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111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 1816

[Report No. 111-333]

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to improve and reauthorize the Chesapeake Bay Program.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 20, 2009

Mr. CARDIN (for himself, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. CARPER, and Mr. KAUFMAN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

SEPTEMBER 28, 2010

Reported by Mrs. BOXER, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to improve and reauthorize the Chesapeake Bay Program.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Chesapeake Clean
- 5 Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009".

SEC 2 FINDINGS

1	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) the Chesapeake Bay and the tributary wa
4	ters of the Chesapeake Bay are natural resources o
5	outstanding ecological, economic, and cultural im
6	portance to the United States;
7	(2) for more than 20 years, the Federal Gov
8	ernment and the States of the Chesapeake Bay Wa
9	tershed, the Chesapeake Bay Commission, and var
10	ious local government, scientific, and citizen advisor
11	boards have worked through the Chesapeake Bay
12	Program of the Environmental Protection Agency to
13	develop an unparalleled body of scientific informa
14	tion and cooperative partnerships to advance the
15	Chesapeake Bay restoration effort;
16	(3) despite significant efforts by Federal, State
17	and local governments and other interested parties
18	water pollution in the Chesapeake Bay prevents the
19	attainment of existing State water quality standards
20	and the ecological goals of the Federal Water Pollu
21	tion Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
22	(4) the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership
23	has developed a rich body of environmental data
24	based on an extensive network of monitors, which

provide a critical measure of success in attainment

of the goals of the restoration effort;

25

26

1	(5) the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership
2	has also developed some of the world's foremost
3	water quality and ecosystem computer models, which
4	are invaluable planning tools for resource managers;
5	(6) the major pollutants affecting the water
6	quality of the Chesapeake Bay and related tidal wa-
7	ters are nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment;
8	(7) the largest developed land use in the Chesa-
9	peake Bay watershed, and the largest single-sector
10	source of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment pollu-
11	tion, is agriculture;
12	(8) conservation practices have resulted in sig-
13	nificant reductions in pollution loads from the agri-
14	cultural sector;
15	(9) to speed continued progress in the agricul-
16	tural sector, the Federal Government and State gov-
17	ernments have initiated a number of agricultural
18	conservation programs, including the Chesapeake
19	Bay watershed initiative under section 1240Q of the
20	Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb-4);
21	(10) atmospheric deposition of nitrogen oxides
22	and ammonia on the Chesapeake Bay watershed

contributes as much as ½ of the nitrogen pollution

in the Chesapeake Bay;

23

24

1	(11) for years, a steady stream of technology
2	development and increasingly stringent permit re-
3	quirements have resulted in a steady decline in the
4	nitrogen and phosphorus pollution derived from
5	wastewater treatment plants in the Chesapeake Bay
6	watershed;
7	(12) suburban and urban development is the
8	fastest growing land use sector in the Chesapeake
9	Bay watershed, and stormwater runoff from that
10	sector is the only major source of pollution in the
11	watershed that is increasing;
12	(13) during the period beginning in 1990 and
13	ending in 2000, impervious cover, the hardened sur-
14	faces through which water cannot penetrate, in-
15	ereased by nearly 250,000 acres, about 41 percent,
16	or the size of 5 Districts of Columbia;
17	(14) during that period, the watershed popu-
18	lation of the Chesapeake Bay grew by just 8 per-
19	cent;
20	(15) the population of the watershed is esti-
21	mated to be growing by about 157,000 people per
22	year;
23	(16) continuing at that rate, the population will

increase to nearly 20,000,000 by 2030;

24

(17) about 58 percent of the watershed of the Chesapeake Bay is undeveloped and mostly forested, but as many as 100 acres of forest are lost to development each day;

(18) States, local governments, developers, and nonprofit organizations have developed numerous low-impact development techniques since the late 1990s, which use natural area protection, infiltration, and pervious surfaces to reduce stormwater runoff and associated sediment and nutrient pollution;

(19) many of those techniques are less expensive than traditional pollution stormwater control management techniques;

(20) the decline of key aquatic habitats and species has resulted in a loss of the important water quality benefits that the habitats and species traditionally provided;

(21) native oysters, the numbers of which have declined precipitously in the Chesapeake Bay in significant part because of diseases brought into the watershed by nonnative oysters, are natural filters that once effectively filtered a volume of water equivalent to that of the entire Chesapeake Bay in a matter of days;

1	(22) although less well-understood, menhaden,
2	a species of fish found in the Chesapeake Bay, also
3	provide important filtering capacity as well as a
4	number of other key ecosystem functions;
5	(23) wetlands are a vital part of any major eco-
6	system;
7	(24) studies have demonstrated that nontidal
8	wetland near the Chesapeake Bay removed as much
9	as 89 percent of the nitrogen and 80 percent of the
10	phosphorus that entered the wetland through upland
11	runoff, groundwater, and precipitation;
12	(25) riparian forests remove as much as 90 per-
13	cent of nitrogen and phosphorus that would other-
14	wise enter the water;
15	(26) the loss of forests and wetlands in the
16	Chesapeake Bay has resulted in diminished water
17	quality, among other effects;
18	(27) in certain locations in the Chesapeake
19	Bay, nutria, a nonnative species, has caused exten-
20	sive destruction of key wetlands; and
21	(28) in spite of the achievements of the Chesa-
22	peake Bay Program partnership and increasing
23	knowledge about ecosystem functions, the restora-
24	tion of the Chesapeake Bay will require significantly

1	stronger tools to manage pollution levels and other
2	impediments to water quality.
3	SEC. 3. CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM.
4	Section 117 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
5	Act (33 U.S.C. 1267) is amended to read as follows:
6	"SEC. 117. CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM.
7	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
8	"(1) ADMINISTRATIVE COST.—The term 'ad-
9	ministrative cost' means the cost of salaries and
10	fringe benefits incurred in administering a grant
11	under this section.
12	"(2) ASIAN OYSTER.—The term 'Asian oyster'
13	means the species Crassostrea ariakensis.
14	"(3) Baseline.—The term 'baseline' means
15	the basic standard or level used for measuring (as
16	applicable)—
17	"(A) the nutrient control requirements
18	eredit sellers must achieve before becoming eli-
19	gible to generate saleable nutrient credits; or
20	"(B) the nutrient load reductions required
21	of individual sources to meet water quality
22	standards or goals under a TMDL or watershed
23	implementation plan.
24	"(4) Basin commissions.—The term basin
25	commissions' means—

1	"(A) the Interstate Commission on the Po-
2	tomae River Basin established under the inter-
3	state compact consented to and approved by
4	Congress under the Joint Resolution of July
5	11, 1940 (54 Stat. 748, chapter 579) and Pub-
6	lie Law 91–407 (84 Stat. 856); and
7	"(B) the Susquehanna River Basin Com-
8	mission established under the interstate com-
9	pact consented to and approved by Congress
10	under Public Law 91–575 (84 Stat. 1509) and
11	Public Law 99–468 (100 Stat. 1193).
12	"(5) CHESAPEAKE BAY AGREEMENT.—The
13	term 'Chesapeake Bay Agreement' means the for-
14	mal, voluntary agreements executed to achieve the
15	goal of restoring and protecting the Chesapeake Bay
16	ecosystem and the living resources of the Chesa-
17	peake Bay ecosystem and signed by the Chesapeake
18	Executive Council.
19	"(6) CHESAPEAKE BAY ECOSYSTEM.—The term
20	'Chesapeake Bay ecosystem' means the ecosystem of
21	the Chesapeake Bay watershed.
22	"(7) CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM.—The term
23	'Chesapeake Bay Program' means the program di-
24	rected by the Chesapeake Executive Council in ac-
25	cordance with the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.

1	"(8) CHESAPEAKE BAY STATE.—The term
2	'Chesapeake Bay State' means any of—
3	"(A) the States of Delaware, Maryland,
4	New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West
5	Virginia; or
6	"(B) the District of Columbia.
7	"(9) Chesapeake bay watershed.—The
8	term 'Chesapeake Bay watershed' means the Chesa-
9	peake Bay and the area consisting of 19 tributary
10	basins within the Chesapeake Bay States through
11	which precipitation drains into the Chesapeake Bay.
12	"(10) Chesapeake executive council.—The
13	term 'Chesapeake Executive Council' means the sig-
14	natories to the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
15	"(11) CLEANING AGENT.—The term 'cleaning
16	agent' means a laundry detergent, dishwashing com-
17	pound, household cleaner, metal cleaner, degreasing
18	compound, commercial cleaner, industrial cleaner,
19	phosphate compound, or other substance that is in-
20	tended to be used for cleaning purposes.
21	"(12) DIRECTOR.—The term 'director' means
22	the Director of the Chesapeake Bay Program Office
23	of the Environmental Protection Agency.
24	"(13) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'local
25	government' means any county, city, or other gen-

1	eral purpose political subdivision of a State with ju-
2	risdiction over land use.
3	"(14) MENHADEN.—The term 'menhaden'
4	means members of stocks or populations of the spe-
5	cies Brevoortia tyrannus.
6	"(15) Nutria.—The term 'nutria' means the
7	species Myocaster coypus.
8	"(16) Point-of-regulation.—The term
9	'point-of-regulation' means any entity that—
10	"(A) is subject to a limitation on pollution
11	or other regulation under this Act; and
12	"(B) has sufficient technical capacity and
13	legal authority to meet the obligations of the
14	entity under this Act.
15	"(17) Signatory Jurisdiction.—The term
16	'signatory jurisdiction' means a jurisdiction of a sig-
17	natory to the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
18	"(18) TMDL.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'TMDL'
20	means the total maximum daily load that the
21	Administrator establishes or approves for nitro-
22	gen, phosphorus, and sediment loading to the
23	waters in the Chesapeake Bay mainstem and
24	tidal tributaries identified on the list of a
25	Chesapeake Bay State under section 303(d).

1	"(B) Inclusions.—The term "TMDL"
2	may include nitrogen, phosphorus, and sedi-
3	ment allocations in temporal units of greater
4	than daily duration if applicable allocations—
5	"(i) are demonstrated to achieve
6	water quality standards; and
7	"(ii) do not lead to exceedances of
8	other applicable water quality standards
9	for local receiving waters.
10	"(19) Tributary Basin.—The term 'tributary
11	basin' means an area of land or body of water
12	that —
13	"(A) drains into any of the 19 Chesapeake
14	Bay tributaries or tributary segments; and
15	"(B) is managed through watershed imple-
16	mentation plans under this Act.
17	"(b) Continuation of Chesapeake Bay Pro-
18	GRAM.
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In cooperation with the
20	Chesapeake Executive Council (and as a member of
21	the Council), the Administrator shall continue the
22	Chesapeake Bay Program.
23	"(2) Program office.—

1	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	shall maintain in the Environmental Protection
3	Agency a Chesapeake Bay Program Office.
4	"(B) Function.—The Chesapeake Bay
5	Program Office shall provide support to the
6	Chesapeake Executive Council by—
7	"(i) implementing and coordinating
8	science, research, modeling, support serv-
9	ices, monitoring, data collection, and other
10	activities that support the Chesapeake Bay
11	Program;
12	"(ii) developing and making available,
13	through publications, technical assistance,
14	and other appropriate means, information
15	pertaining to the environmental quality
16	and living resources of the Chesapeake
17	Bay ecosystem;
18	"(iii) in cooperation with appropriate
19	Federal, State, and local authorities, as-
20	sisting the signatories to the Chesapeake
21	Bay Agreement in developing and imple-
22	menting specific action plans to carry out
23	the responsibilities of the signatories to the
24	Chesapeake Bay Agreement:

1	"(iv) coordinating the actions of the
2	Environmental Protection Agency with the
3	actions of the appropriate officials of other
4	Federal agencies and State and local au-
5	thorities in developing strategies to—
6	"(I) improve the water quality
7	and living resources in the Chesa-
8	peake Bay ecosystem; and
9	"(II) obtain the support of the
10	appropriate officials of the agencies
11	and authorities in achieving the objec-
12	tives of the Chesapeake Bay Agree-
13	ment; and
14	"(v) implementing outreach programs
15	for public information, education, and par-
16	ticipation to foster stewardship of the re-
17	sources of the Chesapeake Bay.
18	"(e) Interagency Agreements.—The Adminis-
19	trator may enter into an interagency agreement with a
20	Federal agency to carry out this section.
21	"(d) Technical Assistance and Assistance
22	Grants.—
23	"(1) In GENERAL.—In cooperation with the
24	Chesapeake Executive Council, the Administrator
25	may provide technical assistance, and assistance

grants, to nonprofit organizations, State and local governments, colleges, universities, and interstate agencies to earry out this section, subject to such terms and conditions as the Administrator considers appropriate.

"(2) FEDERAL SHARE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Federal share of an assistance grant provided under paragraph (1) shall be determined by the Administrator in accordance with guidance issued by the Administrator.

"(B) CHESAPEAKE BAY STEWARDSHIP
GRANTS PROGRAM.—The Federal share of an
assistance grant provided under paragraph (1)
to carry out an implementing activity under
subsection (h)(2) shall not exceed 75 percent of
eligible project costs, as determined by the Administrator.

"(3) Non-federal share.—An assistance grant under paragraph (1) shall be provided on the condition that non-Federal sources provide the remainder of eligible project costs, as determined by the Administrator.

