112th Congress
1st Session

H. R. 658

AN ACT

To amend title 49, United States Code, to authorize appropriations for the Federal Aviation Administration for fiscal years 2011 through 2014, to streamline programs, create efficiencies, reduce waste, and improve aviation safety and capacity, to provide stable funding for the national aviation system, and for other purposes.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the “FAA Reauthorization and Reform Act of 2011”.

(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

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Sec. 102. Air navigation facilities and equipment.
Sec. 103. FAA operations.
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Sec. 105. Delineation of Next Generation Air Transportation System projects.
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Sec. 111. Passenger facility charges.
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Sec. 302. Release of data relating to abandoned type certificates and supplemental type certificates.
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Sec. 702. Extension of authority to limit third-party liability of air carriers arising out of acts of terrorism.
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Sec. 1101. Short title.
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TITLE XII—COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTORY PAY-AS-YOU-GO ACT OF 2010

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SEC. 2. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 49, UNITED STATES CODE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of title 49, United States Code.

SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Funding of FAA Programs

SEC. 101. AIRPORT PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AND NOISE COMPATIBILITY PLANNING AND PROGRAMS.

(a) Authorization.—Section 48103 is amended to read as follows:
§ 48103. Airport planning and development and noise compatibility planning and programs

“(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be available to the Secretary of Transportation out of the Airport and Airway Trust Fund established under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make grants for airport planning and airport development under section 47104, airport noise compatibility planning under section 47505(a)(2), and carrying out noise compatibility programs under section 47504(c)—

“(1) $3,176,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
“(2) $3,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2012;
“(3) $3,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2013; and
“(4) $3,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2014.

“(b) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS.—Amounts made available under subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.

“(c) LIMITATION.—Amounts made available under subsection (a) may not be used for carrying out the Airport Cooperative Research Program or the Airports Technology Research Program.”.

(b) OBLIGATIONAL AUTHORITY.—Section 47104(c) is amended by striking “March 31, 2011” and inserting “September 30, 2014”.

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SEC. 102. AIR NAVIGATION FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 48101(a) is amended by striking paragraphs (1) through (6) and inserting the following:

“(1) $2,700,000,000 for fiscal year 2011.
“(2) $2,600,000,000 for fiscal year 2012.
“(3) $2,600,000,000 for fiscal year 2013.
“(4) $2,600,000,000 for fiscal year 2014.”.

(b) Set-Asides.—Section 48101 is amended—

(1) by striking subsections (c), (d), (e), (h), and (i); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively.

SEC. 103. FAA OPERATIONS.

(a) In General.—Section 106(k)(1) is amended by striking subparagraphs (A) through (F) and inserting the following:

“(A) $9,403,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
“(B) $9,168,000,000 for fiscal year 2012;
“(C) $9,168,000,000 for fiscal year 2013;
and
“(D) $9,168,000,000 for fiscal year 2014.”.

(b) Authorized Expenditures.—Section 106(k)(2) is amended—
(1) by striking subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D);

(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively; and

(3) in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) (as so redesignated) by striking “2004 through 2007” and inserting “2011 through 2014”.

(e) AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER FUNDS.—Section 106(k) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) ADMINISTERING PROGRAM WITHIN AVAILABLE FUNDING.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in each of fiscal years 2011 through 2014, if the Secretary determines that the funds appropriated under paragraph (1) are insufficient to meet the salary, operations, and maintenance expenses of the Federal Aviation Administration, as authorized by this section, the Secretary shall reduce nonsafety-related activities of the Administration as necessary to reduce such expenses to a level that can be met by the funding available under paragraph (1).”.
SEC. 104. FUNDING FOR AVIATION PROGRAMS.

(a) AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND GUARANTEE.—Section 48114(a)(1)(A) is amended to read as follows:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The total budget resources made available from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund each fiscal year pursuant to sections 48101, 48102, 48103, and 106(k) shall—

“(i) in fiscal year 2011, be equal to 90 percent of the estimated level of receipts plus interest credited to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund for that fiscal year; and

“(ii) in fiscal year 2012 and each fiscal year thereafter, be equal to the sum of—

“(I) 90 percent of the estimated level of receipts plus interest credited to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund for that fiscal year; and

“(II) the actual level of receipts plus interest credited to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund for the second preceding fiscal year minus the total amount made available for obli-
gation from the Airport and Airway
Trust Fund for the second preceding
fiscal year.
Such amounts may be used only for aviation in-
vestment programs listed in subsection (b).”.
(b) ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIA-
tions FROM THE GENERAL FUND.—Section 48114(a)(2)
is amended by striking “2007” and inserting “2014”.
(e) ESTIMATED LEVEL OF RECEIPTS PLUS INTER-
est DEFINED.—Section 48114(b)(2) is amended—
(1) in the paragraph heading by striking
“LEVEL” and inserting “ESTIMATED LEVEL”; and
(2) by striking “level of receipts plus interest”
and inserting “estimated level of receipts plus inter-
est”.
(d) ENFORCEMENT OF GUARANTEES.—Section
48114(e)(2) is amended by striking “2007” and inserting
“2014”.
SEC. 105. DELINEATION OF NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANS-
PORTATION SYSTEM PROJECTS.
Section 44501(b) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (3) by striking “and” after
the semicolon;
(2) in paragraph (4)(B) by striking “defense.”
and inserting “defense; and”; and
(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) a list of capital projects that are part of the Next Generation Air Transportation System and funded by amounts appropriated under section 48101(a).”.

SEC. 106. FUNDING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR AIRPORT PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48105 is amended to read as follows:

“§48105. Airport programs administrative expenses

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds made available under section 48103, the following amounts may be available for administrative expenses of the Federal Aviation Administration described in subsection (b):

“(1) $85,987,000 for fiscal year 2011.
“(2) $80,676,000 for fiscal year 2012.
“(3) $80,676,000 for fiscal year 2013.
“(4) $80,676,000 for fiscal year 2014.

“(b) ELIGIBLE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Amounts made available under subsection (a) may be used for administrative expenses relating to the airport improvement program, passenger facility charge approval and oversight, national airport system planning, airport standards development and enforcement, airport certifi-
cation, airport-related environmental activities (including
legal services), and other airport-related activities.

“(c) Availability of Amounts.—Amounts made
available under subsection (a) shall remain available until
expended.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for chap-
ter 481 is amended by striking the item relating to section
48105 and inserting the following:

“48105. Airport programs administrative expenses.”.

Subtitle B—Passenger Facility
Charges

SEC. 111. PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES.

(a) PFC Defined.—Section 40117(a)(5) is amend-
ed to read as follows:

“(5) Passenger facility charge.—The term
‘passenger facility charge’ means a charge or fee im-
posed under this section.”.

(b) Pilot Program for PFC Authorizations at
Nonhub Airports.—Section 40117(l) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (7); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as para-
graph (7).

(c) Correction of References.—

(1) Section 40117.—Section 40117 is amend-
ed—
(A) in the section heading by striking “fees” and inserting “charges”;

(B) in the heading for subsection (e) by striking “FEES” and inserting “CHARGES”;

(C) in the heading for subsection (l) by striking “FEE” and inserting “CHARGE”;

(D) in the heading for paragraph (5) of subsection (l) by striking “FEE” and inserting “CHARGE”;

(E) in the heading for subsection (m) by striking “FEES” and inserting “CHARGES”;

(F) in the heading for paragraph (1) of subsection (m) by striking “FEES” and inserting “CHARGES”;

(G) by striking “fee” each place it appears (other than the second sentence of subsection (g)(4)) and inserting “charge”; and

(H) by striking “fees” each place it appears and inserting “charges”.

(2) OTHER REFERENCES.—Subtitle VII is amended by striking “fee” and inserting “charge” each place it appears in each of the following sections:

   (A) Section 47106(f)(1).

   (B) Section 47110(e)(5).
(C) Section 47114(f).

(D) Section 47134(g)(1).

(E) Section 47139(b).

(F) Section 47524(e).

(G) Section 47526(2).

(3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 401 is amended by striking the item relating to section 40117 and inserting the following:

“40117. Passenger facility charges.”.

SEC. 112. AIRPORT ACCESS FLEXIBILITY PROGRAM.

Section 40117 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(n) AIRPORT ACCESS FLEXIBILITY PROGRAM.—

“(1) PFC ELIGIBILITY.—Subject to the requirements of this subsection, the Secretary shall establish a pilot program under which the Secretary may authorize, at no more than 5 airports, a passenger facility charge imposed under subsection (b)(1) or (b)(4) to be used to finance the eligible cost of an intermodal ground access project.

“(2) INTERMODAL GROUND ACCESS PROJECT DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘intermodal ground access project’ means a project for constructing a local facility owned or operated by an eligible agency that is directly and substantially related
to the movement of passengers or property traveling in air transportation.

“(3) Eligible costs.—

“(A) In general.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the eligible cost of an intermodal ground access project at an airport shall be the total cost of the project multiplied by the ratio that—

“(i) the number of individuals projected to use the project to gain access to or depart from the airport; bears to

“(ii) the total number of the individuals projected to use the facility.

“(B) Determinations regarding projected project use.—

“(i) In general.—Except as provided by clause (ii), the Secretary shall determine the projected use of a project for purposes of subparagraph (A) at the time the project is approved under this subsection.

“(ii) Public transportation projects.—In the case of a project approved under this section to be financed in part using funds administered by the Fed-
eral Transit Administration, the Secretary shall use the travel forecasting model for the project at the time the project is approved by the Federal Transit Administration to enter preliminary engineering to determine the projected use of the project for purposes of subparagraph (A).”.

SEC. 113. GAO STUDY OF ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF COLLECTING PFCS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of alternative means of collecting passenger facility charges imposed under section 40117 of title 49, United States Code, that would permit such charges to be collected without being included in the ticket price. In conducting the study, the Comptroller General shall consider, at a minimum—

(1) collection options for arriving, connecting, and departing passengers at airports;

(2) cost sharing or allocation methods based on passenger travel to address connecting traffic; and

(3) examples of airport charges collected by domestic and international airports that are not included in ticket prices.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representa-
tives a report on the study, including the Comptroller General’s findings, conclusions, and recommenda-
tions.

SEC. 114. QUALIFICATIONS-BASED SELECTION.

(a) QUALIFICATIONS-BASED SELECTION DEFINED.—
In this section, the term “qualifications-based selection” means a competitive procurement process under which firms compete for capital improvement projects on the basis of qualifications, past experience, and specific expertise.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that airports should consider the use of qualifications-based selection in carrying out capital improvement projects funded using passenger facility charges collected under section 40117 of title 49, United States Code, with the goal of serving the needs of all stakeholders.

Subtitle C—Fees for FAA Services

SEC. 121. UPDATE ON OVERFLIGHTS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND ADJUSTMENT OF FEES.—
Section 45301(b) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) ESTABLISHMENT AND ADJUSTMENT OF FEES.—

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“(1) IN GENERAL.—In establishing and adjusting fees under this section, the Administrator shall ensure that the fees are reasonably related to the Administration’s costs, as determined by the Administrator, of providing the services rendered.

“(2) SERVICES FOR WHICH COSTS MAY BE RECOVERED.—Services for which costs may be recovered under this section include the costs of air traffic control, navigation, weather services, training, and emergency services that are available to facilitate safe transportation over the United States and the costs of other services provided by the Administrator, or by programs financed by the Administrator, to flights that neither take off nor land in the United States.

“(3) LIMITATIONS ON JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Notwithstanding section 702 of title 5 or any other provision of law, the following actions and other matters shall not be subject to judicial review:

“(A) The establishment or adjustment of a fee by the Administrator under this section.

“(B) The validity of a determination of costs by the Administrator under paragraph (1), and the processes and procedures applied
by the Administrator when reaching such determination.

“(C) An allocation of costs by the Administrator under paragraph (1) to services provided, and the processes and procedures applied by the Administrator when establishing such allocation.

“(4) ADJUSTMENT OF OVERFLIGHT FEES.—In accordance with section 106(f)(3)(A), the Administrator shall adjust the overflight fees established by subsection (a)(1) by issuing a final rule with respect to the notice of proposed rulemaking published in the Federal Register on September 28, 2010 (75 Fed. Reg. 59661).

“(5) AIRCRAFT ALTITUDE.—Nothing in this section shall require the Administrator to take into account aircraft altitude in establishing any fee for aircraft operations in en route or oceanic airspace.

“(6) COSTS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘costs’ includes operation and maintenance costs, leasing costs, and overhead expenses associated with the services provided and the facilities and equipment used in providing such services.

“(7) SPECIAL RULE FOR FISCAL YEARS 2011 THROUGH 2015.—In each of fiscal years 2011
through 2015, section 45303(c) shall not apply to any increase in fees collected pursuant to a final rule described in paragraph (4).”.

(b) ADJUSTMENT OF FEES.—Section 45301 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) ADJUSTMENT OF FEES.—In addition to adjustments under subsection (b), the Administrator may periodically adjust the fees established under this section.”.

SEC. 122. REGISTRATION FEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 453 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 45305. Registration, certification, and related fees

“(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY AND FEES.—Subject to subsection (b), the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish and collect a fee for each of the following services and activities of the Administration that does not exceed the estimated costs of the service or activity:

“(1) Registering an aircraft.

“(2) Reregistering, replacing, or renewing an aircraft registration certificate.

“(3) Issuing an original dealer’s aircraft registration certificate.

“(4) Issuing an additional dealer’s aircraft registration certificate (other than the original).
“(5) Issuing a special registration number.

“(6) Issuing a renewal of a special registration number reservation.

“(7) Recording a security interest in an aircraft or aircraft part.

“(8) Issuing an airman certificate.

“(9) Issuing a replacement airman certificate.

“(10) Issuing an airman medical certificate.

“(11) Providing a legal opinion pertaining to aircraft registration or recordation.

“(b) LIMITATION ON COLLECTION.—No fee may be collected under this section unless the expenditure of the fee to pay the costs of activities and services for which the fee is imposed is provided for in advance in an appropriations Act.

“(c) FEES CREDITED AS OFFSETTING COLLECTIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, any fee authorized to be collected under this section shall—

“(A) be credited as offsetting collections to the account that finances the activities and services for which the fee is imposed;

“(B) be available for expenditure only to pay the costs of activities and services for which
the fee is imposed, including all costs associated
with collecting the fee; and

“(C) remain available until expended.

“(2) CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS.—The Ad-
ministrator may continue to assess, collect, and
spend fees established under this section during any
period in which the funding for the Federal Aviation
Administration is provided under an Act providing
continuing appropriations in lieu of the Administra-
tion’s regular appropriations.

“(3) ADJUSTMENTS.—The Administrator shall
adjust a fee established under subsection (a) for a
service or activity if the Administrator determines
that the actual cost of the service or activity is high-
er or lower than was indicated by the cost data used
to establish such fee.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chap-
ter 453 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“45305. Registration, certification, and related fees.”.

(c) FEES INVOLVING AIRCRAFT NOT PROVIDING AIR
TRANSPORTATION.—Section 45302(e) is amended—

(1) by striking “A fee” and inserting the fol-
lowing:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A fee”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(2) Effect of imposition of other fees.—A fee may not be imposed for a service or activity under this section during any period in which a fee for the same service or activity is imposed under section 45305.”.

Subtitle D—Airport Improvement Program Modifications

SEC. 131. AIRPORT MASTER PLANS.

Section 47101(g)(2) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B) by striking “and” at the end;

(2) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D); and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:

“(C) consider passenger convenience, airport ground access, and access to airport facilities; and”.

SEC. 132. AEROTROPOLIS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS.

Section 47101(g) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) Aerotropolis transportation systems.—Encourage the development of aerotropolis transportation systems, which are planned and coordinated multimodal freight and passenger trans-
portation networks that, as determined by the Secretary, provide efficient, cost-effective, sustainable, and intermodal connectivity to a defined region of economic significance centered around a major airport.”.

SEC. 133. AIP DEFINITIONS.

(a) AIRPORT DEVELOPMENT.—Section 47102(3) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B)(iv) by striking “20” and inserting “9”;

(2) in subparagraph (G) by inserting “and including acquiring glycol recovery vehicles,” after “aircraft,”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(M) construction of mobile refueler parking within a fuel farm at a nonprimary airport meeting the requirements of section 112.8 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.

“(N) terminal development under section 47119(a).

“(O) acquiring and installing facilities and equipment to provide air conditioning, heating, or electric power from terminal-based, nonexclusive use facilities to aircraft parked at a public use airport for the purpose of reducing energy
use or harmful emissions as compared to the
provision of such air conditioning, heating, or
electric power from aircraft-based systems.”.

(b) Airport Planning.—Section 47102(5) is
amended to read as follows:

“(5) ‘airport planning’ means planning as de-
defined by regulations the Secretary prescribes and in-
cludes—

“(A) integrated airport system planning;

“(B) developing an environmental manage-
ment system; and

“(C) developing a plan for recycling and
minimizing the generation of airport solid
waste, consistent with applicable State and local
recycling laws, including the cost of a waste
audit.”.

(c) General Aviation Airport.—Section 47102 is
amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (23) through
(25) as paragraphs (25) through (27), respectively;

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (8) through
(22) as paragraphs (9) through (23), respectively;

and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
lowing:
“(8) ‘general aviation airport’ means a public airport that is located in a State and that, as determined by the Secretary—

“(A) does not have scheduled service; or

“(B) has scheduled service with less than 2,500 passenger boardings each year.”.

(d) Revenue Producing Aeronautical Support Facilities.—Section 47102 is amended by inserting after paragraph (23) (as redesignated by subsection (c)(2) of this section) the following:

“(24) ‘revenue producing aeronautical support facilities’ means fuel farms, hangar buildings, self-service credit card aeronautical fueling systems, airplane wash racks, major rehabilitation of a hangar owned by a sponsor, or other aeronautical support facilities that the Secretary determines will increase the revenue producing ability of the airport.”.

(e) Terminal Development.—Section 47102 (as amended by subsection (c) of this section) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(28) ‘terminal development’ means—

“(A) development of—

“(i) an airport passenger terminal building, including terminal gates;
“(ii) access roads servicing exclusively airport traffic that leads directly to or from an airport passenger terminal building; and

“(iii) walkways that lead directly to or from an airport passenger terminal building; and

“(B) the cost of a vehicle described in section 47119(a)(1)(B).”.

SEC. 134. RECYCLING PLANS FOR AIRPORTS.

Section 47106(a) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (4) by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (5) by striking “proposed.” and inserting “proposed; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(6) if the project is for an airport that has an airport master plan, the master plan addresses issues relating to solid waste recycling at the airport, including—

“(A) the feasibility of solid waste recycling at the airport;

“(B) minimizing the generation of solid waste at the airport;
“(C) operation and maintenance requirements;

“(D) the review of waste management contracts; and

“(E) the potential for cost savings or the generation of revenue.”.

SEC. 135. CONTENTS OF COMPETITION PLANS.

Section 47106(f)(2) is amended—

(1) by striking “patterns of air service,”;

(2) by inserting “and” before “whether”; and

(3) by striking “, and airfare levels” and all that follows before the period.

SEC. 136. GRANT ASSURANCES.

(a) General Written Assurances.—Section 47107(a)(16)(D)(ii) is amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: “, except in the case of a relocation or replacement of an existing airport facility that meets the conditions of section 47110(d)”.

(b) Written Assurances on Acquiring Land.—

(1) Use of Proceeds.—Section 47107(c)(2)(A)(iii) is amended by striking “paid to the Secretary” and all that follows before the semicolon and inserting “reinvested in another project at the airport or transferred to another airport as the Secretary prescribes under paragraph (4)”.

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(2) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—Section 47107(c) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) In approving the reinvestment or transfer of proceeds under paragraph (2)(A)(iii), the Secretary shall give preference, in descending order, to the following actions:

“(A) Reinvestment in an approved noise compatibility project.

“(B) Reinvestment in an approved project that is eligible for funding under section 47117(e).

“(C) Reinvestment in an approved airport development project that is eligible for funding under section 47114, 47115, or 47117.

“(D) Transfer to a sponsor of another public airport to be reinvested in an approved noise compatibility project at such airport.

“(E) Payment to the Secretary for deposit in the Airport and Airway Trust Fund.”.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 47107(c)(2)(B)(iii) is amended by striking “the Fund” and inserting “the Airport and Airway Trust Fund established under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986”.

(d) Extension of Competitive Access Reports.—Section 47107(s) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

SEC. 137. AGREEMENTS GRANTING THROUGH-THE-FENCE ACCESS TO GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORTS.

(a) In General.—Section 47107 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(t) Agreements Granting Through-The-Fence Access to General Aviation Airports.—

“(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), a sponsor of a general aviation airport shall not be considered to be in violation of this subtitle, or to be in violation of a grant assurance made under this section or under any other provision of law as a condition for the receipt of Federal financial assistance for airport development, solely because the sponsor enters into an agreement that grants to a person that owns residential real property adjacent to or near the airport access to the airfield of the airport for the following:

“(A) Aircraft of the person.

“(B) Aircraft authorized by the person.

“(2) Through-the-Fence Agreements.—

“(A) In general.—An agreement described in paragraph (1) between an airport
sponsor and a property owner (or an association representing such property owner) shall be a written agreement that prescribes the rights, responsibilities, charges, duration, and other terms the airport sponsor determines are necessary to establish and manage the airport sponsor’s relationship with the property owner.

“(B) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—An agreement described in paragraph (1) between an airport sponsor and a property owner (or an association representing such property owner) shall require the property owner, at minimum—

“(i) to pay airport access charges that, as determined by the airport sponsor, are comparable to those charged to tenants and operators on-airport making similar use of the airport;

“(ii) to bear the cost of building and maintaining the infrastructure that, as determined by the airport sponsor, is necessary to provide aircraft located on the property adjacent to or near the airport access to the airfield of the airport;
“(iii) to maintain the property for residential, noncommercial use for the duration of the agreement; and

“(iv) to prohibit access to the airport from other properties through the property of the property owner.”.

(b) Applicability.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to an agreement between an airport sponsor and a property owner (or an association representing such property owner) entered into before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 138. GOVERNMENT SHARE OF PROJECT COSTS.

Section 47109 is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by striking “provided in subsection (b) or subsection (c) of this section” and inserting “otherwise provided in this section”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(e) Special Rule for Transition From Small Hub to Medium Hub Status.—If the status of a small hub airport changes to a medium hub airport, the Government’s share of allowable project costs for the airport may not exceed 90 percent for the first 2 fiscal years following such change in hub status.

“(f) Special Rule for Economically Depressed Communities.—The Government’s share of allowable
project costs shall be 95 percent for a project at an airport
that—

“(1) is receiving subsidized air service under
subchapter II of chapter 417; and
“(2) is located in an area that meets one or
more of the criteria established in section 301(a) of
the Public Works and Economic Development Act of
1965 (42 U.S.C. 3161(a)), as determined by the
Secretary of Commerce.”.

SEC. 139. ALLOWABLE PROJECT COSTS.

(a) ALLOWABLE PROJECT COSTS.—Section
47110(b)(2)(D) is amended to read as follows:
“(D) if the cost is for airport development and
is incurred before execution of the grant agreement,
but in the same fiscal year as execution of the grant
agreement, and if—
“(i) the cost was incurred before execution
of the grant agreement due to climactic condi-
tions affecting the construction season in the vi-
cinity of the airport;
“(ii) the cost is in accordance with an air-
port layout plan approved by the Secretary and
with all statutory and administrative require-
ments that would have been applicable to the
project if the project had been carried out after
execution of the grant agreement, including submission of a complete grant application to the appropriate regional or district office of the Federal Aviation Administration;

“(iii) the sponsor notifies the Secretary before authorizing work to commence on the project;

“(iv) the sponsor has an alternative funding source available to fund the project; and

“(v) the sponsor’s decision to proceed with the project in advance of execution of the grant agreement does not affect the priority assigned to the project by the Secretary for the allocation of discretionary funds;”.

(b) Inclusion of Measures To Improve Efficiency of Airport Buildings in Airport Improvement Projects.—Section 47110(b) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5) by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (6) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(7) if the cost is incurred on a measure to improve the efficiency of an airport building (such as a measure designed to meet one or more of the cri-
criteria for being considered a high-performance green building as set forth under section 401(13) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17061(13))) and—

“(A) the measure is for a project for airport development;

“(B) the measure is for an airport building that is otherwise eligible for construction assistance under this subchapter; and

“(C) if the measure results in an increase in initial project costs, the increase is justified by expected savings over the life cycle of the project.”.

(c) Relocation of Airport-Owned Facilities.—Section 47110(d) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) Relocation of Airport-Owned Facilities.—The Secretary may determine that the costs of relocating or replacing an airport-owned facility are allowable for an airport development project at an airport only if—

“(1) the Government’s share of such costs will be paid with funds apportioned to the airport sponsor under section 47114(e)(1) or 47114(d);
“(2) the Secretary determines that the relocation or replacement is required due to a change in the Secretary’s design standards; and

“(3) the Secretary determines that the change is beyond the control of the airport sponsor.”.

(d) NONPRIMARY AIRPORTS.—Section 47110(h) is amended—

(1) by inserting “construction” before “costs of revenue producing”; and

(2) by striking “, including fuel farms and hangars,”.

SEC. 140. VETERANS’ PREFERENCE.

Section 47112(c) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (B) by striking “separated from” and inserting “discharged or released from active duty in”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) ‘Afghanistan-Iraq war veteran’ means an individual who served on active duty (as defined in section 101 of title 38) in the Armed Forces in support of Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Iraqi Freedom, or Operation New Dawn for more than 180 consecutive days, any part of which occurred after September 11, 2001, and before the
date prescribed by presidential proclamation or by law as the last day of Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Iraqi Freedom, or Operation New Dawn (whichever is later), and who was discharged or released from active duty in the armed forces under honorable conditions.

“(D) ‘Persian Gulf veteran’ means an individual who served on active duty in the Armed Forces in the Southwest Asia theater of operations during the Persian Gulf War for more than 180 consecutive days, any part of which occurred after August 2, 1990, and before the date prescribed by presidential proclamation or by law, and who was discharged or released from active duty in the armed forces under honorable conditions.”; and

(2) in paragraph (2) by striking “Vietnam-era veterans and disabled veterans” and inserting “Vietnam-era veterans, Persian Gulf veterans, Afghanistan-Iraq war veterans, disabled veterans, and small business concerns (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632)) owned and controlled by disabled veterans”.
SEC. 141. STANDARDIZING CERTIFICATION OF DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES.

Section 47113 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) MANDATORY TRAINING PROGRAM.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall establish a mandatory training program for persons described in paragraph (3) to provide streamlined training on certifying whether a small business concern qualifies as a small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals under this section and section 47107(e).

“(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—The training program may be implemented by one or more private entities approved by the Secretary.

“(3) PARTICIPANTS.—A person referred to in paragraph (1) is an official or agent of an airport sponsor—

“(A) who is required to provide a written assurance under this section or section 47107(e) that the airport owner or operator will meet the percentage goal of subsection (b) of this section or section 47107(e)(1), as the case may be; or
“(B) who is responsible for determining whether or not a small business concern qualifies as a small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals under this section or section 47107(e).”.

SEC. 142. SPECIAL APPORTIONMENT RULES.

(a) Eligibility to receive primary airport minimum apportionment amount.—Section 47114(d) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(7) Eligibility to receive primary airport minimum apportionment amount.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the Secretary may apportion to an airport sponsor in a fiscal year an amount equal to the minimum apportionment available under subsection (e)(1)(B) if the Secretary finds that the airport—

“(A) received scheduled or unscheduled air service from a large certificated air carrier (as defined in part 241 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or such other regulations as may be issued by the Secretary under the authority of section 41709) in the calendar year used to calculate the apportionment; and
“(B) had more than 10,000 passenger boardings in the calendar year used to calculate the apportionment.”.

