

JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS

1st–110th CONGRESSES, 1789–2007¹

The parliamentary difference between a joint session and a joint meeting has evolved over time. In recent years the distinctions have become clearer: a joint session is more formal, and occurs upon the adoption of a concurrent resolution; a joint meeting occurs when each body adopts a unanimous consent agreement to recess to meet with the other legislative body. Joint sessions typically are held to hear an address from the President of the United States or to count electoral votes. Joint meetings typically are held to hear an address from a foreign dignitary or visitors other than the President.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives usually presides over joint sessions and joint meetings; however, the President of the Senate does preside over joint sessions where the electoral votes are counted, as required by the Constitution.

In the earliest years of the Republic, 1789 and 1790, when the national legislature met in New York City, joint gatherings were held in the Senate Chamber in Federal Hall. In Philadelphia, when the legislature met in Congress Hall, such meetings were held in the Senate Chamber, 1790–1793, and in the Hall of the House of Representatives, 1794–1799. Once the Congress moved to the Capitol in Washington in 1800, the Senate Chamber again was used for joint gatherings through 1805. Since 1809, with few exceptions, joint sessions and joint meetings have occurred in the Hall of the House.

Presidential messages on the state of the Union were originally known as the “Annual Message,” but since the 80th Congress, in 1947, have been called the “State of the Union Address.” After President John Adams’s Annual Message on November 22, 1800, these addresses were read by clerks to the individual bodies until President Woodrow Wilson resumed the practice of delivering them to joint sessions on December 2, 1913.

In some instances more than one joint gathering has occurred on the same day. For example, on January 6, 1941, Congress met in joint session to count electoral votes for President and Vice President, and then met again in joint session to receive President Franklin Delano Roosevelt’s Annual Message.

Whereas in more recent decades, foreign dignitaries invited to speak before Congress have typically done so at joint meetings, in earlier times (and with several notable exceptions), such visitors were received by the Senate and the House separately, or by one or the other singly, a tradition begun with the visit of General Lafayette of France in 1824. At that time a joint committee decided that each body would honor Lafayette separately, establishing the precedent. (See footnote 7 for more details.) Not all such occasions included formal addresses by such dignitaries (e.g., Lafayette’s reception by the Senate in their chamber, at which he did not speak before they adjourned to greet him), hence the “occasions” listed in the third column of the table include not only addresses, but also remarks (defined as brief greetings or off-the-cuff comments often requested of the visitor at the last minute) and receptions. Relatively few foreign dignitaries were received by Congress before World War I.

Congress has hosted inaugurations since the first occasion in 1789. They always have been formal joint gatherings, and sometimes they also were joint sessions. Inaugurations were joint sessions when both houses of Congress were in session, and they processed to the ceremony as part of the business of the day. In many cases, however, one or both houses were not in session or were in recess at the time of the ceremony. In this table, inaugurations that were not joint sessions are listed in the second column. Those that were joint sessions are so identified and described in the third column.

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[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
NEW YORK CITY			
1st CONGRESS			
Apr. 6, 1789	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Apr. 30, 1789	do	Inauguration and church service ²	President George Washington; Right Reverend Samuel Provoost, Senate-appointed Chaplain.
Jan. 8, 1790	do	Annual Message	President George Washington.
PHILADELPHIA			
Dec. 8, 1790	do	do	Do.
2d CONGRESS			
Oct. 25, 1791	do	do	Do.
Nov. 6, 1792	do	do	Do.
Feb. 13, 1793	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
3d CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1793	Inauguration	Senate Chamber	President George Washington.
Dec. 3, 1793	Joint session	Annual Message	Do.
Nov. 19, 1794	do	do	Do.
4th CONGRESS			
Dec. 8, 1795	do	do	Do.
Dec. 7, 1796	do	do	Do.
Feb. 8, 1797	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
5th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1797	Inauguration	Hall of the House	President John Adams.
May 16, 1797	Joint session	Relations with France	Do.
Nov. 23, 1797	do	Annual Message	Do.
Dec. 8, 1798	do	do	Do.
6th CONGRESS			
Dec. 3, 1799	do	do	Do.
Dec. 26, 1799	do	Funeral procession and oration in memory of George Washington. ³	Representative Henry Lee.
WASHINGTON			
Nov. 22, 1800	do	Annual Message	President John Adams.
Feb. 11, 1801	do	Counting electoral votes ⁴	N.A.
7th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1801	Inauguration	Senate Chamber	President Thomas Jefferson.
8th CONGRESS			
Feb. 13, 1805	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
9th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1805	Inauguration	Senate Chamber	President Thomas Jefferson.
10th CONGRESS			
Feb. 8, 1809	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
11th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1809	Inauguration	Hall of the House	President James Madison.
12th CONGRESS			
Feb. 10, 1813	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
13th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1813	Inauguration	Hall of the House	President James Madison.
14th CONGRESS			
Feb. 12, 1817	Joint session	Counting electoral votes ⁵	N.A.
15th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1817	Inauguration	In front of Brick Capitol	President James Monroe.
16th CONGRESS			
Feb. 14, 1821	Joint session	Counting electoral votes ⁶	N.A.
17th CONGRESS			
Mar. 5, 1821	Inauguration	Hall of the House	President James Monroe.
18th CONGRESS			
Dec. 9, 1824	Senate	Reception	General Gilbert du Motier, Marquis de Lafayette, of France.

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[See notes at end of table]

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Dec. 10, 1824	House ⁷	Address	Speaker Henry Clay; General Gilbert du Motier, Marquis de Lafayette, of France.
Feb. 9, 1825	Joint session	Counting electoral votes ⁸	N.A.
19th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1825	Inauguration	Hall of the House	President John Quincy Adams.
20th CONGRESS Feb. 11, 1829	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
21st CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1829	Inauguration	East Portico ⁹	President Andrew Jackson.
22d CONGRESS Feb. 13, 1833	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
23d CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1833	Inauguration	Hall of the House ¹⁰	President Andrew Jackson.
Dec. 31, 1834	Joint session	Lafayette eulogy	Representative and former President John Quincy Adams; ceremony attended by President Andrew Jackson.
24th CONGRESS Feb. 8, 1837	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
25th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1837	Inauguration	East Portico	President Martin Van Buren.
26th CONGRESS Feb. 10, 1841	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
27th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1841	Inauguration	East Portico	President William Henry Harrison.
28th CONGRESS Feb. 12, 1845	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
29th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1845	Inauguration	East Portico	President James Knox Polk.
30th CONGRESS Feb. 14, 1849	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
31st CONGRESS Mar. 5, 1849	Inauguration	East Portico	President Zachary Taylor.
July 10, 1850	Joint session	Oath of office to President Millard Fillmore. ¹¹	N.A.
32d CONGRESS Jan. 5, 1852	Senate	Reception	Louis Kossuth, exiled Governor of Hungary.
Jan. 7, 1852	House	Remarks and Reception	Do.
Feb. 9, 1853	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
33d CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1853	Inauguration	East Portico	President Franklin Pierce.
34th CONGRESS Feb. 11, 1857	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
35th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1857	Inauguration	East Portico	President James Buchanan.
36th CONGRESS Feb. 13, 1861	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
37th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1861	Inauguration	East Portico	President Abraham Lincoln.
Feb. 22, 1862	Joint session	Reading of Washington's farewell address.	John W. Forney, Secretary of the Senate.
38th CONGRESS Feb. 8, 1865	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
39th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1865	Inauguration	East Portico	President Abraham Lincoln.
Feb. 12, 1866	Joint session	Memorial to Abraham Lincoln	George Bancroft, historian; ceremony attended by President Andrew Johnson.

