

119TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 4859

To improve the structure of the Federal Pell Grant program, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 23, 2026

Ms. HIRONO (for herself, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. REED, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. KAINE, Mr. PADILLA, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. BENNET, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. MARKEY, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. HEINRICH, Mr. WARNOCK, Ms. WARREN, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Ms. SMITH, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. WYDEN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. KING, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. FETTERMAN, and Mr. OSSOFF) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To improve the structure of the Federal Pell Grant program,
and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Pell Grant Preserva-
5 tion and Expansion Act of 2026”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

1 (1) The United States needs individuals with
2 the knowledge, skills, and abilities that enable them
3 to thrive as educated citizens in society and success-
4 fully participate in an interconnected economy.

5 (2) Investments in higher education through
6 student aid such as the Federal Pell Grant program
7 under section 401 of the Higher Education Act of
8 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a) help students and families
9 reach, afford, and complete education and training
10 opportunities beyond high school.

11 (3) The Federal Pell Grant program is the larg-
12 est source of federally funded grant aid for postsec-
13 ondary education.

14 (4) The Federal Pell Grant program allows mil-
15 lions of people of the United States to attend college
16 and is especially vital for students of color. Three in
17 5 African American undergraduate students, and
18 one-half of all Latino undergraduate students, rely
19 on the Federal Pell Grant program.

20 (5) The Federal Pell Grant program should
21 continue to be a reliable source of funding for aspir-
22 ing students, their families, and future generations
23 that they can count on to be there for them when
24 they seek higher education.

1 (6) In Public Law 119–21, Congress expanded
 2 Federal Pell Grant eligibility to short-term training
 3 programs, but did not make additional investments
 4 nor take efforts to stabilize the program for longer
 5 than one fiscal year. Congress also made students
 6 whose total non-Federal grants and scholarships
 7 alone equal or exceed their cost of attendance ineli-
 8 gible for the Federal Pell Grant.

9 (7) To stabilize Federal Pell Grant funding and
 10 ensure the grant will continue to serve millions of
 11 students now and in the future, the program should
 12 become a fully mandatory program that grows with
 13 inflation.

14 (8) Restoring prior eligibility cuts and expand-
 15 ing access to underserved students will give millions
 16 of students and families the critical student aid sup-
 17 port they need and deserve.

18 **SEC. 3. TABLE OF CONTENTS; REFERENCES.**

19 (a) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
 20 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Table of contents; references.
- Sec. 4. Doubling Federal Pell Grants and providing all Federal Pell Grants through mandatory funding.
- Sec. 5. Providing increased Federal Pell Grants and other assistance for recipients of means-tested benefits.
- Sec. 6. Federal aid eligibility for dreamer students.
- Sec. 7. Restoring the total semesters of Federal Pell Grant eligibility.
- Sec. 8. Reducing financial aid penalties from satisfactory academic progress determinations.

Sec. 9. Restoring Federal Pell Grant eligibility for certain students with scholarships.

Sec. 10. Conforming amendments.

Sec. 11. Effective date.

1 (b) REFERENCES.—Except as otherwise expressly
 2 provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal
 3 is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of,
 4 a section or other provision, the reference shall be consid-
 5 ered to be made to a section or other provision of the
 6 Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

7 **SEC. 4. DOUBLING FEDERAL PELL GRANTS AND PRO-**
 8 **VIDING ALL FEDERAL PELL GRANTS**
 9 **THROUGH MANDATORY FUNDING.**

10 (a) AMOUNT OF MINIMUM FEDERAL PELL
 11 GRANTS.—Section 401 (20 U.S.C. 1070a) is amended—

12 (1) in subsection (a)(2)(F), by striking “10 per-
 13 cent” and inserting “5 percent”;

14 (2) in subsection (b)—

15 (A) in paragraph (1)(B)(i), by striking
 16 “paragraph (5)(A)” and inserting “paragraph
 17 (5)”;

18 (B) by striking paragraph (5) and insert-
 19 ing the following:

20 “(5) TOTAL MAXIMUM FEDERAL PELL
 21 GRANT.—

1 “(A) AWARD YEAR 2026–2027.—For award
2 year 2026–2027, the total maximum Federal
3 Pell Grant award shall be \$10,000.

