### 118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 8038

To authorize the President to impose certain sanctions with respect to Russia and Iran, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 17, 2024

Mr. McCaul introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, the Judiciary, Ways and Means, Armed Services, the Budget, Rules, Energy and Commerce, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To authorize the President to impose certain sanctions with respect to Russia and Iran, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "21st Century Peace
- 5 through Strength Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

Sec. 3. References.

#### DIVISION A—FEND OFF FENTANYL ACT

- Sec. 3001. Short titles.
- Sec. 3002. Sense of Congress.
- Sec. 3003. Definitions.

### TITLE I—SANCTIONS MATTERS

### Subtitle A—Sanctions in Response to National Emergency Relating to Fentanyl Trafficking

- Sec. 3101. Finding; policy.
- Sec. 3102. Use of national emergency authorities; reporting.
- Sec. 3103. Imposition of sanctions with respect to fentanyl trafficking by transnational criminal organizations.
- Sec. 3104. Penalties; waivers; exceptions.
- Sec. 3105. Treatment of forfeited property of transnational criminal organizations.

### Subtitle B—Other Matters

- Sec. 3111. Ten-year statute of limitations for violations of sanctions.
- Sec. 3112. Classified report and briefing on staffing of office of foreign assets control.
- Sec. 3113. Report on drug transportation routes and use of vessels with mislabeled cargo.
- Sec. 3114. Report on actions of People's Republic of China with respect to persons involved in fentanyl supply chain.

#### TITLE II—ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING MATTERS

- Sec. 3201. Designation of illicit fentanyl transactions of sanctioned persons as of primary money laundering concern.
- Sec. 3202. Treatment of transnational criminal organizations in suspicious transactions reports of the financial crimes enforcement network.
- Sec. 3203. Report on trade-based money laundering in trade with Mexico, the People's Republic of China, and Burma.

#### TITLE III—EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF GOODS

Sec. 3301. Exception relating to importation of goods.

## DIVISION B—REBUILDING ECONOMIC PROSPERITY AND OPPORTUNITY FOR UKRAINIANS ACT

## TITLE I—REBUILDING ECONOMIC PROSPERITY AND OPPORTUNITY FOR UKRAINIANS ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

### TITLE II—REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS

- Sec. 101. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress regarding importance of the Russian Federation providing compensation to Ukraine.
- Sec. 103. Prohibition on release of blocked Russian sovereign assets.

- Sec. 104. Authority to ensure compensation to Ukraine using seized Russian sovereign assets and Russian aggressor state sovereign assets.
- Sec. 105. International mechanism to use Russian sovereign assets and Russian aggressor state sovereign assets to provide for the reconstruction of Ukraine.
- Sec. 106. Report on use of transferred Russian sovereign assets for reconstruction.
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#### DIVISION C—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 1. Report and imposition of sanctions to harmonize with allied sanctions.

### DIVISION D—PROTECTING AMERICANS FROM FOREIGN ADVERSARY CONTROLLED APPLICATIONS ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Prohibition of foreign adversary controlled applications.
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## DIVISION E—PROTECTING AMERICANS' DATA FROM FOREIGN ADVERSARIES ACT OF 2024

- Sec. 1. Short title.
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#### DIVISION F—SHIP ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 3. Imposition of sanctions with respect to Iranian petroleum.
- Sec. 4. Report on Iranian petroleum and petroleum products exports.
- Sec. 5. Strategy to counter role of the People's Republic of China in evasion of sanctions with respect to Iran.
- Sec. 6. Definitions.

#### DIVISION G—FIGHT CRIME ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
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- Sec. 3. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 4. Report.
- Sec. 5. Sanctions to combat the proliferation of Iranian missiles.
- Sec. 6. Report to identify, and designation as foreign terrorist organizations of, Iranian persons that have attacked united states citizens using unmanned combat aerial vehicles.
- Sec. 7. Definitions.

### DIVISION H—MAHSA ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Imposition of sanctions on Iran's supreme leader's office, its appointees, and any affiliated persons.
- Sec. 3. Severability.

## DIVISION I—HAMAS AND OTHER PALESTINIAN TERRORIST GROUPS INTERNATIONAL FINANCING PREVENTION ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 3. Imposition of sanctions with respect to foreign persons supporting acts of terrorism or engaging in significant transactions with senior members of Hamas, Palestinian Islamic jihad and other Palestinian terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 4. Imposition of measures with respect to foreign states providing support to Hamas, Palestinian Islamic jihad and other Palestinian terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 5. Reports on activities to disrupt global fundraising, financing, and money laundering activities of Hamas, Palestinian Islamic jihad, alaqsa martyrs brigade, the lion's den or any affiliate or successor thereof.
- Sec. 6. Termination.
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### DIVISION J—NO TECHNOLOGY FOR TERROR ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Application of foreign-direct product rules to Iran.

## DIVISION K—STRENGTHENING TOOLS TO COUNTER THE USE OF HUMAN SHIELDS ACT

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- Sec. 3. Modification and extension of Sanctioning the Use of Civilians as Defenseless Shields Act.
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### DIVISION L—ILLICIT CAPTAGON TRAFFICKING SUPPRESSION ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
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- Sec. 4. Imposition of sanctions with respect to illicit captagon trafficking.
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- Sec. 6. Definitions.

## DIVISION M—END FINANCING FOR HAMAS AND STATE SPONSORS OF TERRORISM ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Report on financing for Hamas.
- Sec. 3. Multilateral Strategy to Disrupt Hamas Financing.

#### DIVISION N—HOLDING IRANIAN LEADERS ACCOUNTABLE ACT

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Findings.

- Sec. 3. Report on financial institutions and assets connected to certain Iranian officials.
- Sec. 4. Restrictions on certain financial institutions.
- Sec. 5. Exceptions for national security; implementation authority.
- Sec. 6. Sunset.
- Sec. 7. Definitions.

### DIVISION O—IRAN-CHINA ENERGY SANCTIONS ACT OF 2023

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Sanctions on foreign financial institutions with respect to the purchase of petroleum products and unmanned aerial vehicles from Iran.

### DIVISION P—BUDGETARY EFFECTS

Sec. 1. Budgetary effects.

### 1 SEC. 3. REFERENCES.

- 2 Except as expressly provided otherwise, any reference
- 3 to "this Act" contained in any division of this Act shall
- 4 be treated as referring only to the provisions of that divi-
- 5 sion.

## 6 DIVISION A—FEND OFF

### 7 FENTANYL ACT

- 8 SEC. 3001. SHORT TITLES.
- 9 This division may be cited as the "Fentanyl Eradi-
- 10 cation and Narcotics Deterrence Off Fentanyl" or the
- 11 "FEND Off Fentanyl Act".
- 12 SEC. 3002. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 13 It is the sense of Congress that—
- 14 (1) the proliferation of fentanyl is causing an
- unprecedented surge in overdose deaths in the
- 16 United States, fracturing families and communities,
- and necessitating a comprehensive policy response to

1	combat its lethal flow and to mitigate the drug's
2	devastating consequences;
3	(2) the trafficking of fentanyl into the United
4	States is a national security threat that has killed
5	hundreds of thousands of United States citizens;
6	(3) transnational criminal organizations, includ-
7	ing cartels primarily based in Mexico, are the main
8	purveyors of fentanyl into the United States and
9	must be held accountable;
10	(4) precursor chemicals sourced from the Peo-
11	ple's Republic of China are—
12	(A) shipped from the People's Republic of
13	China by legitimate and illegitimate means;
14	(B) transformed through various synthetic
15	processes to produce different forms of
16	fentanyl; and
17	(C) crucial to the production of illicit
18	fentanyl by transnational criminal organiza-
19	tions, contributing to the ongoing opioid crisis;
20	(5) the United States Government must remain
21	vigilant to address all new forms of fentanyl precur-
22	sors and drugs used in combination with fentanyl,
23	such as Xylazine, which attribute to overdose deaths
24	of people in the United States:

1	(6) to increase the cost of fentanyl trafficking,
2	the United States Government should work collabo-
3	ratively across agencies and should surge analytic
4	capability to impose sanctions and other remedies
5	with respect to transnational criminal organizations
6	(including cartels), including foreign nationals who
7	facilitate the trade in illicit fentanyl and its precur-
8	sors from the People's Republic of China; and
9	(7) the Department of the Treasury should
10	focus on fentanyl trafficking and its facilitators as
11	one of the top national security priorities for the De-
12	partment.
13	SEC. 3003. DEFINITIONS.
14	In this division:
15	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
16	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
17	mittees" means—
18	
	(A) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
19	(A) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
19 20	
	and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
20	and Urban Affairs of the Senate; (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
20 21	and Urban Affairs of the Senate;  (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
20 21 22	and Urban Affairs of the Senate;  (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;  (C) the Committee on Financial Services of

1	(2) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
2	son''—
3	(A) means—
4	(i) any citizen or national of a foreign
5	country; or
6	(ii) any entity not organized under the
7	laws of the United States or a jurisdiction
8	within the United States; and
9	(B) does not include the government of a
10	foreign country.
11	(3) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly", with
12	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
13	means that a person has actual knowledge, or should
14	have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the
15	result.
16	(4) Trafficking.—The term "trafficking",
17	with respect to fentanyl, fentanyl precursors, or
18	other related opioids, has the meaning given the
19	term "opioid trafficking" in section 7203(8) of the
20	Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2302(8)).
21	(5) Transnational criminal organiza-
22	TION.—The term "transnational criminal organiza-
23	tion" includes—
24	(A) any organization designated as a sig-
25	nificant transnational criminal organization

1	under part 590 of title 31, Code of Federal
2	Regulations;
3	(B) any of the organizations known as—
4	(i) the Sinaloa Cartel;
5	(ii) the Jalisco New Generation Car-
6	tel;
7	(iii) the Gulf Cartel;
8	(iv) the Los Zetas Cartel;
9	(v) the Juarez Cartel;
10	(vi) the Tijuana Cartel;
11	(vii) the Beltran-Leyva Cartel; or
12	(viii) La Familia Michoacana; or
13	(C) any successor organization to an orga-
14	nization described in subparagraph (B) or as
15	otherwise determined by the President.
16	(6) United states person.—The term
17	"United States person" means—
18	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
19	fully admitted for permanent residence to the
20	United States;
21	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
22	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
23	the United States, including a foreign branch of
24	such an entity; or
25	(C) any person in the United States.

### 1 TITLE I—SANCTIONS MATTERS

### 2 Subtitle A—Sanctions in Response

### 3 to National Emergency Relating

### 4 to Fentanyl Trafficking

- 5 SEC. 3101. FINDING; POLICY.
- 6 (a) FINDING.—Congress finds that international
- 7 trafficking of fentanyl, fentanyl precursors, or other re-
- 8 lated opioids constitutes an unusual and extraordinary
- 9 threat to the national security, foreign policy, and econ-
- 10 omy of the United States, and is a national emergency.
- 11 (b) Policy.—It shall be the policy of the United
- 12 States to apply economic and other financial sanctions to
- 13 those who engage in the international trafficking of
- 14 fentanyl, fentanyl precursors, or other related opioids to
- 15 protect the national security, foreign policy, and economy
- 16 of the United States.
- 17 SEC. 3102. USE OF NATIONAL EMERGENCY AUTHORITIES;
- 18 **REPORTING.**
- 19 (a) In General.—The President may exercise all
- 20 authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the
- 21 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
- 22 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this subtitle.
- 23 (b) Report Required.—
- 24 (1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
- 25 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and an-

1	nually thereafter, the President shall submit to the
2	appropriate congressional committees a report on ac-
3	tions taken by the executive branch pursuant to this
4	subtitle and any national emergency declared with
5	respect to the trafficking of fentanyl and trade in
6	other illicit drugs, including—
7	(A) the issuance of any new or revised reg-
8	ulations, policies, or guidance;
9	(B) the imposition of sanctions;
10	(C) the collection of relevant information
11	from outside parties;
12	(D) the issuance or closure of general li-
13	censes, specific licenses, and statements of li-
14	censing policy by the Office of Foreign Assets
15	Control;
16	(E) a description of any pending enforce-
17	ment cases; and
18	(F) the implementation of mitigation pro-
19	cedures.
20	(2) Form of Report.—Each report required
21	under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassi-
22	fied form, but may include the matters required
23	under subparagraphs (C), (D), (E), and (F) of such
24	paragraph in a classified annex.

1	SEC. 3103. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
2	FENTANYL TRAFFICKING BY
3	TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANIZATIONS.
4	(a) In General.—The President shall impose the
5	sanctions described in subsection (b) with respect to any
6	foreign person the President determines—
7	(1) is knowingly involved in the significant traf-
8	ficking of fentanyl, fentanyl precursors, or other re-
9	lated opioids, including such trafficking by a
10	transnational criminal organization; or
11	(2) otherwise is knowingly involved in signifi-
12	cant activities of a transnational criminal organiza-
13	tion relating to the trafficking of fentanyl, fentanyl
14	precursors, or other related opioids.
15	(b) Sanctions Described.—The President, pursu-
16	ant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act
17	(50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), may block and prohibit all trans-
18	actions in property and interests in property of a foreign
19	person described in subsection (a) if such property and
20	interests in property are in the United States, come within
21	the United States, or are or come within the possession
22	or control of a United States person.
23	(c) Report Required.—Not later than 180 days
24	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
25	thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate
26	congressional committees a report on actions taken by the

- 1 executive branch with respect to the foreign persons iden-
- 2 tified under subsection (a).
- 3 SEC. 3104. PENALTIES; WAIVERS; EXCEPTIONS.
- 4 (a) Penalties.—Any person that violates, attempts
- 5 to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of this
- 6 subtitle or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry
- 7 out this subtitle shall be subject to the penalties set forth
- 8 in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-
- 9 national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C.
- 10 1705) to the same extent as a person that commits an
- 11 unlawful act described in subsection (a) of that section.
- 12 (b) National Security Waiver.—The President
- 13 may waive the application of sanctions under this subtitle
- 14 with respect to a foreign person if the President deter-
- 15 mines that such waiver is in the national security interest
- 16 of the United States.
- 17 (c) Exceptions.—
- 18 (1) Exception for intelligence activi-
- 19 Ties.—This subtitle shall not apply with respect to
- activities subject to the reporting requirements
- 21 under title V of the National Security Act of 1947
- 22 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intel-
- 23 ligence activities of the United States.
- 24 (2) Exception for compliance with inter-
- 25 NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

1	ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under this subtitle shall not
2	apply with respect to an alien if admitting or parol-
3	ing the alien into the United States is necessary—
4	(A) to permit the United States to comply
5	with the Agreement regarding the Head-
6	quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake
7	Success on June 26, 1947, and entered into
8	force November 21, 1947, between the United
9	Nations and the United States, or other appli-
10	cable international obligations of the United
11	States; or
12	(B) to carry out or assist law enforcement
13	activity of the United States.
14	(3) Humanitarian exemption.—The Presi-
15	dent may not impose sanctions under this subtitle
16	with respect to any person for conducting or facili-
17	tating a transaction for the sale of agricultural com-
18	modities, food, medicine, or medical devices or for
19	the provision of humanitarian assistance.
20	SEC. 3105. TREATMENT OF FORFEITED PROPERTY OF
21	TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANIZATIONS.
22	(a) Transfer of Forfeited Property to For-
23	FEITURE FUNDS.—
24	(1) In general.—Any covered forfeited prop-
25	erty shall be deposited into the Department of the

1	Treasury Forfeiture Fund established under section
2	9705 of title 31, United States Code, or the Depart-
3	ment of Justice Assets Forfeiture Fund established
4	under section 524(c) of title 28, United States Code.
5	(2) Report required.—Not later than 180
6	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
7	every 180 days thereafter, the President shall sub-
8	mit to the appropriate congressional committees a
9	report on any deposits made under paragraph (1)
10	during the 180-day period preceding submission of
11	the report.
12	(3) Covered forfeited property de-
13	FINED.—In this subsection, the term "covered for-
14	feited property" means property—
15	(A) forfeited to the United States under
16	chapter 46 or section 1963 of title 18, United
17	States Code; and
18	(B) that belonged to or was possessed by
19	an individual affiliated with or connected to a
20	transnational criminal organization subject to
21	sanctions under—
22	(i) this subtitle;
23	(ii) the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21
24	U.S.C. 2301 et seq.); or

1	(iii) Executive Order 14059 (50
2	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to imposing
3	sanctions on foreign persons involved in
4	the global illicit drug trade).
5	(b) Blocked Assets Under Terrorism Risk In-
6	SURANCE ACT OF 2002.—Nothing in this subtitle may be
7	construed to affect the treatment of blocked assets of a
8	terrorist party described in section 201(a) of the Ter-
9	rorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002 (28 U.S.C. 1610 note).
10	Subtitle B—Other Matters
11	SEC. 3111. TEN-YEAR STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR VIOLA-
12	TIONS OF SANCTIONS.
13	(a) International Emergency Economic Pow-
14	ERS ACT.—Section 206 of the International Emergency
15	Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) is amended by
16	adding at the end the following:
17	"(d) Statute of Limitations.—
18	"(1) Time for commencing proceedings.—
19	"(A) In General.—An action, suit, or
20	proceeding for the enforcement of any civil fine,
21	penalty, or forfeiture, pecuniary or otherwise,
22	under this section shall not be entertained un-
23	less commenced within 10 years after the latest
24	date of the violation upon which the civil fine,
25	penalty, or forfeiture is based.

1	"(B) Commencement.—For purposes of
2	this paragraph, the commencement of an ac-
3	tion, suit, or proceeding includes the issuance of
4	a pre-penalty notice or finding of violation.
5	"(2) Time for indictment.—No person shall
6	be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any offense
7	under subsection (c) unless the indictment is found
8	or the information is instituted within 10 years after
9	the latest date of the violation upon which the in-
10	dictment or information is based.".
11	(b) Trading With the Enemy Act.—Section 16
12	of the Trading with the Enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 4315) is
13	amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"(d) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—
15	"(1) Time for commencing proceedings.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An action, suit, or
17	proceeding for the enforcement of any civil fine,
18	penalty, or forfeiture, pecuniary or otherwise,
19	under this section shall not be entertained un-
20	less commenced within 10 years after the latest
21	date of the violation upon which the civil fine,
22	penalty, or forfeiture is based.
23	"(B) Commencement.—For purposes of
24	this paragraph, the commencement of an ac-

1	tion, suit, or proceeding includes the issuance of
2	a pre-penalty notice or finding of violation.
3	"(2) Time for indictment.—No person shall
4	be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any offense
5	under subsection (a) unless the indictment is found
6	or the information is instituted within 10 years after
7	the latest date of the violation upon which the in-
8	dictment or information is based.".
9	SEC. 3112. CLASSIFIED REPORT AND BRIEFING ON STAFF-
10	ING OF OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CON-
11	TROL.
12	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
13	ment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Foreign
14	Assets Control shall provide to the appropriate congres-
15	sional committees a classified report and briefing on the
16	staffing of the Office of Foreign Assets Control,
17	disaggregated by staffing dedicated to each sanctions pro-
18	gram and each country or issue.
19	SEC. 3113. REPORT ON DRUG TRANSPORTATION ROUTES
20	AND USE OF VESSELS WITH MISLABELED
21	CARGO.
22	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
23	ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in con-
24	junction with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies,
25	shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees

- 1 a classified report and briefing on efforts to target drug
- 2 transportation routes and modalities, including an assess-
- 3 ment of the prevalence of false cargo labeling and ship-
- 4 ment of precursor chemicals without accurate tracking of
- 5 the customers purchasing the chemicals.
- 6 SEC. 3114. REPORT ON ACTIONS OF PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF
- 7 CHINA WITH RESPECT TO PERSONS IN-
- 8 VOLVED IN FENTANYL SUPPLY CHAIN.
- 9 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
- 10 ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in con-
- 11 junction with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies,
- 12 shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees
- 13 a classified report and briefing on actions taken by the
- 14 Government of the People's Republic of China with respect
- 15 to persons involved in the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl
- 16 analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl
- 17 analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of
- 18 fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills.