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[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
40th CONGRESS June 9, 1868	House	Address	Anson Burlingame, Envoy to the U.S. from China, and former Representative.
Feb. 10, 1869	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
41st CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1869	Inauguration	East Portico	President Ulysses S. Grant.
42d CONGRESS Mar. 6, 1872	House	Address	Tomomi Iwakura, Ambassador from Japan.
Feb. 12, 1873	Joint session	Counting electoral votes ¹²	N.A.
43d CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1873	Inauguration	East Portico	President Ulysses S. Grant.
Dec. 18, 1874	Joint meeting	Reception and Remarks	Speaker James G. Blaine; David Kalakaua, King of the Hawaiian Islands. ¹³
44th CONGRESS Feb. 1, 1877	Joint session	Counting electoral votes ¹⁴	N.A.
Feb. 10, 1877			
Feb. 12, 1877			
Feb. 19, 1877			
Feb. 20, 1877			
Feb. 21, 1877			
Feb. 24, 1877			
Feb. 26, 1877			
Feb. 28, 1877			
Mar. 1, 1877			
Mar. 2, 1877			
45th CONGRESS Mar. 5, 1877	Inauguration	East Portico	President Rutherford B. Hayes.
46th CONGRESS Feb. 2, 1880	House	Address	Charles Stewart Parnell, member of Parliament from Ireland.
Feb. 9, 1881	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
47th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1881	Inauguration	East Portico	President James A. Garfield.
Feb. 27, 1882	Joint session	Memorial to James A. Garfield	James G. Blaine, former Speaker, Senator, and Secretary of State; ceremony attended by President Chester A. Arthur.
48th CONGRESS Feb. 11, 1885	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Feb. 21, 1885	do	Completion of Washington Monument	Representative John D. Long; Representative-elect John W. Daniel; ¹⁵ ceremony attended by President Chester A. Arthur.
49th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1885	Inauguration	East Portico	President Grover Cleveland.
50th CONGRESS Feb. 13, 1889	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
51st CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1889	Inauguration	East Portico	President Benjamin Harrison.
Dec. 11, 1889	Joint session	Centennial of George Washington's first inauguration.	Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice of the United States; ceremony attended by President Benjamin Harrison.
52d CONGRESS Feb. 8, 1893	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
53d CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1893	Inauguration	East Portico	President Grover Cleveland.
54th CONGRESS Feb. 10, 1897	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
55th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1897	Inauguration	In front of original Senate Wing of Capitol.	President William McKinley.

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56th CONGRESS Dec. 12, 1900	Joint meeting	Centennial of the Capital City	Representatives James D. Richardson and Sereno E. Payne, and Senator George F. Hoar; ceremony attended by President William McKinley.
Feb. 13, 1901	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
57th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1901	Inauguration	East Portico	President William McKinley.
Feb. 27, 1902	Joint session	Memorial to William McKinley	John Hay, Secretary of State; ceremony attended by President Theodore Roosevelt and Prince Henry of Prussia.
58th CONGRESS Feb. 8, 1905	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
59th CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1905	Inauguration	East Portico	President Theodore Roosevelt.
60th CONGRESS Feb. 10, 1909	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
61st CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1909	Inauguration	Senate Chamber ¹⁶	President William Howard Taft.
Feb. 9, 1911	House	Address	Count Albert Apponyi, Minister of Education from Hungary.
62d CONGRESS Feb. 12, 1913	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Feb. 15, 1913	do	Memorial for Vice President James S. Sherman. ¹⁷	Senators Elihu Root, Thomas S. Martin, Jacob H. Gallinger, John R. Thornton, Henry Cabot Lodge, John W. Kern, Robert M. LaFollette, John Sharp Williams, Charles Curtis, Albert B. Cummins, George T. Oliver, James A. O'Gorman; Speaker Champ Clark; President William Howard Taft.
63d CONGRESS Mar. 4, 1913	Inauguration	East Portico	President Woodrow Wilson.
Apr. 8, 1913	Joint session	Tariff message	Do.
June 23, 1913	do	Currency and bank reform message	Do.
Aug. 27, 1913	do	Mexican affairs message	Do.
Dec. 2, 1913	do	Annual Message	Do.
Jan. 20, 1914	do	Trusts message	Do.
Mar. 5, 1914	do	Panama Canal tolls	Do.
Apr. 20, 1914	do	Mexico message	Do.
Sept. 4, 1914	do	War tax message	Do.
Dec. 8, 1914	do	Annual Message	Do.
64th CONGRESS Dec. 7, 1915	do	do	Do.
Aug. 29, 1916	do	Railroad message (labor-management dispute).	Do.
Dec. 5, 1916	do	Annual Message	Do.
Jan. 22, 1917	Senate	Planning ahead for peace	Do.
Feb. 3, 1917	Joint session	Severing diplomatic relations with Germany.	Do.
Feb. 14, 1917	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Feb. 26, 1917	do	Arming of merchant ships	President Woodrow Wilson.
65th CONGRESS Mar. 5, 1917	Inauguration	East Portico	Do.
Apr. 2, 1917	Joint session	War with Germany	Do.
May 1, 1917	Senate	Address	René Raphaël Viviani, Minister of Justice from France; Jules Jusserand, Ambassador from France; address attended by Marshal Joseph Jacques Césaire Joffre, member of French Commission to U.S.
May 3, 1917	House	do	Do.
May 5, 1917	do	do	Arthur James Balfour, British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.
May 8, 1917	Senate	do	Do.
May 31, 1917	do	do	Ferdinando di'Savoia, Prince of Udine, Head of Italian Mission to U.S.
June 2, 1917	House	do	Ferdinando di'Savoia, Prince of Udine, Head of Italian Mission to U.S.; Guglielmo Marconi, member of Italian Mission to U.S.