4 “(B) AWARD YEAR 2027–2028.—For award
5 year 2027–2028, the total maximum Federal
6 Pell Grant award shall be \$11,000.

7 “(C) AWARD YEAR 2028–2029.—For award
8 year 2028–2029, the total maximum Federal
9 Pell Grant award shall be \$12,000.

10 “(D) AWARD YEAR 2029–2030.—For award
11 year 2029–2030, the total maximum Federal
12 Pell Grant award shall be \$13,000.

13 “(E) AWARD YEAR 2030–2031.—For award
14 year 2030–2031, the total maximum Federal
15 Pell Grant award shall be \$14,000.

16 “(F) AWARD YEAR 2031–2032 AND SUBSE-
17 QUENT YEARS.—For award year 2031–2032,
18 and each subsequent award year, the total max-
19 imum Federal Pell Grant award shall be
20 \$15,000—

21 “(i) increased by the adjustment per-
22 centage for the award year for which the
23 amount under this subparagraph is being
24 determined; and

25 “(ii) rounded to the nearest \$50.

1 “(G) DEFINITION OF ADJUSTMENT PER-
 2 CENTAGE.—In this paragraph, the term ‘adjust-
 3 ment percentage,’ as applied to an award year,
 4 is equal to the percentage increase in the Con-
 5 sumer Price Index, as defined in section 478(f),
 6 for the most recent calendar year ending prior
 7 to the beginning of the award year.”;

8 (C) by striking paragraphs (6) and (7) and
 9 inserting the following:

10 “(6) APPROPRIATION OF FUNDS.—There are
 11 authorized to be appropriated, and there are appro-
 12 priated, out of any money in the Treasury not other-
 13 wise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary
 14 for fiscal year 2026 and each subsequent fiscal year
 15 to provide the Federal Pell Grant for which a stu-
 16 dent shall be eligible under this section during an
 17 award year.”; and

18 (D) by redesignating paragraphs (8) and
 19 (9) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively;
 20 (3) in subsection (d)(5)(B)—

21 (A) in clause (i), by striking “subclause (I)
 22 or (II)” and inserting “subclause (I), (II), or
 23 (III)”;

24 (B) in clause (ii)—

1 (i) in subclause (I)(bb), by striking
2 “or” after the semicolon;

3 (ii) in subclause (II)(bb)(CC), by
4 striking the period and inserting “; or”;
5 and

6 (iii) by adding at the end the fol-
7 lowing:

8 “(III) during a period for which
9 the student did not receive a loan
10 under this title but for which, if the
11 student had received such a loan, such
12 loan would have been discharged
13 under the circumstances described in
14 subclause (II)(bb)(CC).”;

15 (4) by striking subsections (g) and (h); and

16 (5) by redesignating subsections (i), (j), and (k)
17 as subsections (g), (h), and (i), respectively.

18 (b) REPEAL OF SCORING REQUIREMENT.—Section
19 406 of H. Con. Res. 95 (109th Congress) is amended—

20 (1) by striking subsection (b); and

21 (2) by striking “(a) IN GENERAL.—Upon” and
22 inserting the following: “Upon”.

23 (c) STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES.—Section
24 402D(d)(1) (20 U.S.C. 1070a–14(d)(1)) is amended by

1 striking “the minimum” and inserting “10 percent of the
2 total maximum”.

3 (d) SCHOLARSHIP COMPONENT.—Section 404E(d)
4 (20 U.S.C. 1070a–25(d)) is amended by striking “less
5 than the minimum” and inserting “less than 10 percent
6 of the total maximum”.

