S. 4815

To provide for a National Disaster Safety Board.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 20 (legislative day, OCTOBER 19), 2020

Mr. Schatz (for himself and Mr. Cassidy) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

A BILL

To provide for a National Disaster Safety Board.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Disaster Learning and
- 5 Life Saving Act of 2020".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:
- 8 (1) ACT OF VIOLENCE.—The term "act of vio-
- 9 lence" means any terrorism-related or other willful
- act of human violence that causes loss of human life,
- or human or economic injury, including an explosion,

1	arson, mass shooting, or attack by a hostile force, as
2	determined by the Board.
3	(2) Board.—The term "Board" means the Na-
4	tional Disaster Safety Board established under sec-
5	tion 3.
6	(3) Chairperson.—The term "Chairperson"
7	means the Chairperson of the Board appointed
8	under section 3.
9	(4) Economic injury.—The term "economic
10	injury" has the meaning given the term "substantial
11	economic injury" in section 7(b) of the Small Busi-
12	ness Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)).
13	(5) Incident.—The term "incident" means a
14	natural hazard, public health incident, or other cir-
15	cumstance that the Board decides to review.
16	(6) Institution of higher education and
17	RESEARCH INSTITUTION.—The term "institution of
18	higher education and research institution" means—
19	(A) an institution of higher education (as
20	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
21	Act (20 U.S.C. 1001));
22	(B) a National Laboratory (as defined in
23	section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
24	U.S.C. 15801)):

- 1 (C) a laboratory described in section 2 308(c)(2) of the Homeland Security Act of 3 2002 (6 U.S.C. 188(c)(2));
 - (D) the National Domestic Preparedness
 Consortium established under section 1204 of
 the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11
 Commission Act of 2007 (6 U.S.C. 1102) and
 the members of such Consortium; and
 - (E) a research institution associated with an institution of higher education.
 - (7) Natural Hazard.—The term "natural hazard" means any naturally occurring hurricane, tornado, storm, heat wave, flood, high water, winddriven water, wind storm, wildfire, wildland urban interface fire, urban conflagration fire, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, dust storm, drought, or combination thereof, that causes or threatens to cause loss of human life, or human or economic injury, as determined by the Board.
 - (8) Public Health incident.—The term "public health incident" means any infectious disease outbreak or the public health and safety consequences of chemical, radiological, and biological events, as determined by the Board.

1	(9) State.—The term "State" has the mean-
2	ing given the term in section 102 of the Robert T.
3	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance
4	Act (42 U.S.C. 5122).
5	(10) Technological disaster.—The term
6	"technological disaster" means an incident that—
7	(A) is caused by human error or malfunc-
8	tion in technology, including a dam or struc-
9	tural failure, a fire (other than a naturally oc-
10	curring wildfire, wildland urban interface fire,
11	urban conflagration fire, or arson), a hazardous
12	material incident, a nuclear accident, and a
13	power and telecommunications failure; and
14	(B) causes loss of human life, or human or
15	economic injury, as determined by the Board.
16	(11) Terrorism.—The term "terrorism" has
17	the meaning given the term in section 2 of the
18	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101).
19	(12) Tribal Government.—The term "Tribal
20	government" means the governing body of any In-
21	dian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo,
22	village, or community that the Secretary of the Inte-
23	rior acknowledges to exist as an Indian tribe under
24	the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of

1994 (25 U.S.C. 5130 et seq.).

1 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.

2	(a) Organization.—There is established in the exec-
3	utive branch a National Disaster Safety Board, which
4	shall be an independent establishment, as defined in sec-
5	tion 104 of title 5, United States Code.
6	(b) Purpose.—The purposes of the Board are—
7	(1) to reduce loss of life, injury, and economic
8	injury caused by future incidents by learning from
9	natural hazards and public health incidents, includ-
10	ing the impacts and underlying factors of such inci-
11	dents, in a standardized way;
12	(2) to maintain a focus that is future-looking
13	and national in scope, by applying what the Board
14	learns through the trends that emerge from the inci-
15	dents the Board reviews nationally to prevent loss of
16	life, or human or economic injury, not only in the af-
17	fected jurisdiction, but nationally, as the Board de-
18	termines relevant;
19	(3) in carrying out reviews, analyses, and rec-
20	ommendations, is not to be accusatory in nature and
21	the Board shall not seek to find blame in any indi-
22	vidual or organization, or second-guess any relevant
23	authorities;
24	(4) to address systemic causes behind the loss
25	of life and human or economic injury in incidents,

including by recommending the augmentation of re-

- sources available to entities responsible for managing incident consequences; and
- (5) while preventing economic injury as part of the mission of the Board, when relevant, to prioritize efforts that focus on lifesaving and injury prevention, especially in disproportionately impacted communities, as its work determines them to be.

8 SEC. 4. GENERAL AUTHORITY.

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(a) AUTHORITY TO REVIEW.—

- (1) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the Board shall review and establish the facts, circumstances, and cause or probable cause of the loss of life, human injury, and economic injury due to a natural hazard or public health incident with 10 or more fatalities or that meets the requirements described in paragraph (5) or (6) of subsection (b) that occurs after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) DUE TO A NATURAL HAZARD OR PUBLIC HEALTH INCIDENT DEFINED.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "due to a natural hazard or public health incident" means a fatality that, if not for the natural hazard or public health incident, as the case may be, would not have occurred within the time frame of the incident, as defined by standards developed by the Board.

- 1 (b) Determination of Whether Incident War-
- RANTS BOARD REVIEW.—In carrying out subsection (a),
- the Board— 3

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- 4 (1) may begin the review of an incident, includ-5 ing by monitoring the natural hazard or public 6 health incident and collecting facts, before the total 7 number of fatalities is known if the Board deter-8 mines that the natural hazard or public health inci-9 dent has the potential to cause 10 or more fatalities 10 at its onset, in accordance with the policies and procedures established by the Board;
 - (2) may, by a two-thirds vote, decide that an incident that caused 10 or more fatalities does not require a review and shall issue a public statement explaining the determination;
 - (3) may, by a majority vote, decide to review any natural hazard or public health incident that occurs after the date of enactment of this Act upon request from a representative of an affected State, Tribal government, or unit of local government, regardless of the number of fatalities;
 - (4) may, by a majority vote, decide to review any natural hazard or public health incident that occurs after the date of enactment of this Act upon recommendation by the Office for the Protection of

1	Disproportionately Impacted Communities of the
2	Board, which the Office may make because of the
3	incident's impacts on populations that are socially,
4	medically, or economically vulnerable, as decided by
5	the Office; and
6	(5) may, by a majority vote, decide to review a
7	natural hazard or public health incident that occurs
8	after the date of enactment of this Act if—
9	(A) the Board determines that information
10	may be gained by the review that will be useful
11	in reducing systemic causes behind the loss of
12	life and human or economic injury; and
13	(B) the incident—
14	(i) did not result in 10 or more fatali-
15	ties; and
16	(ii)(I) could have resulted in a large
17	number of fatalities if not for swift inter-
18	vention or a shift in the course of events;
19	or
20	(II) resulted in, as determined by the
21	Board—
22	(aa) a significant amount of eco-
23	nomic or infrastructure damage;
24	(bb) significant human displace-
25	ment; or

