

**Calendar No. 28**113<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
1<sup>ST</sup> SESSION**S. CON. RES. 8**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 15, 2013

Mrs. MURRAY, from the Committee on the Budget, reported under the authority of the order of the Senate of March 14, 2013, the following original concurrent resolution; which was placed on the calendar

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**CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023.

- 1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
- 2 *concurring),*

1 **SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET**  
 2 **FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014.**

3 (a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this reso-  
 4 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal  
 5 year 2014 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-  
 6 priate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2013 and 2015  
 7 through 2023.

8 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for  
 9 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2014.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

- Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 102. Social Security.
- Sec. 103. Postal Service discretionary administrative expenses.
- Sec. 104. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

- Sec. 201. Reconciliation in the Senate.

TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS

- Sec. 301. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to replace sequestration.
- Sec. 302. Deficit-neutral reserve funds to promote employment and job growth.
- Sec. 303. Deficit-neutral reserve funds to assist working families and children.
- Sec. 304. Deficit-neutral reserve funds for early childhood education.
- Sec. 305. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for tax relief.
- Sec. 306. Reserve fund for tax reform.
- Sec. 307. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to invest in clean energy and preserve the environment.
- Sec. 308. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for investments in America's infrastructure.
- Sec. 309. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for America's servicemembers and veterans.
- Sec. 310. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for higher education.
- Sec. 311. Deficit-neutral reserve funds for health care.
- Sec. 312. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for investments in our Nation's counties and schools.
- Sec. 313. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for a farm bill.
- Sec. 314. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for investments in water infrastructure and resources.
- Sec. 315. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for pension reform.
- Sec. 316. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for housing finance reform.
- Sec. 317. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for national security.

- Sec. 318. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for overseas contingency operations.
- Sec. 319. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for terrorism risk insurance.
- Sec. 320. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for postal reform.
- Sec. 321. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for Government reform and efficiency.
- Sec. 322. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to improve Federal benefit processing.
- Sec. 323. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for legislation to improve voter registration and the voting experience in Federal elections.
- Sec. 324. Deficit-reduction reserve fund to promote corporate tax fairness.
- Sec. 325. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for improving Federal forest management.
- Sec. 326. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for financial transparency.
- Sec. 327. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to promote manufacturing in the United States.
- Sec. 328. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for report elimination or modification.
- Sec. 329. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for the minimum wage.
- Sec. 330. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to improve health outcomes and lower costs for children in Medicaid.
- Sec. 331. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to improve Federal workforce development, job training, and reemployment programs.

#### TITLE IV—BUDGET PROCESS

##### Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement

- Sec. 401. Discretionary spending limits for fiscal years 2013 and 2014, program integrity initiatives, and other adjustments.
- Sec. 402. Point of order against advance appropriations.
- Sec. 403. Adjustments for sequestration or sequestration replacement.
- Sec. 404. Senate point of order against provisions of appropriations legislation that constitute changes in mandatory programs affecting the Crime Victims Fund.

##### Subtitle B—Other Provisions

- Sec. 411. Oversight of Government performance.
- Sec. 412. Budgetary treatment of certain discretionary administrative expenses.
- Sec. 413. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 414. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 415. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

#### TITLE V—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 501. To require transparent reporting on the ongoing costs to taxpayers of Obamacare.
- Sec. 502. To require fuller reporting on possible costs to taxpayers of Obamacare.

## 1           **TITLE I—RECOMMENDED** 2           **LEVELS AND AMOUNTS**

### 3   **SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.**

4           The following budgetary levels are appropriate for  
5   each of fiscal years 2013 through 2023:

1           (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the  
2 enforcement of this resolution:

3           (A) The recommended levels of Federal  
4 revenues are as follows:

5 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,038,311,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2014: \$2,290,932,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2015: \$2,646,592,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2016: \$2,833,891,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2017: \$2,973,673,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,111,061,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,245,117,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,400,144,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2021: \$3,592,212,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2022: \$3,800,500,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2023: \$3,991,775,000,000.

16           (B) The amounts by which the aggregate  
17 levels of Federal revenues should be changed  
18 are as follows:

19 Fiscal year 2013: \$0,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2014: \$20,000,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2015: \$40,000,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2016: \$55,000,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2017: \$70,000,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2018: \$82,110,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2019: \$95,881,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2020: \$115,534,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2021: \$135,203,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2022: \$149,801,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2023: \$159,630,000,000.

5 (2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes  
6 of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate  
7 levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

8 Fiscal year 2013: \$3,054,195,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2014: \$2,963,749,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2015: \$3,046,506,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,211,506,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,386,445,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,568,528,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,779,446,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,973,331,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,136,110,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,350,282,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2023: \$4,492,138,000,000.

19 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the  
20 enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels  
21 of total budget outlays are as follows:

22 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,956,295,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2014: \$2,997,884,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2015: \$3,082,375,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,240,376,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,382,809,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,542,197,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,749,797,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,926,818,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,103,496,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,323,224,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2023: \$4,451,446,000,000.

8 (4) DEFICITS.—For purposes of the enforce-  
9 ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits  
10 are as follows:

11 Fiscal year 2013: \$917,984,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2014: \$706,952,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2015: \$435,783,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2016: \$406,486,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2017: \$409,137,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2018: \$431,136,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2019: \$504,680,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2020: \$526,674,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2021: \$511,283,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2022: \$522,724,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2023: \$459,672,000,000.

22 (5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section  
23 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974,  
24 the appropriate levels of the public debt are as fol-  
25 lows:

1 Fiscal year 2013: \$17,113,638,000,000.  
2 Fiscal year 2014: \$18,008,333,000,000.  
3 Fiscal year 2015: \$18,626,857,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2016: \$19,222,298,000,000.  
5 Fiscal year 2017: \$19,871,057,000,000.  
6 Fiscal year 2018: \$20,558,744,000,000.  
7 Fiscal year 2019: \$21,312,959,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2020: \$22,094,877,000,000.  
9 Fiscal year 2021: \$22,863,179,000,000.  
10 Fiscal year 2022: \$23,634,787,000,000.  
11 Fiscal year 2023: \$24,364,925,000,000.

12 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-  
13 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

14 Fiscal year 2013: \$12,274,763,000,000.  
15 Fiscal year 2014: \$13,059,985,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2015: \$13,588,003,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2016: \$14,081,252,000,000.  
18 Fiscal year 2017: \$14,574,683,000,000.  
19 Fiscal year 2018: \$15,081,187,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2019: \$15,669,625,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2020: \$16,297,499,000,000.  
22 Fiscal year 2021: \$16,929,319,000,000.  
23 Fiscal year 2022: \$17,600,005,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2023: \$18,229,414,000,000.

1 **SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.**

2 (a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of  
3 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the  
4 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-  
5 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance  
6 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust  
7 Fund are as follows:

8 Fiscal year 2013: \$669,920,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2014: \$731,717,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2015: \$766,392,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2016: \$812,200,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2017: \$861,554,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2018: \$908,130,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2019: \$951,691,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2020: \$994,855,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2021: \$1,038,909,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,083,586,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2023: \$1,129,163,000,000.

19 (b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of  
20 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the  
21 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays  
22 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust  
23 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund  
24 are as follows:

25 Fiscal year 2013: \$634,822,000,000.

26 Fiscal year 2014: \$711,355,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2015: \$756,949,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2016: \$805,969,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2017: \$856,933,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2018: \$907,679,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2019: \$962,040,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2020: \$1,022,374,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2021: \$1,086,431,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,154,554,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2023: \$1,227,009,000,000.