1	"(4) Administrative costs.—Administrative
2	costs shall not exceed 10 percent of the annual grant
3	award.
4	"(e) Implementation and Monitoring
5	Grants.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—On the request of the chief
7	executive of the Chesapeake Bay State, the Adminis-
8	trator—
9	"(A) shall make an implementation grant
10	to the Chesapeake Bay State, or a designee of
11	a Chesapeake Bay State (such as a soil con-
12	servation district, nonprofit organization, local
13	government, college, university, interstate basin
14	commission, or interstate agency), for the pur-
15	pose of implementing the TMDL plans of the
16	Chesapeake Bay State and achieving the goals
17	established under the Chesapeake Bay Agree-
18	ment, subject to such terms and conditions as
19	the Administrator considers to be appropriate;
20	and
21	"(B) may make a monitoring grant to—
22	"(i) a Chesapeake Bay State, or a
23	designee of a Chesapeake Bay State (such
24	as a soil conservation district, nonprofit or-
25	ganization, local government, college, uni-

1	versity, interstate basin commission, or
2	interstate agency), for the purpose of mon-
3	itoring the ecosystem of freshwater tribu-
4	taries to the Chesapeake Bay; or
5	"(ii) the States of Delaware, Mary-
6	land, or Virginia, the District of Columbia,
7	or a designee (such as a nonprofit organi-
8	zation, local government, college, univer-
9	sity, or interstate agency) for the purpose
10	of monitoring the Chesapeake Bay, includ-
11	ing the tidal waters of the Chesapeake
12	Bay.
13	"(2) Administration.—In making implemen-
14	tation grants to each of the Chesapeake Bay States
15	for a fiscal year under this subsection, the Adminis-
16	trator shall ensure that not less than—
17	"(A) 10 percent of the funds available to
18	make such grants are made to the States of
19	Delaware, New York, and West Virginia; and
20	"(B) 20 percent of the funds available to
21	make such grants are made to States for the
22	sole purpose of providing technical assistance to
23	agricultural producers and foresters to access
24	conservation programs and other resources de-
25	voted to improvements in water quality in the

1	Chesapeake Bay and the tributaries of the
2	Chesapeake Bay.
3	"(3) Proposals.—
4	"(A) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—
5	"(i) In General.—A Chesapeake
6	Bay State described in paragraph (1) may
7	apply for a grant under this subsection for
8	a fiscal year by submitting to the Adminis-
9	trator a comprehensive proposal to imple-
10	ment programs and achieve the goals es-
11	tablished under the Chesapeake Bay
12	Agreement.
13	"(ii) Implementation grant con-
14	TENTS.—A proposal under clause (i) shall
15	include
16	"(I) a description of proposed ac-
17	tions that the Chesapeake Bay State
18	commits to take within a specified
19	time period that are designed—
20	"(aa) to achieve and main-
21	tain all applicable water quality
22	standards, including standards
23	necessary to support the aquatic
24	living resources of the Chesa-

1	peake Bay and related tributaries
2	and to protect human health;
3	"(bb) to restore, enhance,
4	and protect the finfish, shellfish,
5	waterfowl, and other living re-
6	sources, habitats of those species
7	and resources, and ecological re-
8	lationships to sustain all fisheries
9	and provide for a balanced eco-
10	system;
11	"(ee) to preserve, protect,
12	and restore those habitats and
13	natural areas that are vital to the
14	survival and diversity of the liv-
15	ing resources of the Chesapeake
16	Bay and associated rivers;
17	"(dd) to develop, promote,
18	and achieve sound land use prac-
19	tices that protect and restore wa-
20	tershed resources and water qual-
21	ity, reduce or maintain reduced
22	pollutant loadings for the Chesa-
23	peake Bay and related tribu-
24	taries, and restore and preserve
25	aquatic living resources;

1	"(ee) to promote individual
2	stewardship and assist individ-
3	uals, community-based organiza-
4	tions, businesses, local govern-
5	ments, and schools to undertake
6	initiatives to achieve the goals
7	and commitments of the Chesa-
8	peake Bay Agreement; or
9	"(ff) to provide technical as-
10	sistance to agricultural pro-
11	ducers, foresters, and other eligi-
12	ble entities, through technical in-
13	frastructure, including activities,
14	processes, tools, and agency func-
15	tions needed to support delivery
16	of technical services, such as
17	technical standards, resource in-
18	ventories, training, data, tech-
19	nology, monitoring, and effects
20	analyses;
21	"(II) a commitment to dedicate
22	not less than 20 percent of the grant
23	of the Chesapeake Bay under this
24	subsection to support technical assist-
25	ance for agricultural and forestry land

1	or nutrient management practices
2	that protect and restore watershed re-
3	sources and water quality, reduce or
4	maintain reduced pollutant loadings
5	for the Chesapeake Bay and related
6	tributaries, and restore and preserve
7	aquatic living resources; and
8	"(III) the estimated cost of the
9	actions proposed to be taken during
10	the fiscal year.
11	"(B) Monitoring grants.—
12	"(i) In GENERAL.—A Chesapeake
13	Bay State described in paragraph (1) may
14	apply for a grant under this subsection for
15	a fiscal year by submitting to the Adminis-
16	trator a comprehensive proposal to monitor
17	freshwater or estuarine ecosystems, includ-
18	ing water quality.
19	"(ii) Monitoring grant con-
20	TENTS.—A proposal under this subpara-
21	graph shall include—
22	"(I) a description of the proposed
23	monitoring system;
24	"(II) certification by the Chesa-
25	peake Bay Program Director that

1	such a monitoring system includes
2	such parameters as the Chesapeake
3	Bay Program Director determines to
4	be necessary to assess progress to-
5	ward achieving the goals of the Chesa-
6	peake Clean Water and Ecosystem
7	Restoration Act of 2009; and
8	"(III) the estimated cost of the
9	monitoring proposed to be conducted
10	during the fiscal year.
11	"(iii) CONCURRENCES.—The Adminis-
12	trator shall—
13	"(I) obtain the concurrence of
14	the Director of the United States Geo-
15	logical Survey regarding the design
16	and implementation of the freshwater
17	monitoring systems established under
18	this subsection; and
19	"(II) obtain the concurrence of
20	the Director of the Chesapeake Bay
21	Office of the National Oceanic and
22	Atmospheric Administration regarding
23	the design and implementation of the
24	estuarine monitoring systems estab-
25	lished under this subsection.

1	"(iv) Consultation.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall—
3	"(I) consult with the Interstate
4	Commission on the Potomac River
5	Basin, the Susquehanna River Basin
6	Commission, and the Chesapeake Bay
7	States regarding the design and im-
8	plementation of the freshwater moni-
9	toring systems established under this
10	subsection, giving particular attention
11	to the measurement of the water qual-
12	ity effectiveness of agricultural con-
13	servation program implementation (in-
14	cluding geospatial agricultural con-
15	servation program data), including the
16	Chesapeake Bay Watershed Initiative
17	under section 1240Q of the Food Se-
18	curity Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
19	3839bb-4);
20	"(H) consult with Old Dominion
21	University, the Virginia Institute of
22	Marine Science, the University of
23	Maryland Center for Environmental
24	Science, and the Chesapeake Bay
25	States regarding the estuarine moni-

1	toring systems established under this
2	subsection;
3	"(III) consult with the Chesa-
4	peake Bay Program Scientific and
5	Technical Advisory Committee regard-
6	ing independent review of monitoring
7	designs giving particular attention to
8	integrated freshwater and estuarine
9	monitoring strategies; and
10	"(IV) consult with Federal de-
11	partments and agencies regarding co-
12	operation in implementing monitoring
13	programs.
14	"(f) Federal Facilities Coordination.—
15	"(1) Subwatershed Planning and Restora-
16	TION.—A Federal agency that owns or operates a
17	facility (as defined by the Administrator) within the
18	Chesapeake Bay watershed shall participate in re-
19	gional and subwatershed planning and restoration
20	programs.
21	"(2) Compliance with agreements and
22	PLANS.—The head of each Federal agency that owns
23	or occupies real property in the Chesapeake Bay wa-
24	tershed shall ensure that the property, and actions

1	taken by the agency with respect to the property,
2	comply with—
3	"(A) the Chesapeake Bay Agreement;
4	"(B) the Federal Agencies Chesapeake
5	Ecosystem Unified Plan;
6	"(C) the Chesapeake Bay action plan de-
7	veloped in accordance with subparagraph
8	(g)(1)(A); and
9	"(D) any subsequent agreements and
10	plans.
11	"(g) Federal Annual Action Plan and
12	PROGRESS REPORT.—The Administrator, in accordance
13	with Executive Order 13508 entitled 'Chesapeake Bay
14	Protection and Restoration' and signed on May 12, 2009
15	(74 Fed. Reg. 23099), shall—
16	"(1) make available to the public, not later than
17	March 31 of each year—
18	"(A) a Chesapeake Bay action plan de-
19	scribing, in the greatest practicable degree of
20	detail, how Federal funding proposed in the an-
21	nual budget of the United States submitted by
22	the President to Congress will be used to pro-
23	teet and restore the Chesapeake Bay during the
24	upcoming fiscal year; and
25	"(B) an annual progress report that—

1	"(i) assesses the key ecological at-
2	tributes that reflect the health of the
3	Chesapeake Bay ecosystem;
4	"(ii) reviews indicators of environ-
5	mental conditions in the Chesapeake Bay;
6	"(iii) distinguishes between the health
7	of the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem and the
8	results of management measures;
9	"(iv) assesses implementation of the
10	action plan during the preceding fiscal
11	year;
12	"(v) recommends steps to improve
13	progress in restoring and protecting the
14	Chesapeake Bay; and
15	"(vi) describes how Federal funding
16	and actions will be coordinated with the
17	actions of States, basin commissions, and
18	others;
19	"(2) create and maintain, with the concurrence
20	of the Secretary of Agriculture, a Chesapeake Bay-
21	wide database containing comprehensive data on im-
22	plementation of conservation management practices
23	in the Chesapeake Bay watershed that—
24	"(A) includes baseline conservation man-
25	agement practice implementation data as of the

1	effective date of the Chesapeake Clean Water
2	and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009;
3	"(B) includes data on subsequent con-
4	servation management practice implementation
5	projects funded by or reported to the Agency or
6	the Department;
7	"(C) presents the required data in statis-
8	tical or aggregate form without identifying
9	any
10	"(i) individual owner, operator, or
11	producer; or
12	"(ii) specific data gathering site; and
13	"(D) is made available to the public not
14	later than December 31, 2010.
15	"(h) Chesapeake Bay Program.—
16	"(1) Management Strategies.—The Admin-
17	istrator, in coordination with other members of the
18	Chesapeake Executive Council, shall ensure that
19	management plans are developed and implemented
20	by Chesapeake Bay States to achieve and main-
21	tain
22	"(A) the nutrient goals of the Chesapeake
23	Bay Agreement for the quantity of nitrogen and
24	phosphorus entering the Chesapeake Bay and
25	the watershed of the Chesapeake Bay;

1	"(B) the water quality requirements nec-
2	essary to restore living resources in the Chesa-
3	peake Bay ecosystem;
4	"(C) the Chesapeake Bay Basinwide Tox-
5	ins Reduction and Prevention Strategy goal of
6	reducing or eliminating the input of chemical
7	contaminants from all controllable sources to
8	levels that result in no toxic or bioaccumulative
9	impact on the living resources of the Chesa-
10	peake Bay ecosystem or on human health;
11	"(D) habitat restoration, protection, ere-
12	ation, and enhancement goals established by
13	Chesapeake Bay Agreement signatories for wet-
14	land, riparian forests, and other types of habi-
15	tat associated with the Chesapeake Bay eco-
16	system; and
17	"(E) the restoration, protection, ereation,
18	and enhancement goals established by the
19	Chesapeake Bay Agreement signatories for liv-
20	ing resources associated with the Chesapeake
21	Bay ecosystem.
22	"(2) Chesapeake bay stewardship grants
23	PROGRAM.—The Administrator, in cooperation with
24	the Chesapeake Executive Council, shall—

1	"(A) establish a Chesapeake Bay Steward-
2	ship Grants Program; and
3	"(B) in earrying out that program—
4	"(i) offer technical assistance and as-
5	sistance grants under subsection (d) to
6	local governments, soil conservation dis-
7	tricts, academic institutions, and nonprofit
8	organizations in the Chesapeake Bay re-
9	gion to implement—
10	"(I) cooperative watershed strate-
11	gies that address the water quality,
12	habitat, and living resource needs in
13	the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem;
14	"(H) locally based protection and
15	restoration programs or projects with-
16	in a watershed that complement the
17	State watershed implementation
18	plans, including the creation, restora-
19	tion, or enhancement of habitat asso-
20	ciated with the Chesapeake Bay eco-
21	system; and
22	"(III) innovative nitrogen, phos-
23	phorus, or sediment reduction efforts;
24	and

1	"(ii) give preference to cooperative
2	projects that involve local governments.
3	"(i) TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD.—
4	<u>"(1) TMDL.—</u>
5	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than
6	December 31, 2010, the Administrator shall es-
7	tablish a Chesapeake Bay-wide TMDL.
8	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator
9	shall not establish or approve a TMDL de-
10	scribed in subparagraph (A) unless the TMDL
11	includes
12	"(i) wasteload allocations for nitrogen,
13	phosphorus, and sediment necessary to im-
14	plement the applicable water quality stand-
15	ards in the Chesapeake Bay watershed and
16	achieve those standards in the Chesapeake
17	Bay and the tidal tributaries of the Chesa-
18	peake Bay;
19	"(ii) enforceable or otherwise binding
20	load allocations for all nonpoint sources,
21	including atmospheric deposition, agricul-
22	tural runoff, and stormwater sources for
23	which a permit under section 402 is not
24	required;

1	"(iii) a margin of safety so as to en-
2	sure that the TMDL does not exceed any
3	applicable water quality standard; and
4	"(iv) a requirement for no net in-
5	erease of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sedi-
6	ment loads above the pollution limitations
7	necessary to meet water quality standards
8	for the Chesapeake Bay, including no net
9	projected increased pollutant loads from—
10	"(I) new or increased impervious
11	surfaces;
12	"(H) concentrated animal feeding
13	operations;
14	"(III) transportation systems;
15	and
16	"(IV) septic systems.
17	"(2) Permits.—
18	"(A) In General.—Effective beginning on
19	January 1, 2011, a new or reissued permit
20	issued by the Administrator under section
21	402(a) or a State authorized to administer a
22	permit program under section 402(b) shall in-
23	clude limits consistent with all applicable
24	wasteload allocations in the Chesapeake Bay
25	TMDL.

