

116TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 7218

To expedite the provision of humanitarian assistance, including life-saving medical care, to the people of North Korea, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 15, 2020

Mr. LEVIN of Michigan (for himself, Ms. PRESSLEY, and Ms. OMAR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To expedite the provision of humanitarian assistance, including life-saving medical care, to the people of North Korea, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Enhancing North
5 Korea Humanitarian Assistance Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress makes the following findings:

1 (1) Providing humanitarian assistance, includ-
2 ing to countries subject to sanctions imposed by the
3 United States, is an expression of American values
4 that furthers United States interests around the
5 world and is consistent with international humani-
6 tarian law.

7 (2) As of February 2020, roughly 10,100,000
8 people in North Korea are in urgent need of food as-
9 sistance and roughly 10,400,000 need nutrition sup-
10 port and improved access to basic services, including
11 health care, water, sanitation, and hygiene facilities.

12 (3) More than 40 percent of people in North
13 Korea are undernourished, and 1 in 5 children in
14 the country under the age of 5 is stunted in growth.

15 (4) More than $\frac{1}{3}$ of household drinking water
16 in North Korea is contaminated.

17 (5) Independent experts have identified severe
18 deficiencies in North Korea's public health infra-
19 structure, trained medical personnel, ability to com-
20 municate important safety information, and commit-
21 ment to addressing those deficiencies.

22 (6) North Korea has one of the highest burdens
23 of tuberculosis in the world and humanitarian assist-
24 ance is critical for countering the spread of deadly
25 infectious diseases such as tuberculosis, HIV/AIDS,

1 Hepatitis B, and the coronavirus disease 2019 (com-
2 monly known as “COVID–19”).

3 (7) North Korea cannot reliably maintain
4 stocks of drugs to treat diseases such as tuberculosis
5 and HIV/AIDS, posing the risk of interrupted treat-
6 ments, which can lead to treatment failures and de-
7 velopment of resistance to multiple therapies, mak-
8 ing treatment significantly more difficult and costly.

9 (8) The spread of COVID–19 in North Korea
10 would likely have devastating consequences for the
11 people of that country who are especially vulnerable
12 to a pandemic because of deficiencies in public
13 health infrastructure.

14 (9) While the Government of North Korea has
15 not reported any cases of COVID–19 in the country,
16 the extent and results of testing are unknown, and
17 government officials have not historically been open
18 or transparent about humanitarian emergencies fac-
19 ing the people of North Korea.

20 (10) Responses to the COVID–19 crisis, includ-
21 ing border closings and quarantines that may extend
22 through the planting season, have impeded inter-
23 national efforts that would otherwise be providing
24 life-saving support to the people of North Korea.

1 (11) In its final report published on March 5,
2 2019, the United Nations Panel of Experts on
3 North Korea found that “United Nations agencies
4 and humanitarian organizations continue to experi-
5 ence unintended consequences on their humanitarian
6 programmes that make it impossible to operate nor-
7 mally in the Democratic People’s Republic of
8 Korea.”.

9 (12) Barriers to humanitarian access can result
10 from decisions made or delayed by the Government
11 of North Korea, by the governments of other coun-
12 tries, including the governments of the United
13 States and the People’s Republic of China, and by
14 the Committee of the United Nations Security Coun-
15 cil established by United Nations Security Council
16 Resolution 1718 (2006) (in this Act referred to as
17 the “1718 Sanctions Committee”).

18 (13) Nongovernmental organizations that pro-
19 vide humanitarian assistance in North Korea must
20 typically seek simultaneous authorizations from the
21 Department of the Treasury, the Department of
22 State, the Department of Commerce, the 1718 Sanc-
23 tions Committee, customs officials in the People’s
24 Republic of China, and the Government of North

1 Korea, adding further delays to humanitarian ac-
2 cess.

3 (14) The 1718 Sanctions Committee issued the
4 document entitled “Implementation Assistance No-
5 tice No. 7” on August 6, 2018, to clarify the process
6 for granting requests for humanitarian exemptions
7 by the United Nations and to reaffirm that sanc-
8 tions are not intended to have adverse humanitarian
9 consequences for civilians in North Korea.

10 (15) United States Government travel restric-
11 tions impede the access of United States employees
12 of humanitarian organizations inside North Korea
13 and can complicate the monitoring and evaluation
14 procedures that nongovernmental organizations have
15 used to ensure that aid reaches the most vulnerable
16 populations.

17 (16) Humanitarian exceptions in comprehensive
18 sanctions programs, such as the exceptions under
19 section 510.512 of the North Korea Sanctions Regu-
20 lations, are not effective unless the persons who pro-
21 vide assistance along with their financial institu-
22 tions, suppliers, shippers, and other entities can
23 make practical use of the exceptions.

