by others—Debit	
Repairs billed to others—Credit	
Other purchased services	
Lease rentals—debit—control	31-00-00

This control account includes the rentals of road property and equipment with terms of 30 days or more. This account excludes joint facility and joint trackage rents, insurance and maintenance elements of lease payments, and all elements of capital leases as defined in FASB Statement No. 13. The components of this natural expense will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Lease rentals—debit—way and structures— running: freight	31-11-00
Lease rentals—debit—way and structures— switching: freight	31-12-00
Lease rentals—debit—way and structures— other: freight	31-13-00
Lease rentals—debit—equipment—loco- motives: freight	31-21-00
Lease rentals—debit—equipment—freight cars: freight	31-22-00
Lease rentals—debit—equipment—other equip- ment: freight	31-23-00
Lease rentals—credit—control	32-00-00

This control account includes the rentals of owned property and equipment or sub-leases of leased road property and equipment with terms of from 30 days to one year. Longer term leases are indicative of a non-carrier operation and all revenues and expenses related to such property and equipment should be classified accordingly and excluded from railroad operations. This account excludes joint facilities and joint trackage, capital leases, and portions of lease receipts covering maintenance and insurance. The components of this natural expense account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Lease rentals—credit—way and structures— running: freight	32-11-00
Lease rentals—credit—way and structures— switching: freight	32-12-00
Lease rentals—credit—way and structures— other: freight	32-13-00
Lease rentals—credit—equipment—loco- motives: freight	32-21-00
Lease rentals—credit—equipment—freight cars: freight	32-22-00
Lease rentals—credit—equipment—other equipment: freight	32-23-00
Joint facility rents—debit—control	33-00-00

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This control account includes amounts payable accrued as rent for equipment, tracks, yards, terminals, and other facilities owned or controlled by other carriers, companies, or individuals, and in the joint use of which the accounting company participates. Amounts paid or payable by the accounting company in reimbursement for taxes on property jointly used shall be charged to this account.

NOTE: The cost of maintenance, operation, or administration of joint facilities, chargeable to the accounting company, shall be charged to the various joint facility accounts (37-XX-00). When the compensation for the use of joint facilities is a fixed amount or is based upon a charge per ton, car, or other unit, it shall be fairly apportioned between this account and Joint Facility—Dr. (37-XX-00). This apportionment shall be made by the operating company, and shall be followed by the accounting company. The components of this natural expense consist of the following accounts:

Joint facility rents—debit—way and structures—running: Freight	33-11-00
Joint facility rents—debit—way and structures—switching: Freight	33-12-00
Joint facility rents—debit—way and structures—other: Freight	33-13-00
Joint facility rents—debit—equipment—locomotives: Freight	33-21-00
Joint facility rents—debit—equipment—freight cars: Freight	33-22-00
Joint facility rents—debit—equipment—other equipment: Freight	33-23-00
Joint facility rents—credit—control	34-00-00

This control account includes amounts receivable accrued for rent of equipment, tracks, yards, terminals and other facilities owned or controlled by the accounting company and used jointly with other companies or individuals. Amounts receivable from other companies in reimbursement for taxes on property jointly used shall be credited to this account.

NOTE: The portion of the cost of maintenance, operation, or administration of joint facilities recoverable from others shall be credited to the various joint facility accounts (38-XX-00). When the compensation for the use of joint facilities is a fixed amount or is based upon a charge per ton, car, or other unit, it shall be fairly apportioned by the creditor between this account and Joint Facility—credit (28-XX-00).

Joint facility rents—credit—way and structures—running: Freight	34-11-00
Joint facility rents—credit—way and structures—switching: Freight	34-12-00
Joint facility rents—credit—way and structures—other: Freight	34-13-00
Joint facility rents—credit—equipment—locomotives: Freight	34-21-00
Joint facility rents—credit—equipment—freight cars: Freight	34-22-00
Joint facility rents—credit—equipment—other equipment: Freight	34-23-00
Other rents—debit—control	35-00-00

This account includes the rents with terms of less than 30 days which are not renewed. This account includes all time and mileage payments for interchange locomotive, freight car, and other revenue equipment hire. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Other rents—debit—way and structures—running: Freight: Freight	35-11-00
Other rents—debit—way and structures—switching: Freight	35-12-00
Other rents—debit—way and structures—other: Freight	35-13-00
Other rents—debit—equipment—locomotives: Freight	35-21-00
Other rents—debit—equipment—freight cars: Freight	35-22-00
Other rents—debit—equipment—other equipment: Freight	35-23-00
Other rents—credit—control	36-00-00

This account includes rents with terms of less than 30 days which are not renewed. This account includes all time and mileage receipts for interchanged locomotive, freight car, and other revenue equipment hire. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Other rents—credit—way and structures—running: Freight	36-11-00
Other rents—credit—way and structures—switching: Freight	36-12-00
Other rents—credit—way and structures—other: Freight	36-13-00
Other rents—credit—equipment—locomotives: Freight	36-21-00
Other rents—credit—equipment—freight cars: Freight	36-22-00
Other rents—credit—equipment—other equipment: Freight	36-23-00
Joint facility—debit—control	37-00-00

This account includes joint trackage and joint facility costs, exclusive of rents, payable by the railroad to others. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Joint Facility—debit—way and structures—running: Freight	37-11-00
Joint Facility—debit—way and structures—switching: Freight	37-12-00
Joint Facility—debit—way and structures—other: Freight	37-13-00
Joint facility—debit—equipment—locomotives: Freight	37-21-00
Joint facility—debit—equipment—freight cars: Freight	37-22-00
Joint facility—debit—equipment—other equipment: Freight	37-23-00
Joint facility—debit—transportation—train: Freight	37-31-00
Joint facility—debit—transportation—yard: Freight	37-32-00
Joint facility—debit—transportation—specialized services: Freight	37-34-00
Joint facility—debit—transportation—administrative support: Freight	37-35-00
Joint facility—debit—general and administrative: Freight	37-61-00

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Joint facility—credit—control 38-00-00

This account includes joint trackage and joint facility costs, exclusive of rents, payable by others to the railroad. The components of this account will be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Joint facility—credit—way and structures—running: Freight 38-11-00
 Joint facility—credit—way and structures—switching: Freight 38-12-00
 Joint facility—credit—way and structures—other: Freight 38-13-00
 Joint facility—credit—equipment—locomotives: Freight 38-21-00
 Joint facility—credit—equipment—freight cars: Freight 38-22-00
 Joint facility—credit—equipment—other equipment: Freight 38-23-00
 Joint facility—credit—transportation—train: Freight 38-31-00
 Joint facility—credit—transportation—yard: Freight 38-32-00
 Joint facility—credit—transportation—specialized services: Freight 38-34-00
 Joint facility—credit—transportation—administrative support: Freight 38-35-00
 Joint facility—credit—general and administrative: Freight 38-61-00
 Repairs billed by others—debit—control 39-00-00

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the reporting railroad's property and equipment. The components of this account shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Repairs billed by others—debit—way and structures—running: Freight 39-11-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the reporting railroad's property associated with the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance
 Roadway 39-11-10
 Tunnels and subways 39-11-11
 Bridges and culverts 39-11-12
 Track laying and surfacing 39-11-17
 Signals and interlockers 39-11-19
 Highway grade crossings 39-11-22
 Road property and equipment damaged 39-11-48
 Repairs billed by others—debit—way and structures—switching: Freight 39-12-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the reporting railroad's property associated with the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance
 Roadway 39-12-10
 Tunnels and subways 39-12-11
 Bridges and culverts 39-12-12
 Track laying and surfacing 39-12-17
 Signals and interlockers 39-12-19

Highway grade crossings 39-12-22
 Road property and equipment damaged 39-12-48
 Repairs billed by others—debit—way and structures—other: Freight 39-13-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance of the carrier's structures other than roadway and track. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance
 Communication systems 39-13-20
 Electric power systems 39-13-21
 Station and office buildings 39-13-23
 Shop buildings—locomotives 39-13-24
 Shop buildings—freight cars 39-13-25
 Shop buildings—other equipment 39-13-26
 Locomotive servicing facilities 39-13-27
 Miscellaneous buildings and structures 39-13-28
 Coal terminals 39-13-29
 Ore terminals 39-13-30
 TOFC/COFC terminals 39-13-31
 Other marine terminals 39-13-32
 Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities .. 39-13-33
 Facilities for other specialized services operations 39-13-35
 Roadway machines 39-13-36
 Small tools and supplies 39-13-37
 Snow removal 39-13-38
 Road property and equipment damaged 39-13-48
 Repairs billed by others—debit—equipment—locomotives: Freight 39-21-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance under the locomotive subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance
 Machinery 39-21-40
 Locomotives 39-21-41
 Road property and equipment damaged 39-21-48
 Repairs billed by others—debit—equipment—freight cars: Freight 39-22-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for repair and maintenance under the freight car subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following function:

Repair and maintenance
 Machinery 39-22-40
 Freight cars 39-22-42
 Road property and equipment damaged 39-22-48
 Repairs billed by others—debit—equipment—other equipment: Freight 39-23-XX

This account includes amounts payable by the railroad to others for the repair and maintenance of equipment not pertaining to the locomotive or freight car subactivity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance
 Machinery 39-23-40
 Trucks, trailers, and containers in revenue service 39-23-43
 Floating equipment—revenue service 39-23-44
 Passenger and other revenue equipment 39-23-45
 Computers and data processing equipment 39-23-46
 Work and other nonrevenue equipment 39-23-47
 Road property and equipment damaged 39-23-48
 Repairs billed to others—credit—control 40-00-00

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This control account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of others' road property and equipment. The components of this account shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Repairs billed to others—credit—way and structures—running: Freight	40-11-XX
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This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	40-11-10
Tunnels and subways	40-11-11
Bridges and culverts	40-11-12
Track laying and surfacing	40-11-17
Signals and interlockers	40-11-19
Highway grade crossings	40-11-22
Road property and equipment damaged	40-11-48
Repairs billed to others—credit—way and structures—switching: Freight	40-12-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	40-12-10
Tunnels and subways	40-12-11
Bridges and culverts	40-12-12
Track laying and surfacing	40-12-17
Signals and interlockers	40-12-19
Highway grade crossings	40-12-22
Road property and equipment damaged	40-12-48
Repairs billed to others—credit—way and structures—other: Freight	40-13-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' structures other than roadway and track. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Communication systems	40-13-20
Electric power systems	40-13-21
Station and office buildings	40-13-23
Shop buildings—locomotives	40-13-24
Shop buildings—freight cars	40-13-25
Shop buildings—other equipment	40-13-26
Locomotive servicing facilities	40-13-27
Miscellaneous buildings and structures	40-13-28
Coal terminals	40-13-29
Ore terminals	40-13-30
TOFC/COFC terminals	40-13-31
Other marine terminals	40-13-32
Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities	40-13-33
Facilities for other specialized services operations	40-13-35
Roadway machines	40-13-36
Small tools and supplies	40-13-37
Snow removal	40-13-38
Road property and equipment damaged	40-13-48
Repairs billed to others—credit—equipment—locomotives: Freight	40-21-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' locomotives. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Machinery	40-21-40
Locomotives	40-21-41
Road property and equipment damaged	40-21-48
Repairs billed to others—credit—equipment—freight cars: Freight	40-22-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' freight cars. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Machinery	40-22-40
Freight cars	40-22-42
Road property and equipment damaged	40-22-48
Repairs billed to others—credit—equipment—other equipment: Freight	40-23-XX

This account includes amounts payable by others to the railroad for repair and maintenance of other railroads' other equipment. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Machinery	40-23-40
Trucks, trailers, and containers in revenue service	40-23-43
Floating equipment—revenue service	40-23-44
Passenger and other revenue equipment	40-23-45
Computers and data processing equipment	40-23-46
Work and other non-revenue equipment	40-23-47
Road property and equipment damaged	40-23-48
Other purchased services—control	41-00-00

This control account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for purchased advertising; purchased printing; outside professional services such as legal, accounting, audit, engineering, and consulting; payments for detour of trains; utilities, telephone, postage, subscriptions, communications, purchased electric power for train and locomotive propulsion; and other services purchased. The components of this account shall be distributed to the following accounts in accordance with instruction 1-8 of Part 1201, Subpart A:

Other purchased services—way and structures—running: Freight	41-11-XX
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This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	41-11-10
Tunnels and subways	41-11-11
Bridges and culverts	41-11-12
Track laying and surfacing	41-11-17
Signals and interlockers	41-11-19
Highway grade crossings	41-11-22
Dismantling retired property	41-11-39
Road property and equipment damaged	41-11-48
Other—other	41-11-99

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Other purchased services—way and structures—switching: Freight 41-12-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	41-12-10
Tunnels and subways	41-12-11
Bridges and culverts	41-12-12
Track laying and surfacing	41-12-17
Signals and interlockers	41-12-19
Highway grade crossings	41-12-22
Dismantling retired property	41-12-39
Road property and equipment damaged	41-12-48
Other—other	41-12-99
Other purchased services—way and structures—other: Freight	41-13-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration	
Track	41-13-02
Bridges and buildings	41-13-03
Signals	41-13-04
Communications	41-13-05
Other	41-13-06
Repair and maintenance	
Communication systems	41-13-20
Electric power systems	41-13-21
Station and office buildings	41-13-23
Shop buildings—locomotives	41-13-24
Shop buildings—freight cars	41-13-25
Shop buildings—other equipment	41-13-26
Locomotive servicing facilities	41-13-27
Miscellaneous buildings and structures	41-13-28
Coal terminals	41-13-29
Ore terminals	41-13-30
TOFC/COFC terminals	41-13-31
Other marine terminals	41-13-32
Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities	41-13-33
Facilities for other specialized services operations	41-13-35
Roadway machines	41-13-36
Small tools and supplies	41-13-37
Snow removal	41-13-38
Dismantling retired property	41-13-39
Road property and equipment damaged	41-13-48
Other—other	41-13-99
Other purchased services—equipment—locomotives: Freight	41-21-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general		41-21-01
Repair and maintenance		
Dismantling retired property	41-21-39	
Machinery	41-21-40	
Locomotive	41-21-41	
Road property and equipment damaged	41-21-48	
Other—other	41-21-99	
Other purchased services—equipment—freight cars: Freight	41-22-XX	

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other pur-

chased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general		41-22-01
Repair and maintenance		
Dismantling retired property	41-22-39	
Machinery	41-22-40	
Freight cars	41-22-42	
Road property and equipment damaged	41-22-48	
Other—other	41-22-99	
Other purchased services—equipment—other equipment: Freight	41-23-XX	

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general		41-23-01
Repair and maintenance		
Dismantling retired property	41-23-39	
Machinery	41-23-40	
Trucks, trailers, containers in revenue service ..	41-23-43	
Floating equipment—revenue service	41-23-44	
Passenger and other revenue equipment	41-23-45	
Computers and data processing equipment	41-23-46	
Work and other nonrevenue equipment	41-23-47	
Road property and equipment damaged	41-23-48	
Other—other	41-23-99	
Other purchased services—transportation—train: Freight	41-31-XX	

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general		41-31-01
Operations		
Engine crews	41-31-56	
Train crews	41-31-57	
Dispatching trains	41-31-58	
Operating switches, signals, interlockers, retarders, humps	41-31-59	
Operating drawbridges	41-31-60	
Highway crossing protection	41-31-61	
Train inspection and lubrication	41-31-62	
Clearing wrecks	41-31-63	
Locomotive fuel	41-31-67	
Electric power purchased/produced for motive power	41-31-68	
Servicing locomotives	41-31-69	
Other—other	41-31-99	
Other purchased services—transportation—yard: Freight	41-32-XX	

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general		41-32-01
Operations		
Operating switches, signals, interlockers, retarders, humps	41-32-59	
Clearing wrecks	41-32-63	
Switch crews	41-32-64	
Controlling operations	41-32-65	
Yard and terminal clerical	41-32-66	
Locomotive fuel	41-32-67	
Electric power purchased/produced for motive power	41-32-68	

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Servicing locomotives	41-32-69
Other—other	41-32-99
Other purchased services—transportation— train and yard common: Freight	41-33-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Operations	
Cleaning car interiors	41-33-70
Adjusting, transferring loads	41-33-71
Car loading devices and grain doors	41-33-72
Other purchased services—transportation— specialized services: Freight	41-34-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	41-34-01
Operations	
Pick up and delivery, marine line haul, and rail substitute service	41-34-73
Loading, unloading, and local marine	41-34-74
Protective Services	41-34-75
Other—other	41-34-99
Other purchased services—transportation—ad- ministrative support: freight	41-35-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	41-35-01
Operations	
Clerks, accounting employees	41-35-76
Communication systems operations	41-35-77
Loss and damage claims processing	41-35-78
Other—other	41-35-99
Other purchased services—general and admin- istrative: freight	41-61-XX

This account includes amounts charged or credited to operating expenses for other purchased services specified in control account 41-00-00. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	41-61-01
General	
Accounting, auditing, finance	41-61-86
Management services and data processing	41-61-87
Marketing	41-61-88
Sales	41-61-89
Industrial development	41-61-90
Personnel and labor relations	41-61-91
Legal and secretarial	41-61-92
Public relations and advertising	41-61-93
Research and development	41-61-94
Other—other	41-61-99

CLAIMS AND INSURANCE

Control	50-00-00
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This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the CLAIMS AND INSURANCE series: loss and damage claims; other casualties; insurance.

Loss and damage claims—control	51-00-00
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This account includes amounts payable to compensate for the loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service. This account excludes amounts payable to employees or other parties for injuries sustained or loss of life; for damage to real property of others or personal property not carried in revenue service; all payments for other damages of any kind; and related insurance premiums.

Loss and damage claims—transportation— train: freight	51-31-00
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This account includes amounts payable to compensate for the loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service while operating all trains except those performing yard functions in terminals.

Loss and damage claims—transportation— yard: freight	51-32-00
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This account includes amounts payable to compensate for the loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service which is lost or damaged in yards or terminals.

Loss and damage claims—transportation—train and yard common: freight	51-33-00
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This account includes amounts payable to compensate for the loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service which are not predominantly train or yard.

Loss and damage claims—transportation—spe- cialized services: freight	51-34-00
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This account includes amounts payable to compensate for the loss or damage of freight or other goods carried in revenue service incurred in designated specialized services operations.

Other casualties—control	52-00-00
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This account includes amounts payable to employees or other parties for injuries sustained or loss of life in connection with the construction, maintenance, operations, and administration of railroad property and equipment; for damage to real property, property of others or personal property not carried in revenue service; all payments for other damages of any kind. This account excludes freight and other goods carried in revenue service, and insurance premiums related to the casualties chargeable to this account.

NOTE: The costs of clearing wrecks and repairing casualty-caused damage to the railroad's property and equipment are properly classified under other natural expense accounts as appropriate and further classified by relevant activities and functions.

These costs are appropriately charged to the following natural accounts:

Other casualties—way and structures—run- ning: freight	52-11-00
Other casualties—way and structures—switch- ing: freight	52-12-00

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Other casualties—way and structures—other: freight	52-13-00
Other casualties—equipment—locomotives: freight	52-21-00
Other casualties—equipment—freight cars: freight	52-22-00
Other casualties—equipment—Other equipment: freight	52-23-00
Other casualties—transportation—train: freight	51-31-00
Other casualties—transportation—yard: freight	51-32-00
Other casualties—transportation—specialized services: freight	52-34-00
Other casualties—transportation—administrative support: freight	52-35-00
Other casualties—general and administrative: freight	52-61-00
Insurance—control	53-00-00

This account includes premiums for insurance to cover property and equipment loss and damage, liability, business interruption, and the like. These costs are appropriately charged to the following accounts:

Insurance—way and structures—running: freight	53-11-00
Insurance—way and structures—switching: freight	53-12-00
Insurance—way and structures—other: freight	53-13-00
Insurance—equipment—locomotives: freight	53-21-00
Insurance—equipment—freight cars: freight	53-22-00
Insurance—equipment—other equipment: freight	53-23-00
Insurance—transportation—train: freight	53-31-00
Insurance—transportation—yard: freight	53-32-00
Insurance—transportation—specialized services: freight	53-34-00
Insurance—transportation—administrative support: freight	53-35-00
Insurance—general and administrative: freight	53-61-00

GENERAL

Control	60-00-00
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This account may be used as a control account for all accounts in the GENERAL series; other expenses; depreciation; uncollectible accounts; property taxes; other taxes.

Other expenses—control	61-00-00
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This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property and equipment retirement losses, and other items of a general nature.

Other expenses—way and structures—running: freight	61-11-XX
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This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property retirement losses, and other items of a general nature associated with the carrier's roadway and track on the line of road and outside of classification yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	61-11-10

Tunnels and subways	61-11-11
Bridges and culverts	61-11-12
Track laying and surfacing	61-11-17
Signals and interlockers	61-11-19
Highway grade crossings	61-11-22
Dismantling retired property	61-11-39
Road property and equipment damaged	61-11-48
Other—other	61-11-99
Other expenses—way and structures—switching: freight	61-12-XX

This account includes amount charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property retirement losses, and other items of a general nature associated with the carrier's roadway and track within classification yards and stations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Repair and maintenance	
Roadway	61-12-10
Tunnels and subways	61-12-11
Bridges and culverts	61-12-12
Track laying and surfacing	61-12-17
Signals and interlockers	61-12-19
Highway grade crossings	61-12-22
Dismantling retired property	61-12-39
Road property and equipment damaged	61-12-48
Other—other	61-12-99
Other expenses—way and structures—other: freight	61-13-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, road property retirement losses, and other items of a general nature associated with the carrier's structures other than roadway and track. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration	
Track	61-13-02
Bridges and buildings	61-13-03
Signals	61-13-04
Communications	61-13-05
Other	61-13-06

Repair and maintenance	
Communication systems	61-13-20
Electric power systems	61-13-21
Station and office buildings	61-13-23
Shop buildings—locomotives	61-13-24
Shop buildings—freight cars	61-13-25
Shop buildings—other equipment	61-13-26
Locomotive servicing facilities	61-13-27
Miscellaneous buildings and structures	61-13-28
Coal terminals	61-13-29
Ore terminals	61-13-30
TOFC/COFC terminals	61-13-31
Other marine terminals	61-13-32
Motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities	61-13-33
Facilities for other specialized services operations	61-13-35
Roadway machines	61-13-36
Small tools and supplies	61-13-37
Snow removal	61-13-38
Dismantling retired property	61-13-39
Road property and equipment damaged	61-13-48
Other—other	61-13-99

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Other expenses—equipment—locomotives:
 Freight 61-21-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees and equipment retirement losses, associated with the repair and maintenance of locomotives, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general 61-21-01
 Repair and maintenance
 Dismantling retired property 61-21-39
 Machinery 61-21-40
 Locomotives 61-21-41
 Road property and equipment damaged 61-21-48
 Other—other 61-21-99
 Other expenses—equipment—freight cars:
 Freight 61-22-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, equipment retirement losses, associated with the repair and maintenance of freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general 61-22-01
 Repair and maintenance
 Dismantling retired property 61-22-39
 Machinery 61-22-40
 Freight cars 61-22-42
 Road property and equipment damaged 61-22-48
 Other—other 61-22-99
 Other expenses—equipment—other equipment: Freight 61-23-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, equipment retirement losses, associated with the repair and maintenance of equipment other than locomotives and freight cars, whether owned by the carrier or by others. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general 61-23-01
 Repair and maintenance
 Dismantling retired property 61-23-39
 Machinery 61-23-40
 Trucks, trailers, containers in revenue service .. 61-23-43
 Floating equipment—revenue service 61-23-44
 Passenger and other revenue equipment 61-23-45
 Computers and data processing equipment 61-23-46
 Work and other nonrevenue equipment 61-23-47
 Road property and equipment damaged 61-23-48
 Other—other 61-23-99
 Other expenses—transportation—train: Freight 61-31-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, associated with the dispatching and operations of freight trains over the roadway and outside of classifica-

tion yards. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general 61-31-01
 Operations
 Engine crews 61-31-56
 Train crews 61-31-57
 Dispatching trains 61-31-58
 Operating switches, signals, interlockers, retarders, humps 61-31-59
 Operating drawbridges 61-31-60
 Highway crossing protection 61-31-61
 Train inspection and lubrication 61-31-62
 Clearing wrecks 61-31-63
 Locomotive fuel 61-31-67
 Electric power purchased/produced for motive power 61-31-68
 Servicing locomotives 61-31-69
 Other—other 61-31-99
 Other expenses—transportation—yard: Freight 61-32-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature associated with the movement of freight cars within classification yards and in terminal switching and transfer service. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general 61-32-01
 Operations
 Operating switches, signals, interlockers, retarders, humps 61-32-59
 Clearing wrecks 61-32-63
 Switch crews 61-32-64
 Controlling operations 61-32-65
 Yard and terminal clerical 61-32-66
 Locomotive fuel 61-32-67
 Electric power purchased/produced for motive power 61-32-68
 Servicing locomotives 61-32-69
 Other—other 61-32-99
 Other expenses—transportation—specialized services: Freight 61-34-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature incurred in operating services which are specialized in nature and in cost characteristics. The specialized services designated by the Board appear within the definition of specialized services. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general 61-34-01
 Operations
 Pick up and delivery, marine line haul, and rail substitute service 61-34-73
 Loading, unloading, and local marine 61-34-74
 Protective services 61-34-75
 Other—other 61-34-99
 Other expenses—transportation—administrative support: Freight 61-35-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses

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of employees, and other items of a general nature incurred in association with providing direct administrative support for the Transportation Activity. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	61-35-01
Operations	
Clerks, accounting employees	61-35-76
Communication systems operations	61-35-77
Loss and damage claims processing	61-35-78
Other—other	61-35-99
Other expenses—general and administrative:	
Freight	61-61-XX

This account includes amounts charged to operating expenses for items not otherwise provided for in the other natural expense accounts, including travel and other expenses of employees, and other items of a general nature incurred in providing overall administration of other support for carrier operations. This account shall be subdivided by the following functions:

Administration—general	61-61-01
General	
Accounting, auditing, finance	61-61-86
Management services and data processing	61-61-87
Marketing	61-61-88
Sales	61-61-89
Industrial development	61-61-90
Personnel labor relations	61-61-91
Legal and secretarial	61-61-92
Public relations and advertising	61-61-93
Research and development	61-61-94
Other—other	61-61-99
Depreciation—control	62-00-00

This control account includes the amounts charged to operating expenses for depreciation of owned road property and equipment, and the depreciation element of road property held under capital lease in accordance with FASB Statement No. 13. These costs are appropriately charged to the following natural accounts:

Depreciation—way and structures—running:	
Freight	62-11-00
Depreciation—way and structures—switching:	
Freight	62-12-00
Depreciation—way and structures—other:	
Freight	62-13-00
Depreciation—equipment—locomotives: Freight	62-21-00
Depreciation—equipment—freight cars: Freight	62-22-00
Depreciation—equipment—other equipment:	
Freight	62-23-00
Uncollectible accounts—control	63-00-00

This account includes charges to operating expenses for the writedown of accounts and notes due to the railroad, whether classified as current or long-term. This account includes any credits to allowance accounts for collectibility and total writeoff of receivables. This account does not include writedowns of property, equipment, or investments (except accounts, notes, or other receivables held as investments). Proper adjustments of incorrect receivables are not to be charged to this account. Collections of amounts previously written off or down are to be credited to this account. The total of

this account shall be charged to the following account:

Uncollectible accounts—general and administrative: Freight	63-61-00
Property taxes—control	64-00-00

This account includes only taxes based on the value of real estate and personal property used in railroad operations. The total of this account shall be charged to the following account:

Property taxes—general and administrative:	
Freight	64-61-00
Other taxes—control	65-00-00

This account includes taxes on gross receipts, franchise fees, excise taxes, and similar items. This account excludes property taxes and taxes chargeable as employee benefits. The total of this account shall be charged to the following account:

Other taxes—general and administrative:	
Freight	65-61-00

(2) Other computed cost elements.

- 651 Locomotives return on investment.
- 652 Freight train car costs.
 - 01 Per day costs.
 - 02 Mileage costs.
- 654 Rehabilitation.
- 664 Deadheading, taxi and hotel costs.
 - 01 Deadheading.
 - 02 Taxi.
 - 03 Hotel.
- 665 Overhead movement costs.
 - 01 Transportation.
 - 02 Equipment.
 - 03 Freight-train cars—mileage portion.

(3) Off-branch avoidable costs.

- 661 Terminal costs.
 - 01 Modified terminal costs.
 - 02 Normal terminal costs.
 - 03 Interchange costs.
- 662 Freight train car costs.
- 663 Freight train revenue ton-mile costs.

(4) All other avoidable costs.¹

- 671 Working capital.
- 672 Required capital expenditures.
- 673 Deferred maintenance.
- 674 Current cost of freight train cars, locomotives, and other equipment.
- 675 Foregone tax benefits.
- 676 Administrative costs.
- 677 Deferred subsidy payment costs.
- 678 Casualty reserve expenses.
 - Total, all other avoidable costs.
- 681 Reasonable return on the value of properties.

¹Accounts 671-675 apply to Part 1152 only. Accounts 677 and 682 apply to Part 1155 only.

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682 Management fee.

[43 FR 1733, Jan. 11, 1978, as amended at 43 FR 28498, June 30, 1978; 44 FR 9730, Feb. 14, 1979; 47 FR 49596, Nov. 1, 1982; 67 FR 57533, Sept. 11, 2002]

APPENDIX I TO PART 1201—CERTIFICATION OF BRANCH LINE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM RECORDS

Carrier: (Exact legal title or name of the respondent) _____

Name, title, telephone number and address of the person to be contacted:

Name _____

Title _____

Telephone Number: (Area Code) and (Telephone number) _____

Office Address: (Street and number) (City, State, and ZIP code) _____

CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, _____
of (Title of officer in charge of accounts) _____

(Full name of reporting company) _____

certify that during the calendar year 19____ the branch line accounting system data were collected and maintained for each line that met the criteria set forth in 49 CFR 1201, Subpart B, section 920(a), Lines For Which Data Collection Is Required, (Docket No. 36366).

Signature _____

Date _____

The lines covered by this certification are described below: (Describe each branch line separately using the following format as set forth in 49 CFR 1152.11.)

(a) Carrier's designation for line (Ex. Zanesville Secondary Track);

(b) State or states in which line is located;

(c) County or counties in which line is located;

(d) Milepost delineating each line or portion of line;

(e) Agency or terminal station(s) located on line or portion of line with milepost designations;

(f) Current category designation and date placed in that category; and

(g) Previous category.

[44 FR 9730, Feb. 14, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 49596, Nov. 1, 1982]

PARTS 1202-1219 [RESERVED]

49 CFR Ch. X (10-1-03 Edition)

Parts 1220-1239—Preservation of Records

NOTE: Section 20(7)(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act includes the following provision:

Any person who shall knowingly and willfully make, cause to be made, or participate in the making of, any false entry in any annual or other report required under this section to be filed, or in the accounts of any book of accounts or in any records or memoranda kept by a carrier, or required under this section to be kept by a lessor or other person, or who shall knowingly and willfully destroy, mutilate, alter, or by any other means or device falsify the record of any such accounts, records, or memoranda, * * * shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject, upon conviction in any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both such fine and imprisonment: *Provided*, That the Board may in its discretion issue orders specifying such operating, accounting, or financial papers, records, books, blanks, tickets, stubs, correspondence, or documents of such carriers, lessors, or other persons as may, after a reasonable time, be destroyed, and prescribing the length of time the same shall be preserved.

PART 1220—PRESERVATION OF RECORDS

Sec.

1220.0 Applicability.

1220.1 Records required to be retained.

1220.2 Protection and storage of records.

1220.3 Preservation of records.

1220.4 Companies going out of business.

1220.5 Waiver of requirements of these regulations.

1220.6 Schedule of records and periods of retention.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11144, 11145.

SOURCE: 50 FR 10775, Mar. 18, 1985 and 51 FR 22083, June 18, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1220.0 Applicability.

The preservation of record rules contained in this part shall apply to the following:

- Railroad companies
- Electric railway companies
- Express companies
- Persons furnishing cars to railroads
- Ratemaking organizations

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This part applies also to the preservation of accounts, records and memoranda of traffic associations, demurrage and car service bureaus, weighing and inspection bureaus, and other joint activities maintained by or on behalf of companies listed in the above paragraph of this subpart.

[50 FR 1075, Mar. 18, 1985 and 51 FR 22083, June 18, 1986, as amended at 51 FR 44297, Dec. 9, 1986; 62 FR 50525, Sept. 26, 1997]

§ 1220.1 Records required to be retained.

Companies subject to this part shall retain records for the minimum retention periods required by § 1220.6, Schedule of records and periods of retention. After the required retention periods, the records may be destroyed at the discretion of each company's management. It shall be the obligation of the subject company to maintain records that adequately support financial and operational data required by the Board. The company may request a ruling from the Board on the retention of any record. The provisions of this part shall not be construed as excusing compliance with the lawful requirements of any other governmental body prescribing longer retention periods for any category of records.

§ 1220.2 Protection and storage of records.

(a) The company shall protect records subject to this part from fires, floods, and other hazards, and safeguard the records from unnecessary exposure to deterioration from excessive humidity, dryness, or lack of ventilation.

(b) The company shall notify the Board if prescribed records are substantially destroyed or damaged before the term of the prescribed retention periods.

§ 1220.3 Preservation of records.

(a) All records may be preserved by any technology that is immune to alteration, modification, or erasure of the underlying data and will enable production of an accurate and unaltered paper copy.

(b) Records not originally preserved on hard copy shall be accompanied by a statement executed by a person having

personal knowledge of the facts indicating the type of data included within the records. One comprehensive statement may be executed in lieu of individual statements for multiple records if the type of data included in the multiple records is common to all such records. The records shall be indexed and retained in such a manner as will render them readily accessible. The company shall have facilities available to locate, identify and produce legible paper copies of the records.

(c) Any significant characteristic, feature or other attribute that a particular medium will not preserve shall be clearly indicated at the beginning of the applicable records as appropriate.

(d) The printed side of forms, such as instructions, need not be preserved for each record as long as the printed matter is common to all such forms and an identified specimen of the form is maintained on the medium for reference.

[50 FR 10775, Mar. 18, 1985, as amended at 56 FR 30874, July 8, 1991]

§ 1220.4 Companies going out of business.

The records referred to in these regulations may be destroyed after business is discontinued and the company is completely liquidated. The records may not be destroyed until dissolution is final and all pending transactions and claims are completed. When a company is merged with another company under jurisdiction of the Board, the successor company shall preserve records of the merged company in accordance with these regulations.

§ 1220.5 Waiver of requirements of these regulations.

A waiver from any provision of these regulations may be made by the Board upon its own initiative or upon submission of a written request by the company. Each request for waiver shall demonstrate that unusual circumstances warrant a departure from prescribed retention periods, procedures, or techniques, or that compliance with such prescribed requirements would impose an unreasonable burden on the company.

§ 1220.6 Schedule of records and periods of retention.

The following schedule shows periods that designated records shall be preserved. The descriptions specified under the various general headings are for convenient reference and identification, and are intended to apply to the

items named regardless of what the records are called in individual companies and regardless of the record media. The retention periods represent the prescribed number of years from the date of the document and not calendar years. Records not listed below shall be retained as determined by the management of each company.

SCHEDULE OF RECORDS AND PERIODS OF RETENTION

Item and category of records	Retention period
A. CORPORATE AND GENERAL	
1. Incorporation and reorganization:	
(a) Charter or certificate of incorporation and amendments	Note A.
(b) Legal documents related to mergers, consolidations, reorganization, receiverships and similar actions which affect the identity or organization of the company.	Do.
2. Minutes of Directors, Executive Committees, Stockholders and other corporate meetings	Do.
3. Titles, franchises and authorities:	
(a) Certificates of public convenience and necessity issued by regulating bodies	Until expiration or cancellation.
(b) Operating authorizations and exemptions to operate	Do.
(c) Copies of formal orders of regulatory bodies served upon the company	Note A.
(d) Deeds, charters, and other title papers	Until disposition of property.
(e) Patents and patent records	Note A.
4. Annual reports or statements to stockholders	3 years.
5. Contracts and agreements:	
(a) Service contracts, such as for operational management, accounting, financial or legal services, and agreements with agents.	Until expiration or termination plus 3 years.
(b) Contracts and other agreements relating to the construction, acquisition or sale of real property and equipment except as otherwise provided in (a) above.	Do.
(c) Contracts for the purchase or sale of material and supplies except as provided in (a) above.	Until expiration.
(d) Shipping contracts for transportation or caretakers of freight	Do.
(e) Contracts with employees and employee bargaining groups	Until expiration.
(f) Contracts, leases and agreements, not specifically provided for in this section	Until expiration or termination plus 1 year.
6. Accountant's auditor's, and inspector's reports:	
(a) Certifications and reports of examinations and audits conducted by public accountants.	3 years
(b) Reports of examinations and audits conducted by internal auditors, time inspectors, and others.	Do.
7. Other: (See Note A)	
B. TREASURY	
1. Capital stock records:	
(a) Capital stock ledger	Note A.
(b) Capital stock certificates, records of or stubs of	Do.
(c) Stock transfer register	Do.
2. Long-term debt records:	
(a) Bond indentures, underwritings, mortgages, and other long-term credit agreements	Until redemption plus 3 years.
(b) Registered bonds and debenture ledgers	Do.
(c) Stubs or similar records of bonds or other long-term debt issued	Note A.
3. Authorizations from regulatory bodies for issuance of securities including applications, reports, and supporting papers.	Do.
4. Records of securities owned, in treasury, or held by custodians, detailed ledgers and journals, or their equivalent.	Until the securities are sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of.
5. Other: (See Note A)	
C. FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING	
1. Ledgers:	
(a) General and subsidiary ledgers with indexes	Until discontinuance of use plus 3 years.
(b) Balance sheets and trial balance sheets of general and subsidiary ledgers	3 years.
2. Journals:	
(a) General journals	Until discontinuance of use plus 3 years.
(b) Subsidiary journals and any supporting data, except as otherwise provided for, necessary to explain journal entries.	3 years.
3. Cash books:	
(a) General cash books	Until discontinuance of use plus 3 years.
(b) Subsidiary cash books	3 years.

SCHEDULE OF RECORDS AND PERIODS OF RETENTION—Continued

Item and category of records	Retention period
4. Vouchers:	
(a) Voucher registers, indexes, or equivalent	Do.
(b) Paid and canceled vouchers, expenditure authorizations, detailed distribution sheets and other supporting data including original bills and invoices, if not provided for elsewhere.	Do.
(c) Paid drafts, paid checks, and receipts for cash paid out	3 years.
5. Accounts receivable:	
(a) Record or register of accounts receivable, indexes thereto, and summaries of distribution.	3 years after settlement.
(b) Bills issued for collection and supporting data	Do.
(c) Authorization for writing off receivables	1 year.
(d) Reports and statements showing age and status of receivables	Do.
6. Records of accounting codes and instructions	3 years after discontinuance.
7. Other: (Note A)	
D. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	
NOTE.— All accounts, records, and memoranda necessary for making a complete analysis of the cost or value of property shall be retained for the periods shown. If any of the records elsewhere provided for in this schedule are of this character, they shall be retained for the periods shown below, regardless of any lesser retention period assigned	
1. Property records:	
(a) Records which maintain complete information on cost or other value of all real and personal property or equipment.	3 years after disposition of property.
(b) Records of additions and betterments made to property and equipment	Do.
(c) Records pertaining to retirements and replacements of property and equipment	Do.
(d) Records pertaining to depreciation	Do.
(e) Records of equipment number changes	Do.
(f) Records of motor and engine changes	Do.
(g) Records of equipment lightweighed and stenciled	Only current or latest records.
2. Engineering records of property changes actually made	3 years after disposition of property.
3. Other: (Note A)	
E. PERSONNEL AND PAYROLL	
1. Personnel and payroll records	1 year (Note A).
F. INSURANCE AND CLAIMS	
1. Insurance records:	
(a) Schedules of insurance against fire, storms, and other hazards and records of premium payments.	Until expiration plus 1 year.
(b) Records of losses and recoveries from insurance companies and supporting papers	1 year after settlement.
(c) Insurance policies	Until expiration of coverage plus 1 year.
2. Claims records:	
(a) Claim registers, card or book indexes, and other records which record personal injury, fire and other claims against the company, together with all supporting data.	1 year after settlement.
(b) Claims registers, card or book indexes, and other records which record overcharges, damages, and other claims filed by the company against others, together with all supporting data.	Do.
(c) Records giving the details of authorities issued to agents, carriers, and others for participation in freight claims.	3 years.
(d) Reports, statements and other data pertaining to personal injuries or damage to property when not necessary to support claims or vouchers.	Do.
(e) Reports, statements, tracers, and other data pertaining to unclaimed, over, short, damaged, and refused freight, when not necessary to support claims or vouchers.	1 year.
(f) Authorities for disposal of unclaimed, damaged, and refused freight	3 years.
3. Other: (See Note A)	
G. TAXES	
1. Taxes. (Note A)	
H. PURCHASES AND STORES	
1. Purchases and stores. (Note A)	
I. SHIPPING AND AGENCY DOCUMENTS	
1. Bills of lading and releases:	
(a) Consignors' shipping orders, consignors' shipping tickets, and copies of bills of lading freight bills from other carriers and other similar documents furnished the carrier for movement of freight.	1 year.
(b) Shippers' order-to-notify bills of lading taken up and cancelled	Do.
2. Freight waybills:	
(a) Local waybills	Do.
(b) Interline waybills recieved from and made to other carriers	Do.
(c) Company freight waybills	Do.
(d) Express waybills	Do.
3. Freight bills and settlements:	
(a) Paid copy of freight bill retained to support receipt of freight charges:	
(1) Bus express freight bills provided no claim has been filed	Do.
(2) All other freight bills	Do.

SCHEDULE OF RECORDS AND PERIODS OF RETENTION—Continued

Item and category of records	Retention period
(b) Paid copy of freight bill retained to support payment of freight charges to other carriers:	
(1) Bus express freight bills provided no claim has been filed	Do.
(2) All other freight bills	Do.
(c) Records of unsettled freight bills and supporting papers	1 year after disposition.
(d) Records and reports of correction notices	1 year.
4. Other freight records:	
(a) Records of freight received, forwarded, and delivered	Do.
(b) Notice to consignees of arrival of freight; tender of delivery	Do.
5. Agency records (to include conductors, pursers, stewards, and others):	
(a) Cash books	Do.
(b) Remittance records, bank deposit slips and supporting papers	Do.
(c) Balance sheets and supporting papers	Do.
(d) Statements of corrections in agents' accounts	Do.
(e) Other records and reports pertaining to ticket sales, baggage handled, miscellaneous collections, refunds, adjustments, etc.	Do.
J. Transportation	
1. Records pertaining to transportation of household goods:	
(a) Estimate of charges	1 year.
(b) Order for service	Do.
(c) Vehicle-load manifest	Do.
(d) Descriptive inventory	Do.
2. Records and reports pertaining to operation of marine and floating equipment:	
(a) Ship log	3 years.
(b) Ship articles	Do.
(c) Passenger and room list	Do.
(d) Floatmen's barge, lighter, and escrow captain's reports, demurrage records, towing reports and checks sheets.	2 years.
3. Car distribution and movement-railroads only:	
(a) Records of car allotment and distribution	Do.
(b) Records of cars ordered, furnished and loaded	Do.
(c) Records showing dates and numbers of trains, initials and number of cars, movement of cars, and mileage of cars and trains.	Do.
(d) Report of cars interchanged with connecting lines	Do.
(e) Reports of unfilled car orders	1 year.
(f) Per diem and mileage reports made and received, including reclaims and discrepancy and adjustment reports.	2 years.
(g) Demurrage and storage records	Do.
4. Dispatchers' sheets, registers, and other records pertaining to movement of transportation equipment.	3 years
5. Import and export records including bonded freight and steamship engagements	2 years.
6. Records, reports, orders and tickets pertaining to weighting of freight	3 years.
7. Records of loading and unloading of transportation equipment	2 years.
8. Records pertaining to the diversion or reconsignment of freight, including requests, tracers, and correspondence.	Do.
9. Other: (See Note A)	
K. TARIFFS AND RATES	
1. Official file copies of tariffs, classifications, division sheets, and circulars relative to the transportation of persons or property.	3 years after expiration or cancellation.
2. Authorities and supporting papers for transportation of property or passengers free or at reduced rates.	3 years.
3. Records and documents required by provisions of § 1253.20 to be maintained	2 years.
L. SUPPORTING DATA FOR REPORTS AND STATISTICS	
1. Supporting data for reports filed with the Surface Transportation Board and regulatory bodies:	
(a) Supporting data for annual financial, operating and statistical reports	3 years.
(b) Supporting data for periodical reports of operating revenues, expenses, and income	Do.
(c) Supporting data for reports detailing use of proceeds from issuance or sale of company securities.	Do.
(d) Supporting data for valuation inventory reports and records. This includes related notes, maps and sketches, underlying engineering, land, and accounting reports, pricing schedules, summary or collection sheets, yearly reports of changes and other miscellaneous data, all relating to the valuation of the company's property by the Surface Transportation Board or other regulatory body.	3 years after disposition of the property.
2. Supporting data for periodical reports of accidents, inspections, tests, hours of service, repairs, freight car locations, etc.	3 years.
3. Supporting data for periodical statistical of operating results or performance by tonnage, mileage, passengers carried, piggyback traffic, commodities, costs, analyses of increases and decreases, or otherwise.	Do.
M. MISCELLANEOUS	
1. Index of records	Until revised as record structure changes.

SCHEDULE OF RECORDS AND PERIODS OF RETENTION—Continued

Item and category of records	Retention period
2. Statement listing records prematurely destroyed or lost	For the remainder of the period as prescribed for records destroyed.

Note A: Records referenced to this note shall be maintained as determined by the designated records supervisory official. Companies should be mindful of the record retention requirements of the Internal Revenue Service, Securities and Exchange Commission, state and local jurisdictions and other regulatory agencies. Companies shall exercise reasonable care in choosing retention periods, and the choice of retention periods shall reflect past experiences, company needs, pending litigation, and regulatory requirements.

[50 FR 10775, Mar. 18, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 22083, June 18, 1986]

Parts 1240-1259—Reports

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by parts 1241-1259 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

PART 1241—ANNUAL, SPECIAL, OR PERIODIC REPORTS—CARRIERS SUBJECT TO PART I OF THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE ACT

- Sec.
- 1241.1 Common carriers.
- 1241.2 Reporting companies defined.
- 1241.11 Annual reports of class I railroads.
- 1241.15 Railroad classification survey form.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 11145.

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by part 1241 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

§ 1241.1 Common carriers.

All common carriers subject to the provisions of Part I of Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, and the owners of all railroads engaged in interstate commerce as therein defined, are hereby required hereafter to file in the office of the Board on or before the 31st day of March in each year, reports covering the period of 12 months ending with the 31st day of December preceding said date, giving the particulars heretofore called for in the annual reports required by the Board of said carriers and owners of railroads.

[32 FR 20456, Dec. 20, 1967]

§ 1241.2 Reporting companies defined.

(a) Every common carrier by rail which is required by the act to regulate commerce to file with the Board any tariff or schedule of rates, fares, or charges, or any concurrence in such

tariff or schedule, shall be required to keep operating accounts and to file an annual operating report unless specifically excused by the Board.

(b) Every railway corporation owning but not operating a railway used in interstate or foreign commerce shall be required to file with the Board an annual nonoperating report unless relieved therefrom under the provisions of rule following.

(c) Any actually existing inactive corporation coming within the scope of rule given above may be relieved from the requirements of that rule if it has no outstanding stocks or obligations not held by or for its controlling corporation and the controlling corporation reports for the inactive corporation such facts as the Board may require to be reported.

(d) Reports of a controlling corporation and its controlled corporations must exclude duplications in respect of investments in railway plant and equipment and in respect of securities outstanding.

[32 FR 20456, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 46 FR 9115, Jan. 28, 1981]

§ 1241.11 Annual reports of class I railroads.

(a) Commencing with reports for the year ended December 31, 1973, and thereafter, until further order, all line-haul railroad companies of class I, as defined in §1240.1 of this chapter, subject to section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, are required to file annual reports in accordance with Railroad Annual Report Form R-1. Such annual report shall be filed in duplicate in the office of the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423, on

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or before March 31 of the year following the year which is being reported.

(b) [Reserved]

(49 U.S.C. 220, 313, 412 and 10321; 5 U.S.C. 553)

[38 FR 32920, Nov. 29, 1973, as amended at 41 FR 21354, May 25, 1976; 42 FR 1475, Jan. 7, 1977; 44 FR 65402, Nov. 13, 1979; 67 FR 57534, Sept. 11, 2002]

§ 1241.15 Railroad classification survey form.

Commencing with the year ending December 31, 1982, and thereafter, until further order, all railroad companies not required to file an Annual Report (Form R-1) shall compute their adjusted revenues using the railroad revenue deflator formula. If there is a change in a carrier's classification the survey form shall be filed with the Bureau of Accounts, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423, on or before March 31.

[48 FR 2544, Jan. 20, 1983]

PART 1242—SEPARATION OF COMMON OPERATING EXPENSES BETWEEN FREIGHT SERVICE AND PASSENGER SERVICE FOR RAILROADS¹

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1242.27 Coal marine terminals, ore marine terminals, TOFC/COFC terminals, other marine terminals, motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities, and facilities for other specialized service operations (accounts XX-13-29 to XX-13-35, inclusive).
1242.28 Roadway machines, small tools and supplies, and snow removal (accounts XX-19-36 to XX-19-38, inclusive).
1242.29 Fringe benefits (accounts 12-17-00, 12-18-00, 12-19-00).
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1242.31 Lease rentals—debit and credit and other rents—debit and credit (accounts 31-17-00, 31-18-00, 31-19-00, 32-17-00, 32-18-00, 32-19-00, 35-17-00, 35-18-00, 35-19-00, 36-17-00, 36-18-00, and 36-19-00).
1242.32 Joint facility rents—debit and credit and joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 33-17-00, 33-18-00, 33-19-00, 34-17-00, 34-18-00, 34-19-00, 37-17-00, 37-18-00, 37-19-00, 38-17-00, 38-18-00, and 38-19-00).
1242.33 Other expenses and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-17-99, XX-18-99, XX-19-99, 50-17-00, 50-18-00, and 50-19-00).

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- 1242.34 Administration (account XX-26-01).
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- 1242.38 Fringe benefits (account 12-26-00).
- 1242.39 Lease rentals—debit and credit, other rents—debit and credit, and repairs billed to others (accounts 31-26-00, 32-26-00, 35-26-00, 36-26-00, and 40-26-98).
- 1242.40 Joint facility rents—debit and credit, and joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 33-26-00, 34-26-00, 37-26-00, and 38-26-00).
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freight cars

- 1242.42 Administration, repair and maintenance, machinery repair, equipment damaged, dismantling retired property, fringe benefits, other casualties and insurance, lease rentals, joint facility rents, other rents, depreciation, joint facility, repairs billed to others, and other (accounts XX-22-01, XX-22-42, XX-22-40, XX-22-48, XX-22-39, 12-22-00, 50-22-00, 31-22-00 to 38-22-00 inclusive, 62-22-00, 40-22-98, and XX-22-99).

other equipment

- 1242.43 Administration (account XX-27-01).
- 1242.44 Trucks, trailers, and containers (revenue service) and floating equipment (revenue service) (accounts XX-23-43 and XX-23-44).
- 1242.45 Passenger and other revenue equipment (account XX-27-45).
- 1242.46 Computers and data processing equipment (account XX-27-46).
- 1242.47 Machinery (account XX-27-40).
- 1242.48 Work and other non-revenue equipment (account XX-27-47).
- 1242.49 Equipment damaged (account XX-27-48).
- 1242.50 Fringe benefits (account 12-27-00).
- 1242.51 Dismantling retired property and depreciation (accounts XX-27-39 and 62-27-00).
- 1242.52 Lease rentals—debit and credit, other rents—debit and credit, repairs billed to others—credit (accounts 31-27-00, 32-27-00, 35-27-00, 36-27-00, and 40-27-98).
- 1242.53 Joint facility rents—debit and credit and joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 33-27-00, 34-27-00, 37-27-00, and 38-27-00).
- 1242.54 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-27-99 and 50-27-00).

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- 1242.55 Administration (account XX-51-01).
- 1242.56 Engine crews and train crews (accounts XX-51-56 and XX-51-57).

- 1242.57 Dispatching trains (account XX-51-58).
- 1242.58 Operating signals and interlockers, operating drawbridges, highway crossing protection (accounts XX-51-59, XX-51-60, and XX-51-61).
- 1242.59 Train inspection and lubrication (account XX-51-62).
- 1242.60 Locomotive fuel, electric power purchased/produced for motive power, and servicing locomotives (accounts XX-51-67, XX-51-68, and XX-51-69).
- 1242.61 Freight lost or damaged—solely related (to train) (account 51-51-00).
- 1242.62 Clearing wrecks (account XX-51-63).
- 1242.63 Fringe benefits (account 12-51-00).
- 1242.64 Joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 37-51-00 and 38-51-00).
- 1242.65 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-51-99 and 50-51-00).

yard operations

- 1242.66 Administration (account XX-52-01).
- 1242.67 Switch crews; controlling operations; yard and terminal clerical; locomotive fuel; electric power purchased/produced for motive power; operating switches, signals, retarders, and humps; and servicing locomotives (accounts XX-52-64, XX-52-65, XX-52-66, XX-52-59, XX-52-67, XX-52-68, and XX-52-69).
- 1242.68 Freight lost or damaged—solely related (to yard) (account 51-52-00).
- 1242.69 Clearing wrecks (account XX-52-63).
- 1242.70 Fringe benefits (account 12-52-00).
- 1242.71 Joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 37-52-00 and 38-52-00).
- 1242.72 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-52-99 and 50-52-00).

train and yard operations common

- 1242.73 Cleaning car interiors and freight lost and damaged—all other (accounts XX-53-70 and 51-53-00).
- 1242.74 Adjusting and transferring loads, and car loading devices and grain doors (accounts XX-33-71 and XX-33-72).
- 1242.75 Fringe benefits (account 12-53-00).

specialized service operations

- 1242.76 Administration; pickup and delivery, marine line haul and rail substitute service; loading, unloading and local marine; protective services; freight lost or damaged—solely related; fringe benefits; casualties and insurance; joint facility, and other (accounts XX-34-01, XX-34-73, XX-34-74, XX-34-75, 51-34-00, 12-34-00, 50-34-00, 37-34-00, 38-34-00, and XX-34-99).

administrative support operations

- 1242.77 Administration (account XX-55-01).
- 1242.78 Employees performing clerical and accounting functions, and loss and damage claims processing (accounts XX-55-76 and XX-55-78).

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- 1242.79 Communication systems operations (account XX-55-77).
- 1242.80 Fringe benefits (account 12-55-00).
- 1242.81 Joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 37-55-00 and 38-55-00).
- 1242.82 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-55-99 and 50-55-00).

OPERATING EXPENSES

general and administration

- 1242.83 Officers—general superintendence; accounting, auditing and finance; management services and data processing; personnel and labor relations; legal and secretarial; research and development; writedown of uncollectible accounts; property taxes; other taxes except on corporate income or payrolls; and other (accounts XX-63-01, XX-63-86, XX-63-87, XX-63-91, XX-63-92, XX-63-94, 63-63-00, 64-63-00, 65-63-00, and XX-63-99).
- 1242.84 Marketing, sales, and public relations and advertising (accounts XX-63-88, XX-63-89, and XX-63-93).
- 1242.85 Fringe benefits (account 12-63-00).
- 1242.86 Industrial development (account XX-61-90).
- 1242.87 Joint facility—debit and credit and casualties and insurance (accounts 37-63-00, 38-63-00, and 50-63-00).

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11142.

SOURCE: 43 FR 7637, Feb. 24, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by part 1242 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

LIST OF INSTRUCTIONS

§ 1242.00 Separation of common operating expenses.

(a) Commencing with annual reports for the year 1978 or for any portion thereof until further order, all class I railroad companies including class I switching and terminal companies subject to section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act as amended shall separate operating expenses common to both freight service and passenger service in accordance with the regulation in this part.

(b) The carrier shall maintain records supporting its common operating expense apportionments to freight and passenger services. The carrier shall report common expense apportionments to the Board as required.

43 FR 7637, Feb. 24, 1978, as amended at 67 FR 57534, Sept. 11, 2002]

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GENERAL

§ 1242.01 Expenses solely related to freight service and passenger service.

The Uniform System of Accounts for Railroad Companies (49 CFR part 1201) requires that carriers assign directly to freight service or to passenger service, including allied services, the expenses, taxes, and purchased services incurred solely for the benefit of either freight or passenger service.

§ 1242.02 Common expenses.

The Uniform System of Accounts also requires that carriers assign to common expense accounts the remaining expenses, taxes and purchased services which are not solely related to either freight or passenger service. The following instructions govern the separation of common expense accounts between freight and passenger services.

§ 1242.03 Made by accounting divisions.

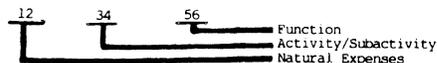
The separation shall be made by accounting divisions, where such divisions are maintained, and the aggregate of the accounting divisions reported for the quarter and for the year.

§ 1242.04 Special tests.

When the separation of common expense accounts between freight and passenger services is based upon special tests or service unit factors, such tests shall be made at sufficiently frequent intervals to represent actual operating conditions. The service unit factors used are those of the reporting period.

§ 1242.05 Operating expense account number notation.

(a) The operating expense account numbers consist of a six-digit coding structure divided into three two-digit groups. The first two-digit group denotes natural expenses; the second group denotes activities/subactivities for freight, passenger or common service; and the third group signifies applicable function assignment.



(b) For reporting purposes, four natural expense categories are utilized.

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The categories are: salaries and wages (account 11-XX-XX); material, tools, supplies, fuels and lubricants (account 21-XX-XX); purchased services (accounts 31-XX-XX to 41-XX-XX, inclusive); and general (accounts 61-XX-XX to 65-XX-XX, inclusive, 51-XX-XX, 52-XX-XX, 53-XX-XX and 12-XX-XX).

(c) The symbol "XX" in the first two-digit group is used throughout the separation instructions to denote more than one natural expense associated with the same activity/subactivity-function account structure. For reporting purposes, the natural expense account numbers represented by "XX" include:

- 11—Salaries and wages;
- 21—Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, and lubricants;
- 30 or 41—Purchased services;
- 30—Summation of certain purchased service accounts;
- 41—Other purchased services;
- 61—General.

(d) The "30" natural expense designation indicates a summation of specific purchased service accounts that are reported in total rather than individually. The specific accounts under the way and structures activity except for administration functions include 39-1X-XX, repairs billed by others, Dr.; 40-1X-XX, repairs billed to others, cr.; and 41-1X-XX, other purchased services. For the equipment activity excluding administration functions, the "30" designation denotes the summation of 39-2X-XX and 41-2X-XX.

(e) The "41" natural expense designation (other purchased services) is the purchased service category of the "XX" code for the following:

- (1) Way and structures activity administration—function accounts,
- (2) Equipment activity administration—function accounts,
- (3) Transportation activity expense accounts, and
- (4) General and administration activity expense accounts.

(f) The "61" general natural expense designation is applicable to all accounts with the "XX" symbol except transportation, train and yards accounts (XX-(33/43/53)-XX).

(g) The natural expense account number "50" is used throughout the separation instructions to indicate the

summation of accounts 52-XX-XX, Other casualties, and 53-XX-XX, Insurance, that are reported as one item, "Casualties and Insurance," (50-XX-XX).

(h) The number "98" in the function account group (last two digits) is used in the separation rules to designate the summation of a natural expense consisting of more than one functional assignment that is reported as one item. This includes Repairs Billed to Others, Cr.—Equipment (40-2X-XX). For example, the locomotive subactivity contains accounts 40-(21/24/26)-40, 40-(21/24/26)-41, and 40-(21/24/26)-48 which are treated as 40-(21/24/26)-98.

§ 1242.06 Instructions for separation.

(a) Certain instructions for separating common expense accounts (dependent accounts) between freight and passenger services base the allocation on the proportional freight/passenger separation of other common expense accounts (independent accounts). The dependent account is frequently identified by an "XX" symbol in the natural expense position (first two digits) with corresponding independent accounts also identified by the "XX" natural expense symbol. Unless otherwise stated, the applicable natural expense associated with "XX" symbol shall be the same for both the dependent and independent accounts.

(b) To illustrate, §1242.10 provides instructions for separating common Way and Structures, Administration—Track accounts (dependent accounts) designated by XX-19-02. The separation is based on certain other common Way and Structures accounts including Roadway—Running, XX-17-10, and Roadway—Switching, XX-18-10.

(c) As §1242.05 states, the "XX" symbol denotes the following natural expenses for Way and Structures administration functions:

- 11—Salaries and wages,
- 21—Materials, tools, supplies, fuels, and lubricants,
- 41—Other purchased services, and
- 61—General.

These natural expenses shall be individually applied to the separation rules in §1242.10. In each case, the independent accounts providing the basis

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for freight/passenger separation of the dependent account shall have the same natural expense designation. For example, the basis of separating account 11-19-02, Salaries and Wages, Way and Structures, Administration—Track, would be based on certain independent accounts including 11-17/18-10, Salaries and Wages, Way and Structures, Running/Switching, Repair and Maintenance, Roadway.

OPERATING EXPENSES—WAY AND STRUCTURES

§ 1242.10 Administration—track (account XX-19-02).

Separate common administration—track expenses between freight and passenger services in the same proportion as the common expenses of the following accounts are separated between freight and passenger services:

- Roadway:
 - Running (XX-17-10)
 - Switching (XX-18-10)
- Ties:
 - Running (21-17-13)
 - Switching (21-18-13)
- Rails:
 - Running (21-17-14)
 - Switching (21-18-14)
- Other Track Materials:
 - Running (21-17-15)
 - Switching (21-18-15)
- Ballast:
 - Running (21-17-16)
 - Switching (21-18-16)
- Track Laying and Surfacing:
 - Running (XX-17-17)
 - Switching (XX-18-17)
- Road Property Damaged:
 - Running (XX-17-48)
 - Switching (XX-18-48)
 - Other (XX-19-48)
- Dismantling Retired Road Property:
 - Running (XX-17-39)
 - Switching (XX-18-39)
 - Other (XX-19-39)

§ 1242.11 Administration—bridges and buildings (account XX-19-03).

Separate common administration—bridges and buildings expenses between freight and passenger services in the same proportion as the common expenses of the following accounts are

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separated between freight and passenger services:

- Tunnels and Subways:
 - Running (XX-17-11)
 - Switching (XX-18-11)
- Bridges and Culverts:
 - Running (XX-17-12)
 - Switching (XX-18-12)
 - Electric Power Systems (XX-19-21)
 - Station and Office Buildings (XX-19-23)
- Shop Buildings:
 - Locomotives (XX-19-24)
 - Other Equipment (XX-19-26)
 - Locomotive Servicing Facilities (XX-19-27)
 - Miscellaneous Buildings and Structures (XX-19-28)

§ 1242.12 Administration—signals (account XX-19-04).

Separate common administration—signals expenses between freight and passenger services in the same proportion as the common expenses of the following accounts are separated between freight and passenger services:

- Signals and Interlockers:
 - Running (XX-17-19)
 - Switching (XX-18-19)

§ 1242.13 Administration—communications (account XX-19-05).

Separate common administration—communications expenses between freight and passenger services in the same proportion as the common expenses of the following accounts are separated between freight and passenger services:

- Communications Systems (XX-19-20)

§ 1242.14 Administration—other (account XX-19-06).

Separate common administration—other expenses between freight and passenger services in the same proportion as the common expenses of the following accounts are separated between freight and passenger services:

- Administration:
 - Track (XX-19-02)
 - Bridges and Buildings (XX-19-03)
 - Signals (XX-19-04)
 - Communications (XX-19-05)

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§ 1242.15 Roadway, tunnels and subways, bridges and culverts, ties, rails, other track material, ballast, track laying and surfacing, and road property damaged (accounts XX-17-10 to XX-18-12 inclusive, 21-17-13 to 21-18-16 inclusive, XX-17-17, XX-18-17, XX-17-48, and XX-18-48).

The expenses for running and switching subactivities shall be separated between freight service and passenger service as follows:

(a) *Switching tracks.* (1) Yard: Expenses for yards used in common by freight and passenger services shall be apportioned on the basis of the respective switching locomotive unit-hours in the common yards.

(2) Way: Where the tracks at any one location are used in common by both freight and passenger services, expenses may be assigned to that service which makes the dominant use of them.

(b) *Running tracks.* The expenses of tracks used in common by both services shall be apportioned on the basis of gross ton-miles (including locomotive ton-miles) handled over these tracks in the respective services.

§ 1242.16 Road property damaged—other (account XX-19-48).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the total common expenses assigned to freight/passenger from the following Way and Structures accounts:

Road Property Damaged—Running (XX-17-48)

Road Property Damaged—Switching (XX-18-48)

§ 1242.17 Signals and interlockers (accounts XX-17-19 and XX-18-19).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the total train-hours in running service, and/or the yard-switching plus train switching hours in the switching service over the tracks on which the common signals and interlockers are used.

§ 1242.18 Communication systems (account XX-19-20).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the common expense separation in:

Way and Structures—Administration—Track, Bridges and Culverts, and Signals (accounts XX-19-02 to XX-19-04, inclusive)
Equipment—Administration—Locomotives and Other Equipment (accounts XX-26-01 and XX-27-01)
Transportation—Administration—Train, Yard, and Administrative Support (accounts XX-51-01, XX-52-01, and XX-55-01)
Dispatching Trains (Account XX-51-58)

§ 1242.19 Electric power systems (account XX-19-21).

Separate common expenses on basis of common expenses of electric power purchased or produced for motive power (accounts XX-51-68 and XX-52-68).

§ 1242.20 Highway grade crossings (accounts XX-17-22 and XX-18-22).

Separate running and switching common expenses according to distribution of the running and switching portions only of common expense accounts listed in § 1242.10, Administration—Track (account XX-19-02).

§ 1242.21 Station and office buildings (account XX-19-23).

If the sum of the direct freight and the direct passenger expenses is more than 50 percent of the total charges to this account for an accounting division, separate the common expenses on the basis of the directly assigned expenses in this account for the accounting division involved. If the sum of the direct freight and the direct passenger expenses does not aggregate to more than 50 percent of the total charges for an accounting division, the common expenses should be separated on the basis of special test. Where common expenses exist in an accounting division but the direct expenses are applicable to only one service, i.e., freight or passenger, the common expenses shall be separated on the basis of a special test. If the accounting is performed on a system basis rather than by accounting divisions, the common expenses shall be separated on the basis of a special study.

§ 1242.22 Shop buildings—locomotives (account XX-19-24).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in the following accounts:

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Machinery Repair (XX-26-40)
Locomotive—Repair and Maintenance (XX-26-41)

§ 1242.23 Shop buildings—freight cars (account XX-13-25).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expense for separation herein.

§ 1242.24 Shop buildings—other equipment (account XX-19-26).

Assign directly to freight (or as particular facts suggest otherwise).

§ 1242.25 Locomotive servicing facilities (account XX-19-27).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in the following accounts:

Locomotive Fuel (XX-51-67 and XX-52-67)
Electric Power Purchased or Produced for Motive Power (XX-51-68 and XX-52-68)
Servicing Locomotives (XX-51-69 and XX-52-69)

§ 1242.26 Miscellaneous building and structures (account XX-19-28).

Separate common expenses as specific facts indicate or according to distribution of common expenses listed in § 1242.10, Administration-Track (account XX-19-02).

§ 1242.27 Coal marine terminals, ore marine terminals, TOFC/COFC terminals, other marine terminals, motor vehicle loading and distribution facilities, and facilities for other specialized service operations (accounts XX-13-29 to XX-13-35, inclusive).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expenses for separation herein.

§ 1242.28 Roadway machines, small tools and supplies, and snow removal (accounts XX-19-36 to XX-19-38, inclusive).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses listed in § 1242.10, Administration—Track (account XX-19-02).

§ 1242.29 Fringe benefits (accounts 12-17-00, 12-18-00, and 12-19-00).

Separate common expenses in the running subactivity in the same proportion as the salaries and wages, way and structures, common expenses in all

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accounts with a designated running subactivity. Separate common expenses in the switching subactivity in the same proportion as the salaries and wages, way and structure, common expense accounts with a designated switching activity. Separate common expenses in the other subactivity in the same proportion as the salaries and wages, way and structures, common expenses in all accounts with a designated other subactivity.

§ 1242.30 Dismantling retired road property and depreciation (accounts XX-17-39, XX-18-39, XX-19-39, 62-17-00, 62-18-00, and 62-19-00).

Separate common expenses in each account for each subactivity (running, switching and other) in proportion to the separation of common repair and maintenance expenses associated with the particular common properties depreciated and/or dismantled.

§ 1242.31 Lease rentals—debit and credit and other rents—debit and credit (accounts 31-17-00, 31-18-00, 31-19-00, 32-17-00, 32-18-00, 32-19-00, 35-17-00, 35-18-00, 35-19-00, 36-17-00, 36-18-00, and 36-19-00).

(a) Separate common debit expense accounts in each subactivity (running, switching and other) in proportion to the separation of solely related freight or passenger service in each account. If there are no solely related expenses in an account or if the solely related expenses are assignable entirely to freight or to passenger service, separate common debit expense accounts on the basis of the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration—other (account XX-19-06).

(b) Separate all common credit expense accounts on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration—other (account XX-19-06).

§ 1242.32 Joint facility rents—debit and credit and joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 33-17-00, 33-18-00, 33-19-00, 34-17-00, 34-18-00, 34-19-00, 37-17-00, 37-18-00, 37-19-00, 38-17-00, 38-18-00, and 38-19-00).

(a) Solely related (freight or passenger service) debit expense accounts in each subactivity (running, switching

and other) shall be assigned according to the use made of each facility by the reporting carrier, regardless of the use by other carriers. Common debit expenses shall be separated on the basis of the percentage separations of the solely related expenses in each individual account. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to freight or to passenger service, separate common debit expenses on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administrative—other (account XX-19-06).

(b) Separate all common credit expense accounts on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration—other (account XX-19-06).

§ 1242.33 Other expenses and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-17-99, XX-18-99, XX-19-99, 50-17-00, 50-18-00, and 50-19-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administrative—other (account XX-19-06).

OPERATING EXPENSES—EQUIPMENT

locomotives

§ 1242.34 Administration (account XX-26-01).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in the following accounts:

Repair and Maintenance (XX-26-41)
Machinery Repair (XX-26-40)
Equipment Damage (XX-26-48)
Dismantling Retired Property (XX-26-39)

§ 1242.35 Repair and maintenance (account XX-26-41).

(a) Where the carrier maintains records of the repairs by individual locomotive units or classes of locomotive units:

(1) If individual locomotive units or classes of locomotive units are used exclusively in road-freight, road-passenger, yard-freight, or yard-passenger service, the separation shall be actual.

(2) If individual locomotive units or classes or locomotive units are used interchangeably (common) in road-freight (including train-switching), road passenger (including train switch-

ing), yard-freight or yard-passenger service, separate the heavy shop repairs between these services on the basis of run-out unit miles of individual locomotive units or classes of locomotive units since the previous shopping; and separate the cost of running repairs between such services on the basis of the miles run by the individual locomotive unit or class of locomotive unit in each service during the accounting period for which the separation is being made.

(b) Where the carrier maintains records of heavy shop repair costs by individual locomotive units or classes of locomotive units, but does not maintain records of the cost of running repairs by individual locomotive units:

(1) The heavy shop repairs shall be separated as indicated in paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) The common expenses of running repairs shall be separated among road-freight (including train switching), road-passenger (including train switching), yard-freight and yard-passenger services on the basis of locomotive unit miles or locomotive ton-miles for the accounting period for which the separation is being made.

(c) Where the carrier does not maintain records of either heavy shop repairs or running repairs by individual locomotive units or classes of locomotive units: The expenses shall be separated among road-freight service (including train-switching), road-passenger service (including train switching), yard freight, and yard-passenger services, on the basis of locomotive unit-miles or locomotive ton-miles for the accounting period for which the separation is being made.

§ 1242.36 Machinery repair and equipment damaged (accounts XX-26-40 and XX-26-48).

Separate common expenses according to separation of common expenses in repair and maintenance (account XX-26-41).

§ 1242.37 Dismantling retired property and depreciation (accounts XX-26-39 and 62-26-00).

Separate common expenses in each account in proportion to the separation

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of common repair and maintenance expenses associated with the particular common properties depreciated and/or dismantled.

§ 1242.38 Fringe benefits (account 12-26-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the split of common salaries and wages in administration, locomotive repair and maintenance, machinery repair, equipment damaged, and dismantling retired road property (accounts 11-26-01, 11-26-41, 11-26-40, 11-26-48, and 11-26-39).

§ 1242.39 Lease rentals—debit and credit, other rents—debit and credit, and repairs billed to others (accounts 31-26-00, 32-26-00, 35-26-00, 36-26-00 and 40-26-98).

