117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.842

AN ACT

- To amend the National Labor Relations Act, the Labor Management Relations Act, 1947, and the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Reports.
- Sec. 103. Appointment.
- Sec. 104. Unfair labor practices.
- Sec. 105. Representatives and elections.
- Sec. 106. Damages for unfair labor practices.
- Sec. 107. Enforcing compliance with orders of the board.
- Sec. 108. Injunctions against unfair labor practices involving discharge or other serious economic harm.
- Sec. 109. Penalties.
- Sec. 110. Limitations on the right to strike.
- Sec. 111. Fair share agreements permitted.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO THE LABOR MANAGEMENT RELA-TIONS ACT, 1947 AND THE LABOR-MANAGEMENT REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE ACT OF 1959

- Sec. 201. Conforming amendments to the Labor Management Relations Act, 1947
- Sec. 202. Amendments to the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959.

TITLE III—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 301. Electronic voting in Union elections.
- Sec. 302. GAO report on sectoral bargaining.
- Sec. 303. Severability.
- Sec. 304. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 305. Rule of Construction.
- Sec. 306. Rule of Construction.
- Sec. 307. Rule of Construction.
- Sec. 308. Rule of Construction.
- Sec. 309. GAO Report.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE

2 NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS

ACT

- 4 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
- 5 (a) JOINT EMPLOYER.—Section 2(2) of the National
- 6 Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152(2)) is amended by
- 7 adding at the end the following: "Two or more persons
- 8 shall be employers with respect to an employee if each
- 9 such person codetermines or shares control over the em-
- 10 ployee's essential terms and conditions of employment. In
- 11 determining whether such control exists, the Board or a
- 12 court of competent jurisdiction shall consider as relevant
- 13 direct control and indirect control over such terms and
- 14 conditions, reserved authority to control such terms and
- 15 conditions, and control over such terms and conditions ex-
- 16 ercised by a person in fact: *Provided*, That nothing herein
- 17 precludes a finding that indirect or reserved control stand-
- 18 ing alone can be sufficient given specific facts and cir-
- 19 cumstances.".
- 20 (b) Employee.—Section 2(3) of the National Labor
- 21 Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152(3)) is amended by adding
- 22 at the end the following: "An individual performing any
- 23 service shall be considered an employee (except as pro-
- 24 vided in the previous sentence) and not an independent
- 25 contractor, unless—

1	"(A) the individual is free from control and
2	direction in connection with the performance of
3	the service, both under the contract for the per-
4	formance of service and in fact;
5	"(B) the service is performed outside the
6	usual course of the business of the employer;
7	and
8	"(C) the individual is customarily engaged
9	in an independently established trade, occupa-
10	tion, profession, or business of the same nature
11	as that involved in the service performed.".
12	(c) Supervisor.—Section 2(11) of the National
13	Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152(11)) is amended—
14	(1) by inserting "and for a majority of the indi-
15	vidual's worktime" after "interest of the employer";
16	(2) by striking "assign,"; and
17	(3) by striking "or responsibly to direct them,".
18	SEC. 102. REPORTS.
19	Section 3(c) of the National Labor Relations Act is
20	amended—
21	(1) by striking "The Board" and inserting " (1)
22	The Board"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(2) Effective January 1, 2023, section 3003 of the
25	Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995

- 1 (Public Law 166–44; 31 U.S.C. 1113 note) shall not apply
- 2 with respect to reports required under this subsection.
- 3 "(3) Each report issued under this subsection shall—
- 4 "(A) include no less detail than reports issued by the
- 5 Board prior to the termination of such reports under sec-
- 6 tion 3003 of the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset
- 7 Act of 1995 (Public Law 166–44; 31 U.S.C. 1113 note);
- 8 "(B) list each case in which the Designated Agency
- 9 Ethics Official provided advice regarding whether a Mem-
- 10 ber should be recused from participating in a case or rule-
- 11 making; and
- 12 "(C) list each case in which the Designated Agency
- 13 Ethics Official determined that a Member should be
- 14 recused from participating in a case or rulemaking.".
- 15 SEC. 103. APPOINTMENT.
- 16 Section 4(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29
- 17 U.S.C. 154(a)) is amended by striking ", or for economic
- 18 analysis".
- 19 SEC. 104. UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES.
- Section 8 of the National Labor Relations Act (29
- 21 U.S.C. 158) is amended—
- 22 (1) in subsection (a)—
- 23 (A) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
- riod and inserting ";"; and
- 25 (B) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(6) to promise, threaten, or take any action—
2	"(A) to permanently replace an employee
3	who participates in a strike as defined by sec-
4	tion 501(2) of the Labor Management Rela-
5	tions Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 142(2));
6	"(B) to discriminate against an employee
7	who is working or has unconditionally offered to
8	return to work for the employer because the
9	employee supported or participated in such a
10	strike; or
11	"(C) to lockout, suspend, or otherwise
12	withold employment from employees in order to
13	influence the position of such employees or the
14	representative of such employees in collective
15	bargaining prior to a strike; and
16	"(7) to communicate or misrepresent to an em-
17	ployee under section 2(3) that such employee is ex-
18	cluded from the definition of employee under section
19	2(3).";
20	(2) in subsection (b)—
21	(A) by striking paragraphs (4) and (7);
22	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and
23	(6) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively;

1	(C) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated,
2	by striking "affected;" and inserting "affected;
3	and"; and
4	(D) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated,
5	by striking "; and" and inserting a period;
6	(3) in subsection (e), by striking the period at
7	the end and inserting the following: ": Provided,
8	That it shall be an unfair labor practice under sub-
9	section (a)(1) for any employer to require or coerce
10	an employee to attend or participate in such employ-
11	er's campaign activities unrelated to the employee's
12	job duties, including activities that are subject to the
13	requirements under section 203(b) of the Labor-
14	Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959
15	(29 U.S.C. 433(b)).";
16	(4) in subsection (d)—
17	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
18	through (4) as subparagraphs (A) through (D),
19	respectively;
20	(B) by striking "For the purposes of this
21	section" and inserting "(1) For purposes of this
22	section";
23	(C) by inserting "and to maintain current
24	wages, hours, and terms and conditions of em-

1	ployment pending an agreement" after "arising
2	thereunder";
3	(D) by inserting ": Provided, That an em-
4	ployer's duty to collectively bargain shall con-
5	tinue absent decertification of the labor organi-
6	zation following an election conducted pursuant
7	to section 9" after "making of a concession:";
8	(E) by inserting "further" before ", That
9	where there is in effect";
10	(F) by striking "The duties imposed" and
11	inserting "(2) The duties imposed";
12	(G) by striking "by paragraphs (2), (3),
13	and (4)" and inserting "by subparagraphs (B),
14	(C), and (D) of paragraph (1)";
15	(H) by striking "section 8(d)(1)" and in-
16	serting "paragraph (1)(A)";
17	(I) by striking "section 8(d)(3)" and in-
18	serting "paragraph (1)(C)" in each place it ap-
19	pears;
20	(J) by striking "section 8(d)(4)" and in-
21	serting "paragraph (1)(D)"; and
22	(K) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(3) Whenever collective bargaining is for the pur-
24	pose of establishing an initial collective bargaining agree-