10 (c) SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATIVE EX-  
11 PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-  
12 thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and  
13 Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-  
14 ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses  
15 are as follows:

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$5,643,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$5,658,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2014:

21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$5,782,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$5,801,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2015:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$5,966,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$5,941,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2016:

5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$6,174,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$6,144,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2017:

9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$6,390,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$6,358,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2018:

13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$6,617,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$6,584,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2019:

17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$6,844,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$6,810,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2020:

21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$7,070,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$7,036,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2021:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$7,301,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$7,266,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2022:

5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$7,541,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$7,505,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2023:

9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$7,789,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$7,751,000,000.

12 **SEC. 103. POSTAL SERVICE DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRA-**  
13 **TIVE EXPENSES.**

14 In the Senate, the amounts of new budget authority  
15 and budget outlays of the Postal Service for discretionary  
16 administrative expenses are as follows:

17 Fiscal year 2013:

18 (A) New budget authority, \$255,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$255,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2014:

21 (A) New budget authority, \$262,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$262,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2015:

24 (A) New budget authority, \$272,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$272,000,000.

- 1 Fiscal year 2016:
- 2 (A) New budget authority, \$284,000,000.
- 3 (B) Outlays, \$283,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2017:
- 5 (A) New budget authority, \$295,000,000.
- 6 (B) Outlays, \$294,000,000.
- 7 Fiscal year 2018:
- 8 (A) New budget authority, \$308,000,000.
- 9 (B) Outlays, \$307,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2019:
- 11 (A) New budget authority, \$319,000,000.
- 12 (B) Outlays, \$318,000,000.
- 13 Fiscal year 2020:
- 14 (A) New budget authority, \$332,000,000.
- 15 (B) Outlays, \$331,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2021:
- 17 (A) New budget authority, \$345,000,000.
- 18 (B) Outlays, \$344,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2022:
- 20 (A) New budget authority, \$357,000,000.
- 21 (B) Outlays, \$356,000,000.
- 22 Fiscal year 2023:
- 23 (A) New budget authority, \$371,000,000.
- 24 (B) Outlays, \$370,000,000.

1 **SEC. 104. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.**

2 Congress determines and declares that the appro-  
3 priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal  
4 years 2013 through 2023 for each major functional cat-  
5 egory are:

6 (1) National Defense (050):

7 Fiscal year 2013:

8 (A) New budget authority,  
9 \$648,215,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$658,250,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2014:

12 (A) New budget authority,  
13 \$560,243,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$599,643,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2015:

16 (A) New budget authority,  
17 \$567,553,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$575,701,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2016:

20 (A) New budget authority,  
21 \$575,019,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$575,203,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2017:

24 (A) New budget authority,  
25 \$582,648,000,000.

26 (B) Outlays, \$573,557,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2018:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$590,411,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$574,884,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2019:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$598,867,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$587,226,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2020:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$607,454,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$595,192,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2021:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$616,137,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$603,369,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2022:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$625,569,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$617,186,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2023:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$636,480,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$621,603,000,000.

25 (2) International Affairs (150):

1 Fiscal year 2013:  
2 (A) New budget authority,  
3 \$58,425,000,000.  
4 (B) Outlays, \$48,716,000,000.  
5 Fiscal year 2014:  
6 (A) New budget authority,  
7 \$47,883,000,000.  
8 (B) Outlays, \$47,508,000,000.  
9 Fiscal year 2015:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$46,367,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$46,830,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2016:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$47,521,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$46,580,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2017:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$48,666,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$46,792,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2018:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$49,831,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$47,157,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2019:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$51,004,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$47,707,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2020:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$52,194,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$48,729,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2021:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$52,898,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$49,801,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2022:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$54,417,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$51,209,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2023:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$55,664,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$52,212,000,000.  
20 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology  
21 (250):  
22 Fiscal year 2013:  
23 (A) New budget authority,  
24 \$29,154,000,000.  
25 (B) Outlays, \$28,949,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2014:  
2 (A) New budget authority,  
3 \$29,700,000,000.  
4 (B) Outlays, \$29,426,000,000.  
5 Fiscal year 2015:  
6 (A) New budget authority,  
7 \$30,301,000,000.  
8 (B) Outlays, \$30,022,000,000.  
9 Fiscal year 2016:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$31,019,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$30,553,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2017:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$31,749,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$31,229,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2018:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$32,508,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$31,962,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2019:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$33,264,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$32,655,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$34,030,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$33,408,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2021:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$34,795,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$34,073,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2022:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$35,590,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$34,851,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2023:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$36,396,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$35,643,000,000.  
16 (4) Energy (270):  
17 Fiscal year 2013:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$6,243,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$9,122,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2014:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$4,365,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$5,264,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2015:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$4,061,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$4,068,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2016:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$4,185,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$3,543,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2017:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$4,309,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$3,786,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2018:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$4,489,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$4,079,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2019:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$4,622,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$4,312,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2020:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$4,803,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$4,536,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2021:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$4,875,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$4,696,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2022:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$5,000,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$4,862,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2023:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$5,072,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$4,913,000,000.  
12 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):  
13 Fiscal year 2013:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$44,150,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$41,682,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2014:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$42,919,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$43,021,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2015:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$42,872,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$43,165,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$44,055,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$44,394,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2017:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$45,500,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$45,681,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2018:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$47,245,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$47,014,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2019:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$48,036,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$48,112,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2020:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$49,596,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$49,435,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2021:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$50,174,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$50,074,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$51,331,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$50,862,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2023:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$52,759,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$51,703,000,000.  
8 (6) Agriculture (350):  
9 Fiscal year 2013:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$22,373,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$28,777,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2014:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$22,550,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$21,136,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2015:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$20,180,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$19,909,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2016:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$19,717,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$19,283,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2017:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$19,780,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$19,289,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2018:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$19,613,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$19,087,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2019:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$19,908,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$19,301,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2020:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$20,379,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$19,878,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2021:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$20,588,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$20,116,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2022:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$21,105,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$20,626,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2023:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$21,421,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$20,959,000,000.

4 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,  
7 \$- 30,498,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$- 24,504,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2014:

10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$16,201,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$4,408,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2015:

14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$10,733,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$- 2,394,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2016:

18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$11,112,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$- 4,110,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2017:

22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$11,827,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$- 5,624,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2018:



1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$14,224,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$ - 3,938,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2019:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$16,885,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$ - 6,483,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2020:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$16,984,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$ - 6,238,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2021:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$17,099,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$ - 981,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2022:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$17,226,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$ - 2,004,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2023:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$17,334,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$ - 3,032,000,000.  
24 (8) Transportation (400):  
25 Fiscal year 2013:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$100,501,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$93,656,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2014:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$88,556,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$94,621,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2015:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$88,419,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$95,092,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2016:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$89,319,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$95,855,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2017:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$90,186,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$96,577,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2018:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$91,115,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$96,478,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2019:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$91,977,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$97,757,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2020:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$93,143,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$99,308,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2021:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$94,330,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$101,593,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2022:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$95,586,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$103,395,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2023:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$96,864,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$105,364,000,000.  
20 (9) Community and Regional Development  
21 (450):  
22 Fiscal year 2013:  
23 (A) New budget authority,  
24 \$51,911,000,000.  
25 (B) Outlays, \$38,409,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2014:  
2 (A) New budget authority,  
3 \$24,992,000,000.  
4 (B) Outlays, \$29,776,000,000.  
5 Fiscal year 2015:  
6 (A) New budget authority,  
7 \$25,362,000,000.  
8 (B) Outlays, \$31,033,000,000.  
9 Fiscal year 2016:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$25,808,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$29,233,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2017:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$26,360,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$29,216,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2018:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$26,442,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$27,660,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2019:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$26,610,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$26,831,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$27,212,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$26,873,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2021:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$27,828,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$27,154,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2022:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$28,461,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$27,487,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2023:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$29,098,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$27,953,000,000.  
16 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and  
17 Social Services (500):  
18 Fiscal year 2013:  
19 (A) New budget authority,  
20 \$77,536,000,000.  
21 (B) Outlays, \$82,279,000,000.  
22 Fiscal year 2014:  
23 (A) New budget authority,  
24 \$78,349,000,000.  
25 (B) Outlays, \$86,546,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2015:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$89,537,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$96,269,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2016:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$106,927,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$98,922,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2017:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$117,961,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$111,494,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2018:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$123,744,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$122,679,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2019:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$119,139,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$117,997,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2020:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$120,411,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$119,806,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2021:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$122,546,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$121,459,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2022:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$124,565,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$123,422,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2023:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$126,825,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$125,845,000,000.  
12 (11) Health (550):  
13 Fiscal year 2013:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$365,206,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$361,960,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2014:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$420,326,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$415,573,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2015:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$500,356,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$493,639,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$554,680,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$560,173,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2017:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$611,908,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$614,248,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2018:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$648,773,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$648,945,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2019:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$685,879,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$684,985,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2020:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$732,529,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$721,193,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2021:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$764,934,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$763,469,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2022:



1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$808,026,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$806,172,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2023:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$852,829,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$851,028,000,000.  
8 (12) Medicare (570):  
9 Fiscal year 2013:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$511,692,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$511,240,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2014:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$535,596,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$535,067,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2015:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$540,503,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$540,205,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2016:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$586,873,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$586,662,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2017:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$602,495,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$602,085,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2018:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$626,619,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$626,319,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2019:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$687,071,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$686,851,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2020:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$734,468,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$734,051,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2021:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$782,452,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$782,386,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2022:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$855,410,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$855,061,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2023:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$883,491,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$883,062,000,000.  
4 (13) Income Security (600):  
5 Fiscal year 2013:  
6 (A) New budget authority,  
7 \$544,094,000,000.  
8 (B) Outlays, \$542,998,000,000.  
9 Fiscal year 2014:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$530,103,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$526,954,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2015:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$528,197,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$524,043,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2016:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$537,117,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$536,196,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2017:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$536,006,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$531,153,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$538,914,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$529,716,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2019:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$565,188,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$560,677,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2020:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$578,159,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$573,775,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2021:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$592,348,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$587,965,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2022:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$611,644,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$612,070,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2023:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$619,422,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$614,921,000,000.  
24 (14) Social Security (650):  
25 Fiscal year 2013:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$52,803,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$52,883,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2014:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$27,506,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$27,616,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2015:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$30,233,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$30,308,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2016:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$33,369,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$33,407,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2017:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$36,691,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$36,691,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2018:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$40,005,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$40,005,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2019:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$43,421,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$43,421,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2020:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$46,954,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$46,954,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2021:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$50,474,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$50,474,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2022:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$54,235,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$54,235,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2023:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$58,441,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$58,441,000,000.  
20 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):  
21 Fiscal year 2013:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$140,646,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$138,860,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2014:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$145,488,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$145,254,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2015:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$150,218,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$149,672,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2016:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$162,493,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$161,876,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2017:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$161,405,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$160,549,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2018:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$159,902,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$159,031,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2019:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$171,529,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$170,622,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$176,188,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$175,286,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2021:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$180,118,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$179,169,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2022:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$191,846,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$190,875,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2023:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$188,517,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$187,433,000,000.  
16 (16) Administration of Justice (750):  
17 Fiscal year 2013:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$53,094,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$57,120,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2014:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$66,526,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$55,445,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2015:



1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$56,476,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$57,912,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2016:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$59,937,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$62,665,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2017:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$59,940,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$65,090,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2018:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$61,751,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$63,405,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2019:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$63,708,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$63,959,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2020:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$65,672,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$65,153,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2021:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$67,840,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$67,246,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2022:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$70,695,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$70,066,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2023:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$76,218,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$75,564,000,000.  
12 (17) General Government (800):  
13 Fiscal year 2013:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$24,000,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$27,263,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2014:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$23,616,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$24,527,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2015:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$24,258,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$24,540,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$24,995,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$24,616,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2017:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$25,640,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$25,247,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2018:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$26,497,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$26,039,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2019:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$27,377,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$26,724,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2020:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$28,210,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$27,520,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2021:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$29,089,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$28,437,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$29,996,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$29,353,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2023:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$30,900,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$30,304,000,000.  
8 (18) Net Interest (900):  
9 Fiscal year 2013:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$331,271,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$331,271,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2014:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$342,703,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$342,703,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2015:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$370,274,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$370,274,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2016:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$419,485,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$419,485,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2017:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$506,103,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$506,103,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2018:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$608,623,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$608,623,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2019:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$683,623,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$683,623,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2020:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$752,067,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$752,067,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2021:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$806,870,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$806,870,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2022:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$859,077,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$859,077,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2023:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$905,971,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$905,971,000,000.  
4 (19) Allowances (920):  
5 Fiscal year 2013:  
6 (A) New budget authority,  
7 \$99,868,000,000.  
8 (B) Outlays, \$3,853,000,000.  
9 Fiscal year 2014:  
10 (A) New budget authority,  
11 \$32,073,000,000.  
12 (B) Outlays, \$39,343,000,000.  
13 Fiscal year 2015:  
14 (A) New budget authority,  
15 \$1,469,000,000.  
16 (B) Outlays, \$32,951,000,000.  
17 Fiscal year 2016:  
18 (A) New budget authority,  
19 \$ - 35,734,000,000.  
20 (B) Outlays, \$2,231,000,000.  
21 Fiscal year 2017:  
22 (A) New budget authority,  
23 \$ - 42,592,000,000.  
24 (B) Outlays, \$ - 20,217,000,000.  
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$ - 51,675,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$ - 36,445,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2019:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$ - 61,088,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$ - 48,906,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2020:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$ - 68,207,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$ - 61,192,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2021:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$ - 76,108,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$ - 70,697,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2022:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$ - 84,378,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$ - 80,463,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2023:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$ - 92,680,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$ - 89,556,000,000.  
24 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):  
25 Fiscal year 2013:

1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$ - 76,489,000,000.  
3 (B) Outlays, \$ - 76,489,000,000.  
4 Fiscal year 2014:  
5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$ - 75,946,000,000.  
7 (B) Outlays, \$ - 75,946,000,000.  
8 Fiscal year 2015:  
9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$ - 80,864,000,000.  
11 (B) Outlays, \$ - 80,864,000,000.  
12 Fiscal year 2016:  
13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$ - 86,391,000,000.  
15 (B) Outlays, \$ - 86,391,000,000.  
16 Fiscal year 2017:  
17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$ - 90,137,000,000.  
19 (B) Outlays, \$ - 90,137,000,000.  
20 Fiscal year 2018:  
21 (A) New budget authority,  
22 \$ - 90,503,000,000.  
23 (B) Outlays, \$ - 90,503,000,000.  
24 Fiscal year 2019:



1 (A) New budget authority,  
2 \$ - 97,574,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$ - 97,574,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2020:

5 (A) New budget authority,  
6 \$ - 98,916,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$ - 98,916,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2021:

9 (A) New budget authority,  
10 \$ - 103,177,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$ - 103,177,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2022:

13 (A) New budget authority,  
14 \$ - 105,117,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$ - 105,117,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2023:

17 (A) New budget authority,  
18 \$ - 108,885,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$ - 108,885,000,000.