1	TITLE II—ANTI-MONEY
2	LAUNDERING MATTERS
3	SEC. 3201. DESIGNATION OF ILLICIT FENTANYL TRANS-
4	ACTIONS OF SANCTIONED PERSONS AS OF
5	PRIMARY MONEY LAUNDERING CONCERN.
6	(a) In General.—Subtitle A of the Fentanyl Sanc-
7	tions Act (21 U.S.C. 2311 et seq.) is amended by inserting
8	after section 7213 the following:
9	"SEC. 7213A. DESIGNATION OF TRANSACTIONS OF SANC-
10	TIONED PERSONS AS OF PRIMARY MONEY
11	LAUNDERING CONCERN.
12	"(a) In General.—If the Secretary of the Treasury
13	determines that reasonable grounds exist for concluding
14	that 1 or more financial institutions operating outside of
15	the United States, 1 or more classes of transactions with-
16	in, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States,
17	or 1 or more types of accounts within, or involving, a juris-
18	diction outside of the United States, is of primary money
19	laundering concern in connection with illicit opioid traf-
20	ficking, the Secretary of the Treasury may, by order, regu-
21	lation, or otherwise as permitted by law—
22	"(1) require domestic financial institutions and
23	domestic financial agencies to take 1 or more of the
24	special measures provided for in section $9714(a)(1)$
25	of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal

- 1 Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 31 U.S.C. 5318A
- 2 note); or
- 3 "(2) prohibit, or impose conditions upon, cer-
- 4 tain transmittals of funds (to be defined by the Sec-
- 5 retary) by any domestic financial institution or do-
- 6 mestic financial agency, if such transmittal of funds
- 7 involves any such institution, class of transaction, or
- 8 type of accounts.
- 9 "(b) Classified Information.—In any judicial re-
- 10 view of a finding of the existence of a primary money laun-
- 11 dering concern, or of the requirement for 1 or more special
- 12 measures with respect to a primary money laundering con-
- 13 cern made under this section, if the designation or imposi-
- 14 tion, or both, were based on classified information (as de-
- 15 fined in section 1(a) of the Classified Information Proce-
- 16 dures Act (18 U.S.C. App.)), such information may be
- 17 submitted by the Secretary to the reviewing court ex parte
- 18 and in camera. This subsection does not confer or imply
- 19 any right to judicial review of any finding made or any
- 20 requirement imposed under this section.
- 21 "(c) Availability of Information.—The exemp-
- 22 tions from, and prohibitions on, search and disclosure re-
- 23 ferred to in section 9714(c) of the National Defense Au-
- 24 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-
- 25 283; 31 U.S.C. 5318A note) shall apply to any report or

- 1 record of report filed pursuant to a requirement imposed
- 2 under subsection (a). For purposes of section 552 of title
- 3 5, United States Code, this subsection shall be considered
- 4 a statute described in subsection (b)(3)(B) of such section.
- 5 "(d) Penalties.—The penalties referred to in sec-
- 6 tion 9714(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act
- 7 for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 31 U.S.C.
- 8 5318A note) shall apply to violations of any order, regula-
- 9 tion, special measure, or other requirement imposed under
- 10 subsection (a), in the same manner and to the same extent
- 11 as described in such section 9714(d).
- 12 "(e) Injunctions.—The Secretary of the Treasury
- 13 may bring a civil action to enjoin a violation of any order,
- 14 regulation, special measure, or other requirement imposed
- 15 under subsection (a) in the same manner and to the same
- 16 extent as described in section 9714(e) of the National De-
- 17 fense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law
- 18 116–283; 31 U.S.C. 5318A note).".
- 19 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 20 for the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
- 21 Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) is amended by inserting
- 22 after the item relating to section 7213 the following:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 7213A. Designation of transactions of sanctioned persons as of primary money laundering concern.".

1	SEC. 3202. TREATMENT OF TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL OR-
2	GANIZATIONS IN SUSPICIOUS TRANSACTIONS
3	REPORTS OF THE FINANCIAL CRIMES EN-
4	FORCEMENT NETWORK.
5	(a) FILING INSTRUCTIONS.—Not later than 180 days
6	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director
7	of the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network shall issue
8	guidance or instructions to United States financial institu-
9	tions for filing reports on suspicious transactions required
10	under section 1010.320 of title 31, Code of Federal Regu-
11	lations, related to suspected fentanyl trafficking by
12	transnational criminal organizations.
13	(b) Prioritization of Reports Relating to
14	FENTANYL TRAFFICKING OR TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL
15	Organizations.—The Director shall prioritize research
16	into reports described in subsection (a) that indicate a
17	connection to trafficking of fentanyl or related synthetic
18	opioids or financing of suspected transnational criminal
19	organizations.
20	SEC. 3203. REPORT ON TRADE-BASED MONEY LAUNDERING
21	IN TRADE WITH MEXICO, THE PEOPLE'S RE-
22	PUBLIC OF CHINA, AND BURMA.
23	(a) In General.—In the first update to the national
24	strategy for combating the financing of terrorism and re-
25	lated forms of illicit finance submitted to Congress after
26	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of

- 1 the Treasury shall include a report on trade-based money
- 2 laundering originating in Mexico or the People's Republic
- 3 of China and involving Burma.
- 4 (b) Definition.—In this section, the term "national
- 5 strategy for combating the financing of terrorism and re-
- 6 lated forms of illicit finance" means the national strategy
- 7 for combating the financing of terrorism and related forms
- 8 of illicit finance required under section 261 of the Coun-
- 9 tering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act
- 10 (Public Law 115–44; 131 Stat. 934), as amended by sec-
- 11 tion 6506 of the National Defense Authorization Act for
- 12 Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2428).
- 13 TITLE III—EXCEPTION RELAT-
- 14 ING TO IMPORTATION OF
- 15 **GOODS**
- 16 SEC. 3301. EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF
- 17 GOODS.
- 18 (a) In General.—The authority or a requirement
- 19 to block and prohibit all transactions in all property and
- 20 interests in property under this division shall not include
- 21 the authority or a requirement to impose sanctions on the
- 22 importation of goods.
- (b) Good Defined.—In this section, the term
- 24 "good" means any article, natural or manmade substance,

- 1 material, supply or manufactured product, including in-
- 2 spection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.

### 3 DIVISION B—REBUILDING ECO-

- 4 NOMIC PROSPERITY AND OP-
- 5 PORTUNITY FOR UKRAINIANS
- 6 **ACT**

### 7 TITLE I

- 8 SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 9 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 10 "Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for
- 11 Ukrainians Act" or the "REPO for Ukrainians Act".
- 12 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 13 this Act is as follows:

#### TITLE I

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

### TITLE II—REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS

- Sec. 101. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress regarding importance of the Russian Federation providing compensation to Ukraine.
- Sec. 103. Prohibition on release of blocked Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 104. Authority to ensure compensation to Ukraine using seized Russian sovereign assets and Russian aggressor state sovereign assets.
- Sec. 105. International mechanism to use Russian sovereign assets and Russian aggressor state sovereign assets to provide for the reconstruction of Ukraine.
- Sec. 106. Report on use of transferred Russian sovereign assets for reconstruction.
- Sec. 107. Assessment by Secretary of State and Administrator of USAID on reconstruction and rebuilding needs of Ukraine.
- Sec. 108. Extensions.

### 14 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

15 In this Act:

1	(1) Russian aggressor state.—The term
2	"Russian aggressor state" means—
3	(A) the Russian Federation; and
4	(B) Belarus, if the President determines
5	Belarus has engaged in an act of war against
6	Ukraine related to Russia's ongoing February
7	24, 2022, invasion of Ukraine.
8	(2) Russian aggressor state sovereign
9	Asset.—The term "Russian aggressor state sov-
10	ereign asset" means any Russian sovereign assets or
11	any funds or property of another Russian aggressor
12	state determine by the President to be of the same
13	sovereign character as the assets describes in para-
14	graph (7).
15	(3) Appropriate congressional commit-
16	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
17	mittees" means—
18	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
19	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
20	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
21	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
22	the Committee on Financial Services of the
23	House of Representatives.
24	(4) Financial institution.—The term "fi-
25	nancial institution" means a financial institution

1	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (E),
2	(F), (G), (H), (I), (J), (M), or (Z) of section
3	5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code.
4	(5) G7.—The term "G7" means the countries
5	that are member of the informal Group of 7, includ-
6	ing Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the
7	United Kingdom, and the United States.
8	(6) Russian sovereign asset.—The term
9	"Russian sovereign asset" means any of the fol-
10	lowing:
11	(A) Funds and other property of—
12	(i) the Central Bank of the Russian
13	Federation;
14	(ii) the Russian National Wealth
15	Fund; or
16	(iii) the Ministry of Finance of the
17	Russian Federation.
18	(B) Any other funds or other property that
19	are owned by the Government of the Russian
20	Federation, including by any subdivision, agen-
21	cy, or instrumentality of that government.
22	(7) United states.—The term "United
23	States" means the several States, the District of Co-
24	lumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Com-
25	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Amer-

	20
1	ican Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Is-
2	lands, and any other territory or possession of the
3	United States.
4	(8) United states financial institution.—
5	The term "United States financial institution"
6	means a financial institution organized under the
7	laws of the United States or of any jurisdiction with-
8	in the United States, including a foreign branch of
9	such an institution.
10	(9) Seize or seizure.—The term "seize" or
11	"seizure" means confiscation of all right, title, and
12	interest whatsoever in a Russian sovereign asset or
13	a Russian aggressor state sovereign asset or affili-
14	ated aggressor state sovereign asset and vesting of
15	the same in the United States.
16	TITLE II—REPURPOSING OF
17	RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS
18	SEC. 101. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
20	ings:
21	(1) On February 24, 2022, the Government of
22	the Russian Federation violated the sovereignty and

territorial integrity of Ukraine by engaging in a pre-

meditated, second illegal invasion of Ukraine.

23

- (2) The international community has condemned the illegal invasions of Ukraine by the Russian Federation, as well as the commission of the crime of aggression, war crimes, crimes against humanity, and genocide by officials of the Russian Federation, including through the deliberate targeting of civilians and civilian infrastructure, the forcible transfer of children, and the commission of sexual violence.
  - (3) The leaders of the G7 have called the Russian Federation's "unprovoked and completely unjustified attack on the democratic state of Ukraine" a "serious violation of international law and a grave breach of the United Nations Charter and all commitments Russia entered in the Helsinki Final Act and the Charter of Paris and its commitments in the Budapest Memorandum".
  - (4) On March 2, 2022, the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution ES-11/1, entitled "Aggression against Ukraine", by a vote of 141 to 5. That resolution "deplore[d] in the strongest terms the aggression by the Russian Federation against Ukraine in violation of Article 2(4) of the [United Nations] Charter" and demanded that the Russian Federation "immediately cease its use of

- force against Ukraine" and "immediately, completely and unconditionally withdraw all of its military forces from the territory of Ukraine within its internationally recognized borders".
  - (5) On March 16, 2022, the International Court of Justice issued a provisional measures order requiring the Russian Federation to "immediately suspend the military operations that it commenced on 24 February 2022 in the territory of Ukraine" and, in this regard, observed that "orders on provisional measures . . . have binding effect".
  - (6) On November 14, 2022, the United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution—
    - (A) recognizing that the Russian Federation has committed a serious breach of the most fundamental norms of international law and its gross and systematic refusal to obey its obligations has affected the entire international community;
    - (B) recognizing the need for the establishment, in cooperation with Ukraine, of an international mechanism for compensation for financially assessable damages caused by the Russian Federation's internationally wrongful acts; and

- (C) recommending "the creation . . . of an international register of damage to serve as a record . . . of evidence and claims information on damage, loss or injury to all natural and legal persons concerned, as well as the State of Ukraine, caused by internationally wrongful acts of the Russian Federation in or against Ukraine . . . . ''.
  - (7) The Russian Federation bears international legal responsibility for its aggression against Ukraine and, under international law, must cease its internationally wrongful acts. Because of this breach of the prohibition on aggression under international law, the United States is legally entitled to take counter measures that are proportionate and aimed at inducing the Russian Federation to comply with its international obligations.
  - (8) Approximately \$300,000,000,000 of Russian sovereign assets have been immobilized worldwide. Only a small fraction of those assets, 1 to 2 percent, or between \$4,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000, are reportedly subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
  - (9) The vast majority of immobilized Russian sovereign assets, approximately \$190,000,000,000,

1	are reportedly subject to the jurisdiction of Belgium
2	The Government of Belgium has publicly indicated
3	that any action by that Government regarding those
4	assets would be predicated on support by the G7.
5	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
6	gress that, having committed an act of aggression, as rec-
7	ognized by the United Nations General Assembly or
8	March 2, 2022, the Russian Federation is to be considered
9	as an aggressor state. The extreme illegal actions taken
10	by the Russian Federation, including an act of aggression
11	present a unique situation, justifying the establishment of
12	a legal authority for the United States Government and
13	other countries to confiscate Russian sovereign assets in
14	their respective jurisdictions.
15	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING IMPORTANCE
10	
16	OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION PROVIDING
	OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION PROVIDING COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.
16	
16 17	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.
16 17 18	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.  It is the sense of Congress that—
16 17 18 19	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.  It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility
16 17 18 19 20	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.  It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of
116 117 118 119 220 221	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.  It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated
116 117 118 119 220 221 222	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.  It is the sense of Congress that—  (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian

- Federation's internationally wrongful acts should be assessed by an international mechanism charged with determining compensation and providing assistance to Ukraine;
  - (3) at least since November 2022 the Russian Federation has been on notice of its opportunity to comply with its international obligations, including to make full compensation for injury, or, by agreement with Ukraine, to authorize an international mechanism to resolve issues regarding compensation to Ukraine;
  - (4) the Russian Federation can, by negotiated agreement, participate in any international process to assess the damages caused by the Russian Federation's internationally wrongful acts and make funds available to compensate for these damages, and if it fails to do so, the United States and other countries should explore all avenues for ensuring compensation to Ukraine;
  - (5) the President should lead robust engagement on all bilateral and multilateral aspects of the response by the United States to acts by the Russian Federation that undermine the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, including on any policy coordination and alignment regarding the

- repurposing or ordered transfer of Russian sovereign assets in the context of determining compensation and providing assistance to Ukraine;
  - (6) as part of the robust engagement on bilateral and multilateral responses to acts by the Russian Federation that undermine the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, the President should endeavor to facilitate creation of, and United States participation in, an international mechanism regarding the repurposing or seizure of sovereign assets of the Russian Federation for the benefit of Ukraine.
  - (7) the repurposing of Russian sovereign assets is in the national interests of the United States and consistent with United States and international law;
  - (8) the United States should work with international allies and partners on the repurposing of Russian sovereign assets as part of a coordinated, multilateral effort, including with G7 countries and other countries in which Russian sovereign assets are located; and
  - (9) any effort by the United States to confiscate and repurpose Russian sovereign assets should be undertaken alongside international allies and partners as part of a coordinated, multilateral effort, including with G7 countries, the European

1	Union, Australia, and other countries in which Rus-
2	sian sovereign assets are located.
3	SEC. 103. PROHIBITION ON RELEASE OF BLOCKED RUSSIAN
4	SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
5	(a) In General.—No Russian sovereign asset that
6	is blocked or effectively immobilized by the Department
7	of the Treasury before the date specified in section 104(j)
8	may be released or mobilized, except as otherwise author-
9	ized by this Act, until the date on which the President
10	certifies to the appropriate congressional committees
11	that—
12	(1) hostilities between the Russian Federation
13	and Ukraine have ceased; and
14	(2)(A) full compensation has been made to
15	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion of
16	Ukraine by the Russian Federation; or
17	(B) the Russian Federation is participating in
18	a bona fide international mechanism that, by agree-
19	ment, will discharge the obligations of the Russian
20	Federation to compensate Ukraine for all amounts
21	determined to be owed to Ukraine.
22	(b) Notification.—Not later than 30 days before
23	the release or mobilization of a Russian sovereign asset
24	that is blocked or effectively immobilized by the Depart-

- 1 ment of the Treasury, the President shall submit to the2 appropriate congressional committees—
- 3 (1) a notification of the decision to take the ac-4 tion that releases or mobilizes the asset; and
- (2) a justification in writing for such decision.
  (c) JOINT RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—
  - (1) In General.—No Russian sovereign asset that is blocked or effectively immobilized by the Department of the Treasury may be released or mobilized if, within 30 days of receipt of the notification and justification required under subsection (b), a joint resolution is enacted into law prohibiting the

proposed release or mobilization.

(2) EXPEDITED PROCEDURES.—Any joint resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in either House of Congress shall be considered in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976 (Public Law 94–329; 90 Stat. 765), except that any such resolution shall be subject to germane amendments. If such a joint resolution should be vetoed by the President, the time for debate in consideration of the veto message on such measure shall be limited to 20 hours in the Senate

- and in the House of Representatives shall be deter-
- 2 mined in accordance with the Rules of the House.
- 3 (d) Cooperation on Prohibition of Release of
- 4 CERTAIN RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.—Notwith-
- 5 standing subsection (a), the President may take such ac-
- 6 tions as may be necessary to seek to obtain an agreement
- 7 or arrangement to which the Government of Ukraine is
- 8 party that discharges the Russian Federation from further
- 9 obligations to compensate Ukraine.
- 10 SEC. 104. AUTHORITY TO ENSURE COMPENSATION TO
- 11 UKRAINE USING SEIZED RUSSIAN SOV-
- 12 EREIGN ASSETS AND RUSSIAN AGGRESSOR
- 13 STATE SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
- 14 (a) Reporting on Russian Assets.—
- 15 (1) NOTICE REQUIRED.—Not later than 90
- days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 17 President shall, by means of such instructions or
- regulations as the President may prescribe, require
- any financial institution at which Russian sovereign
- assets are located, and that knows or should know
- of such assets, to provide notice of such assets, in-
- 22 cluding relevant information required under section
- 501.603(b)(ii) of title 31, Code of Federal Regula-
- 24 tions (or successor regulations), to the Secretary of

the Treasury not later than 10 days after detection
of such assets.

## (2) Report required.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report detailing the status of Russian sovereign assets with respect to which notice has been provided to the Secretary of the Treasury under paragraph (1).
- (B) FORM.—The report required by subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

## (b) Seizure or Transfer of Assets.—

(1) Seizure of Russian aggressor state sovereign assets.—On and after the date that is 30 days after the President submits to the appropriate congressional committees the certification described in subsection (c), the President may seize, confiscate, transfer, or vest any Russian aggressor state sovereign assets, in whole or in part, and including any interest or interests in such assets, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States for the

1	purpose of transferring those funds to the Ukraine
2	Support Fund established under subsection (d).
3	(2) Vesting.—For funds confiscated under
4	paragraph (1), all right, title, and interest shall ves
5	in the United States Government, provided that no
6	use of those funds other than the use of those funds
7	consistent with subsection (f).
8	(3) Liquidation and deposit.—The Presi
9	dent shall—
10	(A) deposit any funds seized, transferred
11	or confiscated under paragraph (1) into the
12	Ukraine Support Fund established under sub
13	section (d);
14	(B) liquidate or sell any other property
15	seized, transferred, or confiscated under para
16	graph (1) and deposit the funds resulting from
17	such liquidation or sale into the Ukraine Sup
18	port Fund; and
19	(C) make all such funds available for the
20	purposes described in subsection (f).
21	(4) Method of Seizure, Transfer, or con
22	FISCATION.—The President may seize, transfer, con
23	fiscate or vest Russian aggressor state sovereign as

sets under paragraph (1) through instructions or li-

- 1 censes or in such other manner as the President de-2 termines appropriate.
- 3 (c) Certification.—The certification described in 4 this subsection, with respect to Russian aggressor state 5 sovereign assets, is a certification that—
- 6 (1) seizing, confiscating, transferring, or vesting
  7 Russian aggressor state sovereign assets for the ben8 efit of Ukraine is in the national interests of the
  9 United States;
  - (2) the President has meaningfully coordinated with G7 leaders to take multilateral action with regard to any seizure, confiscation, vesting, or transfer of Russian sovereign assets for the benefit of Ukraine; and

## (3) either—

(A) the President has received an official and legitimate request from a properly constituted international mechanism that includes the participation of the Government of Ukraine and the United States and that has been established for the purpose of, or otherwise tasked with, compensating Ukraine for damages arising or resulting from the internationally wrongful acts of the Russian Federation regarding

1	the repurposing of sovereign assets of the Rus-
2	sian Federation; or
3	(B) either—
4	(i) the Russian Federation has not
5	ceased its unlawful aggression against
6	Ukraine; or
7	(ii) the Russian Federation has ceased
8	its unlawful aggression against Ukraine,
9	but—
10	(I) has not provided full com-
11	pensation to Ukraine for harms re-
12	sulting from the internationally
13	wrongful acts of the Russian Federa-
14	tion's; and
15	(II) is not participating in a bona
16	fide process to provide full compensa-
17	tion to Ukraine for harms resulting
18	from Russian aggression.
19	(d) Establishment of the Ukraine Support
20	Fund.—
21	(1) UKRAINE SUPPORT FUND.—The President
22	shall establish an account, to be known as the
23	"Ukraine Support Fund", to consist of any funds
24	with respect to which a seizure is ordered pursuant
25	to subsection (b).