1	"(B) PERMITS.—
2	"(i) In General.—Effective begin-
3	ning on January 1, 2011, each Chesapeake
4	Bay State shall submit to the Adminis-
5	trator copies of any permit for discharges
6	of nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediment inte
7	the Chesapeake Bay watershed that is al-
8	lowed to continue beyond 5 years pursuant
9	to a State law analogous to section 558(e)
10	of title 5, United States Code, not later
11	than 60 days after the expiration date of
12	the permit.
13	"(ii) Review.—The Administrator
14	shall have the opportunity to review and
15	object to the continuance of the permit in
16	accordance with the process described in
17	section 402(d) for permits proposed to be
18	issued by a State.
19	"(j) ACTIONS BY STATES.—
20	"(1) Watershed implementation plans.—
21	"(A) PLANS.—
22	"(i) In General.—Not later than
23	May 12, 2011, each Chesapeake Bay State
24	shall, after providing for reasonable notice
25	and 1 or more public hearings, adopt and

1	submit to the Administrator for approval a
2	watershed implementation plan for the por-
3	tion of each of the 92 tidal water segments
4	that is subject to the jurisdiction of the
5	Chesapeake Bay State that together com-
6	prise the Chesapeake Bay.
7	"(ii) TARGETS.—The watershed im-
8	plementation plan shall establish reduction
9	targets, key actions, and schedules for re-
10	ducing, to levels that will attain water
11	quality standards, the loads, of nitrogen,
12	phosphorus, and sediment, including pollu-
13	tion from—
14	"(I) agricultural runoff;
15	"(II) point sources, including
16	point source stormwater discharges;
17	"(III) nonpoint source
18	stormwater runoff; and
19	"(IV) septic systems and other
20	onsite sewage disposal systems.
21	"(iii) Pollution Limitations.—
22	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The tribu-
23	tary pollution limitations shall be the
24	nitrogen, phosphorous, and sediment
25	can loads identified in the tributary

1	cap load agreement numbered EPA
2	903-R-03-007, date December 2003,
3	and entitled 'Setting and Allocating
4	the Chesapeake Bay Basin Nutrient
5	and Sediment Loads: The Collabo-
6	rative Process, Technical Tools and
7	Innovative Approaches,' or a Chesa-
8	peake Bay TMDL established by the
9	Administrator.
10	"(II) STRINGENCY.—A water-
11	shed implementation plan shall be de-
12	signed to attain, at a minimum, the
13	pollution limitations described in sub-
14	elause (I).
15	"(iv) Plan requirements.—Each
16	watershed implementation plan shall—
17	"(I) include State-adopted man-
18	agement measures, including rules or
19	regulations, permits, consent decrees,
20	and other enforceable or otherwise
21	binding measures, to require and
22	achieve reductions from pollution
23	sources;
24	"(II) include programs to achieve
25	voluntary reductions from pollution

1	sources, including funding commit-
2	ments necessary to implement those
3	programs;
4	"(III) include any additional re-
5	quirements or actions that the Chesa-
6	peake Bay State determines to be nee-
7	essary to attain the pollution limita-
8	tions by the deadline established in
9	this paragraph;
10	"(IV) provide for enforcement
11	mechanisms, including a penalty
12	structure for failures, such as fees or
13	forfeiture of State funds, including
14	Federal funds distributed or otherwise
15	awarded by the State to the extent
16	the State is authorized to exercise
17	independent discretion in amounts of
18	such distributions or awards, for use
19	in case a permittee, local jurisdictions,
20	or any other party fails to adhere to
21	assigned pollutant limitations, imple-
22	mentation schedules, or permit terms;
23	"(V) include a schedule for im-
24	plementation divided into 2-year peri-
25	ods, along with computer modeling to

1	demonstrate the projected reductions
2	in nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment
3	loads associated with each 2-year pe-
4	riod;
5	"(VI) include the stipulation of
6	alternate actions as contingencies;
7	"(VII) account for how the
8	Chesapeake Bay State will address
9	additional loadings from growth
10	through offsets or other actions; and
11	"(VIII) provide assurances
12	that
13	"(aa) if compared to an esti-
14	mated 2008 baseline based on
15	modeled loads, the initial plan
16	shall be designed to achieve, not
17	later than May 31, 2017, at least
18	60 percent of the nutrient and
19	sediment limitations described in
20	elause (iii)(I);
21	"(bb) the management
22	measures required to achieve a
23	50-percent reduction of nutrient
24	and sediment limitations shall be

1	in effect upon submission of the
2	plan;
3	"(ee) the Chesapeake Bay
4	State will have adequate per-
5	sonnel, funding, and authority
6	under State (and, as appropriate,
7	local) law to earry out the imple-
8	mentation plan, and is not pro-
9	hibited by any provision of Fed-
10	eral or State law from carrying
11	out the implementation plan; and
12	"(dd) in a case in which a
13	Chesapeake Bay State has relied
14	on a local government for the im-
15	plementation of any plan provi-
16	sion, the Chesapeake Bay State
17	has the responsibility for ensur-
18	ing adequate implementation of
19	the provision.
20	"(B) IMPLEMENTATION.—
21	"(i) In General.—In implementing a
22	watershed implementation plan, each
23	Chesapeake Bay State shall follow a strat-
24	egy developed by the Administrator for the
25	implementation of adaptive management

1	principles to ensure full implementation of
2	all plan elements by not later than May
3	12, 2025, including—
4	"(I) biennial evaluations of State
5	actions;
6	"(II) progress made toward im-
7	plementation;
8	"(III) determinations of nec-
9	essary modifications to future actions
10	in order to achieve objectives; and
11	"(IV) appropriate provisions to
12	adapt to climate changes.
13	"(ii) DEADLINE.—Not later than May
14	12, 2025, each Chesapeake Bay State
15	shall—
16	"(I) fully implement the water-
17	shed implementation plan of the
18	State; and
19	"(H) have in place all the mecha-
20	nisms outlined in the plan that are
21	necessary to attain the applicable pol-
22	lutant limitations for nitrogen, phos-
23	phorus, and sediments.
24	"(C) Progress reports.—Not later than
25	May 12, 2014, and biennially thereafter, each

1	Chesapeake Bay State shall submit to the Ad-
2	ministrator a progress report that, with respect
3	to the 2-year period covered by the report—
4	"(i) includes a listing of all manage-
5	ment measures that were to be imple-
6	mented in accordance with the approved
7	watershed implementation plan of the
8	Chesapeake Bay State, including a descrip-
9	tion of the extent to which those measures
10	have been fully implemented;
11	"(ii) includes a listing of all the man-
12	agement measures described in clause (i)
13	that the Chesapeake Bay State has failed
14	to fully implement in accordance with the
15	approved watershed implementation plan
16	of the Chesapeake Bay State;
17	"(iii) includes monitored and collected
18	water quality data;
19	"(iv) includes Chesapeake Bay Pro-
20	gram computer modeling data that detail
21	the nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment
22	load reductions projected to be achieved as
23	a result of the implementation of the man-
24	agement measures and mechanisms carried
25	out by the Chesapeake Bay State;

1	"(v) includes, for the subsequent 2-
2	year period, implementation goals and
3	Chesapeake Bay Program computer mod-
4	eling data detailing the projected pollution
5	reductions to be achieved if the Chesa-
6	peake Bay State fully implements the sub-
7	sequent round of management measures;
8	"(vi) identifies compliance informa-
9	tion, including violations, actions taken by
10	the Chesapeake Bay State to address the
11	violations, and dates, if any, on which com-
12	pliance was achieved; and
13	"(vii) specifies any revisions to the
14	watershed implementation plan submitted
15	under this paragraph that the Chesapeake
16	Bay State determines are necessary to at-
17	tain the applicable pollutant limitations for
18	nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediments.
19	"(2) Issuance of Permits.—
20	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
21	other provision of this Act (including any exclu-
22	sion or exception contained in a definition
23	under section 502), for the purpose of achieving

the nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment reduc-

tions required under a watershed implementa-

24

tion plan, a Chesapeake Bay State may issue a permit in accordance with section 402 for any pollution source the Chesapeake Bay State determines to be necessary.

"(B) Enforcement.—The Administrator shall enforce any permits issued in accordance with the watershed implementation plan in the same manner as other permits issued under section 402 are enforced.

"(3) STORMWATER PERMITS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Effective beginning

January 1, 2013, the Chesapeake Bay State

shall provide assurances to the Administrator

that—

"(i) the owner or operator of any development or redevelopment project possessing an impervious footprint that exceeds a threshold to be determined by the Administrator through rulemaking, will use site planning, design, construction, and maintenance strategies for the property to maintain or restore, to the maximum extent technically feasible, the predevelopment hydrology of the property

1	with regard to the temperature, rate, vol-
2	ume, and duration of flow; and
3	"(ii) as a further condition of permit-
4	ting such a development or redevelopment,
5	the owner or operator of any development
6	or redevelopment project possessing an im-
7	pervious footprint that exceeds a threshold
8	to be determined by the Administrator
9	through rulemaking will compensate for
10	any unavoidable impacts to the
11	predevelopment hydrology of the property
12	with regard to the temperature, rate, vol-
13	ume, and duration of flow, such that—
14	"(I) the compensation within the
15	jurisdictional boundaries of the local
16	government shall provide in-kind miti-
17	gation of function at a ratio to be de-
18	termined by the Administrator
19	through rulemaking; and
20	"(II) the compensation outside
21	the jurisdictional boundaries of the
22	local government shall provide in-kind
23	mitigation, at a ratio to be determined
24	by the Administrator through rule-

1	making, within the tributary water-
2	shed in which the project is located.
3	"(B) Administration.—Not later than
4	December 31, 2012, the Administrator shall
5	promulgate regulations that—
6	"(i) define the term 'predevelopment
7	hydrology' in subparagraph (A);
8	"(ii) establish the thresholds under
9	subparagraph (A); and
10	"(iii) establish the compensation ra-
11	tios under subparagraph $(A)(ii)$.
12	"(4) Phosphate ban.—
13	"(A) Phosphorus in cleaning
14	AGENTS.—Each Chesapeake Bay State shall
15	provide to the Administrator, not later than 3
16	years after the date of enactment of the Chesa-
17	peake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
18	Act of 2009, assurances that within the juris-
19	diction, except as provided in subparagraph
20	(B), a person may not use, sell, manufacture,
21	or distribute for use or sale any cleaning agent
22	that contains more than 0.0 percent phosphorus
23	by weight, expressed as elemental phosphorus,
24	except for a quantity not exceeding 0.5 percent

I	phosphorus that is incidental to the manufac-
2	ture of the cleaning agent.
3	"(B) Prohibited quantities of phos-
4	PHORUS.—Each Chesapeake Bay State shall
5	provide to the Administrator, not later than 3
6	years after the date of enactment of the Chesa-
7	peake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
8	Act of 2009, assurances that, within the juris-
9	diction, a person may use, sell, manufacture, or
10	distribute for use or sale a cleaning agent that
11	contains greater than 0.0 percent phosphorus
12	by weight, but does not exceed 8.7 percent
13	phosphorus by weight, if the cleaning agent is
14	a substance that the Administrator, by regula-
15	tion, excludes from the limitation under sub-
16	paragraph (A), based on a finding that compli-
17	ance with that subparagraph would—
18	"(i) create a significant hardship on
19	the users of the cleaning agent; or
20	"(ii) be unreasonable because of the
21	lack of an adequate substitute eleaning
22	agent.
23	"(k) ACTION BY ADMINISTRATOR.—
24	"(1) In General.—Not later than 60 days
25	after the date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean

Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009, the Administrator shall establish minimum criteria that any proposed watershed implementation plan must meet before the Administrator may approve such a plan.

"(2) Completeness finding.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Administrator receives a new or revised proposed watershed implementation plan from a Chesapeake Bay State, the Administrator shall determine whether the minimum criteria for the plan established under paragraph (1) have been met.

"(B) EFFECT OF FINDING OF INCOMPLETENESS.—If the Administrator determines
under subparagraph (A) that all or any portion
of a submitted watershed implementation plan
does not meet the minimum criteria established
under paragraph (1), the Chesapeake Bay State
submitting the plan shall be treated as not having made the submission.

"(3) APPROVAL AND DISAPPROVAL.—

"(A) DEADLINE.—Not later than 90 days after determining that a watershed implementation plan meets minimum criteria in accordance

1	with paragraph $(2)(A)$, the Administrator shall
2	approve or disapprove the plan.
3	"(B) FULL AND PARTIAL APPROVAL AND
4	DISAPPROVAL.—In carrying out this paragraph,
5	the Administrator—
6	"(i) shall approve a watershed imple-
7	mentation plan if the plan meets all appli-
8	cable requirements under this section; and
9	"(ii) may approve the plan in part
10	and disapprove the plan in part if only a
11	portion of the plan meets those require-
12	ments.
13	"(C) CONDITIONAL APPROVAL.—The Ad-
14	ministrator—
15	"(i) may conditionally approve a re-
16	vised watershed implementation plan based
17	on a commitment of the Chesapeake Bay
18	State submitting the plan to adopt specific
19	enforceable management measures by not
20	later than 1 year after the date of approval
21	of the plan revision; but
22	"(ii) shall treat a conditional approval
23	as a disapproval under this paragraph it
24	the Chesapeake Bay State fails to comply

1	with the commitment of the Chesapeake
2	Bay State.
3	"(D) Full approval required.—A new
4	or revised watershed implementation plan shall
5	not be treated as meeting the requirements of
6	this section until the Administrator approves
7	the entire new or revised plan.
8	"(E) Corrections.—In any case in which
9	the Administrator determines that the action of
10	the Administrator approving, disapproving, con-
11	ditionally approving, or promulgating any new
12	or revised watershed implementation plan was
13	in error, the Administrator—
14	"(i) may, in the same manner as the
15	approval, disapproval, conditional approval,
16	or promulgation, revise the action of the
17	Administrator, as appropriate, without re-
18	quiring any further submission from the
19	Chesapeake Bay State; and
20	"(ii) shall make the determination of
21	the Administrator, and the basis for that
22	determination, available to the public.
23	"(F) Effective date.—The provisions of
24	a State watershed implementation plan shall

1	take effect upon the date of approval of the
2	plan.
3	"(4) Calls for Plan Revision.—In any case
4	in which the Administrator determines that water-
5	shed implementation plan for any area is inadequate
6	to attain or maintain applicable pollution limitations,
7	the Administrator—
8	"(A) shall notify the Chesapeake Bay
9	State of, and require the Chesapeake Bay State
10	to revise the plan to correct, the inadequacies;
11	"(B) may establish reasonable deadlines
12	(not to exceed 180 days after the date on which
13	the Administrator provides the notification) for
14	the submission of a revised watershed imple-
15	mentation plan;
16	"(C) make the findings of the Adminis-
17	trator under paragraph (3) and notice provided
18	under subparagraph (A) public; and
19	"(D) require the Chesapeake Bay State to
20	comply with the requirements applicable under
21	the initial watershed implementation plan, ex-
22	cept that the Administrator may adjust any
23	dates (other than attainment dates) applicable
24	under those requirements, as appropriate.

