

(2) Final appeal letters will be forwarded promptly by the National Range Commander to the BMD Program Manager with an indorsement setting forth in detail the facts and circumstances surrounding the action taken.

(d) *Renewals.* Entry authorizations having been granted and utilized may be extended or renewed upon request at the expiration of the period for which the entry was originally authorized or extended provided the justification for remaining in the area or for making a reentry meets the criteria set forth in this procedure. It shall be the responsibility of every applicant to depart Kwajalein Missile Range upon expiration of the time prescribed in the entry authorization, unless such authorization has been extended or renewed. Failure to comply herewith will be considered as evidence or violation of this procedure and may result in denial of future authorizations.

PART 527—PERSONAL CHECK CASHING CONTROL AND ABUSE PREVENTION

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APPENDIX A TO PART 527—REFERENCES

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5511-5512; 37 U.S.C. 1007; 18 U.S.C. 1382; Articles 123a, 133, and 134, Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ, Art 123a, 133, and 134).

SOURCE: 53 FR 19286, May 27, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Introduction

SECTION I—GENERAL

§527.1 Purpose and scope.

- (a) This regulation prescribes policies and procedures to—
 - (1) Control and prevent abuse of check-cashing privileges.

(2) Reduce losses to appropriated fund (AF) and nonappropriated fund (NAF) activities.

(b) Policies and procedures for cashing checks or redeeming dishonored checks at check-cashing facilities are not within the scope of this regulation. These are prescribed by the proponent agencies of the activities providing check-cashing services to patrons for their facilities in—

(1) AR 60-20/AFR 147-14 and Exchange Service Manual 55-21 for Army and Air Force Exchange Service (AAFES) facilities.

(2) AR 30-19 and the Commissary Operating Manual for commissary resale activities.

(3) AR 215-1 and AR 215-2 for U.S. Army Community and Family Support activities.

(4) AR 37-103 for finance and accounting offices.

(c) Policies and procedures for all suspensions of check-cashing privileges and appeal actions on such suspensions, regardless of where the dishonored check was returned on the installation, are governed by this regulation.

§ 527.2 References.

Required and related publications are listed in appendix A to this part.

§ 527.3 Explanation of abbreviations and terms.

Abbreviations and special terms used in this regulation are explained in the glossary.

§ 527.4 Department of the Army (DA) objective.

Prevention of abuse of check-cashing privileges includes all measures taken to reduce acts of abuse or misuse to the lowest possible level. Factors leading to this abuse stem mainly from lack of education and experience in managing personal finances. The DA objective is to ensure all soldiers acquire and maintain knowledge, skills, and motivation needed to practice responsible personal financial management.

SECTION II—RESPONSIBILITIES

§ 527.5 Director, Finance & Accounting, Assistant Secretary of the Army (Financial Management).

The Director, Finance & Accounting, Assistant Secretary of the Army (Financial Management) (OASA (FM)) establishes and administers the Department of the Army (DA) program to control and prevent abuse of check-cashing privileges on Army installations by Department of Defense (DOD) personnel. The Director, Finance & Accounting (OASA(FM)) will—

(a) Give technical assistance to major Army commands (MACOMs) and installations with regard to their dishonored check programs.

(b) Coordinate with Deputy Chief of Staff, Personnel (DCSPER)/USACFSC on aspects of the check-cashing abuse prevention program pertaining to morale and welfare.

(c) Maintain liaison with the Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans and the Commanding General, U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) on Personal Financial Readiness/Soldier Money Management (PFR/SMM) in DA service schools and training centers.

§ 527.6 Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel/U.S. Army Community and Family Support Center.

The Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel/U.S. Army Community and Family Support Center (DCSPER/USACFSC) will—

(a) Advise the Director, Finance & Accounting (OASA (FM)) on personnel aspects of the program affecting the morale and welfare of DA members.

(b) Establish, maintain, and administer PFR/SMM and counseling services for DA personnel and their family members within the Army Community Service (ACS) Center program.

(c) Coordinate with the Director, Finance & Accounting (OASA(FM)) on the PFR/SMM aspect of the ACS consumer education training and budget counseling.

(d) Include PFR/SMM in the curriculum of the Army Continuing Education

System and other DA schools administered by DSCPER that serve DA personnel and their family members.

§ 527.7 Heads of Headquarters, Department of the Army and field operating agencies.

Heads of Headquarters, Department of the Army (HQDA) and field operating agencies will—

- (a) Prescribe procedures and conditions for providing check-cashing service to patrons of their facilities.
- (b) Coordinate with the Director, Finance & Accounting (OASA(FM)) on policies and procedures to control and prevent dishonored checks. (See AR 310-3, para 1-9.)

§ 527.8 Commanders of major Army commands (MACOMs).

MACOM commanders will—

- (a) Support and monitor the Dishonored Check Control Program—
 - (1) At intermediate or subordinate commands.
 - (2) At installations reporting directly to their headquarters.
- (b) Give policy and procedural guidance to subordinate elements within their jurisdictions.
- (c) Monitor effectiveness of the command Dishonored Check Control Program.
- (d) Evaluate the Dishonored Check Control Program monthly.
- (e) Ensure all subordinate elements within their jurisdiction conduct ongoing PFR/SMM training and educational programs. (See Training Circular 21-7)
- (f) Establish a monitoring and evaluation system to ensure—
 - (1) Training programs are managed effectively.
 - (2) Training programs agree with DA goals, objectives, and guidelines.

§ 527.9 Commanding General, U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command.

The Commanding General, U.S. Army Training Doctrine Command (TRADOC) will—

- (a) Develop and maintain the course of instruction for the PFR/SMM training of all soldiers.
- (b) Ensure time is allotted in basic training, advanced individual training, or one station unit training for—
 - (1) Training of enlistees.

- (2) Repeat of the course for trainees not achieving the lesson standard.

(c) Ensure programs of instruction (POI) of the Army Finance School include courses that equip finance officers and noncommissioned officers to assist in providing PFR/SMM to soldiers and units in the field. (See Training Circular 21-7).

§ 527.10 Installation commanders.

Installation commanders (or equivalent) or designated representatives will—

- (a) Maintain, support, and monitor installation programs to control and prevent abuse of check-cashing privileges.
 - (b) Set up check control offices under the direct control of active duty commissioned or warrant officers, senior noncommissioned officers, or DA civilians GS-7 and above. Prior to the appointment of an installation check control officer (ICCO), the commander should review the provisions of §§ 527.13 and 527.31, and consider which major organizational element has staff supervision over—
 - (1) The majority of check-cashing facilities.
 - (2) The extension or withdrawal of installation privileges.
 - (3) The overstepping of identification (ID) cards.

(c) Ensure that if responsibility of ICCO is transferred from one organizational element to another, that resources are transferred also.

(d) Approve/disapprove appeals of suspended check-cashing privileges when checkwriter has committed four or more offenses.

(e) Appoint an individual or individuals serving at an installation staff directorate level to act on appeals of suspended check-cashing privileges when the checkwriter has committed 3 offenses.