1	(2) Use of funds.—The funds in the accounts
2	established under paragraph (1) shall be available to
3	be used only as specified in subsection (f).
4	(e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
5	tion may be construed to provide the President with the
6	authority to seize, transfer, confiscate, or vest title to for-
7	eign sovereign assets that are not Russian aggressor state
8	sovereign assets in the United States or transfer any for-
9	eign sovereign assets to any recipient for any use other
10	than the uses described in this Act.
11	(f) Further Transfer and Use of Funds.—
12	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
13	and (3), Funds in the Ukraine Support Fund shall
14	be available to the Secretary of State, in consulta-
15	tion with the Administrator of the United States
16	Agency for International Development, for the pur-
17	pose of providing assistance to Ukraine for the dam-
18	age resulting from the unlawful invasion by the Rus-
19	sian Federation that began on February 24, 2022.
20	(2) Specific permissible uses.—Subject to
21	paragraph (3), the following are permissible uses of
22	the funds in the Ukraine Support Fund pursuant to
23	paragraph (1):
24	(A) Making contributions to an inter-
25	national body, fund, or mechanism established

1	consistent with section 105(a) that is charged
2	with determining and administering compensa-
3	tion or providing assistance to Ukraine.
4	(B) Supporting reconstruction, rebuilding,
5	and recovery efforts in Ukraine.
6	(C) Providing economic and humanitarian
7	assistance to the people of Ukraine.
8	(3) Notification.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State
10	shall notify the appropriate congressional com-
11	mittees not fewer than 15 days before providing
12	any funds from the Ukraine Support Fund to
13	any other account for the purposes described in
14	paragraph (1).
15	(B) Elements.—A notification under sub-
16	paragraph (A) with respect to the transfer of
17	funds to another account pursuant to para-
18	graph (1) shall specify—
19	(i) the amount of funds to be pro-
20	vided;
21	(ii) the specific purpose for which
22	such funds are provided; and
23	(iii) the recipient of those funds.
24	(g) Limitation on Transfer of Funds.—No
25	funds may be transferred or otherwise expended from the

- 1 Ukraine Support Fund pursuant to subsection (f) unless
- 2 the President certifies to the appropriate congressional
- 3 committees that—
- 4 (1) a plan exists to ensure transparency and ac-5 countability for all funds transferred to and from
- 6 any account receiving the funds; and
- 7 (2) the President has transmitted the plan re-8 quired under paragraph (1) to the appropriate con-
- 9 gressional committees in writing.
- 10 (h) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—No
- 11 funds may be transferred pursuant to subsection (f) if,
- 12 within 15 days of receipt of the notification required under
- 13 subsection (f)(3), a joint resolution is enacted into law
- 14 prohibiting such transfer.
- 15 (i) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date
- 16 of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than
- 17 every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to
- 18 the appropriate congressional committees a report that in-
- 19 cludes the following:
- 20 (1) An accounting of funds in the Ukraine Sup-
- port Fund.
- 22 (2) Any information regarding the disposition
- of funds in any account to which funds have been
- transferred pursuant to subsection (f) that has been
- transmitted to the President by the institution hous-

- ing said account during the period covered by the report.
- 3 (3) A description of United States multilateral
  4 and bilateral diplomatic engagement with allies and
  5 partners of the United States that also have immo6 bilized Russian sovereign assets to compensate for
  7 damages caused by the Russian Federation's inter8 nationally wrongful acts during the period covered
  9 by the report.
- 10 (4) An outline of steps taken to carry out the 11 establishment of the international mechanism de-12 scribed by section 105(a) during the period covered 13 by the report.
- (j) EXCEPTION FOR UNITED STATES OBLIGATIONS
  UNDER TREATIES.—The authorities provided by this section may not be exercised in a manner inconsistent with
  the obligations of the United States under—
- 18 (1) the Convention on Diplomatic Relations, 19 done at Vienna April 18, 1961, and entered into 20 force April 24, 1964 (23 UST 3227);
- 21 (2) the Convention on Consular Relations, done 22 at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force on 23 March 19, 1967 (21 UST 77);
- (3) the Agreement Regarding the Headquarters
   of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June

1	26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947
2	(TIAS 1676); or
3	(4) any other international agreement to which
4	the United States is a state party on the day before
5	the date of the enactment of this Act.
6	(k) Judicial Review.—
7	(1) Exclusiveness of remedy.—Notwith-
8	standing any other provision of law, any action
9	taken under this section shall not be subject to judi-
10	cial review, except as provided in this subsection.
11	(2) Limitations for filing claims.—A claim
12	may only be brought with respect to an action under
13	this section—
14	(A) that alleges that the action will deny
15	rights under the Constitution of the United
16	States; and
17	(B) if the claim is brought not later than
18	60 days after the date of such action.
19	(3) Jurisdiction.—
20	(A) In General.—A claim under para-
21	graph (2) of this subsection shall be barred un-
22	less a complaint is filed prior to the expiration
23	of such time limits in the United States District
24	Court for the District of Columbia.

1	(B) APPEAL.—An appeal of an order of
2	the United States District Court for the Dis-
3	trict of Columbia issued pursuant to a claim
4	brought under this subsection shall be taken by
5	a notice of appeal filed with the United States
6	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
7	Circuit not later than 10 days after the date on
8	which the order is entered.
9	(C) Expedited consideration.—It shall
10	be the duty of the United States District Court
11	for the District of Columbia and the United
12	States Court of Appeals for the District of Co-
13	lumbia Circuit to advance on the docket and to
14	expedite to the greatest possible extent the dis-
15	position of any claim brought under this sub-
16	section.
17	(l) Sunset.—The authorities conferred under this
18	section shall terminate on the earlier of—
19	(1) the date that is 5 years after the date of the
20	enactment of this Act; or
21	(2) the date that is 120 days after the date on
22	which the President determines and certifies to the

appropriate congressional committees that—

23

24

1	of Russian forces and cessation of military hos-
2	tilities that is accepted by the free and inde-
3	pendent Government of Ukraine; and
4	(B)(i) full compensation has been made to
5	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion
6	of Ukraine by the Russian Federation;
7	(ii) the Russian Federation is participating
8	in a bona fide international mechanism that, by
9	agreement, will discharge the obligations of the
10	Russian Federation to compensate Ukraine for
11	all amounts determined to be owed to Ukraine;
12	or
13	(iii) the Russian Federation's obligation to
14	compensate Ukraine for the damage caused by
15	the Russian Federation's aggression has been
16	resolved pursuant to an agreement between the
17	Russian Federation and the Government of
18	Ukraine.
19	SEC. 105. INTERNATIONAL MECHANISM TO USE RUSSIAN
20	SOVEREIGN ASSETS AND RUSSIAN AGGRES-
21	SOR STATE SOVEREIGN ASSETS TO PROVIDE
22	FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF UKRAINE.
23	(a) In General.—The President shall take such ac-
24	tions as the President determines appropriate to coordi-
25	nate with the G7, the European Union, Australia, and

- 1 other partners and allies of the United States regarding
- 2 the disposition of immobilized Russian aggressor state sov-
- 3 ereign assets, including seeking to establish an inter-
- 4 national mechanism with foreign partners, including
- 5 Ukraine, the G7, the European Union, Australia, and
- 6 other partners and allies of the United States, for the pur-
- 7 pose of assisting Ukraine, which may include the establish-
- 8 ment of an international fund to be known as the
- 9 "Ukraine Compensation Fund", that may receive and use
- 10 assets in the Ukraine Support Fund established under sec-
- 11 tion 104(c) and contributions from foreign partners that
- 12 have also frozen or seized Russian aggressor state sov-
- 13 ereign assets to assist Ukraine, including by—
- 14 (1) supporting a register of damage to serve as
- a record of evidence and for assessment of the finan-
- cially assessable damages to Ukraine resulting from
- the invasions of Ukraine by the Russian Federation
- and operations or actions in support thereof;
- 19 (2) establishing a mechanism to compensate
- 20 Ukraine for damages caused by Russia's internation-
- ally wrongful acts connected with the invasions of
- 22 Ukraine;
- 23 (3) ensuring distribution of those assets or the
- proceeds of those assets based on determinations
- 25 under that mechanism; and

1	(4) taking such other actions as may be nec-
2	essary to carry out this section.
3	(b) Authorization for Deposit in the Ukraine
4	Compensation Fund.—Upon the President reaching an
5	agreement or arrangement to establish a common inter-
6	national mechanism pursuant to subsection (a) or at any
7	time thereafter, the Secretary of State may, pursuant to
8	the authority conferred by and subject to the limitations
9	described in section 104(f) and subject to the limitations
10	described in subsection (e), transfer funds from the
11	Ukraine Support Fund established under section 104(d)
12	to a fund or mechanism established consistent with sub-
13	section (a).
14	(c) Notification.—The President shall notify the
15	appropriate congressional committees not later than 30
16	days after entering into any new bilateral or multilateral
17	agreement or arrangement under subsection (a).
18	(d) GOOD GOVERNANCE.—The Secretary of State, in
19	consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall—
20	(1) seek to ensure that any fund or mechanism
21	established consistent with subsection (a) operates in
22	accordance with established international accounting
23	principles;
24	(2) seek to ensure that any fund or mechanism
25	established consistent with subsection (a) is—

1	(A) staffed, operated, and administered in
2	accordance with established accounting rules
3	and governance procedures, including providing
4	for payment of reasonable expenses from the
5	fund for the governance and operation of the
6	fund and the tribunal;
7	(B) operated transparently as to all funds
8	transfers, filings, and decisions; and
9	(C) audited on a regular basis by an inde-
10	pendent auditor, in accordance with inter-
11	nationally accepted accounting and auditing
12	standards;
13	(3) seek to ensure that any audits of any fund
14	or mechanism established consistent with subsection
15	(a) shall be made available to the public; and
16	(4) ensure that any audits of any fund or mech-
17	anism established consistent with subsection (a)
18	shall be reviewed and reported on by the Govern-
19	ment Accountability Office to the appropriate con-
20	gressional committees and the public.
21	(e) Limitation on Transfer of Funds.—No
22	funds may be transferred from the Ukraine Support Fund
23	to a fund or mechanism established consistent with sub-
24	section (a) unless the President certifies to the appropriate

25 congressional committees that—

- 1 (1) the institution housing the fund or mecha-2 nism has a plan to ensure transparency and ac-3 countability for all funds transferred to and from 4 the fund or mechanism established consistent with 5 subsection (a); and
- 6 (2) the President has transmitted the plan required under paragraph (1) to the appropriate congressional committees in writing.
- 9 (f) JOINT RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—No funds
  10 may be transferred from the Ukraine Support Fund to
  11 a fund or mechanism established consistent with sub12 section (a) if, within 30 days of receipt of the notification
  13 required under subsection (c)(2), a joint resolution is en14 acted prohibiting the transfer.
- 15 (g) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date 16 of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than 17 every 90 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the 18 appropriate congressional committees a report that in-19 cludes the following:
- 20 (1) An accounting of funds in any fund or 21 mechanism established consistent with subsection 22 (a).
- 23 (2) Any information regarding the disposition 24 of any such fund or mechanism that has been trans-25 mitted to the President by the institution housing

1	the fund or mechanism during the period covered by
2	the report.
3	(3) A description of United States multilateral
4	and bilateral diplomatic engagement with allies and
5	partners of the United States that also have immo-
6	bilized Russian sovereign assets to allow for com-
7	pensation for Ukraine during the period covered by
8	the report.
9	(4) An outline of steps taken to carry out this
10	section during the period covered by the report.
11	SEC. 106. REPORT ON USE OF TRANSFERRED RUSSIAN SOV-
12	EREIGN ASSETS FOR RECONSTRUCTION.
13	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
14	ment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the Sec-
15	retary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the
16	Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional
17	committees a report that contains—
18	(1) the amount and source of Russian sovereign
19	assets seized, transferred, or confiscated pursuant to
20	section 104(b);
21	(2) the amount and source of funds deposited
22	into the Ukraine Support Fund under section
23	104(b)(3); and

1	(3) a detailed description and accounting of
2	how such funds were used to meet the purposes de-
3	scribed in section 104(f).
4	SEC. 107. ASSESSMENT BY SECRETARY OF STATE AND AD-
5	MINISTRATOR OF USAID ON RECONSTRUC-
6	TION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE.
7	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
8	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
9	in consultation with the Administrator of the United
10	States Agency for International Development, shall submit
11	to the appropriate congressional committees an assess-
12	ment of the most pressing needs of Ukraine for recon-
13	struction, rebuilding, and humanitarian aid.
14	(b) Elements.—The assessment required by sub-
15	section (a) shall include the following:
16	(1) An estimate of the rebuilding and recon-
17	struction needs of Ukraine, as of the date of the as-
18	sessment, resulting from the unlawful invasion of
19	Ukraine by the Russian Federation, including—
20	(A) a description of the sources and meth-
21	ods for the estimate; and
22	(B) an identification of the locations or re-
23	gions in Ukraine with the most pressing needs.
24	(2) An estimate of the humanitarian needs, as
25	of the date of the assessment, of the people of

1 Ukraine, including Ukrainians residing inside the 2 internationally recognized borders of Ukraine or out-3 side those borders, resulting from the unlawful inva-

sion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation.

- (3) An assessment of the extent to which the 6 needs described in paragraphs (1) and (2) have been 7 met or funded, by any source, as of the date of the
- 8 assessment.

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- 9 (4) A plan to engage in robust multilateral and 10 bilateral diplomacy to ensure that allies and partners of the United States, particularly in the European 12 Union as Ukraine seeks accession to the European 13 Union, increase their commitment to Ukraine's re-14 construction.
- 15 (5) An identification of which such needs 16 should be prioritized, including any assessment or 17 request by the Government of Ukraine with respect 18 to the prioritization of such needs.

#### 19 SEC. 108. EXTENSIONS.

- 20 Section 5(a) of the Elie Wiesel Genocide and Atroc-
- 21 ities Prevention Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–441; 132
- Stat. 5587) is amended, in the matter preceding para-
- graph (1), by striking "six years" and inserting "12
- 24 years".

# 1 DIVISION C—OTHER MATTERS

2	SEC. 1. REPORT AND IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS TO HAR-
3	MONIZE WITH ALLIED SANCTIONS.
4	(a) Report Required.—Not later than 90 days
5	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President
6	shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
7	House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign
8	Relations of the Senate a report identifying—
9	(1) each foreign person currently subject to—
10	(A) sanctions issued by the European
11	Union pursuant to European Union Council
12	Regulation No. 269/2014 of 17 March, 2014,
13	as amended; or
14	(B) sanctions issued by the United King-
15	dom pursuant to the Russia (Sanctions) (EU
16	Exit) Regulations 2019, as amended; and
17	(2) each such foreign person that also meets
18	the criteria for imposition of sanctions by the United
19	States pursuant to—
20	(A) the Global Magnitsky Human Rights
21	Accountability Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C. 10101 et
22	seq.);
23	(B) Executive Order 14024 (50 U.S.C.
24	1701 note, relating to blocking property with
25	respect to specified harmful foreign activities of

- 1 the Government of the Russian Federation), as 2 amended;
- (C) Executive Order 14068 (50 U.S.C. 3 4 1701 note, relating to prohibiting certain imports, exports, and new investment with respect 6 to continued Russian Federation aggression), as 7 amended; or
- 8 (D) Executive Order 14071 (50 U.S.C. 9 1701 note, relating to prohibiting new invest-10 ment in and certain services to the Russian Federation in response to continued Russian 12 Federation aggression), as amended.
- 13 (b) Imposition of Sanctions.—The President shall impose the sanctions authorized by the applicable provi-14 15 sion of law listed in subsection (a)(2) with respect to each foreign person identified in the report required under sub-16 17 section (a)(1) who is not already subject to sanctions 18 under United States law pursuant to one or more statutory sanctions authorities as of the date of the submission of such report. 20

1	DIVISION D—PROTECTING
2	AMERICANS FROM FOREIGN
3	ADVERSARY CONTROLLED
4	APPLICATIONS ACT
5	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
6	This division may be cited as the "Protecting Ameri-
7	cans from Foreign Adversary Controlled Applications
8	Act".
9	SEC. 2. PROHIBITION OF FOREIGN ADVERSARY CON-
10	TROLLED APPLICATIONS.
11	(a) In General.—
12	(1) Prohibition of foreign adversary con-
13	TROLLED APPLICATIONS.—It shall be unlawful for
14	an entity to distribute, maintain, or update (or en-
15	able the distribution, maintenance, or updating of) a
16	foreign adversary controlled application by carrying
17	out, within the land or maritime borders of the
18	United States, any of the following:
19	(A) Providing services to distribute, main-
20	tain, or update such foreign adversary con-
21	trolled application (including any source code of
22	such application) by means of a marketplace
23	(including an online mobile application store)
24	through which users within the land or mari-

1	time borders of the United States may access,
2	maintain, or update such application.
3	(B) Providing internet hosting services to
4	enable the distribution, maintenance, or updat-
5	ing of such foreign adversary controlled applica-
6	tion for users within the land or maritime bor-
7	ders of the United States.
8	(2) Applicability.—Subject to paragraph (3),
9	this subsection shall apply—
10	(A) in the case of an application that satis-
11	fies the definition of a foreign adversary con-
12	trolled application pursuant to subsection
13	(g)(3)(A), beginning on the date that is 270
14	days after the date of the enactment of this
15	Act; and
16	(B) in the case of an application that satis-
17	fies the definition of a foreign adversary con-
18	trolled application pursuant to subsection
19	(g)(3)(B), beginning on the date that is 270
20	days after the date of the relevant determina-
21	tion of the President under such subsection.
22	(3) Extension.—With respect to a foreign ad-
23	versary controlled application, the President may
24	grant a 1-time extension of not more than 90 days

with respect to the date on which this subsection

- would otherwise apply to such application pursuant to paragraph (2), if the President certifies to Congress that—
  - (A) a path to executing a qualified divestiture has been identified with respect to such application;
    - (B) evidence of significant progress toward executing such qualified divestiture has been produced with respect to such application; and
    - (C) there are in place the relevant binding legal agreements to enable execution of such qualified divestiture during the period of such extension.
- 14 (b) Data and Information Portability to Al-15 TERNATIVE APPLICATIONS.—Before the date on which a prohibition under subsection (a) applies to a foreign adver-16 17 sary controlled application, the entity that owns or con-18 trols such application shall provide, upon request by a user 19 of such application within the land or maritime borders 20 of United States, to such user all the available data related 21 to the account of such user with respect to such application. Such data shall be provided in a machine readable 23 format and shall include any data maintained by such application with respect to the account of such user, includ-

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1	ing content (including posts, photos, and videos) and all
2	other account information.
3	(c) Exemptions.—
4	(1) Exemptions for qualified
5	DIVESTITURES.—Subsection (a)—
6	(A) does not apply to a foreign adversary
7	controlled application with respect to which a
8	qualified divestiture is executed before the date
9	on which a prohibition under subsection (a)
10	would begin to apply to such application; and
11	(B) shall cease to apply in the case of a
12	foreign adversary controlled application with re-
13	spect to which a qualified divestiture is exe-
14	cuted after the date on which a prohibition
15	under subsection (a) applies to such application.
16	(2) Exemptions for certain necessary
17	SERVICES.—Subsections (a) and (b) do not apply to
18	services provided with respect to a foreign adversary
19	controlled application that are necessary for an enti-
20	ty to attain compliance with such subsections.
21	(d) Enforcement.—
22	(1) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
23	(A) Foreign adversary controlled
24	APPLICATION VIOLATIONS.—An entity that vio-
25	lates subsection (a) shall be subject to pay a

civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the amount that results from multiplying \$5,000 by the number of users within the land or maritime borders of the United States determined to have accessed, maintained, or updated a foreign adversary controlled application as a result of such violation.

- (B) Data and information violations.—An entity that violates subsection (b) shall be subject to pay a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the amount that results from multiplying \$500 by the number of users within the land or maritime borders of the United States affected by such violation.
- (2) ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General—
  - (A) shall conduct investigations related to potential violations of subsection (a) or (b), and, if such an investigation results in a determination that a violation has occurred, the Attorney General shall pursue enforcement under paragraph (1); and
  - (B) may bring an action in an appropriate district court of the United States for appropriate relief, including civil penalties under

paragraph (1) or declaratory and injunctive relief.

## (e) Severability.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—If any provision of this section or the application of this section to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or applications of this section that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- (2) Subsequent determinations.—If the application of any provision of this section is held invalid with respect to a foreign adversary controlled application that satisfies the definition of such term pursuant to subsection (g)(3)(A), such invalidity shall not affect or preclude the application of the same provision of this section to such foreign adversary controlled application by means of a subsequent determination pursuant to subsection (g)(3)(B).
- 19 (f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this divi-20 sion may be construed—
  - (1) to authorize the Attorney General to pursue enforcement, under this section, other than enforcement of subsection (a) or (b);
- 24 (2) to authorize the Attorney General to pursue 25 enforcement, under this section, against an indi-

1	vidual user of a foreign adversary controlled applica-
2	tion; or
3	(3) except as expressly provided herein, to alter
4	or affect any other authority provided by or estab-
5	lished under another provision of Federal law.
6	(g) Definitions.—In this section:
7	(1) Controlled by a foreign adversary.—
8	The term "controlled by a foreign adversary" means,
9	with respect to a covered company or other entity,
10	that such company or other entity is—
11	(A) a foreign person that is domiciled in,
12	is headquartered in, has its principal place of
13	business in, or is organized under the laws of
14	a foreign adversary country;
15	(B) an entity with respect to which a for-
16	eign person or combination of foreign persons
17	described in subparagraph (A) directly or indi-
18	rectly own at least a 20 percent stake; or
19	(C) a person subject to the direction or
20	control of a foreign person or entity described
21	in subparagraph (A) or (B).
22	(2) Covered company.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "covered
24	company" means an entity that operates, di-
25	rectly or indirectly (including through a parent

1	company, subsidiary, or affiliate), a website,
2	desktop application, mobile application, or aug-
3	mented or immersive technology application
4	that—
5	(i) permits a user to create an ac-
6	count or profile to generate, share, and
7	view text, images, videos, real-time commu-
8	nications, or similar content;
9	(ii) has more than 1,000,000 monthly
10	active users with respect to at least 2 of
11	the 3 months preceding the date on which
12	a relevant determination of the President
13	is made pursuant to paragraph (3)(B);
14	(iii) enables 1 or more users to gen-
15	erate or distribute content that can be
16	viewed by other users of the website, desk-
17	top application, mobile application, or aug-
18	mented or immersive technology applica-
19	tion; and
20	(iv) enables 1 or more users to view
21	content generated by other users of the
22	website, desktop application, mobile appli-
23	cation, or augmented or immersive tech-
24	nology application.

