To prohibit the National Labor Relations Board from ordering any employer to close, relocate, or transfer employment under any circumstance.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 19, 2011

Mr. Scott of South Carolina (for himself, Mr. Kline, Mr. Roe of Tennessee, Mr. Wilson of South Carolina, and Mr. Gowdy) introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

JULY 25, 2011

Additional sponsors: Mr. Mulvaney, Mr. Issa, Mr. Rokita, Mrs. Roby, Mr. Bucshon, Mr. Duncan of South Carolina, Mr. Ross of Florida, Mr. Walberg, Mr. Landry, Mr. Westmoreland, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Hurt, Mr. Harper, and Mrs. Black.

JULY 25, 2011

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed.

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]
A BILL

To prohibit the National Labor Relations Board from ordering any employer to close, relocate, or transfer employment under any circumstance.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Protecting Jobs From
Government Interference Act”.

SEC. 2. AUTHORITY OF THE NLRB.

Section 10(c) of the National Labor Relations Act
(29 U.S.C. 160) is amended by inserting before the period
at the end the following: “Provided further, That the
Board shall have no power to order an employer (or seek
an order against an employer) to restore or reinstate any
work, product, production line, or equipment, to rescind
any relocation, transfer, subcontracting, outsourcing, or
other change regarding the location, entity, or persons who
shall be engaged in production or other business oper-
ations; or to require any employer to make an initial or
additional investment at a particular plant, facility, or lo-
cation.”.

SEC. 3. RETROACTIVITY.

The Act shall apply to any complaint for which a final
adjudication by the Board has not been made by the date
of enactment.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

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Government Interference Act”.
SEC. 2. AUTHORITY OF THE NLRB.

Section 10(c) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 160) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: “: Provided further, That the Board shall have no power to order an employer (or seek an order against an employer) to restore or reinstate any work, product, production line, or equipment, to rescind any relocation, transfer, subcontracting, outsourcing, or other change regarding the location, entity, or employer who shall be engaged in production or other business operations, or to require any employer to make an initial or additional investment at a particular plant, facility, or location”.

SEC. 3. RETROACTIVITY.

The amendment made by section 2 shall apply to any complaint for which a final adjudication by the National Labor Relations Board has not been made by the date of enactment of this Act.
A BILL

[Report No. 112-179]

H. R. 2587

112TH CONGRESS

H. R. 2587

To prohibit the National Labor Relations Board from ordering any employer to close, relocate, or transfer employment under any circumstance.