## 20 **TITLE II—RECONCILIATION**

### 21 **SEC. 201. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE.**

22 Not later than October 1, 2013, the Committee on  
23 Finance of the Senate shall report changes in laws, bills,  
24 or resolutions within its jurisdiction to increase the total

1 level of revenues by \$975,000,000,000 for the period of  
2 fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

3 **TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS**

4 **SEC. 301. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REPLACE**  
5 **SEQUESTRATION.**

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
7 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and  
9 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-  
10 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that  
11 amend section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emer-  
12 gency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901a) or sec-  
13 tion 901(e) of the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012  
14 (Public Law 112–240) to repeal or revise the enforcement  
15 procedures established under those sections, by the  
16 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,  
17 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-  
18 icit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
19 through 2023. For purposes of determining deficit-neu-  
20 trality under this section, the Chairman may include the  
21 estimated effects of any amendment or amendments to the  
22 discretionary spending limits in section 251(c) of the Bal-  
23 anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985  
24 (2 U.S.C. 901(c)).

1 **SEC. 302. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUNDS TO PROMOTE**  
2 **EMPLOYMENT AND JOB GROWTH.**

3 (a) EMPLOYMENT AND JOB GROWTH.—The Chair-  
4 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may  
5 revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggre-  
6 gates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for  
7 one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions,  
8 or conference reports related to employment and job  
9 growth, by the amounts provided in such legislation for  
10 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not  
11 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of  
12 fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total  
13 of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

14 (b) SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE.—The Chairman  
15 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise  
16 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,  
17 and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or  
18 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-  
19 ference reports that provide assistance to small businesses,  
20 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
21 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
22 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
23 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
24 years 2013 through 2023.

25 (c) UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF.—The Chairman of the  
26 Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the

1 allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and  
2 other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more  
3 bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-  
4 ference reports that provide assistance to the unemployed,  
5 or improve the unemployment compensation program, by  
6 the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
7 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
8 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
9 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
10 years 2013 through 2023.

11 (d) TRADE AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—  
12 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the  
13 Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or com-  
14 mittees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this  
15 resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-  
16 ments, motions, or conference reports related to trade, in-  
17 cluding Trade Adjustment Assistance programs, trade en-  
18 forcement, or international agreements for economic as-  
19 sistance, by the amounts provided in such legislation for  
20 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not  
21 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of  
22 fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total  
23 of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

1 **SEC. 303. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUNDS TO ASSIST**  
2 **WORKING FAMILIES AND CHILDREN.**

3 (a) **INCOME SUPPORT.**—The Chairman of the Com-  
4 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-  
5 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other  
6 appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,  
7 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-  
8 ports related to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG),  
9 the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)  
10 program, child support enforcement programs, or other  
11 assistance to working families, by the amounts provided  
12 in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such  
13 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the  
14 period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or  
15 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

16 (b) **HOUSING ASSISTANCE.**—The Chairman of the  
17 Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the  
18 allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and  
19 other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more  
20 bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-  
21 ference reports related to housing assistance, which may  
22 include working family rental assistance, or assistance  
23 provided through the Housing Trust Fund, by the  
24 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,  
25 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-  
26 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013

1 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years  
2 2013 through 2023.

3 (c) CHILD WELFARE.—The Chairman of the Com-  
4 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-  
5 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other  
6 appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,  
7 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-  
8 ports related to child welfare programs, which may include  
9 the Federal foster care payment system, by the amounts  
10 provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided  
11 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over  
12 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through  
13 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
14 through 2023.

15 **SEC. 304. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUNDS FOR EARLY**  
16 **CHILDHOOD EDUCATION.**

17 (a) PRE-KINDERGARTEN.—The Chairman of the  
18 Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the  
19 allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and  
20 other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more  
21 bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-  
22 ference reports related to a pre-kindergarten program or  
23 programs to serve low-income children, by the amounts  
24 provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided  
25 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over

1 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through  
2 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
3 through 2023.

4 (b) CHILD CARE.—The Chairman of the Committee  
5 on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations  
6 of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other ap-  
7 propriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,  
8 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-  
9 ports related to child care assistance for working families,  
10 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
11 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
12 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
13 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
14 years 2013 through 2023.

15 (c) HOME VISITING.—The Chairman of the Com-  
16 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-  
17 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other  
18 appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,  
19 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-  
20 ports related to a home visiting program or programs serv-  
21 ing low-income mothers-to-be and low-income families, by  
22 the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
23 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
24 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years

1 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
2 years 2013 through 2023.

3 **SEC. 305. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR TAX RE-**  
4 **LIEF.**

5 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
6 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
7 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
8 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
9 amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide  
10 tax relief, including extensions of expiring tax relief or re-  
11 fundable tax relief, relief that supports innovation by  
12 United States enterprises, or relief that expands the abil-  
13 ity of startup companies to benefit from the credit for re-  
14 search and experimentation expenses, by the amounts pro-  
15 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that  
16 the provisions in such legislation would not increase the  
17 deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
18 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
19 years 2013 through 2023.

20 **SEC. 306. RESERVE FUND FOR TAX REFORM.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
24 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
25 amendments, motions, or conference reports that reform



1 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure a sustainable  
2 revenue base that leads to a fairer, more progressive, and  
3 more efficient tax system than currently exists, and to a  
4 more competitive business environment for United States  
5 enterprises, by the amounts provided in such legislation  
6 for those purposes, provided that the provisions in such  
7 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the  
8 period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or  
9 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

10 **SEC. 307. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INVEST IN**  
11 **CLEAN ENERGY AND PRESERVE THE ENVI-**  
12 **RONMENT.**

13 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
14 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
15 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
16 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
17 amendments, motions, or conference reports related to—

18 (1) the reduction of our Nation's dependence on  
19 imported energy and the investment of receipts from  
20 domestic energy production;

21 (2) energy conservation and renewable energy  
22 development, or new or existing approaches to clean  
23 energy financing;

24 (3) the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance  
25 Program;

1           (4) Federal programs for land and water con-  
2           servation and acquisition;

3           (5) greenhouse gas emissions levels;

4           (6) the preservation, restoration, or protection  
5           of the Nation's public lands, oceans, coastal areas,  
6           or aquatic ecosystems;

7           (7) agreements between the United States and  
8           jurisdictions of the former Trust Territory;

9           (8) wildland fire management activities; or

10          (9) the restructure of the nuclear waste pro-  
11          gram;

12 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
13 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
14 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
15 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
16 years 2013 through 2023.