1	(cc) a significant number of se-
2	vere non-fatal injuries or cases of se-
3	vere illness; and
4	(6) shall, by majority vote, determine whether
5	each incident for which the President issues a major
6	disaster declaration under section 401 of the Robert
7	T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assist-
8	ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170) meets the criteria for re-
9	view under paragraph (5).
10	(c) Nature of Review.—
11	(1) In general.—In carrying out a review
12	under this Act, the Board shall—
13	(A) conduct the review to determine the
14	facts, conditions, and circumstances relating to
15	the loss of life, human injury, and economic in-
16	jury due to an incident;
17	(B) following an initial assessment of an
18	incident by the Board, notify any individual or
19	organization that the Board anticipates will be
20	affected by the review as to the extent of the
21	expected review response of the Board;
22	(C) use the results of the review under
23	subparagraph (A) to—
24	(i) determine how and why people die
25	and are injured during an incident; and

1	(ii) issue recommendations to prevent
2	or mitigate the loss of life, human injury,
3	or economic injury due to similar incidents;
4	and
5	(D) report on the facts and circumstances
6	of the incident review, including the pre-inci-
7	dent resilience or vulnerabilities of the incident
8	area or population.
9	(2) Generalized nature of reviews.—A
10	review of loss of life and injury conducted by the
11	Board shall—
12	(A) be generalized;
13	(B) focus on trends across an incident; and
14	(C) not aim to determine the exact indi-
15	vidual cause of death or injury of any affected
16	people.
17	(3) Fact-finding proceeding.—Any review
18	of an incident by the Board under this Act shall be
19	a fact-finding proceeding with no adverse parties.
20	(4) Limitation of applicability of other
21	ACTS.—
22	(A) Administrative procedure act.—
23	Any review proceedings of the Board under this
24	Act shall not be—

1	(i) subject to the Administrative Pro-
2	cedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.); or
3	(ii) conducted for the purpose of de-
4	termining the rights, liabilities, or blame of
5	any person, as the review is not an adju-
6	dicatory proceeding.
7	(B) Paperwork reduction act.—Chap-
8	ter 35 of title 44, United States Code (com-
9	monly known as the "Paperwork Reduction
10	Act"), shall not apply to the review proceedings
11	of the Board under this Act.
12	(C) Federal advisory committee
13	ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
14	U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Board.
15	(5) Initiating reviews.—The Board shall ini-
16	tiate a review of an incident by monitoring the situa-
17	tion and assessing available facts to determine the
18	appropriate review response, without interfering in
19	any ongoing lifesaving and life sustaining efforts un-
20	derway by other entities.
21	(6) Alignment and Coordination.—In car-
22	rying out this Act, the Board shall coordinate with
23	Federal, State, local, and Tribal entities to—
24	(A) establish or adopt standard methods of
25	measuring the impacts of natural hazards and

1	accessing response capacity and capabilities to
2	maintain consistency and allow for the analysis
3	of trends over time;
4	(B) ensure that the standard data sets and
5	formats necessary for reviews developed under
6	subparagraph (A) are propagated among Fed-
7	eral, State, local, and tribal entities that may be
8	involved in response operations;
9	(C) leverage, to the extent practicable,
10	data collected using standard data sets and for-
11	mats established under subparagraph (B) by
12	Federal entities involved in response operations
13	to avoid any duplication of data collection; and
14	(D) during incident response operations,
15	coordinate with partners active in the operation
16	to collect data remotely or take other actions
17	that the Board finds necessary to align and co-
18	ordinate the requirements of the review with
19	ongoing operations, including through the re-
20	quirements of paragraph (7).
21	(7) Incident command.—The Board shall—
22	(A) recognize the role of incident command
23	systems to address incidents;
24	(B) participate in the incident command
25	system to identify and coordinate review needs

related to the preservation and collection of information and evidence; and

> (C) shall collect information and evidence from the incident command in a timely and reasonable manner so as not to interfere with the operations of the incident command.

(8) Parties to the review.—

- (A) Participants.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the Board may invite 1 or more entities to serve as a party in a review on a voluntary basis, and any party participant shall be required to follow all directions and instructions from the Board.
- (B) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In designating an entity to serve as a party under subparagraph (A), the Board may designate only a Federal, State, or local government agency or private organization whose employees, functions, activities, or products were involved in the incident, including responsible parties, and that can provide suitable qualified technical personnel to actively assist in the review.
- (C) Representatives of eligible entitive proposed by an entity designated as a party

1	under subparagraph (A) to participate in the
2	review may not be an individual who had direct
3	involvement in the incident under review.
4	(D) REVOCATION OF PARTY STATUS.—A
5	designation as a party under subparagraph (A)
6	may be revoked or suspended by the Board is
7	the party fails to comply with assigned duties
8	and instructions, withholds information, or oth-
9	erwise acts in a manner prejudicial or disrup-
10	tive to a review.
11	(E) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
12	this paragraph shall be construed to establish a
13	right for any entity to participate in a Board
14	review as a party.
15	(F) Internal review by a party.—To
16	assure coordination of concurrent efforts, a
17	party to a review that conducts or authorizes ar
18	internal review of the processes and procedures
19	of the party as a result of an incident that the
20	Board is reviewing shall—
21	(i) inform the Board of the nature of
22	the review; and
23	(ii) provide to the Board findings
24	from the review.

- 1 (9) REVIEW PROCEDURES.—In addition to any 2 procedures required under this Act, the Board shall 3 determine and publish detailed review procedures as 4 the Board determines necessary.
 - (10) PRODUCTS.—The Board may use any medium that will effectively convey the findings and recommendations of the Board to the targeted audience of such findings or recommendations.

(d) REVIEW BY AFFECTED AUTHORITIES.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—When the Board has completed the findings and recommendations or other products as a result of a review under this Act, the Board shall provide all affected States, Tribal Governments, and units of local government, or their designees, an opportunity to review and comment not later than 30 days before the publication of the findings or recommendations.
- (2) REQUIREMENT.—The Board shall make every reasonable effort, within its discretion, to respond to requests for additional information and context that an affected jurisdiction may make and to edit their findings and recommendations with any useful additional information or context provided by any affected jurisdiction in its comments without affecting the integrity or independence of the review

- 1 and its findings and recommendations, as the Board
- 2 shall determine.
- 3 (e) Disproportionately Impacted Commu-
- 4 NITIES.—
- 5 (1) In general.—In carrying out a review of
- 6 an incident under this section, including in deter-
- 7 mining whether to launch a review, the Board shall
- 8 ensure the potential development of findings that
- 9 would benefit the prevention of loss of life and
- 10 human or economic injury to populations that are
- socially, medically, or economically vulnerable, as de-
- cided by the Board.
- 13 (2) Data requirement.—To forward the
- analysis and identification of trends of fatalities and
- injuries as a result of incidents, the Board shall pub-
- lish information regarding the number of fatalities
- and injuries, and the facts and circumstances sur-
- 18 rounding them, disaggregated by race, color or eth-
- 19 nicity, religion, nationality, sex, age, disability,
- 20 English proficiency, occupation, or economic status,
- and other demographic characteristics that the
- Board may determine appropriate.
- 23 (f) Coordination With Other Reviews and In-
- 24 VESTIGATIONS.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the requirements
 2 of this section, a review of a natural hazard incident
 3 by the Board under subsection (a)(1) shall have pri4 ority over any investigation by another department,
 5 agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Govern6 ment or a State, Tribal, or local government.
 - (2) Participation by other agencies.—The Board shall provide for appropriate participation by other departments, agencies, or instrumentalities in a review conducted by the Board, except that another department, agency, or instrumentality may not influence the final findings of the Board.
 - (3) Coordination.—The Board shall coordinate with all other Federal, State, Tribal, or local legally mandated investigations or reviews and may share information with those entities, according to policies and procedures that the Board will provide, to ensure that appropriate findings and recommendations to reduce loss of life, injury, and economic injury caused by future incidents are produced as efficiently as possible.
 - (4) Memoranda of understanding.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter, the Chairman of the Board shall enter into memoranda of understanding