(b) **Special Rule for Fiscal Years 2011 and 2012.**—Section 47114(c)(1) is amended—

1. by striking subparagraphs (F) and (G); and
2. by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following:

“(F) **Special rule for fiscal years 2011 and 2012.**—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), for an airport that had more than 10,000 passenger boardings and scheduled passenger aircraft service in calendar year 2007, but in either calendar year 2009 or 2010, or in both years, the number of passenger boardings decreased to a level below 10,000 boardings per year at such airport, the Secretary may apportion in each of fiscal years 2011 and 2012 to the sponsor of such airport an amount equal to the amount apportioned to that sponsor in fiscal year 2009.”.

**SEC. 143. PUERTO RICO MINIMUM GUARANTEE.**

Section 47114 is amended by adding at the end the following:
“(g) Supplemental Apportionment for Puerto Rico.—The Secretary shall apportion amounts for airports in Puerto Rico in accordance with this section. This subsection does not prohibit the Secretary from making project grants for airports in Puerto Rico from the discretionary fund under section 47115.”.

SEC. 144. APPORTIONMENTS.

Chapter 471 is amended by striking “$3,200,000,000” and inserting “$3,000,000,000” in each of the following sections:

1. (1) 47114(e)(1)(C).
2. (2) 47114(e)(2)(C).
3. (3) 47114(d)(3).
4. (4) 47114(e)(4).
5. (5) 47117(e)(1)(C).

SEC. 145. REDUCING APPORTIONMENTS.

Section 47114(f)(1) is amended by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting the following:

“(A) in the case of a charge of $3.00 or less—

“(i) except as provided in clause (ii), 50 percent of the projected revenues from the charge in the fiscal year but not by more than 50 percent of the amount that
otherwise would be apportioned under this section; or

“(ii) with respect to an airport in Hawai‘i, 50 percent of the projected revenues from the charge in the fiscal year but not by more than 50 percent of the excess of—

“(I) the amount that otherwise would be apportioned under this section; over

“(II) the amount equal to the amount specified in subclause (I) multiplied by the percentage of the total passenger boardings at the applicable airport that are comprised of inter-island passengers; and

“(B) in the case of a charge of more than $3.00—

“(i) except as provided in clause (ii), 75 percent of the projected revenues from the charge in the fiscal year but not by more than 75 percent of the amount that otherwise would be apportioned under this section; or

“(ii) with respect to an airport in Hawai‘i, 75 percent of the projected revenues
from the charge in the fiscal year but not
by more than 75 percent of the excess of—

“(I) the amount that otherwise
would be apportioned under this sec-
tion; over

“(II) the amount equal to the
amount specified in subclause (I) mul-
tiplied by the percentage of the total
passenger boardings at the applicable
airport that are comprised of inter-
island passengers.”.

SEC. 146. MARSHALL ISLANDS, MICRONESIA, AND PALAU.
Section 47115(j) is amended by striking “fiscal years 2004 through 2010, and for the portion of fiscal year 2011 ending before April 1, 2011,” and inserting “fiscal years 2010 through 2014,”.

SEC. 147. DESIGNATING CURRENT AND FORMER MILITARY AIRPORTS.
(a) CONSIDERATIONS.—Section 47118(c) is amend-
ed—

(1) in paragraph (1) by striking “or” after the
semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (2) by striking “delays.” and
inserting “delays; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(3) preserve or enhance minimum airfield infrastructure facilities at former military airports to support emergency diversionary operations for transoceanic flights in locations—

“(A) within United States jurisdiction or control; and

“(B) where there is a demonstrable lack of diversionary airports within the distance or flight-time required by regulations governing transoceanic flights.”.

(b) Designation of General Aviation Airports.—Section 47118(g) is amended—

(1) in the subsection heading by striking “AIRPORT” and inserting “AIRPORTS”; and

(2) by striking “one of the airports bearing a designation under subsection (a) may be a general aviation airport that was a former military installation” and inserting “3 of the airports bearing designations under subsection (a) may be general aviation airports that were former military installations”.

(c) Safety-Critical Airports.—Section 47118 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) Safety-Critical Airports.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a grant under section
may be made for a federally owned airport designated under subsection (a) if the grant is for a project that is—

“(1) to preserve or enhance minimum airfield infrastructure facilities described in subsection (c)(3); and

“(2) necessary to meet the minimum safety and emergency operational requirements established under part 139 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.”.

SEC. 148. CONTRACT TOWER PROGRAM.

(a) Cost-Benefit Requirement.—Section 47124(b) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

“(1) CONTRACT TOWER PROGRAM.—

“(A) CONTINUATION AND EXTENSION.—

The Secretary shall continue the low activity (Visual Flight Rules) Level I air traffic control tower contract program established under subsection (a) for towers existing on December 30, 1987, and shall extend the program to other low activity air traffic control towers for which a qualified entity (as determined by the Secretary), a State, or a subdivision of the State
meeting the requirements set forth by the Secretary has requested to participate in the program.

“(B) SPECIAL RULE.—If the Secretary determines that a tower already operating under the program continued under this paragraph has a benefit-to-cost ratio of less than 1.0, the airport sponsor or State or local government having jurisdiction over the airport shall not be required to pay the portion of the costs that exceeds the benefit for a period of 18 months after such determination is made.

“(C) USE OF EXCESS FUNDS.—If the Secretary finds that all or part of an amount made available to carry out the program continued under this paragraph is not required during a fiscal year, the Secretary may use, during such fiscal year, the amount not so required to carry out the program established under paragraph (3).”; and

(2) by striking“(2) The Secretary” and inserting the following:

“(2) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary”.

(b) COSTS EXCEEDING BENEFITS.—Section 47124(b)(3)(D) is amended—
(1) by striking “If the costs” and inserting the following:

“(i) COST SHARING.—If the costs”;

and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) MAXIMUM LOCAL COST SHARE.—
The maximum allowable local cost share allocated under clause (i) for an airport certified under part 139 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, with fewer than 50,000 annual passenger enplanements shall be capped at 20 percent of the cost of operating an air traffic tower under the program.

“(iii) SUNSET.—Clause (ii) shall not be in effect after September 30, 2014.”.

(c) FUNDING; USE OF EXCESS FUNDS.—Section 47124(b)(3) is amended by striking subparagraph (E) and inserting the following:

“(E) FUNDING.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to section 106(k)(1), not more than $8,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2014 may be used to carry out this paragraph.
“(F) USE OF EXCESS FUNDS.—If the Secretary finds that all or part of an amount made available under this paragraph is not required during a fiscal year, the Secretary may use, during such fiscal year, the amount not so required to carry out the program continued under paragraph (1).”.

(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—Section 47124(b)(4)(C) is amended by striking “$1,500,000” and inserting “$2,000,000”.

(e) SAFETY AUDITS.—Section 47124 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) SAFETY AUDITS.—The Secretary shall establish uniform standards and requirements for regular safety assessments of air traffic control towers that receive funding under this section.”.

SEC. 149. RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES CONCERNING AIRPORT FEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 47129 is amended—

(1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following:

“§ 47129. Resolution of disputes concerning airport fees”;

(2) by inserting “AND FOREIGN AIR CARRIER” after “CARRIER” in the heading for subsection (d);
(3) by inserting “AND FOREIGN AIR CARRIER” after “CARRIER” in the heading for subsection (d)(2);

(4) by striking “air carrier” each place it appears and inserting “air carrier or foreign air carrier”;

(5) by striking “air carrier’s” each place it appears and inserting “air carrier’s or foreign air carrier’s”;

(6) by striking “air carriers” and inserting “air carriers or foreign air carriers”; and

(7) by striking “(as defined in section 40102 of this title)” in subsection (a) and inserting “(as those terms are defined in section 40102)”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 471 is amended by striking the item relating to section 47129 and inserting the following:

“47129. Resolution of disputes concerning airport fees.”.

SEC. 150. SALE OF PRIVATE AIRPORTS TO PUBLIC SPONSORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 47133(b) is amended—

(1) by striking “Subsection (a) shall not apply if” and inserting the following:

“(1) PRIOR LAWS AND AGREEMENTS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply if”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(2) Sale of private airport to public sponsor.—In the case of a privately owned airport, subsection (a) shall not apply to the proceeds from the sale of the airport to a public sponsor if—

“(A) the sale is approved by the Secretary;

“(B) funding is provided under this subchapter for any portion of the public sponsor’s acquisition of airport land; and

“(C) an amount equal to the remaining unamortized portion of any airport improvement grant made to that airport for purposes other than land acquisition, amortized over a 20-year period, plus an amount equal to the Federal share of the current fair market value of any land acquired with an airport improvement grant made to that airport on or after October 1, 1996, is repaid to the Secretary by the private owner.

“(3) Treatment of repayments.—Repayments referred to in paragraph (2)(C) shall be treated as a recovery of prior year obligations.”.

(b) Applicability to grants.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to grants issued on or after October 1, 1996.
SEC. 151. REPEAL OF CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS AUTHORITY.

Section 49108, and the item relating to section 49108 in the analysis for chapter 491, are repealed.

SEC. 152. MIDWAY ISLAND AIRPORT.

Section 186(d) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (117 Stat. 2518) is amended by striking “October 1, 2010, and for the portion of fiscal year 2011 ending before April 1, 2011,” and inserting “October 1, 2014,”.

SEC. 153. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS.

(a) TECHNICAL CHANGES TO NATIONAL PLAN OF INTEGRATED AIRPORT SYSTEMS.—Section 47103 is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “each airport to—” and inserting “the airport system to—”;

(B) in paragraph (1) by striking “system in the particular area;” and inserting “system, including connection to the surface transportation network; and”;

(C) in paragraph (2) by striking “; and” and inserting a period; and

(D) by striking paragraph (3);

(2) in subsection (b)—
(A) in paragraph (1) by striking the semicolon and inserting ‘‘; and’’;

(B) by striking paragraph (2) and redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2); and

(C) in paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) by striking ‘‘, Short Takeoff and Landing/Very Short Takeoff and Landing aircraft operations,’’; and

(3) in subsection (d) by striking ‘‘status of the’’.

(b) CONSOLIDATION OF TERMINAL DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS.—Section 47119 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) as subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), respectively;

(2) by inserting before subsection (b) (as so redesignated) the following:

‘‘(a) TERMINAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.—

‘‘(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation may approve a project for terminal development (including multimodal terminal development) in a nonrevenue-producing public-use area of a commercial service airport—
“(A) if the sponsor certifies that the air-
port, on the date the grant application is sub-
mitted to the Secretary, has—

“(i) all the safety equipment required
for certification of the airport under sec-
tion 44706;

“(ii) all the security equipment re-
quired by regulation; and

“(iii) provided for access by pas-
sengers to the area of the airport for
boarding or exiting aircraft that are not
air carrier aircraft;

“(B) if the cost is directly related to mov-
ing passengers and baggage in air commerce
within the airport, including vehicles for moving
passengers between terminal facilities and be-
tween terminal facilities and aircraft; and

“(C) under terms necessary to protect the
interests of the Government.

“(2) Project in revenue-producing areas
and nonrevenue-producing parking lots.—In
making a decision under paragraph (1), the Sec-
retary may approve as allowable costs the expenses
of terminal development in a revenue-producing area
and construction, reconstruction, repair, and im-
provement in a nonrevenue-producing parking lot
if—

“(A) except as provided in section
47108(e)(3), the airport does not have more
than .05 percent of the total annual passenger
boardings in the United States; and

“(B) the sponsor certifies that any needed
airport development project affecting safety, se-
curity, or capacity will not be deferred because
of the Secretary’s approval.”;

(3) in subsection (b)(4)(B) (as redesignated by
paragraph (1) of this subsection) by striking “Sec-
retary of Transportation” and inserting “Secretary”;

(4) in subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4)(A) (as re-
designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) by
striking “section 47110(d)” and inserting “sub-
section (a)”;

(5) in subsection (b)(5) (as redesignated by
paragraph (1) of this subsection) by striking “sub-
section (b)(1) and (2)” and inserting “subsections
(e)(1) and (e)(2)”;

(6) in subsections (c)(2)(A), (c)(3), and (c)(4)
(as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this sub-
section) by striking “section 47110(d) of this title”
and inserting “subsection (a)”;

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(7) in subsection (c)(2)(B) (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) by striking "section 47110(d)" and inserting "subsection (a)";

(8) in subsection (c)(5) (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) by striking "section 47110(d)" and inserting "subsection (a)"; and

(9) by adding at the end the following:

"(f) LIMITATION ON DISCRETIONARY FUNDS.—The Secretary may distribute not more than $20,000,000 from the discretionary fund established under section 47115 for terminal development projects at a nonhub airport or a small hub airport that is eligible to receive discretionary funds under section 47108(e)(3)."

(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 47131(a) is amended—

(1) by striking "April 1" and inserting "June 1"; and

(2) by striking paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) and inserting the following:

"(1) a summary of airport development and planning completed;

"(2) a summary of individual grants issued;

"(3) an accounting of discretionary and apportioned funds allocated;

"(4) the allocation of appropriations; and".

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(d) Correction to Emission Credits Provision.—Section 47139 is amended—

1. (1) in subsection (a) by striking “47102(3)(F),”; and

2. (2) in subsection (b)—
   (A) by striking “47102(3)(F),”; and
   (B) by striking “47103(3)(F),”.

(e) Conforming Amendment to Civil Penalty Assessment Authority.—Section 46301(d)(2) is amended by inserting “46319,” after “46318,”.

(f) Other Conforming Amendments.—

1. (1) Section 40117(a)(3)(B) is amended by striking “section 47110(d)” and inserting “section 47119(a)”.

2. (2) Section 47108(e)(3) is amended—
   (A) by striking “section 47110(d)(2)” and inserting “section 47119(a)”; and
   (B) by striking “section 47110(d)” and inserting “section 47119(a)”.

(g) Correction to Surplus Property Authority.—Section 47151(e) is amended by striking “(other than real property)” and all that follows through “(10 U.S.C. 2687 note))”.

(h) Definitions.—
(1) Congested Airport.—Section 47175(2) is amended by striking “2001” and inserting “2004 or any successor report”.

(2) Joint Use Airport.—Section 47175 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(7) Joint Use Airport.—The term ‘joint use airport’ means an airport owned by the Department of Defense, at which both military and civilian aircraft make shared use of the airfield.”.

SEC. 154. EXTENSION OF GRANT AUTHORITY FOR COMPATIBLE LAND USE PLANNING AND PROJECTS BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

Section 47141(f) is amended by striking “March 31, 2011” and inserting “September 30, 2014”.

SEC. 155. PRIORITY REVIEW OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS IN COLD WEATHER STATES.

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, to the extent practicable, shall schedule the Administrator’s review of construction projects so that projects to be carried out in States in which the weather during a typical calendar year prevents major construction projects from being carried out before May 1 are reviewed as early as possible.
SEC. 156. STUDY ON NATIONAL PLAN OF INTEGRATED AIRPORT SYSTEMS.

(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall begin a study to evaluate the formulation of the national plan of integrated airport systems (in this section referred to as the “plan”) under section 47103 of title 49, United States Code.

(b) Contents of Study.—The study shall include a review of the following:

(1) The criteria used for including airports in the plan and the application of such criteria in the most recently published version of the plan.

(2) The changes in airport capital needs as shown in the 2005–2009 and 2007–2011 plans, compared with the amounts apportioned or otherwise made available to individual airports between 2005 and 2010.

(3) A comparison of the amounts received by airports under the airport improvement program in airport apportionments, State apportionments, and discretionary grants during such fiscal years with capital needs as reported in the plan.

(5) An analysis on the feasibility and advisability of apportioning amounts under section 47114(c)(1) of title 49, United States Code, to the sponsor of each primary airport for each fiscal year an amount that bears the same ratio to the amount subject to the apportionment for fiscal year 2009 as the number of passenger boardings at the airport during the prior calendar year bears to the aggregate of all passenger boardings at all primary airports during that calendar year.

(6) A documentation and review of the methods used by airports to reach the 10,000 passenger enplanement threshold, including whether such airports subsidize commercial flights to reach such threshold, at every airport in the United States that reported between 10,000 and 15,000 passenger enplanements during each of the 2 most recent calendar years for which such data is available.

(7) Any other matters pertaining to the plan that the Secretary determines appropriate.

(c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

(1) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 36 months after the date that the Secretary begins the study under this section, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of
the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

(2) CONTENTS.—The report shall include—

(A) the findings of the Secretary on each of the issues described in subsection (b);

(B) recommendations for any changes to policies and procedures for formulating the plan; and

(C) recommendations for any changes to the methods of determining the amounts to be apportioned or otherwise made available to individual airports.

SEC. 157. TRANSFERS OF TERMINAL AREA AIR NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT TO AIRPORT SPONSORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 445 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 44518. Transfers of terminal area air navigation equipment to airport sponsors

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the requirements of this section, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administrator may carry out a pilot program under which the Administrator may transfer ownership, operating, and maintenance responsibilities for terminal area air navigation equipment at an airport to the airport sponsor.
“(b) Participation.—The Administrator may select the sponsors of not more than 3 nonhub airports, 3 small hub airports, 3 medium hub airports, and 1 large hub airport to participate in the pilot program.

“(c) Terms and Conditions of Transfer for Airport Sponsors.—As a condition of participating in the pilot program, the airport sponsor shall provide assurances satisfactory to the Administrator that the sponsor will—

“(1) operate and maintain the terminal area air navigation equipment transferred to the sponsor under this section in accordance with standards to be established by the Administrator;

“(2) permit the Administrator (or a person designated by the Administrator) to conduct inspections of such terminal area air navigation equipment under a schedule established by the Administrator; and

“(3) acquire and maintain new terminal area air navigation equipment at the airport as needed to replace equipment at the end of its useful life or to meet new standards established by the Administrator.

“(d) Terms and Conditions of Transfer for Administrator.—When the Administrator approves an
airport sponsor’s participation in the pilot program, the
Administrator shall transfer, at no cost to the sponsor,
all rights, title, and interests of the United States in and
to the terminal area air navigation equipment to be trans-
ferred to the sponsor under the program, including the
real property on which the equipment is located.

“(e) TREATMENT OF AIRPORT COSTS.—Any costs in-
curred by an airport sponsor for ownership and mainte-
nance of terminal area air navigation equipment trans-
ferred under this section shall be considered a cost of pro-
viding airfield facilities and services under standards and
guidelines issued by the Secretary of Transportation under
section 47129(b)(2) and may be recovered in rates and
charges assessed for use of the airport’s airfield.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following
definitions apply:

“(1) SPONSOR.—The term ‘sponsor’ has the
meaning given that term in section 47102.

“(2) TERMINAL AREA AIR NAVIGATION EQUIP-
MENT.—The term ‘terminal area air navigation
equipment’ means an air navigation facility as de-
defined in section 40102 that exists to provide ap-
proach and landing guidance to aircraft, but does
not include buildings used for air traffic control
functions.
“(g) GUIDELINES.—The Administrator shall issue guidelines on the implementation of the program.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 445 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“44518. Transfers of terminal area air navigation equipment to airport sponsors.”.

SEC. 158. AIRPORT PRIVATIZATION PROGRAM.

(a) APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.—Section 47134(b) is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking “5 airports” and inserting “10 airports”; and

(2) paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may grant an exemption to an airport sponsor from the requirements of sections 47107(b) and 47133 (and any other law, regulation, or grant assurance) to the extent necessary to permit the sponsor to recover from the sale or lease of the airport such amount as may be approved by the Secretary after the sponsor has consulted—

“(i) in the case of a primary airport, with each air carrier and foreign air car-
rier serving the airport, as determined by
the Secretary; and
“(ii) in the case of a nonprimary air-
port, with at least 65 percent of the own-
ers of aircraft based at that airport, as de-
termined by the Secretary.”; and
(B) by striking subparagraph (C).

(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Section 47134(c) is
amended—
(1) by striking paragraphs (4), (5), and (9);
(2) by redesignating paragraphs (6), (7), and
(8) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), respectively; and
(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(7) A fee imposed by the airport on an air car-
rier or foreign air carrier may not include any por-
tion for a return on investment or recovery of prin-
cipal with respect to consideration paid to a public
agency for the lease or sale of the airport unless that
portion of the fee is approved by the air carrier or
foreign air carrier.”.

(c) PARTICIPATION OF CERTAIN AIRPORTS.—Section
47134 is amended—
(1) by striking subsection (d); and
(2) by redesignating subsections (e) through
(m) as subsections (d) through (l), respectively.
(d) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to an exemption issued to an airport under section 47134 of title 49, United States Code, before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE II—NEXTGEN AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM AND AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL MODERNIZATION

SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

In this title, the following definitions apply:

(1) NEXTGEN.—The term “NextGen” means the Next Generation Air Transportation System.

(2) ADS–B.—The term “ADS–B” means automatic dependent surveillance-broadcast.

(3) ADS–B OUT.—The term “ADS–B Out” means automatic dependent surveillance-broadcast with the ability to transmit information from the aircraft to ground stations and to other equipped aircraft.

(4) ADS–B IN.—The term “ADS–B In” means automatic dependent surveillance-broadcast with the ability to transmit information from the aircraft to ground stations and to other equipped aircraft as well as the ability of the aircraft to receive informa-
tion from other transmitting aircraft and the ground infrastructure.

(5) RNAV.—The term “RNAV” means area navigation.

(6) RNP.—The term “RNP” means required navigation performance.

SEC. 202. NEXTGEN DEMONSTRATIONS AND CONCEPTS.

In allocating amounts appropriated pursuant to section 48101(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Secretary of Transportation shall give priority to the following NextGen activities:

(1) NextGen demonstrations and infrastructure.

(2) NextGen trajectory-based operations.

(3) NextGen reduced weather impact.

(4) NextGen high-density arrivals/departures.

(5) NextGen collaborative air traffic management.

(6) NextGen flexible terminals and airports.

(7) NextGen safety, security, and environmental reviews.

(8) NextGen networked facilities.

(9) The Center for Advanced Aviation System Development.

(10) NextGen system development.
(11) Data communications system implementation.

(12) ADS–B infrastructure deployment and operational implementation.

(13) Systemwide information management.

(14) NextGen facility consolidation and realignment.

(15) En route automation modernization.

(16) National airspace system voice switch.

(17) NextGen network enabled weather.

SEC. 203. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS.

Section 106(m) is amended in the last sentence by inserting “with or” before “without reimbursement”.

SEC. 204. CHIEF NEXTGEN OFFICER.

Section 106 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(s) CHIEF NEXTGEN OFFICER.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—

“(A) APPOINTMENT.—There shall be a Chief NextGen Officer appointed by the Administrator. The Chief NextGen Officer shall report directly to the Administrator and shall be subject to the authority of the Administrator.
“(B) Qualifications.—The Chief NextGen Officer shall have a demonstrated ability in management and knowledge of or experience in aviation and systems engineering.

“(C) Term.—The Chief NextGen Officer shall be appointed for a term of 5 years.

“(D) Removal.—The Chief NextGen Officer shall serve at the pleasure of the Administrator, except that the Administrator shall make every effort to ensure stability and continuity in the leadership of the implementation of NextGen.

“(E) Vacancy.—Any individual appointed to fill a vacancy in the position of Chief NextGen Officer occurring before the expiration of the term for which the individual’s predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of that term.

“(2) Compensation.—

“(A) In General.—The Chief NextGen Officer shall be paid at an annual rate of basic pay to be determined by the Administrator. The annual rate may not exceed the annual compensation paid under section 102 of title 3. The Chief NextGen Officer shall be subject to the
postemployment provisions of section 207 of title 18 as if the position of Chief NextGen Officer were described in section 207(c)(2)(A)(i) of that title.

“(B) BONUS.—In addition to the annual rate of basic pay authorized by subparagraph (A), the Chief NextGen Officer may receive a bonus for any calendar year not to exceed 30 percent of the annual rate of basic pay, based upon the Administrator’s evaluation of the Chief NextGen Officer’s performance in relation to the performance goals set forth in the performance agreement described in paragraph (3).

“(3) ANNUAL PERFORMANCE AGREEMENT.—The Administrator and the Chief NextGen Officer, in consultation with the Federal Aviation Management Advisory Council, shall enter into an annual performance agreement that sets forth measurable organization and individual goals for the Chief NextGen Officer in key operational areas. The agreement shall be subject to review and renegotiation on an annual basis.

“(4) ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT.—The Chief NextGen Officer shall prepare and transmit to
the Secretary of Transportation, the Committee on
Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of
Representatives, the Committee on Science and
Technology of the House of Representatives, and the
Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate an annual management report
containing such information as may be prescribed by
the Secretary.

“(5) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities
of the Chief NextGen Officer include the following:

“(A) Implementing NextGen activities and
budgets across all program offices of the Federal
Aviation Administration.

“(B) Coordinating the implementation of
NextGen activities with the Office of Management
and Budget.

“(C) Reviewing and providing advice on
the Administration’s modernization programs,
budget, and cost accounting system with respect
to NextGen.

“(D) With respect to the budget of the Admin-
istration—

“(i) developing a budget request of
the Administration related to the imple-
mentation of NextGen;
“(ii) submitting such budget request to the Administrator; and

“(iii) ensuring that the budget request supports the annual and long-range strategic plans of the Administration with respect to NextGen.

“(E) Consulting with the Administrator on the Capital Investment Plan of the Administration prior to its submission to Congress.

“(F) Developing an annual NextGen implementation plan.

“(G) Ensuring that NextGen implementation activities are planned in such a manner as to require that system architecture is designed to allow for the incorporation of novel and currently unknown technologies into NextGen in the future and that current decisions do not bias future decisions unfairly in favor of existing technology at the expense of innovation.

“(H) Coordinating with the NextGen Joint Planning and Development Office with respect to facilitating cooperation among all Federal agencies whose operations and interests are affected by the implementation of NextGen.
“(6) EXCEPTION.—If the Administrator appoints as the Chief NextGen Officer, pursuant to paragraph (1)(A), an Executive Schedule employee covered by section 5315 of title 5, then paragraphs (1)(B), (1)(C), (2), and (3) of this subsection shall not apply to such employee.

“(7) NEXTGEN DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘NextGen’ means the Next Generation Air Transportation System.”.

SEC. 205. DEFINITION OF AIR NAVIGATION FACILITY.

Section 40102(a)(4) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E);

(2) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C) and inserting the following:

“(B) runway lighting and airport surface visual and other navigation aids;

“(C) apparatus, equipment, software, or service for distributing aeronautical and meteorological information to air traffic control facilities or aircraft;

“(D) communication, navigation, or surveillance equipment for air-to-ground or air-to-air applications;”;}
(3) in subparagraph (E) (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this section)—

(A) by striking “another structure” and inserting “any structure, equipment,”; and

(B) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) buildings, equipment, and systems dedicated to the national airspace system.”.

SEC. 206. CLARIFICATION TO ACQUISITION REFORM AUTHORITY.

Section 40110(c) is amended—

(1) by inserting “and” after the semicolon in paragraph (3);

(2) by striking paragraph (4); and

(3) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4).

SEC. 207. ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN AVIATION AUTHORITIES.

Section 40113(e) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by inserting “(whether public or private)” after “authorities”; and

(B) by striking “safety.” and inserting “safety or efficiency. The Administrator is au-
authorized to participate in, and submit offers in
response to, competitions to provide these serv-
ices, and to contract with foreign aviation au-
thorities to provide these services consistent
with section 106(l)(6).”;

(2) in paragraph (2) by adding at the end the
following: “The Administrator is authorized, not-
withstanding any other provision of law or policy, to
accept payments for services provided under this
subsection in arrears.”; and

(3) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the
following:

“(3) CREDITING APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds re-
ceived by the Administrator pursuant to this section
shall—

“(A) be credited to the appropriation cur-
rent when the amount is received;

“(B) be merged with and available for the
purposes of such appropriation; and

“(C) remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 208. NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANSPORTATION SYS-
TEM JOINT PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
OFFICE.

