

117TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1816

To require the Federal Trade Commission to promulgate regulations related to sensitive personal information, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 11, 2021

Ms. DELBENE (for herself, Mr. KILMER, Ms. STRICKLAND, Ms. HOULAHAN, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. HIMES, Mr. CRIST, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. WILD, Mr. PERLMUTTER, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. CASE, Mr. RYAN, Ms. SLOTKIN, Ms. SCHRIER, Mr. BEYER, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, and Mr. COSTA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

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## A BILL

To require the Federal Trade Commission to promulgate regulations related to sensitive personal information, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Information Trans-  
5 parency & Personal Data Control Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

7 It is the Sense of Congress that—

1           (1) the United States must develop a balanced,  
2 high-standard digital privacy framework that com-  
3 plements global standards;

4           (2) a key element of this framework is a strong  
5 national standard that combats anti-consumer prac-  
6 tices;

7           (3) it is critical that the Federal Government  
8 provide guidance on the collection, processing, disclo-  
9 sure, transmission and storage of sensitive data;

10          (4) it is important to provide the Nation with  
11 fair and thoughtful digital consumer rights with re-  
12 spect to such data;

13          (5) it is important to ensure that enforcement  
14 authorities have the resources needed to protect con-  
15 sumers from unlawful and deceptive acts of practices  
16 in the data privacy and security space; and

17          (6) individuals have a right to—

18               (A) exercise control over the personal data  
19 companies collect from them and how they use  
20 it;

21               (B) easily understandable and accessible  
22 information about privacy and security prac-  
23 tices;

24               (C) expect that companies will collect, use,  
25 and disclose personal data in ways that are con-

1           sistent with the context in which consumers  
2           provide the data;

3           (D) secure and responsible handling of  
4           sensitive personal information;

5           (E) access and correct persona data in us-  
6           able formats, in a manner that is appropriate to  
7           the sensitivity of the data and the risk of ad-  
8           verse consequences to consumers if the data is  
9           inaccurate; and

10          (F) reasonable limits on the personal data  
11          that companies collect and retain.

12 **SEC. 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFOR-**  
13 **MATION.**

14          (a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 18 months after  
15 the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade Com-  
16 mission shall promulgate regulations under section 553 of  
17 title 5, United States Code, to require, except as provided  
18 in subsection (b), controllers, processors, and third parties  
19 to make available to the public involving the collection,  
20 transmission, storage, processing, sale, sharing of sensitive  
21 personal information, or other use of sensitive personal in-  
22 formation from persons operating in or persons located in  
23 the United States when the sensitive personal information  
24 is collected, transmitted, stored, processed, sold or shared  
25 to meet the following requirements:

1           (1) AFFIRMATIVE, EXPRESS, AND OPT-IN CON-  
2       SENT.—

3           (A) Any controller shall provide users  
4       whose personal information is collected, trans-  
5       mitted, stored, process, sold, or otherwise  
6       shared with notice through a privacy and data  
7       use policy of a specific request to collect, trans-  
8       mit, sell, share or otherwise disclose their sen-  
9       sitive personal information and require that  
10      users provide affirmative, express consent to  
11      any functionality that involves the sale, sharing,  
12      or other disclosure of sensitive personal infor-  
13      mation, including sharing sensitive personal in-  
14      formation with third parties, if the sensitive  
15      personal information is to be used by the third  
16      party for purposes other than the purposes out-  
17      lined in the notice.

18          (B) The documented instruction from a  
19      controller to a processor or third party shall ad-  
20      here to the limits of the consent granted in sub-  
21      paragraph (A), and processors and third parties  
22      shall not use or disclose the sensitive personal  
23      information for any other purposes or in any  
24      way that exceeds the limits of the consent  
25      granted in subparagraph (A).

1 (C) Controllers and processors shall not be  
2 liable for the failure of another processor or  
3 third party to adhere to the limits of an opt-in  
4 consent granted under subparagraph (A).