7 **SEC. 5. PROVIDING INCREASED FEDERAL PELL GRANTS**
8 **AND OTHER ASSISTANCE FOR RECIPIENTS**
9 **OF MEANS-TESTED BENEFITS.**

10 (a) INCREASED AMOUNT OF MAXIMUM FEDERAL
11 PELL GRANTS FOR STUDENTS WITH NEGATIVE STU-
12 DENT AID INDEXES.—Section 401(b)(1) (20 U.S.C.
13 1070a(b)(1)), as amended by section 4 of this Act, is fur-
14 ther amended—

15 (1) in subparagraph (A)—

16 (A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by
17 striking “A student” and inserting “Except in
18 the case of a student with a student aid index
19 of less than zero, a student”;

20 (B) by striking clause (i); and

21 (C) by redesignating clauses (ii) and (iii)
22 as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

23 (2) in subparagraph (B)—

24 (A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by
25 striking “subparagraph (A) for an academic

1 year,” and inserting “subparagraph (A), or an
 2 increased Federal Pell Grant under subpara-
 3 graph (B), for an academic year,”; and

4 (B) in clause (ii), by striking “, except that
 5 a student aid index of less than zero shall be
 6 considered to be zero for the purposes of this
 7 clause”;

8 (3) in subparagraph (C), by striking “subpara-
 9 graph (A) or (B)” and inserting “subparagraph (A),
 10 (B), or (C)”;

11 (4) in subparagraph (D), by inserting “or an
 12 increased Federal Pell Grant under subparagraph
 13 (B)” after “subparagraph (A)”;

14 (5) in subparagraph (E), by striking “or a min-
 15 imum Federal Pell Grant under subparagraph (C)”
 16 and inserting “an increased Federal Pell Grant
 17 under subparagraph (B), or a minimum Federal Pell
 18 Grant under subparagraph (D)”;

19 (6) by redesignating subparagraphs (B)
 20 through (F) as subparagraphs (C) through (G), re-
 21 spectively; and

22 (7) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the fol-
 23 lowing:

24 “(B) A student with a student aid index of
 25 less than zero shall be eligible for a Federal

1 Pell Grant award that exceeds the total max-
 2 imum Federal Pell Grant by an amount equal
 3 to the amount by which the student's student
 4 aid index is less than zero.”.

5 (b) SPECIAL STUDENT AID INDEX RULE FOR RE-
 6 CIPIENTS OF MEANS-TESTED BENEFITS.—Section 473
 7 (20 U.S.C. 1087mm) is amended by adding at the end
 8 the following:

9 “(d) SPECIAL RULE FOR MEANS-TESTED BENEFIT
 10 RECIPIENTS.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), for an ap-
 11 plicant (or, as applicable, an applicant and spouse, or an
 12 applicant's parents) who, at any time during the previous
 13 2-year period, received a benefit under a means-tested
 14 Federal benefit program, as defined in section
 15 479(b)(4)(H), (or whose parent or spouse received such
 16 a benefit, as applicable), the Secretary shall for the pur-
 17 poses of this title consider the student aid index as equal
 18 to –\$1,500 for the applicant.”.

19 **SEC. 6. FEDERAL AID ELIGIBILITY FOR DREAMER STU-**
 20 **DENTS.**

21 Section 484 (20 U.S.C. 1091) is amended—

22 (1) in subsection (a)(5), by inserting “, or be a
 23 Dreamer student, as defined in subsection (u)” after
 24 “becoming a citizen or permanent resident”; and

25 (2) by adding at the end the following:

1 “(u) DREAMER STUDENTS.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the term
3 ‘Dreamer student’ means an individual who—

4 “(A)(i) is not a citizen or national of the
5 United States; and

6 “(ii) is inadmissible or deportable under
7 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
8 1101 et seq.); and

9 “(B)(i) in the case of such an individual
10 who was younger than 18 years of age on the
11 date on which the individual initially entered
12 the United States—