(a) Redesignation of JPDO Director to Assoc-
iate Administrator.—
(1) ASSOCIATE ADMINISTRATOR FOR NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT, AND INTERAGENCY COORDINATION.—Section 709(a) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note; 117 Stat. 2582) is amended—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) The head of the Office shall be the Associate Administrator for Next Generation Air Transportation System Planning, Development, and Interagency Coordination, who shall be appointed by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration. The Administrator shall appoint the Associate Administrator after consulting with the Chairman of the Next Generation Senior Policy Committee and providing advanced notice to the other members of that Committee.”.

(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Section 709(a)(3) of such Act (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (G) by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;
(B) in subparagraph (H) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(I) establishing specific quantitative goals for the safety, capacity, efficiency, performance, and environmental impacts of each phase of Next Generation Air Transportation System planning and development activities and measuring actual operational experience against those goals, taking into account noise pollution reduction concerns of affected communities to the extent practicable in establishing the environmental goals;

“(J) working to ensure global interoperability of the Next Generation Air Transportation System;

“(K) working to ensure the use of weather information and space weather information in the Next Generation Air Transportation System as soon as possible;

“(L) overseeing, with the Administrator and in consultation with the Chief NextGen Officer, the selection of products or outcomes of
research and development activities that should be moved to a demonstration phase; and

“(M) maintaining a baseline modeling and simulation environment for testing and evaluating alternative concepts to satisfy Next Generation Air Transportation System enterprise architecture requirements.”.

(3) COOPERATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Section 709(a)(4) of such Act (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) is amended—

(A) by striking “(4)” and inserting “(4)(A)”;

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) The Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the head of any other Federal agency from which the Secretary of Transportation requests assistance under subparagraph (A) shall designate a senior official in the agency to be responsible for—

“(i) carrying out the activities of the agency relating to the Next Generation Air Transportation System in coordination with the Office, including the execution of all aspects of the work of the agency in
developing and implementing the integrated work plan described in subsection (b)(5);

“(ii) serving as a liaison for the agency in activities of the agency relating to the Next Generation Air Transportation System and coordinating with other Federal agencies involved in activities relating to the System; and

“(iii) ensuring that the agency meets its obligations as set forth in any memorandum of understanding executed by or on behalf of the agency relating to the Next Generation Air Transportation System.

“(C) The head of a Federal agency referred to in subparagraph (B) shall—

“(i) ensure that the responsibilities of the agency relating to the Next Generation Air Transportation System are clearly communicated to the senior official of the agency designated under subparagraph (B);

“(ii) ensure that the performance of the senior official in carrying out the responsibilities of the agency relating to the Next Generation Air Transportation System is reflected in the official’s annual performance evaluations and compensation;
“(iii) establish or designate an office within the agency to carry out its responsibilities under the memorandum of understanding under the supervision of the designated official; and

“(iv) ensure that the designated official has sufficient budgetary authority and staff resources to carry out the agency’s Next Generation Air Transportation System responsibilities as set forth in the integrated plan under subsection (b).

“(D) Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this subparagraph, the head of each Federal agency that has responsibility for carrying out any activity under the integrated plan under subsection (b) shall execute a memorandum of understanding with the Office obligating that agency to carry out the activity.”.

(4) COORDINATION WITH OMB.—Section 709(a) of such Act (117 Stat. 2582) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(6)(A) The Office shall work with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to develop a process whereby the Director will identify projects related to the Next Generation Air Transportation System across the agencies referred to in paragraph (4)(A) and consider the Next Generation Air Transportation System as a unified, cross-agency program.
“(B) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget, to the extent practicable, shall—

“(i) ensure that—

“(I) each Federal agency covered by the plan has sufficient funds requested in the President’s budget, as submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for each fiscal year covered by the plan to carry out its responsibilities under the plan; and

“(II) the development and implementation of the Next Generation Air Transportation System remains on schedule;

“(ii) include, in the President’s budget, a statement of the portion of the estimated budget of each Federal agency covered by the plan that relates to the activities of the agency under the Next Generation Air Transportation System; and

“(iii) identify and justify as part of the President’s budget submission any inconsistencies between the plan and amounts requested in the budget.

“(7) The Associate Administrator of the Next Generation Air Transportation System Planning, Development, and Interagency Coordination shall be a voting
member of the Joint Resources Council of the Federal Aviation Administration.”.

(b) INTEGRATED PLAN.—Section 709(b) of such Act (117 Stat. 2583) is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “meets air” and inserting “meets anticipated future air”; and

(B) by striking “beyond those currently included in the Federal Aviation Administration’s operational evolution plan”; 

(2) at the end of paragraph (3) by striking “and”;

(3) at the end of paragraph (4) by striking the period and inserting “; and”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) a multiagency integrated work plan for the Next Generation Air Transportation System that includes—

“(A) an outline of the activities required to achieve the end-state architecture, as expressed in the concept of operations and enterprise architecture documents, that identifies each Federal agency or other entity responsible for each activity in the outline;
“(B) details on a year-by-year basis of specific accomplishments, activities, research requirements, rulemakings, policy decisions, and other milestones of progress for each Federal agency or entity conducting activities relating to the Next Generation Air Transportation System;

“(C) for each element of the Next Generation Air Transportation System, an outline, on a year-by-year basis, of what is to be accomplished in that year toward meeting the Next Generation Air Transportation System’s end-state architecture, as expressed in the concept of operations and enterprise architecture documents, as well as identifying each Federal agency or other entity that will be responsible for each component of any research, development, or implementation program;

“(D) an estimate of all necessary expenditures on a year-by-year basis, including a statement of each Federal agency or entity’s responsibility for costs and available resources, for each stage of development from the basic research stage through the demonstration and implementation phase;
“(E) a clear explanation of how each step in the development of the Next Generation Air Transportation System will lead to the following step and of the implications of not successfully completing a step in the time period described in the integrated work plan;

“(F) a transition plan for the implementation of the Next Generation Air Transportation System that includes date-specific milestones for the implementation of new capabilities into the national airspace system;

“(G) date-specific timetables for meeting the environmental goals identified in subsection (a)(3)(I); and

“(H) a description of potentially significant operational or workforce changes resulting from deployment of the Next Generation Air Transportation System.”.

(c) NEXTGEN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Section 709(d) of such Act (117 Stat. 2584) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) NEXTGEN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—The Administrator shall develop and publish annually the document known as the NextGen Implementation Plan, or any successor document, that provides a detailed description
of how the agency is implementing the Next Generation Air Transportation System.”.

(d) CONTINGENCY PLANNING.—The Associate Administrator for the Next Generation Air Transportation System Planning, Development, and Interagency Coordination shall, as part of the design of the System, develop contingency plans for dealing with the degradation of the System in the event of a natural disaster, major equipment failure, or act of terrorism.

SEC. 209. NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANSPORTATION SENIOR POLICY COMMITTEE.

(a) MEETINGS.—Section 710(a) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note; 117 Stat. 2584) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following “and shall meet at least twice each year”.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 710 of such Act (117 Stat. 2584) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—

“(1) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter on the date of submission of the President’s budget request to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary shall submit to Congress

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a report summarizing the progress made in carrying out the integrated work plan required by section 709(b)(5) and any changes in that plan.

“(2) CONTENTS.—The report shall include—

“(A) a copy of the updated integrated work plan;

“(B) a description of the progress made in carrying out the integrated work plan and any changes in that plan, including any changes based on funding shortfalls and limitations set by the Office of Management and Budget;

“(C) a detailed description of—

“(i) the success or failure of each item of the integrated work plan for the previous year and relevant information as to why any milestone was not met; and

“(ii) the impact of not meeting the milestone and what actions will be taken in the future to account for the failure to complete the milestone;

“(D) an explanation of any change to future years in the integrated work plan and the reasons for such change; and

“(E) an identification of the levels of funding for each agency participating in the inte-
grated work plan devoted to programs and ac-
tivities under the plan for the previous fiscal
year and in the President’s budget request.”

SEC. 210. IMPROVED MANAGEMENT OF PROPERTY INVEN-

TORY.

Section 40110(a) is amended by striking paragraphs
(2) and (3) and inserting the following:
“(2) may construct and improve laboratories
and other test facilities; and
“(3) may dispose of any interest in property for
adequate compensation, and the amount so received
shall—
“(A) be credited to the appropriation cur-
rent when the amount is received;
“(B) be merged with and available for the
purposes of such appropriation; and
“(C) remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 211. AUTOMATIC DEPENDENT SURVEILLANCE-BROAD-
CAST SERVICES.

(a) Review by DOT Inspector General.—
(1) In general.—The Inspector General of
the Department of Transportation shall conduct a
review concerning the Federal Aviation Administra-

tion’s award and oversight of any contracts entered
into by the Administration to provide ADS–B services for the national airspace system.

(2) CONTENTS.—The review shall include, at a minimum—

(A) an examination of how the Administration manages program risks;

(B) an assessment of expected benefits attributable to the deployment of ADS–B services, including the Administration’s plans for implementation of advanced operational procedures and air-to-air applications, as well as the extent to which ground radar will be retained;

(C) an assessment of the Administration’s analysis of specific operational benefits, and benefit/costs analyses of planned operational benefits conducted by the Administration, for ADS–B In and ADS–B Out avionics equipage for airspace users;

(C) a determination of whether the Administration has established sufficient mechanisms to ensure that all design, acquisition, operation, and maintenance requirements have been met by the contractor;

(D) an assessment of whether the Administration and any contractors are meeting cost,
schedule, and performance milestones, as measured against the original baseline of the Administration’s program for providing ADS–B services;

(E) an assessment of how security issues are being addressed in the overall design and implementation of the ADS–B system; and

(F) any other matters or aspects relating to contract implementation and oversight that the Inspector General determines merit attention.

(3) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—The Inspector General shall submit, periodically (and on at least an annual basis), to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the review conducted under this subsection.

(b) RULEMAKINGS.—

(1) ADS–B IN.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to issue guidelines and regulations relating to ADS–B In technology that—
(A) identify the ADS–B In technology that will be required under NextGen;

(B) subject to paragraph (2), require all aircraft operating in capacity constrained airspace, at capacity constrained airports, or in any other airspace deemed appropriate by the Administrator to be equipped with ADS–B In technology by 2020; and

(C) identify—

(i) the type of avionics required of aircraft for all classes of airspace;

(ii) the expected costs associated with the avionics; and

(iii) the expected uses and benefits of the avionics.

(2) Readiness Verification. — Before the Administrator completes an ADS–B In equipage rule-making proceeding or issues and interim or final rule pursuant to paragraph (1), the Chief NextGen Officer shall verify that—

(A) the necessary ground infrastructure is installed and functioning properly;

(B) certification standards have been approved; and
(C) appropriate operational platforms
interface safely and efficiently.

(c) Use of ADS-B Technology.—

(1) Plans.—Not later than 18 months after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
shall develop, in consultation with appropriate em-
ployee and industry groups, a plan for the use of
ADS–B technology for surveillance and active air
traffic control.

(2) Contents.—The plan shall—

(A) include provisions to test the use of
ADS–B technology for surveillance and active
air traffic control in specific regions of the
United States with the most congested airspace;

(B) identify the equipment required at air
traffic control facilities and the training re-
quired for air traffic controllers;

(C) identify procedures, to be developed in
consultation with appropriate employee and in-
dustry groups, to conduct air traffic manage-
ment in mixed equipage environments; and

(D) establish a policy in test regions re-
ferred to in subparagraph (A), in consultation
with appropriate employee and industry groups,
to provide incentives for equipage with ADS–B
technology, including giving priority to aircraft equipped with such technology before the 2020 equipage deadline.

SEC. 212. EXPERT REVIEW OF ENTERPRISE ARCHITECTURE FOR NEXTGEN.

(a) Review.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall enter into an arrangement with the National Research Council to review the enterprise architecture for the NextGen.

(b) Contents.—At a minimum, the review to be conducted under subsection (a) shall—

1. (1) highlight the technical activities, including human-system design, organizational design, and other safety and human factor aspects of the system, that will be necessary to successfully transition current and planned modernization programs to the future system envisioned by the Joint Planning and Development Office of the Administration;

2. (2) assess technical, cost, and schedule risk for the software development that will be necessary to achieve the expected benefits from a highly automated air traffic management system and the implications for ongoing modernization projects; and

3. (3) determine how risks with automation efforts for the NextGen can be mitigated based on the expe-
riences of other public or private entities in developing complex, software-intensive systems.

(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report containing the results of the review conducted pursuant to subsection (a).

SEC. 213. ACCELERATION OF NEXTGEN TECHNOLOGIES.

(a) Airport Procedures.—

(1) In general.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall publish a report, after consultation with representatives of appropriate Administration employee groups, airport operators, air carriers, general aviation representatives, flight path service providers, and aircraft manufacturers that includes the following:

(A) RNP/RNAV operations.—The required navigation performance and area navigation operations, including the procedures to be developed, certified, and published and the air traffic control operational changes, to maximize the efficiency and capacity of NextGen commer-
cial operations at the 35 operational evolution
partnership airports identified by the Adminis-
tration.

(B) Coordination and Implementation
Activities.—A description of the activities and
operational changes and approvals required to
coordinate and utilize those procedures at those
airports.

(C) Implementation Plan.—A plan for
implementing those procedures that estab-
lishes—

(i) clearly defined budget, schedule,
project organization, and leadership re-
quirements;

(ii) specific implementation and tran-
sition steps; and

(iii) baseline and performance metrics
for—

(I) measuring the Administration’s progress in implementing the
plan, including the percentage utiliza-
tion of required navigation perform-
ance in the national airspace system;
and
(II) achieving measurable fuel burn and carbon dioxide emissions reductions compared to current performance; and

(iv) expedited environmental review procedures for timely environmental approval of area navigation and required navigation performance that offer significant efficiency improvements as determined by baseline and performance metrics under clause (iii).

(D) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES.—A process for the identification, certification, and publication of additional required navigation performance and area navigation procedures that may be required at such airports in the future.

(2) IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE.—The Administrator shall certify, publish, and implement—

(A) 30 percent of the required procedures not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act;

(B) 60 percent of the procedures not later than 36 months after the date of enactment of this Act; and
(C) 100 percent of the procedures before June 30, 2015.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PRIORITIES.—The Administrator shall extend the charter of the Performance Based Navigation Aviation Rulemaking Committee as necessary to establish priorities for the development, certification, publication, and implementation of the navigation performance and area navigation procedures based on their potential safety and efficiency benefits to other airports in the national airspace system, including small and medium hub airports.

(c) COORDINATED AND EXPEDITED REVIEW.—Navigation performance and area navigation procedures developed, certified, published, and implemented under this section shall be presumed to be covered by a categorical exclusion (as defined in section 1508.4 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations) under chapter 3 of FAA Order 1050.1E unless the Administrator determines that extraordinary circumstances exist with respect to the procedure.

(d) DEPLOYMENT PLAN FOR NATIONWIDE DATA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a plan for implementation of a nationwide data communications system. The plan shall include—

(1) clearly defined budget, schedule, project organization, and leadership requirements;

(2) specific implementation and transition steps; and

(3) baseline and performance metrics for measuring the Administration’s progress in implementing the plan.

(e) Improved Performance Standards.—

(1) Assessment of work being performed under NextGen Implementation Plan.—The Administrator shall clearly outline in the NextGen Implementation Plan document of the Administration the work being performed under the plan to determine—

(A) whether utilization of ADS–B, RNP, and other technologies as part of NextGen implementation will display the position of aircraft more accurately and frequently so as to enable a more efficient use of existing airspace and result in reduced consumption of aviation fuel and aircraft engine emissions; and
(B) the feasibility of reducing aircraft separation standards in a safe manner as a result of the implementation of such technologies.

(2) AIRCRAFT SEPARATION STANDARDS.—If the Administrator determines that the standards referred to in paragraph (1)(B) can be reduced safely, the Administrator shall include in the NextGen Implementation Plan a timetable for implementation of such reduced standards.

(f) THIRD-PARTY USAGE.—The Administration shall establish a program under which the Administration will use third parties in the development, testing, and maintenance of flight procedures.

SEC. 214. PERFORMANCE METRICS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish and begin tracking national airspace system performance metrics, including, at a minimum, metrics with respect to—

(1) actual arrival and departure rates per hour measured against the currently published aircraft arrival rate and aircraft departure rate for the 35 operational evolution partnership airports;

(2) average gate-to-gate times;

(3) fuel burned between key city pairs;
(4) operations using the advanced navigation procedures, including performance based navigation procedures;

(5) the average distance flown between key city pairs;

(6) the time between pushing back from the gate and taking off;

(7) continuous climb or descent;

(8) average gate arrival delay for all arrivals;

(9) flown versus filed flight times for key city pairs;

(10) implementation of NextGen Implementation Plan, or any successor document, capabilities designed to reduce emissions and fuel consumption;

(11) the Administration’s unit cost of providing air traffic control services; and

(12) runway safety, including runway incursions, operational errors, and loss of standard separation events.

(b) BASELINES.—The Administrator, in consultation with aviation industry stakeholders, shall identify baselines for each of the metrics established under subsection (a) and appropriate methods to measure deviations from the baselines.
(c) **Publication.**—The Administrator shall make data obtained under subsection (a) available to the public in a searchable, sortable, and downloadable format through the Web site of the Administration and other appropriate media.

(d) **Report.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that contains—

1. **(1)** a description of the metrics that will be used to measure the Administration’s progress in implementing NextGen capabilities and operational results;

2. **(2)** information on any additional metrics developed; and

3. **(3)** a process for holding the Administration accountable for meeting or exceeding the metrics baselines identified in subsection (b).

**SEC. 215. CERTIFICATION STANDARDS AND RESOURCES.**

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall develop a plan to accelerate and stream-
line the process for certification of NextGen technologies, including—

(1) establishment of updated project plans and timelines;

(2) identification of the specific activities needed to certify NextGen technologies, including the establishment of NextGen technical requirements for the manufacture of equipage, installation of equipage, airline operational procedures, pilot training standards, air traffic control procedures, and air traffic controller training;

(3) identification of staffing requirements for the Air Certification Service and the Flight Standards Service, taking into consideration the leveraging of assistance from third parties and designees;

(4) establishment of a program under which the Administration will use third parties in the certification process; and

(5) establishment of performance metrics to measure the Administration’s progress.

SEC. 216. SURFACE SYSTEMS ACCELERATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Operating Officer of the Air Traffic Organization shall—

(1) evaluate the Airport Surface Detection Equipment-Model X program for its potential con-
tribution to implementation of the NextGen initiative;

(2) evaluate airport surveillance technologies and associated collaborative surface management software for potential contributions to implementation of NextGen surface management;

(3) accelerate implementation of the program referred to in paragraph (1); and

(4) carry out such additional duties as the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may require.

(b) EXPEDITED CERTIFICATION AND UTILIZATION.—The Administrator shall—

(1) consider options for expediting the certification of Ground-Based Augmentation System technology; and

(2) develop a plan to utilize such a system at the 35 operational evolution partnership airports by September 30, 2012.

SEC. 217. INCLUSION OF STAKEHOLDERS IN AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL MODERNIZATION PROJECTS.

(a) PROCESS FOR EMPLOYEE INCLUSION.—Notwithstanding any other law or agreement, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a process or processes for including qualified employees to
serve in a collaborative and expert capacity in the planning
and development of air traffic control modernization
projects, including NextGen.

(b) Adherence to Deadlines.—Participants in
these processes shall adhere to all deadlines and mile-
stones established pursuant to this title.

(c) No Change in Employee Status.—Participa-
tion in these processes by an employee shall not—

(1) serve as a waiver of any bargaining obliga-
tions or rights;

(2) entitle the employee to any additional com-
pensation or benefits; or

(3) entitle the employee to prevent or unduly
delay the exercise of management prerogatives.

(d) Working Groups.—Except in extraordinary cir-
cumstances, the Administrator shall not pay overtime re-
lated to work group participation.

(e) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall report
to Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the
House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate con-
cerning the disputes between participating employees and
Administration management that have led to delays to the
implementation of NextGen, including information on the
source of the dispute, the resulting length of delay, and associated cost increases.

SEC. 218. AIRSPACE REDESIGN.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The airspace redesign efforts of the Federal Aviation Administration will play a critical near-term role in enhancing capacity, reducing delays, transitioning to more flexible routing, and ultimately saving money in fuel costs for airlines and airspace users.

(2) The critical importance of airspace redesign efforts is underscored by the fact that they are highlighted in strategic plans of the Administration, including Flight Plan 2009–2013 and the NextGen Implementation Plan.

(3) Funding cuts have led to delays and deferrals of critical capacity enhancing airspace redesign efforts.

(4) Several new runways planned for the period of fiscal years 2011 and 2012 will not provide estimated capacity benefits without additional funds.

(b) NOISE IMPACTS OF NEW YORK/NEW JERSEY/PHILADELPHIA METROPOLITAN AREA AIRSPACE REDE-IGN.—
(1) MONITORING.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, in conjunction with the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey and the Philadelphia International Airport, shall monitor the noise impacts of the New York/New Jersey/Philadelphia Metropolitan Area Airspace Re-design.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year following the first day of completion of the New York/New Jersey/Philadelphia Metropolitan Area Airspace Re-design, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the findings of the Administrator with respect to monitoring conducted under paragraph (1).

SEC. 219. STUDY ON FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPMENT OF A PUBLIC INTERNET WEB-BASED RESOURCE ON LOCATIONS OF POTENTIAL AVIATION OBSTRUCTIONS.

(a) Study.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall carry out a study on the feasibility of developing a publicly searchable, Internet Web-based resource that provides information regarding the height and latitudinal and longitudinal locations of guy-wire and free-standing tower obstructions.
(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In conducting the study, the Administrator shall consult with affected industries and appropriate Federal agencies.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of Congress on the results of the study.

SEC. 220. NEXTGEN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER OF EXCELLENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may enter into an agreement, on a competitive basis, to assist the establishment of a center of excellence for the research and development of NextGen technologies.

(b) FUNCTIONS.—The Administrator shall ensure that the center established under subsection (a)—

(1) leverages resources and partnerships, including appropriate programs of the Administration, to enhance the research and development of NextGen technologies by academia and industry; and

(2) provides educational, technical, and analytical assistance to the Administration and other Federal departments and agencies with responsibilities to research and develop NextGen technologies.
SEC. 221. NEXTGEN PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.

(a) DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall develop a plan to expedite the equipage of general aviation and commercial aircraft with NextGen technologies.

(b) CONTENTS.—At a minimum, the plan shall—

(1) be based on public-private partnership principles; and

(2) leverage the use of private sector capital.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 150 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report containing the plan.

TITLE III—SAFETY
Subtitle A—General Provisions

SEC. 301. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DENIAL OF AIRMAN CERTIFICATES.

(a) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF NTSB DECISIONS.—Section 44703(d) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) A person who is substantially affected by an order of the Board under this subsection, or the Administrator if the Administrator decides that an order of the Board will have a significant adverse impact on carrying out this subtitle, may seek judicial review of the order under section 46110. The Administrator shall be made a
party to the judicial review proceedings. The findings of fact of the Board in any such case are conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1153(e) is amended by striking “section 44709 or” and inserting “section 44703(d), 44709, or”.

SEC. 302. RELEASE OF DATA RELATING TO ABANDONED TYPE CERTIFICATES AND SUPPLEMENTAL TYPE CERTIFICATES.

Section 44704(a) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) Release of data.—

“(A) In general.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator may make available upon request, to a person seeking to maintain the airworthiness or develop product improvements of an aircraft, engine, propeller, or appliance, engineering data in the possession of the Administration relating to a type certificate or a supplemental type certificate for such aircraft, engine, propeller, or appliance, without the consent of the owner of record, if the Administrator determines that—

“(i) the certificate containing the requested data has been inactive for 3 or
more years, except that the Administrator may reduce this time if required to address an unsafe condition associated with the product;

“(ii) after using due diligence, the Administrator is unable to find the owner of record, or the owner of record’s heir, of the type certificate or supplemental type certificate; and

“(iii) making such data available will enhance aviation safety.

“(B) ENGINEERING DATA DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘engineering data’ as used with respect to an aircraft, engine, propeller, or appliance means type design drawing and specifications for the entire aircraft, engine, propeller, or appliance or change to the aircraft, engine, propeller, or appliance, including the original design data, and any associated supplier data for individual parts or components approved as part of the particular certificate for the aircraft, engine, propeller, or appliance.

“(C) REQUIREMENT TO MAINTAIN DATA.—The Administrator shall maintain engineering data in the possession of the Administration re-
lating to a type certificate or a supplemental
type certificate that has been inactive for 3 or
more years.”.

SEC. 303. DESIGN AND PRODUCTION ORGANIZATION CERTIFICATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 44704(e) is amended to
read as follows:

“(e) DESIGN AND PRODUCTION ORGANIZATION CERTIFICATES.—

“(1) ISSUANCE.—Beginning January 1, 2013,
the Administrator may issue a certificate to a design
organization, production organization, or design and
production organization to authorize the organiza-
tion to certify compliance of aircraft, aircraft en-
gines, propellers, and appliances with the require-
ments and minimum standards prescribed under sec-
tion 44701(a). An organization holding a certificate
issued under this subsection shall be known as a cer-
tified design and production organization (in this
subsection referred to as a ‘CDPO’).

“(2) APPLICATIONS.—On receiving an applica-
tion for a CDPO certificate, the Administrator shall
examine and rate the organization submitting the
application, in accordance with regulations to be pre-
scribed by the Administrator, to determine whether
the organization has adequate engineering, design, and production capabilities, standards, and safeguards to make certifications of compliance as described in paragraph (1).

“(3) Issuance of certificates based on CDPO findings.—The Administrator may rely on certifications of compliance by a CDPO when making determinations under this section.

“(4) Public safety.—The Administrator shall include in a CDPO certificate terms required in the interest of safety.

“(5) No effect on power of revocation.—Nothing in this subsection affects the authority of the Secretary of Transportation to revoke a certificate.”.

(b) Applicability.—Before January 1, 2013, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may continue to issue certificates under section 44704(e) of title 49, United States Code, as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) Clerical Amendments.—Chapter 447 is amended—

(1) in the heading for section 44704 by striking “and design organization certificates” and
inserting “, and design and production organization certificates”; and

(2) in the analysis for such chapter by striking the item relating to section 44704 and inserting the following:

“44704. Type certificates, production certificates, airworthiness certificates, and design and production organization certificates.”.

SEC. 304. AIRCRAFT CERTIFICATION PROCESS REVIEW AND REFORM.

(a) GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, in consultation with representatives of the aviation industry, shall conduct an assessment of the certification and approval process under section 44704 of title 49, United States Code.

(b) CONTENTS.—In conducting the assessment, the Administrator shall consider—

(1) the expected number of applications for product certifications and approvals the Administrator will receive under section 44704 of such title in the 1-year, 5-year, and 10-year periods following the date of enactment of this Act;

(2) process reforms and improvements necessary to allow the Administrator to review and approve the applications in a fair and timely fashion;
(3) the status of recommendations made in previous reports on the Administration’s certification process;

(4) methods for enhancing the effective use of delegation systems, including organizational designation authorization;

(5) methods for training the Administration’s field office employees in the safety management system and auditing; and

(6) the status of updating airworthiness requirements, including implementing recommendations in the Administration’s report entitled “Part 23—Small Airplane Certification Process Study” (OK–09–3468, dated July 2009).

(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—In conducting the assessment, the Administrator shall make recommendations to improve efficiency and reduce costs through streamlining and reengineering the certification process under section 44704 of such title to ensure that the Administrator can conduct certifications and approvals under such section in a manner that supports and enables the development of new products and technologies and the global competitiveness of the United States aviation industry.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the assessment, together with an explanation of how the Administrator will implement recommendations made under subsection (e) and measure the effectiveness of the recommendations.

(e) IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall begin to implement the recommendations made under subsection (e).

