

APPENDIX A TO PART 24—YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE ENERGY REORGANIZATION ACT

YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE ERA

THE ENERGY REORGANIZATION ACT (ERA), MAKES IT ILLEGAL FOR AN EMPLOYER COVERED BY THE ACT -- INCLUDING A LICENSEE OF THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION (NRC) OR AN AGREEMENT STATE, AN APPLICANT FOR A LICENSE, A CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR OF A LICENSEE OR APPLICANT AND A CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE) UNDER THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT (AEA) -- TO DISCHARGE OR OTHERWISE DISCRIMINATE AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE IN TERMS OF COMPENSATION, CONDITIONS OR PRIVILEGES OF EMPLOYMENT BECAUSE THE EMPLOYEE OR ANY PERSON ACTING AT AN EMPLOYEE'S REQUEST PERFORMS A PROTECTED ACTIVITY.

RIGHT TO RAISE A SAFETY CONCERN: YOU ARE ENGAGED IN PROTECTED ACTIVITY WHEN YOU:

- (1) NOTIFY YOUR EMPLOYER OF AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE ERA OR THE AEA;
- (2) REFUSE TO ENGAGE IN ANY PRACTICE MADE UNLAWFUL BY THE ERA OR THE AEA, IF YOU HAVE IDENTIFIED THE ALLEGED ILLEGALITY TO THE EMPLOYER;
- (3) TESTIFY BEFORE CONGRESS OR AT ANY FEDERAL OR STATE PROCEEDING REGARDING ANY PROVISION OR PROPOSED PROVISION OF THE ERA OR THE AEA;
- (4) COMMENCE OR CAUSE TO BE COMMENCED A PROCEEDING UNDER THE ERA, OR A PROCEEDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY REQUIREMENT IMPOSED UNDER THE ERA;
- (5) TESTIFY OR ARE ABOUT TO TESTIFY IN ANY SUCH PROCEEDING; OR
- (6) ASSIST OR PARTICIPATE IN SUCH A PROCEEDING OR IN ANY OTHER ACTION TO CARRY OUT THE PURPOSES OF THE ERA OR THE AEA.

UNLAWFUL ACTS BY EMPLOYERS: IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR AN EMPLOYER TO INTIMIDATE, THREATEN, RESTRAIN, COERCE, BLACKLIST, DISCHARGE OR IN ANY OTHER MANNER DISCRIMINATE AGAINST ANY EMPLOYEE BECAUSE THE EMPLOYEE HAS ENGAGED IN PROTECTED ACTIVITY.

COMPLAINT: AN EMPLOYEE OR EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE MAY FILE A COMPLAINT CHARGING DISCRIMINATION IN VIOLATION OF THE ERA WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE DISCRIMINATORY ACTION. A COMPLAINT MUST BE IN WRITING AND SHOULD INCLUDE A FULL STATEMENT OF FACTS, INCLUDING THE PROTECTED ACTIVITY ENGAGED IN BY THE EMPLOYEE, KNOWLEDGE BY THE EMPLOYER OF THE PROTECTED ACTIVITY, AND THE BASIS FOR BELIEVING THAT THE ACTIVITY RESULTED IN DISCRIMINATION AGAINST THE EMPLOYEE BY THE EMPLOYER. A COMPLAINT MAY BE FILED IN PERSON OR BY MAIL AT THE NEAREST LOCAL OFFICE OF THE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA), U.S. GOVERNMENT, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, OR WITH THE OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY, OSHA, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20210.

ENFORCEMENT: OSHA WILL REVIEW THE COMPLAINT TO ENSURE THAT IT MAKES AN INITIAL SHOWING OF DISCRIMINATION. IF NOT, OR IF THE EMPLOYER PROVIDES CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT THERE WAS NO DISCRIMINATION, THERE WILL BE NO INVESTIGATION. IF THE REQUIRED SHOWING IS MADE, OSHA WILL NOTIFY THE EMPLOYER AND CONDUCT AN INVESTIGATION TO DETERMINE WHETHER A VIOLATION HAS OCCURRED. EITHER THE EMPLOYEE OR THE EMPLOYER MAY REQUEST A HEARING BEFORE AN ALJ.

