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(e) An annuitant or compensationer is not eligible to cancel a declination under this section.

(f)(1) A previous declination is automatically canceled at time of reinstatement on or after April 1, 1981, if an employee has been separated from service for at least 180 days. If no new declination is filed, standard optional insurance coverage is effective on the date the employee actually enters on duty in a pay status in a position wherein he/she is not excluded from insurance by law or regulation, provided that the employee has filed an affirmative election of standard optional insurance on the form entitled Life Insurance Election. An employee whose declination is so canceled and who does not file the form with his/her employing office within 31 days after reinstatement shall be deemed to have declined standard optional insurance, except that an employee who fails to file the form during that period due to cause beyond his/her control shall be allowed to enroll belatedly under the conditions prescribed under §871.202(b).

(2) An employee who returned to Federal service between April 1, 1981, and December 8, 1983, after a 180-day break in service may elect standard optional insurance upon application to his or her employing office before March 7, 1984.

(g)(1) An open enrollment period will be held from March 29 through April 30, 1993, during which time employees otherwise eligible for coverage may cancel their existing declinations of coverage by affirmatively electing to be insured on a form designated by OPM.

(2) An employing office may make a determination, within 6 months after the March 29 through April 30, 1993 open enrollment period, that an employee was unable, for cause beyond his or her control, to cancel his or her then existing declination of coverage by affirmatively electing to be insured during the 1993 open enrollment period. The employee shall be permitted to submit an affirmative election of coverage within 31 days after he or she is advised of that determination. Standard optional insurance coverage in that case is retroactive to the first pay period beginning on or after May 30, 1993, which immediately follows a pay period during which the employee was in a pay and duty status for a sufficient length of time, as specified in §871.203(c) to acquire coverage. Failure on the part of the employee to file an election within the 31 days prescribed in this paragraph shall be deemed a declination of standard optional insurance.

[49 FR 3039, Jan. 25, 1984, as amended at 50 FR 26689, June 28, 1985; 51 FR 21497, June 13, 1986; 58 FR 11954, Mar. 2, 1993]

Subpart C—Amount of Insurance

§871.301 Amount of employee's insurance.

The amount of an employee's standard optional insurance is $10,000, except that an employee whose annual rate of pay (as defined in §870.302 of this chapter) exceeds the sum of (a) the annual rate of basic pay payable for positions at level II of the Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code, plus (b) $10,000, may elect standard optional insurance in an amount which, when added to his/her basic insurance amount, does not exceed his/her annual rate of pay, rounded, if not an even thousand, to the next higher $1,000.

Subpart D—Withholdings

§871.401 Withholdings.

(a) During any period in any part of which an insured employee is in a pay status the employing agency shall withhold the full cost of his/her standard optional insurance from his/her pay.

(b)(1) Subject to the provisions of §871.604, the full cost of standard optional insurance shall be withheld from the annuity of an annuitant or from the compensation of a compensationer, except that there is no withholding for an annuitant or compensationer for coverage after the end of the calendar month in which he/she becomes 65 years of age.

(2) Withholdings are not required for the period between the end of the pay period in which an individual separates from service and the beginning of the annuity or compensation payments, if later.