(f) Appoint an individual or individuals serving at an installation staff division level to act on appeals of suspended check-cashing privileges when the checkwriter has committed 2 offenses.

(g) Ensure the priority of educational efforts is based on the needs of personnel under their command.

(h) Ensure the POI for suspended personnel will stress—

(1) Career consequences of abuse of check-cashing privileges.

(2) Referral to individual and family counseling sources, when required.

(i) During inprocessing at permanent change of station for the following:

(1) Soldiers (E1 through E5). Emphasis will be on—

(i) Basics of checkbook management.

(ii) Check to financial organization pay option.

(iii) Consequences of abuse of check-cashing privileges.

(iv) Counseling services.

(2) Leaders (E6 through E9 and officers). Education will stress—

(i) The command unique elements of the dishonored check problem.

(ii) Leaders' responsibilities for role setting, training troops, and applying discipline.

(3) DA civilians and Family members. Education and counseling will be offered on a voluntary basis in accordance with AR 608-1.

§ 527.11 Unit commanders.

Unit commanders will assist the post/installation commander in the control and prevention of check-cashing privilege abuse. Unit commanders will—

(a) Advise all newly arrived personnel during the initial interview of their responsibilities for the proper use of personal checking accounts and check-cashing privileges and ensuring that their family members are aware of the same. Also determine the capabilities of the soldier for maintaining their checking account.

(b) Deliver notices of dishonored check offenses and suspensions to unit members and counsel them within 2 days of written notification.

(c) Take actions to properly settle the personal debts of soldiers if soldiers under their command issue dishonored checks. Articles 15, 121, 123a, and 133 or 134 of the UCMJ may be applied as stated in AR 600-20, para 5-10.

(d) Approve/disapprove appeals of suspended check-cashing privileges if a soldier or family member has committed a first offense.

(e) Recommend approval or disapproval of appeal actions to the indi-

vidual appointed by the installation commander for 2 or more offenses.

(f) Determine whether the over-stamping of an ID card is necessary if this is the checkwriter's first or second offense. As a disciplinary and control action this is advised.

(g) Schedule soldiers for remedial training and encourage family members who have written dishonored checks to attend this training.

§ 527.12 Supervisors of civilians.

Where DOD civilians are authorized check-cashing privileges the supervisors of these civilians will—

(a) Deliver notices of dishonored check offenses and suspensions to employees and counsel them.

(b) Approve/disapprove appeals of suspended check-cashing privileges if the employee has committed a first offense.

(c) Recommend approval or disapproval of appeal actions to the individual appointed by the installation commander for 2 or more offenses.

(d) Schedule employees for remedial training when the checkwriter has committed an offense.

§ 527.13 Installation check control officer.

The ICCO is the primary contact for dishonored check matters. The ICCO will—

(a) Serve as liaison between commander and check-cashing facilities.

(b) Be authorized to suspend check-cashing privileges.

(c) Maintain and circulate a dishonored check list. (See § 527.32(c))

(d) Maintain a central file of dishonored checkwriters (See § 527.32(a))

(e) Establish a grace period of 10 calendar days. The grace period will be 10 calendar days from the date of the written dishonored check notification. The ICCO may allow additional time on a case by case basis (i.e. checkwriter is TDY or no leave away from the installation.). There will be a standard grace period for all check-cashing facilities.

(f) Establish an installation test on checkbook maintenance. Those attending remedial training will have to pass this test prior to being removed from the dishonored check list. The test

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may be open book. The test criteria should include:

(1) Posting samples of: checks written, deposits (direct deposits, interest, cash, and checks), check charges, printing fees, and bank card transactions.

(2) Maintaining the check register balance.

(3) Reconciling check register to bank statement.

(4) Scoring 70 or greater to pass.

(g) Evaluate the effectiveness of the installation Dishonored Check Control Program using the Monthly Dishonored Check Report (RCS: CSCOA-105). Distribute the report in accordance with § 527.40.

(h) Set up points of contact with all installation facilities providing financial management and consumer awareness training and counseling. Make unit commanders aware of these resources.

(i) Notify installation commander and military police or Army criminal investigation office of any pattern of check-cashing abuse suggesting fraud, forgery, or improper use of ID cards.

(j) Set up liaison with installation ID card issuing facility.

(k) Reinstate check-cashing privileges when an appeal has been approved in accordance with §§ 527.25 through 527.28 or when the suspension period is over. The checkwriter must have redeemed the dishonored check, paid the administrative/service charges, attended remedial training, and passed the installation test on checkbook maintenance.

(l) Maintain and conduct an effective installation PFR/SMM program, as required by subpart E. (See Training Circular 21-7).

(m) Maintain a counseling or counseling referral service to help personnel solve personal financial problems, develop budgets, formulate debt liquidation plans, get consumer protection, and buy on credit wisely. All installation resources will be used to develop this service; for example, ACS centers and on post financial institutions. Counseling services will be open to personnel and their families on a voluntary basis.

(n) Ensure DA issued articles are published in post media in coordination

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with the public affairs office. Publicize benefits of the counseling service, with emphasis on the preventive nature of the program.

§ 527.14 Finance officer.

The finance officer will assist the ICCO in the control and prevention of check-cashing privilege abuse. The finance officer will—

(a) Assist the unit commander in conducting training for personnel in checkbook maintenance by providing instructional material.

(b) Provide installation commander with management information concerning the level of dishonored checks using the Monthly Dishonored Check Report (Fig 4-1).

(c) Cash a soldier's personal check when the soldier is on the dishonored check list, is on SURE-PAY, has a non-local checking account, and the soldier has a written request from his/her commander to the finance officer requesting this service. If the check is returned due to insufficient funds, collection action will occur IAW DODPM and AR 37-103 for the amount of the check, plus any administrative or service charge.

(d) Establish procedures in Central Accounting Office for accounting for nonappropriated fund dishonored checks.

(e) Process DD Form 139 (Pay Adjustment Authorization) received from the check-cashing facility and return completed copy to the ICCO.

(f) Distribute amounts collected from soldier's or civilian's pay to the appropriate check-cashing facility.

(g) Analyze the RCS CSCOA-105 received from the ICCO.

(h) Inform the installation commander of dishonored check analysis.

§ 527.15 Personnel Administration Center.

The Personnel Administration Center (PAC) will assist unit commanders by completing some of the paperwork and other administrative details. Where PACs do not exist the unit commander will be responsible for completing these actions as well as those listed in § 527.11. The PAC will—

(a) Schedule soldiers and family members for remedial training when

the checkwriter has committed an offense.

(b) Notify the ICCO when timely notification of dishonored check or suspension cannot be made because the soldier is absent from duty due to TDY, hospitalization, etc.

(c) Verify ID card overstamping has occurred and notify ICCO in writing.

§ 527.16 Director of Personnel & Community Activities.

The Director of Personnel & Community Activities (DPCA) will—

(a) Overstamp ID cards when requested by the ICCO.

(b) Ensure the quality of PFR/SMM training taught at the installation.

§ 527.17 Heads of check-cashing facilities.