- 1 ment following certification or recognition of a labor orga-
- 2 nization, the following shall apply:
- 3 "(A) Not later than 10 days after receiving a 4 written request for collective bargaining from an in-5 dividual or labor organization that has been newly 6 recognized or certified as a representative as defined 7 in section 9(a), or within such further period as the 8 parties agree upon, the parties shall meet and com-9 mence to bargain collectively and shall make every 10 reasonable effort to conclude and sign a collective bargaining agreement.
 - "(B) If after the expiration of the 90-day period beginning on the date on which bargaining is commenced, or such additional period as the parties may agree upon, the parties have failed to reach an agreement, either party may notify the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service of the existence of a dispute and request mediation. Whenever such a request is received, it shall be the duty of the Service promptly to put itself in communication with the parties and to use its best efforts, by mediation and conciliation, to bring them to agreement.
 - "(C) If after the expiration of the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the request for mediation is made under subparagraph (B), or such ad-

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ditional period as the parties may agree upon, the Service is not able to bring the parties to agreement by conciliation, the Service shall refer the dispute to a tripartite arbitration panel established in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Service, with one member selected by the labor organization, one member selected by the employer, and one neutral member mutually agreed to by the parties. The labor organization and employer must each select the members of the tripartite arbitration panel within 14 days of the Service's referral; if the labor organization or employer fail to do so, the Service shall designate any members not selected by the labor organization or the employer. A majority of the tripartite arbitration panel shall render a decision settling the dispute as soon as practicable and not later than within 120 days, absent extraordinary circumstances or by agreement or permission of the parties, and such decision shall be binding upon the parties for a period of 2 years, unless amended during such period by written consent of the parties. Such decision shall be based on— "(i) the employer's financial status and

prospects;

1	"(ii) the size and type of the employer's
2	operations and business;
3	"(iii) the employees' cost of living;
4	"(iv) the employees' ability to sustain
5	themselves, their families, and their dependents
6	on the wages and benefits they earn from the
7	employer; and
8	"(v) the wages and benefits other employ-
9	ers in the same business provide their employ-
10	ees.";
11	(5) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-
12	lows:
13	"(e) Notwithstanding chapter 1 of title 9, United
14	States Code (commonly known as the 'Federal Arbitration
15	Act'), or any other provision of law, it shall be an unfair
16	labor practice under subsection (a)(1) for any employer—
17	"(1) to enter into or attempt to enforce any
18	agreement, express or implied, whereby prior to a
19	dispute to which the agreement applies, an employee
20	undertakes or promises not to pursue, bring, join,
21	litigate, or support any kind of joint, class, or collec-
22	tive claim arising from or relating to the employ-
23	ment of such employee in any forum that, but for
24	such agreement, is of competent jurisdiction;

"(2) to coerce an employee into undertaking or promising not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim arising from or relating to the employment of such employee; or

- "(3) to retaliate or threaten to retaliate against an employee for refusing to undertake or promise not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim arising from or relating to the employment of such employee: *Provided*, That any agreement that violates this subsection or results from a violation of this subsection shall be to such extent unenforceable and void: *Provided further*, That this subsection shall not apply to any agreement embodied in or expressly permitted by a contract between an employer and a labor organization.";
- (6) in subsection (g), by striking "clause (B) of the last sentence of section 8(d) of this Act" and inserting "subsection (d)(2)(B)"; and
- 21 (7) by adding at the end the following:
- "(h)(1) The Board shall promulgate regulations requiring each employer to post and maintain, in conspicuous places where notices to employees and applicants for employment are customarily posted both physically and

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- 1 electronically, a notice setting forth the rights and protec-
- 2 tions afforded employees under this Act. The Board shall
- 3 make available to the public the form and text of such
- 4 notice. The Board shall promulgate regulations requiring
- 5 employers to notify each new employee of the information
- 6 contained in the notice described in the preceding two sen-
- 7 tences and to ensure that such notice is provided to em-
- 8 ployees in a language spoken by such employees.
- 9 "(2) Whenever the Board directs an election under
- 10 section 9(c) or approves an election agreement, the em-
- 11 ployer of employees in the bargaining unit shall, not later
- 12 than 2 business days after the Board directs such election
- 13 or approves such election agreement, provide a voter list
- 14 to a labor organization that has petitioned to represent
- 15 such employees. Such voter list shall include the names
- 16 of all employees in the bargaining unit and such employ-
- 17 ees' home addresses, work locations, shifts, job classifica-
- 18 tions, and, if available to the employer, personal landline
- 19 and mobile telephone numbers, and work and personal
- 20 email addresses; the voter list must be provided in a
- 21 searchable electronic format generally approved by the
- 22 Board unless the employer certifies that the employer does
- 23 not possess the capacity to produce the list in the required
- 24 form. Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment
- 25 of the Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021, the

- 1 Board shall promulgate regulations implementing the re-
- 2 quirements of this paragraph.
- 3 "(i) The rights of an employee under section 7 in-
- 4 clude the right to use electronic communication devices
- 5 and systems (including computers, laptops, tablets, inter-
- 6 net access, email, cellular telephones, or other company
- 7 equipment) of the employer of such employee to engage
- 8 in activities protected under section 7 if such employer has
- 9 given such employee access to such devices and systems
- 10 in the course of the work of such employee, absent a com-
- 11 pelling business rationale for denying or limiting such
- 12 use.".
- 13 SEC. 105. REPRESENTATIVES AND ELECTIONS.
- 14 Section 9 of the National Labor Relations Act (29
- 15 U.S.C. 159) is amended—
- 16 (1) in subsection (c)—
- 17 (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
- follows:
- 19 "(1) Whenever a petition shall have been filed, in ac-
- 20 cordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by
- 21 the Board, by an employee or group of employees or any
- 22 individual or labor organization acting in their behalf al-
- 23 leging that a substantial number of employees (i) wish to
- 24 be represented for collective bargaining and that their em-
- 25 ployer declines to recognize their representative as the rep-

resentative defined in section 9(a), or (ii) assert that the 1 individual or labor organization, which has been certified 2 3 or is being recognized by their employer as the bargaining representative, is no longer a representative as defined in 4 5 section 9(a), the Board shall investigate such petition and if it has reasonable cause to believe that a question of rep-6 7 resentation affecting commerce exists shall provide for an 8 appropriate hearing upon due notice. Such hearing may 9 be conducted by an officer or employee of the regional of-10 fice, who shall not make any recommendations with re-11 spect thereto. If the Board finds upon the record of such hearing that such a question of representation exists, it 13 shall direct an election by secret ballot and shall certify 14 the results thereof. The Board shall find the labor organi-15 zation's proposed unit to be appropriate if the employees in the proposed unit share a community of interest, and 16 if the employees outside the unit do not share an over-18 whelming community of interest with employees inside. At the request of the labor organization, the Board shall direct that the election be conducted through certified mail, 20 21 electronically, at the work location, or at a location other 22 than one owned or controlled by the employer. No employer shall have standing as a party or to intervene in 23 any representation proceeding under this section.";