(a) Separate common debit expense accounts in proportion to the assignment of solely related freight or passenger service in each individual debit account. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to freight or passenger service, separate common debit expense accounts on the same percentage basis calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-26-01).

(b) Separate all common credit expense accounts on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-26-01).

§ 1242.40 Joint facility rents—debit and credit, and joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 33-26-00, 34-26-00, 37-26-00 and 38-26-00).

(a) Solely related freight and passenger debit expense accounts shall be assigned according to the use made of each facility by the reporting carrier, regardless of the use by other carriers. Common debit expenses shall be separated on the basis of the percentage separation of the solely related expenses; or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to freight or passenger service, separate common expenses on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-26-01).

(b) Separate all common credit expense accounts on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-26-01).

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§ 1242.41 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-26-99 and 50-26-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-26-01).

FREIGHT CARS

§ 1242.42 Administration, repair and maintenance, machinery repair, equipment damaged, dismantling retired property, fringe benefits, other casualties and insurance, lease rentals, joint facility rents, other rents, depreciation, joint facility, repairs billed to others, and other (accounts XX-22-01, XX-22-42, XX-22-40, XX-22-48, XX-22-39, 12-22-00, 50-22-00, 31-22-00 to 38-22-00 inclusive, 62-22-00, 40-22-98 and XX-22-99).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expenses for separation herein.

OTHER EQUIPMENT

§ 1242.43 Administration (account XX-27-01).

Separate common expenses according to freight/passenger separation of the following accounts:

Passenger and Other Revenue Equipment (XX-27-45)

Work and Other Non-Revenue Equipment (XX-27-47)

§ 1242.44 Trucks, trailers, and containers (revenue service) and floating equipment (revenue service) (accounts XX-23-43 and XX-23-44).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expenses for separation herein.

§ 1242.45 Passenger and other revenue equipment (account XX-27-45).

Separate as particular facts suggest.

§ 1242.46 Computers and data processing equipment (account XX-27-46).

If the sum of the direct freight and the direct passenger expenses is more than 50 percent of the total charges to this account for an accounting division, separate the common expenses on

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the basis of the directly assigned expenses in this account for the accounting division involved. If the sum of the direct freight and the direct passenger expenses does not aggregate 50 percent of the total charges for an accounting division, the common expenses shall be separated on the basis of a special test. If common expenses exist in an accounting division but the direct expenses are applicable to only one service, i.e., freight or passenger, the common expenses shall be separated on the basis of a special test. If the accounting is performed on a system basis rather than by accounting divisions, follow the intent of the above instructions.

§ 1242.47 Machinery (account XX-27-40).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the freight/passenger separation of administration (account XX-27-01).

§ 1242.48 Work and other non-revenue equipment (account XX-27-47).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in Way and structures—administration—other (account XX-19-06).

§ 1242.49 Equipment damaged (account XX-27-48).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in machinery, passenger and other revenue equipment, computer and data processing equipment and work and other non-revenue equipment accounts (accounts XX-27-40, XX-27-45, XX-27-46, and XX-27-47).

§ 1242.50 Fringe benefits (account 12-27-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the percentage separation of common salaries and wages in administration (account XX-27-01).

§ 1242.51 Dismantling retired property and depreciation (accounts XX-27-39 and 62-27-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the separation of common repair and maintenance expenses associated with the particular common

property depreciated and/or dismantled.

§ 1242.52 Lease rentals—debit and credit, other rents—debit and credit, repairs billed to others—credit (accounts 31-27-00, 32-27-00, 35-27-00, 36-27-00, and 40-27-98).

(a) Separate common debit expense accounts in proportion to the separation of solely related (freight or passenger service) in each individual account. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assignable entirely to freight or passenger service, separate common debit expense accounts on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-27-01).

(b) Separate common credit expense accounts on the basis of the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-27-01).

§ 1242.53 Joint facility rents—debit and credit and joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 33-27-00, 34-27-00, 37-27-00 and 38-27-00).

(a) Solely related freight and passenger service debit expense accounts shall be assigned according to the use made of each facility by the reporting carrier, regardless of the use made of the facility by other carriers. Common debit expense accounts shall be separated on the basis of the percentage separation of the solely related expenses in each individual account. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to freight or passenger service, separate common expenses on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-27-01).

(b) Separate all common credit expense accounts on the basis of the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-27-01).

§ 1242.54 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-27-99 and 50-27-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-27-01).

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OPERATING EXPENSES—
TRANSPORTATION

train operations

§ 1242.55 Administration (account XX-51-01).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in the following accounts:

- Engine Crews (XX-51-56)
- Train Crews (XX-51-57)
- Dispatching Trains (XX-51-58)
- Operating Signals and Interlockers (XX-51-59)
- Operating Drawbridges (XX-51-60)
- Highway Crossing Protection (XX-51-61)
- Train Inspection and Lubrication (XX-51-62)
- Locomotive Fuel (XX-51-67)
- Electric Power Purchased/Produced for Motive Power (XX-51-68)
- Servicing Locomotives (XX-51-69)
- Clearing Wrecks (XX-51-63)

§ 1242.56 Engine crews and train crews (accounts XX-51-56 and XX-51-57).

Separate common expenses on the basis of direct assignment or if there are no directly assignable expenses, separate on the basis of train hours, including train switching hours.

§ 1242.57 Dispatching trains (account XX-51-58).

Separate common expenses on the basis of train hours, including train switching hours.

§ 1242.58 Operating signals and interlockers, operating drawbridges, highway crossing protection (accounts XX-51-59, XX-51-60 and XX-51-61).

Separate common expenses on the basis of total train hours (including train switching hours) of the particular common operating divisions or track segment on which the common signals, interlockers, drawbridges and highway crossings are located.

§ 1242.59 Train inspection and lubrication (account XX-51-62).

Separate common expenses on basis of directly assigned expenses. If there are no directly assignable expenses, separate on the basis of train miles.

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§ 1242.60 Locomotive fuel, electric power purchased/produced for motive power and servicing locomotives (accounts XX-51-67, XX-51-68 and XX-51-69).

Separate common expenses in each account on basis of direct expenses. If there are no direct expenses, separate on the basis of train hours and way-switching service hours.

§ 1242.61 Freight lost or damaged—solely related (to train) (account 51-51-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of proportion of the solely related expenses assigned to freight and passenger services or on the basis of a special study.

§ 1242.62 Clearing wrecks (account XX-51-63).

Separate common expenses according to specific circumstances.

§ 1242.63 Fringe benefits (account 12-51-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the percentage separation calculated for the salaries and wages account—administration (account 11-51-01).

§ 1242.64 Joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 37-51-00 and 38-51-00).

(a) Solely related freight and passenger service debit expense accounts shall be assigned according to the use made of each facility by the reporting carrier, regardless of the use made of the facility by other carriers. Common debit expense accounts shall be separated on the basis of the percentage separation of the solely related expenses. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to either freight or passenger service, separate common expenses on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-51-01).

(b) Separate common credit expense accounts on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-51-01).

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§ 1242.65 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-51-99 and 50-51-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-51-01).

YARD OPERATIONS

§ 1242.66 Administration (account XX-52-01).

Separate common expenses according to distribution of common expenses in the following accounts:

Switch Crews (XX-52-64)
Controlling Operations (XX-52-65)
Yard and Terminal Clerical (XX-52-66)
Operating Switches, Signals, Retarders and Humps (XX-52-59)
Locomotive Fuel (XX-52-67)
Servicing Locomotives (XX-52-69)
Electric Power Purchased/Produced for Motive Power (XX-52-68)
Clearing Wrecks (XX-52-63)

§ 1242.67 Switch crews; controlling operations; yard and terminal clerical; locomotive fuel; electric power purchased/produced for motive power; operating switches signals, retarders, and humps; and servicing locomotives (accounts XX-52-64, XX-52-65, XX-52-66, XX-52-59, XX-52-67, XX-52-68 and XX-52-69).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the distribution of freight and passenger yard-switching hours in those yards common to both freight and passenger services.

§ 1242.68 Freight lost or damaged—solely related (to yard) (account 51-52-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the solely related freight and passenger expenses or on the basis of a special study.

§ 1242.69 Clearing wrecks (account XX-52-63).

Separate common expenses according to specific circumstances.

§ 1242.70 Fringe benefits (account 12-52-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the percentage separation calculated for the salaries and wages administration account (account 11-52-01).

§ 1242.71 Joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 37-52-00 and 38-52-00).

(a) Solely related freight and passenger service debit expenses accounts shall be assigned according to the use made of each facility by the reporting carriers, regardless of the use made of the facility by other carriers. Common debit expenses shall be separated on the basis of the percentage separation of the solely related expenses. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to freight or passenger service, separate common expenses on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-52-01).

(b) Separate common credit expense accounts on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-51-01).

§ 1242.72 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-52-99 and 50-52-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-52-01).

TRAIN AND YARD OPERATIONS COMMON

§ 1242.73 Cleaning car interiors and freight lost and damaged—all other (accounts XX-53-70 and 51-53-00).

Separate common expenses on basis of solely related freight and passenger expenses or special study.

§ 1242.74 Adjusting and transferring loads, and car loading devices and grain doors (accounts XX-33-71 and XX-33-72).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expenses for separation herein.

§ 1242.75 Fringe benefits (account 12-53-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the freight/passenger separation calculated for the salaries and wages—cleaning car interiors common account (account 11-53-70).

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SPECIALIZED SERVICE OPERATIONS

§ 1242.76 Administration; pickup and delivery, marine line haul, and rail substitute service; loading, unloading and local marine; protective services; freight lost or damaged—solely related; fringe benefits; casualties and insurance; joint facility, and other (accounts XX-34-01, XX-34-73, XX-34-74, XX-34-75, 51-34-00, 12-34-00, 50-34-00, 37-34-00, 38-34-00 and XX-34-99).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expenses for separation herein.

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OPERATIONS

§ 1242.77 Administration (account XX-55-01).

Separate common expenses in the same proportion as common expenses are separated in employees performing clerical and accounting functions, communication systems operations and loss and damage claims processing (accounts XX-55-76, XX-55-77 and XX-55-78).

§ 1242.78 Employees performing clerical and accounting functions, and loss and damage claims processing (accounts XX-55-76 and XX-55-78).

If the sum of the direct freight and the direct passenger expenses is more than 50 percent of the total charges to this account for an accounting division, separate the common expenses on the basis of the directly assigned expenses in this account for the particular accounting division. If the sum of the direct freight and the direct passenger expenses does not aggregate 50 percent of the total charges for an accounting division, the common expenses shall be separated on the basis of special test. If common expenses exist in an accounting division but the direct expenses are applicable to only one service, i.e., freight or passenger, and even though the direct charges are over 50 percent of the total charges, the common expenses shall be separated on the basis of a special test. If

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the accounting is performed on a system basis rather than by accounting division, follow the intent of the above instructions.

§ 1242.79 Communication systems operations (account XX-55-77).

Separate common expenses on bases of the percentages calculated for the separation of Communication Systems (account XX-19-20), § 1242.18.

§ 1242.80 Fringe benefits (account 12-55-00).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the percentage separation calculated for the salaries and wages—administration account (account 11-55-01).

§ 1242.81 Joint facility—debit and credit (accounts 37-55-00 and 38-55-00).

Solely related freight and passenger service debit expense accounts shall be assigned according to the use made of each facility by the reporting carriers, regardless of the use made of the facility by other carriers. Common debit expenses shall be separated on the basis of the percentage separation of the solely related expenses. If there are no solely related expenses or if the solely related expenses are assigned entirely to either freight or passenger service, separate common expenses on the same percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-55-01).

Separate common credit expenses on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-55-01).

§ 1242.82 Other and casualties and insurance (accounts XX-55-99 and 50-55-00).

Separate common expenses on the basis of the percentages calculated for the separation of administration (account XX-55-01).

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OPERATING EXPENSES

general and administration

§ 1242.83 Officers—general superintendence; accounting, auditing and finance; management services and data processing; personnel and labor relations; legal and secretarial; research and development; writedown of uncollectible accounts; property taxes; other taxes except on corporate income or payrolls; and other (accounts XX-63-01, XX-63-86, XX-63-87, XX-63-91, XX-63-92, XX-63-94, 63-63-00, 64-63-00, 65-63-00 and XX-63-99).

Separate common expenses in proportion to the separation of all other common expenses except General and Administrative Expenses.

§ 1242.84 Marketing, sales, and public relations and advertising (accounts XX-63-88, XX-63-89 and XX-63-93).

Separate each common expense account on the basis of the solely related freight and passenger expense accounts.

§ 1242.85 Fringe benefits (account 12-63-00).

Separate the common expenses in proportion to the total common salaries and wages expense separation (account 11-XX-XX) determined in §§ 1242.83 and 1242.84.

§ 1242.86 Industrial development (account XX-61-90).

These accounts pertain solely to freight service and contain no common expenses for separation herein.

§ 1242.87 Joint facility—debit and credit and casualties and insurance (accounts 37-63-00, 38-63-00 and 50-63-00).

Separate the common expenses in proportion to the total of all common expense separations determined in §§ 1242.83 and 1242.84 above.

NOTE: If compilation of the data in compliance with any of the above separation rules results in an undue burden in accounting expense, the carrier may request relief from such rules by letter to the Director, Bureau of Accounts. If reliable data can be developed through other methods and procedures, the carrier may request substitution of such methods also by letter to the Director, Bu-

reau of Accounts. In both cases, the carrier shall support the request with full details.

PART 1243—QUARTERLY OPERATING REPORTS—RAILROADS

Sec.

1243.1 Revenues, expenses and income.

1243.2 Condensed balance sheet.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11145.

SOURCE: 37 FR 5503, Mar. 16, 1972, unless otherwise noted.

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by part 1243 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

§ 1243.1 Revenues, expenses and income.

Commencing with reports for the 3 months beginning January 1, 1972, and for subsequent quarters thereafter, until further ordered, all class I railroads, except switching and terminal companies, subject to the provisions of Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, be, and they are hereby, required to compile and file quarterly reports of revenues, expenses and income in accordance with quarterly report Form RE&I, and instructions thereon. Such quarterly reports shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423, within 30 days after the end of the quarter to which they relate.

[37 FR 5503, Mar. 16, 1972, as amended at 67 FR 57534, Sept. 11, 2002]

§ 1243.2 Condensed balance sheet.

Commencing with reports for the 3 months beginning January 1, 1972, and for subsequent quarters thereafter, until further ordered, all class I railroads, except switching and terminal companies, subject to the provisions of Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, be, and they are hereby, required to compile and file quarterly reports of balance sheet items in accordance with quarterly report Form CBS, and instructions thereon. Such quarterly reports shall be filed, in duplicate, with the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423, within 30 days after

the end of the quarter to which they relate.

[37 FR 5503, Mar. 16, 1972, as amended at 67 FR 57534, Sept. 11, 2002]

PART 1244—WAYBILL ANALYSIS OF TRANSPORTATION OF PROPERTY—RAILROADS

Sec.

- 1244.1 Definitions.
- 1244.2 Applicability.
- 1244.3 Reporting contract shipment waybills and Canadian and Mexican international waybills.
- 1244.4 Sampling of waybills.
- 1244.5 Date of filing.
- 1244.6 Retention of files.
- 1244.7 Special studies.
- 1244.8 Analysis of waybill data.
- 1244.9 Procedures for the release of waybill data.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 10707, 11144, 11145.

SOURCE: 46 FR 26784, May 15, 1981, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1244.1 Definitions.

(a) *Railroad*—an individual railroad or terminal company subject to the Interstate Commerce Act and every receiver, trustee, executor, administrator or assignee of any such railroad. If a railroad and its railroad subsidiaries report to the Board on a consolidated basis, they would collectively be considered as a *railroad*.

(b) A *railroad subsidiary*—a railroad owned or controlled by another railroad.

(c) A *waybill*, which may be referred to by other names such as mine tickets, is the document or instrument prepared from the bill of lading contract or shipper's instructions as to the disposition of the freight, and used by the railroad(s) involved as the authority to move the shipment and as the basis for determining the freight charges and interline settlements.

§ 1244.2 Applicability.

(a) Effective July 1, 1981 and thereafter, unless otherwise ordered, each railroad as defined in § 1244.1 above is required to file waybill sample information for all line-haul revenue waybills terminated on its lines if it terminates at least 4,500 revenue carloads in any of the three preceding years, or if

it terminates at least 5% of the revenue carloads terminating in any state in any of the three preceding years. A railroad required to file waybill sample information under this section shall herein be referred to as *subject railroad*.

(b) Waybill terminations shall include all line-haul revenue movements terminating for waybilling purposes on the subject railroad's line whether the lading is destined for the terminating station as denoted on the waybill or the shipment is being rebilled or forwarded to the ultimate destination by another railroad or another mode of transportation (e.g., lake cargo, inbound transit, or other rebilled movements).

(c) Each subject railroad shall also file the required waybill sample information for all of its railroad subsidiaries.

(d) Each subject railroad shall also file the required waybill sample information for any other railroad for which it performs revenue billing and/or interline settlements under special agreement.

(e) The surviving corporate entity of railroads (subject to the Interstate Commerce Act) who have merged or reorganized shall be required to report waybill sample information if its predecessor railroad or any of its predecessor railroads were required to report under this section.

(f) In order to determine the number of carloads terminated in each state, railroads not otherwise submitting waybill information must report annually the number of carloads terminated by state for the last calendar year. These reports shall be submitted by March 1 of the year following the report year.

(g) *Transition*. This final rule will apply to all subject waybills which are in the subject railroad's audit month of July 1981 and all audit months thereafter. The former rule will continue to apply to all subject waybills for the prior audit months up to and including June 1981.

§ 1244.3 Reporting contract shipment waybills and Canadian and Mexican international waybills.

(a) All railroads shall identify (flag) contract shipment waybills.

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(b) The revenue associated with contract shipments may be encrypted (masked) to safeguard the confidentiality of the contract rates.

(1) Upon written request, the Board will provide a masking procedure for a railroad's use or will mask the contract revenues when the Waybill Sample is filed with the Board.

(2) When a railroad intends to use its own proprietary masking procedure, those procedures, and any changes in those procedures, must be approved by the Board thirty (30) days prior to their use.

(3) All railroads that use a proprietary masking procedure, and intend to continue to use the same procedure, must certify, by letter to the Board, prior to January 31 each year, that the contract revenue masking procedures are unchanged.

(4) All correspondence and certifications concerning masking procedures should be addressed to: Director, Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423-0001, ATTN: WAYBILL COORDINATOR.

(c) Railroads moving traffic on the U.S. rail system to the Canadian or Mexican border shall include a representative sample of such international export traffic in the Waybill Sample.

(d) Railroads shall identify (flag) such movements as international traffic in the waybill records.

(e) Railroads may report information on the complete rail routing or report only information related to the U.S. portion of the movement.

(f) Railroads may mask revenue divisions associated with cross-border traffic following the masking procedures set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

[65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000, as amended at 66 FR 53735, Oct. 24, 2001]

§ 1244.4 Sampling of waybills.

(a) Subject railroads shall file waybill sample information in one of the following two ways. (1) Authenticated copies of a sample of audited revenue waybills—the manual system (§1244.3(b)). (2) A computer tape containing specified information from a

sample of waybills—the computerized system (§1244.3(c)).

(b) *The Manual System.* (1) The sample of subject waybills shall be as follows:

(i) All waybills with less than 6 carloads per waybill whose serial numbers are 1 or end in 01,

(ii) All waybills with 6 to 25 carloads per waybill whose serial numbers end in 1; and,

(iii) All waybills with 26 or more carloads per waybill whose serial numbers end in 1 or 7.

(2) The expected sampling rates for the manual system are as follows:

Numbers of carloads on waybill	Expected sample rate
1 to 5	1/100
6 to 25	1/10
26 and over	1/5

(3) Upon giving the subject roads 60 days notice, the Board may require random serial number endings in lieu of the respective endings shown in §1244.3(b). These random serial number endings would have the expected sample rates shown in §1244.3(b)(2).

(4) If the subject waybills have no waybill numbers or serial numbers, or have seriously flawed waybill or serial numbers, then the subject railroad should serialize those documents in blocks of 1,000 or blocks of multiples of 1,000 (e.g., 1, 2, . . . 1,000; 1, 2, . . .) and use these constructed serial numbers for selection purposes.

(c) *The Computerized System.* (1) The tape shall be required to conform to the standards and format specified in Statement No. 81-1, *Procedure for Sampling Waybill Records by Computer*, issued by the Surface Transportation Board, which may be revised from time to time.

(2) The sampling rates for the computerized system are as follows:

Number of carloads on waybill	Sample rate
1 to 2	1/40
3 to 15	1/12
16 to 60	1/4
61 to 100	1/3
101 and over	1/2

(d) *Controls and Annual Counts.* (1) Each subject railroad shall maintain a control procedure to ensure complete and accurate reporting for the waybill

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sampling. All pertinent waybill data shall be included on hard copy waybill submissions including inbound references for transit waybills. All such pertinent waybill data shall be legible.

(2) All subject railroads shall maintain a record of the number of line-haul revenue carloads that terminated on their line in a calendar year and shall furnish this number when requested by the Board.

(3) All subject railroads using the manual system of reporting shall furnish the Board, in accordance with instructions on the Transmittal Form OPAD-2, the total counts of line-haul revenue waybills terminated in each reporting period for the following three categories:

(i) Waybills, with less than six carloads per waybill,

(ii) Waybills with 6 to 25 carloads per waybill, and

(iii) Waybills with 26 or more carloads per waybill.

(4) All subject railroads on the computerized system of reporting shall furnish the Board the control counts and tape specification information as required by the Statement No. 81-1.

(5) Certification by a responsible officer of the subject railroad as to the completeness and accuracy of sample shall be made once a year in accordance with the instructions on the Transmittal Forms OPAD-1 or OPAD-2.

[46 FR 26784, May 15, 1981, as amended at 46 FR 45141, Sept. 10, 1981. Redesignated at 65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000]

§ 1244.5 Date of filing.

(a) The reporting period for which subject railroads submit waybill sample information shall be the audit (accounting) month except as specified below:

(1) Subject railroads using the computerized system may submit waybill sample information quarterly as specified in Statement 81-1.

(2) Subject railroad using the manual system may submit waybill sample information quarterly if it submits fewer than 1,000 waybills per year.

(b) Waybill sample information shall be forwarded no later than 60 days from the end of the reporting period to the Board.

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(c) When the submitted waybill sample information is returned to the submitting railroad for correction, that railroad shall resubmit corrected data to the Board promptly but no later than 60 days after its receipt.

(d) *Transmittal Forms.* (1) Subject railroads using the manual system of reporting shall complete the Transmittal Form OPAD-2, to accompany each waybill sample submission.

(2) Subject railroads using the computerized system of reporting shall complete the Transmittal Form OPAD-1, to accompany each waybill tape submission.

[46 FR 26784, May 15, 1981. Redesignated at 65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000]

§ 1244.6 Retention of files.

(a) Subject railroads which submit waybill sample data by the computerized system instead of the manual system shall retain the underlying hard copy waybills or facsimilies capable of producing legible copies, which shall be complete including inbound references for transit waybills, for a minimum period of four years.

(b) This file of retained waybills shall be maintained in such a manner that the railroads on the computerized system may readily retrieve waybill copies using the waybill identifier code as shown on the submitted computerized waybill record.

[46 FR 26784, May 15, 1981. Redesignated at 65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000]

§ 1244.7 Special studies.

(a) Although routine submission of hard copy waybills is eliminated when a railroad reports under the computerized system, the Board may order that railroad to submit hard copies of the underlying waybills for special studies.

(b) The Board may order the subject railroads to supply additional data for submitted waybill copies or records for special studies.

[46 FR 26784, May 15, 1981. Redesignated at 65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000]

§ 1244.8 Analysis of waybill data.

Users of the waybill sample when presenting waybill analysis before the Board shall ensure that the appropriate

weighting factors are applied to account for the stratified sampling. See Statement 81-1 for guidelines for weighting waybill data and for computing sampling errors.

[46 FR 26784, May 15, 1981. Redesignated at 65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000]

§ 1244.9 Procedures for the release of waybill data.

(a) *General.* The procedures for the release of waybill data identify five classes of users of the STB Waybill Sample, define the waybill information or data that each class of users may obtain, and set forth the applicable requirements for the data's release. They also formalize notice and protest procedures for the possible release of waybill data to other users to protect against the inappropriate release of confidential data. The Director of the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration shall be responsible for releasing waybill data in accordance with these procedures.

(b) *Class of user, available data, and applicable release requirements.* (1) *Railroads.* Each requesting railroad may obtain any waybill record from the STB Waybill Sample covering traffic that originated, terminated, or was bridged by that railroad. The railroad shall not have access to waybill data pertaining to traffic in which it did not participate. Also, it must meet all STB and legal requirements concerning release of shipper information in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 11910(a).

(2) *Federal agencies.* Each requesting Federal agency (including quasi-governmental agencies) may obtain any waybill record from the STB Waybill Sample subject to the following requirements:

(i) The Federal agency shall make the information contained in the STB Waybill Sample available only to its employees or those contractors working on the particular project or study requiring the waybill data.

(ii) The Federal agency will ensure that railroads and shippers are afforded the same privilege and protection against disclosure of the waybill data as the Board provides.

(iii) The Federal agency will not release any data to the public unless the data elements are aggregated to con-

tain at least three shippers and to prevent identification of an individual railroad.

(iv) The Federal agency will refer any requests for waybill data and accompanying documentation to the STB for processing and will so inform the requesting party of such referral to the Board.

(v) The Federal agency must sign an agreement annually with the Board agreeing to these restrictions.

(3) *States.* Each requesting State may obtain any waybill record pertaining to traffic that was originated, terminated, interchanged in, or that passed through its State subject to the same requirements imposed on federal agencies under paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (v) of this section.

(4) *Transportation practitioners, consulting firms, and law firms—specific proceedings.* Transportation practitioners, consulting firms and law firms may use data from the STB Waybill Sample in preparing verified statements to be submitted in formal proceedings before the STB and/or State Boards (Board) subject to the following requirements:

(i) The STB Waybill Sample is the only single source of the data or obtaining the data from other sources is burdensome or costly, and the data is relevant to issues pending before the Board.

(ii) The requestor submits to the STB a written waybill request that complies with § 1244.8(e).

(iii) All waybill data must be returned to the STB, and the firm must not keep any copies.

(iv) A transportation practitioner, consulting firm, or law firm must submit any evidence drawn from the STB Waybill Sample to the Board only unless the evidence is aggregated to the level of at least three shippers and will prevent the identification of an individual railroad. Nonaggregated evidence submitted to the Board will be made part of the public record only if the Board finds that it does not reveal competitively sensitive data. However, evidence found to be sensitive may be provided to counsel or other independent representatives for other parties subject to the usual and customary protective order issued by the Board or appropriate authorized official.

(v) For each Board proceeding, a firm must sign a confidentiality agreement with the STB agreeing to the above restrictions before any data will be released. This agreement will permit use of the released data for a period of one year from the date the agreement is signed by the user. If the data is required for an additional period of time because a proceeding is still pending before the Board, the firm must sign a new confidentiality agreement covering the data needed for each additional year the proceeding is opened.

(5) *Public use.* Nonconfidential waybill data may be obtained from the "Public Use Waybill File". Reports produced from the Public Use Waybill File may be used, published, or released. The Public Use Waybill File contains the following nonconfidential items:

- (i) Waybill Date (Month, Day, Year).
- (ii) Accounting Period (Month, Year).
- (iii) Number of Carloads.
- (iv) Car Ownership (Rail or Private).
- (v) AAR Car Type.
- (vi) AAR Mechanical Designation.
- (vii) STB Car Type.
- (viii) TOFC/COFC Plan.
- (ix) Number of TOFC/COFC Units.
- (x) TOFC/COFC Unit Ownership.
- (xi) TOFC/COFC Unit Type (Trailer or Container).
- (xii) Hazardous/Bulk Material in Box Car Flag.
- (xiii) Commodity Code—Excluding STCC 49/50 (All 5 digit STCC Codes, except STCC 19).
- (xiv) Billed Weight in Tons.
- (xv) Actual Weight in Tons.
- (xvi) Linehaul Freight Revenue.
- (xvii) Transit Revenue.
- (xviii) Miscellaneous Revenue.
- (xix) Interstate/Intrastate Code.
- (xx) Type of Move (Import/Export/Minibridge).
- (xxi) All Rail/Intermodal Code.
- (xxii) Type Move Via Water.
- (xxiii) Outbound Transit Code.
- (xxiv) Substituted Truck for Rail Service.
- (xxv) Rebill Code.
- (xxvi) Estimate of Miles.
- (xxvii) Stratum Identification.
- (xxviii) Replicate Number.
- (xxix) Population Count/Strata Count (expansion factor).

(xxx) Theoretical Expansion Factor.

(xxxi) Number of Interchanges.

(xxxii) Origin BEA (omitted if STCC and BEA pair reveals competitively sensitive shipper data).

(xxxiii) Origin STB Rate Territory.

(xxxiv) States of Interchanges (first through ninth).

(xxxv) Termination BEA (omitted if STCC and BEA pair reveals competitively sensitive shipper data).

(xxxvi) Termination STB Rate Territory.

(xxxvii) Waybill Reporting Period Length.

(xxxviii) AAR Provided UMBLER Data.

(xl) Bad Routing Code.

(xli) Miscellaneous Factored Expanded Data (e.g., carloads).

(c) *Other Users.* (1) Users other than those described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section may file written requests in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section for permission to use data from the STB Waybill Sample.

(2) All written requests filed by such users are subject to the notice and protest procedures described in paragraph (d) of this section.

(d) *Notice and protest procedures for waybill requests by other users.* Railroads and shippers will be notified and afforded the opportunity to protest waybill requests filed by users other than those described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section in accordance with the following procedures:

(1) *Notice of request for confidential waybill data.* Affected railroads and shippers will receive notice by FEDERAL REGISTER Publication. If railroad specific or shipper specific data are requested, those parties will be given written notice of the request.

(2) *Form of notice.* The notice shall identify the parties requesting the data; describe the type of waybill data requested; and state the purpose for which the data is requested. The notice shall include a statement that parties seeking information concerning the filing of objections should refer to Ex Parte No. 385 (Sub-No. 2), 49 CFR 1224.8, or contact the Surface Transportation Board's Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration.

(3) *Objections to release.* (i) Objections to release of the confidential waybill data must be filed by the railroad and/or shipper no later than 14 calendar days from publication of the notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(ii) An original and 3 copies of each objection shall be filed with the Director, Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

(iii) The objection shall identify the parties seeking the confidential waybill data, reiterate the purpose for which the data is sought, and state all grounds for objection to full or partial disclosure of the requested data.

(4) *Board determination.* (i) The Director of the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration will consider all objections in determining whether to release the requested waybill data. Each railroad or shipper who filed objections will be sent written notice of the Director's decision not less than 14 calendar days prior to the disclosure date.

(ii) The Board reserves the right to deny the release of waybill data although no objections may be filed.

(iii) Appeals must be filed with the Chairman within 10 days of the date of the Director's decision. Responses to appeals must be filed within 10 days thereafter (49 CFR 1011.7(b)(1)). The filing of an appeal will automatically stay the effect of the Director's decision.

(e) *Content of waybill requests.* (1) All requestors under paragraphs (b)(4) and (c) of this section shall include the following information:

(i) A complete and detailed explanation of the purpose for which the requested data are needed.

(ii) A description of the specific waybill data or fields actually required (including pertinent geographic areas).

(iii) A detailed justification as to why the specified waybill data are needed.

(2) An original and 2 copies of the waybill request shall be filed with the Director, Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

(f) Aggregation of confidential shipper data.

(1) Any shipper data obtained from the Waybill Sample shall not be publicly released unless the data are aggregated to include at least three shippers.

(2) To aggregate the waybill data to the level of three shippers, the three-FSAC Rule shall be used. Under this rule, there must be at least three different freight stations as identified by the Freight Station Accounting Code (FSAC) on one railroad or there must be at least two more FSAC's than there are railroads present in the waybill data being aggregated.

(3) The three-FSAC Rule shall apply to every number and calculation publicly released.

(4) The Director of OTA will consider requests to apply an alternative aggregation method provided the requestor establishes that a particular project necessitates an alternative approach and that approach effectively protects the identity of individual shippers.

(g) *Complaint procedures.* (1) Complaints for alleged breaches of confidentiality or misuse of confidential waybill data must include the following:

(i) Identification of all known parties involved in the alleged violation.

(ii) The approximate date(s) of the alleged violations.

(iii) A full and detailed description of the alleged violation.

(iv) A description of any resulting harm to the complainant.

(2) Prior to filing a complaint, a complainant, upon written request, may obtain a copy of the incoming waybill request and the applicable confidentiality agreement. This request must identify the party involved, give the approximate date the data was released, briefly describe the alleged violation, and substantiate the need for this information for purposes of filing a complaint.

(3) An original and three (3) copies of the complaint shall be filed with the Director, Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423. A copy of the complaint shall also be served on the alleged violator(s).

(4) An answer must be filed within 20 days after service of the complaint.

(5) All parties will be notified in writing of the Director's decision. If the Director determines that a violation has occurred, the offending parties will be denied access to the waybill sample for a period of time commensurate with the nature of the violation.

(6) Appeals to the Director's determination shall be filed in accordance with paragraph (d)(4)(iii) of this section.

(h) *Munitions shipments.* All waybill requests for munition data at the 3-digit Standard Transportation Commodity Code (STCC) level or greater will be forwarded by the STB to the Department of Defense's Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC). The STB will not release this type of information without MTMC's consent.

[52 FR 12416, Apr. 16, 1987. Redesignated at 65 FR 37711, June 16, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 57534, Sept. 11, 2002]

PART 1245—CLASSIFICATION OF RAILROAD EMPLOYEES; REPORTS OF SERVICE AND COMPENSATION

Sec.

1245.1 Rules governing classification of employees, service, and compensation.

1245.2 Reports of railroad employees, service and compensation.

1245.3 Employees; definition, service hours, and compensation.

1245.4 Forms required to be used.

1245.5 Classification of job titles.

1245.6 Cross reference to standard occupational classification manual.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11145.

SOURCE: 32 FR 20462, Dec. 20, 1967, unless otherwise noted.

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by part 1245 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

§ 1245.1 Rules governing classification of employees, service, and compensation.

The rules governing the classification of railroad employees and reports of their service and compensation outlined in §§ 1245.3 and 1245.4 are required, and all Class I railroads within the scope of Section 11145 of the Interstate Commerce Act shall be governed by

such rules in the preparation and submission of their annual and other periodic reports to the Surface Transportation Board in accordance with the forms adopted for such returns (§ 1245.2); and also with respect to any other matters covered by these rules.

[47 FR 53867, Nov. 30, 1982]

§ 1245.2 Reports of railroad employees, service and compensation.

Beginning with the reporting period commencing January 1, 1983, and quarterly thereafter until further ordered, each Class I railroad is required to file a Quarterly Report of Railroad Employees, Service, and Compensation, (Form QRSC). In addition, such carriers shall also file an Annual Report of Railroad Employees, Service, and Compensation, (Form ARSC) for each calendar year. Both reports shall be filed with the Bureau of Accounts, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423. The quarterly report shall be filed within thirty days after the end of each calendar quarter. The annual report shall be filed within forty five days after the end of the reporting year.

[47 FR 53867, Nov. 30, 1982]

§ 1245.3 Employees; definition, service hours, and compensation.

(a) *Definition of "employees".* The word *employees*, as used in this part, is intended to include every person in the service of the reporting carrier subject to its continuing authority to supervise and direct the manner of rendition of his service. Persons engaged to render only specifically defined service and not subject to the continuing authority of the carrier to supervise and control their acts, such as custom-house brokers, lawyers retained only for specific cases and not under general or continuing retainer, etc., are not employees in the meaning of the term used in this part.

(b) *Counting employees.* Since the number of employees fluctuates, carriers are required to classify and count all of their employees at twelve different times each year.

(c) *Joint employees.* Each person jointly employed shall, if carried on the payrolls of the several joint employers,

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be counted by each employer and represented in its return of number of employees by a fraction based on the number of employers reporting him; if a person, for example, is reportable by three employers, each should include him in its number of employees as one-third of an employee. When the entire compensation of a joint employee is shown on the payroll of a single joint employer and is paid to the employee by that employer such employee should, for the purpose of returns, be treated as if employed solely by such employer.

(d) *Service hours.* (1) The number of hours on duty, or held for duty, and the number of hours paid for are to be ascertained and recorded for every class of employee. For enginemen and trainmen, the actual number of miles run and miles paid for but not run are to be recorded, as well as the number of hours on duty and the number of hours paid for. (The service time of all classes of employees shall be recorded in hours instead of days or hours as heretofore.)

(2) Whenever an employee works at more than one occupation, or in more than one class of service, both the number of hours worked and the compensation paid, should be separated and reported under the proper Reporting Divisions.

(3) If an employee is paid a day's wage for a smaller number of hours than constitutes a day's work, the number of hours paid for as well as the actual number of hours the employee is on duty should be ascertained and recorded. Time allowed for meals, part holidays, holidays, absences on leave, vacations, etc., should be excluded from time actually worked, but if such time is paid for it should be appropriately reported as "Time paid for but not worked" on Form A or as a "constructive allowance" on Form B. These requirements apply to enginemen and trainmen paid on the basis of trips or of miles run, and to employees paid at piece rates, as well as to employees paid on hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, or other time basis. Service hours for officers and employees who do not receive payment for overtime should be reported as the number of hours in

each month at 8 hours per day contemplated for the position.

(e) *Compensation.* The compensation of employees as defined in the rules in this part is to be stated in such manner and detail as the forms adopted for periodical returns require.

§ 1245.4 Forms required to be used.

(a) The report of information to the Surface Transportation Board on railroad employees, service and compensation includes two forms. Form A relates to employees other than train and engine service employees. Form B relates to train and engine service employees.

(b) With general reference to the statement of the compensation of employees in Forms A and B, it should be understood that the total compensation received by the employees in each Reporting Division, as well as the amount of work they perform, should be shown properly distributed under the prescribed column heads as indicated by the forms. It should be noted that if the work of an employee varies during a report period, his time and compensation should be apportioned accordingly. Amounts reported should be gross compensation paid.

Illustrations. (a) In the course of a month, an employee works as a Machinist, and as such earns \$200 and he works also as a Gang Foreman and earns \$130. The pay received by him in the occupation of Machinist with corresponding time should be included in returns for Division 61, "Machinists", and his other pay and time as indicated should be included in returns for Division 53, "Gang Foremen and Gang Leaders". (b) When an employee works at two or more of the occupations of engineer, fireman, conductor, and brakeman, his time and compensation should be assigned in accordance with the facts. For example, in a certain month an employee earns as a Through Freight Engineer \$110, as a Local or Way Freight Engineer \$140, as a Yard Engineer \$100, and as a Local or Way Freight Fireman \$75. The time and the compensation of this employee should be correspondingly distributed among Reporting Divisions 122, 123, 124, and 127 as they are respectively applicable, without regard to the predominance of the time worked or the amount earned by him in one occupation.

(c) As elsewhere indicated, the statement of the number of employees in the service of a company with respect to Reporting Divisions depends upon

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the allocation of the individual employees as of the day of count.

(d) The Reporting Divisions shown in Forms A and B following will also be used in connection with the employees' schedule in the annual reports of railroads of classes I and II to the Board. Railroads of class III and lessor compa-

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nies shall report only the information required in the annual report forms prescribed for such companies.

[32 FR 20462, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 47 FR 53867, Nov. 30, 1982]

§ 1245.5 Classification of job titles.

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Number	Classification	Description	Typical titles	Relation to present classification
100	EXECUTIVES, OFFICIALS, AND STAFF ASSISTANTS			
101	Executives and General Officers	Chief executives, corporate department heads and major subdepartment heads.	President, Vice President, Assistant Vice President, Controller, Treasurer, Director (head of subdepartment), General Superintendent (subdepartment head), Chief Engineer, General Manager (department or subdepartment head).	More precisely defined than present No. 1, limited to executive management positions; adds new titles.
102	Corporate Staff Managers	Corporate executives and managers assisting department and subdepartment heads.	Director (other than subdepartment head), Assistant Director, Assistant General Manager (not regional), Manager, Assistant Manager, Assistant Chief Engineer, Purchasing Agent, Superintendent (not division), Assistant to (corporate executive or general officer), Executive Assistant (to corporate executive) Budget Officer.	New classification, providing a specific assignment for staff managers; adds new title.
103	Regional and Division Officers, Assistants and Staff Assistants.	Regional managers and assistants below the executive management level, and chief division officers.	Assistant General Manager, Assistant Regional Manager, General Superintendent, Assistant to General Manager, Division Superintendent, Master Mechanic, Division Sales Manager, District Sales Manager, Assistant Master Mechanic, District Engineer, Assistant Superintendent, Captain of Police, Division Engineer, Manager of Materials, Safety Inspector, Real Estate Agent, Real Estate Supervisor, Tax Agent, Buyer, Assistant Buyer, Sales Agent, Assistant Sales Agent.	Similar to present No. 2 but limited to regional and divisional management; adds new title.
104	Transportation Officers/Managers.	Managers directly supervising train and yard operations.	Train Master, Assistant Train Master, General Yardmaster, General Road Foreman, Road Foreman, Assistant Road Foreman, Chief Power Supervisor (motive).	New classification providing specific assignment for Operations Managers.
200	PROFESSIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE			
201	Professionals (other than those reported in 101 and 102).	Technical occupations requiring a high degree of training and/or supervising subprofessionals and technicians.	General Counsel, Assistant General Counsel, General Attorney, Assistant General Attorney, Attorney, Commerce Counsel, Chief Medical Officer, Medical Officer, Surgeon, Company Surgeon, Engineer, Architect, Chief Chemist, Nurse, Tax Accountant, Internal Auditor to General Accountant, Corporate Accountant, Supervisor Programming, Senior Computer System Specialist, Senior System Analyst.	Corresponds to present STB No. 3, but limited to professionals; adds new titles.
202	Subprofessionals	Technical occupations requiring a high degree of knowledge and/or skill.	Draftsman, Chemist, Assistant Chemist, X-ray Technician, Supervisor Estimating, Junior Engineer, Engineering Trainee, Photographer, Computer Programmer, Computer Analyst, Market Analyst, Pricing Analyst, Employment Supervisor, Research Analyst, Traveling Auditor, Accounting Specialist Auditors, Operations Traveling Auditors, Station Auditors.	Corresponds to present STB No. 3 but limited to subprofessionals; adds new titles.
203	Auditors, Traveling Auditors or Accountants.	Title is descriptive		Corresponds to present STB No. 13.
204	General and Administrative Supervisors.	Supervisors responsible for administrative activity of a department, subdepartment, office or region.	General Supervisor, Supervisor, Chief Clerk, Office Supervisor, Supervisor Administration, Office Manager, Supervising Clerk, Head Clerk, Assistant Chief Clerk, Supervising Cashier, Division Supervisor, Regional Supervisor, Budget Supervisor, Administrative Supervisor, Administrative Assistant.	Consolidation of present STB Nos. 4 and 5; adds new titles.
205	Sales and Traffic Representatives and Agents.	Non-supervisory occupations with predominant responsibilities for sales and customer relations.	Freight Traffic Agent, Coal Traffic Agent, Sales Representative, Freight Sales Representative, Freight Traffic Representative, Passenger Sales Representative.	New classification, containing a portion of present STB No. 19; adds new titles.

Number	Classification	Description	Typical titles	Relation to present classification
206	Freight and Other Claim Agents and Investigators.	Occupations which have predominant duties investigating and handling freight and personal injury claims.	Claim Agent, Claim Investigator, Freight Claim Agent, Freight Claim Investigator.	Consolidates present STB Nos. 20 and 21; adds new titles.
207	Supervising and Chief Claim Agents.	Title is descriptive	Chief Claim Agent, Chief Freight Claim Agent, Assistant Chief Claim Agent, Chief District Claim Agent, District Freight Claim Agent, Chief Claim Investigator.	Corresponds with present STB No. 22.
208	Lieutenants and Sergeants of Police.	Title is descriptive	Police Lieutenant, Police Sergeant	Corresponds to present STB No. 17.
209	Police Officers, Watchmen and Guards (Except Crossing and Bridge).	Title is descriptive	Police Officer, Patrolman, Watchman, Guard	Corresponds with present STB No. 18.
210	Inspectors (Except Maintenance of Way and Equipment), Other Investigators, Examiners, Inspectors, and Other Agents (Except Station Agents).	Miscellaneous occupations which have predominant duties of investigating, inspecting, reviewing, and instructing and which require a high degree of technical knowledge.	Rules Examiner, Supervisor Rules, Safety Supervisor, Fire Marshal, Fire Chief, Instructor, Supervisor Procedures, Supervisor Yard Procedures.	Classification for a portion of similar occupations included in present STB No. 19; adds new titles.
212	Clerical Technicians and Clerical Specialists.	Clerical occupations with duties to perform independently responsible work requiring special financial cost, accounting, or other technical knowledge.	Lead Clerk, Staff Assistant (clerical), Statistician, Cashier, Teller, Assistant Statistician, Rate Clerk, Pricing Clerk, Computer Technician.	Corresponds to present STB No. 6; adds new titles.
213	Office Machine and Data Equipment Operators.	Occupations with predominant duties of operating office machines and computer equipment.	Machine Operator, Clerk, Computer Operator, Key punch Operator Office Machine Technician.	Corresponds to present STB No. 8; adds new titles.
214	Secretaries, Stenographers, and Typists.	Secretaries, Stenographers, and Typists.	Secretary, Stenographer, Typists, Clerk Typist, Steno-clerk	Consolidates present STB Nos. 9 and 10.
215	General and Other Clerks (excluding yard clerk and crew dispatcher).	Clerical occupations not otherwise classified.	File Clerk, General Clerk, Bookkeeper, Ticket Clerk, Records Clerk, Trace Clerk, Assignment Clerk, Personnel Clerk, M of W Clerks, M of E Clerks.	Corresponds to present STB NO. 7; adds new titles.
216	Telephone and Switchboard Operators.	Title is descriptive	Switchboard Operator, Chief Operator	Present STB No. 14.
217	Building and Office Attendants ..	Miscellaneous occupations associated with office building functions.	Elevator Operator, Elevator Starter, Janitor, Cleaner, Porter	Consolidates present STB Nos. 16 and 26.
218	Messengers and Office Persons	Title is descriptive	Messenger, Office Person	Present STB No. 15.
219	Motor Vehicle Operators	Occupations associated with automobile and truck driving.	Truck Driver, Bus Driver, Driver, Chauffeur	Consolidates present STB Nos. 24 and 25.
300	MAINTENANCE OF WAY AND STRUCTURES			
301	Supervisors, Maintenance of Way, Structures, Communication and Signals.	Occupations with supervisor responsibility for maintenance of way and structures (other than regional and divisional officers).	Roadmaster, Division Roadmaster, Supervisor Track, Supervisor Bridges and Buildings, Supervisor Communications and Signals, Assistant Supervisor, General Foreman (MW&S), Assistant General Foreman (MW&S), Master Carpenter, Chief Draftsman.	Corresponds with present STB Nos. 27 and 44.

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302	Maintenance of Way, Structures, Communication and Signals, and Scale Inspectors.	Title is descriptive	Chief Bridge and Building Inspector, Chief Scale Inspector, Bridge and Building Inspector, Scale Inspector, Roadway Equipment Inspector, Track and Roadway Inspector, Instrument Man, Rodman, Chainman, Inspector Communications and Signals, Signal Inspector.	Corresponds with present STB No. 28 plus part of old No. 44.
303	Bridge and Building Gang Foreman.	Title is descriptive	Gang Foreman, Lead Workman	Consolidates present STB No. 29 with bridge and building portion of present STB No. 39.
304	Bridge and Building Carpenters	Title is descriptive	Carpenter	Corresponds with present STB No. 30.
305	Bridge and Building Ironworkers	Title is descriptive	Ironworker	Corresponds with present STB No. 31.
306	Bridge and Building Painters	Title is descriptive	Painter, Sign Painter	Corresponds with present STB No. 32.
307	Masons, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Plumbers.	Title is descriptive	Mason, Bricklayer, Plasterer, Plumber, Operator, Grinder, Welder (M of W).	Corresponds with present STB Nos. 23 and 33.
308	Bridge and Building Helpers and Apprentices.	Title is descriptive	Carpenter Helper, Ironworker Helper, Mason Helper, Plumber Helper, Painter Helper, Apprentice Carpenter, Apprentice Ironworker, Apprentice Mason, Plumber Apprentice, Apprentice Painter, Welder Helper.	Corresponds with present STB No. 34; adds new titles.
309	Bridge and Building Gang and Building Department Laborers.	Title is descriptive	Bridge and Building Laborer	Corresponds with present STB No. 43.
310	Track Gang Foremen (Extra Gang work train laborers).	Title is descriptive	Gang Foreman, Assistant Foreman	Corresponds with present STB No. 38.
311	Gang or Section Foreman	Title is descriptive	Gang Foreman, Assistant Foreman, Section Foreman	Corresponds with present STB No. 40.
312	Extra Gang Laborers	Title is descriptive	Trackman, Fence Laborer	Corresponds with present STB No. 41.
313	Section Laborers	Title is descriptive	Trackman, Track and Roadway Section Laborer	Corresponds with present STB No. 42.
314	Machine Operators	Title is descriptive	Craneman, Portable Equipment Engineer, Portable Equipment Operator, Machine Operator, Helper.	Consolidates present STB No. 35, 36, and 37.
315	Gang Foremen, Communications and Signals.	Title is descriptive	Gang Foreman, Assistant Gang Foreman, Lead Signal Maintainer	Consolidates present STB No. 45 with communications and signals occupations included in present STB No. 39.
316	Signalmen and Signal Maintainers.	Title is descriptive	Signalman, Signal Maintainer	Corresponds with present STB No. 46.
317	Linemen and Groundmen and Communications Craftsmen.	Communications equipment installers, Maintainers, and repairmen. Title is descriptive	Electrical Worker (Lineman), Electrical Worker (Groundman) Communications maintainer.	Corresponds with present STB No. 47.
318	Assistant Signalmen and Assistant Signal Maintainers.	Title is descriptive	Assistant Signalman, Assistant Signal Maintainer	Corresponds with present STB No. 48.
319	Signal Helpers and Signal Maintainer Helpers.	Title is descriptive	Signalman Helper, Signal Maintainer Helper	Corresponds with present STB No. 49.
320	Camp Car Cooks	Occupations engage in food service in camp cars.	Camp Car Cook, Camp Car Helper	Corresponds with part of present STB No. 97.
400	MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT AND STORES			
401	Supervisors and General Foremen, Maintenance of Equipment.	Occupations with supervisory responsibility for maintenance of equipment (other than regional and division officers).	General Foreman Shop, General Foreman Enginehouse, General Foreman Diesel Terminal, Assistant General Foreman (M of E).	Corresponds with present STB No. 50; adds new titles.

Number	Classification	Description	Typical titles	Relation to present classification
402	Supervisors and General Foremen, Materials and Stores.	Occupations with supervisory responsibility for stores and materials.	Supervisor Materials, Assistant Supervisor Materials, General Foreman Stores, General Foreman Reclamation Plant, Assistant General Foreman.	Corresponds with present STB No. 51; adds new titles.
403	Equipment, Shop, Electrical Inspectors.	Title is descriptive	Chief Electrical Inspector, Chief Shop and Equipment Inspector, Electrical Inspector, Equipment Inspector, Inspector Diesel Locomotive, Fuel Inspector.	Corresponds with part of present STB No. 52.
404	Materials and Supplies Inspectors.	Title is descriptive	Materials and Supplies Inspector, Chief Materials and Supplies Inspector, Timber Inspector, Tie Inspector.	Corresponds with part of present STB No. 52.
405	Storekeeper	Title is descriptive	Storekeeper, Assistant Storekeeper, Materials Clerk, Store Clerk	Corresponds to materials and stores occupation in present STB No. 11.
406	Gang Foremen, Maintenance of Equipment.	Title is descriptive	Gang Foreman	Consolidates present STB Nos. 53 and 68.
407	Blacksmiths	Title is descriptive	Blacksmith	Corresponds with present STB No. 54.
408	Boilermakers	Title is descriptive	Boilermaker	Corresponds with present STB No. 55.
409	Carmen (Freight)	Repair and inspect freight cars	Car Repairmen, Car Inspector, Carman, Painter	Corresponds with present STB No. 57.
410	Carmen (Other)	Title is descriptive	Carmen	Corresponds with present STB No. 56.
411	Electrical Workers (A)	Electricians	Electrician, Electrical Worker	Corresponds with present STB No. 58.
412	Electrical Workers (B)	Electrical workers—occupations specialized in operating heavy equipment.	Crane Operator, Load Dispatcher, Power Station Operator, Assistant Power Director.	Corresponds with present STB No. 59.
413	Electrical Workers (C)	Electrical Workers—occupation specialized in heavy equipment operating at coal, grain, and ore docks.	Coal and Ore Elevator Operator (electrical), Grain Elevator Operator (electrical).	Corresponds with present STB No. 60.
414	Machinists	Title is descriptive	Machinist	Corresponds with present STB No. 61.
415	Sheet Metal Workers	Title is descriptive	Sheet Metal Worker	Corresponds with present STB No. 63.
416	Skilled Trades, Helpers, Maintenance of Equipment and Stores.	Title is descriptive	Helper	Corresponds with present STB No. 64.
417	Apprentices, Maintenance of Equipment and Stores.	Title is descriptive	Apprentice, Helper Apprentice	Consolidates present STB Nos. 65 and 66.
418	Coach Cleaners	Title is descriptive	Coach Cleaner	Corresponds with present STB No. 67.
419	Laborers: Shops, Enginehouses, and Power Plants.	Title is descriptive	Laborer	Consolidates present STB Nos. 70 and 71.
420	Gang Foremen, Materials and Stores.	Title is descriptive	Gang Foremen	Corresponds with present STB No. 69.
421	Equipment Operators and General Laborers, Materials and Stores.	Title is descriptive	Laborer, Materials Handler, Equipment Operators, Machine Operators.	Corresponds with present STB No. 72, plus part of STB No. 24.
422	Stationary Engineers	Title is descriptive	Chief Engineer (Steam Plant) Engineer, Stationary Engineer	Corresponds with present STB No. 73.
423	Stationary Firemen	Title is descriptive	Stationary Fireman, Power Equipment Operator Helper, Oiler	Corresponds with present STB No. 74.
500	TRANSPORTATION, OTHER THAN TRAIN AND ENGINE			
501	Transportation Supervisor and Chief Train Dispatcher.	Occupational directly supervising train operation.	Chief Train Dispatcher, Supervisor Train Operations, Transportation Supervisor, Supervisor Train Operations, Supervisor Locomotive and Car Distribution, Assistant Chief Train Dispatcher.	Corresponds with present STB No. 75; adds new titles.
502	Train Dispatchers	Title is descriptive	Train Dispatcher	Corresponds with present STB No. 76.

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503	Station, Freight and Passenger Agents.	Occupations with responsibility for station operations.	Supervising Station Agent, Assistant Supervising Station Agent, Station Agent, Freight Agent, Passenger Agent, Ticket Agent, Traveling Agent, Agent Operators.	Consolidates present STB Nos. 12, 78, 79, and 80.
504	Chief Operators and Wire Chiefs	Title is descriptive	Supervising Operator, Chief Operator, Assistant Supervising Operator, Wire Chief.	Corresponds with present STB No. 81.
505	Clerk Operators, Towerman, Train Directors.	Title is descriptive	Clerk Operator, Block Operator, Operator, Towerman, Train Directors.	Consolidates present STB Nos. 77, 82 and 83.
506	Station Masters and Assistants, Supervising Baggage Agents, Baggage Agents and Assistants.	Title is descriptive	Stationmaster, Assistant Stationmaster, Supervising Baggage Agent, Baggage Agent, Assistant Baggage Agent, Parcel Room Agent.	Consolidates present STB Nos. 84, 85, and 86.
507	Baggage, Parcel Room and Station Attendants.	Title is descriptive	Baggage Attendant, Parcel Room Attendant, Station Attendant, Gateman, Announcer, Station Usher, Red Cap, Information Bureau Attendant.	Corresponds with present STB No. 87.
508	General and Assistant General Foremen, Stations, Warehouses, Grain Elevators, and Docks.	Title is descriptive	General Foreman, Assistant General Foreman	Consolidates present STB Nos. 88 and 89.
509	Gang Foremen, Stations, Warehouses, Grain Elevators and Docks.	Title is descriptive	Gang Foreman	Corresponds with present STB No. 90.
510	Grain Elevator, and Dock Laborers.	Title is descriptive	Laborer	Consolidates present STB Nos. 93 and 94.
511	Station, and Warehouse Laborers.	Title is descriptive	Loader, Sealer	Corresponds with present STB No. 91.
512	Truckers (Station, Warehouse and Platforms).	Title is descriptive	Trucker	Corresponds with present STB No. 92.
513	Food and Lodging Manager, Supervisors.	Occupations with responsibility for supervision of food service or lodging.	Manager Lodging House, Restaurant Manager, Dining Car Supervisor, Dining Car Steward.	Corresponds with present STB No. 95.
514	Transportation and Dining-Service Inspectors.	Title is descriptive	Instructor Chef, Restaurant Inspector, Freight Service Inspector, Baggage Inspector.	Corresponds with present STB No. 99.
515	Waiters and Kitchen Helpers (Restaurant and Dining Car)	Title is descriptive	Waiter-in-charge, Waiter	Corresponds with present STB No. 97.
516	Chefs and Cooks (Restaurant and Dining Car).	Title is descriptive	Chef, Cook	Corresponds with present STB No. 96.
517	Marine Officers and Workers and Shore Workers.	All occupations with predominant duties which are the operation of marine service.	Captain, Engineer, Mate, Deckhand, Oiler, Purser, Boat Master, Fireman, Wharf Master, Able Seaman, Baggage man, Boat Dispatcher.	Corresponds with present STB No. 98.
518	Train Attendants	Passenger train occupations other than train service and dining car operation.	Porter, Buffet Lounge Attendant, Stewardess	Consolidates present STB Nos. 100 and 101.
519	Bridge Operators and Helpers	Title is descriptive	Bridge Operator	Corresponds with present STB No. 102.
520	Bridge and Crossing Flagmen	Title is descriptive	Bridge Flagman, Crossing Gateman	Corresponds with present STB No. 103.
521	Yard Clerks	Clerical occupations situated in yards and yard offices.	Yard Clerk, Yard Clerk Caller, Yard Demurrage Clerk, Yard Dispatcher Clerk, Piggyback Clerk.	New classification.
522	Crew Dispatchers	Title is descriptive	Crew Dispatcher, Crew Caller	New classification.

Number	Classification	Description	Typical titles	Relation to present classification
523	Yardmasters and Assistant Yardmasters. TRANSPORTATION, TRAIN AND ENGINE	Title is descriptive	Yardmaster, Assistant Yardmaster	Consolidates present STB No. 105 and 106.
600	Switchtenders	Title is descriptive	Switchtender	Corresponds to present STB No. 107.
601	Car Retarder Operators and Ground Service Employees.	Ground occupations not part of yard crew.	Car Retarder Operator, Skatesman, Herder, Yard Pilot	New classification—part of present STB No. 119; adds new titles.
602	Outside Hostlers	Title is descriptive	Outside Hostler	Corresponds to present STB No. 108.
603	Inside Hostlers	Title is descriptive	Inside Hostler	Corresponds to present STB No. 110.
604	Road Passenger Conductors	Title is descriptive	Passenger Conductor	Corresponds to present STB No. 109.
605	Assistant Road Passenger Conductors and Ticket Collectors.	Title is descriptive	Assistant Passenger Conductor, Ticket Collector	Corresponds to present STB No. 111.
606	Road Freight Conductors (Through Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Conductor, Work Train Conductor, (paid through rate)	Corresponds to present STB No. 112.
607	Road Freight Conductors (Local and Way Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Conductor, Work Train Conductor, (paid local rate)	Corresponds to present STB No. 113.
608	Passenger Baggageperson.	Title is descriptive	Baggageperson	Corresponds to present STB No. 114.
609	Road Passenger Brakemen and Flagmen.	Title is descriptive	Passenger Brakeman, Passenger Flagman	Corresponds to present STB No. 115.
610	Road Freight Brakemen and Flagmen (Through Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Brakeman, Freight Flagman, Work Train Brakeman (paid through rate), Freight Brakeman, Freight Flagman, Work Train Brakeman, (paid local rate).	Corresponds to present STB No. 116.
611	Road Freight Brakemen and Flagmen (Local and Way Freight).	Title is descriptive	Yard Conductor, Yard Foreman	Corresponds to present STB No. 117.
612	Yard Brakemen and Yard Helpers.	Title is descriptive	Yard Brakeman, Yard Helper	Corresponds to present STB No. 118.
613	Road Passenger Engineers and Motormen.	Title is descriptive	Passenger Engineer, Motorman, Operator	Corresponds to present STB No. 119 Less Car Retarder Operator and other ground occupations not part of Yard Crew.
614	Road Freight Engineers (Local and Way Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Engineer, Work Train Engineer, (paid through rate)	Corresponds to present STB No. 120; adds new titles.
615	Road Passenger Firemen and Helpers.	Title is descriptive	Yard Engineer	Corresponds to present STB No. 121.
616	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Through Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Engineer, Work Train Engineer, (paid local rate)	Corresponds to present STB No. 122.
617	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Local and Way Freight).	Title is descriptive	Yard Engineer	Corresponds to present STB No. 123.
618	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Through Freight).	Title is descriptive	Passenger Fireman	Corresponds to present STB No. 124.
619	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Local and Way Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Fireman	Corresponds to present STB No. 125.
620	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Through Freight).	Title is descriptive	Freight Fireman	Corresponds to present STB No. 126.
621	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Local and Way Freight).	Title is descriptive	Yard Fireman	Corresponds to present STB No. 127.
622	Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Through Freight).	Title is descriptive	Yard Fireman	Corresponds to present STB No. 128.

[47 FR 53868, Nov. 30, 1982, as amended at 50 FR 947, Jan. 8, 1985]

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§ 1245.6 Cross reference to standard occupational classification manual.

Job title	SOC	Job title	SOC
100 Executives, Officials and Staff Assistants		Chief Medical Officer	261.
101 Executive and General Officers:		Medical Officer	261.
President	121.	Surgeon	261.
Vice President	121.	Company Surgeon	261.
Assist. Vice President	121.	Engineer	1639.
Controller	122.	Architect	161.
Treasurer	122.	Chief Chemist	1845.
Director (Head of Sub-Department)	139.	Nurse	29 and 366.
General Superintendent	139.	Tax Accountant	1412.
Subdepartment Head	139.	Internal Auditor to Gen. Accountant	1412.
Chief Engineer	1342 and 1639.	Corporate Accountant	1412.
General Manager (Dept. or Sub-department Head).	137.	Supervisor Programming	137.
102 Corporate Staff Managers:		Senior Computer System	1712.
Director (Other Than Sub-department Head).	139.	Specialist Senior System Analyst ...	1712.
Assist. Director	139.	202 Subprofessionals:	
Assist. General Manager (Not Regional).	137.	Draftsman	372.
Manager	137.	Chemist	1845.
Assist. Manager	137.	Assist. Chemist	1845.
Assist. Chief Engineer	1639.	X-ray Technician	365.
Purchasing Agent	1449.	Supv. Estimating	149.
Superintendent (Not Division)	1342.	Junior Engineer	1639.
Assist. to (Corporate Executive or Gen. Officer).	149.	Engineer Trainee	1639.
Executive Assist. (To Corporate Executive).	149.	Photographer	326.
Budget Officer	1419.	Computer Programmer	397.
103 Regional and Division Officers, Assistants and Staff Assistants:		Computer Analyst	1712.
Assist. General Manager	137.	Market Analyst	1912.
Assist. Regional Manager	1342.	Pricing Analyst	4716.
General Superintendent	1342.	Employment Supv.	123.
Assist. to General Manager	137.	Research Analyst	1721.
Division Superintendent	1342.	203 Auditors, Traveling Auditors or Accountants:	
Master Mechanic	6117.	Traveling Auditor	1412.
Division Sales Manager	125.	Accounting Specialist Auditor	1412.
District Sales Manager	125.	Operations Traveling Auditor	1412.
Assist. Master Mechanic	6117.	Station Auditors	1412.
District Engineer	1342 and 1639.	204 General and Administrative Supervisors:	
Assist. Superintendent	1342.	General Supv.	4511 and 137.
Captain of Police	5112.	Supv.	4511 and 137.
Division Engineer	1638 and 1342.	Chief Clerk	4511 and 137.
Manager of Materials	4525.	Office Supv.	4511 and 137.
Safety Inspector	1473.	Supv. Admin.	149.
Real Estate Agent	1353.	Office Manager	137.
Real Estate Supv	1353.	Supv. Clerk	4511 and 137.
Tax Agent	1412.	Head Clerk	4511 and 137.
Buyer	1449.	Assist. Chief Clerk	4511 and 137.
Assist. Buyer	1449.	Supv. Cashier	4529.
Sales Agent	4235.	Division Supv.	4511 and 137.
Assist. Sales Agent	4235.	Regional Supv.	4511 and 137.
104 Transportation Officers/Managers:		Budget Supv.	1419.
Train Master	1342.	Admin. Supv.	149.
Assist. Train Master	1342.	Admin. Assist.	149.
General Yard Master	8113.	205 Sales and Traffic Representatives and Agents:	
General Road Foreman	1342.	Freight Traffic Agent	4152.
Road Foreman	1342.	Coal Traffic Agent	4152.
Assist. Road Foreman	1342.	Sales Representative	4152.
Chief, Power Supervisor (Motive) ...	1342.	Freight Sales Representative	4152.
200 Professional and Administrative		Freight Traffic Representative	4152.
201 Professionals (Other Than Those Reported in 101 and 102):		Passenger Sales Representative	4152.
General Counsel	211.	206 Freight and other Claim Agents and Investigators:	
Assist. General Counsel	211.	Claim Agent	4712.
General Attorney	211.	Claim Investigator	4783.
Assist. General Attorney	211.	Freight Claim Agent	4712.
Attorney	211.	Freight Claim Investigator	4783.
Commerce Counsel	211.	207 Supervising and Chief Claim Agents:	
		Chief Claim Agent	4529 and 1473.
		Chief Freight Claim Agent	4528.
		Assist. Chief Claim Agent	4528 and 1473.
		Chief District Claim Agent	4528.
		District Freight Claim Agent	4528.
		Chief Claim Investigator	4783.

Job title	SOC	Job title	SOC
208 Lieutenants and Sergeants of Police:		Bus Driver	8215.
Police Lieutenant	5112.	Driver Chauffeur	8216.
Police Sergeant	5112.	300 Maintenance of Way and Structures	
209 Police Officers, Watchmen and Guards (Except Crossing and Bridge):		301 Supervisors, Maintenance of Way, Structures, Communication and Signals:	
Police Officer	5132.	Roadmaster	1342.
Patrolman	5144.	Division Roadmaster	1342.
Watchman	5144.	Supv. Track	812.
Guard	5144.	Supv. Bridges and Buildings	133.
210 Inspectors (Except Maintenance of Wage and Equipment) other Investigators, Examiners, Instructors, and other Agents (except Station Agents):		Supv. Communications & Signals ...	1341.
Rules Examiner	1473.	Assist. Supv	1341.
Supv. Rules	1473.	General Foreman	1342.
Safety Supv.	1473.	Assist. General Foreman	1342.
Fire Marshall	5122.	Master Carpenter	6313.
Fire Chief	1131 and 5111.	Chief Draftsman	372.
Instructor	239.	302 Maintenance of Way, Structures, Communication and Signals, and Scale Inspectors:	
Supv. Procedures	4525.	Chief Bridges & Building Inspector	782.
Supv. Yard Procedure	4525.	Chief Scale Inspector	782.
212 Clerical Technicians and Clerical Specialists:		Bridge & Building Inspector	1472.
Lead Clerk	4511 and 463.	Scale Inspector	782.
Staff Assistant (Clerical)	4511 and 463.	Roadway Equipment Inspector	828.
Statistician	1733.	Track and Roadway Inspector	828.
Cashier	4364.	Instrument Man	6881 and 6151.
Teller	4364.	Roadman	1472 and 8769.
Assist. Statistician	1733.	Chainman	613.
Rate Clerk	4716.	Inspector Communications & Signals.	1341.
Pricing Clerk	4716.	Signal Inspector	1341.
Computer Technician	4612.	303 Bridge and Building Gang Foreman:	
213 Office Machine and Data Equipment Operators:		Gang Foreman	6318.
Machine Operator	4718.	Lead Foreman	6318.
Clerk	463.	304 Bridge and Building Carpenter: Carpenter.	6422.
Computer Operator	4612.	305 Bridge and Building Ironworkers: Iron Worker.	6473.
Keypunch Operator	4793.	306 Bridge and Building Painter:	
Office Machine Technician	4718.	Painter	6442.
214 Secretaries, Stenographers, and Typists:		Sign Painter	6863.
Secretary	4622.	307 Masons, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Plumbers:	
Stenographer	4623.	Mason	6413, 6444, 6463, and 6412.
Typist	4624.	Bricklayer	6412.
Clerk Typists	4624.	Plasterer	6444.
Steno. Clerk	4623.	Plumber	645.
215 General and other Clerks (Excluding Yard Clerk and Crew Dispatcher):		Operator	6467.
File Clerk	4696.	Grinder	6467.
General Clerk	463.	Welder	7714.
Bookkeeper	4712.	308 Bridge and Building Helpers and Apprentices:	
Ticket Clerk	4644.	Bridge and Building Helper Appr ...	6473.
Records Clerk	4696.	Carpenter Helper	8642.
Trace Clerk	463.	Iron Worker Helper	6473 and 862.
Assignment Clerk	4752.	Mason Helper	8641.
Personnel Clerk	4692.	Plumber Helper	8645.
M of W Clerks	4699.	Painter Helper	8644.
M of E Clerks	4699.	Apprentice, Carpenter	6422.
216 Telephone and Switchboard Operators:		Apprentice, Iron Worker	6473.
Switchboard Operator	4732.	Apprentice Mason	6412, 6413, 6444, and 6463.
Chief Operator	4523.	Plumber Apprentice	645.
217 Building and Office Attendants:		Apprentice Painter	6442 and 8644.
Elevator Operator	5245.	Welder Helper	862.
Elevator Starter	5241.	309 Bridge and Building Gang and Bridge and Building Department Labors: Bridge and Building Labor.	871.
Janitor	5244.	310 Track Gang Foreman (Extra Gang Work Train Laborers):	
Cleaner	5244.	Gang Foreman (Track)	6318.
Porter	5244.		
218 Messengers and Office Persons:			
Messenger	4745.		
Office Person	4745.		
219 Motor Vehicle Operators:			
Truck Driver	8213 and 8214.		