1	(B) Exclusion.—The term "covered com-
2	pany" does not include an entity that operates
3	a website, desktop application, mobile applica-
4	tion, or augmented or immersive technology ap-
5	plication whose primary purpose is to allow
6	users to post product reviews, business reviews,
7	or travel information and reviews.
8	(3) Foreign adversary controlled appli-
9	CATION.—The term "foreign adversary controlled
10	application" means a website, desktop application,
11	mobile application, or augmented or immersive tech-
12	nology application that is operated, directly or indi-
13	rectly (including through a parent company, sub-
14	sidiary, or affiliate), by—
15	(A) any of—
16	(i) ByteDance, Ltd.;
17	(ii) TikTok;
18	(iii) a subsidiary of or a successor to
19	an entity identified in clause (i) or (ii) that
20	is controlled by a foreign adversary; or
21	(iv) an entity owned or controlled, di-
22	rectly or indirectly, by an entity identified
23	in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); or
24	(B) a covered company that—

1	(i) is controlled by a foreign adver-
2	sary; and
3	(ii) that is determined by the Presi-
4	dent to present a significant threat to the
5	national security of the United States fol-
6	lowing the issuance of—
7	(I) a public notice proposing such
8	determination; and
9	(II) a public report to Congress,
10	submitted not less than 30 days be-
11	fore such determination, describing
12	the specific national security concern
13	involved and containing a classified
14	annex and a description of what as-
15	sets would need to be divested to exe-
16	cute a qualified divestiture.
17	(4) Foreign adversary country.—The term
18	"foreign adversary country" means a country speci-
19	fied in section 4872(d)(2) of title 10, United States
20	Code.
21	(5) Internet hosting service.—The term
22	"internet hosting service" means a service through
23	which storage and computing resources are provided
24	to an individual or organization for the accommoda-
25	tion and maintenance of 1 or more websites or on-

- line services, and which may include file hosting, domain name server hosting, cloud hosting, and virtual private server hosting.
  - (6) QUALIFIED DIVESTITURE.—The term "qualified divestiture" means a divestiture or similar transaction that—
    - (A) the President determines, through an interagency process, would result in the relevant foreign adversary controlled application no longer being controlled by a foreign adversary; and
    - (B) the President determines, through an interagency process, precludes the establishment or maintenance of any operational relationship between the United States operations of the relevant foreign adversary controlled application and any formerly affiliated entities that are controlled by a foreign adversary, including any cooperation with respect to the operation of a content recommendation algorithm or an agreement with respect to data sharing.
  - (7) Source code.—The term "source code" means the combination of text and other characters comprising the content, both viewable and nonviewable, of a software application, including any

- 1 publishing language, programming language, pro-
- 2 tocol, or functional content, as well as any successor
- 3 languages or protocols.
- 4 (8) United states.—The term "United
- 5 States" includes the territories of the United States.

### 6 SEC. 3. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- 7 (a) RIGHT OF ACTION.—A petition for review chal-
- 8 lenging this division or any action, finding, or determina-
- 9 tion under this division may be filed only in the United
- 10 States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Cir-
- 11 cuit.
- 12 (b) EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION.—The United States
- 13 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall
- 14 have exclusive jurisdiction over any challenge to this divi-
- 15 sion or any action, finding, or determination under this
- 16 division.
- 17 (c) Statute of Limitations.—A challenge may
- 18 only be brought—
- 19 (1) in the case of a challenge to this division,
- 20 not later than 165 days after the date of the enact-
- 21 ment of this Act; and
- 22 (2) in the case of a challenge to any action,
- finding, or determination under this division, not
- later than 90 days after the date of such action,
- 25 finding, or determination.

1	DIVISION E—PROTECTING
2	AMERICANS' DATA FROM
3	FOREIGN ADVERSARIES ACT
4	OF 2024
5	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
6	This division may be cited as the "Protecting Ameri-
7	cans' Data from Foreign Adversaries Act of 2024".
8	SEC. 2. PROHIBITION ON TRANSFER OF PERSONALLY IDEN-
9	TIFIABLE SENSITIVE DATA OF UNITED
10	STATES INDIVIDUALS TO FOREIGN ADVER-
11	SARIES.
12	(a) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for a data
13	broker to sell, license, rent, trade, transfer, release, dis-
14	close, provide access to, or otherwise make available per-
15	sonally identifiable sensitive data of a United States indi-
16	vidual to—
17	(1) any foreign adversary country; or
18	(2) any entity that is controlled by a foreign ad-
19	versary.
20	(b) Enforcement by Federal Trade Commis-
21	SION.—
22	(1) Unfair or deceptive acts or prac-
23	TICES.—A violation of this section shall be treated
24	as a violation of a rule defining an unfair or a de-
25	ceptive act or practice under section 18(a)(1)(B) of

1	the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
2	57a(a)(1)(B)).
3	(2) Powers of commission.—
4	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
5	enforce this section in the same manner, by the
6	same means, and with the same jurisdiction
7	powers, and duties as though all applicable
8	terms and provisions of the Federal Trade
9	Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were in-
10	corporated into and made a part of this section
11	(B) Privileges and immunities.—Any
12	person who violates this section shall be subject
13	to the penalties and entitled to the privileges
14	and immunities provided in the Federal Trade
15	Commission Act.
16	(3) Authority Preserved.—Nothing in this
17	section may be construed to limit the authority of
18	the Commission under any other provision of law.
19	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
20	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
21	means the Federal Trade Commission.
22	(2) Controlled by a foreign adversary.—
23	The term "controlled by a foreign adversary" means,
24	with respect to an individual or entity, that such in-
25	dividual or entity is—

1	(A) a foreign person that is domiciled in,
2	is headquartered in, has its principal place of
3	business in, or is organized under the laws of
4	a foreign adversary country;
5	(B) an entity with respect to which a for-
6	eign person or combination of foreign persons
7	described in subparagraph (A) directly or indi-
8	rectly own at least a 20 percent stake; or
9	(C) a person subject to the direction or
10	control of a foreign person or entity described
11	in subparagraph (A) or (B).
12	(3) Data Broker.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "data
14	broker" means an entity that, for valuable con-
15	sideration, sells, licenses, rents, trades, trans-
16	fers, releases, discloses, provides access to, or
17	otherwise makes available data of United States
18	individuals that the entity did not collect di-
19	rectly from such individuals to another entity
20	that is not acting as a service provider.
21	(B) Exclusion.—The term "data broker"
22	does not include an entity to the extent such
23	entity—
24	(i) is transmitting data of a United
25	States individual, including communica-

1	tions of such an individual, at the request
2	or direction of such individual;
3	(ii) is providing, maintaining, or offer-
4	ing a product or service with respect to
5	which personally identifiable sensitive data,
6	or access to such data, is not the product
7	or service;
8	(iii) is reporting or publishing news or
9	information that concerns local, national,
10	or international events or other matters of
11	public interest;
12	(iv) is reporting, publishing, or other-
13	wise making available news or information
14	that is available to the general public—
15	(I) including information from—
16	(aa) a book, magazine, tele-
17	phone book, or online directory;
18	(bb) a motion picture;
19	(cc) a television, internet, or
20	radio program;
21	(dd) the news media; or
22	(ee) an internet site that is
23	available to the general public on
24	an unrestricted basis; and

1	(II) not including an obscene vis-
2	ual depiction (as such term is used in
3	section 1460 of title 18, United States
4	Code); or
5	(v) is acting as a service provider.
6	(4) Foreign adversary country.—The term
7	"foreign adversary country" means a country speci-
8	fied in section 4872(d)(2) of title 10, United States
9	Code.
10	(5) Personally identifiable sensitive
11	DATA.—The term "personally identifiable sensitive
12	data" means any sensitive data that identifies or is
13	linked or reasonably linkable, alone or in combina-
14	tion with other data, to an individual or a device
15	that identifies or is linked or reasonably linkable to
16	an individual.
17	(6) Precise Geolocation information.—
18	The term "precise geolocation information" means
19	information that—
20	(A) is derived from a device or technology
21	of an individual; and
22	(B) reveals the past or present physical lo-
23	cation of an individual or device that identifies
24	or is linked or reasonably linkable to 1 or more
25	individuals, with sufficient precision to identify

1	street level location information of an individual
2	or device or the location of an individual or de-
3	vice within a range of 1,850 feet or less.
4	(7) Sensitive data.—The term "sensitive
5	data" includes the following:
6	(A) A government-issued identifier, such as
7	a Social Security number, passport number, or
8	driver's license number.
9	(B) Any information that describes or re-
10	veals the past, present, or future physical
11	health, mental health, disability, diagnosis, or
12	healthcare condition or treatment of an indi-
13	vidual.
14	(C) A financial account number, debit card
15	number, credit card number, or information
16	that describes or reveals the income level or
17	bank account balances of an individual.
18	(D) Biometric information.
19	(E) Genetic information.
20	(F) Precise geolocation information.
21	(G) An individual's private communica-
22	tions such as voicemails, emails, texts, direct
23	messages, mail, voice communications, and
24	video communications, or information identi-
25	fying the parties to such communications or

1	pertaining to the transmission of such commu-
2	nications, including telephone numbers called,
3	telephone numbers from which calls were
4	placed, the time calls were made, call duration,
5	and location information of the parties to the
6	call.
7	(H) Account or device log-in credentials, or
8	security or access codes for an account or de-
9	vice.
10	(I) Information identifying the sexual be-
11	havior of an individual.
12	(J) Calendar information, address book in-
13	formation, phone or text logs, photos, audio re-
14	cordings, or videos, maintained for private use
15	by an individual, regardless of whether such in-
16	formation is stored on the individual's device or
17	is accessible from that device and is backed up
18	in a separate location.
19	(K) A photograph, film, video recording, or
20	other similar medium that shows the naked or
21	undergarment-clad private area of an indi-
22	vidual.
23	(L) Information revealing the video con-

tent requested or selected by an individual.

1	(M) Information about an individual under
2	the age of 17.
3	(N) An individual's race, color, ethnicity,
4	or religion.
5	(O) Information identifying an individual's
6	online activities over time and across websites
7	or online services.
8	(P) Information that reveals the status of
9	an individual as a member of the Armed
10	Forces.
11	(Q) Any other data that a data broker
12	sells, licenses, rents, trades, transfers, releases,
13	discloses, provides access to, or otherwise makes
14	available to a foreign adversary country, or en-
15	tity that is controlled by a foreign adversary,
16	for the purpose of identifying the types of data
17	listed in subparagraphs (A) through (P).
18	(8) Service provider.—The term "service
19	provider" means an entity that—
20	(A) collects, processes, or transfers data on
21	behalf of, and at the direction of—
22	(i) an individual or entity that is not
23	a foreign adversary country or controlled
24	by a foreign adversary; or

1	(ii) a Federal, State, Tribal, terri-
2	torial, or local government entity; and
3	(B) receives data from or on behalf of an
4	individual or entity described in subparagraph
5	(A)(i) or a Federal, State, Tribal, territorial, or
6	local government entity.
7	(9) United States individual.—The term
8	"United States individual" means a natural person
9	residing in the United States.
10	(d) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
11	on the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment
12	of this Act.
13	DIVISION F—SHIP ACT
13 14	DIVISION F—SHIP ACT SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
14	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.  This division may be cited as the "Stop Harboring"
14 15 16 17	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.  This division may be cited as the "Stop Harboring Iranian Petroleum Act" or the "SHIP Act".
14 15 16 17	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.  This division may be cited as the "Stop Harboring Iranian Petroleum Act" or the "SHIP Act".  SEC. 2. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.  This division may be cited as the "Stop Harboring Iranian Petroleum Act" or the "SHIP Act".  SEC. 2. STATEMENT OF POLICY.  It is the policy of the United States—  (1) to deny Iran the ability to engage in destabilizing activities, support international terrorism, fund the development and acquisition of weapons of

1	(2) to deny Iran funds to oppress and commit
2	human rights violations against the Iranian people
3	assembling to peacefully redress the Iranian regime
4	(3) to fully enforce sanctions against those enti-
5	ties which provide support to the Iranian energy sec-
6	tor; and
7	(4) to counter Iran's actions to finance and fa-
8	cilitate the participation of foreign terrorist organi-
9	zations in ongoing conflicts and illicit activities due
10	to the threat such actions pose to the vital national
11	interests of the United States.
12	SEC. 3. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO IRA
13	NIAN PETROLEUM.
14	(a) In General.—On and after the date that is 180
15	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and ex-
16	cept as provided in subsection (e)(2), the President shall
17	impose the sanctions described in subsection (c) with re-
18	
	spect to each foreign person that the President determines
19	knowingly engaged, on or after such date of enactment.
19 20	
	knowingly engaged, on or after such date of enactment

23 eign person—

1	(1) owns or operates a foreign port at which, on
2	or after the date of the enactment of this Act, such
3	person knowingly permits to dock a vessel—
4	(A) that is included on the list of specially
5	designated nationals and blocked persons main-
6	tained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control
7	of the Department of the Treasury for trans-
8	porting Iranian crude oil or petroleum products;
9	or
10	(B) of which the operator or owner of such
11	vessel otherwise knowingly engages in a signifi-
12	cant transaction involving such vessel to trans-
13	port, offload, or deal in significant transactions
14	in condensate, refined, or unrefined petroleum
15	products, or other petrochemical products origi-
16	nating from the Islamic Republic of Iran;
17	(2) owns or operates a vessel through which
18	such owner knowingly conducts a ship to ship trans-
19	fer involving a significant transaction of any petro-

(3) owns or operates a refinery through which such owner knowingly engages in a significant transaction to process, refine, or otherwise deal in any pe-

leum product originating from the Islamic Republic

of Iran;

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1	troleum product originating from the Islamic Repub-
2	lic of Iran;
3	(4) is a covered family member of a foreign per-
4	son described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3); or
5	(5) is owned or controlled by a foreign person
6	described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3), and know-
7	ingly engages in an activity described in paragraph
8	(1), (2), or (3).
9	(c) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
10	scribed in this subsection with respect to a foreign person
11	described in subsection (a) are the following:
12	(1) Sanctions on Foreign Vessels.—Subject
13	to such regulations as the President may prescribe
14	the President may prohibit a vessel described in sub-
15	section (b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B) from landing at any
16	port in the United States—
17	(A) with respect to a vessel described in
18	subsection (b)(1)(A), for a period of not more
19	than 2 years beginning on the date on which
20	the President imposes sanctions with respect to
21	a related foreign port described in subsection
22	(b)(1)(A); and
23	(B) with respect to a vessel described in
24	subsection (b)(1)(B), for a period of not more
25	than 2 years

1	(2) Blocking of Property.—The President
2	shall exercise all of the powers granted to the Presi-
3	dent under the International Emergency Economic
4	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent
5	necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in
6	property and interests in property of the foreign per-
7	son if such property and interests in property are in
8	the United States, come within the United States, or
9	are or come within the possession or control of a
10	United States person.
11	(3) Ineligibility for visas, admission, or
12	PAROLE.—
13	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
14	alien described in subsection (a) is—
15	(i) inadmissible to the United States
16	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
17	documentation to enter the United States
18	and
19	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
20	or paroled into the United States or to re-
21	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
22	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
23	seq.).
24	(B) Current visas revoked.—

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien described
2	in subsection (a) is subject to revocation of
3	any visa or other entry documentation re-
4	gardless of when the visa or other entry
5	documentation is or was issued.
6	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
7	tion under clause (i) shall take effect im-
8	mediately and automatically cancel any
9	other valid visa or entry documentation
10	that is in the alien's possession.
11	(C) Exceptions.—Sanctions under this
12	paragraph shall not apply with respect to an
13	alien if admitting or paroling the alien into the
14	United States is necessary—
15	(i) to permit the United States to
16	comply with the Agreement regarding the
17	Headquarters of the United Nations,
18	signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947,
19	and entered into force November 21, 1947,
20	between the United Nations and the
21	United States, or other applicable inter-
22	national obligations; or
23	(ii) to carry out or assist law enforce-
24	ment activity in the United States.

(4) Penalties.—The penalties provided for in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) shall apply to a person that violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of this section or any regulations promulgated to carry out this section to the same extent that such penalties apply to a person that commits an unlawful act described in section 206(a) of that Act.

### (d) Rules of Construction.—

- (1) For purposes of determinations under subsection (a) that a foreign person engaged in activities described in subsection (b), a foreign person shall not be determined to know that petroleum or petroleum products originated from Iran if such person relied on a certificate of origin or other documentation confirming that the origin of the petroleum or petroleum products was a country other than Iran, unless such person knew or had reason to know that such documentation was falsified.
- (2) Nothing in this division shall be construed to affect the availability of any existing authorities to issue waivers, exceptions, exemptions, licenses, or other authorization.

1	(e) Implementation; Regulations.—
2	(1) In general.—The President may exercise
3	all authorities under sections 203 and 205 of the
4	International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
5	U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) for purposes of carrying out
6	this section.
7	(2) Deadline for regulations.—Not later
8	than 180 days after the date of the enactment of
9	this Act, the President shall prescribe such regula-
10	tions as may be necessary for the implementation of
11	this division.
12	(3) Notification to congress.—Not later
13	than 10 days before the prescription of regulations
14	under paragraph (2), the President shall brief and
15	provide written notification to the appropriate con-
16	gressional committees regarding—
17	(A) the proposed regulations; and
18	(B) the specific provisions of this division
19	that the regulations are implementing.
20	(f) Exception for Humanitarian Assistance.—
21	(1) In general.—Sanctions under this section
22	shall not apply to—
23	(A) the conduct or facilitation of a trans-
24	action for the provision of agricultural commod-
25	ities food medicine medical devices or human.

1	itarian assistance, or for humanitarian pur-
2	poses; or
3	(B) transactions that are necessary for or
4	related to the activities described in subpara-
5	graph (A).
6	(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:
7	(A) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The
8	term "agricultural commodity" has the meaning
9	given that term in section 102 of the Agricul-
10	tural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).
11	(B) Medical device.—The term "med-
12	ical device" has the meaning given the term
13	"device" in section 201 of the Federal Food,
14	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
15	(C) Medicine.—The term "medicine" has
16	the meaning given the term "drug" in section
17	201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
18	Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
19	(g) Exception for Safety of Vessels and
20	CREW.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply with
21	respect to a person providing provisions to a vessel other-
22	wise subject to sanctions under this section if such provi-
23	sions are intended for the safety and care of the crew
24	aboard the vessel, the protection of human life aboard the

1 vessel, or the maintenance of the vessel to avoid any envi-2 ronmental or other significant damage.

## (h) Waiver.—

- (1) In General.—The President may, on a case-by-case basis and for periods not to exceed 180 days each, waive the application of sanctions imposed with respect to a foreign person under this section if the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees, not later than 15 days after such waiver is to take effect, that the waiver is vital to the national interests of the United States.
- (2) Special rule.—The President shall not be required to impose sanctions under this section with respect to a foreign person described in subsection (a) if the President certifies in writing to the appropriate congressional committees that the foreign person—
- (A) is no longer engaging in activities described in subsection (b); or
- 20 (B) has taken and is continuing to take 21 significant, verifiable steps toward permanently 22 terminating such activities.
- 23 (i) TERMINATION.—The authorities provided by this 24 section shall cease to have effect on and after the date

1	that is 30 days after the date on which the President cer-
2	tifies to the appropriate congressional committees that—
3	(1) the Government of Iran no longer repeat-
4	edly provides support for international terrorism as
5	determined by the Secretary of State pursuant to—
6	(A) section $1754(c)(1)(A)$ of the Export
7	Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C
8	4318(c)(1)(A));
9	(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance
10	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
11	(C) section 40 of the Arms Export Control
12	Act (22 U.S.C. 2780); or
13	(D) any other provision of law; and
14	(2) Iran has ceased the pursuit, acquisition
15	and development of, and verifiably dismantled, its
16	nuclear, biological, and chemical weapons, ballistic
17	missiles, and ballistic missile launch technology.
18	SEC. 4. REPORT ON IRANIAN PETROLEUM AND PETRO
19	LEUM PRODUCTS EXPORTS.
20	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
21	date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
22	until the date described in subsection (d), the Adminis-
23	trator of the Energy Information Administration shall
24	submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-

1	port describing Iran's growing exports of petroleum and
2	petroleum products, that includes the following:
3	(1) An analysis of Iran's exports and sale of pe-
4	troleum and petroleum products, including—
5	(A) an estimate of Iran's petroleum export
6	and sale revenue per year since 2018;
7	(B) an estimate of Iran's petroleum export
8	and sale revenue to China per year since 2018
9	(C) the amount of petroleum and crude of
10	barrels exported per year since 2018;
11	(D) the amount of petroleum and crude of
12	barrels exported to China per year since 2018
13	(E) the amount of petroleum and crude of
14	barrels exported to countries other than China
15	per year since 2018;
16	(F) the average price per petroleum and
17	crude oil barrel exported per year since 2018
18	and
19	(G) the average price per petroleum and
20	crude oil barrel exported to China per year
21	since 2018.
22	(2) An analysis of Iran's labeling practices of
23	exported petroleum and petroleum products.

