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S. RES. 573

Expressing the need for the United States continued leadership on matters
of religious freedom.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 18, 2025

Mr. RISCH submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the
Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

Expressing the need for the United States continued
leadership on matters of religious freedom.

Whereas the freedom of religion is the United States first
right that launched a revolution to enshrine freedom for
all;

Whereas the First Amendment to the Constitution of the
United States clearly states, “Congress shall make no law
respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the
free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech,
or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to
assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress
of grievances”;

Whereas the United States founding fathers believed all per-
sons had “inalienable rights”, as endowed by our Creator
and further protected by the Government;

Whereas these inalienable rights also belong to those around the world, as they are inherent and the foundation of individual dignity and freedom;

Whereas the United States is the global leader in the fight to protect and expand the inalienable right to freedom of religion;

Whereas the United States has consistently reaffirmed its commitment to the freedom of religion, including through the International Religious Freedom Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–292) and the Frank R. Wolf International Religious Freedom Act (Public Law 114–281);

Whereas Congress has reaffirmed its commitment to the promotion of religious freedom abroad by creating and confirming Ambassadors-at-Large for International Religious Freedom and the Special Envoy to Monitor and Combat Antisemitism;

Whereas other Western countries have not taken similar steps to enshrine the inalienable right of religious freedom in their founding documents or in a consistent pattern of domestic policies;

Whereas the rise of religious intolerance in Europe has created an environment that—

(1) criminalizes certain religious practices that target Jews; and

(2) creates subtly inhospitable environments for Christians;

Whereas countries around the world continue to engage in gross violations of internationally recognized human rights, including violations of the inalienable right to freedom of religion;

Whereas governments in Afghanistan, Algeria, Azerbaijan, Burma, China, Cuba, Egypt, Eritrea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Nicaragua, Nigeria, North Korea, Pakistan, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Venezuela, and Vietnam, and have all engaged in patterns of violations of varying degrees of religious freedom;

Whereas the Chinese Communist Party arrested dozens of Zion House Church members and leaders in October 2025, which was the greatest attack on Christianity in China in decades in their continued campaign to Sinicize religion;

Whereas the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom 2025 Annual Report revealed that the Government of Nicaragua continues to ruthlessly suppress religious freedom for Christians, including through intimidation tactics;

Whereas Vatican leaders are mourning the ongoing killings of Christians for their faith, which are occurring in increasing numbers in some places;

Whereas according to the pontifical foundation Aid to the Church in Need, more than 360,000,000 Christians live in areas where they face high levels of persecution;

Whereas such patterns of violating religious freedom will continue in these countries unless the United States sends clear, concise, and strong messages to cease such behavior; and

Whereas, as the global leader for centuries on religious freedom, only the United States can proclaim without reservation that these countries must reverse course and

protect and defend the inalienable rights of all people, particularly those who are seeking to exercise the most provocative right, which is the natural and inalienable right to freedom of religion: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) reaffirms the United States leadership
3 around the world to promote, protect, and expand
4 the inalienable and internationally recognized right
5 to freedom of religion;

6 (2) encourages the Secretary of State—

7 (A) to continue to engage on matters of re-
8 ligious freedom;

9 (B) to use all available tools and resources
10 to discourage foreign governments from con-
11 tinuing patterns of violations; and

12 (C) to continue to engage on matters of re-
13 ligious freedom with friendly nations to prevent
14 further erosion of religious freedom;

15 (3) reaffirms the importance of the offices of
16 the Ambassador-at-Large for International Religious
17 Freedom and the Special Envoy to Monitor and
18 Combat Antisemitism;

19 (4) supports the offices of the Ambassador-at-
20 Large for International Religious Freedom and the
21 Special Envoy to Monitor and Combat Antisemitism

1 to work together to ensure that no faith or believer
2 is left behind; and

3 (5) commits the United States to always sup-
4 port those seeking freedom from authoritarian re-
5 pression against our shared and inalienable rights.

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