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Job title	SOC	Job title	SOC
Assist. Foreman	6318.	Materials Clerk	4754.
311 Gang or Section Foreman:		Store Clerk	4754.
Gang Foreman	6318.	406 Gang Foreman, Maintenance of	6318.
Assist. Foreman	6318.	Equipment: Gang Foreman.	
Section Foreman	6318.	407 Blacksmith:	
312 Extra Gang Laborers:		Blacksmiths	6179.
Trackman	6467.	408 Boilermakers:	
Fence Laborer	6479 and 8769.	Boilermaker	6814.
313 Section Laborers:		409 Carmen (Freight):	
Trackman	8769.	Car Repairmen	6117.
Track & Roadway Section Labor ...	8769.	Car Inspector	828.
314 Machine Operators:		Car Painter	6442.
Craneman	8315.	410 Carmen (other):	
Portable Equipment Engineer	8312.	Carman	6117.
Portable Equipment Operator	8319.	411 Electrical Workers (A):	
Machine Operator	8319.	Electrician	6432.
Helper	8618.	Electrical Worker	6159.
315 Gang Foreman, Communications		412 Electrical Workers (B):	
and Signals:		Crane Operator	8315.
Gang foreman	6318.	Load Dispatcher	4751.
Assist. Gang Foreman	6318.	Power Station Operator	6932.
Lead Signal Maintainer	6318.	Assist. Power Director	6932.
316 Signal and Signal Maintainer:		413 Electrical Workers (C):	
Signalman	8233.	Coal and Ore Elevator Operator	8319.
Signal Maintainer	6151 and 8233.	(elec).	
317 Linemen and Groundmen and		Grain Elevator Operator (electrical)	8319.
Communications Craftsman:		414 Machinists:	
Electrical Worker (lineman)	6433.	Machinist	6813.
Electrical Worker (groundsmen)	6432.	415 Sheet Metal Workers:	
Communications Maintainer	6151.	Sheet Metal Worker	6824.
318 Assistant Signalmen and Assist-		416 Skilled Trades, Helpers, Mainte-	861, 862, 863, and
ant Signalmen Maintainers:		nance of Equipment and Stores:	864.
Assist. Signalman	8233 and 6151.	Helper.	
Assist. Signal Maintainer	6151 and 8233.	417 Apprentices, Maintenance of	
319 Signal Helpers and Signal Main-		Equipment and Stores:	
tainer Helpers:		Apprentice	863.
Signalman Helper	8635.	Helper Apprentices	863.
Signalman Maintainer Helper	8635.	418 Coach Cleaners: Coach Cleaner ..	875.
320 Camp Car Cooks:		419 Laborers; Shops, Enginehouses,	8769, 86, and 87.
Camp Car Cook	5214.	and Power Plants: Laborer.	
Camp Car Helper	5219.	420 Gang Foreman, Materials and	6318.
400 Maintenance of Equipment and		Stores: Gang Foreman.	
Stores		421 Equipment Operators and General	
401 Supervisors and General Fore-		Laborers, Materials and Stores:	
man, Maintenance of Equipment:		Laborer	8725, and 8769.
General Foreman Shop	6318 and 1342.	Materials Handler	8726.
General Foreman Enginehouse	6318 and 1342.	Equipment Operator	8239.
General Foreman Diesel Terminal ..	6318 and 1342.	Machine Operator	8319.
Assist. General Foreman (M&E)	6318 and 1342.	422 Stationary Engineers:	
402 Supervisors and General Fore-		Chief Engineer (Steam Plant)	6932.
man, Materials and Stores:		Engineer	6932.
Supv. Materials	4525.	Stationary Engineer	6931.
Assist. Supv. Materials	4525.	423 Stationary Firemen:	
General Foreman Stores	4524.	Stationary Fireman	5122 and 8619.
General Foreman Reclamations	6318.	Power Equipment Operator Helper	8319.
Plant.		Oiler	614.
Assist. General Foreman	6318.	500 Transportation other Than Train	
403 Equipment, Shop, Electrical In-		and Engine	
spectors:		501 Transportation Supervisor and	
Chief Electrical Inspector	6314.	Chief Train Dispatcher:	
Chief Shop & Equipment Inspector	1472.	Chief Train Dispatcher	8113.
Electrical Inspector	1472.	Supv. Train Operator	1342.
Equipment Inspector	6881.	Transportation Supv	1342.
Inspector Diesel locomotive	6881.	Supv. Locomotives and Car Dist	4759 and 8111.
Fuel Inspector	6831.	Assist. Chief Train Dispatcher	8113.
404 Materials and Supplies Inspector:		502 Train Dispatchers: Train Dis-	8113.
Materials and Supplies Inspector	782.	patcher.	
Chief Materials and Supplies	4525.	503 Station, Freight and Passenger	
Inspector	782.	Agents:	
Timber Inspector	782.	Supv. Station Agent	4514.
Tie Inspector	782.	Assist. Supv. Station Agent	4514.
405 Storekeeper:		Station Agent	4514.
Storekeeper	4754.	Freight Agent	4644.
Assist. Storekeeper	4754.	Passenger Agent	4644.

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Job title	SOC	Job title	SOC
Ticket Agent	4644.	Engineer	8244.
Traveling Agent	4644.	Mate	8242.
Agent Operators	4514.	Deckhand	8243.
504 Chief Operators and Wire Chiefs:		Oiler Purser	8244.
Supv. Operator	4523.	Boat Master	8241.
Chief Operator	4523.	Fireman	8243.
Assist. Supv. Operator	4523.	Wharf Master	1342.
Wire Chief	4523 and 60.	Able Seaman	8243.
505 Clerk Operators, Towerman, Train Directors:		Baggageperson	5262.
Clerk Operator	4632.	Boat Dispatcher	1342.
Block Operator	4632.	518 Train Attendants:	
Operator	4632.	Porter	5262.
Towerman	8239.	Buffet Lounge Attendant	4366.
Train Director	8113.	Stewardess	5211.
506 Station Masters and Assistants, Supervising Baggage Agents, Baggage Agents and Assistants:		519 Bridge Operators and Helpers: Bridge Operator.	8245.
Stationmaster	1342.	520 Bridge and Crossing Flagmen and Gatemen:	
Assist. Station Master	1342.	Bridge Flagman	8769.
Supv. Baggage Agent	4525.	Crossing Gateman	5144.
Baggage Agent	5262.	521 Yard Clerks:	
Assist. Baggage Agent	5262.	Yard Clerk	4754.
Parcel Room Agent	4744.	Yard Caller	4745.
507 Baggage Parcel Room and Station Attendants:		Yard Dispatcher Clerk	4752.
Baggage Attendant	5262.	Piggyback Clerk	4753.
Parcel Room Attendant	4744.	Yard Demurrage Clerk	4715.
Station Attendant	4514.	522 Crew Dispatchers:	
Gateman	5144.	Crew Dispatcher	4751 and 4525.
Announcer	4649.	Crew Caller	4745.
Station Usher	5256.	523 Yardmasters and Assistant Yardmasters:	
Red Cap	5262.	Yardmaster	8113.
Information Bureau Attendant	4649.	Assist. Yardmaster	8113.
508 General and Assistant General Foreman, Stations, Warehouses, Grain Elevators and Docks:		600 <i>Transportation, Train and Engine</i>	
General Foreman	6318.	601 Switchtenders: Switchtender	8233.
Assist. General Foreman	6318.	602 Car Retarder Operators and Ground Service Employees:	
509 Gang Foreman, Stations, Warehouses, Grain Elevators and Docks:		Car Retarder Operator	8239.
Gang Foreman	6318.	Skatesman	8769.
510 Grain Elevator and Dock Laborers:		Herder	8769.
Laborer	8242.	Yard Pilot	8113.
511 Station and Warehouse Laborers:		603 Outside Hostlers: Outside Hostler	8232.
Loader	8726.	604 Outside Hostlers Helpers: Outside Hostler Helper.	8232.
Sealer	8769 and 8724.	605 Inside Hostlers: Inside Hostler	8232.
512 Trucks (Station, Warehouse and Platforms):		606 Road Passenger Conductors: Passenger Conductor.	8113.
Trucker	8214.	607 Assistant Road Passenger Conductor and Ticket Collectors:	
513 Food and Lodging Manager, Supervisors:		Assistant Passenger Conductor	8113.
Manager Lodging House	1351.	Ticket Collector	5256.
Restaurant Manager	1351.	608 Road Freight Conductors (Through Freight):	
Dining Car Supv.	5211, and 1473.	Freight Conductor	8113.
Dinning car Steward	5211.	Work Train Conductor	8113.
514 Transportation and Dining Service Inspectors:		609 Road Freight Conductors (Local and Way Freight):	
Instructor Chef	5214.	Freight Conductor	8113.
Restaurant Inspector	828.	Work Train Conductor	8113.
Freight Service Inspector	828.	610 Road Passenger Baggagepersons: Baggageperson.	5262.
Baggage Inspector	828.	611 Road Passenger Brakeman and Flagman:	
515 Waiters and Kitchen Helpers (Restaurant and Dining):		Passenger Brakeman	8233.
Waiter-in-Charge	5211.	Passenger Flagman	5142.
Waiter	5211.	612 Road Freight Brakemen and Flagmen (Through Freight):	
516 Chefs and Cooks (Restaurant and Dining Car):		Freight Brakeman	8233.
Chef	5211.	Freight Flagman	5142.
Cook	5211 and 5214.	Work Train Brakeman	8233.
517 Marine Officers and Workers and Shore Workers:		613 Road Freight Brakemen and Flagmen (Local and Way Freight):	
Captain	8242.	Freight Brakeman	8233.
		Freight Flagman	5142.

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Job title	SOC
Work Train Brakeman	8233.
614 Yard Conductors and Yard Foremen:	
Yard Conductor	8113.
Yard Foreman	8113.
615 Yard Brakemen and Yard Helpers:	
Yard Brakeman	8233.
Yard Helper	8769.
616 Road Passengers Engineers and Motormen:	
Passenger Engineer	8232.
Motorman Operator	8232.
617 Road Freight Engineers (Through Freight):	
Freight Engineer	8232.
Work Train Engineer	8232.
618 Road Freight Engineers (Local and Way Freight):	
Freight Engineer	8232.
Work Train Engineer	8232.
619 Yard Engineers: Yard Engineer	8232.
620 Road Passenger Firemen and Helpers: Passenger Fireman.	8232.
621 Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Through Freight): Freight Fireman.	8232.
622 Road Freight Firemen and Helpers (Local and Way Freight): Freight Fireman.	8232.
623 Yard Firemen and Helpers: Yard Fireman.	8232.

[47 FR 53871, Nov. 30, 1982, as amended at 50 FR 947, Jan. 8, 1985]

PART 1246—NUMBER OF RAILROAD EMPLOYEES

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11145.

§ 1246.1 Monthly report of number of railroad employees.

Each class I railroad shall file a Monthly Report of Number of Railroad Employees (Form MRRE) each month. The report should be mailed to Bureau of Accounts, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423, by the end of the month to which it applies.

[47 FR 53868, Nov. 30, 1982]

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by parts 1245 and 1246 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

PART 1247—REPORT OF CARS LOADED AND CARS TERMINATED

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 10707, 11144, 11145.

SOURCE: 66 FR 1052, Jan. 5, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1247.1 Annual Report of Cars Loaded and Cars Terminated.

Beginning with the reporting period commencing January 1, 2001, and annually thereafter, each Class I railroad shall file Form STB-54, Annual Report of Cars Loaded and Cars Terminated, together with the accompanying certification, with the Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration (OEEAA), Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20243, within 90 days after the end of the reporting year. Blank forms and instructions are available on the Board's web site (<http://www.stb.dot.gov/infoex1.htm#forms>) or can be obtained by contacting OEEAA.

PART 1248—FREIGHT COMMODITY STATISTICS

Subpart A—Railroads

Sec.

- 1248.1 Freight commodity statistics.
- 1248.2 Items to be reported.
- 1248.3 Carload and L.C.L. traffic defined.
- 1248.4 Originating and connecting line traffic.
- 1248.5 Report forms and date of filing.
- 1248.6 Public inspection—railroad reports.

Subpart B—Commodity Code

- 1248.100 Commodity classification designated.
- 1248.101 Commodity codes required.

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by part 1248 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

Subpart A—Railroads

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11144 and 11145.

§ 1248.1 Freight commodity statistics.

All class I railroads, as described in § 1240.1 of this chapter, subject to Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, shall compile and report freight commodity statistics on the basis of the commodity codes named in § 1248.101. Carriers shall report quarterly on the basis of the 3, 4 and 5-digit commodity codes named in that section. Such reports shall be made in conformity with the outline of terms set forth in §§ 1248.2 to 1248.5, inclusive, as supplemented by

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instructions included in the appropriate report form to be supplied to the reporting railroads.

[47 FR 6880, Feb. 17, 1982]

§ 1248.2 Items to be reported.

(a) The following items are to be reported quarterly and annually by class I railroads:

(1) Average number of miles of road operated in freight service.

(2) For each commodity code used in reporting, except that the number of carloads for commodity code 431, "Small packaged freight shipments," shall be omitted, the following items:

Revenue freight originating on respondent's road:

Terminating on line:
Number of carloads.
Number of tons (2,000 pounds).

Delivered to connecting rail carriers.
Number of carloads.
Number of tons (2,000 pounds).

Revenue freight received from connecting rail carriers:

Terminating on line:
Number of carloads.
Number of tons (2,000 pounds).

Delivered to connecting rail carriers:
Number of carloads.
Number of tons (2,000 pounds).

Total revenue freight carried:
Number of carloads.
Number of tons (2,000 pounds).

Gross freight revenue.

(b) [Reserved]

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 47 FR 6880, Feb. 17, 1982]

§ 1248.3 Carload and L.C.L. traffic defined.

(a) Commodity codes 01 through 422 and 44 through 462, named in §1248.101, shall include only carload traffic. All shipments weighing less than 10,000 pounds shall be included in commodity code 431, "Small packaged freight shipments."

(b) A *carload* for the purpose of this order shall consist of a shipment of not less than 10,000 pounds of one commodity. A mixed carload for the purpose of this order shall be treated as a carload of that commodity which forms the major portion of the shipment in weight. If a single shipment is loaded into more than one car, each car used shall be reported as a carload. If more than one *carload* shipment is loaded

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into one car, each shipment shall be reported separately as a carload.

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967]

§ 1248.4 Originating and connecting line traffic.

(a) Revenue freight reported as *received from connecting rail carriers* shall include all shipments received from connecting rail carriers, either directly or indirectly, so far as apparent from information on the waybills or abstracts.

(b) Revenue freight reported as *originating on respondent's road* shall include shipments originating on line and shipments received from water lines and highway motor truck lines, except when identified as having had previous rail transportation, as provided in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) Freight which receives its first line-haul on respondent's road, but originates on switching roads connecting directly or indirectly with respondent's line, shall be reported as freight originated by respondent.

(d) Revenue freight reported as *delivered to connecting rail carriers* shall include shipments delivered to connecting rail carriers, either directly or indirectly, as far as apparent from information on waybills or abstracts.

(e) Revenue freight reported as *terminating on respondent's road* shall include shipments terminating on line and shipments delivered to water lines and highway motor truck lines, except when identified as to receive further rail transportation as provided in paragraph (d) of this section.

(f) Freight which receives its last line haul on respondent's line, but is delivered to a switching road connecting directly or indirectly with respondent's line, shall be reported as freight terminated by respondent.

(g) Import and export traffic received from or delivered to water carriers and traffic from and to outlying possessions of the United States received from or delivered to water carriers shall be reported as originating or terminating at the port of entry or exit.

(h) Traffic interchanged with connecting rail lines operating in Canada and Mexico shall be reported as delivered to or received from connecting rail carriers.

(i) Lake cargo coal delivered to lower Lake and St. Lawrence River ports for transshipment by vessel shall be reported as *delivered to connecting rail carrier*. Lake cargo coal received at upper Lake ports shall be reported as *received from connecting rail carriers*.

(j) Iron ore delivered to upper Lake ports for transshipment by vessel shall be reported as *delivered to connecting rail carriers*. Iron ore received at lower Lake and St. Lawrence River ports shall be reported as *received from connecting rail carriers*.

(k) Tidewater coal to Atlantic ports shall be reported as "delivered to connecting rail carriers." Tidewater coal from Atlantic ports shall be reported as "received from connecting rail carriers."

(l) Freight accorded transit privileges shall be reported as "originated on respondent's road" at the transit point, even though the outbound shipment may move under transit balances or proportional rates.

(m) "Gross freight revenue" means respondent's gross revenue from freight without adjustment for absorptions or corrections.

(n) Commodity codes 44 and 441, "Freight forwarder traffic," as named in §1248.101, include freight traffic in carloads shipped by or consigned to any forwarder holding a certificate under Part IV of the Interstate Commerce Act.

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967]

§ 1248.5 Report forms and date of filing.

(a) Reports required from class I carriers by this section shall be filed in duplicate with the Bureau of Accounts, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423, on forms which will be furnished to the carriers. Data required under §1248.2 shall be filed on Form QCS on or before the 60th day succeeding the close of the period for which they are compiled.

(b) [Reserved]

NOTE: The outline of Report Form QCS follows the tenor of the order.

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 47 FR 6881, Feb. 17, 1982]

§ 1248.6 Public inspection—railroad reports.

The individual commodity statistics reports of class I railroads, required to be filed, for the year beginning January 1, 1964, or for quarters thereof, and for the quarters of 1965, as the case might be, under the terms of §123.1, shall not be open to public inspection, and such required commodity statistics reports, to be filed for the years beginning January 1, 1965, and for the quarters of the year beginning January 1, 1966, and later, to the extent that they involve traffic of less than three shippers, reportable in one of the commodity reporting classes, may be excluded from a railroad's regular freight commodity statistics report and filed in a supplemental report which will not be open for public inspection, except that access to supplemental reports may be given upon approval by the Board.

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 47 FR 6881, Feb. 17, 1982]

Subpart B—Commodity Code

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 11144, 11145.

§ 1248.100 Commodity classification designated.

Commencing with reports for the year or quarter beginning January 1, 1964, as the case might be, and thereafter until further order, reports of commodity statistics required to be made to the Board, shall be based on the commodity codes, up to 5 digits, in groups 01 through 40, in the Commodity Classification for Transportation Statistics, 1963, issued by the Bureau of the Budget, and on additional codes 411 through 462 shown in §1248.101.

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967. Redesignated at 46 FR 9116, Jan. 28, 1981, and 46 FR 10745, Feb. 4, 1981]

§ 1248.101 Commodity codes required.

Commodity codes required to be reported, as referred to in this part, are as follows:

Code	Description
01	FARM PRODUCTS.
011	Field Crops.
0112	Cotton, raw.

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Code	Description	Code	Description
01121	Cotton in bales.	104	Gold and Silver Ores.
01131	Barley.	105	Bauxite and Other Aluminum Ores.
01132	Corn, except popcorn.	106	Manganese Ores.
01133	Oats.	107	Tungsten Ores.
01134	Rice, rough.	108	Chromium Ores.
01135	Rye.	109	Miscellaneous Metal Ores.
01136	Sorghum grains.	11	COAL.
01137	Wheat, except buckwheat.	111	Anthracite Coal.
01139	Grain, n.e.c.	11111	Raw anthracite (lump).
0114	Oil seeds, oil nuts, and oil kernels, except edible tree nuts.	11112	Cleaned or prepared anthracite (crushed, screened, or sized).
01144	Soybeans.	112	Bituminous Coal and Lignite.
0115	Field seeds, except oil seeds.	1121	Bituminous coal.
0119	Miscellaneous field crops.	13	CRUDE PETROLEUM, NATURAL GAS, AND NATURAL GASOLINE.
01193	Leaf tobacco.	131	Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas.
01195	Potatoes, other than sweet.	132	Natural Gasoline.
01197	Sugar beets.	14	NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS.
012	Fresh Fruits and Tree Nuts.	141	Dimension Stone, quarry.
0121	Citrus fruits.	142	Crushed and Broken Stone, including riprap.
0122	Deciduous fruits.	14211	Agricultural limestone.
01221	Apples.	14219	Crushed and broken stone, including riprap, n.e.c.
01224	Grapes.	144	Sand and Gravel.
01226	Peaches.	14411	Sand (aggregate and ballast).
0123	Tropical fruits, except citrus.	14412	Gravel (aggregate and ballast).
01232	Bananas.	14413	Industrial sand and gravel.
0129	Miscellaneous fresh fruits and tree nuts.	145	Clay, Ceramic and Refractory Minerals.
01295	Coffee, green.	14511	Bentonite.
013	Fresh Vegetables.	14512	Fire clay.
0131	Bulbs, roots, and tubers, with or without tops except potatoes.	14514	Kaolin and ball clay.
01318	Onions, dry.	147	Chemical and Fertilizer Minerals.
0133	Leafy fresh vegetables.	14711	Barite.
01334	Celery.	14713	Potash, soda and borate.
01335	Lettuce.	14714	Phosphate rock.
0134	Dry ripe vegetable seeds, etc. (except artificially dried).	14715	Rock salt.
01341	Beans, dry ripe.	14716	Sulphur.
01342	Peas, dry.	149	Miscellaneous Nonmetallic Minerals. Except Fuels.
0139	Miscellaneous fresh vegetables:	14911	Gypsum and anhydrite.
01392	Watermelons.	14913	Native asphalt and bitumens.
01394	Tomatoes.	14914	Pumice and pumicite.
01398	Melons, except watermelons (cantaloupes, muskmelons, etc.).	19	ORDINANCE AND ACCESSORIES.
014	Livestock and Livestock Products.	191	Guns, Howitzers, Mortars, and Related Equipment, Over 30 mm.
0141	Livestock.	192	Ammunition, Except for Small Arms (over 30 mm.).
01411	Cattle.	193	Full Tracked Combat Vehicles and Parts.
01413	Hogs and pigs.	194	Sighting and Fire Control Equipment.
01414	Sheep and lambs.	195	Small Arms, 30 mm. and Under.
0142	Dairy farm products, except pasteurized.	196	Small Arms Ammunition, 30 mm. and Under.
0143	Animal fibers.	199	Miscellaneous Ordnance and Accessories.
01431	Wool.	20	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS.
015	Poultry and Poultry Products.	201	Meat (Including Poultry and Small Game): Fresh, Chilled, or Frozen.
0151	Live poultry.	2011	Meat, fresh or chilled, except salted.
0152	Poultry eggs.	2012	Meat, fresh-frozen.
019	Miscellaneous Farm Products.	2013	Meat products.
0191	Horticultural specialties.	2014	Animal by-products, inedible.
0192	Animal specialties.	20141	Hides, skins, and pelts, not tanned (cattle, pig, goat, sheep, mule, and horse).
08	FOREST PRODUCTS	2015	Dressed poultry, small game, and related products, fresh, chilled or canned.
084	Gums and Barks, Crude.	2016	Dressed poultry, small game and related products, fresh-frozen.
08423	Latex and allied gums (crude natural rubber).	202	Dairy Products.
086	Miscellaneous Forest Products.	2021	Creamery butter.
09	FRESH FISH AND OTHER MARINE PRODUCTS.	2023	Condensed, evaporated milk and dry milk.
091	Fresh Fish and Other Marine Products.	2024	Ice cream and related frozen desserts.
0912	Fresh fish and whale products, including frozen unpackaged fish.	2025	Cheese and other special dairy products.
09131	Shells (oyster, crab, clam, etc.)	2026	Processed whole milk, skim milk, cream and other fluid products.
10	METALLIC ORES.	203	Canned and Preserved Fruits, Vegetables and Sea Foods.
101	Iron Ores.		
10112	Beneficiating-grade ore, crude.		
102	Copper Ores.		
103	Lead and Zinc Ores.		
1031	Lead ores.		
1032	Zinc ores.		

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Code	Description	Code	Description
2031	Canned and cured sea foods.	228	Yarn and Thread.
2032	Canned specialties.	229	Miscellaneous Basic Textiles.
2033	Canned fruits and vegetables.	2296	Tire cord and fabrics.
2034	Dried and dehydrated fruits and vegetables (except field dried) and soup mix.	2297	Wool and mohair (scoured, combed, carbonized); Tops, noils, nubs, slubs and grease.
2035	Pickled fruits and vegetables; sauces and seasoning; salad dressing.	2298	Cordage and twine.
2036	Fresh or frozen packaged fish.	23	APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS INCLUDING KNIT.
2037	Frozen fruits, fruit juices, vegetables and specialties.	231	Men's, Youths', and Boys' Clothing.
204	Grain Mill Products.	233	Women's, Misses', Girls', and Infants' Clothing.
2041	Flour and other grain mill products.	235	Millinery, Hats and Caps.
20411	Wheat flour, except blended and prepared.	237	Fur Goods.
20421	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls, except canned.	238	Miscellaneous Apparel and Accessories.
20423	Canned feed for animals and poultry.	239	Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Products.
2043	Cereal preparations.	24	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE.
2044	Milled rice, flour and meal.	241	Primary Forest Products (Pulpwood, Piling, Posts, Logs, Bolts, etc.).
2045	Blended and prepared flour.	24114	Pulpwood logs.
2046	Corn starch, sirup, oil, sugar and by-products (wet process).	24115	Pulpwood chips.
20461	Corn sirup.	24116	Woodposts, poles and piling.
20462	Corn starch.	242	Lumber and Dimension Stock:
20463	Corn sugar.	2421	Lumber and dimension stock:
205	Bakery Products.	24212	Sawed ties (railroads, mine, etc.).
206	Sugar (beet and cane).	2429	Miscellaneous sawmill and planing mill products (shingles, cooperage stock, etc.).
2061	Sugar mill products and by-products.	243	Millwork, Veneer, Plywood, Prefabricated Structural Wood Products.
20611	Raw cane and beet sugar.	2431	Millwood.
20616	Sugar molasses, except blackstrap.	2432	Veneer and plywood.
20617	Blackstrap molasses.	244	Wooden Containers.
2062	Sugar, refined: Cane and beet.	249	Miscellaneous Wood Products.
20625	Sugar refining by-products.	2491	Creosoted or oil treated wood products.
20626	Pulp, molasses, beet.	25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES
207	Confectionery and related products.	251	Household and Office Furniture.
208	Beverages and flavoring extracts.	253	Public Building and Related Furniture.
20821	Beer, ale, porter, stout: Bottled, barrels, kegs.	254	Partitions, Shelving, Lockers, Office, and Store Fixtures.
20823	Malt extract and brewers's spent grains.	259	Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures.
2083	Malt.	26	PULP, PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS
2084	Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits.	261	Pulp and pulp mill products.
20851	Distilled, rectified and blended liquors.	26111	Pulp.
20859	By-products of liquor distilling.	262	Paper, except building paper.
2086	Bottled and canned soft drinks and carbonated and mineral waters.	26211	Newsprint.
2087	Miscellaneous flavoring extracts and flavoring sirups and compounds except chocolate syrups.	26216	Coarse paper, including wrapping paper.
209	Miscellaneous Food Preparations and Kindred Products.	263	Paperboard, pulpboard and fiberboard, except insulating board.
20911	Cottonseed oil, crude or refined.	264	Converted paper and paperboard products, except containers and boxes.
20914	Cottonseed cake, meal and other by-products.	2643	Paper bags.
20921	Soybean oil, crude or refined.	265	Containers and boxes, paperboard, fiberboard and pulpboard.
20923	Soybean cake, meal, flour, grits, and other by-products.	266	Building paper and building board.
2093	Vegetable and nut oils and by-products, except cottonseed and soybean.	2661	Building paper and building board.
2094	Marine fats and oils.	26613	Wallboard.
2095	Roasted coffee, including instant coffee.	27	PRINTED MATTER.
2096	Shortening, table oils, margarine and other edible fats and oils, n.e.c.	271	Newspapers.
2097	Ice, natural or manufactured.	272	Periodicals.
2098	Macaroni, spaghetti, vermicelli, and noodles.	273	Books.
21	TOBACCO PRODUCTS:	274	Miscellaneous Printed Matter.
211	Cigarettes.	276	Manifold Business Forms.
212	Cigars.	277	Greeting Cards, Seals, Labels, And Tags.
213	Chewing and Smoking Tobacco and Snuff.	278	Blankbooks, Looseleaf Binders and Devices.
214	Stemmed and Redried Tobacco.	279	Products of Service Industries for the Printing Trades.
22	BASIC TEXTILES:	28	CHEMICAL AND ALLIED PRODUCTS
221	Cotton Broad Woven Fabrics.	281	Industrial Inorganic and Organic Chemicals.
222	Man-made Fiber and Silk Broad Woven Fabrics.	2812	Sodium, potassium, and other basic inorganic chemical compounds and chlorine.
223	Wool Broad Woven Fabrics.	28123	Sodium compounds, except sodium alkalis.
224	Narrow Fabrics.	2813	Industrial gases (compressed and liquefied).
225	Knit Fabrics.	2814	Crude products from coal tar, petroleum and natural gas.
227	Carpets and Rugs, Textile.		

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Code	Description	Code	Description
2816	Inorganic pigments.	32594	Roofing tile.
2818	Miscellaneous industrial organic chemicals.	326	Pottery and Related Products.
28184	Alcohols.	327	Concrete, Gypsum, and Plaster Products.
2819	Miscellaneous industrial inorganic chemicals.	3271	Concrete products.
28193	Sulphuric acid.	3274	Lime.
282	Plastics Materials and Synthetic Resins, Synthetic Rubbers and Fibers.	3275	Gypsum products.
		328	Cut Stone and Stone Products.
28212	Synthetic rubber.	329	Abrasives, Asbestos, and Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products.
28213	Synthetic organic fibers.		
283	Drugs (Biological Products, Medicinal Chemicals, Botanical Products and Pharmaceutical Preparations).	3291	Abrasive products.
		33	PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTS.
284	Soap, Detergents, and Cleaning Preparations, Perfumes, Cosmetics and Other Toilet Preparations.	331	Steel Works and Rolling Mill Products.
		33111	Pig iron.
		33112	Slag.
2841	Soap and other detergents, except specialty cleansers.	33113	Coke, screenings and breeze.
		33119	Coke oven and blast furnace products, n.e.c.
285	Paints, Varnishes, Lacquers, Enamels, and Allied Products.	3312	Primary iron and steel products, except coke oven by-products.
286	Gum and Wood Chemicals.	33121	Steel ingot and semi-finished shapes.
287	Agricultural Chemicals.	3313	Ferro-alloys.
2871	Fertilizers.	3315	Steel wire, nails, and spikes.
289	Miscellaneous Chemical Products.	332	Iron and Steel Castings.
2892	Explosives.	33211	Iron and steel cast pipe and fittings.
28991	Salt.	333	Nonferrous Metals Primary Smelter Products (Slab, Ingot, Pig, etc., and Residues).
29	PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS.		
291	Products of Petroleum Refining.	3331	Primary copper and copper base alloys smelter products.
29111	Gasoline, jet fuels and other high volatile petroleum fuels, except natural gasoline.	3332	Primary lead and lead base alloys smelter products.
		3333	Primary zinc and zinc base alloys smelter products.
29112	Kerosene.	3334	Primary aluminum and aluminum base alloys smelter products.
29113	Distillate fuel oil.	335	Nonferrous Metal Basic Shapes.
29114	Lubricating and similar oils and derivatives.	3351	Copper, brass or bronze and other copper base alloy basic shapes.
29115	Lubricating greases.	3352	Aluminum and aluminum base alloy basic shapes except aluminum foil.
29116	Asphalt, tar and pitches (petroleum, cokeoven, coal tar).	3357	Nonferrous wire, including insulated wire.
29117	Residual fuel oil and other low volatile petroleum fuels.	336	Nonferrous and Nonferrous Base Alloy Castings.
29119	Products of petroleum refining, n.e.c.	3361	Aluminum and aluminum base alloy castings.
2912	Liquefied petroleum gases and coal gases.	2262	Brass, bronze, copper, and copper base alloy castings.
295	Paving and Roofing Materials.	339	Miscellaneous Primary Metal Products.
2951	Paving mixtures and blocks.	3391	Iron and steel forgings.
2952	Asphalt felt and coatings.	3392	Nonferrous forgings.
299	Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coal Products.	34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT.
29911	Coke and coal briquettes.	341	Metal Cans.
30	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTIC PRODUCTS.	342	Cutlery, Hand Tools, and General Hardware.
301	Tires and Inner Tubes.	343	Plumbing Fixtures and Heating Apparatus, Except Electric.
302	Rubber Footwear.	3433	Heating equipment, except electric.
303	Reclaimed Rubber.	344	Fabricated structural metal products.
306	Miscellaneous Fabricated Rubber Products.	3441	Fabricated structural metal products.
307	Miscellaneous Plastics Products.	345	Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Rivets, Washers, and Other Industrial Fasteners.
31	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS.	346	Metal Stampings.
311	Leather.	348	Miscellaneous Fabricated Wire Products.
312	Industrial Leather Belting and Packing.	349	Miscellaneous Fabricated Metal Products.
313	Boot and Shoe Cut Stock and Findings, All Materials.	3491	Metal barrels, drums, kegs, and pails.
314	Footwear, Except Rubber.	3494	Valves and pipe fittings (except plumbers' brass goods and fittings), fabricated pipe and fabricated pipe fittings.
315	Leather Gloves and Mittens.	35	MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL.
316	Luggage, Handbags, and Other Personal Leather Goods (all materials).	351	Engines and Turbines.
319	Miscellaneous Leather Goods.	352	Farm Machinery and Equipment.
32	STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS.	353	Construction, Mining and Materials Handling Equipment.
321	Flat Glass.	3531	Construction machinery and equipment.
322	Glass and Glassware, Pressed and Blown.	3532	Mining machinery and equipment, except oil field machinery and equipment.
3221	Glass containers.		
324	Hydraulic Cement.		
32411	Cement, hydraulic; Portland, natural, masonry, puzzolan.		
325	Structural Clay Products.		
3251	Brick and structural clay tile.		
32511	Brick, except ceramic glazed and refractory brick.		
3253	Ceramic wall and floor tile.		
3255	Refractories, clay and nonclay.		
3259	Miscellaneous structural clay products.		

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Code	Description
3533	Oil field machinery and equipment.
3537	Industrial trucks, tractors, trailers, and stackers.
354	Metalworking Machinery and Equipment.
355	Special Industry Machinery, Except Metalworking Machinery.
356	General Industrial Machinery and Equipment.
357	Office, Computing, and Accounting Machines.
358	Service Industry Machines.
359	Miscellaneous Machinery and Parts, Except Electrical.
36	ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES.
361	Electrical Transmission and Distribution Equipment.
362	Electrical Industrial Apparatus.
363	Household Appliances.
3631	Household cooking equipment, all types.
3632	Household refrigerators and home and farm freezers.
3633	Household laundry equipment.
364	Electric Lighting and Wiring Equipment.
365	Radio and TV Receiving Sets, Except Communication Types.
366	Communication Equipment.
367	Electronic Components and Accessories.
369	Miscellaneous Electrical Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies.
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT.
371	Motor Vehicles and Motor Vehicle Equipment.
3711	Motor vehicles.
37111	Passenger cars, assembled.
37112	Truck tractors, and trucks, assembled.
37113	Motor coaches, assembled (including trolley busses) and fire department vehicles.
3712	Passenger car bodies and body parts.
3713	Truck and bus bodies and body parts.
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories.
3715	Truck trailers.
372	Aircraft and Parts.
373	Ships and Boats.
374	Railroad Equipment.
375	Motorcycles, Bicycles, and Parts.
379	Miscellaneous Transportation Equipment.
38	INSTRUMENTS, PHOTOGRAPHIC AND OPTICAL GOODS, WATCHES AND CLOCKS.
381	Engineering, Laboratory, and Scientific Instruments.
382	Measuring, Controlling, and Indicating Instruments.
383	Optical Instruments and Lenses.
384	Surgical, Medical, and Dental Instruments and Supplies.
385	Ophthalmic or Opticians' Goods.
386	Photographic Equipment and Supplies.
387	Watches, Clocks, Clockwork Operated Devices, and Parts.
39	MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS OF MANUFACTURING.
391	Jewelry, Silverware, and Plated Ware.
393	Musical Instruments and Parts.
394	Toys, Amusement, Sporting and Athletic Goods.
3949	Sporting and athletic goods.
395	Pens, Pencils, and Other Office and Artists' Materials.
396	Costume Jewelry, Novelties, Buttons, and Notions.
398	Miscellaneous Manufactured Products—A.
399	Miscellaneous Manufactured Products—B.
40	WASTE AND SCRAP MATERIALS.
401	Ashes.
402	Waste and Scrap, Except Ashes.
4021	Metal scrap, waste and tailings.
40211	Iron and steel scrap, wastes and tailings.
4022	Textile waste, scrap and sweepings.
4024	Paper waste and scrap.

Code	Description
4026	Rubber and plastic scrap and waste.
41	MISC. FREIGHT SHIPMENTS.
411	Misc. Freight Shipments.
41111	Outfits or kits.
41114	Articles, used except for repair, reconditioning (41115), returned empty (421), remelting (4021).
41115	Articles, used, returned for repair, incl. for reconditioning.
412	Miscellaneous Commodities Not Taken in Regular Freight Service.
42	CONTAINERS, SHIPPING, RETURNED EMPTY.
421	Containers, Shipping, Returned Empty Inc. Carriers or Devices.
422	Trailers, Semi-Trailers, Returned Empty.
44	FREIGHT FORWARDER TRAFFIC.
441	Freight Forwarder Traffic, Carload or Truckload.
45	SHIPPER ASSOCIATION OR SIMILAR TRAFFIC.
451	Shipper Association or Similar Traffic, Carload or Truckload.
46	MISCELLANEOUS MIXED SHIPMENTS EXC. FORWARDER SEE 44 SHIPPER ASSOCIATION SEE 45. All Freight Rate Shipments, N.E.C., Inc. TOFC. Mixed Shipments on One Factor Rates Cnstrg. of Commodities Representing Two or More Major Industry Groups Where it is Impossible to Determine the Predominant Industry.
461	
462	
47	SMALL PACKAGED FREIGHT SHIPMENTS.
471	Small Packaged Freight Shipments, Including LCL or LTL.

[32 FR 20466, Dec. 20, 1967. Redesignated at 46 FR 9116, Jan. 28, 1981, and 46 FR 10745, Feb. 4, 1981]

PARTS 1250–1252 [RESERVED]

PART 1253—RATE-MAKING ORGANIZATION; RECORDS AND REPORTS

- Sec.
- 1253.10 Accounts.
- 1253.20 Other records.
- 1253.30 Retention of records.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 10706, 13703, 11144, and 11145.

NOTE: The report forms prescribed by part 1253 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

§ 1253.10 Accounts.

Accounts shall be kept by each conference, bureau, committee, or other organization subject to sections 5a or 5b to record all receipts and expenditures of moneys. Such accounts shall be kept with sufficient particularity to show the facts pertaining to all transactions reflected in the entries made in the accounts. All receipts shall be supported by records, including records

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showing the basis for charges to members. All disbursements shall be supported by vouchers, payrolls, canceled checks, and other evidences of expenditures, including the basis for any apportionment of expense items to members.

[32 FR 20474, Dec. 20, 1967]

§ 1253.20 Other records.

Each such organization subject to sections 5a or 5b shall maintain:

(a)(1) A file for each proposal relating to rates, fares, classifications, divisions, allowances, or charges (including charges between carriers and compensation paid or received for the use of facilities and equipment), or rules and regulations pertaining thereto, which shall contain the complete proposal, all procedural documents issued, protests, memoranda, amendments, reports, etc., submitted and any other correspondence respecting the matter proposed. Also reports or minutes of all proceedings at any oral, committee or public hearing held thereon and the determination relating thereto;

(2) a file covering each petition or protest filed by the organization against tariff publications of a member for suspension of rates or other matters published for such member carrier;

(3) a file covering each instruction or request for publication by independent action.

(b) All accounts and other records covered by this part shall be filed in such manner as to be readily accessible for examination by representatives of the Board.

(c) All rate bureaus are required to (1) advise the Board of any change in legal address by notifying the Office of the Secretary and (2) submit information to the Board when requested.

(49 U.S.C. 10706, 11145; 5 U.S.C. 553)

[32 FR 20474, Dec. 20, 1967, as amended at 47 FR 37904, Aug. 27, 1982]

§ 1253.30 Retention of records.

Each organization subject to sections 5a or 5b shall retain records or documents relating to its transactions or activities in accordance with part 1220,

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Preservation of Records, of this chapter.

[40 FR 50389, Oct. 29, 1975]

Parts 1260-1269—Valuation

NOTE: Forms prescribed in parts 1260-1269 are available upon request from the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

PARTS 1260-1261 [RESERVED]

Parts 1280-1299—Classification and Declassification of National Security Information and Material

PART 1280—HANDLING OF NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION AND CLASSIFIED MATERIAL

Sec.

1280.1 Purpose.

1280.2 Policy.

1280.3 Authority to classify.

1280.4 Responsibility for handling of classified documents.

1280.5 Safeguarding of classified material.

1280.6 Storage of classified documents.

1280.7 Education of employees.

1280.8 Requests for mandatory review.

AUTHORITY: E.O. 12356.

SOURCE: 49 FR 7832, Mar. 2, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1280.1 Purpose.

To set forth those provisions of the Surface Transportation Board Security Regulations to the extent that they affect the general public.

§ 1280.2 Policy.

It is the policy of the Surface Transportation Board to act in accordance with Executive Order 12356, dated April 6, 1982, in matters relating to national security information.

§ 1280.3 Authority to classify.

The Board does not have authority of its own to classify any of its internally generated documents. The only documents handled by the Board which are classified as confidential, secret, or top secret are those generated by Executive Branch Agencies with original classification authority.

§ 1280.4 Responsibility for handling of classified documents.

(a) Responsible Official. Primary responsibility for the handling of classified documents shall rest with the Assistant to the Director of the Office of Compliance and Consumer Assistance, who is also Emergency Coordinator for the Board. All documents bearing the terms "Top Secret," "Secret," and "Confidential" shall be delivered to the Emergency Coordinator or his/her alternate immediately upon receipt. The alternate is also an Assistant to the Director of the Office of Compliance and Consumer Assistance as set forth in § 1280.4(b) of the rules. All potential recipients of such documents shall be advised of the name of the Emergency Coordinator. In the event that the Emergency Coordinator or his/her alternate is not available to receive such documents, they shall be turned over to the Associate Director, Office of Compliance and Consumer Assistance, and secured, unopened, in the combination safe located in Room 5325 of the headquarters building until the Emergency Coordinator or alternate is available. All material not immediately deliverable to either the Emergency Coordinator, alternate, or the Associate Director, Office of Compliance and Consumer Assistance, shall be delivered at the earliest opportunity. Under no circumstances shall classified material that cannot be delivered to the Emergency Coordinator be stored other than in the designated safe in Room 5325 of the STB headquarters building.

(b) The alternate to the Emergency Coordinator for the receipt and handling of documents mentioned in paragraph (a) of this section, shall be the other Assistant to the Director, Office of Compliance and Consumer Assistance.

(c) Any person whose position requires access to classified information must execute Form SF #189.

(d) Any contracts with media representatives by personnel with access to classified material and involving such material will be cleared through the Emergency Coordinator and more than one person shall be present during any briefing or interview.

§ 1280.5 Safeguarding of classified material.

(a) Reproduction of classified material shall take place only when absolutely necessary, and in accordance with section 2001.46 of the Directive. Should copies be made, they are subject to the same controls as the original document. Records showing the number and distribution of copies shall be maintained by the Emergency Coordinator and the log stored with the original documents.

(b) Any suspected or actual unauthorized disclosures of classified information shall be reported to the Emergency Coordinator or Alternate. An immediate investigation will be undertaken by the Emergency Coordinator or Alternate to establish all facts surrounding the disclosure. The Emergency Coordinator or Alternate shall ascertain the nature of the information disclosed and the extent to which it has been disseminated and will maintain records of disclosures as evaluated and investigated.

(c) Any suspected or actual unauthorized disclosure of classified information will be reported as soon as possible to the Department of Justice and the Information Security Oversight Office.

(d) Any unauthorized disclosure of classified information or any failure to cooperate with the investigation of unauthorized disclosures by an employee shall be cause for appropriate disciplinary or other remedial action as provided in the Board's Canons of Conduct, 49 CFR 1000.735-31.

[49 FR 7832, Mar. 2, 1984, as amended at 54 FR 38998, Sept. 22, 1989]

§ 1280.6 Storage of classified documents.

All classified documents shall be stored in the safe located in Room 5325 of the STB headquarters building. In those instances where the Emergency Coordinator is not available to receive classified documents, they may be stored, unopened, in the safe located in Room 5325.

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§ 1280.7 Education of employees.

All employees who have been granted a security clearance and who have occasion to handle classified materials shall be advised of the procedures outlined in 49 CFR part 1280. They shall also be required to review Executive Order 12356 and appropriate directives of the Information Security Oversight Office (ISOO). This shall be achieved by a memorandum to all affected employees at the time these procedures are implemented, and by appropriate instructions to new employees receiving security clearances in the future.

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§ 1280.8 Requests for mandatory review.

Because the Board does not itself generate classified documents, any requests made for mandatory review shall be coordinated by the Emergency Coordinator with appropriate officials of the Department or Agency responsible for issuance of the document involved.

PARTS 1281–1299 [RESERVED]

SUBCHAPTER D—CARRIER RATES AND SERVICE TERMS

PART 1300—DISCLOSURE, PUBLICATION, AND NOTICE OF CHANGE OF RATES AND OTHER SERVICE TERMS FOR RAIL COMMON CARRIAGE

Sec.

1300.1 Scope; definitions.

1300.2 Disclosure requirement for existing rates.

1300.3 Response to request for establishment of a new rate.

1300.4 Notice requirement.

1300.5 Additional publication requirement for agricultural products and fertilizer.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721(a) and 11101(f).

SOURCE: 61 FR 35140, July 5, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1300.1 Scope; definitions.

(a) The provisions of this part address the requirements imposed on rail carriers by 49 U.S.C. 11101(b), 11101(c), 11101(d) and 11101(f).

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of this part apply to any common carriage transportation or service provided by a rail carrier subject to the jurisdiction of the Surface Transportation Board under 49 U.S.C. 10501.

(c) The provisions of this part do not apply to any transportation or service provided by a rail carrier under a contract authorized under 49 U.S.C. 10709 or former 49 U.S.C. 10713 (repealed effective January 1, 1996).

(d) The provisions of this part do not apply to any transportation or service provided by a rail carrier to the extent that such transportation or service is exempted from rate notice and disclosure requirements pursuant to an exemption issued under 49 U.S.C. 10502 or former 49 U.S.C. 10505 (repealed effective January 1, 1996).

(e) For the purposes of this part, "service terms" means all classifications, rules, and practices that affect the rates, charges, or level of service for rail transportation.

§ 1300.2 Disclosure requirement for existing rates.

(a) A rail carrier must disclose to any person, upon formal request, the specific rate(s) requested (or the basis for calculating the specific rate(s)), as well as all charges and service terms that may be applicable to transportation covered by the rate(s). For purposes of § 1300.4(a)(1) of this part, a formal request under this part is one that clearly notifies the railroad that the requester seeks not only immediate information but also notification of any future increases in the rate(s) involved or changes in pertinent service terms.

(b) The information provided by a rail carrier under this section must be provided immediately. (It is expected that the response will be sent within hours, or at least by the next business day, in most situations.) Such information may be provided either in written or electronic form as agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree, such information is to be provided in electronic (non-passive) form where both parties have the requisite capabilities; otherwise, it is to be provided in writing.

(c) A rail carrier may, at its option, require that all requests submitted under this section be in written or electronic form, although the carrier may permit oral requests.

§ 1300.3 Response to request for establishment of a new rate.

Where a shipper or a prospective shipper or person acting on behalf of a shipper or a prospective shipper requests that the carrier establish a rate in the absence of an existing rate for particular transportation, the carrier must promptly establish and provide to the requester a rate and applicable service terms. The information may be provided either in written or electronic form, as agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree, such information is to be provided in electronic (non-passive) form where both parties have the requisite capabilities; otherwise, it is to be provided in writing. The response

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should be provided as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 business days from receipt of the request. If a carrier determines that additional information is required from the requester before a rate or term can be established, the carrier must so notify the requester as soon as possible, but no later than 10 business days after receipt of the request. Once the additional information is received, the carrier must set the rate and related service terms, and relay them to the requester, as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 business days from the receipt of the additional information. (However, the parties may agree to a different time period, in which case these time periods would not apply.) A rail carrier may, at its option, require that requests submitted under this section be in written or electronic form, although the carrier may permit oral requests.

§ 1300.4 Notice requirement.

(a) A rail carrier may not increase any rates or charges, or change any service terms (except for changes that are equivalent to rate reductions), unless 20 days have expired after written or electronic notice has been provided to all persons who, within the previous 12 months:

(1) Have formally requested under §§ 1300.2 or 1300.3 of this part the affected rates or service terms; or

(2) Have made arrangements with the carrier for a future shipment that would be subject to the increased rates or changed service terms.

(b) The notice required by this section may be in written or electronic form, as agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree, the information is to be provided in electronic (non-passive) form where both parties have the requisite capabilities; otherwise, it is to be provided in writing.

(c) For purposes of this section, a mailed notice is deemed "provided" on the date such notice is postmarked.

(d) The notice required by this section must clearly identify the increases in rates or charges or the changes in service terms.

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§ 1300.5 Additional publication requirement for agricultural products and fertilizer.

(a) With respect to transportation of agricultural products (including grain, as defined in 7 U.S.C. 75, and all products thereof) and fertilizer, a rail carrier shall publish, make available, and retain for public inspection its currently effective rates, schedules of rates, charges, and other service terms, and any scheduled changes to such rates, charges, and service terms. This requirement is in addition to the requirements imposed by §§ 1300.2, 1300.3, and 1300.4 of this part.

(b) The information published under this section must include an accurate description of the services offered to the public; must provide the specific applicable rates (or the basis for calculating the specific applicable rates), charges, and service terms; and must be arranged in a way that allows for the determination of the exact rate, charges, and service terms applicable to any given shipment (or to any given group of shipments). Increases, reductions and other changes must be symbolized or highlighted in some way to facilitate ready identification of the changes, the nature of those changes and their effective dates.

(c) A rail carrier must make the information available at offices where it normally keeps rate information. Access to the information at such offices must be provided to any person, without charge, during normal business hours.

(d) A rail carrier must also make the required publications available to all persons (hereinafter referred to as subscribers) who have subscribed to a publication service operated either by the rail carrier itself or by an agent acting at the rail carrier's direction. Such publications may be made available either in printed or in electronic form as agreed to by the parties. Any scheduled changes must be published in a manner that provides timely notice to subscribers. A rail carrier may impose reasonable charges for such publications. Publications may be limited to the specific information requested by the subscriber, and charges for such limited publications should be set accordingly.

PART 1301 [RESERVED]

PART 1302—EXPORT AND IMPORT SHIPMENTS; RAILROADS

CHARGES FOR RAIL TRANSPORTATION WHEN WATER TRANSPORTATION PERFORMED IN VESSELS NOT DOCUMENTED UNDER LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Sec.

1302.41 Suspension of statute.

1302.42 Further suspension of statute.

1302.43 Applicable rates on shipments in transit when statute becomes effective.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 884.

SOURCE: 32 FR 20541, Dec. 20, 1967, unless otherwise noted.

CROSS REFERENCES: For United States Customs Service, Department of the Treasury; see Customs Duties, 19 CFR Chapter I. For Foreign-Trade Zones Board; see Commerce, 15 CFR Chapter IV. For regulations of International Trade Administration concerning foreign trade statistics; see Commerce, 15 CFR Chapter III.

CHARGES FOR RAIL TRANSPORTATION WHEN WATER TRANSPORTATION PERFORMED IN VESSELS NOT DOCUMENTED UNDER LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

§ 1302.41 Suspension of statute.

The provisions of section 28 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, are hereby further suspended from and including the first day of January, 1921, until further order of this Board.

§ 1302.42 Further suspension of statute.

(a) Order of March 11, 1924, as modified, which terminated order of June 14, 1920, as modified, suspending provisions of section 28 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, until further order of the Board, is hereby vacated and set aside.

(b) The provisions of said order of June 14, 1920, as modified by the supplemental orders of July 27, 1920, December 11, 1920, and February 7, 1921, specified in paragraph (a) of this section, shall continue in force until further order of the Board.

§ 1302.43 Applicable rates on shipments in transit when statute becomes effective.

The following conditions are hereby prescribed as supplemental to the or-

ders aforesaid suspending the provisions of section 28 of the Merchant Marine Act, that is to say, that notwithstanding the provisions of the aforesaid section 28 may become effective during the time when export or import shipments are in transit to or from the ports of export or import the following conditions shall be observed.

(a) With respect to all export shipments delivered to and received for by common carriers subject to the provisions of section 6 of the Interstate Commerce Act (section 6, 24 Stat. 380, as amended; 49 U.S.C. 6(13)) the rates to the ports in force and applicable upon said shipments via the lines of said carriers upon the date of delivery to and receipt by such carriers shall be applied to said shipments; and,

(b) With respect to all import shipments delivered to and received for by common carriers subject to the provisions of section 6 of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 6 (13)) the rates from the ports in force and applicable to said shipments over the lines of said carriers upon the date of delivery to and receipt by such carriers shall be applied to said shipments.

PART 1305—DISCLOSURE AND NOTICE OF CHANGE OF RATES AND OTHER SERVICE TERMS FOR PIPELINE COMMON CARRIAGE

Sec.

1305.1 Scope; definitions.

1305.2 Disclosure requirement for existing rates.

1305.3 Response to request for establishment of a new rate.

1305.4 Notice requirement.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721(a) and 15701(e).

SOURCE: 61 FR 35141, July 5, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1305.1 Scope; definitions.

(a) The provisions of this part address the requirements imposed on pipeline carriers by 49 U.S.C. 15701(b) and 15701(c). Such requirements apply to pipeline carriers only with respect to the transportation of commodities other than water, gas, or oil.

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(b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the provisions of this part apply to any transportation or service provided by a pipeline carrier subject to the jurisdiction of the Surface Transportation Board under 49 U.S.C. 15301.

(c) The provisions of this part do not apply to any transportation or service provided by a pipeline carrier to the extent that such transportation or service is exempted from rate notice and disclosure requirements pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 15302.

(d) For the purposes of this part, *service terms* means all classifications, rules, and practices that affect the rates, charges, or level of service for pipeline transportation.

§ 1305.2 Disclosure requirement for existing rates.

(a) A pipeline carrier must disclose to any person, on request, the specific rate(s) requested (or the basis for calculating the specific rate(s)), as well as all charges and service terms that may be applicable to transportation covered by those rate(s).

(b) The information provided by a pipeline carrier under this section must be provided immediately. (It is expected that the response will be sent within hours, or at the latest by the next business day, in most situations.) Such information may be provided either in writing or in electronic form, as agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree, such information is to be provided in electronic form where both parties have the requisite capabilities; otherwise, it is to be provided in writing.

(c) A pipeline carrier may, at its option, require that all requests submitted under this section be in writing or electronic form, or the carrier may permit oral requests.

§ 1305.3 Response to request for establishment of a new rate.

Where a shipper or a prospective shipper, or a person acting on behalf of a shipper or a prospective shipper, requests that the carrier establish a rate in the absence of an existing rate for particular transportation, the carrier must promptly establish and provide to the requester a rate and applicable

service terms. The information may be provided either in writing or in electronic form, as agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree, such information is to be provided in electronic form where both parties have the requisite capabilities; otherwise, it is to be provided in writing. The response should be provided as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 business days from receipt of the request. If a carrier determines that additional information is required from the requester before a rate or term can be established, the carrier must so notify the requester as soon as possible, but no later than 10 business days after receipt of the request. Once the additional information is received, the carrier must set the rate and related service terms, and relay them to the requester, as soon as possible, but no later than 10 business days. The time period for response set forth in this section will not apply when the parties agree to a different time period. A pipeline carrier may, at its option, require that requests submitted under this section be in writing or electronic form, or the carrier may permit oral requests.

§ 1305.4 Notice requirement.

(a) A pipeline carrier may not increase any rates or charges, or change any service terms (except for changes that are equivalent to rate reductions) unless 20 days have expired after written or electronic notice has been provided to all persons who, within the previous 12 months:

(1) Have requested, under § 1305.2 or § 1305.3, the affected rates or service terms; or

(2) Have made arrangements with the carrier for a shipment that would be subject to the increased rates or changed service terms.

(b) The notice required by this section may be provided either in writing or in electronic form, as agreed to by the parties. If the parties cannot agree, the information is to be provided in electronic form where both parties have the requisite capabilities; otherwise, it is to be provided in writing.

(c) For purposes of this section, a mailed notice is deemed “provided” on the date such notice is postmarked.

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(d) The notice required by this section must clearly identify the increase in rates or charges or the change in service terms.

PART 1310—TARIFF REQUIREMENTS FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS CARRIERS

Sec.

- 1310.1 Scope; definitions.
- 1310.2 Requirement to maintain tariffs.
- 1310.3 Contents of tariffs.
- 1310.4 Incorporation of tariff provisions by reference.
- 1310.5 Availability of tariffs at carrier offices.
- 1310.6 Furnishing copies of tariff publications.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721(a), 13702(a), 13702(c) and 13702(d).

SOURCE: 62 FR 5171, Feb. 4, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1310.1 Scope; definitions.

(a) The provisions of this part address the tariff requirements imposed by 49 U.S.C. 13702 on motor carriers and freight forwarders for the transportation of household goods, and the notice requirements with which such carriers must comply in order to be entitled to enforce the provisions of their tariffs against individuals whose shipments are subject to such tariffs.

(b) The provisions of this part apply to all movements of household goods defined in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, and to those movements of household goods defined in paragraph (c)(2) of this section that are not provided under contracts entered into pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14101(b) or former 49 U.S.C. 10702 (repealed January 1, 1996).

(c) For the purposes of this part, the term *household goods* means personal effects and property used or to be used in a dwelling, when a part of the equipment or supply of such dwelling, and similar property if the transportation of such effects or property is:

- (1) Arranged and paid for by the householder, including transportation of property from a factory or store when the property is purchased by the householder with intent to use in his or her dwelling; or
- (2) Arranged and paid for by another party.

(d) For the purposes of this part *service terms* means all classifications, rules, regulations and practices that affect the rates, charges, or level of service for movements of household goods.

§ 1310.2 Requirement to maintain tariffs.

(a) Except when providing transportation for charitable purposes without charge, carriers subject to the Board's jurisdiction under Chapter 135 of Title 49 of the United States Code may provide transportation or service for movements of household goods only if the rates, and related rules and practices, for such transportation or service are contained in a published tariff that is in effect under this section. The carrier may not charge or receive a different compensation for the transportation or service than the rate specified in the tariff, whether by returning a part of that rate to a person, by giving a person a privilege, by allowing the use of a facility that affects the value of that transportation or service, or through another device. Tariffs shall be published in the English language and rates shall be stated in money of the United States.

(b) Tariffs maintained pursuant to this part must be available for inspection by the Board, and must be provided to the Board promptly and free of charge, upon request, by mail or other delivery service.

(c) A carrier that maintains a tariff pursuant to this part may not enforce the provisions of the tariff unless the carrier has given notice that the tariff is available for inspection in its bill of lading or by other actual notice to individuals whose shipments are subject to the tariff, as provided in §1310.4 of this part.

(d) The Board may invalidate a tariff prepared by or on behalf of a carrier under this part if that tariff violates 49 U.S.C. 13702 or the regulations contained in this part.

§ 1310.3 Contents of tariffs.

(a) Tariffs prepared under this part must include an accurate description of the services offered to the public; must provide the specific applicable rates, charges and service terms; and must be

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arranged in a way that allows for the determination of the exact rate, charges and service terms applicable to any given shipment. Increases, reductions and other changes must be symbolized or highlighted in some way to facilitate ready identification of the changes and their effective dates.

(b) All information necessary to determine applicable rates, charges and service terms for a given shipment need not be contained in a single tariff, but if multiple tariffs are used to convey that information, the tariff containing the rates must make specific reference to all other tariffs required to determine applicable rates, charges and service terms. The carrier(s) party to the rate(s) must participate in all of the tariffs so linked and all such tariffs must be made available to shippers upon reasonable request.

§ 1310.4 Incorporation of tariff provisions by reference.

(a) Carriers that maintain tariffs pursuant to this part may incorporate the terms of such tariffs by reference (i.e., without stating their full text) into the bill of lading or other document embodying the contract of carriage for the transportation of household goods, provided that:

(1) The bill of lading or other document must contain a conspicuous notice that the contract of carriage incorporates the terms of the carrier's tariffs; the carrier must give notice that its tariffs are available for inspection in its bill of lading or by other actual notice to individuals whose shipments are subject to such tariffs; and the carrier must make the full text of incorporated terms readily available for inspection by the shipper, free of charge, upon request. If such terms cannot be made available immediately, they must be made available promptly and free of charge by mail or other delivery service.

(2) If the incorporated terms include any of the terms set forth in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) through (a)(2)(iii) of this section, the notice on the bill of lading or other document must indicate that such terms are included; the shipper must be provided with a brief summary of the principal features of such terms on or with the document;

and the shipper must be able to obtain a more complete explanation of such terms upon request.

(i) Limits on the carrier's liability for loss, damage, or delay of goods, including fragile or valuable goods.

(ii) Claim restrictions, including time periods within which shippers or consignees must file a claim or bring an action against the carrier for its acts or omissions or those of its agents.

(iii) Rights of the carrier to impose monetary penalties on shippers or consignees, increase the price of the transportation, or change any terms of the contract.

(b) A carrier may not claim the benefit as against a shipper or consignee of, and a shipper or consignee shall not be bound by, any tariff term that is incorporated by reference under this section unless the carrier has complied with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) The disclosure requirements established by this section preempt any State requirements on the same subject, for tariff terms that are incorporated by reference into the bill of lading or other document embodying the contract of carriage for the transportation of household goods.

§ 1310.5 Availability of tariffs at carrier offices.

(a) Each carrier shall maintain, at its principal office, a complete set of its effective tariffs and those to which it is a party.

(b) Each carrier shall also maintain some or all of its tariffs at its other business offices, upon request. Carriers shall provide information regarding all locations where tariffs may be viewed.

(c) At all points where tariffs are maintained, they shall be made available for inspection by any person during the carrier's normal business hours. The tariffs shall be accessible and readable. The carrier shall also display, in a conspicuous place in those locations, a notice, in large print, which contains a statement that the tariffs are available for public inspection.

(d) At all other carrier business offices, the carrier shall display a notice advising the public of the location of the nearest available tariff. The notice

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shall be in large print and posted in a conspicuous place. In addition, the carrier shall, upon request, make its tariffs available at that location as soon as possible but not later than within 20 days, or provide the sought information orally if satisfactory to the requestor.

(e) Any publication referred to in a tariff must be maintained with that tariff.

(f) If any tariff maintained pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section has not been used for a substantial length of time, the availability of that tariff, including its reissues, may be discontinued at that office until such time as it is again requested. It shall then be made available within 20 days.

§ 1310.6 Furnishing copies of tariff publications.

(a) Copies of tariffs, specific tariff provisions or tariff subscriptions shall be provided upon request to any interested person.

(b) Except for providing to shippers the full text of tariff terms incorporated by reference into the bill of lading or other document embodying the contract of carriage for the transportation of household goods, as described in § 1310.4(a)(1), carriers may assess charges for furnishing copies of tariff publications to interested persons. If a charge is made, the charge must be reasonable, and identical for the same publications and delivery service.

PART 1312—REGULATIONS FOR THE PUBLICATION, POSTING AND FILING OF TARIFFS FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF PROPERTY BY OR WITH A WATER CARRIER IN NON-CONTIGUOUS DOMESTIC TRADE

Sec.

- 1312.1 Scope; definitions.
- 1312.2 Requirement to publish and file a tariff.
- 1312.3 Tariff contents and standards; Essential criteria.
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1312.14 Powers of attorney and concurrences.

1312.15 Change of carrier or agent.

1312.16 Substitution of service.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721(a), 13702(a), 13702(b) and 13702(d).

SOURCE: 62 FR 19058, Apr. 18, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1312.1 Scope; definitions.

(a) *Applicability.* The provisions of this part address the requirements in 49 U.S.C. 13702 that carriers subject to the Board's jurisdiction under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 135 and providing transportation or service for the movement of property (except bulk cargo, forest products, recycled metal scrap, waste paper, and paper waste) by or with a water carrier in noncontiguous domestic trade shall publish and file with the Board tariffs containing the rates for such transportation.

(b) *Exceptions.* The provisions of this part do not apply to:

(1) Any transportation or service provided by a carrier pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14101(b); or

(2) The transportation of any cargo or type of cargo or service which was not subject to regulation by, or under the jurisdiction of, either the Federal Maritime Commission (FMC) or the Interstate Commerce Commission under Federal law in effect on November 1, 1995.

(c) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this part:

Act means part B of subtitle IV of title 49 of the United States Code.

Agent means a person, association or corporation authorized to publish and file rates and provisions on behalf of one or more carriers in tariffs published in the agent's name.

Agent's tariff means a tariff filed in the name of an agent.

Board means the Surface Transportation Board.

Bound tariff means a tariff consisting of two or more sheets bound at the left edge in pamphlet or book form or a single-sheet tariff.

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Carrier means a motor carrier, water carrier or freight forwarder subject to the Board's jurisdiction under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 135.

Carrier's tariff means a tariff filed in the name of a carrier.

Collectively established tariff matter means a rate, charge, rule or other tariff provision established pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 13703.

Independently established tariff matter means any rate, charge, rule or other tariff provision not established pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 13703.

Item means a tariff provision of any kind bearing an item number designation.

Joint rate means a rate that applies over the lines or routes of two or more carriers made by an agreement between the carriers and effected by a concurrence or power of attorney.

Joint tariff means a tariff that contains joint rates or provisions affecting joint rates.

Local rate means a rate that applies only to one carrier.

Local tariff means a tariff that contains local rates or provisions affecting local rates.

Looseleaf page means a single page published as part of a new or reissued looseleaf tariff or as an amendment to such a tariff.

Looseleaf tariff means a tariff consisting of looseleaf pages.

Noncontiguous domestic trade means transportation subject to jurisdiction under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 135 involving traffic originating in or destined to Alaska, Hawaii, or a territory or possession of the United States.

Original tariff means a bound or looseleaf tariff as originally filed excluding amendments.

Page means that portion of a tariff or supplement printed on one side of a sheet.

Post refers to making filed tariffs available to the public.

Publication means a bound tariff, a tariff supplement, or a looseleaf tariff page.

Rate means a rate or charge.

Service terms mean all classifications, rules and practices that affect the rates or level of service.

Supplement means a single sheet, or two or more sheets bound at the left

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edge in pamphlet or book form, identified as a supplement and published to amend or cancel a bound or looseleaf tariff.

Tariff means an issuance (in whole or in part) bearing designations required by this part and containing rates, rules, regulations, classifications or other provisions published and filed with the Board for compliance with 49 U.S.C. 13702.

[62 FR 19058, Apr. 18, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 5195, Feb. 3, 1999]

§ 1312.2 Requirement to publish and file a tariff.

(a) *Requirement for tariff.* Except when providing transportation for charitable purposes without charge, or when providing transportation or service described in § 1312.1(b), carriers subject to the Board's jurisdiction under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 135 may provide transportation or service described in § 1312.1(a) only if the rates, and related rules and practices, for such transportation or service are contained in a published tariff that is on file with the Board and in effect under this part.

(b) *Adherence to tariff.* The carrier may not charge or receive a different compensation for the transportation or service than the rate specified in the tariff, whether by returning a part of that rate to a person, giving a person a privilege, allowing the use of a facility that affects the value of that transportation or service, or another device. The carrier shall keep such tariffs available for public inspection and shall make such tariffs available to subscribers as required in this part.

(c) *Other information.* Provisions for information purposes only may be included in a tariff, provided they are clearly identified as such. Such provisions may include rates and service terms covering transportation not subject to regulation by the Board, and advertising and promotional material.

(d) *Effect of filing.* The tender of a tariff and its receipt and acceptance by the Board do not relieve a carrier of liability for violations of the Act, other laws, the Board's regulations, or any decision of the Board or a court, or have any effect on the rights of persons

to file complaints for substantive violations of the Act or the Board's regulations.

(e) *Tariff relief.* Relief from the provisions of this part may be sought. Requests for such relief shall be submitted in duplicate and accompanied by the appropriate fee (see 49 CFR part 1002). Packages containing applications for relief shall be prominently marked "SPECIAL TARIFF AUTHORITY APPLICATION." The application shall cite all pertinent tariff matter and shall provide complete information regarding applicant's justification, purpose and manner of relief sought.

(f) *Invalidation of tariffs.* Tariffs that violate section 13702 of the Act, or a regulation of the Board carrying out that section, may be invalidated by the Board. When a tariff is invalidated, the party that filed it will be furnished a written explanation of the reasons for such action. Tariffs issued in lieu of invalidated tariffs shall so state.

§ 1312.3 Tariff contents and standards; Essential criteria.

(a) *Contents.* Tariffs filed with the Board must include an accurate description of the services offered to the public; must provide the specific applicable rates (or the basis for calculating the specific applicable rates) and service terms; and must be arranged in a way that allows for the determination of the exact rate(s) and service terms applicable to any given shipment (or to any given group of shipments).

(b) *Use of multiple tariffs.* All information necessary to determine applicable rates and service terms for a given shipment need not be contained in a single tariff, but if multiple tariffs are used to convey that information, the tariff containing the rates must make specific reference (by STB tariff designation) to all other tariffs required to determine applicable rates and service terms, and the carrier(s) party to the rates must participate in all of the tariffs so linked.

(c) *Clarity.* Tariff information must be presented in a way that facilitates the determination of the prices and services offered, and the related service terms. Ambiguous terms and complex methods of presentation shall not be used.

(d) *Explanations.* Reference marks and abbreviations, other than commonly used abbreviations, shall be explained either in the item in which they are used or in a separate item.

§ 1312.4 Filing of tariffs.

(a) *Filing requirements.* (1) Tariffs shall be filed in English with rates explicitly stated in U.S. dollars and cents. Two copies of each tariff publication shall be filed with the Board. Packages containing tariff filings should be prominently marked "TARIFF FILING" and addressed to: Section of Tariffs, Surface Transportation Board, 1925 K Street, NW., Washington, DC 20423-0001.

(2) A tariff filing must be accompanied by an authorized document of transmittal identifying each publication filed, and by the appropriate filing fee (see 49 CFR part 1002). Acknowledgment of Board receipt of a tariff filing can be obtained by enclosing a duplicate transmittal letter and a postage-paid, self-addressed return envelope. Each transmittal letter shall clearly indicate in the upper left-hand corner thereof:

- (i) The assigned alpha code of the issuing carrier or agent;
- (ii) The number of pages transmitted;
- (iii) The filing fee enclosed, the account number to be billed, or the credit card to be charged;
- (iv) The transmittal number if the filer utilizes transmittal numbers; and
- (v) If the filing fee is charged to a credit card, the credit card number and expiration date, and an authorized signature.

(b) *Paper size.* Tariffs shall be printed on paper not larger than 8½×11 inches.

§ 1312.5 Amendments to tariffs.

(a) *Manner of making changes.* An amendment is a change in, addition to, or cancellation of part of a tariff. Supplements are the tariff publications used to amend bound tariffs, and new or revised pages are the tariff publications normally used to amend looseleaf tariffs, although looseleaf tariffs can also be amended by supplements. Tariffs can also be canceled by new or reissued tariffs (see § 1312.7).

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(b) *Supplements.* Supplements issued to amend a tariff shall be consecutively numbered. Each new supplement shall identify any supplement(s) that it cancels, and any supplement(s) that are still in effect. A tariff amendment published in a supplement may be carried forward to later supplements if it is identified as reissued without change from the supplement in which it was originally published.

(c) *Looseleaf pages.* Looseleaf pages to an original tariff shall be designated as "Original" (e.g., Original Title Page, Original Page 1, Original Page 2, etc.). Looseleaf pages issued to amend the tariff shall bear consecutive revision numbers and shall cancel the prior version(s) of the same page (e.g., 1st Revised Page 1 Cancels Original Page 1, 2nd Revised Page 1 Cancels 1st Revised Page 1, etc.). Additional original pages may also be issued to amend a tariff, by adding new numbered pages after the last numbered page, or by adding existing numbered pages with alphabetic suffixes (e.g., a page designated as Original Page 2-A could be added between pages 2 and 3, etc.). Each looseleaf tariff shall include a Check Sheet, a Correction Number Check Sheet, or some other method of determining the looseleaf pages issued to amend such tariff.

§ 1312.6 Advance notice required.

(a) *Notice requirement.* Unless otherwise specifically authorized by the Board, tariffs must be filed with the Board on not less than the notice shown in paragraph (b) of this section. Notice means the number of days the publication is on file with the Board prior to its effective date(s). The date the publication is received by the Board counts as the first day of notice.

(b) *Length of notice.* A tariff may not become effective earlier than:

(1) Thirty days after filing for all collectively established tariff matter.

(2) Seven workdays after filing for independently established increased tariff matter.

(3) Upon filing for independently established new tariff matter, independently established reduced tariff matter, the addition or restoration of a carrier's participation in a tariff, a correction to the list of participating carriers

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in a tariff (other than the cancellation of a carrier's participation), an extension of the expiration date of tariff matter, or a postponement of the effective date of proposed tariff matter.

(c) *Receipt of tariffs by the Board.* The Board will receive tariff filings between the hours of 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. Eastern Time on workdays. Tariff filings delivered to the Board on other than a workday, or after 5:00 P.M. on a workday, will be considered as received the next workday.

(d) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this section:

Increased means any tariff change that results in higher charges to the payer of freight charges or reduced service at the same rate;

New means an initial rate or other provision for a new service;

Reduced means any tariff change that results in lower charges to the payer of freight charges or expanded service at the same rate; and

Workdays means all days except Saturdays, Sundays and all Federal holidays observed in the District of Columbia.

[62 FR 19058, Apr. 18, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 5195, Feb. 3, 1999]

§ 1312.7 STB tariff designation.

(a) *Format.* Every tariff shall show an authorized tariff designation consisting of:

(1) The characters "STB";

(2) The assigned alpha code of the carrier or agent issuing the tariff; and

(3)(i) The tariff number (selected by the carrier or agent) to distinguish that tariff from all other tariffs filed by the same issuing carrier or agent. Tariff numbers shall not exceed 5 numerical digits and may be followed by not more than 2 letter suffixes. Examples of tariff numbers are:

STB XXXX 100
STB XX 8000-A
STB XXXX 12345-AB

(ii) Suffixes may be used only to designate reissues of tariffs. As an example, a reissue of tariff 1000 could be designated 1000-A, a reissue of tariff 1000-A could be designated 1000-B, etc.

(b) *Alpha codes.* Alpha codes are assigned to carriers and tariff agents by

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the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc., 2200 Mill Road, Alexandria, VA 22314.

(c) *Fees for assignment.* Fees may be assessed for the assignment of codes, but may not exceed the processing costs.

(d) *Code listing.* A list of the assigned alphabetical codes, and the names of the carriers and agents to which they are assigned, as well as subsequent changes to the list, shall be submitted to the Board's Section of Tariffs.