1	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "an eco-
2	nomic strike who are not entitled to reinstate-
3	ment" and inserting "a strike";
4	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and
5	(5) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively;
6	(D) by inserting after paragraph (3) the
7	following:
8	"(4) If the Board finds that, in an election under
9	paragraph (1), a majority of the valid votes cast in a unit
10	appropriate for purposes of collective bargaining have been
11	cast in favor of representation by the labor organization,
12	the Board shall certify the labor organization as the rep-
13	resentative of the employees in such unit and shall issue
14	an order requiring the employer of such employees to col-
15	lectively bargain with the labor organization in accordance
16	with section 8(d). This order shall be deemed an order
17	under section 10(c) of this Act, without need for a deter-
18	mination of an unfair labor practice.
19	"(5)(A) If the Board finds that, in an election under
20	paragraph (1), a majority of the valid votes cast in a unit
21	appropriate for purposes of collective bargaining have not
22	been cast in favor of representation by the labor organiza-
23	tion, the Board shall certify the results of the election,
24	subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C).

- 1 "(B) In any case in which a majority of the valid votes cast in a unit appropriate for purposes of collective 3 bargaining have not been cast in favor of representation by the labor organization and the Board determines, fol-4 5 lowing a post-election hearing, that the employer has committed a violation of this Act or otherwise interfered with 6 7 a fair election, and the employer has not demonstrated 8 that the violation or other interference is unlikely to have 9 affected the outcome of the election, the Board shall, with-10 out ordering a new election, set aside the election and cer-11 tify the labor organization as the representative of the em-12 ployees in such unit and issue an order requiring the em-13 ployer to bargain with the labor organization in accord-14 ance with section 8(d) if, at any time during the period beginning 1 year preceding the date of the commencement 16 of the election and ending on the date upon which the Board makes the determination of a violation or other in-17 terference, a majority of the employees in the bargaining 18 unit have signed authorizations designating the labor or-20 ganization as their collective bargaining representative. 21 "(C) In any case where the Board determines that 22 an election under this paragraph should be set aside, the 23 Board shall direct a new election with appropriate addi-
- 24 tional safeguards necessary to ensure a fair election proc-

1	ess, except in cases where the Board issues a bargaining
2	order under subparagraph (B)."; and
3	(E) by inserting after paragraph (7), as so
4	redesignated, the following:
5	"(8) Except under extraordinary circumstances—
6	"(A) a pre-election hearing under this sub-
7	section shall begin not later than 8 days after a no-
8	tice of such hearing is served on the labor organiza-
9	tion and shall continue from day to day until com-
10	pleted;
11	"(B) a regional director shall transmit the no-
12	tice of election at the same time as the direction of
13	election, and shall transmit such notice and such di-
14	rection electronically (including transmission by
15	email or facsimile) or by overnight mail if electronic
16	transmission is unavailable;
17	"(C) not later than 2 days after the service of
18	the notice of hearing, the employer shall—
19	"(i) post the Notice of Petition for Elec-
20	tion in conspicuous places, including all places
21	where notices to employees are customarily
22	posted;
23	"(ii) if the employer customarily commu-
24	nicates with employees electronically, distribute
25	such Notice electronically and

1	"(iii) maintain such posting until the peti-
2	tion is dismissed or withdrawn or the Notice of
3	Petition for Election is replaced by the Notice
4	of Election;
5	"(D) regional directors shall schedule elections
6	for the earliest date practicable, but not later than
7	the 20th business day after the direction of election;
8	and
9	"(E) a post-election hearing under this sub-
10	section shall begin not later than 14 days after the
11	filing of objections, if any.";
12	(2) in subsection (d), by striking "(e) or" and
13	inserting "(d) or"; and
14	(3) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(f) The Board shall dismiss any petition for an elec-
16	tion with respect to a bargaining unit or any subdivision
17	if, during the 12-month period ending on the date on
18	which the petition is filed—
19	"(1) the employer has recognized a labor orga-
20	nization without an election and in accordance with
21	this Act;
22	"(2) the labor organization and employer en-
23	gaged in their first bargaining session following the
24	issuance of a bargaining order by the Board; or

1 "(3) the labor organization and successor em-2 plover engaged in their first bargaining session fol-3 lowing a succession. "(g) The Board shall dismiss any petition for an elec-4 tion with respect to a bargaining unit or any subdivision 5 if there is in effect a lawful written collective bargaining 7 agreement between the employer and an exclusive representative covering any employees in the unit specified 8 9 in the petition, unless the petition is filed— 10 "(1) on or after the date that is 3 years after 11 the date on which the collective bargaining agree-12 ment took effect; or "(2) during the 30-day period beginning on the 13 14 date that is 90 days before the date that is 3 years 15 after the date on which the collective bargaining 16 agreement took effect. 17 "(h) The Board shall suspend the processing of any petition for an election with respect to a bargaining unit 18 19 or any subdivision if a labor organization files an unfair 20 labor practice charge alleging a violation of section 8(a) 21 and requesting the suspension of a pending petition until 22 the unlawful conduct, if any, is remedied or the charge is dismissed unless the Board determines that employees

can, under the circumstances, exercise free choice in an

- 1 election despite the unlawful conduct alleged in the
- 2 charge.".

3 SEC. 106. DAMAGES FOR UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES.

- 4 Section 10(c) of the National Labor Relations Act
- 5 (29 U.S.C. 160(c)) is amended by striking "suffered by
- 6 him" and inserting "suffered by such employee: Provided
- 7 further, That if the Board finds that an employer has dis-
- 8 criminated against an employee in violation of paragraph
- 9 (3) or (4) of section 8(a) or has committed a violation
- 10 of section 8(a) that results in the discharge of an employee
- 11 or other serious economic harm to an employee, the Board
- 12 shall award the employee back pay without any reduction
- 13 (including any reduction based on the employee's interim
- 14 earnings or failure to earn interim earnings), front pay
- 15 (when appropriate), consequential damages, and an addi-
- 16 tional amount as liquidated damages equal to two times
- 17 the amount of damages awarded: Provided further, no re-
- 18 lief under this subsection shall be denied on the basis that
- 19 the employee is, or was during the time of relevant em-
- 20 ployment or during the back pay period, an unauthorized
- 21 alien as defined in section 274A(h)(3) of the Immigration
- 22 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3)) or any other
- 23 provision of Federal law relating to the unlawful employ-
- 24 ment of aliens".

