Department of Defense

clauses on subjects not covered by the master agreement, but applicable to the job order to be awarded.

(2) Use the clause at 252.217–7016, Plant Protection, in job orders where performance is to occur at the contractor's facility.

Subpart 217.72—Bakery and Dairy Products

217.7200 Scope.

This subpart provides special policies and requirements for acquisition of perishable bakery and dairy products.

217.7201 Contract requirements for dairy products.

- (a) Include the following chemical and microbiological requirements in solicitations and resulting contracts for milk, milk products, and cultured products (as defined in the Veterinary/Medical Wholesomeness Assurance Program for Fresh and Cultured Dairy Products and Frozen Desserts (AR-40-70/NAVSUPINST 4355.6/AFR 161-46/MCO 10110.44)):
- (1) Chemical requirements. Products shall meet the chemical requirements for each specification cited in the contract on the date of award.
- (2) Microbiological requirements. Products shall meet microbiological requirements stated in Public Health Service Publication 229, Grade A Pasteurized Milk Ordnance, in effect on the date of award. In the event of conflict between these requirements and individual product specifications, the requirements of Public Health Service Publication 229 take precedence.
- (b) When the contractor is required to furnish its own cabinets for dispensing milk from bulk containers—
- (1) Include the following information in the solicitation—
- (i) The number (or estimated number) of dispenser cabinets required;
- (ii) Whether metal stands for the cabinets are required:
- (iii) The number of cabinets required with a capacity of two containers each; and
- (iv) The number required with a capacity of three containers each.
- (2) Include the contractor's list of cabinet equipment in the schedule of the contract.

(c) The contracting officer shall notify the Government quality assurance representative of code changes approved under the clause at 252.217–7022, Code Dating.

217.7202 Contract type.

Normally use requirements contracts for bakery and dairy products. Other indefinite delivery contracts and other contract types may be used as appropriate.

217.7203 Contract clauses.

- (a) Use the following additional clauses in solicitations and contracts for perishable bakery and dairy products—
- (1) 252.217-7017, Time of Delivery. Use Alternate I when the contract is other than a requirements contract. Insert the number of hours in paragraph (c) of Alternate I.
- (2) 252.217–7018, Change in Plant Location.
- (3) 252.217-7019, Sanitary Conditions. Use Alternate I when the contract is other than a requirements contract.
- (4) 252.217-7022, Code Dating. Use this clause only when the schedule or a specification requires labels showing the date of pasteurization, manufacture, production, or processing.
- (5) 252.217-7023, Marking. Do not use this clause when MIL-STD-129, Marking for Shipment and Storage, is required.
- (6) 252.217-7024, Responsibility for Containers and Equipment. Use when contractor is required to provide reusable containers and equipment.
- (b) Use the following additional clauses in solicitations and contracts for perishable dairy products—
- (1) 252.217-7020, Examination and Testing. Use Alternate I when the contract is an indefinite quantity contract.
- (2) 252.217-7021, Deficiency Adjustment.
- (3) 252.217–7025, Containers and Equipment.

Subpart 217.73—Identification of Sources of Supply

217.7300 Scope.

This subpart implements 10 U.S.C. 2384. It contains policy and procedures

217.7301

for requiring contractors to identify the actual manufacturer of supplies furnished to DoD.

217.7301 Policy.

Contractors shall identify their sources of supply in contracts for supplies. Contractor identification of sources of supply enables solicitation, in subsequent acquisitions, of actual manufacturers or other suppliers of items. This enhances competition and potentially avoids payment of additional costs for no significant added value.

217.7302 Procedures.

- (a) Whenever practicable, include a requirement for contractor identification of sources of supply in all contracts for the delivery of supplies. The identification shall include—
- (1) The item's actual manufacturer or producer, or all the contractor's sources for the item;
- (2) The item's national stock number (if there is one):
- (3) The item identification number used by—
- (i) The actual manufacturer or producer of the item; or
- (ii) Each of the contractor's sources for the item; and
- (4) The source of any technical data delivered under the contract.
- (b) The requirement in paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to contracts that are—
 - (1) For commercial items; or
- (2) Valued at or below the simplified acquisition threshold.

[56 FR 36345, July 31, 1991, as amended at 64 FR 2597, Jan. 15, 1999]

217.7303 Solicitation provision.

- (a) Use the provision at 252.217-7026, Identification of Sources of Supply, or one substantially the same, in all solicitations for supplies when the acquisition is being conducted under other than full and open competition, except when—
 - (1) Using FAR 6.302-5;
- (2) The contracting officer already has the information required by the provision (e.g., the information was obtained under other acquisitions);
- (3) The contract is for subsistence, clothing or textiles, fuels, or supplies

purchased and used outside the United States;

- (4) The contracting officer determines that it would not be practicable to require offerors/contractors to provide the information, e.g., nonrepetitive local purchases; or
- (5) The contracting officer determines that the exception at 217.7302(b) applies to all items under the solicitation.
- (b) If appropriate, use the provision at 252.217-7026, Identification of Sources of Supply, or one substantially the same, in service contracts requiring the delivery of supplies.

Subpart 217.74—Undefinitized Contract Actions

217.7400 Scope.

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures implementing 10 U.S.C. 2326.

217.7401 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

- (a) Contract action means an action which results in a contract.
- (1) It includes contract modifications for additional supplies or services.
- (2) It does not include change orders, administrative changes, funding modifications, or any other contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, e.g., engineering change proposals, value engineering change proposals, and over and above work requests as described in subpart 217.77.
- (b) Definitization means the agreement on, or determination of, contract terms, specifications, and price, which converts the undefinitized contract action to a definitive contract.
- (c) Qualifying proposal means a proposal containing sufficient information for the DoD to do complete and meaningful analyses and audits of the—
 - (1) Information in the proposal; and
- (2) Any other information that the contracting officer has determined DoD needs to review in connection with the contract.
- (d) Undefinitized contract action means any contract action for which the contract terms, specifications, or price are not agreed upon before performance is begun under the action. Examples are