17 **SEC. 308. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INVEST-**  
18 **MENTS IN AMERICA'S INFRASTRUCTURE.**

19          The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
23 amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide  
24 for Federal investment in the infrastructure of the United  
25 States, which may include projects for transportation,

1 housing, energy, water, telecommunications, or financing  
2 through tax credit bonds, by the amounts provided in such  
3 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-  
4 tion would not increase the deficit over either the period  
5 of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the pe-  
6 riod of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

7 **SEC. 309. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR AMER-**  
8 **ICA'S SERVICEMEMBERS AND VETERANS.**

9 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
10 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
11 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
12 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
13 amendments, motions, or conference reports related to—

14 (1) eligibility for both military retired pay and  
15 veterans' disability compensation (concurrent re-  
16 ceipt);

17 (2) the reduction or elimination of the offset be-  
18 tween Survivor Benefit Plan annuities and Veterans'  
19 Dependency and Indemnity Compensation;

20 (3) the improvement of disability benefits or the  
21 process of evaluating and adjudicating benefit claims  
22 for members of the Armed Forces or veterans;

23 (4) the infrastructure needs of the Department  
24 of Veterans Affairs, including constructing or leasing  
25 space and maintenance of Department facilities; or

1           (5) supporting the transition of servicemembers  
2           to the civilian workforce, including by expanding or  
3           improving education, job training, and workforce de-  
4           velopment benefits, or other programs for  
5           servicemembers or veterans, which may include  
6           streamlining the process associated with  
7           credentialing requirements;  
8           by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
9           poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
10          the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
11          2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
12          years 2013 through 2023.

13       **SEC. 310. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HIGHER**  
14                               **EDUCATION.**

15          The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
16          the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
17          committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
18          this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
19          amendments, motions, or conference reports that make  
20          higher education more accessible and affordable, which  
21          may include legislation to increase college enrollment and  
22          completion rates for low-income students, or promote col-  
23          lege savings, by the amounts provided in such legislation  
24          for those purposes, provided that such legislation would  
25          not increase the deficit over either the period of the total

1 of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the  
2 total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

3 **SEC. 311. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUNDS FOR HEALTH**  
4 **CARE.**

5 (a) PHYSICIAN REIMBURSEMENT.—The Chairman of  
6 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise  
7 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,  
8 and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or  
9 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-  
10 ference reports that increase payments made under, or  
11 permanently reform or replace, the Medicare Sustainable  
12 Growth Rate (SGR) formula, by the amounts provided in  
13 such legislation for those purposes, provided that the pro-  
14 visions in such legislation would not increase the deficit  
15 over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
16 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years  
17 2013 through 2023.

18 (b) EXTENSION OF EXPIRING HEALTH CARE POLI-  
19 CIES.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
23 amendments, motions, or conference reports that extend  
24 expiring Medicare, Medicaid, or other health provisions,  
25 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-

1 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
2 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
3 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
4 years 2013 through 2023.

5 (c) HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT.—The Chairman  
6 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise  
7 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,  
8 and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or  
9 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-  
10 ference reports that promote improvements to health care  
11 delivery systems, which may include changes that increase  
12 care quality, encourage efficiency, or improve care coordi-  
13 nation, and that improve the fiscal sustainability of health  
14 care spending over the long term, by the amounts provided  
15 in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such  
16 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the  
17 period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or  
18 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

19 (d) THERAPY CAPS.—The Chairman of the Com-  
20 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-  
21 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other  
22 appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,  
23 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-  
24 ports that protect access to outpatient therapy services  
25 (including physical therapy, occupational therapy, and

1 speech-language pathology services) through measures  
2 such as repealing or increasing the current outpatient  
3 therapy caps, by the amounts provided in such legislation  
4 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would  
5 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total  
6 of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the  
7 total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

8 (e) DRUG SAFETY.—The Chairman of the Committee  
9 on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations  
10 of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other ap-  
11 propriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,  
12 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-  
13 ports relating to drug safety, which may include legislation  
14 that permits the safe importation of prescription drugs ap-  
15 proved by the Food and Drug Administration from a spec-  
16 ified list of countries, by the amounts provided in such  
17 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-  
18 tion would not increase the deficit over either the period  
19 of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the pe-  
20 riod of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

21 **SEC. 312. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INVEST-**  
22 **MENTS IN OUR NATION'S COUNTIES AND**  
23 **SCHOOLS.**

24 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
25 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or

1 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
2 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
3 amendments, motions, or conference reports that make  
4 changes to or provide for the reauthorization of the Secure  
5 Rural Schools and Community Self Determination Act of  
6 2000 (Public Law 106–393) or make changes to chapter  
7 69 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as  
8 the “Payments in Lieu of Taxes Act of 1976”), or both,  
9 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
10 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
11 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
12 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
13 years 2013 through 2023.

14 **SEC. 313. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR A FARM**  
15 **BILL.**

16 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
17 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
18 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
19 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
20 amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide  
21 for the reauthorization of the Food, Conservation, and En-  
22 ergy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246; 122 Stat. 1651)  
23 or prior Acts, authorize similar or related programs, pro-  
24 vide for revenue changes, or any combination of the pur-  
25 poses under this section, by the amounts provided in such



1 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-  
 2 tion would not increase the deficit over either the period  
 3 of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the pe-  
 4 riod of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

5 **SEC. 314. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INVEST-**  
 6 **MENTS IN WATER INFRASTRUCTURE AND RE-**  
 7 **SOURCES.**

8 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
 9 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
 10 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
 11 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
 12 amendments, motions, or conference reports that relate to  
 13 water infrastructure programs or make changes to the col-  
 14 lection and expenditure of the Harbor Maintenance Tax  
 15 (subchapter A of chapter 36 of the Internal Revenue Code  
 16 of 1986), by the amounts provided in such legislation for  
 17 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not  
 18 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of  
 19 fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total  
 20 of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

21 **SEC. 315. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PENSION**  
 22 **REFORM.**

23 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
 24 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
 25 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in

1 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
2 amendments, motions, or conference reports to strengthen  
3 and reform the pension system, by the amounts provided  
4 in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such  
5 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the  
6 period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or  
7 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

8 **SEC. 316. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HOUSING**  
9 **FINANCE REFORM.**

10 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
11 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
12 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
13 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
14 amendments, motions, or conference reports that promote  
15 appropriate access to mortgage credit for individuals and  
16 families or examine the role of government in the sec-  
17 ondary mortgage market, which may include legislation to  
18 restructure government-sponsored enterprises, or provide  
19 for mortgage refinance opportunities, by the amounts pro-  
20 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that  
21 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either  
22 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018  
23 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through  
24 2023.

1 **SEC. 317. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR NA-**  
2 **TIONAL SECURITY.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
7 amendments, motions, or conference reports that support  
8 Department of Defense auditability and acquisition reform  
9 efforts, which may include legislation that limits the use  
10 of incremental funding, or that promotes affordability or  
11 appropriate contract choice, by the amounts provided in  
12 such legislation for those purposes, provided that such leg-  
13 islation would not increase the deficit over either the pe-  
14 riod of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the  
15 period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

16 **SEC. 318. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR OVER-**  
17 **SEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS.**

18 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
19 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
20 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and  
21 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-  
22 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related  
23 to the support of Overseas Contingency Operations, by the  
24 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,  
25 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-  
26 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013

1 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years  
2 2013 through 2023.

3 **SEC. 319. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR TER-**  
4 **RORISM RISK INSURANCE.**

5 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
6 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
7 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
8 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
9 amendments, motions, or conference reports that make  
10 changes to or provide for the reauthorization of the Ter-  
11 rorism Risk Insurance Act (Public Law 107–297; 116  
12 Stat. 2322), by the amounts provided in such legislation  
13 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would  
14 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total  
15 of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the  
16 total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

17 **SEC. 320. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR POSTAL**  
18 **REFORM.**

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
23 amendments, motions, or conference reports to strengthen  
24 and reform the United States Postal Service, by the  
25 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,

1 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-  
2 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
3 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years  
4 2013 through 2023.