SEC. 305. CONSISTENCY OF REGULATORY INTERPRETATION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVISORY PANEL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish an advisory panel comprised of both Government and industry representatives to—

(1) review the October 2010 report by the Government Accountability Office on certification and approval processes (GAO–11–14); and

(2) develop recommendations to address the findings in the report and other concerns raised by interested parties, including representatives of the aviation industry.
(b) MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED.—The advisory panel shall—

(1) determine the root causes of inconsistent interpretation of regulations by the Administration’s Flight Standards Service and Aircraft Certification Service;

(2) develop recommendations to improve the consistency of interpreting regulations by the Administration’s Flight Standards Service and Aircraft Certification Service; and

(3) develop recommendations to improve communications between the Administration’s Flight Standards Service and Aircraft Certification Service and applicants and certificate and approval holders for the identification and resolution of potentially adverse issues in an expeditious and fair manner.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the findings of the advisory panel, together with an explanation of how the Administrator will implement the recommendations of the advisory panel and measure the effectiveness of the recommendations.
SEC. 306. RUNWAY SAFETY.

(a) STRATEGIC RUNWAY SAFETY PLAN.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall develop and submit to Congress a report containing a strategic runway safety plan.

(2) CONTENTS OF PLAN.—The strategic runway safety plan—

(A) shall include, at a minimum—

(i) goals to improve runway safety;

(ii) near and long term actions designed to reduce the severity, number, and rate of runway incursions, losses of standard separation, and operational errors;

(iii) time frames and resources needed for the actions described in clause (ii);

(iv) a continuous evaluative process to track performance toward the goals referred to in clause (i); and

(v) a review of every commercial service airport (as defined in section 47102 of title 49, United States Code) in the United States and proposed action to improve airport lighting, provide better signs, and improve runway and taxiway markings; and
(B) shall address the increased runway safety risk associated with the expected increased volume of air traffic.

(b) Process.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop a process for tracking and investigating operational errors, losses of standard separation, and runway incursions that includes procedures for—

(1) identifying who is responsible for tracking operational errors, losses of standard separation, and runway incursions, including a process for lower level employees to report to higher supervisory levels and for frontline managers to receive the information in a timely manner;

(2) conducting periodic random audits of the oversight process; and

(3) ensuring proper accountability.

(c) Plan for Installation and Deployment of Systems to Provide Alerts of Potential Runway Incursions.—Not later than December 31, 2011, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report containing a plan for the installation and deployment of systems the Administrator is installing to alert controllers or flight crewmembers, or both, of potential runway incursions. The plan shall be integrated into the annual NextGen Im-
implementation Plan document of the Administration or any successor document.

SEC. 307. IMPROVED PILOT LICENSES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall begin to issue improved pilot licenses consistent with the requirements of title 49, United States Code, and title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Improved pilot licenses issued under subsection (a) shall—

(1) be resistant to tampering, alteration, and counterfeiting;

(2) include a photograph of the individual to whom the license is issued; and

(3) be capable of accommodating a digital photograph, a biometric identifier, and any other unique identifier that the Administrator considers necessary.

(c) TAMPERING.—To the extent practical, the Administrator shall develop methods to determine or reveal whether any component or security feature of a license issued under subsection (a) has been tampered with, altered, or counterfeited.
(d) Use of Designees.—The Administrator may use designees to carry out subsection (a) to the extent feasible in order to minimize the burdens on pilots.

(e) Report.—

(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the issuance of improved pilot licenses under this section.

(2) Expiration.—The Administrator shall not be required to submit annual reports under this subsection after the date on which the Administrator begins issuing improved pilot licenses under this section or December 31, 2015, whichever occurs first.

SEC. 308. FLIGHT STANDARDS EVALUATION PROGRAM.

(a) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall modify the Flight Standards Evaluation Program—

(1) to include periodic and random reviews as part of the Administration’s oversight of air carriers; and
(2) to prohibit an individual from participating in a review or audit of an office with responsibility for an air carrier under the program if the individual, at any time in the 5-year period preceding the date of the review or audit, had responsibility for inspecting, or overseeing the inspection of, the operations of that carrier.

(b) Annual Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the Flight Standards Evaluation Program, including the Administrator’s findings and recommendations with respect to the program.

(c) Flight Standards Evaluation Program Defined.—In this section, the term “Flight Standards Evaluation Program” means the program established by the Federal Aviation Administration in FS 1100.1B CHG3, including any subsequent revisions thereto.

Sec. 309. Cockpit Smoke.

(a) Study.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study on the effectiveness of oversight activities of the Federal Aviation Administration relating to the use of new
technologies to prevent or mitigate the effects of dense, continuous smoke in the cockpit of a commercial aircraft.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the study.

SEC. 310. SAFETY OF AIR AMBULANCE OPERATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 447 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 44730. Helicopter air ambulance operations

“(a) COMPLIANCE REGULATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this section, part 135 certificate holders providing air ambulance services shall comply, whenever medical personnel are onboard the aircraft, with regulations pertaining to weather minimums and flight and duty time under part 135.

“(2) EXCEPTION.—If a certificate holder described in paragraph (1) is operating, or carrying out training, under instrument flight rules, the weather reporting requirement at the destination shall not apply until such time as the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration determines that portable, reliable, and accurate ground-based
weather measuring and reporting systems are avail-
able.

“(b) RULEMAKING.—The Administrator shall con-
duct a rulemaking proceeding to improve the safety of
flight crewmembers, medical personnel, and passengers
onboard helicopters providing air ambulance services
under part 135.

“(c) MATTERS TO BE ADDRESSED.—In conducting
the rulemaking proceeding under subsection (b), the Ad-
ministrator shall address the following:

“(1) Flight request and dispatch procedures, in-
cluding performance-based flight dispatch proce-
dures.

“(2) Pilot training standards, including—

“(A) mandatory training requirements, in-
cluding a minimum time for completing the
training requirements;

“(B) training subject areas, such as com-
munications procedures and appropriate tech-
nology use; and

“(C) establishment of training standards in—

“(i) crew resource management;

“(ii) flight risk evaluation;
“(iii) preventing controlled flight into terrain;

“(iv) recovery from inadvertent flight into instrument meteorological conditions;

“(v) operational control of the pilot in command; and

“(vi) use of flight simulation training devices and line-oriented flight training.

“(3) Safety-enhancing technology and equipment, including—

“(A) helicopter terrain awareness and warning systems;

“(B) radar altimeters;

“(C) devices that perform the function of flight data recorders and cockpit voice recorders, to the extent feasible; and

“(D) safety equipment that should be worn or used by flight crewmembers and medical personnel on a flight, including the possible use of shoulder harnesses, helmets, seatbelts, and fire resistant clothing to enhance crash survivability.

“(4) Such other matters as the Administrator considers appropriate.
“(d) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—In issuing a final rule under subsection (b), the Administrator, at a minimum, shall provide for the following:

“(1) FLIGHT RISK EVALUATION PROGRAM.—

The Administrator shall ensure that a part 135 certificate holder providing helicopter air ambulance services—

“(A) establishes a flight risk evaluation program, based on FAA Notice 8000.301 issued by the Administration on August 1, 2005, including any updates thereto;

“(B) as part of the flight risk evaluation program, develops a checklist for use by pilots in determining whether a flight request should be accepted; and

“(C) requires the pilots of the certificate holder to use the checklist.

“(2) OPERATIONAL CONTROL CENTER.—The Administrator shall ensure that a part 135 certificate holder providing helicopter air ambulance services using 10 or more helicopters has an operational control center that meets such requirements as the Administrator may prescribe.

“(e) RULEMAKING.—The Administrator shall—
“(1) not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, issue a notice of proposed rulemaking under subsection (b); and

“(2) not later than 16 months after the last day of the comment period on the proposed rule, issue a final rule.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

“(1) PART 135.—The term ‘part 135’ means part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

“(2) PART 135 CERTIFICATE HOLDER.—The term ‘part 135 certificate holder’ means a person holding a certificate issued under part 135.

“§44731. Collection of data on helicopter air ambulance operations

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall require a part 135 certificate holder providing helicopter air ambulance services to submit to the Administrator, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, a report containing, at a minimum, the following data:

“(1) The number of helicopters that the certificate holder uses to provide helicopter air ambulance services and the base locations of the helicopters.
“(2) The number of flights and hours flown, by registration number, during which helicopters operated by the certificate holder were providing helicopter air ambulance services.

“(3) The number of flight requests for a helicopter providing air ambulance services that were accepted or declined by the certificate holder and the type of each such flight request (such as scene response, interfacility transport, organ transport, or ferry or repositioning flight).

“(4) The number of accidents, if any, involving helicopters operated by the certificate holder while providing air ambulance services and a description of the accidents.

“(5) The number of flights and hours flown under instrument flight rules by helicopters operated by the certificate holder while providing air ambulance services.

“(6) The time of day of each flight flown by helicopters operated by the certificate holder while providing air ambulance services.

“(7) The number of incidents, if any, in which a helicopter was not directly dispatched and arrived to transport patients but was not utilized for patient transport.
“(b) REPORTING PERIOD.—Data contained in a report submitted by a part 135 certificate holder under subsection (a) shall relate to such reporting period as the Administrator determines appropriate.

“(c) DATABASE.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall develop a method to collect and store the data collected under subsection (a), including a method to protect the confidentiality of any trade secret or proprietary information provided in response to this section.

“(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report containing a summary of the data collected under subsection (a).

“(e) PART 135 CERTIFICATE HOLDER DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘part 135 certificate holder’ means a person holding a certificate issued under part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.”.

(b) AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES.—Section 106(k)(2)(C) (as redesignated by this Act) is amended by inserting before the period the following: “and the develop-
ment and maintenance of helicopter approach pro-
dures’’.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chap-
ter 447 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“444730. Helicopter air ambulance operations.
“444731. Collection of data on helicopter air ambulance operations.”.

SEC. 311. OFF-AIRPORT, LOW-ALTITUDE AIRCRAFT WEATH-
ER OBSERVATION TECHNOLOGY.

(a) STUDY.—The Administrator of the Federal Avia-
tion Administration shall conduct a review of off-airport,
low-altitude aircraft weather observation technologies.

(b) SPECIFIC REVIEW.—The review shall include, at
a minimum, an examination of off-airport, low-altitude
weather reporting needs, an assessment of technical alter-
natives (including automated weather observation sta-
tions), an investment analysis, and recommendations for
improving weather reporting.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
to Congress a report containing the results of the review.

SEC. 312. FEASIBILITY OF REQUIRING HELICOPTER PILOTS
TO USE NIGHT VISION GOGGLES.

(a) STUDY.—The Administrator of the Federal Avia-
tion Administration shall carry out a study on the feasi-
bility of requiring pilots of helicopters providing air ambu-
lance services under part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal
Regulations, to use night vision goggles during nighttime operations.

(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In conducting the study, the Administrator shall consult with owners and operators of helicopters providing air ambulance services under such part 135 and aviation safety professionals to determine the benefits, financial considerations, and risks associated with requiring the use of night vision goggles.

(e) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

SEC. 313. PROHIBITION ON PERSONAL USE OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES ON FLIGHT DECK.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 447 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 44732. Prohibition on personal use of electronic devices on flight deck

“(a) IN GENERAL.—It is unlawful for a flight crew-member of an aircraft used to provide air transportation under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, to use a personal wireless communications device or laptop —
computer while at the flight crewmember’s duty station on the flight deck of such an aircraft while the aircraft is being operated.

“(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to the use of a personal wireless communications device or laptop computer for a purpose directly related to operation of the aircraft, or for emergency, safety-related, or employment-related communications, in accordance with procedures established by the air carrier and the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

“(c) ENFORCEMENT.—In addition to the penalties provided under section 46301 applicable to any violation of this section, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may enforce compliance with this section under section 44709 by amending, modifying, suspending, or revoking a certificate under this chapter.

“(d) PERSONAL WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘personal wireless communications device’ means a device through which personal wireless services (as defined in section 332(c)(7)(C)(i) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(c)(7)(C)(i))) are transmitted.”.

(b) PENALTY.—Section 44711(a) is amended—

(1) by striking “or” after the semicolon in paragraph (8);
(2) by striking “title.” in paragraph (9) and inserting “title; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(10) violate section 44732 or any regulation issued thereunder.”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 447 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“44732. Prohibition on personal use of electronic devices on flight deck.”.

(d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a rule-making procedure for regulations to carry out section 44732 of title 49, United States Code, and shall issue a final rule thereunder not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

(e) STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall review relevant air carrier data and carry out a study—

(A) to identify common sources of distraction for the flight crewmembers on the flight deck of a commercial aircraft; and

(B) to determine the safety impacts of such distractions.
(2) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that contains—

(A) the findings of the study conducted under paragraph (1); and

(B) recommendations regarding how to reduce distractions for flight crewmembers on the flight deck of a commercial aircraft.

SEC. 314. NONCERTIFICATED MAINTENANCE PROVIDERS.

(a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall issue regulations requiring that covered work on an aircraft used to provide air transportation under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, be performed by persons in accordance with subsection (b).

(b) PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO PERFORM CERTAIN WORK.—A person may perform covered work on aircraft used to provide air transportation under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, only if the person is employed by—
(1) a part 121 air carrier;

(2) a part 145 repair station or a person au-
thorized under section 43.17 of title 14, Code of
Federal Regulations; or

(3) subject to subsection (e), a person that—

(A) provides contract maintenance work-
ers, services, or maintenance functions to a part
145 repair station or part 121 air carrier; and

(B) meets the requirements of the part
121 air carrier or the part 145 repair station.

(e) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Covered work per-
formed by a person who is employed by a person described
in subsection (b)(3) shall be subject to the following terms
and conditions:

(1) The part 121 air carrier or the part 145 re-
pair station shall be directly in charge of the covered
work being performed.

(2) The covered work shall be carried out in ac-
cordance with the part 121 air carrier’s maintenance
manual.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following defi-
nitions apply:

(1) COVERED WORK.—The term “covered
work” means a required inspection item, as defined
by the Administrator.
(2) PART 121 AIR CARRIER.—The term “part 121 air carrier” means an air carrier that holds a certificate issued under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

(3) PART 145 REPAIR STATION.—The term “part 145 repair station” means a repair station that holds a certificate issued under part 145 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

SEC. 315. INSPECTION OF FOREIGN REPAIR STATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 447 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 44733. Inspection of foreign repair stations

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish and implement a safety assessment system for each part 145 repair station based on the type, scope, and complexity of work being performed by the repair station, which shall—

“(1) ensure that repair stations outside the United States are subject to appropriate inspections that are based on identified risks and consistent with United States requirements;

“(2) accept consideration of inspection results and findings submitted by foreign civil aviation au-
authorities operating under a maintenance safety or
maintenance implementation agreement with the
United States in meeting the requirements of the
safety assessment system; and

“(3) require all maintenance safety or mainte-
nance implementation agreements with the United
States to provide an opportunity for the Federal
Aviation Administration to conduct independent in-
spections of covered part 145 repair stations when
safety concerns warrant such inspections.

“(b) NOTICE TO CONGRESS OF NEGOTIATIONS.—The
Administrator shall notify the Committee on Commerce,
Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
of Representatives on or before the 30th day after initi-
ating formal negotiations with a foreign aviation authority
or other appropriate foreign government agency on a new
maintenance safety or maintenance implementation agree-
ment.

“(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this section, and annually there-
after, the Administrator shall publish a report on the Ad-
ministration’s oversight of part 145 repair stations and
implementation of the safety assessment system required
by subsection (a), which shall—
“(1) describe in detail any improvements in the Federal Aviation Administration’s ability to identify and track where part 121 air carrier repair work is performed;

“(2) include a staffing model to determine the best placement of inspectors and the number of inspectors needed for the oversight and implementation;

“(3) describe the training provided to inspectors with respect to the oversight and implementation;

“(4) include an assessment of the quality of monitoring and surveillance by the Federal Aviation Administration of work provided by its inspectors and the inspectors of foreign authorities operating under a maintenance safety or maintenance implementation agreement with the United States; and

“(5) specify the number of sample inspections performed by Federal Aviation Administration inspectors at each repair station that is covered by a maintenance safety or maintenance implementation agreement with the United States.

“(d) ALCOHOL AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TESTING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Transportation shall request, joint-
ly, the governments of foreign countries that are members of the International Civil Aviation Organization to establish international standards for alcohol and controlled substances testing of persons that perform safety-sensitive maintenance functions on commercial air carrier aircraft.

“(2) APPLICATION TO PART 121 AIRCRAFT WORK.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall promulgate a proposed rule requiring that all part 145 repair station employees responsible for safety-sensitive maintenance functions on part 121 air carrier aircraft are subject to an alcohol and controlled substances testing program that is determined acceptable by the Administrator and is consistent with the applicable laws of the country in which the repair station is located.

“(e) INSPECTIONS.—The Administrator shall require part 145 repair stations to be inspected as frequently as determined warranted by the safety assessment system required by subsection (a), regardless of where the station is located, and in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

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“(1) PART 121 AIR CARRIER.—The term ‘part 121 air carrier’ means an air carrier that holds a certificate issued under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

“(2) PART 145 REPAIR STATION.—The term ‘part 145 repair station’ means a repair station that holds a certificate issued under part 145 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 447 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“44733. Inspection of foreign repair stations.”.

SEC. 316. SUNSET OF LINE CHECK.

Section 44729(h) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) SUNSET OF LINE CHECK.—Paragraph (2) shall cease to be effective following the one-year period beginning on the date of enactment of the FAA Reauthorization and Reform Act of 2011 unless the Secretary certifies that the requirements of paragraph (2) are necessary to ensure safety.”.

Subtitle B—Unmanned Aircraft Systems

SEC. 321. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle, the following definitions apply:
(1) Certificate of waiver; certificate of authorization.—The term “certificate of waiver” or “certificate of authorization” means a Federal Aviation Administration grant of approval for a specific flight operation.

(2) Sense and avoid capability.—The term “sense and avoid capability” means the capability of an unmanned aircraft to remain a safe distance from and to avoid collisions with other airborne aircraft.

(3) Public unmanned aircraft system.—The term “public unmanned aircraft system” means an unmanned aircraft system that meets the qualifications and conditions required for operation of a public aircraft, as defined by section 40102 of title 49, United States Code.

(4) Small unmanned aircraft.—The term “small unmanned aircraft” means an unmanned aircraft weighing less than 55 pounds.

(5) Test range.—The term “test range” means a defined geographic area where research and development are conducted.

(6) Unmanned aircraft.—The term “unmanned aircraft” means an aircraft that is operated
without the possibility of direct human intervention from within or on the aircraft.

(7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The term “unmanned aircraft system” means an unmanned aircraft and associated elements (including communication links and the components that control the unmanned aircraft) that are required for the pilot in command to operate safely and efficiently in the national airspace system.

SEC. 322. CIVIL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS INTEGRATION PLAN.

(a) INTEGRATION PLAN.—

(1) COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with representatives of the aviation industry, Federal agencies that employ unmanned aircraft systems technology in the national airspace system, and the unmanned aircraft systems industry, shall develop a comprehensive plan to safely integrate civil unmanned aircraft systems into the national airspace system.

(2) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—In developing the plan under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall, at a minimum—
(A) review technologies and research that will assist in facilitating the safe integration of civil unmanned aircraft systems into the national airspace system;

(B) provide recommendations or projections for the rulemaking to be conducted under subsection (b)—

(i) to define the acceptable standards for operations and certification of civil unmanned aircraft systems;

(ii) to ensure that civil unmanned aircraft systems include a sense and avoid capability, if necessary for safety purposes;

(iii) to develop standards and requirements for unmanned aircraft systems sense and avoid performance; and

(iv) to develop standards and requirements for the operator and pilot of a commercial unmanned aircraft system, including standards and requirements for registration and licensing;

(C) recommend how best to enhance the technologies and subsystems necessary to provide for the safe and routine operations of com-
mercial unmanned aircraft systems in the na-
tional airspace system; and

(D) recommend how a phased-in approach
for the integration of civil unmanned aircraft
systems into the national airspace system can
best be achieved and a timeline upon which
such a phase-in shall occur.

(3) DEADLINE.—The plan to be developed
under paragraph (1) shall provide for the safe inte-
gration of civil unmanned aircraft systems into the
national airspace system not later than September
30, 2015.

(4) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary
shall submit to Congress—

(A) not later than 1 year after the date of
enactment of this Act, a copy of the plan devel-
oped under paragraph (1); and

(B) annually thereafter, a report on the ac-
tivities of the Secretary under this section.

(b) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 18 months after
the date on which the integration plan is submitted to
Congress under subsection (a)(4), the Administrator of
the Federal Aviation Administration shall publish in the
Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking to im-
plement the recommendations of the integration plan.
SEC. 323. SPECIAL RULES FOR CERTAIN UNMANNED AIR-CRAFT SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall determine if certain unmanned aircraft systems may operate safely in the national airspace system. The Secretary may make such determination before completion of the plan and rulemaking required by section 322 of this Act or the guidance required by section 324 of this Act.

(b) ASSESSMENT OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—In making the determination under subsection (a), the Secretary shall determine, at a minimum—

(1) which types of unmanned aircraft systems, if any, as a result of their size, weight, speed, operational capability, proximity to airports and population areas, and operation within visual line-of-sight do not create a hazard to users of the national airspace system or the public or pose a threat to national security; and

(2) whether a certificate of waiver, certificate of authorization, or airworthiness certification under section 44704 of title 49, United States Code, is required for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems identified under paragraph (1).
(c) **Requirements for Safe Operation.**—If the Secretary determines under this section that certain unmanned aircraft systems may operate safely in the national airspace system, the Secretary shall establish requirements for the safe operation of such aircraft systems in the national airspace system.

**SEC. 324. PUBLIC UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.**

(a) **Guidance.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue guidance regarding the operation of public unmanned aircraft systems to—

1. expedite the issuance of a certificate of authorization process;
2. provide for a collaborative process with public agencies to allow for an incremental expansion of access to the national airspace system as technology matures, as the necessary safety analysis and data become available, and until standards are completed and technology issues are resolved;
3. facilitate the capability of public agencies to develop and use test ranges, subject to operating restrictions required by the Federal Aviation Administration, to test and operate unmanned aircraft systems; and
(4) provide guidance on a public entity’s responsibility when operating an unmanned aircraft without a civil airworthiness certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration.

(b) STANDARDS FOR OPERATION AND CERTIFICATION.—Not later than December 31, 2015, the Secretary shall develop and implement operational and certification requirements for operational procedures for public unmanned aircraft systems in the national airspace system.

(c) AGREEMENTS WITH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into agreements with appropriate government agencies to simplify the process for issuing certificates of waiver or authorization with respect to applications seeking authorization to operate public unmanned aircraft systems in the national airspace system.

(2) CONTENTS.—The agreements shall—

(A) with respect to an application described in paragraph (1)—

(i) provide for an expedited review of the application;
(ii) require a decision by the Administrator on approval or disapproval within 60 business days of the date of submission of the application; and

(iii) allow for an expedited appeal if the application is disapproved;

(B) allow for a one-time approval of similar operations carried out during a fixed period of time; and

(C) allow a government public safety agency to operate unmanned aircraft weighing 4.4 pounds or less, within the line of sight of the operator, less than 400 feet above the ground during daylight conditions, within Class G airspace, outside of 5 statute miles from any airport, heliport, seaplane base or spaceport, or any location with aviation activities.

SEC. 325. SAFETY STUDIES.

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall carry out all safety studies necessary to support the integration of unmanned aircraft systems into the national airspace system.

SEC. 326. UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS TEST RANGES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a program to integrate unmanned aircraft systems into the national airspace system at not fewer than 4 test ranges.

(b) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—In establishing the program under subsection (a), the Administrator shall—

(1) safely designate nonexclusionary airspace for integrated manned and unmanned flight operations in the national airspace system;

(2) develop certification standards and air traffic requirements for unmanned flight operations at test ranges;

(3) coordinate with and leverage the resources of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and the Department of Defense;

(4) address both civil and public unmanned aircraft systems;

(5) ensure that the program is coordinated with the Next Generation Air Transportation System; and

(6) provide for verification of the safety of unmanned aircraft systems and related navigation procedures before integration into the national airspace system.
(c) Test Range Locations.—In determining the location of the 4 test ranges of the program under subsection (a), the Administrator shall—

(1) take into consideration geographic and climatic diversity; and

(2) after consulting with the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and the Secretary of the Air Force, take into consideration the location of available research radars.

Subtitle C—Safety and Protections

SEC. 331. POSTEMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS FOR FLIGHT STANDARDS INSPECTORS.

(a) In General.—Section 44711 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) Postemployment Restrictions for Flight Standards Inspectors.—

“(1) Prohibition.—A person holding an operating certificate issued under title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, may not knowingly employ, or make a contractual arrangement that permits, an individual to act as an agent or representative of the certificate holder in any matter before the Federal Aviation Administration if the individual, in the preceding 2-year period—
“(A) served as, or was responsible for over-
sight of, a flight standards inspector of the Ad-
ministration; and

“(B) had responsibility to inspect, or over-
see inspection of, the operations of the certifi-
cate holder.

“(2) WRITTEN AND ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.—
For purposes of paragraph (1), an individual shall
be considered to be acting as an agent or representa-
tive of a certificate holder in a matter before the Ad-
ministration if the individual makes any written or
oral communication on behalf of the certificate hold-
er to the Administration (or any of its officers or
employees) in connection with a particular matter,
whether or not involving a specific party and without
regard to whether the individual has participated in,
or had responsibility for, the particular matter while
serving as a flight standards inspector of the Admin-
istration.”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by sub-
section (a) shall not apply to an individual employed by
a certificate holder as of the date of enactment of this
Act.
SEC. 332. REVIEW OF AIR TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT SYSTEM DATABASE.

(a) Reviews.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a process by which the air transportation oversight system database of the Administration is reviewed by regional teams of employees of the Administration, including at least one employee on each team representing aviation safety inspectors, on a monthly basis to ensure that—

(1) any trends in regulatory compliance are identified; and

(2) appropriate corrective actions are taken in accordance with Administration regulations, advisory directives, policies, and procedures.

(b) Monthly Team Reports.—

(1) In General.—A regional team of employees conducting a monthly review of the air transportation oversight system database under subsection (a) shall submit to the Administrator, the Associate Administrator for Aviation Safety, and the Director of Flight Standards Service a report each month on the results of the review.

(2) Contents.—A report submitted under paragraph (1) shall identify—
(A) any trends in regulatory compliance discovered by the team of employees in conducting the monthly review; and

(B) any corrective actions taken or proposed to be taken in response to the trends.

(c) Biennial Reports to Congress.—The Administrator, on a biannual basis, shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the reviews of the air transportation oversight system database conducted under this section, including copies of reports received under subsection (b).

SEC. 333. IMPROVED VOLUNTARY DISCLOSURE REPORTING SYSTEM.

(a) Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Program Defined.—In this section, the term “Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Program” means the program established by the Federal Aviation Administration through Advisory Circular 00–58A, dated September 8, 2006, including any subsequent revisions thereto.

(b) Verification.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall modify the Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Program to require inspectors to—
(1) verify that air carriers are implementing comprehensive solutions to correct the underlying causes of the violations voluntarily disclosed by such air carriers; and

(2) confirm, before approving a final report of a violation, that a violation with the same root causes, has not been previously discovered by an inspector or self-disclosed by the air carrier.

(c) SUPERVISORY REVIEW OF VOLUNTARY SELF-DISCLOSURES.—The Administrator shall establish a process by which voluntary self-disclosures received from air carriers are reviewed and approved by a supervisor after the initial review by an inspector.

(d) INSPECTOR GENERAL STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall conduct a study of the Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Program.

(2) REVIEW.—In conducting the study, the Inspector General shall examine, at a minimum, if the Administration—

(A) conducts comprehensive reviews of voluntary disclosure reports before closing a voluntary disclosure report under the provisions of the program;
(B) evaluates the effectiveness of corrective actions taken by air carriers; and

(C) effectively prevents abuse of the voluntary disclosure reporting program through its secondary review of self-disclosures before they are accepted and closed by the Administration.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study conducted under this section.