In addition to the requirements of their proponent agencies, heads of check-cashing facilities will—

(a) Coordinate with the ICCO on administrative matters relating to the Dishonored Check Control Program.

(b) Ensure all personnel under their supervision know the installation policies and procedures for cashing checks and review the ICCO dishonored checklist prior to approving checks for encashment.

(c) Prominently display the sign cited below at each check-cashing point:

NOTICE TO CHECK CASHERS: DISCLOSURE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (SSN) AND OTHER PERSONAL INFORMATION IS SOLICITED BY AUTHORITY OF SECTION 3012 AND 8012, TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE, AND IS MANDATORY IF YOU WISH TO CASH A CHECK.

ALL INFORMATION FURNISHED, INCLUDING SSN, WILL BE USED TO IDENTIFY WRITERS OF CHECKS RETURNED UNPAID.

(d) Require a consent statement authorizing immediate collection from pay for a dishonored check be placed on each check and signed by the individual. The consent statement to use is: "If this check is returned as dishonored, I consent to immediate collection from my pay for the amount of the dishonored check plus any related service or administrative charges." A prominently displayed consent sign at check cashing points may be used in lieu of the statement placed on each check.

(e) Obtain a stamp for recording additional information on the back of all personal checks if the information is not on the face of the check. This information is: name, rank, SSN, duty station, home address, home/duty phone number, and branch of service.

(f) Notify checkwriters in writing through their unit commander or first line supervisor for civilian employees of a dishonored check that has been returned by the financial institution.

§ 527.18 Persons with check-cashing privileges.

All persons with check-cashing privileges will—

(a) Fill out check properly and legibly. Include all information to be recorded on the back. Checks should be completed in black or blue/black ink, not water soluble. A pencil or any other type of writing instrument that can be erased, changed, or modified should not be used.

(b) Maintain sufficient funds in their checking account to cover the full amount of the checks.

(c) Notify the ICCO, unit commander, military police, and bank upon discovery of any lost/stolen personal checks.

(d) Provide check-cashing facilities with required information when attempting to cash a check.

(e) Have their ID card overstamped when directed to do so.

(f) Take full responsibility for any check cashed on their checking account including those cashed by family members.

(g) Redeem all checks written against their checking account which have been returned for insufficient funds.

(h) Attend remedial training when directed to do so by the ICCO.

(i) Distribute copies of disclaimer notices to check-cashing facilities.

Subpart B—Controls

SECTION I—POLICY

§ 527.19 Authority.

(a) Policies in this regulation are based on statutory authority including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) Sections 5511-5512, title 5, United States Code.

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(2) Section 1007, title 37, United States Code.

(3) Section 1382, title 18, United States Code.

(4) Articles 123a, 133, 134, Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ, Art. 123a, 133, and 134).

(b) Debts to instrumentalities and agencies of the United States can be collected from military personnel by involuntary deductions from their pay when such action is authorized by law. (See Department of Defense Military Pay and Allowances Entitlements Manual (DODPM), part seven, chapter 7, and Department of Defense Retired Pay Manual (DODRPM).)

§ 527.20 General.

(a) DA policy is to give maximum service to persons entitled to use Army facilities. Installation activities extend check-cashing privileges for the convenience of their customers.

(b) The personal check is more than a simple promise to pay. By signing a check, the person makes a binding agreement to the receiver (in exchange for goods, services, or cash) that enough money to cover the check is in the person's account.

(c) The number of dishonored checks and the subsequent loss of funds to Army facilities call for firm measures to control and prevent dishonored checkwriting. Timely administrative action will be taken in all cases involving abuse or misuse of check-cashing privileges. Moral persuasion and command supervision will be used as primary measures to ensure dishonored checks are promptly redeemed and dishonored checkwriting ceases. Commanders will not tolerate or make excuses for dishonored checks issued by soldiers and their family members. Soldiers, their eligible family members, and other authorized patrons of Army facilities are expected to pay their just financial debts. Commanders will take immediate action to ensure prompt redemption of dishonored checks. They will counsel and take disciplinary action where appropriate to prevent abuse or fraud by soldiers under their command.

(d) Patrons who have abused check-cashing privileges will be given a

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chance to present evidence in their behalf. (See §§ 527.24 and 527.35.)

(e) Patrons may have their check-cashing privileges suspended indefinitely if they show a chronic attitude of personal and financial irresponsibility.

(f) If a person is found using an unstamped ID card during their suspension period and when they are required to have their card overstamped, the person's check-cashing privileges may be suspended indefinitely.

(g) Suspension procedures in this chapter do not preclude action under the UCMJ.

(h) All persons who abuse check-cashing privileges are subject to pertinent civil laws. Reported check-cashing abuses may be referred to civil law enforcement authorities or, if applicable under local U.S. procedures, to a U.S. magistrate. (See AR 190-29.)

§ 527.21 Two party checks.

When a two party check is returned "unpaid", the endorser may be subject to the dishonored check provision of this regulation only if the endorser fails to redeem the check within the grace period. If the original maker of the check is proven to have written a previous dishonored check, then an additional offense will be charged to the original maker and appropriate suspension imposed. If the endorser is currently under suspension, an additional offense will be charged and the suspension period will be increased. The endorser will be required to execute a consent statement to authorize collection from his/her pay if the two party check is returned for insufficient funds. The consent statement to be executed by the endorser is stated in § 527.17(d).

§ 527.22 Sponsor responsibility.

(a) Sponsors may be held liable for acts of family members when a family member uses their dependent ID card and their sponsor's SSN for check cashing. If a family member commits an offense under these conditions, the sponsor may then be placed on the dishonored checklist. The family member may be placed on the dishonored checklist in their own right if they used a civilian ID card with their own

SSN as identification and the check becomes dishonored.

(b) Sponsors who wish to disclaim responsibility for dishonored checks written by family members may do so by filing a letter of disclaimer with the ICCO. (See fig. 2-1 for a sample letter.) This letter announces a sponsor's voluntary withdrawal of responsibility for acts of family members. It will be updated annually. Absence of a disclaimer does not prove agency relationship between sponsor and family members.

(c) Some facilities may deny check-cashing privileges to family members of sponsors who have filed a letter of disclaimer. The sponsor will inform family members of this denial.

SECTION II—OFFENSES AND PENALTIES

§ 527.23 Offense and related offense.

(a) *Offense.* An offense has been committed when an individual does not redeem a dishonored check or redeems 3 or more checks within the grace period.

(b) *Related offense.* An individual may write several dishonored checks which are related. For example one error in the checkbook could cause several dishonored checks. All of these dishonored checks are considered related to each other and if not redeemed will be considered as a single offense. The individual must prove to the ICCO that the dishonored checks are related. If proof is not provided, each dishonored check will be considered an offense if not redeemed within the grace period. Related checks normally occur within a 10 day period.

§ 527.24 Bank or other excusable error.

If an individual can prove bank or other excusable error, dishonored checks resulting from these errors will not be considered offenses. The checkwriter's name will not be added to any list or central file.

§ 527.25 First offense.