§ 1312.8 Identification of tariff publication.

(a) Every tariff publication filed with the Board shall include:

- (1) The STB tariff designation;
- (2) The name of the issuing carrier or agent;
- (3) The name of the tariff; and
- (4) The issue and effective dates of the publication.

(b) If the publication contains matter effective on other than the general effective date, the notation (Except as Noted) shall be included with the general effective date.

§ 1312.9 Statement of tariff application and other title page requirements.

Every new or reissued tariff or supplement filed with the Board shall lead with a title page. The title page of each tariff or supplement shall include the expiration date of the tariff or supplement, if applicable. The title page of each tariff shall also provide the complete name and address of the issuing carrier or agent; a contact person and telephone number; the certificate or operating authority number, if applicable; and a succinct statement of territorial application, mode of serving carrier(s), type of rates, and description of tariff content. EXAMPLES:

(a) Local water carrier rates on FREIGHT, ALL KINDS from points in Alaska to points in the United States.

(b) Joint motor/water commodity rates in containerized service between interior points in the United States and ports in Puerto Rico and Hawaii; and governing rules.

§ 1312.10 Notification of tariff changes and nature of changes.

Every publication filed with the Board containing tariff changes shall clearly identify such changes and their nature (whether an increase or decrease in service, rates or transportation charges).

§ 1312.11 Special notification for ordered matter.

Every tariff publication containing matter filed in compliance with a Board decision or court order shall indicate in the publication the relevant decision or order, and as well the number of days' notice authorized or required.

§ 1312.12 Posting requirements.

(a) *General posting requirements.* (1) Each carrier shall maintain, at its principal office, a complete set of its tariffs (proposed and effective) and those to which it is a party.

(2) Each carrier shall also maintain some or all of its tariffs at other locations, as may be useful. Carriers shall provide information regarding all locations where tariffs may be viewed.

(3) At all points where tariffs are posted, they shall be made available for inspection by any person during the carrier's normal business hours. The tariffs shall be accessible and readable. The carrier shall also post, in a conspicuous place in those locations, a notice, in large print, which contains a statement that the tariffs are available for public inspection.

(4) At all other carrier business offices, the carrier shall display a notice advising the public of the location of the nearest available tariff. The notice shall be in large print and posted in a conspicuous place. In addition, the carrier shall, upon request, make particular tariffs available at that location as soon as possible but not later than within 20 days, or provide the sought information orally if satisfactory to the requestor.

(5) Any publication referred to in a tariff must be posted with that tariff.

(b) *Exception to the posting requirements.* If any tariff maintained pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section has not been used for a substantial

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length of time, the posting of that tariff, including its reissues, may be discontinued at that station until such time as a request is made to have it reposted. It shall then be reposted within 20 days.

§ 1312.13 Furnishing copies of tariff publications.

(a) *Definitions. Subscriber*, as used in this section, means any person (other than carrier participants in a tariff) that is voluntarily furnished, or that requests that it be furnished, one or more copies of a particular tariff with or without subsequent amendments or reissues of that tariff.

(b) *Sending new publications to subscribers.* (1) The publishing carrier or agent shall send each newly-issued tariff, supplement, or loose-leaf page as requested to each subscriber by first class mail, or other means requested in writing by the subscriber.

(2) Newly-issued tariffs, supplements, or loose-leaf pages shall be sent to each subscriber not later than the time the copies for official filing are sent to the Board.

(3) Carriers or agents may, if acceptable to a subscriber, furnish only specific portions of original tariffs and amendments affecting those portions.

(c) *Certification.* The letter of transmittal accompanying the copies filed with the Board shall contain the following certification:

I certify that compliance with 49 CFR 1312.13 has been made.

(d) *Charges.* (1) If any charge is made, the charge for copies of tariff publications sent to subscribers shall be reasonable, and identical for the same publications.

(2) No charge may be made (even for the cost of sending the publication) for any publication that is invalidated by the Board.

(e) *Notice of invalidation.* If a publication is invalidated, the subscribers shall be notified.

(f) *Alternative subscription services.* The service described in this section must be available to any subscriber requesting it; however, the requirement to offer such service does not preclude the offering of different services to subscribers requesting those services.

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§ 1312.14 Powers of attorney and concurrences.

(a) *Authorization.* Rates and services of a carrier must be filed in a tariff issued in that carrier's name unless they are filed:

(1) In an agent's tariff when the carrier has executed a power of attorney authorizing that individual or entity to serve as its tariff agent; or

(2) In a tariff of another carrier through issuance of a concurrence to the latter carrier authorizing the first carrier's participation in joint rates and through routes.

(b) *Disclosure of authorization.* If two or more carriers execute powers of attorney to the same agent, it is not necessary for those carriers to exchange concurrences to participate in joint rates in that agent's tariffs. Powers of attorney and concurrences are not to be filed with the Board, but shall be provided to any person on request.

§ 1312.15 Change of carrier or agent.

(a) *Change in carrier.* When a carrier's name is lawfully changed, or a fiduciary assumes possession and control of a carrier's property, all affected tariffs must be amended to reflect the change. The amendments required by this paragraph shall be filed promptly and, if possible, prior to their effective date, but in no case later than 60 days thereafter. Regardless of the date the tariff is actually filed, the effective date for an amendment required by this paragraph is the date the event occurs.

(b) *Change of agent.* When a new agent is appointed to take over an agency, or when an alternate agent assumes the duties of the principal agent, each of the superseded agent's effective tariffs shall immediately be amended to reflect the change, bearing an effective date the same as the date of the transfer. In the case of a new agent, this may only occur after one or more of the participating carriers issues a power of attorney to the new agent, and revokes the previous power of attorney. At the same time, all affected tariffs will be amended to reflect the new powers of attorney, and all carriers who have not issued them must be canceled from the tariff.

§ 1312.16 Substitution of service.

If a water or motor carrier (hereafter referred to as Carrier A) desires to have the option of substituting the services of a carrier of a different transportation mode (hereafter referred to as Carrier B) for part of its movement of a shipment, it may do so if:

(a) The shipment moves on the bill of lading that would be used if Carrier A were performing the service;

(b) Carrier A assumes the responsibility for the lading while it is in the possession of Carrier B; and

(c) Movement of the lading has been made prior to, or will be made subsequent to, the service performed by Carrier B.

PART 1313—RAILROAD CONTRACTS FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

Sec.

1313.1 Scope; definition of terms.

1313.2 Contract summary filing requirement.

1313.3 Board review; contract disapproval.

1313.4 Filing procedures and formats for contract summaries.

1313.5 Contract and contract summary availability.

1313.6 Contract summary for agricultural commodities.

1313.7 Contract summary for grain products—involving a port.

1313.8 Contract summary for grain products—not involving a port.

1313.9 Grounds for complaints and contract review.

1313.10 Procedures for complaints and discovery.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721(a) and 10709.

SOURCE: 61 FR 68669, Dec. 30, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1313.1 Scope; definition of terms.

(a) This part addresses the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 10709 that require rail carriers to file with the Board a summary of each contract for the transportation of agricultural products (including grain, as defined in 7 U.S.C. 75 and products thereof) and that allow complaints to be filed with the Board regarding such contracts.

(b) The provisions of this part do not apply to any transportation that is exempted from the Board's contract regu-

lation pursuant to an exemption issued under 49 U.S.C. 10502 or former 49 U.S.C. 10505 (repealed effective January 1, 1996).

(c) For purposes of this part, the term contract means an agreement, including any amendment thereto, entered into by one or more rail carriers and one or more purchasers of rail services to provide specified transportation of agricultural products (including grain, as defined in 7 U.S.C. 75 and products thereof) under specified rates and conditions. The term amendment includes contract modifications agreed to by the parties.

(d) An amended contract is treated as a new contract under this part. Remedies are revived and review is again available, upon complaint.

§ 1313.2 Contract summary filing requirement.

(a) Rail carriers subject to the jurisdiction of the Surface Transportation Board under 49 U.S.C. 10501 must promptly file with the Board a summary of each contract entered into for the transportation of agricultural products.

(b) Contract summaries not in compliance with this part may be rejected by the Board. If a contract summary is rejected, it will be considered as not filed, and the carrier must promptly file a corrected contract summary to replace the rejected summary.

§ 1313.3 Board review; contract disapproval.

(a) Board review. (1) No later than 30 days after a contract summary is filed, the Board may, on complaint, begin a proceeding to review such contract on the grounds described in § 1313.9.

(2) If the Board begins a proceeding, it shall determine, within 30 days after the proceeding is commenced, whether the contract is in violation of 49 U.S.C. 10709.

(b) Contract disapproval. If the Board finds that the contract is in violation of 49 U.S.C. 10709, it will:

(1) Disapprove the contract; or

(2) Where the Board finds unreasonable discrimination, in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 10709(g)(2)(B)(i), order the contracting carrier(s) to provide to the complainant(s) rates and service

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substantially similar to those contained in the contract at issue, with such differences in terms and conditions as are justified by the evidence.

(c) *Applicable rates/charges if a contract is disapproved.* If the Board disapproves a contract (or contract amendment), the appropriate non-contract rates/charges (or the contract provisions otherwise in effect) will be applicable.

§ 1313.4 Filing procedures and formats for contract summaries.

(a) *Filing of Summaries.* (1) Two copies of each contract summary, containing the applicable information specified in §§ 1313.6, 1313.7, or 1313.8, as appropriate, must be filed with the Board as soon as possible, but no longer than 7 days after the date of the contract (or contract amendment).

(2) The outside envelope or wrapper containing one or more contract summaries must be prominently marked "Rail Contract Summary" and addressed to: Tariffs Branch, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

(3) A transmittal letter identifying the submitted publication(s), and the name and telephone number of a contact person, must accompany each filing of one or more contract summaries. Each transmittal letter shall clearly indicate in the upper left-hand corner thereof:

(i) The assigned alpha code of the filing carrier;

(ii) The number of summaries transmitted;

(iii) The filing fee enclosed, the account number to be billed, or the credit card to be charged;

(iv) The transmittal number if the filer utilizes transmittal numbers; and

(v) If the filing fee is charged to a credit card, the information must include the credit card number and expiration date, and an authorized signature.

(b) *Contract summary title page.* The title page of each contract summary must contain only the following information:

(1) In the upper right corner, the contract summary number (see paragraph (c) of this section), followed by the

amendment number if an amended contract summary.

(2) In the center of the page, the filing carrier's name, followed by the words "CONTRACT SUMMARY" or "AMENDED CONTRACT SUMMARY", as applicable, in large print.

(3) Date of contract and its effective date.

(4) In the center lower portion, the individual submitting the filing, and the name of the individual(s) for service of complaints (if not the same individual). If not otherwise noted, a complainant may rely on service to the individual submitting the filing.

(c) *Contract summary numbering system.* (1) The contract summary identification number must include the word "STB," the standard carrier alphabetic code for the filing railroad (limited to four letters), the letter "C," and a sequential number, with each separated by a hyphen. The following is an example: the 357th contract summary filed by the Conrail would have the following identification number: "STB-CR-C-357."

(2) At its option, the carrier may issue contract summaries with non-consecutive numbers if it assigns blocks of numbers for specific uses. An index to the blocks of reserved numbers shall be filed with the Board.

(d) *Format requirements for contract summary information.* (1) The contract summary must enumerate and have each item required in §§ 1313.6, 1313.7 or 1313.8 of this part, as applicable, completed. When the item does not pertain to the contract, the term "Not Applicable" ("NA") shall be used.

(2) Changes in prior contract summaries must be underscored and must be followed by the words "addition," "deletion," "extension," "cancellation," or other appropriate descriptive phrase in parentheses. If the change to the contract is only in confidential matter, a statement to that effect must be made in the amended contract summary and must indicate the particular feature to which the change applies (i.e., rate, special feature, etc.). If "not applicable" is permitted in the original summary under §§ 1313.6 through 1313.8 of this part, the amended summary may use "not applicable"

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with a notation that a change pertained only to confidential data.

(3) Amended contract summaries may not substitute phrases such as "not applicable" or "no change" where disclosure was required in the original contract summary (such as in the commodity description); amended contract summaries must set forth all required non-confidential terms in the contract, whether amended or not.

§ 1313.5 Contract and contract summary availability.

(a)(1) A contract summary filed under these rules shall be made available for public inspection in the Tariffs Branch of the Surface Transportation Board.

(2) A contract summary filed under these rules also shall be made available to the carrier(s) participating in the contract, upon reasonable request.

(b) Where not already required by § 1313.10(a)(5) of this part, the contract for which a summary is filed under these rules shall be provided immediately to the Board, upon request, for its use in carrying out its functions under the statute.

§ 1313.6 Contract summary for agricultural commodities.

(a) *Summary information.* The summary of a contract for the transportation of agricultural commodities must contain the following information:

(1) *Carrier names.* A list, alphabetically arranged, of the corporate names of all carriers that are parties to the contract, and their addresses for service of complaints.

(2) *Specific commodity.* The specific commodity or commodities to be transported under the contract. Vague commodity descriptions such as "grain" are not permitted, even if that is the commodity description in the contract.

(3) *Shipper identity.* The specific identity of the shipper party to the contract, as well as any other party or parties on whose behalf that shipper is acting (to the extent known).

(4) *Specific origins, destinations, transit points, and other shipper facilities.* (i) Each specific origin and destination point to and from which the contract

applies. Vague descriptions such as "various points in Kansas" are not acceptable. Broad geographic descriptions such as "all stations in Kansas" are permitted only to the extent such terms are actually used in the contract and such origins and destinations are subject to specific identification by reference to available publications.

(ii) Each port involved.

(iii) Each transit point identified in the contract.

(iv) Each shipper facility affecting performance under the contract (if not included in the origin/destination points or transit points), to the extent identified in the contract or known to the contracting parties.

(5) *Contract duration.* (i) The date on which the contract has or will become applicable to the transportation services covered by the contract.

(ii) The termination date of the contract, and any terms for automatic extension or renewal of the contract.

(iii) Any provisions for optional extension.

(6) *Rail car data.* (i) Either the information in paragraph (a)(6)(A) of this section or the certified statement in paragraph (a)(6)(B) of this section as follows:

(A) The number of dedicated cars (or, at the carrier's option, car days), by major car type, to be used to fulfill the contract or contract options, including those that are:

(1) Available and owned by the carrier(s) listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section;

(2) Available and leased by those carrier(s), with average number of bad-order cars identified; and

(3) (Optional) On order (for ownership or lease), along with delivery dates.

(B) A certified statement that:

(1) The shipper will furnish the rail cars used for the transportation provided under the contract, and that those rail cars will not be leased from the carrier; or

(2) The contract is restricted to services which do not entail car supply.

(ii) For contract summaries filed on or before September 30, 1998, a certified statement that the cumulative equipment total for all contracts for the transportation of agricultural commodities (including forest products,

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but not including wood pulp, wood chips, pulpwood or paper) does not exceed 40 percent of the capacity of carrier-owned and -leased cars by applicable car type.

(7) *Rates and charges.* (i) The specific base rates and/or charges that would apply without the contract.

(ii) A summary of any escalation provisions in the contract.

(8) *Volume.* All volume, car and/or train size requirements, as set forth in the contract, including:

(i) Movement type (single-car, multiple-car, unit-train).

(ii) Minimum and actual volume requirements under the contract, by applicable period(s) (annual, quarterly, etc.).

(iii) Volume breakpoints affecting the contract.

(9) *Special features.* The existence (but not the terms or amount) of any special features, such as transit-time commitments, credit terms, discounts, switching, special demurrage, guaranteed or minimum percentages, etc.

(b) *Supplemental information.* In the event a complaint is filed that is directed at a carrier's ability to fulfill its common carrier obligation with carrier-furnished cars, the carrier(s) shall immediately supplement the information contained in the contract summary by submitting to the Board, and supplying to the complainant, additional data on the cars used to fulfill the challenged contract. This additional data shall include (by major car type used to fulfill the contract):

- (1) Total bad-car orders;
- (2) Assigned car obligations; and
- (3) Free-running cars.

§ 1313.7 Contract summary for grain products—involving a port.

(a) *Summary information.* The summary of a contract for the transportation of grain products that involves service to or from a port must contain the following information:

(1) *Carrier names.* A list, alphabetically arranged, of the corporate names of all carriers that are parties to the contract, and their addresses for service of complaints.

(2) *Specific commodity.* The specific commodities to be transported under the contract. Broad commodity de-

scriptions such as "grain products" are permitted only to the extent that is the commodity description in the contract.

(3) *Contract duration.* (i) The date on which the contract has or will become applicable to the transportation services covered by the contract.

(ii) The termination date of the contract, and any terms for automatic extension or renewal of the contract.

(4) *Rates and charges.* (i) The specific base rates and/or charges that would apply without the contract.

(ii) The existence (but not the terms or amount) of any escalation provisions.

(5) *Volumes.* The existence (but not the terms or amount) of any provisions regarding movement type (e.g. single-car, multiple-car, unit-train) or minimum volume requirements.

(6) *Special features.* The existence (but not the terms or amount) of special features such as transit time commitments, guaranteed car supply, minimum percentage of traffic requirements, credit terms, discounts, etc.

(7) *Rail car data.* Either the information in paragraph (a)(7)(i) of this section or the certified statement in paragraph (a)(7)(ii) of this section as follows:

(i) The number of dedicated cars (or, at the carrier's option, car days), by major car type, to be used to fulfill the contract or contract options, including those that are:

(A) Available and owned by the carrier(s) listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section;

(B) Available and leased by those carrier(s), with average number of bad-order cars identified; and

(C) (Optional) On order (for ownership or lease), along with delivery dates.

(ii) A certified statement that:

(A) The shipper will furnish the rail cars used for the transportation provided under the contract, and that those rail cars will not be leased from the carrier; or

(B) The contract is restricted to services which do not entail car supply.

(8) *Ports.* (i) The port(s) involved.

(ii) Either the mileages (rounded to the nearest 50 miles) between the port and each inland origin or destination,

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or the specific inland origin and destination points.

(b) *Supplemental information.* In the event a complaint is filed that is directed at a carrier's ability to fulfill its common carrier obligation with carrier-furnished cars, the carrier(s) shall immediately supplement the information contained in the contract summary by submitting to the Board, and supplying to the complainant, additional data on the cars used to fulfill the challenged contract. This additional data shall include (by major car type used to fulfill the contract):

- (1) Total bad-car orders;
- (2) Assigned car obligations; and
- (3) Free-running cars.

§ 1313.8 Contract summary for grain products—not involving a port.

(a) *Summary information.* The summary of a contract for the transportation of grain products that does not involve service to or from a port must contain the information specified in § 1313.7, paragraphs (a)(1), (2), (3) and (7). It must also contain the information specified in § 1313.7(a)(6) if the contract contains such terms.

(b) *Supplemental information.* In the event a complaint is filed that is directed at a carrier's ability to fulfill its common carrier obligation with carrier-furnished cars, the carrier(s) shall immediately supplement the information contained in the contract summary by submitting to the Board, and supplying to the complainant, additional data specified in § 1313.7(b).

§ 1313.9 Grounds for complaints and contract review.

(a) A complaint may be filed against a contract covered by this part:

(1) By any shipper on the ground that such shipper individually will be harmed because the contract unduly impairs the ability of the contracting rail carrier or carriers to meet their common carrier obligations to the complainant under 49 U.S.C. 11101;

(2) By a port on the ground that such port individually will be harmed because the contract will result in unreasonable discrimination against such port; and

(3) By a shipper of agricultural commodities on the ground that such ship-

per individually will be harmed because:

(i) The rail carrier has unreasonably discriminated by refusing to enter into a contract with such shipper for rates and services for the transportation of the same type of commodity under similar conditions to the contract at issue, and that such shipper was ready, willing, and able to enter into such a contract at a time essentially contemporaneous with the period during which the contract at issue was offered; or

(ii) The contract constitutes a destructive competitive practice.

(b) *Unreasonable discrimination,* for purposes of paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section, has the same meaning as the term has under 49 U.S.C. 10741.

§ 1313.10 Procedures for complaints and discovery.

(a) *Complaints, discovery petitions, replies, and appeals—(1) Initial filing.* Complaints must be filed by the 18th day after the contract summary is filed. Any discovery petition must accompany the complaint.

(2) *Complaint.* A complaint must contain the correct, unabbreviated names and addresses of the complainant(s) and defendant(s). The complainant must set out the statutory provisions under which it has standing to file a complaint, and its reasons for requesting that the Board find the challenged contract unlawful.

(3) *Discovery petition.* A discovery petition must note on the front page "Petition for Discovery of Rail Contract" and note the contract (and any applicable amendment) number. It should provide the following information:

(i) *Standing—grounds.* The ground upon which the petitioner's complaint is based under § 1313.9.

(ii) *Standing—affected party.* Pertinent information regarding the petitioner's actual or potential participation in the relevant market, including:

(A) The nature and volume of petitioner's relevant business.

(B) The relevant commodities that petitioner ships or receives.

(C) Comparisons of the petitioner's commodities, locations of shipping facilities and serving carriers, actual or

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potential traffic patterns and serving carrier(s), with the traffic patterns and serving carrier(s) identified in the contract summary. State whether petitioner is a consignor or consignee.

(D) The petitioner's ability to ship the commodity in question at a time generally simultaneous with the challenged contract.

(E) The potential effect of the contract on the petitioner's relevant business.

(F) Any additional supporting information, including prior negotiations, if any.

(iii) *Relevance.* The relevance of the information sought to the petitioner's challenge to the contract.

(iv) *Nexus.* Where the complaint challenges a carrier's ability to perform its common carrier obligation, the nexus between the information sought and the common carrier obligation of the contracting carrier(s).

(4) *Service of pleadings.* The complainant must certify that 2 copies of the complaint, and discovery petition if filed, have been sent to the contracting carrier(s) either by hand, express mail, or other overnight delivery service the same day as filed at the Board. The contracting carrier shall in turn serve the contracting shipper with a copy of the complaint and petition. Replies shall be served in the same manner on complainant/petitioner.

(5) *Submission of contract.* Immediately upon the filing of a complaint, the rail carrier filing the contract summary shall forward to the Board, by hand, express mail, or other overnight delivery service, the subject contract or amended contract.

(6) *Replies.* Replies to the complaint/petition are due within 5 days from the date of filing of the complaint/petition, and in no event later than noon on the 23rd day following filing of the contract summary.

(7) *Copies.* An original and 10 copies of complaints, petitions and replies must be filed with the Board in a package marked "Confidential Rail Contract Material".

(8) *Discovery appeals.* If action on a petition for discovery is taken under delegated authority, that action may be appealed to the Board, subject to the following:

(i) An appeal must be received within 2 days of the initial decision, but in no event later than the 28th day after the contract summary is filed.

(ii) The appeal must be marked "Appeal of Delegated Authority Action Regarding Rail Contract Discovery".

(iii) Telegraphic notice or its equivalent must be given to the opposing parties.

(iv) Replies to the appeal must be filed within one day after the appeal is filed.

(v) An original and 10 copies of appeals and replies must be filed with the Board.

(9) *Furnishing of information.* If discovery is granted, the carrier must furnish the required information to the petitioner by the 1st working day after the Board issues its decision.

(b) *Informal discovery.* (1) Prior to filing a petition for formal discovery under paragraph (a) of this section, a petitioner may request discovery from the carrier.

(2) The carrier must promptly grant or deny the request.

(3) Agreements between carriers and shippers for informal discovery are permitted under these rules.

(c) *Confidentiality.* If confidential contract data are filed with the Board in a pleading, the party filing these data should submit them as a separate package, clearly marked on the outside "Confidential Material Subject to Protective Order." The order in paragraph (d) of this section applies to the parties specified in the order who receive confidential information through proceedings before the Board or through informal discovery.

(d) *Protective order.* Petitioner and carriers, and their duly authorized agents, shall limit to the contract complaint proceeding the use of contract information or other confidential commercial information which may be revealed in the contract, the complaint, reply, or in any other pleading relating to the contract. This restriction shall be a condition to release of any contract term to a petitioner/complainant and shall operate similarly on a carrier

in possession of confidential information which may be contained in a complaint, petition for discovery, or request for informal disclosure. Any information pertaining to parties to the contract or subject to the contract (including consignors, consignees and carriers), or pertaining to the terms of the contract, or relating to the petitioner's/complainant's confidential commercial information, must be kept confidential. Neither the information nor the existence of the information shall be disclosed to third parties, except for: consultants or agents who agree, in writing, to be bound by this regulation; information which is publicly available; information which, after receipt, becomes publicly available through no fault of the party seeking to disclose the information after it has become publicly available, or is acquired from a third party free of any restriction as to its disclosure. The petitioner/complainant or carrier must take all necessary steps to assure that the information will be kept confidential by its employees and agents. No copies of the contract terms or other confidential information are to be retained by the parties not originally privy to the data subsequent to the termination of the proceeding.

(e) *Contract review proceeding.* If the Board institutes a proceeding to review the contract, the complainant's case-in-chief is due 9 days after the institution of the proceeding, but no later than 39 days after the filing of the contract summary. Replies are due 16 days after the institution of the proceeding, but no later than 46 days after the filing of the contract summary.

PART 1319—EXEMPTIONS

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721(a) and 13541.

SOURCE: 62 FR 9110, Feb. 28, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1319.1 Exemption of freight forwarders in the noncontiguous domestic trade from tariff filing requirements.

Freight forwarders subject to the Board's jurisdiction under 49 U.S.C. 13531 are exempted from the tariff filing requirements of 49 U.S.C. 13702.

PARTS 1320–1324 [RESERVED]

PART 1325—EXTENSION OF CREDIT TO CANDIDATES FOR FEDERAL OFFICE OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVES

Sec.

1325.1 Extension of unsecured credit prohibited.

1325.2 Credit agreements.

1325.3 Federal office.

AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 92-225, the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, enacted Feb. 7, 1972.

SOURCE: 37 FR 10446, May 23, 1972, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1325.1 Extension of unsecured credit prohibited.

Persons subject to regulation by the Surface Transportation Board shall not knowingly and willfully provide, for candidates for Federal office or their representatives, service or goods related to their campaign without obtaining either prepayment or a binding guarantee of payment through a sufficient deposit, bond, collateral, or other means of security. The extension of credit to such persons shall not exceed the amount of the security posted.

§ 1325.2 Credit agreements.

(a) All agreements to extend credit to candidates for Federal office or their representatives by persons subject to regulation by the Surface Transportation Board (1) must be in writing, (2) must contain a detailed description of the deposit, bond, collateral, or other means of security, used to secure payment of the debt, and (3) must be signed by all parties to the agreement. A copy of each such agreement must be filed with this Board's Bureau of Operations in Washington, DC, within 20 days of the date of its execution.

(b) [Reserved]

§ 1325.3 Federal office.

For the purposes of this section, *Federal office* means the office of President or Vice President of the United States; or of Senator or Representative in, or Delegate or Resident Board Member to, the Congress of the United States.

**PART 1331—APPLICATIONS UNDER
49 U.S.C. 10706 AND 13703**

Sec.

- 1331.1 Form and content of application.
1331.2 Required exhibits.
1331.3 Procedure.
1331.4 New parties to an agreement.
1331.5 Additional standards for retaining antitrust immunity by passenger bus industry rate bureaus.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 721, 10706 and 13703.

SOURCE: 55 FR 11206, Mar. 27, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1331.1 Form and content of application.

The application and supporting exhibits shall conform to 49 CFR part 1104 and shall show, in the order and with the paragraph designations indicated, the following:

- (a) Full name and business address of the carrier applicant(s); whether each applicant is a corporation, individual, or partnership; if a corporation, the State of incorporation; and if a partnership, the names of the partners and date of the partnership's formation.
- (b) Full name and business address of each entity on whose behalf the application is filed and whether it is a corporation, individual, or partnership.
- (c) Whether applicant and each entity on whose behalf the application is filed is a rail, motor, or water carrier, a household goods freight forwarder, or express, sleeping-car, or pipeline company.
- (d) If the agreement of which approval is sought pertains to a conference, bureau, committee, or other organization, a complete description of such organization, including any subunits, and of its or their functions and methods of operation, together with a description of the territorial scope of such operations, and a complete description of any working or other arrangement or relationship that such organization has with any other organization. If the agreement is of any other character, a precise statement of its nature and scope and the mode of procedure thereunder.
- (e) The facts and circumstances relied upon to establish that the agreement will promote the national transportation policy at 49 U.S.C. 10101.

- (f) The name, title, and address of the person to whom correspondence is to be sent.

§ 1331.2 Required exhibits.

There shall be filed with and made a part of each original application, and each copy, the following exhibits:

- (a) As Exhibit 1, a true copy of the agreement.
- (b) If the agreement pertains to a conference, bureau, committee, or other organization:
- (1) As Exhibit 2, a copy of the constitution, bylaws, or other documents or writings specifying the organization's powers, duties, and procedures, unless incorporated in the agreement filed as Exhibit 1;
- (2) As Exhibit 3, an organization chart; and
- (3) As Exhibit 4, a schedule of its charges to members or a statement showing how the expenses are divided among the members.
- (c) As Exhibit 5, opinion of counsel that the application meets the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 10706, with specific reference to any specially pertinent provisions of articles of incorporation or association.

§ 1331.3 Procedure.

- (a) Applicant shall serve a copy of the application by first class mail upon the regulatory body having jurisdiction over rates, fares, or charges of each State or territory covered by the agreement, and the original application filed with the Board shall include a certificate naming the bodies upon whom the application has been served.
- (b) The Board will publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice that an application has been filed under these rules and indicating how a hearing on the application may be obtained.
- (c) A protest to an application should conform to 49 CFR part 1104.
- (d) The Board's general rules of practice govern procedural matters not specifically covered by these rules.

§ 1331.4 New parties to an agreement.

Where a carrier becomes a party to an agreement which has been approved by the Board, such approval will extend to such carrier upon the filing with the Board by the carrier or its authorized

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agent of a verified statement that it has become a party to the agreement, which statement shall show the information prescribed at §1331.1(b). Such carrier may provide transportation under joint rates or over through routes, but may not otherwise act with carriers of a different class (as defined at 49. U.S.C. 10706(d)).

§ 1331.5 Additional standards for retaining antitrust immunity by passenger bus industry rate bureaus.

(a) Rate bureaus must comply with the terms of their agreements, as approved by the Board. Failure to do so will result in lack of immunity for that activity.

(b) The bureaus are required to maintain detailed minutes of all meetings where immunized matters are discussed. The bureaus will be subject to withdrawal of their immunity for serious continuing violations of Board standards, and individual tariff publications will be subject to rejection, suspension, or investigation for improprieties in the rate bureau process.

(c) Absent Board approval, no other changes may be made in any approved agreement.

(d) For the purposes of the statute, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) A *general increase* is a proposed general adjustment of substantially all the rates published in a rate bureau's tariff(s).

(2) A *broad change in tariff structure* modifies in a relatively non-uniform fashion the relationship between most rates published in a rate bureau's tariff, and applies to a large area, either nationally or regionally.

(3) An *innovative fare* will be determined on a case-by-case basis; the Board will, on request, issue opinions on whether particular rate proposals may be regarded as innovative. Two examples of an innovative fare are:

(i) A fare for unlimited passenger travel; and

(ii) An experimental fare providing for transportation at the passenger's option over the line of one or more carriers.

(4) A *promotional fare* generally has three characteristics:

(i) Limited duration;

(ii) Attractive price or level of service quality; and

(iii) Some added feature in addition to those normally offered.

PART 1332—FILING CONTRACTS FOR SURFACE MAIL TRANSPORTATION

Sec.

1332.1 Applicability.

1332.2 Availability of contracts.

1332.3 Manner of submitting contracts.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 5005(b)(3), 84 Stat. 767, 39 U.S.C. 5005.

§ 1332.1 Applicability.

The provisions of this part shall apply to copies of all contracts or agreements entered into by the U.S. Postal Service with any common carrier by rail or motor vehicle (including passenger-carrying vehicle), or freight forwarder, express company, or other person, for the surface transportation of mail as authorized by Chapters 50 and 52 of Title 39, United States Code, as revised and reenacted by the Postal Reorganization Act, 84 Stat. 719, 39 U.S.C. 5001 and 5201.

[36 FR 6426, Apr. 3, 1971]

§ 1332.2 Availability of contracts.

Upon request from any member of the public to inspect a contract(s) or agreement(s) described in §1332.1, at any time between the effective date of such contract(s) or agreement(s) and 15 days prior thereto, the Board will obtain the requested contract(s) or agreement(s) from the U.S. Postal Service and make it (them) available for inspection.

[57 FR 23539, June 4, 1992]

§ 1332.3 Manner of submitting contracts.

The U.S. Postal Service will submit to the Board, upon request, a copy of the requested contract(s) or agreement(s). Such contract(s) or agreement(s) will be submitted by facsimile transmission or messenger service where feasible, and, where such services are not feasible, by the fastest available mail service.

[57 FR 23539, June 4, 1992]

CHAPTER XI—BUREAU OF TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS, DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBCHAPTER A [RESERVED]

SUBCHAPTER B—REPORTS

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SUBCHAPTER A [RESERVED] SUBCHAPTER B—REPORTS

PART 1420—REPORTS OF MOTOR CARRIERS

Sec.

- 1420.1 Annual reports of motor carriers of property, motor carriers of household goods, and dual property carriers.
- 1420.2 Classification of carriers—motor carriers of property, household goods carriers, and dual property carriers.
- 1420.3 Classification of carriers—motor carriers of passengers.
- 1420.4 Annual and quarterly reports of Class I carriers of passengers.
- 1420.5 Records.
- 1420.6 Address.
- 1420.8 Requests for exemptions from filing.
- 1420.9 Requests for exemptions from public release.
- 1420.10 Public release of motor carrier of property data.
- 1420.11 Quarterly reports of passenger revenues, expenses, and statistics.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 14123.

§ 1420.1 Annual reports of motor carriers of property, motor carriers of household goods, and dual property carriers.

(a) *Annual Report Form M.* All class I and class II common and contract carriers of property, including household goods and dual property motor carriers, must file Motor Carrier Annual Report Form M (Form M). Carriers must file the annual report on or before March 31 of the year following the year to which it relates. For classification criteria, see § 1420.2.

(b) *Quarterly Report Form QFR.* All class I common motor carriers of property and class I household goods motor carriers must file Motor Carrier Quarterly Report Form QFR (Form QFR). The quarterly accounting periods end on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31. The quarterly reports must be filed within 30 calendar days after the end of the reporting quarter.

(c) *Where to file reports.* Carriers must file the quarterly and annual reports with the Bureau of Transportation Statistics at the address in § 1420.6. You can obtain blank copies of the report

forms from the Bureau of Transportation Statistics.

[64 FR 13921, Mar. 23, 1999]

§ 1420.2 Classification of carriers—motor carriers of property, household goods carriers, and dual property carriers.

(a) Common and contract motor carriers of property are grouped into the following three classes:

Class I. Carriers having annual carrier operating revenues (including interstate and intrastate) of \$10 million or more after applying the revenue deflator formula in Note A.

Class II. Carriers having annual carrier operating revenues (including interstate and intrastate) of at least \$3 million but less than \$10 million after applying the revenue deflator formula in Note A.

Class III. Carriers having annual carrier operating revenues (including interstate and intrastate) of less than \$3 million after applying the revenue deflator formula in Note A.

(b)(1) The class to which any carrier belongs shall be determined by annual carrier operating revenues (excluding revenues from private carriage, compensated intercorporate hauling, and leasing vehicles with drivers to private carriers) after applying the revenue deflator formula in Note A. Upward and downward classification will be effective as of January 1 of the year immediately following the third consecutive year of revenue qualification.

(2) Any carrier which begins new operations by obtaining operating authority not previously held or extends its existing authority by obtaining additional operating rights shall be classified in accordance with a reasonable estimate of its annual carrier operating revenues after applying the revenue deflator formula shown in Note A.

(3) When a business combination occurs such as a merger, reorganization, or consolidation, the surviving carrier shall be reclassified effective as of January 1 of the next calendar year on the basis of the combined revenues for the

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year when the combination occurred after applying the revenue deflator formula shown in Note A.

(4) Carriers must notify the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) of any change in classification or any change in annual operating revenues that would cause a change in classification. The carrier may request a waiver or an exception from these regulations in unusual or extenuating circumstances, where the classification process will unduly burden the carrier, such as partial liquidation or curtailment or elimination of contracted services. The request must be in writing, specifying the conditions justifying the waiver or exception.

fyng the waiver or exception. BTS will notify the carriers of any change in classification.

(5) Carriers not required to file an Annual Report Form M may be required to file the Worksheet for Calculating Carrier Classification. All carriers will be notified of any classification changes.

NOTE A: Each carrier's operating revenues will be deflated annually using the Producers Price Index (PPI) of Finished Goods before comparing those revenues with the dollar revenue limits prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section. The PPI is published monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The formula to be applied is as follows:

Current year's annual operating revenues x (1994 average PPI / Current year's average PPI) = Adjusted annual operating revenues

[52 FR 10383, Apr. 1, 1987, as amended at 59 FR 5111, Feb. 3, 1994; 59 FR 49848, Sept. 30, 1994. Redesignated at 63 FR 52193, Sept. 30, 1998, and amended at 64 FR 13921, 13922, Mar. 23, 1999; 68 FR 4719, Jan. 30, 2003]

§ 1420.3 Classification of carriers—motor carriers of passengers.

(a) Common and contract carriers of passengers are grouped into the following two classes:

Class I—Carriers having average annual gross transportation operating revenues (including interstate and intrastate) of \$5 million or more from passenger motor carrier operations after applying the revenue deflator formula as shown in the Note.

Class II—Carriers having average annual gross transportation operating revenues (including interstate or intrastate) of less than \$5 million from passenger motor carrier operations after applying the revenue deflator formula as shown in the Note.

(b)(1) The class to which any carrier belongs shall be determined by annual carrier operating revenues after applying the revenue deflator formula as shown in the Note. Upward and downward reclassification will be effective as of January 1 of the year immediately following the third consecutive year of revenue qualification.

(2) Any carrier which begins new operations (obtains operating authority not previously held) or extends its existing authority (obtains additional operating rights) shall be classified in accordance with a reasonable estimate of its annual carrier operating revenues after applying the revenue deflator formula shown in the Note.

(3) When a business combination occurs, such as a merger, reorganization, or consolidation, the surviving carrier shall be reclassified effective as of January 1 of the next calendar year on the basis of the combined revenues for the year when the combination occurred after applying the revenue deflator formula shown in the Note.

(4) Carriers shall notify the BTS of any change in classification or when their annual operating revenues exceed the Class II limit by writing to the Bureau of Transportation Statistic at the address in §1420.6. In unusual circumstances where the classification regulations and reporting requirements will unduly burden the carrier, the carrier may request from the BTS a waiver from these regulations. This request shall be in writing specifying the conditions justifying the waiver. The BTS then shall notify carriers of any change in classification or reporting requirements.

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(c) For classification purposes, the BTS shall publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER annually an index number which shall be used for adjusting gross annual operating revenues. The index number (deflator) is based on the Producer Price Index of Finished Goods and is used to eliminate the effects of inflation from the classification process.

NOTE: Each carrier's operating revenues will be deflated annually using the Producers Price Index (PPI) of Finished Goods before comparing them with the dollar revenue limits prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section. The PPI is published monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The formula to be applied is as follows:

$$\text{Current year's annual operating revenues} \times \frac{\text{1986 average PPI}}{\text{Current year's average PPI}} = \text{Adjusted annual operating revenues}$$

[53 FR 4029, Feb. 11, 1988. Redesignated at 63 FR 52193, Sept. 30, 1998, and amended at 68 FR 4719, Jan. 30, 2003]

§ 1420.4 Annual and quarterly reports of Class I carriers of passengers.

(a) All Class I motor carriers of passengers shall complete and file Motor Carrier Quarterly and Annual Report Form MP-1 for Motor Carriers of Passengers (Form MP-1). Other than Class I carriers are not required to file Form MP-1.

(b) Motor Carrier Quarterly and Annual Report Form MP-1 shall be used to file both quarterly and annual selected motor carrier data. The annual accounting period shall be based either (1) on the 31st day of December in each year, or (2) an accounting year of thirteen 4-week periods ending at the close of the last 7 days of each calendar year. A carrier electing to adopt an accounting year of thirteen 4-week periods shall file with the BTS a statement showing the day on which its accounting year will close. A subsequent change in the accounting period may not be made except by authority of the BTS. The quarterly accounting period shall end on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31. The quarterly report shall be filed within 30 days after the end of the reporting quarter. The annual report shall be filed on or before March 31 of the year following the year to which it relates.

(c) The quarterly and annual report shall be filed in duplicate to the Bureau of Transportation Statistics at

the address in §1420.6. Copies of Form MP-1 may be obtained from the BTS.

[52 FR 20400, June 1, 1987. Redesignated at 63 FR 52193, Sept. 30, 1998, as amended at 68 FR 4719, Jan. 30, 2003]

§ 1420.5 Records.

Books, records and carrier operating documents shall be retained as prescribed in 49 CFR part 1220, Preservation of Records.

[52 FR 10383, Apr. 1, 1987. Redesignated at 63 FR 52193, Sept. 30, 1998]

§ 1420.6 Address.

The following address must be used by motor carriers when submitting a report, requesting an exemption from filing a report, or requesting an exemption from public release of a report: Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation, K-13, 400 Seventh St., SW., Washington, DC 20590. This address may also be used for general correspondence regarding the data collection program described in this section.

[64 FR 13923, Mar. 23, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 4719, Jan. 30, 2003]

§ 1420.8 Requests for exemptions from filing.

(a) *In General.* This section governs requests for exemptions from filing of reports required under §1420.1.

(b) *Criteria.* The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) may grant a request upon a proper showing that the exemption is necessary to preserve confidential business information that is

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not otherwise publicly available. Information is considered to be confidential when:

(1) Disclosure of the information in the carrier's report would be likely to cause substantial harm to the carrier's competitive position; or

(2) Disclosure of information in the report would be likely to impair protectable government interests.

(c) *Contents of a request.* The contents of a request for an exemption from filing must contain, at a minimum, the

contents that are required for a request for an exemption from public release contained in §1420.9(c). A carrier's request may include any other grounds as to why the request should be granted.

(d) *When requests are due.* The timing of a request for an exemption from filing is the same as the timing for a request for an exemption from public release contained in §1420.9(d). The table below summarizes report and request due dates.

Report	Report due by	Request due by
Annual Form M	March 31	March 31
First Quarter Form QFR	April 30	March 31
Second Quarter Form QFR	July 31	March 31
Third Quarter Form QFR	October 31	March 31
Fourth Quarter Form QFR	January 31	March 31

(e) *Decision to grant or deny a request.*

(1) A request will be denied if it fails to provide all of the supporting information required in paragraph (c) of this section or if the supporting information is insufficient to establish that information in the carrier's report meets the criteria in paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) BTS will grant or deny each request within a reasonable period of time. BTS will notify the carrier of its decision. The decision by BTS shall be administratively final.

(f) *Pendency.* While a request is pending, the carrier is required to submit any reports required under §1420.1.

(g) *Period of exemptions.* If a request for an exemption under this section is granted, the carrier will be exempt from the reporting requirements of §1420.1 for a period of three reporting years.

(h) *Modification of a decision to grant a request.* If a request is granted it remains in effect in accordance with its terms, unless modified by a later finding that the decision was clearly erroneous. If BTS believes such a finding should be made, BTS will notify the requesting carrier in writing of the reasons for the modification. The carrier may seek reconsideration of the modification.

[64 FR 13922, Mar. 23, 1999]

§ 1420.9 Requests for exemptions from public release.

(a) *In General.* This section governs requests for exemptions from public release of reports filed under §1420.1.

(b) *Criteria.* The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) will grant a request upon a proper showing that the carrier is not a publicly held corporation or that the carrier is not subject to financial reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and that the exemption is necessary to avoid competitive harm and to avoid the disclosure of information that qualifies as trade secret or privileged or confidential information under 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4). Information is considered to be confidential when:

(1) Disclosure of the information in the carrier's report would be likely to cause substantial harm to the carrier's competitive position; or

(2) Disclosure of information in the report would be likely to impair protectable government interests.

(c) *Contents of a request.* A request for an exemption from public release must contain information supporting the claim. While the supporting information may contain opinions, the request must consist of objective data to the extent possible. General or nonspecific assertions or analysis will be insufficient to support a request if BTS is unable to find that the criteria are met.

The supporting information must show:

(1) That the information claimed to be confidential is a trade secret, or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential.

(2) Measures taken by the carrier to ensure that the information has not been disclosed or otherwise made available to any person, company, or organization other than the carrier.

(3) Insofar as is known by the carrier, the extent to which the information has been disclosed, or otherwise become available, to persons other than the carrier, and why such disclosure or availability does not compromise the confidential nature of the information.

(4) If the carrier asserts that disclosure would be likely to result in substantial competitive harm, what the harmful effects of disclosure would be, why the effects should be viewed as substantial, and the causal relationship between the effects and disclosure.

(5) If the carrier asserts that disclosure would be likely to impair protectable government interests, what the effects of disclosure are likely to be and why disclosure is likely to impair such interests.

(d) *When requests are due.*

(1) Requests for an exemption under this section may be made at any time during the year. However, a request will be deemed applicable to only those reports due on or after the date the request is received. Requests received after a report's due date will only be considered for the following year's report.

(2) A request will be deemed received on the date the request is physically received or, if it is sent by mail, on the date it is postmarked.

(3) BTS will only allow a late request if there are extenuating circumstances

and the carrier gives adequate notice within a reasonable time of the extenuating circumstances.

(4) A carrier submitting a request relating to the annual report can also request that it cover the quarterly reports for the upcoming year. In this case BTS will decide both requests at the same time. Requests covering the quarterly reports must be received by the due date of the annual report which relates to the prior year. The table in paragraph (e) of this section summarizes report, request, and decision due dates.

(e) *Decision to grant or deny a request.*

(1) After each due date of each annual report specified in §1420.1, BTS will publish a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER requesting comments on any requests received under this section that are valid and pending.

(2) A request will be granted only if it provides all of the supporting information required in paragraph (c) of this section and if the supporting information is sufficient to establish that information in the carrier's report meets the criteria in paragraph (b) of this section.

(3) If the carrier fails to comply with the timing requirements of paragraph (d) of this section, the claim for confidentiality will be waived unless BTS is notified of extenuating circumstances before the information is disclosed to the public and BTS finds that the extenuating circumstances warrant consideration of the claim.

(4) BTS will grant or deny each request no later than 90 days after the request's due date as defined in paragraph (d) of this section. The decision by BTS shall be administratively final. The table below summarizes report, request, and decision due dates.

Report	Report due	Request due	Decision due
Annual Form M	March 31	March 31	June 30
First Quarter Form QFR	April 30	March 31	June 30
Second Quarter Form QFR	July 31	March 31	June 30
Third Quarter Form QFR	October 31	March 31	June 30
Fourth Quarter Form QFR	January 31	March 31	June 30

(5) If a request is granted, BTS will notify carrier of that decision and of any appropriate limitations.

(6) If a request for confidentiality is denied, BTS will notify the carrier of that decision and that the information

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will be made available to the public not less than ten working days after the carrier has received notice of the denial. The notice will specify the reasons for denying the request.

(f) *Pendency.* A request is deemed pending from the date it is received by BTS until it is granted or denied by BTS. BTS will not release publicly, unless otherwise required by law, any report for which a valid request for an exemption from public release is pending.

(g) *Period of exemptions.* If a request for an exemption under this section is granted, BTS will not publicly release the reports covered by the granted exemption, unless otherwise required by law, for a period of three years from the report's due date.

(h) *Modification of a decision to grant a request.* If a request is granted it remains in effect in accordance with its terms, unless modified by a later finding that the decision was clearly erroneous. If BTS believes such a finding should be made, BTS will notify the requesting carrier in writing of the reasons for the modification and that the carrier's report will be made available to the public in not less than ten working days from the date of receipt of notice under this paragraph. The carrier may seek reconsideration of the modification.

[64 FR 13922, Mar. 23, 1999]

§ 1420.10 Public release of motor carrier of property data.

(a) *In general.* Unless otherwise provided in this section, the data contained in a report filed under §1420.1 shall be made publicly available, but no sooner than the due date for the report.

(b) *Exceptions relating to exemptions from public release.*

(1) If a request for an exemption from public release is pending under §1420.9,

BTS will not publicly release the reports covered by the request until at least the time that a decision to grant or deny the request is made.

(2) If a carrier is granted an exemption from public release under §1420.9, BTS will not publicly release the reports covered by the granted exemption for a period of three years from the report's due date.

(c) *Other exceptions.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, information may be released:

(1) If the data are included in aggregate industry statistics that do not identify the individual carrier;

(2) To other components of the Department of Transportation for their internal use only;

(3) If required by law;

(4) With the consent of the carrier filing the report; or

(5) To contractors, if necessary for the performance of a contract with BTS.

[64 FR 13923, Mar. 23, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 4719, Jan. 30, 2003]

§ 1420.11 Quarterly reports of passenger revenues, expenses, and statistics.

Commencing with reports for the quarter ended March 31, 1968, and for subsequent quarters thereafter, until further order, all class I common and contract motor carriers of passengers, as defined in §1420.3(a), shall compile and file quarterly reports in accordance with Motor Carrier Quarterly and Annual Report, Form MP-1. Such quarterly reports shall be filed in duplicate in the Office of the Bureau of Transportation Statistics at the address in §1420.6, within 30 days after the close of the period to which it relates.

[43 FR 46975, Oct. 12, 1978. Redesignated at 63 FR 52193, Sept. 30, 1998, as amended at 68 FR 4719, Jan. 30, 2003]

CHAPTER XII—TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to chapter XII appear at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003

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SUBCHAPTER A—ADMINISTRATIVE AND PROCEDURAL RULES

PART 1500—APPLICABILITY, TERMS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

Sec.

1500.1 Applicability.

1500.3 Terms and abbreviations used in this chapter.

1500.5 Rules of construction.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40113, 44901–44907, 44913–44914, 44916–44918, 44935–44936, 44942, 46105.

SOURCE: 67 FR 8351, Feb. 22, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1500.1 Applicability.

This chapter, this subchapter, and this part apply to all matters regulated by the Transportation Security Administration.

§ 1500.3 Terms and abbreviations used in this chapter.

As used in this chapter:

Administrator means the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security identified in 49 U.S.C. 114(b) who serves as the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration.

Person means an individual, corporation, company, association, firm, partnership, society, joint-stock company, or governmental authority. It includes a trustee, receiver, assignee, successor, or similar representative of any of them.

Transportation Security Regulations (TSR) means the regulations issued by the Transportation Security Administration, in title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, chapter XII, which includes parts 1500 through 1699.

TSA means the Transportation Security Administration.

United States, in a geographical sense, means the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, and territories and possessions of the United States, including the territorial sea and the overlying airspace.

[67 FR 8351, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1500.5 Rules of construction.

(a) In this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) Words importing the singular include the plural.

(2) Words importing the plural include the singular.

(3) Words importing the masculine gender include the feminine.

(b) In this chapter, the word:

(1) “Must” is used in an imperative sense;

(2) “May” is used in a permissive sense to state authority or permission to do the act prescribed, and the words “no person may * * *” or “a person may not * * *” mean that no person is required, authorized, or permitted to do the act prescribed; and

(3) “Includes” means “includes but is not limited to”.

PART 1502—ORGANIZATION, FUNCTIONS, AND PROCEDURES

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 3345, 49 U.S.C. 114, 40113, 44901–44907, 44913–44914, 44916–44920, 44935–44936, 44942, 46101–46105, 45107, 46110.

SOURCE: 67 FR 48049, July 23, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

1502.1 Responsibilities of the Administrator.

(a) The Administrator is responsible for the planning, direction, and control of the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) and for security in all modes of transportation. The Administrator’s responsibility includes carrying out chapter 449 of title 49, United States Code, relating to civil aviation security, and related research and development activities, and security responsibilities over other modes of transportation that are exercised by the Department of Transportation.

(b) The Deputy Administrator is the “first assistant” to the Administrator for purposes of the Federal Vacancies Reform Act of 1998, and shall, in the event the Administrator dies, resigns, or is otherwise unable to perform the functions and duties of the office, serve as the Acting Administrator, subject to the limitations in the Federal Vacancies Reform Act of 1998. In the event of the absence or disability of both the

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Administrator and the Deputy Administrator, officials designated by TSA's internal order on succession shall serve as Acting Deputy Administrator and shall perform the duties of the Administrator, except for any non-delegable statutory and/or regulatory duties.

PART 1503—INVESTIGATIVE AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES

Subpart A—Investigative Procedures

Sec.

- 1503.1 Reports of violations.
- 1503.3 Investigations (general).
- 1503.5 Formal complaints.
- 1503.7 Records, documents and reports.

Subpart B—Administrative Actions

- 1503.11 Administrative disposition of certain violations.

Subpart C—Legal Enforcement Actions

- 1503.12 Request for portions of the enforcement investigative report (EIR).
- 1503.13 Consent orders.
- 1503.15 Civil penalties: Civil penalties involving an amount in controversy in excess of \$50,000, an in rem action, or injunctive relief.
- 1503.16 Civil penalties: Civil penalties involving an amount in controversy not exceeding \$50,000.
- 1503.17 [Reserved]
- 1503.19–1503.20 [Reserved]
- 1503.21 Military personnel.
- 1503.23 [Reserved]
- 1503.25 Injunctions.
- 1503.27 [Reserved]
- 1503.29 Civil penalties: Streamlined enforcement procedures for certain security violations.

Subparts D–F [Reserved]

Subpart G—Rules of Practice in Transportation Security Administration (TSA) Civil Penalty Actions

- 1503.201 Applicability.
- 1503.202 Definitions.
- 1503.203 Separation of functions.
- 1503.204 Appearances and rights of parties.
- 1503.205 Administrative law judges.
- 1503.206 Intervention.
- 1503.207 Certification of documents.
- 1503.208 Complaint.
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- 1503.210 Filing of documents.
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- 1503.212 Computation of time.
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- 1503.214 Amendment of pleadings.
- 1503.215 Withdrawal of complaint or request for hearing.
- 1503.216 Waivers.
- 1503.217 Joint procedural or discovery schedule.
- 1503.218 Motions.
- 1503.219 Interlocutory appeals.
- 1503.220 Discovery.
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- 1503.224 Burden of proof.
- 1503.225 Offer of proof.
- 1503.226 Public disclosure of evidence.
- 1503.227 Expert or opinion witnesses.
- 1503.228 Subpoenas.
- 1503.229 Witness fees.
- 1503.230 Record.
- 1503.231 Argument before the administrative law judge.
- 1503.232 Initial decision.
- 1503.233 Appeal from initial decision.
- 1503.234 Petition to reconsider or modify a final decision and order of the TSA decision maker on appeal.
- 1503.235 Judicial review of a final order.

Subpart H—Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment

- 1503.301 Scope and purpose.
- 1503.303 Definitions.
- 1503.305 Cost of living adjustments of civil monetary penalties.

AUTHORITY: 18 U.S.C. 6002; 28 U.S.C. 2461 (note); 49 U.S.C. 114, 40113–40114, 44901–44907, 46101–46107, 46109–46110, 46301, 46305, 46311, 46313–46314.

SOURCE: 67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Investigative Procedures

§ 1503.1 Reports of violations.

(a) Any person who knows of a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions, should report it to appropriate personnel of any TSA office.

(b) Each report made under this section, together with any other information the TSA may have that is relevant to the matter reported, will be reviewed by TSA personnel to determine the nature and type of any additional investigation or enforcement action the TSA will take.

§ 1503.3 Investigations (general).

(a) The Administrator may conduct investigations, hold hearings, issue subpoenas, require the production of relevant documents, records, and property, and take evidence and depositions.

(b) For the purpose of investigating alleged violations of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions, the Administrator's authority may be exercised by the various offices for matters within their respective areas for all routine investigations. When the compulsory processes of section 49 U.S.C. 46104 are invoked, the Administrator's authority has been delegated to the Chief Counsel, each Deputy Chief Counsel, and in consultation with the Office of the Chief Counsel, the Assistant Under Secretary for Aviation Operations, the Assistant Under Secretary for Maritime and Land Security, the Assistant Under Secretary for Inspections, and each Federal Security Director.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.5 Formal complaints.

(a) Any person may file a complaint with the Administrator with respect to any act or omission by any person in contravention of any provision of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions. This section does not apply to complaints against the Administrator or employees of the TSA acting within the scope of their employment.

(b) Complaints filed under this section must—

(1) Be submitted in writing and identified as a complaint filed for the purpose of seeking an appropriate order or other enforcement action;

(2) Be submitted to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, TSA-2, Attention: Enforcement Docket, 601 South 12th Street, Arlington, VA 22202-4220;

(3) Set forth the name and address, if known, of each person who is the subject of the complaint and, with respect to each person, the specific provisions of the statute or regulation or order that the complainant believes were violated;

(4) Contain a concise but complete statement of the facts relied upon to substantiate each allegation;

(5) State the name, address, and telephone number of the person filing the complaint; and

(6) Be signed by the person filing the complaint or a duly authorized representative.

(c) Complaints that do not meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section will be considered reports under § 1503.1.

(d) Complaints that meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section will be docketed and a copy mailed to each person named in the complaint.

(e) Any complaint filed against a member of the Armed Forces of the United States acting in the performance of official duties will be referred to the Secretary of the Department concerned for action in accordance with the procedures set forth in § 1503.21.

(f) The person named in the complaint must file an answer within 20 days after service of a copy of the complaint.

(g) After the complaint has been answered or after the allotted time in which to file an answer has expired, the Administrator will determine if there are reasonable grounds for investigating the complaint.

(h) If the Administrator determines that a complaint does not state facts that warrant an investigation or action, the complaint may be dismissed without a hearing and the reason for the dismissal will be given, in writing, to the person who filed the complaint and the person named in the complaint.

(i) If the Administrator determines that reasonable grounds exist, an informal investigation may be initiated. Each person named in the complaint will be advised which official has been delegated the responsibility under § 1503.3(b) for conducting the investigation.

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(j) If the investigation substantiates the allegations set forth in the complaint, a notice of proposed order may be issued or other enforcement action taken in accordance with this part.

(k) The complaint and other pleadings and official TSA records relating to the disposition of the complaint are maintained in current docket form in the TSA Enforcement Docket, TSA Headquarters, Visitor Center, 701 South 12th Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202.

(1) *Generally.* Any person interested in reviewing or obtaining a copy of a record may do so only by submitting a FOIA request under 5 U.S.C. 552 and 49 CFR part 7. Portions of the record may be exempt from disclosure pursuant to FOIA.

(2) *Docket Files or Documents Not for Public Disclosure.* (i) Only the following persons may review docket files or particular documents that are not for public disclosure:

- (A) Parties to the proceedings;
- (B) Their designated representatives; and
- (C) Persons who have a need to know as determined by the Administrator.

(ii) Those persons with permission to review these documents or docket files may view the materials at the TSA Enforcement Docket, TSA Headquarters, Visitor Center, 701 South 12th Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202. Persons with access to these records may have a copy of the records after payment of reasonable costs.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003; 68 FR 58281, Oct. 9, 2003]

§ 1503.7 Records, documents and reports.

Each record, document, and report that the Transportation Security Regulations require to be maintained, exhibited, or submitted to the Administrator may be used in any investigation conducted by the Administrator; and, except to the extent the use may be specifically limited or prohibited by the section that imposes the requirement, the records, documents, and reports may be used in any civil penalty action or other legal proceeding.

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Subpart B—Administrative Actions

§ 1503.11 Administrative disposition of certain violations.

(a) If it is determined that a violation or an alleged violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions, does not require legal enforcement action, an appropriate official of the TSA may take administrative action in disposition of the case.

(b) An administrative action under this section does not constitute a formal adjudication of the matter, and may be taken by issuing the alleged violator—

(1) A “Warning Notice” that recites available facts and information about the incident or condition and indicates that it may have been a violation; or

(2) A “Letter of Correction” that confirms the TSA decision in the matter and states the necessary corrective action the alleged violator has taken or agrees to take. If the agreed corrective action is not fully completed, legal enforcement action may be taken.

Subpart C—Legal Enforcement Actions

§ 1503.12 Request for portions of the enforcement investigative report (EIR).

(a) Discovery and pre-litigation disclosure. Pursuant to this section, any alleged violator or designated representative may request, from the Chief Counsel or designee, portions of the EIR that are not privileged (e.g., under the deliberative process, attorney work-product, or attorney-client privileges). This information will be provided for the sole purpose of providing the information necessary to prepare a response to the allegations contained in the legal enforcement action document. SSI contained in the EIR is released pursuant to 49 CFR part 1520. Information released under this section is not produced under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

(b) Any person not listed in paragraph (a) of this section that is interested in obtaining a copy of the EIR

must submit a FOIA request pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 552 and 49 CFR part 7. Portions of the EIR may be exempt from disclosure pursuant to FOIA.

§ 1503.13 Consent orders.

(a) At any time before the issuance of an order under this subpart, the official who issued the notice and the person subject to the notice may agree to dispose of the case by the issuance of a consent order by the official.

(b) A proposal for a consent order, submitted to the official who issued the notice, under this section must include—

- (1) A proposed order;
- (2) An admission of all jurisdictional facts;
- (3) An express waiver of the right to further procedural steps and of all rights to judicial review; and
- (4) An incorporation of the notice by reference and an acknowledgment that the notice may be used to construe the terms of the order.

§ 1503.15 Civil penalties: Civil penalties involving an amount in controversy in excess of \$ 50,000, an in rem action, or injunctive relief.

(a) Any person who violates any provision of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions, is subject to a civil penalty of not more than the amount specified for each violation in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46301, in conformity with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, 28 U.S.C. 2461 (note), as amended.

(b) The authority of the Administrator, under 49 U.S.C. 46301 to propose a civil penalty for a violation of that chapter, or a rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder, and the ability to refer cases to the United States Attorney General, or the delegate of the Attorney General, for prosecution of civil penalty actions proposed by the Administrator, involving an amount in controversy in excess of \$ 50,000, an in rem action, or suit for injunctive relief, or for collection of an assessed civil penalty, is delegated to the Chief

Counsel and the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement.

(c) The Administrator may compromise any civil penalty, proposed in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46301, involving an amount in controversy in excess of \$ 50,000, an in rem action, or suit for injunctive relief, prior to referral of the civil penalty action to the United States Attorney General, or the delegate of the Attorney General, for prosecution.

(1) The Administrator, through the Chief Counsel or the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement, will send a civil penalty letter to the person charged with a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions. The civil penalty letter contains a statement of the charges; the applicable law, rule, regulation, or order; the amount of civil penalty that the Administrator will accept in full settlement of the action or an offer to compromise the civil penalty.

(2) Not later than 30 days after receipt of the civil penalty letter, the person charged with a violation may present any material or information in answer to the charges to the agency attorney, either orally or in writing, that may explain, mitigate, or deny the violation or that may show extenuating circumstances. The Administrator will consider any material or information submitted in accordance with this paragraph (c) to determine whether the person is subject to a civil penalty or to determine the amount for which the Administrator will compromise the action.

(3) If the person charged with the violation offers to compromise for a specific amount, that person must send a certified check or money order for that amount to the agency, made payable to the Transportation Security Administration. The Chief Counsel or the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement may accept the certified check or money order or may refuse and return the certified check or money order.

(4) If the offer to compromise is accepted by the Administrator, the agency will send a letter to the person

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charged with the violation stating that the certified check or money order is accepted in full settlement of the civil penalty action.

(5) If the parties cannot agree to compromise the civil penalty action or the offer to compromise is rejected and the certified check or money order submitted in compromise is returned, the Administrator may refer the civil penalty action to the United States Attorney General, or the delegate of the Attorney General, to begin proceedings in a United States district court, pursuant to the authority in 49 U.S.C. 46305 to prosecute and collect the civil penalty.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 46720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.16 Civil penalties: Civil penalties involving an amount in controversy not exceeding \$50,000.

(a) *General.* The following penalties apply to persons who violate chapter 449, as specified in subsection (1), of Title 49 of the United States Code:

(1) Any person who violates any provision of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions is subject to a civil penalty of not more than the amount specified in the chapter or section for each violation in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46301, in conformity with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, 28 U.S.C. 2461 (note), as amended.

(2)–(3) [Reserved]

(b) *Orders assessing civil penalty.* An order assessing civil penalty may be issued for a violation described in paragraph (a) of this section, or as otherwise provided by statute, after notice and opportunity for a hearing. A person charged with a violation may be subject to an order assessing civil penalty in the following circumstances:

(1) An order assessing civil penalty may be issued if a person charged with a violation submits or agrees to submit a civil penalty for a violation.

(2) An order assessing civil penalty may be issued if a person charged with a violation does not request a hearing under paragraph (e)(2)(ii) of this sec-

tion within 15 days after receipt of a final notice of proposed civil penalty.

(3) Unless an appeal is filed in a timely manner, an initial decision or order of an administrative law judge will be considered an order assessing civil penalty if an administrative law judge finds that an alleged violation occurred and determines that a civil penalty, in an amount found appropriate by the administrative law judge, is warranted.

(4) For penalties issued under § 1503.16(a)(1), unless a petition for review is filed with a U.S. court of appeals in a timely manner, a final decision and order of the Administrator will be considered an order assessing civil penalty if the TSA decision maker finds that an alleged violation occurred and a civil penalty is warranted.

(c) *Delegation of authority.* The authority of the Administrator, under 49 U.S.C. 46301 to initiate and assess civil penalties for a violation under chapter 449, or a rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder, is delegated to the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement. The authority of the Administrator to refer cases to the Attorney General of the United States, or the delegate of the Attorney General, for the collection of civil penalties, is delegated to the Chief Counsel and the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement.

(d) *Notice of proposed civil penalty.* A civil penalty action is initiated by sending a notice of proposed civil penalty to the person charged with a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions. A notice of proposed civil penalty will be sent to the individual charged with a violation or to the president of the corporation or company charged with a violation. In response to a notice of proposed civil penalty, a corporation or company may designate in writing another person to receive documents in that civil penalty action. The notice of proposed civil penalty contains a statement of the charges and the amount of the proposed civil penalty. Not later than 30

days after receipt of the notice of proposed civil penalty, the person charged with a violation must—

(1) Submit the amount of the proposed civil penalty or an agreed-upon amount, in which case either an order assessing civil penalty or compromise order must be issued in that amount;

(2) Submit to the agency attorney one of the following:

(i) Written information, including documents and witness statements, demonstrating that a violation of the regulations did not occur or that a penalty or the amount of the penalty is not warranted by the circumstances;

(ii) A written request to reduce the proposed civil penalty, the amount of reduction, and the reasons and any documents supporting a reduction of the proposed civil penalty, including records indicating a financial inability to pay or records showing that payment of the proposed civil penalty would prevent the person from continuing in business;

(iii) A written request for an informal conference to discuss the matter with the agency attorney and to submit relevant information or documents; or

(3) Request a hearing in which case a complaint will be filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(e) *Final notice of proposed civil penalty.* A final notice of proposed civil penalty may be issued after participation in informal procedures provided in paragraph (d)(2) of this section or failure to respond in a timely manner to a notice of proposed civil penalty. A final notice of proposed civil penalty will be sent to the individual charged with a violation, to the president of the corporation or company charged with a violation, or a person previously designated in writing by the individual, corporation, or company to receive documents in that civil penalty action. If not previously done in response to a notice of proposed civil penalty, a corporation or company may designate in writing another person to receive documents in that civil penalty action. The final notice of proposed civil penalty contains a statement of the charges and the amount of the proposed civil penalty and, as a result of information submitted to the agency attorney dur-

ing informal procedures, may modify an allegation or a proposed civil penalty contained in a notice of proposed civil penalty.

(1) A final notice of proposed civil penalty may be issued—

(i) If the person charged with a violation fails to respond to the notice of proposed civil penalty within 30 days after receipt of that notice; or

(ii) If the parties participated in any informal procedures under paragraph (d)(2) of this section and the parties have not agreed to compromise the action or the agency attorney has not agreed to withdraw the notice of proposed civil penalty.

(2) Not later than 15 days after receipt of the final notice of proposed civil penalty, the person charged with a violation must do one of the following—

(i) Submit the amount of the proposed civil penalty or an agreed-upon amount, in which case either an order assessing civil penalty or a compromise order will be issued in that amount; or

(ii) Request a hearing in which case a complaint will be filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(f) *Request for a hearing.* Any person charged with a violation may request a hearing, pursuant to paragraph (d)(3) or paragraph (e)(2)(ii) of this section, to be conducted in accordance with the procedures in subpart G of this part. A person requesting a hearing must file a written request for a hearing with the Enforcement Docket Clerk (U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, TSA-2, Attention: Enforcement Docket Clerk, 601 South 12th Street, Arlington, VA 22202-4220) and must mail a copy of the request to the agency attorney. The person requesting the hearing must date and sign the request, and must include his or her current address. The request for hearing must be typewritten or legibly written.

(g) *Hearing.* If the person charged with a violation requests a hearing pursuant to paragraph (d)(3) or paragraph (e)(2)(ii) of this section, the original complaint will be filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk and a

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copy will be sent to the person requesting the hearing. The procedural rules in subpart G of this part apply to the hearing and any appeal. At the close of the hearing, the administrative law judge will issue, either orally on the record or in writing, an initial decision, including the reasons for the decision, that contains findings or conclusions on the allegations contained, and the civil penalty sought, in the complaint.

(h) *Appeal.* Either party may appeal the administrative law judge's initial decision to the TSA decision maker pursuant to the procedures in subpart G of this part. If a party files a notice of appeal pursuant to §1503.233, the effectiveness of the initial decision is stayed until a final decision and order of the Administrator have been entered on the record. The TSA decision maker will review the record and issue a final decision and order of the Administrator that affirms, modifies, or reverses the initial decision. The TSA decision maker may assess a civil penalty but will not assess a civil penalty in an amount greater than that sought in the complaint.

(i) *Payment.* A person must pay a civil penalty by sending, to the agency, a certified check or money order made payable to the Transportation Security Administration.

(j) *Collection of civil penalties.* If a person does not pay a civil penalty imposed by an order assessing civil penalty or a compromise order within 60 days after service of the order, the Administrator may refer the order to the United States Attorney General, or the delegate of the Attorney General, to begin proceedings to collect the civil penalty. The action will be brought in a United States district court, pursuant to the authority in 49 U.S.C. 46305.

(k) *Exhaustion of administrative remedies.* For violations of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions, a party may only petition for review of a final decision and order of the Administrator to the courts of appeals of the United States or the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia pursuant

to section 49 U.S.C. 46110. Neither an initial decision or order issued by an administrative law judge that has not been appealed to the TSA decision maker, nor an order compromising a civil penalty action constitutes a final order of the Administrator for the purposes of judicial appellate review under 49 U.S.C. 46110.

(l) *Compromise.* The TSA may compromise any civil penalty action initiated in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46301, involving an amount in controversy not exceeding \$ 50,000, or any civil penalty action initiated in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46301 at any time before referring the action to the United States Attorney for collection.

(1) An agency attorney may compromise any civil penalty action where a person charged with a violation agrees to pay a civil penalty and the TSA agrees to make no finding of violation. Pursuant to such agreement, a compromise order will be issued, stating:

(i) The person agrees to pay a civil penalty;

(ii) The TSA makes no finding of a violation; and

(iii) The compromise order will not be used as evidence of a prior violation in any subsequent civil penalty proceeding.

(2) An agency attorney may compromise the amount of any civil penalty proposed in a notice, assessed in an order, or imposed in a compromise order.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003; 68 FR 58281, Oct. 9, 2003]

§ 1503.17 [Reserved]

§§ 1503.19–1503.20 [Reserved]

§ 1503.21 Military personnel.

If a report made under this part indicates that, while performing official duties, a member of the Armed Forces, or a civilian employee of the Department of Defense who is subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. Ch. 47), has violated 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued

under any of those provisions, the Chief Counsel or the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement will send a copy of the report to the appropriate military authority for such disciplinary action as that authority considers appropriate and a report to the Administrator thereon.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.23 [Reserved]

§ 1503.25 Injunctions.

Whenever it is determined that a person has engaged, or is about to engage, in any act or practice constituting a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)–(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)–(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions for which the TSA exercises enforcement responsibility, the Chief Counsel or the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement may request the United States Attorney General, or the delegate of the Attorney General, to bring an action in the appropriate United States district court for such relief as is necessary or appropriate, including mandatory or prohibitive injunctive relief, interim equitable relief, and punitive damages, as provided by 49 U.S.C. 46107.

[68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.27 [Reserved]

§ 1503.29 Civil penalties: Streamlined enforcement procedures for certain security violations.

This section may be used, at the agency's discretion, in enforcement actions involving individuals presenting dangerous or deadly weapons for screening at airports or in checked baggage where the amount of the proposed civil penalty is less than \$5,000. In these cases, §§ 1503.16(a), 1503.16(c), and 1503.16 (f) through (l) are used, as well as paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section:

(a) *Delegation of authority.* The authority of the Administrator, under 49 U.S.C. 46301, to initiate civil penalty actions in accordance with TSA policies and procedures promulgated pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 46301 et seq. and 49 CFR

part 1540, is delegated to each Federal Security Director for the purpose of issuing notices of violation in cases involving violations of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449, or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions.