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1	(3) A description of companies involved in the
2	exporting and sale of Iranian petroleum and petro-
3	leum products.
4	(4) A description of ships involved in the ex-
5	porting and sale of Iranian petroleum and petroleum
6	products.
7	(5) A description of ports involved in the ex-
8	porting and sale of Iranian petroleum and petroleum
9	products.
10	(b) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)
11	shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include
12	a classified annex.
13	(c) Publication.—The unclassified portion of the
14	report required by subsection (a) shall be posted on a pub-
15	licly available website of the Energy Information Adminis-
16	tration.
17	(d) TERMINATION.—The requirement to submit re-
18	ports under this section shall be terminated on the date
19	on which the President makes the certification described
20	in section 3(f).
21	SEC. 5. STRATEGY TO COUNTER ROLE OF THE PEOPLE'S

- 22 REPUBLIC OF CHINA IN EVASION OF SANC-
- 23 TIONS WITH RESPECT TO IRAN.
- 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the
- 25 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,

1	in consultation with the heads of other appropriate Fed-
2	eral agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congres-
3	sional committees a written strategy, and provide to those
4	committees an accompanying briefing, on the role of the
5	People's Republic of China in evasion of sanctions imposed
6	by the United States with respect to Iranian-origin petro-
7	leum products that includes an assessment of options—
8	(1) to strengthen the enforcement of such sanc-
9	tions; and
10	(2) to expand sanctions designations targeting
11	the involvement of the People's Republic of China in
12	the production, transportation, storage, refining, and
13	sale of Iranian-origin petroleum products.
14	(b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection
15	(a) shall include—
16	(1) a description and assessment of the use of
17	sanctions in effect before the date of the enactment
18	of this Act to target individuals and entities of the
19	People's Republic of China that are directly or indi-
20	rectly associated with smuggling of Iranian-origin
21	petroleum products;
22	(2) an assessment of—
23	(A) Iranian-owned entities operating in the
24	People's Republic of China and involved in pe-
25	troleum refining supply chains;

1	(B) the People's Republic of China's role
2	in global petroleum refining supply chains;
3	(C) how the People's Republic of China
4	leverages its role in global petroleum supply
5	chains to achieve political objectives;
6	(D) the People's Republic of China's petro-
7	leum importing and exporting partners;
8	(E) what percent of the People's Republic
9	of China's energy consumption is linked to ille-
10	gally imported Iranian-origin petroleum prod-
11	ucts; and
12	(F) what level of influence the Chinese
13	Communist Party holds over non-state, semi-
14	independent "teapot" refineries;
15	(3) a detailed plan for—
16	(A) monitoring the maritime domain for
17	sanctionable activity related to smuggling of
18	Iranian-origin petroleum products;
19	(B) identifying the individuals, entities,
20	and vessels engaging in sanctionable activity re-
21	lated to Iranian-origin petroleum products, in-
22	cluding—
23	(i) vessels—
24	(I) transporting petrochemicals
25	subject to sanctions;

1	(II) conducting ship-to-ship
2	transfers of such petrochemicals;
3	(III) with deactivated automatic
4	identification systems; or
5	(IV) that engage in "flag hop-
6	ping" by changing national registries;
7	(ii) individuals or entities—
8	(I) storing petrochemicals subject
9	to sanctions; or
10	(II) refining or otherwise proc-
11	essing such petrochemicals; and
12	(iii) through the use of port entry and
13	docking permission of vessels subject to
14	sanctions;
15	(C) deterring individuals and entities from
16	violating sanctions by educating and engag-
17	ing—
18	(i) insurance providers;
19	(ii) parent companies; and
20	(iii) vessel operators;
21	(D) collaborating with allies and partners
22	of the United States engaged in the Arabian
23	Peninsula, including through standing or new
24	maritime task forces, to build sanctions enforce-

1	ment capacity through assistance and training
2	to defense and law enforcement services; and
3	(E) using public communications and glob-
4	al diplomatic engagements to highlight the role
5	of illicit petroleum product smuggling in bol-
6	stering Iran's support for terrorism and its nu-
7	clear program; and
8	(4) an assessment of—
9	(A) the total number of vessels smuggling
10	Iranian-origin petroleum products;
11	(B) the total number of vessels smuggling
12	such petroleum products destined for the Peo-
13	ple's Republic of China;
14	(C) the number of vessels smuggling such
15	petroleum products specifically from the Islamic
16	Revolutionary Guard Corps;
17	(D) interference by the People's Republic
18	of China with attempts by the United States to
19	investigate or enforce sanctions on illicit Ira-
20	nian petroleum product exports;
21	(E) the effectiveness of the use of sanc-
22	tions with respect to insurers of entities that
23	own or operate vessels involved in smuggling
24	Iranian-origin petroleum products;

1	(F) the personnel and resources needed to
2	enforce sanctions with respect to Iranian-origin
3	petroleum products; and
4	(G) the impact of smuggled illicit Iranian-
5	origin petroleum products on global energy
6	markets.
7	(c) FORM.—The strategy required by subsection (a)
8	shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include
9	a classified index.
10	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this division:
12	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
13	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
14	mittees" means—
15	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
16	Committee on the Judiciary, and the Com-
17	mittee on Financial Services of the House of
18	Representatives; and
19	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
20	the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Com-
21	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
22	of the Senate.
23	(2) COVERED FAMILY MEMBER.—The term
24	"covered family member", with respect to a foreign
25	person who is an individual, means a spouse, adult

- 1 child, parent, or sibling of the person who engages
- 2 in the sanctionable activity described under section
- 3 or who demonstrably benefits from such activity.

## 4 DIVISION G—FIGHT CRIME ACT

- 5 SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 6 This division may be cited as the "Fight and Combat
- 7 Rampant Iranian Missile Exports Act" or the "Fight
- 8 CRIME Act".
- 9 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 10 Congress makes the following findings:
- 11 (1) Annex B to United Nations Security Coun-
- cil Resolution 2231 (2015) restricts certain missile-
- related activities and transfers to and from Iran, in-
- cluding all items, materials, equipment, goods, and
- technology set out in the Missile Technology Control
- Regime Annex, absent advance, case-by-case ap-
- proval from the United Nations Security Council.
- 18 (2) Iran has transferred Shahed and Mohajer
- drones, covered under the Missile Technology Con-
- trol Regime Annex, to the Russian Federation, the
- Government of Ethiopia, and other Iran-aligned en-
- tities, including the Houthis in Yemen and militia
- units in Iraq, without prior authorization from the
- 24 United Nations Security Council, in violation of the

1 restrictions set forth in Annex B to United Nations 2 Security Council Resolution 2231. 3 (3) Certain missile-related restrictions in Annex B to United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231 expired in October 2023, removing inter-5 6 national legal restrictions on missile-related activities 7 and transfers to and from Iran. 8 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY. 9 It is the policy of the United States— 10 (1) to urgently seek the extension of missile-re-11 lated restrictions set forth in Annex B to United Na-12 tions Security Council Resolution 2231 (2015); 13 (2) to use all available authorities to constrain 14 Iran's domestic ballistic missile production capabili-15 ties; 16 (3) to combat and deter the transfer of conven-17 tional and non-conventional arms, equipment, mate-18 rial, and technology to, or from Iran, or involving 19 the Government of Iran; and 20 (4) to ensure countries, individuals, and entities 21 engaged in, or attempting to engage in, the acquisi-22 tion, facilitation, or development of arms and related 23 components and technology subject to restrictions

under Annex B to United Nations Security Council

Resolution 2231 are held to account under United

24

- 1 States and international law, including through the
- 2 application and enforcement of sanctions and use of
- 3 export controls, regardless of whether the restric-
- 4 tions under Annex B to United Nations Security
- 5 Council Resolution 2231 remain in effect following
- 6 their anticipated expiration in October 2023.

#### 7 SEC. 4. REPORT.

- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
- 9 date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
- 10 for two years, the Secretary of State, in coordination with
- 11 the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall sub-
- 12 mit to the appropriate congressional committees an un-
- 13 classified report, with a classified annex if necessary, that
- 14 includes the following:
- 15 (1) A diplomatic strategy to secure the renewal
- of international restrictions on certain missile-re-
- lated activities, including transfers to and from Iran
- set forth in Annex B to United Nations Security
- 19 Council Resolution 2231 (2015).
- 20 (2) An analysis of how the expiration of missile-
- 21 related restrictions set forth in Annex B to United
- Nations Security Council Resolution 2231 impacts
- 23 the Government of Iran's arms proliferation and ma-
- lign activities, including as the restrictions relate to

- 1 cooperation with, and support for, Iran-aligned enti-2 ties and allied countries.
  - (3) An assessment of the revenue, or in-kind benefits, accrued by the Government of Iran, or Iran-aligned entities, as a result of a lapse in missile-related restrictions set forth in Annex B to United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231.
    - (4) A detailed description of a United States strategy to deter, prevent, and disrupt the sale, purchase, or transfer of covered technology involving Iran absent restrictions pursuant to Annex B to United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231.
    - (5) An identification of any foreign person engaging in, enabling, or otherwise facilitating any activity involving Iran restricted under Annex B to United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231, regardless of whether such restrictions remain in effect after October 2023.
    - (6) A description of actions by the United Nations and other multilateral organizations, including the European Union, to hold accountable foreign persons that have violated the restrictions set forth in Annex B to United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231, and efforts to prevent further violations of such restrictions.

- 1 (7) A description of actions by individual mem-2 ber states of the United Nations Security Council to 3 hold accountable foreign persons that have violated 4 restrictions set forth in Annex B to United Nations 5 Security Council Resolution 2231 and efforts to pre-6 vent further violations of such restrictions.
  - (8) A description of actions by the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, or any other country to prevent, interfere with, or undermine efforts to hold accountable foreign persons that have violated the restrictions set forth in Annex B to United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231, including actions to restrict United Nations-led investigations into suspected violations of such restrictions, or limit funding to relevant United Nations of-fices or experts.
  - (9) An analysis of the foreign and domestic supply chains in Iran that directly or indirectly facilitate, support, or otherwise aid the Government of Iran's drone or missile program, including storage, transportation, or flight-testing of related goods, technology, or components.
  - (10) An identification of any foreign person, or network containing foreign persons, that enables, supports, or otherwise facilitates the operations or

1	maintenance of any Iranian airline subject to United
2	States sanctions or export control restrictions.
3	(11) An assessment of how the continued oper-

- ation of Iranian airlines subject to United States sanctions or export control restrictions impacts the Government of Iran's ability to transport or develop arms, including covered technology.
- 8 (b) Scope.—The initial report required by subsection 9 (a) shall address the period beginning on January 1, 2021, 10 and ending on the date that is 90 days after date of the 11 enactment of this Act, and each subsequent report shall 12 address the one-year period following the conclusion of the 13 prior report.

# 14 SEC. 5. SANCTIONS TO COMBAT THE PROLIFERATION OF

- 15 IRANIAN MISSILES.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The sanctions described in sub-17 section (b) shall apply to any foreign person the President 18 determines, on or after the date of the enactment of this 19 Act—
- 20 (1) knowingly engages in any effort to acquire, 21 possess, develop, transport, transfer, or deploy cov-22 ered technology to, from, or involving the Govern-23 ment of Iran or Iran-aligned entities, regardless of 24 whether the restrictions set forth in Annex B to

- United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231
   (2015) remain in effect after October 2023;
- 3 (2) knowingly provides entities owned or con-4 trolled by the Government of Iran or Iran-aligned 5 entities with goods, technology, parts, or compo-6 nents, that may contribute to the development of 7 covered technology;
  - (3) knowingly participates in joint missile or drone development, including development of covered technology, with the Government of Iran or Iranaligned entities, including technical training, storage, and transport;
  - (4) knowingly imports, exports, or re-exports to, into, or from Iran, whether directly or indirectly, any significant arms or related material prohibited under paragraph (5) or (6) to Annex B of United Nations Security Council Resolution 2231 (2015) as of April 1, 2023;
  - (5) knowingly provides significant financial, material, or technological support to, or knowingly engages in a significant transaction with, a foreign person subject to sanctions for conduct described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4); or

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1	(6) is an adult family member of a person sub-
2	ject to sanctions for conduct described in paragraph
3	(1), (2), (3), or (4).
4	(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
5	scribed in this subsection are the following:
6	(1) Blocking of Property.—The President
7	shall exercise all authorities granted under the Inter-
8	national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
9	U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent necessary to block
10	and prohibit all transactions in property and inter-
11	ests in property of the foreign person if such prop-
12	erty and interests in property are in the United
13	States, come within the United States, or come with-
14	in the possession or control of a United States per-
15	son.
16	(2) Ineligibility for visas, admission, or
17	PAROLE.—
18	(A) Visas, admission, or parole.—An
19	alien described in subsection (a) shall be—
20	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
21	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
22	documentation to enter the United States;
23	and
24	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
25	or paroled into the United States or to re-

1	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
2	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
3	16 seq.).
4	(B) Current visas revoked.—
5	(i) IN GENERAL.—The visa or other
6	entry documentation of any alien described
7	in subsection (a) is subject to revocation
8	regardless of the issue date of the visa or
9	other entry documentation.
10	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
11	tion under clause (i) shall, in accordance
12	with section 221(i) of the Immigration and
13	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i))—
14	(I) take effect immediately; and
15	(II) cancel any other valid visa or
16	entry documentation that is in the
17	possession of the alien.
18	(c) Penalties.—Any person that violates, or at-
19	tempts to violate, subsection (b) or any regulation, license,
20	or order issued pursuant to that subsection, shall be sub-
21	ject to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c)
22	of section 206 of the International Economic Powers Act
23	(50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that com-
24	mits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) of that
25	section.

- 1 (d) Waiver.—The President may waive the applica-
- 2 tion of sanctions under this section with respect to a for-
- 3 eign person for renewable periods not to exceed 180 days
- 4 only if, not later than 15 days after the date on which
- 5 the waiver is to take effect, the President submits to the
- 6 appropriate congressional committees a written deter-
- 7 mination and justification that the waiver is in the vital
- 8 national security interests of the United States.
- 9 (e) Implementation.—The President may exercise
- 10 all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the
- 11 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
- 12 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out any amendments
- 13 made by this section.
- 14 (f) REGULATIONS.—
- 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall, not
- later than 120 days after the date of the enactment
- of this Act, promulgate regulations as necessary for
- the implementation of this division and the amend-
- ments made by this division.
- 20 (2) Notification to congress.—Not less
- 21 than 10 days before the promulgation of regulations
- 22 under subsection (a), the President shall notify the
- appropriate congressional committees of the pro-
- posed regulations and the provisions of this division

and the amendments made by this division that the regulations are implementing.

## (g) Exceptions.—

- (1) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply to any activity subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intelligence activities of the United States.
- (2) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under this section
  shall not apply with respect to an alien if admitting
  or paroling the alien into the United States is necessary—
  - (A) to permit the United States to comply with the Agreement regarding the Head-quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the United States, or other applicable international obligations; or
  - (B) to carry out or assist authorized law enforcement activity in the United States.

1	(h) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—This section
2	shall cease to be effective beginning on the date that is
3	30 days after the date on which the President certifies
4	to the appropriate congressional committees that—
5	(1) the Government of Iran no longer repeat-
6	edly provides support for international terrorism as
7	determined by the Secretary of State pursuant to—
8	(A) section $1754(c)(1)(A)$ of the Export
9	Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C.
10	4318(c)(1)(A));
11	(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance
12	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
13	(C) section 40 of the Arms Export Control
14	Act (22 U.S.C. 2780); or
15	(D) any other provision of law; and
16	(2) Iran has ceased the pursuit, acquisition,
17	and development of, and verifiably dismantled its,
18	nuclear, biological, and chemical weapons and bal-
19	listic missiles and ballistic missile launch technology

1	SEC. 6. REPORT TO IDENTIFY, AND DESIGNATION AS FOR-
2	EIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS OF, IRA-
3	NIAN PERSONS THAT HAVE ATTACKED
4	UNITED STATES CITIZENS USING UNMANNED
5	COMBAT AERIAL VEHICLES.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
7	date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days
8	thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the ap-
9	propriate congressional committees a report that identi-
10	fies, for the period specified in subsection (b), any Iranian
11	person that has attacked a United States citizen using an
12	unmanned combat aerial vehicle, as defined for the pur-
13	pose of the United Nations Register of Conventional
14	Arms.
15	(b) Period Specified.—The period specified in this
16	subsection is—
17	(1) for the initial report, the period—
18	(A) beginning on October 27, 2023; and
19	(B) ending on the date such report is sub-
20	mitted; and
21	(2) for the second or a subsequent report, the
22	period—
23	(A) beginning on the date the preceding
24	report was submitted; and
25	(B) ending on the date such second or sub-
26	sequent report is submitted.

1	(c) Designation of Persons as Foreign Ter-
2	RORIST ORGANIZATIONS.—
3	(1) In general.—The President shall des-
4	ignate any person identified in a report submitted
5	under subsection (a) as a foreign terrorist organiza-
6	tion under section 219 of the Immigration and Nat-
7	uralization Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).
8	(2) REVOCATION.—The President may not re-
9	voke a designation made under paragraph (1) until
10	the date that is 4 years after the date of such des-
11	ignation.
12	(d) WAIVER.—The Secretary of State may waive the
13	requirements of this section upon a determination and cer-
14	tification to the appropriate congressional committees that
15	such a waiver is in the vital national security interests of
16	the United States.
17	(e) Sunset.—This section shall terminate on the
18	date that is 4 years after the date of the enactment of
19	this Act.
20	(f) Iranian Person Defined.—In this section, the
21	term "Iranian person"—
22	(1) means an entity organized under the laws
23	of Iran or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the
24	Government of Iran; and

1	(2) includes the Islamic Revolutionary Guard
2	Corps.
3	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this division:
5	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
6	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
7	mittees" means—
8	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
9	Committee on Financial Services, and the Com-
10	mittee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
11	resentatives; and
12	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
13	the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Com-
14	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
15	of the Senate.
16	(2) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
17	son''—
18	(A) means an individual or entity that is
19	not a United States person; and
20	(B) includes a foreign state (as such term
21	is defined in section 1603 of title 28, United
22	States Code).
23	(3) GOVERNMENT OF IRAN.—The term "Gov-
24	ernment of Iran" has the meaning given such term
25	in section 560 304 of title 31. Code of Federal Reg-

1	ulations, as such section was in effect on January 1,
2	2021.
3	(4) United States Person.—The terms
4	"United States person" means—
5	(A) a United States citizen;
6	(B) a permanent resident alien of the
7	United States;
8	(C) an entity organized under the laws of
9	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
10	the United States, including a foreign branch of
11	such an entity; or
12	(D) a person in the United States.
13	(5) Iran-aligned entity.—The term "Iran-
14	aligned entity" means a foreign person that—
15	(A) is controlled or significantly influenced
16	by the Government of Iran; and
17	(B) knowingly receives material or finan-
18	cial support from the Government of Iran, in-
19	cluding Hezbollah, the Houthis, or any other
20	proxy group that furthers Iran's national secu-
21	rity objectives.
22	(6) Covered Technology.—The term "cov-
23	ered technology" means—
24	(A) any goods, technology, software, or re-
25	lated material specified in the Missile Tech-

1	nology Control Regime Annex, as in effect on
2	the day before the date of the enactment of this
3	Act; and
4	(B) any additional goods, technology, soft-
5	ware, or related material added to the Missile
6	Technology Control Regime Annex after the
7	day before the date of the enactment of this
8	Act.
9	(7) Family member.—The term "family mem-
10	ber'' means—
11	(A) a child, grandchild, parent, grand-
12	parent, sibling, or spouse; and
13	(B) any spouse, widow, or widower of an
14	individual described in subparagraph (A).
15	(8) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly" has
16	the meaning given that term in section 14 of the
17	Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
18	(9) Missile Technology Control Regime.—
19	The term "Missile Technology Control Regime"
20	means the policy statement, between the United
21	States, the United Kingdom, the Federal Republic of
22	Germany, France, Italy, Canada, and Japan, an-
23	nounced on April 16, 1987, to restrict sensitive mis-
24	sile-relevant transfers based on the Missile Tech-
25	nology Control Regime Annex, and any amendments

1	thereto or expansions thereof, as in effect on the day
2	before the date of the enactment of this Act.
3	(10) Missile technology control regime
4	ANNEX.—The term "Missile Technology Control Re-
5	gime Annex" means the Guidelines and Equipment
6	and Technology Annex of the Missile Technology
7	Control Regime, and any amendments thereto or up-
8	dates thereof, as in effect on the day before the date
9	of the enactment of this Act.
10	DIVISION H—MAHSA ACT
11	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
12	This Act may be cited as the "Mahsa Amini Human
13	rights and Security Accountability Act" or the "MAHSA
14	Act".
15	SEC. 2. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS ON IRAN'S SUPREME
16	LEADER'S OFFICE, ITS APPOINTEES, AND ANY
17	AFFILIATED PERSONS.
18	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
19	(1) The Supreme Leader is an institution of the
20	Islamic Republic of Iran.
21	(2) The Supreme Leader holds ultimate author-
22	ity over Iran's judiciary and security apparatus, in-
23	cluding the Ministry of Intelligence and Security,
24	law enforcement forces under the Interior Ministry,
25	the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), and

- the Basij, a nationwide volunteer paramilitary group subordinate to the IRGC, all of which have engaged in human rights abuses in Iran. Additionally the IRGC, a United States designated Foreign Terrorist Organization, which reports to the Supreme Leader, continues to perpetrate terrorism around the globe, including attempts to kill and kidnap American citizens on United States soil.
  - (3) The Supreme Leader appoints the head of Iran's judiciary. International observers continue to criticize the lack of independence of Iran's judicial system and maintained that trials disregarded international standards of fairness.
  - (4) The revolutionary courts, created by Iran's former Supreme Leader Ruhollah Khomeini, within Iran's judiciary, are chiefly responsible for hearing cases of political offenses, operate in parallel to Iran's criminal justice system and routinely hold grossly unfair trials without due process, handing down predetermined verdicts and rubberstamping executions for political purpose.
  - (5) The Iranian security and law enforcement forces engage in serious human rights abuse at the behest of the Supreme Leader.