(a) An individual who writes a check which later becomes dishonored and does not redeem it within the grace period has committed a first offense.

(b) An individual who writes 3 dishonored checks which are unrelated to

each other and redeems them all within the grace period has committed a first offense.

(c) The penalty for a first offense is required attendance at remedial training and suspension of check-cashing privileges for 6 months from date of suspension letter. The ID card may be overstamped.

(d) The individual may be removed from the dishonored checklist prior to the end of the suspension period if the check has been redeemed, all charges have been paid, remedial training has been completed, the individual has passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, and the unit commander (for soldiers and family members) or first line supervisor (for civilians) approves.

§ 527.26 Second offense.

(a) An individual who writes a second dishonored check, unrelated to the first dishonored check, and does not redeem it within the grace period has committed a second offense.

(b) An individual who writes 4 dishonored checks which are unrelated to each other and redeems them all within the grace period has committed a second offense.

(c) The penalty for a second offense is required attendance at remedial training and suspension of check-cashing privileges for 12 months from date of suspension letter if checkwriter is not currently on the dishonored checklist. If the checkwriter is currently on the dishonored checklist, the suspension period will be increased by 12 months. The ID card may be overstamped.

(d) The individual may be removed from the dishonored checklist prior to the end of the suspension period if the check has been redeemed, all charges have been paid, remedial training has been completed, the individual passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, and the individual appointed by the installation commander (§ 527.10(f)) so approves.

§ 527.27 Third offense.

(a) An individual who writes a third dishonored check, unrelated to the previous dishonored checks, and does not redeem it within the grace period has committed a third offense.

(b) An individual who writes 5 dishonored checks which are unrelated to each other and redeems them all within the grace period has committed a third offense.

(c) The penalty for a third offense is required attendance at remedial training, over stamping of the ID card, and suspension of check-cashing privileges for 18 months from date of suspension letter if the checkwriter is not currently on the dishonored checklist. If the checkwriter is currently on the dishonored checklist, the suspension period will be increased by 18 months.

(d) The individual may be removed from the dishonored checklist prior to the end of the suspension period if the check has been redeemed, all charges have been paid, remedial training has been completed, the individual passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, and the individual appointed by the installation commander (§ 527.10(c)) so approves.

§ 527.28 Fourth or greater offense.

(a) An individual who writes a fourth dishonored check, unrelated to the previous checks, and does not redeem it within the grace period has committed a fourth offense.

(b) An individual who writes 6 dishonored checks which are unrelated to each other and redeems them all within the grace period has committed a fourth offense.

(c) The penalty for a fourth offense is required attendance at remedial training, over stamping of the ID card, and suspension of check-cashing privileges indefinitely from the date of suspension letter.

(d) The individual may be removed from the dishonored checklist if the check has been redeemed, all charges have been paid, remedial training has been completed, the individual passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, and the installation commander (§ 527.10(d)) so approves.

Subpart C—Procedures

§ 527.29 Check-cashing facility.

In addition to the requirements of its proponent agency, the head of the facility to which a check is returned unpaid will do the following:

(a) Notify the checkwriter through the checkwriter's unit commander (for soldier or family member) or checkwriter's supervisor (for civilian) of the dishonored check. See figure 3-1 for a sample notification letter. A copy of the notification will be furnished to the ICCO. Sufficient copies will be sent to the commander or supervisor so a copy can be returned to the ICCO acknowledging receipt and indicating action to be taken. Notices will include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) Name of checkwriter (or endorser, if a two party check).

(2) Date and amount of check.

(3) SSN of checkwriter.

(4) Status (active duty, retired, Reserve, National Guard, family member, civilian employee, etc.) and service (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

(5) Name, grade, SSN, and duty station of sponsor, if applicable.

(6) Home address and telephone number.

(7) Clear instructions covering—

(i) Method of redemption.

(ii) Time allowed in which redemption must be made.

(iii) Administrative/service charges.

(iv) Appeal rights.

(b) Notify the ICCO as soon as—

(1) The check is redeemed. Provide date of redemption.

(2) Written evidence is furnished proving a bank or other error clearing the checkwriter of fault.

(3) The checkwriter fails to redeem the check within the grace period.

(4) The check is written off.

(c) Begin action for collection from pay when authorized, if all efforts at direct collection fail. (See AR 37-108, AR 37-104-3, and AR 37-104-10.)

§ 527.30 Unit commander.

On receipt of notice that a soldier or a soldier's family member of a commander's unit has written a dishonored check or has been placed on the dishonored checklist, the unit commander will (Some of these actions may be done by the PAC where PACs exist.)—

(a) Deliver the notice and counsel the checkwriter to comply with the requirements of the notice. See figure 3-2 for a sample counseling statement.

(b) Return copy of notification letter to the ICCO within 10 calendar days stating whether the dishonored check was redeemed within the grace period.

(c) Assist the checkwriter in determining the cause of the dishonored check. Make proper referral if budget counseling or financial assistance is needed.

(d) Assist the checkwriter in obtaining proof of bank or other excusable error clearing the checkwriter of fault.

(e) Schedule remedial checkbook maintenance training and ensure the checkwriter attends the training.

(f) Determine if checkwriter should have ID card overstamped if this is the first or second offense. If the decision is to overstamp the ID card, the unit commander will—

(1) Ensure the checkwriter receives notification and is counseled to comply with the instructions.

(2) Refer checkwriter to ID card issuing facility for reissuing of new ID card with overstamp.

(3) Ensure that the checkwriter received an overstamped ID card.

(4) Notify ICCO within 15 days from date of notification letter which notified the checkwriter of placement on dishonored checklist that ID card was overstamped.

(g) Work with the finance officer to cash checks for a soldier who is on the dishonored check list, is on SURE-PAY, and has a non-local bank account.

(h) Ensure checkwriter redeems the check and pays any administrative/service charge.

(i) Take administrative or disciplinary action, when proper. (See AR 600-31 and AR 600-37.)

(j) Approve/disapprove appeal actions on first offense if remedial training has been completed, the checkwriter passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, the check has been redeemed, and the administrative/service charges have been paid. If approval is given, send a letter to the ICCO stating that approval is granted to remove the soldier or family member from the dishonored checklist. Letter must indicate action taken on counseling and training, that the checkwriter passed the installation test on checkbook maintenance, that checks have been re-

deemed, and administrative/service charges have been paid.

(k) Forward appeal actions on second and greater offenses to the individual designated by the installation commander to handle such appeal actions if the conditions in paragraph (j) of this section.

(l) Maintain soldier on SURE-PAY if at all possible.

§ 527.31 Supervisor of civilians.

On receipt of notice that a civilian employee under his/her supervision has written a dishonored check or has been placed on the dishonored checklist, the first line supervisor will—

(a) Deliver the notice and counsel the checkwriter to comply with the requirements of the notice.

(b) Return a copy of the notification to ICCO within 10 calendar days of date of notice indicating receipt and proposed action to be taken.

(c) Schedule remedial checkbook maintenance training and ensure the checkwriter attends the training.