24 **SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

25 It is the sense of Congress that—

1 (1) national governments and multilateral au-
2 thorities must take action to mitigate documented
3 delays and ensure that sanctions imposed with re-
4 spect to North Korea do not hinder efforts to pro-
5 vide humanitarian relief, including life-saving med-
6 ical care, to the people of North Korea;

7 (2) the Department of the Treasury should pro-
8 vide timely and meaningful responses to requests for
9 specific licenses given that humanitarian organiza-
10 tions typically have a limited time to execute
11 projects that must be approved by multiple United
12 States Government agencies and foreign govern-
13 ments;

14 (3) because humanitarian assistance is unlikely
15 to enable large-scale sanctions evasion and revenue
16 generation, sanctions enforcement should focus on
17 ongoing North Korean activities, including ship-to-
18 ship transfers of coal and other goods, cyberattacks,
19 and the use of forced labor abroad, all highlighted
20 in reports issued by the United Nations Panel of Ex-
21 perts on North Korea and other authoritative
22 sources; and

23 (4) financial institutions should recognize and
24 consider the reputational and practical costs of im-

1 peding legitimate efforts to deliver life-saving aid to
2 North Korea.

3 **SEC. 4. ENHANCING EXEMPTIONS FROM UNITED STATES**
4 **SANCTIONS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
6 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Treas-
7 ury, acting through the Director of the Office of Foreign
8 Assets Control, shall take one or more of the following
9 actions:

10 (1) Modify the humanitarian exception under
11 section 510.512 of the North Korea Sanctions Regu-
12 lations to cover, in addition to the food and medicine
13 already exempted, goods and other items that are
14 not subject to the Export Administration Regula-
15 tions and that support humanitarian projects to
16 meet basic human needs in North Korea so that no
17 specific license is required for such items.

18 (2)(A) Modify the North Korea Sanctions Reg-
19 ulations to exempt from a requirement for a specific
20 license a published list of nonsensitive items, in addi-
21 tion to the food and medicine already covered by sec-
22 tion 510.512 of the North Korea Sanctions Regula-
23 tions, used in humanitarian operations in North
24 Korea in furtherance of the purposes set forth in

1 section 4 of the North Korean Human Rights Act
2 of 2004 (22 U.S.C. 7802);

3 (B) ensure that the list reflects the relevant
4 recommendations included in the final report, pub-
5 lished on March 5, 2019, of the Panel of Experts es-
6 tablished pursuant to United Nations Security
7 Council Resolution 1874 (2009); and

8 (C) review and republish the list, in consulta-
9 tion with the Secretary of State and the Adminis-
10 trator of the United States Agency for International
11 Development, every 180 days and in response to re-
12 quests by nongovernmental organizations that have
13 previously engaged in authorized humanitarian ac-
14 tivities in North Korea.

15 (3) Modify the North Korea Sanctions Regula-
16 tions so that—

17 (A) a specific license from the Office of
18 Foreign Assets Control of the Department of
19 the Treasury is not required for partnerships
20 and partnership agreements between non-
21 governmental organizations and persons owned
22 or controlled by the Government of North
23 Korea that are necessary for nongovernmental
24 organizations to provide otherwise authorized

1 services related to humanitarian activity in
2 North Korea; and

3 (B) a specific license is still required for
4 any partnerships and partnership agreements
5 with persons on the list of specially designated
6 nationals and blocked persons maintained by
7 the Office of Foreign Assets Control.

8 (b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 120 days after the
9 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
10 Treasury shall provide to the appropriate congressional
11 committees a briefing—

12 (1) for each action described in subsection (a),
13 describing whether the action was taken and pro-
14 viding a justification for the decision to take or not
15 take the action; and

16 (2) detailing the benefits and risks associated
17 with establishing a category of recognized non-
18 governmental organizations that would be exempt
19 from requirements for specific licenses related to
20 dealings with the Government of North Korea or
21 persons on the list of specially designated nationals
22 and blocked persons maintained by the Office of
23 Foreign Assets Control for purposes of transactions
24 involving goods other than food or medicine to sup-

1 port authorized humanitarian activities in North
2 Korea.

3 (c) MODIFICATION TO NORTH KOREA SANCTIONS
4 REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
5 the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury
6 shall modify the North Korea Sanctions Regulations so
7 that personal computers and related peripherals that sup-
8 port authorized humanitarian activities by nongovern-
9 mental organizations are not considered to be “luxury
10 goods”.

11 (d) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 120 days after the
12 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
13 Treasury, acting through the Director of the Office of
14 Foreign Assets Control, shall issue plainly worded guid-
15 ance intended for financial institutions, shipping compa-
16 nies, foreign customs officials, and others involved in
17 transactions related to humanitarian assistance that—

18 (1) clarifies the applicability of the humani-
19 tarian exception under the North Korea Sanctions
20 Regulations; and

21 (2) describes best practices for ensuring that
22 activities are consistent with that exception.