SEC. 334. AVIATION WHISTLEBLOWER INVESTIGATION OFFICE.

Section 106 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(t) AVIATION SAFETY WHISTLEBLOWER INVESTIGATION OFFICE.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Federal Aviation Administration (in this section referred to as the ‘Agency’) an Aviation Safety Whistleblower Investigation Office (in this subsection referred to as the ‘Office’).

“(2) DIRECTOR.—
“(A) APPOINTMENT.—The head of the Office shall be the Director, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Transportation.

“(B) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Director shall have a demonstrated ability in investigations and knowledge of or experience in aviation.

“(C) TERM.—The Director shall be appointed for a term of 5 years.

“(D) VACANCY.—Any individual appointed to fill a vacancy in the position of the Director occurring before the expiration of the term for which the individual’s predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of that term.

“(3) COMPLAINTS AND INVESTIGATIONS.—

“(A) AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR.—The Director shall—

“(i) receive complaints and information submitted by employees of persons holding certificates issued under title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and employees of the Agency concerning the possible existence of an activity relating to a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of
the Agency or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety;

“(ii) assess complaints and information submitted under clause (i) and determine whether a substantial likelihood exists that a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Agency or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety has occurred; and

“(iii) based on findings of the assessment conducted under clause (ii), make recommendations to the Administrator in writing for further investigation or corrective actions.

“(B) DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITIES.—The Director shall not disclose the identity of an individual who submits a complaint or information under subparagraph (A)(i) unless—

“(i) the individual consents to the disclosure in writing; or

“(ii) the Director determines, in the course of an investigation, that the disclosure is required by regulation, statute, or court order, or is otherwise unavoidable, in which case the Director shall provide the
individual reasonable advanced notice of the disclosure.

“(C) INDEPENDENCE OF DIRECTOR.—The Secretary, the Administrator, or any officer or employee of the Agency may not prevent or prohibit the Director from initiating, carrying out, or completing any assessment of a complaint or information submitted under subparagraph (A)(i) or from reporting to Congress on any such assessment.

“(D) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—In conducting an assessment of a complaint or information submitted under subparagraph (A)(i), the Director shall have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, and other material necessary to determine whether a substantial likelihood exists that a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Agency or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety may have occurred.

“(4) RESPONSES TO RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Administrator receives a report with respect to an investigation, the Administrator shall respond to a rec-
ommendation made by the Director under subparagraph (A)(iii) in writing and retain records related to any further investigations or corrective actions taken in response to the recommendation.

“(5) INCIDENT REPORTS.—If the Director determines there is a substantial likelihood that a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Agency or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety has occurred that requires immediate corrective action, the Director shall report the potential violation expeditiously to the Administrator and the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation.

“(6) REPORTING OF CRIMINAL VIOLATIONS TO INSPECTOR GENERAL.—If the Director has reasonable grounds to believe that there has been a violation of Federal criminal law, the Director shall report the violation expeditiously to the Inspector General.

“(7) ANNUAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than October 1 of each year, the Director shall submit to Congress a report containing—

“(A) information on the number of submissions of complaints and information received by
the Director under paragraph (3)(A)(i) in the preceding 12-month period;

“(B) summaries of those submissions;

“(C) summaries of further investigations and corrective actions recommended in response to the submissions; and

“(D) summaries of the responses of the Administrator to such recommendations.”.

SEC. 335. DUTY PERIODS AND FLIGHT TIME LIMITATIONS APPLICABLE TO FLIGHT CREWMEMBERS.

(a) Rulemaking on Applicability of Part 121 Duty Periods and Flight Time Limitations to Part 91 Operations.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding, if such a proceeding has not already been initiated, to require a flight crewmember who is employed by an air carrier conducting operations under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and who accepts an additional assignment for flying under part 91 of such title from the air carrier or from any other air carrier conducting operations under part 121 or 135 of such title, to apply the period of the additional assignment (regardless of whether the assignment is performed by the flight crewmember before or after an assignment to fly under
part 121 of such title) toward any limitation applicable
to the flight crewmember relating to duty periods or flight
times under part 121 of such title.

(b) Rulemaking on Applicability of Part 135
Duty Periods and Flight Time Limitations to Part
91 Operations.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall initiate
a rulemaking proceeding to require a flight crewmember
who is employed by an air carrier conducting operations
under part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations,
and who accepts an additional assignment for flying under
part 91 of such title from the air carrier or any other air
carrier conducting operations under part 121 or 135 of
such title, to apply the period of the additional assignment
(regardless of whether the assignment is performed by the
flight crewmember before or after an assignment to fly
under part 135 of such title) toward any limitation appli-
cable to the flight crewmember relating to duty periods
or flight times under part 135 of such title.

(e) Separate Rulemaking Proceedings Re-
quired.—The rulemaking proceeding required under sub-
section (b) shall be separate from the rulemaking pro-
ceeding required under subsection (a).
SEC. 336. CERTAIN EXISTING FLIGHT TIME LIMITATIONS
AND REST REQUIREMENTS.

(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any interpretation issued by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, the requirements regarding sections 263 and 267(d) of part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, for part 135 certificate holders providing air ambulance services and pilots and flight crewmembers of all-cargo aircraft regarding certain flight times and rest periods shall remain in effect as such requirements were in effect on January 1, 2011.

(b) Restriction on Regulations.—The Administrator may not issue, finalize, or implement a rule regarding sections 263 and 267(d) of part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, as proposed in docket No. FAA–2010–1259, Interpretations of Rest Requirements, published in the Federal Register on December 23, 2010, or any similar rule regarding such sections for part 135 certificate holders providing air ambulance services and pilots and flight crewmembers of all-cargo aircraft.

SEC. 337. DISCLOSURE AND USE OF INFORMATION.

(a) In General.—Chapter 447 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:
§ 44734. Disclosure and use of information

(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in this section, the following reports and data shall not be subject to discovery or subpoena or admitted into evidence in a Federal or State court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any such proceeding:

(1) A report developed under the Aviation Safety Action Program.

(2) Data produced or collected under the Flight Operational Quality Assurance Program.

(3) A report developed under the Line Operations Safety Audit Program.

(4) Hazard identification, risk assessment, risk control, and safety assurance data produced or collected for purposes of—

(A) assessing and improving aviation safety; or

(B) developing and implementing a safety management system acceptable to the Administrator.

(5) Reports, analyses, and directed studies based in whole or in part on reports or data described in paragraphs (1) through (4), including those prepared under the Aviation Safety Information Analysis and Sharing Program.
“(b) Protection of Voluntarily Submitted Information.—Any report or data described in subsection (a) that is voluntarily provided to the Federal Aviation Administration shall be considered to be voluntarily submitted information within the meaning of section 40123, and shall not be disclosed to the public pursuant to section 552(b)(3)(B) of title 5.

“(c) FAA Reports.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may release documents to the public that include summaries, aggregations, or statistical analyses based on reports or data described in subsection (a).

“(d) Safety Recommendations.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the National Transportation Safety Board, in connection with an ongoing accident investigation, from referring to relevant information contained in reports or data described in subsection (a) in making safety recommendations.

“(e) Waiver.—Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to a report developed, or data produced or collected, by or on behalf of a person if that person waives the privileges provided under subsection (a). A waiver under this subsection shall be made in writing or occa-
tioned by the person’s own use of the information in pre-
senting a claim or defense.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for such
chapter (as amended by this Act) is further amended by
adding at the end the following:
“44734. Disclosure and use of information.”.

6 SEC. 338. LIABILITY PROTECTION FOR PERSONS IMPE-
MENTING SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 447 (as amended by this
Act) is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:

“§44735. Liability protection for persons imple-
menting safety management systems

“(a) Persons Implementing Safety Manage-
ment Systems.—

“(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
 provision of law, a person that is required by the
 Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administra-
 tion to implement a safety management system may
 not be held liable for damages in connection with a
 claim filed in a State or Federal court (including a
 claim for compensatory, punitive, contributory, or in-
 demnity damages) relating to the person’s prepara-
 tion or implementation of, or an event or occurrence
 contemplated by, the safety management system.
“(2) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this section shall relieve a person from liability for damages resulting from the person’s own willful or reckless acts or omissions as demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence.

“(b) ACCOUNTABLE EXECUTIVES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person who is employed by a person described in subsection (a) and who is responsible for performing the functions of an accountable executive pursuant to a safety management system required by the Administrator—

“(A) shall be deemed to be acting in the person’s official capacity as an officer or employee of the person described in subsection (a) when performing such functions; and

“(B) except as provided in paragraph (2), may not be held personally liable for damages in connection with a claim filed in a State or Federal court (including a claim for compensatory, punitive, contributory, or indemnity damages) relating to the person’s responsibilities pursuant to the safety management system.
“(2) Limitation.—Nothing in this subsection shall relieve a person performing the functions of an accountable executive pursuant to a safety management system from personal liability for damages resulting from the person’s willful or reckless acts or omissions as demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for such chapter (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“44735. Liability protection for persons implementing safety management systems.”.

**TITLE IV—AIR SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS**

**Subtitle A—Essential Air Service**

**Sec. 401. ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE MARKETING.**

Section 41733(e)(1) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (F);

(2) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (D); and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following:

“(E) whether the air carrier has included a plan in its proposal to market its services to the community; and”.
SEC. 402. NOTICE TO COMMUNITIES PRIOR TO TERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SUBSIDIZED ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE.

Section 41733 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) NOTICE TO COMMUNITIES PRIOR TO TERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall notify each community receiving basic essential air service for which compensation is being paid under this subchapter on or before the 45th day before issuing any final decision to end the payment of such compensation due to a determination by the Secretary that providing such service requires a rate of subsidy per passenger in excess of the subsidy cap.

“(2) PROCEDURES TO AVOID TERMINATION.—

The Secretary shall establish, by order, procedures by which each community notified of an impending loss of subsidy under paragraph (1) may work directly with an air carrier to ensure that the air carrier is able to submit a proposal to the Secretary to provide essential air service to such community for an amount of compensation that would not exceed the subsidy cap.
“(3) ASSISTANCE PROVIDED.—The Secretary shall provide, by order, to each community notified under paragraph (1) information regarding—

“(A) the procedures established pursuant to paragraph (2); and

“(B) the maximum amount of compensation that could be provided under this subchapter to an air carrier serving such community that would comply with the subsidy cap.

“(4) SUBSIDY CAP DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘subsidy cap’ means the subsidy cap established by section 332 of Public Law 106–69 (113 Stat. 1022).”.

SEC. 403. ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE CONTRACT GUIDELINES.

(a) COMPENSATION GUIDELINES.—Section 41737(a)(1) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (B);

(2) in subparagraph (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) include provisions under which the Secretary may encourage an air carrier to improve air service for which compensation is being paid under this subchapter by incorporating financial incentives
in an essential air service contract based on specified performance goals, including goals related to improving on-time performance, reducing the number of flight cancellations, establishing convenient connections to flights providing service beyond hub airports, and increasing marketing efforts; and

“(E) include provisions under which the Secretary may execute a long-term essential air service contract to encourage an air carrier to provide air service to an eligible place if it would be in the public interest to do so.”.

(b) **Deadline for Issuance of Revised Guidance.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue revised guidelines governing the rate of compensation payable under subchapter II of chapter 417 of title 49, United States Code, that incorporate the amendments made by this section.

(c) **Report.**—Not later than 2 years after the date of issuance of revised guidelines pursuant to subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the extent to which the revised guidelines have been implemented and
the impact, if any, such implementation has had on air

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carrier performance and community satisfaction with air

carrier service for which compensation is being paid under sub-
chapter II of chapter 417 of title 49, United States Code.

SEC. 404. ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE REFORM.

(a) Authorization.—Section 41742(a)(1) is

amended—

(1) by striking “the sum of $50,000,000 is’’

and inserting “the following sums are’’; and

(2) by striking “subchapter for each fiscal

year.’’ and inserting “subchapter:

“(A) $50,000,000 for each fiscal year

through fiscal year 2013.

“(B) The amount necessary, as determined

by the Secretary, to carry out the essential air

service program in Alaska and Hawaii for fiscal

year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter.”.

(b) Additional Funds.—Section 41742(a)(2) is

amended by striking “there is authorized to be appro-

priated $77,000,000 for each fiscal year’’ and inserting

“there is authorized to be appropriated out of the Airport

and Airway Trust Fund established under section 9502

of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 $97,500,000 for

fiscal year 2011, $60,000,000 for fiscal year 2012, and

$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2013’’. 

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(c) Administering Program Within Available Funding.—Section 41742(b) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Administering Program Within Available Funding.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary is authorized to take such actions as may be necessary to administer the essential air service program under this subchapter within the amount of funding made available for the program.”.

SEC. 405. SMALL COMMUNITY AIR SERVICE.

(a) Priorities.—Section 41743(c)(5) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (D);

(2) in subparagraph (E) by striking “fashion.” and inserting “fashion; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) multiple communities cooperate to submit a regional or multistate application to consolidate air service into one regional airport.”.

(b) Authority To Make Agreements.—Section 41743(e) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) Authority To Make Agreements.—Subject to the availability of amounts made available under section
SEC. 406. ADJUSTMENTS TO COMPENSATION FOR SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASED COSTS.

(a) Emergency Across-The-Board Adjustment.—Subject to the availability of funds, the Secretary of Transportation may increase the rates of compensation payable to air carriers under subchapter II of chapter 417 of title 49, United States Code, to compensate such carriers for increased aviation fuel costs without regard to any agreement or requirement relating to the renegotiation of contracts or any notice requirement under section 41734 of such title.

(b) Expedited Process for Adjustments to Individual Contracts.—

(1) In General.—Section 41734(d) is amended by striking “continue to pay” and all that follows through “compensation sufficient” and inserting “provide the carrier with compensation sufficient”.

(2) Effective Date.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply to compensation to air carriers for air service provided after the 30th day following the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) Subsidy Cap.—Subject to the availability of funds, the Secretary may waive, on a case-by-case basis,
the subsidy-per-passenger cap established by section 332
of Public Law 106–69 (113 Stat. 1022). A waiver issued
under this subsection shall remain in effect for a limited
period of time, as determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 407. REPEAL OF EAS LOCAL PARTICIPATION PRO-
GRAM.

Section 41747, and the item relating to section
41747 in the analysis for chapter 417, are repealed.

SEC. 408. SUNSET OF ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 417 is
amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 41749. Sunset

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), the authority of the Secretary of Transportation to
carry out the essential air service program under this sub-
chapter shall sunset on October 1, 2013.

“(b) ALASKA AND HAWAII.—The Secretary may con-
tinue to carry out the essential air service program under
this subchapter in Alaska and Hawaii following the sunset
date specified in subsection (a).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for
chapter 417 is amended by inserting after the item relat-
ing to section 41748 the following:

“41749. Sunset.”. 
Subtitle B—Passenger Air Service

Improvements

SEC. 421. SMOKING PROHIBITION.

(a) In General.—Section 41706 is amended—
(1) in the section heading by striking “scheduled” and inserting “passenger”; and
(2) by striking subsections (a) and (b) and inserting the following:
“(a) SMOKING PROHIBITION IN INTERSTATE AND INTRASTATE AIR TRANSPORTATION.—An individual may not smoke—
“(1) in an aircraft in scheduled passenger interstate or intrastate air transportation; or
“(2) in an aircraft in nonscheduled passenger interstate or intrastate air transportation, if a flight attendant is a required crewmember on the aircraft (as determined by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration).
“(b) SMOKING PROHIBITION IN FOREIGN AIR TRANSPORTATION.—The Secretary of Transportation shall require all air carriers and foreign air carriers to prohibit smoking—
“(1) in an aircraft in scheduled passenger foreign air transportation; and
“(2) in an aircraft in nonscheduled passenger foreign air transportation, if a flight attendant is a required crewmember on the aircraft (as determined by the Administrator or a foreign government).”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 417 is amended by striking the item relating to section 41706 and inserting the following:

“41706. Prohibitions against smoking on passenger flights.”.

SEC. 422. MONTHLY AIR CARRIER REPORTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 41708 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) DIVERTED AND CANCELLED FLIGHTS.—

“(1) MONTHLY REPORTS.—The Secretary shall require an air carrier referred to in paragraph (2) to file with the Secretary a monthly report on each flight of the air carrier that is diverted from its scheduled destination to another airport and each flight of the air carrier that departs the gate at the airport at which the flight originates but is cancelled before wheels-off time.

“(2) APPLICABILITY.—An air carrier that is required to file a monthly airline service quality performance report pursuant to part 234 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, shall be subject to the requirement of paragraph (1).
“(3) CONTENTS.—A monthly report filed by an air carrier under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

“(A) For a diverted flight—

“(i) the flight number of the diverted flight;

“(ii) the scheduled destination of the flight;

“(iii) the date and time of the flight;

“(iv) the airport to which the flight was diverted;

“(v) wheels-on time at the diverted airport;

“(vi) the time, if any, passengers deplaned the aircraft at the diverted airport; and

“(vii) if the flight arrives at the scheduled destination airport—

“(I) the gate-departure time at the diverted airport;

“(II) the wheels-off time at the diverted airport;

“(III) the wheels-on time at the scheduled arrival airport; and
“(IV) the gate-arrival time at the scheduled arrival airport.

“(B) For flights cancelled after gate departure—

“(i) the flight number of the cancelled flight;

“(ii) the scheduled origin and destination airports of the cancelled flight;

“(iii) the date and time of the cancelled flight;

“(iv) the gate-departure time of the cancelled flight; and

“(v) the time the aircraft returned to the gate.

“(4) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall compile the information provided in the monthly reports filed pursuant to paragraph (1) in a single monthly report and publish such report on the Internet Web site of the Department of Transportation.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Beginning not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall require monthly reports pursuant to the amendment made by subsection (a).
SEC. 423. FLIGHT OPERATIONS AT RONALD REAGAN WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT.

(a) BEYOND-PERIMETER EXEMPTIONS.—Section 41718(a) is amended—

   (1) by striking “Secretary” the first place it appears and inserting “Secretary of Transportation”; and
   
   (2) by striking “24” and inserting “34”.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—Section 41718(c)(2) is amended by striking “3 operations” and inserting “5 operations”.

(c) SLOTS.—Section 41718(c) is amended—

   (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
   
   (2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

   ``(3) SLOTS.—The Secretary shall reduce the hourly air carrier slot quota for Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport under section 93.123(a) of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, by a total of 10 slots that are available for allocation. Such reductions shall be taken in the 6:00 a.m., 10:00 p.m., or 11:00 p.m. hours, as determined by the Secretary, in order to grant exemptions under subsection (a).”.

(d) SCHEDULING PRIORITY.—Section 41718 is amended—
(1) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:

“(e) SCHEDULING PRIORITY.—Operations conducted by new entrant air carriers and limited incumbent air carriers shall be provided a scheduling priority over operations conducted by other air carriers granted exemptions pursuant to this section, with the highest scheduling priority provided to beyond-perimeter operations conducted by the new entrant air carriers and limited incumbent air carriers.”.

SEC. 424. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 417 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 41724. Musical instruments

“(a) IN GENERAL.—

“(1) SMALL INSTRUMENTS AS CARRY-ON BAGGAGE.—An air carrier providing air transportation shall permit a passenger to carry a violin, guitar, or other musical instrument in the aircraft cabin if—

“(A) the instrument can be stowed safely in a suitable baggage compartment in the aircraft cabin or under a passenger seat, in accordance with the requirements for carriage of
carry-on baggage or cargo established by the Administrator; and

“(B) there is space for such stowage at the time the passenger boards the aircraft.

“(2) LARGER INSTRUMENTS AS CARRY-ON BAGGAGE.—An air carrier providing air transportation shall permit a passenger to carry a musical instrument that is too large to meet the requirements of paragraph (1) in the aircraft cabin if—

“(A) the instrument is contained in a case or covered so as to avoid injury to other passengers;

“(B) the weight of the instrument, including the case or covering, does not exceed 165 pounds or the applicable weight restrictions for the aircraft;

“(C) the instrument can be stowed in accordance with the requirements for carriage of carry-on baggage or cargo established by the Administrator;

“(D) neither the instrument nor the case contains any object not otherwise permitted to be carried in an aircraft cabin because of a law or regulation of the United States; and
“(E) the passenger wishing to carry the instrument in the aircraft cabin has purchased an additional seat to accommodate the instrument.

“(3) LARGE INSTRUMENTS AS CHECKED BAGGAGE.—An air carrier shall transport as baggage a musical instrument that is the property of a passenger traveling in air transportation that may not be carried in the aircraft cabin if—

“(A) the sum of the length, width, and height measured in inches of the outside linear dimensions of the instrument (including the case) does not exceed 150 inches or the applicable size restrictions for the aircraft;

“(B) the weight of the instrument does not exceed 165 pounds or the applicable weight restrictions for the aircraft; and

“(C) the instrument can be stowed in accordance with the requirements for carriage of carry-on baggage or cargo established by the Administrator.

“(b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall issue final regulations to carry out subsection (a).
“(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The requirements of this section shall become effective on the date of issuance of the final regulations under subsection (b).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for such subchapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

“41724. Musical instruments.”.

SEC. 425. PASSENGER AIR SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle VII is amended by inserting after chapter 421 the following:

“CHAPTER 423—PASSENGER AIR SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS

Sec.
42301. Emergency contingency plans.
42302. Consumer complaints.
42303. Use of insecticides in passenger aircraft.

§ 42301. Emergency contingency plans

(a) SUBMISSION OF AIR CARRIER AND AIRPORT PLANS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, each of the following air carriers and airport operators shall submit to the Secretary of Transportation for review and approval an emergency contingency plan in accordance with the requirements of this section:

(1) An air carrier providing covered air transportation at a large hub or medium hub airport.
“(2) An operator of a large hub or medium hub airport.

“(3) An operator of an airport used by an air carrier described in paragraph (1) for diversions.

“(b) AIR CARRIER PLANS.—

“(1) PLANS FOR INDIVIDUAL AIRPORTS.—An air carrier shall submit an emergency contingency plan under subsection (a) for—

“(A) each large hub and medium hub airport at which the carrier provides covered air transportation; and

“(B) each large hub and medium hub airport at which the carrier has flights for which the carrier has primary responsibility for inventory control.

“(2) CONTENTS.—An emergency contingency plan submitted by an air carrier for an airport under subsection (a) shall contain a description of how the carrier will—

“(A) provide food, potable water, restroom facilities, and access to medical treatment for passengers onboard an aircraft at the airport that is on the ground for an extended period of time without access to the terminal;
“(B) allow passengers to deplane following excessive tarmac delays; and
“(C) share facilities and make gates available at the airport in an emergency.

“(c) AIRPORT PLANS.—An emergency contingency plan submitted by an airport operator under subsection (a) shall contain a description of how the operator, to the maximum extent practicable, will—

“(1) provide for the deplanement of passengers following excessive tarmac delays;
“(2) provide for the sharing of facilities and make gates available at the airport in an emergency; and
“(3) provide a sterile area following excessive tarmac delays for passengers who have not yet cleared United States Customs and Border Protection.

“(d) UPDATES.—
“(1) AIR CARRIERS.—An air carrier shall update the emergency contingency plan submitted by the carrier under subsection (a) every 3 years and submit the update to the Secretary for review and approval.
“(2) AIRPORTS.—An airport operator shall update the emergency contingency plan submitted by
the operator under subsection (a) every 5 years and submit the update to the Secretary for review and approval.

“(e) Approval.—

“(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the receipt of an emergency contingency plan submitted under subsection (a) or an update submitted under subsection (d), the Secretary shall review and approve or, if necessary, require modifications to the plan or update to ensure that the plan or update will effectively address emergencies and provide for the health and safety of passengers.

“(2) Failure to approve or require modifications.—If the Secretary fails to approve or require modifications to a plan or update under paragraph (1) within the timeframe specified in that paragraph, the plan or update shall be deemed to be approved.

“(3) Adherence required.—An air carrier or airport operator shall adhere to an emergency contingency plan of the carrier or operator approved under this section.

“(f) Minimum Standards.—The Secretary may establish, as necessary or desirable, minimum standards for
elements in an emergency contingency plan required to be submitted under this section.

“(g) PUBLIC ACCESS.—An air carrier or airport operator required to submit an emergency contingency plan under this section shall ensure public access to the plan after its approval under this section on the Internet Web site of the carrier or operator or by such other means as determined by the Secretary.

“(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

“(1) COVERED AIR TRANSPORTATION.—The term ‘covered air transportation’ means scheduled or public charter passenger air transportation provided by an air carrier that operates an aircraft that as originally designed has a passenger capacity of 30 or more seats.

“(2) TARMAC DELAY.—The term ‘tarmac delay’ means the period during which passengers are on board an aircraft on the tarmac—

“(A) awaiting takeoff after the aircraft doors have been closed or after passengers have been boarded if the passengers have not been advised they are free to deplane; or

“(B) awaiting deplaning after the aircraft has landed.
§ 42302. Consumer complaints

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation shall establish a consumer complaints toll-free hotline telephone number for the use of passengers in air transportation and shall take actions to notify the public of—

(1) that telephone number; and

(2) the Internet Web site of the Aviation Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Transportation.

(b) Notice to Passengers on the Internet.—An air carrier or foreign air carrier providing scheduled air transportation using any aircraft that as originally designed has a passenger capacity of 30 or more passenger seats shall include on the Internet Web site of the carrier—

(1) the hotline telephone number established under subsection (a);

(2) the email address, telephone number, and mailing address of the air carrier for the submission of complaints by passengers about air travel service problems; and

(3) the Internet Web site and mailing address of the Aviation Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Transportation for the submission of complaints by passengers about air travel service problems.
“(c) Notice to Passengers on Boarding Documentation.—An air carrier or foreign air carrier providing scheduled air transportation using any aircraft that as originally designed has a passenger capacity of 30 or more passenger seats shall include the hotline telephone number established under subsection (a) on—

“(1) prominently displayed signs of the carrier at the airport ticket counters in the United States where the air carrier operates; and

“(2) any electronic confirmation of the purchase of a passenger ticket for air transportation issued by the air carrier.

“§ 42303. Use of insecticides in passenger aircraft

“(a) Information to Be Provided on the Internet.—The Secretary of Transportation shall establish, and make available to the general public, an Internet Web site that contains a listing of countries that may require an air carrier or foreign air carrier to treat an aircraft passenger cabin with insecticides prior to a flight in foreign air transportation to that country or to apply an aerosol insecticide in an aircraft cabin used for such a flight when the cabin is occupied with passengers.

“(b) Required Disclosures.—An air carrier, foreign air carrier, or ticket agent selling, in the United States, a ticket for a flight in foreign air transportation
to a country listed on the Internet Web site established under subsection (a) shall refer the purchaser of the ticket to the Internet Web site established under subsection (a) for additional information.”.

(b) Penalties.—Section 46301 is amended in subsections (a)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(A) by inserting “chapter 423,” after “chapter 421,”.

(c) Applicability of Requirements.—Except as otherwise provided, the requirements of chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, as added by this section, shall begin to apply 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(d) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for subtitle VII is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 421 the following:

“423. Passenger Air Service Improvements ............................................. 42301”.

SEC. 426. AIRFARES FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) Findings.—Congress finds that—

(1) the Armed Forces is comprised of approximately 1,450,000 members who are stationed on active duty at more than 6,000 military bases in 146 different countries;

(2) the United States is indebted to the members of the Armed Forces, many of whom are in
grave danger due to their engagement in, or exposure to, combat;

(3) military service, especially in the current war against terrorism, often requires members of the Armed Forces to be separated from their families on short notice, for long periods of time, and under very stressful conditions;

(4) the unique demands of military service often preclude members of the Armed Forces from purchasing discounted advance airline tickets in order to visit their loved ones at home; and

(5) it is the patriotic duty of the people of the United States to support the members of the Armed Forces who are defending the Nation’s interests around the world at great personal sacrifice.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) all United States commercial air carriers should seek to lend their support with flexible, generous policies applicable to members of the Armed Forces who are traveling on leave or liberty at their own expense; and

(2) each United States air carrier, for all members of the Armed Forces who have been granted
leave or liberty and who are traveling by air at their own expense, should—

(A) seek to provide reduced air fares that are comparable to the lowest airfare for ticketed flights and that eliminate to the maximum extent possible advance purchase requirements;

(B) seek to eliminate change fees or charges and any penalties;

(C) seek to eliminate or reduce baggage and excess weight fees;

(D) offer flexible terms that allow members to purchase, modify, or cancel tickets without time restrictions, and to waive fees (including baggage fees), ancillary costs, or penalties; and

(E) seek to take proactive measures to ensure that all airline employees, particularly those who issue tickets and respond to members of the Armed Forces and their family members, are trained in the policies of the airline aimed at benefitting members of the Armed Forces who are on leave.