(d) Ensure checkwriter redeems check(s) and pays any administrative service charges.

(e) Approve/disapprove appeal actions on first offense if training has been completed, the checkwriter passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, the check has been redeemed, and the administrative/service charges have been paid. If approval is given, send a letter to ICCO stating that approval is granted to remove the checkwriter from the dishonored checklist. Letter must indicate action taken on counseling and training, that the checkwriter passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, that the check has been redeemed, and that administrative/service charges have been paid.

(f) Forward appeal actions of second or greater offenses to individual designated by the installation commander if the conditions in paragraph (e) above have been met.

§ 527.32 Installation check control officer.

(a) On receipt of notice from the check-cashing facility that a check was returned as dishonored, the ICCO

will update the central file on dishonored checkwriters. (See §527.13(d)). This file will contain, as a minimum, the following information:

- (1) Name and SSN.
- (2) Status (active duty, retired, Reserve, National Guard, family member, civilian employee, etc.) and Service (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).
- (3) Name, grade, and SSN of sponsor, if applicable.
- (4) Organization address and telephone number.
- (5) Home address and telephone number.
- (6) Amount of dishonored check.
- (7) Date check was returned as dishonored.
- (8) Date check was redeemed.
- (9) Effective date of suspension of check-cashing privileges.
- (10) Date check-cashing privileges are restored.

(b) The central file on dishonored checkwriters will be maintained on all personnel, including those who redeem the dishonored check within the grace period. The file will be used for reference to identify repeat offenders.

(c) The dishonored checklist will be updated at least monthly to accurately show the current status of suspensions. The list will include suspension expiration dates and will be circulated at least monthly to installation check-cashing and ID card issuing facilities. On post banks and credit unions may also receive a copy of the dishonored checklist. The list may not be circulated to any other institution on or off the installation.

(d) The ICCO may be provided terminal access to an electronic check verification system. The ICCO may use this system to verify check-cashing privileges of individual checkwriters at the request of installation check-cashing facilities.

(e) If the checkwriter commits a first offense (see §527.25), the ICCO will—

- (1) Add the checkwriter's name to the dishonored check list.
- (2) Suspend check-cashing privileges for 6 months.
- (3) Inform the commander (supervisor if checkwriter is a civilian) and checkwriter by letter that check-cashing privileges are suspended for 6 months

from the date of letter and that the checkwriter must attend remedial training. (See figure 3-3.) The check writing privileges will be restored when the suspension period is over or earlier if the checkwriter has met the conditions in §527.25(d) and the unit commander for soldiers and their family members or the first line supervisor for civilians decides to restore check-cashing privileges sooner.

(f) If the checkwriter commits a second offense (See §527.26), the ICCO will—

(1) Add the checkwriter's name to the dishonored checklist if currently not on the list.

(2) Suspend check-cashing privileges for 12 months or increase suspension by 12 months if checkwriter is currently under suspension.

(3) Inform the unit commander (supervisor if checkwriter is a civilian) and checkwriter by letter that check-cashing privileges are suspended for 12 months from date of letter or increased by 12 months and that the checkwriter must attend remedial training. (See figure 3-4.) The check cashing privileges may be restored when the suspension period is over or earlier if the checkwriter has met the conditions in §527.26(d) and the individual appointed by the installation commander to act on appeals of second offenses approves.

(g) If the checkwriter commits a third offense (see §527.27), the ICCO will—

(1) Add the checkwriter's name to the dishonored checklist if currently not on the list.

(2) Suspend check-cashing privileges for 18 months or increase suspension by 18 months if checkwriter is currently under suspension.

(3) Inform the commander (supervisor if checkwriter is a civilian) and checkwriter by letter that check-cashing privileges are suspended for 18 months from date of letter or increased by 18 months, that the checkwriter must attend remedial training, and that the ID card must be overstamped. (See figure 3-5.) The check-cashing privileges may be restored when the suspension period is over or earlier if the checkwriter has met the conditions in §527.27(d) and the

individual appointed by the installation commander to act on appeals of third offenses approves.

(h) If the checkwriter commits a fourth offense (see §527.28), the ICCO will—

(1) Add checkwriter's name to the dishonored checklist if currently not on the list.

(2) Suspend check-cashing privileges indefinitely.

(3) Inform the commander (supervisor if checkwriter is a civilian) and checkwriter by letter that check-cashing privileges have been suspended indefinitely, that the checkwriter must attend remedial training, and that the ID card must be overstamped. (See figure 3-6.) The installation commander may reinstate check-cashing privileges if the checkwriter has met the conditions in §527.28(d).

(i) If the checkwriter continues to write dishonored checks after the fourth offense, the ICCO will follow guidance in paragraph (h) of this section.

(j) The ICCO will remove an individual from the dishonored checklist at the end of the suspension period or at the request of the individual having appeal approval authority. The checkwriter must have redeemed the dishonored checks, paid the administrative/service charges, attended remedial training, and passed the installation checkbook maintenance test.

(k) If proof of bank error or other excusable error is given, the ICCO will—

(1) Clear checkwriter's name from central file of offenders.

(2) Cancel any suspension imposed because of this error.

(3) Inform checkwriter by letter of action taken.

§527.33 Identification card issuing facility.

(a) When informed by the ICCO or the unit commander that an authorized user of the installation check-cashing facilities is suspended for issuing a dishonored check and is required to have their ID card overstamped, the ID card issuing facility will take action under AR 640-3, paragraph 4-10, to overstamp the offender's ID card.

(b) When reissuing ID cards lost, stolen, etc., the dishonored checklist will

be examined to determine if the individual applying for a new or replacement card is on it. The individual's unit or civilian's supervisor should be contacted to determine whether the ID card should be overstamped.

§527.34 Personnel of other Services.

DA officials may not overstamp ID cards issued by other Services. DA officials may suspend check-cashing privileges of members of other Services, or their family members, by placing them on the dishonored checklist. Repeated abuse of check cashing privileges may result in barring from the installation persons not assigned thereto, except for needed medical services (See figs 3-7 and 3-8.) This barring may apply to family members and retirees of any Service.

§527.35 Appeals.

(a) Any person whose check-cashing privileges are suspended may submit a written appeal for removal of the suspension. Active duty soldiers or their family members will send the appeal to their unit commander. Civilian employees will send their appeals to their first line supervisor. The appeal will include the following:

(1) Date check-cashing privileges were suspended.

(2) Check-cashing facility where check was cashed.

(3) Date and where full payment, including administrative/service charges, was made.

(4) Date remedial training was completed.

(5) Grade received on installation checkbook maintenance test.

(6) Reasons privileges should be restored.

(b) ICCOs will not restore privileges if the checkwriter has not attended required training, has not passed the installation checkbook maintenance test, or has not paid in full all dishonored checks and administrative/service charges that did not result from bank or other excusable error.

(c) If appeal was approved, the ICCO will—

(1) Remove checkwriter's name from dishonored checklist.

(2) Inform checkwriter promptly of action taken.

§ 527.36 Disposal and transfer of records.