(b) *Notice of violation.* A civil penalty action is initiated by sending a notice of violation to the person charged with the violation. The notice of violation contains a statement of the charges and the amount of the proposed civil penalty. Not later than 30 days after receipt of the notice of violation, the person charged with a violation must:

(1) Submit the amount of the proposed civil penalty or an agreed-upon amount, in which case either an order assessing a civil penalty or a compromise order will be issued in that amount; or

(2) Submit to the agency attorney identified in the material accompanying the notice any of the following:

(i) Written information, including documents and witness statements, demonstrating that a violation of the regulations did not occur or that a penalty or the penalty amount is not warranted by the circumstances; or

(ii) A written request to reduce the proposed civil penalty, the amount of reduction, and the reasons and any documents supporting a reduction of the proposed civil penalty, including records indicating a financial inability to pay or records showing that payment of the proposed civil penalty would prevent the person from continuing in business; or

(iii) A written request for an informal conference to discuss the matter with an agency attorney and submit relevant information or documents; or

(3) Request a hearing in which case a complaint will be filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(c) *Final notice of violation and civil penalty assessment order.* A final notice of violation and civil penalty assessment order ("final notice and order") may be issued after participation in any informal proceedings as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, or after failure of the respondent to respond in a timely manner to a notice of violation. A final notice and order will be sent to the individual charged with

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a violation. The final notice and order will contain a statement of the charges and the amount of the proposed civil penalty and, as a result of information submitted to the agency attorney during any informal procedures, may reflect a modified allegation or proposed civil penalty. A final notice and order may be issued—

(1) If the person charged with a violation fails to respond to the notice of violation within 30 days after receipt of that notice; or

(2) If the parties participated in any informal procedures under paragraph (b)(2) of this section and the parties have not agreed to compromise the action or the agency attorney has not agreed to withdraw the notice of violation.

(d) *Order assessing civil penalty.* An order assessing civil penalty may be issued after notice and opportunity for a hearing. A person charged with a violation may be subject to an order assessing civil penalty in the following circumstances:

(1) An order assessing civil penalty may be issued if a person charged with a violation submits, or agrees to submit, the amount of civil penalty proposed in the notice of violation.

(2) An order assessing civil penalty may be issued if a person charged with a violation submits, or agrees to submit, an agreed-upon amount of civil penalty that is not reflected in either the notice of violation or the final notice and order.

(3) The final notice and order becomes (and contains a statement so indicating) an order assessing a civil penalty when the person charged with a violation submits the amount of the proposed civil penalty that is reflected in the final notice and order.

(4) The final notice and order becomes (and contains a statement so indicating) an order assessing a civil penalty 16 days after receipt of the final notice and order, unless not later than 15 days after receipt of the final notice and order, the person charged with a violation does one of the following—

(i) Submits an agreed-upon amount of civil penalty that is not reflected in the final notice and order, in which case an order assessing civil penalty or

a compromise order will be issued in that amount; or

(ii) Requests a hearing in which case a complaint will be filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(5) Unless there is an appeal to the TSA decision maker, filed in a timely manner, an initial decision or order of an administrative law judge will be considered an order assessing civil penalty if an administrative law judge finds that an alleged violation occurred and determines that a civil penalty, in an amount found to be appropriate by the administrative law judge, is warranted.

(6) Unless a petition for review is filed with a U.S. court of appeals in a timely manner, a final decision and order of the Administrator will be considered an order assessing civil penalty if the TSA decision maker finds that an alleged violation occurred and a civil penalty is warranted.

Subparts D-F [Reserved]

Subpart G—Rules of Practice in Transportation Security Administration (TSA) Civil Penalty Actions

§ 1503.201 Applicability.

(a) This subpart applies to the following actions:

(1) A civil penalty action in which a request for hearing has been filed and the amount sought does not exceed \$50,000 for a violation arising under 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the United States district courts will have exclusive jurisdiction of any civil penalty action initiated by the Administrator:

(1) Which involves an amount in controversy in excess of \$50,000;

(2) Which is an in rem action or in which an in rem action based on the same violation has been brought;

(3) Regarding which an aircraft subject to lien has been seized by the United States; and

(4) In which a suit for injunctive relief based on the violation giving rise to the civil penalty has also been brought.

§ 1503.202 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

Administrative law judge means an administrative law judge appointed pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 3105.

Agency attorney means the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement or an attorney that he or she designates. An *agency attorney* will not include:

(1) Any attorney in the Office of the Chief Counsel who advises the TSA decision maker regarding an initial decision or any appeal to the TSA decision maker; or

(2) Any attorney who is supervised in a civil penalty action by a person who provides such advice to the TSA decision maker in that action or a factually related action.

Attorney means a person licensed by a state, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States to practice law or appear before the courts of that state or territory.

Complainant means those persons within the TSA responsible for investigating and bringing possible violations of statute and regulation.

Complaint means a document issued by an agency attorney alleging a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions that has been filed with the enforcement docket after a hearing has been requested pursuant to § 1503.16(d)(3) or § 1503.16(e)(2)(ii).

Mail includes U.S. certified mail, U.S. registered mail, or use of an overnight express courier service.

Order assessing civil penalty means a document that contains a finding of violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions and may direct payment of a civil

penalty. Unless there is an appeal to the TSA decision maker, filed in a timely manner, an initial decision or order of an administrative law judge will be considered an *order assessing civil penalty* if an administrative law judge finds that an alleged violation occurred and determines that a civil penalty, in an amount found appropriate by the administrative law judge, is warranted. Unless a petition for review is filed with a U.S. court of appeals in a timely manner, a final decision and order of the Administrator will be considered an *order assessing civil penalty* if the TSA decision maker finds that an alleged violation occurred and a civil penalty is warranted.

Party means the respondent or the complainant.

Personal delivery includes hand-delivery or use of a contract or express messenger service. *Personal delivery* does not include the use of Government interoffice mail service.

Pleading means a complaint, an answer, and any amendment of these documents permitted under this subpart.

Properly addressed means a document that shows an address contained in agency records, a residential, business, or other address submitted by a person on any document provided under this subpart, or any other address shown by other reasonable and available means.

Respondent means a person, corporation, or company named in a complaint.

TSA decision maker means the Administrator, acting in the capacity of the decision maker on appeal, or any person to whom the Administrator has delegated the Administrator's decision-making authority in a civil penalty action. As used in this subpart, the *TSA decision maker* is the official authorized to issue a final decision and order of the Administrator in a civil penalty action.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.203 Separation of functions.

(a) Civil penalty proceedings, including hearings, will be prosecuted by an agency attorney.

(b) An agency employee engaged in the performance of investigative or

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prosecutorial functions in a civil penalty action must not, in that case or a factually related case, participate or give advice in a decision by the administrative law judge or by the TSA decision maker on appeal, except as counsel or a witness in the public proceedings.

(c) The Chief Counsel or an attorney not covered by paragraph (b) of this section will advise the TSA decision maker regarding an initial decision or any appeal of a civil penalty action to the TSA decision maker.

§ 1503.204 Appearances and rights of parties.

(a) Any party may appear and be heard in person.

(b) Any party may be accompanied, represented, or advised by an attorney or representative designated by the party and may be examined by that attorney or representative in any proceeding governed by this subpart. An attorney or representative who represents a party may file a notice of appearance in the action, in the manner provided in § 1503.210, and must serve a copy of the notice of appearance on each party, in the manner provided in § 1503.211, before participating in any proceeding governed by this subpart. The attorney or representative must include the name, address, and telephone number of the attorney or representative in the notice of appearance.

(c) Any person may request a copy of a document upon payment of reasonable costs. A person may keep an original document, data, or evidence, with the consent of the administrative law judge, by substituting a legible copy of the document for the record.

§ 1503.205 Administrative law judges.

(a) *Powers of an administrative law judge.* In accordance with the rules of this subpart, an administrative law judge may:

- (1) Give notice of, and hold, pre-hearing conferences and hearings;
- (2) Administer oaths and affirmations;
- (3) Issue subpoenas authorized by law and issue notices of deposition requested by the parties;
- (4) Rule on offers of proof;

(5) Receive relevant and material evidence;

(6) Regulate the course of the hearing in accordance with the rules of this subpart;

(7) Hold conferences to settle or to simplify the issues by consent of the parties;

(8) Dispose of procedural motions and requests; and

(9) Make findings of fact and conclusions of law, and issue an initial decision.

(b) *Limitations on the power of the administrative law judge.* The administrative law judge must not issue an order of contempt, award costs to any party, or impose any sanction not specified in this subpart. If the administrative law judge imposes any sanction not specified in this subpart, a party may file an interlocutory appeal of right pursuant to § 1503.219(c)(4). This section does not preclude an administrative law judge from issuing an order that bars a person from a specific proceeding based on a finding of obstreperous or disruptive behavior in that specific proceeding.

(c) *Disqualification.* The administrative law judge may disqualify himself or herself at any time. A party may file a motion, pursuant to § 1503.218(f)(6), requesting that an administrative law judge be disqualified from the proceedings.

§ 1503.206 Intervention.

(a) A person may submit a motion for leave to intervene as a party in a civil penalty action. Except for good cause shown, a motion for leave to intervene must be submitted not later than 10 days before the hearing.

(b) If the administrative law judge finds that intervention will not unduly broaden the issues or delay the proceedings, the administrative law judge may grant a motion for leave to intervene if the person will be bound by any order or decision entered in the action or the person has a property, financial, or other legitimate interest that may not be addressed adequately by the parties. The administrative law judge may determine the extent to which an intervenor may participate in the proceedings.

§ 1503.207 Certification of documents.

(a) *Signature required.* The attorney of record, the party, or the party's representative must sign each document tendered for filing with the Enforcement Docket Clerk, or served on the administrative law judge, the TSA decision maker on appeal, or each party.

(b) *Effect of signing a document.* By signing a document, the attorney of record, the party, or the party's representative certifies that the attorney, the party, or the party's representative has read the document and, based on reasonable inquiry and to the best of that person's knowledge, information, and belief, the document is—

(1) Consistent with the rules in this part;

(2) Warranted by existing law or that a good faith argument exists for extension, modification, or reversal of existing law; and

(3) Not unreasonable or unduly burdensome or expensive, not made to harass any person, not made to cause unnecessary delay, not made to cause needless increase in the cost of the proceedings, or for any other improper purpose.

(c) *Sanctions.* If the attorney of record, the party, or the party's representative signs a document in violation of this section, the administrative law judge or the TSA decision maker, as appropriate, will:

(1) Strike the pleading signed in violation of this section;

(2) Strike the request for discovery or the discovery response signed in violation of this section and preclude further discovery by the party;

(3) Deny the motion or request signed in violation of this section;

(4) Exclude the document signed in violation of this section from the record;

(5) Dismiss the interlocutory appeal and preclude further appeal on that issue by the party who filed the appeal until an initial decision has been entered on the record; or

(6) Dismiss the appeal of the administrative law judge's initial decision to the TSA decision maker.

§ 1503.208 Complaint.

(a) *Filing.* The agency attorney must file the original and one copy of the

complaint with the Enforcement Docket Clerk, or may file a written motion pursuant to §1503.218(f)(2)(i) instead of filing a complaint, not later than 20 days after receipt by the agency attorney of a request for hearing. The agency attorney should suggest a location for the hearing when filing the complaint.

(b) *Service.* An agency attorney must personally deliver or mail a copy of the complaint to the respondent, the president of the corporation or company named as a respondent, or a person designated by the respondent to accept service of documents in the civil penalty action.

(c) *Contents.* A complaint must set forth the facts alleged, any regulation allegedly violated by the respondent, and the proposed civil penalty in sufficient detail to provide notice of any factual or legal allegation and proposed civil penalty.

(d) [Reserved]

§ 1503.209 Answer.

(a) *Writing required.* A respondent must file a written answer to the complaint, or may file a written motion pursuant to §1503.218(f)(1)-(4) instead of filing an answer, not later than 30 days after service of the complaint. The answer may be in the form of a letter but must be dated and signed by the person responding to the complaint. An answer may be typewritten or may be legibly handwritten.

(b) *Filing and address.* A person filing an answer must personally deliver or mail the original and one copy of the answer for filing with the Enforcement Docket Clerk, not later than 30 days after service of the complaint. Filing must be made by mail to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, TSA-2, Attention: Enforcement Docket Clerk, 601 South 12th Street, Arlington, VA 22202-4220 or by personal delivery to TSA Enforcement Docket, TSA Headquarters, Visitor Center, 701 South 12th Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202. The person filing an answer should suggest a location for the hearing when filing the answer.

(c) *Service.* A person filing an answer must serve a copy of the answer on the

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agency attorney who filed the complaint.

(d) *Contents.* An answer must specifically state any affirmative defense that the respondent intends to assert at the hearing. A person filing an answer may include a brief statement of any relief requested in the answer.

(e) *Specific denial of allegations required.* A person filing an answer must admit, deny, or state that the person is without sufficient knowledge or information to admit or deny, each numbered paragraph of the complaint. Any statement or allegation contained in the complaint that is not specifically denied in the answer may be deemed an admission of the truth of that allegation. A general denial of the complaint is deemed a failure to file an answer.

(f) *Failure to file answer.* A person's failure to file an answer without good cause will be deemed an admission of the truth of each allegation contained in the complaint.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003; 68 FR 58281, Oct. 9, 2003]

§ 1503.210 Filing of documents.

(a) Address and method of filing. A person tendering a document for filing must personally deliver or mail the signed original and one copy of each document. Filing must be made either by mail to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, TSA-2, Attention: Enforcement Docket Clerk, 601 South 12th Street, Arlington, VA 22202-4220 or by personal delivery to TSA Enforcement Docket, TSA Headquarters, Visitor Center, 701 South 12th Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202. A person must serve a copy of each document on each party in accordance with § 1503.211.

(b) *Date of filing.* A document will be considered to be filed on the date of personal delivery; or if mailed, the mailing date shown on the certificate of service, the date shown on the postmark if there is no certificate of service, or other mailing date shown by other evidence if there is no certificate of service or postmark.

(c) *Form.* Each document must be typewritten or legibly handwritten.

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(d) *Contents.* Unless otherwise specified in this subpart, each document must contain a short, plain statement of the facts supporting the person's position and a brief statement of the action requested in the document.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003; 68 FR 58281, Oct. 9, 2003]

§ 1503.211 Service of documents.

(a) *General.* A person must serve a copy of any document filed with the Enforcement Docket on each party and the administrative law judge or the chief administrative law judge if no judge has been assigned to the proceeding at the time of filing. Service on a party's attorney of record or a party's designated representative is service on the party.

(b) *Type of service.* A person may serve documents by personal delivery or by mail.

(c) *Certificate of service.* A person may attach a certificate of service to a document tendered for filing with the Enforcement Docket Clerk. A certificate of service must consist of a statement, dated and signed by the person filing the document, that the document was personally delivered or mailed to each party on a specific date.

(d) *Date of service.* The date of service will be the date of personal delivery; or if mailed, the mailing date shown on the certificate of service, the date shown on the postmark if there is no certificate of service, or other mailing date shown by other evidence if there is no certificate of service or postmark.

(e) *Additional time after service by mail.* Whenever a party has a right or a duty to act or to make any response within a prescribed period after service by mail, or on a date certain after service by mail, 5 days will be added to the prescribed period.

(f) *Service by the administrative law judge.* The administrative law judge must serve a copy of each document he or she issues including, but not limited to, notices of pre-hearing conferences and hearings, rulings on motions, decisions, and orders, upon each party to the proceedings by personal delivery or by mail.

(g) *Valid service.* A document that was properly addressed, was sent in accordance with this subpart, and that was returned, that was not claimed, or that was refused, is deemed to have been served in accordance with this subpart. The service will be considered valid as of the date and the time that the document was deposited with a contract or express messenger, the document was mailed, or personal delivery of the document was refused.

(h) *Presumption of service.* There will be a presumption of service where a party or a person, who customarily receives mail, or receives it in the ordinary course of business, at either the person's residence or the person's principal place of business, acknowledges receipt of the document.

§ 1503.212 Computation of time.

(a) This section applies to any period of time prescribed or allowed by this subpart, or by notice or order of the administrative law judge.

(b) The date of an act, event, or default, after which a designated time period begins to run, is not included in a computation of time under this subpart.

(c) The last day of a time period is included in a computation of time unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday, or a day on which the enforcement docket is officially closed. If the last day of the time period is a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or a day on which the enforcement docket is officially closed, the time period runs until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or a day on which the enforcement docket is officially closed.

§ 1503.213 Extension of time.

(a) *Oral requests.* The parties may agree to extend for a reasonable period the time for filing a document under this subpart. If the parties agree, the administrative law judge must grant one extension of time to each party. The party seeking the extension of time must submit a draft order to the administrative law judge to be signed by the administrative law judge and filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk. The administrative law judge may grant additional oral requests for

an extension of time where the parties agree to the extension.

(b) *Written motion.* A party must file a written motion for an extension of time not later than 7 days before the document is due unless good cause for the late filing is shown. The administrative law judge may grant the extension of time if good cause for the extension is shown.

(c) *Failure to rule.* If the administrative law judge fails to rule on a written motion for an extension of time by the date the document was due, the motion for an extension of time is deemed granted for no more than 20 days after the original date the document was to be filed.

§ 1503.214 Amendment of pleadings.

(a) *Filing and service.* A party must file the amendment with the Enforcement Docket Clerk and must serve a copy of the amendment on the administrative law judge and all parties to the proceeding.

(b) *Time.* A party must file an amendment to a complaint or an answer within the following:

(1) Not later than 15 days before the scheduled date of a hearing, a party may amend a complaint or an answer without the consent of the administrative law judge.

(2) Less than 15 days before the scheduled date of a hearing, the administrative law judge may allow amendment of a complaint or an answer only for good cause shown in a motion to amend.

(c) *Responses.* The administrative law judge must allow a reasonable time, but not more than 20 days from the date of filing, for other parties to respond if an amendment to a complaint, answer, or other pleading has been filed with the administrative law judge.

§ 1503.215 Withdrawal of complaint or request for hearing.

At any time before or during a hearing, an agency attorney may withdraw a complaint or a respondent may withdraw a request for a hearing without the consent of the administrative law judge. If an agency attorney withdraws the complaint or a party withdraws the request for a hearing and the answer,

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the administrative law judge must dismiss the proceedings under this subpart with prejudice.

§ 1503.216 Waivers.

Waivers of any rights provided by statute or regulation must be in writing or by stipulation made at a hearing and entered into the record. The parties must set forth the precise terms of the waiver and any conditions.

§ 1503.217 Joint procedural or discovery schedule.

(a) *General.* The parties may agree to submit a schedule for filing all pre-hearing motions, a schedule for conducting discovery in the proceedings, or a schedule that will govern all pre-hearing motions and discovery in the proceedings.

(b) *Form and content of schedule.* If the parties agree to a joint procedural or discovery schedule, one of the parties must file the joint schedule with the administrative law judge, setting forth the dates to which the parties have agreed, and must serve a copy of the joint schedule on each party.

(1) The joint schedule may include, but need not be limited to, requests for discovery, any objections to discovery requests, responses to discovery requests to which there are no objections, submission of pre-hearing motions, responses to pre-hearing motions, exchange of exhibits to be introduced at the hearing, and a list of witnesses that may be called at the hearing.

(2) Each party must sign the original joint schedule to be filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(c) *Time.* The parties may agree to submit all pre-hearing motions and responses and may agree to close discovery in the proceedings under the joint schedule within a reasonable time before the date of the hearing, but not later than 15 days before the hearing.

(d) *Order establishing joint schedule.* The administrative law judge must approve the joint schedule filed by the parties. One party must submit a draft order establishing a joint schedule to the administrative law judge to be signed by the administrative law judge and filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

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(e) *Disputes.* The administrative law judge must resolve disputes regarding discovery or disputes regarding compliance with the joint schedule as soon as possible so that the parties may continue to comply with the joint schedule.

(f) *Sanctions for failure to comply with joint schedule.* If a party fails to comply with the administrative law judge's order establishing a joint schedule, the administrative law judge may direct that party to comply with a motion or discovery request or, limited to the extent of the party's failure to comply with a motion or discovery request, the administrative law judge may:

(1) Strike that portion of a party's pleadings;

(2) Preclude pre-hearing or discovery motions by that party;

(3) Preclude admission of that portion of a party's evidence at the hearing; or

(4) Preclude that portion of the testimony of that party's witnesses at the hearing.

§ 1503.218 Motions.

(a) *General.* A party applying for an order or ruling not specifically provided in this subpart must do so by motion. A party must comply with the requirements of this section when filing a motion. A party must serve a copy of each motion on each party.

(b) *Form and contents.* A party must state the relief sought by the motion and the particular grounds supporting that relief. If a party has evidence in support of a motion, the party must attach any supporting evidence, including affidavits, to the motion.

(c) *Filing of motions.* A motion made prior to the hearing must be in writing or orally on the record. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties or for good cause shown, a party must file any pre-hearing motion, and must serve a copy on each party, not later than 30 days before the hearing. Motions introduced during a hearing may be made orally on the record unless the administrative law judge directs otherwise.

(d) *Answers to motions.* Any party may file an answer, with affidavits or other evidence in support of the answer, not later than 10 days after service of a written motion on that party. When a

motion is made during a hearing, the answer may be made at the hearing on the record, orally or in writing, within a reasonable time determined by the administrative law judge.

(e) *Rulings on motions.* The administrative law judge must rule on all motions as follows:

(1) *Discovery motions.* The administrative law judge must resolve all pending discovery motions not later than 10 days before the hearing.

(2) *Pre-hearing motions.* The administrative law judge must resolve all pending pre-hearing motions not later than 7 days before the hearing. If the administrative law judge issues a ruling or order orally, the administrative law judge must serve a written copy of the ruling or order, within 3 days, on each party. In all other cases, the administrative law judge must issue rulings and orders in writing and must serve a copy of the ruling or order on each party.

(3) *Motions made during the hearing.* The administrative law judge may issue rulings and orders on motions made during the hearing orally. Oral rulings or orders on motions must be made on the record.

(f) *Specific motions.* A party may file the following motions with the Enforcement Docket Clerk:

(1) *Motion to dismiss for insufficiency.* A respondent may file a motion to dismiss the complaint for insufficiency instead of filing an answer. If the administrative law judge denies the motion to dismiss the complaint for insufficiency, the respondent must file an answer not later than 20 days after service of the administrative law judge's denial of the motion. A motion to dismiss the complaint for insufficiency must show that the complaint fails to state a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions.

(2) *Motion to dismiss.* A party may file a motion to dismiss, specifying the grounds for dismissal. If an administrative law judge grants a motion to dismiss in part, a party may appeal the administrative law judge's ruling on

the motion to dismiss under § 1503.219(b).

(i) *Motion to dismiss a request for a hearing.* An agency attorney may file a motion to dismiss a request for a hearing instead of filing a complaint. If the motion to dismiss is not granted, the agency attorney must file the complaint and must serve a copy of the complaint on each party not later than 20 days after service of the administrative law judge's ruling or order on the motion to dismiss. If the motion to dismiss is granted and the proceedings are terminated without a hearing, the respondent may file an appeal pursuant to § 1503.233. If required by the decision on appeal, the agency attorney must file a complaint and must serve a copy of the complaint on each party not later than 20 days after service of the decision on appeal.

(ii) *Motion to dismiss a complaint.* A respondent may file a motion to dismiss a complaint instead of filing an answer. If the motion to dismiss is not granted, the respondent must file an answer and must serve a copy of the answer on each party not later than 20 days after service of the administrative law judge's ruling or order on the motion to dismiss. If the motion to dismiss is granted and the proceedings are terminated without a hearing, the agency attorney may file an appeal pursuant to § 1503.233. If required by the decision on appeal, the respondent must file an answer and must serve a copy of the answer on each party not later than 10 days after service of the decision on appeal.

(3) *Motion for more definite statement.* A party may file a motion for more definite statement of any pleading that requires a response under this subpart. A party must set forth, in detail, the indefinite or uncertain allegations contained in a complaint or response to any pleading and must submit the details that the party believes would make the allegation or response definite and certain.

(i) *Complaint.* A respondent may file a motion requesting a more definite statement of the allegations contained in the complaint instead of filing an answer. If the administrative law judge grants the motion, the agency attorney must supply a more definite statement

not later than 15 days after service of the ruling granting the motion. If the agency attorney fails to supply a more definite statement, the administrative law judge must strike the allegations in the complaint to which the motion is directed. If the administrative law judge denies the motion, the respondent must file an answer and must serve a copy of the answer on each party not later than 20 days after service of the order of denial.

(ii) *Answer.* An agency attorney may file a motion requesting a more definite statement if an answer fails to respond clearly to the allegations in the complaint. If the administrative law judge grants the motion, the respondent must supply a more definite statement not later than 15 days after service of the ruling on the motion. If the respondent fails to supply a more definite statement, the administrative law judge must strike those statements in the answer to which the motion is directed. The respondent's failure to supply a more definite statement may be deemed an admission of unanswered allegations in the complaint.

(4) *Motion to strike.* Any party may make a motion to strike any insufficient allegation or defense, or any redundant, immaterial, or irrelevant matter in a pleading. A party must file a motion to strike before a response is required under this subpart or, if a response is not required, not later than 10 days after service of the pleading.

(5) *Motion for decision.* A party may make a motion for decision, regarding all or any part of the proceedings, at any time before the administrative law judge has issued an initial decision in the proceedings. The administrative law judge must grant a party's motion for decision if the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, matters that the administrative law judge has officially noticed, or evidence introduced during the hearing show that there is no genuine issue of material fact and that the party making the motion is entitled to a decision as a matter of law. The party making the motion for decision has the burden of showing that there is no genuine issue of material fact.

(6) *Motion for disqualification.* A party may file the motion at any time after

the administrative law judge has been assigned to the proceedings but must make the motion before the administrative law judge files an initial decision in the proceedings.

(i) *Motion and supporting affidavit.* A party must state the grounds for disqualification, including, but not limited to, personal bias, pecuniary interest, or other factors showing disqualification, in the motion for disqualification. A party must submit an affidavit with the motion for disqualification that sets forth, in detail, the matters alleged to constitute grounds for disqualification.

(ii) *Answer.* A party must respond to the motion for disqualification not later than 5 days after service of the motion for disqualification.

(iii) *Decision on motion for disqualification.* The administrative law judge must render a decision on the motion for disqualification not later than 20 days after the motion has been filed. If the administrative law judge finds that the motion for disqualification and supporting affidavit show a basis for disqualification, the administrative law judge must withdraw from the proceedings immediately. If the administrative law judge finds that disqualification is not warranted, the administrative law judge must deny the motion and state the grounds for the denial on the record. If the administrative law judge fails to rule on a party's motion for disqualification within 20 days after the motion has been filed, the motion is deemed granted.

(iv) *Appeal.* A party may appeal the administrative law judge's denial of the motion for disqualification in accordance with § 1503.219(b).

§ 1503.219 Interlocutory appeals.

(a) *General.* Unless otherwise provided in this subpart, a party may not appeal a ruling or decision of the administrative law judge to the TSA decision maker until the initial decision has been entered on the record. A decision or order of the TSA decision maker on the interlocutory appeal does not constitute a final order of the Administrator for the purposes of judicial appellate review under 49 U.S.C. 46110.

(b) *Interlocutory appeal for cause.* If a party files a written request for an interlocutory appeal for cause with the administrative law judge, or orally requests an interlocutory appeal for cause, the proceedings are stayed until the administrative law judge issues a decision on the request. If the administrative law judge grants the request, the proceedings are stayed until the TSA decision maker issues a decision on the interlocutory appeal. The administrative law judge must grant an interlocutory appeal for cause if a party shows that delay of the appeal would be detrimental to the public interest or would result in undue prejudice to any party.

(c) *Interlocutory appeals of right.* If a party notifies the administrative law judge of an interlocutory appeal of right, the proceedings are stayed until the TSA decision maker issues a decision on the interlocutory appeal. A party may file an interlocutory appeal, without the consent of the administrative law judge, before an initial decision has been entered in the case of:

(1) A ruling or order by the administrative law judge barring a person from the proceedings.

(2) Failure of the administrative law judge to dismiss the proceedings in accordance with § 1503.215.

(3) A ruling or order by the administrative law judge in violation of § 1503.205(b).

(4) A ruling or order by the administrative law judge regarding public access to a particular docket or documents.

(d) *Procedure.* Not later than 10 days after the administrative law judge's decision forming the basis of an interlocutory appeal of right or not later than 10 days after the administrative law judge's decision granting an interlocutory appeal for cause, a party must file a notice of interlocutory appeal, with supporting documents, and the party must serve a copy of the notice and supporting documents on each party. Not later than 10 days after service of the appeal brief, a party must file a reply brief, if any, and the party must serve a copy of the reply brief on each party. The TSA decision maker must render a decision on the interlocutory appeal, on the record and

as a part of the decision in the proceedings, within a reasonable time after receipt of the interlocutory appeal.

(e) *Frivolous appeals.* The TSA decision maker may reject frivolous, repetitive, or dilatory appeals, and may issue an order precluding one or more parties from making further interlocutory appeals in a proceeding in which there have been frivolous, repetitive, or dilatory interlocutory appeals.

§ 1503.220 Discovery.

(a) *Initiation of discovery.* Any party may initiate discovery described in this section, without the consent or approval of the administrative law judge, at any time after a complaint has been filed in the proceedings.

(b) *Methods of discovery.* The following methods of discovery are permitted under this section: depositions on oral examination or written questions of any person; written interrogatories directed to a party; requests for production of documents or tangible items to any person; and requests for admission by a party. A party is not required to file written discovery requests and responses with the administrative law judge or the Enforcement Docket Clerk. In the event of a discovery dispute, a party must attach a copy of these documents in support of a motion made under this section.

(c) *Service on the agency.* A party must serve each discovery request directed to the agency or any agency employee on the agency attorney of record.

(d) *Time for response to discovery requests.* Unless otherwise directed by this subpart or agreed by the parties, a party must respond to a request for discovery, including filing objections to a request for discovery, not later than 30 days after service of the request.

(e) *Scope of discovery.* Subject to the limits on discovery set forth in paragraph (f) of this section, a party may discover any matter that is not privileged and that is relevant to the subject matter of the proceeding. A party may discover information that relates to the claim or defense of any party including the existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location

of any document or other tangible item and the identity and location of any person having knowledge of discoverable matter. A party may discover facts known, or opinions held, by an expert who any other party expects to call to testify at the hearing. A party may not object to a discovery request on the basis that the information sought would not be admissible at the hearing if the information sought during discovery is reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

(f) *Limiting discovery.* The administrative law judge must limit the frequency and extent of discovery permitted by this section if a party shows that—

(1) The information requested is cumulative or repetitious;

(2) The information requested can be obtained from another less burdensome and more convenient source;

(3) The party requesting the information has had ample opportunity to obtain the information through other discovery methods permitted under this section; or

(4) The method or scope of discovery requested by the party is unduly burdensome or expensive.

(g) *Confidential orders.* A party or person who has received a discovery request for information that is related to a trade secret, confidential or sensitive material, competitive or commercial information, proprietary data, or information on research and development, may file a motion for a confidential order with the administrative law judge and must serve a copy of the motion for a confidential order on each party.

(1) The party or person making the motion must show that the confidential order is necessary to protect the information from disclosure to the public.

(2) If the administrative law judge determines that the requested material is not necessary to decide the case, the administrative law judge must preclude any inquiry into the matter by any party.

(3) If the administrative law judge determines that the requested material may be disclosed during discovery, the administrative law judge may order

that the material may be discovered and disclosed under limited conditions or may be used only under certain terms and conditions.

(4) If the administrative law judge determines that the requested material is necessary to decide the case and that a confidential order is warranted, the administrative law judge must provide:

(i) An opportunity for review of the document by the parties off the record;

(ii) Procedures for excluding the information from the record; and

(iii) Order that the parties must not disclose the information in any manner and the parties must not use the information in any other proceeding.

(h) *Protective orders.* A party or a person who has received a request for discovery may file a motion for protective order and must serve a copy of the motion for protective order on each party. The party or person making the motion must show that the protective order is necessary to protect the party or the person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense. As part of the protective order, the administrative law judge may:

(1) Deny the discovery request;

(2) Order that discovery be conducted only on specified terms and conditions, including a designation of the time or place for discovery or a determination of the method of discovery; or

(3) Limit the scope of discovery or preclude any inquiry into certain matters during discovery.

(i) *Duty to supplement or amend responses.* A party who has responded to a discovery request has a duty to supplement or amend the response, as soon as the information is known, as follows:

(1) A party must supplement or amend any response to a question requesting the identity and location of any person having knowledge of discoverable matters.

(2) A party must supplement or amend any response to a question requesting the identity of each person who will be called to testify at the hearing as an expert witness and the subject matter and substance of that witness' testimony.

(3) A party must supplement or amend any response that was incorrect when made or any response that was

correct when made but is no longer correct, accurate, or complete.

(j) *Depositions.* The following rules apply to depositions taken pursuant to this section:

(1) *Form.* A deposition must be taken on the record and reduced to writing. The person being deposed must sign the deposition unless the parties agree to waive the requirement of a signature.

(2) *Administration of oaths.* Within the United States, or a territory or possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, a party must take a deposition before a person authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the United States or authorized by the law of the place where the examination is held. In foreign countries, a party will take a deposition in any manner allowed by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (28 U.S.C. App.).

(3) *Notice of deposition.* A party must serve a notice of deposition, stating the time and place of the deposition and the name and address of each person to be examined, on the person to be deposed, on the administrative law judge, on the Enforcement Docket Clerk, and on each party not later than 7 days before the deposition. A party may serve a notice of deposition less than 7 days before the deposition only with consent of the administrative law judge. If a subpoena duces tecum is to be served on the person to be examined, the party must attach a copy of the subpoena duces tecum that describes the materials to be produced at the deposition to the notice of deposition.

(4) *Use of depositions.* A party may use any part or all of a deposition at a hearing authorized under this subpart only upon a showing of good cause. The deposition may be used against any party who was present or represented at the deposition or who had reasonable notice of the deposition.

(k) *Interrogatories.* A party, the party's attorney, or the party's representative may sign the party's responses to interrogatories. A party must answer each interrogatory separately and completely in writing. If a party objects to an interrogatory, the party must state the objection and the reasons for the objection. An opposing party may use any part or all of a party's responses to interrogatories at a hearing authorized

under this subpart to the extent that the response is relevant, material, and not repetitious.

(1) A party must not serve more than 30 interrogatories to each other party. Each subpart of an interrogatory will be counted as a separate interrogatory.

(2) Before serving additional interrogatories on a party, a party must file a motion for leave to serve additional interrogatories on a party with the administrative law judge and must serve a copy on each party before serving additional interrogatories on a party. The administrative law judge may grant the motion only if the party shows good cause for the party's failure to inquire about the information previously and that the information cannot reasonably be obtained using less burdensome discovery methods or be obtained from other sources.

(l) *Requests for admission.* A party may serve a written request for admission of the truth of any matter within the scope of discovery under this section or the authenticity of any document described in the request. A party must set forth each request for admission separately. A party must serve copies of documents referenced in the request for admission unless the documents have been provided or are reasonably available for inspection and copying.

(1) *Time.* A party's failure to respond to a request for admission, in writing and signed by the attorney or the party, not later than 30 days after service of the request, is deemed an admission of the truth of the statement or statements contained in the request for admission. The administrative law judge may determine that a failure to respond to a request for admission is not deemed an admission of the truth if a party shows that the failure was due to circumstances beyond the control of the party or the party's attorney.

(2) *Response.* A party may object to a request for admission and must state the reasons for objection. A party may specifically deny the truth of the matter or describe the reasons why the party is unable to truthfully deny or admit the matter. If a party is unable to deny or admit the truth of the matter, the party must show that the party has made reasonable inquiry into

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the matter or that the information known to, or readily obtainable by, the party is insufficient to enable the party to admit or deny the matter. A party may admit or deny any part of the request for admission. If the administrative law judge determines that a response does not comply with the requirements of this rule or that the response is insufficient, the matter is deemed admitted.

(3) *Effect of admission.* Any matter admitted or deemed admitted under this section is conclusively established for the purpose of the hearing and appeal.

(m) *Motion to compel discovery.* A party may make a motion to compel discovery if a person refuses to answer a question during a deposition, a party fails or refuses to answer an interrogatory, if a person gives an evasive or incomplete answer during a deposition or when responding to an interrogatory, or a party fails or refuses to produce documents or tangible items. During a deposition, the proponent of a question may complete the deposition or may adjourn the examination before making a motion to compel if a person refuses to answer.

(n) *Failure to comply with a discovery order or order to compel.* If a party fails to comply with a discovery order or an order to compel, the administrative law judge, limited to the extent of the party's failure to comply with the discovery order or motion to compel, may:

- (1) Strike that portion of a party's pleadings;
- (2) Preclude prehearing or discovery motions by that party;
- (3) Preclude admission of that portion of a party's evidence at the hearing; or
- (4) Preclude that portion of the testimony of that party's witnesses at the hearing.

§ 1503.221 Notice of hearing.

(a) *Notice.* The administrative law judge must give each party at least 60 days notice of the date, time, and location of the hearing. With the consent of the administrative law judge, the parties may agree to hold the hearing on an earlier date than the date specified in the notice of hearing.

(b) *Date, time, and location of the hearing.* The administrative law judge to whom the proceedings have been assigned must set a reasonable date, time, and location for the hearing. The administrative law judge must consider the need for discovery and any joint procedural or discovery schedule submitted by the parties when determining the hearing date. The administrative law judge must give due regard to the convenience of the parties, the location where the majority of the witnesses reside or work, and whether the location is served by a scheduled air carrier.

§ 1503.222 Evidence.

(a) *General.* A party is entitled to present the party's case or defense by oral, documentary, or demonstrative evidence, to submit rebuttal evidence, and to conduct any cross-examination that may be required for a full and true disclosure of the facts.

(b) *Admissibility.* A party may introduce any oral, documentary, or demonstrative evidence in support of the party's case or defense. The administrative law judge must admit any oral, documentary, or demonstrative evidence introduced by a party but must exclude irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence.

(c) *Hearsay evidence.* Hearsay evidence is admissible in proceedings governed by this subpart. The fact that evidence submitted by a party is hearsay goes only to the weight of the evidence and does not affect its admissibility.

§ 1503.223 Standard of proof.

The administrative law judge may issue an initial decision or may rule in a party's favor only if the decision or ruling is supported by, and in accordance with, the reliable, probative, and substantial evidence contained in the record. In order to prevail, the party with the burden of proof must prove the party's case or defense by a preponderance of reliable, probative, and substantial evidence.

§ 1503.224 Burden of proof.

(a) Except in the case of an affirmative defense, the burden of proof is on the agency.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule, the proponent of a motion, request, or order has the burden of proof.

(c) A party who has asserted an affirmative defense has the burden of proving the affirmative defense.

§ 1503.225 Offer of proof.

A party whose evidence has been excluded by a ruling of the administrative law judge may offer the evidence for the record on appeal.

§ 1503.226 Public disclosure of evidence.

This section applies to information other than Sensitive Security Information (SSI). All release of SSI is governed by § 1503.230.

(a) The administrative law judge may order that any other information contained in the record be withheld from public disclosure. Any person may object to disclosure of information in the record by filing a written motion to withhold specific information with the administrative law judge and serving a copy of the motion on each party. The party must state the specific grounds for nondisclosure in the motion.

(b) The administrative law judge must grant the motion to withhold information in the record if, based on the motion and any response to the motion, the administrative law judge determines that disclosure would be detrimental to transportation safety, disclosure would not be in the public interest, or that the information is not otherwise required to be made available to the public.

§ 1503.227 Expert or opinion witnesses.

An employee of the agency may not be called as an expert or opinion witness, for any party other than the TSA, in any proceeding governed by this subpart. An employee of a respondent may not be called by an agency attorney as an expert or opinion witness for the TSA in any proceeding governed by this subpart to which the respondent is a party.

§ 1503.228 Subpoenas.

(a) *Request for subpoena.* A party may obtain a subpoena to compel the attendance of a witness at a deposition or

hearing or to require the production of documents or tangible items from the administrative law judge who is assigned to the case, or, if no administrative law judge is assigned or the assigned law judge is unavailable, from the chief administrative law judge. The party must complete the subpoena, stating the title of the action and the date and time for the witness' attendance or production of documents or items. The party who obtained the subpoena must serve the subpoena on the witness.

(b) *Motion to quash or modify the subpoena.* A party, or any person upon whom a subpoena has been served, may file a motion to quash or modify the subpoena at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance. The applicant must describe, in detail, the basis for the application to quash or modify the subpoena including, but not limited to, a statement that the testimony, document, or tangible evidence is not relevant to the proceeding, that the subpoena is not reasonably tailored to the scope of the proceeding, or that the subpoena is unreasonable and oppressive. A motion to quash or modify the subpoena will stay the effect of the subpoena pending a decision by the administrative law judge on the motion.

(c) *Enforcement of subpoena.* Upon a showing that a person has failed or refused to comply with a subpoena, a party may apply to the local Federal district court to seek judicial enforcement of the subpoena in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46104.

§ 1503.229 Witness fees.

(a) *General.* Unless otherwise authorized by the administrative law judge, the party who applies for a subpoena to compel the attendance of a witness at a deposition or hearing, or the party at whose request a witness appears at a deposition or hearing, must pay the witness fees described in this section.

(b) *Amount.* Except for an employee of the agency who appears at the direction of the agency, a witness who appears at a deposition or hearing is entitled to the same fees and mileage expenses as are paid to a witness in a court of the United States in comparable circumstances.

§ 1503.230 Record.

(a) *Exclusive record.* The request for hearing, complaint, answer, transcript of all testimony in the hearing, all exhibits received into evidence, and all motions, applications, requests, and rulings will constitute the exclusive record for decision of the proceedings and the basis for the issuance of any orders in the proceeding.

(b) *Examination and copying of record—(1) Generally.* Any person interested in reviewing or obtaining a copy of a record may do so only by submitting a FOIA request under 5 U.S.C. 552 and 49 CFR part 7. Portions of the record may be exempt from disclosure pursuant to FOIA.

(2) *Docket Files or Documents Not for Public Disclosure.* (i) Only the following persons may review docket files or particular documents that are not for public disclosure:

- (A) parties to the proceedings;
- (B) their designated representatives; and

(C) persons who have a need to know as determined by the Administrator.

(ii) Those persons with permission to review these documents or docket files may view the materials at the TSA Enforcement Docket, TSA Headquarters, Visitor Center, 701 South 12th Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202. Persons with access to these records may have a copy of the records after payment of reasonable costs.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.231 Argument before the administrative law judge.

(a) *Arguments during the hearing.* During the hearing, the administrative law judge must give the parties a reasonable opportunity to present arguments on the record supporting or opposing motions, objections, and rulings if the parties request an opportunity for argument. The administrative law judge may request written arguments during the hearing if the administrative law judge finds that submission of written arguments would be reasonable.

(b) *Final oral argument.* At the conclusion of the hearing and before the administrative law judge issues an initial decision in the proceedings, the parties

are entitled to submit oral proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, exceptions to rulings of the administrative law judge, and supporting arguments for the findings, conclusions, or exceptions. At the conclusion of the hearing, a party may waive final oral argument.

(c) *Posthearing briefs.* The administrative law judge may request written posthearing briefs before the administrative law judge issues an initial decision in the proceedings. If a party files a written posthearing brief, the party must include proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, exceptions to rulings of the administrative law judge, and supporting arguments for the findings, conclusions, or exceptions. The administrative law judge must give the parties a reasonable opportunity, not more than 30 days after receipt of the transcript, to prepare and submit the briefs.

§ 1503.232 Initial decision.

(a) *Contents.* The administrative law judge must issue an initial decision at the conclusion of the hearing. In each oral or written decision, the administrative law judge must include findings of fact and conclusions of law, and the grounds supporting those findings and conclusions, upon all material issues of fact, the credibility of witnesses, the applicable law, any exercise of the administrative law judge's discretion, the amount of any civil penalty found appropriate by the administrative law judge, and a discussion of the basis for any order issued in the proceedings. The administrative law judge is not required to provide a written explanation for rulings on objections, procedural motions, and other matters not directly relevant to the substance of the initial decision. If the administrative law judge refers to any previous unreported or unpublished initial decision, the administrative law judge must make copies of that initial decision available to all parties and the TSA decision maker.

(b) *Oral decision.* Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, at the conclusion of the hearing, the administrative law judge must issue the initial decision and order orally on the record.

(c) *Written decision.* The administrative law judge may issue a written initial decision not later than 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing or submission of the last post-hearing brief if the administrative law judge finds that issuing a written initial decision is reasonable. The administrative law judge must serve a copy of any written initial decision on each party.

(d) *Order assessing civil penalty.* Unless appealed pursuant to § 1503.233, the initial decision issued by the administrative law judge will be considered an order assessing civil penalty if the administrative law judge finds that an alleged violation occurred and determines that a civil penalty, in an amount found appropriate by the administrative law judge, is warranted.

§ 1503.233 Appeal from initial decision.

(a) *Notice of appeal.* A party may appeal the initial decision, and any decision not previously appealed pursuant to § 1503.219, by filing a notice of appeal with the Enforcement Docket Clerk. A party must file the notice of appeal with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, TSA-2, Attention: Enforcement Docket Clerk, 601 South 12th Street, Arlington, VA 22202-4220. A party must file the notice of appeal not later than 10 days after entry of the oral initial decision on the record or service of the written initial decision on the parties and must serve a copy of the notice of appeal on each party.

(b) *Issues on appeal.* A party may appeal only the following issues:

(1) Whether each finding of fact is supported by a preponderance of reliable, probative, and substantial evidence;

(2) Whether each conclusion of law is made in accordance with applicable law, precedent, and public policy; and

(3) Whether the administrative law judge committed any prejudicial errors during the hearing that support the appeal.

(c) *Perfecting an appeal.* Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, a party must perfect an appeal, not later than 50 days after entry of the oral initial decision on the record or service of the written initial decision on the party,

by filing an appeal brief with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(1) *Extension of time by agreement of the parties.* The parties may agree to extend the time for perfecting the appeal with the consent of the TSA decision maker. If the TSA decision maker grants an extension of time to perfect the appeal, the Enforcement Docket Clerk will serve a letter confirming the extension of time on each party.

(2) *Written motion for extension.* If the parties do not agree to an extension of time for perfecting an appeal, a party desiring an extension of time may file a written motion for an extension with the Enforcement Docket Clerk and must serve a copy of the motion on each party. The TSA decision maker may grant an extension if good cause for the extension is shown in the motion.

(d) *Appeal briefs.* A party must file the appeal brief with the TSA Enforcement Docket Clerk and must serve a copy of the appeal brief on each party.

(1) A party must set forth, in detail, the party's specific objections to the initial decision or rulings in the appeal brief. A party also must set forth, in detail, the basis for the appeal, the reasons supporting the appeal, and the relief requested in the appeal. If the party relies on evidence contained in the record for the appeal, the party must specifically refer to the pertinent evidence contained in the transcript in the appeal brief.

(2) The TSA decision maker may dismiss an appeal, on the TSA decision maker's own initiative or upon motion of any other party, where a party has filed a notice of appeal but fails to perfect the appeal by timely filing an appeal brief.

(e) *Reply brief.* Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, any party may file a reply brief not later than 35 days after the appeal brief has been served on that party. The party filing the reply brief must serve a copy of the reply brief on each party. If the party relies on evidence contained in the record for the reply, the party must specifically refer to the pertinent evidence contained in the transcript in the reply brief.

(1) *Extension of time by agreement of the parties.* The parties may agree to

extend the time for filing a reply brief with the consent of the TSA decision maker. If the TSA decision maker grants an extension of time to file the reply brief, the Enforcement Docket Clerk will serve a letter confirming the extension of time on each party.

(2) *Written motion for extension.* If the parties do not agree to an extension of time for filing a reply brief, a party desiring an extension of time may file a written motion for an extension and will serve a copy of the motion on each party. The TSA decision maker may grant an extension if good cause for the extension is shown in the motion.

(f) *Other briefs.* The TSA decision maker may allow any person to submit an amicus curiae brief in an appeal of an initial decision. A party may not file more than one appeal brief or reply brief. A party may petition the TSA decision maker, in writing, for leave to file an additional brief and must serve a copy of the petition on each party. The party may not file the additional brief with the petition. The TSA decision maker may grant leave to file an additional brief if the party demonstrates good cause for allowing additional argument on the appeal. The TSA decision maker will allow a reasonable time for the party to file the additional brief.

(g) *Number of copies.* A party must file the original appeal brief or the original reply brief, and two copies of the brief, with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(h) *Oral argument.* The TSA decision maker has sole discretion to permit oral argument on the appeal. On the TSA decision maker's own initiative or upon written motion by any party, the TSA decision maker may find that oral argument will contribute substantially to the development of the issues on appeal and may grant the parties an opportunity for oral argument.

(i) *Waiver of objections on appeal.* If a party fails to object to any alleged error regarding the proceedings in an appeal or a reply brief, the party waives any objection to the alleged error. The TSA decision maker is not required to consider any objection in an appeal brief or any argument in the reply brief if a party's objection is based on evidence contained on the record and the party does not specifi-

cally refer to the pertinent evidence from the record in the brief.

(j) *The TSA decision maker's decision on appeal.* The TSA decision maker will review the briefs on appeal and the oral argument, if any, to determine if the administrative law judge committed prejudicial error in the proceedings or that the initial decision should be affirmed, modified, or reversed. The TSA decision maker may affirm, modify, or reverse the initial decision, make any necessary findings, or may remand the case for any proceedings that the TSA decision maker determines may be necessary.

(1) The TSA decision maker may raise any issue, on the TSA decision maker's own initiative, that is required for proper disposition of the proceedings. The TSA decision maker will give the parties a reasonable opportunity to submit arguments on the new issues before making a decision on appeal. If an issue raised by the TSA decision maker requires the consideration of additional testimony or evidence, the TSA decision maker will remand the case to the administrative law judge for further proceedings and an initial decision related to that issue. If an issue raised by the TSA decision maker is solely an issue of law or the issue was addressed at the hearing but was not raised by a party in the briefs on appeal, a remand of the case to the administrative law judge for further proceedings is not required but may be provided in the discretion of the TSA decision maker.

(2) The TSA decision maker will issue the final decision and order of the Administrator on appeal in writing and will serve a copy of the decision and order on each party. Unless a petition for review is filed pursuant to § 1503.235, a final decision and order of the Administrator will be considered an order assessing civil penalty if the TSA decision maker finds that an alleged violation occurred and a civil penalty is warranted.

(3) A final decision and order of the Administrator after appeal is precedent in any other civil penalty action. Any issue, finding or conclusion, order, ruling, or initial decision of an administrative law judge that has not been appealed to the TSA decision maker is

not precedent in any other civil penalty action.

(4) The TSA decision maker will determine whether the decision and order of the TSA decision maker, with the administrative law judge's initial decision or order attached, may be released to the public, either in whole or in redacted form. In making this determination, the TSA decision maker will consider whether disclosure of any of the information in the decision and order would be detrimental to transportation safety, would not be in the public interest, or should not otherwise be required to be made available to the public.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003; 68 FR 58281, Oct. 9, 2003]

§ 1503.234 Petition to reconsider or modify a final decision and order of the TSA decision maker on appeal.

(a) *General.* Any party may petition the TSA decision maker to reconsider or modify a final decision and order issued by the TSA decision maker on appeal from an initial decision. A party must file a petition to reconsider or modify not later than 30 days after service of the TSA decision maker's final decision and order on appeal and must serve a copy of the petition on each party. The TSA decision maker will not reconsider or modify an initial decision and order issued by an administrative law judge that has not been appealed by any party to the TSA decision maker and filed with the Enforcement Docket Clerk.

(b) *Form and number of copies.* A party must file a petition to reconsider or modify, in writing. The party must file the original petition with the Enforcement Docket Clerk and must serve a copy of the petition on each party.

(c) *Contents.* A party must state briefly and specifically the alleged errors in the final decision and order on appeal, the relief sought by the party, and the grounds that support the petition to reconsider or modify.

(1) If the petition is based, in whole or in part, on allegations regarding the consequences of the TSA decision maker's decision, the party must describe these allegations and must describe,

and support, the basis for the allegations.

(2) If the petition is based, in whole or in part, on new material not previously raised in the proceedings, the party must set forth the new material and include affidavits of prospective witnesses and authenticated documents that would be introduced in support of the new material. The party must explain, in detail, why the new material was not discovered through due diligence prior to the hearing.

(d) *Repetitious and frivolous petitions.* The TSA decision maker will not consider repetitious or frivolous petitions. The TSA decision maker may summarily dismiss repetitious or frivolous petitions to reconsider or modify.

(e) *Reply petitions.* Any other party may reply to a petition to reconsider or modify, not later than 10 days after service of the petition on that party, by filing a reply with the Enforcement Docket Clerk. A party must serve a copy of the reply on each party.

(f) *Effect of filing petition.* Unless otherwise ordered by the TSA decision maker, filing of a petition pursuant to this section will stay the effective date of the TSA decision maker's final decision and order on appeal.

(g) *The TSA decision maker's decision on petition.* The TSA decision maker has sole discretion to grant or deny a petition to reconsider or modify. The TSA decision maker will grant or deny a petition to reconsider or modify within a reasonable time after receipt of the petition or receipt of the reply petition, if any. The TSA decision maker may affirm, modify, or reverse the final decision and order on appeal, or may remand the case for any proceedings that the TSA decision maker determines may be necessary.

§ 1503.235 Judicial review of a final order.

A person may seek judicial review of a final order of the Administrator as provided in 49 U.S.C. 46110. A party seeking judicial review of a final order must file a petition for review not later than 60 days after the final order has been served on the party.

Subpart H—Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment

§ 1503.301 Scope and purpose.

(a) This subpart provides a mechanism for the regular adjustment for inflation of civil monetary penalties in conformity with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, 28 U.S.C. 2461 (note), as amended, in order to maintain the deterrent effect of civil monetary penalties and to promote compliance with the law. This subpart also sets out the current adjusted maximum civil monetary penalties or range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties for each statutory civil penalty subject to the TSA's jurisdiction.

(b) Each adjustment to the maximum civil monetary penalty or the range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties, as applicable, made in accordance with this subpart applies prospectively from the date it becomes effective to actions initiated under this part, notwithstanding references to a specific maximum civil monetary penalty or range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties contained elsewhere in this part.

§ 1503.303 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

Civil monetary penalty means any penalty, fine, or other sanction that:

- (1) Is for a specific monetary amount as provided by Federal law or has a maximum amount provided by Federal law;
- (2) Is assessed or enforced by the TSA pursuant to Federal law; and
- (3) Is assessed or enforced pursuant to an administrative proceeding or a civil action in the Federal courts.

Consumer Price Index means the *Consumer Price Index* for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor.

§ 1503.305 Cost of living adjustments of civil monetary penalties.

(a) *Adjustment determination.* Except for the limitation to the initial adjustment to statutory maximum civil mon-

etary penalties or range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, the inflation adjustment under this subpart is determined by increasing the maximum civil monetary penalty or range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalty for each civil monetary penalty by the cost-of-living adjustment. Any increase determined under this paragraph (a) is rounded to the nearest:

- (1) Multiple of \$10 in the case of penalties less than or equal to \$100;
- (2) Multiple of \$100 in the case of penalties greater than \$100 but less than or equal to \$1,000;
- (3) Multiple of \$1,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$1,000 but less than or equal to \$10,000;
- (4) Multiple of \$5,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$10,000 but less than or equal to \$100,000;
- (5) Multiple of \$10,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$100,000 but less than or equal to \$200,000; and
- (6) Multiple of \$25,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$200,000.

(b) *Definition.* For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, the term *cost-of-living adjustment* means the percentage (if any) for each civil monetary penalty by which the Consumer Price Index for the month of June of the calendar year preceding the adjustment exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the month of June of the calendar year in which the amount of such civil monetary penalty was last set or adjusted pursuant to law.

(c) *Limitation on initial adjustment.* The initial adjustment of maximum civil penalty or range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties made pursuant to this subpart does not exceed 10 percent of the statutory maximum civil penalty before an adjustment under this subpart is made. This limitation applies only to the initial adjustment, effective on January 21, 1997.

(d) *Inflation adjustment.* Minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties within the jurisdiction of the TSA are adjusted for inflation as follows:

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM CIVIL PENALTIES—ADJUSTED FOR INFLATION, EFFECTIVE MARCH 13, 2002

United States Code citation	Civil monetary penalty description	Minimum penalty	New adjusted minimum penalty amount	Maximum penalty amount when last set or adjusted pursuant to law	New or adjusted maximum penalty amount
49 U.S.C. 46301(a)(1)	Violations of statutory provisions listed in 49 U.S.C. 46301(a)(1), regulations prescribed, or orders issued under those provisions.	N/A	N/A	\$1,100 per violation, adjusted 1/21/97.	\$1,100 per violation, adjusted 1/21/97.
49 U.S.C. 46301(a)(2)	Violations of statutory provisions listed in 49 U.S.C. 46301(a)(2), regulations prescribed, or orders issued under those provisions by a person operating an aircraft for the transportation of passengers or property for compensation.	N/A	N/A	\$11,000 per violation, adjusted 1/21/97.	\$11,000 per violation, adjusted 1/21/97.

PART 1510—PASSENGER CIVIL AVIATION SECURITY SERVICE FEES

- Sec.
- 1510.1 Applicability and purpose.
- 1510.3 Definitions.
- 1510.5 Imposition of security service fees.
- 1510.7 Air transportation advertisements and solicitations.
- 1510.9 Collection of security service fees.
- 1510.11 Handling of security service fees.
- 1510.13 Remittance of security service fees.
- 1510.15 Accounting and auditing requirements.
- 1510.17 Reporting requirements.
- 1510.19 Federal oversight.
- 1510.21 Enforcement.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 40113, and 44940.

SOURCE: 66 FR 67701, Dec. 31, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1510.1 Applicability and purpose.

This part prescribes a uniform fee to be paid by passengers of direct air carriers and foreign air carriers in air transportation, foreign air transportation, and intrastate air transportation originating at airports in the United States to pay for the costs of providing civil aviation security services as described in 49 U.S.C. 44940.

§ 1510.3 Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this part:

Administrator means the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration or the Administrator's designee.

Air carrier means a citizen of the United States who undertakes directly to engage in or provide air transportation.

Air transportation means intrastate, interstate or foreign air transportation.

Aircraft means a device that is used or intended to be used for flight in the air.

Airport means any landing area used regularly by aircraft for receiving or discharging passengers or cargo.

Direct air carrier and foreign air carrier means a selling carrier.

Foreign air carrier means any person other than a citizen of the United States who undertakes directly to engage in or provide air transportation.

Foreign air transportation means the carriage by aircraft of persons for compensation or hire between a place in the United States and any place outside of the United States.

Frequent flyer award means a zero-fare award of air transportation that a domestic air carrier or foreign air carrier provides to a passenger in exchange for accumulated travel mileage credits in a customer loyalty program, whether or not the term frequent flyer is used in the definition of that program.

Interstate air transportation means the carriage by aircraft of persons for compensation or hire within the United States.

Intrastate air transportation means the carriage of persons for compensation or

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hire wholly within the same State of the United States.

Nonrevenue passenger means a passenger receiving air transportation from an air carrier or foreign air carrier for which the air carrier or foreign air carrier does not receive remuneration.

One-way trip means any trip that is not a round trip.

Origin point means the location at which a trip on a complete air travel itinerary begins.

Passenger enplanement means a person boarding in the United States in scheduled or nonscheduled service on aircraft in intrastate, interstate, or foreign air transportation.

Principal means the aggregate amount of all passenger security service fees due to be remitted to the Transportation Security Administration by an air carrier as required by this part.

Round trip means a trip on an air travel itinerary that terminates at the origin point.

Selling carrier means an air carrier or foreign air carrier that provides or offers to provide air transportation and has control over the operational functions performed in providing that air transportation.

[66 FR 67701, Dec. 31, 2001, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1510.5 Imposition of security service fees.

(a) The security service fee will be \$2.50 per passenger enplanement. The security service fee is imposed only on passengers of direct air carriers and foreign air carrier described in § 1510.9(a). Passengers may not be charged for more than two enplanements per one-way trip or four enplanements per round trip.

(b) The security service fee will be imposed on all flight segments originating at an airport in the United States.

(c) The security service fee must be imposed on passengers who obtained the ticket for air transportation with a frequent flyer award, but may not be imposed on any other nonrevenue passengers.

(d) Passengers enplaning a flight segment outside of the United States are

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not subject to the security service fee for that enplanement.

§ 1510.7 Air transportation advertisements and solicitations.

A direct air carrier and foreign air carrier must identify the security service fee imposed by this part as “September 11th Security Fee” in all its advertisements and solicitations for air transportation.

§ 1510.9 Collection of security service fees.

(a) The following direct air carriers and foreign air carriers must collect security service fees from passengers enplaning:

(1) A scheduled passenger or public charter passenger operation with an aircraft having passenger seating configuration of more than 60 seats.

(2) A scheduled passenger or public charter passenger operation with an aircraft having a passenger seating configuration of less than 61 seats when passengers are enplaned from or deplaned into a sterile area.

(b) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers must collect from each passenger, to the extent provided in § 1510.5, a security service fee on air transportation sold on or after February 1, 2002. The security service fee must be based on the air travel itinerary at the time the air transportation is sold. Any changes by the passenger to the itinerary that alter the number of enplanements are subject to additional collection or refund of the security service fee by the direct air carrier or foreign air carrier as appropriate. Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers are solely liable to TSA for additional security service fees imposed because of involuntary enplanement changes to the itinerary.

(c) Whether or not the security service fee is collected as required by this part, the direct air carrier or foreign air carrier selling the air transportation is solely liable to TSA for the fee and must remit the fee as required in § 1510.13.

(d) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers may not collect security service fees not imposed by this part.

§ 1510.11 Handling of security service fees.

(a) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers are responsible for the safe-keeping of all security service fees from the time of collection to remittance.

(b) Security service fees collected by a direct air carrier or foreign air carrier are held in trust by that direct carrier for the beneficial interest of the United States in paying for the costs of providing civil aviation security services described in 49 U.S.C. 44940. The direct air carrier or foreign air carrier holds neither legal nor equitable interest in the security service fees except for the right to retain any accrued interest on the principal amounts collected pursuant to § 1510.13(b).

(c) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers must account for security service fees separately, but the fees may be commingled with the carriers' other sources of revenue.

(d) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers must disclose in their financial statements the existence and the amount of security service fee held in trust.

§ 1510.13 Remittance of security service fees.

(a) Each direct air carrier and foreign air carrier must remit all security service fees imposed each calendar month to TSA, as directed by the Administrator, by the last calendar day of the month following the imposition.

(b) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers may retain any interest that accrues on the principal amounts collected between the date of collection and the date the fee is remitted to TSA in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers are prohibited from retaining any portion of the principal to offset the costs of collecting, handling, or remitting the passenger security service fees.

(d) Security service fees are payable to the "Transportation Security Administration" in U.S. currency and drawn on a U.S. bank.

(1) Fees of \$1,000 or more must be remitted by electronic funds transfer.

(2) Fees under \$1,000 may be remitted by electronic funds transfer, check, money order, wire transfer, or draft.

(e) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers are responsible for paying any bank processing charges on the security service fees collected or remitted under this part when such charges are assessed on the U.S. government.

§ 1510.15 Accounting and auditing requirements.

(a) Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers must establish and maintain an accounting system to account for the security service fees imposed, collected, refunded and remitted. The accounting records must identify the airports at which the passengers were enplaned.

(b) Each direct air carrier and foreign air carrier that collects security services fees from more than 50,000 passengers annually must provide for an audit at least annually of its security service fee activities or accounts.

(c) Audits pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section must be performed by an independent certified public accountant and may be of limited scope. The accountant must express an opinion on the fairness and reasonableness of the direct air carrier's and foreign air carrier's procedures for collecting, holding, and remitting the fees. The opinion must also address whether the quarterly reports required in § 1510.17 fairly represent the net transactions in the security service fee accounts.

§ 1510.17 Reporting requirements.

(a) Each direct air carrier and foreign air carrier collecting security service fees must provide TSA with quarterly reports that provide an accounting of fees imposed, collected, refunded and remitted.

(b) Quarterly reports must state:

(1) The direct air carrier or foreign air carrier involved;

(2) The total amount of September 11th Security Fees imposed on passengers in U.S. currency for each month during the previous quarter of the calendar year;

(3) The net amount of September 11th Security Fees collected in U.S. currency by the direct air carrier or foreign air carrier for each month during

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the previous quarter of the calendar year;

(4) The total amount of September 11th Security Fees refunded in U.S. currency by the direct air carrier or foreign air carrier for each month during the previous quarter of the calendar year; and

(5) The total amount of September 11th Security Fees remitted in U.S. currency by the direct air carrier or foreign air carrier for each month during the previous quarter of the calendar year.

(c) The report must be filed by the last day of the calendar month following the quarter of the calendar year in which the fees were imposed.

[66 FR 67701, Dec. 31, 2001, as amended at 67 FR 14881, Mar. 28, 2002]

§ 1510.19 Federal oversight.

Direct air carriers and foreign air carriers must allow any authorized representative of the Administrator, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation, the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security, or the Comptroller General of the United States to audit or review any of its books and records and provide any other information necessary to verify that the security service fees were properly collected and remitted consistent with this part.

[68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1510.21 Enforcement.

A direct air carrier's or foreign air carrier's failure to comply with the requirements 49 U.S.C. 44940 or the provisions of this part may be considered to be an unfair and deceptive practice in violation of 49 U.S.C. 41712 and may also result in a claim due the United States by the carrier collectable pursuant to 49 CFR part 89. These remedies are in addition to any others remedies provided by law.

PART 1511—AVIATION SECURITY INFRASTRUCTURE FEE

Sec.

1511.1 Applicability and purpose.

1511.3 Definitions.

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1511.5 Imposition of Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees.

1511.7 Remittance of Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees.

1511.9 Accounting and auditing requirements.

1511.11 Federal oversight.

1511.13 Enforcement.

APPENDIX A TO PART 1511—AVIATION SECURITY INFRASTRUCTURE FEE.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 40113, 44901, and 44940.

SOURCE: 67 FR 7929, Feb. 20, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1511.1 Applicability and purpose.

(a) This part prescribes the imposition of a fee on air carriers and foreign air carriers in air transportation to pay for the costs of providing U.S. civil aviation security services as described in 49 U.S.C. 44940.

(b) For purposes of this part, the fee will be described as the "Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee."

§ 1511.3 Definitions.

The following definitions apply for purposes of this part. For other definitions that may be applicable to this part refer to 49 U.S.C. 40102.

Administrator means the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration or the Administrator's designee.

Air transportation means the carriage by passenger aircraft of persons or property for compensation or hire in intrastate air transportation, interstate air transportation, or foreign air transportation.

Aircraft means a device that is used or intended to be used for flight in the air.

Fiscal year means the fiscal year for the Federal government, which begins each year October 1 and ends on September 30. The fiscal year is designated by the calendar year in which it ends, e.g., fiscal year 2002 is the year beginning October 1, 2001, and ending September 30, 2002.

Foreign air transportation means air transportation between a place in the United States and any place outside of the United States.

Interstate air transportation means air transportation within the United States.

Intrastate air transportation means air transportation wholly within the same State of the United States.

Passenger aircraft means an aircraft that is used to transport passengers in air transportation.

Property means mail, cargo, carry-on and checked baggage, and any other articles transported by passenger aircraft operated by an air carrier or foreign air carrier in air transportation, but excluding property transported under the "Known Shipper Program."

[67 FR 7929, Feb. 20, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1511.5 Imposition of Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees.

(a) Effective February 18, 2002, an Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee will be imposed on air carriers and foreign air carriers engaged in air transportation.

(b) The amount of the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee for each fiscal year will not exceed, in the aggregate, the amounts paid in calendar year 2000 by air carriers and foreign air carriers for the screening of passengers and property transported by passenger aircraft in the United States, as determined by the Administrator.

(c) For fiscal years 2002, 2003 and 2004, the amount of the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee imposed on each air carrier and foreign air carrier will not exceed the amount each such carrier paid for the screening of passengers and property transported by passenger aircraft in the United States during calendar year 2000, as determined by the Administrator.

(d) Each air carrier and foreign air carrier that paid for the screening of passengers and property in calendar year 2000 must fully complete the form set forth in Appendix A to this part titled, "Calendar Year 2000 Costs Paid for Passenger and Property Screening," and submit the completed form to the Transportation Security Administration by May 18, 2002.

(e) In the case of a merger, acquisition, corporate restructuring, reorganization, or name change involving an air carrier or foreign air carrier that paid for the screening of passengers and property transported by passenger aircraft in the United States during

calendar year 2000, the successor entity must include those screening costs in Appendix A of this part and submit those costs together with its own costs on one form in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section. Any other air carrier or foreign air carrier that paid for the screening of passengers and property transported by passenger aircraft in the United States during calendar year 2000 but is no longer providing air transportation must also complete the form set forth in Appendix A and submit the form in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section.

(f) The Administrator has determined that the information submitted pursuant to this part and 49 U.S.C. 44940(a)(2)(B) is Sensitive Security Information and is subject to the non-disclosure requirements of 49 U.S.C. 40119(b).

(g) The amount of the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee imposed on each air carrier and foreign air carrier will be redetermined for fiscal years 2005 and beyond, and such redeterminations may be based on the carrier's respective market share or any other appropriate measure in lieu of the measure provided in paragraph (c) of this section.

§ 1511.7 Remittance of Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees.

(a) No later than May 31, 2002, each air carrier and foreign air carrier engaged in air transportation must remit to TSA.

(1) 3.273 percent of the total amount the carrier has indicated in Appendix A of this part, or an amount as otherwise determined by the Administrator, which will represent the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee due for the period running from February 18 through February 28, 2002; and,

(2) 16.666 percent of the total amount the carrier has indicated in Appendix A of this part, or an amount as otherwise determined by the Administrator, which will represent the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fee due for period running from March 1 through April 30, 2002.

(b) Each air carrier and foreign air carrier engaged in air transportation must remit to TSA 8.333 percent of the total amount the carrier has indicated

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in Appendix A of this part, or an amount as otherwise determined by the Administrator, by the last calendar day of each month following May 2002 up to and including September 2004.

(c) Each air carrier and foreign air carrier engaged in air transportation must remit to TSA 8.333 percent of the total amount as determined by the Administrator pursuant to section 1511.5(g) of this part by the last calendar day of each month following September 2004.

(d) Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees must be payable to the "Transportation Security Administration" in U.S. currency and drawn on a U.S. bank.

(1) Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees of \$1,000 or more must be remitted by electronic funds transfer.

(2) Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees under \$1,000 may be remitted by electronic funds transfer, check, money order, wire transfer, or draft.

(e) Air carriers and foreign air carriers are responsible for paying any bank processing charges on Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees remitted under this part when such charges are assessed on the U.S. government.

[67 FR 7929, Feb. 20, 2002; 67 FR 8579, Feb. 25, 2002]

§ 1511.9 Accounting and auditing requirements.

(a) Each air carrier and foreign air carrier must submit an audit performed by an independent certified public accountant of the information provided pursuant to this part to the Transportation Security Administration by July 1, 2002. The cost of the audit will be borne by the carrier. The accountant must express an opinion as to the fairness and reasonableness of the air carrier's and foreign air carrier's procedures used for accounting and remitting the fees. The accountant's working papers with respect to the audit must accompany this submission.

(b) Each air carrier and foreign air carrier must maintain and retain any and all documents, records, or information related to the amount of the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees imposed on the carrier pursuant to this part, including all information applica-

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ble to the costs submitted in Appendix A, and information that is reasonably necessary to complete an audit.

§ 1511.11 Federal oversight.

(a) Upon request, air carriers and foreign air carriers must allow any authorized representative of the Administrator, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation, the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security, or the Comptroller General of the United States to audit or review any of the books and records and provide any other information necessary to verify that:

(1) The information submitted pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 44940(a)(2)(B) and this part, including that provided in Appendix A, is true and correct; or

(2) The Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees were remitted consistent with this part.

[67 FR 7929, Feb. 20, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1511.13 Enforcement.

(a) In addition to any other remedies allowed by law, willful falsification by any party, directly or indirectly, of information provided by an air carrier or foreign air carrier pursuant to this part, including information submitted in Appendix A as required by section 1511.5 of this part, may be prosecuted criminally resulting in a fine and/or imprisonment under 18 U.S.C 1001.

(b) An air carrier's or foreign air carrier's failure to comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 44940 or the provisions of this part may result in a claim due the United States by the carrier, which claim shall be collectable pursuant to 31 U.S.C. Chapter 37 and the Department of Transportation's implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 89.