5 **SEC. 321. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR GOV-**  
6 **ERNMENT REFORM AND EFFICIENCY.**

7 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
8 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
9 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
10 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
11 amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve  
12 savings through the use of performance data or scientif-  
13 ically rigorous evaluation methodologies for the elimi-  
14 nation, consolidation, or reform of Federal programs,  
15 agencies, offices, and initiatives, or the sale of Federal  
16 property, or reduce improper payments, and reduce the  
17 deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
18 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
19 years 2013 through 2023. The Chairman may also make  
20 adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6  
21 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved  
22 is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments author-  
23 ized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit  
24 reduction achieved.

1 **SEC. 322. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE**  
2 **FEDERAL BENEFIT PROCESSING.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
7 amendments, motions, or conference reports related to  
8 business process changes at the Office of Personnel Man-  
9 agement, which may include processing times for Federal  
10 employee benefits or other efficiencies or operational  
11 changes, by the amounts provided in such legislation for  
12 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not  
13 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of  
14 fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total  
15 of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

16 **SEC. 323. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLA-**  
17 **TION TO IMPROVE VOTER REGISTRATION**  
18 **AND THE VOTING EXPERIENCE IN FEDERAL**  
19 **ELECTIONS.**

20 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
21 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
22 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and  
23 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-  
24 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related  
25 to the improvement of voter registration and the voting  
26 experience in Federal elections, which may include funding

1 measures or other measures addressing voter registration  
2 or election reform, by the amounts provided by that legis-  
3 lation for those purposes, provided that such legislation  
4 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the  
5 total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of  
6 the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

7 **SEC. 324. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO PRO-**  
8 **MOTE CORPORATE TAX FAIRNESS.**

9 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
10 the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or  
11 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
12 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
13 amendments, motions, or conference reports related to  
14 corporate income taxes, which may include measures ad-  
15 dressing loopholes used by large profitable corporations  
16 that pay no Federal income tax and use such savings to  
17 reduce the deficit. The Chairman may also make adjust-  
18 ment to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11  
19 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used  
20 for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized  
21 under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduc-  
22 tion achieved.

1 **SEC. 325. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR IMPROV-**  
 2 **ING FEDERAL FOREST MANAGEMENT.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
 4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
 5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
 6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
 7 amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to  
 8 the management of Federal forest lands, which may in-  
 9 clude—

10 (1) the increase of timber production within  
 11 sustainable levels;

12 (2) the protection of communities from  
 13 wildfires, or the enhancement of forest resilience to  
 14 insects or disease; or

15 (3) the improvement, protection, or restoration  
 16 of watersheds and forest ecosystems;

17 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-  
 18 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase  
 19 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years  
 20 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal  
 21 years 2013 through 2023.

22 **SEC. 326. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR FINAN-**  
 23 **CIAL TRANSPARENCY.**

24 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
 25 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
 26 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in



1 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
2 amendments, motions, or conference reports to increase  
3 the transparency of financial and performance information  
4 for Federal agencies, by the amounts provided in such leg-  
5 islation for those purposes, provided that such legislation  
6 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the  
7 total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of  
8 the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

9 **SEC. 327. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROMOTE**  
10 **MANUFACTURING IN THE UNITED STATES.**

11 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
12 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
13 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
14 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
15 amendments, motions, or conference reports related to in-  
16 vestment in the manufacturing sector of the United  
17 States, which may include educational or research and de-  
18 velopment initiatives, public-private partnerships, or other  
19 programs, by the amounts provided in such legislation for  
20 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not  
21 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of  
22 fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total  
23 of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

1 **SEC. 328. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR RE-**  
2 **PORT ELIMINATION OR MODIFICATION.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
7 amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve  
8 savings through the elimination, modification, or the re-  
9 duction in frequency of congressionally mandated reports  
10 from Federal agencies, and reduce the deficit over either  
11 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018  
12 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through  
13 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the  
14 Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to en-  
15 sure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit  
16 reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this  
17 section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction  
18 achieved.

19 **SEC. 329. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE MIN-**  
20 **IMUM WAGE.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and  
24 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-  
25 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related  
26 to income inequality, which may include an increase in the

1 minimum wage, by the amounts provided in such legisla-  
2 tion for that purpose, provided that such legislation would  
3 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total  
4 fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total  
5 of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

6 **SEC. 330. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE**  
7 **HEALTH OUTCOMES AND LOWER COSTS FOR**  
8 **CHILDREN IN MEDICAID.**

9 (a) PROTECTING MEDICAID FOR AMERICA'S CHIL-  
10 DREN.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget  
11 of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee  
12 or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
13 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
14 amendments, motions, or conference reports that preserve  
15 Medicaid's role in protecting children's health care, by the  
16 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,  
17 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-  
18 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
19 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years  
20 2013 through 2023.

21 (b) MEDICALLY COMPLEX CHILDREN.—The Chair-  
22 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may  
23 revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggre-  
24 gates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for  
25 one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions,

1 or conference reports that improve the health outcomes  
2 and lowers costs for medically complex children in Med-  
3 icaid, which may include creating or expanding integrated  
4 delivery models or improving care coordination, by the  
5 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,  
6 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-  
7 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013  
8 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years  
9 2013 through 2023.

10 **SEC. 331. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE**  
11 **FEDERAL WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT, JOB**  
12 **TRAINING, AND REEMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.**

13 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of  
14 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or  
15 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in  
16 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,  
17 amendments, motions, or conference reports that would  
18 reduce inefficient overlap, improve access, and enhance  
19 outcomes with Federal workforce development, job train-  
20 ing, and reemployment programs, by the amounts pro-  
21 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that  
22 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either  
23 the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018  
24 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through  
25 2023.

1       **TITLE IV—BUDGET PROCESS**  
2       **Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement**

3       **SEC. 401. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS FOR FISCAL**  
4                       **YEARS 2013 AND 2014, PROGRAM INTEGRITY**  
5                       **INITIATIVES, AND OTHER ADJUSTMENTS.**

6       (a) SENATE POINT OF ORDER.—

7               (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-  
8       vided in this resolution, it shall not be in order in  
9       the Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution (or  
10      amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill  
11      or joint resolution) that would cause the discre-  
12      tionary spending limits in this section to be exceed-  
13      ed.

14              (2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

15              (A) WAIVER.—This subsection may be  
16      waived or suspended in the Senate only by the  
17      affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members,  
18      duly chosen and sworn.

19              (B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate  
20      from the decisions of the Chair relating to any  
21      provision of this subsection shall be limited to  
22      1 hour, to be equally divided between, and con-  
23      trolled by, the appellant and the manager of the  
24      bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of  
25      three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly

1 chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain  
2 an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point  
3 of order raised under this subsection.

4 (b) SENATE DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.—In  
5 the Senate and as used in this section, the term “discre-  
6 tionary spending limit” means—

7 (1) for fiscal year 2013—

8 (A) for the security category,  
9 \$684,000,000,000 in budget authority; and

10 (B) for the nonsecurity category,  
11 \$359,000,000,000 in budget authority; and

12 (2) for fiscal year 2014—

13 (A) for the revised security category,  
14 \$497,352,000,000 in budget authority; and

15 (B) for the revised nonsecurity category,  
16 \$469,023,000,000 in budget authority;

17 as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment proce-  
18 dures in this resolution.