ICCOs will—

(a) Dispose of inactive files as required by AR 25-400-2 for file number 210-60a (Check-cashing Privileges).

(b) Ensure that the ICCO is added to the installation out-processing check-list.

(c) Send active dishonored check files directly to the ICCO of the gaining installation when offenders are reassigned before the end of their or their family member's suspension period.

(d) Place incoming individuals on check cashing suspensions, if their existing suspensions have not expired. These individuals will remain on suspension until the suspension expires or an appeal is approved.

Subpart D—Monthly Dishonored Check Report, RCS: CSCOA-105**§ 527.37 Purpose.**

The Monthly Dishonored Check Report, RCS: CSCOA-105, provides data needed for control and management purposes.

§ 527.38 Source of data.

Data for preparation of the report will be obtained from records kept at each installation.

§ 527.39 Preparation.

(a) The Monthly Dishonored Check Report will be prepared by the ICCO in the format at figure 4-1 for ICCOs with automated systems. For ICCOs with manual systems, the report need only contain the total number of dishonored checks and total dollar value. Figure 4-1 is preferred. Negative reports are required. Items, such as corrective actions taken, may improve the report as needed.

(b) Statistics for transferred personnel will be dropped by the losing installation and picked up by the gaining installation for suspension purposes.

§ 527.40 Frequency, routing, and due dates.

The ICCO will—

(a) Prepare the report monthly.

(b) Send the original report to their MACOM.

(c) Send copy of the report to finance and accounting officer for evaluation (see § 527.14(b)) and ultimate routing to installation commander.

(d) Send copy of the report to the Office of the Director of Finance and Accounting, ATTN: SAFM-FAP-B, Indianapolis, IN 46249-1016, due no later than 15 calendar days (30 days for overseas) after the end of the reporting period.

(e) Provide unit commander with unit dishonored check data.

§ 527.41 Relinquishing data.

Data in the Monthly Dishonored Check Report may be provided to banks and credit unions operating on military installations.

Subpart E—Training**§ 527.42 Ethics and military competence.**

Ethics and military competence are closely related. Poor performance in one area contributes to poor performance in another. Therefore, a major element in personal financial management is ethics. Responsibility, integrity, and high standards of conduct will be stressed. This aspect of responsible financial management is considered a part of leader development and should be included in leadership instruction.

§ 527.43 Personal financial readiness/soldier money management (PFR/SMM).

PFR/SMM training will be conducted throughout the Army training system as shown in §§ 527.44 and 527.45.

§ 527.44 Initial entry training.

Emphasis during initial entry training will be on prevention of abuse of check-cashing privileges. Recruits will be—

(a) Given overview of basic pay entitlements, DA Form 3686 (JUMPS-Army Leave and Earnings Statement), and maintenance of a checkbook.

(b) Made aware of counseling resources and procedures.

(c) Instructed on their financial responsibilities to themselves, their family members, and their peers.

(d) Made aware of the disciplinary and career consequences of the abuse of check-cashing privileges.

§527.45 Remedial training.

Remedial training is mandatory for checkwriters committing an offense. Emphasis will be on checkbook management skills. This training is a prerequisite for removal from check-cashing suspensions. (See §§ 527.25 through 527.28.) Remedial training will include budget counseling when budget problems exist. After completion of the remedial training the individual will be given a test on checkbook maintenance. The ICCO will require 70% or greater correct responses for passing the test. The individual must be able to demonstrate successful completion of the training and that he/she has the ability to properly maintain a checking account.

(Office Symbol) (Date)
 MEMORANDUM THRU (Installation Check Control Officer)
 FOR (All Installation Check-cashing Facilities)

SUBJECT: Disclaimer of Responsibility
 1. Effective this (date) day of (month and year) I, (name), disclaim responsibility for any check issued by the person(s) listed below:

Name _____
 SSN _____
 Address _____
 Relationship _____

2. I have advised the individual(s) named above that I have disclaimed responsibility for check(s) presented by them to military check-cashing facilities. I have also advised the above named person(s) that their check-cashing privileges in these facilities may no longer be authorized.

(Signature)
 (SSN)
 (Address)
 (Unit)

NOTE. —This memorandum must be notarized by a licensed notary public prior to submission.

Figure 2-1. Sample of Notice of Disclaimer of Responsibility By Sponsor

(Office Symbol) (Date)
 MEMORANDUM THRU (unit commander of active duty check writer or sponsor, State adjutant general for members of the Army National Guard, or supervisor for civilians)
 FOR (Check writer)
 SUBJECT: Notification of Dishonored Check

1. Reference AR 210-60, Personal Check-cashing Control and Abuse Prevention, dated (date of regulation).

2. Your check(s) in the amount of (\$), dated (date), was/were returned to (name of check-cashing facility) as dishonored.

3. You have 10 calendar days from the date of this letter to make redemption and pay any administrative/service fee. Failure to make full restitution will result in a suspension of your check-cashing privileges. Restitution for the above check(s) must be made by cash, certified check, or money order to (where redemption should be made).

4. If you can furnish proof of bank or other excusable error to the installation check control officer at (installation), your installation check-cashing privileges will be restored immediately. If proof is furnished, this would not be considered an offense, and no record of this transaction will be kept.

NOTE. —MEMORANDUM THRU of address applies when two or more offenses occurred.

Figure 3-1. Sample of Notification of Dishonored Check

(Office Symbol) (Date)
 MEMORANDUM FOR (Check writer)
 SUBJECT: Counseling Statement for Dishonored Check(s)

1. A Notification of Dishonored Check, dated (date), has been received and is given to you in conjunction with this counseling statement. The Notification requires you to perform one of the following:

- a. Make restitution.
- b. Furnish proof of bank error or other extenuating circumstances.

2. I have discussed the reason for the dishonored check with you, which is as follows:

3. Several offices are available to provide budgeting or financial assistance. I am/am not scheduling you for this training.

4. Consequences for abusing check-cashing privileges include the following:

- a. Suspension of check-cashing privileges.
- b. Letter of reprimand.
- c. Appropriate comments in evaluation reports.
- d. Administrative separation.
- e. Bar to enlistment.
- f. Denial of promotion.
- g. Reduction in grade for inefficiency.

5. These consequences may be avoided by performing the requirements in paragraph 1 above. Subsequent offenses may be dealt with more severely.

(Signature of commander)

Soldier's Comments:

(Signature of check writer)

Figure 3-2. Sample Counseling Statement for Dishonored Check

(Office Symbol) (Date)
 MEMORANDUM THRU (Unit commander of active duty check writer/sponsor, State

adjutant general for members of the Army National Guard, or supervisor for civilians)
 FOR (Check writer)
 SUBJECT: Suspension of Check-Cashing Privileges—First Offense

1. Reference AR 210-60, Personal Check-cashing Control and Abuse Prevention, (date of regulation).

2. Your dishonored check(s) in the amount of (dollar amount), dated (date), and returned to (name of check-cashing facility) as dishonored was/were not redeemed within the grace period. Therefore, your installation check-cashing privileges are suspended for 6 months and you are required to attend remedial training on checkbook maintenance. The suspension period will end 6 months from the date of this letter, provided the check(s) has/have been redeemed and all administrative/service charges have been paid, you have attended remedial training, and you have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test. Failure to make redemption will result in collection action being taken against your pay account. A record of this occurrence will be kept in the check control office. Future dishonored check instances may result in more severe restrictions and/or disciplinary action against you.