5 (2) PRIVACY AND DATA USE POLICY.—Control-  
6 lers, processors, and third parties shall publicly  
7 maintain an up-to-date, transparent privacy, secu-  
8 rity, and data use policy that meets general require-  
9 ments, including that such policy, presented in the  
10 context where it applies—

11 (A) is concise, intelligible, and uses plain  
12 language;

13 (B) is clear and conspicuous consistent  
14 with the guidelines of the Federal Trade Com-  
15 mission;

16 (C) uses visualizations, where appropriate  
17 to make complex information understandable by  
18 the ordinary user; and

19 (D) is provided free of charge.

20 (3) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PRIVACY  
21 AND DATA USE POLICY.—The privacy, security, and  
22 data use policy required under paragraph (2) shall  
23 include the following:

1 (A) Identity and contact information of the  
2 entity collecting or processing the sensitive per-  
3 sonal information.

4 (B) The purpose or use for collecting, stor-  
5 ing, processing, selling, sharing, or otherwise  
6 using the sensitive personal information.

7 (C) Categories of third parties with whom  
8 the sensitive personal information will be shared  
9 and for what general purposes.

10 (D) The process by which individuals may  
11 withdraw consent to the collecting, storing,  
12 processing, selling, sharing, or other use of the  
13 sensitive personal information, including shar-  
14 ing with third parties.

15 (E) How a user, controller, or processor  
16 can view or obtain the sensitive personal infor-  
17 mation that they have received or provided to a  
18 controller or processor, including whether it can  
19 be exported to other web-based platforms.

20 (F) The categories of sensitive personal in-  
21 formation that is collected by the controller or  
22 processor and shared with processors or third  
23 parties.

1 (G) How sensitive personal information is  
2 protected from unauthorized access or acquisi-  
3 tion.

4 (4) OPT-OUT CONSENT.—

5 (A) For any collection, transmission, stor-  
6 age, processing, selling, sharing, or other use of  
7 non-sensitive personal information, including  
8 sharing with third parties, controllers shall pro-  
9 vide users with the ability to opt out at any  
10 time.

11 (B) Controllers shall honor an opt out re-  
12 quest from a user under subparagraph (A) to  
13 the extent of its role in any collection, trans-  
14 mission, storage, processing, selling, sharing, or  
15 other use of non-sensitive personal information  
16 and shall communicate an opt-out request to  
17 the relevant processor or third party with which  
18 the controller has shared information regarding  
19 that user.

20 (C) Processors or third parties receiving an  
21 opt out pursuant to subparagraph (A) and (B)  
22 shall comply with such opt out to the extent of  
23 their role in any collection, transmission, stor-  
24 age, processing, selling, sharing, or other use of  
25 non-sensitive personal information.

1           (D) Any controller that communicates an  
2           opt out from a user as required by subpara-  
3           graph (B) shall not be liable for the failure of  
4           a service provider or third party to comply with  
5           such opt out.

6           (5) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CONTROLLER  
7           AND PROCESSOR.—

8           (A) Processing by a processor must be gov-  
9           erned by a contract between the controller and  
10          the processor that is binding on both parties  
11          and that sets the processor to processes the  
12          personal data only on documented instructions  
13          from the controller.

14          (B) Processors shall share sensitive per-  
15          sonal information with a subcontractor only for  
16          purposes of providing services and only after  
17          first providing the controller with an oppor-  
18          tunity to object.

19          (C) In no event may any contract or docu-  
20          mented instructions relieve a controller or a  
21          processor from the obligations and liabilities im-  
22          posed on them by this Act.

23          (6) PRIVACY AUDITS.—

24          (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
25          subparagraphs (C) and (D), at least once every



1           2 years, each controller, processor, or third  
2 party that has collected, transmitted, stored,  
3 processed, selling, shared, or otherwise used  
4 sensitive personal information shall—

5                   (i) obtain a privacy audit from a  
6 qualified, objective, independent third-  
7 party; and

8                   (ii) shall make publicly available  
9 whether or not the privacy audit found the  
10 controller, processor, or third party compli-  
11 ant.