APPENDIX A TO PART 1511—AVIATION SECURITY INFRASTRUCTURE FEE

Instructions

General guidance

When filling out this form, the responding air carrier or foreign air carrier shall include all costs incurred in calendar year 2000 by

that air carrier for the screening of passengers and property. Costs are those attributed to the screening of passengers and property in the United States for both flights within the United States and flights from the United States to foreign destinations. Reported costs must be consistent with the air carrier's financial accounting information reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Where actual costs of screening passengers and property cannot be directly identified through an air carrier's accounting system, the air carrier shall use an appropriate alternate cost assignment methodology. Documentation that explains and supports the assignment methodology used, the applicable pool and the allocation basis must be made available upon request. For costs related to capitalized property, please report the associated depreciation expense incurred during calendar year 2000. Capitalization policy must also be made available upon request.

To the extent necessary, the reporting air carrier may aggregate those specific costs that have been incurred but cannot be stated in the detailed cost categories requested by this form. However, all of the costs identified by this form must be included in the total calculations. In addition, explanations regarding costs that have been aggregated need to be provided. Costs reported in Appendix A do not need to include costs that may have been incurred for a position higher than those of the air carrier's director of security (or equivalent). Costs incurred for higher positions, such as those of the air carrier's chief executive officer, do not need to be included.

When including cost information on acquired and/or merged air carriers, the successor air carrier must specify the names of all of such entities whose calendar year 2000 passenger and property screening costs are included in that air carrier's submission as Appendix A.

The costs listed below are to be in US dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar. Place a

zero in the appropriate box to indicate cost categories in which the air carrier did not incur costs for passenger and property screening in calendar year 2000.

Supporting Notes

Examples of cost types that appear in the supporting notes below are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to set forth all relevant costs that must be reported by air carriers and foreign air carriers. In submitting information to TSA, air carriers and foreign air carriers must submit all of their relevant costs, regardless of whether those costs have been specifically illustrated in the notes.

Submission of Data

This form will be available electronically from the Department of Transportation's website at www.dot.gov. Air carriers are asked to return the completed form by certified mail to: Chief Financial Officer, Transportation Security Administration, Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW, Washington, DC 20590. Please also submit the same information in Microsoft Word either on a computer disk or by e-mail to TSA-Fees@ost.dot.gov.

Confidentiality of Data

Consistent with 49 CFR §1511.5(f), information submitted in Appendix A is deemed to be Sensitive Security Information and will be so protected from public disclosure under 49 U.S.C. 40119(b). In addition, confidential business information and economic information provided in Appendix A will be protected from public disclosure, as appropriate, under 5 U.S.C. §552 (the Freedom of Information Act), 14 CFR §302.12, and 18 U.S.C. §1905. Requests for confidentiality must be filed with the Office of the General Counsel, Department of Transportation (C-10), 400 Seventh Street, SW, Room 10102, Washington, DC 20590.

Calendar Year 2000 Costs for Passenger and Property Screening

Air Carrier name(s): _____ Date Form Completed: _____

	<u>Cost Categories</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Directly by Air Carriers^a</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Security Firm Contracts^b</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Other Means^c</u>	<u>Total Costs Incurred</u>
<i>A) Screening Personnel and Supervisors:</i>	1	Checkpoint Screening Personnel			
	2	Exit Lane Monitors			
	3	Cargo Screeners			
	4	Checked Baggage Screeners			
	5	Baggage Runners			
	6	Supervisory Personnel			
	7	Non-Labor Costs			
	8	Background Checks			
	9	Training and Testing			
	10	Training Records			
	11	Evaluations			
	12	Drug and Alcohol Testing and Treatment			

	<u>Cost Categories</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Directly by Air Carriers</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Security Firm Contracts^b</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Other Means^c</u>	<u>Total Costs Incurred</u>
13	Uniforms				
14	Canines				
15	Cost of Obtaining Security Clearances				
	Total for Section A				
16	Screening Equipment Installation				
17	Operating, Operational Maintenance and Testing of Installed Screening Equipment				
18	Maintenance of Sterile Areas				
19	Checkpoint Signs and Related Equipment				
20	Exceptional Screening for Persons and Property				
21	Security Company Contracts				
	Total for Section B				
22	Real Estate				
23	Utilities				
	Total for Section C				
	B) Equipment and Procedures:				
	C) Property and Plant:				

	<u>Cost Categories</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Directly by Air Carriers</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Security Firm Contracts^b</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Other Means^c</u>	<u>Total Costs Incurred</u>
D) Program Management and Contract Oversight:	24	Ground Security Coordinators			
	25	Security Program Management			
	26	Security Contract Administration and Oversight			
	27	Screener/Supervisor Background Check Audits			
	28	Legal Support			
	29	Accounting Support			
	30	Other Administrative Support			
	31	Insurance			
	32	Law Enforcement Costs			
	33	Recruitment Expenses			
	Total for Section D				
E) Security Consortium Costs:	34	Management Fees for Oversight of Consortium Contracts			
		Total for Section E			

	<u>Cost Categories</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Directly by Air Carriers</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Security Firm Contracts</u>	<u>Costs Incurred Through Other Means</u>	<u>Total Costs Incurred</u>
<i>F) Other:</i>	35 Other				
	<i>Total for Section F</i>				
	<i>Total for all Sections:</i>				

Supporting Notes

a. These are costs that the air carrier incurred directly. Includes costs incurred for air carrier personnel salaries and benefits, equipment owned, leased or rented directly by that air carrier and any other costs directly incurred.

b. These are costs that the air carrier incurred through contracts with security firms. Includes personnel, equipment and

other costs incurred through contracts with third party security companies.

c. These are costs that the air carrier incurred through other means. Includes costs incurred through air carrier security consortiums.

1. Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of checkpoint screening personnel.

2. Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of exit lane monitors.

3. Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of cargo screeners.

4. Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of checked baggage screeners.

5. Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of all baggage runners who move property such as baggage to and from screening areas.

6. Salary, benefits, overtime, retirement and other costs of all supervisory personnel, including Checkpoint Screening Supervisors.

7. All associated expensed non-labor costs including computers, communications equipment, time management systems, supplies, parking, identification badging, furniture, fixtures, and travel.

8. All costs of performing required background investigations on all screening personnel and supervisors. Screening personnel and supervisors includes checkpoint screening personnel, exit lane monitors, cargo screeners, checked baggage screeners, baggage runners, and their supervisors.

9. All costs incurred for the training and testing of all screening personnel and supervisors, including initial, recurrent and remedial training. Includes any computer-based training and the development of training programs for the screening of persons and property as well as any travel, room and board, and all other such expenses related to training.

10. The costs of implementing and maintaining training records for all screening personnel and supervisors.

11. The costs of completing evaluations for all screening personnel and supervisors.

12. All costs for drug and alcohol testing as well as any associated counseling and/or treatment for all screening personnel and supervisors.

13. All costs of renting, purchasing, maintaining, and/or cleaning of uniforms and any related equipment such as flashlights and batons for all screening personnel and supervisors.

14. All costs incurred by air carriers for the use of canines and their handlers used for the screening of persons and property.

15. All costs associated with obtaining security clearances for personnel relating to the screening of persons and property.

16. All costs associated with the purchase, installation, and testing of all screening equipment. In instances where the equipment is capitalized, provide the depreciation expense in lieu of costs associated with purchase, installation, and final acceptance testing. This includes such equipment as Metal Detection Devices, Hand Wands, X-ray screening machines, Explosives Trace Detection Devices, Explosives Detection Systems, or any other such similar technologies. Includes any costs incurred or depreciation

costs recognized in calendar year 2000 for the modification and/or construction of any facility needed to accommodate screening, including architecture and engineering. Also includes the costs of any refurbishment and/or modernization of the equipment.

17. Costs of operating, maintaining, and calibrating installed screening equipment. This includes such equipment as Metal Detection Devices, Hand Wands, X-ray screening machines, Explosives Trace Detection Devices, Explosives Detection Systems, or any other such similar technologies. Includes such costs as test objects and X-ray radiation surveys, electricity costs and maintenance contract costs incurred for the operations of such equipment.

18. Costs of maintaining integrity of sterile areas. Includes costs of opening sterile areas, emergency evacuations of sterile areas, and re-screenings not included elsewhere.

19. The cost of purchase or rent, installation, testing, and maintenance of checkpoint signs, barriers, lane markers, and exit lane doors.

20. Any additional costs for special screening such as for disabled passengers, VIP passengers, classified and/or high value items.

21. All security company contract costs for the screening of persons and property that cannot be detailed into any other cost category.

22. All direct costs for the real estate utilized for the screening of persons and property. Includes space at airports for the performance of these functions, as well as such space used for break rooms, private screening rooms, storage space, training rooms, and office space. Also includes appropriate space for the oversight of the screening functions outside of airports such as in headquarters or regional offices.

23. All costs for utilities used for screening. Includes electricity, heating/ventilation/cooling, and telecommunications costs not elsewhere specified.

24. All costs incurred for the Ground Security Coordinator's oversight of the screening functions. Includes personnel salaries, benefits, retirement, training, and non-labor costs.

25. All air carrier head office, regional, or airport specific costs associated with the administration and oversight of screening not elsewhere specified. Includes personnel salaries, benefits, retirement, training, and non-labor costs.

26. All costs associated with the administration and oversight of screening contracts. Includes personnel, benefits, retirement, training, and non-labor costs.

27. All costs not elsewhere specified for background audit checks for all screeners and supervisors.

28. All legal support costs incurred during calendar year 2000 relating to aviation security screening. Includes legal assistance for

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the implementation and execution of security screening contracts.

29. All costs for accounting and financial services incurred for the support of the screening functions.

30. Includes all labor and non-labor costs for such items as human resource administration, clerical assistance, information technology, and other support functions related to screening.

31. All insurance costs relating to screening. Includes worker's compensation and general liability insurance.

32. All costs incurred by the air carriers for law enforcement personnel costs that were reimbursed by the air carriers for services performed in connection with the screening of persons and property.

33. All costs associated with the recruitment of screening personnel and supervisors. Includes signing bonuses, travel, and other recruitment expenses.

34. Any costs incurred for fees charged by other organizations for the management of contracts for the screening of persons and property.

35. Any costs incurred not elsewhere specified during calendar year 2000 for the screening of passengers and property. These costs should be itemized on a separate sheet. Includes any fines or monetary penalties incurred for screening as well as any profit/bonuses paid to contractors for screening services not included elsewhere on the form.

Certification:

I certify that the information contained in this form (Appendix A-Part 1511) is true and accurate under penalty of law. Willful falsification of any information contained in this form under Part 1511 in Title 49, Chapter XII may be prosecuted criminally and result in a fine and/or imprisonment. (18 U.S.C. 1001)

Certifying Officer (signature)

Date

Print Name and Title (CEO, CFO or COO)

Telephone Number

Contact Information:

Listed below are the contact name, title, address and telephone number of the person responsible for the payment of the Aviation Security Infrastructure Fees to the Transportation Security Administration:

Name: _____

Title: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

Person Who Prepared Document:

Listed below are the contact name, title, address and telephone number of the person who prepared this document:

Name: _____

Title: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

SUBCHAPTER B—SECURITY RULES FOR ALL MODES OF TRANSPORTATION

PART 1520—PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE SECURITY INFORMATION

Sec.

1520.1 Applicability and definitions.

1520.3 Records and information withheld by the Department of Transportation.

1520.5 Records and information protected by others.

1520.7 Sensitive security information.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40119, 44901-44907, 44913-44914, 44916-44918, 44935-44936, 44942, 46105.

SOURCE: 67 FR 8351, Feb. 22, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1520.1 Applicability and definitions.

(a) This part governs the release, by the Transportation Security Administration and by other persons, of records and information that has been obtained or developed during security activities or research and development activities.

(b) For purposes of this part:

Record includes any writing, drawing, map, tape, film, photograph, or other means by which information is preserved, irrespective of format.

Vulnerability assessment means any examination of a transportation system, vehicle, or facility to determine its vulnerability to unlawful interference.

(c) The authority of the Administrator under this part may be further delegated within TSA.

(d) The Administrator's authority under this part to withhold or to disclose sensitive security information is also exercised, in consultation with the Administrator, by the Commandant of the United States Coast Guard, as to matters affecting and information held by the Coast Guard, and the Administrator of each DOT administration, as to matters affecting and information held by that administration, and any individual formally designated to act in their capacity.

§ 1520.3 Records and information withheld by the Department of Transportation.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, and notwith-

standing the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) or other laws, the records and information described in § 1520.7 and paragraph (b) of this section are not available for public inspection or copying, nor is information contained in those records released to the public.

(b) Section 1520.7 describes the information that TSA prohibits from disclosure. The Administrator prohibits disclosure of information developed in the conduct of security or research and development activities under 49 U.S.C. 40119 if, in the opinion of the Administrator, the disclosure of such information would:

(1) Constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy (including, but not limited to, information contained in any personnel, medical, or similar file);

(2) Reveal trade secrets or privileged or confidential information obtained from any person; or

(3) Be detrimental to the safety of persons traveling in transportation.

(c) If a record contains information that the Administrator determines cannot be disclosed under this part, but also contains information that can be disclosed, the latter information, on proper Freedom of Information Act request, will be provided for public inspection and copying. However, if it is impractical to redact the requested information from the document, the entire document will be withheld from public disclosure.

(d) After initiation of legal enforcement action, if the alleged violator or designated representative so requests, the Chief Counsel, or designee, may provide copies of portions of the enforcement investigative report (EIR), including sensitive security information. This information may be released only to the alleged violator or designated representative for the sole purpose of providing the information necessary to prepare a response to the allegations contained in the legal enforcement action document. Such information is not released under the Freedom of Information Act. Whenever

such documents are provided to an alleged violator or designated representative, the Chief Counsel or designee advises the alleged violator or designated representative that—

(1) The documents are provided for the sole purpose of providing the information necessary to respond to the allegations contained in the legal enforcement action document; and

(2) Sensitive security information contained in the documents provided must be maintained in a confidential manner to prevent compromising civil aviation security, as provided in § 1520.5.

§ 1520.5 Records and information protected by others.

(a) *Duty to protect information.* The following persons must restrict disclosure of and access to sensitive security information described in § 1520.7 (a) through (g), (j), (k), and (m) through (r), and, as applicable, § 1520.7 (l) to persons with a need to know and must refer requests by other persons for such information to TSA or the applicable DOT administration:

(1) Each person employed by, contracted to, or acting for a person listed in this paragraph (a).

(2) Each airport operator under part 1542 of this chapter.

(3) Each aircraft operator under part 1544 of this chapter.

(4) Each foreign air carrier under part 1546 of this chapter.

(5) Each indirect air carrier under part 1548 of this chapter.

(6) Each aircraft operator under § 1550.5 of this chapter.

(7) Each person receiving information under § 1520.3 (d).

(8) Each person for which a vulnerability assessment has been authorized, approved, or funded by DOT, irrespective of the mode of transportation.

(b) *Need to know.* For some specific sensitive security information, the Administrator may make a finding that only specific persons or classes of persons have a need to know. Otherwise, a person has a need to know sensitive security information in each of the following circumstances:

(1) When the person needs the information to carry out DOT-approved, accepted, or directed security duties.

(2) When the person is in training to carry out DOT-approved, accepted, or directed security duties.

(3) When the information is necessary for the person to supervise or otherwise manage the individuals carrying to carry out DOT-approved, accepted, or directed security duties.

(4) When the person needs the information to advise the persons listed in paragraph (a) of this section regarding any DOT security-related requirements.

(5) When the person needs the information to represent the persons listed in paragraph (a) of this section in connection with any judicial or administrative proceeding regarding those requirements.

(c) *Release of sensitive security information.* When sensitive security information is released to unauthorized persons, any person listed in paragraph (a) of this section or individual with knowledge of the release, must inform DOT.

(d) *Violation.* Violation of this section is grounds for a civil penalty and other enforcement or corrective action by DOT.

(e) *Applicants.* Wherever this part refers to an aircraft operator, airport operator, foreign air carrier, or indirect air carrier, those terms also include applicants for such authority.

(f) *Trainees.* An individual who is in training for a position is considered to be employed by, contracted to, or acting for persons listed in paragraph (a) of this section, regardless of whether that individual is currently receiving a wage or salary or otherwise is being paid.

§ 1520.7 Sensitive security information.

Except as otherwise provided in writing by the Administrator as necessary in the interest of safety of persons in transportation, the following information and records containing such information constitute sensitive security information:

(a) Any approved, accepted, or standard security program under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6), and any security program that relates to United States mail to be transported by air (including that of the United

States Postal Service and of the Department of Defense); and any comments, instructions, or implementing guidance pertaining thereto.

(b) Security Directives and Information Circulars under § 1542.303 or § 1544.305 of this chapter, and any comments, instructions, or implementing guidance pertaining thereto.

(c) Any selection criteria used in any security screening process, including for persons, baggage, or cargo under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(d) Any security contingency plan or information and any comments, instructions, or implementing guidance pertaining thereto under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(e) Technical specifications of any device used for the detection of any deadly or dangerous weapon, explosive, incendiary, or destructive substance under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(f) A description of, or technical specifications of, objects used to test screening equipment and equipment parameters under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(g) Technical specifications of any security communications equipment and procedures under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(h) As to release of information by TSA: Any information that TSA has determined may reveal a systemic vulnerability of the aviation system, or a vulnerability of aviation facilities, to attack. This includes, but is not limited to, details of inspections, investigations, and alleged violations and findings of violations of 14 CFR parts 107, 108, or 109 and 14 CFR 129.25, 129.26, or 129.27 in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001); or parts 1540, 1542, 1544, 1546, 1548, or § 1550.5 of this chapter, and any information that could lead the disclosure of such details, as follows:

(1) As to events that occurred less than 12 months before the date of the release of the information, the following are not released: the name of an airport where a violation occurred, the regional identifier in the case number, a description of the violation, the regulation allegedly violated, and the iden-

tity of the aircraft operator in connection with specific locations or specific security procedures. TSA may release summaries of an aircraft operator's total security violations in a specified time range without identifying specific violations. Summaries may include total enforcement actions, total proposed civil penalty amounts, total assessed civil penalty amounts, number of cases opened, number of cases referred to TSA or FAA counsel for legal enforcement action, and number of cases closed.

(2) As to events that occurred 12 months or more before the date of the release of information, the specific gate or other location on an airport where an event occurred is not released.

(3) The identity of TSA or FAA special agent who conducted the investigation or inspection.

(4) Security information or data developed during TSA or FAA evaluations of the aircraft operators and airports and the implementation of the security programs, including aircraft operator and airport inspections and screening point tests or methods for evaluating such tests under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(i) As to release of information by TSA: Information concerning threats against transportation.

(j) Specific details of aviation security measures whether applied directly by the TSA or entities subject to the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6). This includes, but is not limited to, information concerning specific numbers of Federal Air Marshals, deployments or missions, and the methods involved in such operations.

(k) Any other information, the disclosure of which TSA has prohibited under the criteria of 49 U.S.C. 40119.

(l) Any draft, proposed, or recommended change to the information and records identified in this section.

(m) The locations at which particular screening methods or equipment are used under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6) if TSA determines that the information meets the criteria of 49 U.S.C. 40119.

(n) Any screener test used under the rules listed in § 1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

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(o) Scores of tests administered under the rules listed in §1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(p) Performance data from screening systems, and from testing of screening systems under the rules listed in §1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(q) Threat images and descriptions of threat images for threat image projection systems under the rules listed in §1520.5(a)(1) through (6).

(r) Information in a vulnerability assessment that has been authorized, approved, or funded by DOT, irrespective of mode of transportation.

SUBCHAPTER C—CIVIL AVIATION SECURITY

PART 1540—CIVIL AVIATION SECURITY: GENERAL RULES

Subpart A—General

Sec.

1540.1 Applicability of this subchapter and this part.

1540.3 Delegation of authority.

1540.5 Terms used in this subchapter.

Subpart B—Responsibilities of Passengers and Other Individuals and Persons

1540.101 Applicability of this subpart.

1540.103 Fraud and intentional falsification of records.

1540.105 Security responsibilities of employees and other persons.

1540.107 Submission to screening and inspection.

1540.109 Prohibition against interference with screening personnel.

1540.111 Carriage of weapons, explosives, and incendiaries by individuals.

1540.113 Inspection of airman certificate.

1540.115 Threat assessments regarding citizens of the United States holding or applying for FAA certificates, ratings, or authorizations.

1540.117 Threat assessments regarding aliens holding or applying for FAA certificates, ratings, or authorizations.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40113, 44901-44907, 44913-44914, 44916-44918, 44935-44936, 44942, 46105.

SOURCE: 67 FR 8353, Feb. 22, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 1540.1 Applicability of this subchapter and this part.

This subchapter and this part apply to persons engaged in aviation-related activities.

§ 1540.3 Delegation of authority.

(a) Where the Administrator is named in this subchapter as exercising authority over a function, the authority is exercised by the Administrator or the Deputy Administrator, or any individual formally designated to act as the Administrator or the Deputy Administrator.

(b) Where TSA or the designated official is named in this subchapter as exercising authority over a function, the

authority is exercised by the official designated by the Administrator to perform that function.

§ 1540.5 Terms used in this subchapter.

In addition to the terms in part 1500 of this chapter, the following terms are used in this subchapter:

Air operations area (AOA) means a portion of an airport, specified in the airport security program, in which security measures specified in this part are carried out. This area includes aircraft movement areas, aircraft parking areas, loading ramps, and safety areas, for use by aircraft regulated under 49 CFR part 1544 or 1546, and any adjacent areas (such as general aviation areas) that are not separated by adequate security systems, measures, or procedures. This area does not include the secured area.

Aircraft operator means a person who uses, causes to be used, or authorizes to be used an aircraft, with or without the right of legal control (as owner, lessee, or otherwise), for the purpose of air navigation including the piloting of aircraft, or on any part of the surface of an airport. In specific parts or sections of this subchapter, "aircraft operator" is used to refer to specific types of operators as described in those parts or sections.

Airport operator means a person that operates an airport serving a aircraft operator or a foreign air carrier required to have a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter.

Airport security program means a security program approved by TSA under § 1542.101 of this chapter.

Airport tenant means any person, other than an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier that has a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter, that has an agreement with the airport operator to conduct business on airport property.

Airport tenant security program means the agreement between the airport operator and an airport tenant that specifies the measures by which the tenant will perform security functions,

and approved by TSA, under §1542.113 of this chapter.

Approved, unless used with reference to another person, means approved by TSA.

Cargo means property tendered for air transportation accounted for on an air waybill. All accompanied commercial courier consignments, whether or not accounted for on an air waybill, are also classified as cargo. Aircraft operator security programs further define the term "cargo."

Checked baggage means property tendered by or on behalf of a passenger and accepted by an aircraft operator for transport, which is inaccessible to passengers during flight. Accompanied commercial courier consignments are not classified as checked baggage.

Escort means to accompany or monitor the activities of an individual who does not have unescorted access authority into or within a secured area or SIDA.

Exclusive area means any portion of a secured area, AOA, or SIDA, including individual access points, for which an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier that has a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter has assumed responsibility under §1542.111 of this chapter.

Exclusive area agreement means an agreement between the airport operator and an aircraft operator or a foreign air carrier that has a security program under parts 1544 or 1546 of this chapter that permits such an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier to assume responsibility for specified security measures in accordance with §1542.111 of this chapter.

FAA means the Federal Aviation Administration.

Flightcrew member means a pilot, flight engineer, or flight navigator assigned to duty in an aircraft during flight time.

Indirect air carrier means any person or entity within the United States not in possession of an FAA air carrier operating certificate, that undertakes to engage indirectly in air transportation of property, and uses for all or any part of such transportation the services of a passenger air carrier. This does not include the United States Postal Service

(USPS) or its representative while acting on the behalf of the USPS.

Loaded firearm means a firearm that has a live round of ammunition, or any component thereof, in the chamber or cylinder or in a magazine inserted in the firearm.

Passenger seating configuration means the total maximum number of seats for which the aircraft is type certificated that can be made available for passenger use aboard a flight, regardless of the number of seats actually installed, and includes that seat in certain aircraft that may be used by a representative of the FAA to conduct flight checks but is available for revenue purposes on other occasions.

Private charter means any aircraft operator flight—

(1) For which the charterer engages the total passenger capacity of the aircraft for the carriage of passengers; the passengers are invited by the charterer; the cost of the flight is borne entirely by the charterer and not directly or indirectly by any individual passenger; and the flight is not advertised to the public, in any way, to solicit passengers.

(2) For which the total passenger capacity of the aircraft is used for the purpose of civilian or military air movement conducted under contract with the Government of the United States or the government of a foreign country.

Public charter means any charter flight that is not a private charter.

Scheduled passenger operation means an air transportation operation (a flight) from identified air terminals at a set time, which is held out to the public and announced by timetable or schedule, published in a newspaper, magazine, or other advertising medium.

Screening function means the inspection of individuals and property for weapons, explosives, and incendiaries.

Screening location means each site at which individuals or property are inspected for the presence of weapons, explosives, or incendiaries.

Secured area means a portion of an airport, specified in the airport security program, in which certain security measures specified in part 1542 of this chapter are carried out. This area is

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where aircraft operators and foreign air carriers that have a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter enplane and deplane passengers and sort and load baggage and any adjacent areas that are not separated by adequate security measures.

Security Identification Display Area (SIDA) means a portion of an airport, specified in the airport security program, in which security measures specified in this part are carried out. This area includes the secured area and may include other areas of the airport.

Sterile area means a portion of an airport defined in the airport security program that provides passengers access to boarding aircraft and to which the access generally is controlled by TSA, or by an aircraft operator under part 1544 of this chapter or a foreign air carrier under part 1546 of this chapter, through the screening of persons and property.

Unescorted access authority means the authority granted by an airport operator, an aircraft operator, foreign air carrier, or airport tenant under part 1542, 1544, or 1546 of this chapter, to individuals to gain entry to, and be present without an escort in, secured areas and SIDA's of airports.

[67 FR 8353, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 67 FR 8209, Feb. 22, 2002]

Subpart B—Responsibilities of Passengers and Other Individuals and Persons

§ 1540.101 Applicability of this subpart.

This subpart applies to individuals and other persons.

§ 1540.103 Fraud and intentional falsification of records.

No person may make, or cause to be made, any of the following:

(a) Any fraudulent or intentionally false statement in any application for any security program, access medium, or identification medium, or any amendment thereto, under this subchapter.

(b) Any fraudulent or intentionally false entry in any record or report that is kept, made, or used to show compli-

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ance with this subchapter, or exercise any privileges under this subchapter.

(c) Any reproduction or alteration, for fraudulent purpose, of any report, record, security program, access medium, or identification medium issued under this subchapter.

§ 1540.105 Security responsibilities of employees and other persons.

(a) No person may:

(1) Tamper or interfere with, compromise, modify, attempt to circumvent, or cause a person to tamper or interfere with, compromise, modify, or attempt to circumvent any security system, measure, or procedure implemented under this subchapter.

(2) Enter, or be present within, a secured area, AOA, SIDA or sterile area without complying with the systems, measures, or procedures being applied to control access to, or presence or movement in, such areas.

(3) Use, allow to be used, or cause to be used, any airport-issued or airport-approved access medium or identification medium that authorizes the access, presence, or movement of persons or vehicles in secured areas, AOA's, or SIDA's in any other manner than that for which it was issued by the appropriate authority under this subchapter.

(b) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to conducting inspections or tests to determine compliance with this part or 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII authorized by:

(1) TSA, or

(2) The airport operator, aircraft operator, or foreign air carrier, when acting in accordance with the procedures described in a security program approved by TSA.

§ 1540.107 Submission to screening and inspection.

No individual may enter a sterile area or board an aircraft without submitting to the screening and inspection of his or her person and accessible property in accordance with the procedures being applied to control access to that area or aircraft under this subchapter.

[67 FR 41639, June 19, 2002]

§ 1540.109 Prohibition against interference with screening personnel.

No person may interfere with, assault, threaten, or intimidate screening personnel in the performance of their screening duties under this subchapter.

§ 1540.111 Carriage of weapons, explosives, and incendiaries by individuals.

(a) *On an individual's person or accessible property—prohibitions.* Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, an individual may not have a weapon, explosive, or incendiary, on or about the individual's person or accessible property—

(1) When performance has begun of the inspection of the individual's person or accessible property before entering a sterile area, or before boarding an aircraft for which screening is conducted under § 1544.201 or § 1546.201 of this chapter;

(2) When the individual is entering or in a sterile area; or

(3) When the individual is attempting to board or onboard an aircraft for which screening is conducted under § 1544.201 or § 1546.201 of this chapter.

(b) *On an individual's person or accessible property—permitted carriage of a weapon.* Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply as to carriage of firearms and other weapons if the individual is one of the following:

(1) Law enforcement personnel required to carry a firearm or other weapons while in the performance of law enforcement duty at the airport.

(2) An individual authorized to carry a weapon in accordance with §§ 1544.219, 1544.221, 1544.223, or 1546.211 of this chapter.

(3) An individual authorized to carry a weapon in a sterile area under a security program.

(c) *In checked baggage.* A passenger may not transport or offer for transport in checked baggage:

(1) Any loaded firearm(s).

(2) Any unloaded firearm(s) unless—

(i) The passenger declares to the aircraft operator, either orally or in writing, before checking the baggage, that the passenger has a firearm in his or her bag and that it is unloaded;

(ii) The firearm is unloaded;

(iii) The firearm is carried in a hard-sided container; and

(iv) The container in which it is carried is locked, and only the passenger retains the key or combination.

(3) Any unauthorized explosive or incendiary.

(d) *Ammunition.* This section does not prohibit the carriage of ammunition in checked baggage or in the same container as a firearm. Title 49 CFR part 175 provides additional requirements governing carriage of ammunition on aircraft.

[67 FR 8353, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 67 FR 41639, June 19, 2002]

§ 1540.113 Inspection of airman certificate.

Each individual who holds an airman certificate, medical certificate, authorization, or license issued by the FAA must present it for inspection upon a request from TSA.

§ 1540.115 Threat assessments regarding citizens of the United States holding or applying for FAA certificates, ratings, or authorizations.

(a) *Applicability.* This section applies when TSA has determined that an individual who is a United States citizen and who holds, or is applying for, an airman certificate, rating, or authorization issued by the Administrator, poses a security threat.

(b) *Definitions.* The following terms apply in this section:

Administrator means the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration.

Assistant Administrator means the Assistant Administrator for Intelligence for TSA.

Date of service means—

(1) The date of personal delivery in the case of personal service;

(2) The mailing date shown on the certificate of service;

(3) The date shown on the postmark if there is no certificate of service; or

(4) Another mailing date shown by other evidence if there is no certificate of service or postmark.

Deputy Administrator means the officer next in rank below the Administrator.

FAA Administrator means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

Individual means an individual whom TSA determines poses a security threat.

(c) *Security threat.* An individual poses a security threat when the individual is suspected of posing, or is known to pose—

(1) A threat to transportation or national security;

(2) A threat of air piracy or terrorism;

(3) A threat to airline or passenger security; or

(4) A threat to civil aviation security.

(d) *Representation by counsel.* The individual may, if he or she so chooses, be represented by counsel at his or her own expense.

(e) *Initial Notification of Threat Assessment.* (1) *Issuance.* If the Assistant Administrator determines that an individual poses a security threat, the Assistant Administrator serves upon the individual an Initial Notification of Threat Assessment and serves the determination upon the FAA Administrator. The Initial Notification includes—

(i) A statement that the Assistant Administrator personally has reviewed the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based; and

(ii) A statement that the Assistant Administrator has determined that the individual poses a security threat.

(2) *Request for Materials.* Not later than 15 calendar days after the date of service of the Initial Notification, the individual may serve a written request for copies of the releasable materials upon which the Initial Notification was based.

(3) *TSA response.* Not later than 30 calendar days, or such longer period as TSA may determine for good cause, after receiving the individual's request for copies of the releasable materials upon which the Initial Notification was based, TSA serves a response. TSA will not include in its response any classified information or other information described in paragraph (g) of this section.

(4) *Reply.* The individual may serve upon TSA a written reply to the Initial

Notification of Threat Assessment not later than 15 calendar days after the date of service of the Initial Notification, or the date of service of TSA's response to the individual's request under paragraph (e)(2) if such a request was served. The reply may include any information that the individual believes TSA should consider in reviewing the basis for the Initial Notification.

(5) *TSA final determination.* Not later than 30 calendar days, or such longer period as TSA may determine for good cause, after TSA receives the individual's reply, TSA serves a final determination in accordance with paragraph (f) of this section.

(f) *Final Notification of Threat Assessment.* (1) *In general.* The Deputy Administrator reviews the Initial Notification, the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to him.

(2) *Review and Issuance of Final Notification.* If the Deputy Administrator determines that the individual poses a security threat, the Administrator reviews the Initial Notification, the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to him. If the Administrator determines that the individual poses a security threat, the Administrator serves upon the individual a Final Notification of Threat Assessment and serves the determination upon the FAA Administrator. The Final Notification includes a statement that the Administrator personally has reviewed the Initial Notification, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to him, and has determined that the individual poses a security threat.

(3) *Withdrawal of Initial Notification.* If the Deputy Administrator does not determine that the individual poses a security threat, or upon review, the Administrator does not determine that the individual poses a security threat, TSA serves upon the individual a Withdrawal of the Initial Notification and provides a copy of the Withdrawal to the FAA Administrator.

(g) *Nondisclosure of certain information.* In connection with the procedures under this section, TSA does not disclose to the individual classified information, as defined in Executive Order 12968 section 1.1(d), and reserves the right not to disclose any other information or material not warranting disclosure or protected from disclosure under law.

[68 FR 3761, Jan. 24, 2003, as amended at 68 FR 49721, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1540.117 Threat assessments regarding aliens holding or applying for FAA certificates, ratings, or authorizations.

(a) *Applicability.* This section applies when TSA has determined that an individual who is not a citizen of the United States and who holds, or is applying for, an airman certificate, rating, or authorization issued by the FAA Administrator, poses a security threat.

(b) *Definitions.* The following terms apply in this section:

Assistant Administrator means the Assistant Administrator for Intelligence for TSA.

Date of service means—

- (1) The date of personal delivery in the case of personal service;
- (2) The mailing date shown on the certificate of service;
- (3) The date shown on the postmark if there is no certificate of service; or
- (4) Another mailing date shown by other evidence if there is no certificate of service or postmark.

Deputy Administrator means the officer next in rank below the Administrator.

FAA Administrator means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

Individual means an individual whom TSA determines poses a security threat.

(c) *Security threat.* An individual poses a security threat when the individual is suspected of posing, or is known to pose—

- (1) A threat to transportation or national security;
- (2) A threat of air piracy or terrorism;
- (3) A threat to airline or passenger security; or

(4) A threat to civil aviation security.

(d) *Representation by counsel.* The individual may, if he or she so chooses, be represented by counsel at his or her own expense.

(e) *Initial Notification of Threat Assessment.* (1) *Issuance.* If the Assistant Administrator determines that an individual poses a security threat, the Assistant Administrator serves upon the individual an Initial Notification of Threat Assessment and serves the determination upon the FAA Administrator. The Initial Notification includes—

(i) A statement that the Assistant Administrator personally has reviewed the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based; and

(ii) A statement that the Assistant Administrator has determined that the individual poses a security threat.

(2) *Request for materials.* Not later than 15 calendar days after the date of service of the Initial Notification, the individual may serve a written request for copies of the releasable materials upon which the Initial Notification was based.

(3) *TSA response.* Not later than 30 calendar days, or such longer period as TSA may determine for good cause, after receiving the individual's request for copies of the releasable materials upon which the Initial Notification was based, TSA serves a response. TSA will not include in its response any classified information or other information described in paragraph (g) of this section.

(4) *Reply.* The individual may serve upon TSA a written reply to the Initial Notification of Threat Assessment not later than 15 calendar days after the date of service of the Initial Notification, or the date of service of TSA's response to the individual's request under paragraph (e)(2) if such a request was served. The reply may include any information that the individual believes TSA should consider in reviewing the basis for the Initial Notification.

(5) *TSA final determination.* Not later than 30 calendar days, or such longer period as TSA may determine for good

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cause, after TSA receives the individual's reply, TSA serves a final determination in accordance with paragraph (f) of this section.

(f) *Final Notification of Threat Assessment.* (1) *In general.* The Deputy Administrator reviews the Initial Notification, the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to him.

(2) *Issuance of Final Notification.* If the Deputy Administrator determines that the individual poses a security threat, the Deputy Administrator serves upon the individual a Final Notification of Threat Assessment and serves the determination upon the FAA Administrator. The Final Notification includes a statement that the Deputy Administrator personally has reviewed the Initial Notification, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to him, and has determined that the individual poses a security threat.

(3) *Withdrawal of Initial Notification.* If the Deputy Administrator does not determine that the individual poses a security threat, TSA serves upon the individual a Withdrawal of the Initial Notification and provides a copy of the Withdrawal to the FAA Administrator.

(g) *Nondisclosure of certain information.* In connection with the procedures under this section, TSA does not disclose to the individual classified information, as defined in Executive Order 12968 section 1.1(d), and TSA reserves the right not to disclose any other information or material not warranting disclosure or protected from disclosure under law.

[68 FR 3768, Jan. 24, 2003]

PART 1542—AIRPORT SECURITY

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Subpart A—General

§ 1542.1 Applicability of this part.

This part describes aviation security rules governing:

(a) The operation of airports regularly serving aircraft operations required to be under a security program under part 1544 of this chapter, as described in this part.

(b) The operation of airport regularly serving foreign air carrier operations required to be under a security program under part 1546 of this chapter, as described in this part.

(c) Each airport operator that receives a Security Directive or Information Circular and each person who receives information from a Security Directive or Information Circular issued by the Designated official for Civil Aviation Security.

§ 1542.3 Airport security coordinator.

(a) Each airport operator must designate one or more Airport Security Coordinator(s) (ASC) in its security program.

(b) The airport operator must ensure that one or more ASCs:

(1) Serve as the airport operator's primary and immediate contact for security-related activities and communications with TSA. Any individual designated as an ASC may perform other duties in addition to those described in this paragraph (b).

(2) Is available to TSA on a 24-hour basis.

(3) Review with sufficient frequency all security-related functions to ensure that all are effective and in compliance with this part, its security program, and applicable Security Directives.

(4) Immediately initiate corrective action for any instance of non-compliance with this part, its security program, and applicable Security Directives.

(5) Review and control the results of employment history, verification, and criminal history records checks required under § 1542.209.

(6) Serve as the contact to receive notification from individuals applying for unescorted access of their intent to seek correction of their criminal history record with the FBI.

(c) After July 17, 2003, no airport operator may use, nor may it designate any person as, an ASC unless that individual has completed subject matter training, as specified in its security program, to prepare the individual to assume the duties of the position. The airport operator must maintain ASC training documentation until at least 180 days after the withdrawal of a individual's designation as an ASC.

(d) An individual's satisfactory completion of initial ASC training required under paragraph (c) of this section satisfies that requirement for all future ASC designations for that individual, except for site specific information, unless there has been a two or more year break in service as an active and designated ASC.

§ 1542.5 Inspection authority.

(a) Each airport operator must allow TSA, at any time or place, to make

any inspections or tests, including copying records, to determine compliance of an airport operator, aircraft operator, foreign air carrier, indirect air carrier, or other airport tenants with—

(1) This subchapter and any security program under this subchapter, and part 1520 of this chapter; and

(2) 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, as amended.

(b) At the request of TSA, each airport operator must provide evidence of compliance with this part and its airport security program, including copies of records.

(c) TSA may enter and be present within secured areas, AOA's, and SIDA's without access media or identification media issued or approved by an airport operator or aircraft operator, in order to inspect or test compliance, or perform other such duties as TSA may direct.

(d) At the request of TSA and upon the completion of SIDA training as required in a security program, each airport operator promptly must issue to TSA personnel access and identification media to provide TSA personnel with unescorted access to, and movement within, secured areas, AOA's, and SIDA's.

Subpart B—Airport Security Program

§ 1542.101 General requirements.

(a) No person may operate an airport subject to this part unless it adopts and carries out a security program that—

(1) Provides for the safety and security of persons and property on an aircraft operating in air transportation or intrastate air transportation against an act of criminal violence, aircraft piracy, and the introduction of an unauthorized weapon, explosive, or incendiary onto an aircraft;

(2) Is in writing and is signed by the airport operator;

(3) Includes the applicable items listed in § 1542.103;

(4) Includes an index organized in the same subject area sequence as § 1542.103; and

(5) Has been approved by TSA.

(b) The airport operator must maintain one current and complete copy of

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its security program and provide a copy to TSA upon request.

(c) Each airport operator must—

(1) Restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of sensitive security information (SSI), as defined in part 1520 of this chapter, to persons with a need to know; and

(2) Refer all requests for SSI by other persons to TSA.

§ 1542.103 Content.

(a) *Complete program.* Except as otherwise approved by TSA, each airport operator regularly serving operations of an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier described in §1544.101(a)(1) or §1546.101(a) of this chapter, must include in its security program the following:

(1) The name, means of contact, duties, and training requirements of the ASC required under §1542.3.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) A description of the secured areas, including—

(i) A description and map detailing boundaries and pertinent features;

(ii) Each activity or entity on, or adjacent to, a secured area that affects security;

(iii) Measures used to perform the access control functions required under §1542.201(b)(1);

(iv) Procedures to control movement within the secured area, including identification media required under §1542.201(b)(3); and

(v) A description of the notification signs required under §1542.201(b)(6).

(4) A description of the AOA, including—

(i) A description and map detailing boundaries, and pertinent features;

(ii) Each activity or entity on, or adjacent to, an AOA that affects security;

(iii) Measures used to perform the access control functions required under §1542.203(b)(1);

(iv) Measures to control movement within the AOA, including identification media as appropriate; and

(v) A description of the notification signs required under §1542.203(b)(4).

(5) A description of the SIDA's, including—

(i) A description and map detailing boundaries and pertinent features; and

(ii) Each activity or entity on, or adjacent to, a SIDA.

(6) A description of the sterile areas, including—

(i) A diagram with dimensions detailing boundaries and pertinent features;

(ii) Access controls to be used when the passenger-screening checkpoint is non-operational and the entity responsible for that access control; and

(iii) Measures used to control access as specified in §1542.207.

(7) Procedures used to comply with §1542.209 regarding fingerprint-based criminal history records checks.

(8) A description of the personnel identification systems as described in §1542.211.

(9) Escort procedures in accordance with §1542.211(e).

(10) Challenge procedures in accordance with §1542.211(d).

(11) Training programs required under §§1542.213 and 1542.217(c)(2), if applicable.

(12) A description of law enforcement support used to comply with §1542.215(a).

(13) A system for maintaining the records described in §1542.221.

(14) The procedures and a description of facilities and equipment used to support TSA inspection of individuals and property, and aircraft operator or foreign air carrier screening functions of parts 1544 and 1546 of this chapter.

(15) A contingency plan required under §1542.301.

(16) Procedures for the distribution, storage, and disposal of security programs, Security Directives, Information Circulars, implementing instructions, and, as appropriate, classified information.

(17) Procedures for posting of public advisories as specified in §1542.305.

(18) Incident management procedures used to comply with §1542.307.

(19) Alternate security procedures, if any, that the airport operator intends to use in the event of natural disasters, and other emergency or unusual conditions.

(20) Each exclusive area agreement as specified in §1542.111.

(21) Each airport tenant security program as specified in §1542.113.

(b) *Supporting program.* Except as otherwise approved by TSA, each airport

regularly serving operations of an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier described in §1544.101(a)(2) or (f), or §1546.101(b) or (c) of this chapter, must include in its security program a description of the following:

(1) Name, means of contact, duties, and training requirements of the ASC, as required under §1542.3.

(2) A description of the law enforcement support used to comply with §1542.215(a).

(3) Training program for law enforcement personnel required under §1542.217(c)(2), if applicable.

(4) A system for maintaining the records described in §1542.221.

(5) The contingency plan required under §1542.301.

(6) Procedures for the distribution, storage, and disposal of security programs, Security Directives, Information Circulars, implementing instructions, and, as appropriate, classified information.

(7) Procedures for public advisories as specified in §1542.305.

(8) Incident management procedures used to comply with §1542.307.

(c) *Partial program.* Except as otherwise approved by TSA, each airport regularly serving operations of an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier described in §1544.101(b) or §1546.101(d) of this chapter, must include in its security program a description of the following:

(1) Name, means of contact, duties, and training requirements of the ASC as required under §1542.3.

(2) A description of the law enforcement support used to comply with §1542.215(b).

(3) Training program for law enforcement personnel required under §1542.217(c)(2), if applicable.

(4) A system for maintaining the records described in §1542.221.

(5) Procedures for the distribution, storage, and disposal of security programs, Security Directives, Information Circulars, implementing instructions, and, as appropriate, classified information.

(6) Procedures for public advisories as specified in §1542.305.

(7) Incident management procedures used to comply with §1542.307.

(d) *Use of appendices.* The airport operator may comply with paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section by including in its security program, as an appendix, any document that contains the information required by paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section. The appendix must be referenced in the corresponding section(s) of the security program.

§ 1542.105 Approval and amendments.

(a) *Initial approval of security program.* Unless otherwise authorized by the designated official, each airport operator required to have a security program under this part must submit its initial proposed security program to the designated official for approval at least 90 days before the date any aircraft operator or foreign air carrier required to have a security program under part 1544 or part 1546 of this chapter is expected to begin operations. Such requests will be processed as follows:

(1) The designated official, within 30 days after receiving the proposed security program, will either approve the program or give the airport operator written notice to modify the program to comply with the applicable requirements of this part.

(2) The airport operator may either submit a modified security program to the designated official for approval, or petition the Administrator to reconsider the notice to modify within 30 days of receiving a notice to modify. A petition for reconsideration must be filed with the designated official.

(3) The designated official, upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, either amends or withdraws the notice, or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the notice to modify, or by affirming the notice to modify.

(b) *Amendment requested by an airport operator.* Except as provided in §1542.103(c), an airport operator may submit a request to the designated official to amend its security program, as follows:

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(1) The request for an amendment must be filed with the designated official at least 45 days before the date it proposes for the amendment to become effective, unless a shorter period is allowed by the designated official.

(2) Within 30 days after receiving a proposed amendment, the designated official, in writing, either approves or denies the request to amend.

(3) An amendment to a security program may be approved if the designated official determines that safety and the public interest will allow it, and the proposed amendment provides the level of security required under this part.

(4) Within 30 days after receiving a denial, the airport operator may petition the Administrator to reconsider the denial.

(5) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either approves the request to amend or transmits the petition within 30 days of receipt, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 days of receipt by either directing the designated official to approve the amendment or affirming the denial.

(c) *Amendment by TSA.* If safety and the public interest require an amendment, the designated official may amend a security program as follows:

(1) The designated official sends to the airport operator a notice, in writing, of the proposed amendment, fixing a period of not less than 30 days within which the airport operator may submit written information, views, and arguments on the amendment.

(2) After considering all relevant material, the designated official notifies the airport operator of any amendment adopted or rescinds the notice. If the amendment is adopted, it becomes effective not less than 30 days after the airport operator receives the notice of amendment, unless the airport operator petitions the Administrator to reconsider no later than 15 days before the effective date of the amendment. The airport operator must send the petition for reconsideration to the designated official. A timely petition for reconsideration stays the effective date of the amendment.

(3) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either amends or withdraws the notice, or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the amendment, or by affirming the amendment.

(d) *Emergency amendments.* Notwithstanding paragraph (c) of this section, if the designated official finds that there is an emergency requiring immediate action with respect to safety and security in air transportation or in air commerce that makes procedures in this section contrary to the public interest, the designated official may issue an amendment, effective without stay on the date the airport operator receives the notice of it. In such a case, the designated official must incorporate in the notice a brief statement of the reasons and findings for the amendment to be adopted. The airport operator may file a petition for reconsideration under paragraph (c) of this section; however, this does not stay the effective date of the emergency amendment.

§ 1542.107 Changed conditions affecting security.

(a) After approval of the security program, each airport operator must notify TSA when changes have occurred to the—

(1) Measures, training, area descriptions, or staffing, described in the security program;

(2) Operations of an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier that would require modifications to the security program as required under § 1542.103; or

(3) Layout or physical structure of any area under the control of the airport operator, airport tenant, aircraft operator, or foreign air carrier used to support the screening process, access, presence, or movement control functions required under part 1542, 1544, or 1546 of this chapter.

(b) Each airport operator must notify TSA no more than 6 hours after the discovery of any changed condition described in paragraph (a) of this section,

or within the time specified in its security program, of the discovery of any changed condition described in paragraph (a) of this section. The airport operator must inform TSA of each interim measure being taken to maintain adequate security until an appropriate amendment to the security program is approved. Each interim measure must be acceptable to TSA.

(c) For changed conditions expected to be less than 60 days duration, each airport operator must forward the information required in paragraph (b) of this section in writing to TSA within 72 hours of the original notification of the change condition(s). TSA will notify the airport operator of the disposition of the notification in writing. If approved by TSA, this written notification becomes a part of the airport security program for the duration of the changed condition(s).

(d) For changed conditions expected to be 60 days or more duration, each airport operator must forward the information required in paragraph (b) of this section in the form of a proposed amendment to the airport operator's security program, as required under § 1542.105. The request for an amendment must be made within 30 days of the discovery of the changed condition(s). TSA will respond to the request in accordance with § 1542.105.

§ 1542.109 Alternate means of compliance.

If in TSA's judgment, the overall safety and security of the airport, and aircraft operator or foreign air carrier operations are not diminished, TSA may approve a security program that provides for the use of alternate measures. Such a program may be considered only for an operator of an airport at which service by aircraft operators or foreign air carriers under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter is determined by TSA to be seasonal or infrequent.

§ 1542.111 Exclusive area agreements.

(a) TSA may approve an amendment to an airport security program under which an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier that has a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter assumes responsibility for specified security measures for all or portions of

the secured area, AOA, or SIDA, including access points, as provided in § 1542.201, § 1542.203, or § 1542.205. The assumption of responsibility must be exclusive to one aircraft operator or foreign air carrier, and shared responsibility among aircraft operators or foreign air carriers is not permitted for an exclusive area.

(b) An exclusive area agreement must be in writing, signed by the airport operator and aircraft operator or foreign air carrier, and maintained in the airport security program. This agreement must contain the following:

(1) A description, a map, and, where appropriate, a diagram of the boundaries and pertinent features of each area, including individual access points, over which the aircraft operator or foreign air carrier will exercise exclusive security responsibility.

(2) A description of the measures used by the aircraft operator or foreign air carrier to comply with § 1542.201, § 1542.203, or § 1542.205, as appropriate.

(3) Procedures by which the aircraft operator or foreign air carrier will immediately notify the airport operator and provide for alternative security measures when there are changed conditions as described in § 1542.103(a).

(c) Any exclusive area agreements in effect on November 14, 2001, must meet the requirements of this section and § 1544.227 no later than November 14, 2002.

§ 1542.113 Airport tenant security programs.

(a) TSA may approve an airport tenant security program as follows:

(1) The tenant must assume responsibility for specified security measures of the secured area, AOA, or SIDA as provided in §§ 1542.201, 1542.203, and 1542.205.

(2) The tenant may not assume responsibility for law enforcement support under § 1542.215.

(3) The tenant must assume the responsibility within the tenant's leased areas or areas designated for the tenant's exclusive use. A tenant may not assume responsibility under a tenant security program for the airport passenger terminal.

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(4) Responsibility must be exclusive to one tenant, and shared responsibility among tenants is not permitted.

(5) TSA must find that the tenant is able and willing to carry out the airport tenant security program.

(b) An airport tenant security program must be in writing, signed by the airport operator and the airport tenant, and maintained in the airport security program. The airport tenant security program must include the following:

(1) A description and a map of the boundaries and pertinent features of each area over which the airport tenant will exercise security responsibilities.

(2) A description of the measures the airport tenant has assumed.

(3) Measures by which the airport operator will monitor and audit the tenant's compliance with the security program.

(4) Monetary and other penalties to which the tenant may be subject if it fails to carry out the airport tenant security program.

(5) Circumstances under which the airport operator will terminate the airport tenant security program for cause.

(6) A provision acknowledging that the tenant is subject to inspection by TSA in accordance with §1542.5.

(7) A provision acknowledging that individuals who carry out the tenant security program are contracted to or acting for the airport operator and are required to protect sensitive information in accordance with part 1520 of this chapter, and may be subject to civil penalties for failing to protect sensitive security information.

(8) Procedures by which the tenant will immediately notify the airport operator of and provide for alternative security measures for changed conditions as described in §1542.103(a).

(c) If TSA has approved an airport tenant security program, the airport operator may not be found to be in violation of a requirement of this part in any case in which the airport operator demonstrates that:

(1) The tenant or an employee, permittee, or invitee of the tenant, is responsible for such violation; and

(2) The airport operator has complied with all measures in its security pro-

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gram to ensure the tenant has complied with the airport tenant security program.

(d) TSA may amend or terminate an airport tenant security program in accordance with §1542.105.

Subpart C—Operations

§ 1542.201 Security of the secured area.

(a) Each airport operator required to have a security program under §1542.103(a) must establish at least one secured area.

(b) Each airport operator required to establish a secured area must prevent and detect the unauthorized entry, presence, and movement of individuals and ground vehicles into and within the secured area by doing the following:

(1) Establish and carry out measures for controlling entry to secured areas of the airport in accordance with §1542.207.

(2) Provide for detection of, and response to, each unauthorized presence or movement in, or attempted entry to, the secured area by an individual whose access is not authorized in accordance with its security program.

(3) Establish and carry out a personnel identification system described under §1542.211.

(4) Subject each individual to employment history verification as described in §1542.209 before authorizing unescorted access to a secured area.

(5) Train each individual before granting unescorted access to the secured area, as required in §1542.213(b).

(6) Post signs at secured area access points and on the perimeter that provide warning of the prohibition against unauthorized entry. Signs must be posted by each airport operator in accordance with its security program not later than November 14, 2003.

§ 1542.203 Security of the air operations area (AOA).

(a) Each airport operator required to have a security program under §1542.103(a) must establish an AOA, unless the entire area is designated as a secured area.

(b) Each airport operator required to establish an AOA must prevent and detect the unauthorized entry, presence, and movement of individuals and ground vehicles into or within the AOA by doing the following:

(1) Establish and carry out measures for controlling entry to the AOA of the airport in accordance with §1542.207.

(2) Provide for detection of, and response to, each unauthorized presence or movement in, or attempted entry to, the AOA by an individual whose access is not authorized in accordance with its security program.

(3) Provide security information as described in §1542.213(c) to each individual with unescorted access to the AOA.

(4) Post signs on AOA access points and perimeters that provide warning of the prohibition against unauthorized entry to the AOA. Signs must be posted by each airport operator in accordance with its security program not later than November 14, 2003.

(5) If approved by TSA, the airport operator may designate all or portions of its AOA as a SIDA, or may use another personnel identification system, as part of its means of meeting the requirements of this section. If it uses another personnel identification system, the media must be clearly distinguishable from those used in the secured area and SIDA.

§ 1542.205 Security of the security identification display area (SIDA).

(a) Each airport operator required to have a security program under §1542.103(a) must establish at least one SIDA. Each secured area must be a SIDA. Other areas of the airport may be SIDA's.

(b) Each airport operator required to establish a SIDA must establish and carry out measures to prevent the unauthorized presence and movement of individuals in the SIDA and must do the following:

(1) Establish and carry out a personnel identification system described under §1542.211.

(2) Subject each individual to employment history verification as described in §1542.209 before authorizing unescorted access to a SIDA.

(3) Train each individual before granting unescorted access to the SIDA, as required in §1542.213(b).

§ 1542.207 Access control systems.

(a) *Secured area.* Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the measures for controlling entry to the secured area required under §1542.201(b)(1) must—

(1) Ensure that only those individuals authorized to have unescorted access to the secured area are able to gain entry;

(2) Ensure that an individual is immediately denied entry to a secured area when that person's access authority for that area is withdrawn; and

(3) Provide a means to differentiate between individuals authorized to have access to an entire secured area and individuals authorized access to only a particular portion of a secured area.

(b) *Alternative systems.* TSA may approve an amendment to a security program that provides alternative measures that provide an overall level of security equal to that which would be provided by the measures described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) *Air operations area.* The measures for controlling entry to the AOA required under §1542.203(b)(1) must incorporate accountability procedures to maintain their integrity.

(d) *Secondary access media.* An airport operator may issue a second access medium to an individual who has unescorted access to secured areas or the AOA, but is temporarily not in possession of the original access medium, if the airport operator follows measures and procedures in the security program that—

(1) Verifies the authorization of the individual to have unescorted access to secured areas or AOA's;

(2) Restricts the time period of entry with the second access medium;

(3) Retrieves the second access medium when expired;

(4) Deactivates or invalidates the original access medium until the individual returns the second access medium; and

(5) Provides that any second access media that is also used as identification media meet the criteria of §1542.211(b).

§ 1542.209 Fingerprint-based criminal history records checks (CHRC).

(a) *Scope.* The following persons are within the scope of this section—

(1) Each airport operator and airport user.

(2) Each individual currently having unescorted access to a SIDA, and each individual with authority to authorize others to have unescorted access to a SIDA (referred to as unescorted access authority).

(3) Each individual seeking unescorted access authority.

(4) Each airport user and aircraft operator making a certification to an airport operator pursuant to paragraph (n) of this section, or 14 CFR 108.31(n) in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001). An airport user, for the purposes of this section only, is any person other than an aircraft operator subject to §1544.229 of this chapter making a certification under this section.

(b) *Individuals seeking unescorted access authority.* Except as provided in paragraph (m) of this section, each airport operator must ensure that no individual is granted unescorted access authority unless the individual has undergone a fingerprint-based CHRC that does not disclose that he or she has a disqualifying criminal offense, as described in paragraph (d) of this section.

(c) *Individuals who have not had a CHRC.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (m) of this section, each airport operator must ensure that after December 6, 2002, no individual retains unescorted access authority, unless the airport operator has obtained and submitted a fingerprint under this part.

(2) When a CHRC discloses a disqualifying criminal offense for which the conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of insanity was on or after December 6, 1991, the airport operator must immediately suspend that individual's authority.

(d) *Disqualifying criminal offenses.* An individual has a disqualifying criminal offense if the individual has been convicted, or found not guilty of by reason of insanity, of any of the disqualifying crimes listed in this paragraph (d) in any jurisdiction during the 10 years before the date of the individual's appli-

cation for unescorted access authority, or while the individual has unescorted access authority. The disqualifying criminal offenses are as follows—

(1) Forgery of certificates, false marking of aircraft, and other aircraft registration violation; 49 U.S.C. 46306.

(2) Interference with air navigation; 49 U.S.C. 46308.

(3) Improper transportation of a hazardous material; 49 U.S.C. 46312.

(4) Aircraft piracy; 49 U.S.C. 46502.

(5) Interference with flight crew members or flight attendants; 49 U.S.C. 46504.

(6) Commission of certain crimes aboard aircraft in flight; 49 U.S.C. 46506.

(7) Carrying a weapon or explosive aboard aircraft; 49 U.S.C. 46505.

(8) Conveying false information and threats; 49 U.S.C. 46507.

(9) Aircraft piracy outside the special aircraft jurisdiction of the United States; 49 U.S.C. 46502(b).

(10) Lighting violations involving transporting controlled substances; 49 U.S.C. 46315.

(11) Unlawful entry into an aircraft or airport area that serves air carriers or foreign air carriers contrary to established security requirements; 49 U.S.C. 46314.

(12) Destruction of an aircraft or aircraft facility; 18 U.S.C. 32.

(13) Murder.

(14) Assault with intent to murder.

(15) Espionage.

(16) Sedition.

(17) Kidnapping or hostage taking.

(18) Treason.

(19) Rape or aggravated sexual abuse.

(20) Unlawful possession, use, sale, distribution, or manufacture of an explosive or weapon.

(21) Extortion.

(22) Armed or felony unarmed robbery.

(23) Distribution of, or intent to distribute, a controlled substance.

(24) Felony arson.

(25) Felony involving a threat.

(26) Felony involving—

(i) Willful destruction of property;

(ii) Importation or manufacture of a controlled substance;

(iii) Burglary;

(iv) Theft;

(v) Dishonesty, fraud, or misrepresentation;

(vi) Possession or distribution of stolen property;

(vii) Aggravated assault;

(viii) Bribery; or

(ix) Illegal possession of a controlled substance punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than 1 year.

(27) Violence at international airports; 18 U.S.C. 37.

(28) Conspiracy or attempt to commit any of the criminal acts listed in this paragraph (d).

(e) *Fingerprint application and processing.* (1) At the time of fingerprinting, the airport operator must provide the individual to be fingerprinted a fingerprint application that includes only the following—

(i) The disqualifying criminal offenses described in paragraph (d) of this section.

(ii) A statement that the individual signing the application does not have a disqualifying criminal offense.

(iii) A statement informing the individual that Federal regulations under 49 CFR 1542.209 (l) impose a continuing obligation to disclose to the airport operator within 24 hours if he or she is convicted of any disqualifying criminal offense that occurs while he or she has unescorted access authority. After February 17, 2002, the airport operator may use statements that have already been printed referring to 14 CFR 107.209 until stocks of such statements are used up.

(iv) A statement reading, “The information I have provided on this application is true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and is provided in good faith. I understand that a knowing and willful false statement on this application can be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. (See section 1001 of Title 18 United States Code.)”

(v) A line for the printed name of the individual.

(vi) A line for the individual’s signature and date of signature.

(2) Each individual must complete and sign the application prior to submitting his or her fingerprints.

(3) The airport operator must verify the identity of the individual through two forms of identification prior to fingerprinting, and ensure that the printed name on the fingerprint appli-

cation is legible. At least one of the two forms of identification must have been issued by a government authority, and at least one must include a photo.

(4) The airport operator must advise the individual that:

(i) A copy of the criminal record received from the FBI will be provided to the individual, if requested by the individual in writing; and

(ii) The ASC is the individual’s point of contact if he or she has questions about the results of the CHRC.

(5) The airport operator must collect, control, and process one set of legible and classifiable fingerprints under direct observation of the airport operator or a law enforcement officer.

(6) Fingerprints may be obtained and processed electronically, or recorded on fingerprint cards approved by the FBI and distributed by TSA for that purpose.

(7) The fingerprint submission must be forwarded to TSA in the manner specified by TSA.

(f) *Fingerprinting fees.* Airport operators must pay for all fingerprints in a form and manner approved by TSA. The payment must be made at the designated rate (available from the local TSA security office) for each set of fingerprints submitted. Information about payment options is available through the designated TSA headquarters point of contact. Individual personal checks are not acceptable.

(g) *Determination of arrest status.* (1) When a CHRC on an individual seeking unescorted access authority discloses an arrest for any disqualifying criminal offense listed in paragraph (d) of this section without indicating a disposition, the airport operator must determine, after investigation, that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying offense before granting that authority. If there is no disposition, or if the disposition did not result in a conviction or in a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity of one of the offenses listed in paragraph (d) of this section, the individual is not disqualified under this section.

(2) When a CHRC on an individual with unescorted access authority discloses an arrest for any disqualifying criminal offense without indicating a disposition, the airport operator must

suspend the individual's unescorted access authority not later than 45 days after obtaining the CHRC unless the airport operator determines, after investigation, that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying criminal offense. If there is no disposition, or if the disposition did not result in a conviction or in a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity of one of the offenses listed in paragraph (d) of this section, the individual is not disqualified under this section.

(3) The airport operator may only make the determinations required in paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this section for individuals for whom it is issuing, or has issued, unescorted access authority, and who are not covered by a certification from an aircraft operator under paragraph (n) of this section. The airport operator may not make determinations for individuals described in § 1544.229 of this chapter.

(h) *Correction of FBI records and notification of disqualification.* (1) Before making a final decision to deny unescorted access authority to an individual described in paragraph (b) of this section, the airport operator must advise him or her that the FBI criminal record discloses information that would disqualify him or her from receiving or retaining unescorted access authority and provide the individual with a copy of the FBI record if he or she requests it.

(2) The airport operator must notify an individual that a final decision has been made to grant or deny unescorted access authority.

(3) Immediately following the suspension of unescorted access authority of an individual, the airport operator must advise him or her that the FBI criminal record discloses information that disqualifies him or her from retaining unescorted access authority and provide the individual with a copy of the FBI record if he or she requests it.

(i) *Corrective action by the individual.* The individual may contact the local jurisdiction responsible for the information and the FBI to complete or correct the information contained in his or her record, subject to the following conditions—

(1) For an individual seeking unescorted access authority on or after December 6, 2001, the following applies:

(i) Within 30 days after being advised that the criminal record received from the FBI discloses a disqualifying criminal offense, the individual must notify the airport operator in writing of his or her intent to correct any information he or she believes to be inaccurate. The airport operator must obtain a copy, or accept a copy from the individual, of the revised FBI record, or a certified true copy of the information from the appropriate court, prior to granting unescorted access authority.

(ii) If no notification, as described in paragraph (h)(1) of this section, is received within 30 days, the airport operator may make a final determination to deny unescorted access authority.

(2) For an individual with unescorted access authority before December 6, 2001, the following applies: Within 30 days after being advised of suspension because the criminal record received from the FBI discloses a disqualifying criminal offense, the individual must notify the airport operator in writing of his or her intent to correct any information he or she believes to be inaccurate. The airport operator must obtain a copy, or accept a copy from the individual, of the revised FBI record, or a certified true copy of the information from the appropriate court, prior to reinstating unescorted access authority.

(j) *Limits on dissemination of results.* Criminal record information provided by the FBI may be used only to carry out this section and § 1544.229 of this chapter. No person may disseminate the results of a CHRC to anyone other than:

(1) The individual to whom the record pertains, or that individual's authorized representative.

(2) Officials of other airport operators who are determining whether to grant unescorted access to the individual under this part.

(3) Aircraft operators who are determining whether to grant unescorted access to the individual or authorize the individual to perform screening functions under part 1544 of this chapter.

(4) Others designated by TSA.

(k) *Recordkeeping.* The airport operator must maintain the following information:

(1) *Investigations conducted before December 6, 2001.* The airport operator must maintain and control the access or employment history investigation files, including the criminal history records results portion, or the appropriate certifications, for investigations conducted before December 6, 2001.

(2) *Fingerprint application process on or after December 6, 2001.* Except when the airport operator has received a certification under paragraph (n) of this section, the airport operator must physically maintain, control, and, as appropriate, destroy the fingerprint application and the criminal record. Only direct airport operator employees may carry out the responsibility for maintaining, controlling, and destroying criminal records.

(3) *Certification on or after December 6, 2001.* The airport operator must maintain the certifications provided under paragraph (n) of this section.

(4) *Protection of records—all investigations.* The records required by this section must be maintained in a manner that is acceptable to TSA and in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the individual.

(5) *Duration—all investigations.* The records identified in this section with regard to an individual must be maintained until 180 days after the termination of the individual's unescorted access authority. When files are no longer maintained, the criminal record must be destroyed.

(l) *Continuing responsibilities.* (1) Each individual with unescorted access authority on December 6, 2001, who had a disqualifying criminal offense in paragraph (d) of this section on or after December 6, 1991, must, by January 7, 2002, report the conviction to the airport operator and surrender the SIDA access medium to the issuer.

(2) Each individual with unescorted access authority who has a disqualifying criminal offense must report the offense to the airport operator and surrender the SIDA access medium to the issuer within 24 hours of the conviction or the finding of not guilty by reason of insanity.

(3) If information becomes available to the airport operator or the airport user indicating that an individual with unescorted access authority has a disqualifying criminal offense, the airport operator must determine the status of the conviction. If a disqualifying offense is confirmed the airport operator must immediately revoke any unescorted access authority.

(m) *Exceptions.* Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, an airport operator must authorize the following individuals to have unescorted access authority:

(1) An employee of the Federal, state, or local government (including a law enforcement officer) who, as a condition of employment, has been subjected to an employment investigation that includes a criminal records check.

(2) Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, an airport operator may authorize the following individuals to have unescorted access authority:

(i) An individual who has been continuously employed in a position requiring unescorted access authority by another airport operator, airport user, or aircraft operator, or contractor to such an entity, provided the grant for his or her unescorted access authority was based upon a fingerprint-based CHRC through TSA or FAA.

(ii) An individual who has been continuously employed by an aircraft operator or aircraft operator contractor, in a position with authority to perform screening functions, provided the grant for his or her authority to perform screening functions was based upon a fingerprint-based CHRC through TSA or FAA.

(n) *Certifications by aircraft operators.* An airport operator is in compliance with its obligation under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section when the airport operator accepts, for each individual seeking unescorted access authority, certification from an aircraft operator subject to part 1544 of this chapter indicating it has complied with § 1544.229 of this chapter for the aircraft operator's employees and contractors seeking unescorted access authority. If the airport operator accepts a certification from the aircraft operator, the airport operator may not require the aircraft

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operator to provide a copy of the CHRC.

(o) *Airport operator responsibility.* The airport operator must—

(1) Designate the ASC, in the security program, or a direct employee if the ASC is not a direct employee, to be responsible for maintaining, controlling, and destroying the criminal record files when their maintenance is no longer required by paragraph (k) of this section.

(2) Designate the ASC, in the security program, to serve as the contact to receive notification from individuals applying for unescorted access authority of their intent to seek correction of their FBI criminal record.

(3) Audit the employment history investigations performed by the airport operator in accordance with this section and 14 CFR 107.31 in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 through 139 revised as of January 1, 2001), and those investigations conducted by the airport users who provided certification to the airport operator. The audit program must be set forth in the airport security program.

(p) *Airport user responsibility.* (1) The airport user must report to the airport operator information, as it becomes available, that indicates an individual with unescorted access authority may have a disqualifying criminal offense.

(2) The airport user must maintain and control, in compliance with paragraph (k) of this section, the employment history investigation files for investigations conducted before December 6, 2001, unless the airport operator decides to maintain and control the employment history investigation file.

(3) The airport user must provide the airport operator with either the name or title of the individual acting as custodian of the files described in this paragraph (p), the address of the location where the files are maintained, and the phone number of that location. The airport user must provide the airport operator and TSA with access to these files.

§ 1542.211 Identification systems.

(a) *Personnel identification system.* The personnel identification system under §§ 1542.201(b)(3) and 1542.205(b)(1) must include the following:

(1) Personnel identification media that—

(i) Convey a full-face image, full name, employer, and identification number of the individual to whom the identification medium is issued;

(ii) Indicate clearly the scope of the individual's access and movement privileges;

(iii) Indicate clearly an expiration date; and

(iv) Are of sufficient size and appearance as to be readily observable for challenge purposes.

(2) Procedures to ensure that each individual in the secured area or SIDA continuously displays the identification medium issued to that individual on the outermost garment above waist level, or is under escort.

(3) Procedures to ensure accountability through the following:

(i) Retrieving expired identification media and media of persons who no longer have unescorted access authority.

(ii) Reporting lost or stolen identification media.

(iii) Securing unissued identification media stock and supplies.

(iv) Auditing the system at a minimum of once a year or sooner, as necessary, to ensure the integrity and accountability of all identification media.

(v) As specified in the security program, revalidate the identification system or reissue identification media if a portion of all issued, unexpired identification media are lost, stolen, or otherwise unaccounted for, including identification media that are combined with access media.

(vi) Ensure that only one identification medium is issued to an individual at a time, except for personnel who are employed with more than one company and require additional identification media to carry out employment duties. A replacement identification medium may only be issued if an individual declares in writing that the medium has been lost, stolen, or destroyed.

(b) *Temporary identification media.* Each airport operator may issue personnel identification media in accordance with its security program to persons whose duties are expected to be

temporary. The temporary identification media system must include procedures and methods to—

(1) Retrieve temporary identification media;

(2) Authorize the use of a temporary media for a limited time only;

(3) Ensure that temporary media are distinct from other identification media and clearly display an expiration date; and

(4) Ensure that any identification media also being used as an access media meet the criteria of § 1542.207(d).

(c) *Airport-approved identification media.* TSA may approve an amendment to the airport security program that provides for the use of identification media meeting the criteria of this section that are issued by entities other than the airport operator, as described in the security program.

(d) *Challenge program.* Each airport operator must establish and carry out a challenge program that requires each individual who has authorized unescorted access to secured areas and SIDA's to ascertain the authority of any individual who is not displaying an identification medium authorizing the individual to be present in the area. The challenge program must include procedures to challenge individuals not displaying airport approved identification media. The procedure must—

(1) Apply uniformly in secured areas, SIDA's, and exclusive areas;

(2) Describe how to challenge an individual directly or report any individual not visibly displaying an authorized identification medium, including procedures to notify the appropriate authority; and

(3) Describe support of challenge procedures, including law enforcement and any other responses to reports of individuals not displaying authorized identification media.

(e) *Escorting.* Each airport operator must establish and implement procedures for escorting individuals who do not have unescorted access authority to a secured area or SIDA that—

(1) Ensure that only individuals with unescorted access authority are permitted to escort;

(2) Ensure that the escorted individuals are continuously accompanied or monitored while within the secured

area or SIDA in a manner sufficient to identify whether the escorted individual is engaged in activities other than those for which escorted access was granted, and to take action in accordance with the airport security program;

(3) Identify what action is to be taken by the escort, or other authorized individual, should individuals under escort engage in activities other than those for which access was granted;

(4) Prescribe law enforcement support for escort procedures; and

(5) Ensure that individuals escorted into a sterile area without being screened under § 1544.201 of this chapter remain under escort until they exit the sterile area, or submit to screening pursuant to § 1544.201 or § 1546.201 of this chapter.