1	SEC. 107. ENFORCING COMPLIANCE WITH ORDERS OF THE
2	BOARD.
3	(a) In General.—Section 10 of the National Labor
4	Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 160) is further amended—
5	(1) by striking subsection (e);
6	(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
7	section (e);
8	(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
9	lowing:
10	``(d)(1) Each order of the Board shall take effect
11	upon issuance of such order, unless otherwise directed by
12	the Board, and shall remain in effect unless modified by
13	the Board or unless a court of competent jurisdiction
14	issues a superseding order.
15	"(2) Any person who fails or neglects to obey an
16	order of the Board shall forfeit and pay to the Board a
17	civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each violation,
18	which shall accrue to the United States and may be recov-
19	ered in a civil action brought by the Board to the district
20	court of the United States in which the unfair labor prac-
21	tice or other subject of the order occurred, or in which
22	such person or entity resides or transacts business. No ac-
23	tion by the Board under this paragraph may be made until
24	30 days following the issuance of an order. Each separate
25	violation of such an order shall be a separate offense, ex-
26	cept that, in the case of a violation in which a person fails

1	to obey or neglects to obey a final order of the Board
2	each day such failure or neglect continues shall be deemed
3	a separate offense.
4	"(3) If, after having provided a person or entity with
5	notice and an opportunity to be heard regarding a civil
6	action under subparagraph (2) for the enforcement of an
7	order, the court determines that the order was regularly
8	made and duly served, and that the person or entity is
9	in disobedience of the same, the court shall enforce obedi-
10	ence to such order by an injunction or other proper proc-
11	ess, mandatory or otherwise, to—
12	"(A) restrain such person or entity or the offi-
13	cers, agents, or representatives of such person or en-
14	tity, from further disobedience to such order; or
15	"(B) enjoin such person or entity, officers
16	agents, or representatives to obedience to the
17	same.";
18	(4) in subsection (f)—
19	(A) by striking "proceed in the same man-
20	ner as in the case of an application by the
21	Board under subsection (e) of this section," and
22	inserting "proceed as provided under paragraph
23	(2) of this subsection";
24	(B) by striking "Any" and inserting the
25	following:

1	"(1) Within 30 days of the issuance of an
2	order, any"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(2) No objection that has not been urged before the
5	Board, its member, agent, or agency shall be considered
6	by a court, unless the failure or neglect to urge such objec-
7	tion shall be excused because of extraordinary cir-
8	cumstances. The findings of the Board with respect to
9	questions of fact if supported by substantial evidence on
10	the record considered as a whole shall be conclusive. If
11	either party shall apply to the court for leave to adduce
12	additional evidence and shall show to the satisfaction of
13	the court that such additional evidence is material and
14	that there were reasonable grounds for the failure to ad-
15	duce such evidence in the hearing before the Board, its
16	member, agent, or agency, the court may order such addi-
17	tional evidence to be taken before the Board, its member,
18	agent, or agency, and to be made a part of the record.
19	The Board may modify its findings as to the facts, or
20	make new findings, by reason of additional evidence so
21	taken and filed, and it shall file such modified or new find-
22	ings, which findings with respect to questions of fact if
23	supported by substantial evidence on the record considered
24	as a whole shall be conclusive, and shall file its rec-
25	ommendations, if any, for the modification or setting aside

of its original order. Upon the filing of the record with it the jurisdiction of the court shall be exclusive and its 3 judgment and decree shall be final, except that the same shall be subject to review by the appropriate United States 4 court of appeals if application was made to the district 5 6 court, and by the Supreme Court of the United States 7 upon writ of certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code."; and 8 9 (5) in subsection (g), by striking "subsection 10 (e) or (f) of this section" and inserting "subsection 11 (d) or (f)". 12 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 18 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 168) is amended 13 by striking "section 10(e) or (f)" and inserting "sub-14 15 section (d) or (f) of section 10". 16 SEC. 108. INJUNCTIONS AGAINST UNFAIR LABOR PRAC-17 TICES INVOLVING DISCHARGE OR OTHER SE-18 RIOUS ECONOMIC HARM. 19 Section 10 of the National Labor Relations Act (29) U.S.C. 160) is amended— 20 21 (1) in subsection (j)— 22 (A) by striking "The Board" and inserting 23 "(1) The Board"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

- 1 "(2) Notwithstanding subsection (m), whenever it is
- 2 charged that an employer has engaged in an unfair labor
- 3 practice within the meaning of paragraph (1), (3) or (4)
- 4 of section 8(a) that significantly interferes with, restrains,
- 5 or coerces employees in the exercise of the rights guaran-
- 6 teed under section 7, or involves discharge or other serious
- 7 economic harm to an employee, the preliminary investiga-
- 8 tion of such charge shall be made forthwith and given pri-
- 9 ority over all other cases except cases of like character
- 10 in the office where it is filed or to which it is referred.
- 11 If, after such investigation, the officer or regional attorney
- 12 to whom the matter may be referred has reasonable cause
- 13 to believe such charge is true and that a complaint should
- 14 issue, such officer or attorney shall bring a petition for
- 15 appropriate temporary relief or restraining order as set
- 16 forth in paragraph (1). The district court shall grant the
- 17 relief requested unless the court concludes that there is
- 18 no reasonable likelihood that the Board will succeed on
- 19 the merits of the Board's claim."; and
- 20 (2) by repealing subsections (k) and (l).
- 21 SEC. 109. PENALTIES.
- 22 (a) In General.—Section 12 of the National Labor
- 23 Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 162) is amended—
- 24 (1) by striking "SEC. 12. Any person" and in-
- 25 serting the following:

1	"SEC. 12. PENALTIES.
2	"(a) Violations for Interference With
3	Board.—Any person"; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(b) Violations for Posting Requirements and
6	VOTER LIST.—If the Board, or any agent or agency des-
7	ignated by the Board for such purposes, determines that
8	an employer has violated section 8(h) or regulations issued
9	thereunder, the Board shall—
10	"(1) state the findings of fact supporting such
11	determination;
12	"(2) issue and cause to be served on such em-
13	ployer an order requiring that such employer comply
14	with section 8(h) or regulations issued thereunder;
15	and
16	"(3) impose a civil penalty in an amount deter-
17	mined appropriate by the Board, except that in no
18	case shall the amount of such penalty exceed \$500
19	for each such violation.
20	"(c) Civil Penalties for Violations.—
21	"(1) In general.—Any employer who commits
22	an unfair labor practice within the meaning of sec-
23	tion 8(a) shall, in addition to any remedy ordered by
24	the Board, be subject to a civil penalty in an amount
25	not to exceed \$50,000 for each violation, except

that, with respect to an unfair labor practice within

1 the meaning of paragraph (3) or (4) of section 8(a) 2 or a violation of section 8(a) that results in the dis-3 charge of an employee or other serious economic 4 harm to an employee, the Board shall double the 5 amount of such penalty, to an amount not to exceed 6 \$100,000, in any case where the employer has with-7 in the preceding 5 years committed another such 8 violation.