12           (B) AUDIT REQUIREMENTS.—Each such  
13 audit shall—

14                   (i) set forth the privacy, security, and  
15 data use controls that the controller, proc-  
16 essor, or third party has implemented and  
17 maintained during the reporting period;

18                   (ii) describe whether such controls are  
19 appropriate to the size and complexity of  
20 the controller, processor, or third party,  
21 the nature and scope of the activities of  
22 the controller, processor, or third party,  
23 and the nature of the sensitive personal in-  
24 formation or behavioral data collected by  
25 the controller, processor, or third party;

1 (iii) certify whether the privacy and  
2 security controls operate with sufficient ef-  
3 fectiveness to provide reasonable assurance  
4 to protect the privacy and security of sen-  
5 sitive personal information or behavioral  
6 data, including with respect to data shared  
7 with third parties, and that the controls  
8 have so operated throughout the reporting  
9 period;

10 (iv) be prepared and completed within  
11 60 days after a substantial change to the  
12 controller’s privacy and data use policy de-  
13 scribed in paragraph (2); and

14 (v) be provided—

15 (I) to the Federal Trade Com-  
16 mission; and

17 (II) to any attorney general of a  
18 State, or other authorized State offi-  
19 cer, within 10 days of receiving writ-  
20 ten request by the such attorney gen-  
21 eral, or other authorized State officer  
22 where such officer has presented to  
23 the controller, processor, or third  
24 party allegations that a violation of  
25 this Act or any regulation issued

1 under this Act has been committed by  
2 the controller, processor, or third  
3 party.

4 (C) SMALL BUSINESS AUDIT EXEMP-  
5 TION.—The audit requirements described in  
6 this paragraph shall not apply to controllers  
7 who collect, store, process, sell, share, or other-  
8 wise use sensitive personal information relating  
9 to 250,000 or fewer individuals per year.

10 (D) NON-SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMA-  
11 TION EXEMPTION.—The audit requirements set  
12 forth above shall not apply to controllers, proc-  
13 essors or third parties who do not collect, store,  
14 process, sell, share, or otherwise use sensitive  
15 personal information.

16 (E) RULES THAT DO NOT INCENTIVIZE  
17 SELLING INFORMATION.—The Commission shall  
18 promulgate rules regarding qualifications and  
19 requirements of third-party auditors such as a  
20 duty to conduct an independent assessment that  
21 does not incentivize the auditor to sell under  
22 the guise of a potential violation by the con-  
23 troller products or services when there is not a  
24 violation of the Act.

25 (b) EXEMPTIONS.—

1           (1) NECESSARY OPERATIONS AND SECURITY  
2 PURPOSES.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to the  
3 processing, transmission, collecting, storing, sharing,  
4 selling of sensitive and non-sensitive personal infor-  
5 mation for the following purposes:

6           (A) Preventing or detecting fraud, identity  
7 theft, unauthorized transactions, theft, shop-  
8 lifting, or criminal activity including financial  
9 crimes and money laundering.

10          (B) The use of such information to identify  
11 errors that impair functionality or otherwise en-  
12 hancing or maintaining the availability of the  
13 services or information systems of the controller  
14 for authorized access and use.

15          (C) Protecting the vital interests of the  
16 consumer or another natural person.

17          (D) Responding in good faith to valid legal  
18 process or providing information as otherwise  
19 required or authorized by law.

20          (E) Monitoring or enforcing agreements  
21 between the Controller, processor, or third  
22 party and an individual, including but not lim-  
23 ited to, terms of service, terms of use, user  
24 agreements, or agreements concerning moni-  
25 toring criminal activity.

1 (F) Protecting the property, services, or  
2 information systems of the controller, processor,  
3 or third party against unauthorized access or  
4 use.

5 (G) Advancing a substantial public inter-  
6 est, including archival purposes, scientific or  
7 historical research, and public health, if such  
8 processing does not create a significant risk of  
9 harm to consumers.

10 (H) Uses authorized by the Fair Credit  
11 Reporting Act or used by a commercial credit  
12 reporting agency.

13 (I) Completing the transaction for which  
14 the personal information was collected, provide  
15 a good or service requested by the consumer  
16 that is reasonably anticipated within the con-  
17 text of a business' ongoing relationship with the  
18 consumer, bill or collect for such good or service  
19 or otherwise perform a contract between the  
20 controller and a consumer.