1	"(5) Federal implementation.—If a Chesa-
2	peake Bay State fails to submit a watershed imple-
3	mentation plan, to submit a biennial report, or to
4	correct a previously missed 2-year commitment made
5	in a watershed implementation plan, the Adminis-
6	trator shall, after issuing a notice to the State and
7	providing a 90-day period in which the failure may
8	be corrected—
9	"(A) withhold all funds otherwise available
10	to the Chesapeake Bay State under this Act;
11	"(B) develop and administer a watershed
12	implementation plan for that Chesapeake Bay
13	State until such time as the Chesapeake Bay
14	State has remedied the plan, reports, or
15	achievements to the satisfaction of the Adminis-
16	trator;
17	"(C) require that all permits issued under
18	section 402 for new or expanding discharges of
19	nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediments acquire off-
20	sets that exceed by 100 percent an amount that
21	would otherwise be required, taking into ac-
22	count attenuation, equivalency, and uncertainty;

and

1	"(D) for the purposes of developing and
2	implementing a watershed implementation plan
3	under subparagraph (B)—
4	"(i) notwithstanding any other provi-
5	sion of this Act (including any exclusion or
6	exception contained in a definition under
7	section 502), promulgate such regulations
8	or issue such permits as the Administrator
9	determines to be necessary to control pollu-
10	tion sufficient to meet the water quality
11	goals defined in the watershed implementa-
12	tion plan; and
13	"(ii) enforce any permits issued in ac-
14	cordance with the watershed implementa-
15	tion plan in the same manner as other per-
16	mits issued under section 402 are en-
17	forced.
18	"(6) NITROGEN AND PHOSPHORUS TRADING
19	PROGRAM.—
20	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than
21	May 12, 2012, the Administrator, in coopera-
22	tion with each Chesapeake Bay State, shall es-
23	tablish an interstate nitrogen and phosphorus
24	trading program for the Chesapeake Bay for
25	the generation, trading, and use of nitrogen and

1	phosphorus credits to facilitate the attainment
2	and maintenance of the Chesapeake Bay-wide
3	TMDL for nitrogen and phosphorus.
4	"(B) Trading system.—The trading pro-
5	gram established under this subsection shall, at
6	a minimum—
7	"(i) define and standardize nitrogen
8	and phosphorus credits and establish pro-
9	cedures or standards for ensuring equiva-
10	lent water quality benefits for all credits;
11	"(ii) establish procedures or standards
12	for certifying and verifying nitrogen and
13	phosphorus credits to ensure that credit-
14	generating practices from both point
15	sources and nonpoint sources are achieving
16	actual reductions in nitrogen and phos-
17	phorus;
18	"(iii) establish procedures or stand-
19	ards for generating, quantifying, trading,
20	and applying credits to meet regulatory re-
21	quirements and allow for trading to occur
22	between and across point source or
23	nonpoint sources;

1	"(iv) establish baseline requirements
2	that a credit seller must meet before be-
3	coming eligible to generate saleable eredits;
4	"(v) establish points-of-regulation at
5	the sub-State level to facilitate trading and
6	promote water quality goals under which—
7	"(I) States may designate point
8	sources as points-of-regulation;
9	"(II) States may aggregate mul-
10	tiple sources to serve as points-of-reg-
11	ulation; and
12	"(III) the Administrator shall es-
13	tablish guidelines or standards to en-
14	sure that points-of-regulation shall be
15	generally consistent across States;
16	"(vi) ensure that credits are used in
17	accordance with permit requirements under
18	the national pollutant discharge elimi-
19	nation system established under section
20	402 and trade requirements have been ade-
21	quately incorporated into the permits;
22	"(vii) ensure that private contracts
23	between credit buyers and credit sellers
24	contain adequate provisions to ensure en-
25	forceability under applicable law;

1	"(viii) establish procedures or stand-
2	ards for providing public transparency on
3	nutrient trading activity;
4	"(ix) ensure that, if the local receiving
5	water is impaired for the nutrient being
6	traded but a TMDL has not yet been im-
7	plemented for the impairment—
8	"(I) trades are required to result
9	in progress toward or the attainment
10	of water quality standards in the local
11	receiving water; and
12	"(II) sources in the watershed
13	may not rely on credits produced out-
14	side of the watershed;
15	"(x) require that the application of
16	credits to meet regulatory requirements
17	under this section not cause or contribute
18	to exceedances of water quality standards,
19	total maximum daily loads, or wasteload or
20	load allocations for affected receiving wa-
21	ters, including avoidance of localized im-
22	pacts;
23	"(xi) except as part of a consent
24	agreement, prohibit the purchase of eredits
25	from any entity that is in significant non-

1	compliance with an enforceable permit
2	issued under section 402;
3	"(xii) consider and incorporate, to the
4	maximum extent practicable, elements of
5	State trading programs in existence as of
6	the date of enactment of the Chesapeake
7	Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
8	Act of 2009; and
9	"(xiii) allow for, as appropriate, the
10	aggregation and banking of credits by
11	third parties.
12	"(C) Facilitation of trading.—In
13	order to attract market participants and facili-
14	tate the cost-effective achievement of water-
15	quality goals, the Administrator shall ensure
16	that the trading program established under this
17	paragraph
18	"(i) includes measures to mitigate
19	eredit buyer risk;
20	"(ii) makes use of the best available
21	science in order to minimize uncertainty
22	and related transaction costs to traders,
23	including the Administrator, in consulta-
24	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture, sup-
25	porting research and other activities that

1	increase the scientific understanding of
2	nonpoint nutrient pollutant loading and
3	the ability of various structural and non-
4	structural alternatives to reduce the loads;
5	"(iii) eliminates unnecessary or dupli-
6	cative administrative processes; and
7	"(iv) incorporates a permitting ap-
8	proach under the national pollutant dis-
9	charge elimination system established
10	under section 402 that allows trading to
11	occur without requiring the reopening or
12	reissuance of permits to incorporate indi-
13	vidual trades.
14	"(7) AUTHORITY RELATING TO DEVELOP-
15	MENT.—The Administrator shall—
16	"(A) establish, for projects resulting in im-
17	pervious development, guidance relating to site
18	planning, design, construction, and maintenance
19	strategies to ensure that the land maintains
20	predevelopment hydrology with regard to the
21	temperature, rate, volume, and duration of flow;
22	"(B) establish model ordinances and guide-
23	lines with respect to the construction of low-im-
24	pact development infrastructure and non-
25	structural low-impact development techniques

1	for use by States, local governments, and pri-
2	vate entities; and
3	"(C) not later than 180 days after promul-
4	gation of the regulations under subsection
5	(j)(3)(B), issue such guidance, model ordi-
6	nances, and guidelines as are necessary to earry
7	out this paragraph.
8	"(8) Assistance with respect to
9	STORMWATER DISCHARGES.—
10	"(A) Grant Program.—The Adminis-
11	trator may provide grants to any local govern-
12	ment within the Chesapeake Bay watershed
13	that adopts the guidance, ordinances, and
14	guidelines issued under paragraph (7).
15	"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A grant provided
16	under subparagraph (A) may be used by a local
17	government to pay costs associated with—
18	"(i) developing, implementing, and en-
19	forcing the guidance, ordinances, and
20	guidelines issued under paragraph (7); and
21	"(ii) implementing projects designed
22	to reduce stormwater discharges.
23	"(9) Consumer and commercial product
24	REPORT. Not later than 3 years after the date of
25	enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Eco-

1	system Restoration Act of 2009, the Administrator
2	in consultation with the Chesapeake Executive Coun-
3	cil, shall—
4	"(A) review consumer and commercial
5	products, the use of which may affect the water
6	quality of the Chesapeake Bay watershed or as
7	sociated tributaries, to determine whether fur-
8	ther product nutrient content restrictions are
9	necessary to restore or maintain water quality
10	in the Chesapeake Bay watershed and those
11	tributaries; and
12	"(B) submit to the Committees on Appro-
13	priations, Environment and Public Works, and
14	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
15	Senate and the Committees on Appropriations
16	Natural Resources, Energy and Commerce, and
17	Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
18	of Representatives a product nutrient report de-
19	tailing the findings of the review under sub-
20	$\frac{\text{paragraph}}{(A)}$.
21	"(1) Prohibition on Introduction of Asian Oys
22	TERS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
23	of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restora
24	tion Act of 2009, the Administrator shall promuleate res-

25 ulations-

1	"(1) to designate the Asian oyster as a 'biologi-
2	eal pollutant' in the Chesapeake Bay and tidal wa-
3	ters pursuant to section 502;
4	"(2) to prohibit the issuance of permits under
5	sections 402 and 404 for the discharge of the Asian
6	oyster into the Chesapeake Bay and tidal waters;
7	and
8	"(3) to specify conditions under which scientific
9	research on Asian oysters may be conducted within
10	the Chesapeake Bay and tidal waters.
11	"(m) Chesapeake Nutria Eradication Pro-
12	GRAM.—
13	"(1) Grant authority.—Subject to the avail-
14	ability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Inte-
15	rior (referred to in this subsection as the 'Sec-
16	retary'), may provide financial assistance to the
17	States of Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia to earry
18	out a program to implement measures—
19	"(A) to eradicate or control nutria; and
20	"(B) to restore marshland damaged by nu-
21	tria.
22	"(2) Goals.—The continuing goals of the pro-
23	gram shall be—
24	"(A) to eradicate nutria in the Chesapeake
25	Bay ecosystem: and

1	"(B) to restore marshland damaged by nu-
2	tria.
3	"(3) ACTIVITIES.—In the States of Delaware,
4	Maryland, and Virginia, the Secretary shall require
5	that the program under this subsection consist of
6	management, research, and public education activi-
7	ties carried out in accordance with the document
8	published by the United States Fish and Wildlife
9	Service entitled 'Eradication Strategies for Nutria in
10	the Chesapeake and Delaware Bay Watersheds',
11	dated March 2002, or any updates to the document.
12	"(n) STUDY ON THE IMPACTS OF THE COMMERCIAL
13	HARVESTING OF MENHADEN ON THE WATER QUALITY
14	OF THE CHESAPEAKE BAY.—
15	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
16	"(A) FISHERIES COMMISSION.—The term
17	'Fisheries Commission' means the Atlantic
18	States Marine Fisheries Commission established
19	under the interstate compact consented to and
20	approved by pursuant to the Act of May 4,
21	1942 (56 Stat. 267, chapter 283) and the Act
22	of May 19, 1949 (63 Stat. 70, chapter 238).
23	"(B) FISHING.—Except as otherwise pro-
24	vided, the term 'fishing'—
25	"(i) means—

1	"(I) the commercial catching,
2	taking, or harvesting of menhaden,
3	except when incidental to harvesting
4	that occurs in the course of commer-
5	cial or recreational fish-catching ac-
6	tivities directed at a species other
7	than menhaden;
8	"(II) the attempted commercial
9	eatching, taking, or harvesting of
10	menhaden; or
11	"(III) any operation at sea in
12	support of, or in preparation for, any
13	activity described in subclause (I) or
14	(II); and
15	"(ii) does not include any scientific re-
16	search authorized by the Federal Govern-
17	ment or by any State government.
18	"(2) STUDY.—Not later than 5 years after the
19	date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water
20	and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009, building on
21	the research underway or conducted under the over-
22	sight of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
23	ministration, the Administrator, in cooperation and
24	consultation with the Administrator of the National
25	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the

1	Fisheries Commission, shall conduct and submit to
2	Congress a study for the purposes of determining—
3	"(A) progress toward understanding the
4	structure of the menhaden population of the At-
5	lantic Coast of the United States and of the
6	Chesapeake Bay;
7	"(B) the role of the population as filter
8	feeders, including the role of the population
9	with respect to impacting water clarity, dis-
10	solved oxygen levels, and other ecosystem func-
11	tions;
12	"(C) the role of the population as prey spe-
13	eies for predatory fish in the Chesapeake Bay
14	and in coastal ecosystems;
15	"(D) the impact on the Atlantic coastal
16	and Chesapeake Bay ecosystems of fishing for
17	menhaden;
18	"(E) the impact on attainment of the
19	water quality goals of this Act of commercial
20	fishing for menhaden; and
21	"(F) the recommendations of the Adminis-
22	trator, if any, for future sustainable manage-
23	ment of such fishing and additional research
24	needed to fully address the progress, roles, and
25	impacts described in this paragraph.