3. You may appeal the suspension of your installation check-cashing privileges to your unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian). Your unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian) may approve restoring your check-cashing privileges prior to the end of 6 months. However, the check(s) must have been redeemed, all administrative/service charges paid, remedial training completed, and you must have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test.

(Installation check control officer)

Figure 3-3. Sample of Suspension Notification—first offense

(Office Symbol) (Date)
 MEMORANDUM THRU (Unit commander of active duty check writer/sponsor, State adjutant general for members of the Army National Guard, or supervisor for civilians)
 FOR (Check writer)
 SUBJECT: Suspension of Check-Cashing Privileges—Second Offense

1. Reference AR 210-60, Personal Check-cashing Control and Abuse Prevention, (date of regulation).

2. Your dishonored check(s) in the amount of (dollar amount), dated (date), and returned to (name of check-cashing facility) as dishonored was/were not redeemed within the grace period. Therefore, your installation check-cashing privileges are suspended

for 12 months and you are required to attend remedial training, since this is your second offense. The suspension period will end 12 months from the date of this letter, provided the check(s) has/have been redeemed and all administrative/service charges have been paid, you have attended remedial training, and you have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test. Failure to make redemption will result in collection action being taken against your pay account. A record of this occurrence will be kept in the check control office. Future dishonored check instances may result in more severe restrictions and/or disciplinary action.

3. You may appeal the suspension of your installation check-cashing privileges to your unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian). Your unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian) may approve restoring your check-cashing privileges prior to the end of 12 months. However, the check(s) must have been redeemed, all administrative/service charges paid, remedial training completed, and you must have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test.

(Installation check control officer)

NOTE.—If the check writer is currently on the dishonored check list, change paragraph 2 to indicate that current suspension is increased by 12 months.

Figure 3-4. Sample of Suspension Notification—second offense

(Office Symbol) (Date)
 MEMORANDUM THRU (Unit commander of active duty check writer/sponsor, State adjutant general for members of the Army National Guard, or supervisor for civilians)
 FOR (Check writer)
 SUBJECT: Suspension of Check-Cashing Privileges—Third Offense

1. Reference AR 210-60, Personal Check-cashing Control and Abuse Prevention, (date of regulation).

2. Your dishonored check(s) in the amount of (dollar amount), dated (date), and returned to (name of check-cashing facility) as dishonored was/were not redeemed within the grace period. Therefore, your installation check-cashing privileges are suspended for 18 months, you must have your ID card overstamped, and you are required to attend remedial training, since this is your third offense. The suspension period will end 18 months from the date of this letter, provided the check(s) has/have been redeemed and all administrative/service charges have been paid, you have attended remedial training, and you have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test. Failure to make redemption will result in collection action being taken against your pay account. A

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record of this occurrence will be kept in the check control office. Future dishonored check instances may result in more severe restrictions and/or disciplinary action against you.

3. You may appeal the suspension of your installation check-cashing privileges to your unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian). Your unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian) may approve restoring your check-cashing privileges prior to the end of 18 months. However, the check(s) must have been redeemed, all administrative/service charges paid, remedial training completed, and you must have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test.

(Installation check control officer)

NOTE. —If the check writer is currently on the dishonored check list, change paragraph 2 to indicate that current suspension is increased by 18 months.

Figure 3-5. Sample of Suspension Notification—third offense

(Office Symbol) (Date)
MEMORANDUM THRU (Unit commander of active duty check writer/sponsor, State adjutant general for members of the Army National Guard, or supervisor for civilians)

FOR (Check writer)
SUBJECT: Suspension of Check-Cashing Privileges—Fourth Offense

1. Reference AR 210-60, Personal Check-cashing Control and Abuse Prevention, (date of regulation).

2. Your dishonored check(s) in the amount of (dollar amount), dated (date), and returned to (name of check-cashing facility) as dishonored was/were not redeemed within the grace period. Therefore, your installation check-cashing privileges are suspended indefinitely, and you are required to attend remedial training, and you must have your ID card overstamped since this is your fourth offense. You must report to the ID card issuing facility to receive an over-stamped ID card. The suspension period will end only at the approval of the installation commander, provided the check(s) has/have been redeemed and all administrative/service charges have been paid, you have attended remedial training, and you have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test. Failure to make redemption will result in collection action being taken against your pay account. A record of this occurrence will be kept in the check control office. Future dishonored check instances may result in more severe restrictions and/or disciplinary action against you.

3. You may appeal the suspension of your installation check-cashing privileges to your

unit commander (if military or family member) or first line supervisor (if civilian). The installation commander may approve restoring your check-cashing privileges. However, the check(s) must have been redeemed, all administrative/service charges paid, remedial training completed, and you must have passed the installation checkbook maintenance test.

(Installation check control officer)

Figure 3-6. Sample of Suspension Notification—fourth offense

(Office Symbol) (Date)
MEMORANDUM FOR (Check writer)
SUBJECT: Intent to Debar from United States Military Installation

1. You are hereby notified of intent to bar you from entering or reentering the limits of (name of installation), except to enter and exit the installation by the most direct route for needed medical treatment at (name of hospital or clinic). This bar to the installation is because (reason for debarment). This bar to the installation will be removed (date or when certain actions are completed).

2. Section 1382, title 18, United States Code, states: "Whoever within the jurisdiction of the United States, goes upon any military, Naval, or Coast Guard Reservation, Post, Fort, Arsenal, Yard, Station or Installation, after having been removed therefrom or ordered not to reenter by any officer or person in command or charge thereof shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both."

3. After debarment, if you are found within the limits of (name of installation) without having received prior approval to enter the installation, except for the purpose of obtaining needed medical care, you will be detained by military authorities and turned over to Federal authorities for prosecution under the above law.

4. Prior to final action barring you from entering or reentering the limits of (name of installation), you are hereby given an opportunity to present evidence on your behalf and to comply with the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 above. This information may be presented to (ICCO). If a reply is not received within (number of) days of the date you receive this letter, a letter of debarment will automatically be sent to you.

(Installation commander)

Figure 3-7. Sample Notice of Intent to Debar From Installation

(Office Symbol) (Date)
MEMORANDUM FOR (Check writer)
SUBJECT: Debarment from United States Military Installation

1. You are hereby prohibited as of this date from entering or reentering the limits of (name of installation), except to enter and exist the installation by the most direct route for needed medical treatment at (name

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of hospital or clinic). This bar to the installation is because (reason for debarment). This bar to the installation will be removed (date or when certain actions are completed).

2. Section 1382, title 18, United States Code, states: "Whoever within the jurisdiction of the United States, goes upon any Military, Naval, or Coast Guard Reservation, Post, Fort, Arsenal, Yard, Station or Installation, after having been removed therefrom or ordered not to reenter by any officer or person in command or charge thereof shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both."

