

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 3001

To advance commonsense priorities.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 24, 2025

Mr. FITZPATRICK introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Natural Resources, Education and Workforce, Transportation and Infrastructure, Science, Space, and Technology, Agriculture, Appropriations, Armed Services, the Budget, Rules, Ethics, Financial Services, Foreign Affairs, Homeland Security, House Administration, the Judiciary, Intelligence (Permanent Select), Oversight and Government Reform, Small Business, and Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To advance commonsense priorities.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
5 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

TITLE I—MARKET CHOICE ACT

Sec. 101. Short title.

Sec. 102. Findings.

Subtitle A—Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Sec. 10101. Treatment of domestic greenhouse gas emissions.

Sec. 10102. Border greenhouse gas adjustments.

Subtitle B—Distribution of Revenues From Taxation of Greenhouse Gas Emissions

CHAPTER 1—REBUILDING INFRASTRUCTURE AND SOLUTIONS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT TRUST FUND

Sec. 10201. Establishment of the RISE Trust Fund.

Sec. 10202. Appropriations from the RISE Trust Fund.

Sec. 10203. State grants.

CHAPTER 2—CERTAIN MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES

Sec. 10211. Repeal of Federal motor vehicle and aviation fuel taxes.

Sec. 10212. Modifications of qualifying advanced coal project credit.

Subtitle C—Amendments to Other Laws

CHAPTER 1—AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES

Sec. 10301. Amendments to the Clean Air Act.

Sec. 10302. Frequent and chronic flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects.

Sec. 10303. No preemption of State law.

CHAPTER 2—ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED WORKERS IN THE ENERGY SECTOR

Sec. 10321. Assistance to displaced workers in the energy sector.

Subtitle D—National Climate Commission

Sec. 10401. Establishment of Commission.

Sec. 10402. Duties of Commission.

Sec. 10403. Powers of Commission.

Sec. 10404. Funding for the activities of the Commission.

Sec. 10405. Staff of the Commission.

TITLE II—KO CANCER ACT

Sec. 201. Short title.

Sec. 202. Increasing NCI budget for cancer research.

Sec. 203. Report to Congress on cancer drug shortages.

TITLE III—COORDINATOR FOR ENGAGEMENT WITH PFAS-IMPACTED DEFENSE COMMUNITIES

Sec. 301. Coordinator for engagement for PFAS-impacted defense communities.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL BIPARTISAN FISCAL COMMISSION

Sec. 401. Establishment of National Bipartisan Fiscal Commission.

Sec. 402. Consideration of Commission recommendations in Congress.

TITLE V—RESTRICTION OF TRADING AND OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Sec. 501. Restriction.

TITLE VI—END BANKING FOR HUMAN TRAFFICKERS ACT

Sec. 601. Short title.

Sec. 602. Increasing the role of the financial industry in combating human trafficking.

Sec. 603. Minimum standards for the elimination of trafficking.

TITLE VII—SAFER SCHOOLS ACT

Sec. 701. Short title.

Sec. 702. Installation or modification of interior and exterior doors in schools.

TITLE VIII—LET AMERICA VOTE ACT

Sec. 801. Short title.

Sec. 802. Requiring States to permit unaffiliated voters to vote in primary elections.

Sec. 803. Prohibiting noncitizens from voting.

TITLE IX—REVIEW OF CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE SHARING WITH UKRAINE

Sec. 901. Review of Certain Intelligence Sharing With Ukraine.

TITLE X—ELECTION DAY ACT

Sec. 1001. Short title.

Sec. 1002. Patriot day.

TITLE XI—FAIRNESS TO VETERAN SMALL BUSINESSES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT ACT

Sec. 1101. Disadvantaged business enterprises.

TITLE XII—JUSTICE FOR ALS VETERANS ACT

Sec. 1201. Short title.

Sec. 1202. Extension of increased dependency and indemnity compensation to surviving spouses of veterans who die from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

Sec. 1203. Report on additional medical conditions.

1 **TITLE I—MARKET CHOICE ACT**

2 **SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.**

3 This title may be cited as the “Modernizing America
4 with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-

1 first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Ex-
2 pansion Act” or the “MARKET CHOICE Act”.

3 **SEC. 102. FINDINGS.**

4 Congress finds that—

5 (1) roads, bridges, airports, and urban trans-
6 portation systems are essential to the economic and
7 national security of the United States;

8 (2) there is a chronic shortfall in funding for
9 the maintenance of highways, bridges, and other
10 critical infrastructure;

11 (3) strategic investments in new infrastructure
12 will allow for economic growth and dynamism in the
13 21st century;

14 (4) there has been a marked increase in ex-
15 treme weather events and the negative impacts of a
16 changing climate are expected to worsen in every re-
17 gion of the United States;

18 (5) if left unaddressed, the consequences of a
19 changing climate have the potential to adversely im-
20 pact the health of all Americans, harm the economy,
21 and impose substantial costs on local, State, and
22 Federal budgets;

23 (6) efforts to reduce climate risk should protect
24 our Nation’s economy, security, infrastructure, agri-

1 culture, water supply, public health, and public safe-
 2 ty; and

3 (7) there is bipartisan support for pursuing ef-
 4 forts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions through
 5 economically viable, broadly supported private and
 6 public policies and solutions.

7 **Subtitle A—Greenhouse Gas**
 8 **Emissions**

9 **SEC. 10101. TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC GREENHOUSE GAS**
 10 **EMISSIONS.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Internal Revenue Code of
 12 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
 13 subtitle:

14 **“Subtitle L—Greenhouse Gas**
 15 **Emissions**

16 **“PART 1—TAXATION OF GREENHOUSE GAS**
 17 **EMISSIONS**

“Sec. 9901. Imposition of tax on combusted fossil fuel greenhouse gas emis-
 sions.

“Sec. 9902. Imposition of tax on greenhouse gas emissions from certain indus-
 trial processes.

“Sec. 9903. Imposition of tax on greenhouse gas emissions from certain prod-
 uct uses.

“Sec. 9904. Calculation of taxable emissions.

“Sec. 9905. Credit for state payments.

“Sec. 9906. Penalties for nonpayment.

“Sec. 9907. Definitions.

1 **“SEC. 9901. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON COMBUSTED FOSSIL**
 2 **FUEL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.**

3 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed a tax
 4 on fossil fuels produced within, or imported into, the
 5 United States.

6 “(b) RATE OF TAX.—

7 “(1) GREENHOUSE GASES THAT WOULD BE RE-
 8 LEASED IF THE FOSSIL FUEL WERE COMBUSTED.—
 9 The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be the appli-
 10 cable amount per ton of carbon dioxide equivalent of
 11 all greenhouse gasses that would be released if the
 12 fossil fuel were combusted.

13 “(2) APPLICABLE AMOUNT OF CARBON DIOXIDE
 14 EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS.—For purposes of para-
 15 graph (1), the term ‘applicable amount’ means—

16 “(A) for calendar year 2027, \$35 per met-
 17 ric ton of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions,
 18 and

19 “(B) for each calendar year after 2027,
 20 the tax rate shall be the sum of—

21 “(i) the previous calendar year’s tax
 22 rate, plus

23 “(ii) the sum of—

24 “(I) 5 percentage points, plus

25 “(II) a percentage increase in the
 26 previous year’s tax rate equal to the

1 increase in the Consumer Price Index
2 for the previous calendar year.

3 “(3) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR ANY CAL-
4 ENDAR YEAR.—For purposes of subparagraph (B),
5 the Consumer Price Index for the previous calendar
6 year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for
7 all-urban consumers published by the Department of
8 Labor as of the close of the 12-month period ending
9 on August 31 of such calendar year. For purposes
10 of the preceding sentence, the revision of the Con-
11 sumer Price Index which is most consistent with the
12 Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1986 shall
13 be used.

14 “(4) RATE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON EMISSION
15 LEVELS.—

16 “(A) REPORT.—Not later than March 30,
17 2028, and annually thereafter, the Secretary
18 and the Administrator shall jointly report the
19 emissions during the calendar year ending on
20 the preceding December 31 from sources sub-
21 ject to taxation under this part. The report
22 shall determine whether the cumulative amount
23 of annual emissions reported for the period be-
24 ginning in calendar year 2027 and through the
25 end of the preceding calendar year were less

1 than the emissions levels specified in the fol-
2 lowing schedule:

3 “(i) The total emissions through cal-
4 endar year 2027 are 4,700 million metric
5 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

6 “(ii) The total emissions through cal-
7 endar year 2028 are 9,400 million metric
8 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

9 “(iii) The total emissions through cal-
10 endar year 2029 are 14,000 million metric
11 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

12 “(iv) The total emissions through cal-
13 endar year 2030 are 18,300 million metric
14 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

15 “(v) The total emissions through cal-
16 endar year 2031 are 22,600 million metric
17 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

18 “(vi) The total emissions through cal-
19 endar year 2032 are 26,800 million metric
20 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

21 “(vii) The total emissions through cal-
22 endar year 2033 are 31,000 million metric
23 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

1 “(viii) The total emissions through
2 calendar year 2034 are 35,100 million
3 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

4 “(ix) The total emissions through cal-
5 endar year 2035 are 39,100 million metric
6 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

7 “(x) The total emissions through cal-
8 endar year 2036 are 43,100 million metric
9 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

10 “(xi) The total emissions through cal-
11 endar year 2037 are 47,100 million metric
12 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

13 “(B) ADJUSTMENTS FOR REPORT PE-
14 RIOD.—

15 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
16 March 30, 2029, and every two years
17 thereafter, the Secretary shall determine
18 whether an adjustment is required in ac-
19 cordance with clause (ii).

20 “(ii) PERIOD THROUGH 2036.—If the
21 emission level reported under subpara-
22 graph (A) for calendar year 2028, and
23 every second calendar year thereafter
24 through calendar year 2038, exceeds the
25 level for such calendar year specified in

1 clauses (i) through (xi) of subparagraph
2 (A), then the applicable amount under
3 paragraph (2) for the calendar year begin-
4 ning on the next January 1 following the
5 determination in clause (i) shall, after the
6 increase under paragraph (2) for such next
7 calendar year, be increased by an addi-
8 tional \$4 per metric ton.

9 “(c) BY WHOM PAID.—The tax imposed by sub-
10 section (a) shall be paid by the owner of the fossil fuel
11 at the point of taxation.

12 “(d) POINT OF TAXATION.—

13 “(1) For fossil fuels produced within the United
14 States, the point of taxation shall be—

15 “(A) for coal, the mine mouth or, for
16 washed coal, the exit from the coal preparation
17 and processing plant,

18 “(B) for petroleum products, the exit point
19 from the refinery, and

20 “(C) for natural gas, the exit from the gas
21 processing plant or, for natural gas that is not
22 treated at a gas processing plant, the point of
23 sale to the person who combusts the gas or in-
24 corporates it into a product that is not intended
25 for combustion.

1 “(2) For any fossil fuel imported into the
2 United States, the point of taxation shall be the
3 point at which it first enters the United States.

4 “(e) EXEMPTIONS.—

5 “(1) EXEMPTION FOR NONCOMBUSTIVE
6 USES.—

7 “(A) REFUND FOR REDUCTION OR ELIMI-
8 NATION OF EMISSIONS.—Any manufacturer of a
9 product that incorporates a fossil fuel that has
10 been taxed under this section who can dem-
11 onstrate to the Secretary that the fossil fuel has
12 been transformed via the manufacture of the
13 product so that the fossil fuel’s emissions will
14 be reduced or eliminated over the product’s life-
15 time shall be entitled to a refund of the tax
16 paid under this section on the proportion of the
17 emissions reduced thereby, as determined by
18 the Secretary.

19 “(B) RULE.—The Secretary, in consulta-
20 tion with the Administrator, shall establish by
21 rule the criteria and process by which product
22 manufacturers can demonstrate that the condi-
23 tions in subparagraph (A) have been satisfied.

24 “(C) PUBLICATION OF REGULATIONS.—
25 The Secretary shall publish the regulations re-

1 quired by this subsection no later than one year
2 prior to the start of the calendar year referred
3 to in section 9901(b)(2)(A). The Secretary may
4 not collect the tax imposed by this section for
5 any calendar year that begins less than one
6 year after the regulations are published.

7 “(2) EXEMPTION FOR CARBON CAPTURE AND
8 STORAGE.—

9 “(A) REFUND FOR SEQUESTERS.—Any
10 person who sequesters greenhouse gas emissions
11 resulting from the combustion of fossil fuel that
12 has passed through a point of taxation shall be
13 entitled to a refund of the tax imposed by this
14 section. Emissions that are used for enhanced
15 oil recovery shall be entitled for such refund
16 provided that these emissions meet all of the
17 criteria applicable to other emissions that qual-
18 ify for such refund.

19 “(B) RULE.—The Secretary shall establish
20 by rule the procedures by which to apply for
21 such refunds and such refunds shall be paid
22 within six months of the Secretary receiving an
23 approvable application.

24 “(C) TIME OF REFUND.—The Secretary
25 may not refund any amounts under this para-

1 graph until such time as the Secretary has pub-
2 lished the regulations described in section
3 45Q(f)(2).

4 **“SEC. 9902. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON GREENHOUSE GAS**
5 **EMISSIONS FROM CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL**
6 **PROCESSES.**

7 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed a tax
8 on industrial process greenhouse gas emissions by certain
9 source categories.

10 “(b) LIST OF SOURCE CATEGORIES.—

11 “(1) INITIAL LIST.—The Congress establishes
12 for purposes of this section a list of source cat-
13 egories subject to this section as follows:

14 “(A) Iron and steel production and met-
15 allurgical coke production.

16 “(B) Underground coal mining.

17 “(C) Coal preparation and processing
18 plants.

19 “(D) Refineries.

20 “(E) Cement production.

21 “(F) Petrochemical production.

22 “(G) Lime production.

23 “(H) Ammonia production.

24 “(I) Aluminum production.

25 “(J) Soda ash production.

1 “(K) Ferroalloy production.

2 “(L) Phosphoric acid production.

3 “(M) Glass production.

4 “(N) Zinc production.

5 “(O) Lead production.

6 “(P) Magnesium production and proc-
7 essing.

8 “(Q) Nitric acid production.

9 “(R) Adipic acid production.

10 “(S) Semiconductor manufacture.

11 “(T) Electrical transmission and distribu-
12 tion.