- "(2) Considerations.—In determining the amount of any civil penalty under this subsection, the Board shall consider—
- 12 "(A) the gravity of the unfair labor prac-13 tice;
 - "(B) the impact of the unfair labor practice on the charging party, on other persons seeking to exercise rights guaranteed by this Act, and on the public interest; and
- 18 "(C) the gross income of the employer.
 - "(3) DIRECTOR AND OFFICER LIABILITY.—If the Board determines, based on the particular facts and circumstances presented, that a director or officer's personal liability is warranted, a civil penalty for a violation described in this subsection may also be assessed against any director or officer of the employer who directed or committed the violation, had

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established a policy that led to such a violation, or had actual or constructive knowledge of and the authority to prevent the violation and failed to prevent the violation.

"(d) RIGHT TO CIVIL ACTION.—

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"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person who is injured by reason of a violation of paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of section 8(a) may, after 60 days following the filing of a charge with the Board alleging an unfair labor practice, bring a civil action in the appropriate district court of the United States against the employer within 90 days after the expiration of the 60day period or the date the Board notifies the person that no complaint shall issue, whichever occurs earlier, provided that the Board has not filed a petition under section 10(j) of this Act prior to the expiration of the 60-day period. No relief under this subsection shall be denied on the basis that the employee is, or was during the time of relevant employment or during the back pay period, an unauthorized alien as defined in section 274A(h)(3) of the and Nationality Act (8 Immigration U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3)) or any other provision of Federal law relating to the unlawful employment of aliens.

1	"(2) Available relief.—Relief granted in an
2	action under paragraph (1) may include—
3	"(A) back pay without any reduction, in-
4	cluding any reduction based on the employee's
5	interim earnings or failure to earn interim earn-
6	ings;
7	"(B) front pay (when appropriate);
8	"(C) consequential damages;
9	"(D) an additional amount as liquidated
10	damages equal to two times the cumulative
11	amount of damages awarded under subpara-
12	graphs (A) through (C);
13	"(E) in appropriate cases, punitive dam-
14	ages in accordance with paragraph (4); and
15	"(F) any other relief authorized by section
16	706(g) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
17	U.S.C. 2000e–5(g)) or by section 1977A(b) of
18	the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)).
19	"(3) Attorney's fees.—In any civil action
20	under this subsection, the court may allow the pre-
21	vailing party a reasonable attorney's fee (including
22	expert fees) and other reasonable costs associated
23	with maintaining the action.

1	"(4) Punitive damages.—In awarding puni-
2	tive damages under paragraph (2)(E), the court
3	shall consider—
4	"(A) the gravity of the unfair labor prac-
5	tice;
6	"(B) the impact of the unfair labor prac-
7	tice on the charging party, on other persons
8	seeking to exercise rights guaranteed by this
9	Act, and on the public interest; and
10	"(C) the gross income of the employer.".
11	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 10(b) of
12	the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 160(b)) is
13	amended—
14	(1) by striking "six months" and inserting
15	"180 days"; and
16	(2) by striking "the six-month period" and in-
17	serting "the 180-day period".
18	SEC. 110. LIMITATIONS ON THE RIGHT TO STRIKE.
19	Section 13 of the National Labor Relations Act (29
20	U.S.C. 163) is amended by striking the period at the end
21	and inserting the following: ": Provided, That the dura-
22	tion, scope, frequency, or intermittence of any strike or
23	strikes shall not render such strike or strikes unprotected
24	or prohibited.".

1 s	EC.	111.	FAIR	SHARE	AGREEMENTS	PERMITTED.
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- 2 Section 14(b) of the National Labor Relations Act
- 3 (29 U.S.C. 164(b)) is amended by striking the period at
- 4 the end and inserting the following: ": Provided, That col-
- 5 lective bargaining agreements providing that all employees
- 6 in a bargaining unit shall contribute fees to a labor organi-
- 7 zation for the cost of representation, collective bargaining,
- 8 contract enforcement, and related expenditures as a condi-
- 9 tion of employment shall be valid and enforceable notwith-
- 10 standing any State or Territorial law.".

11 TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO THE

- 12 LABOR MANAGEMENT RELA-
- 13 TIONS ACT, 1947 AND THE
- 14 LABOR-MANAGEMENT RE-
- 15 **PORTING AND DISCLOSURE**
- 16 **ACT OF 1959**
- 17 SEC. 201. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO THE LABOR MAN-
- 18 AGEMENT RELATIONS ACT, 1947.
- 19 The Labor Management Relations Act, 1947 is
- 20 amended—
- 21 (1) in section 213(a) (29 U.S.C. 183(a)), by
- striking "clause (A) of the last sentence of section
- 8(d) (which is required by clause (3) of such section
- 8(d)), or within 10 days after the notice under
- clause (B)" and inserting "section 8(d)(2)(A) of the
- National Labor Relations Act (which is required by

- 1 section 8(d)(1)(C) of such Act), or within 10 days
- 2 after the notice under section 8(d)(2)(B) of such
- 3 Act''; and
- 4 (2) by repealing section 303 (29 U.S.C. 187).
- 5 SEC. 202. AMENDMENTS TO THE LABOR-MANAGEMENT RE-
- 6 PORTING AND DISCLOSURE ACT OF 1959.
- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 203(c) of the Labor-Man-
- 8 agement Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (29 U.S.C.
- 9 433(c)) is amended by striking the period at the end and
- 10 inserting the following ": Provided, That this subsection
- 11 shall not exempt from the requirements of this section any
- 12 arrangement or part of an arrangement in which a party
- 13 agrees, for an object described in subsection (b)(1), to plan
- 14 or conduct employee meetings; train supervisors or em-
- 15 ployer representatives to conduct meetings; coordinate or
- 16 direct activities of supervisors or employer representatives;
- 17 establish or facilitate employee committees; identify em-
- 18 ployees for disciplinary action, reward, or other targeting;
- 19 or draft or revise employer personnel policies, speeches,
- 20 presentations, or other written, recorded, or electronic
- 21 communications to be delivered or disseminated to employ-
- 22 ees.".
- 23 (b) Whistleblower Protections.—The Labor-
- 24 Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (29)
- 25 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is further amended—