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- (6) Iran's President, Ebrahim Raisi, sits at the helm of the most sanctioned cabinet in Iranian history which includes internationally sanctioned rights violators. Raisi has supported the recent crackdown on protestors and is a rights violator himself, having served on a "death commission" in 1988 that led to the execution of several thousand political prisoners in Iran. He most recently served as the head of Iran's judiciary, a position appointed by Iran's current Supreme Leader Ali Khamenei, and may likely be a potential candidate to replace Khamenei as Iran's next Supreme Leader.
  - (7) On September 16, 2022, a 22-year-old woman, Mahsa Amini, died in the detention of the Morality Police after being beaten and detained for allegedly transgressing discriminatory dress codes for women. This tragic incident triggered widespread, pro-women's rights, pro-democracy protests across all of Iran's 31 provinces, calling for the end to Iran's theocratic regime.
  - (8) In the course of the protests, the Iranian security forces' violent crackdown includes mass arrests, well documented beating of protestors, throttling of the internet and telecommunications services, and shooting protestors with live ammunition.

1	Iranian security forces have reportedly killed hun-
2	dreds of protestors and other civilians, including
3	women and children, and wounded many more.
4	(9) Iran's Supreme Leader is the leader of the
5	"Axis of Resistance", which is a network of
6	Tehran's terror proxy and partner militias materially
7	supported by the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps
8	that targets the United States as well as its allies
9	and partners.
10	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
11	gress that—
12	(1) the United States shall stand with and sup-
13	port the people of Iran in their demand for funda-
14	mental human rights;
15	(2) the United States shall continue to hold the
16	Islamic Republic of Iran, particularly the Supreme
17	Leader and President, accountable for abuses of
18	human rights, corruption, and export of terrorism;
19	and
20	(3) Iran must immediately end its gross viola-
21	tions of internationally recognized human rights.
22	(c) In General.—
23	(1) DETERMINATION AND REPORT RE-
24	QUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of

1	the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
2	the President shall—
3	(A) determine whether each foreign person
4	described in subsection (d) meets the criteria
5	for imposition of sanctions under one or more
6	of the sanctions programs and authorities listed
7	in paragraph (2);
8	(B) impose applicable sanctions against
9	any foreign person determined to meet the cri-
10	teria for imposition of sanctions pursuant to
11	subparagraph (A) under the sanctions programs
12	and authorities listed in subparagraph (A) or
13	(F) of subsection $(c)(2)$ and pursue applicable
14	sanctions against any foreign person deter-
15	mined to meet the criteria for imposition of
16	sanctions pursuant to subparagraph (A) under
17	the sanctions programs and authorities listed in
18	subparagraph (B), (C), (D), or (E) of sub-
19	section $(c)(2)$ ; and
20	(C) submit to the appropriate congres-
21	sional committees a report in unclassified form,
22	with a classified annex provided separately if
23	needed, containing—
24	(i) a list of all foreign persons de-
25	scribed in subsection (d) that meet the cri-

1 teria for imposition of sanctions under	one
2 or more of the sanctions programs and	au-
thorities listed in paragraph (2); and	
4 (ii) for each foreign person identified	fied
5 pursuant to clause (i)—	
6 (I) a list of each sanctions p	oro-
7 gram or authority listed in paragra	aph
8 (2) for which the person meets	the
9 criteria for imposition of sanctions;	
0 (II) a statement which, if any	, of
1 the sanctions authorized by any of	the
2 sanctions programs and authori	ties
identified pursuant to subclause	(I)
4 have been imposed or will be impo	sed
5 within 30 days of the submission	of
6 the report; and	
7 (III) with respect to which any	y of
8 the sanctions authorized by any of	the
9 sanctions programs and authori	ties
0 identified pursuant to subclause	(I)
1 have not been imposed and will not	t be
2 imposed within 30 days of the subr	nis-
3 sion of the report, the specific auth	10r-
4 ity under which otherwise applica	able
5 sanctions are being waived, have of	oth-

1	erwise been determined not to apply,
2	or are not being imposed and a com-
3	plete justification of the decision to
4	waive or otherwise not apply the sanc-
5	tions authorized by such sanctions
6	programs and authorities.
7	(2) Sanctions listed.—The sanctions listed
8	in this paragraph are the following:
9	(A) Sanctions described in section 105(c)
10	of the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Account-
11	ability, and Divestment Act of 2010 (22 U.S.C.
12	8514(c)).
13	(B) Sanctions applicable with respect to a
14	person pursuant to Executive Order 13553 (50
15	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking property
16	of certain persons with respect to serious
17	human rights abuses by the Government of
18	Iran).
19	(C) Sanctions applicable with respect to a
20	person pursuant to Executive Order 13224 (50
21	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking property
22	and prohibiting transactions with persons who
23	commit, threaten to commit, or support ter-
24	rorism).

- 1 (D) Sanctions applicable with respect to a
  2 person pursuant to Executive Order 13818 (re3 lating to blocking the property of persons in4 volved in serious human rights abuse or corrup5 tion).
  - (E) Sanctions applicable with respect to a person pursuant to Executive Order 13876 (relating to imposing sanctions with respect to Iran).
  - (F) Penalties and visa bans applicable with respect to a person pursuant to section 7031(c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2021.
  - (3) FORM OF DETERMINATION.—The determination required by paragraph (1) shall be provided in an unclassified form but may contain a classified annex provided separately containing additional contextual information pertaining to justification for the issuance of any waiver issued, as described in paragraph (1)(C)(ii). The unclassified portion of such determination shall be made available on a publicly available internet website of the Federal Government.

1	(d) Foreign Persons Described.—The foreign
2	persons described in this subsection are the following:
3	(1) The Supreme Leader of Iran and any offi-
4	cial in the Office of the Supreme Leader of Iran.
5	(2) The President of Iran and any official in
6	the Office of the President of Iran or the President's
7	cabinet, including cabinet ministers and executive
8	vice presidents.
9	(3) Any entity, including foundations and eco-
10	nomic conglomerates, overseen by the Office of the
11	Supreme Leader of Iran which is complicit in financ-
12	ing or resourcing of human rights abuses or support
13	for terrorism.
14	(4) Any official of any entity owned or con-
15	trolled by the Supreme Leader of Iran or the Office
16	of the Supreme Leader of Iran.
17	(5) Any person determined by the President—
18	(A) to be a person appointed by the Su-
19	preme Leader of Iran, the Office of the Su-
20	preme Leader of Iran, the President of Iran, or
21	the Office of the President of Iran to a position

as a state official of Iran, or as the head of any

entity located in Iran or any entity located out-

side of Iran that is owned or controlled by one

or more entities in Iran;

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1	(B) to have materially assisted, sponsored,
2	or provided financial, material, or technological
3	support for, or goods or services to or in sup-
4	port of any person whose property and interests
5	in property are blocked pursuant to any sanc-
6	tions program or authority listed in subsection
7	(e)(2);

- (C) to be owned or controlled by, or to have acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to any sanctions program or authority listed in subsection (c)(2); or
- (D) to be a member of the board of directors or a senior executive officer of any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to any sanctions program or authority listed in subsection (c)(2).

## (e) Congressional Oversight.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after receiving a request from the chairman and ranking member of one of the appropriate congressional committees with respect to whether a foreign person meets the criteria of a person described in subsection (d)(5), the President shall—

1	(A) determine if the person meets such cri-
2	teria; and
3	(B) submit an unclassified report, with a
4	classified annex provided separately if needed,
5	to such chairman and ranking member with re-
6	spect to such determination that includes a
7	statement of whether or not the President im-
8	posed or intends to impose sanctions with re-
9	spect to the person pursuant to any sanctions
10	program or authority listed in subsection (c)(2).
11	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
12	TEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "ap-
13	propriate congressional committees" means—
14	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and
15	the Committee on Financial Services of the
16	House of Representatives; and
17	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
18	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
19	Urban Affairs of the Senate.
20	SEC. 3. SEVERABILITY.
21	If any provision of this division, or the application
22	of such provision to any person or circumstance, is found
23	to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this division, or
24	the application of that provision to other persons or cir-
25	cumstances, shall not be affected.

## DIVISION I—HAMAS AND OTHER **PALESTINIAN TERRORIST** 2 GROUPS INTERNATIONAL FI-3 NANCING PREVENTION ACT 4 5 SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE. 6 This division may be cited as the "Hamas and Other 7 Palestinian Terrorist Groups International Financing Pre-8 vention Act". 9 SEC. 2. STATEMENT OF POLICY. 10 It shall be the policy of the United States— 11 (1) to prevent Hamas, Palestinian Islamic 12 Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, or 13 any affiliate or successor thereof from accessing its 14 international support networks; and 15 (2) to oppose Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic 16 Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or successor thereof from using goods, 17 18 including medicine and dual use items, to smuggle 19 weapons and other materials to further acts of ter-

rorism, including against Israel.

1	SEC. 3. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOR-
2	EIGN PERSONS SUPPORTING ACTS OF TER-
3	RORISM OR ENGAGING IN SIGNIFICANT
4	TRANSACTIONS WITH SENIOR MEMBERS OF
5	HAMAS, PALESTINIAN ISLAMIC JIHAD AND
6	OTHER PALESTINIAN TERRORIST ORGANIZA-
7	TIONS.
8	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the President shall impose
10	the sanctions described in subsection (c) with respect to
11	each foreign person that the President determines, on or
12	after the date of the enactment of this Act, engages in
13	an activity described in subsection (b).
14	(b) Activities Described.—A foreign person en-
15	gages in an activity described in this subsection if the for-
16	eign person knowingly—
17	(1) assists in sponsoring or providing signifi-
18	cant financial, material, or technological support for,
19	or goods or other services to enable, acts of ter-
20	rorism; or
21	(2) engages, directly or indirectly, in a signifi-
22	eant transaction with—
23	(A) a senior member of Hamas, Pales-
24	tinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade,
25	the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or successor
26	thereof; or

1 (B) a senior member of a foreign terrorist
2 organization designated pursuant to section 219
3 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
4 U.S.C. 1189) that is responsible for providing,
5 directly or indirectly, support to Hamas, Pales6 tinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade,
7 the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or successor
8 thereof.

9 (c) Sanctions Described.—The President shall ex-10 ercise all of the powers granted to the President under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 11 12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in property and interests in property of a foreign person described in subsection (a) if such 14 15 property and interests in property are in the United States, come within the United States, or are or come 16 within the possession or control of a United States person. 17 18 (d) Penalties.—The penalties provided for in sub-19

19 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International 20 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) shall 21 apply to a person that violates, attempts to violate, con-22 spires to violate, or causes a violation of this section or 23 any regulations promulgated to carry out this section to 24 the same extent that such penalties apply to a person that

1	commits an unlawful act described in section 206(a) of
2	that Act.
3	(e) Implementation; Regulations.—
4	(1) In general.—The President may exercise
5	all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205
6	of the International Emergency Economic Powers
7	Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) for purposes of car-
8	rying out this section.
9	(2) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 60 days
10	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
11	President shall issue regulations or other guidance
12	as may be necessary for the implementation of this
13	section.
14	(f) Waiver.—The President may waive, on a case-
15	by-case basis and for a period of not more than 180 days,
16	the application of sanctions under this section with respect
17	to a foreign person only if, not later than 15 days prior
18	to the date on which the waiver is to take effect, the Presi-
19	dent submits to the appropriate congressional committees
20	a written determination and justification that the waiver
21	is in the vital national security interests of the United
22	States.
23	(g) Humanitarian Assistance.—
24	(1) In general.—Sanctions under this section
25	shall not apply to—

1	(A) the conduct or facilitation of a trans-
2	action for the provision of agricultural commod-
3	ities, food, medicine, medical devices, or human-
4	itarian assistance, or for humanitarian pur-
5	poses; or
6	(B) transactions that are necessary for or
7	related to the activities described in subpara-
8	graph (A).
9	(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:
10	(A) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The
11	term "agricultural commodity" has the meaning
12	given that term in section 102 of the Agricul-
13	tural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).
14	(B) Medical device.—The term "med-
15	ical device" has the meaning given the term
16	"device" in section 201 of the Federal Food,
17	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
18	(C) Medicine.—The term "medicine" has
19	the meaning given the term "drug" in section
20	201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
21	Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
22	(h) Rule of Construction.—The authority to im-
23	pose sanctions under this section with respect to a foreign
24	person is in addition to the authority to impose sanctions
25	under any other provision of law with respect to a foreign

1	person that directly or indirectly supports acts of inter-
2	national terrorism.
3	SEC. 4. IMPOSITION OF MEASURES WITH RESPECT TO FOR-
4	EIGN STATES PROVIDING SUPPORT TO
5	HAMAS, PALESTINIAN ISLAMIC JIHAD AND
6	OTHER PALESTINIAN TERRORIST ORGANIZA
7	TIONS.
8	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the President shall impose
10	the measures described in subsection (c) with respect to
11	a foreign state if the President determines that the foreign
12	state, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act,
13	engages in an activity described in subsection (b).
14	(b) Activities Described.—A foreign state en-
15	gages in an activity described in this subsection if the for-
16	eign state knowingly—
17	(1) provides significant material or financial
18	support for acts of international terrorism, pursuant
19	to—
20	(A) section 1754(c) of the Export Control
21	Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A));
22	(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance
23	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
24	(C) section 40 of the Arms Export Control
25	Act (22 U.S.C. 2780): or

1	(D) any other provision of law;
2	(2) provides significant material support to
3	Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Mar-
4	tyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or suc-
5	cessor thereof; or
6	(3) engages in a significant transaction that
7	materially contributes, directly or indirectly, to the
8	terrorist activities of Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic
9	Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, or
10	any affiliate or successor thereof.
11	(c) Measures Described.—The measures de-
12	scribed in this subsection with respect to a foreign state
13	are the following:
14	(1) The President shall suspend, for a period of
15	at least 1 year, United States assistance to the for-
16	eign state.
17	(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct
18	the United States Executive Director to each appro-
19	priate international financial institution to oppose
20	and vote against, for a period of 1 year, the exten-
21	sion by such institution of any loan or financial or
22	technical assistance to the government of the foreign
23	state.
24	(3) The President shall prohibit the export of
25	any item on the United States Munitions List (es-

- 1 tablished pursuant to section 38 of the Arms Export
- 2 Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778)) or the Commerce
- 3 Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part
- 4 774 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, to the
- 5 foreign state for a period of 1 year.
- 6 (d) Penalties.—The penalties provided for in sub-
- 7 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International
- 8 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) shall
- 9 apply to a person that violates, attempts to violate, con-
- 10 spires to violate, or causes a violation of this section or
- 11 any regulations promulgated to carry out this section to
- 12 the same extent that such penalties apply to a person that
- 13 commits an unlawful act described in section 206(a) of
- 14 that Act.
- 15 (e) Waiver.—The President may waive, on a case-
- 16 by-case basis and for a period of not more than 180 days,
- 17 the application of measures under this section with respect
- 18 to a foreign state only if, not later than 15 days prior
- 19 to the date on which the waiver is to take effect, the Presi-
- 20 dent submits to the appropriate congressional committees
- 21 a written determination and justification that the waiver
- 22 is in the vital national security interests of the United
- 23 States.
- 24 (f) Implementation; Regulations.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may exercise 2 all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 3 of the International Emergency Economic Powers 4 Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) for purposes of car-5 rying out this section.
  - (2) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall issue regulations or other guidance as may be necessary for the implementation of this section.

## (g) Additional Exemptions.—

- (1) STATUS OF FORCES AGREEMENTS.—The President may exempt the application of measures under this section with respect to a foreign state if the application of such measures would prevent the United States from meeting the terms of any status of forces agreement to which the United States is a party or meeting other obligations relating to the basing of United States service members.
- (2) AUTHORIZED INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—
  Measures under this section shall not apply with respect to any activity subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intelligence activities of the United States.

1	(3) Humanitarian assistance.—
2	(A) In general.—Measures under this
3	section shall not apply to—
4	(i) the conduct or facilitation of a
5	transaction for the provision of agricultural
6	commodities, food, medicine, medical de-
7	vices, or humanitarian assistance, or for
8	humanitarian purposes; or
9	(ii) transactions that are necessary for
10	or related to the activities described in
11	clause (i).
12	(B) Definitions.—In this subsection:
13	(i) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The
14	term "agricultural commodity" has the
15	meaning given that term in section 102 of
16	the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7
17	U.S.C. 5602).
18	(ii) Medical device.—The term
19	"medical device" has the meaning given
20	the term "device" in section 201 of the
21	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
22	U.S.C. 321).
23	(iii) Medicine.—The term "medi-
24	cine" has the meaning given the term

1	"drug" in section 201 of the Federal Food,
2	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
3	(h) Rule of Construction.—The authority to im-
4	pose measures under this section with respect to a foreign
5	state is in addition to the authority to impose measures
6	under any other provision of law with respect to foreign
7	states that directly or indirectly support acts of inter-
8	national terrorism.
9	SEC. 5. REPORTS ON ACTIVITIES TO DISRUPT GLOBAL
10	FUNDRAISING, FINANCING, AND MONEY
11	LAUNDERING ACTIVITIES OF HAMAS, PALES-
12	TINIAN ISLAMIC JIHAD, AL-AQSA MARTYRS
13	BRIGADE, THE LION'S DEN OR ANY AFFIL-
13 14	BRIGADE, THE LION'S DEN OR ANY AFFIL- IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.
14	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.
14 15	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days there-
14 15 16	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days there-
14 15 16 17	iate or successor thereof.  (a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate con-
14 15 16 17 18	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—
14 15 16 17 18	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—  (1) an assessment of the disposition of the as-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—  (1) an assessment of the disposition of the assets and activities of Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—  (1) an assessment of the disposition of the assets and activities of Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	IATE OR SUCCESSOR THEREOF.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—  (1) an assessment of the disposition of the assets and activities of Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or successor thereof related to fund-

1	or goods or services to Hamas, the Palestinian Is-
2	lamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's
3	Den, or any affiliate or successor thereof;
4	(3) a list of foreign states in which Hamas, the
5	Palestinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade,
6	the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or successor thereof
7	conducts significant fundraising, financing, or money
8	laundering activities;
9	(4) a list of foreign states from which Hamas,
10	the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Bri-
11	gade, the Lion's Den, or any affiliate or successor
12	thereof knowingly engaged in the transfer of surveil-
13	lance equipment, electronic monitoring equipment,
14	or other means to inhibit communication or the free
15	flow of information in Gaza; and
16	(5) with respect to each foreign state listed in
17	paragraph (2), (3), or (4)—
18	(A) a description of the steps the foreign
19	state identified is taking adequate measures to
20	restrict financial flows to Hamas, the Pales-
21	tinian Islamic Jihad, Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade,
22	the Lion's Den, or any affiliates or successors
23	thereof; and
24	(B) in the case of a foreign state failing to

take adequate measures to restrict financial

1	flows to Hamas, Palestinian Islamic Jihad, Al-
2	Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den or any
3	other designated entity engaged in significant
4	act of terrorism threatening the peace and secu-
5	rity of Israel—
6	(i) an assessment of the reasons that
7	government is not taking adequate meas-
8	ures to restrict financial flows to those en-
9	tities; and
10	(ii) a description of measures being
11	taken by the United States Government to
12	encourage the foreign state to restrict fi-
13	nancial flows to those entities; and
14	(b) FORM.—Each report required by subsection (a)
15	shall be submitted in unclassified form to the greatest ex-
16	tent possible, and may contain a classified annex.
17	SEC. 6. TERMINATION.
18	This division shall terminate on the earlier of—
19	(1) the date that is 7 years after the date of the
20	enactment of this Act; or
21	(2) the date that is 30 days after the date on
22	which the President certifies to the appropriate con-
23	gressional committees that—
24	(A) Hamas or any successor or affiliate
25	thereof is no longer designated as a foreign ter-

1	rorist organization pursuant to section 219 of
2	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C
3	1189);
4	(B) Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad
5	Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, and
6	any successor or affiliate thereof are no longer
7	subject to sanctions pursuant to—
8	(i) Executive Order No. 12947 (Janu-
9	ary 23, 1995; relating to prohibiting trans-
10	actions with terrorists who threaten to dis-
11	rupt the Middle East peace process); and
12	(ii) Executive Order No. 13224 (Sep-
13	tember 23, 2001; relating to blocking prop-
14	erty and prohibiting transactions with per-
15	sons who commit, threaten to commit, or
16	support terrorism); and
17	(C) Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad
18	Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade, the Lion's Den, and
19	any successor or affiliate thereof meet the cri-
20	teria described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of
21	section 9 of the Palestinian Anti-Terrorism Act
22	of 2006 (22 U.S.C. 2378b note).
23	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
24	In this division:

1	(1) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of ter-
2	rorism" means an activity that—
3	(A) involves a violent act or an act dan-
4	gerous to human life, property, or infrastruc-
5	ture; and
6	(B) appears to be intended to—
7	(i) intimidate or coerce a civilian pop-
8	ulation;
9	(ii) influence the policy of a govern-
10	ment by intimidation or coercion; or
11	(iii) affect the conduct of a govern-
12	ment by mass destruction, assassination,
13	kidnapping, or hostage-taking.
14	(2) Admitted.—The term "admitted" has the
15	meaning given such term in section 101(a)(13)(A) of
16	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
17	1101(a)(13)(A)).
18	(3) Appropriate congressional commit-
19	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
20	mittees" means—
21	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
22	the Committee on Financial Services of the
23	House of Representatives; and

1	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
2	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
3	Urban Affairs of the Senate.
4	(4) Foreign state.—The term "foreign state"
5	has the meaning given such term in section 1603 of
6	title 28, United States Code.
7	(5) Humanitarian aid.—The term "humani-
8	tarian aid" means food, medicine, and medical sup-
9	plies.
10	(6) Material support.—The term "material
11	support" has the meaning given the term "material
12	support or resources" in section 2339A of title 18,
13	United States Code.
14	(7) United states person.—The term
15	"United States person" means—
16	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
17	fully admitted for permanent residence to the
18	United States; or
19	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
20	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
21	the United States, including a foreign branch of
22	such an entity.