13 “(2) REVISION OF THE LIST.—The Adminis-
14 trator shall review the list of source categories estab-
15 lished by this subsection not less than once every
16 five years to determine if they should continue to be
17 listed and publish the results of that review. The Ad-
18 ministrator may, if appropriate, add any source cat-
19 egories to this list by rule.

20 “(3) REMOVAL OF A SOURCE CATEGORY FROM
21 THE LIST.—The Administrator may remove a source
22 category from this list only if—

23 “(A) the total emissions from the entire
24 source category which are taxable under this
25 section have been less than 250,000 metric tons

1 of carbon dioxide equivalent per year for each
2 of three consecutive years,

3 “(B) the average emissions from facilities
4 in the source category which are taxable under
5 this section have been less than 25,000 metric
6 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year for
7 each of the years referred in subparagraph (A),
8 and

9 “(C) the Administrator determines that
10 there is no reasonable possibility that the total
11 emissions from the entire source category which
12 are taxable under this section will exceed
13 250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide
14 equivalent within any of the five years following
15 such determination.

16 “(4) ADDITION OF A SOURCE CATEGORY TO
17 THE LIST.—The Administrator may add a source
18 category to this list only if the Administrator deter-
19 mines that—

20 “(A) the total emissions from the entire
21 source category which are taxable under this
22 section have been greater than 250,000 metric
23 tons per year of carbon dioxide equivalent in
24 any two years out of the preceding five years,

1 “(B) the average emissions from facilities
2 in the source category which are taxable under
3 this section have been greater than 25,000 met-
4 ric tons per year of carbon dioxide equivalent in
5 the years in which emissions from the entire
6 source category have been greater than 250,000
7 tons per year, and

8 “(C) there is a reasonable possibility that
9 the total emissions from the entire source cat-
10 egory which are taxable under this section will
11 be greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of
12 carbon dioxide equivalent in any year within the
13 next five years following such determination.

14 “(c) RATE OF TAX.—The rate of tax shall be the
15 same as the rate given in section 9901(b)(2).

16 “(d) BY WHOM PAID.—The tax imposed by sub-
17 section (a) shall be paid by the owner or operator of the
18 point of taxation.

19 “(e) POINT OF TAXATION.—The point of taxation
20 shall be any facility in a source category which emits more
21 than 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent sub-
22 ject to taxation under this section in any calendar year.

1 **“SEC. 9903. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON GREENHOUSE GAS**
2 **EMISSIONS FROM CERTAIN PRODUCT USES.**

3 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed a tax
4 on non-fossil-fuel-greenhouse-gas emissions by certain
5 manufactured products when used for their intended pur-
6 poses that are manufactured within or imported into, the
7 United States.

8 “(b) LIST OF PRODUCTS.—

9 “(1) INITIAL LIST.—The Congress establishes
10 for purposes of this section a list of products subject
11 to this section as follows:

12 “(A) Fuel ethanol.

13 “(B) Industrial carbonates.

14 “(C) Carbon dioxide urea.

15 “(D) Soda ash.

16 “(E) Nitrous oxide.

17 “(F) Ozone depleting substances, but not
18 if the United States has ratified the Kigali
19 Amendment to the Montreal Protocol and is
20 subject to Article 2J, paragraph 1 of the
21 Amended Montreal Protocol.

22 “(G) Biodiesel.

23 “(H) Solid biomass fuels.

24 “(2) REVISION OF THE LIST.—The Adminis-
25 trator shall review the list of products established by
26 this subsection not less than once every five years to

1 determine if they should continue to be listed and
2 publish the results of that review. The Administrator
3 may, if appropriate, add any product to this list by
4 rule.

5 “(3) REMOVAL OF A PRODUCT FROM THE
6 LIST.—The Administrator may remove a product
7 from this list only if—

8 “(A) the total emissions from all of the
9 product used within the United States has been
10 less than 250,000 metric tons per year of car-
11 bon dioxide equivalent for each of three con-
12 secutive years, and

13 “(B) the Administrator determines that
14 there is no reasonable possibility that the total
15 emissions from all of the product used in the
16 United States will exceed 250,000 metric tons
17 per year of carbon dioxide equivalent within any
18 of the five years following such determination.

19 “(4) ADDITION OF A PRODUCT TO THE LIST.—
20 The Administrator may add a product to this list
21 only if the Administrator determines that—

22 “(A) the total emissions from all of the
23 product used within the United States has been
24 greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of

1 carbon dioxide equivalent in any two years out
2 of the preceding five years, and

3 “(B) there is a reasonable possibility that
4 the total emissions from all of the product used
5 within the United States will be greater than
6 250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide
7 equivalent in any year within the next five years
8 following such determination.

9 “(c) RATE OF TAX.—The rate of tax shall be the
10 same as the rate given in section 9901(b)(2).

11 “(d) BY WHOM PAID.—The tax imposed by sub-
12 section (a) shall be paid—

13 “(1) for products manufactured in the United
14 States, by the owner or operator of the point of tax-
15 ation, and

16 “(2) for products imported into the United
17 States, by the owner of the product when it enters
18 the United States.

19 “(e) POINT OF TAXATION.—The point of taxation
20 shall be—

21 “(1) for products manufactured in the United
22 States, the manufacturing facility,

23 “(2) for products imported into the United
24 States, the point at which it first enters the United
25 States, and

1 “(3) for domestically produced biomass fuel by
 2 a facility that emits from combusted biomass fuel
 3 more than 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
 4 equivalent greenhouse gases in a year, the facility
 5 that combusts the biomass fuel.

6 **“SEC. 9904. CALCULATION OF TAXABLE EMISSIONS.**

7 “(a) HOW TO CALCULATE TAXABLE EMISSIONS.—
 8 In consultation with the Department of Energy, the Ad-
 9 ministrators shall establish by rule (and may, from time
 10 to time, revise) the method by which taxable emissions
 11 under this part shall be calculated.

12 “(b) CATEGORIES AND SUBCATEGORIES CONSID-
 13 ERED.—For purposes of calculating emissions taxable
 14 under—

15 “(1) section 9901, the Administrator shall de-
 16 termine by rule the amount of carbon dioxide equiv-
 17 alent that would be emitted if each fossil fuel were
 18 combusted, and the Administrator may establish by
 19 rule such subcategories of each fuel and the means
 20 by which it is combusted as the Administrator deems
 21 appropriate,

22 “(2) section 9902, the Administrator may de-
 23 termine by rule such subcategories of any industrial
 24 process category listed in subsection 9902(b) as the
 25 Administrator deems appropriate, and

1 “(3) section 9903, for fuel ethanol, biodiesel,
2 and solid biomass fuels the Administrator shall de-
3 termine by rule the amount of carbon dioxide equiv-
4 alent that would be emitted based on the lifecycle
5 greenhouse gas emissions of the product (excluding
6 emissions from fossil fuels that have passed through
7 a point of taxation), and the Administrator may de-
8 termine by rule such subcategories of manufactured
9 products listed in subsection 9903(b) as the Admin-
10 istrator deems appropriate.

11 “(c) METHODS.—Where greenhouse gas emissions
12 subject to taxation under any section of this part are com-
13 bined with greenhouse gas emissions subject to taxation
14 under any other section of this part, the Administrator
15 shall ensure, to the greatest degree possible, that the
16 methods required to determine the emissions taxable
17 under any section of this part do not include any emissions
18 taxable under any other section of this part.

19 “(d) METHOD COST DIFFERENCES.—The Adminis-
20 trator shall not require the use of any method to calculate
21 taxable emissions whereby the difference in cost of the
22 method compared to the next cheapest alternative method
23 is greater than the amount of the tax that would be paid
24 on the additional emissions determined by the more expen-
25 sive method.

1 “(e) PUBLICATION OF REGULATIONS.—The Adminis-
2 trator shall publish the regulations required by this section
3 no later than one year prior to the start of the calendar
4 year referred to in section 9901(b)(2)(A). The Secretary
5 may not collect the tax imposed by any section in this part
6 for any calendar year that begins less than one year after
7 the regulations applicable to each such section are pub-
8 lished.

9 **“SEC. 9905. CREDIT FOR STATE PAYMENTS.**

10 “(a) CREDIT FOR PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall
11 allow any person who is required to make payment for
12 greenhouse gas emissions under this part a credit for pay-
13 ments made on those emissions required under any State
14 law in the following manner:

15 “(1) For the year given in section 9901(b)(2),
16 a credit equal to 100 percent of the amount paid
17 pursuant to requirements of State law.

18 “(2) For the first year following the year used
19 in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 80 percent of the
20 amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.

21 “(3) For the second year following the year
22 used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 60 percent
23 of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of
24 State law.

1 “(4) For the third year following the year used
2 in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 40 percent of the
3 amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.

4 “(5) For the fourth year following the year
5 used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 20 percent
6 of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of
7 State law.

8 “(b) NO CREDIT.—For all years following the year
9 used in paragraph (5), no credit shall be allowed.

10 **“SEC. 9906. PENALTIES FOR NONPAYMENT.**

11 “Any person who fails to comply with the require-
12 ments of section 9901, 9902, or 9903 shall be liable for
13 payment to the Secretary, without demand, of a penalty
14 in the amount equal to 3 times the applicable amount
15 specified by those sections for the same tax year as the
16 year in which the person failed to comply with such re-
17 quirements.

18 **“SEC. 9907. DEFINITIONS.**

19 “Unless otherwise provided, the definitions provided
20 herein are applicable to all provisions of this subtitle.

21 “(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term ‘Adminis-
22 trator’ means the Administrator of the Environ-
23 mental Protection Agency.

24 “(2) CARDON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The
25 term ‘carbon dioxide equivalent’ means the number

1 of metric tons of CO₂ emissions with the same global
2 warming potential over a 100-year period as one
3 metric ton of another greenhouse gas.

4 “(3) COAL.—The term ‘coal’ means any of the
5 recognized classifications and ranks of coal, includ-
6 ing anthracite, bituminous, semibituminous, subbitu-
7 minous, lignite, and peat.

8 “(4) COAL PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
9 PLANT.—The term ‘coal preparation and processing
10 plant’ means any facility (excluding underground
11 mining operations) which prepares coal by one or
12 more of the following processes: breaking, crushing,
13 screening, wet or dry cleaning, and thermal drying.

14 “(5) ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY.—The term
15 ‘enhanced oil recovery’ has the meaning defined at
16 section 1.193–1(b)(2) of title 26, Code of Federal
17 Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of
18 this section.

19 “(6) FACILITY.—The term ‘facility’ means any
20 physical property, plant, building, structure, source,
21 or stationary equipment located on one or more con-
22 tiguous or adjacent properties in actual physical con-
23 tact or separated solely by a public roadway or other
24 public right-of-way and under common ownership or

1 common control, that emits or may emit any green-
2 house gas.

3 “(7) FOSSIL FUEL.—The term ‘fossil fuel’
4 means coal, petroleum products, or natural gas.

5 “(8) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term ‘greenhouse
6 gas’ means carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane,
7 hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur
8 hexafluoride.

9 “(9) GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECTS.—The term
10 ‘greenhouse gas effects’ means the adverse effects of
11 greenhouse gasses on health or welfare caused by
12 the greenhouse gas’s heat-trapping potential or its
13 effect on ocean acidification.

14 “(10) LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMIS-
15 SIONS.—The term ‘lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
16 sions’ has the meaning given that term in section
17 211 of the Clear Air Act.

18 “(11) NATURAL GAS.—The term ‘natural gas’
19 means any fuel consisting in whole or in part of nat-
20 ural gas, including components of natural gas such
21 as methane and ethane; liquid petroleum gas; syn-
22 thetic gas derived from coal, petroleum, or natural
23 gas liquids; or any mixture of natural gas and syn-
24 thetic gas.

1 “(12) PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.—The term ‘pe-
2 troleum products’ means unfinished oils, liquefied
3 petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline,
4 motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type
5 jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil,
6 petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubri-
7 cants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still
8 gas, and miscellaneous products obtained from the
9 processing of crude oil (including lease condensate),
10 natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. The
11 term does not include natural gas, liquefied natural
12 gas, biofuels, methanol, and other nonpetroleum
13 fuels.

14 “(13) PUBLISH.—The term ‘publish’ means
15 publication in the Federal Register.

16 “(14) REFINERY.—The term ‘refinery’ means
17 any facility engaged in producing gasoline, kerosene,
18 distillate fuel oils, residual fuel oils, lubricants, or
19 other products through distillation of petroleum or
20 through redistillation, cracking, or reforming of un-
21 finished petroleum derivatives.

22 “(15) OWNER.—The term ‘owner’ with respect
23 to any fossil fuel means any person who has legal
24 title to the fossil fuel.

1 “(16) OWNER OR OPERATOR.—The term ‘owner
2 or operator’ with respect to any fossil fuel means
3 any person who has legal title to the fossil fuel.

4 “(17) SEQUESTERS.—The term ‘sequesters’
5 means the permanent storage of carbon dioxide or
6 other greenhouse gas such that it does not escape
7 into the atmosphere, and is in compliance with the
8 regulations issued pursuant to section 45Q(f)(2).

9 “(18) SOLID BIOMASS.—The term ‘solid bio-
10 mass’ means nonfossilized and biodegradable organic
11 material originating from plants, animals, or micro-
12 organisms, including products, byproducts, residues
13 and waste from agriculture, forestry, and related in-
14 dustries as well as the nonfossilized and biodegrad-
15 able organic fractions of industrial and municipal
16 wastes, but does not include gases and liquids recov-
17 ered from the decomposition of nonfossilized and
18 biodegradable organic material.

19 “(19) SOURCE CATEGORY.—The term ‘source
20 category’ means any category or subcategory regu-
21 lated under part 60 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
22 ulations, or part 90 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
23 ulations.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of subtitles for the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“Subtitle L—Greenhouse Gas Emissions”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to emissions after the later of December 31, 2025, and the date that is one year after the date regulations are promulgated under section 9914 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

SEC. 10102. BORDER GREENHOUSE GAS ADJUSTMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following new part:

“PART 2—TAX ADJUSTMENTS FOR IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSIVE PRODUCTS

“Sec. 9911. Purposes.

“Sec. 9912. Definitions.

“Sec. 9913. Notification of foreign countries.

“Sec. 9914. Border tax adjustment rate.

“SEC. 9911. PURPOSES.