19 (c) ADJUSTMENTS IN THE SENATE.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—After a bill or joint resolu-  
21 tion relating to any matter described in paragraph  
22 (2) or (3) is placed on the calendar, or upon the of-  
23 fering of an amendment or motion thereto, or the  
24 laying down of an amendment between the Houses  
25 or a conference report thereon—

1 (A) the Chairman of the Committee on the  
2 Budget of the Senate may adjust the discre-  
3 tionary spending limits, budgetary aggregates,  
4 and allocations pursuant to section 302(a) of  
5 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, by the  
6 amount of new budget authority in that meas-  
7 ure for that purpose and the outlays flowing  
8 therefrom; and

9 (B) following any adjustment under sub-  
10 paragraph (A), the Committee on Appropria-  
11 tions of the Senate may report appropriately re-  
12 vised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b)  
13 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to  
14 carry out this subsection.

15 (2) MATTERS DESCRIBED.—Matters referred to  
16 in paragraph (1) are as follows:

17 (A) EMERGENCY REQUIREMENTS.—Meas-  
18 ures making appropriations in a fiscal year for  
19 emergency requirements (and so designated  
20 pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Bal-  
21 anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control  
22 Act of 1985).

23 (B) DISABILITY REVIEWS AND REDETER-  
24 MINATIONS.—Measures making appropriations  
25 in a fiscal year for continuing disability reviews

1 and redeterminations (consistent with section  
2 251(b)(2)(B) of the Balanced Budget and  
3 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985).

4 (C) HEALTH CARE FRAUD AND ABUSE.—  
5 Measures making appropriations in a fiscal year  
6 for health care fraud and abuse control (con-  
7 sistent with section 251(b)(2)(C) of the Bal-  
8 anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control  
9 Act of 1985).

10 (D) DISASTER RELIEF.—Measures making  
11 appropriations for disaster relief (and so des-  
12 ignated pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D) of the  
13 Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-  
14 trol Act of 1985).

15 (3) ADJUSTMENTS FOR OVERSEAS CONTIN-  
16 GENCY OPERATIONS.—

17 (A) ADJUSTMENTS.—The Chairman of the  
18 Committee on the Budget of the Senate may  
19 adjust the discretionary spending limits, alloca-  
20 tions to the Committee on Appropriations of the  
21 Senate, and aggregates for one or more—

22 (i) bills reported by the Committee on  
23 Appropriations of the Senate or passed by  
24 the House of Representatives;



1 (ii) joint resolutions or amendments  
2 reported by the Committee on Appropria-  
3 tions of the Senate;

4 (iii) amendments between the Houses  
5 received from the House of Representatives  
6 or Senate amendments offered by the au-  
7 thority of the Committee on Appropria-  
8 tions of the Senate; or

9 (iv) conference reports;  
10 making appropriations for overseas contingency  
11 operations by the amounts provided in such leg-  
12 islation for those purposes (and so designated  
13 pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(ii) of the Bal-  
14 anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control  
15 Act of 1985), up to the amounts specified in  
16 subparagraph (B).

17 (B) AMOUNTS SPECIFIED.—The amounts  
18 specified are—

19 (i) for fiscal year 2013,  
20 \$99,670,000,000 in budget authority (and  
21 outlays flowing therefrom); and

22 (ii) for fiscal year 2014,  
23 \$50,000,000,000 in budget authority (and  
24 outlays flowing therefrom).

25 (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

1           (1) the term “nonsecurity category” means all  
2 discretionary appropriations not included in the se-  
3 curity category;

4           (2) the term “revised nonsecurity category”  
5 means all discretionary appropriations other than in  
6 budget function 050;

7           (3) the term “revised security category” means  
8 discretionary appropriations in budget function 050;  
9 and

10           (4) the term “security category” means discre-  
11 tionary appropriations associated with agency budg-  
12 ets for the Department of Defense, the Department  
13 of Homeland Security, the Department of Veterans  
14 Affairs, the National Nuclear Security Administra-  
15 tion, the intelligence community management ac-  
16 count (95–0401–0–1–054), and all budget accounts  
17 in budget function 150 (international affairs).

18 **SEC. 402. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA-**  
19 **TIONS.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—

21           (1) POINT OF ORDER.—Except as provided in  
22 subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate  
23 to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amend-  
24 ment, amendment between the Houses, or con-

1       ference report that would provide an advance appro-  
2       piation.

3           (2) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term  
4       “advance appropriation” means any new budget au-  
5       thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making  
6       appropriations for fiscal year 2014 that first be-  
7       comes available for any fiscal year after 2014 or any  
8       new budget authority provided in a bill or joint reso-  
9       lution making appropriations for fiscal year 2015  
10      that first becomes available for any fiscal year after  
11      2015.

12      (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Advance appropriations may be  
13      provided—

14           (1) for fiscal years 2015 and 2016 for pro-  
15      grams, projects, activities, or accounts identified in  
16      the joint explanatory statement of managers accom-  
17      panying this resolution under the heading “Accounts  
18      Identified for Advance Appropriations” in an aggre-  
19      gate amount not to exceed \$28,852,000,000 in new  
20      budget authority in each year;

21           (2) for the Corporation for Public Broad-  
22      casting; and

23           (3) for the Department of Veterans Affairs for  
24      the Medical Services, Medical Support and Compli-

1       ance, and Medical Facilities accounts of the Vet-  
2       erans Health Administration.

3       (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

4           (1) WAIVER.—In the Senate, subsection (a)  
5       may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative  
6       vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and  
7       sworn.

8           (2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-  
9       fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and  
10      sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the  
11      ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under  
12      subsection (a).

13      (d) FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order  
14      under subsection (a) may be raised by a Senator as pro-  
15      vided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act  
16      of 1974.

17      (e) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is  
18      considering a conference report on, or an amendment be-  
19      tween the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a point of  
20      order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section,  
21      and such point of order being sustained, such material  
22      contained in such conference report shall be stricken, and  
23      the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of wheth-  
24      er the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur  
25      with a further amendment, or concur in the House amend-

1 ment with a further amendment, as the case may be,  
2 which further amendment shall consist of only that portion  
3 of the conference report or House amendment, as the case  
4 may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate  
5 shall be debatable. In any case in which such point of  
6 order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate  
7 amendment derived from such conference report by oper-  
8 ation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be  
9 in order.

10 (f) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 402 of  
11 S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress) shall no longer apply.

12 **SEC. 403. ADJUSTMENTS FOR SEQUESTRATION OR SEQUES-**  
13 **TRATION REPLACEMENT.**

14 (a) ADJUSTMENTS UNDER CURRENT LAW.—If the  
15 enforcement procedures established under section 251A of  
16 the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act  
17 of 1985 and section 901(e) of the American Taxpayer Re-  
18 lief Act of 2012 go into, or remain in effect, the Chairman  
19 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust  
20 the allocation called for in section 302(a) of the Congres-  
21 sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)) to the appro-  
22 priate committee or committees of the Senate, and may  
23 adjust all other budgetary aggregates, allocations, levels,  
24 and limits contained in this resolution, as necessary, con-  
25 sistent with such enforcement.