## **DIVISION J—NO TECHNOLOGY**2 **FOR TERROR ACT**

3	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "No Technology for
5	Terror Act".
6	SEC. 2. APPLICATION OF FOREIGN-DIRECT PRODUCT
7	RULES TO IRAN.
8	(a) In General.—Beginning on the date that is 90
9	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a foreign-
10	produced item shall be subject to the Export Administra-
11	tion Regulations (pursuant to the Export Control Reform
12	Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.)) if the item—
13	(1) meets—
14	(A) the product scope requirements de-
15	scribed in subsection (b); and
16	(B) the destination scope requirements de-
17	scribed in subsection (c); and
18	(2) is exported, reexported, or in-country trans-
19	ferred to Iran from abroad or involves the Govern-
20	ment of Iran.
21	(b) PRODUCT SCOPE REQUIREMENTS.—A foreign-
22	produced item meets the product scope requirements of
23	this subsection if the item—
24	(1) is a direct product of United States-origin
25	technology or software subject to the Export Admin-

- 1 istration Regulations that is specified in a covered
- 2 Export Control Classification Number or is identi-
- 3 field in supplement no. 7 to part 746 of the Export
- 4 Administration Regulations; or
- 5 (2) is produced by any plant or major compo-
- 6 nent of a plant that is located outside the United
- 7 States, if the plant or major component of a plant,
- 8 whether made in the United States or a foreign
- 9 country, itself is a direct product of United States-
- origin technology or software subject to the Export
- 11 Administration Regulations that is specified in a
- 12 covered Export Control Classification Number.
- 13 (c) Destination Scope Requirements.—A for-
- 14 eign-produced item meets the destination scope require-
- 15 ments of this subsection if there is knowledge that the for-
- 16 eign-produced item is destined to Iran or will be incor-
- 17 porated into or used in the production or development of
- 18 any part, component, or equipment subject to the Export
- 19 Administration Regulations and produced in or destined
- 20 to Iran.
- 21 (d) License Requirements.—
- 22 (1) In General.—A license shall be required
- 23 to export, reexport, or in-country transfer a foreign-
- produced item from abroad that meets the product
- scope requirements described in subsection (b) and

1	the destination scope requirements described in sub-
2	section (c) and is subject to the Export Administra-
3	tion Regulations pursuant to this section.
4	(2) Exceptions.—The license requirements of
5	paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
6	(A) food, medicine, or medical devices that
7	are—
8	(i) designated as EAR99; or
9	(ii) not designated under or listed on
10	the Commerce Control List; or
11	(B) services, software, or hardware (other
12	than services, software, or hardware for end-
13	users owned or controlled by the Government of
14	Iran) that are—
15	(i) necessarily and ordinarily incident
16	to communications; or
17	(ii) designated as—
18	(I) EAR99; or
19	(II) Export Control Classification
20	Number 5A992.c or 5D992.c, and
21	classified in accordance with section
22	740.17 of title 15 Code of Federal
23	Regulations; and

1	(iii) subject to a general license issued
2	by the Department of Commerce or De-
3	partment of Treasury.
4	(e) NATIONAL INTEREST WAIVER.—The Secretary of
5	Commerce may waive the requirements imposed under this
6	section if the Secretary—
7	(1) determines that the waiver is in the national
8	interests of the United States; and
9	(2) submits to the Committee on Foreign Af-
10	fairs of the House of Representatives and the Com-
11	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of
12	the Senate a report explaining which requirements
13	are being waived and the reasons for the waiver.
14	(f) Sunset.—The authority provided under this sec-
15	tion shall terminate on the date that is 7 years after the
16	date of the enactment of this Act.
17	(g) Definitions.—In this section—
18	(1) the term "Commerce Control List" means
19	the list maintained pursuant to part 744 of the Ex-
20	port Administration Regulations;
21	(2) the term "covered Export Control Classi-
22	fication Number" means an Export Control Classi-
23	fication Number in product group D or E of Cat-
24	egory 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 of the Commerce Control
25	List:

	111
1	(3) the terms "Export Administration Regula-
2	tions", "export", "reexport", and "in-country trans-
3	fer" have the meanings given those terms in section
4	$1742$ of the Export Control Reform Act of $2018\ (50$
5	U.S.C. 4801); and
6	(4) the terms "direct product", "technology",
7	"software", "major component", "knowledge", "pro-
8	duction", "development", "part", "component",
9	"equipment", and "government end users" have the
10	meanings given those terms in section 734.9 or part
11	772 of the Export Administration Regulations, as
12	the case may be.
13	DIVISION K—STRENGTHENING
14	TOOLS TO COUNTER THE USE
15	OF HUMAN SHIELDS ACT
16	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
17	This Act may be cited as the "Strengthening Tools
18	to Counter the Use of Human Shields Act".

- It shall be the policy of the United States to fully
- 21 implement and enforce sanctions against terrorist organi-
- 22 zations and other malign actors that use innocent civilians
- 23 as human shields.

19 SEC. 2. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

1	SEC. 3. MODIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF SANCTIONING
2	THE USE OF CIVILIANS AS DEFENSELESS
3	SHIELDS ACT.
4	(a) In General.—Section 3 of the Sanctioning the
5	Use of Civilians as Defenseless Shields Act (Public Law
6	115–348; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (b)—
8	(A) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
9	paragraph (4); and
10	(B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
11	following:
12	"(3) Each foreign person that the President de-
13	termines, on or after the date of the enactment of
14	the Strengthening Tools to Counter the Use of
15	Human Shields Act—
16	"(A) is a member of Palestine Islamic
17	Jihad or is knowingly acting on behalf of Pal-
18	estine Islamic Jihad; and
19	"(B) knowingly orders, controls, or other-
20	wise directs the use of civilians protected as
21	such by the law of war to shield military objec-
22	tives from attack.";
23	(2) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), (g),
24	(h), and (i) as subsections (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j),
25	respectively: and

1	(3) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(e) Congressional Requests.—Not later than
4	120 days after receiving a request from the chairman and
5	ranking member of one of the appropriate congressional
6	committees with respect to whether a foreign person meets
7	the criteria of a person described in subsection (b) or (c),
8	the President shall—
9	"(1) determine if the person meets such cri-
10	teria; and
11	"(2) submit a written justification to the chair-
12	man and ranking member detailing whether or not
13	the President imposed or intends to impose sanc-
14	tions described in subsection (b) or (c) with respect
15	to such person.".
16	(b) Definitions.—Section 4 of the Sanctioning the
17	Use of Civilians as Defenseless Shields Act (Public Law
18	115–348; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended—
19	(1) by redesignating paragraph (7) as para-
20	graph (8); and
21	(2) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(7) PALESTINE ISLAMIC JIHAD.—The term
24	'Palestine Islamic Jihad' means—

1	"(A) the entity known as Palestine Islamic
2	Jihad and designated by the Secretary of State
3	as a foreign terrorist organization pursuant to
4	section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality
5	Act (8 U.S.C. 1189); or
6	"(B) any person identified as an agent or
7	instrumentality of Palestine Islamic Jihad on
8	the list of specially designated nationals and
9	blocked persons maintained by the Office of
10	Foreign Asset Control of the Department of the
11	Treasury, the property or interests in property
12	of which are blocked pursuant to the Inter-
13	national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
14	U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).".
15	(c) Sunset.—Section 5 of the Sanctioning the Use
16	of Civilians as Defenseless Shields Act (Public Law 115–
17	348; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended by striking "De-
18	cember 31, 2023" and inserting "December 31, 2030".
19	(d) Severability.—The Sanctioning the Use of Ci-
20	vilians as Defenseless Shields Act (Public Law 115–348;
21	50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended by adding at the end
22	the following:

- 23 "SEC. 6. SEVERABILITY.
- "If any provision of this Act, or the application of 25 such provision to any person or circumstance, is found to

- 1 be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, or the ap-
- 2 plication of that provision to other persons or cir-
- 3 cumstances, shall not be affected.".
- 4 SEC. 4. REPORT ON COUNTERING THE USE OF HUMAN
- 5 SHIELDS.
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the
- 7 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense
- 8 shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the
- 9 Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representa-
- 10 tives, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Sen-
- 11 ate a report that contains the following:
- 12 (1) A description of the lessons learned from
- the United States and its allies and partners in ad-
- dressing the use of human shields by terrorist orga-
- nizations such as Hamas, Hezbollah, Palestine Is-
- lamic Jihad, and any other organization as deter-
- mined by the Secretary of Defense.
- 18 (2) A description of a specific plan and actions
- being taken by the Department of Defense to incor-
- porate the lessons learned as identified in paragraph
- 21 (1) into Department of Defense operating guidance,
- relevant capabilities, and tactics, techniques, and
- procedures to deter, counter, and address the chal-
- lenge posed by the use of human shields and hold

- 1 accountable terrorist organizations for the use of 2 human shields.
  - (3) A description of specific measures being developed and implemented by the United States Government to mobilize and leverage allied nations, including member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), to deter, counter, and hold accountable terrorist organizations for the use of human shields.
    - (4) The current status of joint exercises, doctrine development, education, and training on countering the use of human shields in multinational centers of excellence.
    - (5) The current status of participation of members of the Armed Forces and Department of Defense civilian personnel in any multinational center of excellence for the purposes of countering the use of human shields.
    - (6) The feasibility and advisability of beginning or continuing participation of members of the Armed Forces and Department of Defense civilian personnel to promote the integration of joint exercises, doctrine development, education, and training on countering the use of human shields into multinational centers of excellence.

1	(b) Definition.—In this section, the term "multi-
2	national center of excellence" has the meaning given that
3	term in section 344 of title 10, United States Code.
4	SEC. 5. CONFRONTING ASYMMETRIC AND MALICIOUS
5	CYBER ACTIVITIES.
6	(a) In General.—On and after the date that is 180
7	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Presi-
8	dent may impose the sanctions described in subsection (b)
9	with respect to any foreign person that the Secretary of
10	the Treasury, in consultation with the Attorney General
11	and the Secretary of State determine, on or after such
12	date of enactment—
13	(1) is responsible for or complicit in, or has en-
14	gaged knowingly in, significant cyber-enabled activi-
15	ties originating from, or directed by persons located,
16	in whole or in substantial part, outside the United
17	States that are reasonably likely to result in, or have
18	materially contributed to, a significant threat to the
19	national security, foreign policy, or economic health
20	or financial stability of the United States;
21	(2) materially assisted, sponsored, or provided
22	financial, material, or technological support for, or
23	goods or services to or in support of, any activity de-
24	scribed in this subsection or any person whose prop-

1	erty and interests in property are blocked pursuant
2	to this section;
3	(3) is owned or controlled by, or has acted or
4	purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indi-
5	rectly, any person whose property and interests in
6	property are blocked pursuant to this section; or
7	(4) has attempted to engage in any of the ac-
8	tivities described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).
9	(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
10	scribed in this subsection are the following:
11	(1) Inadmissibility to united states.—In
12	the case of an alien—
13	(A) ineligibility to receive a visa to enter
14	the United States or to be admitted to the
15	United States; or
16	(B) if the individual has been issued a visa
17	or other documentation, revocation, in accord-
18	ance with section 221(i) of the Immigration and
19	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i)), of the visa
20	or other documentation.
21	(2) Blocking of property.—The blocking, in
22	accordance with the International Emergency Eco-
23	nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), of all
24	transactions in all property and interests in property
25	of a foreign person if such property and interests in

1	property are in the United States, come within the
2	United States, or are or come within the possession
3	or control of a United States person.
4	(c) Requests by Appropriate Congressional
5	COMMITTEES.—
6	(1) In General.—Not later than 120 days
7	after receiving a request that meets the require-
8	ments of paragraph (2) with respect to whether a
9	foreign person has engaged in an activity described
10	in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury, in
11	consultation with the Attorney General and the Sec-
12	retary of State shall—
13	(A) determine if that person has engaged
14	in such an activity; and
15	(B) submit a classified or unclassified re-
16	port to the chairperson and ranking member of
17	the committee or committees that submitted the
18	request with respect to that determination that
19	includes—
20	(i) a statement of whether or not the
21	Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation
22	with the Attorney General and the Sec-
23	retary of State imposed or intends to im-
24	pose sanctions with respect to the person;

1	(ii) if the President imposed or in-
2	tends to impose sanctions, a description of
3	those sanctions; and
4	(iii) if the President does not intend
5	to impose sanctions, a description of ac-
6	tions that meet the threshold for the Presi-
7	dent to impose sanctions.
8	(2) Requirements.—A request under para-
9	graph (1) with respect to whether a foreign person
10	has engaged in an activity described in subsection
11	(a) shall be submitted to the President in writing
12	jointly by the chairperson and ranking member of
13	one of the appropriate congressional committees.
14	(d) Appropriate Congressional Committees
15	DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate con-
16	gressional committees" means—
17	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
18	Committee on Financial Services, and the Com-
19	mittee on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
20	tives; and
21	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
22	Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on
23	Banking Housing and Urban Affairs of the Senate

1	SEC. 6. SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO THREATS TO CUR
2	RENT OR FORMER UNITED STATES OFFI
3	CIALS.
4	(a) In General.—On and after the date that is 180
5	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Presi-
6	dent shall impose the sanctions described in subsection (b)
7	with respect to any foreign person the President deter-
8	mines has, on or after such date of enactment, ordered
9	directed, or taken material steps to carry out any use of
10	violence or has attempted or threatened to use violence
11	against any current or former official of the Government
12	of the United States.
13	(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
14	scribed in this subsection are the following:
15	(1) Inadmissibility to united states.—In
16	the case of a foreign person who is an individual—
17	(A) ineligibility to receive a visa to enter
18	the United States or to be admitted to the
19	United States; or
20	(B) if the individual has been issued a visa
21	or other documentation, revocation, in accord-
22	ance with section 221(i) of the Immigration and
23	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i)), of the visa
24	or other documentation.
25	(2) Blocking of property.—The blocking, in
26	accordance with the International Emergency Eco-

- 1 nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), of all
- 2 transactions in all property and interests in property
- of a foreign person if such property and interests in
- 4 property are in the United States, come within the
- 5 United States, or are or come within the possession
- 6 or control of a United States person.
- 7 (c) Enforcement of Blocking of Property.—
- 8 A person that violates, attempts to violate, conspires to
- 9 violate, or causes a violation of a sanction described in
- 10 subsection (b)(2) that is imposed by the President or any
- 11 regulation, license, or order issued to carry out such a
- 12 sanction shall be subject to the penalties set forth in sub-
- 13 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International
- 14 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the
- 15 same extent as a person that commits an unlawful act de-
- 16 scribed in subsection (a) of that section.
- 17 (d) Waiver.—The President may waive the applica-
- 18 tion of sanctions under this section for renewable periods
- 19 not to exceed 180 days if the President—
- 20 (1) determines that such a waiver is in the vital
- 21 national security interests of the United States; and
- 22 (2) not less than 15 days before the granting
- of the waiver, submits to the appropriate congres-
- sional committees a notice of and justification for
- 25 the waiver.

1	(e) TERMINATION AND SUNSET.—
2	(1) Termination of Sanctions.—The Presi-
3	dent may terminate the application of sanctions
4	under this section with respect to a person if the
5	President determines and reports to the appropriate
6	congressional committees not later than 15 days be-
7	fore the termination of the sanctions that—
8	(A) credible information exists that the
9	person did not engage in the activity for which
10	sanctions were imposed;
11	(B) the person has credibly demonstrated
12	a significant change in behavior, has paid an
13	appropriate consequence for the activity for
14	which sanctions were imposed, and has credibly
15	committed to not engage in an activity de-
16	scribed in subsection (a) in the future; or
17	(C) the termination of the sanctions is in
18	the vital national security interests of the
19	United States.
20	(2) Sunset.—The requirement to impose sanc-
21	tions under this section shall terminate on the date
22	that is 4 years after the date of the enactment of

this Act.

1	(f) Appropriate Congressional Committees De-
2	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congres-
3	sional committees" means—
4	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
5	Committee on the Judiciary; and
6	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations and
7	the Committee on the Judiciary.
8	DIVISION L—ILLICIT CAPTAGON
9	TRAFFICKING SUPPRESSION
10	ACT
11	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
12	This Act may be cited as the "Illicit Captagon Traf-
13	ficking Suppression Act of 2023".
14	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
15	Congress finds the following:
16	(1) Industrial scale production of the amphet-
17	amine-type stimulant also known as captagon, and
18	the illicit production of precursor chemicals, in terri-
19	tories held by the regime of President Bashar al
20	Assad in Syria are becoming more sophisticated and
21	pose a severe challenge to regional and international
22	security.
23	(2) Elements of the Government of Syria are
24	key drivers of illicit trafficking in captagon, with
25	ministerial-level complicity in production and smug-

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1	gling, using other armed groups such as Hizballah
2	for technical and logistical support in captagon pro-
3	duction and trafficking.
4	(3) As affiliates of the Government of Syria and
5	other actors seek to export captagon, they under-
6	mine regional security by empowering a broad range
7	of criminal networks, militant groups, mafia syn-
8	dicates, and autocratic governments.
9	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
10	It is the policy of the United States to target individ-
11	uals, entities, and networks associated with the Govern-
12	ment of Syria to dismantle and degrade the transnational
13	criminal organizations, including narcotics trafficking net-
14	works, associated with the regime of President Bashar a
15	Assad in Syria and Hizballah.
16	SEC. 4. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO IL
17	LICIT CAPTAGON TRAFFICKING.
18	(a) In General.—The sanctions described in sub-
19	section (b) shall be imposed with respect to any foreign
20	person the President determines, on or after the date of
21	enactment of this Act—

22 (1) engages in, or attempts to engage in, activi-23 ties or transactions that have materially contributed to, or pose a significant risk of materially contrib-24

uting to, the illicit production and international il-
licit proliferation of captagon; or
(2) knowingly receives any property or interest
in property that the foreign person knows—
(A) constitutes or is derived from proceeds
of activities or transactions that have materially
contributed to, or pose a significant risk of ma-
terially contributing to, the illicit production
and international illicit proliferation of
captagon; or
(B) was used or intended to be used to
commit or to facilitate activities or transactions
that have materially contributed to, or pose a
significant risk of materially contributing to,
the illicit production and international illicit
proliferation of captagon.
(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
scribed in this subsection are the following:
(1) Blocking of Property.—The President
shall exercise all authorities granted under the Inter-
national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent necessary to block
and prohibit all transactions in property and inter-

ests in property of the foreign person if such prop-

erty and interests in property are in the United

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1	States, come within the United States, or come with-
2	in the possession or control of a United States per-
3	son.
4	(2) Ineligibility for visas, admission, or
5	PAROLE.—
6	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
7	alien described in subsection (a) shall be—
8	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
9	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
10	documentation to enter the United States;
11	and
12	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
13	or paroled into the United States or to re-
14	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
15	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
16	seq.).
17	(B) Current visas revoked.—
18	(i) In general.—The visa or other
19	entry documentation of any alien described
20	in subsection (a) is subject to revocation
21	regardless of the issue date of the visa or
22	other entry documentation.
23	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
24	tion under clause (i) shall, in accordance

1	with section 221(i) of the Immigration and
2	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i))—
3	(I) take effect immediately; and
4	(II) cancel any other valid visa or
5	entry documentation that is in the
6	possession of the alien.
7	(c) Penalties.—Any person that violates, or at-
8	tempts to violate, subsection (b) or any regulation, license,
9	or order issued pursuant to that subsection, shall be sub-
10	ject to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c)
11	of section 206 of the International Emergency Economic
12	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a per-
13	son that commits an unlawful act described in subsection
14	(a) of that section.
15	(d) Waiver.—
16	(1) In general.—The President may waive
17	the application of sanctions under this section with
18	respect to a foreign person only if, not later than 15
19	days prior to the date on which the waiver is to take
20	effect, the President submits to the appropriate con-
21	gressional committees a written determination and
22	justification that the waiver is important to the na-
23	tional security interests of the United States.
24	(2) Briefing.—Not later than 60 days after
25	the issuance of a waiver under paragraph (1), and