13 “(I) has earned a high school diploma,
14 the recognized equivalent of such diploma
15 from a secondary school, or a high school
16 equivalency diploma recognized by State
17 law, or is scheduled to complete the re-
18 quirements for such a diploma or equiva-
19 lent before the next academic year begins;

20 “(II) is enrolled at an institution of
21 higher education pursuant to subsection
22 (d);

23 “(III) has served in the uniformed
24 services (as such term is defined in section
25 101 of title 10, United States Code) for

1 not less than 2 years and, if discharged,
2 received an honorable discharge;

3 “(IV) has acquired a degree, certifi-
4 cate, or recognized postsecondary creden-
5 tial from an institution of higher education
6 or area career and technical education
7 school (as such term is defined in section
8 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Tech-
9 nical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C.
10 2302)); or

11 “(V) has completed not less than 2
12 years in a postsecondary program at an in-
13 stitution of higher education, or area ca-
14 reer and technical education school, in the
15 United States during such time period; or

16 “(ii)(I) is, or at any time was, eligible
17 for a grant of deferred action pursuant
18 to—

19 “(aa) the memorandum of the
20 Department of Homeland Security en-
21 titled ‘Exercising Prosecutorial Dis-
22 cretion with Respect to Individuals
23 Who Came to the United States as
24 Children’ issued on June 15, 2012; or

1 “(bb) the memorandum of the
2 Department of Homeland Security en-
3 titled ‘Exercising Prosecutorial Dis-
4 cretion with Respect to Individuals
5 Who Came to the United States as
6 Children and with Respect to Certain
7 Individuals Who Are the Parents of
8 U.S. Citizens or Permanent Resi-
9 dents’ issued on November 20, 2014;
10 or

11 “(II) would have been eligible for
12 such a grant of deferred action if the
13 applicable memorandum described in
14 subclause (I) had been fully in effect
15 since the date on which it was issued.

16 “(2) HARDSHIP EXCEPTION.—The Secretary
17 shall issue regulations that direct when the Depart-
18 ment shall waive the age requirement of paragraph
19 (1)(B)(i) for an individual to qualify as a Dreamer
20 student under such paragraph, if the individual dem-
21 onstrates compelling circumstances, such as eco-
22 nomic hardship (as defined in section 435(o)).”.

1 **SEC. 7. RESTORING THE TOTAL SEMESTERS OF FEDERAL**
 2 **PELL GRANT ELIGIBILITY.**

3 Section 401(d)(5)(A) (20 U.S.C. 1070a(d)(5)(A)), is
 4 amended by striking “12” each place the term appears
 5 and inserting “18”.

6 **SEC. 8. REDUCING FINANCIAL AID PENALTIES FROM SATIS-**
 7 **FACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS DETERMINA-**
 8 **TIONS.**

9 Section 484(c) (20 U.S.C. 1091(c)) is amended to
 10 read as follows:

11 “(c) SATISFACTORY PROGRESS.—

12 “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

13 “(A) APPEAL.—The term ‘appeal’ means a
 14 process by which a student who is not meeting
 15 the institution’s satisfactory academic progress
 16 standards petitions the institution for reconsid-
 17 eration of the student’s eligibility for assistance
 18 under this title.

19 “(B) FINANCIAL AID PROBATION.—The
 20 term ‘financial aid probation’ means a status
 21 assigned by an institution to a student who fails
 22 to make satisfactory academic progress and
 23 who has appealed and has had eligibility for aid
 24 reinstated.

25 “(C) FINANCIAL AID WARNING.—The term
 26 ‘financial aid warning’ means a status assigned

1 to a student who fails to make satisfactory aca-
2 demic progress at the end of the semester or
3 equivalent period in which the student first fails
4 to make such progress.

5 “(D) PAYMENT PERIOD.—The term ‘pay-
6 ment period’ means the applicable payment pe-
7 riod described in section 668.4 of title 34, Code
8 of Federal Regulations, or any successor regula-
9 tion.