1	(1) by redesignating section 611 (29 U.S.C.
2	531) as section 612; and
3	(2) by inserting after section 610 (29 U.S.C.
4	530), the following new section:
5	"WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS
6	"Sec. 611.
7	"(a) In General.—No employer or labor organiza-
8	tion shall terminate or in any other way discriminate
9	against, or cause to be terminated or discriminated
10	against, any applicant, covered employee, or former cov-
11	ered employee, of the employer or the labor organization
12	by reason of the fact that such applicant, covered em-
13	ployee, or former covered employee does, or the employer
14	or labor organization perceives the employee to do, any
15	of the following:
16	"(1) Provide, cause to be provided, or is about
17	to provide or cause to be provided, information to
18	the labor organization, the employer, the Depart-
19	ment of Labor, or any other State, local, or Federal
20	Government authority or law enforcement agency re-
21	lating to any violation of, or any act or omission
22	that such employee reasonably believes to be a viola-
23	tion of, any provision of this Act.
24	"(2) Testify or plan to testify or otherwise par-
25	ticipate in any proceeding resulting from the admin-
26	istration or enforcement of any provision of this Act.

1	"(3) File, institute, or cause to be filed or insti-
2	tuted, any proceeding under this Act.
3	"(4) Assist in any activity described in para-
4	graphs (1) through (3).
5	"(5) Object to, or refuse to participate in, any
6	activity, policy, practice, or assigned task that such
7	covered employee reasonably believes to be in viola-
8	tion of any provision of this Act.
9	"(b) Definition of Covered Employee.—For the
10	purposes of this section, the term 'covered employee'
11	means any employee or agent of an employer or labor or-
12	ganization, including any person with management re-
13	sponsibilities on behalf of the employer or labor organiza-
14	tion.
15	"(c) Procedures and Timetables.—
16	"(1) Complaint.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An applicant, covered
18	employee, or former covered employee who be-
19	lieves that he or she has been terminated or in
20	any other way discriminated against by any
21	person in violation of subsection (a) may file (or
22	have any person file on his or her behalf) a
23	complaint with the Secretary of Labor alleging
24	such violation. Such a complaint must be filed

not later than either—

1	"(i) 180 days after the date on which
2	such alleged violation occurs; or
3	"(ii) 180 days after the date upon
4	which the employee knows or should rea-
5	sonably have known that such alleged vio-
6	lation in subsection (a) occurred.
7	"(B) ACTIONS OF SECRETARY OF
8	LABOR.—Upon receipt of such a complaint, the
9	Secretary of Labor shall notify, in writing, the
10	person named in the complaint who is alleged
11	to have committed the violation, of—
12	"(i) the filing of the complaint;
13	"(ii) the allegations contained in the
14	complaint;
15	"(iii) the substance of evidence sup-
16	porting the complaint; and
17	"(iv) opportunities that will be af-
18	forded to such person under paragraph
19	(2).
20	"(2) Investigation by secretary of
21	LABOR.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60
23	days after the date of receipt of a complaint
24	filed under paragraph (1), and after affording
25	the complainant and the person named in the

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complaint who is alleged to have committed the 2 violation that is the basis for the complaint an 3 opportunity to submit to the Secretary of Labor 4 a written response to the complaint and an op-5 portunity to meet with a representative of the 6 Secretary of Labor to present statements from 7 witnesses, the Secretary of Labor shall— 8

"(i) initiate an investigation and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that the complaint has merit; and

"(ii) notify the complainant and the person alleged to have committed the violation of subsection (a), in writing, of such determination.

"(B) Grounds for determination of COMPLAINTS.—The Secretary of Labor shall dismiss a complaint filed under this subsection, and shall not conduct an investigation otherwise required under paragraph (2), unless the complainant makes a prima facie showing that any behavior described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a) was a contributing factor in the unfavorable personnel action alleged in the complaint.

1 "(3) Burdens of Proof.—

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"(A) CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION.—In making a determination or adjudicating a complaint pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary, an administrative law judge or a court may determine that a violation of subsection (a) has occurred only if the complainant demonstrates that any conduct described in subsection (a) with respect to the complainant was a contributing factor in the adverse action alleged in the complaint.

"(B) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a decision or order that is favorable to the complainant shall not be issued in any administrative or judicial action pursuant to this subsection if the respondent demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent would have taken the same adverse action in the absence of such conduct.

"(C) Notice of Relief available.—If the Secretary of Labor concludes that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subsection (a) has occurred, the Secretary of Labor shall, together with the notice under paragraph (2)(A)(ii), issue a preliminary order providing the relief prescribed by paragraph (4)(B).

than 30 days after the date of receipt of notification of a determination of the Secretary of Labor under this paragraph, either the person alleged to have committed the violation or the complainant may file objections to the findings or preliminary order, or both, and request a hearing on the record. The filing of such objections shall not operate to stay any reinstatement remedy contained in the preliminary order. Any such hearing shall be conducted expeditiously, and if a hearing is not requested in such 30-day period, the preliminary order shall be deemed a final order that is not subject to judicial review.

"(E) Procedures.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A hearing requested under this paragraph shall be conducted expeditiously and in accordance with rules established by the Secretary for hearings conducted by administrative law judges.

SUBPOENAS; PRODUCTION OF EVIDENCE.— In conducting any such hear-ing, the administrative law judge may issue subpoenas. The respondent or complainant may request the issuance of subpoenas that require the deposition of, or the at-tendance and testimony of, witnesses and the production of any evidence (including any books, papers, documents, or record-ings) relating to the matter under consid-eration. "(4) Issuance of final orders; review PROCEDURES.—

"(A) TIMING.—Not later than 120 days after the date of conclusion of any hearing under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Labor shall issue a final order providing the relief prescribed by this paragraph or denying the complaint. At any time before issuance of a final order, a proceeding under this subsection may be terminated on the basis of a settlement agreement entered into by the Secretary of Labor, the complainant, and the person alleged to have committed the violation.

"(B) AVAILABLE RELIEF.—

1	"(i) Order of secretary of
2	LABOR.—If, in response to a complaint
3	filed under paragraph (1), the Secretary of
4	Labor determines that a violation of sub-
5	section (a) has occurred, the Secretary of
6	Labor shall order the person who com-
7	mitted such violation—
8	"(I) to take affirmative action to
9	abate the violation;
10	"(II) to reinstate the complain-
11	ant to his or her former position, to-
12	gether with compensation (including
13	back pay with interest) and restore
14	the terms, conditions, and privileges
15	associated with his or her employ-
16	ment;
17	"(III) to provide compensatory
18	damages to the complainant; and
19	"(IV) expungement of all warn-
20	ings, reprimands, or derogatory ref-
21	erences that have been placed in
22	paper or electronic records or data-
23	bases of any type relating to the ac-
24	tions by the complainant that gave
25	rise to the unfavorable personnel ac-

tion, and, at the complainant's direction, transmission of a copy of the decision on the complaint to any person whom the complainant reasonably believes may have received such unfavorable information.