1	with the Director of the National Institute of Stand-
2	ards and Technology, the Administrator of the Fed-
3	eral Emergency Management Agency, the Chairman
4	of the Chemical Safety Board, and the Chairman of
5	the National Transportation Safety Board, respec-
6	tively, and may enter into additional memoranda of
7	understanding with any other Federal entity that re-
8	quests such due to the relationship that the require-
9	ments of the Federal entity may have with the re-
10	quirements with the Board, in order to—
11	(A) determine the appropriate roles and re-
12	sponsibilities of the Board with respect to the
13	other agency or board;
14	(B) avoid any duplication of effort; and
15	(C) ensure that appropriate findings and
16	recommendations to reduce loss of life, injury,
17	and economic injury caused by future incidents
18	are provided.
19	(g) Participation in Support of Another Agen-
20	CY.—
21	(1) In General.—
22	(A) INVESTIGATION OF ACTS OF VIO-
23	LENCE.—The Board may participate in an in-
24	vestigation of an act of violence in support of
25	another Federal department or agency, or other

1	Federal investigative body with statutory au-
2	thority to lead such an investigation, if the head
3	of the lead investigative agency determines that
4	the participation of the Board would be bene-
5	ficial to reduce the likelihood of the loss of life
6	and human or economic injury, for future simi-
7	lar incidents.
8	(B) Investigation of technological
9	INCIDENTS.—
10	(i) In general.—The Board may
11	participate in an investigation of a techno-
12	logical incident—
13	(I) in support of another Federal
14	department or agency, or other Fed-
15	eral investigative body with statutory
16	authority to lead such an investiga-
17	tion, if the head of the lead investiga-
18	tive agency determines that the par-
19	ticipation of the Board would be bene-
20	ficial to reduce the likelihood of the
21	loss of life and human or economic in-
22	jury, for future similar incidents; or
23	(II) in the case of no statutory
24	authority for another Federal depart-
25	ment or agency, or other Federal in-

1	vestigative body, to lead such an in-
2	vestigation, as the lead investigative
3	entity.
4	(ii) Memoranda of under-
5	STANDING.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the date of enactment of this Act, and bi-
7	ennially thereafter, the Chairman of the
8	Board shall enter into memoranda of un-
9	derstanding with the heads of appropriate
10	Federal agencies in order to—
11	(I) determine the appropriate
12	roles and responsibilities of the Board
13	in investigating technological incidents
14	with respect to the other agency;
15	(II) avoid any duplication of ef-
16	fort; and
17	(III) ensure that appropriate
18	findings and recommendations to re-
19	duce loss of life, injury, and economic
20	injury caused by future incidents are
21	provided.
22	(2) FINDINGS.—If the Board participates in an
23	act of violence or technological incident investigation
24	under subparagraph (A), the Board may issue inde-
25	pendent findings and recommendations notwith-

- standing the outcome of any investigation conducted by another Federal agency or other Federal investigative body.
 - (3) CRIMINAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—If the Attorney General, in consultation with the Chairperson, determines and notifies the Board that circumstances reasonably indicate that the act of violence or technological incident described in subparagraph (A) may have been caused by an intentional criminal act, the Board shall relinquish investigative priority to the responsible Federal law enforcement entity.
 - (4) Rule of construction.—This section shall not be construed to affect the authority of another department, agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government to investigate an incident under applicable law or to obtain information directly from the parties involved in, and witnesses to, the incident. The Board and other departments, agencies, and instrumentalities shall ensure that appropriate information developed about the incident is exchanged in a timely manner.
- 23 (h) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Board may make 24 the following types of technical assistance available to 25 Federal, State, Tribal, and local government agencies and

1	to private entities as designated by a Federal, State, Trib-
2	al, or local government agency:
3	(1) Independent review.—The Board shall
4	disseminate best practices for the development of in-
5	ternal review organizations within State, Tribal, and
6	local governments.
7	(2) Implementation of recommenda-
8	TIONS.—The Board—
9	(A) may provide technical assistance to
10	any entity identified as responsible for imple-
11	menting a recommendation under section
12	5(a)(1) to assist the entity in implementing the
13	recommendation; and
14	(B) to the extent possible, shall provide the
15	technical assistance described in subparagraph
16	(A) in coordination with technical assistance of-
17	fered by another Federal department or agency.
18	(3) Prioritization.—In offering technical as-
19	sistance under this subsection, the Board shall use
20	a risk-based method of prioritization, as the Board
21	determines appropriate.
22	(i) Findings.—
23	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
24	graph (2), not later than 1 year after the date on
25	which the Board initiates a review conducted under

1	this section, the Board shall make the findings and
2	relevant underlying data of the review available to
3	the public.
4	(2) Extension of Deadline.—The Chair-
5	person of the Board may extend the 1-year period
6	described in paragraph (1) if the Chairperson, before
7	the end of such 1-year period—
8	(A) provides an explanation for the exten-
9	sion; and
10	(B) make available to the public all avail-
11	able interim findings and underlying data.
12	SEC. 5. RECOMMENDATIONS AND RESPONSES.
13	(a) In General.—If the Board issues a rec-
14	ommendation about an incident, the Board shall—
15	(1) explain the relationship between any rec-
16	ommendation and the results of a fact-finding re-
17	view;
18	(2) identify each relevant entity responsible for
19	making the change called for in the recommenda-
20	tion, including State, local, or private entities, as ap-
21	propriate;
22	(3) publish any responses to the recommenda-
23	tion publicly; and
24	(4) assess whether the responses adequately
25	lower the likelihood that a future similar incident

1	will result in loss of life, or human or economic in-
2	jury in the view of the Board.
3	(b) Federal Responses to Recommendations.—
4	(1) In general.—All Federal departments and
5	agencies identified in a recommendation made by the
6	Board shall reply to the recommendations not later
7	than 90 days after the date on which the rec-
8	ommendation is published by the Board.
9	(2) Response described.—A response under
10	paragraph (1) made by a Federal department or
11	agency shall include—
12	(A) whether the department or agency in-
13	tends to adopt the recommendation in whole, in
14	part, or not at all;
15	(B) an explanation of the reasons for only
16	adopting the recommendation in part or not at
17	all; and
18	(C) a proposed timetable for completing
19	the action the Federal department or agency
20	has agreed to.
21	(3) Progress updates.—A Federal depart-
22	ment or agency that agrees to adopt a recommenda-
23	tion of the Board shall—
24	(A) track the progress of the department
25	or agency toward completion; and

1	(B) provide an update to the Board, to be
2	published publicly, periodically and not less fre-
3	quently than annually.
4	(c) Public Availability.—
5	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the date on which a final determination is made on
7	a recommendation under this section, the Board
8	shall make a copy of the recommendation and re-
9	sponse to the recommendation available to the pub-
10	lie.
11	(2) Extension of Deadline.—The Chair-
12	person of the Board may extend the 1-year period
13	described in paragraph (1) if the Chairperson, before
14	the end of such 1-year period—
15	(A) provides an explanation for the exten-
16	sion; and
17	(B) make available to the public any avail-
18	able interim response to the recommendation
19	and underlying data.
20	(d) DISSEMINATION.—The Board shall propagate
21	each recommendation issued under this section, including
22	by—
23	(1) incorporating the recommendation, and any
24	related findings, into training material used by Fed-
25	eral. State. Tribal, and private training facilities