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June 22, 1917	Senate	Address	Baron Moncheur, Chief of Political Bureau of Belgian Foreign Office at Havre.
June 23, 1917	House	do	Boris Bakhmetieff, Ambassador from Russia. ¹⁸
June 26, 1917	Senate	do	Do.
June 27, 1917	House	do	Baron Moncheur, Chief of Political Bureau of Belgian Foreign Office at Havre.
Aug. 30, 1917	Senate	do	Kikujirō Ishii, Ambassador from Japan.
Sept. 5, 1917	House	do	Do.
Dec. 4, 1917	Joint session	Annual Message/War with Austria-Hungary.	President Woodrow Wilson.
Jan. 4, 1918	do	Federal operation of transportation systems.	Do.
Jan. 5, 1918	Senate	Address	Milenko Vesnic, Head of Serbian War Mission.
Jan. 8, 1918	House	Address	Milenko Vesnic, Head of Serbian War Mission.
Do	Joint session	Program for world's peace	President Woodrow Wilson.
Feb. 11, 1918	do	Peace message	Do.
May 27, 1918	do	War finance message	Do.
Sept. 24, 1918	Senate	Address and Reception ¹⁹	Jules Jusserand, Ambassador from France; Vice President Thomas R. Marshall.
Sept. 30, 1918	do	Support of woman suffrage	President Woodrow Wilson.
Nov. 11, 1918	Joint session	Terms of armistice signed by Germany	Do.
Dec. 2, 1918	do	Annual Message	Do.
Feb. 9, 1919	do	Memorial to Theodore Roosevelt	Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Sr.; ceremony attended by former President William Howard Taft.
66th CONGRESS			
June 23, 1919	Senate	Address	Epitácio da Silva Pessoa, President-elect of Brazil.
July 10, 1919	do	Versailles Treaty	President Woodrow Wilson.
Aug. 8, 1919	Joint session	Cost of living message	Do.
Sept. 18, 1919	do	Address	President pro tempore Albert B. Cummins; Speaker Frederick H. Gillett; Representative and former Speaker Champ Clark; General John J. Pershing.
Oct. 28, 1919	Senate	do	Albert I, King of the Belgians.
Do	House	do	Do.
Feb. 9, 1921	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
67th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1921	Inauguration	East Portico	President Warren G. Harding.
Apr. 12, 1921	Joint session	Federal problem message	Do.
July 12, 1921	Senate	Adjusted compensation for veterans of the World War ²⁰	Do.
Dec. 6, 1921	Joint session	Annual Message	Do.
Feb. 28, 1922	do	Maintenance of the merchant marine	Do.
Aug. 18, 1922	do	Coal and railroad message	Do.
Nov. 21, 1922	do	Promotion of the American merchant marine.	Do.
Dec. 8, 1922	do	Annual Message ²¹	Do.
Feb. 7, 1923	do	British debt due to the United States	Do.
68th CONGRESS			
Dec. 6, 1923	do	Annual Message	President Calvin Coolidge.
Feb. 27, 1924	do	Memorial to Warren G. Harding	Charles Evans Hughes, Secretary of State; ceremony attended by President Calvin Coolidge.
Dec. 15, 1924	do	Memorial to Woodrow Wilson	Dr. Edwin Anderson Alderman, President of the University of Virginia; ceremony attended by President Calvin Coolidge.
Feb. 11, 1925	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
69th CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1925	Inauguration	East Portico	President Calvin Coolidge.
Feb. 22, 1927	Joint session	George Washington birthday message	Do.
70th CONGRESS			
Jan. 25, 1928	House	Reception and Address	William Thomas Cosgrave, President of Executive Council of Ireland.
Feb. 13, 1929	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.

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[See notes at end of table]

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71st CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1929	Inauguration	East Portico	President Herbert Hoover.
Oct. 7, 1929	Senate	Address	James Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
Jan. 13, 1930	do	Reception	Jan Christiaan Smuts, former Prime Minister of South Africa.
72d CONGRESS			
Feb. 22, 1932	Joint session	Bicentennial of George Washington's birth.	President Herbert Hoover.
May 31, 1932	Senate	Emergency character of economic situation in U.S.	Do.
Feb. 6, 1933	Joint meeting	Memorial to Calvin Coolidge	Arthur Prentice Rugg, Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts; ceremony attended by President Herbert Hoover.
Feb. 8, 1933	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
73d CONGRESS			
Mar. 4, 1933	Inauguration	East Portico	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
Jan. 3, 1934	Joint session	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
May 20, 1934	do	100th anniversary, death of Lafayette ..	André de Laboulaye, Ambassador of France; President Franklin Delano Roosevelt; ceremony attended by Count de Chambrun, great-grandson of Lafayette.
74th CONGRESS			
Jan. 4, 1935	do	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
May 22, 1935	do	Veto message	Do.
Jan. 3, 1936	do	Annual Message	Do.
75th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1937	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Do	do	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
Jan. 20, 1937	Inauguration	East Portico	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt; Vice President John Nance Garner. ²²
Apr. 1, 1937	Senate	Address	John Buchan, Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor General of Canada.
Do	House	do	Do.
Jan. 3, 1938	Joint session	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
76th CONGRESS			
Jan. 4, 1939	do	do	Do.
Mar. 4, 1939	do	Sesquicentennial of the 1st Congress ..	Do.
May 8, 1939	Senate	Address	Anastasio Somoza Garcia, President of Nicaragua.
Do	House	do	Do.
June 9, 1939	Joint meeting	Reception ²³	George VI and Elizabeth, King and Queen of the United Kingdom.
Sept. 21, 1939	Joint session	Neutrality address	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
Jan. 3, 1940	do	Annual Message	Do.
May 16, 1940	do	National defense message	Do.
77th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1941	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Do	do	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
Jan. 20, 1941	do	Inauguration, East Portico	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt; Vice President Henry A. Wallace.
Dec. 8, 1941	do	War with Japan	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
Dec. 26, 1941	Joint meeting ²⁴	Address	Winston Churchill, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
Jan. 6, 1942	Joint session	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
May 11, 1942	Senate	Address	Manuel Prado, President of Peru.
Do	House	do	Do.
June 2, 1942	do	do	Manuel Luis Quezon, President of the Philippines. ²⁵
June 4, 1942	Senate	do	Do.
June 15, 1942	do	do	George II, King of Greece. ²⁶
Do	House	do	Do.
June 25, 1942	Senate	do	Peter II, King of Yugoslavia. ²⁶
Do	House	do	Do.
Aug. 6, 1942	Senate ²⁷	do	Wilhelmina, Queen of the Netherlands. ²⁶
Nov. 24, 1942	House	do	Carlos Arroyo del Río, President of Ecuador.
Nov. 25, 1942	Senate	do	Do.
Dec. 10, 1942	House	do	Fulgencio Batista, President of Cuba.
78th CONGRESS			
Jan. 7, 1943	Joint session	Annual Message	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