"(ii) Costs and expenses.—If an order is issued under clause (i), the Secretary of Labor, at the request of the complainant, shall assess against the person against whom the order is issued, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses (including attorney fees and expert witness fees) reasonably incurred, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, by the complainant for, or in connection with, the bringing of the complaint upon which the order was issued.

"(C) Frivolous claims.—If the Secretary of Labor finds that a complaint under paragraph (1) is frivolous or has been brought in bad faith, the Secretary of Labor may award to the prevailing employer or labor organization a reasonable attorney fee, not exceeding \$1,000, to be paid by the complainant.

"(i) Failure of the Secretary of Labor has not issued a final order within 270 days after the date of filing of a complaint under this subsection, or within 90 days after the date of receipt of a written determination, the complainant may bring an action at law or equity for de novo review in the appropriate district court of the United States having jurisdiction, which shall have jurisdiction over such an action without regard to the amount in controversy, and which action shall, at the request of either party to such action, be tried by the court with a jury.

"(ii) Procedures.—A proceeding under clause (i) shall be governed by the same legal burdens of proof specified in paragraph (3). The court shall have jurisdiction to grant all relief necessary to make the employee whole, including injunctive relief and compensatory damages, including—

1	"(I) reinstatement with the same
2	seniority status that the employee
3	would have had, but for the discharge
4	or discrimination;
5	"(II) the amount of back pay,
6	with interest;
7	"(III) compensation for any spe-
8	cial damages sustained as a result of
9	the discharge or discrimination, in-
10	cluding litigation costs, expert witness
11	fees, and reasonable attorney fees;
12	and
13	"(IV) expungement of all warn-
14	ings, reprimands, or derogatory ref-
15	erences that have been placed in
16	paper or electronic records or data-
17	bases of any type relating to the ac-
18	tions by the complainant that gave
19	rise to the unfavorable personnel ac-
20	tion, and, at the complainant's direc-
21	tion, transmission of a copy of the de-
22	cision on the complaint to any person
23	whom the complainant reasonably be-
24	lieves may have received such unfavor-
25	able information.

1 "(E) OTHER APPEALS.—Unless the com-2 plainant brings an action under subparagraph 3 (D), any person adversely affected or aggrieved 4 by a final order issued under subparagraph (A) 5 may file a petition for review of the order in the 6 United States Court of Appeals for the circuit 7 in which the violation with respect to which the 8 order was issued, allegedly occurred or the cir-9 cuit in which the complainant resided on the 10 date of such violation, not later than 60 days 11 after the date of the issuance of the final order 12 of the Secretary of Labor under subparagraph 13 (A). Review shall conform to chapter 7 of title 14 5, United States Code. The commencement of 15 proceedings under this subparagraph shall not, 16 unless ordered by the court, operate as a stay 17 of the order. An order of the Secretary of 18 Labor with respect to which review could have 19 been obtained under this subparagraph shall 20 not be subject to judicial review in any criminal 21 or other civil proceeding. 22

"(5) Failure to comply with order.—

"(A) ACTIONS BY THE SECRETARY.—If any person has failed to comply with a final order issued under paragraph (4), the Secretary

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of Labor may file a civil action in the United States district court for the district in which the violation was found to have occurred, or in the United States district court for the District of Columbia, to enforce such order. In actions brought under this paragraph, the district courts shall have jurisdiction to grant all appropriate relief including injunctive relief, compensatory and punitive damages.

"(B) CIVIL ACTIONS TO COMPEL COMPLI-ANCE.—A person on whose behalf an order was issued under paragraph (4) may commence a civil action against the person to whom such order was issued to require compliance with such order. The appropriate United States district court shall have jurisdiction, without regard to the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, to enforce such order.

"(C) AWARD OF COSTS AUTHORIZED.—
The court, in issuing any final order under this paragraph, may award costs of litigation (including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees) to any party, whenever the court determines such award is appropriate.

1	"(D) MANDAMUS PROCEEDINGS.—Any				
2	nondiscretionary duty imposed by this section				
3	shall be enforceable in a mandamus proceeding				
4	brought under section 1361 of title 28, United				
5	States Code.				
6	"(d) Unenforceability of Certain Agree-				
7	MENTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the				
8	rights and remedies provided for in this section may not				
9	be waived by any agreement, policy, form, or condition of				
10	employment, including by any predispute arbitration				
11	agreement.				
12	"(e) Savings.—Nothing in this subsection shall be				
13	construed to diminish the rights, privileges, or remedies				
14	of any employee who exercises rights under any Federal				
15	or State law or common law, or under any collective bar-				
16	gaining agreement.".				
17	(c) Section 203(b) of the Labor-Management Report-				
18	ing and Disclosure Act of 1959 (29 U.S.C. 433(b)) is				
19	amended in the matter following paragraph (2)—				
20	(1) by striking the period at the end; and				
21	(2) by inserting "and shall make such informa-				
22	tion available to the public in a readily accessible				
23	and searchable electronic format, and through a se-				
24	cure software application for use on an electronic de-				
25	vice.''.				

1 TITLE III—OTHER MATTERS

2 SEC. 301. ELECTRONIC VOTING IN UNION ELECT
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(a)	In	General.—
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- (1) ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEM.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, subject to the provisions of this section, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Labor Relations Board shall implement a system and procedures to conduct representation elections remotely using an electronic voting system.
- (2) PROCEDURES.—The procedures under paragraph (1) shall ensure that each employee voting in a representation election may choose to cast a vote using either an internet voting system or a telephone voting system.
- (3) National mediation board system.—If the Board does not implement a system under paragraph (1) before the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Board shall enter into a temporary agreement to use the system used by the National Mediation Board to conduct representation elections for the period—
- (A) beginning on the date that is 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act; and

1	(B) ending on the date that is 90 days
2	after the date of enactment of this Act.
3	(b) Report.— Not later than 180 days of the enact-
4	ment of this Act, and in each subsequent report under
5	Section 3(c) of the National Labor Relations Act, as
6	amended, the Board shall submit to Congress a report
7	containing a description of the following:
8	(1) For each representation petition under sec-
9	tion 9 of the National Labor Relations Act filed—
10	(A) the case name and case number;
11	(B) the number of days between the peti-
12	tion and the election;
13	(C) the number of days between the stipu-
14	lation or direction of election and the election;
15	(D) the method of the election;
16	(E) the results of the election; and
17	(F) the number of eligible voters, the num-
18	ber of voters participating in the election, and
19	the method by which each of the voters sub-
20	mitted their vote.
21	(2) The total cost of conducting all elections the
22	Board conducted through the system and procedures
23	required by subsection (a).
24	(c) DEFINITIONS—In this section:

1	(1) Electronic voting system.—The term
2	"electronic voting system"—
3	(A) includes an internet voting system and
4	a telephone voting system; and
5	(B) does not include machines used for
6	casting votes at a polling site or an electronic
7	tabulation system where votes are cast non-elec-
8	tronically but counted electronically (such as a
9	punch card or optical scanning system).
10	(2) Internet voting system.—The term
11	"internet voting system" means an internet-based
12	voting system that allows a participant to cast a bal-
13	lot remotely using a personal computer or other mo-
14	bile electronic device that is connected to the inter-
15	net.
16	(3) Telephone voting system.—The term
17	"telephone voting system" means a voting system in
18	which participants may cast a vote remotely using a
19	telephone.
20	(4) Remotely.—The term "remotely", used
21	with respect to voting in a representation election,
22	means a vote may be cast at any site chosen by a
23	participant in such election.
24	(5) Representation election.—The term
25	"representation election" means a representation

1	election under section 9 of the National Labor Rela-
2	tions Act (29 U.S.C. 159).
3	SEC. 302. GAO REPORT ON SECTORAL BARGAINING.
4	(a) In General.—Not later than 3 years after the
5	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
6	shall conduct a review of collective bargaining at the sec-
7	toral level in a geographically diverse set of countries
8	where sectoral bargaining is facilitated and prepare and
9	submit to Congress a report with respect to such countries
10	that—
11	(1) identifies, analyzes, and compares—
12	(A) the laws and policies governing or re-
13	lated to collective bargaining at the sectoral
14	level;
15	(B) the administrative systems facilitating
16	such bargaining; and
17	(C) the procedures involved in sectoral bar-
18	gaining;
19	(2) to the extent practicable, consider reported
20	effects of the policies and procedures described in
21	paragraph (1) on—
22	(A) the wages and compensation of em-
23	ployees;
24	(B) the number of full-time and part-time
25	employees;

1	(C) prices, sales, and revenues;				
2	(D) employee turnover and retention;				
3	(E) hiring and training costs;				
4	(F) productivity and absenteeism; and				
5	(G) the development of emerging indus				
6	tries, including those that engage their				
7	workforces through technology; and				
8	(3) describes the methodology used to generate				
9	the information in the report.				
10	SEC. 303. SEVERABILITY.				
11	If any provision of this Act or the application thereof				
12	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remain-				
13	der of this Act, or the application of that provision to per-				
14	sons or circumstances other than those as to which it is				
15	held invalid, is not affected thereby.				
16	SEC. 304. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.				
17	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums				
18	as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this				
19	Act and the amendments made by this Act.				
20	SEC. 305. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.				
21	The amendments made under this Act shall not be				
22	construed to amend section 274A of the Immigration and				

23 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a).

1 SEC. 306. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 2 The amendments made by this Act shall not be con-
- 3 strued to affect the jurisdictional standards of the Na-
- 4 tional Labor Relations Board, including any standards
- 5 that measure the size of a business with respect to reve-
- 6 nues, that are used to determine whether an industry is
- 7 affecting commerce for purposes of determining coverage
- 8 under the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151
- 9 et seq.).

10 SEC. 307. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 11 Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this
- 12 Act shall be construed to affect the privacy of employees
- 13 with respect to voter lists provided to labor organizations
- 14 by employers pursuant to elections directed by the Board.

15 SEC. 308. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- The amendments made under this Act shall not be
- 17 construed to affect the definitions of "employer" or "em-
- 18 ployee" under the laws of any State that govern the wages,
- 19 work hours, workers' compensation, or unemployment in-
- 20 surance of employees.

21 **SEC. 309. GAO REPORT.**

- 22 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General, through
- 23 the Government Accountability Office, shall one year after
- 24 the date of enactment of this Act commence a study on
- 25 the impact of Section 101(a) and Section 101(b) of this
- 26 Act regarding—

1	(1) the effect on coverage of employees under of
2	the National Labor Relations Act, and the impact
3	from such change in coverage, on their capacity in
4	various sectors to form unions and collectively bar-
5	gain as a means to improve wages, benefits, work-
6	place safety, and other working conditions; and
7	(2) the effect on employers and other enter-
8	prises regarding the right of employees to organize
9	and collectively bargain over wages, benefits, work-
10	place safety, and other working conditions in such
11	sectors.
12	(b) Factors.—Such study shall identify, compare
13	and analyze impacts from changes implicated by Section
14	101(a) and Section 101(b) on—
15	(1) flexibility for employees with respect to
16	hours, shifts, assignments and working arrange-
17	ments;
18	(2) rates of compensation, health care, and em-
19	ployee benefits;
20	(3) resolution of grievances and disputes, in-
21	cluding employers' ability to terminate and employ-
22	ees' right to due process;
23	(4) use of technology or algorithms, including
24	the adoption of new technology and algorithms; and
25	(5) workplace safety and health.

- 1 (c) STAKEHOLDER INPUT.—In preparing the report,
- 2 the Government Accountability Office shall gather infor-
- 3 mation from impacted stakeholders, including various
- 4 business enterprises and labor organizations. In devel-
- 5 oping a list of stakeholders, the Government Account-
- 6 ability Office shall consult with the House Committee on
- 7 Education and Labor and the Senate Committee on
- 8 Health, Education, Labor and Pensions.
- 9 (d) Congressional Report.—Six months after the
- 10 commencement of the study, the Government Account-
- 11 ability Office shall transmit its findings and report to the
- 12 Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Rep-
- 13 resentatives and the Committee on Health, Education,
- 14 Labor and Pensions of the Senate, and consistent with
- 15 its policies, make its findings and report available to the
- 16 public.
- 17 (e) Presidential Consideration.—The President,
- 18 in consultation with the Department of Labor and other
- 19 agencies as the President deems appropriate, shall, subse-
- 20 quent to the issuance of such report, consider such find-
- 21 ings, and within 60 days may recommend that the House
- 22 of Representatives and the Senate modify section 101(a)
- 23 or section 101(b), or both or make no recommendations.
- 24 (f) Sense of the House of Representatives.—
- 25 It is the sense of the House of Representatives that the

- 1 House of Representatives shall consider whether to accept,
- 2 reject, or modify any recommendations received under (e),
- 3 as it deems appropriate.

Passed the House of Representatives March 9, 2021.

Attest:

Clerk.

117TH CONGRESS H. R. 842

AN ACT

To amend the National Labor Relations Act, the Labor Management Relations Act, 1947, and the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959, and for other purposes.