RELIEF: IF DISCRIMINATION IS FOUND, THE EMPLOYER WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE APPROPRIATE RELIEF, INCLUDING REINSTATEMENT (EVEN FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN THE ALJ DECISION AND APPEAL), BACK WAGES OR COMPENSATION FOR INJURY SUFFERED FROM THE DISCRIMINATION, AND ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS.

CAUTION: THE PRECEDING PROTECTIONS AND REMEDIES ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO EMPLOYEES WHO ENGAGE IN DELIBERATE VIOLATIONS OF THE ERA OR THE AEA.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: CONTACT THE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, U.S. GOVERNMENT, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (LISTED IN TELEPHONE DIRECTORIES), OR SEE THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S WEB SITE AT: WWW.OSHA.GOV

EMPLOYERS ARE REQUIRED TO DISPLAY THIS POSTER WHERE EMPLOYEES CAN READILY SEE IT.

PART 25—RULES FOR THE NOMINATION OF ARBITRATORS UNDER SECTION 11 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER 10988

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Office of the Secretary of Labor

§ 25.3

AUTHORITY: Sec. 11, E.O. 10988, 3 CFR 1959-1963 Comp. p. 521.

SOURCE: 25 FR 9441, Sept. 13, 1966, unless otherwise noted.

§ 25.1 Purpose and scope.

These procedures govern the nomination of arbitrators by the Secretary to perform the advisory functions specified under section 11 of Executive Order 10988. Any arbitrators so nominated will be available for either or both of the following purposes:

(a) To investigate the facts and issue an advisory decision with respect to the appropriateness of a unit of Federal employees for the purpose of exclusive recognition and as to related issues submitted for consideration; or

(b) To determine and advise whether an employee organization represents a majority of employees in an appropriate unit by conducting or supervising an election (wherein a majority of those voting, provided there is a representative vote, cast their ballots for or against representation), or by other appropriate means. A request for a nomination will be considered as contemplating the performance of functions within the above categories if it specifies as a purpose obtaining an advisory decision on one or more questions involved in a unit determination or determination of majority status, such as an advisory decision on the eligibility of voters or the right to appear on the ballot, arising in connection with an election to be held, or on a question relating to matters affecting the results of an election which took place after the agreement to conduct the election had been entered into, provided such conduct materially affected the results of the election. Subject to compliance with these procedures, the Secretary will nominate an arbitrator whenever he is so requested by an agency or by an employee organization which is seeking recognition as the exclusive representative of Federal employees in a prima facie appropriate unit and which meets all the prerequisites for seeking such recognition.

§ 25.2 Definitions.

When used in these procedures:

(a) *Order* means Executive Order No. 10988;

(b) *Agency, employee organization, and employee* have the same meaning as in the Order;

(c) *Recognition* means recognition which is or may be accorded to an employee organization pursuant to the provisions of the Order;

(d) *Secretary* means the Secretary of Labor.

§ 25.3 Requests for nomination of arbitrators: Filing, disputes, parties, time.

(a) Requests for nominations should be filed only where there exists a dispute or problem which cannot more appropriately be resolved through regular agency procedures. Parties, therefore, are expected to eliminate from their requests matters not necessary to the resolution of such dispute or problem and to use their best efforts to secure agreement on as many issues as possible before making the request.

(b) Requests for nominations may be filed either by an agency, or by an employee organization as described in § 25.1, or jointly by an agency and one or more employee organizations. Joint requests are encouraged.

(c) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary will entertain on its merits a request by an employee organization for nomination of an arbitrator on a question of unit determination which is made within 30 days after receipt of an agency's final unit determination or 75 days after an appropriate request for exclusive recognition and no final unit determination has been received from the agency, provided the organization has observed any reasonable time limits established by the agency for the processing of such requests within the agency. The Secretary will entertain on its merits a request by an employee organization for nomination of an arbitrator on a question of majority representation which is made within 15 days after an agency's decision with respect to a determination of majority representation. Any request by an employee organization for the nomination of an arbitrator will be considered untimely if:

(1) A written request for exclusive recognition was not made prior to the grant of such recognition to another