21 (J) Complying with other Federal, State,  
22 and local law.

23 (K) Conducting product recalls and serv-  
24 icing warranties.

1           (2) REASONABLE EXPECTATION OF USERS.—

2           The regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection  
3           (a) with respect to the requirement to provide opt-  
4           in consent shall not apply to the processing, trans-  
5           mission, storage, selling, sharing, or collection of  
6           sensitive personal information in which such proc-  
7           essing does not deviate from purposes consistent  
8           with a controller’s relationship with users as under-  
9           stood by the reasonable use, including but not lim-  
10          ited to—

11                   (A) carrying out the term of a contract or  
12                   service agreement, including elements of a cus-  
13                   tomer loyalty program, with a user;

14                   (B) accepting and processing a payment  
15                   from a user;

16                   (C) completing a transaction with a user  
17                   such as through delivering a good or service  
18                   even if such delivery is made by a processor or  
19                   third party;

20                   (D) marking goods or services to a user as  
21                   long as the user is provided with the ability to  
22                   opt out of such marketing;

23                   (E) taking steps to continue or extend an  
24                   existing business relationship with a user, or in-  
25                   viting a new user to participate in a customer

1 promotion, benefit or loyalty program, as long  
2 as the user is provided with the ability to opt  
3 out;

4 (F) conduct internal research to improve,  
5 repair, or develop products, services, or tech-  
6 nology; or

7 (G) municipal governments.

8 **SEC. 4. APPLICATION AND ENFORCEMENT BY THE FED-**  
9 **ERAL TRADE COMMISSION.**

10 (a) COMMON CARRIERS.—Notwithstanding the limi-  
11 tations in the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.  
12 41 et seq.) on Commission authority with respect to com-  
13 mon carriers, this Act applies, according to its terms, to  
14 common carriers subject to the Communications Act of  
15 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) and all Acts amendatory thereof  
16 and supplementary thereto. The Federal Trade Commis-  
17 sion shall be the only Federal agency with authority to  
18 enforce such common carriers' privacy practices.

19 (b) ENFORCEMENT.—

20 (1) UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRAC-  
21 TICES.—A violation of this Act or a regulation pro-  
22 mulgated under this Act shall be treated as a viola-  
23 tion section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Com-  
24 mission Act (15 U.S.C. 57(a)(1)(B)) regarding un-  
25 fair or deceptive acts or practices.

1           (2) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—Except as pro-  
2           vided in subsection (a), the Federal Trade Commis-  
3           sion shall enforce this Act and the regulations pro-  
4           mulgated under this Act in the same manner, by the  
5           same means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers,  
6           and duties as though all applicable terms and provi-  
7           sions of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15  
8           U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incorporated into and made  
9           a part of this Act. Any person who violates this Act  
10          or a regulation promulgated under this Act shall be  
11          subject to the penalties and entitled to the privileges  
12          and immunities provided in the Federal Trade Com-  
13          mission Act.

14          (c) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall be  
15          construed to limit the authority of the Federal Trade  
16          Commission under any other provision of law.

17          (d) OPPORTUNITY TO COMPLY.—The Commission  
18          shall notify a controller of alleged violations and provide  
19          them with 30 days to cure a non-wilful violations of this  
20          Act before the Commission shall commence and enforce-  
21          ment action.

22          **SEC. 5. ENFORCEMENT BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.**

23          (a) RIGHT OF ACTION.—Except as provided in sub-  
24          section (e), the attorney general of a State, alleging a vio-  
25          lation of this Act or any regulation issued under this Act



1 that affects or may affect such State or its residents may  
2 bring an action on behalf of the residents of the State in  
3 any United States district court for the district in which  
4 the defendant is found, resides, or transacts business, or  
5 wherever venue is proper under section 1391 of title 28,  
6 United States Code, to obtain appropriate injunctive relief.

7 (b) NOTICE TO COMMISSION REQUIRED.—A State  
8 shall provide prior written notice to the Federal Trade  
9 Commission of any civil action under subsection (a) to-  
10 gether with a copy of its complaint, except that if it is  
11 not feasible for the State to provide such prior notice, the  
12 State shall provide such notice immediately upon insti-  
13 tuting such action.

