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(b) The Secretary does not require an institution to reimburse its Fund for the portion of the outstanding balance of a defaulted loan described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section—

(i) That the institution—

(ii) Demonstrates, to the Secretary’s satisfaction, would not have been collected from the borrower even if the institution complied in a timely manner with the due diligence requirements of subpart C of this part; or

(ii) On which the institution obtains a judgment.

(c) An institution that is required to reimburse its Fund under paragraph (a) of this section shall also reimburse the Fund for the amount of the administrative cost allowance claimed by the institution for that portion of the loans to be reimbursed.

d) An institution that reimburses its Fund under paragraph (a) of this section thereby acquires for its own account all the right, title and interest of the Fund in the loan for which reimbursement has been made.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–0019)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087dd–1087hh)

§§ 674.14–674.15 [Reserved]

§ 674.16 Making and disbursing loans.

(a)(1) Before an institution makes its first disbursement to a student, the student shall sign the promissory note and the institution shall provide the student with the following information:

(i) The name of the institution and the address to which communications and payments should be sent.

(ii) The principal amount of the loan and a statement that the institution will report the amount of the loan to a national credit bureau at least annually.

(iii) The stated interest rate on the loan.

(iv) The yearly and cumulative maximum amounts that may be borrowed.

(v) An explanation of when repayment of the loan will begin and when the borrower will be obligated to pay interest that accrues on the loan.

(vi) The minimum and maximum repayment terms which the institution may impose and the minimum monthly repayment required.

(vii) A statement of the total cumulative balance owed by the student to that institution, and an estimate of the monthly payment amount needed to repay that balance.

(viii) Special options the borrowers may have for loan consolidation or other refinancing of the loan.

(ix) The borrower’s right to prepay all or part of the loan, at any time, without penalty, and a summary of the circumstances in which repayment of the loan or interest that accrues on the loan may be deferred or canceled including a brief notice of the Department of Defense program for repayment of loans on the basis of specified military service.

(x) A definition of default and the consequences to the borrower, including a statement that the institution may report the default to a national credit bureau.

(xi) The effect of accepting the loan on the eligibility of the borrower for other forms of student assistance.

(xii) The amount of any charges collected by the institution at or prior to the disbursement of the loan and any deduction of such charges from the proceeds of the loan or paid separately by the borrower.

(xiii) Any cost that may be assessed on the borrower in the collection of the loan including late charges and collection and litigation costs.

(2) The institution shall provide the information in paragraph (a)(1) of this section to the borrower in writing—

(i) As part of the written application material;

(ii) As part of the promissory note; or

(iii) On a separate written form.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (f) of this section, an institution shall advance in each payment period a portion of a loan awarded for a full academic year;

(2) The institution shall determine the amount advanced each payment period by the following fraction:
§ 674.17 Federal interest in allocated funds—transfer of Fund.

(a) If an institution responsible for a Federal Perkins Loan fund closes or no longer wants to participate in the program, the Secretary directs the institution to take one or more of the following steps to protect the outstanding loans and the Federal interest in that Fund:

(1) A capital distribution of the liquid assets of the Fund according to section 466(c) of the Act.

(2) The transfer of the outstanding loans to another institution.

(3) The transfer of the outstanding loans to the Department of Education.

(b) An institution that transfers outstanding loans under this paragraph relinquishes its interest in those loans.

(c) If the Secretary directs the transfer of outstanding loans to a second institution, the transferee institution may deposit the collections on those loans in its own Fund. The Secretary considers that portion of the collections on transferred loans corresponding to the transferor institution’s ICC to become part of the transferee institution’s ICC.

(d) If the Secretary decides to transfer outstanding loans to another institution, and more than one institution offers to collect the outstanding loans, the Secretary directs that the loans be transferred to one or more of the competing institutions on the basis of—

(1) The offering institution’s demonstrated loan collection capability; and

(2) The number of students of the transferee institution expected to enroll in the offering institution.

(2) An institution must promptly report any changes to information previously reported on a loan to the same credit bureaus to which the information was previously reported.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087cc, 1087cc-1, 1087dd, 1091 and 1094)

§ 674.17 Federal interest in allocated funds.

(2) An institution must promptly report any changes to information previously reported on a loan to the same credit bureaus to which the information was previously reported.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087cc, 1087cc-1, 1087dd, 1091 and 1094)