10 “(2) SATISFACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS POL-
11 ICY.—An institution shall establish a reasonable sat-
12 isfactory academic progress policy for determining
13 whether an otherwise eligible student is making sat-
14 isfactory academic progress in the student’s edu-
15 cational program and may receive assistance under
16 this title. The Secretary shall consider the institu-
17 tion’s policy to be reasonable if—

18 “(A) the policy is not more burdensome
19 than the policy the institution applies to a stu-
20 dent who is not receiving assistance under this
21 title;

22 “(B) the policy provides for consistent ap-
23 plication of standards to all students, including
24 full-time, part-time, undergraduate, and grad-

uate students, and all educational programs established by the institution;

“(C)(i) the policy specifies the grade point average that a student must achieve at each evaluation, or if a grade point average is not an appropriate qualitative measure, a comparable assessment measured against a norm; and

“(ii) if a student is enrolled in an educational program of more than 2 academic years, the policy specifies that at the end of the second academic year, the student must have a grade point average of at least a ‘C’ or its equivalent, or have academic standing consistent with the institution’s requirements for graduation;

“(D) the policy provides for measurement of the student’s progress at each evaluation;

“(E) the policy describes—

“(i) how a student’s grade point average and the pace at which the student progresses toward completion are affected by course incompletes, withdrawals, or repetitions, or transfers of credit from other institutions, including that credit hours from another institution that are accepted to-

ward the student's educational program
are counted as both attempted and com-
pleted hours; and

“(ii) how after a student reenrolls
after the student's satisfactory academic
progress was reset pursuant to paragraph
(3)(B), the student may have any credits
that were earned before the student was
determined not to be making satisfactory
academic progress counted for purposes of
determining progress when the student re-
enrolls, but any attempted hours that were
not earned by the student (including in-
completes, withdrawn courses, and failed
courses) before the student was determined
not to be making satisfactory academic
progress will not negatively impact the de-
termination of whether the student made
satisfactory academic progress after such
reset;

“(F) the policy provides that, except as
provided in subparagraph (G) with respect to a
student placed on financial aid warning or fi-
nancial aid probation and paragraph (3), a stu-
dent is no longer eligible to receive assistance

1 under this title if the student has not achieved
2 the required grade point average or who is not
3 making progress toward completion in the stu-
4 dent's educational program—

5 “(i) at the time of each evaluation
6 with respect to a student who is in an edu-
7 cational program of 2 academic years or
8 less in length; or

9 “(ii) at the end of the second aca-
10 demic year with respect to a student who
11 is in an educational program of more than
12 2 academic years in length;

13 “(G) the policy describes when students
14 will be placed on financial aid warning or finan-
15 cial aid probation, in accordance with para-
16 graph (4), and provides that—

17 “(i) a student on financial aid warn-
18 ing—

19 “(I) shall continue to be eligible
20 for assistance under this title for one
21 payment period despite a determina-
22 tion that the student is not making
23 satisfactory academic progress; and

1 “(II) may be assigned such sta-
2 tus without an appeal or other action
3 by the student; and

4 “(ii)(I) a student on financial aid pro-
5 bation may receive assistance under this
6 title for one payment period and the insti-
7 tution may require the student to fulfill
8 specific terms and conditions, such as tak-
9 ing a reduced course load or enrolling in
10 specific courses; and

11 “(II) at the end of such one payment
12 period, the student is required to meet the
13 institution’s satisfactory academic progress
14 standards, or meet the requirements of the
15 academic plan developed by the institution
16 and the student, in order to qualify for
17 continued assistance under this title;

18 “(H) if the institution permits a student to
19 appeal a determination by the institution that
20 the student is not making satisfactory academic
21 progress, the policy describes—

22 “(i) how the student may reestablish
23 the student’s eligibility to receive assist-
24 ance under this title;