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Feb. 18, 1943	Senate	Remarks	Madame Chiang Kai-shek, of China.
Do	House	Address	Do.
May 6, 1943	Senate	do	Enrique Peñaranda, President of Bolivia.
Do	House	do	Do.
May 13, 1943	Senate	do	Edvard Beneš, President of Czechoslovakia. ²⁶
Do	House	do	Do.
May 19, 1943	Joint meeting	Address	Winston Churchill, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
May 27, 1943	Senate	Remarks	Edwin Barclay, President of Liberia.
Do	House	Address	Do.
June 10, 1943	Senate	do	President Hninio Morínigo M., President of Paraguay.
Do	House	do	Do.
Oct. 15, 1943	Senate	do	Elie Lescot, President of Haiti.
Nov. 18, 1943	Joint meeting	Moscow Conference	Cordell Hull, Secretary of State.
Jan. 20, 1944	Senate	Address	Isaías Medina Angarita, President of Venezuela.
Do	House	do	Do.
79th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1945	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 6, 1945	do	Annual Message	President Roosevelt was not present. His message was read before the Joint Ses- sion of Congress.
Jan. 20, 1945	Inauguration	South Portico, The White House ²⁸	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt; Vice President Harry S. Truman.
Mar. 1, 1945	Joint session	Yalta Conference	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
Apr. 16, 1945	do	Prosecution of the War	President Harry S. Truman.
May 21, 1945	do	Bestowal of Congressional Medal of Honor on Tech. Sgt. Jake William Lindsey.	General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, U.S. Army; President Harry S. Truman.
June 18, 1945	Joint meeting	Address	General Dwight D. Eisenhower, Supreme Commander, Allied Expeditionary Force.
July 2, 1945	Senate	United Nations Charter	President Harry S. Truman.
Oct. 5, 1945	Joint meeting	Address	Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, Commander- in-Chief, Pacific Fleet.
Oct. 23, 1945	Joint session	Universal military training message	President Harry S. Truman.
Nov. 13, 1945	Joint meeting	Address	Clement R. Attlee, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
May 25, 1946	Joint session	Railroad strike message	President Harry S. Truman.
July 1, 1946	do	Memorial to Franklin Delano Roosevelt	John Winant, U.S. Representative on the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations; ceremony attended by President Harry S. Truman and Mrs. Franklin Delano Roosevelt.
80th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1947	do	State of the Union Address ²⁹	President Harry S. Truman.
Mar. 12, 1947	do	Greek-Turkish aid policy	Do.
May 1, 1947	Joint meeting	Address	Miguel Alemán, President of Mexico.
Nov. 17, 1947	Joint session	Aid to Europe message	President Harry S. Truman.
Jan. 7, 1948	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Mar. 17, 1948	do	National security and conditions in Eu- rope.	Do.
Apr. 19, 1948	do	50th anniversary, liberation of Cuba	President Harry S. Truman; Guillermo Belt, Ambassador of Cuba.
July 27, 1948	do	Inflation, housing, and civil rights	President Harry S. Truman.
81st CONGRESS			
Jan. 5, 1949	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Jan. 6, 1949	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1949	do	Inauguration, East Portico	President Harry S. Truman; Vice Presi- dent Alben W. Barkley.
May 19, 1949	Joint meeting	Address	Eurico Gaspar Dutra, President of Brazil.
Aug. 9, 1949	House	do	Elpidio Quirino, President of the Philippines.
Do	Senate	do	Do.
Oct. 13, 1949	do	do	Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India.
Do	House	do	Do.
Jan. 4, 1950	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Harry S. Truman.
Apr. 13, 1950	Senate	Address	Gabriel González-Videla, President of Chile.
May 4, 1950	do	do	Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan.
Do	House	do	Do.

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May 31, 1950	Joint meeting	Address	Dean Acheson, Secretary of State.
July 28, 1950	Senate	do	Chōjiro Kuriyama, member of Japanese Diet.
July 31, 1950	House	do	Tokutarō Kitamura, member of Japanese Diet.
Aug. 1, 1950	do	do	Robert Gordon Menzies, Prime Minister of Australia.
Do	Senate	do	Do.
82d CONGRESS			
Jan. 8, 1951	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Harry S. Truman.
Feb. 1, 1951	Joint meeting ³⁰	North Atlantic Treaty Organization	General Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Apr. 2, 1951	Joint meeting	Address	Vincent Auriol, President of France.
Apr. 19, 1951	do	Return from Pacific Command	General Douglas MacArthur.
June 21, 1951	do	Address	Galo Plaza, President of Ecuador.
July 2, 1951	Senate	Addresses	Tadao Kuraishi, and Aisuke Okamoto, members of Japanese Diet.
Aug. 23, 1951	do	Address	Zentarō Kosaka, member of Japanese Diet.
Sept. 24, 1951	Joint meeting	do	Alcide de Gasperi, Prime Minister of Italy.
Jan. 9, 1952	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Harry S. Truman.
Jan. 17, 1952	Joint meeting	Address	Winston Churchill, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
Apr. 3, 1952	do	do	Juliana, Queen of the Netherlands.
May 22, 1952	do	Korea	General Matthew B. Ridgway.
June 10, 1952	Joint session	Steel industry dispute	President Harry S. Truman.
83d CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1953	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1953	do	Inauguration, East Portico	President Dwight D. Eisenhower; Vice President Richard M. Nixon.
Feb. 2, 1953	do	State of the Union Address	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Jan. 7, 1954	do	do	Do.
Jan. 29, 1954	Joint meeting	Address	Celal Bayar, President of Turkey.
May 4, 1954	do	do	Vincent Massey, Governor General of Canada.
May 28, 1954	do	do	Haile Selassie I, Emperor of Ethiopia.
July 28, 1954	do	do	Syngman Rhee, President of South Korea.
Nov. 12, 1954	Senate	Remarks	Shigeru Yoshida, Prime Minister of Japan.
Nov. 17, 1954	do	Address ³¹	Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan, Vice President of India.
Nov. 18, 1954	do	Remarks	Pierre Mendès-France, Premier of France.
84th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1955	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Jan. 27, 1955	Joint meeting	Address	Paul E. Magliore, President of Haiti.
Mar. 16, 1955	Senate	do	Robert Gordon Menzies, Prime Minister of Australia.
Do	House	do	Do.
Mar. 30, 1955	Senate	do	Mario Scelba, Prime Minister of Italy.
Do	House	do	Do.
May 4, 1955	Senate	do	P. Phibunsongkhram, Prime Minister of Thailand.
Do	House	do	Do.
June 30, 1955	Senate	do	U Nu, Prime Minister of Burma.
Do	House	do	Do.
Jan. 5, 1956	Senate	do	Juscelino Kubitschek de Oliveira, President-elect of Brazil.
Feb. 2, 1956	do	do	Anthony Eden, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
Do	House	do	Do.
Feb. 29, 1956	Joint meeting	do	Giovanni Gronchi, President of Italy.
Mar. 15, 1956	Senate	do	John Aloysius Costello, Prime Minister of Ireland.
Do	House	do	Do.
Apr. 30, 1956	Senate	do	João Goulart, Vice President of Brazil.
May 17, 1956	Joint meeting	do	Sukarno, President of Indonesia.
85th CONGRESS			
Jan. 5, 1957	Joint session	Middle East message	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Jan. 7, 1957	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 10, 1957	do	State of the Union Address	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Jan. 21, 1957	do	Inauguration, East Portico	President Dwight D. Eisenhower; Vice President Richard M. Nixon.
Feb. 27, 1957	House	Address	Guy Mollet, Premier of France.
Do	Senate	do	Do.

**JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR
THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS—CONTINUED**

[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
May 9, 1957	Joint meeting	Address	Ngo Dinh Diem, President of Vietnam.
May 28, 1957	House	do	Konrad Adenauer, Chancellor of West Germany.
Do	Senate	do	Do.
June 20, 1957	do	do	Nobusuke Kishi, Prime Minister of Japan.
Do	House	do	Do.
July 11, 1957	Senate	do	Hussey Shaheed Suhrawardy, Prime Minister of Pakistan.
Jan. 9, 1958	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
June 5, 1958	Joint meeting	Address	Theodor Heuss, President of West Germany.
June 10, 1958	Senate	do	Harold Macmillan, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
June 18, 1958	Joint meeting	do	Carlos F. Garcia, President of the Philippines.
June 25, 1958	House	do	Muhammad Daoud Khan, Prime Minister of Afghanistan.
Do	Senate	do	Do.
July 24, 1958	do	do	Kwame Nkrumah, Prime Minister of Ghana.
July 25, 1958	House	do	Do.
July 29, 1958	Senate	do	Amintore Fanfani, Prime Minister of Italy.
Do	House	do	Do.
86th CONGRESS			
Jan. 9, 1959	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Jan. 21, 1959	Joint meeting	Address	Arturo Frondizi, President of Argentina.
Feb. 12, 1959	Joint session	Sesquicentennial of Abraham Lincoln's birth.	Fredric March, actor; Carl Sandburg, poet.
Mar. 11, 1959	Joint meeting	Address	Jose Maria Lemus, President of El Salvador.
Mar. 18, 1959	do	do	Sean T. O'Kelly, President of Ireland.
May 12, 1959	do	do	Baudouin, King of the Belgians.
Jan. 7, 1960	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Dwight D. Eisenhower.
Mar. 30, 1960	Senate	Address	Harold Macmillan, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
Apr. 6, 1960	Joint meeting	do	Alberto Lleras-Camargo, President of Colombia.
Apr. 25, 1960	do	do	Charles de Gaulle, President of France.
Apr. 28, 1960	do	do	Mahendra, King of Nepal.
June 29, 1960	do	do	Bhumibol Adulyadej, King of Thailand.
87th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1961	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1961	do	Inauguration, East Portico	President John F. Kennedy; Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Jan. 30, 1961	do	State of the Union Address	President John F. Kennedy.
Apr. 13, 1961	Senate	Remarks	Konrad Adenauer, Chancellor of West Germany.
Apr. 18, 1961	House	Address	Constantine Karamanlis, Prime Minister of Greece.
May 4, 1961	Joint meeting	do	Habib Bourguiba, President of Tunisia.
May 25, 1961	Joint session	Urgent national needs: foreign aid, defense, civil defense, and outer space.	President John F. Kennedy.
June 22, 1961	Senate	Remarks	Hayato Ikeda, Prime Minister of Japan.
Do	House	Address	Do.
July 12, 1961	Joint meeting	do	Mohammad Ayub Khan, President of Pakistan.
July 26, 1961	House	do	Abubakar Tafawa Balewa, Prime Minister of Nigeria.
Sept. 21, 1961	Joint meeting	do	Manuel Prado, President of Peru.
Jan. 11, 1962	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President John F. Kennedy.
Feb. 26, 1962	Joint meeting	Friendship 7: 1st United States orbital space flight.	Lt. Col. John H. Glenn, Jr., USMC; Friendship 7 astronaut.
Apr. 4, 1962	do	Address	João Goulart, President of Brazil.
Apr. 12, 1962	do	do	Mohammad Reza Shah Pahlavi, Shahanshah of Iran.
88th CONGRESS			
Jan. 14, 1963	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President John F. Kennedy.
May 21, 1963	Joint meeting	Flight of Faith 7 Spacecraft	Maj. Gordon L. Cooper, Jr., USAF, Faith 7 astronaut.
Oct. 2, 1963	Senate	Address	Haile Selassie I, Emperor of Ethiopia.
Nov. 27, 1963	Joint session	Assumption of office	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Jan. 8, 1964	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Jan. 15, 1964	Joint meeting	Address	Antonio Segni, President of Italy.
May 28, 1964	do	do	Eamon de Valera, President of Ireland.

JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS—CONTINUED

[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
89th CONGRESS			
Jan. 4, 1965	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Jan. 6, 1965	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1965	Joint session ³² ..	Inauguration, East Portico	President Lyndon B. Johnson; Vice President Hubert H. Humphrey.
Mar. 15, 1965	Joint session	Voting rights	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Sept. 14, 1965	Joint meeting	Flight of Gemini 5 Spacecraft	Lt. Col. Gordon L. Cooper, Jr., USAF; and Charles Conrad, Jr., USN; Gemini 5 astronauts.
Jan. 12, 1966	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Sept. 15, 1966	Joint meeting	Address	Ferdinand E. Marcos, President of the Philippines.
90th CONGRESS			
Jan. 10, 1967	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Apr. 28, 1967	Joint meeting	Vietnam policy	General William C. Westmoreland.
Aug. 16, 1967	Senate	Address	Kurt George Kiesinger, Chancellor of West Germany.
Oct. 27, 1967	Joint meeting	do	Gustavo Diaz Ordaz, President of Mexico.
Jan. 17, 1968	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
91st CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1969	do	Counting electoral votes ³³	N.A.
Jan. 9, 1969	Joint meeting	Apollo 8: 1st flight around the moon ...	Col. Frank Borman, USAF; Capt. James A. Lowell, Jr., USN; Lt. Col. William A. Anders, USAF; Apollo 8 astronauts.
Jan. 14, 1969	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Lyndon B. Johnson.
Jan. 20, 1969	Joint session ³² ..	Inauguration, East Portico	President Richard M. Nixon; Vice President Spiro T. Agnew.
Sept. 16, 1969	Joint meeting	Apollo 11: 1st lunar landing	Neil A. Armstrong; Col. Edwin E. Aldrin, Jr., USAF; and Lt. Col. Michael Collins, USAF; Apollo 11 astronauts.
Nov. 13, 1969	House	Executive-Legislative branch relations and Vietnam policy.	President Richard M. Nixon.
Do	Senate	do	Do.
Jan. 22, 1970	Joint session	State of the Union Address	Do.
Feb. 25, 1970	Joint meeting	Address	Georges Pompidou, President of France.
June 3, 1970	do	do	Rafael Caldera, President of Venezuela.
Sept. 22, 1970	do	Report on prisoners of war	Col. Frank Borman, Representative to the President on Prisoners of War.
92d CONGRESS			
Jan. 22, 1971	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Richard M. Nixon.
Sept. 9, 1971	do	Economic policy	Do.
Do	Joint meeting	Apollo 15: lunar mission	Col. David R. Scott, USAF; Col. James B. Irwin, USAF; and Lt. Col. Alfred M. Worden, USAF; Apollo 15 astronauts.
Jan. 20, 1972	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Richard M. Nixon.
June 1, 1972	do	European trip report	Do.
June 15, 1972	Joint meeting	Address	Luis Echeverria Alvarez, President of Mexico.
93d CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1973	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1973	Inauguration	East Portico	President Richard M. Nixon; Vice President Spiro T. Agnew.
Dec. 6, 1973	Joint meeting	Oath of office to, and Address by Vice President Gerald R. Ford.	Vice President Gerald R. Ford; ceremony attended by President Richard M. Nixon.
Do	Senate	Remarks and Reception	Vice President Gerald R. Ford.
Jan. 30, 1974	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Richard M. Nixon.
Aug. 12, 1974	do	Assumption of office	President Gerald R. Ford.
Oct. 8, 1974	do	Economy	Do.
Dec. 19, 1974	Senate	Address ³⁴	Vice President Nelson A. Rockefeller.
94th CONGRESS			
Jan. 15, 1975	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Gerald R. Ford.
Apr. 10, 1975	do	State of the World message	Do.
June 17, 1975	Joint meeting	Address	Walter Scheel, President of West Germany.
Nov. 5, 1975	do	do	Anwar El Sadat, President of Egypt.
Jan. 19, 1976	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Gerald R. Ford.
Jan. 28, 1976	Joint meeting	Address	Yitzhak Rabin, Prime Minister of Israel.
Mar. 17, 1976	do	do	Liam Cosgrave, Prime Minister of Ireland.

**JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR
THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS—CONTINUED**

[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
May 18, 1976	Joint meeting	Address	Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, President of France.
June 2, 1976	do	do	Juan Carlos I, King of Spain.
Sept. 23, 1976	do	do	William R. Tolbert, Jr., President of Liberia.
95th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1977	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 12, 1977	do	State of the Union Address	President Gerald R. Ford.
Jan. 20, 1977	Inauguration	East Portico	President Jimmy Carter; Vice President Walter F. Mondale.
Feb. 17, 1977	House	Address	José López Portillo, President of Mexico.
Feb. 22, 1977	Joint meeting	Address	Pierre Elliot Trudeau, Prime Minister of Canada.
Apr. 20, 1977	Joint session	Energy	President Jimmy Carter.
Jan. 19, 1978	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Sept. 18, 1978	do	Middle East Peace agreements	President Jimmy Carter; joint session attended by Anwar El Sadat, President of Egypt, and by Menachem Begin, Prime Minister of Israel.
96th CONGRESS			
Jan. 23, 1979	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
June 18, 1979	do	Salt II agreements	Do.
Jan. 23, 1980	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
97th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1981	do	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1981	Joint session ³² ..	Inauguration, West Front	President Ronald Reagan; Vice President George Bush.
Feb. 18, 1981	Joint session	Economic recovery	President Ronald Reagan.
Apr. 28, 1981	do	Economic recovery—inflation	Do.
Jan. 26, 1982	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Jan. 28, 1982	Joint meeting	Centennial of birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt.	Dr. Arthur Schlesinger, historian; Senator Jennings Randolph; Representative Claude Pepper; Averell Harriman, former Governor of New York ³⁵ ; former Representative James Roosevelt, son of President Roosevelt.
Apr. 21, 1982	do	Address	Beatrix, Queen of the Netherlands.
98th CONGRESS			
Jan. 25, 1983	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Ronald Reagan.
Apr. 27, 1983	do	Central America	Do.
Oct. 5, 1983	Joint meeting	Address	Karl Carstens, President of West Germany.
Jan. 25, 1984	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Ronald Reagan.
Mar. 15, 1984	Joint meeting	Address	Dr. Garrett Fitzgerald, Prime Minister of Ireland.
Mar. 22, 1984	do	do	François Mitterand, President of France.
May 8, 1984	do	Centennial of birth of Harry S. Truman	Representatives Ike Skelton and Alan Wheat; former Senator Stuart Symington; Margaret Truman Daniel, daughter of President Truman; and Senator Mark Hatfield.
May 16, 1984	do	Address	Miguel de la Madrid, President of Mexico.
99th CONGRESS			
Jan. 7, 1985	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 21, 1985	Inauguration	Rotunda ³⁶	President Ronald Reagan; Vice President George Bush.
Feb. 6, 1985	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Ronald Reagan.
Feb. 20, 1985	Joint meeting	Address	Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.
Mar. 6, 1985	do	do	Bettino Craxi, President of the Council of Ministers of Italy.
Mar. 20, 1985	do	do	Raul Alfonsín, President of Argentina.
June 13, 1985	do	do	Rajiv Gandhi, Prime Minister of India.
Oct. 9, 1985	do	do	Lee Kuan Yew, Prime Minister of Singapore.
Nov. 21, 1985	Joint session	Geneva Summit	President Ronald Reagan.
Feb. 4, 1986	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Sept. 11, 1986	Joint meeting	Address	Jose Sarney, President of Brazil.
Sept. 18, 1986	do	do	Corazon C. Aquino, President of the Philippines.
100th CONGRESS			
Jan. 27, 1987	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Ronald Reagan.

**JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR
THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS—CONTINUED**

[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
Nov. 10, 1987	Joint meeting	Address	Chaim Herzog, President of Israel.
Jan. 25, 1988	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President Ronald Reagan.
Apr. 27, 1988	Joint meeting	Address	Brian Mulroney, Prime Minister of Canada.
June 23, 1988	do	do	Robert Hawke, Prime Minister of Australia.
101st CONGRESS			
Jan. 4, 1989	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1989	Inauguration	West Front	President George Bush; Vice President Dan Quayle.
Feb. 9, 1989	Joint session	Building a Better America	President George Bush.
Mar. 2, 1989	Joint meeting	Bicentennial of the 1st Congress	President Pro Tempore Robert C. Byrd; Speaker James C. Wright, Jr.; Representatives Lindy Boggs, Thomas S. Foley, and Robert H. Michel; Senators George Mitchell and Robert Dole; Howard Nemerov, Poet Laureate of the United States; David McCullough, historian; Anthony M. Frank, Postmaster General; former Senator Nicholas Brady, Secretary of the Treasury.
Apr. 6, 1989	Senate ³⁷	Addresses on the 200th anniversary commemoration of Senate's first legislative session.	Former Senators Thomas F. Eagleton and Howard H. Baker, Jr..
June 7, 1989	Joint meeting	Address	Benazir Bhutto, Prime Minister of Pakistan.
Oct. 4, 1989	do	do	Carlos Salinas de Gortari, President of Mexico.
Oct. 18, 1989	do	do	Roh Tae Woo, President of South Korea.
Nov. 15, 1989	do	do	Lech Walesa, chairman of Solidarność labor union, Poland.
Jan. 31, 1990	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President George Bush.
Feb. 21, 1990	Joint meeting	Address	Vaclav Havel, President of Czechoslovakia.
Mar. 7, 1990	do	do	Giulio Andreotti, President of the Council of Ministers of Italy.
Mar. 27, 1990	do	Centennial of birth of Dwight D. Eisenhower.	Senator Robert Dole; Walter Cronkite, television journalist; Winston S. Churchill, member of British Parliament and grandson of Prime Minister Churchill; Clark M. Clifford, former Secretary of Defense; James D. Robinson III, chairman of Eisenhower Centennial Foundation; Arnold Palmer, professional golfer; John S.D. Eisenhower, former Ambassador to Belgium and son of President Eisenhower; Representatives Beverly Byron, William F. Goodling, and Pat Roberts.
June 26, 1990	do	Address	Nelson Mandela, Deputy President of the African National Congress, South Africa.
Sept. 11, 1990	Joint session	Invasion of Kuwait by Iraq	President George Bush.
102d CONGRESS			
Jan. 29, 1991	do	State of the Union Address	Do.
Mar. 6, 1991	do	Conclusion of Persian Gulf War	Do.
Apr. 16, 1991	Joint meeting	Address	Violeta B. de Chamorro, President of Nicaragua.
May 8, 1991	House ³⁸	do	General H. Norman Schwarzkopf.
May 16, 1991	Joint meeting	Address	Elizabeth II, Queen of the United Kingdom; joint meeting also attended by Prince Philip.
Nov. 14, 1991	do	do	Carlos Saul Menem, President of Argentina.
Jan. 28, 1992	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President George Bush.
Apr. 30, 1992	Joint meeting	Address	Richard von Weizsäcker, President of Germany.
June 17, 1992	do	do	Boris Yeltsin, President of Russia.
103d CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 1993	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1993	Inauguration	West Front	President William J. Clinton; Vice President Albert Gore.
Feb. 17, 1993	Joint session	Economic Address ³⁹	President William J. Clinton.
Sept. 22, 1993	do	Health care reform	Do.
Jan. 25, 1994	do	State of the Union Address	Do.

**JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR
THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS—CONTINUED**

[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
May 18, 1994	Joint meeting	Address	Narasimha Rao, Prime Minister of India.
July 26, 1994	do	Addresses	Hussein I, King of Jordan; Yitzhak Rabin, Prime Minister of Israel.
Oct. 6, 1994	do	Address	Nelson Mandela, President of South Africa.
104th CONGRESS			
Jan. 24, 1995	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President William J. Clinton.
July 26, 1995	Joint meeting	Address	Kim Yong-sam, President of South Korea. ⁴⁰
Oct. 11, 1995	do	Close of the Commemoration of the 50th Anniversary of World War II.	Speaker Newt Gingrich; Vice President Albert Gore; President Pro Tempore Strom Thurmond; Representatives Henry J. Hyde and G.V. "Sonny" Montgomery; Senators Daniel K. Inouye and Robert Dole; former Representative Robert H. Michel; General Louis H. Wilson (ret.), former Commandant of the Marine Corps.
Dec. 12, 1995	do	Address	Shimon Peres, Prime Minister of Israel.
Jan. 30, 1996	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President William J. Clinton.
Feb. 1, 1996	Joint meeting	Address	Jacques Chirac, President of France.
July 10, 1996	do	do	Benjamin Netanyahu, Prime Minister of Israel.
Sept. 11, 1996	do	do	John Bruton, Prime Minister of Ireland.
105th CONGRESS			
Jan. 9, 1997	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 1997	Inauguration	West Front	President William J. Clinton; Vice President Albert Gore.
Feb. 4, 1997	Joint session	State of the Union Address ⁴¹	President William J. Clinton.
Feb. 27, 1997	Joint meeting	Address	Eduardo Frei, President of Chile.
Jan. 27, 1998	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President William J. Clinton.
June 10, 1998	Joint meeting	Address	Kim Dae-jung, President of South Korea.
July 15, 1998	do	do	Emil Constantinescu, President of Romania.
106th CONGRESS			
Jan. 19, 1999	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President William J. Clinton.
Jan. 27, 2000	do	do	Do.
Sept. 14, 2000	Joint meeting	Address	Atal Bihari Vajpayee, Prime Minister of India.
107th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 2001	Joint session	Counting electoral votes	N.A.
Jan. 20, 2001	Inauguration	West Front	President George W. Bush; Vice President Richard B. Cheney.
Feb. 27, 2001	Joint session	Budget message ³⁹	President George W. Bush.
Sept. 6, 2001	Joint meeting	Address	Vicente Fox, President of Mexico.
Sept. 20, 2001	Joint session	War on terrorism	President George W. Bush; joint session attended by Tony Blair, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom, by Tom Ridge, Governor of Pennsylvania, by George Pataki, Governor of New York, and by Rudolph Giuliani, Mayor of New York City.
Jan. 29, 2002	do	State of the Union Address	President George W. Bush; joint session attended by Hamid Karzai, Chairman of the Interim Authority of Afghanistan.
108th CONGRESS			
Jan. 28, 2003	do	do	President George W. Bush.
July 17, 2003	Joint meeting	Address	Tony Blair, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom; joint meeting attended by Mrs. George W. Bush.
Jan. 20, 2004	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President George W. Bush.
Feb. 4, 2004	Joint meeting	Address	Jose Maria Aznar, President of the Government of Spain.
June 15, 2004	do	do	Hamid Karzai, President of Afghanistan.
Sept. 23, 2004	do	do	Ayad Allawi, Interim Prime Minister of Iraq.
109th CONGRESS			
Jan. 6, 2005	Joint session	Counting electoral votes ⁴²	N.A.
Jan. 20, 2005	Inauguration	West Front	President George W. Bush; Vice President Richard B. Cheney.
Feb. 2, 2005	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President George W. Bush.
Apr. 6, 2005	Joint meeting	Address	Viktor Yushchenko, President of Ukraine.
July 19, 2005	do	do	Dr. Manmohan Singh, Prime Minister of India.
Jan. 31, 2006	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President George W. Bush.
Mar. 1, 2006	Joint meeting	Address	Silvio Berlusconi, Prime Minister of Italy.

JOINT SESSIONS AND MEETINGS, ADDRESSES TO THE SENATE OR THE HOUSE, AND INAUGURATIONS—CONTINUED

[See notes at end of table]

Congress & Date	Type	Occasion, topic, or inaugural location	Name and position of dignitary (where applicable)
Mar. 15, 2006	Joint meeting	Address	Ellen Johnson Sirleaf, President of Liberia.
May 24, 2006	do	do	Ehud Olmert, Prime Minister of Israel.
June 7, 2006	do	do	Dr. Vaira Vike-Freiberga, President of Latvia.
July 26, 2006	do	do	Nouri Al-Maliki, Prime Minister of Iraq.
110th CONGRESS			
Jan. 23, 2007	Joint session	State of the Union Address	President George W. Bush.
Mar. 7, 2007	Joint meeting	Address	Abdullah II Ibn Al Hussein, King of Jordan.

