

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 624

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to waive coinsurance under Medicare for colorectal cancer screening tests, regardless of whether therapeutic intervention is required during the screening.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 3, 2015

Mr. BROWN (for himself, Mr. WICKER, Mr. CARDIN, and Ms. COLLINS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

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## A BILL

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to waive coinsurance under Medicare for colorectal cancer screening tests, regardless of whether therapeutic intervention is required during the screening.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Removing Barriers to  
5 Colorectal Cancer Screening Act of 2015”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

1           (1) Colorectal cancer is the second leading  
2           cause of cancer death among men and women com-  
3           bined in the United States.

4           (2) In 2015, more than 130,000 Americans will  
5           be diagnosed with colorectal cancer and approxi-  
6           mately 50,000 Americans will die from it.

7           (3) Approximately 60 percent of colorectal can-  
8           cer cases and 70 percent of deaths occur in those  
9           aged 65 and older.

10          (4) Colorectal cancer screening colonoscopy al-  
11          lows for the detection and removal of polyps, or ab-  
12          normal growths, that could become cancerous, as  
13          well as for the early detection of colorectal cancer  
14          when treatment can be most effective.

15          (5) Although colorectal cancer is largely pre-  
16          ventable, one in three adults between the ages of 50  
17          and 75 are not up to date with recommended  
18          colorectal cancer screening.

19          (6) Over 200 organizations have committed to  
20          eliminating colorectal cancer as a major public  
21          health problem and are working toward the shared  
22          goal of reaching 80 percent screened for colorectal  
23          cancer by 2018.

1           (7) Colorectal cancer screening colonoscopy is a  
2           highly effective preventive service, and removing fi-  
3           nancial barriers can help to increase screening rates.

4 **SEC. 3. WAIVING MEDICARE COINSURANCE FOR**  
5 **COLORECTAL CANCER SCREENING TESTS.**

6           (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1833(a)(1)(Y) of the So-  
7           cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(a)(1)(Y)) is amended  
8           by inserting “, including a colorectal cancer screening test  
9           (regardless of the code that is billed for the establishment  
10          of a diagnosis as a result of the test, or for the removal  
11          of tissue or other procedure that is furnished in connection  
12          with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter  
13          as the screening test),” after “section 1861(ddd)(3)”.

14          (b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by  
15          subsection (a) shall apply to items and services furnished  
16          after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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