1 (b) ADJUSTMENTS IF AMENDED.—If a measure be-  
2 comes law that amends the discretionary spending limits  
3 established under section 251(c) of the Balanced Budget  
4 and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the adjust-  
5 ments to discretionary spending limits under section  
6 251(b) of that Act, or the enforcement procedures estab-  
7 lished under section 251A of that Act or section 901(e)  
8 of the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, the Chair-  
9 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may  
10 adjust the allocation called for in section 302(a) of the  
11 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)) to  
12 the appropriate committee or committees of the Senate,  
13 and may adjust all other budgetary aggregates, alloca-  
14 tions, levels, and limits contained in this resolution, as  
15 necessary, consistent with such measure.

16 **SEC. 404. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST PROVISIONS**  
17 **OF APPROPRIATIONS LEGISLATION THAT**  
18 **CONSTITUTE CHANGES IN MANDATORY PRO-**  
19 **GRAMS AFFECTING THE CRIME VICTIMS**  
20 **FUND.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in  
22 order to consider any appropriations legislation, including  
23 any amendment thereto, motion in relation thereto, or  
24 conference report thereon, that includes any provision or  
25 provisions affecting the Crime Victims Fund (as estab-

1 lished by section 1402 of Public Law 98–473 (42 U.S.C.  
2 10601)) which constitutes a change in a mandatory pro-  
3 gram that would have been estimated as affecting direct  
4 spending or receipts under section 252 of the Balanced  
5 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as  
6 in effect prior to September 30, 2002) were they included  
7 in legislation other than appropriations legislation. A point  
8 of order pursuant to this section shall be raised against  
9 such provision or provisions as described in subsections  
10 (d) and (e).

11 (b) DETERMINATION.—The determination of whether  
12 a provision is subject to a point of order pursuant to this  
13 section shall be made by the Committee on the Budget  
14 of the Senate.

15 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This  
16 section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only  
17 by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly  
18 chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of  
19 the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall  
20 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair  
21 on a point of order raised under this section.

22 (d) GENERAL POINT OF ORDER.—It shall be in order  
23 for a Senator to raise a single point of order that several  
24 provisions of a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or con-  
25 ference report violate this section. The Presiding Officer

1 may sustain the point of order as to some or all of the  
2 provisions against which the Senator raised the point of  
3 order. If the Presiding Officer so sustains the point of  
4 order as to some of the provisions (including provisions  
5 of an amendment, motion, or conference report) against  
6 which the Senator raised the point of order, then only  
7 those provisions (including provision of an amendment,  
8 motion, or conference report) against which the Presiding  
9 Officer sustains the point of order shall be deemed strick-  
10 en pursuant to this section. Before the Presiding Officer  
11 rules on such a point of order, any Senator may move to  
12 waive such a point of order as it applies to some or all  
13 of the provisions against which the point of order was  
14 raised. Such a motion to waive is amendable in accordance  
15 with rules and precedents of the Senate. After the Pre-  
16 siding Officer rules on such a point of order, any Senator  
17 may appeal the ruling of the Presiding Officer on such  
18 a point of order as it applies to some or all of the provi-  
19 sions on which the Presiding Officer ruled.

20 (e) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—When the  
21 Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amend-  
22 ment between the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a  
23 point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this  
24 section, and such point of order being sustained, such ma-  
25 terial contained in such conference report or amendment



1 shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to  
2 consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede  
3 from its amendment and concur with a further amend-  
4 ment, or concur in the House amendment with a further  
5 amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment  
6 shall consist of only that portion of the conference report  
7 or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken.  
8 Any such motion shall be debatable. In any case in which  
9 such point of order is sustained against a conference re-  
10 port (or Senate amendment derived from such conference  
11 report by operation of this subsection), no further amend-  
12 ment shall be in order.

## 13 **Subtitle B—Other Provisions**

### 14 **SEC. 411. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.**

15 In the Senate, all committees are directed to review  
16 programs and tax expenditures within their jurisdiction to  
17 identify waste, fraud, abuse, or duplication, and increase  
18 the use of performance data to inform committee work.  
19 Committees are also directed to review the matters for  
20 congressional consideration identified on the Government  
21 Accountability Office's High Risk list and the annual re-  
22 port to reduce program duplication. Based on these over-  
23 sight efforts and performance reviews of programs within  
24 their jurisdiction, committees are directed to include rec-  
25 ommendations for improved governmental performance in

1 their annual views and estimates reports required under  
2 section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974  
3 to the Committees on the Budget.

4 **SEC. 412. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DISCRE-**  
5 **TIONARY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.**

6 In the Senate, notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of  
7 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, section 13301 of  
8 the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, and section 2009a  
9 of title 39, United States Code, the joint explanatory  
10 statement accompanying the conference report on any con-  
11 current resolution on the budget shall include in its alloca-  
12 tions under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget  
13 Act of 1974 to the Committees on Appropriations amounts  
14 for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social  
15 Security Administration and of the Postal Service.

16 **SEC. 413. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-**  
17 **CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.**

18 (a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations  
19 and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—

20 (1) apply while that measure is under consider-  
21 ation;

22 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that  
23 measure; and

24 (3) be published in the Congressional Record as  
25 soon as practicable.

1 (b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AG-  
 2 GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting  
 3 from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-  
 4 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-  
 5 tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.

6 (c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For  
 7 purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget au-  
 8 thority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement author-  
 9 ity, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or  
 10 period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of  
 11 estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the  
 12 Senate.

13 **SEC. 414. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-**  
 14 **CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.**

15 Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution pro-  
 16 viding for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chair-  
 17 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may  
 18 make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this res-  
 19 olution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced  
 20 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

21 **SEC. 415. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.**

22 Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

23 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of  
 24 the Senate, and as such they shall be considered as  
 25 part of the rules of the Senate and such rules shall

1       supersede other rules only to the extent that they  
2       are inconsistent with such other rules; and

3               (2) with full recognition of the constitutional  
4       right of the Senate to change those rules at any  
5       time, in the same manner, and to the same extent  
6       as is the case of any other rule of the Senate.

## 7       **TITLE V—OTHER MATTERS**

### 8       **SEC. 501. TO REQUIRE TRANSPARENT REPORTING ON THE** 9               **ONGOING COSTS TO TAXPAYERS OF** 10              **OBAMACARE.**

11       When the Congressional Budget Office releases its  
12       annual Update to the Budget and Economic Outlook, the  
13       Congressional Budget Office shall report changes in direct  
14       spending and revenue associated with the Patient Protec-  
15       tion and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) and  
16       the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010  
17       (Public Law 111–152), including the net impact on def-  
18       icit, both with on-budget and off-budget effects. The infor-  
19       mation shall be similar to that provided in Table 2 of the  
20       Congressional Budget Office’s March 20, 2010 estimate  
21       of the budgetary effects of the Health Care and Education  
22       Reconciliation Act of 2010 and the Patient Protection and  
23       Affordable Care Act (PPACA), as passed by the Senate.

1 **SEC. 502. TO REQUIRE FULLER REPORTING ON POSSIBLE**  
2 **COSTS TO TAXPAYERS OF OBAMACARE.**

3       When the Congressional Budget Office releases its  
4 annual update to the Budget and Economic Outlook, the  
5 Congressional Budget Office shall provide an analysis of  
6 the budgetary effects of 30 percent, 50 percent, and 100  
7 percent of Americans losing employer sponsored health in-  
8 surance and accessing coverage through Federal or State  
9 exchanges.

Calendar No. 28

113<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
1<sup>ST</sup> Session

**S. CON. RES. 8**

**CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023.

MARCH 15, 2013

Placed on the calendar