¹ Closing date for this table was May 21, 2007.² The oath of office was administered to George Washington outside on the gallery in front of the Senate Chamber, after which the Congress and the President returned to the chamber to hear the inaugural address. They then proceeded to St. Paul's Chapel for the "divine service" performed by the Chaplain of the Congress. Adjournment of the ceremony did not occur until the Congress returned to Federal Hall.³ Funeral oration was delivered at the German Lutheran Church in Philadelphia.⁴ Because of a tie in the electoral vote between Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr, the House of Representatives had to decide the election. Thirty-six ballots were required to break the deadlock, with Jefferson's election as President and Burr's as Vice President on February 17. The Twelfth Amendment was added to the Constitution to prevent the 1800 problem from recurring.⁵ During most of the period while the Capitol was being reconstructed following the fire of 1814, the Congress met in the "Brick Capitol," constructed on the site of the present Supreme Court building. This joint session took place in the Representatives' chamber on the 2d floor of the building.⁶ The joint session to count electoral votes was dissolved because the House and Senate disagreed on Missouri's status regarding statehood. The joint session was reconvened the same day and Missouri's votes were counted.⁷ While this occasion has historically been referred to as the first joint meeting of Congress, the Journals of the House and Senate indicate that Lafayette actually addressed the House of Representatives, with some of the Senators present as guests of the House (having been invited at the last minute to attend). Similar occasions, when members of the one body were invited as guests of the other, include the Senate address by Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands on Aug. 6, 1942, and the House address by General H. Norman Schwarzkopf on May 8, 1991.⁸ Although Andrew Jackson won the popular vote by a substantial amount and had the highest number of electoral votes from among the several candidates, he did not receive the required majority of the electoral votes. The responsibility for choosing the new President therefore devolved upon the House of Representatives. As soon as the Senators left the chamber, the balloting proceeded, and John Quincy Adams was elected on the first ballot.⁹ The ceremony was moved outside to accommodate the extraordinarily large crowd of people who had come to Washington to see the inauguration.¹⁰ The ceremony was moved inside because of cold weather.¹¹ Following the death of President Zachary Taylor, Vice President Millard Fillmore took the Presidential oath of office in a special joint session in the Hall of the House.¹² The joint session to count electoral votes was dissolved three times so that the House and Senate could resolve several electoral disputes.¹³ Because of a severe cold and hoarseness, the King could not deliver his speech, which was read by former Representative Elisha Hunt Allen, then serving as Chancellor and Chief Justice of the Hawaiian Islands.¹⁴ The contested election between Rutherford B. Hayes and Samuel J. Tilden created a constitutional crisis. Tilden won the popular vote by a close margin, but disputes concerning the electoral vote returns from four states deadlocked the proceedings of the joint session. Anticipating this development, the Congress had created a special commission of five Senators, five Representatives, and five Supreme Court Justices to resolve such disputes. The Commission met in the Supreme Court Chamber (the present Old Senate Chamber) as each problem arose. In each case, the Commission accepted the Hayes electors, securing his election by one electoral vote. The joint session was convened on 15 occasions, with the last on March 2, just three days before the inauguration.¹⁵ The speech was written by former Speaker and Senator Robert C. Winthrop, who could not attend the ceremony because of ill health.¹⁶ Because of a blizzard, the ceremony was moved inside, where it was held as part of the Senate's special session. President William Howard Taft took the oath of office and gave his inaugural address after Vice President James S. Sherman's inaugural address and the swearing-in of the new senators.¹⁷ Held in the Senate Chamber.¹⁸ Bakhmetieff represented the provisional government of Russia set up after the overthrow of the monarchy in March 1917 and recognized by the United States. The Bolsheviks took over in November 1917.¹⁹ The address and reception were in conjunction with the presentation to the Senate by France of two Sèvres vases in appreciation of the United States' involvement in World War I. The vases are today in the Senate lobby, just off the Senate floor. Two additional Sèvres vases were given without ceremony to the House of Representatives, which today are in the Rayburn Room, not far from the floor of the House.²⁰ Senators later objected to President Harding's speech (given with no advance notice to most of the Senators) as an unconstitutional effort to interfere with the deliberations of the Senate, and Harding did not repeat visits of this kind.²¹ This was the first Annual Message broadcast live on radio.²² This was the first inauguration held pursuant to the Twentieth Amendment, which changed the date from March 4 to January 20. The Vice Presidential oath, which previously had been given earlier on the same day in the Senate Chamber, was added to the inaugural ceremony as well, but the Vice Presidential inaugural address was discontinued.²³ A joint reception for the King and Queen of the United Kingdom was held in the Rotunda, authorized by Senate Concurrent Resolution 17, 76th Congress. Although the concurrent resolution was structured to establish a joint meeting, the Senate, in fact, adjourned rather than recessed as called for by the resolution.²⁴ Held in the Senate Chamber.²⁵ At this time, the Philippines was still a possession of the United States, although it had been made a self-governing commonwealth in 1935, in preparation for full independence in 1946. From 1909 to 1916, Quezon had served in the U.S. House of Representatives as the resident commissioner from the Philippines.²⁶ In exile.²⁷ For this Senate Address by Queen Wilhelmina, the members of the House of Representatives were invited as guests. This occasion has sometimes been mistakenly referred to as a joint meeting.

²⁸The oaths of office were taken in simple ceremonies at the White House because the expense and festivity of a Capitol ceremony were thought inappropriate because of the war. The Joint Committee on Arrangements of the Congress was in charge, however, and both the Senate and the House of Representatives were present.

²⁹This was the first time the term "State of the Union Address" was used for the President's Annual Message. Also, it was the first time the address was shown live on television.

³⁰This was an informal meeting in the Coolidge Auditorium of the Library of Congress.

³¹Presentation of new ivory gavel to the Senate.

³²According to the Congressional Record, the Senate adjourned prior to the inaugural ceremonies, even though the previously adopted resolution had stated the adjournment would come immediately following the inauguration. The Senate Journal records the adjournment as called for in the resolution, hence this listing as a joint session.

³³The joint session to count electoral votes was dissolved so that the House and Senate could each resolve the dispute regarding a ballot from North Carolina. The joint session was reconvened the same day and the North Carolina vote was counted.

³⁴Rockefeller was sworn in as Vice President by Chief Justice Warren E. Burger, after which, by unanimous consent, he was allowed to address the Senate.

³⁵Because the Governor had laryngitis, his speech was read by his wife, Pamela.

³⁶The ceremony was moved inside because of extremely cold weather.

³⁷These commemorative addresses were given in the Old Senate Chamber during a regular legislative session.

³⁸For this House Address by General Schwarzkopf, the members of the Senate were invited as guests.

³⁹This speech was mislabeled in many sources as a State of the Union Address.

⁴⁰President Kim Yong-sam was in Washington for the dedication of the Korean Veterans' Memorial, held the day after this joint meeting.

⁴¹This was the first State of the Union Address carried live on the Internet.

⁴²The joint session to count electoral votes was dissolved so that the House and Senate could each discuss the dispute regarding the ballots from Ohio. The joint session was reconvened the same day and the Ohio votes were counted.