(f) *Effective date.* The identification systems described in this section must be implemented by each airport operator not later than November 14, 2003.

§ 1542.213 Training.

(a) Each airport operator must ensure that individuals performing security-related functions for the airport operator are briefed on the provisions of this part, Security Directives, and Information Circulars, and the security program, to the extent that such individuals need to know in order to perform their duties.

(b) An airport operator may not authorize any individual unescorted access to the secured area or SIDA, except as provided in § 1542.5, unless that individual has successfully completed training in accordance with TSA-approved curriculum specified in the security program. This curriculum must detail the methods of instruction, provide attendees with an opportunity to ask questions, and include at least the following topics—

(1) The unescorted access authority of the individual to enter and be present in various areas of the airport;

(2) Control, use, and display of airport-approved access and identification media;

(3) Escort and challenge procedures and the law enforcement support for these procedures;

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(4) Security responsibilities as specified in § 1540.105;

(5) Restrictions on divulging sensitive security information as described in part 1520 of this chapter; and

(6) Any other topics specified in the security program.

(c) An airport operator may not authorize any individual unescorted access to the AOA, except as provided in § 1542.5, unless that individual has been provided information in accordance with the security program, including—

(1) The unescorted access authority of the individual to enter and be present in various areas of the airport;

(2) Control, use, and display of airport-approved access and identification media, if appropriate;

(3) Escort and challenge procedures and the law enforcement support for these procedures, where applicable;

(4) Security responsibilities as specified in § 1540.105;

(5) Restrictions on divulging sensitive security information as described in part 1520 of this chapter; and

(6) Any other topics specified in the security program.

(d) Each airport operator must maintain a record of all training and information given to each individual under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section for 180 days after the termination of that person's unescorted access authority.

(e) As to persons with unescorted access to the SIDA on November 14, 2001, training on responsibility under § 1540.105 can be provided by making relevant security information available.

(f) Training described in paragraph (c) of this section must be implemented by each airport operator not later than November 14, 2002.

§ 1542.215 Law enforcement support.

(a) In accordance with § 1542.217, each airport operator required to have a security program under § 1542.103(a) or (b) must provide:

(1) Law enforcement personnel in the number and manner adequate to support its security program.

(2) Uniformed law enforcement personnel in the number and manner adequate to support each system for screening persons and accessible prop-

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erty required under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter, except to the extent that TSA provides Federal law enforcement support for the system.

(b) Each airport required to have a security program under § 1542.103(c) must ensure that:

(1) Law enforcement personnel are available and committed to respond to an incident in support of a civil aviation security program when requested by an aircraft operator or foreign air carrier that has a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter.

(2) The procedures by which to request law enforcement support are provided to each aircraft operator or foreign air carrier that has a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter.

§ 1542.217 Law enforcement personnel.

(a) Each airport operator must ensure that law enforcement personnel used to meet the requirements of § 1542.215, meet the following qualifications while on duty at the airport—

(1) Have arrest authority described in paragraph (b) of this section;

(2) Are identifiable by appropriate indicia of authority;

(3) Are armed with a firearm and authorized to use it; and

(4) Have completed a training program that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section.

(b) Each airport operator must ensure that each individual used to meet the requirements of § 1542.215 have the authority to arrest, with or without a warrant, while on duty at the airport for the following violations of the criminal laws of the State and local jurisdictions in which the airport is located—

(1) A crime committed in the presence of the individual; and

(2) A felony, when the individual has reason to believe that the suspect has committed it.

(c) The training program required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section must—

(1) Meet the training standard for law enforcement officers prescribed by either the State or local jurisdiction in which the airport is located for law enforcement officers performing comparable functions.

(2) Specify and require training standards for private law enforcement personnel acceptable to TSA, if the State and local jurisdictions in which the airport is located do not prescribe training standards for private law enforcement personnel that meets the standards in paragraph (a) of this section.

(3) Include training in—

(i) The use of firearms;

(ii) The courteous and efficient treatment of persons subject to inspection, detention, search, arrest, and other aviation security activities;

(iii) The responsibilities of law enforcement personnel under the security program; and

(iv) Any other subject TSA determines is necessary.

(d) Each airport operator must document the training program required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section and maintain documentation of training at a location specified in the security program until 180 days after the departure or removal of each person providing law enforcement support at the airport.

§ 1542.219 Supplementing law enforcement personnel.

(a) When TSA decides, after being notified by an airport operator as prescribed in this section, that not enough qualified State, local, and private law enforcement personnel are available to carry out the requirements of § 1542.215, TSA may authorize the airport operator to use, on a reimbursable basis, personnel employed by TSA, or by another department, agency, or instrumentality of the Government with the consent of the head of the department, agency, or instrumentality to supplement State, local, and private law enforcement personnel.

(b) Each request for the use of Federal personnel must be submitted to TSA and include the following information:

(1) The number of passengers enplaned at the airport during the preceding calendar year and the current calendar year as of the date of the request.

(2) The anticipated risk of criminal violence, sabotage, aircraft piracy, and

other unlawful interference to civil aviation operations.

(3) A copy of that portion of the security program which describes the law enforcement support necessary to comply with § 1542.215.

(4) The availability of law enforcement personnel who meet the requirements of § 1542.217, including a description of the airport operator's efforts to obtain law enforcement support from State, local, and private agencies and the responses of those agencies.

(5) The airport operator's estimate of the number of Federal personnel needed to supplement available law enforcement personnel and the period of time for which they are needed.

(6) A statement acknowledging responsibility for providing reimbursement for the cost of providing Federal personnel.

(7) Any other information TSA considers necessary.

(c) In response to a request submitted in accordance with this section, TSA may authorize, on a reimbursable basis, the use of personnel employed by a Federal agency, with the consent of the head of that agency.

§ 1542.221 Records of law enforcement response.

(a) Each airport operator must ensure that—

(1) A record is made of each law enforcement action taken in furtherance of this part; and

(2) The record is maintained for a minimum of 180 days.

(b) Data developed in response to paragraph (a) of this section must include at least the following, except as authorized by TSA:

(1) The number and type of weapons, explosives, or incendiaries discovered during any passenger-screening process, and the method of detection of each.

(2) The number of acts and attempted acts of aircraft piracy.

(3) The number of bomb threats received, real and simulated bombs found, and actual detonations on the airport.

(4) The number of arrests, including—
 (i) Name, address, and the immediate disposition of each individual arrested;

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(ii) Type of weapon, explosive, or incendiary confiscated, as appropriate; and

(iii) Identification of the aircraft operators or foreign air carriers on which the individual arrested was, or was scheduled to be, a passenger or which screened that individual, as appropriate.

Subpart D—Contingency Measures

§ 1542.301 Contingency plan.

(a) Each airport operator required to have a security program under § 1542.103(a) and (b) must adopt a contingency plan and must:

(1) Implement its contingency plan when directed by TSA.

(2) Conduct reviews and exercises of its contingency plan as specified in the security program with all persons having responsibilities under the plan.

(3) Ensure that all parties involved know their responsibilities and that all information contained in the plan is current.

(b) TSA may approve alternative implementation measures, reviews, and exercises to the contingency plan which will provide an overall level of security equal to the contingency plan under paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1542.303 Security Directives and Information Circulars.

(a) TSA may issue an Information Circular to notify airport operators of security concerns. When TSA determines that additional security measures are necessary to respond to a threat assessment or to a specific threat against civil aviation, TSA issues a Security Directive setting forth mandatory measures.

(b) Each airport operator must comply with each Security Directive issued to the airport operator within the time prescribed in the Security Directive.

(c) Each airport operator that receives a Security Directive must—

(1) Within the time prescribed in the Security Directive, verbally acknowledge receipt of the Security Directive to TSA.

(2) Within the time prescribed in the Security Directive, specify the method by which the measures in the Security

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Directive have been implemented (or will be implemented, if the Security Directive is not yet effective).

(d) In the event that the airport operator is unable to implement the measures in the Security Directive, the airport operator must submit proposed alternative measures and the basis for submitting the alternative measures to TSA for approval. The airport operator must submit the proposed alternative measures within the time prescribed in the Security Directive. The airport operator must implement any alternative measures approved by TSA.

(e) Each airport operator that receives a Security Directive may comment on the Security Directive by submitting data, views, or arguments in writing to TSA. TSA may amend the Security Directive based on comments received. Submission of a comment does not delay the effective date of the Security Directive.

(f) Each airport operator that receives a Security Directive or an Information Circular and each person who receives information from a Security Directive or an Information Circular must:

(1) Restrict the availability of the Security Directive or Information Circular, and information contained in either document, to those persons with an operational need-to-know.

(2) Refuse to release the Security Directive or Information Circular, and information contained in either document, to persons other than those who have an operational need to know without the prior written consent of TSA.

§ 1542.305 Public advisories.

When advised by TSA, each airport operator must prominently display and maintain in public areas information concerning foreign airports that, in the judgment of the Secretary of Transportation, do not maintain and administer effective security measures. This information must be posted in the manner specified in the security program and for such a period of time determined by the Secretary of Transportation.

§ 1542.307 Incident management.

(a) Each airport operator must establish procedures to evaluate bomb threats, threats of sabotage, aircraft

piracy, and other unlawful interference to civil aviation operations.

(b) Immediately upon direct or referred receipt of a threat of any of the incidents described in paragraph (a) of this section, each airport operator must—

(1) Evaluate the threat in accordance with its security program;

(2) Initiate appropriate action as specified in the Airport Emergency Plan under 14 CFR 139.325; and

(3) Immediately notify TSA of acts, or suspected acts, of unlawful interference to civil aviation operations, including specific bomb threats to aircraft and airport facilities.

(c) Airport operators required to have a security program under §1542.103(c) but not subject to 14 CFR part 139, must develop emergency response procedures to incidents of threats identified in paragraph (a) of this section.

(d) To ensure that all parties know their responsibilities and that all procedures are current, at least once every 12 calendar months each airport operator must review the procedures required in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section with all persons having responsibilities for such procedures.

PART 1544—AIRCRAFT OPERATOR SECURITY: AIR CARRIERS AND COMMERCIAL OPERATORS

Subpart A—General

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AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40113, 44901-44905, 44907, 44913-44914, 44916-44918, 44932, 44935-44936, 44942, 46105.

SOURCE: 67 FR 8364, Feb. 22, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 1544.1 Applicability of this part.

(a) This part prescribes aviation security rules governing the following:

(1) The operations of aircraft operators holding operating certificates under 14 CFR part 119 for scheduled passenger operations, public charter passenger operations, private charter passenger operations; the operations of aircraft operators holding operating

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certificates under 14 CFR part 119 operating aircraft with a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or more; and other aircraft operators adopting and obtaining approval of an aircraft operator security program.

(2) Each law enforcement officer flying armed aboard an aircraft operated by an aircraft operator described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(3) Each aircraft operator that receives a Security Directive or Information Circular and each person who receives information from a Security Directive or Information Circular issued by TSA.

(b) As used in this part, “aircraft operator” means an aircraft operator subject to this part as described in § 1544.101.

[67 FR 8364, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 67 FR 8209, Feb. 22, 2002]

§ 1544.3 TSA inspection authority.

(a) Each aircraft operator must allow TSA, at any time or place, to make any inspections or tests, including copying records, to determine compliance of an airport operator, aircraft operator, foreign air carrier, indirect air carrier, or other airport tenants with—

(1) This subchapter and any security program under this subchapter, and part 1520 of this chapter; and

(2) 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, as amended.

(b) At the request of TSA, each aircraft operator must provide evidence of compliance with this part and its security program, including copies of records.

(c) TSA may enter and be present within secured areas, AOA's, and SIDA's without access media or identification media issued or approved by an airport operator or aircraft operator, in order to inspect or test compliance, or perform other such duties as TSA may direct.

(d) At the request of TSA and the completion of SIDA training as required in a security program, each aircraft operator must promptly issue to TSA personnel access and identification media to provide TSA personnel with unescorted access to, and movement within, areas controlled by the aircraft operator under an exclusive area agreement.

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Subpart B—Security Program

§ 1544.101 Adoption and implementation.

(a) *Full program.* Each aircraft operator must carry out subparts C, D, and E of this part and must adopt and carry out a security program that meets the requirements of § 1544.103 for each of the following operations:

(1) A scheduled passenger or public charter passenger operation with an aircraft having a passenger seating configuration of 61 or more seats.

(2) A scheduled passenger or public charter passenger operation with an aircraft having a passenger seating configuration of 60 or fewer seats when passengers are enplaned from or deplaned into a sterile area.

(b) *Partial program—adoption.* Each aircraft operator must carry out the requirements specified in paragraph (c) of this section for each of the following operations:

(1) A scheduled passenger or public charter passenger operation with an aircraft having a passenger-seating configuration of 31 or more but 60 or fewer seats that does not enplane from or deplane into a sterile area.

(2) A scheduled passenger or public charter passenger operation with an aircraft having a passenger-seating configuration of 60 or fewer seats engaged in operations to, from, or outside the United States that does not enplane from or deplane into a sterile area.

(c) *Partial program-content:* For operations described in paragraph (b) of this section, the aircraft operator must carry out the following, and must adopt and carry out a security program that meets the applicable requirements in § 1544.103 (c):

(1) The requirements of §§ 1544.215, 1544.217, 1544.219, 1544.223, 1544.230, 1544.235, 1544.237, 1544.301, 1544.303, and 1544.305.

(2) Other provisions of subparts C, D, and E of this part that TSA has approved upon request.

(3) The remaining requirements of subparts C, D, and E when TSA notifies the aircraft operator in writing that a security threat exists concerning that operation.

(d) *Twelve-five program-adoption*: Each aircraft operator must carry out the requirements of paragraph (e) of this section for each operation that meets all of the following—

(1) Is in an aircraft with a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or more;

(2) Is in scheduled or charter service;

(3) Is carrying passengers or cargo or both; and

(4) Is not under a full program or partial program under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section.

(e) *Twelve-five program-contents*: For each operation described in paragraph (d) of this section, the aircraft operator must carry out the following, and must adopt and carry out a security program that meets the applicable requirements of § 1544.103 (c):

(1) The requirements of §§ 1544.215, 1544.217, 1544.219, 1544.223, 1544.230, 1544.235, 1544.237, 1544.301(a) and (b), 1544.303, and 1544.305.

(2) Other provisions of subparts C, D, and E that TSA has approved upon request.

(3) The remaining requirements of subparts C, D, and E when TSA notifies the aircraft operator in writing that a security threat exists concerning that operation.

(f) *Private charter program*. In addition to paragraph (d) of this section, if applicable, each aircraft operator must carry out §§ 1544.201, 1544.207, 1544.209, 1544.211, 1544.215, 1544.217, 1544.219, 1544.225, 1544.229, 1544.230, 1544.233, 1544.235, 1544.303, and 1544.305, and subpart E of this part and—

(1) Must adopt and carry out a security program that meets the applicable requirements of § 1544.103 for each private charter passenger operation in which—

(i) The passengers are enplaned from or deplaned into a sterile area; or

(ii) The aircraft has a maximum certificated takeoff weight greater than 45,500 kg (100,309.3 pounds), or a passenger-seating configuration of 61 or more, and is not a government charter under paragraph (2) of the definition of private charter in § 1540.5 of this chapter.

(2) The Administrator may authorize alternate procedures under paragraph (f)(1) of this section as appropriate.

(g) *Limited program*: In addition to paragraph (d) of this section, if applicable, TSA may approve a security program after receiving a request by an aircraft operator holding a certificate under 14 CFR part 119, other than one identified in paragraph (a), (b), (d), or (f) of this section. The aircraft operator must—

(1) Carry out selected provisions of subparts C, D, and E;

(2) Carry out the provisions of § 1544.305, as specified in its security program; and

(3) Adopt and carry out a security program that meets the applicable requirements of § 1544.103 (c).

[67 FR 8364, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 67 FR 8209, Feb. 22, 2002; 67 FR 41639, June 19, 2002; 67 FR 79887, Dec. 31, 2002]

§ 1544.103 Form, content, and availability.

(a) *General requirements*. Each security program must:

(1) Provide for the safety of persons and property traveling on flights provided by the aircraft operator against acts of criminal violence and air piracy, and the introduction of explosives, incendiaries, or weapons aboard an aircraft.

(2) Be in writing and signed by the aircraft operator or any person delegated authority in this matter.

(3) Be approved by TSA.

(b) *Availability*. Each aircraft operator having a security program must:

(1) Maintain an original copy of the security program at its corporate office.

(2) Have accessible a complete copy, or the pertinent portions of its security program, or appropriate implementing instructions, at each airport served. An electronic version of the program is adequate.

(3) Make a copy of the security program available for inspection upon request of TSA.

(4) Restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of information contained in the security program to persons with a need-to-know as described in part 1520 of this chapter.

(5) Refer requests for such information by other persons to TSA.

(c) *Content.* The security program must include, as specified for that aircraft operator in §1544.101, the following:

(1) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.201 regarding the acceptance and screening of individuals and their accessible property, including, if applicable, the carriage weapons as part of State-required emergency equipment.

(2) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.203 regarding the acceptance and screening of checked baggage.

(3) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.205 regarding the acceptance and screening of cargo.

(4) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.207 regarding the screening of individuals and property.

(5) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.209 regarding the use of metal detection devices.

(6) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.211 regarding the use of x-ray systems.

(7) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of §1544.213 regarding the use of explosives detection systems.

(8) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.215 regarding the responsibilities of security coordinators. The names of the Aircraft Operator Security Coordinator (AOSC) and any alternate, and the means for contacting the AOSC(s) on a 24-hour basis, as provided in §1544.215.

(9) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.217 regarding the requirements for law enforcement personnel.

(10) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.219 regarding carriage of accessible weapons.

(11) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.221 re-

garding carriage of prisoners under the control of armed law enforcement officers.

(12) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.223 regarding transportation of Federal Air Marshals.

(13) The procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to perform the aircraft and facilities control function specified in §1544.225.

(14) The specific locations where the air carrier has entered into an exclusive area agreement under §1544.227.

(15) The procedures used to comply with the applicable requirements of §§1544.229 and 1544.230 regarding fingerprint-based criminal history records checks.

(16) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.231 regarding personnel identification systems.

(17) The procedures and syllabi used to accomplish the training required under §1544.233.

(18) The procedures and syllabi used to accomplish the training required under §1544.235.

(19) An aviation security contingency plan as specified under §1544.301.

(20) The procedures used to comply with the requirements of §1544.303 regarding bomb and air piracy threats.

(21) The procedures used to comply with §1544.237 regarding flight deck privileges.

[67 FR 8364, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 67 FR 8209, Feb. 22, 2002]

§ 1544.105 Approval and amendments.

(a) *Initial approval of security program.* Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, each aircraft operator required to have a security program under this part must submit its proposed security program to the designated official for approval at least 90 days before the intended date of passenger operations. The proposed security program must meet the requirements applicable to its operation as described in §1544.101. Such requests will be processed as follows:

(1) The designated official, within 30 days after receiving the proposed aircraft operator security program, will either approve the program or give the aircraft operator written notice to

modify the program to comply with the applicable requirements of this part.

(2) The aircraft operator may either submit a modified security program to the designated official for approval, or petition the Administrator to reconsider the notice to modify within 30 days of receiving a notice to modify. A petition for reconsideration must be filed with the designated official.

(3) The designated official, upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, either amends or withdraws the notice, or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the notice to modify, or by affirming the notice to modify.

(b) *Amendment requested by an aircraft operator.* An aircraft operator may submit a request to TSA to amend its security program as follows:

(1) The request for an amendment must be filed with the designated official at least 45 days before the date it proposes for the amendment to become effective, unless a shorter period is allowed by the designated official.

(2) Within 30 days after receiving a proposed amendment, the designated official, in writing, either approves or denies the request to amend.

(3) An amendment to an aircraft operator security program may be approved if the designated official determines that safety and the public interest will allow it, and the proposed amendment provides the level of security required under this part.

(4) Within 30 days after receiving a denial, the aircraft operator may petition the Administrator to reconsider the denial. A petition for reconsideration must be filed with the designated official.

(5) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either approves the request to amend or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 days of receipt by either directing the designated official to approve the amendment, or affirming the denial.

(6) Any aircraft operator may submit a group proposal for an amendment that is on behalf of it and other aircraft operators that co-sign the proposal.

(c) *Amendment by TSA.* If safety and the public interest require an amendment, TSA may amend a security program as follows:

(1) The designated official notifies the aircraft operator, in writing, of the proposed amendment, fixing a period of not less than 30 days within which the aircraft operator may submit written information, views, and arguments on the amendment.

(2) After considering all relevant material, the designated official notifies the aircraft operator of any amendment adopted or rescinds the notice. If the amendment is adopted, it becomes effective not less than 30 days after the aircraft operator receives the notice of amendment, unless the aircraft operator petitions the Administrator to reconsider no later than 15 days before the effective date of the amendment. The aircraft operator must send the petition for reconsideration to the designated official. A timely petition for reconsideration stays the effective date of the amendment.

(3) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either amends or withdraws the notice or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the amendment, or by affirming the amendment.

(d) *Emergency amendments.* If the designated official finds that there is an emergency requiring immediate action with respect to safety in air transportation or in air commerce that makes procedures in this section contrary to the public interest, the designated official may issue an amendment, without the prior notice and comment procedures in paragraph (c) of this section, effective without stay on the date the aircraft operator receives notice of it. In such a case, the designated official will incorporate in the notice a brief statement of the reasons and findings for the amendment to be adopted. The

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aircraft operator may file a petition for reconsideration under paragraph (c) of this section; however, this does not stay the effective date of the emergency amendment.

Subpart C—Operations

§ 1544.201 Acceptance and screening of individuals and accessible property.

(a) *Preventing or deterring the carriage of any explosive, incendiary, or deadly or dangerous weapon.* Each aircraft operator must use the measures in its security program to prevent or deter the carriage of any weapon, explosive, or incendiary on or about each individual's person or accessible property before boarding an aircraft or entering a sterile area.

(b) *Screening of individuals and accessible property.* Except as provided in its security program, each aircraft operator must ensure that each individual entering a sterile area at each preboard screening checkpoint for which it is responsible, and all accessible property under that individual's control, are inspected for weapons, explosives, and incendiaries as provided in § 1544.207.

(c) *Refusal to transport.* Each aircraft operator must deny entry into a sterile area and must refuse to transport—

(1) Any individual who does not consent to a search or inspection of his or her person in accordance with the system prescribed in this part; and

(2) Any property of any individual or other person who does not consent to a search or inspection of that property in accordance with the system prescribed by this part.

(d) *Prohibitions on carrying a weapon, explosive, or incendiary.* Except as provided in §§ 1544.219, 1544.221, and 1544.223, no aircraft operator may permit any individual to have a weapon, explosive, or incendiary, on or about the individual's person or accessible property when onboard an aircraft.

(e) *Staffing.* Each aircraft operator must staff its security screening checkpoints with supervisory and non-supervisory personnel in accordance with the standards specified in its security program.

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§ 1544.203 Acceptance and screening of checked baggage.

(a) *Preventing or deterring the carriage of any explosive or incendiary.* Each aircraft operator must use the procedures, facilities, and equipment described in its security program to prevent or deter the carriage of any unauthorized explosive or incendiary onboard aircraft in checked baggage.

(b) *Acceptance.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that checked baggage carried in the aircraft is received by its authorized aircraft operator representative.

(c) *Screening of checked baggage.* Except as provided in its security program, each aircraft operator must ensure that all checked baggage is inspected for explosives and incendiaries before loading it on its aircraft, in accordance with § 1544.207.

(d) *Control.* Each aircraft operator must use the procedures in its security program to control checked baggage that it accepts for transport on an aircraft, in a manner that:

(1) Prevents the unauthorized carriage of any explosive or incendiary aboard the aircraft.

(2) Prevents access by persons other than an aircraft operator employee or its agent.

(e) *Refusal to transport.* Each aircraft operator must refuse to transport any individual's checked baggage or property if the individual does not consent to a search or inspection of that checked baggage or property in accordance with the system prescribed by this part.

(f) *Firearms in checked baggage.* No aircraft operator may knowingly permit any person to transport in checked baggage:

(1) Any loaded firearm(s).

(2) Any unloaded firearm(s) unless—

(i) The passenger declares to the aircraft operator, either orally or in writing before checking the baggage that any firearm carried in the baggage is unloaded;

(ii) The firearm is carried in a hard-sided container;

(iii) The container in which it is carried is locked, and only the individual checking the baggage retains the key or combination; and

(iv) The checked baggage containing the firearm is carried in an area that is inaccessible to passengers, and is not carried in the flightcrew compartment.

(3) Any unauthorized explosive or incendiary.

(g) *Ammunition.* This section does not prohibit the carriage of ammunition in checked baggage or in the same container as a firearm. Title 49 CFR part 175 provides additional requirements governing carriage of ammunition on aircraft.

§ 1544.205 Acceptance and screening of cargo.

(a) *General requirements.* Each aircraft operator must use the procedures, facilities, and equipment described in its security program to prevent or deter the carriage of unauthorized explosives or incendiaries in cargo onboard a passenger aircraft.

(b) *Screening of cargo baggage.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that, as required in its security program, cargo is inspected for explosives and incendiaries before loading it on its aircraft in accordance with § 1544.207.

(c) *Control.* Each aircraft operator must use the procedures in its security program to control cargo that it accepts for transport on an aircraft in a manner that:

(1) Prevents the carriage of any unauthorized explosive or incendiary aboard the aircraft.

(2) Prevents access by persons other than an aircraft operator employee or its agent.

(d) *Refusal to transport.* Each aircraft operator must refuse to transport any cargo if the shipper does not consent to a search or inspection of that cargo in accordance with the system prescribed by this part.

§ 1544.207 Screening of individuals and property.

(a) *Applicability of this section.* This section applies to the inspection of individuals, accessible property, checked baggage, and cargo as required under this part.

(b) *Locations within the United States at which TSA conducts screening.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that the individuals or property have been in-

spected by TSA before boarding or loading on its aircraft. This paragraph applies when TSA is conducting screening using TSA employees or when using companies under contract with TSA.

(c) *Aircraft operator conducting screening.* Each aircraft operator must use the measures in its security program and in subpart E of this part to inspect the individual or property. This paragraph does not apply at locations identified in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this section.

(d) *Locations outside the United States at which the foreign government conducts screening.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that all individuals and property have been inspected by the foreign government. This paragraph applies when the host government is conducting screening using government employees or when using companies under contract with the government.

§ 1544.209 Use of metal detection devices.

(a) No aircraft operator may use a metal detection device within the United States or under the aircraft operator's operational control outside the United States to inspect persons, unless specifically authorized under a security program under this part. No aircraft operator may use such a device contrary to its security program.

(b) Metal detection devices must meet the calibration standards established by TSA.

§ 1544.211 Use of X-ray systems.

(a) *TSA authorization required.* No aircraft operator may use any X-ray system within the United States or under the aircraft operator's operational control outside the United States to inspect accessible property or checked baggage, unless specifically authorized under its security program. No aircraft operator may use such a system in a manner contrary to its security program. TSA authorizes aircraft operators to use X-ray systems for inspecting accessible property or checked baggage under a security program if the aircraft operator shows that—

(1) The system meets the standards for cabinet X-ray systems primarily for the inspection of baggage issued by the

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Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and published in 21 CFR 1020.40;

(2) A program for initial and recurrent training of operators of the system is established, which includes training in radiation safety, the efficient use of X-ray systems, and the identification of weapons, explosives, and incendiaries; and

(3) The system meets the imaging requirements set forth in its security program using the step wedge specified in American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Standard F792-88 (Reapproved 1993). This standard is incorporated by reference in paragraph (g) of this section.

(b) *Annual radiation survey.* No aircraft operator may use any X-ray system unless, within the preceding 12 calendar months, a radiation survey is conducted that shows that the system meets the applicable performance standards in 21 CFR 1020.40.

(c) *Radiation survey after installation or moving.* No aircraft operator may use any X-ray system after the system has been installed at a screening point or after the system has been moved unless a radiation survey is conducted which shows that the system meets the applicable performance standards in 21 CFR 1020.40. A radiation survey is not required for an X-ray system that is designed and constructed as a mobile unit and the aircraft operator shows that it can be moved without altering its performance.

(d) *Defect notice or modification order.* No aircraft operator may use any X-ray system that is not in full compliance with any defect notice or modification order issued for that system by the FDA, unless the FDA has advised TSA that the defect or failure to comply does not create a significant risk of injury, including genetic injury, to any person.

(e) *Signs and inspection of photographic equipment and film.* (1) At locations at which an aircraft operator uses an X-ray system to inspect accessible property the aircraft operator must ensure that a sign is posted in a conspicuous place at the screening checkpoint. At locations outside the United States at which a foreign government uses an X-ray system to inspect accessible property the aircraft

operator must ensure that a sign is posted in a conspicuous place at the screening checkpoint.

(2) At locations at which an aircraft operator or TSA uses an X-ray system to inspect checked baggage the aircraft operator must ensure that a sign is posted in a conspicuous place where the aircraft operator accepts checked baggage.

(3) The signs required under this paragraph (e) must notify individuals that such items are being inspected by an X-ray and advise them to remove all X-ray, scientific, and high-speed film from accessible property and checked baggage before inspection. This sign must also advise individuals that they may request that an inspection be made of their photographic equipment and film packages without exposure to an X-ray system. If the X-ray system exposes any accessible property or checked baggage to more than one milliroentgen during the inspection, the sign must advise individuals to remove film of all kinds from their articles before inspection.

(4) If requested by individuals, their photographic equipment and film packages must be inspected without exposure to an X-ray system.

(f) *Radiation survey verification after installation or moving.* Each aircraft operator must maintain at least one copy of the results of the most recent radiation survey conducted under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section and must make it available for inspection upon request by TSA at each of the following locations—

(1) The aircraft operator's principal business office; and

(2) The place where the X-ray system is in operation.

(g) *Incorporation by reference.* The American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard F792-88 (Reapproved 1993), "Standard Practice for Design and Use of Ionizing Radiation Equipment for the Detection of Items Prohibited in Controlled Access Areas," is approved for incorporation by reference by the Director of the Federal Register pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. ASTM Standard F792-88 may be examined at the Department of Transportation (DOT) Docket, 400 Seventh Street SW, Room

Plaza 401, Washington, DC 20590, or on DOT's Docket Management System (DMS) web page at <http://dms.dot.gov/search> (under docket number FAA-2001-8725). Copies of the standard may be examined also at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol St., NW, Suite 700, Washington, DC. In addition, ASTM Standard F792-88 (Re-approved 1993) may be obtained from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959.

(h) *Duty time limitations.* Each aircraft operator must comply with the X-ray operator duty time limitations specified in its security program.

§ 1544.213 Use of explosives detection systems.

(a) *Use of explosive detection equipment.* If TSA so requires by an amendment to an aircraft operator's security program, each aircraft operator required to conduct screening under a security program must use an explosives detection system approved by TSA to screen checked baggage on international flights.

(b) *Signs and inspection of photographic equipment and film.* (1) At locations at which an aircraft operator or TSA uses an explosives detection system that uses X-ray technology to inspect checked baggage the aircraft operator must ensure that a sign is posted in a conspicuous place where the aircraft operator accepts checked baggage. The sign must notify individuals that such items are being inspected by an explosives detection system and advise them to remove all X-ray, scientific, and high-speed film from checked baggage before inspection. This sign must also advise individuals that they may request that an inspection be made of their photographic equipment and film packages without exposure to an explosives detection system.

(2) If the explosives detection system exposes any checked baggage to more than one milliroentgen during the inspection the aircraft operator must post a sign which advises individuals to remove film of all kinds from their articles before inspection. If requested by individuals, their photographic equipment and film packages must be in-

spected without exposure to an explosives detection system.

§ 1544.215 Security coordinators.

(a) *Aircraft Operator Security Coordinator.* Each aircraft operator must designate and use an Aircraft Operator Security Coordinator (AOSC). The AOSC and any alternates must be appointed at the corporate level and must serve as the aircraft operator's primary contact for security-related activities and communications with TSA, as set forth in the security program. Either the AOSC, or an alternate AOSC, must be available on a 24-hour basis.

(b) *Ground Security Coordinator.* Each aircraft operator must designate and use a Ground Security Coordinator for each domestic and international flight departure to carry out the Ground Security Coordinator duties specified in the aircraft operator's security program. The Ground Security Coordinator at each airport must conduct the following daily:

(1) A review of all security-related functions for which the aircraft operator is responsible, for effectiveness and compliance with this part, the aircraft operator's security program, and applicable Security Directives.

(2) Immediate initiation of corrective action for each instance of noncompliance with this part, the aircraft operator's security program, and applicable Security Directives. At foreign airports where such security measures are provided by an agency or contractor of a host government, the aircraft operator must notify TSA for assistance in resolving noncompliance issues.

(c) *In-flight Security Coordinator.* Each aircraft operator must designate and use the pilot in command as the In-flight Security Coordinator for each domestic and international flight to perform duties specified in the aircraft operator's security program.

§ 1544.217 Law enforcement personnel.

(a) The following applies to operations at airports within the United States that are not required to hold a security program under part 1542 of this chapter.

(1) For operations described in § 1544.101(a) each aircraft operator must provide for law enforcement personnel

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meeting the qualifications and standards specified in §§1542.215 and 1542.217 of this chapter.

(2) For operations described in §1544.101(b) or (c) each aircraft operator must—

(i) Arrange for law enforcement personnel meeting the qualifications and standards specified in §1542.217 of this chapter to be available to respond to an incident; and

(ii) Provide its employees, including crewmembers, current information regarding procedures for obtaining law enforcement assistance at that airport.

(b) The following applies to operations at airports required to hold security programs under part 1542 of this chapter. For operations described in §1544.101(c), each aircraft operator must—

(1) Arrange with TSA and the airport operator, as appropriate, for law enforcement personnel meeting the qualifications and standards specified in §1542.217 of this chapter to be available to respond to incidents, and

(2) Provide its employees, including crewmembers, current information regarding procedures for obtaining law enforcement assistance at that airport.

§ 1544.219 Carriage of accessible weapons.

(a) *Flights for which screening is conducted.* The provisions of §1544.201(d), with respect to accessible weapons, do not apply to a law enforcement officer (LEO) aboard a flight for which screening is required if the requirements of this section are met. Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to a Federal Air Marshal on duty status under §1544.223.

(1) Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, the armed LEO must meet the following requirements:

(i) Be a Federal law enforcement officer or a full-time municipal, county, or state law enforcement officer who is a direct employee of a government agency.

(ii) Be sworn and commissioned to enforce criminal statutes or immigration statutes.

(iii) Be authorized by the employing agency to have the weapon in connection with assigned duties.

(iv) Has completed the training program “Law Enforcement Officers Flying Armed.”

(2) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the armed LEO must have a need to have the weapon accessible from the time he or she would otherwise check the weapon until the time it would be claimed after deplaning. The need to have the weapon accessible must be determined by the employing agency, department, or service and be based on one of the following:

(i) The provision of protective duty, for instance, assigned to a principal or advance team, or on travel required to be prepared to engage in a protective function.

(ii) The conduct of a hazardous surveillance operation.

(iii) On official travel required to report to another location, armed and prepared for duty.

(iv) Employed as a Federal LEO, whether or not on official travel, and armed in accordance with an agency-wide policy governing that type of travel established by the employing agency by directive or policy statement.

(v) Control of a prisoner, in accordance with §1544.221, or an armed LEO on a round trip ticket returning from escorting, or traveling to pick up, a prisoner.

(vi) TSA Federal Air Marshal on duty status.

(3) The armed LEO must comply with the following notification requirements:

(i) All armed LEOs must notify the aircraft operator of the flight(s) on which he or she needs to have the weapon accessible at least 1 hour, or in an emergency as soon as practicable, before departure.

(ii) Identify himself or herself to the aircraft operator by presenting credentials that include a clear full-face picture, the signature of the armed LEO, and the signature of the authorizing official of the agency, service, or department or the official seal of the agency, service, or department. A badge, shield, or similar device may not be used, or accepted, as the sole means of identification.

(iii) If the armed LEO is a State, county, or municipal law enforcement officer, he or she must present an original letter of authority, signed by an authorizing official from his or her employing agency, service or department, confirming the need to travel armed and detailing the itinerary of the travel while armed.

(iv) If the armed LEO is an escort for a foreign official then this paragraph (a)(3) may be satisfied by a State Department notification.

(4) The aircraft operator must do the following:

(i) Obtain information or documentation required in paragraphs (a)(3)(ii), (iii), and (iv) of this section.

(ii) Advise the armed LEO, before boarding, of the aircraft operator's procedures for carrying out this section.

(iii) Have the LEO confirm he/she has completed the training program "Law Enforcement Officers Flying Armed" as required by TSA, unless otherwise authorized by TSA.

(iv) Ensure that the identity of the armed LEO is known to the appropriate personnel who are responsible for security during the boarding of the aircraft.

(v) Notify the pilot in command and other appropriate crewmembers, of the location of each armed LEO aboard the aircraft. Notify any other armed LEO of the location of each armed LEO, including FAM's. Under circumstances described in the security program, the aircraft operator must not close the doors until the notification is complete.

(vi) Ensure that the information required in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) and (ii) of this section is furnished to the flight crew of each additional connecting flight by the Ground Security Coordinator or other designated agent at each location.

(b) *Flights for which screening is not conducted.* The provisions of § 1544.201(d), with respect to accessible weapons, do not apply to a LEO aboard a flight for which screening is not required if the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1), (3), and (4) of this section are met.

(c) *Alcohol.* (1) No aircraft operator may serve any alcoholic beverage to an armed LEO.

(2) No armed LEO may:

(i) Consume any alcoholic beverage while aboard an aircraft operated by an aircraft operator.

(ii) Board an aircraft armed if they have consumed an alcoholic beverage within the previous 8 hours.

(d) *Location of weapon.* (1) Any individual traveling aboard an aircraft while armed must at all times keep their weapon:

(i) Concealed and out of view, either on their person or in immediate reach, if the armed LEO is not in uniform.

(ii) On their person, if the armed LEO is in uniform.

(2) No individual may place a weapon in an overhead storage bin.

§ 1544.221 Carriage of prisoners under the control of armed law enforcement officers.

(a) This section applies as follows:

(1) This section applies to the transport of prisoners under the escort of an armed law enforcement officer.

(2) This section does not apply to the carriage of passengers under voluntary protective escort.

(3) This section does not apply to the escort of non-violent detainees of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. This section does not apply to individuals who may be traveling with a prisoner and armed escort, such as the family of a deportee who is under armed escort.

(b) For the purpose of this section:

(1) "High risk prisoner" means a prisoner who is an exceptional escape risk, as determined by the law enforcement agency, and charged with, or convicted of, a violent crime.

(2) "Low risk prisoner" means any prisoner who has not been designated as "high risk."

(c) No aircraft operator may carry a prisoner in the custody of an armed law enforcement officer aboard an aircraft for which screening is required unless, in addition to the requirements in § 1544.219, the following requirements are met:

(1) The agency responsible for control of the prisoner has determined whether the prisoner is considered a high risk or a low risk.

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(2) Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, no more than one high risk prisoner may be carried on the aircraft.

(d) No aircraft operator may carry a prisoner in the custody of an armed law enforcement officer aboard an aircraft for which screening is required unless the following staffing requirements are met:

(1) A minimum of one armed law enforcement officer must control a low risk prisoner on a flight that is scheduled for 4 hours or less. One armed law enforcement officer may control no more than two low risk prisoners.

(2) A minimum of two armed law enforcement officers must control a low risk prisoner on a flight that is scheduled for more than 4 hours. Two armed law enforcement officers may control no more than two low risk prisoners.

(3) For high-risk prisoners:

(i) For one high-risk prisoner on a flight: A minimum of two armed law enforcement officers must control a high risk prisoner. No other prisoners may be under the control of those two armed law enforcement officers.

(ii) If TSA has authorized more than one high-risk prisoner to be on the flight under paragraph (c)(2) of this section, a minimum of one armed law enforcement officer for each prisoner and one additional armed law enforcement officer must control the prisoners. No other prisoners may be under the control of those armed law enforcement officers.

(e) An armed law enforcement officer who is escorting a prisoner—

(1) Must notify the aircraft operator at least 24 hours before the scheduled departure, or, if that is not possible as far in advance as possible of the following—

(i) The identity of the prisoner to be carried and the flight on which it is proposed to carry the prisoner; and

(ii) Whether or not the prisoner is considered to be a high risk or a low risk.

(2) Must arrive at the check-in counter at least 1 hour before to the scheduled departure.

(3) Must assure the aircraft operator, before departure, that each prisoner under the control of the officer(s) has been searched and does not have on or

about his or her person or property anything that can be used as a weapon.

(4) Must be seated between the prisoner and any aisle.

(5) Must accompany the prisoner at all times, and keep the prisoner under control while aboard the aircraft.

(f) No aircraft operator may carry a prisoner in the custody of an armed law enforcement officer aboard an aircraft unless the following are met:

(1) When practicable, the prisoner must be boarded before any other boarding passengers and deplaned after all other deplaning passengers.

(2) The prisoner must be seated in a seat that is neither located in any passenger lounge area nor located next to or directly across from any exit and, when practicable, the aircraft operator should seat the prisoner in the rear-most seat of the passenger cabin.

(g) Each armed law enforcement officer escorting a prisoner and each aircraft operator must ensure that the prisoner is restrained from full use of his or her hands by an appropriate device that provides for minimum movement of the prisoner's hands, and must ensure that leg irons are not used.

(h) No aircraft operator may provide a prisoner under the control of a law enforcement officer—

(1) With food or beverage or metal eating utensils unless authorized to do so by the armed law enforcement officer.

(2) With any alcoholic beverage.

§ 1544.223 **Transportation of Federal Air Marshals.**

(a) A Federal Air Marshal on duty status may have a weapon accessible while aboard an aircraft for which screening is required.

(b) Each aircraft operator must carry Federal Air Marshals, in the number and manner specified by TSA, on each scheduled passenger operation, and public charter passenger operation designated by TSA.

(c) Each Federal Air Marshal must be carried on a first priority basis and without charge while on duty, including positioning and repositioning flights. When a Federal Air Marshal is assigned to a scheduled flight that is canceled for any reason, the aircraft operator must carry that Federal Air

Marshal without charge on another flight as designated by TSA.

(d) Each aircraft operator must assign the specific seat requested by a Federal Air Marshal who is on duty status. If another LEO is assigned to that seat or requests that seat, the aircraft operator must inform the Federal Air Marshal. The Federal Air Marshal will coordinate seat assignments with the other LEO.

(e) The Federal Air Marshal identifies himself or herself to the aircraft operator by presenting credentials that include a clear, full-face picture, the signature of the Federal Air Marshal, and the signature of the FAA Administrator. A badge, shield, or similar device may not be used or accepted as the sole means of identification.

(f) The requirements of §1544.219(a) do not apply for a Federal Air Marshal on duty status.

(g) Each aircraft operator must restrict any information concerning the presence, seating, names, and purpose of Federal Air Marshals at any station or on any flight to those persons with an operational need to know.

(h) Law enforcement officers authorized to carry a weapon during a flight will be contacted directly by a Federal Air Marshal who is on that same flight.

§1544.225 Security of aircraft and facilities.

Each aircraft operator must use the procedures included, and the facilities and equipment described, in its security program to perform the following control functions with respect to each aircraft operation:

(a) Prevent unauthorized access to areas controlled by the aircraft operator under an exclusive area agreement in accordance with §1542.111 of this chapter.

(b) Prevent unauthorized access to each aircraft.

(c) Conduct a security inspection of each aircraft before placing it into passenger operations if access has not been controlled in accordance with the aircraft operator security program and as otherwise required in the security program.

§1544.227 Exclusive area agreement.

(a) An aircraft operator that has entered into an exclusive area agreement with an airport operator, under §1542.111 of this chapter must carry out that exclusive area agreement.

(b) The aircraft operator must list in its security program the locations at which it has entered into exclusive area agreements with an airport operator.

(c) The aircraft operator must provide the exclusive area agreement to TSA upon request.

(d) Any exclusive area agreements in effect on November 14, 2001, must meet the requirements of this section and §1542.111 of this chapter no later than November 14, 2002.

§1544.229 Fingerprint-based criminal history records checks (CHRC): Unescorted access authority, authority to perform screening functions, and authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.

(a) *Scope.* The following individuals are within the scope of this section. Unescorted access authority, authority to perform screening functions, and authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions, are collectively referred to as "covered functions."

(1) *New unescorted access authority or authority to perform screening functions.*

(i) Each employee or contract employee covered under a certification made to an airport operator on or after December 6, 2001, pursuant to 14 CFR 107.209(n) in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001) or §1542.209(n) of this chapter.

(ii) Each individual issued on or after December 6, 2001, an aircraft operator identification media that one or more airports accepts as airport-approved media for unescorted access authority within a security identification display area (SIDA), as described in §1542.205 of this chapter (referred to as "unescorted access authority").

(iii) Each individual, on or after December 6, 2001, granted authority to perform the following screening functions at locations within the United States (referred to as "authority to perform screening functions")—

(A) Screening passengers or property that will be carried in a cabin of an aircraft of an aircraft operator required to screen passengers under this part.

(B) Serving as an immediate supervisor (checkpoint security supervisor (CSS)), and the next supervisory level (shift or site supervisor), to those individuals described in paragraph (a)(1)(iii)(A) of this section.

(2) *Current unescorted access authority or authority to perform screening functions.* (i) Each employee or contract employee covered under a certification made to an airport operator pursuant to 14 CFR 107.31(n) in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001), or pursuant to 14 CFR 107.209(n) in effect prior to December 6, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001).

(ii) Each individual who holds on December 6, 2001, an aircraft operator identification media that one or more airports accepts as airport-approved media for unescorted access authority within a security identification display area (SIDA), as described in § 1542.205 of this chapter.

(iii) Each individual who is performing on December 6, 2001, a screening function identified in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section.

(3) *New authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.* Each individual who, on and after February 17, 2002, is granted the authority to perform the following checked baggage and cargo functions (referred to as “authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions”), except for individuals described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section:

(i) Screening of checked baggage or cargo of an aircraft operator required to screen passengers under this part, or serving as an immediate supervisor of such an individual.

(ii) Accepting checked baggage for transport on behalf of an aircraft operator required to screen passengers under this part.

(4) *Current authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.* Each individual who holds on February 17, 2002, authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions, except for in-

dividuals described in paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section.

(b) *Individuals seeking unescorted access authority, authority to perform screening functions, or authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that each individual identified in paragraph (a)(1) or (3) of this section has undergone a fingerprint-based CHRC that does not disclose that he or she has a disqualifying criminal offense, as described in paragraph (d) of this section, before—

(1) Making a certification to an airport operator regarding that individual;

(2) Issuing an aircraft operator identification medium to that individual;

(3) Authorizing that individual to perform screening functions; or

(4) Authorizing that individual to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.

(c) *Individuals who have not had a CHRC.* (1) *Deadline for conducting a CHRC.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that, on and after December 6, 2002:

(i) No individual retains unescorted access authority, whether obtained as a result of a certification to an airport operator under 14 CFR 107.31(n) in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001), or under 14 CFR 107.209(n) in effect prior to December 6, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001), or obtained as a result of the issuance of an aircraft operator’s identification media, unless the individual has been subject to a fingerprint-based CHRC for unescorted access authority under this part.

(ii) No individual continues to have authority to perform screening functions described in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section, unless the individual has been subject to a fingerprint-based CHRC under this part.

(iii) No individual continues to have authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions described in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, unless the individual has been subject to a fingerprint-based CHRC under this part.

(2) *Lookback for individuals with unescorted access authority or authority to perform screening functions.* When a

CHRC discloses a disqualifying criminal offense for which the conviction or finding was on or after December 6, 1991, the aircraft operator must immediately suspend that individual's unescorted access authority or authority to perform screening functions.

(3) *Lookback for individuals with authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.* When a CHRC discloses a disqualifying criminal offense for which the conviction or finding was on or after February 17, 1992, the aircraft operator must immediately suspend that individual's authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions.

(d) *Disqualifying criminal offenses.* An individual has a disqualifying criminal offense if the individual has been convicted, or found not guilty by reason of insanity, of any of the disqualifying crimes listed in this paragraph in any jurisdiction during the 10 years before the date of the individual's application for authority to perform covered functions, or while the individual has authority to perform covered functions. The disqualifying criminal offenses are as follows:

(1) Forgery of certificates, false marking of aircraft, and other aircraft registration violation; 49 U.S.C. 46306.

(2) Interference with air navigation; 49 U.S.C. 46308.

(3) Improper transportation of a hazardous material; 49 U.S.C. 46312.

(4) Aircraft piracy; 49 U.S.C. 46502.

(5) Interference with flight crew members or flight attendants; 49 U.S.C. 46504.

(6) Commission of certain crimes aboard aircraft in flight; 49 U.S.C. 46506.

(7) Carrying a weapon or explosive aboard aircraft; 49 U.S.C. 46505.

(8) Conveying false information and threats; 49 U.S.C. 46507.

(9) Aircraft piracy outside the special aircraft jurisdiction of the United States; 49 U.S.C. 46502(b).

(10) Lighting violations involving transporting controlled substances; 49 U.S.C. 46315.

(11) Unlawful entry into an aircraft or airport area that serves air carriers or foreign air carriers contrary to established security requirements; 49 U.S.C. 46314.

(12) Destruction of an aircraft or aircraft facility; 18 U.S.C. 32.

(13) Murder.

(14) Assault with intent to murder.

(15) Espionage.

(16) Sedition.

(17) Kidnapping or hostage taking.

(18) Treason.

(19) Rape or aggravated sexual abuse.

(20) Unlawful possession, use, sale, distribution, or manufacture of an explosive or weapon.

(21) Extortion.

(22) Armed or felony unarmed robbery.

(23) Distribution of, or intent to distribute, a controlled substance.

(24) Felony arson.

(25) Felony involving a threat.

(26) Felony involving—

(i) Willful destruction of property;

(ii) Importation or manufacture of a controlled substance;

(iii) Burglary;

(iv) Theft;

(v) Dishonesty, fraud, or misrepresentation;

(vi) Possession or distribution of stolen property;

(vii) Aggravated assault;

(viii) Bribery; or

(ix) Illegal possession of a controlled substance punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than 1 year.

(27) Violence at international airports; 18 U.S.C. 37.

(28) Conspiracy or attempt to commit any of the criminal acts listed in this paragraph (d).

(e) *Fingerprint application and processing.* (1) At the time of fingerprinting, the aircraft operator must provide the individual to be fingerprinted a fingerprint application that includes only the following—

(i) The disqualifying criminal offenses described in paragraph (d) of this section.

(ii) A statement that the individual signing the application does not have a disqualifying criminal offense.

(iii) A statement informing the individual that Federal regulations under 49 CFR 1544.229 impose a continuing obligation to disclose to the aircraft operator within 24 hours if he or she is convicted of any disqualifying criminal offense that occurs while he or she has

authority to perform a covered function.

(iv) A statement reading, “The information I have provided on this application is true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and is provided in good faith. I understand that a knowing and willful false statement on this application can be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. (See section 1001 of Title 18 United States Code.)”

(v) A line for the printed name of the individual.

(vi) A line for the individual’s signature and date of signature.

(2) Each individual must complete and sign the application prior to submitting his or her fingerprints.

(3) The aircraft operator must verify the identity of the individual through two forms of identification prior to fingerprinting, and ensure that the printed name on the fingerprint application is legible. At least one of the two forms of identification must have been issued by a government authority, and at least one must include a photo.

(4) The aircraft operator must:

(i) Advise the individual that a copy of the criminal record received from the FBI will be provided to the individual, if requested by the individual in writing; and

(ii) Identify a point of contact if the individual has questions about the results of the CHRC.

(5) The aircraft operator must collect, control, and process one set of legible and classifiable fingerprints under direct observation by the aircraft operator or a law enforcement officer.

(6) Fingerprints may be obtained and processed electronically, or recorded on fingerprint cards approved by the FBI and distributed by TSA for that purpose.

(7) The fingerprint submission must be forwarded to TSA in the manner specified by TSA.

(f) *Fingerprinting fees.* Aircraft operators must pay for all fingerprints in a form and manner approved by TSA. The payment must be made at the designated rate (available from the local TSA security office) for each set of fingerprints submitted. Information about payment options is available though the designated TSA headquarters point

of contact. Individual personal checks are not acceptable.

(g) *Determination of arrest status.* (1) When a CHRC on an individual described in paragraph (a)(1) or (3) of this section discloses an arrest for any disqualifying criminal offense listed in paragraph (d) of this section without indicating a disposition, the aircraft operator must determine, after investigation, that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying offense before granting authority to perform a covered function. If there is no disposition, or if the disposition did not result in a conviction or in a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity of one of the offenses listed in paragraph (d) of this section, the individual is not disqualified under this section.

(2) When a CHRC on an individual described in paragraph (a)(2) or (4) of this section discloses an arrest for any disqualifying criminal offense without indicating a disposition, the aircraft operator must suspend the individual’s authority to perform a covered function not later than 45 days after obtaining the CHRC unless the aircraft operator determines, after investigation, that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying criminal offense. If there is no disposition, or if the disposition did not result in a conviction or in a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity of one of the offenses listed in paragraph (d) of this section, the individual is not disqualified under this section.

(3) The aircraft operator may only make the determinations required in paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this section for individuals for whom it is issuing, or has issued, authority to perform a covered function; and individuals who are covered by a certification from an aircraft operator under §1542.209(n) of this chapter. The aircraft operator may not make determinations for individuals described in §1542.209(a) of this chapter.

(h) *Correction of FBI records and notification of disqualification.* (1) Before making a final decision to deny authority to an individual described in paragraph (a)(1) or (3) of this section, the aircraft operator must advise him or

her that the FBI criminal record discloses information that would disqualify him or her from receiving or retaining authority to perform a covered function and provide the individual with a copy of the FBI record if he or she requests it.

(2) The aircraft operator must notify an individual that a final decision has been made to grant or deny authority to perform a covered function.

(3) Immediately following the suspension of authority to perform a covered function, the aircraft operator must advise the individual that the FBI criminal record discloses information that disqualifies him or her from retaining his or her authority, and provide the individual with a copy of the FBI record if he or she requests it.

(i) *Corrective action by the individual.* The individual may contact the local jurisdiction responsible for the information and the FBI to complete or correct the information contained in his or her record, subject to the following conditions—

(1) For an individual seeking unescorted access authority or authority to perform screening functions on or after December 6, 2001; or an individual seeking authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions on or after February 17, 2002; the following applies:

(i) Within 30 days after being advised that the criminal record received from the FBI discloses a disqualifying criminal offense, the individual must notify the aircraft operator in writing of his or her intent to correct any information he or she believes to be inaccurate. The aircraft operator must obtain a copy, or accept a copy from the individual, of the revised FBI record or a certified true copy of the information from the appropriate court, prior to authority to perform a covered function.

(ii) If no notification, as described in paragraph (h)(1) of this section, is received within 30 days, the aircraft operator may make a final determination to deny authority to perform a covered function.

(2) For an individual with unescorted access authority or authority to perform screening functions before December 6, 2001; or an individual with authority to perform checked baggage

or cargo functions before February 17, 2002; the following applies: Within 30 days after being advised of suspension because the criminal record received from the FBI discloses a disqualifying criminal offense, the individual must notify the aircraft operator in writing of his or her intent to correct any information he or she believes to be inaccurate. The aircraft operator must obtain a copy, or accept a copy from the individual, of the revised FBI record, or a certified true copy of the information from the appropriate court, prior to reinstating authority to perform a covered function.

(j) *Limits on dissemination of results.* Criminal record information provided by the FBI may be used only to carry out this section and §1542.209 of this chapter. No person may disseminate the results of a CHRC to anyone other than:

(1) The individual to whom the record pertains, or that individual's authorized representative.

(2) Officials of airport operators who are determining whether to grant unescorted access to the individual under part 1542 of this chapter when the determination is not based on the aircraft operator's certification under §1542.209(n) of this chapter.

(3) Other aircraft operators who are determining whether to grant authority to perform a covered function under this part.

(4) Others designated by TSA.

(k) *Recordkeeping.* The aircraft operator must maintain the following information.

(1) *Investigation conducted before December 6, 2001.* The aircraft operator must maintain and control the access or employment history investigation files, including the criminal history records results portion, for investigations conducted before December 6, 2001.

(2) *Fingerprint application process on or after December 6, 2001.* The aircraft operator must physically maintain, control, and, as appropriate, destroy the fingerprint application and the criminal record. Only direct aircraft operator employees may carry out the responsibility for maintaining, controlling, and destroying criminal records.

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(3) *Protection of records—all investigations.* The records required by this section must be maintained in a manner that is acceptable to TSA and in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the individual.

(4) *Duration—all investigations.* The records identified in this section with regard to an individual must be maintained until 180 days after the termination of the individual's authority to perform a covered function. When files are no longer maintained, the criminal record must be destroyed.

(1) *Continuing responsibilities.* (1) Each individual with unescorted access authority or the authority to perform screening functions on December 6, 2001, who had a disqualifying criminal offense in paragraph (d) of this section on or after December 6, 1991, must, by January 7, 2002, report the conviction to the aircraft operator and surrender the SIDA access medium to the issuer and cease performing screening functions, as applicable.

(2) Each individual with authority to perform a covered function who has a disqualifying criminal offense must report the offense to the aircraft operator and surrender the SIDA access medium to the issuer within 24 hours of the conviction or the finding of not guilty by reason of insanity.

(3) If information becomes available to the aircraft operator indicating that an individual with authority to perform a covered function has a possible conviction for any disqualifying criminal offense in paragraph (d) of this section, the aircraft operator must determine the status of the conviction. If a disqualifying criminal offense is confirmed the aircraft operator must immediately revoke any authority to perform a covered function.

(4) Each individual with authority to perform checked baggage or cargo functions on February 17, 2002, who had a disqualifying criminal offense in paragraph (d) of this section on or after February 17, 1992, must, by March 25 2002, report the conviction to the aircraft operator and cease performing check baggage or cargo functions.

(m) *Aircraft operator responsibility.* The aircraft operator must—

(1) Designate an individual(s) to be responsible for maintaining and con-

trolling the employment history investigations for those whom the aircraft operator has made a certification to an airport operator under 14 CFR 107.209(n) in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001), and for those whom the aircraft operator has issued identification media that are airport-accepted. The aircraft operator must designate a direct employee to maintain, control, and, as appropriate, destroy criminal records.

(2) Designate an individual(s) to maintain the employment history investigations of individuals with authority to perform screening functions whose files must be maintained at the location or station where the screener is performing his or her duties.

(3) Designate an individual(s) at appropriate locations to serve as the contact to receive notification from individuals seeking authority to perform covered functions of their intent to seek correction of their FBI criminal record.

(4) Audit the employment history investigations performed in accordance with this section and 14 CFR 108.33 in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001). The aircraft operator must set forth the audit procedures in its security program.

§ 1544.230 Fingerprint-based criminal history records checks (CHRC): Flightcrew members.

(a) *Scope.* This section applies to each flightcrew member for each aircraft operator, except that this section does not apply to flightcrew members who are subject to § 1544.229.

(b) *CHRC required.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that each flightcrew member has undergone a fingerprint-based CHRC that does not disclose that he or she has a disqualifying criminal offense, as described in § 1544.229(d), before allowing that individual to serve as a flightcrew member.

(c) *Application and fees.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that each flightcrew member's fingerprints are obtained and submitted as described in § 1544.229 (e) and (f).

(d) *Determination of arrest status.* (1) When a CHRC on an individual described in paragraph (a) of this section discloses an arrest for any disqualifying criminal offense listed in § 1544.229(d) without indicating a disposition, the aircraft operator must determine, after investigation, that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying offense before the individual may serve as a flightcrew member. If there is no disposition, or if the disposition did not result in a conviction or in a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity of one of the offenses listed in § 1544.229(d), the flight crewmember is not disqualified under this section.

(2) When a CHRC on an individual described in paragraph (a) of this section discloses an arrest for any disqualifying criminal offense listed in § 1544.229(d) without indicating a disposition, the aircraft operator must suspend the individual's flightcrew member privileges not later than 45 days after obtaining a CHRC, unless the aircraft operator determines, after investigation, that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying criminal offense. If there is no disposition, or if the disposition did not result in a conviction or in a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity of one of the offenses listed in § 1544.229(d), the flight crewmember is not disqualified under this section.

(3) The aircraft operator may only make the determinations required in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section for individuals whom it is using, or will use, as a flightcrew member. The aircraft operator may not make determinations for individuals described in § 1542.209(a) of this chapter.

(e) *Correction of FBI records and notification of disqualification.* (1) Before making a final decision to deny the individual the ability to serve as a flightcrew member, the aircraft operator must advise the individual that the FBI criminal record discloses information that would disqualify the individual from serving as a flightcrew member and provide the individual with a copy of the FBI record if the individual requests it.

(2) The aircraft operator must notify the individual that a final decision has

been made to allow or deny the individual flightcrew member status.

(3) Immediately following the denial of flightcrew member status, the aircraft operator must advise the individual that the FBI criminal record discloses information that disqualifies him or her from retaining his or her flightcrew member status, and provide the individual with a copy of the FBI record if he or she requests it.

(f) *Corrective action by the individual.* The individual may contact the local jurisdiction responsible for the information and the FBI to complete or correct the information contained in his or her record, subject to the following conditions—

(1) Within 30 days after being advised that the criminal record received from the FBI discloses a disqualifying criminal offense, the individual must notify the aircraft operator in writing of his or her intent to correct any information he or she believes to be inaccurate. The aircraft operator must obtain a copy, or accept a copy from the individual, of the revised FBI record or a certified true copy of the information from the appropriate court, prior to allowing the individual to serve as a flightcrew member.

(2) If no notification, as described in paragraph (f)(1) of this section, is received within 30 days, the aircraft operator may make a final determination to deny the individual flightcrew member status.

(g) *Limits on the dissemination of results.* Criminal record information provided by the FBI may be used only to carry out this section. No person may disseminate the results of a CHRC to anyone other than—

(1) The individual to whom the record pertains, or that individual's authorized representative.

(2) Others designated by TSA.

(h) *Recordkeeping.* (1) *Fingerprint application process.* The aircraft operator must physically maintain, control, and, as appropriate, destroy the fingerprint application and the criminal record. Only direct aircraft operator employees may carry out the responsibility for maintaining, controlling, and destroying criminal records.

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(2) *Protection of records.* The records required by this section must be maintained by the aircraft operator in a manner that is acceptable to TSA that protects the confidentiality of the individual.

(3) *Duration.* The records identified in this section with regard to an individual must be made available upon request by TSA, and maintained by the aircraft operator until 180 days after the termination of the individual's privileges to perform flightcrew member duties with the aircraft operator. When files are no longer maintained, the aircraft operator must destroy the CHRC results.

(i) *Continuing responsibilities.* (1) Each flightcrew member identified in paragraph (a) of this section who has a disqualifying criminal offense must report the offense to the aircraft operator within 24 hours of the conviction or the finding of not guilty by reason of insanity.

(2) If information becomes available to the aircraft operator indicating that a flightcrew member identified in paragraph (a) of this section has a possible conviction for any disqualifying criminal offense in §1544.229 (d), the aircraft operator must determine the status of the conviction. If a disqualifying criminal offense is confirmed, the aircraft operator may not assign that individual to flightcrew duties in operations identified in paragraph (a).

(j) *Aircraft operator responsibility.* The aircraft operator must—(1) Designate a direct employee to maintain, control, and, as appropriate, destroy criminal records.

(2) Designate an individual(s) to maintain the CHRC results.

(3) Designate an individual(s) at appropriate locations to receive notification from individuals of their intent to seek correction of their FBI criminal record.

(k) *Compliance date.* Each aircraft operator must comply with this section for each flightcrew member described in paragraph (a) of this section not later than December 6, 2002.

[67 FR 8209, Feb. 22, 2002]

§ 1544.231 **Airport-approved and exclusive area personnel identification systems.**

(a) Each aircraft operator must establish and carry out a personnel identification system for identification media that are airport-approved, or identification media that are issued for use in an exclusive area. The system must include the following:

(1) Personnel identification media that—

(i) Convey a full face image, full name, employer, and identification number of the individual to whom the identification medium is issued;

(ii) Indicate clearly the scope of the individual's access and movement privileges;

(iii) Indicate clearly an expiration date; and

(iv) Are of sufficient size and appearance as to be readily observable for challenge purposes.

(2) Procedures to ensure that each individual in the secured area or SIDA continuously displays the identification medium issued to that individual on the outermost garment above waist level, or is under escort.

(3) Procedures to ensure accountability through the following:

(i) Retrieving expired identification media.

(ii) Reporting lost or stolen identification media.

(iii) Securing unissued identification media stock and supplies.

(iv) Auditing the system at a minimum of once a year, or sooner, as necessary to ensure the integrity and accountability of all identification media.

(v) As specified in the aircraft operator security program, revalidate the identification system or reissue identification media if a portion of all issued, unexpired identification media are lost, stolen, or unretrieved, including identification media that are combined with access media.

(vi) Ensure that only one identification medium is issued to an individual at a time. A replacement identification medium may only be issued if an individual declares in writing that the medium has been lost or stolen.

(b) The aircraft operator may request approval of a temporary identification

media system that meets the standards in §1542.211(b) of this chapter, or may arrange with the airport to use temporary airport identification media in accordance with that section.

(c) Each aircraft operator must submit a plan to carry out this section to TSA no later than May 13, 2002. Each aircraft operator must fully implement its plan no later than November 14, 2003.

§ 1544.233 Security coordinators and crewmembers, training.

(a) No aircraft operator may use any individual as a Ground Security Coordinator unless, within the preceding 12-calendar months, that individual has satisfactorily completed the security training as specified in the aircraft operator's security program.

(b) No aircraft operator may use any individual as an in-flight security coordinator or crewmember on any domestic or international flight unless, within the preceding 12-calendar months or within the time period specified in an Advanced Qualifications Program approved under SFAR 58 in 14 CFR part 121, that individual has satisfactorily completed the security training required by 14 CFR 121.417(b)(3)(v) or 135.331(b)(3)(v), and as specified in the aircraft operator's security program.

(c) With respect to training conducted under this section, whenever an individual completes recurrent training within one calendar month earlier, or one calendar month after the date it was required, that individual is considered to have completed the training in the calendar month in which it was required.

§ 1544.235 Training and knowledge for individuals with security-related duties.

(a) No aircraft operator may use any direct or contractor employee to perform any security-related duties to meet the requirements of its security program unless that individual has received training as specified in its security program including their individual responsibilities in §1540.105 of this chapter.

(b) Each aircraft operator must ensure that individuals performing security-related duties for the aircraft op-

erator have knowledge of the provisions of this part, applicable Security Directives and Information Circulars, the approved airport security program applicable to their location, and the aircraft operator's security program to the extent that such individuals need to know in order to perform their duties.

§ 1544.237 Flight deck privileges.

(a) For each aircraft that has a door to the flight deck, each aircraft operator must restrict access to the flight deck as provided in its security program.

(b) This section does not restrict access for an FAA air carrier inspector, an authorized representative of the National Transportation Safety Board, or for an Agent of the United States Secret Service, under 14 CFR parts 121, 125, or 135. This section does not restrict access for a Federal Air Marshal under this part.

[67 FR 8210, Feb. 22, 2002]

Subpart D—Threat and Threat Response

§ 1544.301 Contingency plan.

Each aircraft operator must adopt a contingency plan and must:

(a) Implement its contingency plan when directed by TSA.

(b) Ensure that all information contained in the plan is updated annually and that appropriate persons are notified of any changes.

(c) Participate in an airport-sponsored exercise of the airport contingency plan or its equivalent, as provided in its security program.

§ 1544.303 Bomb or air piracy threats.

(a) *Flight: Notification.* Upon receipt of a specific and credible threat to the security of a flight, the aircraft operator must—

(1) Immediately notify the ground and in-flight security coordinators of the threat, any evaluation thereof, and any measures to be applied; and

(2) Ensure that the in-flight security coordinator notifies all crewmembers of the threat, any evaluation thereof, and any measures to be applied; and

(3) Immediately notify the appropriate airport operator.

(b) *Flight: Inspection.* Upon receipt of a specific and credible threat to the security of a flight, each aircraft operator must attempt to determine whether or not any explosive or incendiary is present by doing the following:

(1) Conduct a security inspection on the ground before the next flight or, if the aircraft is in flight, immediately after its next landing.

(2) If the aircraft is on the ground, immediately deplane all passengers and submit that aircraft to a security search.

(3) If the aircraft is in flight, immediately advise the pilot in command of all pertinent information available so that necessary emergency action can be taken.

(c) *Ground facility.* Upon receipt of a specific and credible threat to a specific ground facility at the airport, the aircraft operator must:

(1) Immediately notify the appropriate airport operator.

(2) Inform all other aircraft operators and foreign air carriers at the threatened facility.

(3) Conduct a security inspection.

(d) *Notification.* Upon receipt of any bomb threat against the security of a flight or facility, or upon receiving information that an act or suspected act of air piracy has been committed, the aircraft operator also must notify TSA. If the aircraft is in airspace under other than U.S. jurisdiction, the aircraft operator must also notify the appropriate authorities of the State in whose territory the aircraft is located and, if the aircraft is in flight, the appropriate authorities of the State in whose territory the aircraft is to land. Notification of the appropriate air traffic controlling authority is sufficient action to meet this requirement.

§ 1544.305 Security Directives and Information Circulars.

(a) TSA may issue an Information Circular to notify aircraft operators of security concerns. When TSA determines that additional security measures are necessary to respond to a threat assessment or to a specific threat against civil aviation, TSA

issues a Security Directive setting forth mandatory measures.

(b) Each aircraft operator required to have an approved aircraft operator security program must comply with each Security Directive issued to the aircraft operator by TSA, within the time prescribed in the Security Directive for compliance.

(c) Each aircraft operator that receives a Security Directive must—

(1) Within the time prescribed in the Security Directive, verbally acknowledge receipt of the Security Directive to TSA.

(2) Within the time prescribed in the Security Directive, specify the method by which the measures in the Security Directive have been implemented (or will be implemented, if the Security Directive is not yet effective).

(d) In the event that the aircraft operator is unable to implement the measures in the Security Directive, the aircraft operator must submit proposed alternative measures and the basis for submitting the alternative measures to TSA for approval. The aircraft operator must submit the proposed alternative measures within the time prescribed in the Security Directive. The aircraft operator must implement any alternative measures approved by TSA.

(e) Each aircraft operator that receives a Security Directive may comment on the Security Directive by submitting data, views, or arguments in writing to TSA. TSA may amend the Security Directive based on comments received. Submission of a comment does not delay the effective date of the Security Directive.

(f) Each aircraft operator that receives a Security Directive or Information Circular and each person who receives information from a Security Directive or Information Circular must:

(1) Restrict the availability of the Security Directive or Information Circular, and information contained in either document, to those persons with an operational need-to-know.

(2) Refuse to release the Security Directive or Information Circular, and information contained in either document, to persons other than those with an operational need-to-know without the prior written consent of TSA.

Subpart E—Screener Qualifications When the Aircraft Operator Performs Screening

§ 1544.401 Applicability of this subpart.

(a) *Aircraft operator screening.* This subpart applies when the aircraft operator is conducting inspections as provided in § 1544.207(c).

(b) *Current screeners.* As used in this subpart, “current screener” means each individual who first performed screening functions before the date the aircraft operator must begin use of the new screener training program provided by TSA. Until November 19, 2002, each current screener must comply with § 1544.403. Until November 19, 2002, each aircraft operator must apply § 1544.403 for each current screener. On and after November 19, 2002, each such current screener must comply with §§ 1544.405 through 1544.411, and each aircraft operator must comply with §§ 1544.405 through 1544.411 for such individuals.

(c) *New screeners.* As used in this subpart, “new screener” means each individual who first performs screening functions on and after the date the aircraft operator must begin use of the new screener training program provided by TSA. Each aircraft operator must apply §§ 1544.405 through 1544.411 for individuals who first perform screening functions for new screeners.

§ 1544.403 Current screeners.

This section applies to current screeners. This section no longer applies on and after November 19, 2002.

(a) No aircraft operator may use any person to perform any screening function, unless that person has:

(1) A high school diploma, a General Equivalency Diploma, or a combination of education and experience that the aircraft operator has determined to have equipped the person to perform the duties of the position.

(2) Basic aptitudes and physical abilities including color perception, visual and aural acuity, physical coordination, and motor skills to the following standards:

(i) Screeners operating X-ray equipment must be able to distinguish on the X-ray monitor the appropriate im-

aging standard specified in the aircraft operator’s security program. Wherever the X-ray system displays colors, the operator must be able to perceive each color;

(ii) Screeners operating any screening equipment must be able to distinguish each color displayed on every type of screening equipment and explain what each color signifies;

(iii) Screeners must be able to hear and respond to the spoken voice and to audible alarms generated by screening equipment in an active checkpoint environment;

(iv) Screeners performing physical searches or other related operations must be able to efficiently and thoroughly manipulate and handle such baggage, containers, and other objects subject to security processing; and

(v) Screeners who perform pat-downs or hand-held metal detector searches of persons must have sufficient dexterity and capability to thoroughly conduct those procedures over a person’s entire body.