1	specializing in building resilience to and responding
2	to and recovering from natural hazards and public
3	health incidents, as the Board deems appropriate;
4	(2) coordinating with professional associations
5	related to building resilience to and responding to
6	and recovering from natural hazards and public
7	health incidents;
8	(3) collaborating with relevant Federal, State,
9	and Tribal authorities and private organizations;
10	and
11	(4) coordinating with private and public institu-
12	tions of higher education and research institutions.
13	SEC. 6. REPORTS AND STUDIES.
14	(a) Studies and Other Reports.—
15	(1) In general.—The Board shall periodically
16	submit a report containing the information described
17	in paragraph (2) to—
18	(A) Congress;
19	(B) any department, agency, or instrumen-
20	tality of the Federal Government concerned
21	with natural hazards and public health safety;
22	(C) all State and Tribal governments; and
23	(D) the general public.
24	(2) Information described.—The informa-
25	tion described in this paragraph is—

1	(A) the results of special studies on how to
2	reduce morbidity and mortality from incidents;
3	(B) an examination of techniques and
4	methods of evaluating measures to protect the
5	public from incidents and periodically publish
6	recommended procedures for reviews;
7	(C) evaluation and examination of the ef-
8	fectiveness of the findings of the Board about
9	the natural hazard and public health resilience
10	of other departments, agencies, and instrumen-
11	talities of the Federal Government and their ef-
12	fectiveness in preventing loss of life, or human
13	or economic injury; and
14	(D) recommend meaningful responses to
15	reduce the likelihood of loss of life, or human
16	or economic injury, according to the findings of
17	the above-mentioned research, including na-
18	tional and regional policies and programs.
19	(b) BIENNIAL REPORT.—Not later than June 1,
20	2022, and once every 2 years thereafter, the Board shall
21	submit a report to Congress, which shall include—
22	(1) a statistical and analytical summary of the
23	reviews conducted and reviewed by the Board during
24	the prior 2 calendar years;

1	(2) a survey and summary of the recommenda-
2	tions made by the Board and the observed response
3	to each recommendation, including the classification
4	containing a written justification and explanation of
5	each recommendation as—
6	(A) open, if, in the determination of the
7	Board, sufficient action to fulfill the intent of
8	the recommendation has not been taken and
9	still should be;
10	(B) closed, if, in the determination of the
11	Board, sufficient action to fulfill the intent of
12	the recommendation has been taken and no fur-
13	ther action is necessary; and
14	(C) outdated, if, in the determination of
15	the Board, the recommendation is no longer rel-
16	evant because of any change in circumstances
17	or actions by parties other than the intended
18	recipient of the recommendation;
19	(3) an assessment of efforts of Federal, State
20	Tribal, and local governments to respond to rec-

ommendations made by the Board, if such entities

have voluntarily provided information to the Board

on the progress of the entity;

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- 1 (4) a description of the training undertaken by 2 the Board and its staff and persons sponsored by 3 the Board;
 - (5) a list of natural hazards and public health incidents that caused 10 or more fatalities that the Board did not review and a recommendation with justification by the Board of whether similar incidents should be reviewed in the future;
 - (6) a recommendation on how, if at all, the thresholds and triggers for a review by the Board should change;
 - (7) an assessment of the sufficiency of Federal resources provided to State, Tribal, and local governments in aggregate relative to any vulnerabilities that the Board determines the governments have;
 - (8) a list of all requests for review from Governors of States and territories and chief executives of Tribal governments or recommended by the office established under section 7(f)(2) that the Board rejected, including comments and recommendations from the Board regarding whether similar incidents should be reviewed in the future; and
 - (9) a list of ongoing reviews that have exceeded the expected time allotted for completion by Board

order and an explanation for the additional time re-

quired to complete each such review.
(c) DISSEMINATION.—The Board shall propagate the
information described in subsection (a)(2), including by—
(1) incorporating the information into training
material used by Federal, State, Tribal, and private
training facilities specializing in building resilience
to and responding to and recovering from natura
hazards and public health incidents, as the Board
deems appropriate;
(2) coordinating with professional associations
related to building resilience to and responding to
and recovering from natural hazards and public
health incidents;
(3) collaborating with relevant Federal, State
and Tribal authorities and private organizations
and
(4) coordinating with private and public institu
tions of higher education and research institutions
SEC. 7. APPOINTMENT AND ORGANIZATION.
(a) Appointment of Members.—
(1) In General.—The Board shall be com
posed of 7 members, who shall, in accordance with
paragraph (2) and subject to paragraph (3), be ap

1	pointed by the President, by and with the advice and
2	consent of the Senate.
3	(2) Procedure.—
4	(A) Initial appointments.—The Presi-
5	dent shall appoint the initial 7 members of the
6	Board from among a list of 14 individuals pro-
7	vided by both houses of Congress, of which—
8	(i) the majority leader of the Senate
9	shall provide the names of 4 individuals;
10	(ii) the minority leader of the Senate
11	shall provide the names of 3 individuals;
12	(iii) the Speaker of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives shall provide the names of 4
14	individuals; and
15	(iv) the minority leader of the House
16	of Representatives shall provide the names
17	of 3 individuals.
18	(B) Consultation.—In making appoint-
19	ments under this paragraph, the President shall
20	consult with the National Academies of
21	Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine and rel-
22	evant professional associations and leaders in
23	the private sector.
24	(C) Subsequent appointments.—Any
25	vacancy of the Board shall be filled in the same

1	manner as the original appointment, except
2	that subparagraph (A) shall not apply.
3	(3) Requirements.—Of the 7 members ap-
4	pointed under paragraph (1)—
5	(A) not more than 4 members may be ap-
6	pointed from the same political party;
7	(B) all members shall be appointed on the
8	basis of technical qualification, professional
9	standing, and demonstrated knowledge in emer-
10	gency management, fire management, emer-
11	gency medical services, public-health, engineer-
12	ing, social science, or behavioral science;
13	(C) a minimum of 2 members shall have
14	experience working at the State or municipal
15	level in 1 of the fields described in subpara-
16	graph (B); and
17	(D) a minimum of 2 members shall have
18	demonstrated professional experience working
19	with populations that have historically been
20	more vulnerable to incidents because of their
21	race, color, nationality, sex, age, disability,
22	English proficiency, or economic status.
23	(b) Terms of Office and Removal.—

- 1 (1) TERM OF OFFICE.—Except as provided in 2 paragraph (2), the term of office of each member 3 shall be 5 years.
 - (2) FILLING OF VACANCY.—An individual appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the predecessor of that individual was appointed is appointed for the remainder of that term.
 - (3) CONTINUATION UNTIL SUCCESSOR IS AP-POINTED.—When the term of office of a member ends, the member may continue to serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed.
 - (4) Removal.—The President may remove a member only for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office. Immediately upon removing a member of the Board, the President shall issue a public statement that details how the actions of the removed member met the criteria of this paragraph.