“(a) PURPOSES OF PART.—The purposes of this part are—

“(1) to promote a strong global effort to significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and

“(2) to prevent carbon leakage.

1 “(b) ADDITIONAL PURPOSES OF PART.—The pur-
2 poses of this part are additionally—

3 “(1) to provide a rebate to exporters in domes-
4 tic eligible industrial sectors for the greenhouse gas
5 emission costs of the owners and operators incurred
6 under this title, but not for costs associated with
7 other related or unrelated market dynamics,

8 “(2) to ensure that imports from other coun-
9 tries, and, in particular, fast-growing developing
10 countries, do not enjoy competitive advantages be-
11 cause of the carbon tax liability of domestic manu-
12 facturers, and therefore increase their emissions,

13 “(3) to encourage foreign countries to take sub-
14 stantial action with respect to their greenhouse gas
15 emissions, and

16 “(4) to ensure that the measures described in
17 this subpart are designed and implemented in a
18 manner consistent with applicable international
19 agreements to which the United States is a party.

20 **“SEC. 9912. DEFINITIONS.**

21 “In this part:

22 “(1) CARBON LEAKAGE.—The term ‘carbon
23 leakage’ means any substantial increase (as deter-
24 mined by the Secretary) in greenhouse gas emissions
25 by entities located in other countries caused by a

1 cost of production increase in the United States re-
2 sulting from implementation of this title.

3 “(2) BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT.—The term
4 ‘border tax adjustment’ means the levying of a tax
5 on imported covered goods equivalent to the amount
6 of tax paid pursuant to part 1 of this subtitle in the
7 manufacture of comparable domestic manufactured
8 goods, and the rebating of the tax paid pursuant to
9 part 1 of this subtitle that has been paid on covered
10 goods exported from the United States.

11 “(3) BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT RATE.—The
12 term ‘border tax adjustment rate’ means the amount
13 of tax that would be paid on a covered good pro-
14 duced in the United States in the current year.

15 “(4) COMMISSIONER.—The term ‘Commis-
16 sioner’ means the Commissioner of United States
17 Customs and Border Protection.

18 “(5) COVERED GOOD.—The term ‘covered good’
19 means a good that is—

20 “(A) entered under a heading or sub-
21 heading of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of
22 the United States that corresponds to the
23 NAICS code for an eligible industrial sector, as
24 established in the concordance between NAICS
25 codes and the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of

1 the United States prepared by the United
2 States Census Bureau, or

3 “(B) a manufactured item for consump-
4 tion.

5 “(6) ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—The
6 term ‘eligible industrial sector’ means an industrial
7 sector determined by the Secretary under section
8 9913.

9 “(7) INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—The term ‘indus-
10 trial sector’ means any sector that—

11 “(A) is in the manufacturing sector (as de-
12 fined in NAICS codes 31, 32, and 33), or

13 “(B) is part of, or an entire, sector that
14 beneficiates or otherwise processes (including
15 agglomeration) metal ores, including iron and
16 copper ores, soda ash, and phosphate. The term
17 ‘industrial sector’ does not include any part of
18 a sector that extracts fossil fuels, metal ores,
19 soda ash, or phosphate.

20 “(8) MANUFACTURED ITEM FOR CONSUMP-
21 TION.—The term ‘manufactured item for consump-
22 tion’ means any good—

23 “(A) that includes in substantial quantities
24 one or more goods like the goods produced by
25 an eligible industrial sector, and

1 “(B) for which the Secretary has deter-
2 mined, with the concurrence of the Commis-
3 sioner, that the application of the border tax
4 adjustment program pursuant to this part is
5 technically and administratively feasible and ap-
6 propriate to achieve the purposes of this part,
7 taking into account the greenhouse gas inten-
8 sity, and where appropriate the trade intensity,
9 of the industrial sector that produces the good,
10 as measured consistent with section 9913 and
11 the ability of the producers to recover cost in-
12 creases in the marketplace and other appro-
13 priate factors.

14 “(9) NAICS.—The term ‘NAICS’ means the
15 North American Industrial Classification System of
16 2002.

17 “(10) OUTPUT.—The term ‘output’ means the
18 total tonnage or other standard unit of production
19 (as determined by the Secretary) produced by an en-
20 tity in an industrial sector.

21 **“SEC. 9913. NOTIFICATION OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.**

22 “(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the
23 date of the enactment of the Modernizing America with
24 Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first

1 Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expan-
 2 sion Act, the President shall notify each foreign country—

3 “(1) requesting the foreign country to take ap-
 4 propriate measures to limit the greenhouse gas emis-
 5 sions of the foreign country, and

6 “(2) indicating that a border tax adjustment
 7 may apply to covered goods imported into and ex-
 8 ported from the United States.

9 “(b) LISTS.—

10 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
 11 the date of the enactment of the Modernizing Amer-
 12 ica with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the
 13 Twenty-first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-
 14 Centered Expansion Act, the Secretary shall promul-
 15 gate a rule designating, based on the criteria under
 16 subsection (c)(2), industrial sectors where covered
 17 products are liable for the border tax adjustment.

18 “(2) CONTENT.—The list shall include the
 19 amount of the border tax adjustment rate for each
 20 covered good in the following calendar year pursuant
 21 to section 9914.

22 “(3) SUBSEQUENT LISTS.—Not later than Jan-
 23 uary 31 of each calendar year after the calendar
 24 year in which the Modernizing America with Re-
 25 building to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-

first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act is enacted, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register an updated version of the list published under paragraph (1).

“(c) ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS.—

“(1) PRESUMPTIVELY ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS.—

“(A) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—

“(I) Imported covered goods are liable under this part if they are produced in the United States in an industrial sector that is included in a 6-digit classification of the NAICS that meets the criteria in both clauses (ii) and (iii).

“(II) Exported covered goods are eligible under this part if they are produced in the United States in an industrial sector that is included in a 6-digit classification of the NAICS that meets the criteria in clauses (ii) and (iii).

“(ii) GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSITY.—

As determined by the Secretary, an indus-

1 trial sector meets the criteria of this clause
2 if the United States industrial sector has a
3 greenhouse gas intensity of at least 5 per-
4 cent, calculated by dividing—

5 “(I) the number of metric tons of
6 carbon dioxide equivalent greenhouse
7 gas emissions (including direct emis-
8 sions from fuel combustion, process
9 emissions, and indirect emissions from
10 the generation of electricity used to
11 produce the output of the sector) of
12 the sector based on data described in
13 subparagraph (C), multiplied by the
14 applicable rate in section 9901(b)(2),
15 by

16 “(II) the value of the shipments
17 of the sector, based on data described
18 in subparagraph (C).

19 “(iii) TRADE INTENSITY.—As deter-
20 mined by the Secretary, an industrial sec-
21 tor meets the criteria of this clause if the
22 industrial sector has a trade intensity of at
23 least 15 percent, calculated by dividing—

24 “(I) the value of the total im-
25 ports and exports of the sector, by

1 “(II) the value of the shipments
2 plus the value of imports of the sec-
3 tor, based on data described in sub-
4 paragraph (C).

5 “(B) METAL AND PHOSPHATE PRODUC-
6 TION CLASSIFIED UNDER MORE THAN ONE
7 NAICS CODE.—For purposes of this section, the
8 Secretary shall—

9 “(i) aggregate data for the
10 beneficiation or other processing (including
11 agglomeration) of metal ores, including
12 iron and copper ores, soda ash, or phos-
13 phate with subsequent steps in the process
14 of metal and phosphate manufacturing, re-
15 gardless of the NAICS code under which
16 the activity is classified, and

17 “(ii) aggregate data for the manufac-
18 turing of steel with the manufacturing of
19 steel pipe and tube made from purchased
20 steel in a nonintegrated process.

21 “(C) DATA SOURCES.—

22 “(i) VALUE OF SHIPMENTS.—

23 “(I) IN GENERAL.—The Sec-
24 retary shall determine the value of
25 shipments under this subsection from

1 data from the United States Census
2 Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

3 “(II) AVERAGE DATA AVAIL-
4 ABLE.—The Secretary shall use the
5 average of data from the most recent
6 3 years for which the data are avail-
7 able.

8 “(III) AVERAGE DATA NOT
9 AVAILABLE.—If data described in sub-
10 clause (II) are unavailable, the Sec-
11 retary shall make a determination
12 based on—

13 “(aa) data from the most
14 detailed industrial classification
15 level of the Manufacturing En-
16 ergy Consumption Survey of the
17 Energy Information Administra-
18 tion, and

19 “(bb) data from the most re-
20 cent Economic Census of the
21 United States.

22 “(IV) DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR
23 SECTOR.—If data from the Manufac-
24 turing Energy Consumption Survey or
25 Economic Census are unavailable for

1 any sector at the 6-digit classification
2 level in the NAICS, the Secretary may
3 use available Manufacturing Energy
4 Consumption Survey or Economic
5 Census data pertaining to a broader
6 industrial category classified in the
7 NAICS.

8 “(V) DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR
9 PROCESSING.—If data relating to the
10 beneficiation or other processing (in-
11 cluding agglomeration) of metal ores
12 (including iron and copper ores, soda
13 ash, or phosphate) are not available
14 from the specified data sources, the
15 Secretary—

16 “(aa) shall use the best
17 available Federal or State gov-
18 ernment data, and

19 “(bb) may use, to the extent
20 necessary, representative data
21 submitted by entities that per-
22 form the beneficiation or other
23 processing (including agglomer-
24 ation), in making a determina-
25 tion.

1 “(ii) IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—

2 “(I) IN GENERAL.—The Sec-
3 retary shall base the value of imports
4 and exports under this subsection on
5 United States International Trade
6 Commission data.

7 “(II) AVERAGE DATA AVAIL-
8 ABLE.—The Secretary shall use the
9 average of data from the three most
10 recent years for which the data are
11 available.

12 “(III) AVERAGE DATA NOT
13 AVAILABLE.—If data from the United
14 States International Trade Commis-
15 sion are unavailable for any sector at
16 the 6-digit classification level in the
17 NAICS, the Secretary may use United
18 States International Trade Commis-
19 sion data pertaining to a broader in-
20 dustrial category classified in the
21 NAICS.

22 “(iii) PERCENTAGES.—The Secretary
23 shall round the greenhouse gas intensity
24 and trade intensity percentages under sub-

paragraph (A) to the nearest whole number.

“(iv) GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION CALCULATIONS.—When calculating the metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent greenhouse gas emissions for each sector under subparagraph (A)(ii)(I), the Secretary—

“(I) shall use the best available data from the three most recent years for which the data are available, and

“(II) may, to the extent necessary with respect to a sector, use economic and engineering models and the best available information on technology performance levels for the sector.

“(2) ADMINISTRATIVE DETERMINATION OF ADDITIONAL ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS.—

“(A) UPDATED TRADE INTENSITY DATA.—

The Secretary shall designate as liable for the border tax adjustment rate on imported products under this part an industrial sector that—

“(i) met the greenhouse gas intensity criteria in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) as of the

1 date of promulgation of the rule under
2 paragraph (1), and

3 “(ii) meets the trade intensity criteria
4 established under paragraph (1)(A)(iii),
5 using data sources described in paragraph
6 (1)(C) from any year after the passage of
7 this Act.

8 “(B) INDIVIDUAL SHOWING PETITION.—

9 “(i) PETITION.—In addition to des-
10 ignation under subparagraph (A), the
11 owner or operator of an entity or a group
12 of entities that collectively produce not less
13 than 80 percent of the average annual
14 value of shipments from within the sector
15 of the group consistent with subclause (I),
16 that manufacture similar products in an
17 industrial sector may petition the Sec-
18 retary to designate as eligible industrial
19 sectors under this part an entity or a
20 group of entities that—

21 “(I) represent a sector using a
22 standard product classification, and

23 “(II) meet the respective import
24 and/or export eligibility criteria in
25 paragraph (1)(A)(i).

1 “(ii) DATA.—In making a determina-
2 tion under this subparagraph, the Sec-
3 retary shall consider—

4 “(I) data submitted by the peti-
5 tioner,

6 “(II) data solicited by the Sec-
7 retary from other entities in the sec-
8 tor, and

9 “(III) data specified in para-
10 graph (1)(C).

11 “(iii) BASIS OF SUBSECTOR DETER-
12 MINATION.—

13 “(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as
14 provided in subclause (II), the Sec-
15 retary shall determine an entity or
16 group of entities to be a subsector of
17 a 6-digit section of the NAICS code
18 based only on the products manufac-
19 tured and not the industrial process
20 by which the products are manufac-
21 tured.

22 “(II) TYPE OF MATERIAL.—The
23 Secretary may determine an entity or
24 group of entities that manufacture a
25 product from primarily virgin material

1 to be a separate subsector from an-
2 other entity or group of entities that
3 manufacture the same product pri-
4 marily from recycled material.

5 “(iv) USE OF MOST RECENT DATA.—

6 In determining whether to designate a sec-
7 tor or subsector as an eligible industrial
8 sector under this subparagraph, the Sec-
9 retary shall use the most recent data avail-
10 able from the sources described in para-
11 graph (1)(C), rather than the data from
12 the years specified in paragraph (1)(C), to
13 determine the trade intensity of the sector
14 or subsector, but only for determining the
15 trade intensity.

16 “(v) FINAL ACTION.—The Secretary
17 shall take final action on a petition de-
18 scribed in this subparagraph not later than
19 180 days after the date the completed peti-
20 tion is received by the Secretary.

21 “(3) CESSATION OF QUALIFYING ACTIVITIES.—

22 If, as determined by the Secretary, an industrial sec-
23 tor or a covered good within the sector is no longer
24 liable to be designated under this section, the Com-
25 missioner shall cease to apply the border tax adjust-

1 ment on the relevant covered goods with effect from
2 January 1 of the following year.