SEC. 427. REVIEW OF AIR CARRIER FLIGHT DELAYS, CANCELLATIONS, AND ASSOCIATED CAUSES.

(a) Review.—The Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall conduct a review regarding
air carrier flight delays, cancellations, and associated
causes to update its 2000 report numbered CR–2000–112
and titled “Audit of Air Carrier Flight Delays and Can-
cellations”.

(b) ASSESSMENTS.—In conducting the review under
subsection (a), the Inspector General shall assess—

(1) the need for an update on delay and can-
cellation statistics, including with respect to the
number of chronically delayed flights and taxi-in and
taxi-out times;

(2) air carriers’ scheduling practices;

(3) the need for a reexamination of capacity
benchmarks at the Nation’s busiest airports;

(4) the impact of flight delays and cancellations
on air travelers, including recommendations for pro-
grams that could be implemented to address the im-
pact of flight delays on air travelers;

(5) the effect that limited air carrier service op-
tions on routes have on the frequency of delays and
cancellations on such routes;

(6) the effect of the rules and regulations of the
Department of Transportation on the decisions of
air carriers to delay or cancel flights; and

(7) the impact of flight delays and cancellations
on the airline industry.
(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the review conducted under this section, including the assessments described in subsection (b).

SEC. 428. DENIED BOARDING COMPENSATION.

(a) EVALUATION OF DENIED BOARDING COMPENSATION.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary of Transportation shall evaluate the amount provided by air carriers for denied boarding compensation.

(b) ADJUSTMENT OF AMOUNT.—If, upon completing an evaluation required under subsection (a), the Secretary determines that the amount provided for denied boarding compensation should be adjusted, the Secretary shall issue a regulation to adjust such compensation.

SEC. 429. COMPENSATION FOR DELAYED BAGGAGE.

(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study to—

(1) examine delays in the delivery of checked baggage to passengers of air carriers; and
(2) assess the options for and examine the impact of establishing minimum standards to compensate a passenger in the case of an unreasonable delay in the delivery of checked baggage.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—In conducting the study, the Comptroller General shall take into account the additional fees for checked baggage that are imposed by many air carriers and how the additional fees should improve an air carrier’s baggage performance.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall transmit to Congress a report on the results of the study.

SEC. 430. SCHEDULE REDUCTION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration determines that—

(1) the aircraft operations of air carriers during any hour at an airport exceed the hourly maximum departure and arrival rate established by the Administrator for such operations; and

(2) the operations in excess of the maximum departure and arrival rate for such hour at such airport are likely to have a significant adverse effect on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace,

the Administrator shall convene a meeting of such carriers to reduce pursuant to section 41722 of title 49, United
States Code, on a voluntary basis, the number of such opera-
erations so as not to exceed the maximum departure and
arrival rate.

(b) No Agreement.—If the air carriers participating in a meeting with respect to an airport under sub-
section (a) are not able to agree to a reduction in the num-
ber of flights to and from the airport so as not to exceed
the maximum departure and arrival rate, the Adminis-
trator shall take such action as is necessary to ensure such
reduction is implemented.

SEC. 431. DOT AIRLINE CONSUMER COMPLAINT INVESTIGA-
TIONS.

The Secretary of Transportation may investigate con-
sumer complaints regarding—

(1) flight cancellations;

(2) compliance with Federal regulations con-
cerning overbooking seats on flights;

(3) lost, damaged, or delayed baggage, and dif-
ficulties with related airline claims procedures;

(4) problems in obtaining refunds for unused or
lost tickets or fare adjustments;

(5) incorrect or incomplete information about
fares, discount fare conditions and availability, over-
charges, and fare increases;
(6) the rights of passengers who hold frequent flyer miles or equivalent redeemable awards earned through customer-loyalty programs; and

(7) deceptive or misleading advertising.

SEC. 432. STUDY OF OPERATORS REGULATED UNDER PART 135.

(a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, in consultation with interested parties, shall conduct a study of operators regulated under part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

(b) CONTENTS.—In conducting the study under subsection (a), the Administrator shall analyze the part 135 fleet in the United States, which shall include analysis of—

(1) the size and type of aircraft in the fleet;

(2) the equipment utilized by the fleet;

(3) the hours flown each year by the fleet;

(4) the utilization rates with respect to the fleet;

(5) the safety record of various categories of use and aircraft types with respect to the fleet, through a review of the database of the National Transportation Safety Board;

(6) the sales revenues of the fleet; and
(7) the number of passengers and airports served by the fleet.

(c) Report.—

(1) Initial report.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study conducted under subsection (a).

(2) Updates.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the submission of the report required under paragraph (1), and every 2 years thereafter, the Administrator shall update the report required under that paragraph and submit the updated report to the committees specified in that paragraph.

SEC. 433. USE OF CELL PHONES ON PASSENGER AIRCRAFT.

(a) Cell Phone Study.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall conduct a study on the impact of the use of cell phones for voice communications in an aircraft during a flight in scheduled passenger air transportation where currently permitted by foreign governments in foreign air transportation.
(b) CONTENTS.—The study shall include—

(1) a review of foreign government and air carrier policies on the use of cell phones during flight;

(2) a review of the extent to which passengers use cell phones for voice communications during flight; and

(3) a summary of any impacts of cell phone use during flight on safety, the quality of the flight experience of passengers, and flight attendants.

(c) COMMENT PERIOD.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register the results of the study and allow 60 days for public comment.

(d) CELL PHONE REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

TITLE V—ENVIRONMENTAL STREAMLINING

SEC. 501. OVERFLIGHTS OF NATIONAL PARKS.

(a) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—Section 40128(a)(1)(C) is amended by inserting “or voluntary agreement under subsection (b)(7)” before “for the park”.

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(b) EXEMPTION FOR NATIONAL PARKS WITH 50 OR FEWER FLIGHTS EACH YEAR.—Section 40128(a) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) EXEMPTION FOR NATIONAL PARKS WITH 50 OR FEWER FLIGHTS EACH YEAR.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a national park that has 50 or fewer commercial air tour operations over the park each year shall be exempt from the requirements of this section, except as provided in subparagraph (B).

“(B) WITHDRAWAL OF EXEMPTION.—If the Director determines that an air tour management plan or voluntary agreement is necessary to protect park resources and values or park visitor use and enjoyment, the Director shall withdraw the exemption of a park under subparagraph (A).

“(C) LIST OF PARKS.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—The Director and Administrator shall jointly publish a list each year of national parks that are covered by the exemption provided under this paragraph.
“(ii) Notification of withdrawal of exemption.—The Director shall inform the Administrator, in writing, of each determination to withdraw an exemption under subparagraph (B).

“(D) Annual report.—A commercial air tour operator conducting commercial air tour operations over a national park that is exempt from the requirements of this section shall submit to the Administrator and the Director a report each year that includes the number of commercial air tour operations the operator conducted during the preceding one-year period over such park.”.

(c) Air Tour Management Plans.—Section 40128(b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(7) Voluntary agreements.—

“(A) In general.—As an alternative to an air tour management plan, the Director and the Administrator may enter into a voluntary agreement with a commercial air tour operator (including a new entrant commercial air tour operator and an operator that has interim operating authority) that has applied to conduct commercial air tour operations over a national
park to manage commercial air tour operations
over such national park.

“(B) PARK PROTECTION.—A voluntary
agreement under this paragraph with respect to
commercial air tour operations over a national
park shall address the management issues nec-
essary to protect the resources of such park and
visitor use of such park without compromising
aviation safety or the air traffic control system
and may—

“(i) include provisions such as those
described in subparagraphs (B) through
(E) of paragraph (3);

“(ii) include provisions to ensure the
stability of, and compliance with, the vol-
untary agreement; and

“(iii) provide for fees for such oper-
ations.

“(C) PUBLIC.—The Director and the Ad-
ministrator shall provide an opportunity for
public review of a proposed voluntary agree-
ment under this paragraph and shall consult
with any Indian tribe whose tribal lands are, or
may be, flown over by a commercial air tour op-
erator under a voluntary agreement under this
paragraph. After such opportunity for public review and consultation, the voluntary agreement may be implemented without further administrative or environmental process beyond that described in this subsection.

“(D) TERMINATION.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—A voluntary agreement under this paragraph may be terminated at any time at the discretion of—

“(I) the Director, if the Director determines that the agreement is not adequately protecting park resources or visitor experiences; or

“(II) the Administrator, if the Administrator determines that the agreement is adversely affecting aviation safety or the national aviation system.

“(ii) EFFECT OF TERMINATION.—If a voluntary agreement with respect to a national park is terminated under this subparagraph, the operators shall conform to the requirements for interim operating authority under subsection (e) until an air
tour management plan for the park is in effect.”.

(d) INTERIM OPERATING AUTHORITY.—Section 40128(c) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (2)(I) and inserting the following:

“(I) may allow for modifications of the interim operating authority without further environmental review beyond that described in this subsection, if—

“(i) adequate information regarding the existing and proposed operations of the operator under the interim operating authority is provided to the Administrator and the Director;

“(ii) the Administrator determines that there would be no adverse impact on aviation safety or the air traffic control system; and

“(iii) the Director agrees with the modification, based on the professional expertise of the Director regarding the protection of the resources, values, and visitor use and enjoyment of the park.”; and
(2) in paragraph (3)(A) by striking "if the Administrator determines" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting "without further environmental process beyond that described in this paragraph, if—

"(i) adequate information on the proposed operations of the operator is provided to the Administrator and the Director by the operator making the request;

"(ii) the Administrator agrees that there would be no adverse impact on aviation safety or the air traffic control system; and

"(iii) the Director agrees, based on the Director's professional expertise regarding the protection of park resources and values and visitor use and enjoyment.").

(c) OPERATOR REPORTS.—Section 40128 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
“(d) Commercial Air Tour Operator Reports.—

“(1) Report.—Each commercial air tour operator conducting a commercial air tour operation over a national park under interim operating authority granted under subsection (c) or in accordance with an air tour management plan or voluntary agreement under subsection (b) shall submit to the Administrator and the Director a report regarding the number of commercial air tour operations over each national park that are conducted by the operator and such other information as the Administrator and Director may request in order to facilitate administering the provisions of this section.

“(2) Report Submission.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the FAA Reauthorization and Reform Act of 2011, the Administrator and the Director shall jointly issue an initial request for reports under this subsection. The reports shall be submitted to the Administrator and the Director with a frequency and in a format prescribed by the Administrator and the Director.”.

SEC. 502. STATE BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

(a) General Requirements.—Section 47128(a) is amended—
(1) in the first sentence by striking “prescribe regulations” and inserting “issue guidance”; and

(2) in the second sentence by striking “regulations” and inserting “guidance”.

(b) APPLICATIONS AND SELECTION.—Section 47128(b)(4) is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: “, including the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), State and local environmental policy acts, Executive orders, agency regulations and guidance, and other Federal environmental requirements”.

(c) ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS AND COORDINATION REQUIREMENTS.—Section 47128 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS AND COORDINATION REQUIREMENTS.—A Federal agency, other than the Federal Aviation Administration, that is responsible for issuing an approval, license, or permit to ensure compliance with a Federal environmental requirement applicable to a project or activity to be carried out by a State using amounts from a block grant made under this section shall—

“(1) coordinate and consult with the State;
“(2) use the environmental analysis prepared by
the State for the project or activity if such analysis
is adequate; and
“(3) as necessary, consult with the State to de-
scribe the supplemental analysis the State must pro-
vide to meet applicable Federal requirements.”.

SEC. 503. NEXTGEN ENVIRONMENTAL EFFICIENCY
PROJECTS STREAMLINING.

(a) AVIATION PROJECT REVIEW PROCESS.—Section
47171(a) is amended in the matter preceding paragraph
(1) by striking “and aviation security projects” and insert-
ing “aviation security projects, and NextGen environ-
mental efficiency projects”.

(b) AVIATION PROJECTS SUBJECT TO A STREAM-
LINED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROCESS.—Section
47171(b) is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-
lows:

“(1) AIRPORT CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT
PROJECTS AT CONGESTED AIRPORTS AND CERTAIN
NEXTGEN ENVIRONMENTAL EFFICIENCY
PROJECTS.—The following projects shall be subject
to the coordinated and expedited environmental re-
view process requirements set forth in this section:
“(A) An airport capacity enhancement project at a congested airport.

“(B) A NextGen environmental efficiency project at an Operational Evolution Partnership airport or any congested airport.”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the heading by striking “AND AVIATION SECURITY PROJECTS” and inserting “PROJECTS, AVIATION SECURITY PROJECTS, AND ANY NEXTGEN ENVIRONMENTAL EFFICIENCY PROJECTS”;

(B) in subparagraph (A) by striking “or aviation security project” and inserting “a, an aviation security project, or any NextGen environmental efficiency project”; and

(C) in subparagraph (B) by striking “or aviation security project” and inserting “a, aviation security project, or NextGen environmental efficiency project”.

(e) HIGH PRIORITY FOR ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS.—Section 47171(c)(1) is amended by striking “an airport capacity enhancement project at a congested airport” and inserting “a project described in subsection (b)(1)”.

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(d) Identification of Jurisdictional Agencies.—Section 47171(d) is amended by striking “each airport capacity enhancement project at a congested airport” and inserting “a project described in subsection (b)(1)”.

(e) Lead Agency Responsibility.—Section 47171(h) is amended by striking “airport capacity enhancement projects at congested airports” and inserting “projects described in subsection (b)(1)”.

(f) Alternatives Analysis.—Section 47171(k) is amended by striking “an airport capacity enhancement project at a congested airport” and inserting “a project described in subsection (b)(1)”.

(g) Definitions.—Section 47171 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(n) Definitions.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

“(1) Congested Airport.—The term ‘congested airport’ means an airport that accounted for at least one percent of all delayed aircraft operations in the United States in the most recent year for which data is available and an airport listed in table 1 of the Federal Aviation Administration’s Airport Capacity Benchmark Report 2004.”
“(2) NEXTGEN ENVIRONMENTAL EFFICIENCY
PROJECT.—The term ‘NextGen environmental effi-
ciency project’ means a Next Generation Air Trans-
portation System aviation project that—

“(A) develops and certifies performance-
based navigation procedures; or

“(B) develops other environmental mitiga-
tion projects the Secretary may designate as fa-
cilitating a reduction in noise, fuel consumption,
or emissions from air traffic operations.

“(3) PERFORMANCE-BASED NAVIGATION.—The
term ‘performance-based navigation’ means a frame-
work for defining performance requirements in navi-
gation specifications that—

“(A) can be applied to an air traffic route,
instrument procedure, or defined airspace; or

“(B) provides a basis for the design and
implementation of automated flight paths, air-
space design, and obstacle clearance.”.

SEC. 504. AIRPORT FUNDING OF SPECIAL STUDIES OR RE-
VIEWS.

Section 47173(a) is amended by striking “services of
consultants in order to” and all that follows through the
period at the end and inserting “services of consultants—
“(1) to facilitate the timely processing, review, and completion of environmental activities associated with an airport development project;

“(2) to conduct special environmental studies related to an airport project funded with Federal funds;

“(3) to conduct special studies or reviews to support approved noise compatibility measures described in part 150 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations;

“(4) to conduct special studies or reviews to support environmental mitigation in a record of decision or finding of no significant impact by the Federal Aviation Administration; and

“(5) to facilitate the timely processing, review, and completion of environmental activities associated with new or amended flight procedures, including performance-based navigation procedures, such as required navigation performance procedures and area navigation procedures.”.

SEC. 505. NOISE COMPATIBILITY PROGRAMS.

Section 47504(a)(2) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subparagraph (D);
(2) by striking “operations.” in subparagraph (E) and inserting “operations; and”; and
(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) conducting comprehensive land use planning (including master plans, traffic studies, environmental evaluation, and economic and feasibility studies), jointly with neighboring local jurisdictions undertaking community redevelopment in an area in which land or other property interests have been acquired by the operator pursuant to this section, to encourage and enhance redevelopment opportunities that reflect zoning and uses that will prevent the introduction of additional incompatible uses and enhance redevelopment potential.”.

SEC. 506. GRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSESSMENT OF FLIGHT PROCEDURES.

Section 47504 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) GRANTS FOR ASSESSMENT OF FLIGHT PROCEDURES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with subsection (c)(1), the Secretary may make a grant to an airport operator to assist in completing environmental review and assessment activities for proposals to implement flight procedures at such airport
that have been approved as part of an airport noise compatibility program under subsection (b).

“(2) ADDITIONAL STAFF.—The Administrator may accept funds from an airport operator, including funds provided to the operator under paragraph (1), to hire additional staff or obtain the services of consultants in order to facilitate the timely processing, review, and completion of environmental activities associated with proposals to implement flight procedures at such airport that have been approved as part of an airport noise compatibility program under subsection (b).

“(3) RECEIPTS CREDITED AS OFFSETTING COLLECTIONS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, any funds accepted under this section—

“(A) shall be credited as offsetting collections to the account that finances the activities and services for which the funds are accepted;

“(B) shall be available for expenditure only to pay the costs of activities and services for which the funds are accepted; and

“(C) shall remain available until expended.”.
SEC. 507. DETERMINATION OF FAIR MARKET VALUE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES.

Section 47504 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) DETERMINATION OF FAIR MARKET VALUE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES.—In approving a project to acquire residential real property using financial assistance made available under this section or chapter 471, the Secretary shall ensure that the appraisal of the property to be acquired disregards any decrease or increase in the fair market value of the real property caused by the project for which the property is to be acquired, or by the likelihood that the property would be acquired for the project, other than that due to physical deterioration within the reasonable control of the owner.”.

SEC. 508. PROHIBITION ON OPERATING CERTAIN AIRCRAFT WEIGHING 75,000 POUNDS OR LESS NOT COMPLYING WITH STAGE 3 NOISE LEVELS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 475 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 47534. Prohibition on operating certain aircraft weighing 75,000 pounds or less not complying with stage 3 noise levels

“(a) Prohibition.—Except as otherwise provided by this section, after December 31, 2016, a person may not operate a civil subsonic jet airplane with a maximum
weight of 75,000 pounds or less, and for which an air-
worthiness certificate (other than an experimental certifi-
cate) has been issued, to or from an airport in the United
States unless the Secretary of Transportation finds that
the aircraft complies with stage 3 noise levels.

“(b) AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS OUTSIDE 48 CONTIG-
UOUS STATES.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to aircraft
operated only outside the 48 contiguous States.

“(c) TEMPORARY OPERATIONS.—The Secretary may
allow temporary operation of an aircraft otherwise prohib-
ited from operation under subsection (a) to or from an
airport in the contiguous United States by granting a spe-
cial flight authorization for one or more of the following
circumstances:

“(1) To sell, lease, or use the aircraft outside
the 48 contiguous States.

“(2) To scrap the aircraft.

“(3) To obtain modifications to the aircraft to
meet stage 3 noise levels.

“(4) To perform scheduled heavy maintenance
or significant modifications on the aircraft at a
maintenance facility located in the contiguous 48
States.
“(5) To deliver the aircraft to an operator leasing the aircraft from the owner or return the aircraft to the lessor.

“(6) To prepare, park, or store the aircraft in anticipation of any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (5).

“(7) To provide transport of persons and goods in the relief of an emergency situation.

“(8) To divert the aircraft to an alternative airport in the 48 contiguous States on account of weather, mechanical, fuel, air traffic control, or other safety reasons while conducting a flight in order to perform any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (7).

“(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary for the implementation of this section.

“(e) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—

“(1) AIP GRANT ASSURANCES.—Noncompliance with subsection (a) shall not be construed as a violation of section 47107 or any regulations prescribed thereunder.

“(2) PENDING APPLICATIONS.—Nothing in this section may be construed as interfering with, nullifying, or otherwise affecting determinations made
by the Federal Aviation Administration, or to be made by the Administration, with respect to applica-
tions under part 161 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, that were pending on the date of enact-
ment of this section.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 47531 is amended—

(A) in the section heading by striking “for violating sections 47528–47530”; and

(B) by striking “47529, or 47530” and in-
serting “47529, 47530, or 47534”.

(2) Section 47532 is amended by inserting “or
47534” after “47528–47531”.

(3) The analysis for subchapter II of chapter
475 is amended—

(A) by striking the item relating to section
47531 and inserting the following:

“47531. Penalties.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“47534. Prohibition on operating certain aircraft weighing 75,000 pounds or
less not complying with stage 3 noise levels.”.

SEC. 509. AIRCRAFT DEPARTURE QUEUE MANAGEMENT

PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) In general.—The Secretary of Transportation
shall carry out a pilot program at not more than 5 public-
use airports under which the Federal Aviation Administra-
tion shall use funds made available under section 48101(a) to test air traffic flow management tools, methodologies, and procedures that will allow air traffic controllers of the Administration to better manage the flow of aircraft on the ground and reduce the length of ground holds and idling time for aircraft.

(b) **SELECTION CRITERIA.**—In selecting from among airports at which to conduct the pilot program, the Secretary shall give priority consideration to airports at which improvements in ground control efficiencies are likely to achieve the greatest fuel savings or air quality or other environmental benefits, as measured by the amount of reduced fuel, reduced emissions, or other environmental benefits per dollar of funds expended under the pilot program.

(c) **MAXIMUM AMOUNT.**—Not more than a total of $2,500,000 may be expended under the pilot program at any single public-use airport.

**SEC. 510. HIGH PERFORMANCE, SUSTAINABLE, AND COST-EFFECTIVE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL FACILITIES.**

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may implement, to the extent practicable, sustainable practices for the incorporation of energy-efficient design, equipment, systems, and other measures in the construction and major renovation of air traffic control facili-
ties of the Administration in order to reduce energy con-
sumption at, improve the environmental performance of,
and reduce the cost of maintenance for such facilities.

SEC. 511. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the European Union directive extending the
European Union’s emissions trading proposal to
international civil aviation without working through
the International Civil Aviation Organization (in this
section referred to as the “ICAO”) in a consensus-
based fashion is inconsistent with the Convention on
International Civil Aviation, completed in Chicago on
December 7, 1944 (TIAS 1591; commonly known as
the “Chicago Convention”), and other relevant air
services agreements and antithetical to building
international cooperation to address effectively the
problem of greenhouse gas emissions by aircraft en-
gaged in international civil aviation;

(2) the European Union and its member states
should instead work with other contracting states of
ICAO to develop a consensual approach to address-
ing aircraft greenhouse gas emissions through
ICAO; and

(3) officials the United States Government, and
particularly the Secretary of Transportation and the
Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, should use all political, diplomatic, and legal tools at the disposal of the United States to ensure that the European Union’s emissions trading scheme is not applied to aircraft registered by the United States or the operators of those aircraft, including the mandates that United States carriers provide emissions data to and purchase emissions allowances from or surrender emissions allowances to the European Union Member States.

SEC. 512. AVIATION NOISE COMPLAINTS.

(a) Telephone Number Posting.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, each owner or operator of a large hub airport (as defined in section 40102(a) of title 49, United States Code) shall publish on an Internet Web site of the airport a telephone number to receive aviation noise complaints related to the airport.

(b) Summaries and Reports.—Not later than 15 months after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, an owner or operator that receives noise complaints from 25 individuals during the preceding year under subsection (a) shall submit to the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration a report regarding the number of complaints received and a summary regard-
ing the nature of such complaints. The Administrator shall make such information available to the public by electronic means.

**TITLE VI—FAA EMPLOYEES AND ORGANIZATION**

**SEC. 601. FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.**

Section 40122(a) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) **DISPUTE RESOLUTION.**—

“(A) **MEDIATION.**—If the Administrator does not reach an agreement under paragraph (1) or the provisions referred to in subsection (g)(2)(C) with the exclusive bargaining representative of the employees, the Administrator and the bargaining representative—

“(i) shall use the services of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to attempt to reach such agreement in accordance with part 1425 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the
date of enactment of the FAA Reauthorization and Reform Act of 2011); or

“(ii) may by mutual agreement adopt alternative procedures for the resolution of disputes or impasses arising in the negotiation of the collective-bargaining agreement.

“(B) MID-TERM BARGAINING.—If the services of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service under subparagraph (A)(i) do not lead to the resolution of issues in controversy arising from the negotiation of a mid-term collective-bargaining agreement, the Federal Service Impasses Panel shall assist the parties in resolving the impasse in accordance with section 7119 of title 5.

“(C) BINDING ARBITRATION FOR TERM BARGAINING.—

“(i) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL SERVICE IMPASSES PANEL.—If the services of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service under subparagraph (A)(i) do not lead to the resolution of issues in controversy arising from the negotiation of a term collective-bargaining agreement, the Administrator and the exclusive bargaining
representative of the employees (in this subparagraph referred to as the ‘parties’) shall submit their issues in controversy to the Federal Service Impasses Panel. The Panel shall assist the parties in resolving the impasse by asserting jurisdiction and ordering binding arbitration by a private arbitration board consisting of 3 members.

“(ii) APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATION BOARD.—The Executive Director of the Panel shall provide for the appointment of the 3 members of a private arbitration board under clause (i) by requesting the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to prepare a list of not less than 15 names of arbitrators with Federal sector experience and by providing the list to the parties. Not later than 10 days after receiving the list, the parties shall each select one person from the list. The 2 arbitrators selected by the parties shall then select a third person from the list not later than 7 days after being selected. If either of the parties fails to select a person or if the 2 arbitrators are unable
to agree on the third person in 7 days, the
parties shall make the selection by alter-
nately striking names on the list until one
arbitrator remains.

“(iii) Framing issues in con-
trovery.—If the parties do not agree on
the framing of the issues to be submitted
for arbitration, the arbitration board shall
frame the issues.

“(iv) Hearings.—The arbitration
board shall give the parties a full and fair
hearing, including an opportunity to
present evidence in support of their claims
and an opportunity to present their case in
person, by counsel, or by other representa-
tive as they may elect.

“(v) Decisions.—The arbitration
board shall render its decision within 90
days after the date of its appointment. De-
cisions of the arbitration board shall be
conclusive and binding upon the parties.

“(vi) Matters for consider-
atation.—The arbitration board shall take
into consideration such factors as—
“(I) the effect of its arbitration decisions on the Federal Aviation Administration’s ability to attract and retain a qualified workforce;

“(II) the effect of its arbitration decisions on the Federal Aviation Administration’s budget;

“(III) the effect of its arbitration decisions on other Federal Aviation Administration employees; and

“(IV) any other factors whose consideration would assist the board in fashioning a fair and equitable award.

“(vii) COSTS.—The parties shall share costs of the arbitration equally.

“(3) RATIFICATION OF AGREEMENTS.—Upon reaching a voluntary agreement or at the conclusion of the binding arbitration under paragraph (2)(C), the final agreement, except for those matters decided by an arbitration board, shall be subject to ratification by the exclusive bargaining representative of the employees, if so requested by the bargaining representative, and the final agreement shall be subject to approval by the head of the agency in
accordance with the provisions referred to in sub-
section (g)(2)(C)"."

SEC. 602. PRESIDENTIAL RANK AWARD PROGRAM.