(c) Chairperson and Vice Chairperson.—

- (1) CHAIRPERSON.—The President shall designate, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a member appointed under subsection (b) to serve as the Chairperson of the Board.
- (2) VICE CHAIRPERSON.—The President shall designate a member appointed under subsection (b)

1	to serve as the Vice Chairperson of the Board and
2	if the Chairperson is absent or unable to serve, or
3	if the position of Chairperson is vacant, the Vice
4	Chairperson shall act as the Chairperson.
5	(3) TERM OF OFFICE.—The Chairperson and
6	Vice Chairperson shall each serve in such position
7	for a term of 3 years.
8	(d) Duties and Powers of Chairperson.—
9	(1) In General.—The Chairperson shall be the
10	chief executive and administrative officer of the
11	Board.
12	(2) Powers.—Subject to the general policies
13	and decisions of the Board, the Chairperson shall—
14	(A) appoint and supervise officers and em-
15	ployees, other than regular and full-time em-
16	ployees in the immediate offices of another
17	member, necessary to carry out this Act;
18	(B) fix the pay of officers and employees
19	necessary to carry out this Act;
20	(C) distribute business among the officers,
21	employees, and administrative units of the
22	Board; and
23	(D) supervise the expenditures of the
24	Board.
25	(e) Quorum.—

1	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
2	and (3), 4 members of the Board shall constitute a
3	quorum for purposes of carrying out the duties and
4	powers of the Board, subject to the limitations in
5	the remainder of this subsection.
6	(2) Party Limitation.—Not less than 1 rep-
7	resentative from each party shall be present for a
8	quorum to be established.
9	(3) Chairperson.—Either the Chairperson or
10	Vice Chairperson shall be present for a quorum to
11	be established.
12	(f) Offices.—
13	(1) In General.—The Board shall establish
14	such offices as are necessary to carry out this Act
15	which may include offices responsible for—
16	(A) operations;
17	(B) science and methodology;
18	(C) review and evaluation;
19	(D) communications;
20	(E) external coordination; or
21	(F) technical assistance.
22	(2) Office for the protection of dis-
23	PROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall estab-
25	lish an office to review and make recommends.

1 tions to mitigate and prevent the loss of life, or 2 human or economic injury for vulnerable popu-3 lations, including populations that may be more 4 vulnerable because of their race, color, religion, nationality, sex, age, disability, English pro-6 ficiency, or economic status, or other demo-7 graphic characteristics that the Board may de-8 termine appropriate. 9 (B) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The office estab-10 lished under paragraph (1) shall— 11 (i) provide recommendations to the 12 Board for incidents to review in accordance 13 with section 4(b)(4) that do not otherwise 14 meet the requirements of section 4(b); 15 (ii) determine and maintain a list spe-16 cific demographic, economic, social, and 17 health characteristics of populations that 18 historically have shown to be disproportion-19 ately impacted by incidents; 20 (iii) during a review conducted by the 21 Board, provide research and analysis on 22 how the incident impacts populations that

the Office determines to be disproportion-

ately impacted;

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- 1 (iv) provide recommendations for each
 2 review conducted by the Board and for
 3 each report developed under section 6 on
 4 actions that can be taken to reduce the im5 pact to populations that are found to be
 6 disproportionately impacted under clause
 7 (ii); and
 - (v) provide training, and establish training requirements, for Board members and staff in the fields of diversity, inclusion, and equity in consultation with organizations specializing in those fields.
 - (3) REGIONAL OFFICES.—In establishing offices under this subsection, the Board may establish regional offices across the United States to facilitate collaboration, coordination, and the dissemination of findings, recommendations, and best practices to State, Tribal, and local governments and the private sector in such regions as the Board determines appropriate.
 - (4) Purpose.—Each office established under this subsection shall enable the Board to review, report on, and issue recommendations to prevent the loss of life, human injury, and economic injury and

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1	deliver technical assistance to disseminate best prac-
2	tices in accordance with this Act.
3	(g) Chief Financial Officer.—The Chairperson
4	shall designate an officer or employee of the Board to
5	serve as the Chief Financial Officer, who shall—
6	(1) report directly to the Chairperson on finan-
7	cial management and budget execution;
8	(2) direct, manage, and provide policy guidance
9	and oversight on financial management and property
10	and inventory control; and
11	(3) review the fees, rents, and other charges im-
12	posed by the Board for services and things of value
13	it provides and suggest appropriate revisions to
14	those charges to reflect costs incurred by the Board
15	in providing those services and things of value.
16	(h) Board Member Staff.—
17	(1) In General.—Each member of the Board
18	shall appoint and supervise regular and full-time em-
19	ployees in his or her immediate office as long as any
20	such employee has been approved for employment by
21	the designated agency ethics official under the same
22	guidelines that apply to all employees of the Board
23	(2) Designation.—With respect to an indi-
24	vidual appointed under paragraph (1)—

1	(A) the member of the Board making the
2	appointment shall determine which grade of the
3	General Schedule most closely corresponds with
4	respect to the duties and functions of the posi-
5	tion to which the individual is appointed; and
6	(B) during the period of the appoint-
7	ment—
8	(i) the individual shall be compensated
9	at the appropriate rate of pay for the
10	grade of the General Schedule with respect
11	to which the determination is made under
12	subparagraph (A); and
13	(ii) for the purposes of title 5, United
14	States Code, and the rules issued under
15	that title, the individual shall be considered
16	to be an employee, as that term is defined
17	in section 5331(a) of title 5, United States
18	Code.
19	(3) Limitation.—Except for the Chairperson,
20	the appointment authority in paragraph (1) shall be
21	limited to the number of full-time equivalent posi-
22	tions, in addition to 1 senior professional staff posi-
23	tion at a level not to exceed the GS-15 level of the
24	General Schedule and 1 administrative staff posi-

tion, allocated to each member of the Board through

1	the annual budget and allocation process of the
2	Board.
3	(i) Detailed Staff.—
4	(1) Federal employees.—
5	(A) In general.—Upon request of the
6	Board, the head of an agency described in sub-
7	paragraph (B), or any other Federal depart-
8	ment or agency that the Board may request,
9	may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the
10	personnel of that department or agency to the
11	Board to assist the Board in carrying out the
12	duties of the Board under this Act.
13	(B) Relevant agencies.—For purposes
14	of subparagraph (A), the following are agencies
15	described in this subparagraph:
16	(i) The Federal Emergency Manage-
17	ment Agency.
18	(ii) The Cybersecurity and Infrastruc-
19	ture Security Agency of the Department of
20	Homeland Security.
21	(iii) The National Oceanic and Atmos-
22	pheric Administration, including the Na-
23	tional Weather Service.
24	(iv) The Department of Defense, in-
25	cluding the Army Corps of Engineers.

1	(v) The Department of Health and
2	Human Services.
3	(vi) The National Institutes of
4	Health.
5	(vii) The Centers for Disease Control
6	and Prevention.
7	(viii) The Coast Guard.
8	(ix) The National Transportation
9	Safety Board.
10	(x) The National Institute of Stand-
11	ards and Technology.
12	(xi) The Government Accountability
13	Office.
14	(xii) The Department of the Interior,
15	including the United States Geological
16	Survey.
17	(xiii) Any Office of the Inspector Gen-
18	eral.
19	(xiv) The Small Business Administra-
20	tion.
21	(xv) The Chemical Safety and Hazard
22	Investigation Board.
23	(xvi) The Department of Housing and
24	Urban Development.
25	(xvii) The Department of Agriculture.