(3) The ability to read, speak, and write English well enough to—

(i) Carry out written and oral instructions regarding the proper performance of screening duties;

(ii) Read English language identification media, credentials, airline tickets, and labels on items normally encountered in the screening process;

(iii) Provide direction to and understand and answer questions from English-speaking persons undergoing screening; and

(iv) Write incident reports and statements and log entries into security records in the English language.

(4) Satisfactorily completed all initial, recurrent, and appropriate specialized training required by the aircraft operator’s security program, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) The aircraft operator may use a person who has not completed the training required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section during the on-the-job portion of training to perform security functions provided that the person:

(1) Is closely supervised, and

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(2) Does not make independent judgments as to whether persons or property may enter a sterile area or aircraft without further inspection.

(c) No aircraft operator must use a person to perform a screening function after that person has failed an operational test related to that function until that person has successfully completed the remedial training specified in the aircraft operator's security program.

(d) Each aircraft operator must ensure that a Ground Security Coordinator conducts and documents an annual evaluation of each individual assigned screening duties and may continue that individual's employment in a screening capacity only upon the determination by the Ground Security Coordinator that the individual:

(1) Has not suffered a significant diminution of any physical ability required to perform a screening function since the last evaluation of those abilities;

(2) Has a satisfactory record of performance and attention to duty based on the standards and requirements in its security program; and

(3) Demonstrates the current knowledge and skills necessary to courteously, vigilantly, and effectively perform screening functions.

(e) Paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section do not apply to those screening functions conducted outside the United States over which the aircraft operator does not have operational control. In the event the aircraft operator is unable to implement paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section for screening functions outside the United States, the aircraft operator must notify TSA of those aircraft operator stations so affected.

(f) At locations outside the United States where the aircraft operator has operational control over a screening function, the aircraft operator may use screeners who do not meet the requirements of paragraph (a)(3) of this section, provided that at least one representative of the aircraft operator who has the ability to functionally read and speak English is present while the aircraft operator's passengers are undergoing security screening.

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§ 1544.405 New screeners: Qualifications of screening personnel.

(a) No individual subject to this subpart may perform a screening function unless that individual has the qualifications described in §§ 1544.405 through 1544.411. No aircraft operator may use such an individual to perform a screening function unless that person complies with the requirements of §§ 1544.405 through 1544.411.

(b) A screener must have a satisfactory or better score on a screener selection test administered by TSA.

(c) A screener must be a citizen of the United States.

(d) A screener must have a high school diploma, a General Equivalency Diploma, or a combination of education and experience that the TSA has determined to be sufficient for the individual to perform the duties of the position.

(e) A screener must have basic aptitudes and physical abilities including color perception, visual and aural acuity, physical coordination, and motor skills to the following standards:

(1) Screeners operating screening equipment must be able to distinguish on the screening equipment monitor the appropriate imaging standard specified in the aircraft operator's security program.

(2) Screeners operating any screening equipment must be able to distinguish each color displayed on every type of screening equipment and explain what each color signifies.

(3) Screeners must be able to hear and respond to the spoken voice and to audible alarms generated by screening equipment at an active screening location.

(4) Screeners who perform physical searches or other related operations must be able to efficiently and thoroughly manipulate and handle such baggage, containers, cargo, and other objects subject to screening.

(5) Screeners who perform pat-downs or hand-held metal detector searches of individuals must have sufficient dexterity and capability to thoroughly conduct those procedures over an individual's entire body.

(f) A screener must have the ability to read, speak, and write English well enough to—

(1) Carry out written and oral instructions regarding the proper performance of screening duties;

(2) Read English language identification media, credentials, airline tickets, documents, air waybills, invoices, and labels on items normally encountered in the screening process;

(3) Provide direction to and understand and answer questions from English-speaking individuals undergoing screening; and

(4) Write incident reports and statements and log entries into security records in the English language.

(g) At locations outside the United States where the aircraft operator has operational control over a screening function, the aircraft operator may use screeners who do not meet the requirements of paragraph (f) of this section, provided that at least one representative of the aircraft operator who has the ability to functionally read and speak English is present while the aircraft operator's passengers are undergoing security screening. At such locations the aircraft operator may use screeners who are not United States citizens.

§1544.407 New screeners: Training, testing, and knowledge of individuals who perform screening functions.

(a) *Training required.* Before performing screening functions, an individual must have completed initial, recurrent, and appropriate specialized training as specified in this section and the aircraft operator's security program. No aircraft operator may use any screener, screener in charge, or checkpoint security supervisor unless that individual has satisfactorily completed the required training. This paragraph does not prohibit the performance of screening functions during on-the-job training as provided in §1544.409 (b).

(b) *Use of training programs.* Training for screeners must be conducted under programs provided by TSA. Training programs for screeners-in-charge and checkpoint security supervisors must be conducted in accordance with the aircraft operator's security program.

(c) *Classroom instruction.* Each screener must complete at least 40 hours of

classroom instruction or successfully complete a program that TSA determines will train individuals to a level of proficiency equivalent to the level that would be achieved by such classroom instruction.

(d) *Screener readiness test.* Before beginning on-the-job training, a screener trainee must pass the screener readiness test prescribed by TSA.

(e) *On-the-job training and testing.* Each screener must complete at least 60 hours of on-the-job training and must pass an on-the-job training test prescribed by TSA. No aircraft operator may permit a screener trainee to exercise independent judgment as a screener, until the individual passes an on-the-job training test prescribed by TSA.

(f) *Knowledge requirements.* Each aircraft operator must ensure that individuals performing as screeners, screeners-in-charge, and checkpoint security supervisors for the aircraft operator have knowledge of the provisions of this part, the aircraft operator's security program, and applicable Security Directives and Information Circulars to the extent necessary to perform their duties.

(g) *Disclosure of sensitive security information during training.* The aircraft operator may not permit a trainee to have access to sensitive security information during screener training unless a criminal history records check has successfully been completed for that individual in accordance with §1544.229, and the individual has no disqualifying criminal offense.

§1544.409 New screeners: Integrity of screener tests.

(a) *Cheating or other unauthorized conduct.* (1) Except as authorized by the TSA, no person may—

(i) Copy or intentionally remove a test under this part;

(ii) Give to another or receive from another any part or copy of that test;

(iii) Give help on that test to or receive help on that test from any person during the period that the test is being given; or

(iv) Use any material or aid during the period that the test is being given.

(2) No person may take any part of that test on behalf of another person.

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(3) No person may cause, assist, or participate intentionally in any act prohibited by this paragraph (a).

(b) *Administering and monitoring screener tests.* (1) Each aircraft operator must notify TSA of the time and location at which it will administer each screener readiness test required under § 1544.405(d).

(2) Either TSA or the aircraft operator must administer and monitor the screener readiness test. Where more than one aircraft operator or foreign air carrier uses a screening location, TSA may authorize an employee of one or more of the aircraft operators or foreign air carriers to monitor the test for a trainee who will screen at that location.

(3) If TSA or a representative of TSA is not available to administer and monitor a screener readiness test, the aircraft operator must provide a direct employee to administer and monitor the screener readiness test.

(4) An aircraft operator employee who administers and monitors a screener readiness test must not be an instructor, screener, screener-in-charge, checkpoint security supervisor, or other screening supervisor. The employee must be familiar with the procedures for administering and monitoring the test and must be capable of observing whether the trainee or others are engaging in cheating or other unauthorized conduct.

§ 1544.411 New screeners: Continuing qualifications for screening personnel.

(a) *Impairment.* No individual may perform a screening function if he or she shows evidence of impairment, such as impairment due to illegal drugs, sleep deprivation, medication, or alcohol.

(b) *Training not complete.* An individual who has not completed the training required by § 1544.405 may be deployed during the on-the-job portion of training to perform security functions provided that the individual—

(1) Is closely supervised; and

(2) Does not make independent judgments as to whether individuals or property may enter a sterile area or aircraft without further inspection.

(c) *Failure of operational test.* No aircraft operator may use an individual to perform a screening function after that individual has failed an operational test related to that function, until that individual has successfully completed the remedial training specified in the aircraft operator's security program.

(d) *Annual proficiency review.* Each individual assigned screening duties shall receive an annual evaluation. The aircraft operator must ensure that a Ground Security Coordinator conducts and documents an annual evaluation of each individual who performs screening functions. An individual who performs screening functions may not continue to perform such functions unless the evaluation demonstrates that the individual—

(1) Continues to meet all qualifications and standards required to perform a screening function;

(2) Has a satisfactory record of performance and attention to duty based on the standards and requirements in the aircraft operator's security program; and

(3) Demonstrates the current knowledge and skills necessary to courteously, vigilantly, and effectively perform screening functions.

PART 1546—FOREIGN AIR CARRIER SECURITY

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Subpart A—General**§ 1546.1 Applicability of this part.**

This part prescribes aviation security rules governing the following:

(a) The operation within the United States of each foreign air carrier holding a permit issued by the Department of Transportation under 49 U.S.C. 41302 or other appropriate authority issued by the former Civil Aeronautics Board or the Department of Transportation.

(b) Each law enforcement officer flying armed aboard an aircraft operated by a foreign air carrier described in paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1546.3 TSA inspection authority.

(a) Each foreign air carrier must allow TSA, at any time or place, to make any inspections or tests, including copying records, to determine compliance of an airport operator, aircraft operator, foreign air carrier, indirect air carrier, or other airport tenants with—

(1) This subchapter and any security program under this subchapter, and part 1520 of this chapter; and

(2) 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, as amended.

(b) At the request of TSA, each foreign air carrier must provide evidence of compliance with this subchapter and its security program, including copies of records.

Subpart B—Security Program**§ 1546.101 Adoption and implementation.**

Each foreign air carrier landing or taking off in the United States must adopt and carry out a security program, for each scheduled and public charter passenger operation, that meets the requirements of—

(a) Section 1546.103(b) for each operation with an airplane having a passenger seating configuration of 61 or more seats;

(b) Section 1546.103(b) for each operation that will provide deplaned passengers access to a sterile area, or enplane passengers from a sterile area, when that access is not controlled by an aircraft operator using a security program under part 1544 of this chapter or a foreign air carrier using a security program under this part;

(c) Section 1546.103(b) for each operation with an airplane having a passenger seating configuration of 31 or more seats but 60 or fewer seats for which TSA has notified the foreign air carrier in writing that a threat exists; and

(d) Section 1546.103(c) for each operation with an airplane having a passenger seating configuration of 31 or more seats but 60 or fewer seats, when TSA has not notified the foreign air carrier in writing that a threat exists with respect to that operation.

§ 1546.103 Form, content, and availability of security program.

(a) *General requirements.* The security program must be:

(1) Acceptable to TSA. A foreign air carrier's security program is acceptable only if TSA finds that the security program provides passengers a level of protection similar to the level of protection provided by U.S. air carriers serving the same airports. Foreign air carriers must employ procedures equivalent to those required of U.S. air carriers serving the same airport if TSA determines that such procedures are necessary to provide passengers a similar level of protection.

(2) In English unless TSA requests that the program be submitted in the official language of the foreign air carrier's country.

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(b) *Content of security program.* Each security program required by § 1546.101(a), (b), or (c) must be designed to—

(1) Prevent or deter the carriage aboard airplanes of any unauthorized explosive, incendiary, or weapon on or about each individual's person or accessible property, except as provided in § 1546.201(d), through screening by weapon-detecting procedures or facilities;

(2) Prohibit unauthorized access to airplanes;

(3) Ensure that checked baggage is accepted by a responsible agent of the foreign air carrier; and

(4) Prevent cargo and checked baggage from being loaded aboard its airplanes unless handled in accordance with the foreign air carrier's security procedures.

(c) *Law enforcement support.* Each security program required by § 1546.101(d) must include the procedures used to comply with the applicable requirements of § 1546.209 regarding law enforcement officers.

(d) *Availability.* Each foreign air carrier required to adopt and use a security program under this part must—

(1) Restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of sensitive security information, as defined in part 1520 of this chapter, to persons with a need to know; and

(2) Refer requests for sensitive security information by other persons to TSA.

§ 1546.105 Acceptance of and amendments to the security program.

(a) *Initial acceptance of security program.* Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, each foreign air carrier required to have a security program by this part must submit its proposed program to TSA at least 90 days before the intended date of passenger operations. TSA will notify the foreign air carrier of the security program's acceptability, or the need to modify the proposed security program for it to be acceptable under this part, within 30 days after receiving the proposed security program. The foreign air carrier may petition TSA to reconsider the notice to modify the security program within

30 days after receiving a notice to modify.

(b) *Amendment requested by a foreign air carrier.* A foreign air carrier may submit a request to TSA to amend its accepted security program as follows:

(1) The proposed amendment must be filed with the designated official at least 45 calendar days before the date it proposes for the amendment to become effective, unless a shorter period is allowed by the designated official.

(2) Within 30 calendar days after receiving a proposed amendment, the designated official, in writing, either approves or denies the request to amend.

(3) An amendment to a foreign air carrier security program may be approved if the designated official determines that safety and the public interest will allow it, and the proposed amendment provides the level of security required under this part.

(4) Within 45 calendar days after receiving a denial, the foreign air carrier may petition the Administrator to reconsider the denial. A petition for reconsideration must be filed with the designated official.

(5) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either approves the request to amend or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 calendar days of receipt by either directing the designated official to approve the amendment, or affirming the denial.

(6) Any foreign air carrier may submit a group proposal for an amendment that is on behalf of it and other aircraft operators that co-sign the proposal.

(c) *Amendment by TSA.* If the safety and the public interest require an amendment, the designated official may amend an accepted security program as follows:

(1) The designated official notifies the foreign air carrier, in writing, of the proposed amendment, fixing a period of not less than 45 calendar days within which the foreign air carrier may submit written information, views, and arguments on the amendment.

(2) After considering all relevant material, the designated official notifies the foreign air carrier of any amendment adopted or rescinds the notice. If the amendment is adopted, it becomes effective not less than 30 calendar days after the foreign air carrier receives the notice of amendment, unless the foreign air carrier petitions the Administrator to reconsider no later than 15 calendar days before the effective date of the amendment. The foreign air carrier must send the petition for reconsideration to the designated official. A timely petition for reconsideration stays the effective date of the amendment.

(3) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either amends or withdraws the notice or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 calendar days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the amendment, or by affirming the amendment.

(d) *Emergency amendments.* If the designated official finds that there is an emergency requiring immediate action with respect to safety in air transportation or in air commerce that makes procedures in this section contrary to the public interest, the designated official may issue an amendment, without the prior notice and comment procedures in paragraph (c) of this section, effective without stay on the date the foreign air carrier receives notice of it. In such a case, the designated official will incorporate in the notice a brief statement of the reasons and findings for the amendment to be adopted. The foreign air carrier may file a petition for reconsideration under paragraph (c) of this section; however, this does not stay the effectiveness of the emergency amendment.

Subpart C—Operations

§ 1546.201 Acceptance and screening of individuals and accessible property.

(a) *Preventing or deterring the carriage of any explosive, incendiary, or weapon.* Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, each foreign air carrier must use the measures in its security program to

prevent or deter the carriage of any explosive, incendiary, or weapon on or about each individual's person or accessible property before boarding an aircraft or entering a sterile area.

(b) *Screening of individuals and accessible property.* Except as provided in its security program, each foreign air carrier must ensure that each individual entering a sterile area at each preboard screening checkpoint for which it is responsible, and all accessible property under that individual's control, are inspected for weapons, explosives, and incendiaries as provided in § 1546.207.

(c) *Refusal to transport.* Each foreign air carrier conducting an operation for which a security program is required by § 1546.101(a), (b), or (c) must refuse to transport—

(1) Any individual who does not consent to a search or inspection of his or her person in accordance with the system prescribed in this part; and

(2) Any property of any individual or other person who does not consent to a search or inspection of that property in accordance with the system prescribed by this part.

(d) *Explosive, incendiary, weapon: Prohibitions and exceptions.* No individual may, while on board an aircraft being operated by a foreign air carrier in the United States, carry on or about his person a deadly or dangerous weapon, either concealed or unconcealed. This paragraph (d) does not apply to—

(1) Officials or employees of the state of registry of the aircraft who are authorized by that state to carry arms; and

(2) Crewmembers and other individuals authorized by the foreign air carrier to carry arms.

§ 1546.203 Acceptance and screening of checked baggage.

(a) *Preventing or deterring the carriage of any explosive or incendiary.* Each foreign air carrier must use the procedures, facilities, and equipment described in its security program to prevent or deter the carriage of any unauthorized explosive or incendiary on-board aircraft in checked baggage.

(b) *Refusal to transport.* Each foreign air carrier must refuse to transport any individual's checked baggage or

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property if the individual does not consent to a search or inspection of that checked baggage or property in accordance with the system prescribed by this part.

(c) *Firearms in checked baggage.* No foreign air carrier may knowingly permit any person to transport, nor may any person transport, while aboard an aircraft being operated in the United States by that carrier, in checked baggage, a firearm, unless:

(1) The person has notified the foreign air carrier before checking the baggage that the firearm is in the baggage; and

(2) The baggage is carried in an area inaccessible to passengers.

§ 1546.205 Acceptance and screening of cargo.

(a) *General requirements.* Each foreign air carrier must use the procedures, facilities and equipment described in its security program to prevent or deter the carriage of unauthorized explosives or incendiaries in cargo onboard a passenger aircraft.

(b) *Refusal to transport.* Each foreign air carrier must refuse to transport any cargo if the shipper does not consent to a search or inspection of that cargo in accordance with the system prescribed by this part.

§ 1546.207 Screening of individuals and property.

(a) *Applicability of this section.* This section applies to the inspection of individuals, accessible property, checked baggage, and cargo as required under this part.

(b) *Locations within the United States at which TSA conducts screening.* As required in its security program, each foreign air carrier must ensure that all individuals or property have been inspected by TSA before boarding or loading on its aircraft. This paragraph applies when TSA is conducting screening using TSA employees or when using companies under contract with TSA.

(c) *Foreign air carrier conducting screening.* Each foreign air carrier must use the measures in its security program to inspect the individual or property. This paragraph does not apply at

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locations identified in paragraphs (b) of this section.

§ 1546.209 Use of X-ray systems.

(a) *TSA authorization required.* No foreign air carrier may use any X-ray system within the United States to screen accessible property or checked baggage, unless specifically authorized under its security program. No foreign air carrier may use such a system in a manner contrary to its security program. TSA authorizes foreign air carriers to use X-ray systems for inspecting accessible property or checked baggage under a security program if the foreign air carrier shows that—

(1) The system meets the standards for cabinet X-ray systems primarily for the inspection of baggage issued by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and published in 21 CFR 1020.40;

(2) A program for initial and recurrent training of operators of the system is established, which includes training in radiation safety, the efficient use of X-ray systems, and the identification of weapons, explosives, and incendiaries; and

(3) The system meets the imaging requirements set forth in its security program using the step wedge specified in American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Standard F792-88 (Re-approved 1993). This standard is incorporated by reference in paragraph (g) of this section.

(b) *Annual radiation survey.* No foreign air carrier may use any X-ray system unless, within the preceding 12 calendar months, a radiation survey is conducted that shows that the system meets the applicable performance standards in 21 CFR 1020.40.

(c) *Radiation survey after installation or moving.* No foreign air carrier may use any X-ray system after the system has been installed at a screening point or after the system has been moved unless a radiation survey is conducted which shows that the system meets the applicable performance standards in 21 CFR 1020.40. A radiation survey is not required for an X-ray system that is designed and constructed as a mobile unit and the foreign air carrier shows that it can be moved without altering its performance.

(d) *Defect notice or modification order.* No foreign air carrier may use any X-ray system that is not in full compliance with any defect notice or modification order issued for that system by the FDA, unless the FDA has advised TSA that the defect or failure to comply does not create a significant risk of injury, including genetic injury, to any person.

(e) *Signs and inspection of photographic equipment and film.* (1) At locations at which a foreign air carrier uses an X-ray system to inspect accessible property the foreign air carrier must ensure that a sign is posted in a conspicuous place at the screening checkpoint.

(2) At locations at which a foreign air carrier or TSA uses an X-ray system to inspect checked baggage the foreign air carrier must ensure that a sign is posted in a conspicuous place where the foreign air carrier accepts checked baggage.

(3) The signs required under this paragraph must notify individuals that such items are being inspected by an X-ray and advise them to remove all X-ray, scientific, and high-speed film from accessible property and checked baggage before inspection. This sign must also advise individuals that they may request that an inspection be made of their photographic equipment and film packages without exposure to an X-ray system. If the X-ray system exposes any accessible property or checked baggage to more than one milliroentgen during the inspection, the sign must advise individuals to remove film of all kinds from their articles before inspection.

(4) If requested by individuals, their photographic equipment and film packages must be inspected without exposure to an X-ray system.

(f) *Radiation survey verification after installation or moving.* Each foreign air carrier must maintain at least one copy of the results of the most recent radiation survey conducted under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section and must make it available for inspection upon request by TSA at each of the following locations—

(1) The foreign air carrier's principal business office; and

(2) The place where the X-ray system is in operation.

(g) *Incorporation by reference.* The American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard F792-88 (Reapproved 1993), "Standard Practice for Design and Use of Ionizing Radiation Equipment for the Detection of Items Prohibited in Controlled Access Areas," is approved for incorporation by reference by the Director of the Federal Register pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. ASTM Standard F792-88 may be examined at the Department of Transportation (DOT) Docket, 400 Seventh Street SW, Room Plaza 401, Washington, DC 20590, or on DOT's Docket Management System (DMS) web page at <http://dms.dot.gov/search> (under docket number FAA-2001-8725). Copies of the standard may be examined also at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol St., NW, Suite 700, Washington, DC. In addition, ASTM Standard F792-88 (Reapproved 1993) may be obtained from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959.

(h) Each foreign air carrier must comply with the X-ray operator duty time limitations specified in its security program.

§ 1546.211 Law enforcement personnel.

(a) At airports within the United States not governed by part 1542 of this chapter, each foreign air carrier engaging in public charter passenger operations must—

(1) When using a screening system required by § 1546.101(a), (b), or (c), provide for law enforcement officers meeting the qualifications and standards, and in the number and manner, specified in part 1542; and

(2) When using an airplane having a passenger seating configuration of 31 or more but 60 or fewer seats for which a screening system is not required by § 1546.101(a), (b), or (c), arrange for law enforcement officers meeting the qualifications and standards specified in part 1542 of this chapter to be available to respond to an incident and provide to appropriate employees, including crewmembers, current information

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with respect to procedures for obtaining law enforcement assistance at that airport.

(b) At airports governed by part 1542 of this chapter, each foreign air carrier engaging in scheduled passenger operations or public charter passenger operations when using an airplane with a passenger seating configuration of 31 or more and 60 or fewer seats under §1546.101(c), must arrange for law enforcement personnel meeting the qualifications and standards specified in part 1542 of this chapter to be available to respond to an incident and provide to appropriate employees, including crewmembers, current information with respect to procedures for obtaining law enforcement assistance at that airport.

Subpart D—Threat and Threat Response

§ 1546.301 Bomb or air piracy threats.

No foreign air carrier may land or take off an airplane in the United States, in passenger operations, after receiving a bomb or air piracy threat against that airplane, unless the following actions are taken:

(a) If the airplane is on the ground when a bomb threat is received and the next scheduled flight of the threatened airplane is to or from a place in the United States, the foreign air carrier ensures that the pilot in command is advised to submit the airplane immediately for a security inspection and an inspection of the airplane is conducted before the next flight.

(b) If the airplane is in flight to a place in the United States when a bomb threat is received, the foreign air carrier ensures that the pilot in command is advised immediately to take the emergency action necessary under the circumstances and a security inspection of the airplane is conducted immediately after the next landing.

(c) If information is received of a bomb or air piracy threat against an airplane engaged in an operation specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, the foreign air carrier ensures that notification of the threat is given to the appropriate authorities of the State in whose territory the airplane is located or, if in flight, the appropriate

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authorities of the State in whose territory the airplane is to land.

Subpart E—Screener Qualifications When the Foreign Air Carrier Conducts Screening

§ 1546.401 Applicability of this subpart.

(a) *Foreign air carrier screening.* This subpart applies when the foreign air carrier is conducting inspections as provided in §1546.207(c).

(b) *Current screeners.* As used in this subpart, “current screener” means each individual who first performed screening functions before the date the foreign air carrier must begin use of the new screener training program provided by TSA. Until November 19, 2002, each current screener must comply with §1546.403. Until November 19, 2002, each foreign air carrier must apply §1546.403 for each current screener. On and after November 19, 2002, each current screener must comply with §§1546.405 through 1546.411, and each foreign air carrier must comply with §§1546.405 through 1546.411 for such individuals.

(c) *New screeners.* As used in this subpart, “new screener” means each individual who first performs screening functions on and after TSA orders the foreign air carrier to begin use of the new screener training program provided by TSA. Each foreign air carrier must apply §§1546.405 through 1546.411 for new screeners.

§ 1546.403 Current screeners.

The foreign air carrier must ensure that each current screener it uses to perform screening functions meet the qualifications and training standards set forth in its security program. This section is no longer effective on and after November 19, 2002.

§ 1546.405 New screeners: Qualifications of screening personnel.

(a) No individual subject to this subpart may perform a screening function unless that individual has the qualifications described in §§1546.405 through 1546.411. No foreign air carrier may use such an individual to perform a screening function unless that person

complies with the requirements of §§ 1546.405 through 1546.411.

(b) A screener must have a satisfactory or better score on a screener selection test administered by TSA.

(c) A screener must be a citizen of the United States.

(d) A screener must have a high school diploma, a General Equivalency Diploma, or a combination of education and experience that TSA has determined to be sufficient for the individual to perform the duties of the position.

(e) A screener must have basic aptitudes and physical abilities including color perception, visual and aural acuity, physical coordination, and motor skills to the following standards:

(1) Screeners operating screening equipment must be able to distinguish on the screening equipment monitor the appropriate imaging standard specified in the foreign air carrier's security program.

(2) Screeners operating any screening equipment must be able to distinguish each color displayed on every type of screening equipment and explain what each color signifies.

(3) Screeners must be able to hear and respond to the spoken voice and to audible alarms generated by screening equipment at an active screening location.

(4) Screeners who perform physical searches or other related operations must be able to efficiently and thoroughly manipulate and handle such baggage, containers, cargo, and other objects subject to screening.

(5) Screeners who perform pat-downs or hand-held metal detector searches of individuals must have sufficient dexterity and capability to thoroughly conduct those procedures over an individual's entire body.

(f) A screener must have the ability to read, speak, and write English well enough to—

(1) Carry out written and oral instructions regarding the proper performance of screening duties;

(2) Read English language identification media, credentials, airline tickets, documents, air waybills, invoices, and labels on items normally encountered in the screening process;

(3) Provide direction to and understand and answer questions from English-speaking individuals undergoing screening; and

(4) Write incident reports and statements and log entries into security records in the English language.

(g) At locations outside the United States that are the last point of departure to the United States, and where the foreign air carrier has operational control over a screening function, the foreign air carrier may use screeners who do not meet the requirements of paragraph (f) of this section. At such locations the foreign air carrier may use screeners who are not United States citizens.

§ 1546.407 New screeners: Training, testing, and knowledge of individuals who perform screening functions.

(a) *Training required.* Before performing screening functions, an individual must have completed initial, recurrent, and appropriate specialized training as specified in this section and the foreign air carrier's security program. No foreign air carrier may use any screener, screener in charge, or checkpoint security supervisor unless that individual has satisfactorily completed the required training. This paragraph does not prohibit the performance of screening functions during on-the-job training as provided in § 1544.409(b).

(b) *Use of training programs.* Training for screeners must be conducted under programs provided by TSA. Training programs for screeners-in-charge and checkpoint security supervisors must be conducted in accordance with the foreign air carrier's security program.

(c) *Classroom instruction.* Each screener must complete at least 40 hours of classroom instruction or successfully complete a program that TSA determines will train individuals to a level of proficiency equivalent to the level that would be achieved by such classroom instruction.

(d) *Screener readiness test.* Before beginning on-the-job training, a screener trainee must pass the screener readiness test prescribed by TSA.

(e) *On-the-job training and testing.* Each screener must complete at least

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60 hours of on-the-job training and must pass an on-the-job training test prescribed by TSA. No foreign air carrier may permit a screener trainee to exercise independent judgment as a screener, until the individual passes an on-the-job training test prescribed by TSA.

(f) *Knowledge requirements.* Each foreign air carrier must ensure that individuals performing as screeners, screeners-in-charge, and checkpoint security supervisors for the foreign air carrier have knowledge of the provisions of this part, the foreign air carrier's security program, and applicable emergency amendments to the foreign air carrier's security program to the extent necessary to perform their duties.

§ 1546.409 New screeners: Integrity of screener tests.

(a) *Cheating or other unauthorized conduct.* (1) Except as authorized by TSA, no person may—

- (i) Copy or intentionally remove a test under this part;
- (ii) Give to another or receive from another any part or copy of that test;
- (iii) Give help on that test to or receive help on that test from any person during the period that the test is being given; or
- (iv) Use any material or aid during the period that the test is being given.

(2) No person may take any part of that test on behalf of another person.

(3) No person may cause, assist, or participate intentionally in any act prohibited by this paragraph (a).

(b) *Administering and monitoring screener tests.* (1) Each foreign air carrier must notify TSA of the time and location at which it will administer each screener readiness test required under § 1544.405 (d).

(2) Either TSA or the foreign air carrier must administer and monitor the screener readiness test. Where more than one foreign air carrier or foreign air carrier uses a screening location, TSA may authorize an employee of one or more of the foreign air carriers or foreign air carriers to monitor the test for a trainee who will screen at that location.

(3) If TSA or a representative of TSA is not available to administer and mon-

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itor a screener readiness test, the foreign air carrier must provide a direct employee to administer and monitor the screener readiness test.

(4) An foreign air carrier employee who administers and monitors a screener readiness test must not be an instructor, screener, screener-in-charge, checkpoint security supervisor, or other screening supervisor. The employee must be familiar with the procedures for administering and monitoring the test and must be capable of observing whether the trainee or others are engaging in cheating or other unauthorized conduct.

§ 1546.411 New screeners: Continuing qualifications for screening personnel.

(a) *Impairment.* No individual may perform a screening function if he or she shows evidence of impairment, such as impairment due to illegal drugs, sleep deprivation, medication, or alcohol.

(b) *Training not complete.* An individual who has not completed the training required by § 1546.405 may be deployed during the on-the-job portion of training to perform security functions provided that the individual—

- (1) Is closely supervised; and
- (2) Does not make independent judgments as to whether individuals or property may enter a sterile area or aircraft without further inspection.

(c) *Failure of operational test.* No foreign air carrier may use an individual to perform a screening function after that individual has failed an operational test related to that function, until that individual has successfully completed the remedial training specified in the foreign air carrier's security program.

(d) *Annual proficiency review.* Each individual assigned screening duties shall receive an annual evaluation. The foreign air carrier must conduct and document an annual evaluation of each individual who performs screening functions. An individual who performs screening functions may not continue to perform such functions unless the evaluation demonstrates that the individual—

- (1) Continues to meet all qualifications and standards required to perform a screening function;
- (2) Has a satisfactory record of performance and attention to duty based on the standards and requirements in the foreign air carrier's security program; and
- (3) Demonstrates the current knowledge and skills necessary to courteously, vigilantly, and effectively perform screening functions.

PART 1548—INDIRECT AIR CARRIER SECURITY

- Sec.
- 1548.1 Applicability of this part.
- 1548.3 TSA inspection authority.
- 1548.5 Adoption and implementation of the security program.
- 1548.7 Approval and amendments of the security program.
- 1548.9 Acceptance of cargo.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40113, 44901-44905, 44913-44914, 44916-44917, 44932, 44935-44936, 46105.

SOURCE: 67 FR 8382, Feb. 22, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1548.1 Applicability of this part.

This part prescribes aviation security rules governing each indirect air carrier engaged indirectly in the air transportation of property on passenger aircraft.

§ 1548.3 TSA inspection authority.

(a) Each indirect air carrier must allow TSA, at any time or place, to make any inspections or tests, including copying records, to determine compliance of an airport operator, aircraft operator, foreign air carrier, indirect air carrier, or airport tenant with—

- (1) This subchapter, and any security program approved under this subchapter, and part 1520 of this chapter; and
- (2) 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, as amended.
- (b) At the request of TSA, each indirect air carrier must provide evidence of compliance with this subchapter and its indirect air carrier security program, including copies of records.

§ 1548.5 Adoption and implementation of the security program.

(a) *Security program required.* Each indirect air carrier must adopt and carry out a security program that meets the requirements of this section.

(b) *General requirements.* The security program must:

- (1) Provide for the safety of persons and property traveling in air transportation against acts of criminal violence and air piracy and the introduction of any unauthorized explosive or incendiary into cargo aboard a passenger aircraft.
- (2) Be in writing and signed by the indirect air carrier.
- (3) Be approved by TSA.

(c) *Content.* Each security program under this part must—

- (1) Be designed to prevent or deter the unauthorized introduction of any explosive or incendiary device into any package cargo intended for carriage by air;
- (2) Include the procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of § 1548.9 regarding the acceptance of cargo.

(d) *Availability.* Each indirect air carrier having a security program must:

- (1) Maintain an original of the security program at its corporate office.
- (2) Have accessible a complete copy, or the pertinent portions of its security program, or appropriate implementing instructions, at each office where cargo is accepted. An electronic version is adequate.
- (3) Make a copy of the security program available for inspection upon the request of TSA.
- (4) Restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of information contained in its security program to persons with a need to know, as described in part 1520 of this chapter.
- (5) Refer requests for such information by other persons to TSA.

§ 1548.7 Approval and amendments of the security program.

(a) *Initial approval of security program.* Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, each indirect air carrier required to have a security program under this part must submit its proposed security program to the designated official for

approval at least 90 calendar days before the date of intended operations. The proposed security program must meet the requirements applicable to its operation as described in §1540.5. Such request will be processed as follows:

(1) The designated official, within 30 calendar days after receiving the proposed indirect air carrier security program, will either approve the program or give the indirect air carrier written notice to modify the program to comply with the applicable requirements of this part.

(2) The indirect air carrier may either submit a modified security program to the designated official for approval, or petition the Administrator to reconsider the notice to modify within 30 calendar days of receiving a notice to modify. A petition for reconsideration must be filed with the designated official.

(3) The designated official, upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, either amends or withdraws the notice, or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 calendar days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the notice to modify, or by affirming the notice to modify.

(b) *Amendment requested by an indirect air carrier.* An indirect air carrier may submit a request to the designated official to amend its security program as follows:

(1) The request for amendment must be filed with the designated official at least 45 calendar days before the date it proposes for the amendment to become effective, unless a shorter period is allowed by the designated official.

(2) Within 30 calendar days after receiving a proposed amendment, the designated official, in writing, either approves or denies the request to amend.

(3) An amendment to an indirect air carrier security program may be approved if the designated official determines that safety and the public interest will allow it, and if the proposed amendment provides the level of security required under this part.

(4) Within 30 calendar days after receiving a denial, the indirect air carrier may petition the Administrator to reconsider the denial. A petition for reconsideration must be filed with the designated official.

(5) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either approves the request to amend or transmits the petition, together with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator will dispose of the petition within 30 calendar days of receipt by either directing the designated official to approve the amendment or by affirming the denial.

(c) *Amendment by TSA.* If safety and the public interest require an amendment, the designated official may amend a security program as follows:

(1) The designated official notifies the indirect air carrier, in writing, of the proposed amendment, fixing a period of not less than 30 calendar days within which the indirect air carrier may submit written information, views, and arguments on the amendment.

(2) After considering all relevant material, the designated official notifies the indirect air carrier of any amendment adopted or rescinds the notice. If the amendment is adopted, it becomes effective not less than 30 calendar days after the indirect air carrier receives the notice of amendment, unless the indirect air carrier petitions the Administrator to reconsider no later than 15 calendar days before the effective date of the amendment. The indirect air carrier must send the petition for reconsideration to the designated official. A timely petition for reconsideration stays the effective date of the amendment.

(3) Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration, the designated official either amends or withdraws the notice or transmits the petition together, with any pertinent information, to the Administrator for reconsideration. The Administrator disposes of the petition within 30 calendar days of receipt by either directing the designated official to withdraw or amend the notice or by affirming the amendment.

(d) *Emergency amendments.* If the designated official finds that there is an

emergency requiring immediate action with respect to safety in air transportation or in air commerce that makes procedures in this section contrary to the public interest, the designated official may issue an amendment, without the prior notice and comment procedures in paragraph (c) of this section, effective without stay on the date that the indirect air carrier receives notice of it. In such a case, the designated official will incorporate in the notice a brief statement of the reasons and findings for the amendment to be adopted. The indirect air carrier may file a petition for reconsideration under paragraph (c) of this section; however, this will not stay the effective date of the emergency amendment.

§ 1548.9 Acceptance of cargo.

(a) *Preventing or deterring the carriage of any explosive or incendiary.* Each indirect air carrier must use the facilities, equipment, and procedures described in its security program to prevent or deter the carriage of any unauthorized explosive or incendiary on board a passenger aircraft in cargo.

(b) *Refusal to transport.* Each indirect air carrier must refuse to offer for transport on a passenger aircraft any cargo if the shipper does not consent to a search or inspection of that cargo in accordance with this part, and part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter. The indirect air carrier must search or inspect cargo, and must request the shipper for consent to search or inspect cargo, as provided in the indirect air carrier's security program.

PART 1550—AIRCRAFT SECURITY UNDER GENERAL OPERATING AND FLIGHT RULES

Sec.

- 1550.1 Applicability of this part.
- 1550.3 TSA inspection authority.
- 1550.5 Operations using a sterile area.
- 1550.7 Operations in aircraft of 12,500 pounds or more.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40113, 44901-44907, 44913-44914, 44916-44918, 44935-44936, 44942, 46105.

SOURCE: 67 FR 8383, Feb. 22, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1550.1 Applicability of this part.

This part applies to the operation of aircraft for which there are no security requirements in other parts of this subchapter.

§ 1550.3 TSA inspection authority.

(a) Each aircraft operator subject to this part must allow TSA, at any time or place, to make any inspections or tests, including copying records, to determine compliance with—

(1) This subchapter and any security program or security procedures under this subchapter, and part 1520 of this chapter; and

(2) 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, as amended.

(b) At the request of TSA, each aircraft operator must provide evidence of compliance with this part and its security program or security procedures, including copies of records.

§ 1550.5 Operations using a sterile area.

(a) *Applicability of this section.* This section applies to all aircraft operations in which passengers, crewmembers, or other individuals are enplaned from or deplaned into a sterile area, except for scheduled passenger operations, public charter passenger operations, and private charter passenger operations, that are in accordance with a security program issued under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter.

(b) *Procedures.* Any person conducting an operation identified in paragraph (a) of this section must conduct a search of the aircraft before departure and must screen passengers, crewmembers, and other individuals and their accessible property (carry-on items) before boarding in accordance with security procedures approved by TSA.

(c) *Sensitive security information.* The security program procedures approved by TSA for operations specified in paragraph (a) of this section are sensitive security information. The operator must restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of information contained in the security procedures to persons with a need to know as described in part 1520 of this chapter.

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(d) *Compliance date.* Persons conducting operations identified in paragraph (a) of this section must implement security procedures on October 6, 2001.

(e) *Waivers.* TSA may permit a person conducting an operation under this section to deviate from the provisions of this section if TSA finds that the operation can be conducted safely under the terms of the waiver.

§ 1550.7 Operations in aircraft of 12,500 pounds or more.

(a) *Applicability of this section.* This section applies to each aircraft operation conducted in an aircraft with a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or more except for those operations specified in §1550.5 and those operations conducted under a security program under part 1544 or 1546 of this chapter.

(b) *Procedures.* Any person conducting an operation identified in paragraph (a) of this section must conduct a search of the aircraft before departure and screen passengers, crewmembers, and other persons and their accessible property (carry-on items) before boarding in accordance with security procedures approved by TSA.

(c) *Compliance date.* Persons identified in paragraph (a) of this section must implement security procedures when notified by TSA. TSA will notify operators by NOTAM, letter, or other communication when they must implement security procedures.

(d) *Waivers.* TSA may permit a person conducting an operation identified in this section to deviate from the provisions of this section if TSA finds that the operation can be conducted safely under the terms of the waiver.

SUBCHAPTER D—MARITIME AND LAND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

PART 1570—LAND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY: GENERAL RULES

Sec.

1570.1 Scope.

1570.3 Fraud and intentional falsification of records.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 40113, 46105.

SOURCE: 68 FR 23869, May 5, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1570.1 Scope.

This part applies to any person involved in land transportation as specified in this part.

§ 1570.3 Fraud and intentional falsification of records.

No person may make, or cause to be made, any of the following:

(a) Any fraudulent or intentionally false statement in any record or report that is kept, made, or used to show compliance with this subchapter, or exercise any privileges under this subchapter.

(b) Any reproduction or alteration, for fraudulent purpose, of any record, report, security program, access medium, or identification medium issued under this subchapter or pursuant to standards in this subchapter.

PART 1572—CREDENTIALING AND BACKGROUND CHECKS FOR MARITIME AND LAND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

Subpart A—Requirements to Undergo Security Threat Assessments

Sec.

1572.1 Applicability.

1572.3 Terms used in this part.

1572.5 Security threat assessment for commercial drivers' licenses with a hazardous materials endorsement.

1572.9 Transportation of explosives from Canada to the United States via commercial motor vehicle.

1572.11 Transportation of explosives from Canada to the United States via railroad carrier.

Subpart B—Standards, Appeals, and Waivers for Security Threat Assessments

1572.101 Scope and definitions.

1572.103 Disqualifying criminal offenses.

1572.105 Citizenship status.

1572.107 Other analyses.

1572.109 Mental defects.

1572.111-1572.139 [Reserved]

1572.141 Notification of threat assessment and appeal.

1572.143 Waivers.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103a, 40113, 46105.

SOURCE: 68 FR 6086, Feb. 6, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Requirements to Undergo Security Threat Assessments

§ 1572.1 Applicability.

This part prescribes regulations for credentialing and background checks in specified uses for maritime and land security.

§ 1572.3 Terms used in this part.

For purposes of this part:

Alien means any person not a citizen of the United States.

Alien registration number means the number issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security to an individual when he or she becomes a lawful permanent resident of the United States.

Commercial drivers license (CDL) is used as defined in 49 CFR 383.5.

Convicted means any plea of guilty or *nolo contendere*, or any finding of guilt.

Endorsement is used as defined in 49 CFR 383.5.

Final Notification of Threat Assessment means a final administrative determination by TSA that an individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization for which the individual is applying.

Hazardous materials is used as defined in 49 CFR 383.5.

Incarceration means confined or otherwise restricted to a jail-type institution, half-way house, treatment facility, or another institution, on a full or

part-time basis pursuant to a sentence imposed as the result of a conviction.

Initial Notification of Threat Assessment means an initial administrative determination by TSA that an individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization for which the individual is applying.

Lawful permanent resident means an individual who has been lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States, as defined in 8 U.S.C. 1101.

Mental institution means a mental health facility, mental hospital, sanitarium, psychiatric facility, and any other facility that provides diagnoses by licensed professionals of mental retardation or mental illness, including a psychiatric ward in a general hospital.

Notification of No Security Threat means an administrative determination by TSA that an individual does not pose a security threat warranting denial of the authorization for which the individual is applying.

Severe transportation security incident means a security incident resulting in a significant loss of life, environmental damage, transportation system disruption, or economic disruption in a particular area.

State means a State of the United States and the District of Columbia.

[68 FR 23869, May 5, 2003]

§ 1572.5 Security threat assessment for commercial drivers' licenses with a hazardous materials endorsement.

(a) *Scope.* This section applies to State agencies responsible for issuing hazardous materials endorsements for a commercial drivers license, and individuals who hold or are applying for such endorsements, under 49 CFR part 383.

(b) *Individuals.* (1) *Requirements.* Beginning on September 2, 2003:

(i) *Prohibitions.* No individual may hold a CDL with a hazardous materials endorsement, or exercise the privileges of a hazardous materials endorsement, if:

(A) The individual does not meet the citizenship status requirements in § 1572.105;

(B) The individual has a disqualifying criminal offense, as described in § 1572.103;

(C) The individual has been adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution, as described in § 1572.109; or

(D) TSA has notified the individual that he or she poses a security threat warranting denial of the endorsement, as described in § 1572.107.

(ii) *Surrender of endorsement.* An individual who is prohibited from holding a CDL with a hazardous materials endorsement under this section must surrender the hazardous materials endorsement to the issuing State.

(iii) *Continuing responsibilities.* Each individual with a hazardous materials endorsement who is convicted of, wanted, or under indictment in any jurisdiction, civilian or military, for, or found not guilty by reason of insanity of, a disqualifying crime listed in § 1572.103; who is adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution as specified in § 1572.109; or who renounces his or her U.S. citizenship; must report the offense, adjudication, or commitment to the State that issued the endorsement, and surrender the endorsement to the State, within 24 hours of the conviction, finding of not guilty by reason of insanity, adjudication, commitment, or renunciation.

(2) *Submission of fingerprints.* (i) From May 5, 2003, to November 3, 2003, an individual may submit fingerprints, in a form and manner specified by TSA, when a State revokes the individual's hazardous materials endorsement under paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(ii) Beginning on November 3, 2003, an individual must submit fingerprints, in a form and manner specified by TSA, when he or she applies to obtain, renew, or transfer a hazardous materials endorsement for a CDL, or when requested by TSA.

(iii) When submitting fingerprints under this section, the individual, or his or her employer, is responsible for the fee charged by the person or other entity collecting the fingerprints and generating the individual's criminal history.

(c) *States.* (1) From May 5, 2003, to November 3, 2003, each State must revoke an individual's hazardous materials endorsement if TSA informs the State that the individual does not meet the

standards for security threat assessment in paragraph (d) of this section.

(2) No later than November 3, 2003:

(i) No State may issue, renew, or transfer a hazardous materials endorsement for a CDL unless the State receives a Notification of No Security Threat from TSA.

(ii) Each State must notify each individual holding a hazardous materials endorsement issued by that State that he or she will be subject to the security threat assessment described in this section as part of any application for renewal of the endorsement, at least 180 days prior to the expiration date of the endorsement. The notice must inform the individual that he or she may initiate the security threat assessment required by this section at any time after receiving the notice, but no later than 90 days before the expiration date of the endorsement.

(3) From November 3, 2003, to April 29, 2004, while TSA is conducting a security threat assessment on an individual—

(i) If the individual holds a CDL with a hazardous materials endorsement, and is applying for renewal or transfer of the endorsement, the State that issued the endorsement may extend the expiration date of the individual's endorsement until the State receives a Final Notification of Threat Assessment or Notification of No Security Threat from TSA.

(ii) If the individual is applying for a hazardous materials endorsement for the first time, the State may not issue the endorsement until the State receives a Notification of No Security Threat from TSA.

(d) *Standards for security threat assessment.* (1) TSA determines that an individual does not pose a security threat warranting denial of a hazardous materials endorsement for a CDL if:

(i) The individual meets the citizenship status requirements in § 1572.105;

(ii) The individual does not have a disqualifying criminal offense, as described in § 1572.103;

(iii) The individual has not been adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution, as described in § 1572.109; and

(iv) TSA conducts the analyses described in § 1572.107 and determines that the individual does not pose a security threat.

(2) In conducting the security threat assessment requirements of this section, TSA uses one or more of the following:

(i) An individual's fingerprints.

(ii) An individual's name.

(iii) Other identifying information.

(3) When reviewing the individual's criminal history records, TSA will not issue a Notification of No Security Threat, and will alert the State(s) and the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) if the records indicate a disqualifying criminal offense listed in the FMCSA's rules for holders of CDLs at 49 CFR 383.51, until the FMCSA or the State(s) informs TSA that the individual is not disqualified under that section.

(4) If TSA determines during the course of conducting a security threat assessment, that it is necessary to revoke a hazardous materials endorsement immediately, TSA will direct the State to revoke a hazardous materials endorsement immediately. The individual may appeal the revocation following surrender of the endorsement, pursuant to the procedures set forth in § 1572.141(i).

(e) *Application form.* (1) When an individual applies to a State to issue, renew, or transfer a hazardous materials endorsement for a CDL, the State must have the individual complete an application that includes the following:

(i) The disqualifying crimes identified in § 1572.103.

(ii) A statement that the individual signing the application:

(A) Was not convicted, or found not guilty by reason of insanity, of any disqualifying crime in any jurisdiction, civilian or military, during the 7 years before the date of the individual's application;

(B) Was not released from incarceration in any jurisdiction, civilian or military, for committing any disqualifying crime during the 5 years before the date of the individual's application;

(C) Is not wanted or under indictment in any jurisdiction, civilian or military, for a disqualifying crime;

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(D) Has not been adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution involuntarily;

(E) Is either a United States citizen who has not renounced his or her United States citizenship, or a lawful permanent resident of the United States;

(F) Has or has not served in the military, and if so, the branch in which he or she served, the date of discharge, and the type of discharge; and

(G) Has been informed that Federal regulations under 49 CFR 1572.5(b) impose a continuing obligation to disclose to the State within 24 hours if he or she is convicted, or found not guilty by reason of insanity, of any disqualifying crime, or adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution, while he or she has a hazardous materials endorsement for a CDL.

(iii) A statement reading:

Privacy Act Notice. Authority: The authority for collecting this information is 49 U.S.C. 114, 40113, and 49 U.S.C. 5103a. *Purpose:* This information is needed to verify your identity and to conduct a security threat assessment to evaluate your suitability for a hazardous materials endorsement for a commercial drivers license. Your Social Security Number (SSN) or alien registration number will be used as your identification number in this process and to verify your identity. Furnishing this information, including your SSN or alien registration number, is voluntary; however, failure to provide it will prevent the completion of your security threat assessment, without which you may not be granted a hazardous materials endorsement. *Routine Uses:* Routine uses of this information include disclosure to the FBI to retrieve your criminal history record; to TSA contractors or other agents who are providing services relating to the security threat assessments; to appropriate governmental agencies for licensing, law enforcement, or security purposes, or in the interests of national security; and to foreign and international governmental authorities in accordance with law and international agreement.

(iv) A statement reading:

The information I have provided on this application is true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and is provided in good faith. I understand that a knowing and willful false statement, or an omission of a material fact, on this application can be punished by fine or imprisonment or both (see section 1001 of Title 18

United States Code), and may be grounds for denial of a hazardous materials endorsement.

(v) Lines for the individual's—

(A) Printed name, including first, middle, and last, and any applicable suffix.

(B) Current residential address, and all other residential addresses for the previous seven years.

(C) Date of birth.

(D) Social security number, if the individual is a citizen of the United States, and date of naturalization, if the individual is a naturalized citizen of the United States.

(E) Gender.

(F) City, State, and country of birth.

(G) Citizenship.

(H) Alien registration number, if the individual is a lawful permanent resident of the United States.

(I) Signature and date of signature.

(2) Each individual must complete and sign the application form. The State must forward it to TSA in a form and manner acceptable to TSA.

(3) The State must inform the individual that a copy of the individual's criminal history record will be provided to the individual by TSA, if the individual makes a written request for the record.

(f) *Determination of arrest status.* When a criminal history records check on an individual applying for a hazardous endorsement for a CDL discloses an arrest for any disqualifying crime listed in §1572.103 without indicating a disposition, TSA follows the procedures in §1572.103.

(g) *Notification.* (1) *Notification of No Security Threat.* If, after conducting the security threat assessment, TSA determines that an individual meets the standards described in paragraph (d) of this section, TSA serves a Notification of No Security Threat to the State in which the individual applied for the hazardous material endorsement.

(2) *Initial Notification of Threat Assessment.* If, after conducting the security threat assessment, TSA determines that an individual does not meet the standards described in paragraph (d) of this section, TSA serves an Initial Notification of Threat Assessment on the individual and the State in which the individual applied for the hazardous

materials endorsement, in accordance with § 1572.141(b). The individual may appeal this determination under the procedures in § 1572.141.

(3) *Final Notification of Threat Assessment.* If, after completing the process in § 1572.141, TSA determines that an individual does not meet the standards described in paragraph (d) of this section, TSA serves a Final Notification of Threat Assessment on the individual and the State in which the individual applied for the hazardous materials endorsement, in accordance with § 1572.141(e). The individual may not appeal this determination, but may apply for a waiver.

(4) *Waivers.* If an individual does not meet the standards in paragraph (d) of this section, he or she may apply for a waiver under § 1572.143.

(5) *State notification requirements.* Within 15 days of the receipt of a Notification of No Security Threat, a Final Notification of Threat Assessment, or a grant of a waiver, the State must:

(i) Update the individual's permanent record to reflect:

(A) The results of the security threat assessment;

(B) The issuance or denial of a hazardous materials endorsement; and

(C) The hazardous materials endorsement expiration date.

(ii) Notify the Commercial Drivers License Information System operator of the results of the security threat assessment.

(iii) Revoke or deny the individual's hazardous materials endorsement, if TSA serves the State with a Final Notification of Threat Assessment.

(iv) Grant or renew the individual's hazardous materials endorsement, if TSA serves the State with a Notification of No Security Threat, or a written decision from TSA to grant a waiver, and the individual is otherwise qualified.

[68 FR 23869, May 5, 2003]

§ 1572.9 Transportation of explosives from Canada to the United States via commercial motor vehicle.

(a) *Applicability.* This section applies to carriers that carry explosives from Canada to the United States using a driver who is not a United States cit-

izen or lawful permanent resident alien of the United States.

(b) *Terms used in this section.* For purposes of this section:

Carrier means any "motor carrier" or "motor private carrier" as defined in 49 U.S.C. 13102(12) and (13), respectively.

Customs Service means the United States Customs Service.

Explosive means a material that has been examined by the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration, in accordance with 49 CFR 173.56, and determined to meet the definition for a Class 1 material in 49 CFR 173.50.

Known carrier means a person that has been determined by the Governments of Canada and the United States to be a legitimate business operating in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations governing the transportation of explosives.

Known driver means a driver of a motor vehicle who has been determined by the Governments of Canada and the United States to present no known security concern.

Known offeror means an offeror that has been determined by the Governments of Canada and the United States to be a legitimate business operating in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations governing the transportation of explosives.

Lawful permanent resident alien means a lawful permanent resident alien of the United States as defined by 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(2).

Offeror means the person offering a shipment to the carrier for transportation from Canada to the United States, and may also be known as the "consignor" in Canada.

(c) *Prior approval of carrier, offeror, and driver.* (1) No carrier may transport in commerce any explosive into the United States from Canada via motor vehicle if the driver of the vehicle is a not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien unless the carrier, offeror, and driver are identified on a TSA list as a known carrier, known offeror, and known driver, respectively.

(2) The carrier must ensure that it, its offeror, and its driver have been determined to be a known carrier, known

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offeror, and known driver, respectively. If any has not been so determined, the carrier must submit the following information to Transport Canada:

- (i) The carrier must provide its:
 - (A) Official name;
 - (B) Business number;
 - (C) Any trade names; and
 - (D) Address.
 - (ii) The following information about any offeror of explosives whose shipments it will carry:
 - (A) Official name;
 - (B) Business number; and
 - (C) Address.
 - (iii) The following information about any driver the carrier may use to transport explosives into the United States from Canada who is neither a United States citizen nor lawful permanent resident alien of the United States:
 - (A) Full name;
 - (B) Canada Commercial Driver's License number; and
 - (C) Both current and most recent prior residential addresses.
- (3) Transport Canada will determine that the carrier and offeror are legitimately doing business in Canada and will also determine that the drivers are properly licensed and present no known problems for purposes of this section. Transport Canada will notify TSA of these determinations by forwarding to TSA lists of known carriers, offerors, and drivers and their identifying information.
- (4) TSA will update and maintain the list of known carriers, offerors, and drivers and forward the list to the Customs Service.
- (5) Once included on the list, the carriers, offerors, and drivers need not obtain prior approval for future transport of explosives under this section.
- (d) TSA checks. TSA may periodically check the data on the carriers, offerors and drivers to confirm their continued eligibility and may remove from the list any that TSA determines is not known or is a threat to security.
- (e) *At the border*—(1) *Driver who is not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien.* Upon arrival at the border, and prior to entry into the United States, the driver must provide a valid Canadian commercial driver's license to the Customs Service.

(2) *Driver who is a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien.* If the Customs Service cannot verify that the driver is on the list, and if the driver is a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien, the driver may be cleared by the Customs Service upon providing:

- (i) A valid United States passport; or
 - (ii) One or more other document(s) including a form of United States federal or state government-issued identification with photograph, acceptable to the Customs Service.
- (3) *Compliance.* If a carrier attempts to enter the United States without having complied with this section, the Customs Service will deny entry of the explosives and may take other appropriate action.

§ 1572.11 Transportation of explosives from Canada to the United States via railroad carrier.

- (a) *Applicability.* This section applies to railroad carriers that carry explosives from Canada to the United States using a train crew member who is not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien of the United States.
- (b) *Terms under this section.* For purposes of this section:
Customs Service means the United States Customs Service.
Explosive means a material that has been examined by the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration, in accordance with 49 CFR 173.56, and determined to meet the definition for a Class 1 material in 49 CFR 173.50.
Known railroad carrier means a person that has been determined by the Governments of Canada and the United States to be a legitimate business operating in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations governing the transportation of explosives.
Known offeror means an offeror that has been determined by the Governments of Canada and the United States to be a legitimate business operating in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations governing the transportation of explosives.
Known train crew member means an individual used to transport explosives

from Canada to the United States who has been determined by the Governments of Canada and the United States to present no known security concern.

Lawful permanent resident alien means a lawful permanent resident alien of the United States as defined by 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(2).

Offeror means the person offering a shipment to the railroad carrier for transportation from Canada to the United States, and may also be known as the “consignor” in Canada.

Railroad carrier means “railroad carrier” as defined in 49 U.S.C. 20102.

(c) *Prior approval of railroad carrier, offeror, and train crew member.* (1) No railroad carrier may transport in commerce any explosive into the United States from Canada via a train operated by a crew member who is not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien unless the railroad carrier, offeror, and train crew member are identified on a TSA list as a known railroad carrier, known offeror, and known train crew member, respectively.

(2) The railroad carrier must ensure that it, its offeror, and each of its crew members have been determined to be a known railroad carrier, known offeror, and known train crew member, respectively. If any has not been so determined, the railroad carrier must submit the following information to Transport Canada:

(i) The railroad carrier must provide its:

- (A) Official name;
- (B) Business number;
- (C) Any trade names; and
- (D) Address.

(ii) The following information about any offeror of explosives whose shipments it will carry:

- (A) Official name;
- (B) Business number; and
- (C) Address.

(iii) The following information about any train crew member the railroad carrier may use to transport explosives into the United States from Canada who is neither a United States citizen nor lawful permanent resident alien:

- (A) Full name; and
- (B) Both current and most recent prior residential addresses.

(3) Transport Canada will determine that the railroad carrier and offeror are legitimately doing business in Canada and will also determine that the train crew members present no known problems for purposes of this section. Transport Canada will notify TSA of these determinations by forwarding to TSA lists of known railroad carriers, offerors, and train crew members and their identifying information.

(4) TSA will update and maintain the list of known railroad carriers, offerors, and train crew members and forward the list to the Customs Service.

(5) Once included on the list, the railroad carriers, offerors, and train crew members need not obtain prior approval for future transport of explosives under this section.

(d) *TSA checks.* TSA may periodically check the data on the railroad carriers, offerors, and train crew members to confirm their continued eligibility and may remove from the list any that TSA determines is not known or is a threat to security.

(e) *At the border*—(1) *Train crew members who are not United States citizens or lawful permanent resident aliens.* Upon arrival at a point designated by the Customs Service for inspection of trains crossing into the United States, the train crew members of a train transporting explosives must provide sufficient identification to the Customs Service to enable that agency to determine if each crew member is on the list of known train crew members maintained by TSA.

(2) *Train crew members who are United States citizens or lawful permanent resident aliens.* If the Customs Service cannot verify that the crew member is on the list and the crew member is a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident alien, the crew member may be cleared by the Customs Service upon providing:

- (i) A valid United States passport; or
- (ii) One or more other document(s) including a form of United States federal or state government-issued identification with photograph, acceptable to the Customs Service.

(3) *Compliance.* If a carrier attempts to enter the United States without having complied with this section, the

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Customs Service will deny entry of the explosives and may take other appropriate action.

Subpart B—Standards, Appeals, and Waivers for Security Threat Assessments

SOURCE: 68 FR 23871, May 5 2003, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1572.101 Scope and definitions.

(a) This subpart applies to individuals who hold or are applying for a hazardous material endorsement for a CDL.

(b) For purposes of this subpart, the following terms have the following definitions.

Associate Administrator/Chief Operating Officer means the Associate Administrator who is also the Chief Operating Officer of TSA, or his or her designee.

Authorization means any credential or endorsement for which TSA conducts a security threat assessment under this part, including a hazardous materials endorsement for a CDL.

Date of service means—

(1) The date of personal delivery in the case of personal service;

(2) The mailing date shown on the certificate of service;

(3) The date shown on the postmark if there is no certificate of service;

(4) Another mailing date shown by other evidence if there is no certificate of service or postmark; or

(5) The date in an e-mail showing when it was sent.

Day means calendar day.

§ 1572.103 Disqualifying criminal offenses.

(a) An individual has a disqualifying criminal offense if the individual:

(1) Was convicted, or found not guilty by reason of insanity, of any of the disqualifying crimes listed in paragraph (b) of this section in any jurisdiction, civilian or military, during the 7 years before the date of the individual's application for the authorization, except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section;

(2) Was released from incarceration for committing any of the disqualifying crimes listed in paragraph (b) of this section in any jurisdiction, civil-

ian or military, during the 5 years before the date of the individual's application for the authorization, except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section; or

(3) Is wanted or under indictment in any jurisdiction, civilian or military, for any of the disqualifying crimes listed in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) The disqualifying crimes are felonies involving:

(1) Any crime listed in 18 U.S.C. Chapter 113B—Terrorism.

(2) Murder.

(3) Assault with intent to murder.

(4) Espionage.

(5) Sedition.

(6) Kidnapping or hostage taking.

(7) Treason.

(8) Rape or aggravated sexual abuse.

(9) Unlawful possession, use, sale, distribution, or manufacture of an explosive, explosive device, firearm, or other weapon.

(10) Extortion.

(11) Robbery.

(12) Arson.

(13) Distribution of, intent to distribute, possession, or importation of a controlled substance.

(14) Dishonesty, fraud, or misrepresentation, including identity fraud.

(15) A crime involving a severe transportation security incident.

(16) Improper transportation of a hazardous material.

(17) Bribery.

(18) Smuggling.

(19) Immigration violations.

(20) Violations of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act; 18 U.S.C. 1961, *et seq.*

(21) Conspiracy or attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in paragraph (b) of this section.

(c) *Determination of arrest status.* (1) When a criminal history records check on an individual discloses an arrest for any disqualifying crime listed in paragraph (b) of this section without indicating a disposition, TSA will notify the individual.

(2) The individual must provide TSA with written proof that the arrest did not result in a disqualifying criminal offense within 30 days after the service date of the notification in paragraph (c)(1) of this section. If TSA does not receive proof in that time, TSA may

issue an Initial Notification of Threat Assessment in accordance with § 1572.141.

(d) The time periods specified in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section do not apply to:

(1) The crimes listed in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(4), (b)(5), (b)(7), (b)(12), (b)(15), and (b)(16) of this section;

(2) The crime in paragraph (b)(9) of this section involving an explosive; and

(3) Conspiracy or attempt to commit the crimes listed in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section.

§ 1572.105 Citizenship status.

(a) An individual applying for an authorization under this part must be either—

(1) A citizen of the United States who has not renounced his or her United States' citizenship; or

(2) A lawful permanent resident of the United States.

(b) To determine an individual's citizenship status, TSA checks relevant Federal databases, and may perform other checks, including verifying the validity of the individual's social security number or alien registration number.

§ 1572.107 Other analyses.

(a) TSA checks the following databases and conducts a security threat analysis before determining that an individual does not pose a security threat warranting denial of an authorization under this part:

(1) Interpol and other international databases;

(2) TSA watchlists; and

(3) Any other databases relevant to determining whether an individual poses a security threat or that confirm an individual's identity.

(b) An individual poses a security threat under this section when TSA determines or suspects him—or her of being a threat—

(1) To national security;

(2) To transportation security; or

(3) Of terrorism.

§ 1572.109 Mental defects.

(a) An individual has a mental defect if he or she has been—

(1) Adjudicated as a mental defective; or

(2) Committed to a mental institution.

(b) An individual is adjudicated as a mental defective if—

(1) A court, board, commission, or other lawful authority has determined that the individual, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, incompetency, condition, or disease, is a danger to him or herself or others, or lacks the mental capacity to contract or manage his or her own affairs.

(2) This includes a finding of insanity by a court in a criminal case; and a finding of incompetency to stand trial or a finding of not guilty by reason of lack of mental responsibility by any court, or pursuant to articles 50a and 76b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 850a and 876b).

(c) An individual is committed to a mental institution if—

(1) He or she is formally committed to a mental institution by a court, board, commission, or other lawful authority, including involuntary commitment and commitment for mental defectiveness, mental illness, and drug use.

(2) This does not include a commitment to a mental institution for observation or voluntary admission to a mental institution.

§ 1572.111–1572.139 [Reserved]

§ 1572.141 Notification of threat assessment and appeal.

(a) *Scope.* This section applies to individuals who receive an Initial Notification of Threat Assessment stating that they do not meet the standards for a security threat assessment and who wish to appeal the notification.

(b) *Initial Notification of Threat Assessment.* (1) If TSA determines that an individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization, TSA serves upon the individual an Initial Notification of Threat Assessment.

(2) The Initial Notification includes—

(i) A statement that TSA has determined that the individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization;

(ii) The basis for the determination; and

(iii) Information about the correction of records and appeals processes.

(c) *Grounds for Appeal.* (1) An individual may appeal an Initial Notification only if the individual is asserting that he or she meets the standards of the authorization for which he or she is applying.

(2) If the Initial Notification was based on a conviction for a disqualifying crime listed in § 1572.103, the individual may present evidence that the underlying criminal record is incorrect, or that the conviction was pardoned, expunged, or overturned on appeal. An executive pardon, expungement, or overturned conviction may nullify a disqualifying conviction if the pardon, expungement, or overturned conviction does not impose any restrictions on the individual. A correction of the record(s) may nullify the disqualifying conviction.

(d) *Appeal.* An individual may initiate an appeal of an Initial Notification by submitting a written request for materials or a written reply to TSA. If the individual does not initiate an appeal within the time periods specified in this paragraph, TSA serves a Final Notification of Threat Assessment under paragraph (e) of this section.

(1) *Request for materials.* Not later than 15 days after the date of service of the Initial Notification, the individual may serve upon TSA a written request for copies of the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based.

(2) *TSA response.* Not later than 30 days after receiving the individual's request for materials, TSA serves copies upon the individual of the releasable materials upon which the Initial Notification was based. TSA will not include any classified information or other protected information described in paragraph (f) of this section.

(3) *Correction of records.* If the Initial Notification of Threat Assessment was based on an FBI criminal history record that the individual believes is erroneous, the individual may correct the record, as follows:

(i) The individual may contact the local jurisdiction responsible for the information and the FBI or other agency to complete or correct the information contained in his or her record.

(ii) The individual seeking to correct his or her record must provide TSA

with the revised FBI criminal history record, or a certified true copy of the information from the appropriate court, before TSA may determine that the individual meets the standards for the security threat assessment.

(4) *Reply.* (i) The individual may serve upon TSA a written reply to the Initial Notification not later than 15 days after the date of service of the Initial Notification, or 15 days after the date of service of TSA's response to the individual's request for materials under paragraph (d)(2) of this section, if the individual served such a request.

(ii) In an individual's reply, TSA will consider only material that is relevant to whether the individual meets the standards for the security threat assessment in § 1572.5(d).

(5) *Final determination.* Not later than 30 days after TSA receives the individual's reply, TSA serves a Final Notification of Threat Assessment or a Withdrawal of the Initial Notification in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.

(e) *Final Notification of Threat Assessment.* (1) *Review.* The Associate Administrator/Chief Operating Officer reviews the Initial Notification, the materials upon which the Initial Notification was based, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to the agency before making a final decision.

(2) *Issuance.* If the Associate Administrator/Chief Operating Officer determines that the individual poses a security threat, the Associate Administrator/Chief Operating Officer serves upon the individual, and, in the case of a security threat assessment under § 1572.5, the State in which the individual applied for the authorization, a Final Notification of Threat Assessment.

(i) The Final Notification to the individual includes a statement that the Associate Administrator/Chief Operating Officer has reviewed the Initial Notification, the individual's reply, if any, and any other materials or information available to him or her, and has determined that the individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization.

(ii) The Final Notification to the State contains a statement that TSA

has determined that the individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization.

(3) *Withdrawal of Initial Notification.* If the Associate Administrator/Chief Operating Officer does not conclude that the individual poses a security threat warranting denial of the authorization, TSA serves upon the individual a Withdrawal of the Initial Notification. In the case of a security threat assessment under §1572.5 of this part, TSA will also serve a Notification of No Security Threat to the State in which the individual applied for the authorization.

(f) *Nondisclosure of certain information.* In connection with the procedures under this section, TSA does not disclose to the individual classified information, as defined in section 1.1(d) of Executive Order 12968, and reserves the right not to disclose any other information or material not warranting disclosure or protected from disclosure under law.

(g) *Extension of time.* TSA may grant an individual an extension of time of the limits set forth in this section for good cause shown. An individual's request for an extension of time must be in writing and be received by TSA at least 2 days before the due date to be extended. TSA may grant itself an extension of time for good cause.

(h) *Judicial review.* For purposes of judicial review, the Final Notification of Threat Assessment constitutes a final TSA order in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46110.

(i) *Appeal of immediate revocation.* (1) If TSA directs a State to revoke the hazardous materials endorsement immediately pursuant to §1572.5(d)(4), the individual may—

(i) Within 10 days of revocation, submit a written request to TSA to appeal the decision on which the revocation was based.

(ii) The written request must include the basis on which the appeal should be granted, including a correction of records, and all supporting documentation.

(2) Within 10 days of receipt of the written request, TSA will serve on the individual and the State in which the individual applied for a hazardous materials endorsement, its final decision

and a statement explaining the basis for the decision.

§1572.143 Waivers.

(a) *Scope.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2), this section applies to individuals who do not meet the standards for a security threat assessment and who are requesting a waiver from those standards.

(2) Individuals who do not meet the standards for a security threat assessment under §1572.105 or §1572.107 are not eligible for a waiver.

(b) *Waivers.* (1) An individual who does not meet the standards for a security threat assessment in this part may send a written request to TSA for a waiver at any time but not later than 15 days from the date of service of the Final Notification of Threat Assessment.

(2) In determining whether to grant a waiver, TSA will consider the following factors, if the disqualification was based on a disqualifying criminal offense:

(i) The circumstances of any disqualifying act or offense;

(ii) Restitution made by the individual;

(iii) Any Federal or State mitigation remedies; and

(iv) Other factors that indicate the individual does not pose a security threat warranting denial of the authorization for which he or she is applying.

(c) *Grant or denial of waivers.* TSA will send a written decision to grant or deny a waiver under this section to the individual and, if applicable, the State in which the individual applied for the authorization, within 30 days of the service date of the individual's application for a waiver, or such longer period as TSA may determine for good cause.

(d) *Extension of time.* TSA may grant an individual an extension of time of the limits set forth in this section for good cause shown. An individual's request for an extension of time must be in writing and be received by TSA at least 2 days before the due date to be extended. TSA may grant itself an extension of time for good cause.

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A list of CFR titles, subtitles, chapters, subchapters and parts and an alphabetical list of agencies publishing in the CFR are included in the subject index volume to the Code of Federal Regulations which is published separately and revised annually.

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Material Approved for Incorporation by Reference

(Revised as of October 1, 2003)

The Director of the Federal Register has approved under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51 the incorporation by reference of the following publications. This list contains only those incorporations by reference effective as of the revision date of this volume. Incorporations by reference found within a regulation are effective upon the effective date of that regulation. For more information on incorporation by reference, see the preliminary pages of this volume.

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TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

49 CFR

All materials are available from the Department of Transportation (DOT) Docket, 400 Seventh St. SW., Room Plaza 401, Washington, DC 20590

American Society for Testing and Materials

100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428-2959

ASTM F 792-88 (Reapproved 1993) Standard Practice for Design and Use of Ionizing Radiation Equipment for the Detection of Items Prohibited in Controlled Access Areas. 1544.211; 1546.209

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