1 “(ii) the basis on which the student
2 may file an appeal, including because of
3 the death of a relative, an injury or illness
4 of the student, or another special cir-
5 cumstance; and

6 “(iii) information the student is re-
7 quired to submit regarding why the stu-
8 dent failed to make satisfactory academic
9 progress, and what has changed in the stu-
10 dent’s situation that will allow the student
11 to demonstrate satisfactory academic
12 progress at the next evaluation;

13 “(I) if the institution does not permit a
14 student to appeal a determination by the insti-
15 tution that the student is not making satisfac-
16 tory academic progress, the policy describes
17 how the student may reestablish the student’s
18 eligibility to receive assistance under this title;

19 “(J) the policy provides for notification to
20 students of the results of an evaluation that im-
21 pacts the student’s eligibility for assistance
22 under this title; and

23 “(K) the policy does not impose satisfac-
24 tory progress limitations on need-based institu-
25 tional aid that are more stringent than the

1 standard applied under this subsection, unless
2 the institution demonstrates to the satisfaction
3 of the Secretary that the policy improves stu-
4 dent persistence in, and completion of, postsec-
5 ondary education for all students.

6 “(3) REGAINING ELIGIBILITY.—

7 “(A) STUDENTS WHO REMAIN IN
8 SCHOOL.—Whenever a student fails to meet the
9 eligibility requirements of subsection (a)(2) as a
10 result of the application of this subsection and,
11 subsequent to that failure, the student has aca-
12 demic standing for any grading period con-
13 sistent with the requirements for staying on
14 track to graduate within 150 percent of the
15 published length of the educational program, as
16 determined by the institution, the student shall
17 again be eligible under subsection (a)(2) for a
18 grant, loan, or work assistance under this title,
19 as long as the student maintains satisfactory
20 academic progress under paragraph (2) begin-
21 ning on and after the date that the student re-
22 gains eligibility.

23 “(B) STUDENTS WHO LEAVE SCHOOL.—

24 “(i) IN GENERAL.—If a student has
25 not been enrolled in any institution of

1 higher education for the immediately pre-
 2 ceding 2 years, any previous failure to
 3 meet the eligibility requirements of sub-
 4 section (a)(2) shall not be used in any de-
 5 termination of eligibility of such student
 6 under such subsection. Such student shall,
 7 on the date of enrollment subsequent to
 8 such 2-year period, have the student's eli-
 9 gibility for a grant, loan, or work assist-
 10 ance under this title reset and be deemed
 11 as meeting the requirements described in
 12 paragraph (2). Beginning on and after
 13 such date, the student's satisfactory aca-
 14 demic progress shall be determined in ac-
 15 cordance with paragraph (2)(E)(ii).

16 “(ii) MAXIMUM NUMBER OF
 17 RESETS.—A student shall be eligible for a
 18 reset of eligibility pursuant to this sub-
 19 paragraph not more than 2 times.

20 “(C) DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY.—The
 21 Secretary shall—

22 “(i) send, to each student who failed
 23 to meet the eligibility requirements of sub-
 24 section (a)(2) and who has not regained
 25 eligibility for a grant, loan, or work assist-

1 ance under subparagraph (A), a notice,
2 two years after such failure, that in-
3 cludes—

4 “(I) a notification that, if the
5 student has not been enrolled in any
6 institution of higher education for the
7 preceding two years and has not re-
8 ceived two resets of eligibility under
9 subparagraph (B), the student may
10 use grant, loan, or work assistance
11 under this title for enrollment at any
12 eligible institution, including an insti-
13 tution other than the institution in
14 which the student was previously en-
15 rolled;

16 “(II) a notification that, if the
17 student has remained enrolled, or re-
18 sumed enrollment, at an institution of
19 higher education, the student may be
20 eligible for a grant, loan, or work as-
21 sistance under this title subject to the
22 requirements of subparagraph (A);

23 “(III) information on how many
24 semesters of eligibility for a grant,
25 loan, or work assistance under this