3 **“SEC. 9914. BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT RATE.**

4 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, with the con-
5 currence of the Commissioner, shall, no later than the date
6 that is one year after the date of the enactment of this
7 section, promulgate regulations—

8 “(1) establishing the products which are liable
9 for, and requiring payment of, the border tax adjust-
10 ment rate,

11 “(2) establishing a general methodology for cal-
12 culating the level of the border tax adjustment rate
13 that a domestic importer of any covered good must
14 submit and the rebate that an exporter will receive,

15 “(3) establishing an administrative process
16 whereby any determination by the Secretary under
17 this subsection may be appealed,

18 “(4) exempting from this section products that
19 originate from—

20 “(A) any country that the United Nations
21 has identified as among the least developed of
22 developing countries, or

23 “(B) any country that the President has
24 determined to be responsible for less than 0.5
25 percent of total global greenhouse gas emissions

1 and less than 5 percent of global production in
2 the eligible industrial sector,

3 “(5) specifying the procedures that the Com-
4 missioner will apply for the declaration and entry of
5 covered goods with respect to the eligible industrial
6 sector into the customs territory of the United
7 States, and

8 “(6) establishing procedures that prevent cir-
9 cumvention of the carbon tax liability for covered
10 goods that are manufactured or processed in more
11 than one foreign country.

12 “(b) PRESIDENTIAL DISCRETION.—The President
13 may elect not to levy the border tax adjustment for an
14 eligible industrial sector or for specific products within
15 that sector if the President determines and certifies to
16 Congress that the program would not be in the national
17 interest, economic interest, or environmental interest of
18 the United States.”.

19 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
20 this section shall apply to emissions after the later of De-
21 cember 31, 2025, and the date that is one year after the
22 date regulations are promulgated under section 9914 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

1 **Subtitle B—Distribution of Reve-**
2 **nues From Taxation of Green-**
3 **house Gas Emissions**

4 **CHAPTER 1—REBUILDING INFRASTRUC-**
5 **TURE AND SOLUTIONS FOR THE ENVI-**
6 **RONMENT TRUST FUND**

7 **SEC. 10201. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RISE TRUST FUND.**

8 There is hereby created in the Treasury of the United
9 States a trust fund to be known as the “Rebuilding Infra-
10 structure and Solutions for the Environment Trust Fund”
11 (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “RISE Trust
12 Fund”), consisting of amounts paid into the Treasury pur-
13 suant to subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
14 (as added by title I of this Act), and 75 percent of such
15 amounts are hereby appropriated and transferred to the
16 RISE Trust Fund.

17 **SEC. 10202. APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE RISE TRUST**
18 **FUND.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the RISE Trust
20 Fund for a fiscal year shall be available, as provided by
21 appropriation Acts, as follows:

22 (1) 70 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
23 through 2036 to the Highway Trust Fund.

24 (2) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
25 through 2036 for the weatherization program devel-

1 oped under part A of title IV of the Energy Con-
2 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6861 et
3 seq.).

4 (3) 3 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
5 through 2036 for assistance for displaced energy
6 workers under section 321.

7 (4) 2.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
8 through 2036 to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund
9 under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of
10 1986.

11 (5) 0.1 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
12 through 2036 to the Leaking Underground Storage
13 Trust Fund under section 9508 of the Internal Rev-
14 enue Code of 1986.

15 (6) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
16 through 2036 to the Abandoned Mine Reclamation
17 Fund under section 401 of the Surface Mining Con-
18 trol and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1231).

19 (7) 4 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
20 through 2036 for frequent and chronic coastal flood-
21 ing mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects
22 under section 302.

23 (8) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
24 through 2036 for Advanced Research Projects Agen-

1 cy-Energy under section 5012 of the America COM-
2 PETES Act (42 U.S.C. 16538).

3 (9) 0.7 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
4 through 2036 for the Carbon Capture Research and
5 Development Program of the National Energy Tech-
6 nology Laboratory, Office of Fossil Energy, Depart-
7 ment of Energy.

8 (10) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
9 2027 through 2036 for assistance for Carbon Stor-
10 age DOE Fossil Energy Research, Development, and
11 Demonstration Program Areas, Coal Program Area
12 (Carbon Storage).

13 (11) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
14 2027 through 2036 for assistance to the National
15 Energy Technology Laboratory of the Office of Fos-
16 sil Energy for the research and development of car-
17 bon removal technologies.

18 (12) 0.3 percent for each of the fiscal years
19 2027 through 2036 to the Secretary of Energy for
20 research and development to identify and assess
21 novel uses for carbon oxides, including the conver-
22 sion of carbon dioxide for commercial and industrial
23 products, such as chemicals, plastics, building mate-
24 rials, fuels, cement, products of coal use in power

1 systems or other applications, or other products with
2 demonstrated market value.

3 (13) 0.2 percent for each of the fiscal years
4 2027 through 2036 to the Secretary of Energy to
5 provide grants to entities constructing common car-
6 rier pipeline infrastructure to transport anthropo-
7 genic carbon dioxide for the incremental cost of pro-
8 viding extra capacity for future carbon dioxide trans-
9 port needs.

10 (14) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
11 2027 through 2036 for research and development re-
12 lating to energy storage by battery through the Of-
13 fice of Electricity, Department of Energy.

14 (15) 10 percent for each of the fiscal years
15 2027 through 2036 for State grants under section
16 203.

17 (16) 1 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
18 through 2036 to the Reforestation Trust Fund (16
19 U.S.C. 1606a).

20 (17) 0.1 percent for each of the fiscal years
21 2027 through 2036 for assistance through coopera-
22 tive agreements to decrease the environmental im-
23 pact of energy-related activities pursuant to section
24 931 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
25 16231).

1 (18) 1.6 percent for each of the fiscal years
 2 2027 through 2036 for the environmental quality in-
 3 centives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D of
 4 title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
 5 U.S.C. 3839aa et seq.) for payments to producers to
 6 implement practices that promote improvements
 7 identified in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of section
 8 1240B(d)(3) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–2).

9 (19) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
 10 2027 through 2036 for the regional conservation
 11 partnership program under section 1271 of the Food
 12 Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871) for eligible
 13 activities on eligible land through partnership agree-
 14 ments with eligible partners and contracts with pro-
 15 ducers that address one of the following goals:

16 (A) Soil health.

17 (B) Nutrient management.

18 (C) Forest restoration.

19 (D) Reduction of methane emissions.

20 (E) Other related activities that the Sec-
 21 retary determines will help achieve conservation
 22 benefits and increase carbon sequestration or
 23 reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

24 (b) CARBON REMOVAL.—For purposes of subsection
 25 (a)(11), the term “carbon removal technologies” includes:

1 (1) Direct air capture and storage technologies,
2 which shall not include any equipment which cap-
3 tures carbon dioxide which is deliberately released
4 from naturally occurring subsurface springs or using
5 natural photosynthesis.

6 (2) Bioenergy with carbon capture and seques-
7 tration.

8 (3) Enhanced geological weathering.

9 (4) Agricultural and grazing practices.

10 (5) Forest management and afforestation.

11 (6) Planned or managed carbon sinks, including
12 natural and artificial.

13 (c) WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding
14 any other provision of law and in a manner consistent with
15 other provisions in this title, all laborers and mechanics
16 employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects
17 funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and
18 through the Federal Government pursuant to this title
19 shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing
20 on projects of a character similar in the locality as deter-
21 mined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with sub-
22 chapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.
23 With respect to the labor standards specified in this sec-
24 tion, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and
25 functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14

1 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145
2 of title 40, United States Code.

3 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

4 (1) LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK
5 TRUST FUND.—Section 9508(b) of the Internal Rev-
6 enue Code of 1986 is amended—

7 (A) by striking “and” at the end of para-
8 graph (3),

9 (B) by striking the period at the end of
10 paragraph (4) and inserting “, and”, and

11 (C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
12 following:

13 “(5) amounts made available to the Leaking
14 Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund from the
15 RISE Trust Fund under section 202(a)(5) of the
16 Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart
17 the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a
18 Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act.”.

19 (2) REFORESTATION TRUST FUND.—

20 (A) SOURCE OF FUNDS.—Section 303(a)
21 of the Act of October 14, 1980 (16 U.S.C.
22 1606a(a)) is amended by striking “subsection
23 (b)(1)” and inserting “paragraph (1) or (4) of
24 subsection (b)”.

1 (B) SPECIAL RULE RELATING TO LIMITA-
 2 TION.—Section 303(b) of the Act of October
 3 14, 1980 (16 U.S.C. 1606a(b)) is amended—

4 (i) in paragraph (2) by inserting
 5 “under paragraph (1)” after “The Sec-
 6 retary of the Treasury shall transfer”, and

7 (ii) by adding at the end the fol-
 8 lowing:

9 “(4) Not later than 9 months after the enact-
 10 ment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to
 11 Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century
 12 with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion
 13 Act, the Secretary shall transfer to the Trust Fund
 14 the amounts made available under section
 15 202(a)(13) of such Act.”.

16 **SEC. 10203. STATE GRANTS.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—From amounts made available
 18 under section 202(a)(15), the Secretary of the Treasury
 19 shall make a annual grant to each State (hereafter in this
 20 section referred to as “State grant”) to distribute to eligi-
 21 ble low-income households in accordance with this section.

22 (b) ELIGIBLE LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD.—A house-
 23 hold shall be considered to be an eligible low-income house-
 24 hold for purposes of this section if—

1 (1) except as provided in subsection (d)(4), the
2 gross income of the household does not exceed 150
3 percent of the poverty line;

4 (2) the appropriate State agency for the State
5 in which the household is located determines that
6 the household is participating in—

7 (A) the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
8 Program authorized by the Food and Nutrition
9 Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);

10 (B) the Food Distribution Program on In-
11 dian Reservations authorized by section 4(b) of
12 such Act (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)); or

13 (C) the program for nutrition assistance in
14 Puerto Rico or American Samoa under section
15 19 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2028);

16 (3) the household consists of a single individual
17 or a married couple, and—

18 (A) receives the subsidy described in sec-
19 tion 1860D–14 of the Social Security Act (42
20 U.S.C. 1395w–114); or

21 (B)(i) participates in the program under
22 title XVIII of the Social Security Act; and

23 (ii) meets the income requirements de-
24 scribed in section 1860D–14(a)(1) or (a)(2) of

1 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–
2 114(a)(1) or (a)(2)); or
3 (4) the household consists of a single individual
4 or a married couple, and receives benefits under the
5 supplemental security income program under title
6 XVI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1381–
7 1383f).

8 (c) AMOUNT.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in con-
9 sultation with the Secretary of Energy and the Adminis-
10 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall de-
11 termine the amount of each State grant in proportion to
12 the percentage of total United States greenhouse gas emis-
13 sions attributable to electricity, natural gas, gasoline, die-
14 sel, and fuel ethanol sold in such State during the pre-
15 ceding calendar year.

16 (d) RULE RELATING TO PROCESS.—Not later than
17 1 year after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
18 the Treasury shall establish by rule a date in each year
19 by which each State shall notify the Secretary how the
20 State intends to distribute the State Grant. The Secretary
21 shall transfer the State Grant to each State only upon
22 the State demonstrating to the Secretary’s satisfaction
23 that the State intends to distribute the State Grant in ac-
24 cordance with this section.

1 (e) STATE.—For the purposes of this section, the
 2 term “State” includes the District of Columbia and any
 3 territory or possession of the United States.

4 **CHAPTER 2—CERTAIN MANUFACTURERS**
 5 **EXCISE TAXES**

6 **SEC. 10211. REPEAL OF FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE AND**
 7 **AVIATION FUEL TAXES.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part III of sub-
 9 chapter A of chapter 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of
 10 1986 is hereby repealed.

11 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The repeal made by sub-
 12 section (a) shall apply to transactions after December 31,
 13 2025.

14 **SEC. 10212. MODIFICATIONS OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED**
 15 **COAL PROJECT CREDIT.**

16 (a) SEQUESTRATION REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN
 17 EQUIPMENT.—Section 48A(e)(1)(G) of the Internal Rev-
 18 enue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting “and 60 per-
 19 cent in the case of an application for a reallocation of cred-
 20 its under subsection (d)(4) with respect to an electrical
 21 generating unit in existence on October 3, 2008” after
 22 “under subsection (d)(4)”.

23 (b) NAMEPLATE GENERATING CAPACITY REQUIRE-
 24 MENT.—Section 48A(e)(1)(C) of such Code is amended by

1 striking “400 megawatts” and inserting “200
2 megawatts”.

3 (c) ADVANCED COAL-BASED GENERATION TECH-
4 NOLOGY REQUIREMENTS.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 48A(f)(1) of such
6 Code is amended by striking “generation technology
7 if—” and all that follows through “the unit is de-
8 signed” and inserting “generation technology if the
9 unit is designed”.

10 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section
11 48A(f) is amended—

12 (A) by striking all that precedes “the pur-
13 pose of this section” and inserting the fol-
14 lowing:

15 “(f) ADVANCED COAL-BASED GENERATION TECH-
16 NOLOGY.—For”;

17 (B) by striking “in subparagraph (B)” in
18 the second sentence and inserting “in this sub-
19 section”; and

20 (C) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3).

21 (d) PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS IN CASE OF
22 BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY.—Section
23 48A(f) of such Code, as amended by this Act, is amended
24 by adding at the end the following: “In the case of a ret-
25 rofit of a unit which has undergone a best available control

1 technology analysis after August 8, 2005, with respect to
 2 the removal or emissions of any pollutant which is SO₂
 3 or NO_x, the removal or emissions design level with respect
 4 to such pollutant shall be the level determined in such
 5 analysis.”.

6 (e) CLARIFICATION OF REALLOCATION AUTHOR-
 7 ITY.—Section 48A(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of
 8 1986 is amended—

9 (1) in subparagraph (A)—

10 (A) by striking “Not later than 6 years
 11 after the date of enactment of this section, the”
 12 and inserting “The”; and

13 (B) by inserting “and every 6 months
 14 thereafter until all credits available under this
 15 section have been allowed” after “the date
 16 which is 6 years after the date of enactment of
 17 this section”;

18 (2) in subparagraph (B)—

19 (A) by striking “may reallocate credits
 20 available under clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph
 21 (3)(B)” and inserting “shall reallocate credits
 22 remaining available under paragraph (3)”;

23 (B) by striking “or” at the end of clause
 24 (i); and

1 (C) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the
2 following:

3 “(ii) any applicant for certification
4 which submitted an accepted application
5 has subsequently failed to satisfy the re-
6 quirements under paragraph (2)(D), or

7 “(iii) any certification made pursuant
8 to paragraph (2) has been revoked pursu-
9 ant to paragraph (2)(E).”; and

10 (3) in subparagraph (C)—

11 (A) by striking “clause (i) or (ii) of para-
12 graph (3)(B)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”;
13

14 (B) by striking “is authorized to” and in-
15 serting “shall”; and

16 (C) by striking “an additional program”
17 and inserting “additional programs”.

