113TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 539

To amend the Public Health Service Act to foster more effective implementation and coordination of clinical care for people with pre-diabetes and diabetes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 12, 2013

Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, and Mrs. HAGAN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to foster more effective implementation and coordination of clinical care for people with pre-diabetes and diabetes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Diabetes Clinical Care Commission Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention report that nearly 26,000,000 Americans
have diabetes in addition to an estimated 79,000,000 American adults that have pre-diabetes, an increase of 2,000,000 Americans with diabetes and 22,000,000 American adults with pre-diabetes since 2008.

(2) Diabetes affects 8.3 percent of Americans of all ages and 11.3 percent of adults age 20 and older. Individuals of racial and ethnic minorities continue to have higher rates of diabetes than individuals not of such minorities, as demonstrated by the following:

16.1 percent of all adult American Indians and Alaskan Natives have diabetes; 12.6 percent of all adult African-Americans have diabetes; 11.8 percent of all adult Hispanics have diabetes; and 8.4 percent of all adult Asian-Americans have diabetes, while 7.1 percent of all non-Hispanic Whites have diabetes.

(3) Diabetes is the seventh leading cause of death in the United States.

(4) People with diabetes are more likely than people without diabetes to have heart attacks, strokes, high blood pressure, kidney failure, blindness, and require amputations.

(5) Total national costs associated with diabetes in 2007 exceeded $174,000,000,000, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
(6) One in three Medicare dollars is currently spent on people with diabetes.

(7) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention projects that as many as 1 in 3 American adults could have diabetes by 2050 if current trends continue.

(8) There are 35 Federal departments, agencies, and offices involved in the implementation of Federal diabetes activities.

SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL DIABETES CLINICAL CARE COMMISSION.

Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 399V–6. NATIONAL DIABETES CLINICAL CARE COMMISSION.

“(a) Establishment.—There is hereby established within the Department of Health and Human Services the National Diabetes Clinical Care Commission (in this section referred to as the ‘Commission’) to evaluate and make recommendations regarding better coordination and leveraging of programs within the Department of Health and Human Services and other Federal agencies that relate in any way to supporting appropriate clinical care (such as any interactions between physicians and other
health care providers and their patients with pre-diabetes and diabetes where care is rendered for the management of their pre-diabetes or diabetes or its complications) for people with pre-diabetes and diabetes.

“(b) Membership.—

“(1) In general.—The Commission shall be composed of the following voting members:

“(A) The heads (or their designees) of the following Federal agencies and departments that conduct programs that could impact the clinical care of people with pre-diabetes and diabetes:

“(i) The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.


“(iii) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

“(iv) The Indian Health Service.

“(v) The Department of Veterans Affairs.

“(vi) The National Institutes of Health.

“(vii) The Food and Drug Administration.
“(viii) The Health Resources and Services Administration.

“(ix) The Department of Defense.

“(x) Other governmental or non-governmental agency heads, at the discretion of the agency, that impact clinical care of individuals with pre-diabetes and diabetes.

“(B) Twelve additional voting members appointed under paragraph (2).

“(2) ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—The Commission shall include additional voting members appointed by the Comptroller General of the United States, in consultation with national medical societies and patient advocate organizations with expertise in diabetes and the care of patients with diabetes, including one or more from each of the following categories:

“(A) Clinical endocrinologists.

“(B) Physician specialties (other than as described in subparagraph (A)) that play a role in diabetes care or their complications.

“(C) Primary care physicians.

“(D) Non-physician health care professionals, such as certified diabetes educators,
clinical dieticians, nurses, nurse practitioners, and physician assistants.

“(E) Patient advocates.

“(F) National experts in the duties listed under subsection (c).

“(3) CHAIRPERSON.—The voting members of the Commission shall select a chairperson from the members described in paragraph (2)(A).

“(4) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at least twice, and not more than 4 times, a year.

“(5) BOARD TERMS.—Members of the Commission, including the chairperson, shall serve for a 3-year term. A vacancy on the Commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments.

“(c) DUTIES.—The Commission shall—

“(1) evaluate programs of the Department of Health and Human Services regarding the utilization of diabetes screening benefits, annual wellness visits, and other preventive health benefits that may reduce the risk of diabetes and its complications, addressing any existing problems regarding such utilization and related data collection mechanisms;

“(2) identify current activities and critical gaps in Federal efforts to support clinicians in providing
integrated, high-quality care to people with pre-diabetes and diabetes;

“(3) make recommendations regarding the coordination of clinically based activities that are being supported by the Federal Government;

“(4) make recommendations regarding the development and coordination of federally funded clinical practice support tools for physicians and other health care professionals in caring for and managing the care of people with pre-diabetes and diabetes;

“(5) evaluate programs in existence as of the date of the enactment of this section and determine if such programs are meeting the needs identified in paragraph (2) and, if such programs are determined to not be meeting such needs, recommend programs that would be more appropriate;

“(6) recommend how an outcomes-based registry may be developed and then used to evaluate various care models and methods and the impact of such models and methods on diabetes management as measured by appropriate care parameters (such as A1C, blood pressure, and cholesterol levels);

“(7) evaluate and expand education and awareness to physicians and other health care profes-
sionals regarding clinical practices for the prevention
of diabetes and the precursor conditions of diabetes;

“(8) review and recommend appropriate meth-
ods for outreach and dissemination of educational
resources that regard diabetes prevention and treat-
ments, are funded by the Federal Government, and
are intended for health care professionals and the
public; and

“(9) include other activities, such as those re-
lating to the areas of public health and nutrition,
that the Commission deems appropriate.

“(d) OPERATING PLAN.—

“(1) INITIAL PLAN.—Not later than 90 days
after its first meeting, the Commission shall submit
to the Secretary and the Congress an operating plan
for carrying out the activities of the Commission as
described in subsection (c). Such operating plan may
include—

“(A) a list of specific activities that the
Commission plans to conduct for purposes of
carrying out the duties described in each of the
paragraphs in subsection (c);

“(B) a plan for completing the activities;

“(C) a list of members of the Commission
and other individuals who are not members of
the Commission who will need to be involved to
conduct such activities;

“(D) an explanation of Federal agency in-
volvement and coordination needed to conduct
such activities;

“(E) a budget for conducting such activi-
ties;

“(F) a plan for evaluating the value and
potential impact of the Commission’s work and
recommendations, including the possible con-
tinuation of the Commission for the purposes of
overseeing their implementation; and

“(G) other information that the Commis-
sion deems appropriate.

“(2) UPDATES.—The Commission shall periodi-
cally update the operating plan under paragraph (1)
and submit such updates to the Secretary and the
Congress.

“(e) FINAL REPORT AND SUNSET OF THE COMMISS-
ION.—By not later than 3 years after the date of the
Commission’s first meeting, the Commission shall submit
to the Secretary and the Congress a report containing all
of the findings and recommendations of the Commission.
Not later than 120 days after the submission of the final
report, the Secretary shall review the evaluation required
under subsection (d)(1)(F) to determine the continuation
of the Commission.

“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Approp-
riations are authorized to be made available to the Com-
mision for each of fiscal years 2014, 2015, and 2016,
from amounts otherwise made available to the Department
of Health and Human Services for such fiscal years, to
carry out this section.”.