1 title to which the student still has ac-
2 cess; and

3 “(IV) a notification that the stu-
4 dent should ask any prospective eligi-
5 ble institution how many of the stu-
6 dent’s previously completed credits the
7 student would be able to transfer; and

8 “(ii) submit an annual report to Con-
9 gress on the outcomes of students who
10 have received a reset of eligibility pursuant
11 to this paragraph, including—

12 “(I) the number of students who
13 reenroll in an eligible institution after
14 such reset, disaggregated by race, eth-
15 nicity, sex, age, socioeconomic status,
16 and disability status;

17 “(II) the 250 eligible institutions
18 with the highest numbers of enrolled
19 students receiving grant, loan, or
20 work assistance under this title after
21 such a reset;

22 “(III) the 250 eligible institu-
23 tions with the highest share of en-
24 rolled students receiving grant, loan,

1 or work assistance under this title
2 after such a reset; and

3 “(IV) the average completion
4 rate and time to completion for stu-
5 dents who reenroll in an eligible insti-
6 tution after such reset, disaggregated
7 by institution.

8 “(4) EVALUATION OF ACADEMIC PROGRESS.—

9 “(A) IN GENERAL.—An institution that
10 determines that a student is not making satis-
11 factory academic progress under its policy may
12 disburse funds provided through student finan-
13 cial assistance programs under this title (in-
14 cluding work-study programs under subtitle C)
15 to the student in accordance with subpara-
16 graphs (B), (C), and (D).

17 “(B) PAYMENT PERIOD FOLLOWING NOT
18 MAKING SATISFACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS.—

19 For the payment period following the payment
20 period in which a student did not make satis-
21 factory academic progress, the institution shall
22 place the student on financial aid warning and
23 disburse funds under this title to the student.

24 “(C) PAYMENT PERIOD FOLLOWING FI-
25 NANCIAL AID WARNING.—For the payment pe-

riod following a payment period during which a student was on financial aid warning, the institution may place the student on financial aid probation, and disburse funds under this title to the student if—

“(i) the institution evaluates the student’s progress and determines that student did not make satisfactory academic progress during the payment period the student was on financial aid warning;

“(ii) the student appeals the determination; and

“(iii)(I) the institution determines that the student should be able to meet the institution’s satisfactory academic progress standards by the end of the subsequent payment period; or

“(II) the institution develops an academic plan for the student that, if followed, will ensure that the student is able to meet the institution’s satisfactory academic progress standards by a specific point in time.

“(D) PAYMENT PERIOD FOLLOWING FINANCIAL AID PROBATION.—A student on finan-

1 cial aid probation for a payment period may not
 2 receive funds under this title for the subsequent
 3 payment period unless the student makes satis-
 4 factory academic progress or the institution de-
 5 termines that the student met the requirements
 6 specified by the institution in the academic plan
 7 for the student developed under subparagraph
 8 (C)(iii)(II).

9 “(E) FREQUENCY OF ACADEMIC PROGRESS
 10 EVALUATION AND COMMUNICATION.—

11 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause
 12 (ii), for the purpose of determining wheth-
 13 er presently enrolled students are main-
 14 taining satisfactory progress, each institu-
 15 tion of higher education that enrolls stu-
 16 dents who receive any grant, loan, or work
 17 assistance under this title shall review the
 18 progress of such students at the end of
 19 each payment period.

20 “(ii) SHORTER PAYMENT PERIODS.—
 21 For each institution described in clause (i)
 22 that has payment periods that are shorter
 23 than on the semester system basis (such as
 24 on a quarterly or trimester system basis or
 25 by clock hour program or non-term pro-

1 gram), such institution shall review the
2 progress of presently enrolled students at
3 the end of each semester or equivalent pe-
4 riod of 12 to 18 weeks.