14 (c) INTERVENTION BY THE COMMISSION.—The Com-  
15 mission may intervene in such civil action and upon inter-  
16 vening—

17 (1) be heard on all matters arising in such civil  
18 action; and

19 (2) file petitions for appeal of a decision in such  
20 civil action.

21 (d) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be  
22 construed—

23 (1) to prevent the attorney general of a State,  
24 or other authorized State officer, from exercising the  
25 powers conferred on the attorney general, or other

1 authorized State officer, by the laws of such State;  
2 or

3 (2) to prohibit the attorney general of a State,  
4 or other authorized State officer, from proceeding in  
5 State or Federal court on the basis of an alleged vio-  
6 lation of any civil or criminal statute of that State.

7 (e) LIMITATION.—

8 (1) NO SEPARATE ACTION.—An action may not  
9 be brought under subsection (a) if the same alleged  
10 violation is the subject of a pending action by the  
11 Commission or the United States.

12 (2) EXCLUSIVE PERIOD TO ACT BY COMMIS-  
13 SION.—An action—

14 (A) may not be brought under subsection  
15 (a) until the expiration of the 60-day period  
16 that begins on the date on which a violation is  
17 discovered by the Commission or the date on  
18 which the Commission is notified of the viola-  
19 tion; and

20 (B) may only be brought under subsection  
21 (a) if the Commission does not bring an action  
22 related to the violation during such period.

23 (f) OPPORTUNITY TO COMPLY.—Prior to bringing  
24 any action under this section, the state attorney general  
25 shall notify a controller of alleged violations and provide

1 them with 30 days to cure a non-wilful violations of this  
2 Act before commencing an enforcement action.

3 **SEC. 6. PRIVACY AND DATA SECURITY EMPLOYEES AND**  
4 **FUNDING FOR THE COMMISSION.**

5 (a) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORITY.—The Commission  
6 shall hire 500 new full-time employees to focus on privacy  
7 and data security, 50 of which shall have technology exper-  
8 tise.

9 (b) ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR PRIVACY AND DATA  
10 SECURITY.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the  
11 Commission \$350,000,000 for issues related to privacy  
12 and data security.

13 **SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.**

14 In this Act the following definitions apply:

15 (1) CALL DETAIL RECORD.—The term “call de-  
16 tail record”—

17 (A) means session-identifying information  
18 (including an originating or terminating tele-  
19 phone number, an International Mobile Sub-  
20 scriber Identity number, or an International  
21 Mobile Station Equipment Identity number), a  
22 telephone calling card number, or the time or  
23 duration of a call;

24 (B) does not include—

1 (i) the contents (as defined in section  
2 (8) of title 18, United States Code) of any  
3 communication;

4 (ii) the name, address, or financial in-  
5 formation of a subscriber or customer;

6 (iii) cell site location or global posi-  
7 tioning system information; or

8 (iv) business customers.

9 (2) CLEAR AND PROMINENT.—The term “clear  
10 and prominent” means in any communication me-  
11 dium, the required disclosure is—

12 (A) of a type, size, and location sufficiently  
13 noticeable for an ordinary consumer to read  
14 and comprehend the communication;

15 (B) provided in a manner such that an or-  
16 dinary consumer is able to read and com-  
17 prehend the communication;

18 (C) is presented in an understandable lan-  
19 guage and syntax;

20 (D) includes nothing contrary to, incon-  
21 sistent with, or that mitigates any statement  
22 contained within the disclosure or within any  
23 document linked to or referenced therein; and

24 (E) includes an option that is compliant  
25 with applicable obligations of the controller

1 under title III of the Americans with Disabil-  
2 ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12181 et seq.).

3 (3) COLLECTION.—The term “collection”  
4 means buying, renting, gathering, obtaining, receiv-  
5 ing, or accessing any sensitive data of an individual  
6 by any means.

7 (4) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission”  
8 means the Federal Trade Commission.

9 (5) CONTROLLER.—The term “controller”  
10 means a person that, on its own or jointly with other  
11 entities, determines the purposes and means of proc-  
12 essing sensitive personal information.