18 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
20 graph (2), the amendments made by this section
21 shall apply to allocations and reallocations after the
22 date of the enactment of this Act.

23 (2) REALLOCATION.—The amendments made
24 by subsection (e) shall apply to credits remaining
available under section 48A(d)(3) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code of 1986 on the date of the enactment
2 of this Act.

3 **Subtitle C—Amendments to Other**
4 **Laws**

5 **CHAPTER 1—AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL**
6 **ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES**

7 **SEC. 10301. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLEAN AIR ACT.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title III of the Clean Air Act (42
9 U.S.C. 7601) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
10 lowing:

11 **“SEC. 330. MORATORIUM AGAINST CERTAIN REGULATIONS**
12 **BASED ON GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECTS.**

13 “(a) FUELS.—Unless specifically authorized in sec-
14 tion 202, 211, 213, 231, or this section, after a fossil fuel
15 has passed through a point of taxation as provided in sec-
16 tion 9901(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, sub-
17 ject to subsection (g), the Administrator shall not issue
18 or enforce any rule limiting the emission of greenhouse
19 gases from the combustion of that fuel under this Act (or
20 impose any requirement on any State to limit such emis-
21 sion) on the basis of the emission’s greenhouse gas effects.

22 “(b) EMISSIONS.—Unless specifically authorized in
23 section 202, 211, 213, 231, or this section, if emission
24 of any greenhouse gas is subject to taxation pursuant to
25 section 9902 or 9903 of the Internal Revenue Code of

1 1986, the Administrator shall not issue or enforce any rule
2 limiting such emission under this Act (or impose any re-
3 quirement on any State to limit such emission) on the
4 basis of the emission's greenhouse gas effects.

5 “(c) AUTHORIZED REGULATION.—Notwithstanding
6 subsections (a) and (b), nothing in this section limits the
7 Administrator's authority pursuant to any other provision
8 of this Act—

9 “(1) to limit the emission of any greenhouse
10 gas because of any adverse impact on health or wel-
11 fare other than its greenhouse gas effects;

12 “(2) in limiting emissions as described in para-
13 graph (1), to consider the collateral benefits of lim-
14 iting the emissions because of greenhouse gas ef-
15 fects;

16 “(3) to limit the emission of any other pollutant
17 that is not a greenhouse gas that the Administrator
18 determines by rule has heat-trapping properties; or

19 “(4) to take any action with respect to any
20 greenhouse gas other than limiting its emission, in-
21 cluding—

22 “(A) monitoring, reporting, and record-
23 keeping requirements;

24 “(B) conducting or supporting investiga-
25 tions; and

1 “(C) information collection.

2 “(d) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN GREENHOUSE GAS
3 EMISSIONS.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b),
4 nothing in this section limits the Administrator’s authority
5 to regulate greenhouse gas emissions from—

6 “(1) facilities that—

7 “(A) are subject to subpart OOOO or
8 OOOOa of part 60 of title 40, Code of Federal
9 Regulations, as in effect on January 1, 2018, or

10 “(B) would be subject to either subpart
11 OOOO or OOOOa if those subparts applied to
12 facilities without regard to the date on which
13 construction, modification, or reconstruction
14 commenced, and

15 “(2) POTW Treatment Plants (as defined in
16 section 403.3(r) of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-
17 tions (as in effect on the date of enactment of this
18 section)).

19 “(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms
20 ‘greenhouse gas’ and ‘greenhouse gas effects’ have the
21 meanings given to those terms in section 9907 of the In-
22 ternal Revenue Code of 1986.

23 “(f) MORATORIUM EXPIRATION.—Subsections (a)
24 and (b) shall cease to apply beginning on January 1, 2039.

25 “(g) EXCEPTIONS.—

1 “(1) 2030.—Notwithstanding subsections (a)
2 and (b) of this section and section 211(c)(5) of this
3 Act, if the Administrator determines by March 30,
4 2031, pursuant to the report required by section
5 9901(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of
6 1986, that total greenhouse gas emissions from
7 sources subject to taxation under sections 9901
8 through 9903 of such Code during the period of cal-
9 endar years 2027 through 2030 exceed the emission
10 level specified in section 9901(b)(3)(A) of such Code
11 for calendar year 2028, then beginning on October
12 1, 2031, subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to apply.

13 “(2) 2034.—Notwithstanding subsections (a)
14 and (b) of this section and section 211(c)(5) of this
15 Act, if the Administrator determines by March 30,
16 2035, pursuant to the report required by section
17 9901(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of
18 1986, that total greenhouse gas emissions from
19 sources subject to taxation under sections 9901
20 through 9903 of such Code during the period of cal-
21 endar years 2027 through 2034 exceed the emission
22 level specified in section 9901(b)(3)(A) of such Code
23 for calendar year 2034, then beginning on October
24 1, 2035, subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to
25 apply.”.

1 (b) NEW MOTOR VEHICLES AND NEW MOTOR VEHI-
2 CLE ENGINES.—Section 202(b) of the Clean Air Act (42
3 U.S.C. 7521(b)) is amended—

4 (1) by redesignating the second paragraph (3)
5 (as redesignated by section 230(4)(C) of Public Law
6 101–549 (104 Stat. 2529)) as paragraph (4); and

7 (2) by adding at the end the following:

8 “(5) Notwithstanding section 330(a), the Ad-
9 ministrator may—

10 “(A) limit the emission of any greenhouse
11 gas (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code of 1986) on the basis of the
13 emission’s greenhouse gas effects (as defined in
14 section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code of
15 1986) from any class or classes of new motor
16 vehicles or new motor vehicle engines subject to
17 regulation under subsection (a)(1); and

18 “(B) grant a waiver under section
19 209(b)(1) for standards for the control of
20 greenhouse gas emissions.”.

21 (c) FUELS.—Section 211(c) of the Clean Air Act (42
22 U.S.C. 7545(c)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
23 lowing new paragraph:

24 “(5) Except as required in subsection (o), the
25 Administrator shall not, pursuant to this subsection,

1 impose on any manufacturer, processor, or dis-
2 tributor of fuel any requirement for the purpose of
3 reducing the emission of any greenhouse gas (as de-
4 fined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 of 1986) produced by combustion of the fuel on the
6 basis of the emission's greenhouse gas effects (as de-
7 fined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 of 1986).”.

9 (d) NONROAD ENGINES AND VEHICLES EMISSIONS
10 STANDARDS.—Section 213 of the Clean Air Act (42
11 U.S.C. 7547) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
12 lowing:

13 “(e) GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.—Notwith-
14 standing subsections (a) and (b) of section 330, the Ad-
15 ministrator may limit the emission of any greenhouse gas
16 (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
17 of 1986) on the basis of the emission's greenhouse gas
18 effects (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue
19 Code of 1986) from any nonroad engines and nonroad ve-
20 hicles subject to regulation under this section.”.

21 (e) AIRCRAFT EMISSION STANDARDS.—Section 231
22 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 757) is amended by add-
23 ing at the end the following new subsection:

24 “(d) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of sec-
25 tion 330, the Administrator may limit the emission of any

1 greenhouse gas (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal
 2 Revenue Code of 1986) on the basis of the emission's
 3 greenhouse gas effects (as defined in section 9907 of the
 4 Internal Revenue Code of 1986) from any class or classes
 5 of aircraft engines, so long as any such limitation is not
 6 more stringent than the standards adopted by the Inter-
 7 national Civil Aviation Organization.”.

8 **SEC. 10302. FREQUENT AND CHRONIC FLOODING MITIGA-**
 9 **TION AND ADAPTATION INFRASTRUCTURE**
 10 **PROJECTS.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce and
 12 the Secretary of the Army (hereinafter referred to as “the
 13 Secretaries”), in consultation with the Secretary of Home-
 14 land Security, may make grants to State and local govern-
 15 ments and federally recognized Indian Tribes for frequent
 16 and chronic flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastruc-
 17 ture projects.

18 (b) AUTHORIZED USES.—Amounts provided as a
 19 grant under this section may be used for any of the fol-
 20 lowing:

- 21 (1) Adaptation of existing infrastructure to
 22 mitigate impacts of climate change, including en-
 23 hancements to both built and natural environments.
- 24 (2) Maintenance and updating of existing flood
 25 risk reduction infrastructure, such as gravity drain-

1 age structures, road elevation, bulkheads, gates, and
2 floodwalls.

3 (3) Increasing resilience to frequent and chronic
4 flooding, including (as combined or separate
5 projects)—

6 (A) the creation of bulkheads, levees, and
7 other hard infrastructure alone or in combina-
8 tion with natural infrastructure described in
9 subparagraph (B); and

10 (B) habitat restoration work, including
11 dune enhancement, vegetative restoration,
12 beach renourishment, coral and oyster reef res-
13 toration, floodplain restoration, and other ac-
14 tions to restore the function of the natural eco-
15 logical function and processes to provide flood
16 risk reduction benefits.

17 (4) Improvements to conveyance, diversion, re-
18 moval, and storage infrastructure to reduce risks
19 caused by frequent and chronic flooding.

20 (5) Innovative methods to reduce risks caused
21 by chronic flooding along street infrastructure sys-
22 tems, including canal streets, absorbent streets,
23 floodable parks, bioswales, rain gardens, permeable
24 pavement, and underground cisterns.

1 (6) Deployment of technologies designed to
2 mitigate power outages, continue delivery of vital
3 electricity services, and maintain the flow of power
4 to facilities critical to public health, safety and wel-
5 fare, including distributed generation, energy stor-
6 age, and microgrids.

7 (c) LIMITATION ON PROJECT ELIGIBILITY.—A
8 project shall not be eligible for funding under this section
9 if it will have any long-term negative impact on important
10 ecological functions and habitat or existing natural protec-
11 tion features and functions.

12 (d) PRIORITY.—In making grants under this section
13 the Secretaries shall give priority to the following:

14 (1) Protecting areas designated as special flood
15 hazard areas for purposes of the national flood in-
16 surance program under the National Flood Insur-
17 ance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) and the
18 Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C.
19 4001 et seq.), hazard areas that incorporate at least
20 2 feet of additional freeboard, or 3 feet in the case
21 of critical infrastructure, above base flood elevation.

22 (2) Protecting critical infrastructure, as that
23 term is defined in section 1016(e) of the USA PA-
24 TRIOT Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)).

1 (3) Projects that yield flood risk reduction ben-
2 efits and additional environmental, social, and eco-
3 nomic benefits.

4 (e) JOINT APPLICATION.—Two or more contiguous
5 local governments or Tribes may jointly apply for, and re-
6 ceive, a grant under this section.

7 (f) COST SHARING.—

8 (1) LIMITATION ON FEDERAL SHARE.—The
9 Federal share of the cost of any activity carried out
10 with a grant under this section shall not exceed 90
11 percent of the cost of such activity.

12 (2) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The Secretary
13 shall apply to the non-Federal share of an activity
14 carried out with a grant under this section the
15 amount of funds, and the fair market value of prop-
16 erty and services, provided by non-Federal sources
17 and used for the activity.

18 (g) REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this
19 section shall report annually to the Secretaries on the
20 progress made on the project carried out with the grant.

21 **SEC. 10303. NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.**

22 Nothing in this title shall preempt or supersede, or
23 be interpreted to preempt or supersede, any State law or
24 regulation.

1 **CHAPTER 2—ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED**
2 **WORKERS IN THE ENERGY SECTOR**

3 **SEC. 10321. ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED WORKERS IN THE**
4 **ENERGY SECTOR.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—For a period of 10 years after the
6 enactment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to
7 Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with
8 a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act, from
9 amounts made available under section 202 of this Act, the
10 Secretary of Labor shall carry out a program to assist
11 workers in the energy sector.

12 (b) WORKERS IN THE ENERGY SECTOR.—For pur-
13 poses of this section, the term “workers in the energy sec-
14 tor” means—

15 (1) workers in fossil energy sectors that may be
16 displaced as a result of the enactment of this Act;
17 and

18 (2) workers in the nuclear power sector that
19 work at a nuclear power plant—

20 (A) that ceased operation in the two years
21 preceding the date of enactment of this Act; or

22 (B) the owner of which announced prior to
23 the date of enactment of this Act its intent to
24 cease the operation of the plant at a future
25 date.

1 (c) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Such assistance may
2 take the form of the following:

3 (1) Worker retraining.

4 (2) Relocation expenses for those who move to
5 find new employment.

6 (3) Early retirement.

7 (4) Health benefits.

8 (5) Block grants to affected communities for
9 economic redevelopment and infrastructure invest-
10 ments.

11 (6) Transfers to the trustees of the 1974
12 United Mine Workers of America Pension Plan to
13 pay benefits required under that plan. No such
14 transfer shall be made in a first fiscal year begin-
15 ning after a plan year for which the funded percent-
16 age (as defined in section 432(j)(2) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code of 1986) of the 1974 United Mine
18 Workers of America Pension Plan is at least 100
19 percent.

20 **Subtitle D—National Climate**
21 **Commission**

22 **SEC. 10401. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.**

23 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a bipar-
24 tisan commission to be known as the “National Climate

1 Commission” (in this title referred to as the “Commis-
2 sion”).

3 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—

4 (1) COMPOSITION.—The Commission shall be
5 composed of 10 members, appointed as follows:

6 (A) One cochair appointed by the Presi-
7 dent.

8 (B) One cochair appointed by the majority
9 or minority leader of the Senate, whoever is of
10 the opposite party as the President, in consulta-
11 tion with the Speaker or minority leader of the
12 House of Representatives, whoever is of the op-
13 posite party as the President.

14 (C) Two members appointed by the major-
15 ity leader of the Senate.

16 (D) Two members appointed by the minor-
17 ity leader of the Senate.

18 (E) Two members appointed by the Speak-
19 er of the House of Representatives.

20 (F) Two members appointed by the minor-
21 ity leader of the House of Representatives.

22 (2) QUALIFICATIONS.—

23 (A) IN GENERAL.—To be considered for
24 membership on the Commission, an individual
25 shall demonstrate expertise in the economy, en-

1 ergy, climate, or public health, and be a rep-
2 resentative from—

3 (i) an academic, scientific, or other
4 non-governmental organization; or

5 (ii) an industry organization or small
6 business in a relevant sector such as—

7 (I) energy supply and trans-
8 mission, including fossil fuels and re-
9 newable energy;

10 (II) energy exploration and pro-
11 duction, including fossil fuels and re-
12 newable energy;

13 (III) solid waste and wastewater;

14 (IV) transportation;

15 (V) chemical manufacturing;

16 (VI) agriculture;

17 (VII) construction; and

18 (VIII) forestry.