1	(2) State, local, tribal, and research
2	STAFF.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board may enter

- (A) In general.—The Board may enter into agreements with State, local, and Tribal governments and relevant nonprofit institutions of higher education and research institutions to request staff, with specialized experience that the Board determines relevant, to be detailed to the Board, on a reimbursable basis, and shall consult with relevant associations and organizations of those entities in developing an efficient process for requesting and receiving detailed staff.
- (B) Compensation.—The Board shall ensure that any staff members detailed to the Board under this paragraph are compensated equitably and shall pay differences in salaries based on the experience of said staff and in consultation with the Office of Personnel Management.
- (3) TERM OF DETAIL.—Any staff member detailed to the Board under this section shall be detailed for a term of 1 year and such detail may be extended for not more than 2 1-year terms.
- (4) Limitations.—Under this subsection—

1	(A) not more than 25 percent of the total
2	number of staff members working for the
3	Board at any time may be detailed or other-
4	wise nonpermanent staff;
5	(B) a detailee shall serve as an adviser or
6	supplemental professional staff in any office es-
7	tablished by the Board under subsection (g);
8	and
9	(C) a detailee may not—
10	(i) determine any final findings or rec-
11	ommendations; and
12	(ii) be the sole decisionmaker in re-
13	view or evaluation methodologies.
14	(j) SEAL.—The Board shall have a seal that shall be
15	judicially recognized.
16	(k) Open Meetings.—
17	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
18	graph (2), the Board shall be considered an agency
19	for purposes of section 552b of title 5, United States
20	Code.
21	(2) Nonpublic collaborative discus-
22	SIONS.—
23	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding sec-
24	tion 552b of title 5, United States Code, a ma-
25	jority of the members may hold a meeting that

1	is not open to public observation to discuss offi-
2	cial agency business, if—
3	(i) no formal or informal vote or other
4	official agency action is taken at the meet-
5	ing;
6	(ii) each individual present at the
7	meeting is a member or an employee of the
8	Board;
9	(iii) at least 1 member of the Board
10	from each political party is present at the
11	meeting, if applicable;
12	(iv) the General Counsel of the Board
13	is present at the meeting; and
14	(v) the records of the meeting, includ-
15	ing the names of the individuals in attend-
16	ance, time, place, and summary to be as
17	thorough as the Board determines to be
18	prudent, are posted publicly and online.
19	(B) DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC COLLABO-
20	RATIVE DISCUSSIONS.—Except as provided
21	under subparagraphs (C) and (D), not later
22	than 2 business days after the conclusion of a
23	meeting under subparagraph (A), the Board
24	shall make available to the public, in a place
25	easily accessible to the public—

1	(i) a list of the individuals present at
2	the meeting; and
3	(ii) a summary of the matters, includ-
4	ing key issues, discussed at the meeting,
5	except for any matter the Board properly
6	determines may be withheld from the pub-
7	lic under section 552b(c) of title 5, United
8	States Code.
9	(C) Summary.—If the Board properly de-
10	termines a matter may be withheld from the
11	public under section 552b(c) of title 5, United
12	States Code, the Board shall provide a sum-
13	mary with as much general information as pos-
14	sible on each matter withheld from the public.
15	(D) ACTIVE REVIEWS.—If a discussion
16	under subparagraph (A) directly relates to an
17	active review, the Board shall make the disclo-
18	sure under subparagraph (B) on the date the
19	Board adopts the final report.
20	(E) Preservation of open meetings
21	REQUIREMENTS FOR AGENCY ACTION.—Noth-
22	ing in this paragraph may be construed to limit
23	the applicability of section 552b of title 5,
24	United States Code, with respect to a meeting

1	of the members other than that described in
2	this paragraph.
3	(F) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
4	in this paragraph may be construed—
5	(i) to limit the applicability of section
6	552b of title 5, United States Code, with
7	respect to any information which is pro-
8	posed to be withheld from the public under
9	subparagraph (B)(ii); or
10	(ii) to authorize the Board to withhold
11	from any individual any record that is ac-
12	cessible to that individual under section
13	552a of title 5, United States Code.
14	SEC. 8. METHODOLOGY.
15	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall conduct each re-
16	view, issue each recommendation, develop each report, and
17	deliver all technical assistance authorized under this Act
18	using the methods that are in accordance with relevant
19	professional best practices, including those by analogous
20	review organizations, academia, and government and pri-
21	vate organizations.
22	(b) REQUIRED REVIEW.—The Board shall—
23	(1) review, on a regular basis, the methodolo-
24	gies of the Board; and

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1	(2) update the methodologies of the Board in
2	accordance with the findings of each review con-
3	ducted under paragraph (1).
4	(c) REQUIREMENT.—In establishing the methodolo-
5	gies of the Board under this section, the Board shall incor-
6	porate all relevant information from relevant Federal,
7	State, and local entities, including past experience with
8	similar incidents, exercises, risk assessments, and all other
9	past research and analysis.
10	(d) Transparency.—The Chairperson shall include
11	with each review report in which a recommendation is
12	issued by the Board a methodology section detailing the
13	process and information underlying the selection of each
14	recommendation.
15	(e) Elements.—Except as provided in subsection
16	(f), the methodology section under subsection (a) shall in-
17	clude, for each recommendation—
18	(1) a brief summary of the Board's collection
19	and analysis of the specific information most rel-
20	evant to the recommendation;
21	(2) a description of the Board's use of external
22	information, including studies, reports, and experts,
23	other than the findings of a specific review, if any

1	benefits and other effects identified by each study
2	report, or expert; and
3	(3) a brief summary of actions, including im-
4	portant examples, taken by regulated entities before
5	the publication of the recommendation, to the extent
6	such actions are known to the Board, that were con-
7	sistent with the recommendation.
8	(f) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—
9	(1) In general.—Nothing in this section may
10	be construed—
11	(A) to delay publication of the findings
12	cause, or probable cause of a Board review;
13	(B) to delay the issuance of an urgent rec-
14	ommendation that the Board has determined
15	must be issued to avoid immediate death, or
16	human or economic injury; or
17	(C) to limit the number of examples the
18	Board may consider before issuing a rec-
19	ommendation.
20	(2) Limitation.—Notwithstanding paragraph
21	(1), the Board shall publish the methodology re-
22	quired under this section not later than 30 days
23	after the date on which the review is initially pub-
24	lished.

1 SEC. 9. ADMINISTRATIVE.

2 ((a) AUTHORITY.—
. ((a) AUTHORITY.–

- (1) In General.—The Board, and when authorized by the Board, a member of the Board, an administrative law judge employed by or assigned to the Board, or an officer or employee designated by the Chairperson, may conduct hearings to carry out this Act, administer oaths, and require, by subpoena or otherwise, necessary witnesses and evidence.
 - (2) Subpoena authority.—A witness or evidence in a hearing under paragraph (1) of this subsection may be summoned or required to be produced from any place in the United States to the designated place of the hearing. A witness summoned under this subsection is entitled to the same fee and mileage the witness would have been paid in a court of the United States.
 - (3) REQUIREMENT.—A subpoena shall be issued under the signature of the Chairperson or the Chairperson's designee, but may be served by any person designated by the Chairperson.
 - (4) Enforcement.—If a person disobeys a subpoena, order, or inspection notice of the Board, the Board may bring a civil action in a district court of the United States to enforce the subpoena, order, or notice. An action under this paragraph may be

- brought in the judicial district in which the person against whom the action is brought resides, is found, or does business. The court may punish a failure to bey an order of the court to comply with the subpoena, order, or notice as a contempt of court.
 - (b) Additional Powers.—The Board may—
 - (1) procure the temporary or intermittent services of experts or consultants under section 3109 of title 5, United States Code;
 - (2) make agreements and other transactions necessary to carry out this Act without regard to subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 6101 of title 41, United States Code;
 - (3) use, when appropriate, available services, equipment, personnel, and facilities of a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government on a reimbursable or other basis;
 - (4) confer with employees and use services, records, and facilities of State and local governmental authorities;
 - (5) appoint advisory committees composed of qualified private citizens and officials of the Government and State and local governments as appropriate;