13 (6) DE-IDENTIFIED DATA.—The term “de-iden-  
14 tified data” means information held that—

15 (A) does not identify, and is not linked or  
16 reasonably linkable to, and individual or device;

17 (B) does not contain a persistent identifier  
18 or other information that could readily be used  
19 to de-identify the individual to whom, or the de-  
20 vice to which, the identifier or information per-  
21 tains;

22 (C) is subject to a public commitment by  
23 the entity;

24 (D) to refrain from attempting to use such  
25 information to identify any individual or device;

1           (E) to adopt technical and organizational  
2 measures to ensure that such information is not  
3 linked to any individual or device; and

4           (F) is not disclosed by the covered entity  
5 to any other party unless the disclosure is sub-  
6 ject to a contractually or other legally binding  
7 requirement.

8           (7) EMPLOYEE DATA.—The term “employee  
9 data” means—

10           (A) information relating to an individual  
11 collected in the course of the individual acting  
12 as a job applicant to, or employee (regardless of  
13 whether such employee is paid or unpaid, or  
14 employed on a temporary basis), owner, direc-  
15 tor, officer, staff member, trainee, vendor, vis-  
16 itor, volunteer, intern, or contractor;

17           (B) business contact information of an in-  
18 dividual, including the individual’s name, posi-  
19 tion or title, business telephone number, busi-  
20 ness address, business email address, qualifica-  
21 tions, and other similar information that is pro-  
22 vided by an individual who is acting in a profes-  
23 sional capacity, provided that such information  
24 is collected, processed, or transferred solely for

1 purposes related to such individuals’ profes-  
2 sional activities; or

3 (C) emergency contact information col-  
4 lected by a covered entity that relates to an in-  
5 dividual who is acting in a role described in  
6 subparagraph (A).

7 (8) PROCESSOR.—The term “processor” means  
8 a person that processes data on behalf of a con-  
9 troller or another processor according to and for the  
10 purposes set forth in the documented instructions. If  
11 a person processes data on its own behalf or for its  
12 own purposes, then that person is not a processor  
13 with respect to that data but is instead a controller.  
14 Determining whether a person is acting as a con-  
15 troller or processor with respect to a specific proc-  
16 essing of data is a fact-based determination that de-  
17 pends upon the controller’s documented instructions  
18 and the context in which personal data is to be proc-  
19 essed. A processor shall only remain a processor to  
20 the extent that it continues to process data for the  
21 sole purposes set forth in the documented instruc-  
22 tions of the controller and adheres to those instruc-  
23 tions and the limitations in the controller’s privacy  
24 policy as communicated to the processor with respect  
25 to a specific processing of personal information.

1 (9) SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION.—

2 (A) The term “sensitive personal informa-  
3 tion” means information relating to an identi-  
4 fied or identifiable individual that is—

5 (i) financial account numbers;

6 (ii) health information;

7 (iii) genetic data;

8 (iv) any information pertaining to  
9 children under 13 years of age;

10 (v) Social Security numbers;

11 (vi) unique government-issued identi-  
12 fiers;

13 (vii) authentication credentials for a  
14 financial account, such as a username and  
15 password;

16 (viii) precise geolocation information;

17 (ix) content of a personal wire com-  
18 munication, oral communication, or elec-  
19 tronic communication such as e-mail or di-  
20 rect messaging with respect to any entity  
21 that is not the intended recipient of the  
22 communication;

23 (x) call detail records for calls con-  
24 ducted in a personal and not a business ca-  
25 pacity;



- 1 (xi) biometric information;
- 2 (xii) sexual orientation, gender iden-
- 3 tity, or intersex status;
- 4 (xiii) citizenship or immigration sta-
- 5 tus;
- 6 (xiv) mental or physical health diag-
- 7 nosis;
- 8 (xv) religious beliefs; or
- 9 (xvi) web browsing history, application
- 10 usage history, and the functional equiva-
- 11 lent of either that is data described in this
- 12 subparagraph that is not aggregated data.