1	"(0) EFFECT ON OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—
2	"(1) In General.—Nothing in this section re-
3	moves or otherwise affects any other obligation for
4	a point source to comply with other applicable re-
5	quirements under this Act.
6	"(2) VIOLATIONS BY STATES.—The failure of a
7	State to submit a watershed implementation plan or
8	biennial report, or to correct a previously missed 2-
9	year commitment made in a watershed implementa-
10	tion plan, by the applicable deadline established
11	under this section shall—
12	"(A) constitute a violation of this Act; and
13	"(B) subject the State to—
14	"(i) enforcement action by the Admin-
15	istrator; and
16	"(ii) civil actions commenced pursuant
17	to section 505.
18	"(3) Failure of administrator to act.—
19	The failure of the Administrator to act under this
20	section shall subject the Administrator to civil ac-
21	tions commenced pursuant to section 505.
22	"(p) Evaluation by the Inspector General.—
23	The Inspector General of the Environmental Protection
24	Agency shall evaluate the implementation of this section
25	on a periodic basis of not less than once every 3 years.

1	"(q) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
2	"(1) IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING
3	GRANTS.—
4	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA
5	TIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized to
6	be appropriated or otherwise made available to
7	carry out this section, there are authorized to
8	be appropriated to the Administrator—
9	"(i) to provide implementation grants
10	under subsection $(e)(3)(A)$, $$80,000,000$
11	for each of fiscal years 2010 through
12	2015, to remain available until expended;
13	"(ii) to carry out a freshwater moni-
14	toring program under subsection (e)(3)(B)
15	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
16	through 2015; and
17	"(iii) to earry out a Chesapeake Bay
18	and tidal water monitoring program under
19	subsection $(e)(3)(B)$, \$5,000,000 for each
20	of fiscal years 2010 through 2015.
21	"(B) Cost-sharing.—The Federal share
22	of the cost of a program carried out using
23	funds from a grant provided—
24	"(i) under subparagraph $(A)(i)$ shall
25	not exceed 50 percent- and

1	"(ii) under clause (ii) or (iii) of sub-
2	paragraph (A) shall not exceed 80 percent.
3	"(2) Chesapeake stewardship grants.—
4	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
5	subsection $(h)(2)$ \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal
6	years 2010 through 2014.
7	"(3) Storm water pollution planning and
8	IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—
9	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
10	TIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized or
11	otherwise made available to carry out this sec-
12	tion, there are authorized to be appropriated to
13	the Administrator—
14	"(i) to earry out subsection
15	(k)(8)(i), \$10,000,000; and
16	"(ii) to carry out subsection
17	(k)(8)(B)(ii), \$1,500,000,000.
18	"(B) Cost-sharing.—A grant provided
19	for a project under—
20	"(i) subsection $(k)(8)(B)(i)$ may not
21	be used to cover more than 80 percent of
22	the cost of the project; and
23	"(ii) subsection (k)(8)(B)(ii) may not
24	be used to cover more than 75 percent of
25	the cost of the project.

1	"(4) Nutria eradication grants.—
2	"(A) In General.—There is authorized to
3	be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior
4	to provide financial assistance in the Chesa-
5	peake Bay watershed under subsection (m)
6	\$4,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
7	through 2015.
8	"(B) Cost-sharing.—
9	"(i) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal
10	share of the cost of carrying out the pro-
11	gram under subsection (m) may not exceed
12	75 percent of the total costs of the pro-
13	gram.
14	"(ii) In-kind contributions.—The
15	non-Federal share of the cost of carrying
16	out the program under subsection (m) may
17	be provided in the form of in-kind con-
18	tributions of materials or services.
19	"(5) Limitation on administrative ex-
20	PENSES.—Not more than 10 percent of the annual
21	amount of any grant provided by the Administrator
22	or Secretary under any program described in para-
23	graph (1), (2), (3), or (4) may be used for adminis-

trative expenses.

1 "(6) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be 2 appropriated under this subsection shall remain 3 available until expended.". SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 4 This Act may be cited as the "Chesapeake Clean Water 5 and Ecosystem Restoration Act". 6 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS. 8 Congress finds that— 9 (1) the Chesapeake Bay and the tributary waters 10 of the Chesapeake Basin are natural resources of out-11 standing ecological, economic, and cultural impor-12 tance to the United States: 13 (2) for more than 20 years, the Federal Govern-14 ment and the States of Maryland, Pennsylvania, and 15 Virginia, the District of Columbia, the Chesapeake Bay Commission, and various local government, sci-16 17 entific, and citizen advisory boards have worked 18 through the Chesapeake Basin Program of the Envi-19 ronmental Protection Agency to develop an unparal-20 leled body of scientific information and cooperative 21 partnerships to advance the Chesapeake Bay restora-22 tion effort; 23 (3) pursuant to a memorandum of under-24 standing executed among the States of Delaware and 25 New York in 2000, and the State of West Virginia in

1	2002, those States began formal participation in the
2	Chesapeake Basin Program water quality restoration
3	$\it effort;$
4	(4) despite significant efforts by Federal, State,
5	and local governments and other interested parties,
6	water pollution in the Chesapeake Bay—
7	(A) prevents the attainment of existing
8	State water quality standards and the ecological
9	goals of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
10	(33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.); and
11	(B) therefore, requires the development and
12	implementation of a total maximum daily load
13	under section 303(d) of that Act (33 U.S.C.
14	1313(d));
15	(5) a primary reason for the schedule to develop
16	a Chesapeake Bay total maximum daily load is the
17	Virginia total maximum daily load consent decree
18	dated 1999, which settled the civil action styled Amer-
19	ican Canoe Ass'n, Inc. v. EPA, Civil No. 98-979-A
20	(E.D. Va.), under which the Environmental Protec-
21	tion Agency must establish a Chesapeake Bay total
22	maximum daily load by not later than May 1, 2011;
23	(6) the principals' staff committee of the Chesa-
24	peake Basin Program, consisting of officials from
25	each Chesapeake Bay State, the District of Columbia,

- the Chesapeake Bay Commission, and the Environmental Protection Agency, has requested a slightly accelerated schedule, under which the Environmental
 Protection Agency should complete a Chesapeake Bay
 total maximum daily load by not later than December 31, 2010;
 - (7) the Chesapeake Bay total maximum daily load will address all segments of the Chesapeake Bay and tidal tributaries that are identified on the currently applicable lists of waters impaired by nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment of Chesapeake Bay States under section 303(d) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1313(d));
 - (8) the Chesapeake Basin Program partnership has developed a rich body of environmental data based on an extensive network of monitors, which provide a critical measure of success in attainment of the goals of the restoration effort;
 - (9) the Chesapeake Basin Program partnership has also developed some of the world's foremost water quality and ecosystem computer models, which are invaluable planning tools for resource managers;
 - (10) the major pollutants affecting the water quality of the Chesapeake Bay and related tidal waters are nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment;

- 1 (11) the largest developed land use in the Chesa-2 peake Basin, and 1 of the largest single-sector source of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment pollution, is 3 4 agriculture; (12) conservation practices have resulted in sig-5 6 nificant reductions in pollution loads from the agri-7 cultural sector: 8 (13) to speed continued progress in the agricul-9 tural sector, the Federal Government and State gov-10 ernments have initiated a number of agricultural con-11 servation programs, including the Chesapeake Bay 12 watershed initiative under section 1240Q of the Food 13 Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb-4): 14 (14) atmospheric deposition of nitrogen oxides 15 and ammonia on the Chesapeake Basin contributes as 16 much as 1/3 of the nitrogen pollution in the Chesa-17 peake Bay; 18 (15) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) 19 has proven to be an effective tool in reducing a num-20 ber of air pollutants, including air pollutants that re-21 sult in the deposition of nitrogen in the waters and 22 landscape of the Chesapeake Basin; 23
 - (16) final regulations under the Clean Air Act
 (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) relating to stationary, local
 area, and mobile sources of air pollution are expected

1	to result in continuous reductions in the deposition of
2	nitrogen in the Chesapeake Basin that improves air
3	and water quality;
4	(17) for years, a steady stream of technology de-
5	velopment, increasingly stringent permit require-
6	ments, and multibillion dollar investment at waste-
7	water treatment plants in the Chesapeake Basin
8	States have resulted in a steady decline in the nitro-
9	gen and phosphorus pollution derived from waste-
10	water treatment plants in the Chesapeake Basin;
11	(18) polluted stormwater runoff from existing
12	and new suburban and urban development is the only
13	major source of pollution in the watershed that is in-
14	creasing;
15	(19) during the period beginning in 1990 and
16	ending in 2000, impervious cover, the hardened sur-
17	faces through which water cannot penetrate, increased
18	more rapidly than population growth;
19	(20) during that period, the watershed popu-
20	lation of the Chesapeake Basin grew by an average of
21	10 percent;
22	(21) the population of the watershed is estimated
23	to be growing by about 157,000 people per year;
24	(22) continuing at that rate, the population will

increase to nearly 20,000,000 by 2030;

1	(23) overall, approximately 58 percent of the wa-
2	tershed of the Chesapeake Bay is undeveloped and
3	mostly forested, but as many as 100 hundred acres of
4	forest are lost to development each day;
5	(24) States, local governments, developers, and
6	nonprofit organizations have developed numerous low-
7	impact development techniques since the late 1990s,
8	which use natural area protection, infiltration, and
9	pervious surfaces to reduce stormwater runoff and as-
10	sociated sediment and nutrient pollution;
11	(25) urban and suburban redevelopment—
12	(A) are additional techniques for reducing
13	stormwater impacts; and
14	(B) generate less total stormwater runoff
15	and less runoff per housing unit because those
16	techniques—
17	(i) help absorb the demand for new
18	homes and businesses;
19	(ii) use less land area; and
20	(iii) do not displace currently natural,
21	agricultural, or open space land uses that
22	act as stormwater filters;
23	(26) many of those techniques are less expensive
24	than traditional stormwater pollution control man-
25	agement techniques and, combined with more tradi-

1	tional techniques, have greatly reduced the polluted
2	runoff from new projects;
3	(27) the decline of key aquatic habitats and spe-
4	cies has resulted in a loss of the important water
5	quality benefits that the habitats and species tradi-
6	$tionally\ provided;$
7	(28) native oysters, the numbers of which have
8	declined precipitously in the Chesapeake Bay in sig-
9	nificant part because of diseases brought into the wa-
10	tershed by nonnative oysters, are natural filters that
11	once effectively filtered a volume of water equivalent
12	to that of the entire Chesapeake Bay in a matter of
13	days;
14	(29) although less well-understood, menhaden, a
15	species of fish found in the Chesapeake Bay, also pro-
16	vide important ecosystem functions;
17	(30) wetlands and floodplains are vital parts of
18	the Chesapeake Basin ecosystem, and wetlands in the
19	headwaters of a watershed, through their water hold-
20	ing capabilities, can substantially reduce flood peaks
21	and downstream erosion;
22	(31) studies have demonstrated that nontidal
23	wetlands near the Chesapeake Bay removed as much

as 89 percent of the nitrogen and 80 percent of the

1	phosphorus that entered the wetlands through upland
2	runoff, groundwater, and precipitation;
3	(32) riparian forests remove as much as 90 per-
4	cent of nitrogen and phosphorus that would otherwise
5	enter the water;
6	(33) the loss of forests and wetlands in the
7	Chesapeake Basin has resulted in diminished water
8	quality, loss of underwater bay grasses, and a decline
9	in the quantity of wildlife, fish, and other aquatic
10	species, among other effects;
11	(34)(A) the Chesapeake Basin supports more
12	than 3,600 plant and animal species, including wa-
13	terfowl, and commercially and recreationally impor-
14	tant fisheries; and
15	(B) restoration and protection of those living re-
16	sources—
17	(i) is important for ecological health, recre-
18	ation, and tourism; and
19	(ii) provides diverse economic benefits for
20	$local\ communities;$
21	(35)(A) less than 2 percent of the 11,700 miles
22	of shoreline of the tidal Chesapeake Bay is accessible
23	to the public:

1	(B) with the population of the Chesapeake Basin
2	increasing and development converting land to roads
3	and subdivisions, that accessibility is decreasing;
4	(C) there exists a similar access gap to nontidal
5	rivers and streams throughout the Chesapeake Basin;
6	and
7	(D) it is critical to increase and enhance public
8	access opportunities for fishing, hunting, boating, and
9	other recreational pursuits as part of comprehensive
10	ecosystem restoration efforts;
11	(36) in certain locations in the Chesapeake
12	Basin, nutria, a nonnative species, have caused exten-
13	sive destruction of key wetlands;
14	(37) activities relating to commercial shipping
15	and recreational boating can adversely influence
16	water quality;
17	(38) the Chesapeake Bay is a multibillion dollar
18	economic force for the mid-Atlantic region;
19	(39) the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
20	U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) provides for State leadership in
21	protecting and restoring United States waters, with
22	the Environmental Protection Agency providing guid-
23	ance, technical and financial assistance, and over-
24	sight;
25	(40) the Department of Agriculture—

1	(A) has developed a rich body of approved
2	conservation practices for farms and ranchlands;
3	(B) provides critical technical assistance to
4	producers; and
5	(C) continues to play a critical role in sus-
6	taining the agricultural economy of the nation
7	while also improving the stewardship of the
8	lands and waters of the United States; and
9	(41) in spite of the achievements of the Chesa-
10	peake Basin Program partnership and increasing
11	knowledge about ecosystem functions, the restoration
12	of the Chesapeake Bay will require significantly
13	stronger tools to manage pollution levels and other
14	impediments to water quality.
15	SEC. 3. CHESAPEAKE BASIN PROGRAM.
16	Section 117 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
17	(33 U.S.C. 1267) is amended to read as follows:
18	"SEC. 117. CHESAPEAKE BASIN PROGRAM.
19	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
20	"(1) Administrative cost.—The term 'admin-
21	istrative cost' means the cost of salaries and fringe
22	benefits incurred in administering a grant under this
23	section.
24	"(2) Asian oyster.—The term 'Asian oyster'
25	means the species Crassostrea ariakensis.