Section 40122(g)(2) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (G) by striking “and”
after the semicolon;

(2) in subparagraph (H) by striking “Board.”

and inserting “Board; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(I) subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section
4507 (relating to Meritorious Executive or Dis-
tinguished Executive rank awards) and sub-
sections (b) and (c) of section 4507a (relating
to Meritorious Senior Professional or Distingui-
guished Senior Professional rank awards), ex-
cept that—

“(i) for purposes of applying such
provisions to the personnel management
system—

“(I) the term ‘agency’ means the
Department of Transportation;

“(II) the term ‘senior executive’
means a Federal Aviation Administra-
tion executive;
“(III) the term ‘career appointee’ means a Federal Aviation Administration career executive; and

“(IV) the term ‘senior career employee’ means a Federal Aviation Administration career senior professional;

“(ii) receipt by a career appointee or a senior career employee of the rank of Meritorious Executive or Meritorious Senior Professional entitles the individual to a lump-sum payment of an amount equal to 20 percent of annual basic pay, which shall be in addition to the basic pay paid under the Federal Aviation Administration Executive Compensation Plan; and

“(iii) receipt by a career appointee or a senior career employee of the rank of Distinguished Executive or Distinguished Senior Professional entitles the individual to a lump-sum payment of an amount equal to 35 percent of annual basic pay, which shall be in addition to the basic pay paid under the Federal Aviation Administration Executive Compensation Plan.”.
SEC. 603. FAA TECHNICAL TRAINING AND STAFFING.

(a) STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall conduct a study to assess the adequacy of the Administrator's technical training strategy and improvement plan for airway transportation systems specialists (in this section referred to as “FAA systems specialists”).

(2) CONTENTS.—The study shall include—

(A) a review of the current technical training strategy and improvement plan for FAA systems specialists;

(B) recommendations to improve the technical training strategy and improvement plan needed by FAA systems specialists to be proficient in the maintenance of the latest technologies;

(C) a description of actions that the Administration has undertaken to ensure that FAA systems specialists receive up-to-date training on the latest technologies; and

(D) a recommendation regarding the most cost-effective approach to provide training to FAA systems specialists.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

(b) Workload of Systems Specialists.—

(1) Study by National Academy of Sciences.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall make appropriate arrangements for the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a study of the assumptions and methods used by the Federal Aviation Administration to estimate staffing needs for FAA systems specialists to ensure proper maintenance and certification of the national airspace system in the most cost effective manner.

(2) Consultation.—In conducting the study, the National Academy of Sciences shall interview interested parties, including labor, government, and industry representatives.

(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the initiation of the arrangements under paragraph (1), the National Academy of Sciences shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the study.
SEC. 604. SAFETY CRITICAL STAFFING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than October 1, 2011, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall implement, to the extent practicable and in a cost-effective manner, the staffing model for aviation safety inspectors developed pursuant to the National Academy of Sciences study entitled “Staffing Standards for Aviation Safety Inspectors”. In doing so, the Administrator shall consult with interested persons, including aviation safety inspectors.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than October 1 of each fiscal year beginning after September 30, 2011, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the staffing model described in subsection (a).

(c) SAFETY CRITICAL POSITIONS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “safety critical positions” means—

(1) aviation safety inspectors, safety technical specialists, and operational support positions in the Flight Standards Service (as such terms are used in the Administration’s fiscal year 2011 congressional budget justification); and

(2) manufacturing safety inspectors, pilots, engineers, chief scientific and technical advisors, safety
technical specialists, and operational support posi-
tions in the Aircraft Certification Service (as such
terms are used in the Administration’s fiscal year
2011 congressional budget justification).

SEC. 605. FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLER STAFFING.

(a) Study by National Academy of Sciences.—
Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this
Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Adminis-
tration shall enter into appropriate arrangements with the
National Academy of Sciences to conduct a study of the
air traffic controller standards used by the Federal Avia-
tion Administration (in this section referred to as the
“FAA”) to estimate staffing needs for FAA air traffic
controllers to ensure the safe operation of the national air-
space system in the most cost effective manner.

(b) Consultation.—In conducting the study, the
National Academy of Sciences shall interview interested
parties, including employee, Government, and industry
representatives.

(c) Contents.—The study shall include—

(1) an examination of representative informa-
tion on productivity, human factors, traffic activity,
and improved technology and equipment used in air
traffic control;
(2) an examination of recent National Academy of Sciences reviews of the complexity model performed by MITRE Corporation that support the staffing standards models for the en route air traffic control environment; and

(3) consideration of the Administration’s current and estimated budgets and the most cost-effective staffing model to best leverage available funding.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Academy of Sciences shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

SEC. 606. AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SPECIALIST QUALIFICATION TRAINING.

Section 44506 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:

“(d) AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SPECIALIST QUALIFICATION TRAINING.—
“(1) APPOINTMENT OF AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SPECIALISTS.—The Administrator is authorized to appoint a qualified air traffic control specialist candidate for placement in an airport traffic control facility if the candidate has—

“(A) received a control tower operator certification (referred to in this subsection as a ‘CTO’ certificate); and

“(B) satisfied all other applicable qualification requirements for an air traffic control specialist position.

“(2) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS.—An individual appointed under paragraph (1) shall receive the same compensation and benefits, and be treated in the same manner as, any other individual appointed as a developmental air traffic controller.

“(3) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the FAA Reauthorization and Reform Act of 2011, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report that evaluates the effectiveness of the air traffic control specialist qualification training provided pursuant to this section, including the graduation rates of candidates who received a CTO certificate and are working in airport traffic control facilities.
“(4) ADDITIONAL APPOINTMENTS.—If the Administrator determines that air traffic control specialists appointed pursuant to this subsection are more successful in carrying out the duties of an air traffic controller than air traffic control specialists hired from the general public without any such certification, the Administrator shall increase the number of appointments of candidates who possess such certification.

“(5) REIMBURSEMENT FOR TRAVEL EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH CERTIFICATIONS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the Administrator may accept reimbursement from an educational entity that provides training to an air traffic control specialist candidate to cover reasonable travel expenses of the Administrator associated with issuing certifications to such candidates.

“(B) TREATMENT OF REIMBURSEMENTS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, any reimbursement authorized to be collected under subparagraph (A) shall—

“(i) be credited as offsetting collections to the account that finances the ac-
tivities and services for which the reim-
bursement is accepted;

“(ii) be available for expenditure only
to pay the costs of activities and services
for which the reimbursement is accepted,
including all costs associated with col-
lecting such reimbursement; and

“(iii) remain available until ex-
pended.”.

SEC. 607. ASSESSMENT OF TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR AIR
TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS.

(a) Study.—The Administrator of the Federal Avia-
tion Administration shall conduct a study to assess the
adequacy of training programs for air traffic controllers,
including the Administrator’s technical training strategy
and improvement plan for air traffic controllers.

(b) Contents.—The study shall include—

(1) a review of the current training system for
air traffic controllers, including the technical train-
ing strategy and improvement plan;

(2) an analysis of the competencies required of
air traffic controllers for successful performance in
the current and future projected air traffic control
environment;
(3) an analysis of the competencies projected to
be required of air traffic controllers as the Federal
Aviation Administration transitions to the Next Gen-
eration Air Transportation System;

(4) an analysis of various training approaches
available to satisfy the controller competencies iden-
tified under paragraphs (2) and (3);

(5) recommendations to improve the current
training system for air traffic controllers, including
the technical training strategy and improvement
plan; and

(6) the most cost-effective approach to provide
training to air traffic controllers.

(e) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a
report on the results of the study.

SEC. 608. COLLEGIATE TRAINING INITIATIVE STUDY.

(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General shall conduct
a study on training options for graduates of the Collegiate
Training Initiative program (in this section referred to as
“CTI” programs) conducted under section 44506(c) of
title 49, United States Code.
(b) CONTENTS.—The study shall analyze the impact of providing as an alternative to the current training provided at the Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center of the Federal Aviation Administration a new controller orientation session at the Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center for graduates of CTI programs followed by on-the-job training for newly hired air traffic controllers who are graduates of CTI programs and shall include an analysis of—

(1) the cost effectiveness of such an alternative training approach; and

(2) the effect that such an alternative training approach would have on the overall quality of training received by graduates of CTI programs.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

SEC. 609. FAA FACILITY CONDITIONS.

(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of—

(1) the conditions of a sampling of Federal Aviation Administration facilities across the United States.
States, including offices, towers, centers, and terminal radar air control;

(2) reports from employees of the Administration relating to respiratory ailments and other health conditions resulting from exposure to mold, asbestos, poor air quality, radiation, and facility-related hazards in facilities of the Administration;

(3) conditions of such facilities that could interfere with such employees’ ability to effectively and safely perform their duties;

(4) the ability of managers and supervisors of such employees to promptly document and seek remediation for unsafe facility conditions;

(5) whether employees of the Administration who report facility-related illnesses are treated appropriately;

(6) utilization of scientifically approved remediation techniques to mitigate hazardous conditions in accordance with applicable State and local regulations and Occupational Safety and Health Administration practices by the Administration; and

(7) resources allocated to facility maintenance and renovation by the Administration.

(b) FACILITY CONDITION INDICES.—The Comptroller General shall review the facility condition indices
of the Administration for inclusion in the recommenda-
tions under subsection (c).

(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Based on the results of the
study and review of facility condition indices under sub-
section (a), the Comptroller General shall make such rec-
ommendations as the Comptroller General considers nec-
essary to—

(1) prioritize those facilities needing the most
immediate attention based on risks to employee
health and safety;

(2) ensure that the Administration is using sci-
entifically approved remediation techniques in all fa-
cilities; and

(3) assist the Administration in making pro-
grammatic changes so that aging facilities do not de-
teriorate to unsafe levels.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
submit to the Administrator, the Committee on Com-
erce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the
Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the
House of Representatives a report on results of the study,
including the recommendations under subsection (e).
SEC. 610. FRONTLINE MANAGER STAFFING.

(a) Study.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall commission an independent study on frontline manager staffing requirements in air traffic control facilities.

(b) Considerations.—In conducting the study, the Administrator may take into consideration—

(1) the managerial tasks expected to be performed by frontline managers, including employee development, management, and counseling;

(2) the number of supervisory positions of operation requiring watch coverage in each air traffic control facility;

(3) coverage requirements in relation to traffic demand;

(4) facility type;

(5) complexity of traffic and managerial responsibilities;

(6) proficiency and training requirements; and

(7) such other factors as the Administrator considers appropriate.

(c) Participation.—The Administrator shall ensure the participation of frontline managers who currently work in safety-related operational areas of the Administration.
(d) Determinations.—The Administrator shall transmit any determinations made as a result of the study to the heads of the appropriate lines of business within the Administration, including the Chief Operating Officer of the Air Traffic Organization.

(e) Report.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the results of the study and a description of any determinations submitted to the Chief Operating Officer under subsection (c).

(f) Definition.—In this section, the term “frontline manager” means first-level, operational supervisors and managers who work in safety-related operational areas of the Administration.

**Title VII—Aviation Insurance**

**Sec. 701. General Authority.**

(a) Extension of Policies.—Section 44302(f)(1) is amended by striking “shall extend through” and all that follows through “the termination date” and inserting “shall extend through September 30, 2013, and may extend through December 31, 2013, the termination date”.

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(b) Successor Program.—Section 44302(f) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) Successor program.—

“(A) In general.—After December 31, 2021, coverage for the risks specified in a policy that has been extended under paragraph (1) shall be provided in an airline industry sponsored risk retention or other risk-sharing arrangement approved by the Secretary.

“(B) Transfer of premiums.—

“(i) In general.—On December 31, 2021, and except as provided in clause (ii), premiums collected by the Secretary from the airline industry after September 22, 2001, for any policy under this subsection, and interest earned thereon, as determined by the Secretary, shall be transferred to an airline industry sponsored risk retention or other risk-sharing arrangement approved by the Secretary.

“(ii) Determination of amount transferred.—The amount transferred pursuant to clause (i) shall be less—

“(I) the amount of any claims paid out on such policies from Sep-
tember 22, 2001, through December 31, 2021;

“(II) the amount of any claims pending under such policies as of December 31, 2021; and

“(III) the cost, as determined by the Secretary, of administering the provision of insurance policies under this chapter from September 22, 2001, through December 31, 2021.”.

SEC. 702. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO LIMIT THIRD-PARTY LIABILITY OF AIR CARRIERS ARISING OUT OF ACTS OF TERRORISM.

The first sentence of section 44303(b) is amended by striking “ending on” and all that follows through “the Secretary may certify” and inserting “ending on December 31, 2013, the Secretary may certify”.

SEC. 703. CLARIFICATION OF REINSURANCE AUTHORITY.

The second sentence of section 44304 is amended by striking “the carrier” and inserting “any insurance carrier”.

SEC. 704. USE OF INDEPENDENT CLAIMS ADJUSTERS.

The second sentence of section 44308(e)(1) is amended by striking “agent” and inserting “agent, or a claims adjuster who is independent of the underwriting agent,”.
TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 801. DISCLOSURE OF DATA TO FEDERAL AGENCIES IN INTEREST OF NATIONAL SECURITY.

Section 40119(b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) Section 552a of title 5 shall not apply to disclosures that the Administrator may make from the systems of records of the Administration to any Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protective service, immigration, or national security official in order to assist the official receiving the information in the performance of official duties.”.

SEC. 802. FAA AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECKS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 401 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 40130. FAA authority to conduct criminal history record checks

“(a) CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECKS.—

“(1) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, for certification purposes of the Administration only, is authorized—

“(A) to conduct, in accordance with the established request process, a criminal history
background check of an airman in the criminal repositories of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and States by submitting positive identification of the airman to a fingerprint-based repository in compliance with section 217 of the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 14616); and

“(B) to receive relevant criminal history record information regarding the airman checked.

“(2) RELEASE OF INFORMATION.—In accessing a repository referred to in paragraph (1), the Administrator shall be subject to the conditions and procedures established by the Department of Justice or the State, as appropriate, for other governmental agencies conducting background checks for non-criminal justice purposes.

“(3) LIMITATION.—The Administrator may not use the authority under paragraph (1) to conduct criminal investigations.

“(4) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Administrator may collect reimbursement to process the fingerprint-based checks under this subsection, to be used for expenses incurred, including Federal Bureau of Investigation fees, in providing these services.
“(b) DESIGNATED EMPLOYEES.—The Administrator shall designate, by order, employees of the Federal Aviation Administration to carry out the authority described in subsection (a).”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 401 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“40130. FAA authority to conduct criminal history record checks.”.

SEC. 803. CIVIL PENALTIES TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

Section 46301 is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)(A) by inserting “chapter 451,” before “section 47107(b)”;

(2) in subsection (a)(5)(A)(i)—

(A) by striking “or chapter 449” and inserting “chapter 449”; and

(B) by inserting after “44909)” the following: “, or chapter 451”;

(3) in subsection (d)(2)—

(A) by inserting after “44723)” the following: “, chapter 451 (except section 45107)”;

(B) by inserting after “44909),” the following: “section 45107,”;

(C) by striking “46302” and inserting “section 46302”; and

(D) by striking “46303” and inserting “section 46303”; and

(4) in subsection (f)(1)(A)(i)—
(A) by striking “or chapter 449” and inserting “chapter 449”; and

(B) by inserting after “44909)” the following: “, or chapter 451”.

SEC. 804. REALIGNMENT AND CONSOLIDATION OF FAA SERVICES AND FACILITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 445 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 44519. Realignment and consolidation of FAA services and facilities

“(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to establish a fair process that will result in the realignment and consolidation of FAA services and facilities to help reduce capital, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs and facilitate Next Generation Air Transportation System air traffic control modernization efforts without adversely affecting safety.

“(b) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—Subject to the requirements of this section, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall realign and consolidate FAA services and facilities pursuant to recommendations made by the Aviation Facilities and Services Board established under subsection (g).

“(c) ADMINISTRATOR’S RECOMMENDATIONS.—
“(1) Proposed criteria.—

“(A) In general.—The Administrator shall develop proposed criteria for use by the Administrator in making recommendations for the realignment and consolidation of FAA services and facilities under this section.

“(B) Publication; transmittal to Congress.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall publish the proposed criteria in the Federal Register and transmit the proposed criteria to the congressional committees of interest.

“(C) Notice and comment.—The Administrator shall provide an opportunity for public comment on the proposed criteria for a period of at least 30 days and shall include notice of that opportunity in the Federal Register.

“(2) Final criteria.—

“(A) In general.—The Administrator shall establish final criteria based on the proposed criteria developed under paragraph (1).

“(B) Publication; transmittal to Congress.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall publish the final criteria in the Federal Register.
Register and transmit the final criteria to the congressional committees of interest.

“(3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall make recommendations for the realignment and consolidation of FAA services and facilities under this section based on the final criteria established under paragraph (2).

“(B) CONTENTS.—The recommendations shall consist of a list of FAA services and facilities for realignment and consolidation, together with a justification for each service and facility included on the list.

“(C) PUBLICATION; TRANSMITTAL TO BOARD AND CONGRESS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall publish the recommendations in the Federal Register and transmit the recommendations to the Board and the congressional committees of interest.

“(D) INFORMATION.—The Administrator shall make available to the Board and the Comptroller General all information used by the Administrator in establishing the recommendations.
"(E) ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS.—

The Administrator is authorized to make additional recommendations under this paragraph every 2 years.

“(d) BOARD’S REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—

“(1) PUBLIC HEARINGS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of receipt of the Administrator’s recommendations under subsection (c), the Board shall conduct public hearings on the recommendations.

“(2) BOARD’S RECOMMENDATIONS.—

“(A) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Based on the Board’s review and analysis of the Administrator’s recommendations and any public comments received under paragraph (1), the Board shall develop a report containing the Board’s findings and conclusions concerning the Administrator’s recommendations, together with the Board’s recommendations for realignment and consolidation of FAA services and facilities. The Board shall explain and justify in the report any recommendation made by the Board that differs from a recommendation made by the Administrator."
“(B) Publication in Federal Register; transmittal to Congress.—Not later than 60 days after the date of receipt of the Administrator’s recommendations under subsection (c), the Board shall publish the report in the Federal Register and transmit the report to the congressional committees of interest.

“(3) Assistance of Comptroller General.—The Comptroller General shall assist the Board, to the extent requested by the Board, in the Board’s review and analysis of the Administrator’s recommendations.

“(e) Realignment and Consolidation of FAA Services and Facilities.—Subject to subsection (f), the Administrator shall—

“(1) realign or consolidate the FAA services and facilities recommended for realignment or consolidation by the Board in a report transmitted under subsection (d);

“(2) initiate all such realignments and consolidations not later than 1 year after the date of the report; and

“(3) complete all such realignments and consolidations not later than 3 years after the date of the report.
“(f) **Congressional Disapproval.**—

“(1) **In general.**—The Administrator may not carry out a recommendation of the Board for realignment or consolidation of FAA services and facilities that is included in a report transmitted under subsection (d) if a joint resolution of disapproval is enacted disapproving such recommendation before the earlier of—

“(A) the last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date of the report; or

“(B) the adjournment of Congress sine die for the session during which the report is transmitted.

“(2) **Computation of 30-day period.**—For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), the days on which either house of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain shall be excluded in computation of the 30-day period.

“(g) **Aviation Facilities and Services Board.**—

“(1) **Establishment.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of Transportation shall establish an independent board to be known as the ‘Aviation Facilities and Services Board’.
“(2) COMPOSITION.—The Board shall be composed of the following members:

“(A) The Secretary (or a designee of the Secretary), who shall be the Chair of the Board.

“(B) Two members appointed by the Secretary, who may not be officers or employees of the Federal Government.

“(C) The Comptroller General (or a designee of the Comptroller General), who shall be a nonvoting member of the Board.

“(3) DUTIES.—The Board shall carry out the duties specified for the Board in this section.

“(4) TERM.—The members of the Board to be appointed under paragraph (2)(B) shall each be appointed for a term of 3 years.

“(5) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment was made, but the individual appointed to fill the vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term for which the individual’s predecessor was appointed.

“(6) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS.—A member of the Board may not receive any compensation or benefits from the Federal Government for serving on the Board, except that—
“(A) a member shall receive compensation for work injuries under subchapter I of chapter 81 of title 5; and

“(B) a member shall be paid actual travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence expenses when away from the member’s usual place of residence in accordance with section 5703 of title 5.

“(7) STAFF.—The Administrator shall make available to the Board such staff, information, and administrative services and assistance as may be reasonably required to enable the Board to carry out its responsibilities under this section. The Board may employ experts and consultants on a temporary or intermittent basis with the approval of the Secretary.

“(8) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Board.

“(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2014 $200,000 for the Board to carry out its duties.
“(2) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.

“(i) EFFECT ON OTHER AUTHORITIES.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the authorities provided in section 44503 or the existing authorities or responsibilities of the Administrator under this title to manage the operations of the Federal Aviation Administration, including realignment or consolidation of facilities or services.

“(j) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

“(1) BOARD.—The term ‘Board’ means the Aviation Facilities and Services Board established under subsection (g).

“(2) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES OF INTEREST.—The term ‘congressional committees of interest’ means the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

“(3) FAA.—The term ‘FAA’ means the Federal Aviation Administration.

“(4) REALIGNMENT.—The term ‘realignment’ includes any action that relocates functions and per-
sonnel positions but does not include an overall redu-
duction in personnel resulting from workload adjust-
ments.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chap-
ter 445 (as amended by this Act) is further amended by
adding at the end the following:

“44519. Realignment and consolidation of FAA services and facilities.”.

SEC. 805. LIMITING ACCESS TO FLIGHT DECKS OF ALL-
CARGO AIRCRAFT.

(a) STUDY.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal
Aviation Administration, in consultation with appropriate
air carriers, aircraft manufacturers, and air carrier labor
representatives, shall conduct a study to assess the feasi-
bility of developing a physical means, or a combination of
physical and procedural means, to prohibit individuals
other than authorized flight crewmembers from accessing
the flight deck of an all-cargo aircraft.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure
of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a
report on the results of the study.
SEC. 806. CONSOLIDATION OR ELIMINATION OF OBSOLETE, REDUNDANT, OR OTHERWISE UNNECESSARY REPORTS; USE OF ELECTRONIC MEDIA FORMAT.

(a) Consolidation or Elimination of Reports.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report containing—

(1) a list of obsolete, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary reports the Administration is required by law to submit to the Congress or publish that the Administrator recommends eliminating or consolidating with other reports; and

(2) an estimate of the cost savings that would result from the elimination or consolidation of those reports.

(b) Use of Electronic Media for Reports.—

(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administration—

(A) may not publish any report required or authorized by law in printed format; and
(B) shall publish any such report by posting it on the Administration’s Internet Web site in an easily accessible and downloadable electronic format.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) does not apply to any report with respect to which the Administrator determines that—

(A) its publication in printed format is essential to the mission of the Federal Aviation Administration; or

(B) its publication in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (1) would disclose matter—

(i) described in section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code; or

(ii) the disclosure of which would have an adverse impact on aviation safety or security, as determined by the Administrator.

SEC. 807. PROHIBITION ON USE OF CERTAIN FUNDS.

The Secretary of Transportation may not use any funds made available pursuant to this Act (including any amendment made by this Act) to name, rename, designate, or redesignate any project or program authorized by this Act (including any amendment made by this Act) for an
individual then serving in Congress as a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, or Senator.

3 SEC. 808. STUDY ON AVIATION FUEL PRICES.

(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall conduct a study and report to Congress on the impact of increases in aviation fuel prices on the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and the aviation industry in general.

(b) Contents.—The study shall include an assessment of the impact of increases in aviation fuel prices on—

(1) general aviation;
(2) commercial passenger aviation;
(3) piston aircraft purchase and use;
(4) the aviation services industry, including repair and maintenance services;
(5) aviation manufacturing;
(6) aviation exports; and
(7) the use of small airport installations.

(c) Assumptions About Aviation Fuel Prices.—In conducting the study required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall use the average aviation fuel price for fiscal year 2010 as a baseline and measure the impact of increases in aviation fuel prices that range from 5 percent to 200 percent over the 2010 baseline.
SEC. 809. WIND TURBINE LIGHTING.

(a) STUDY.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall conduct a study on wind turbine lighting systems.

(b) CONTENTS.—In conducting the study, the Administrator shall examine the following:

1. The aviation safety issues associated with alternative lighting strategies, technologies, and regulations.

2. The feasibility of implementing alternative lighting strategies or technologies to improve aviation safety.

3. Any other issue relating to wind turbine lighting.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the study, including information and recommendations concerning the issues examined under subsection (b).

SEC. 810. AIR-RAIL CODE SHARING STUDY.

(a) CODE SHARE STUDY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall initiate a study regarding—

1. the existing airline and intercity passenger rail code sharing arrangements; and
(2) the feasibility, costs to taxpayers and other parties, and benefits of increasing intermodal connectivity of airline and intercity passenger rail facilities and systems to improve passenger travel.

(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In conducting the study, the Comptroller General shall consider—

(1) the potential costs to taxpayers and other parties and benefits of the implementation of more integrated scheduling between airlines and Amtrak or other intercity passenger rail carriers achieved through code sharing arrangements;

(2) airport and intercity passenger rail operations that can improve connectivity between airports and intercity passenger rail facilities and stations;

(3) the experience of other countries with airport and intercity passenger rail connectivity; and

(4) such other issues the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after commencing the study required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the results of the
study, including any conclusions of the Comptroller General resulting from the study.

SEC. 811. D.C. METROPOLITAN AREA SPECIAL FLIGHT RULES AREA.

(a) Submission of Plan to Congress.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a plan for the D.C. Metropolitan Area Special Flight Rules Area.

(b) Contents of Plan.—The plan shall outline specific changes to the D.C. Metropolitan Area Special Flight Rules Area that will decrease operational impacts and improve general aviation access to airports in the National Capital Region that are currently impacted by the zone.

SEC. 812. FAA REVIEW AND REFORM.

(a) Agency Review.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall undertake a thorough review of each program, office, and organization
within the Administration, including the Air Traffic Orga-

nization, to identify—

(1) duplicative positions, programs, roles, or offices;

(2) wasteful practices;

(3) redundant, obsolete, or unnecessary func-
tions;

(4) inefficient processes; and

(5) ineffectual or outdated policies.

(b) ACTIONS TO STREAMLINE AND REFORM FAA.—

Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of

this Act, the Administrator shall undertake such actions

as may be necessary to address the Administrator’s find-
ings under subsection (a), including—

(1) consolidating, phasing-out, or eliminating
duplicative positions, programs, roles, or offices;

(2) eliminating or streamlining wasteful prac-
tices;

(3) eliminating or phasing-out redundant, obso-
lete, or unnecessary functions;

(4) reforming and streamlining inefficient proc-
esses so that the activities of the Administration are
completed in an expedited and efficient manner; and

(5) reforming or eliminating ineffectual or out-
dated policies.
(c) Authority.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator shall have the authority to undertake the actions required under subsection (b).

(d) Report to Congress.—Not later than 150 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the actions taken by the Administrator under this section, including any recommendations for legislative or administrative actions.

SEC. 813. CYLINDERS OF COMPRESSED OXYGEN OR OTHER OXIDIZING GASES.

(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the transportation within the State of Alaska of cylinders of compressed oxygen or other oxidizing gases aboard aircraft shall be exempt from compliance with the regulations described in subsection (c) to the extent that the regulations require that oxidizing gases transported aboard aircraft be enclosed in outer packaging capable of passing the flame penetration and resistance test and the thermal resistance test, without regard to the end use of the cylinders.

(b) Applicability of Exemption.—The exemption provided by subsection (a) shall apply in circumstances in which transportation of the cylinders by ground or vessel is unavailable and transportation by aircraft is the only
practical means for transporting the cylinders to their destination.


SEC. 814. AIR TRANSPORTATION OF LITHIUM CELLS AND BATTERIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may not issue or enforce any regulation or other requirement regarding the transportation by aircraft of lithium metal cells or batteries or lithium ion cells or batteries, whether transported separately or packed with or contained in equipment, if the requirement is more stringent than the requirements of the International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air, 2009–2010 edition, as amended (including amendments adopted after the date of enactment of this Act).