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- 1 (6) accept voluntary and uncompensated serv-2 ices notwithstanding another law;
- 3 (7) make contracts with private entities to carry 4 out studies related to duties and powers of the 5 Board; and
- 6 (8) negotiate and enter into agreements with 7 individuals and private entities and departments, 8 agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Gov-9 ernment, State, Tribal, and local governments, and 10 governments of foreign countries for the provision of 11 facilities, technical services, or training in research 12 theory and techniques, and require that such entities 13 provide appropriate consideration for the reasonable 14 costs of any facilities, goods, services, or training 15 provided by the Board.
- (c) Collection of Funds.—The Board shall deposit in the Treasury of the United States amounts reterior received under subsection (b)(8) of this subsection to be redited as offsetting collections to the appropriation of the Board. The Board shall maintain an annual record of collections received under subsection (b)(8).
- 22 (d) Submission of Certain Copies to Con-23 gress.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—When the Board submits to 25 the President or the Director of the Office of Man-

- 1 agement and Budget a budget estimate, budget re-2 quest, supplemental budget estimate, other budget 3 information, a legislative recommendation, prepared 4 testimony for congressional hearings, or comments
- 5 on legislation, the Board must submit a copy to
- 6 Congress at the same time.

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- 7 (2)LIMITATION.—An officer, department, 8 agency, or instrumentality of the Government may 9 not require the Board to submit the estimate, re-10 quest, information, recommendation, testimony, or comments to another officer, department, agency, or 12 instrumentality of the Government for approval, 13 comment, or review before being submitted to Con-14 gress.
 - (3) BUDGET PROCESS.—The Board shall develop and approve a process for the Board's review and comment or approval of documents submitted to the President, Director of the Office of Management and Budget, or Congress under this subsection.
- 20 (e) Liaison Committees.—The Chairperson may 21 determine the number of committees that are appropriate 22 to maintain effective liaison with other departments, agen-23 cies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government, State and local governmental authorities, and independent standard-setting authorities that carry out programs and

- 1 activities related to its work. The Board may designate
- 2 representatives to serve on or assist those committees.
- 3 (f) INQUIRIES.—The Board, or an officer or employee
- 4 of the Board designated by the Chairperson, may conduct
- 5 an inquiry to obtain information related to natural hazard
- 6 and public health safety after publishing notice of the in-
- 7 quiry in the Federal Register. The Board or designated
- 8 officer or employee may require by order a department,
- 9 agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government, a
- 10 State, Tribal, or local governmental authority, or a person
- 11 transporting individuals or property in commerce to sub-
- 12 mit to the Board a written report and answers to requests
- 13 and questions related to a duty or power of the Board.
- 14 The Board may prescribe the time within which the report
- 15 and answers must be given to the Board or to the des-
- 16 ignated officer or employee. Copies of the report and an-
- 17 swers shall be made available for public inspection.
- 18 (g) Regulations.—The Board may prescribe regu-
- 19 lations to carry out this Act.
- 20 (h) Overtime Pay.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the requirements
- of this section and notwithstanding paragraphs (1)
- and (2) of section 5542(a) of title 5, United States
- Code, for an employee of the Board whose basic pay
- is at a rate which equals or exceeds the minimum

- rate of basic pay for GS-10 of the General Schedule, the Board may establish an overtime hourly rate of pay for the employee with respect to work performed in the field (including travel to or from) and other work that is critical to a review in an amount equal to one and one-half times the hourly rate of basic pay of the employee. All of such amount shall be considered to be premium pay.
 - (2) LIMITATION ON OVERTIME PAY TO AN EMPLOYEE.—An employee of the Board may not receive overtime pay under paragraph (1), for work performed in a calendar year, in an amount that exceeds 25 percent of the annual rate of basic pay of the employee for such calendar year.
 - (3) Basic pay defined.—In this subsection, the term "basic pay" includes any applicable locality-based comparability payment under section 5304 of title 5, United States Code (or similar provision of law) and any special rate of pay under section 5305 of such title 5 (or similar provision of law).
 - (4) Annual Report.—Not later than January 31, 2022, and annually thereafter, the Board shall transmit to Congress a report identifying the total amount of overtime payments made under this subsection in the preceding fiscal year, and the number

1	of employees whose overtime pay under this sub-
2	section was limited in that fiscal year as a result of
3	the 25 percent limit established by paragraph (2).
4	(i) Entry and Inspection.—
5	(1) In general.—An officer or employee of
6	the Board—
7	(A) on display of appropriate credentials
8	and written notice of authority, may—
9	(i) enter an area where an incident
10	has occurred;
11	(ii) take such actions as are necessary
12	to conduct a review under this section, so
13	long as the actions do not interfere with
14	ongoing lifesaving and life-sustaining oper-
15	ations; and
16	(iii) during reasonable hours, inspect
17	any record, including an electronic record
18	process, control, or facility related to an in-
19	cident under this Act.
20	(2) REQUIREMENT.—The Board shall use ut-
21	most discretion to prevent interference with ongoing
22	response efforts, including by developing review pro-
23	cedures with input from relevant authorities nation-
24	wide.

1	SEC. 10. DISCLOSURE, AVAILABILITY, AND USE OF INFOR-
2	MATION.
3	(a) Disclosure of Information.—
4	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
5	sections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section, a copy
6	of a record, information, or review submitted or re-
7	ceived by the National Disaster Safety Board, or a
8	member or employee of the Board, shall be posted
9	publicly.
10	(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
11	subsection shall be construed to require the release
12	of information described in section 552(b) of title 5,
13	United States Code, or protected from disclosure by
14	another law of the United States.
15	(b) Trade Secrets.—
16	(1) In general.—The Board may disclose in-
17	formation related to a trade secret referred to in sec-
18	tion 1905 of title 18, United States Code, only—
19	(A) to another department, agency, or in-
20	strumentality of the United States Government
21	when requested for official use;
22	(B) to a committee of Congress having ju-
23	risdiction over the subject matter to which the
24	information is related, when requested by that
25	committee;

- 1 (C) in a judicial proceeding under a court 2 order that preserves the confidentiality of the 3 information without impairing the proceeding; 4 and
 - (D) to the public to protect health and safety after giving notice to any interested person to whom the information is related and an opportunity for that person to comment in writing, or orally in closed session, on the proposed disclosure, if the delay resulting from notice and opportunity for comment would not be detrimental to health and safety.
 - (2) REQUIREMENT.—Information disclosed under paragraph (1) of this subsection may be disclosed only in a way designed to preserve its confidentiality.
 - (3) Protection of voluntary submission of information.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither the Board, nor any agency receiving information from the Board, shall disclose voluntarily provided safety-related information if that information is not related to the exercise of the Board's review authority under this Act and if the Board finds that the disclosure of the information

would inhibit the voluntary provision of that type of information.