1	"(3) Baseline.—The term 'baseline'—
2	"(A) means the basic standard or level of
3	the nutrient control requirements a credit seller
4	shall achieve to be eligible to generate saleable
5	nutrient credits; and
6	"(B) consists of the nutrient load reductions
7	required of individual sources to meet water
8	quality standards and load or waste load alloca-
9	tions under all applicable total maximum daily
10	loads and watershed implementation plans.
11	"(4) Basin commissions.—The term basin
12	commissions' means—
13	"(A) the Interstate Commission on the Poto-
14	mac River Basin established under the interstate
15	compact consented to and approved by Congress
16	under the Joint Resolution of July 11, 1940 (54
17	Stat. 748, chapter 579) and Public Law 91–407
18	(84 Stat. 856);
19	"(B) the Susquehanna River Basin Com-
20	mission established under the interstate compact
21	consented to and approved by Congress under
22	Public Law 91–575 (84 Stat. 1509) and Public
23	Law 99-468 (100 Stat. 1193); and
24	"(C) the Chesapeake Bay Commission, a
25	tri-State leaislative assembly representing Mary-

1	land, Virginia, and Pennsylvania created in
2	1980 to coordinate Bay-related policy across
3	State lines and to develop shared solutions.
4	"(5) Chesapeake Basin.—The term 'Chesa-
5	peake Basin' means—
6	"(A) the Chesapeake Bay; and
7	"(B) the area consisting of 19 tributary ba-
8	sins within the Chesapeake Basin States through
9	which precipitation drains into the Chesapeake
10	Bay.
11	"(6) Chesapeake basin ecosystem.—The term
12	'Chesapeake Basin ecosystem' means the ecosystem of
13	the Chesapeake Basin.
14	"(7) Chesapeake Basin Program.—The term
15	'Chesapeake Basin Program' means the program, for-
16	merly known as the 'Chesapeake Bay Program', di-
17	rected by the Chesapeake Executive Council in accord-
18	ance with the Chesapeake Bay Agreement (including
19	any successor programs).
20	"(8) Chesapeake basin state.—The term
21	'Chesapeake Basin State' means any of—
22	"(A) the States of Delaware, Maryland,
23	New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West
24	Virginia; or
25	"(B) the District of Columbia.

1	"(9) Chesapeake bay agreement.—The term
2	'Chesapeake Bay Agreement' means the formal, vol-
3	untary agreements executed to achieve the goal of re-
4	storing and protecting the Chesapeake Basin eco-
5	system and the living resources of the Chesapeake
6	Basin ecosystem and signed by the Chesapeake Execu-
7	tive Council.
8	"(10) Chesapeake bay tidal segment.—The
9	term 'Chesapeake Bay tidal segment' means any of
10	the 92 tidal segments that—
11	"(A) make up the Chesapeake Bay; and
12	"(B) are identified by a Chesapeake Basin
13	State pursuant to section $303(d)$.
14	"(11) Chesapeake bay tmdl.—
15	"(A) In General.—The term 'Chesapeake
16	Bay TMDL' means the total maximum daily
17	load (including any revision) established or ap-
18	proved by the Administrator for nitrogen, phos-
19	phorus, and sediment loading to the waters in
20	the Chesapeake Bay and the Chesapeake Bay
21	tidal segments.
22	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'Chesapeake
23	Bay TMDL' includes nitrogen, phosphorus, and
24	sediment allocations in temporal units of great-
25	er-than-daily duration, if the allocations—

1	"(i) are demonstrated to achieve water
2	quality standards; and
3	"(ii) do not lead to violations of other
4	applicable water quality standards for local
5	receiving waters.
6	"(12) Chesapeake executive council.—The
7	term 'Chesapeake Executive Council' means the sig-
8	natories to the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
9	"(13) Cleaning Agent.—The term 'cleaning
10	agent' means a laundry detergent, dishwashing com-
11	pound, household cleaner, metal cleaner, degreasing
12	compound, commercial cleaner, industrial cleaner,
13	phosphate compound, or other substance that is in-
14	tended to be used for cleaning purposes.
15	"(14) Credit.—The term 'credit' means a unit
16	provided for 1 pound per year of nitrogen, phos-
17	phorus, or sediment that is—
18	"(A) delivered to the tidal portion of the
19	Chesapeake Bay; and
20	"(B) eligible to be sold under the trading
21	programs established by this section.
22	"(15) DIRECTOR.—The term 'director' means the
23	Director of the Chesapeake Basin Program Office of
24	the Environmental Protection Agency.

1	"(16) Local government.—The term local
2	government' means any county, city, or other general
3	purpose political subdivision of a State with jurisdic-
4	tion over land use.
5	"(17) Menhaden.—The term 'menhaden' means
6	members of stocks or populations of the species
7	Brevoortia tyrannus.
8	"(18) NUTRIA.—The term 'nutria' means the
9	species Myocaster coypus.
10	"(19) Offset.—The term 'offset' means a reduc-
11	tion of loading of nitrogen, phosphorous, or sediment,
12	as applicable, in a manner that ensures that the net
13	loading reaching the Chesapeake Bay and the Chesa-
14	peake Bay tidal segments from a source—
15	"(A) does not increase; or
16	"(B) is reduced.
17	"(20) Signatory jurisdiction.—The term 'sig-
18	natory jurisdiction' means a jurisdiction of a signa-
19	tory to the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
20	"(21) Tributary Basin.—The term 'tributary
21	basin' means an area of land or body of water that—
22	"(A) drains into any of the 19 Chesapeake
23	Bay tributaries or tributary segments; and
24	"(B) is managed through watershed imple-
25	mentation plans under this Act.

1	"(b) Renaming and Continuation of Chesapeake
2	Bay Program.—
3	"(1) In General.—In cooperation with the
4	Chesapeake Executive Council (and as a member of
5	the Council), the Administrator shall—
6	"(A) rename the Chesapeake Bay Program,
7	as in existence on the date of enactment of the
8	Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restora-
9	tion Act, as the 'Chesapeake Basin Program';
10	and
11	"(B) continue to carry out the Chesapeake
12	Basin Program.
13	"(2) Meetings.—
14	"(A) In General.—The Chesapeake Execu-
15	tive Council shall meet not less frequently than
16	once each year.
17	"(B) Open to public.—
18	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
19	(ii), a meeting of the Chesapeake Executive
20	Council shall be held open to the public.
21	"(ii) Exception.—The Chesapeake
22	Executive Council may hold executive ses-
23	sions that are closed to the public.
24	"(3) Program office.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
2	shall maintain in the Environmental Protection
3	Agency a Chesapeake Basin Program Office.
4	"(B) Function.—The Chesapeake Basin
5	Program Office shall provide support to the
6	Chesapeake Executive Council by—
7	"(i) implementing and coordinating
8	science, research, modeling, support services,
9	monitoring, data collection, and other ac-
10	tivities that support the Chesapeake Basin
11	Program;
12	"(ii) developing and making available,
13	through publications, technical assistance,
14	and other appropriate means, information
15	pertaining to the environmental quality
16	and living resources of the Chesapeake
17	$Basin\ ecosystem;$
18	"(iii) in cooperation with appropriate
19	Federal, State, and local authorities, assist-
20	ing the signatories to the Chesapeake Bay
21	Agreement in developing and implementing
22	specific action plans to carry out the re-
23	sponsibilities of the signatories to the Chesa-
24	neake Bau Aareement:

1	"(iv) coordinating the actions of the
2	Environmental Protection Agency with the
3	actions of the appropriate officials of other
4	Federal agencies and State and local au-
5	thorities in developing strategies to—
6	"(I) improve the water quality
7	and living resources in the Chesapeake
8	Basin ecosystem; and
9	"(II) obtain the support of the ap-
10	propriate officials of the agencies and
11	authorities in achieving the objectives
12	of the Chesapeake Bay Agreement; and
13	$``(v)\ implementing\ outreach\ programs$
14	for public information, education, and par-
15	ticipation to foster stewardship of the re-
16	sources of the Chesapeake Basin.
17	$"(c)\ Interagency\ Agreements.$ —The $Administrator$
18	may enter into an interagency agreement with a Federal
19	agency to carry out this section.
20	"(d) Technical Assistance and Assistance
21	GRANTS.—
22	"(1) In General.—In cooperation with the
23	Chesapeake Executive Council, the Administrator
24	may provide technical assistance, and assistance
25	grants, to soil conservation districts, nonprofit orga-

nizations, State and local governments, basin commissions, and institutions of higher education to carry out this section, subject to such terms and conditions as the Administrator considers appropriate.

"(2) Federal share.—

- "(A) In General.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Federal share of an assistance grant provided under paragraph (1) shall be determined by the Administrator in accordance with guidance issued by the Administrator.
- "(B) CHESAPEAKE BASIN STEWARDSHIP GRANTS PROGRAM.—The Federal share of an assistance grant provided under paragraph (1) to carry out an implementing activity under subsection (h)(2) shall not exceed 75 percent of eligible project costs, as determined by the Administrator.
- "(3) Non-federal share.—An assistance grant under paragraph (1) shall be provided on the condition that non-federal sources provide the remainder of eligible project costs, as determined by the Administrator.
- "(4) NUTRIENT TRADING GUARANTEE PILOT

 PROGRAM.—The project manager of the Chesapeake

 nutrient trading quarantee program established under

1	subsection $(e)(1)(D)$ shall be eligible to receive tech-
2	nical assistance or technical assistance grants under
3	this subsection.
4	"(e) Implementation, Monitoring, and Centers
5	of Excellence Grants.—
6	"(1) Grants.—
7	"(A) Implementation grants.—The Ad-
8	ministrator shall make an implementation grant
9	to the Chesapeake Basin State, or a designee of
10	a Chesapeake Basin State (including a soil con-
11	servation district, nonprofit organization, local
12	government, institution of higher education,
13	basin commission, or interstate agency), for the
14	purposes of implementing an approved water-
15	shed implementation plan of the Chesapeake
16	Basin State under subsection (i) and achieving
17	the goals established under the Chesapeake Bay
18	Agreement, subject to such terms and conditions
19	as the Administrator considers to be appropriate.
20	"(B) Monitoring grants.—The Adminis-
21	trator may make a monitoring grant to—
22	"(i) a Chesapeake Basin State, des-
23	ignee of a Chesapeake Basin State, soil con-
24	servation district, nonprofit organization,
25	local government, institution of higher edu-

1	cation, or basin commission for the purpose
2	of monitoring the ecosystem of freshwater
3	tributaries to the Chesapeake Bay; or
4	"(ii) any of the States of Delaware,
5	Maryland, or Virginia (or a designee), the
6	District of Columbia (or a designee), non-
7	profit organization, local government, insti-
8	tution of higher education, or interstate
9	agency for the purpose of monitoring the
10	Chesapeake Bay, including the tidal waters
11	of the Chesapeake Bay.
12	"(C) Centers of excellence grants.—
13	The Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-
14	retary of Agriculture, may make grants to insti-
15	tutions of higher education, consortia of such in-
16	stitutions, or public, non-affiliated nonprofit or-
17	ganizations for the purpose of establishing and
18	supporting centers of excellence for water quality
19	and agricultural practices—
20	"(i) to develop new technologies and
21	innovative policies and practices for agri-
22	cultural producers to reduce nitrogen, phos-
23	phorous, and sediment pollution;
24	"(ii) to quantify the expected load re-
25	ductions of those pollutants to be achieved

1	in the Chesapeake Basin through the imple-
2	mentation of current and newly developed
3	technologies, policies, and practices; and
4	"(iii) to provide to the Administrator
5	and the Secretary recommendations for—
6	"(I) the widespread deployment of
7	those technologies, policies, and prac-
8	tices among agricultural producers;
9	and
10	"(II) the application of those tech-
11	nologies, policies, and practices in
12	Chesapeake Basin computer models.
13	"(D) Chesapeake nutrient trading
14	GUARANTEE PILOT PROGRAM.—
15	"(i) In general.—The Administrator,
16	in consultation with the Chesapeake Basin
17	States and the Secretary of Agriculture,
18	shall establish a Chesapeake nutrient trad-
19	ing guarantee pilot program (referred to in
20	this subparagraph as the 'guarantee pilot
21	program') to support the interstate trading
22	$program\ established\ under\ subsection\ (j)(6).$
23	"(ii) Purposes.—The purposes of the
24	guarantee pilot program are—

1	"(I) to develop innovative policies
2	and practices to more efficiently and
3	effectively implement best management
4	practices, primarily on agricultural
5	land;
6	"(II) to leverage public funding to
7	raise private capital to accelerate the
8	restoration of the Chesapeake Bay by
9	providing a Federal guarantee on nu-
10	trient credit purchases; and
11	"(III) to support nutrient trading
12	throughout the Chesapeake Basin.
13	"(iii) Project manager.—
14	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
15	trator shall designate a project man-
16	ager to carry out the guarantee pilot
17	program.
18	"(II) QUALIFICATIONS.—The
19	project manager shall be an institution
20	of higher education, a nonprofit orga-
21	nization, or a basin commission that—
22	"(aa) demonstrates thorough
23	knowledge and understanding of
24	best management practices that

1	result in nutrient reductions in
2	the Chesapeake Basin;
3	"(bb) demonstrates thorough
4	knowledge and understanding of
5	the Chesapeake watershed com-
6	puter model of the Environmental
7	$Protection\ Agency;$
8	"(cc) demonstrates thorough
9	knowledge and understanding of
10	the relevant environmental regula-
11	tions relating to the Chesapeake
12	Basin;
13	"(dd) has a demonstrated
14	history of discharging fiduciary
15	responsibilities with transparency
16	and in accordance with all appli-
17	cable accounting standards; and
18	"(ee) has relevant experience
19	with pollution offsets and trans-
20	actions involving pollution offsets.
21	"(III) Duties.—
22	"(aa) IN GENERAL.—The
23	project manager shall provide
24	guarantees to purchasers of nutri-
25	ent credits under the interstate