19 (B) CERTAIN PERSONS INELIGIBLE.—No
20 employee, owner, director, or other person affili-
21 ated with an entity that has donated funding
22 for the activities of the Commission pursuant to
23 section 404(a) may be appointed to the Com-
24 mission.

1 (C) APPOINTMENT DEADLINE.—Members
2 of the Commission shall be appointed not later
3 than 180 days after the date of the enactment
4 of this Act.

5 (D) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT.—Members
6 of the Commission shall be appointed for a
7 term of 6 years, which may be renewed.

8 (E) VACANCY.—A vacancy in the Commis-
9 sion shall not affect the powers of the Commis-
10 sion and shall be filled in the same manner in
11 which the original appointment was made.

12 (3) COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES.—Each
13 member of the Commission may be compensated at
14 a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the an-
15 nual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level
16 IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of
17 title 5, United States Code, for each day during
18 which that member is engaged in the performance of
19 the duties of the Commission.

20 (4) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member shall
21 receive travel expenses to perform the duties of the
22 Commission, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
23 ence, at rates authorized under subchapter I of
24 chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

25 (c) MEETINGS.—

1 (1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall
2 hold its first meeting not later than 2 years after the
3 date of enactment of this Act.

4 (2) MEETING.—The Commission shall meet not
5 less than once every 3 years.

6 (3) QUORUM.—Six members of the Commission
7 shall constitute a quorum.

8 **SEC. 10402. DUTIES OF COMMISSION.**

9 (a) GOALS.—The Commission shall set goals for
10 emissions reduction to be achieved by 2031 and every five
11 years thereafter through 2056, using such estimated rates
12 of reduction as the Commission determines reflect the lat-
13 est scientific findings of what is necessary to avoid the
14 serious human health and environmental consequences of
15 climate change.

16 (b) REVIEW.—The Commission shall assess the effect
17 of existing policies and programs of the Federal govern-
18 ment with the aim of achieving the emissions reduction
19 goals in subsection (a).

20 (c) REPORT.—Beginning in 2032, and every 5 years
21 thereafter, the Commission shall issue a report to the
22 President, Congress, and the States, which shall include—

23 (1) an analysis of whether the policies and pro-
24 grams assessed under subsection (b) are on pace to

1 achieving the emissions reduction goals set under
2 subsection (a);

3 (2) recommendations, if any, for reducing
4 greenhouse gas emissions; and

5 (3) a minority report with dissenting views, if
6 applicable.

7 **SEC. 10403. POWERS OF COMMISSION.**

8 (a) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may secure
10 directly from any executive department, bureau,
11 agency, board, commission, office, independent es-
12 tablishment, or instrumentality of the Government,
13 unrestricted information, suggestions, estimates, and
14 statistics for the purpose of carrying out this title.
15 Each department, bureau, agency, board, commis-
16 sion, office, independent establishment, or instru-
17 mentality shall, to the extent authorized by provi-
18 sions of law other than this section, furnish such un-
19 restricted information, suggestions, estimates, and
20 statistics directly to the Commission, upon request
21 made by a cochair or any member designated by a
22 majority of the Commission.

23 (2) RECEIPT, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DIS-
24 SEMINATION.—Unrestricted information provided to
25 the Commission under paragraph (1) shall be re-

1 ceived, handled, stored, and disseminated only by
2 members and staff of the Commission, consistent
3 with any applicable statutes, regulations, or Execu-
4 tive orders.

5 (b) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—

6 (1) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.—

7 The Administrator of General Services shall provide
8 to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, admin-
9 istrative support and other services for the perform-
10 ance of the functions of the Commission.

11 (2) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In

12 addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph
13 (1), departments and agencies of the United States
14 may provide to the Commission such services, funds,
15 facilities, staff, and other support services as they
16 may determine advisable and as may be authorized
17 by law.

18 (c) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use
19 the United States mail in the same manner and under the
20 same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
21 United States.

22 **SEC. 10404. FUNDING FOR THE ACTIVITIES OF THE COM-**
23 **MISSION.**

24 (a) PRIVATE SECTOR DONATIONS.—The Secretary of
25 Commerce may collect private sector donations for the

1 purpose of carrying out this title, to be deposited in the
2 Treasury and made available consistent with the author-
3 ization of appropriations in subsection (c).

4 (b) TRANSPARENCY.—The amounts and sources of
5 all funds donated under subsection (a) and all spending
6 by the Commission shall be made publicly available on the
7 website of the Commission.

8 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
9 authorized to be appropriated to the Commission, for the
10 purpose of carrying out the activities of this title,
11 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2027 through 2036.

12 **SEC. 10405. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.**

13 (a) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—Any
14 Federal Government employee may be detailed to the
15 Commission without reimbursement from the Commission,
16 and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of
17 civil service status or privilege.

18 (b) EXPERT AND CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The
19 Commission may procure the services of experts and con-
20 sultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United
21 States Code, at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent
22 of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position
23 at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315
24 of title 5, United States Code.

3 This title may be cited as the “Knock Out Cancer
4 Act” or the “KO Cancer Act”.

To conduct or support cancer research, there is hereby appropriated, for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030, to the National Cancer Institute, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount that is equal to 25 percent of the total amount appropriated to the National Cancer Institute for fiscal year 2024, to remain available until expended. Amounts appropriated pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be in addition to amounts otherwise made available to the National Cancer Institute.

(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, in collaboration with such other agencies as the Secretary deems necessary, shall study the reasons for cancer drug shortages, including—

- HR 3001 IH

1 (3) delays and other complications relating to—

2 (A) the development of cancer drugs; and

3 (B) the approval of such drugs by the

4 Food and Drug Administration; and

5 (4) insufficient generic drugs and biosimilar bi-
6 ological products.

7 (b) REPORT.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
9 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
10 Health and Human Services, acting through the
11 Commissioner of Food and Drugs, shall complete
12 the study under subsection (a) and submit a report
13 to the appropriate committees of the Congress on
14 the results of such study.

15 (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The report under
16 paragraph (1) shall include recommendations for ad-
17 dressing the reasons for cancer drug shortages.

18 **TITLE III—COORDINATOR FOR**
19 **ENGAGEMENT WITH PFAS-IM-**
20 **PACTED DEFENSE COMMU-**
21 **NITIES**

22 **SEC. 301. COORDINATOR FOR ENGAGEMENT FOR PFAS-IM-**
23 **PACTED DEFENSE COMMUNITIES.**

24 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than one year after
25 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall des-

1 designate an official of the Department of Defense as the
2 “Coordinator for Engagement with Defense Communities
3 Affected by PFAS”.

4 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of the
5 Coordinator designated under subsection (a) are—

6 (1) to improve the outreach, education, and
7 communication efforts of the Department with re-
8 spect to current or former defense communities lo-
9 cated in the United States that have been affected
10 by the contamination or leakage of perfluoroalkyl
11 and polyfluoroalkyl substances (referred to in this
12 section as “PFAS”); and

13 (2) to serve as a dedicated liaison between the
14 Department of State and local governments, advo-
15 cacy organizations, and individual citizens in the
16 current and former defense communities where the
17 Department has ongoing or incomplete PFAS reme-
18 diation projects.

19 (c) DEFINITION OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND
20 POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.—For the purposes of
21 this section, the terms “perfluoroalkyl substance” and
22 “polyfluoroalkyl substance” have the meanings given such
23 terms in section 333(b) of the National Defense Author-
24 ization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283;
25 134 Stat. 3531; 10 U.S.C. 3062 note).

1 **TITLE IV—NATIONAL BIPAR-**
2 **TISAN FISCAL COMMISSION**

3 **SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL BIPARTISAN FIS-**
4 **CAL COMMISSION.**

5 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after
6 the enactment of this Act, there shall be established within
7 the legislative branch a Commission to be known as the
8 National Bipartisan Fiscal Commission (referred to in this
9 title as the “Commission”).

10 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—

11 (1) COMPOSITION.—The Commission shall be
12 composed of 20 members, including the following:

13 (A) 4 members of Congress, not more than
14 two who shall be from the same party, ap-
15 pointed by the President.

16 (B) 4 members of Congress from each of
17 the Speaker of the House, the Minority Leader
18 in the House, the Majority Leader in the Sen-
19 ate, and the Minority Leader in the Senate.

20 (2) APPOINTMENT.—Members of the Commis-
21 sion shall be appointed not later than 30 days after
22 the establishment of the Commission.

23 (3) CHAIR.—Two of the members of the Com-
24 mission appointed by the President shall be des-

1 ignated by the President to serve as Chair and Vice
2 Chair of the Commission.

3 (c) DUTIES.—The Commissions shall review and rec-
4 ommend a legislative package for Congress to stabilize
5 long-term deficits and debt, as well as require CBO to con-
6 sider the cost of servicing the debt in its estimations.

7 (d) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after, the
8 Commission shall submit to Congress a report which in-
9 cludes their review and recommendation required by sub-
10 section (c), including the legislative package required by
11 such subsection.

12 (e) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—

13 (1) SUBPOENA POWER.—

14 (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this
15 section, the Commission may require, by sub-
16 poena or otherwise, the attendance and testi-
17 mony of such witnesses and the production of
18 such books, records, correspondence, memoran-
19 dums, papers, and documents as the Commis-
20 sions deems necessary.

21 (B) ISSUANCE.—A subpoena may be
22 issued under this paragraph subsection only by
23 the agreement of the chair and the vice chair of
24 the Commission or by the affirmative vote of
25 ten voting members of the Commission.

1 (C) SERVICE.—A subpoena may be served
2 by any person designated by the chair of the
3 Commission, in consultation with the vice chair
4 of the Commission, or any such voting member
5 of the Commission designated by the chair in
6 consultation with the vice chair.

7 (2) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commis-
8 sion, or on the authority of the Commission, may for
9 the purpose of carrying out this section hold such
10 hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take
11 testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commis-
12 sion may deem advisable.

13 (3) OATHS.—The chair of the Commission, the
14 vice chair of the Commission, or any voting member
15 of the Commission designated by the chair may ad-
16 minister oaths to any witness.

17 (f) OPERATION OF COMMISSION.—

18 (1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall
19 meet and begin operations of the Commission as
20 soon as practicable, but in any case not later than
21 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

22 (2) QUORUM.—After its initial meeting, the
23 Commission shall meet upon the call of the chair or
24 a majority of its voting members. Ten voting mem-
25 bers of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.

1 (3) VACANCY.—Any vacancy in the Commission
2 shall not affect its powers but shall be filled in the
3 same manner in which the original appointment was
4 made and within 90 days of the vacancy.

5 (g) NONAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY
6 COMMITTEE ACT.—Chapter 10 of title 5, United States
7 Code (commonly referred to as the Federal Advisory Com-
8 mittee Act) shall not apply to the Commission.

9 **SEC. 402. CONSIDERATION OF COMMISSION RECOMMENDA-**
10 **TIONS IN CONGRESS.**

11 (a) PROPOSED JOINT RESOLUTION.—

12 (1) SUBMISSION OF PROPOSED JOINT RESOLU-
13 TION.—Not later than 60 days after the date on
14 which the Commission submits a report to Congress
15 under section 401(d), the President shall transmit to
16 Congress a special message on the report, accom-
17 panied by a proposed joint resolution consisting of
18 legislative language to implement the recommenda-
19 tions contained in such report.

20 (2) REQUIREMENTS FOR PREPARATION OF PRO-
21 POSED JOINT RESOLUTION.—

22 (A) CONSULTATION WITH CONGRESS.—

23 (i) IN GENERAL.—The President may
24 not transmit a proposed joint resolution
25 under subsection (a) until after the Presi-

1 dent completes consultation with Congress
2 in accordance with this paragraph.

3 (ii) CONSULTATION WITH COMMIT-
4 TEES.—The President shall consult with
5 the chairman and ranking minority mem-
6 ber of each relevant committee of the Sen-
7 ate or of the House of Representatives re-
8 garding the contents of a proposed joint
9 resolution.

10 (iii) REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSULTA-
11 TION.—The consultation required under
12 subparagraph (B) shall provide the oppor-
13 tunity for the chairman and ranking mem-
14 ber of each relevant committee of the Sen-
15 ate or of the House of Representatives to
16 provide—

17 (I) recommendations for alter-
18 native means of addressing the rec-
19 ommendations contained in the Com-
20 mission report; and

21 (II) recommendations regarding
22 which recommendations contained in
23 the Commission report should not be
24 addressed in the proposed joint reso-
25 lution.

1 (iv) RELEVANT COMMITTEES.—The
2 relevant committees of the Senate and the
3 House of Representatives for purposes of
4 this paragraph shall be—

5 (I) determined by the President;

6 and

7 (II) based on the content of the
8 proposed joint resolution.

9 (B) CONSULTATION WITH GAO AND CBO.—

10 The President shall prepare a proposed joint
11 resolution transmitted under subsection (a) in
12 consultation with the Comptroller General of
13 the United States and the Director of the Con-
14 gressional Budget Office.

15 (3) CONTENTS OF SPECIAL MESSAGE.—A spe-
16 cial message transmitted under subsection (a)
17 shall—

18 (A) specify recommendations outlined in
19 the Commission report that are excluded from
20 the proposed joint resolution;

21 (B) detail why the recommendations de-
22 scribed in paragraph (1) were excluded from
23 the proposed joint resolution;

1 (C) specify recommendations outlined in
2 the Commission report that are included in the
3 proposed joint resolution; and

4 (D) identify programs included in the
5 Commission report that should be eliminated or
6 consolidated.

7 (4) TRANSMITTAL.—The President shall submit
8 the special message to the Secretary of the Senate
9 if the Senate is not in session and to the Clerk of
10 the House of Representatives if the House is not in
11 session.

12 (5) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The President
13 shall make a copy of the special message and the
14 proposed joint resolution publicly available, including
15 publicly available on a website of the President, and
16 shall publish in the Federal Register a notice of the
17 message and information on how it can be obtained.