5 “(iii) FINANCIAL AID WARNING.—At
6 the end of each payment period (or, in the
7 case of an institution described in clause
8 (ii), at the end of each semester or equiva-
9 lent period), each institution shall send a
10 financial aid warning to presently enrolled
11 students that do not meet the grade point
12 average requirement described in para-
13 graph (2), or its equivalent or academic
14 standing consistent with the requirements
15 for graduation, as determined by the insti-
16 tution, that informs the students of their
17 risk of being determined to not be main-
18 taining satisfactory progress and therefore
19 losing eligibility for grant, loan, or work
20 assistance under this title and provides in-
21 formation on—

22 “(I) the specific criteria of the in-
23 stitution’s academic requirements that
24 the student is not meeting and the

1 specific improvements needed to meet
2 the requirements; and

3 “(II) how to meet with the stu-
4 dent’s academic advisor to get the
5 academic support the student needs.

6 “(5) DETAILING REQUIREMENTS TO STU-
7 DENTS.—Each institution of higher education that
8 enrolls students who receive any grant, loan, or work
9 assistance under this title shall detail the institu-
10 tion’s requirements regarding students maintaining
11 satisfactory academic progress—

12 “(A) to such students before the students
13 begin classes at the institution through a de-
14 tailed communication that may be separate
15 from a financial aid offer; and

16 “(B) on the financial aid web page of the
17 website of the institution.

18 “(6) CONSUMER TESTING.—The Secretary shall
19 conduct consumer testing to develop exemplary prac-
20 tices and templates—

21 “(A) to support institutions of higher edu-
22 cation in carrying out paragraph (5); and

23 “(B) which shall be available as resources
24 for institutions of higher education.”.

1 **SEC. 9. RESTORING FEDERAL PELL GRANT ELIGIBILITY**
 2 **FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS WITH SCHOLAR-**
 3 **SHIPS.**

4 Section 401(d) (20 U.S.C. 1070a(d)) is amended by
 5 striking paragraph (6).

6 **SEC. 10. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**

7 The Act (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) is amended—

8 (1) in section 401A(d)(1)(B)(i) (20 U.S.C.
 9 1070a–1(d)(1)(B)(i)), by striking “section
 10 401(b)(2)(B)” and inserting “section 401(b)(2)”;

11 (2) in section 402D(d)(1) (20 U.S.C. 1070a–
 12 14(d)(1))—

13 (A) by striking “section 401(b)(2)(A)” and
 14 inserting “section 401(b)(1)”;

15 (B) by striking “described in section
 16 401(b)(4)” and inserting “as described in sec-
 17 tion 401(b)(5)”;

18 (3) in section 435(a)(5)(A)(i)(I) (20 U.S.C.
 19 1085(a)(5)(A)(i)(I)), by striking “under section
 20 401(b)(2)(A)” and inserting “under section
 21 401(b)(1)”;

22 (4) in section 481(b)(3)(A) (20 U.S.C.
 23 1088(b)(3)(A)) by striking “401(k)” and inserting
 24 “401(i)”;

25 (5) in section 894(f)(2)(C)(ii)(I) (20 U.S.C.
 26 1161y(f)(2)(C)(ii)(I)), by striking “section

1 401(b)(2)(A)” and inserting “section 401(b)(1”;
2 and
3 (6) in section 419N(b)(7)(B)(i) (20 U.S.C.
4 1070e(b)(7)(B)(i)), by striking “401(c)(1)” and in-
5 serting “401(d)”.

6 **SEC. 11. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

7 Except as otherwise provided, this Act, and the
8 amendments made by this Act to the Higher Education
9 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) shall take effect
10 on July 1, 2026, and apply with respect to award year
11 2026–2027 and each subsequent award year, as deter-
12 mined under the Higher Education Act of 1965. The Sec-
13 retary of Education shall have the authority to take such
14 steps as are necessary before July 1, 2026, to provide for
15 the orderly implementation on such date of the amend-
16 ments to the Higher Education Act of 1965 made by this
17 Act.

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