- 1 every 180 days thereafter while the waiver remains
- 2 in effect, the President shall brief the appropriate
- 3 congressional committees on the reasons for the
- 4 waiver.
- 5 (e) Implementation.—The President may exercise
- 6 all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the
- 7 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
- 8 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this section.
- 9 (f) Regulations.—
- 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall, not
- later than 120 days after the date of the enactment
- of this Act, promulgate regulations as necessary for
- the implementation of this section.
- 14 (2) Notification to congress.—Not later
- than 10 days before the promulgation of regulations
- under this subsection, the President shall notify the
- appropriate congressional committees of the pro-
- posed regulations and the provisions of this section
- that the regulations are implementing.
- 20 (g) Exceptions.—
- 21 (1) Exception for intelligence activi-
- TIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply
- 23 to any activity subject to the reporting requirements
- 24 under title V of the National Security Act of 1947

1	(50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intel-
2	ligence activities of the United States.
3	(2) Exception to comply with inter-
4	NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND FOR LAW ENFORCE-
5	MENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under this section
6	shall not apply with respect to an alien if admitting
7	or paroling the alien into the United States is nec-
8	essary—
9	(A) to permit the United States to comply
10	with the Agreement regarding the Head-
11	quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake
12	Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force
13	November 21, 1947, between the United Na-
14	tions and the United States, or other applicable
15	international obligations; or
16	(B) to carry out or assist authorized law
17	enforcement activity in the United States.
18	(3) Humanitarian assistance.—
19	(A) In general.—Sanctions under this
20	Act shall not apply to—
21	(i) the conduct or facilitation of a
22	transaction for the provision of agricultural
23	commodities, food, medicine, medical de-
24	vices, humanitarian assistance, or for hu-
25	manitarian purposes: or

1	(ii) transactions that are necessary for
2	or related to the activities described in
3	clause (i).
4	(B) Definitions.—In this subsection:
5	(i) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The
6	term "agricultural commodity" has the
7	meaning given that term in section 102 or
8	the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7
9	U.S.C. 5602).
10	(ii) Medical device.—The term
11	"medical device" has the meaning given
12	the term "device" in section 201 of the
13	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
14	U.S.C. 321).
15	(iii) Medicine.—The term "medi-
16	cine" has the meaning given the term
17	"drug" in section 201 of the Federal Food
18	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321)
19	SEC. 5. DETERMINATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE GOVERN
20	MENT OF SYRIA, HIZBALLAH, AND NETWORKS
21	AFFILIATED WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF
22	SYRIA OR HIZBALLAH.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
24	date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall—

1	(1) determine whether each foreign person de-
2	scribed in subsection (b) meets the criteria for sanc-
3	tions under this Act; and
4	(2) submit to the appropriate congressional
5	committees a report containing—
6	(A) a list of all foreign persons described
7	in subsection (b) that meet the criteria for im-
8	position of sanctions under this Act;
9	(B) for each foreign person identified pur-
10	suant to subparagraph (A), a statement of
11	whether sanctions have been imposed or will be
12	imposed within 30 days of the submission of the
13	report; and
14	(C) with respect to any person identified
15	pursuant to subparagraph (A) for whom sanc-
16	tions have not been imposed and will not be im-
17	posed within 30 days of the submission of the
18	report, the specific authority under which other-
19	wise applicable sanctions are being waived, have
20	otherwise been determined not to apply, or are
21	not being imposed and a complete justification
22	of the decision to waive or otherwise not apply
23	such sanctions.
24	(b) Foreign Persons Described.—The foreign
25	persons described in this subsection are the following:

1	(1) Maher Al Assad.
2	(2) Imad Abu Zureiq.
3	(3) Amer Taysir Khiti.
4	(4) Taher al-Kayyali.
5	(5) Raji Falhout.
6	(6) Mohammed Asif Issa Shalish.
7	(7) Abdellatif Hamid.
8	(8) Mustafa Al Masalmeh.
9	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this Act:
11	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
12	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
13	mittees" means—
14	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
15	Committee on Financial Services, and the Com-
16	mittee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
17	resentatives; and
18	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
19	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
20	Urban Affairs, and the Committee on the Judi-
21	ciary of the Senate.
22	(2) Captagon.—The term "captagon" means
23	any compound, mixture, or preparation which con-
24	tains any quantity of a stimulant in schedule I or II

1	of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
2	U.S.C. 812), including—
3	(A) amphetamine, methamphetamine, and
4	fenethylline;
5	(B) any immediate precursor or controlled
6	substance analogue of such a stimulant, as de-
7	fined in section 102 of the Controlled Sub-
8	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 802); and
9	(C) any isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and
10	salts of isomers, esters, and ethers of such a
11	stimulant, whenever the existence of such iso-
12	mers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within
13	the specific chemical designation.
14	(3) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
15	son''—
16	(A) means an individual or entity that is
17	not a United States person; and
18	(B) includes a foreign state (as such term
19	is defined in section 1603 of title 28, United
20	States Code).
21	(4) Illicit Proliferation.—The term "illicit
22	proliferation" refers to any illicit activity to produce
23	manufacture, distribute, sell, or knowingly finance or
24	transport.

1	(5) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly" has
2	the meaning given that term in section 14 of the
3	Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172;
4	50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
5	(6) United states person.—The term
6	"United States person" means—
7	(A) a United States citizen;
8	(B) a permanent resident alien of the
9	United States;
10	(C) an entity organized under the laws of
11	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
12	the United States, including a foreign branch of
13	such an entity; or
14	(D) a person in the United States.
15	DIVISION M—END FINANCING
16	FOR HAMAS AND STATE
17	SPONSORS OF TERRORISM
18	ACT
19	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
20	This Act may be cited as the "End Financing for
21	Hamas and State Sponsors of Terrorism Act".
22	SEC. 2. REPORT ON FINANCING FOR HAMAS.
23	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
24	ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall sub-
25	mit to the Committee on Financial Services of the House

1	of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Hous-
2	ing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a report (which shall
3	be in unclassified form but may include a classified annex
4	that includes—
5	(1) an analysis of the major sources of financ-
6	ing to Hamas;
7	(2) a description of United States and multilat-
8	eral efforts to disrupt illicit financial flows involving
9	Hamas;
10	(3) an evaluation of United States efforts to
11	undermine the ability of Hamas to finance armed
12	hostilities against Israel; and
13	(4) an implementation plan with respect to the
14	multilateral strategy described in section 3.
15	SEC. 3. MULTILATERAL STRATEGY TO DISRUPT HAMAS FI
16	NANCING.
17	The Secretary of the Treasury, through participation
18	in the G7, and other appropriate fora, shall develop a
19	strategy in coordination with United States allies and
20	partners to ensure that Hamas is incapable of financing
21	armed hostilities against Israel.

## 1 DIVISION N—HOLDING IRANIAN 2 LEADERS ACCOUNTABLE ACT

- 3 SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Holding Iranian Lead-
- 5 ers Accountable Act of 2024".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

economy.

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- 7 The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Iran is characterized by high levels of offi-9 cial and institutional corruption, and substantial in-10 volvement by Iran's security forces, particularly the 11 Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), in the
  - (2) The Department of Treasury in 2019 designated the Islamic Republic of Iran's financial sector as a jurisdiction of primary money laundering concern, concluding, "Iran has developed covert methods for accessing the international financial system and pursuing its malign activities, including misusing banks and exchange houses, operating procurement networks that utilize front or shell companies, exploiting commercial shipping, and masking illicit transactions using senior officials, including those at the Central Bank of Iran (CBI)."
- 24 (3) In June 2019, the Financial Action Task 25 Force (FATF) urged all jurisdictions to require in-

- 1 creased supervisory examination for branches and
- 2 subsidiaries of financial institutions based in Iran.
- 3 The FATF later called upon its members to intro-
- 4 duce enhanced relevant reporting mechanisms or
- 5 systematic reporting of financial transactions, and
- 6 require increased external audit requirements, for fi-
- 7 nancial groups with respect to any of their branches
- 8 and subsidiaries located in Iran.
- 9 (4) According to the State Department's
- 10 "Country Reports on Terrorism" in 2021, "Iran
- 11 continued to be the leading state sponsor of ter-
- 12 rorism, facilitating a wide range of terrorist and
- other illicit activities around the world. Regionally,
- 14 Iran supported acts of terrorism in Bahrain, Iraq,
- 15 Lebanon, Syria, and Yemen through proxies and
- partner groups such as Hizballah and Hamas.".
- 17 SEC. 3. REPORT ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND ASSETS
- 18 CONNECTED TO CERTAIN IRANIAN OFFI-
- 19 CIALS.
- 20 (a) Financial Institutions and Assets Re-
- 21 PORT.—
- 22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
- after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
- every 2 years thereafter, the President shall submit

1	a report to the appropriate Members of Congress
2	containing—
3	(A) the estimated total funds or assets
4	that are under direct or indirect control by each
5	of the natural persons described under sub-
6	section (b), and a description of such funds or
7	assets, except that the President may limit cov-
8	erage of the report to not fewer than 5 of such
9	natural persons in order to meet the submission
10	deadline described under this paragraph;
11	(B) a description of how such funds or as-
12	sets were acquired, and how they have been
13	used or employed;
14	(C) a list of any non-Iranian financial in-
15	stitutions that—
16	(i) maintain an account in connection
17	with funds or assets described in subpara-
18	graph (A); or
19	(ii) knowingly provide significant fi-
20	nancial services to a natural person cov-
21	ered by the report; and
22	(D) a description of any illicit or corrupt
23	means employed to acquire or use such funds or
24	assets.

1	(2) Exemptions.—The requirements described
2	under paragraph (1) may not be applied with re-
3	spect to a natural person or a financial institution,
4	as the case may be, if the President determines:
5	(A) The funds or assets described under
6	subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) were ac-
7	quired through legal or noncorrupt means.
8	(B) The natural person has agreed to pro-
9	vide significant cooperation to the United
10	States for an important national security or law
11	enforcement purpose with respect to Iran.
12	(C) A financial institution that would oth-
13	erwise be listed in the report required by para-
14	graph (1) has agreed to—
15	(i) no longer maintain an account de-
16	scribed under subparagraph (C)(i) of para-
17	graph (1);
18	(ii) no longer provide significant fi-
19	nancial services to a natural person cov-
20	ered by the report; or
21	(iii) provide significant cooperation to
22	the United States for an important na-
23	tional security or law enforcement purpose
24	with respect to Iran.

1	(3) Waiver.—The President may waive for up
2	to 1 year at a time any requirement under para-
3	graph (1) with respect to a natural person or a fi-
4	nancial institution after reporting in writing to the
5	appropriate Members of Congress that the waiver is
6	in the national interest of the United States, with a
7	detailed explanation of the reasons therefor.
8	(b) Persons Described.—The natural persons de-
9	scribed in this subsection are the following:
10	(1) The Supreme Leader of Iran.
11	(2) The President of Iran.
12	(3) The members of the Council of Guardians.
13	(4) The members of the Expediency Council.
14	(5) The Minister of Intelligence and Security.
15	(6) The Commander and the Deputy Com-
16	mander of the IRGC.
17	(7) The Commander and the Deputy Com-
18	mander of the IRGC Ground Forces.
19	(8) The Commander and the Deputy Com-
20	mander of the IRGC Aerospace Force.
21	(9) The Commander and the Deputy Com-
22	mander of the IRGC Navy.
23	(10) The Commander of the Basij-e
24	Mostaz'afin.
25	(11) The Commander of the Qods Force.

1	(12) The Commander in Chief of the Police
2	Force.
3	(13) The head of the IRGC Joint Staff.
4	(14) The Commander of the IRGC Intelligence.
5	(15) The head of the IRGC Imam Hussein Uni-
6	versity.
7	(16) The Supreme Leader's Representative at
8	the IRGC.
9	(17) The Chief Executive Officer and the
10	Chairman of the IRGC Cooperative Foundation.
11	(18) The Commander of the Khatam-al-Anbia
12	Construction Head Quarter.
13	(19) The Chief Executive Officer of the Basij
14	Cooperative Foundation.
15	(20) The head of the Political Bureau of the
16	IRGC.
17	(21) The senior leadership as determined by the
18	President of the following groups:
19	(A) Hizballah.
20	(B) Hamas.
21	(C) Palestinian Islamic Jihad.
22	(D) Kata'ib Hizballah.
23	(c) Form of Report; Public Availability.—
24	(1) FORM.—The report required under sub-
25	section (a) and any waiver under subsection (a)(3)

1	shall be submitted in unclassified form but may con-
2	tain a classified annex.
3	(2) Public availability.—The Secretary
4	shall make the unclassified portion of such report
5	public if the Secretary notifies the appropriate Mem-
6	bers of Congress that the publication is in the na-
7	tional interest of the United States and would sub-
8	stantially promote—
9	(A) deterring or sanctioning official cor-
10	ruption in Iran;
11	(B) holding natural persons or financial in-
12	stitutions listed in the report accountable to the
13	people of Iran;
14	(C) combating money laundering or the fi-
15	nancing of terrorism; or
16	(D) achieving any other strategic objective
17	with respect to the Government of Iran.
18	(3) Format of publicly available re-
19	PORTS.—If the Secretary makes the unclassified
20	portion of a report public pursuant to paragraph
21	(2), the Secretary shall make it available to the pub-
22	lic on the website of the Department of the Treas-
23	ury—
24	(A) in English, Farsi, Arabic, and Azeri;
25	and

1	(B) in precompressed, easily downloadable
2	versions that are made available in all appro-
3	priate formats.
4	SEC. 4. RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTITU-
5	TIONS.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than the date that is
7	90 days after submitting a report described under section
8	3(a)(1), the Secretary shall undertake the following with
9	respect to a financial institution that is described under
10	section $3(a)(1)(C)$ and listed in the report:
11	(1) If the financial institution is a United
12	States financial institution, require the closure of
13	any account described in section $3(a)(1)(C)(i)$ , and
14	prohibit the provision of significant financial serv-
15	ices, directly or indirectly, to a natural person cov-
16	ered by the report.
17	(2) If the financial institution is a foreign fi-
18	nancial institution, actively seek the closure of any
19	account described in section $3(a)(1)(C)(i)$ , and the
20	cessation of significant financial services to a natural
21	person covered by the report, using any existing au-
22	thorities of the Secretary, as appropriate.
23	(b) Suspension.—The Secretary may suspend the
24	application of subsection (a) with respect to a financial
25	institution upon reporting to the appropriate Members of

1	Congress that the suspension is in the national interest
2	of the United States, with a detailed explanation of the
3	reasons therefor.
4	SEC. 5. EXCEPTIONS FOR NATIONAL SECURITY; IMPLEMEN
5	TATION AUTHORITY.
6	The following activities shall be exempt from require-
7	ments under sections 3 and 4:
8	(1) Any activity subject to the reporting re-
9	quirements under title V of the National Security
10	Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.), or to any au-
11	thorized intelligence activities of the United States.
12	(2) The admission of an alien to the United
13	States if such admission is necessary to comply with
14	United States obligations under the Agreement be-
15	tween the United Nations and the United States of
16	America regarding the Headquarters of the United
17	Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and
18	entered into force November 21, 1947, or under the
19	Convention on Consular Relations, done at Vienna
20	April 24, 1963, and entered into force March 19
21	1967, or other applicable international obligations of
22	the United States.
23	(3) The conduct or facilitation of a transaction
24	for the sale of agricultural commodities, food, medi-

cine, or medical devices to Iran or for the provision

1	of humanitarian assistance to the people of Iran, in-
2	cluding engaging in a financial transaction relating
3	to humanitarian assistance or for humanitarian pur-
4	poses or transporting goods or services that are nec-
5	essary to carry out operations relating to humani-
6	tarian assistance or humanitarian purposes.
7	SEC. 6. SUNSET.
8	The provisions of this Act shall have no force or effect
9	on the earlier of—
10	(1) the date that is 5 years after the date of en-
11	actment of this Act; or
12	(2) 30 days after the Secretary reports in writ-
13	ing to the appropriate Members of Congress that—
14	(A) Iran is not a jurisdiction of primary
15	money laundering concern; or
16	(B) the Government of Iran is providing
17	significant cooperation to the United States for
18	the purpose of preventing acts of international
19	terrorism, or for the promotion of any other
20	strategic objective that is important to the na-
21	tional interest of the United States, as specified
22	in the report by the Secretary.
22	and - provided

## 23 SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.

24 For purposes of this Act:

1	(1) Appropriate members of congress.—
2	The term "appropriate Members of Congress"
3	means the Speaker and Minority Leader of the
4	House of Representatives, the Majority Leader and
5	Minority Leader of the Senate, the Chairman and
6	Ranking Member of the Committee on Financial
7	Services of the House of Representatives, and the
8	Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee
9	on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Sen-
10	ate.
11	(2) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
12	nancial institution" means a United States financial
13	institution or a foreign financial institution.
14	(3) FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The
15	term "foreign financial institution" has the meaning
16	given that term in section 561.308 of title 31, Code
17	of Federal Regulations.
18	(4) Funds.—The term "funds" means—
19	(A) cash;
20	(B) equity;
21	(C) any other asset whose value is derived
22	from a contractual claim, including bank depos-
23	its, bonds, stocks, a security as defined in sec-
24	tion 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
25	U.S.C. 77b(a)), or a security or an equity secu-

1	rity as defined in section 3(a) of the Securities
2	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)); and
3	(D) anything else that the Secretary deter-
4	mines appropriate.
5	(5) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly" with
6	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
7	means that a person has actual knowledge, or should
8	have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the
9	result.
10	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
11	the Secretary of the Treasury.
12	(7) United States financial institution.—
13	The term "United States financial institution" has
14	the meaning given the term "U.S. financial institu-
15	tion" under section 561.309 of title 31, Code of
16	Federal Regulations.
17	DIVISION O—IRAN-CHINA EN-
18	ERGY SANCTIONS ACT OF 2023
19	SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
20	This Act may be cited as the "Iran-China Energy
21	Sanctions Act of 2023"

1	SEC. 2. SANCTIONS ON FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
2	WITH RESPECT TO THE PURCHASE OF PE
3	TROLEUM PRODUCTS AND UNMANNED AER-
4	IAL VEHICLES FROM IRAN.
5	Section 1245(d) of the National Defense Authoriza-
6	tion Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8513a(d)) is
7	amended—
8	(1) by redesignating paragraph (5) as para-
9	graph (6); and
10	(2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
11	lowing new paragraph:
12	"(5) Applicability of sanctions with re-
13	SPECT TO CHINESE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—
14	"(A) In general.—For the purpose of
15	paragraph (1)(A), a 'significant financial trans-
16	action' includes any transaction—
17	"(i) by a Chinese financial institution
18	(without regard to the size, number, fre-
19	quency, or nature of the transaction) in-
20	volving the purchase of petroleum or petro-
21	leum products from Iran; and
22	"(ii) by a foreign financial institution
23	(without regard to the size, number, fre-
24	quency, or nature of the transaction) in-
25	volving the purchase of Iranian unmanned

1	aerial vehicles (UAVs), UAV parts, or re-
2	lated systems.
3	"(B) Determination required.—Not
4	later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
5	ment of this paragraph and every year there-
6	after for 5 years, the President shall—
7	"(i) determine whether any—
8	"(I) Chinese financial institution
9	has engaged in a significant financial
10	transaction as described in paragraph
11	(1)(A)(i); and
12	"(II) financial institution has en-
13	gaged in a significant financial trans-
14	action as described in paragraph
15	(1)(A)(ii); and
16	"(ii) transmit the determination under
17	clause (i) to the Committee on Financial
18	Services of the House of Representatives
19	and the Committee on Banking, Housing,
20	and Urban Affairs of the Senate.".
21	DIVISION P—BUDGETARY
22	<b>EFFECTS</b>
23	SEC. 1. BUDGETARY EFFECTS.
24	(a) Statutory PAYGO Scorecards.—The budg-
25	etary effects of division A and each subsequent division

1	of this Act shall not be entered on either PAYGO score-
2	card maintained pursuant to section 4(d) of the Statutory
3	Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010.
4	(b) SENATE PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary
5	effects of division A and each subsequent division of this
6	Act shall not be entered on any PAYGO scorecard main-
7	tained for purposes of section 4106 of H. Con. Res. 71
8	(115th Congress).
9	(c) Classification of Budgetary Effects.—
10	Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Budget Scorekeeping
11	Guidelines set forth in the joint explanatory statement of
12	the committee of conference accompanying Conference Re-
13	port 105–217 and section 250(c)(8) of the Balanced
14	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the
15	budgetary effects of division A and each subsequent divi-
16	sion of this Act shall not be estimated—
17	(1) for purposes of section 251 of such Act;
18	(2) for purposes of an allocation to the Com-
19	mittee on Appropriations pursuant to section 302(a)
20	of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and

(3) for purposes of paragraph (4)(C) of section 3 of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 as being included in an appropriation Act.

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