13 (B) The term “sensitive personal informa-

14 tion” does not include—

15 (i) de-identified information (or the

16 measurement, analysis or process utilized

17 to transforming personal data so that it is

18 not directly relatable to an identified or

19 identifiable consumer);

20 (ii) information related to employ-

21 ment, including any employee data;

22 (iii) personal information reflecting a

23 written or verbal communication or a

24 transaction between a controller and the

25 user, where the user is a natural person

1           who is acting as an employee, owner, direc-  
2           tor, officer, or contractor of a company,  
3           partnership, sole proprietorship, non-profit,  
4           or government agency and whose commu-  
5           nications or transaction with the controller  
6           occur solely within the context of the con-  
7           troller conducting due diligence regarding,  
8           or providing or receiving a product or serv-  
9           ice to or from such company, partnership,  
10          sole proprietorship, non-profit, or govern-  
11          ment agency; or

12                           (iv) publicly available information.

13           (10) STATE.—The term “State” means each  
14          State of the United States, the District of Columbia,  
15          and each commonwealth, territory, or possession of  
16          the United States.

17           (11) THIRD PARTY.—The term “third party”  
18          means an individual or entity that uses or receives  
19          sensitive personal information obtained by or on be-  
20          half of a controller, other than—

21                           (A) a service provider of a controller to  
22          whom the controller discloses the consumer’s  
23          sensitive personal information for an oper-  
24          ational purpose subject to section 3(a)(1)(B) of  
25          this Act; and

1 (B) any entity that uses sensitive personal  
2 information only as reasonably necessary—

3 (i) to comply with applicable law, reg-  
4 ulation, or legal process;

5 (ii) to enforce the terms of use of a  
6 controller;

7 (iii) to detect, prevent, or mitigate  
8 fraud or security vulnerabilities; or

9 (iv) does not determine the purposes  
10 and means of processing sensitive personal  
11 information.

12 (12) TRANSFER.—The term “transfer” means  
13 to disclose, release, share, disseminate, make avail-  
14 able, or license in writing, electronically or by any  
15 other means, for consideration of any kind for a  
16 commercial purpose.

17 **SEC. 8. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.**

18 (a) FEDERAL ACQUISITION.—Nothing in this Act  
19 may be construed to preclude the acquisition by the Fed-  
20 eral Government of—

21 (1) the contents of a wire or electronic commu-  
22 nication pursuant to other lawful authorities, includ-  
23 ing the authorities under chapter 119 of title 18,  
24 United States Code (commonly known as the “Wire-  
25 tap Act”), the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act

1 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), or any other pro-  
2 vision of Federal law not specifically amended by  
3 this Act; or

4 (2) records or other information relating to a  
5 subscriber or customer of any electronic communica-  
6 tion service or remote computing service (not includ-  
7 ing the content of such communications) pursuant to  
8 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978  
9 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), chapter 119 of title 18,  
10 United States Code (commonly known as the “Wire-  
11 tap Act”), or any other provision of Federal law not  
12 specifically amended by this Act.

13 (b) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in this Act  
14 shall be construed to limit or substitute for the require-  
15 ments under title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15  
16 U.S.C. 6801 et seq.), section 264(c) of the Health Insur-  
17 ance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public  
18 Law 104–191), section 444 of the General Education Pro-  
19 visions Act (commonly known as the Family Educational  
20 Rights and Privacy Act of 1974) (20 U.S.C. 1232g), the  
21 Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).

22 **SEC. 9. NATIONAL STANDARD.**

23 (a) RELATIONSHIP TO STATE LAW.—No State or po-  
24 litical subdivision of a State may adopt, maintain, enforce,  
25 or continue in effect any law, regulation, rule, require-

1 ment, or standard related to the data privacy or associated  
2 activities of covered entities.

3 (b) NONPREEMPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not be  
4 construed to—

5 (1) preempt State laws that directly establish  
6 requirements for the notification of consumers in the  
7 event of a data breach;

8 (2) preempt State laws that directly establish  
9 requirements regarding biometric laws;

10 (3) preempt State laws regarding wiretapping  
11 laws; or

12 (4) preempt State laws like the Public Records  
13 Act.

14 **SEC. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

15 This Act shall take effect 180 days after the date of  
16 the enactment of this Act.

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