(b) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Administrator may enforce the prohibition on transporting primary (nonrechargeable) lithium batteries and
cells aboard passenger carrying aircraft set forth in special provision A100 of the table contained in section 172.102(c)(2) of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 815. USE OF MINERAL REVENUE AT CERTAIN AIRPORTS.

(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may declare certain revenue derived from or generated by mineral extraction at a general aviation airport to be revenue greater than the long-term project, operation, maintenance, planning, and capacity needs of the airport.

(b) Use of Revenue.—Subject to subsection (c), if the Administrator issues a declaration with respect to an airport under subsection (a), the airport sponsor may allocate to itself (or to a governing body within the geographical limits of the airport’s locality) the revenues identified in the declaration for use in carrying out a Federal, State, or local transportation infrastructure project.

(c) Conditions.—Any declaration made under subsection (a) with respect to an airport shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) In generating revenue from mineral rights extraction, production, lease, or other means, the
airport sponsor shall not charge less than fair market value.

(2) The airport sponsor and the Administrator shall agree on a 20-year capital improvement program that includes, at a minimum, 20-year projected charges, costs, and fees for the development, improvement, operation, and maintenance of the airport, with consideration for costs and charges adjusted for inflation.

(3) The airport sponsor shall agree in writing to waive all rights to receive entitlement funds or discretionary funds to be used at the airport under section 47114 or 47115 of title 49, United States Code, for a period of 20 years.

(4) The airport sponsor shall comply, during the 20-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, with all grant assurance obligations in effect as of such date of enactment for the airport under section 47107 of such title.

(5) The airport sponsor shall agree in writing to comply with sections 47107(b) and 47133 of such title, except for any exemptions specifically granted by the Administrator in accordance with this section, in perpetuity.
(6) The airport sponsor shall agree in writing to operate the airport as a public-use airport unless the Administrator specifically grants a request to allow the airport to close.

(7) The airport sponsor shall create a provisional fund for current and future environmental impacts, assessments, and any mitigation plans agreed upon with the Administrator.

(d) COMPLETION OF DETERMINATION.—The Administrator shall conduct a review and issue a determination under subsection (a) on or before the 90th day following the date of receipt of an airport sponsor’s application and requisite documentation.

(e) GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “general aviation airport” means an airport that does not receive scheduled passenger aircraft service.

SEC. 816. LIABILITY PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTEER PILOT NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS THAT FLY FOR PUBLIC BENEFIT AND TO PILOTS AND STAFF OF SUCH NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS.

Section 4 of the Volunteer Protection Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 14503) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(4) by inserting “(unless the volunteer was operating an aircraft in further-
ance of the purpose of a volunteer pilot nonprofit or-
organization that flies for public benefit and was prop-
erly licensed and insured for the operation of such
aircraft)” after “aircraft”; and

(2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the
following:

“(c) NO EFFECT ON LIABILITY OF ORGANIZATION
OR ENTITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
graph (2), nothing in this section shall be construed
to affect the liability of any nonprofit organization
or governmental entity with respect to harm caused
to any person.

“(2) EXCEPTION.—A volunteer pilot nonprofit
organization that flies for public benefit, the staff,
mission coordinators, officers, and directors (whether
volunteer or otherwise) of such nonprofit organiza-
tion, and a referring agency of such nonprofit orga-
nization shall not be liable for harm caused to any
person by a volunteer of such nonprofit organization
while such volunteer—

“(A) is operating an aircraft in further-
ance of the purpose of such nonprofit organiza-
tion;
“(B) is properly licensed for the operation of such aircraft; and
“(C) has certified to such nonprofit organization that such volunteer has insurance covering the volunteer’s operation of such aircraft.”.

SEC. 817. AIRCRAFT SITUATIONAL DISPLAY TO INDUSTRY.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The Federal Government’s dissemination to the public of information relating to a noncommercial flight carried out by a private owner or operator of an aircraft, whether during or following the flight, does not serve a public policy objective.

(2) Upon the request of a private owner or operator of an aircraft, the Federal Government should not disseminate to the public information relating to noncommercial flights carried out by that owner or operator, as the information should be private and confidential.

(b) AIRCRAFT SITUATIONAL DISPLAY TO INDUSTRY.—Upon the request of a private owner or operator of an aircraft, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall block, with respect to the noncommercial flights of that owner or operator, the display of that owner or operator’s aircraft registration number
in aircraft situational display data provided by the Admin-
istrator to any entity, except a government agency.

SEC. 818. CONTRACTING.

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Adminis-
tration shall conduct a review and submit to the Com-
mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
structure of the House of Representatives a report de-
scribing how the Federal Aviation Administration weighs
the economic vitality of a region when considering contract
proposals for training facilities under the general con-
tracting authority of the Federal Aviation Administration.

SEC. 819. FLOOD PLANNING.

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Adminis-
tration, in consultation with the Administrator of the Fed-
eral Emergency Management Agency, shall conduct a re-
view and submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science,
and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Rep-
resentatives a report on the state of preparedness and re-
ponse capability for airports located in flood plains to re-
spond to and seek assistance in rebuilding after cata-
strophic flooding.
SEC. 820. TERMINATION OF CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS FOR BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORT.

Notwithstanding section 521 of title V of division F of Public Law 108–199 (118 Stat. 343) and any restriction in Federal Aviation Administration Flight Data Center Notice to Airmen 9/5151, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may not prohibit or impose airspace restrictions with respect to an air show or other aerial event located at the Burke Lakefront Airport in Cleveland, Ohio, due to an event at a stadium or other venue occurring at the same time, except that the Administrator may prohibit any aircraft from flying directly over the applicable stadium or other venue.

SEC. 821. SANTA MONICA AIRPORT, CALIFORNIA.

It is the sense of Congress that the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration should enter into good faith discussions with the city of Santa Monica, California, to achieve runway safety area solutions consistent with Federal Aviation Administration design guidelines to address safety concerns at Santa Monica Airport.

SEC. 822. INSPECTOR GENERAL REPORT ON PARTICIPATION IN FAA PROGRAMS BY DISADVANTAGED SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.

(a) In General.—For each of fiscal years 2011 through 2014, the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall submit to Congress a report on...
the number of new small business concerns owned and
controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged indi-
viduals, including those owned by veterans, that partici-
pated in the programs and activities funded using the
amounts made available under this Act.

(b) NEW SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.—For pur-
poses of subsection (a), a new small business concern is
a small business concern that did not participate in the
programs and activities described in subsection (a) in a
previous fiscal year.

(c) CONTENTS.—The report shall include—

(1) a list of the top 25 and bottom 25 large and
medium hub airports in terms of providing opportu-
nities for small business concerns owned and con-
trolled by socially and economically disadvantaged
individuals to participate in the programs and activi-
ties funded using the amounts made available under
this Act;

(2) the results of an assessment, to be con-
ducted by the Inspector General, on the reasons why
the top airports have been successful in providing
such opportunities; and

(3) recommendations to the Administrator of
the Federal Aviation Administration and Congress
on methods for other airports to achieve results similar to those of the top airports.

SEC. 823. HISTORICAL AIRCRAFT DOCUMENTS.

(a) PRESERVATION OF DOCUMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall take such actions as the Administrator determines necessary to preserve original aircraft type certificate engineering and technical data in the possession of the Federal Aviation Administration related to—

(A) approved aircraft type certificate numbers ATC 1 through ATC 713; and

(B) Group-2 approved aircraft type certificate numbers 2–1 through 2–554.

(2) REVISION OF ORDER.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall revise FAA Order 1350.15C, Item Number 8110. Such revision shall prohibit the destruction of the historical aircraft documents identified in paragraph (1).

(3) CONSULTATION.—The Administrator may carry out paragraph (1) in consultation with the Archivist of the United States and the Administrator of General Services.

(b) AVAILABILITY OF DOCUMENTS.—
(1) **Freedom of Information Act Requests.**—The Administrator shall make the documents to be preserved under subsection (a)(1) available to a person—

(A) upon receipt of a request made by the person pursuant to section 552 of title 5, United States Code; and

(B) subject to a prohibition on use of the documents for commercial purposes.

(2) **Trade Secrets, Commercial, and Financial Information.**—Section 552(b)(4) of such title shall not apply to requests for documents to be made available pursuant to paragraph (1).

(c) **Holder of Type Certificate.**—

(1) **Rights of Holder.**—Nothing in this section shall affect the rights of a holder or owner of a type certificate identified in subsection (a)(1), nor require the holder or owner to provide, surrender, or preserve any original or duplicate engineering or technical data to the Federal Aviation Administration, a person, or the public.

(2) **Liability.**—There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, a holder of a type certificate, its authorized representative, its agents, or its employ-
ees, or any firm, person, corporation, or insurer related to the type certificate data and documents identified in subsection (a)(1).

(3) AIRWORTHINESS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of a type certificate identified in subsection (a)(1) shall not be responsible for any continued airworthiness or Federal Aviation Administration regulatory requirements to the type certificate data and documents identified in subsection (a)(1).

SEC. 824. RELEASE FROM RESTRICTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to grant to any airport, city, or county a release from any of the terms, conditions, reservations, or restrictions contained in a deed under which the United States conveyed to the airport, city, or county property for airport purposes pursuant to section 16 of the Federal Airport Act (as in effect on August 28, 1973) or section 23 of the Airport and Airway Development Act.

(b) CONDITION.—Any release granted by the Secretary of Transportation pursuant to subsection (a) shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) The applicable airport, city, or county shall agree that in conveying any interest in the property
which the United States conveyed to the airport, city, or county, the airport, city, or county will receive an amount for such interest that is equal to its fair market value.

(2) Any amount received by the airport, city, or county under paragraph (1) shall be used exclusively for the development, improvement, operation, or maintenance of a public airport by the airport, city, or county.

(3) Any other conditions required by the Secretary and in accordance with title 49, United States Code.

SEC. 825. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that Los Angeles World Airports, the operator of Los Angeles International Airport (LAX)—

(1) should consult on a regular basis with representatives of the community surrounding the airport regarding—

(A) the ongoing operations of LAX; and

(B) plans to expand, modify, or realign LAX facilities; and

(2) should include in such consultations any organization, the membership of which includes at least 20 individuals who reside within 10 miles of
the airport, that notifies Los Angeles World Airports of its desire to be included in such consultations.

**SEC. 826. ISSUING REGULATIONS.**

Section 106(f)(3)(A) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(i)" before the first sentence; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(ii) Before proposing or issuing a regulation, the Administrator shall:

"(I) Analyze the different industry segments and tailor any regulations to the characteristics of each separate segment (as determined by the Administrator), taking into account that the United States aviation industry is composed of different segments, with differing operational characteristics.

"(II) Perform the following analyses for each industry segment:

"(aa) Identify and assess the alternative forms of regulation and, to the extent feasible, specify performance objectives,"
rather than a specific means of compliance.

“(bb) Assess the costs and benefits and propose or adopt a regulation only upon a reasoned determination that the benefits of the intended regulation justify its costs.

“(cc) Ensure that the proposed regulation is based on the best reasonably obtainable scientific, technical, and other information relating to the need for, and consequences of, the regulation.

“(dd) Assess any adverse effects on the efficient functioning of the economy, private markets (including productivity, employment, and competitiveness) together with a quantification of such costs.”
TITLE IX—NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

SEC. 901. AUTHORITY OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Title I of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"AUTHORITY OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

"Sec. 15. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department of Transportation, in accordance with the mission of the Inspector General to prevent and detect fraud and abuse, is authorized to review the financial management, property management, and business operations of the Mediation Board, including internal accounting and administrative control systems, to determine compliance with applicable Federal laws, rules, and regulations.

"(b) DUTIES.—In carrying out this section, the Inspector General shall—

"(1) keep the chairman of the Mediation Board and Congress fully and currently informed about problems relating to administration of the internal accounting and administrative control systems of the Mediation Board;

"(2) issue findings and recommendations for actions to address such problems; and
“(3) report periodically to Congress on any progress made in implementing actions to address such problems.

“(c) Access to Information.—In carrying out this section, the Inspector General may exercise authorities granted to the Inspector General under subsections (a) and (b) of section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).

“(d) Authorizations of Appropriations.—

“(1) Funding.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation for use by the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation not more than $125,000 for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2014 to cover expenses associated with activities pursuant to the authority exercised under this section.

“(2) Reimbursable Agreement.—In the absence of an appropriation under this subsection for an expense referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspector General and the Mediation Board shall have a reimbursable agreement to cover such expense.”.
SEC. 902. EVALUATION AND AUDIT OF NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD.

Title I of the Railway Labor Act (as amended by section 901 of this Act) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"EVALUATION AND AUDIT OF MEDIATION BOARD

"SEC. 16. (a) IN GENERAL.—In order to promote economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the administration of the programs, operations, and activities of the Mediation Board, the Comptroller General shall evaluate and audit the programs and expenditures of the Mediation Board. Such an evaluation and audit shall be conducted at least annually, but may be conducted as determined necessary by the Comptroller General or the appropriate congressional committees.

"(b) RESPONSIBILITY OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall evaluate and audit Mediation Board programs, operations, and activities, including at a minimum—

"(1) information management and security, including privacy protection of personally identifiable information;

"(2) resource management;

"(3) workforce development;

"(4) procurement and contracting planning, practices, and policies;
“(5) the extent to which the Mediation Board follows leading practices in selected management areas; and

“(6) the processes the Mediation Board follows to address challenges in—

“(A) initial investigations of representation applications;

“(B) determining and certifying representatives of employees; and

“(C) ensuring that the process occurs without interference, influence, or coercion.

“(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘appropriate congressional committees’ means the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.”.

SEC. 903. REPEAL OF RULE.

Effective January 1, 2011, the rule prescribed by the National Mediation Board relating to representation election procedures published on May 11, 2010 (95 Fed. Reg. 26062) and revising sections 1202 and 1206 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, shall have no force or effect.
TITLE X—FEDERAL AVIATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2011

SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Federal Aviation Research and Development Reauthorization Act of 2011”.

SEC. 1002. DEFINITIONS.

In this title, the following definitions apply:

(1) Administrator.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

(2) FAA.—The term “FAA” means the Federal Aviation Administration.

(3) Institution of higher education.—The term “institution of higher education” has the same meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).

(4) NASA.—The term “NASA” means the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

(5) National Research Council.—The term “National Research Council” means the National Research Council of the National Academies of Science and Engineering.
(6) NOAA.—The term “NOAA” means the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

(7) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Transportation.

SEC. 1003. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48102(a) is amended—

(1) in the matter before paragraph (1) by striking “of this title” and inserting “of this title and, for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2014, under subsection (g)”;

(2) in paragraph (11)—

(A) in subparagraph (K) by inserting “and” at the end; and

(B) in subparagraph (L) by striking “and” at the end;

(3) in paragraph (13) by striking “and” at the end;

(4) in paragraph (14) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

“(15) for fiscal year 2011, $165,020,000; and

“(16) for each of the fiscal years 2012 through 2014, $146,827,000.”.

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(b) **Specific Program Limitations.**—Section 48102 is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:

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“(g) **Specific Authorizations.**—The following programs described in the research, engineering, and development account of the national aviation research plan required under section 44501(e) are authorized:

“(1) Fire Research and Safety.
“(2) Propulsion and Fuel Systems.
“(3) Advanced Materials/Structural Safety.
“(5) Continued Airworthiness.
“(6) Aircraft Catastrophic Failure Prevention Research.
“(7) Flightdeck/Maintenance/System Integration Human Factors.
“(8) System Safety Management.
“(10) Aeromedical Research.
“(11) Weather Program.
“(12) Unmanned Aircraft Systems Research.
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“(14) Joint Planning and Development Office.
“(15) NextGen—Wake Turbulence Research.
“(16) NextGen—Air Ground Integration Human Factors.
“(17) NextGen—Self Separation Human Factors.
“(18) NextGen—Weather Technology in the Cockpit.
“(19) Environment and Energy Research.
“(21) System Planning and Resource Management.
“(22) The William J. Hughes Technical Center Laboratory Facility.”.

(e) PROGRAM AUTHORIZATIONS.—If the other accounts described in the national aviation research plan required under section 44501(e) of title 49, United States Code, are authorized for each of the fiscal years 2011 through 2014, the following research and development activities are authorized:

(1) Runway Incursion Reduction.
(2) System Capacity, Planning, and Improvement.
(3) Operations Concept Validation.
(4) NAS Weather Requirements.

(5) Airspace Management Program.


(9) NextGen—Operations Concept Validation—Validation Modeling.


(12) NextGen—Operational Assessments.

(13) NextGen—Staffed NextGen Towers.

(14) Center for Advanced Aviation System Development.

(15) Airports Technology Research Program—Capacity.


(18) Airport Cooperative Research—Capacity.

(19) Airport Cooperative Research—Environment.

(20) Airport Cooperative Research—Safety.

SEC. 1004. UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.

(a) Research Initiative.—Section 44504(b) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (6) by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (7) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(8) in conjunction with other Federal agencies, as appropriate, to develop technologies and methods to assess the risk of and prevent defects, failures, and malfunctions of products, parts, and processes for use in all classes of unmanned aircraft systems that could result in a catastrophic failure of the unmanned aircraft that would endanger other aircraft in the national airspace system.”.

(b) Systems, Procedures, Facilities, and Devices.—Section 44505(b) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (4) by striking “and” after the semicolon;
(2) in paragraph (5)(C) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(6) to develop a better understanding of the relationship between human factors and unmanned aircraft system safety; and

“(7) to develop dynamic simulation models for integrating all classes of unmanned aircraft systems into the national airspace system without any degradation of existing levels of safety for all national airspace system users.”.

SEC. 1005. RESEARCH PROGRAM ON RUNWAYS.

Section 44505(e) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (6) as paragraphs (5) through (8); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

“(3) improved runway surfaces;

“(4) engineered material restraining systems for runways at both general aviation airports and airports with commercial air carrier operations;”.

SEC. 1006. RESEARCH ON DESIGN FOR CERTIFICATION.

Section 44505 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and
(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:

“(d) RESEARCH ON DESIGN FOR CERTIFICATION.—

“(1) RESEARCH.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Federal Aviation Research and Development Reauthorization Act of 2011, the Administrator shall conduct research on methods and procedures to improve both confidence in and the timeliness of certification of new technologies for their introduction into the national airspace system.

“(2) RESEARCH PLAN.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of the Federal Aviation Research and Development Reauthorization Act of 2011, the Administrator shall develop a plan for the research under paragraph (1) that contains the objectives, proposed tasks, milestones, and 5-year budgetary profile.

“(3) REVIEW.—The Administrator shall enter into an arrangement with the National Research Council to conduct an independent review of the plan developed under paragraph (2) and shall provide the results of that review to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
Science, and Transportation of the Senate not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Federal Aviation Research and Development Reauthorization Act of 2011.”.

SEC. 1007. AIRPORT COOPERATIVE RESEARCH PROGRAM.

Section 44511(f) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1) by striking “establish a 4-year pilot” and inserting “maintain an”; and

(2) in paragraph (4)—

(A) by striking “Not later than 6 months after the expiration of the program under this subsection,” and inserting “Not later than September 30, 2012,”; and

(B) by striking “program, including recommendations as to the need for establishing a permanent airport cooperative research program” and inserting “program”.

SEC. 1008. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE.

(a) GOVERNMENT’S SHARE OF COSTS.—Section 44513(f) is amended to read as follows:

“(f) GOVERNMENT’S SHARE OF COSTS.—The United States Government’s share of establishing and operating a center and all related research activities that grant recipients carry out shall not exceed 50 percent of the costs, except that the Administrator may increase such share to
a maximum of 75 percent of the costs for any fiscal year
if the Administrator determines that a center would be
unable to carry out the authorized activities described in
this section without additional funds.”.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 44513 is amended by
adding at the end the following:

“(h) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Administrator shall
transmit annually to the Committee on Science, Space,
and Technology of the House of Representatives and the
Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
the Senate at the time of the President’s budget request
a report that lists—

“(1) the research projects that have been initi-
ated by each center in the preceding year;

“(2) the amount of funding for each research
project and the funding source;

“(3) the institutions participating in each
project and their shares of the overall funding for
each research project; and

“(4) the level of cost-sharing for each research
project.”.

SEC. 1009. CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR AVIATION HUMAN
RESOURCE RESEARCH.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Using amounts made avail-
able under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States
Code, the Administrator may establish a center of excellence to conduct research on—

(1) human performance in the air transportation environment, including among air transportation personnel such as air traffic controllers, pilots, and technicians; and

(2) any other aviation human resource issues pertinent to developing and maintaining a safe and efficient air transportation system.

(b) Activities.—Activities conducted under this section may include the following:

(1) Research, development, and evaluation of training programs for air traffic controllers, aviation safety inspectors, airway transportation safety specialists, and engineers.

(2) Research and development of best practices for recruitment into the aviation field for mission critical positions.

(3) Research, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies, to develop a baseline of general aviation employment statistics and an analysis of future needs in the aviation field.

(4) Research and the development of a comprehensive assessment of the airframe and power-
plant technician certification process and its effect on employment trends.

(5) Evaluation of aviation maintenance technician school environments.

(6) Research and an assessment of the ability to develop training programs to allow for the transition of recently unemployed and highly skilled mechanics into the aviation field.

SEC. 1010. INTERAGENCY RESEARCH ON AVIATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT.

(a) In general.—Using amounts made available under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Administrator, in coordination with NASA and after consultation with other relevant agencies, may maintain a research program to assess the potential effect of aviation on the environment and, if warranted, to evaluate approaches to address any such effect.

(b) Research Plan.—

(1) In general.—The Administrator, in coordination with NASA and after consultation with other relevant agencies, shall jointly develop a plan to carry out the research under subsection (a).

(2) Contents.—Such plan shall contain an inventory of current interagency research being undertaken in this area, future research objectives, pro-
posed tasks, milestones, and a 5-year budgetary profile.

(3) REQUIREMENTS.—Such plan—

(A) shall be completed not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act;

(B) shall be submitted to Congress for review; and

(C) shall be updated, as appropriate, every 3 years after the initial submission.

SEC. 1011. AVIATION FUEL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Using amounts made available under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Administrator, in coordination with the NASA Administrator, shall continue research and development activities into the qualification of an unleaded aviation fuel and safe transition to this fuel for the fleet of piston engine aircraft.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Administrator shall, at a minimum—

(1) not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, develop a research and development plan containing the specific research and development objectives, including consideration of avia-
tion safety, technical feasibility, and other relevant factors, and the anticipated timetable for achieving the objectives;

(2) assess the methods and processes by which the FAA and industry may expeditiously certify and approve new aircraft and recertify existing aircraft with respect to unleaded aviation fuel;

(3) assess technologies that modify existing piston engine aircraft to enable safe operation of the aircraft using unleaded aviation fuel and determine the resources necessary to certify those technologies; and

(4) develop recommendations for appropriate policies and guidelines to facilitate a transition to unleaded aviation fuel for piston engine aircraft.

(c) COLLABORATIONS.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Administrator shall collaborate with—

(1) industry groups representing aviation consumers, manufacturers, and fuel producers and distributors; and

(2) other appropriate Federal agencies.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall provide a report to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
on the plan, information obtained, and policies and guide-
lines developed pursuant to subsection (b).

SEC. 1012. RESEARCH PROGRAM ON ALTERNATIVE JET
FUEL TECHNOLOGY FOR CIVIL AIRCRAFT.

(a) Research Program.—Using amounts made
available under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States
Code, the Secretary shall conduct a research program re-
lated to developing and certifying jet fuel from alternative
sources (such as coal, natural gas, biomass, ethanol, buta-
nol, and hydrogen) through grants or other measures au-
thorized under section 106(l)(6) of such title, including re-
imbursable agreements with other Federal agencies.

(b) Participation by Stakeholders.—In con-
ducting the program, the Secretary shall provide for par-
ticipation by educational and research institutions and by
industry partners that have existing facilities and experi-
ence in the research and development of technology for
alternative jet fuels.

(c) Collaborations.—In conducting the program,
the Secretary may collaborate with existing interagency
programs—
(1) to further the research and development of alternative jet fuel technology for civil aircraft, including feasibility studies; and

(2) to exchange information with the participants in the Commercial Aviation Alternative Fuels Initiative.

SEC. 1013. REVIEW OF FAA'S ENERGY- AND ENVIRONMENT-RELATED RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

(a) Review.—Using amounts made available under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Administrator shall conduct a review of FAA energy-related and environment-related research programs. The review shall assess whether—

(1) the programs have well-defined, prioritized, and appropriate research objectives;

(2) the programs are properly coordinated with the energy- and environment-related research programs at NASA, NOAA, and other relevant agencies;

(3) the programs have allocated appropriate resources to each of the research objectives; and

(4) there exist suitable mechanisms for transitioning the research results into FAA’s operational technologies and procedures and certification activities.
(b) REPORT.—A report containing the results of such review shall be provided to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1014. REVIEW OF FAA’S AVIATION SAFETY-RELATED RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

(a) REVIEW.—Using amounts made available under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Administrator shall conduct a review of the FAA’s aviation safety-related research programs. The review shall assess whether—

(1) the programs have well-defined, prioritized, and appropriate research objectives;

(2) the programs are properly coordinated with the safety research programs of NASA and other relevant Federal agencies;

(3) the programs have allocated appropriate resources to each of the research objectives;

(4) the programs should include a determination about whether a survey of participants across the air transportation system is an appropriate way to study safety risks within such system; and
there exist suitable mechanisms for transitioning the research results from the programs into the FAA's operational technologies and procedures and certification activities in a timely manner.

(b) Aviation Safety-Related Research Programs To Be Assessed.—The FAA aviation safety-related research programs to be assessed under the review shall include, at a minimum, the following:

1. Air traffic control/technical operations human factors.
2. Runway incursion reduction.
3. Flightdeck/maintenance system integration human factors.
4. Airports technology research—safety.
5. Airport Cooperative Research Program—safety.
6. Weather Program.
8. Fire research and safety.
9. Propulsion and fuel systems.
10. Advanced materials/structural safety.
11. Aging aircraft.
12. Aircraft catastrophic failure prevention research.
13. Aeromedical research.
(14) Aviation safety risk analysis.

(15) Unmanned aircraft systems research.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 14 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the results of such review.

TITLE XI—AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND FINANCING

SEC. 1101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Airport and Airway Trust Fund Financing Reauthorization Act of 2011”.

SEC. 1102. EXTENSION OF AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 9502(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—

(1) by striking “April 1, 2011” and inserting “October 1, 2014”; and

(2) by inserting “or the FAA Reauthorization and Reform Act of 2011” before the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (A).

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (2) of section 9502(e) of such Code is amended by striking “April 1, 2011” and inserting “October 1, 2014”.

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SEC. 1103. EXTENSION OF TAXES FUNDING AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND.

(a) Fuel Taxes.—Subparagraph (B) of section 4081(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “March 31, 2011” and inserting “September 30, 2014”.

(b) Ticket Taxes.—

(1) Persons.—Clause (ii) of section 4261(j)(1)(A) of such Code is amended by striking “March 31, 2011” and inserting “September 30, 2014”.

(2) Property.—Clause (ii) of section 4271(d)(1)(A) of such Code is amended by striking “March 31, 2011” and inserting “September 30, 2014”.

TITLE XII—COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTORY PAY-AS-YOU-GO ACT OF 2010

SEC. 1201. COMPLIANCE PROVISION.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled “Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation” for this Act, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the House Budget Committee, pro-
vided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage.

TITLE XIII—COMMERCIAL SPACE

SEC. 1301. COMMERCIAL SPACE LAUNCH LICENSE REQUIREMENTS.

Section 50905(e)(3) of title 51, United States Code, is amended by striking “the date of enactment of the Commercial Space Launch Amendments Act of 2004” and inserting “the first licensed launch of a space flight participant”.

Passed the House of Representatives April 1, 2011.

Attest:

Clerk.
AN ACT

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