FINANCING VEHICLES AND THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE

This chapter contains descriptions of and data on financing vehicles and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve. The Financing Corporation functions as a financing vehicle for the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) Resolution Fund. The Resolution Funding Corporation provided financing for the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC) and is subject to the general oversight and direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System's transactions are not included in the Budget because of its unique status in the conduct of monetary policy. The Board provides data on its administrative budget, which is included here for information. Its budget schedules and statements are not subject to review by the President.

Amounts are on a calendar year basis, with the exception of the 2014 balance sheets for the Financing Corporation and Resolution Funding Corporation, which are as of September 30, 2014.

FINANCING CORPORATION

The Financing Corporation (FICO) is a mixed-ownership Government corporation, chartered by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board pursuant to the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation Recapitalization Act of 1987, as amended (Act). FICO's sole purpose is to function as a financing vehicle for the FSLIC Resolution Fund, formerly the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. Pursuant to the Act, FICO was authorized to issue debentures, bonds, and other obligations subject to limitations contained in the Act, the net proceeds of which were to be used solely to purchase capital certificates issued by the FSLIC Resolution Fund, or to refund any previously issued obligations. The Resolution Trust Corporation Refinancing, Restructuring, and Improvement Act of 1991 terminated FICO's borrowing authority.

The Act provided formulas pursuant to which the Federal Home Loan Banks make capital contributions to FICO. FICO used the proceeds received from the sales of such capital stock to purchase non-interest bearing securities for deposit in a segregated account as required by the Act. The non-interest bearing securities held in the segregated account are the primary source of repayment of the principal of FICO obligations. Securities in the segregated account are kept separate from other FICO accounts and funds, but are not specifically pledged as collateral for the payment of obligations. The primary source of payment of interest on the obligations is the receipt of assessments imposed on and collected from institutions' accounts which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's Deposit Insurance Fund.

Balance Sheet (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 920-4980-0-4-373		2013 actual	2014 actual	
	ISSETS:			
	Federal assets:			
	Investments in US securities:			
1102	Segregated accounts investment, net	5,894	6,282	
	Other Federal assets:			
1801	Cash, cash equivalents	211	290	
1901	Other assets	6	5	
1999	Total assets	6,111	6,577	
L	IABILITIES:			
	Non-Federal liabilities:			
2202	Interest payable	156	236	
2203	Debt	8,156	8,157	
2207	Other	75	72	
2999	Total liabilities	8,387	8,465	
1	IET POSITION:			
3100	FICO capital stock purchased by FHLBanks	680	680	
3300	Cumulative results of operations	5,214	5,602	
3300	FSLIC capital certificates	-8,170	-8,170	
3999	Total net position	-2,276	-1,888	

RESOLUTION FUNDING CORPORATION

The Resolution Funding Corporation (REFCORP) is a mixed-ownership Government corporation established by Title V of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (FIRREA). The sole purpose of REFCORP was to provide financing for the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC). Pursuant to FIRREA, REFCORP was authorized to issue debentures, bonds, and other obligations, subject to limitations contained in the Act and regulations established by the Thrift Depositor Protection Oversight Board. The proceeds of the debt (less any discount, plus any premium, net of issuance cost) were used solely to purchase nonredeemable capital certificates of RTC or to refund any previously issued obligations.

Until October 29, 1998, REFCORP was subject to the general oversight and direction of the Thrift Depositor Protection Oversight Board. At that time, the Oversight Board was abolished and its authority and duties were transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury. The day-to-day operations of REFCORP are under the management of a three-member Directorate comprised of the Director of the Office of Finance of the Federal Home Loan Banks and two members selected from among the presidents of the 12 Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBanks). Members of the Directorate serve without compensation, and REFCORP is not permitted to have any paid employees.