18 (b) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF PROPOSED
19 JOINT RESOLUTION.—

20 (1) QUALIFYING LEGISLATION.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—Only a Commission
22 joint resolution shall be entitled to expedited
23 consideration under this section.

24 (B) DEFINITION.—In this section, the
25 term “Commission joint resolution” means a

1 joint resolution which consists solely of the text
2 of the proposed joint resolution submitted by
3 the President under section 3(a).

4 (2) CONSIDERATION IN THE HOUSE OF REP-
5 REPRESENTATIVES.—

6 (A) INTRODUCTION.—A Commission joint
7 resolution may be introduced in the House of
8 Representatives (by request)—

9 (i) by the majority leader of the
10 House of Representatives, or by a Member
11 of the House of Representatives designated
12 by the majority leader of the House of
13 Representatives, on the next legislative day
14 after the date on which the President sub-
15 mits the proposed joint resolution under
16 section 3(a); or

17 (ii) if the Commission joint resolution
18 is not introduced under subparagraph (A),
19 by any Member of the House of Represent-
20 atives on any legislative day beginning on
21 the legislative day after the legislative day
22 described in subparagraph (A).

23 (B) REFERRAL AND REPORTING.—Any
24 committee of the House of Representatives to
25 which a Commission joint resolution is referred

1 shall report the Commission joint resolution to
2 the House of Representatives without amend-
3 ment not later than 10 legislative days after the
4 date on which the Commission joint resolution
5 was so referred. If a committee of the House of
6 Representatives fails to report a Commission
7 joint resolution within that period, it shall be in
8 order to move that the House of Representa-
9 tives discharge the committee from further con-
10 sideration of the Commission joint resolution.
11 Such a motion shall not be in order after the
12 last committee authorized to consider the Com-
13 mission joint resolution reports it to the House
14 of Representatives or after the House of Rep-
15 resentatives has disposed of a motion to dis-
16 charge the Commission joint resolution. The
17 previous question shall be considered as ordered
18 on the motion to its adoption without inter-
19 vening motion except 20 minutes of debate
20 equally divided and controlled by the proponent
21 and an opponent. If such a motion is adopted,
22 the House of Representatives shall proceed im-
23 mediately to consider the Commission joint res-
24 olution in accordance with paragraphs (3) and

1 (4). A motion to reconsider the vote by which
2 the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.

3 (C) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—

4 After the last committee authorized to consider
5 a Commission joint resolution reports it to the
6 House of Representatives or has been dis-
7 charged (other than by motion) from its consid-
8 eration, it shall be in order to move to proceed
9 to consider the Commission joint resolution in
10 the House of Representatives. Such a motion
11 shall not be in order after the House of Rep-
12 resentatives has disposed of a motion to proceed
13 with respect to the Commission joint resolution.
14 The previous question shall be considered as or-
15 dered on the motion to its adoption without in-
16 tervening motion. A motion to reconsider the
17 vote by which the motion is disposed of shall
18 not be in order.

19 (D) CONSIDERATION.—The Commission
20 joint resolution shall be considered as read. All
21 points of order against the Commission joint
22 resolution and against its consideration are
23 waived. The previous question shall be consid-
24 ered as ordered on the Commission joint resolu-
25 tion to its passage without intervening motion

1 except 2 hours of debate equally divided and
2 controlled by the proponent and an opponent
3 and 1 motion to limit debate on the Commis-
4 sion joint resolution. A motion to reconsider the
5 vote on passage of the Commission joint resolu-
6 tion shall not be in order.

7 (E) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The vote on pas-
8 sage of the Commission joint resolution shall
9 occur not later than 3 legislative days after the
10 date on which the last committee authorized to
11 consider the Commission joint resolution re-
12 ports it to the House of Representatives or is
13 discharged.

14 (3) EXPEDITED PROCEDURE IN THE SENATE.—

15 (A) INTRODUCTION IN THE SENATE.—A
16 Commission joint resolution may be introduced
17 in the Senate (by request)—

18 (i) by the majority leader of the Sen-
19 ate, or by a Member of the Senate des-
20 ignated by the majority leader of the Sen-
21 ate, on the next legislative day after the
22 date on which the President submits the
23 proposed joint resolution under section
24 3(a); or

1 (ii) if the Commission joint resolution
2 is not introduced under subparagraph (A),
3 by any Member of the Senate on any day
4 on which the Senate is in session beginning
5 on the day after the day described in sub-
6 paragraph (A).

7 (B) COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION.—A
8 Commission joint resolution introduced in the
9 Senate under paragraph (1) shall be jointly re-
10 ferred to the committee or committees of juris-
11 diction, which committees shall report the Com-
12 mission joint resolution without any revision
13 and with a favorable recommendation, an unfav-
14 orable recommendation, or without rec-
15 ommendation, not later than 10 session days
16 after the date on which the Commission joint
17 resolution was so referred. If any committee to
18 which a Commission joint resolution is referred
19 fails to report the Commission joint resolution
20 within that period, that committee shall be
21 automatically discharged from consideration of
22 the Commission joint resolution, and the Com-
23 mission joint resolution shall be placed on the
24 appropriate calendar.

1 (C) PROCEEDING.—Notwithstanding rule
2 XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, it is
3 in order, not later than 2 days of session after
4 the date on which a Commission joint resolution
5 is reported or discharged from all committees to
6 which the Commission joint resolution was re-
7 ferred, for the majority leader of the Senate or
8 the designee of the majority leader to move to
9 proceed to the consideration of the Commission
10 joint resolution. It shall also be in order for any
11 Member of the Senate to move to proceed to the
12 consideration of the Commission joint resolution
13 at any time after the conclusion of such 2-day
14 period. A motion to proceed is in order even
15 though a previous motion to the same effect has
16 been disagreed to. All points of order against
17 the motion to proceed to the Commission joint
18 resolution are waived. The motion to proceed is
19 not debatable. The motion is not subject to a
20 motion to postpone. A motion to reconsider the
21 vote by which the motion is agreed to or dis-
22 agreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to
23 proceed to the consideration of the Commission
24 joint resolution is agreed to, the Commission
25 joint resolution shall remain the unfinished

1 business until disposed of. All points of order
2 against a Commission joint resolution and
3 against consideration of the Commission joint
4 resolution are waived.

5 (D) NO AMENDMENTS.—An amendment to
6 a Commission joint resolution, or a motion to
7 postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consid-
8 eration of other business, or a motion to recom-
9 mit the Commission joint resolution, is not in
10 order.

11 (E) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR ON PROCE-
12 DURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair
13 relating to the application of the rules of the
14 Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure re-
15 lating to a Commission joint resolution shall be
16 decided without debate.

17 (4) AMENDMENT.—A Commission joint resolu-
18 tion shall not be subject to amendment in either the
19 Senate or the House of Representatives.

20 (5) CONSIDERATION BY THE OTHER HOUSE.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—If, before passing a
22 Commission joint resolution, a House receives
23 from the other House a Commission joint reso-
24 lution of the other House—

1 (i) the Commission joint resolution of
 2 the other House shall not be referred to a
 3 committee; and

4 (ii) the procedure in the receiving
 5 House shall be the same as if no Commis-
 6 sion joint resolution had been received
 7 from the other House until the vote on
 8 passage, when the Commission joint reso-
 9 lution received from the other House shall
 10 supplant the Commission joint resolution
 11 of the receiving House.

12 (B) REVENUE MEASURES.—This sub-
 13 section shall not apply to the House of Rep-
 14 resentatives if a Commission joint resolution re-
 15 ceived from the Senate is a revenue measure.

16 (6) RULES TO COORDINATE ACTION WITH
 17 OTHER HOUSE.—

18 (A) TREATMENT OF COMMISSION JOINT
 19 RESOLUTION OF OTHER HOUSE.—If a Commis-
 20 sion joint resolution is not introduced in the
 21 Senate or the Senate fails to consider a Com-
 22 mission joint resolution under this section, the
 23 Commission joint resolution of the House of
 24 Representatives shall be entitled to expedited
 25 floor procedures under this section.

1 (B) TREATMENT OF COMPANION MEAS-
2 URES IN THE SENATE.—If, following passage of
3 a Commission joint resolution in the Senate,
4 the Senate then receives from the House of
5 Representatives a Commission joint resolution,
6 the House-passed Commission joint resolution
7 shall not be debatable. The vote on passage of
8 the Commission joint resolution in the Senate
9 shall be considered to be the vote on passage of
10 the Commission joint resolution received from
11 the House of Representatives.

12 (C) VETOES.—If the President vetoes a
13 Commission joint resolution, consideration of a
14 veto message in the Senate under this para-
15 graph shall be 10 hours equally divided between
16 the majority and minority leaders of the Senate
17 or the designees of the majority and minority
18 leaders of the Senate.

19 (7) EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWER.—This
20 section is enacted by Congress—

21 (A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power
22 of the Senate and House of Representatives, re-
23 spectively, and as such it is deemed a part of
24 the rules of each House, respectively, but appli-
25 cable only with respect to the procedure to be

followed in that House in the case of a Commission joint resolution, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

TITLE V—RESTRICTION OF TRADING AND OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEC. 501. RESTRICTION.

Rule XXIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(23)(A) In this Code of Official Conduct, the term ‘covered financial instrument’ means any investment in a security or security future (as defined by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) or a commodity (as defined by the Commodity Exchange Act), and any economic interest acquired through

1 synthetic means, such as the use of a derivative, in-
2 cluding an option, warrant, or other similar means.

3 “(B) A Member of the House of Representa-
4 tives may not own or trade a covered financial in-
5 strument.

6 “(C) Nothing in this paragraph shall be con-
7 strued to prevent a Member of the House of Rep-
8 resentatives from owning or trading a widely held in-
9 vestment fund that is registered as a management
10 company; a United States Treasury bill, note, or
11 bond; any bond issued by a State or local govern-
12 ment; or any investment under the Thrift Savings
13 Plan.

14 “(D) Each Member of the House of Represent-
15 atives shall submit to the House Committee on Eth-
16 ics a pledge of compliance with the requirements of
17 this paragraph and shall produce, upon request of
18 the House Committee on Ethics, material or infor-
19 mation determined by the House Committee on Eth-
20 ics to be necessary to indicate compliance with the
21 provisions of this paragraph.”.

1 **TITLE VI—END BANKING FOR**
2 **HUMAN TRAFFICKERS ACT**

3 **SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This title may be cited as the “End Banking for
5 Human Traffickers Act of 2025”.

6 **SEC. 602. INCREASING THE ROLE OF THE FINANCIAL IN-**
7 **DUSTRY IN COMBATING HUMAN TRAF-**
8 **FICKING.**

9 (a) REQUIRED REVIEW OF PROCEDURES.—Not later
10 than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
11 the Financial Institutions Examination Council, in con-
12 sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the private
13 sector, victims of severe forms of trafficking in persons,
14 advocates of persons at risk of becoming victims of severe
15 forms of trafficking in persons, and appropriate law en-
16 forcement agencies, shall—

17 (1) review and enhance training and examina-
18 tions procedures to improve the capabilities of anti-
19 money laundering and countering the financing of
20 terrorism programs to detect financial transactions
21 relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons;

22 (2) review and enhance procedures for referring
23 potential cases relating to severe forms of trafficking
24 in persons to the appropriate law enforcement agen-
25 cy; and

1 (3) determine, as appropriate, whether require-
2 ments for financial institutions are sufficient to de-
3 tect and deter money laundering relating to severe
4 forms of trafficking in persons.

5 (b) INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE RECOMMENDATIONS
6 TARGETING MONEY LAUNDERING RELATED TO HUMAN
7 TRAFFICKING.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days
9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
10 Interagency Task Force To Monitor and Combat
11 Trafficking shall submit to the Committee on Finan-
12 cial Services and the Committee on the Judiciary of
13 the House of Representatives, the Committee on
14 Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Com-
15 mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the head
16 of each Federal banking agency—

17 (A) an analysis of anti-money laundering
18 efforts of the United States Government and
19 United States financial institutions relating to
20 severe forms of trafficking in persons; and

21 (B) appropriate legislative, administrative,
22 and other recommendations to strengthen ef-
23 forts against money laundering relating to se-
24 vere forms of trafficking in persons.

1 (2) REQUIRED RECOMMENDATIONS.—The rec-
2 ommendations under paragraph (1) shall include—

3 (A) feedback from financial institutions on
4 best practices of successful programs to combat
5 severe forms of trafficking in persons currently
6 in place that may be suitable for broader adop-
7 tion by similarly situated financial institutions;

8 (B) feedback from stakeholders, including
9 victims of severe forms of trafficking in per-
10 sons, advocates of persons at risk of becoming
11 victims of severe forms of trafficking in per-
12 sons, and financial institutions, on policy pro-
13 posals derived from the analysis conducted by
14 the task force referred to in paragraph (1) that
15 would enhance the efforts and programs of fi-
16 nancial institutions to detect and deter money
17 laundering relating to severe forms of traf-
18 ficking in persons, including any recommended
19 changes to internal policies, procedures, and
20 controls relating to severe forms of trafficking
21 in persons;

22 (C) any recommended changes to training
23 programs at financial institutions to better
24 equip employees to deter and detect money

1 laundering relating to severe forms of traf-
2 ficking in persons;

3 (D) any recommended changes to expand
4 information sharing relating to severe forms of
5 trafficking in persons among financial institu-
6 tions and between such financial institutions,
7 appropriate law enforcement agencies, and ap-
8 propriate Federal agencies; and

9 (E) recommended changes, if necessary, to
10 existing statutory law to more effectively detect
11 and deter money laundering relating to severe
12 forms of trafficking in persons, where such
13 money laundering involves the use of emerging
14 technologies and virtual currencies.

15 (c) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this title shall be con-
16 strued to—

17 (1) grant rulemaking authority to the Inter-
18 agency Task Force To Monitor and Combat Traf-
19 ficking; or

20 (2) encourage financial institutions to deny
21 services to victims of trafficking, victims of severe
22 forms of trafficking in persons, or individuals not re-
23 sponsible for promoting severe forms of trafficking
24 in persons.