23 (e) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days
24 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 120
25 days thereafter, the Secretary of the Treasury, acting

1 through the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Con-
2 trol and in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall
3 submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-
4 port that includes—

5 (1) a list of specific licenses related to humani-
6 tarian assistance in North Korea issued by the Of-
7 fice of Foreign Assets Control in the 120 days pre-
8 ceding submission of the report;

9 (2) a list of requests for specific licenses related
10 to humanitarian assistance in North Korea denied
11 by the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the 120
12 days preceding submission of the report, with expla-
13 nations for the denials;

14 (3) a list of requests for specific licenses related
15 to humanitarian assistance in North Korea that
16 have been pending for 30 days or more as of the
17 date of the report, with explanations for the delays;

18 (4) a list of requests by persons who are not
19 United States citizens, lawful permanent residents,
20 or entities, for sanctions waivers related to humani-
21 tarian assistance in North Korea that have been
22 pending for 30 days or more as of the date of the
23 report, with explanations for the delays; and

24 (5) a description of recent efforts to streamline
25 the process by which nongovernmental organizations

1 engaged in humanitarian activity in North Korea
2 apply for and are granted specific licenses or waiv-
3 ers.

4 **SEC. 5. ENHANCING MULTILATERAL SANCTIONS EXEMP-**
5 **TIONS.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall di-
7 rect the United States Permanent Representative to the
8 United Nations to use the voice, vote, and influence of the
9 United States to urge the United Nations—

10 (1) to extend the period for humanitarian ex-
11 emptions from the 1718 Sanctions Committee to 1
12 year and remove the limitation on exemption appli-
13 cations per organization per year;

14 (2) to apply lessons learned from expedited ap-
15 provals of requests for humanitarian exemptions
16 during the COVID–19 pandemic to speed approval
17 at the 1718 Sanctions Committee of other critical
18 exemption requests, such as requests that would ad-
19 dress urgent needs identified in the annual reports
20 of the United Nations on needs and priorities for
21 North Korea; and

22 (3) to modify applications for humanitarian ex-
23 emptions from the 1718 Sanctions Committee to be
24 less burdensome for nongovernmental organizations,
25 drawing as appropriate on successes in approaches

1 taken by other United Nations sanctions commit-
2 tees.

3 (b) REPORTING.—Not later than 90 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days
5 thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the ap-
6 propriate congressional committees a report—

7 (1) describing any requests for humanitarian
8 exemptions to the 1718 Sanctions Committee known
9 to have been denied in the 180 days preceding sub-
10 mission of the report or known to have been in proc-
11 ess for more than 30 days as of the date of the re-
12 port, and any known explanations for such denials
13 and delays;

14 (2) detailing any action by a foreign govern-
15 ment in the 180 days preceding submission of the
16 report that has delayed or impeded humanitarian as-
17 sistance approved by the 1718 Sanctions Committee,
18 including the status of obstacles to humanitarian as-
19 sistance posed by customs officials in the People’s
20 Republic of China; and

21 (3) describing efforts in the 180 days preceding
22 submission of the report to establish or maintain an
23 approved banking channel for transactions related to
24 humanitarian assistance for North Korea.

1 **SEC. 6. STREAMLINING HUMANITARIAN TRAVEL AUTHOR-**
2 **IZATIONS.**

3 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
4 ment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall provide to
5 the appropriate congressional committees a briefing—

6 (1) detailing the benefits and risks associated
7 with issuing a “multi-entry special validation pass-
8 port” to individuals employed by a nongovernmental
9 organization known to be engaged in authorized hu-
10 manitarian activity in North Korea, with the pur-
11 pose of reducing costs and delays associated with re-
12 peated passport applications; and

13 (2) setting forth a strategy to otherwise expedite and simplify the process to obtain a special
14 travel permit to travel to North Korea on behalf of
15 a humanitarian organization or to travel to North
16 Korea using a United States passport to deliver or
17 oversee humanitarian assistance.

19 **SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.**

20 In this Act:

21 (1) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-**
22 **TEES.**—The term “appropriate congressional com-
23 mittees” means the Committee on Foreign Relations
24 of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs
25 of the House of Representatives.

1 (2) EXPORT ADMINISTRATION REGULATIONS.—

2 The term “Export Administration Regulations”
3 means the regulations set forth in subchapter C of
4 chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations,
5 or successor regulations.

6 (3) NORTH KOREA SANCTIONS REGULATIONS.—

7 The term “North Korea Sanctions Regulations”
8 means the regulations set forth in part 510 of title
9 31, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regu-
10 lations.

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