3. If you are hereafter found within the limits of (name of installation) without having received prior approval to enter the in-

stallation, except for the purpose of obtaining needed medical care, you will be detained by military authorities and turned over to Federal authorities for prosecution under the above law.

4. If you wish to appeal this debarment, a written request for a hearing on the matter should be sent to (ICCO) within (number of) days of the date of this letter. You will be informed by letter of the date, time, and place of the hearing for your appeal.

(Installation commander)

CF:

PM

SJA

Figure 3-8. Sample Notice of Debarment From Installation

MONTHLY DISHONORED CHECK REPORT

		AAFES	Com- missary	FAO	NAF	Other	Total
1. E1-E4	A B C						
2. E5-E6	A B C						
3. E7-E9	A B C						
4. W01/05	A B C						
5. 06/Above	A B C						
6. Total (Line 1-5)	A B C						
7. Other Services	A B C						
8. Retired Military	A B C						
9. NG/Res	A B C						
10. Family Member	A B C						
11. All Other (DOD Civ)	A B C						
12. Total (Line 7-11)	A B C						
13. Grand Total (Line 6+12)	A B C						

Row A=Number of dishonored checks by category for the month.
 Row B=Total dollar value of dishonored checks by category for the month. (Dollar values will be rounded to the nearest dollar.)
 Row C=Number of dishonored check writers by category for the month.

Figure 4-1. Sample format of Monthly Dishonored Check Report, RCS: CSCOA-105.

APPENDIX A TO PART 527—REFERENCES

*Army publications referenced in this document are available from the National Technical Information Service, U.S. Department of Commerce, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161, Telephone: (703) 487-4684.

Section I

Required Publications

- AR 30-19
Army Commissary Store Operating Policies. (Cited in §527.1(b))
- AR 37-103
Finance and Accounting for Installations: Disbursing Operations. (Cited in §527.1(b))
- AR 37-104-3
Military Pay and Allowances Procedures: Joint Uniform Military Pay System (JUMPS-Army). (Cited in §527.29(c))
- AR 37-104-10
Military Pay and Allowances Procedures for Inactive Duty Training: Joint Uniform Military Pay System—Reserve Components (JUMPS-(RC)-Army). (Cited in §527.29(c))
- AR 37-109
General Accounting and Reporting for Finance and Accounting Offices. (Cited in §527.29(C))
- AR 60-20/AFAR 147-14
Army and Air Force Exchange Service (AAFES) Operating Policies. (Cited in §527.1(b))
- AR 190-29
Minor Offenses and Uniform Violation Notices Referred to U.S. District Courts. (Cited in §527.19(h))
- AR 215-1
Administration of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Activities and Non-appropriated Fund Instrumentalities. (Cited in §527.1(b))
- AR 215-2
The Management and Operation of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Activities and Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities. (Cited in §527.1(b)) Preparation, Coordination, and Approval of Department of the Army Publications. (Cited in §527.7(b))
- AR 600-20
Army Command Policy and Procedures. (Cited in §527.11(c))
- AR 600-31
Suspension of Favorable Personnel Actions for Military Personnel in National Security Cases and Other Investigations or Proceedings. (Cited in §527.30(i))
- AR 600-37
Unfavorable Information. (Cited in §527.30(i)) Identification Cards, Tags, and Badges. (Cited in §527.33(a))

Section II

Related Publications

A related publication is merely a source of additional information. The user does not have to read it to understand this regulation.

Department of Defense Military Pay and Allowances Entitlements Manual (DODPM). Exchange Service Manual 55-21.

Section III

Referenced Forms

- DA Form 3686
JUMPS-Army Leave and Earnings Statement
- DD Form 2A (Act)
Active Duty Military ID Card
- DD Form 2A (Res)
Armed Forces of the United States ID Card (Reserve).
- DD Form 2A (Ret)
United States Uniformed Services ID Card (Retired)
- DD Form 139
Pay Adjustment Authorization

GLOSSARY

Section I

Abbreviations

- AAFES—Army and Air Force Exchange Service
- ACS—Army Community Service
- AF—appropriated fund
- ASA(FM)—Assistant Secretary of the Army (Financial Management)
- CG—commanding general
- DA—Department of the Army
- DCSPER—Deputy Chief of Staff, Personnel
- DOD—Department of Defense
- DODPM—Department of Defense Military Pay and Allowances Manual
- DODRPM—Department of Defense Retired Pay Manual
- DPCA—Deputy for Personnel and Community Activities
- HQDA—Headquarters, Department of the Army
- ICCO—installation check control office(r)
- ID—identification
- MACOM—major Army command
- NAF—nonappropriated fund
- OASA(FM)—Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Financial Management)
- PAC—Personnel Administration Center
- PFR/SMM—personal financial readiness/soldier money management
- POI—program of instruction
- RCS—requirement control symbol
- SSN—social security number
- TDY—temporary duty
- TRADOC—U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command

UCMJ—Uniform Code of Military Justice
USACFSC—U.S. Army Community and Family Support Center

Section II

Terms

Agency relationship. Relationship that exists when an individual authorizes a person (or persons) to act on the individual's behalf

Check-cashing facility. Appropriated fund or non appropriated fund activity that accepts or cashes checks for merchandise, services, cash, or payment of debts to the Government

Dishonored check. Check returned unpaid by the financial institution on which it was drawn due to insufficient funds, closed account, no account, or other like cause

Central file of offenders. A file maintained by the installation check control officer listing all persons that have written a dishonored check. This file is not published for use by any of the check-cashing facilities

Dishonored check list. Manual list or listing stored in an electronic check verification system of persons whose check-cashing privileges are suspended

Electronic check verification system. Automated system that identifies persons whose check-cashing privileges have been denied; for example, the AAFES' TRW system, or the commissary's National Cash Register electronic point of sales system

Grace period. Time allowed (10 calendar days from date of notification letter) in which

redemption of a dishonored check must be made

Offense. An offense occurs when a check writer does not redeem a dishonored check within the grace period. The dishonored check was not the result of a bank or other excusable error

Habitual dishonored check writer. A soldier who writes dishonored checks on a regular basis but redeems the check within the grace period, thus never being placed on the dishonored check list

Overstamped ID card. DD Form 2A (Act) (Active Duty Military ID Card), DD Form 2A (Res) (Armed Forces of the United States ID Card (Reserve)), DD Form 2A (Ret) (United States Uniformed Services ID Card (Retired)), or other form of identification for Active, Reserve Components, retired or civilian personnel stamped on the face to show check-cashing privileges are revoked

Proof of bank or other excusable error. Written admission of error by a financial institution or other responsible party clearing check writer of fault

Related offense. Any group of dishonored checks which resulted from a common error (for example, a subtraction error in the checkbook). The check writer must prove to the ICCO that these dishonored checks are related. If none of the checks are redeemed, they will be called one offense

Two-party check. A written order dated and signed by the maker directing the bank to pay a certain sum of money to the order of a second party.