1	trading program established
2	$under\ subsection\ (j)(6).$
3	"(bb) Managerial du-
4	Ties.—In carrying out the guar-
5	antee pilot program, the project
6	manager shall—
7	"(AA) identify best
8	management practices that
9	result in the greatest reduc-
10	tion in pollution levels;
11	``(BB) establish offset
12	metrics for calculation,
13	verification, and monitoring
14	protocols in collaboration
15	with Federal and State pro-
16	grams;
17	"(CC) manage and over-
18	see project verification and
19	$monitoring\ processes;$
20	``(DD) establish proce-
21	dures that minimize trans-
22	action costs and eliminate
23	unnecessary or duplicative
24	$administrative\ processes;$

1	"(EE) take ownership of
2	the nutrient reduction offsets
3	from any private funding
4	source for an activity carried
5	out under this subparagraph;
6	"(FF) enter into agree-
7	ments with private funding
8	sources that enable a private
9	funding source, at the conclu-
10	sion of a project, to sell the
11	verified nutrient reduction
12	offset to the program man-
13	ager at an agreed upon
14	price, or to sell the verified
15	nutrient reduction offsets;
16	and
17	``(GG) manage the
18	Chesapeake Nutrient Trading
19	$Guarantee\ Fund.$
20	"(iv) Credit purchaser require-
21	MENTS.—As a condition of receiving a
22	guarantee under this subparagraph, a pur-
23	chaser shall comply with—

1	"(I) the regulations promulgated
2	by the Administrator under subsection
3	(j)(6);
4	"(II) any application procedure
5	that the Administrator, in consultation
6	with the project manager, determines
7	to be necessary; and
8	"(III) any other applicable laws
9	(including regulations).
10	"(v) Termination.—The guarantee
11	pilot program shall terminate on the date
12	that is 5 years after the date of the estab-
13	lishment of the interstate trading program
14	$under\ subsection\ (j)(6).$
15	"(vi) Reports.—
16	"(I) In general.—The project
17	manager shall—
18	"(aa) ensure public trans-
19	parency for all nutrient trading
20	activities through a publicly
21	available trading registry; and
22	"(bb) submit an annual re-
23	port to the Administrator, the
24	Committee on Environment and
25	Public Works of the Senate, and

1	the Committee on Transportation
2	and Infrastructure of the House of
3	Representatives.
4	"(II) Contents.—A report under
5	subclause (I)(bb) $shall$ $include$ a de -
6	scription of—
7	"(aa) the activities funded by
8	the guarantee pilot program;
9	"(bb) the nutrient reductions
10	achieved by each project carried
11	out under the guarantee pilot pro-
12	gram;
13	"(cc) the efficiency of each
14	project carried out under the
15	guarantee pilot program, meas-
16	ured in pounds of pollution re-
17	duced per dollar expended;
18	"(dd) the total quantity of
19	nitrogen, phosphorus, and sedi-
20	ment reduced; and
21	"(ee) the total amount of pri-
22	$vate\ funds\ leveraged.$
23	"(E) Chesapeake nutrient trading
24	GUARANTEE EUND —

1	"(i) Establishment of fund.—There
2	is established in the Treasury of the United
3	States a fund to be known as the 'Chesa-
4	peake Nutrient Trading Guarantee Fund'
5	(referred to in this subparagraph as the
6	'Fund'), to be administered by the Adminis-
7	trator, to be available for 5 years after the
8	date of the establishment of the interstate
9	$trading\ program\ under\ subsection\ (j)(6)$
10	and subject to appropriation, for the pur-
11	$poses\ described\ in\ subparagraph\ (D) (ii).$
12	"(ii) Transfers to fund.—The Fund
13	shall consist of such amounts as are appro-
14	priated to the Fund under subsection
15	(p)(2)(v).
16	"(iii) Prohibition.—Amounts in the
17	Fund may not be made available for any
18	purpose other than a purpose described in
19	clause (i) .
20	"(iv) Termination.—Subject to clause
21	(v), the Fund shall terminate on the date
22	that is 5 years after the date of establish-
23	ment of the interstate trading program
24	under subsection $(j)(6)$.

1	"(v) Unobligated amounts.—On the
2	termination of the Fund, the Administrator
3	shall—
4	"(I) require the return of any un-
5	obligated amounts in the Fund to the
6	Secretary of the Treasury; or
7	"(II) reauthorize the use of the
8	Fund for the purposes described in
9	clause (i).
10	"(vi) Annual reports.—
11	"(I) In general.—Not later than
12	60 days after the end of each fiscal
13	year beginning with the first fiscal
14	year after the date of the establishment
15	of the interstate trading program
16	under subsection (j)(6), the Adminis-
17	trator shall submit to the Committee
18	on Appropriations of the House of
19	Representatives, the Committee on Ap-
20	propriations of the Senate, the Com-
21	mittee on Environment and Public
22	Works of the Senate, and the Com-
23	mittee on Transportation and Infra-
24	structure of the House of Representa-

1	tives a report on the operation of the
2	Fund during the fiscal year.
3	"(II) Contents.—Each report
4	shall include, for the fiscal year covered
5	by the report, the following:
6	"(aa) A statement of the
7	amounts deposited in the Fund.
8	"(bb) A description of the ex-
9	penditures made from the Fund
10	for the fiscal year, including the
11	purpose of the expenditures.
12	"(cc) Recommendations for
13	additional authorities to fulfill the
14	purpose of the Fund.
15	"(dd) A statement of the bal-
16	ance remaining in the Fund at
17	the end of the fiscal year.
18	"(2) Administration.—
19	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
20	graph (C), in making implementation grants to
21	each of the Chesapeake Basin States for a fiscal
22	year under this subsection, the Administrator
23	shall ensure that not less than—
24	"(i) 10 percent of the funds available
25	to make such grants are made to the States

1	of Delaware, New York, and West Virginia
2	(or designees of those States); and
3	"(ii) 20 percent of the funds available
4	to make such grants are made to States (or
5	designees of the States) for the sole purpose
6	of providing technical assistance to agricul-
7	tural producers and forest owners to access
8	conservation programs and other resources
9	devoted to improvements in, and protection
10	of, water quality in the Chesapeake Bay
11	and the tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay,
12	in accordance with subparagraph (B).
13	"(B) Technical Assistance.—A State (or
14	designees of a State) may use any soil conserva-
15	tion district, nonprofit organization, private sec-
16	tor vendor, or other appropriately qualified pro-
17	vider to deliver technical assistance to agricul-
18	tural producers and forest owners under sub-
19	paragraph (A)(ii).
20	"(C) Nonapplicability to dc.—This
21	paragraph shall not apply to any implementa-
22	tion grant provided to the District of Columbia.
23	"(3) Proposals.—
24	"(A) Implementation grants.—

1	"(i) In GENERAL.—A Chesapeake
2	Basin State described in paragraph (1)
3	may apply for a grant under this subsection
4	for a fiscal year by submitting to the Ad-
5	ministrator a comprehensive proposal to
6	implement programs and achieve the goals
7	established under the Chesapeake Bay
8	Agreement.
9	"(ii) Implementation grant con-
10	TENTS.—A proposal under clause (i) shall
11	include—
12	"(I) a description of the proposed
13	actions that the Chesapeake Basin
14	State commits to take within a speci-
15	fied time period, including 1 or more
16	of actions that are designed—
17	"(aa) to achieve and main-
18	tain all applicable water quality
19	standards, including standards
20	necessary to support the aquatic
21	living resources of the Chesapeake
22	Bay and related tributaries and
23	to protect human health;
24	"(bb) to restore, enhance, and
25	protect the finfish, shellfish, water-

1	fowl, and other living resources,
2	habitats of those species and re-
3	sources, and ecological relation-
4	ships to sustain all fisheries and
5	provide for a balanced ecosystem;
6	"(cc) to preserve, protect, and
7	restore those habitats and natural
8	areas that are vital to the survival
9	and diversity of the living re-
10	sources of the Chesapeake Bay
11	and associated rivers;
12	"(dd) to develop, promote,
13	and achieve sound land use prac-
14	tices that protect and restore wa-
15	tershed resources and water qual-
16	ity, reduce or maintain reduced
17	pollutant loadings for the Chesa-
18	peake Bay and related tributaries,
19	and restore and preserve aquatic
20	living resources;
21	"(ee) to promote individual
22	stewardship and assist individ-
23	uals, community-based organiza-
24	tions, businesses, local govern-
25	ments, and schools to undertake

1	initiatives to achieve the goals
2	and commitments of the Chesa-
3	peake Bay Agreement; or
4	"(ff) to provide technical as-
5	sistance to agricultural producers,
6	forest owners, and other eligible
7	entities, through technical infra-
8	structure, including activities,
9	processes, tools, and agency func-
10	tions needed to support delivery of
11	technical services, such as tech-
12	nical standards, resource inven-
13	tories, training, data, technology,
14	monitoring, and effects analyses;
15	"(II) except with respect to any
16	implementation grant proposal by the
17	District of Columbia, a commitment to
18	dedicate not less than 20 percent of the
19	grant funding for the Chesapeake Bay
20	under this subsection to support tech-
21	nical assistance for agricultural and
22	forest land or nutrient management
23	practices that protect and restore wa-
24	tershed resources and water quality, re-
25	duce or maintain reduced pollutant

1	loadings for the Chesapeake Bay and
2	related tributaries, and restore and
3	preserve aquatic living resources; and
4	"(III) the estimated cost of the ac-
5	tions proposed to be taken during the
6	year.
7	"(B) Monitoring grants.—
8	"(i) In general.—An eligible entity
9	described in $paragraph$ (1)(B) may $apply$
10	for a grant under this subsection for a fiscal
11	year by submitting to the Administrator a
12	comprehensive proposal to monitor fresh-
13	water or estuarine ecosystems, including
14	water quality.
15	"(ii) Monitoring grant contents.—
16	A proposal under this subparagraph shall
17	include—
18	"(I) a description of the proposed
19	$monitoring\ system;$
20	"(II) certification by the Chesa-
21	peake Basin Program Director that
22	such a monitoring system includes
23	such parameters as the Chesapeake
24	Basin Program Director determines to
25	be necessary to assess progress toward

1	achieving the goals of the Chesapeake
2	Clean Water and Ecosystem Restora-
3	tion Act; and
4	"(III) the estimated cost of the
5	monitoring proposed to be conducted
6	during the year.
7	"(iii) Concurrences.—The Adminis-
8	trator shall—
9	"(I) obtain the concurrence of the
10	Director of the United States Geologi-
11	cal Survey regarding the design and
12	implementation of the freshwater mon-
13	itoring systems established under this
14	subsection; and
15	"(II) obtain the concurrence of the
16	Director of the Chesapeake Bay Office
17	of the National Oceanic and Atmos-
18	pheric Administration regarding the
19	design and implementation of the estu-
20	arine monitoring systems established
21	under this subsection.
22	"(iv) Consultation.—The Adminis-
23	trator shall—
24	"(I) with regard to the freshwater
25	monitoring system, consult with the

1	basin commissions, institutions with
2	expertise in clean water and agricul-
3	tural policy and practices, and the
4	Chesapeake Basin States regarding the
5	design and implementation of the mon-
6	itoring systems established under this
7	subsection—
8	"(aa) giving particular at-
9	tention through fine scale
10	instream and infield stream-edge
11	and groundwater analysis to the
12	measurement of the water quality
13	effectiveness of agricultural con-
14	servation program implementa-
15	tion, including the Chesapeake
16	Bay Watershed Initiative under
17	section 1240Q of the Food Secu-
18	rity Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
19	3839bb-4); and
20	"(bb) analyzing the effective-
21	ness of stormwater pollution con-
22	trol and mitigation using green
23	infrastructure techniques in sub-
24	watersheds that have high levels of
25	impervious surfaces;

1	"(II) with regard to the estuarine
2	monitoring system, consult with insti-
3	tutions of higher education with exper-
4	tise in estuarine systems and the
5	Chesapeake Basin States regarding the
6	monitoring systems established under
7	$this\ subsection;$
8	"(III) consult with the Chesapeake
9	Basin Program Scientific and Tech-
10	nical Advisory Committee regarding
11	independent review of monitoring de-
12	signs giving particular attention to in-
13	tegrated freshwater and estuarine mon-
14	itoring strategies; and
15	"(IV) consult with Federal depart-
16	ments and agencies, including the De-
17	partment of Agriculture, regarding co-
18	operation in implementing monitoring
19	programs.
20	"(f) Federal Facilities Coordination.—
21	"(1) Subwatershed planning and restora-
22	TION.—A Federal agency that owns or operates a fa-
23	cility (as defined by the Administrator) within the
24	Chesapeake Basin shall participate in regional and
25	subwatershed planning and restoration programs.