(c) RECORDINGS AND TRANSCRIPTS.—

- (1) Confidentiality of recordings.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Board may not disclose publicly any part of an original recording or transcript of oral communications or original and contemporary written communications between Federal, State, Tribal, or local officials responding to an incident under review by the Board.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Subject to subsections (b) and (g), the Board shall make public any part of a transcript, any written depiction of visual information obtained from an audio or video recording, or any still image obtained from a recording the Board decides is relevant to the incident—
 - (A) if the Board holds a public hearing on the incident at the time of the hearing; or
 - (B) if the Board does not hold a public hearing, at the time a majority of the other factual reports on the incident are placed in the public docket.
- (3) References to information in making safety recommendations.—This subsection does not prevent the Board from referring at any time to

1 recorded or written information in making safety 2 recommendations. (d) Foreign Reviews.— 3 4 (1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other 5 provision of law, neither the Board, nor any agency 6 receiving information from the Board, shall disclose records or information relating to its participation in 7 8 foreign incident review, except that— 9 (A) the Board shall release records per-10 taining to such a review when the country con-11 ducting the review issues its final report or 2 12 years following the date of the incident, which-13 ever occurs first; and 14 (B) the Board may disclose records and in-15 formation when authorized to do so by the 16 country conducting the review. 17 (2) Safety recommendations.—Nothing in 18 this subsection shall restrict the Board at any time 19 from referring to foreign review information in mak-20 ing safety recommendations. 21 (e) Privacy Protections.—Before making public 22 any still image obtained from a video recorder under sub-

section (c)(2) or subsection (d)(2), the Board shall take

such action as appropriate to protect from public disclo-

- 1 sure any information that readily identifies an individual,
- 2 including a decedent.

3 SEC. 11. TRAINING.

- 4 (a) Use of Training Facilities.—The Board may
- 5 use, on a reimbursable basis, the services of any training
- 6 facility in the Federal Government, including those oper-
- 7 ated by the Department of Homeland Security, Depart-
- 8 ment of Health and Human Services, and Department of
- 9 Commerce. The responsible department or agency shall
- 10 make such training facility and any relevant training
- 11 course available to—
- 12 (1) the Board for safety training of employees
- of the Board in carrying out their duties and pow-
- 14 ers; and
- 15 (2) other relevant personnel of the United
- 16 States Government, State and local governments,
- governments of foreign countries, interstate authori-
- ties, and private organizations the Board designates
- in consultation with the relevant departments and
- agencies.
- 21 (b) FEES.—Training shall be provided at a reason-
- 22 able fee established periodically by the Board in consulta-
- 23 tion with the relevant departments and agencies. The fee
- 24 shall be paid directly to the relevant departments and
- 25 agencies, and shall be deposited in the Treasury.

1 (c) Training of Board Employees and Oth-ERS.—The Board may conduct training of its employees in those subjects necessary for proper performance. The Board may also authorize attendance at courses given under this subsection by other government personnel, personnel of foreign governments, and personnel from indus-6 try or otherwise who have a requirement for training. The 8 Board may require non-Board personnel to reimburse some or all of the training costs, and amounts so reim-10 bursed shall be credited to the appropriation of the Board 11 as offsetting collections. 12 SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 13 (a) In General.—There are authorized to be appropriated, to remain available until expended, for the pur-14 15 poses of this Act— 16 (1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2021; 17 (2) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2022; 18 (3) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2023; and 19 (4) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2024. 20 (b) Emergency Fund.— 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be established in 22 the Treasury of the United States an Emergency 23 Fund for the Board, which shall be available to the 24 Board for necessary expenses of the Board, not oth-25 erwise provided for, for reviews.

1	(2) APPROPRIATIONS.—There shall be appro-
2	priated, out of amounts in the Treasury not other-
3	wise appropriated, to the Emergency Fund—
4	(A) \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
5	(B) such sums as are necessary to main-
6	tain the Emergency Fund at a level not to ex-
7	ceed \$4,000,000 for each fiscal year thereafter
8	and
9	(C) such other sums as Congress deter-
10	mines necessary.
11	(e) Fees, Refunds, and Reimbursements.—
12	(1) In general.—The Board may impose and
13	collect such fees, refunds, and reimbursements as it
14	determines to be appropriate for services provided by
15	or through the Board.
16	(2) Receipts credited as offsetting col-
17	LECTIONS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title
18	31, United States Code, any fee, refund, or reim-
19	bursement collected under this subsection—
20	(A) shall be credited as offsetting collec-
21	tions to the account that finances the activities
22	and services for which the fee is imposed or
23	with which the refund or reimbursement is as-
24	sociated;

1	(B) shall be available for expenditure only
2	to pay the costs of activities and services for
3	which the fee is imposed or with which the re-
4	fund or reimbursement is associated; and
5	(C) shall remain available until expended.
6	(3) REFUNDS.—The Board may refund any fee
7	paid by mistake or any amount paid in excess of
8	that required.
9	SEC. 13. AUTHORITY OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.
10	(a) In General.—The Inspector General of the De-
11	partment of Homeland Security, in accordance with the
12	mission of the Inspector General to prevent and detect
13	fraud and abuse, shall have authority to review only the
14	financial management, property management, and busi-
15	ness operations of the Board, including internal account-
16	ing and administrative control systems, to determine com-
17	pliance with applicable Federal laws, rules, and regula-
18	tions.
19	(b) Duties.—In carrying out this section, the In-
20	spector General shall—
21	(1) keep the Chairperson of the Board and
22	Congress fully and currently informed about prob-
23	lems relating to administration of the internal ac-
24	counting and administrative control systems of the
25	Board;

1	(2) issue findings and recommendations for ac-
2	tions to address such problems; and
3	(3) report periodically to Congress on any
4	progress made in implementing actions to address
5	such problems.
6	(c) Access to Information.—In carrying out this
7	section, the Inspector General may exercise authorities
8	granted to the Inspector General under subsections (a)
9	and (b) of section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978
10	(5 U.S.C. App.).
11	(d) Authorizations of Appropriations.—
12	(1) Funding.—There are authorized to be ap-
13	propriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security
14	for use by the Inspector General of the Department
15	of Homeland Security such sums as may be nec-
16	essary to cover expenses associated with activities
17	pursuant to the authority exercised under this sec-
18	tion.
19	(2) REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENT.—In the ab-
20	sence of an appropriation under this subsection for
21	an expense referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspec-
22	tor General and the Board shall have a reimbursable

agreement to cover such expense.

1	SEC. 14. EVALUATION AND AUDIT OF NATIONAL DISASTER
2	SAFETY BOARD.
3	(a) In General.—As determined necessary by the
4	Comptroller General of the United States or the appro-
5	priate congressional committees, but not less frequently
6	than once every 2 years, the Comptroller General of the
7	United States shall evaluate and audit the programs and
8	expenditures of the Board in order to promote economy,
9	efficiency, and effectiveness in the administration of the
10	programs, operations, and activities of the Board.
11	(b) Responsibility of Comptroller General.—
12	In carrying out subsection (a), the Comptroller General
13	of the United States shall evaluate and audit the pro-
14	grams, operations, and activities of the Board, including—
15	(1) information management and security, in-
16	cluding privacy protection of personally identifiable
17	information;
18	(2) the resource levels of the Board and man-
19	agement of such resources relative to the mission of
20	the Board;
21	(3) workforce development;
22	(4) procurement and contracting planning,
23	practices and policies;
24	(5) the process and procedures to select an inci-
25	dent to review

- (6) the extent to which the Board follows leading practices in selected management areas;
 - (7) the extent to which the Board addresses management challenges in completing reviews;
 - (8) the extent to which the evaluation, review, and recommendation-issuing methodologies of the Board are consistent with established best practice, as determined by the Comptroller General; and
 - (9) an impact evaluation of the work of the Board, using the purposes and intent described in this Act and by the Board, against the realized results of the Board, according to a methodology determined by the Comptroller General, conducted in a manner that is not overly disruptive to the work of the Board.

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