FIRREA, as amended, and the regulations adopted by the Thrift Depositor Protection Oversight Board and the Secretary of the Treasury required that Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBs) contribute 20 percent of net earnings annually to assist in the payment of interest on bonds issued by REFCORP until such time as the total payments are equivalent to a \$300 million annual annuity with a final maturity date of April 15, 2030. The FHLBs fulfilled this obligation on August 5, 2011.

Balance Sheet (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 920-4981-0-4-373	2013 actual	2014 actual	
	ASSETS:			
	Federal assets:			
	Investments in US securities:			
1102	Principal fund account investment, net	14,770	15,656	
1206	Non-Federal assets: Assessments receivable for interest expense	886	888	
1999	Total assets	15.656	16.544	
1	IABILITIES:	,	,	
	Non-Federal liabilities:			
2202	Accrued interest payable on long-term obligations	886	888	
2203	Debt	30,068	30,066	
2999	Total liabilities	30,954	30,954	
1	NET POSITION:			
3100	Nonvoting capital stock issued to FHLBanks	2,513	2,513	
3300	Cumulative results of operations	12,419	13,307	
3300	RTC nonredeemable capital certificates	-31,286	-31,286	
3300	Contributed capital - principal fund assessments	1,056	1,056	
3999	Total net position	-15,298	-14,410	
4999	Total liabilities and net position	15,656	16,544	

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 920-4982-0-4-803		2013 actual	2014 est.	2015 est.
0801	Obligations by program activity: Monetary and economic policy	118	128	136
0802 0803	Federal Reserve System policy direction Supervisory, regulatory, and legal services	35 176	36 190	37 216

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM—Continued

Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 920-4982-0-4-803	2013 actual	2014 est.	2015 est.
0804	Support and security services	185	212	214
0805	Extraordinary items	14	18	26
0809	Reimbursable program activities, subtotal	528	584	629
0810	Office of Inspector General operating expenses	26	27	29
0900	Total new obligations	554	611	658
	Budgetary resources: Financing authority:			
1000	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:	554	611	CEO
1800	Collected	554	611	658
1850	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)	554	611	658
1930	Total budgetary resources available	554	611	658
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3010	Obligations incurred, unexpired accounts	554	611	658
3020	Financing disbursements (gross)	-554	-611	-658
	Financing authority and disbursements, net: Mandatory:			
4090	Financing authority, gross	554	611	658
4110	Financing disbursements, gross Offsets against gross financing authority and disbursements:	554	611	658
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4123	Non-Federal sources	-554	-611	-658

The Federal Reserve System operates under the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act of 1913, as amended, and other acts of the Congress.

To carry out its responsibilities under this Act, the Board determines general monetary, credit, and operating policies for the System as a whole and formulates the rules and regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of the Federal Reserve Act. The Board's principal duties consist of exerting

an influence over credit conditions and supervising the Federal Reserve banks and member banks.

Under the provisions of section 10 of the Federal Reserve Act, the Board of Governors levies upon the Federal Reserve banks, in proportion to their capital and surplus, an assessment sufficient to pay its estimated expenses. The Board, under this Act, determines and prescribes the manner in which its obligations are incurred and its expenses paid. Funds derived from assessments are deposited in the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, and this Act provides that such funds "not be construed to be Government funds or appropriated moneys." No Government appropriation is required to support operations of the Board.

The information presented pertains to Board operations only. Expenditures made on behalf of the Federal Reserve banks for production, issuance, retirement, and shipment of Federal Reserve notes are not included, since they are reimbursed in full by the Federal Reserve banks.

Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 920-4982-0-4-803		2013 actual	2014 est.	2015 est.
	mbursable obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	318	338	375
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	3	3	3
11.5	Other personnel compensation	2	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	323	343	380
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	64	67	74
13.0	Benefits for former personnel	6	6	6
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	15	16	15
22.0	Transportation of things		1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	9	12	10
24.0	Printing and reproduction	2	3	2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	68	71	57
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	24	30	39
26.0	Supplies and materials	14	21	32
31.0	Equipment	29	41	42
99.9	Total new obligations	554	611	658