25 (d) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—

1 (1) the term “Federal banking agency” has the
2 meaning given the term in section 3(q) of the Fed-
3 eral Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(q));

4 (2) the term “severe forms of trafficking in per-
5 sons” has the meaning given such term in section
6 103 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of
7 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102);

8 (3) the term “Interagency Task Force To Mon-
9 itor and Combat Trafficking” means the Interagency
10 Task Force To Monitor and Combat Trafficking es-
11 tablished by the President pursuant to section 105
12 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000
13 (22 U.S.C. 7103); and

14 (4) the term “law enforcement agency” means
15 an agency of the United States, a State, or a polit-
16 ical subdivision of a State, authorized by law or by
17 a government agency to engage in or supervise the
18 prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of
19 any violation of criminal or civil law.

20 **SEC. 603. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR THE ELIMINATION OF**
21 **TRAFFICKING.**

22 Section 108(b) of the Trafficking Victims Protection
23 Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7106(b)) is amended by adding
24 at the end the following new paragraph:

1 “(13) Whether the government of the country,
2 consistent with the capacity of the country, has in
3 effect a framework to prevent financial transactions
4 involving the proceeds of severe forms of trafficking
5 in persons, and is taking steps to implement such a
6 framework, including by investigating, prosecuting,
7 convicting, and sentencing individuals who attempt
8 or conduct such transactions.”.

9 **TITLE VII—SAFER SCHOOLS ACT**

10 **SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.**

11 This title may be cited as the “Secure And Fortify
12 Entrances and Rooms in Schools Act of 2024” or the
13 “SAFER Schools Act of 2024”.

14 **SEC. 702. INSTALLATION OR MODIFICATION OF INTERIOR** 15 **AND EXTERIOR DOORS IN SCHOOLS.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
17 date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Cy-
18 bersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) of
19 the Department of Homeland Security, in consultation
20 with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall convene
21 a rulemaking advisory committee to review and develop
22 findings and recommendations to require the installation
23 or modification of interior and exterior doors in any pri-
24 mary or secondary school in the United States which re-
25 ceives Federal funding.

1 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Director of CISA shall chair
2 and, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
3 rity, appoint the members of the rulemaking committee
4 under subsection (a), which shall be comprised of the Sec-
5 retary of Education (or his or her designee) and at least
6 one representative from the constituencies of—

7 (1) State and local law enforcement officers;

8 (2) school safety personnel or school resource
9 officers;

10 (3) school safety advocates, which may include
11 parents;

12 (4) public, private, or parochial school teachers
13 or administrators;

14 (5) individuals with expertise in the area of bal-
15 listic shielding technology;

16 (6) individuals with expertise in the field of
17 school construction, including structural engineering
18 or architecture; and

19 (7) other stakeholders or experts the Director
20 of CISA, in consultation with the Secretary of
21 Homeland Security, determines appropriate.

22 (c) CONSIDERATIONS.—The rulemaking advisory
23 committee under subsection (a) shall consider the fol-
24 lowing:

1 (1) Requirements for any reinforced door, in-
2 cluding an identification or specification of appro-
3 priate technologies, mechanisms, covers, adhesives,
4 or other qualities of such doors that may be utilized
5 to better guarantee security within a classroom or
6 primary or secondary school building.

7 (2) Reinforced door performance standards that
8 manufacturers and primary or secondary schools are
9 required to satisfy.

10 (3) The development, certification, testing,
11 manufacturing, installation, and training relating to
12 reinforced doors.

13 (4) The appropriate term of service or lifetime
14 of a reinforced door.

15 (5) How requirements will ensure the effective-
16 ness of a reinforced door in protecting against
17 threats while not inhibiting the movement of law en-
18 forcement personnel in pursuit of a threat or the
19 ability of students, teachers, and primary or sec-
20 ondary school personnel to safely evacuate in the
21 event of an emergency.

22 (6) Other considerations the Director of CISA
23 determines appropriate.

24 (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than one year
25 after the convening of the rulemaking advisory committee

1 under subsection (a), the Director of CISA shall submit
2 to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Com-
3 mittee on Education and Workforce of the House of Rep-
4 resentatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
5 and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Health,
6 Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate a report
7 based on the findings and recommendations of such com-
8 mittee.

9 (e) FINAL RULE RELATING TO INSTALLATION OR
10 MODIFICATION OF INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR DOORS IN
11 SCHOOLS.—Not later than six months after the date of
12 submission of the report required under subsection (d),
13 the Director of CISA, taking into consideration the find-
14 ings and recommendations contained in such report, shall
15 issue a final rule requiring the installation or modification
16 of interior and exterior doors in primary or secondary
17 school for the purpose of reinforcing such doors.

18 (f) STATE HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT PRO-
19 GRAM.—This section shall be administered under the au-
20 thorization of the Homeland Security Grant Program
21 under section 2004 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
22 (6 U.S.C. 605). There is authorized to be appropriated
23 to such Program to carry out this section an additional
24 \$100,000,000 for the fiscal year in which the final rule
25 is issued in accordance with subsection (e) and for each

1 of the nine fiscal years thereafter. Such additional
2 amounts may only be obligated and expended for the pur-
3 pose of carrying out this section.

4 **TITLE VIII—LET AMERICA VOTE**
5 **ACT**

6 **SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.**

7 This title may be cited as the “Let America Vote
8 Act”.

9 **SEC. 802. REQUIRING STATES TO PERMIT UNAFFILIATED**
10 **VOTERS TO VOTE IN PRIMARY ELECTIONS.**

11 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
12 gress that the right of a citizen of the United States to
13 vote in any taxpayer-funded election for public office shall
14 not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any
15 State on the grounds of political party affiliation or lack
16 thereof.

17 (b) REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTIONS FOR FEDERAL
18 OFFICE.—

19 (1) ACCESS OF UNAFFILIATED VOTERS TO PRI-
20 MARIES.—Each State shall permit an unaffiliated
21 voter who is registered to vote in an election for
22 Federal office held in the State to vote in any pri-
23 mary election for such office held in the State, ex-
24 cept that the State shall not permit an unaffiliated

1 voter to vote in primary elections for such office of
2 more than one political party.

3 (2) RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO UNAFFILI-
4 ATED VOTERS.—

5 (A) RESTRICTIONS ON SHARING OF INFOR-
6 MATION.—A State shall not share information
7 relating to an unaffiliated voter in a primary
8 election for Federal office, including the voter's
9 name and contact information, with a political
10 party or with any other person who may rea-
11 sonably be expected to use the information for
12 a political or politically-connected commercial
13 purpose, including soliciting funds.

14 (B) RESTRICTIONS ON STATUS OF VOTER
15 ON OFFICIAL REGISTRATION LIST.—For pur-
16 poses of a State's official voter registration list,
17 a State shall not treat an individual who is an
18 unaffiliated voter as a member of, or as an indi-
19 vidual who is otherwise affiliated with, the polit-
20 ical party who held the primary election in
21 which the individual voted solely on the grounds
22 that the individual voted in that primary elec-
23 tion.

24 (c) ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND LOCAL OFFICE.—
25 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may

1 not use any funds provided by the Federal Government
2 directly for election administration purposes unless the
3 State certifies to the Election Assistance Commission
4 that—

5 (1) the State permits an unaffiliated voter who
6 is registered to vote in an election for State or local
7 office held in the State to vote in any primary elec-
8 tion for such office held in the State, except that the
9 State shall not permit an unaffiliated voter to vote
10 in primary elections for such office of more than one
11 political party;

12 (2) the State applies the restrictions on sharing
13 information relating to unaffiliated voters in primary
14 elections for Federal office, as described in sub-
15 section (a)(2)(A), to information relating to unaffili-
16 ated voters in primary elections for State and local
17 office; and

18 (3) the State applies the restrictions on treating
19 unaffiliated voters in primary elections for Federal
20 office as members of, or as individuals who are oth-
21 erwise affiliated with, a political party, as described
22 in subsection (a)(2)(B), to unaffiliated voters in pri-
23 mary elections for State and local office.

24 (d) TRANSITION ASSISTANCE GRANTS.—

1 (1) PAYMENT OF GRANTS.—If a State certifies
2 to the Election Assistance Commission that the
3 State is in compliance with the requirements of this
4 section with respect to a fiscal year, the Commission
5 shall make a payment to the State during that fiscal
6 year and each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years in an
7 amount equal to 2 percent of the total amount of re-
8 quirements payments made to the State under sec-
9 tion 251 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52
10 U.S.C. 21001).

11 (2) USE OF FUNDS.—A State shall use the pay-
12 ment received under this subsection to cover the
13 costs of permitting unaffiliated voters who are reg-
14 istered to vote in elections for Federal, State, or
15 local office held in the State to vote in any primary
16 election for such office held in the State.

17 (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
18 There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal
19 year 2026 and each succeeding fiscal year such sums
20 as may be necessary for grants under this sub-
21 section.

22 (e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

23 (1) the terms “election” and “Federal office”
24 have the meanings give such terms in section 301 of

1 the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52
2 U.S.C. 30101);

3 (2) the term “primary election” means an elec-
4 tion (including a primary election held for the ex-
5 pression of a preference for the nomination of indi-
6 viduals for election to the office of President) held
7 by any political party to nominate individuals who
8 would appear on a general election ballot as a can-
9 didate for election for Federal office, including a
10 convention or caucus of a political party which has
11 authority to nominate such a candidate;

12 (3) the term “State” has the meaning given
13 such term in section 901 of the Help America Vote
14 Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 21141); and

15 (4) the term “unaffiliated voter” means an in-
16 dividual who is not registered to vote as a member
17 of a political party or otherwise affiliated with a po-
18 litical party.

19 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This title shall apply with re-
20 spect to elections held after the date of the enactment of
21 this Act.

22 **SEC. 803. PROHIBITING NONCITIZENS FROM VOTING.**

23 (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the
24 United States that no person who is not a citizen shall
25 be permitted or granted the right to vote in any taxpayer-

1 funded election for public office held by or in the United
2 States or any State.

3 (b) ELECTIONS FOR FEDERAL OFFICE.—No State
4 shall permit any person who is not a citizen of the United
5 States to vote in any election for Federal office held in
6 the State.

7 (c) ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND LOCAL OFFICE.—
8 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may
9 not use any funds provided by the Federal Government
10 directly for election administration purposes unless the
11 State certifies to the Election Assistance Commission that
12 the State does not permit any person who is not a citizen
13 of the United States to vote in any election for State or
14 local office or any ballot initiative or referendum held in
15 the State.

16 **TITLE IX—REVIEW OF CERTAIN**
17 **INTELLIGENCE SHARING**
18 **WITH UKRAINE**

19 **SEC. 901. REVIEW OF CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE SHARING**
20 **WITH UKRAINE.**

21 Not later than 90 days after the enactment of this
22 Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation
23 with the Secretary of Defense and the Director of the Cen-
24 tral Intelligence Agency, shall conduct a review and issue
25 a classified report to the House Permanent Select Com-

1 mittee on Intelligence and the Senate Select Committee
 2 on Intelligence which makes a determination whether in-
 3 creased intelligence sharing with Ukraine relating to the
 4 Russian Federation, Belarus, China, North Korea, or any
 5 other entity the Director of National Intelligence deter-
 6 mines appropriate for purposes of this section, improves
 7 the security of the United States and the allies and part-
 8 ners of the United States.

9 **TITLE X—ELECTION DAY ACT**

10 **SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.**

11 This title may be cited as the “Election Day Act”.

12 **SEC. 1002. PATRIOT DAY.**

13 Section 6103(a) of title 5, United States Code, is
 14 amended by inserting after the item relating to Columbus
 15 Day the following:

16 “Election Day.”.

17 **TITLE XI—FAIRNESS TO VET-** 18 **ERAN SMALL BUSINESSES** 19 **FOR INFRASTRUCTURE IN-** 20 **VESTMENT ACT**

21 **SEC. 1101. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES.**

22 Section 11101(e) of the Infrastructure Investment
 23 and Jobs Act (23 U.S.C. 101 note) is amended—

24 (1) in paragraph (2) by adding at the end the
 25 following:

1 “(C) VETERAN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS
 2 CONCERN.—The term ‘veteran-owned small
 3 business concern’ has the meaning given the
 4 term ‘small business concern owned and con-
 5 trolled by veterans’ in section 3(q) of the Small
 6 Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(q)).”;

7 (2) in paragraph (3) by inserting “and veteran-
 8 owned small business concerns” before the period at
 9 the end; and

10 (3) in paragraph (4)(B)—

11 (A) in clause (ii) by striking “and” at the
 12 end;

13 (B) in clause (iii) by striking the period at
 14 the end and inserting “; and”; and

15 (C) by adding at the end the following:

16 “(iv) veterans.”.

17 **TITLE XII—JUSTICE FOR ALS**
 18 **VETERANS ACT**

19 **SEC. 1201. SHORT TITLE.**

20 This title may be cited as the “Justice for ALS Vet-
 21 erans Act of 2025”.

1 **SEC. 1202. EXTENSION OF INCREASED DEPENDENCY AND**
2 **INDEMNITY COMPENSATION TO SURVIVING**
3 **SPOUSES OF VETERANS WHO DIE FROM**
4 **AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS.**

5 (a) **EXTENSION.**—Section 1311(a)(2) of title 38,
6 United States Code, is amended—

7 (1) by inserting “(A)” before “The rate”; and

8 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
9 paragraph:

10 “(B) A veteran who died from amyotrophic lateral
11 sclerosis shall be treated as a veteran described in sub-
12 paragraph (A) without regard for how long the veteran
13 had such disease prior to death.

14 “(C) For purposes of the payment of compensation
15 under this subsection by reason of the death of a veteran
16 described in subparagraph (B), the term ‘surviving spouse’
17 means a person who was married to the veteran for a con-
18 tinuous period of eight years or longer prior to the death
19 of the veteran.”.

20 (b) **APPLICABILITY.**—Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of
21 section 1311(a)(2) of title 38, United States Code, as
22 added by subsection (a), shall apply to a veteran who dies
23 from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis on or after October 1,
24 2025.

1 **SEC. 1203. REPORT ON ADDITIONAL MEDICAL CONDITIONS.**

2 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
3 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
4 Veterans Affairs shall submit to Congress a report that
5 includes an identification of any service-connected dis-
6 ability, other than amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, that the
7 Secretary determines should be treated in the same man-
8 ner as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis is treated under sub-
9 paragraphs (B) and (C) of section 1311(a)(2) of title 38,
10 United States Code, as added by section 1202.

11 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection
12 (a) shall include the following:

13 (1) A comprehensive list of service-connected
14 disabilities with high mortality rates.

15 (2) Detailed information on the average life ex-
16 pectancy for persons with each such disability.