1	"(2) Compliance with agreements and
2	PLANS.—The head of each Federal agency that owns
3	or occupies real property in the Chesapeake Basin
4	shall ensure that the property, and actions taken by
5	the agency with respect to the property, comply
6	with—
7	"(A) the Chesapeake Bay Agreement;
8	"(B) the Federal Agencies Chesapeake Eco-
9	system Unified Plan;
10	"(C) the Chesapeake Basin action plan de-
11	veloped in accordance with subparagraph
12	(g)(1)(A); and
13	"(D) any subsequent agreements and plans.
14	"(3) Forest cover at federal facilities.—
15	Not later than January 1, 2012, the Administrator,
16	with the advice of the Chief of the Forest Service and
17	the appropriate Chesapeake Basin State forester, shall
18	coordinate with the head of each Federal agency that
19	owns or operates a facility within the Chesapeake
20	Basin (as determined by the Administrator) to de-
21	velop plans to maximize forest cover at the facility
22	through—
23	"(A) the preservation of existing forest
24	cover; or

1	"(B) with respect to a facility that has been
2	previously disturbed or developed, the develop-
3	ment of a reforestation plan.
4	"(g) Federal Annual Action Plan and Progress
5	Report.—The Administrator, in accordance with Execu-
6	tive Order 13508 entitled 'Chesapeake Bay Protection and
7	Restoration' and signed on May 12, 2009 (74 Fed. Reg.
8	23099), shall—
9	"(1) make available to the public, not later than
10	March 31 of each year—
11	"(A) a Chesapeake Basin action plan de-
12	scribing, in the greatest practicable degree of de-
13	tail, how Federal funding proposed in the an-
14	nual budget of the United States submitted by
15	the President to Congress will be used to protect
16	and restore the Chesapeake Bay during the up-
17	coming fiscal year;
18	"(B) an annual progress report that—
19	"(i) assesses the key ecological at-
20	tributes that reflect the health of the Chesa-
21	peake Basin ecosystem;
22	"(ii) reviews indicators of environ-
23	mental conditions in the Chesapeake Bay:

1	"(iii) distinguishes between the health
2	of the Chesapeake Basin ecosystem and the
3	results of management measures;
4	"(iv) assesses implementation of the ac-
5	tion plan during the preceding fiscal year;
6	"(v) recommends steps to improve
7	progress in restoring and protecting the
8	Chesapeake Bay and tributaries; and
9	"(vi) describes how Federal funding
10	and actions will be coordinated with the ac-
11	tions of States, basin commissions, and oth-
12	ers; and
13	"(C) an annual report, detailed at the State
14	and sector level where applicable, submitted by
15	the Administrator to the Chesapeake Basin
16	States and the public on specific recently com-
17	pleted, pending, or proposed regulations, guid-
18	ance documents, permitting requirements, en-
19	forcement actions, and other activities carried
20	out in accordance with the Executive Order, in-
21	cluding actions relating to the Chesapeake Bay
22	TMDL and State watershed implementation
23	plans.
24	"(2) create and maintain, with the concurrence
25	of the Secretary of Agriculture, a Chesapeake Basin-

1	wide database containing comprehensive data on im-
2	plementation of agricultural conservation manage-
3	ment practices in the Chesapeake Basin that—
4	"(A) includes conservation management
5	practice implementation data, including, to the
6	maximum extent feasible, all publicly and pri-
7	vately funded conservation practices, as of the ef-
8	fective date of the Chesapeake Clean Water and
9	$E cosystem \ Restoration \ Act;$
10	"(B) includes data on subsequent conserva-
11	tion management practice implementation
12	projects funded by, or reported to, the Depart-
13	ment of Agriculture, the appropriate department
14	of any Chesapeake Basin State, a local soil and
15	water conservation district, or any similar insti-
16	tution;
17	"(C) except with respect to data associated
18	with a permit or recorded in the trading reg-
19	$istry, \ as \ provided \ in \ subsection \ (j)(6)(B)(viii),$
20	presents the required data to the Administrator
21	in statistical or aggregate form without identi-
22	fying any—
23	"(i) individual owner, operator, or
24	producer; or
25	"(ii) specific data gathering site;

1	"(D) is made available to the public not
2	later than December 31, 2010; and
3	"(E) is updated not less frequently than
4	once every 2 years.
5	"(h) Chesapeake Basin Program.—
6	"(1) Management strategies.—The Adminis-
7	trator, in coordination with other members of the
8	Chesapeake Executive Council, shall ensure that man-
9	agement plans are developed and implemented by
10	Chesapeake Basin States to achieve and maintain—
11	"(A) for each of the Chesapeake Basin
12	States—
13	"(i) the sediment and nutrient goals of
14	the Chesapeake Bay Agreement for the
15	quantity of sediment, nitrogen, and phos-
16	phorus entering the Chesapeake Bay and the
17	tidal tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay; and
18	"(ii) the water quality requirements
19	necessary to restore living resources in the
20	Chesapeake Bay and the tidal tributaries of
21	the Chesapeake Bay; and
22	"(B) for the signatory States—
23	"(i) the Chesapeake Bay Basinwide
24	Toxins Reduction and Prevention Strategy
25	goal of reducing or eliminating the input of

1	chemical contaminants from all controllable
2	sources to levels that result in no toxic or
3	bioaccumulative impact on the living re-
4	sources of the Chesapeake Basin ecosystem
5	or on human health;
6	"(ii) habitat restoration, protection,
7	creation, and enhancement goals established
8	by Chesapeake Bay Agreement for wetland,
9	riparian forests, and other types of habitat
10	associated with the Chesapeake Basin eco-
11	system; and
12	"(iii) the restoration, protection, cre-
13	ation, and enhancement goals established by
14	the Chesapeake Bay Agreement for living
15	resources associated with the Chesapeake
16	$Basin\ ecosystem.$
17	"(2) Chesapeake basin stewardship grants
18	PROGRAM.—The Administrator, in cooperation with
19	the Chesapeake Executive Council, shall—
20	"(A) establish a Chesapeake Basin Steward-
21	ship Grants Program; and
22	"(B) in carrying out that program—
23	"(i) offer technical assistance and as-
24	sistance grants under subsection (d) to
25	States (or designees of States), local govern-

1	ments, soil conservation districts, institu-
2	tions of higher education, nonprofit organi-
3	zations, basin commissions, and private en-
4	tities in the Chesapeake Basin region to im-
5	plement—
6	"(I) cooperative watershed strate-
7	gies that address the water quality,
8	habitat, and living resource needs in
9	the Chesapeake Basin;
10	"(II) locally based protection and
11	restoration programs or projects within
12	a watershed that complement the State
13	watershed implementation plans, in-
14	cluding the creation, restoration, or en-
15	hancement of habitat associated with
16	the Chesapeake Basin ecosystem;
17	"(III) activities for increased
18	spawning and other habitat for migra-
19	tory fish by removing barriers or con-
20	structing fish passage devices, restoring
21	streams with high habitat potential for
22	cold water fisheries such as native
23	brook trout, or other habitat enhance-
24	ments for fish and waterfowl;

1	"(IV) activities for increased rec-
2	reational access to the Chesapeake Bay
3	and the tidal rivers and freshwater
4	tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay; and
5	"(V) innovative nitrogen, phos-
6	phorus, or sediment reduction efforts;
7	and
8	"(ii) give preference to cooperative
9	projects that involve local governments, soil
10	conservation districts, and sportsmen asso-
11	ciations, especially cooperative projects that
12	involve public-private partnerships.
13	"(i) Actions by States.—
14	"(1) Watershed implementation plans.—
15	"(A) Plans.—
16	"(i) In general.—Not later than No-
17	vember 1, 2011, each Chesapeake Basin
18	State, after providing for reasonable notice
19	and 1 or more public meetings, may submit
20	to the Administrator for approval a water-
21	shed implementation plan for the Chesa-
22	peake Basin State.
23	"(ii) Targets.—The watershed imple-
24	mentation plan shall establish reduction
25	targets, key actions, and schedules for reduc-

1	ing, to levels that will attain water quality
2	standards, the loads of nitrogen, phos-
3	phorus, and sediment, including pollution
4	from—
5	``(I) point sources, including
6	point source stormwater discharges;
7	and
8	$``(II)\ nonpoint\ sources.$
9	"(iii) Pollution limitations.—
10	"(I) In General.—The pollution
11	limitations shall be the nitrogen, phos-
12	phorus, and sediment load and
13	wasteload allocations sufficient to meet
14	Chesapeake Bay and Chesapeake Bay
15	tidal segment water quality standards.
16	"(II) Stringency.—A watershed
17	implementation plan shall be designed
18	to attain, at a minimum, the pollution
19	limitations described in subclause (I).
20	"(iv) Plan requirements.—Each
21	watershed implementation plan shall—
22	"(I) include State-adopted man-
23	agement measures, including rules or
24	regulations, permits, consent decrees,
25	and other enforceable or otherwise

1	binding measures, to require and
2	achieve reductions from point and
3	$nonpoint\ pollution\ sources;$
4	"(II) include programs to achieve
5	voluntary reductions from pollution
6	sources, including an estimate of the
7	funding commitments necessary to im-
8	plement the programs and a plan for
9	working to secure the funding;
10	"(III) include any additional re-
11	quirements or actions that the Chesa-
12	peake Basin State determines to be
13	necessary to attain the pollution limi-
14	tations by the deadline established in
15	this paragraph;
16	"(IV) provide for enforcement
17	mechanisms, including a penalty
18	structure for failures, such as fees or
19	forfeiture of State funds, including
20	Federal funds distributed or otherwise
21	awarded by the State to the extent the
22	State is authorized to exercise inde-
23	pendent discretion in amounts of such
24	distributions or awards, for use in case
25	a permittee local jurisdictions or any

1	other party fails to adhere to assigned
2	pollutant limitations, implementation
3	schedules, or permit terms;
4	"(V) include a schedule for imple-
5	mentation that—
6	"(aa) is divided into 2-year
7	periods, along with computer
8	modeling, or other appropriate
9	analysis, to demonstrate the pro-
10	jected reductions in nitrogen,
11	phosphorus, and sediment loads
12	associated with each 2-year pe-
13	riod; and
14	"(bb) demonstrates reason-
15	able additional progress toward
16	achievement of the goals described
17	in—
18	"(AA) subclause
19	$(VIII)(aa); \ and$
20	"(BB) clauses (i) and
21	$(ii)\ of\ subparagraph\ (B);$
22	"(VI) include the stipulation of
23	alternate actions as contingencies;
24	"(VII) account for how the Chesa-
25	peake Basin State will address addi-

1	tional loadings from growth through
2	reserved allocations, offsets, planned fu-
3	ture controls, implementation of new
4	technologies, or other actions;
5	"(VIII) provide assurances that—
6	"(aa) if compared to an esti-
7	mated 2008 baseline based on
8	modeled loads, the initial plan
9	shall be designed to achieve, not
10	later than May 31, 2017, at least
11	60 percent of the nutrient and
12	sediment reduction requirements
13	$described\ in\ clause\ (iii)(I)(bb);$
14	"(bb) the Chesapeake Basin
15	State will have adequate per-
16	sonnel and funding (or a plan to
17	secure such personnel or funding),
18	and authority under State (and,
19	as appropriate, local) law to
20	carry out the implementation
21	plan, and is not prohibited by
22	any provision of Federal or State
23	law from carrying out the imple-
24	mentation plan; and

1	"(cc) to the extent that a
2	Chesapeake Basin State has relied
3	on a local government for the im-
4	plementation of any plan provi-
5	sion, the Chesapeake Basin State
6	has the responsibility for ensuring
7	adequate implementation of the
8	provision;
9	"(IX) include adequate provisions
10	for public participation; and
11	"(X) upon the approval of the Ad-
12	ministrator, be made available to the
13	public on the Internet.
14	"(B) Implementation.—
15	"(i) In General.—In implementing a
16	watershed implementation plan, each
17	Chesapeake Basin State shall follow a strat-
18	egy developed by the Administrator for the
19	implementation of adaptive management
20	principles to ensure full implementation of
21	all plan elements by not later than May 12,
22	2025, including—
23	"(I) biennial evaluations of State
24	actions;

1	"(II) progress made toward im-
2	plementation;
3	"(III) determinations of necessary
4	modifications to future actions in
5	order to achieve objectives including
6	achievement of water quality stand-
7	ards; and
8	"(IV) appropriate provisions to
9	adapt to climate changes.
10	"(ii) Deadline.—Not later than May
11	12, 2025, each Chesapeake Basin State
12	shall—
13	"(I) fully implement the water-
14	shed implementation plan of the State;
15	and
16	"(II) have in place all the mecha-
17	nisms outlined in the plan that are
18	necessary to attain the applicable pol-
19	lutant limitations for nitrogen, phos-
20	phorus, and sediments.
21	"(C) Progress reports.—Not later than
22	May 12, 2014, and biennially thereafter, each
23	Chesapeake Basin State shall submit to the Ad-
24	ministrator a progress report that, with respect
25	to the 2-year period covered by the report—

1	"(i) includes a listing of all manage-
2	ment measures that were to be implemented
3	in accordance with the approved watershed
4	implementation plan of the Chesapeake
5	Basin State, including a description of the
6	extent to which those measures have been
7	fully implemented;
8	"(ii) includes a listing of all the man-
9	agement measures described in clause (i)
10	that the Chesapeake Basin State has failed
11	to fully implement in accordance with the
12	approved watershed implementation plan of
13	the Chesapeake Basin State;
14	"(iii) includes monitored and collected
15	water quality data;
16	"(iv) includes appropriate computer
17	modeling data or other appropriate anal-
18	yses that detail the nitrogen, phosphorus,
19	and sediment load reductions projected to be
20	achieved as a result of the implementation
21	of the management measures and mecha-
22	nisms carried out by the Chesapeake Basin
23	State;
24	"(v) demonstrates reasonable addi-
25	tional progress made by the State toward

1	achievement of the requirements and dead-
2	lines described in subparagraph
3	(A)(iv)(VIII)(aa) and clauses (i) and (ii) of
4	$subparagraph\ (B);$
5	"(vi) includes, for the subsequent 2-
6	year period, implementation goals and
7	Chesapeake Basin Program computer mod-
8	eling data detailing the projected pollution
9	reductions to be achieved if the Chesapeake
10	Basin State fully implements the subsequent
11	round of management measures;
12	"(vii) identifies compliance informa-
13	tion, including violations, actions taken by
14	the Chesapeake Basin State to address the
15	violations, and dates, if any, on which com-
16	pliance was achieved; and
17	"(viii) specifies any revisions to the
18	watershed implementation plan submitted
19	under this paragraph that the Chesapeake
20	Basin State determines are necessary to at-
21	tain the applicable pollutant limitations for
22	nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediments.
23	"(2) Issuance of permits.—
24	"(A) In general.—Notwithstanding any
25	other provision of this Act (including any exclu-

sion or exception contained in a definition under section 502) and in accordance with State laws (including regulations), after providing appropriate opportunities for public comment, for the purpose of achieving the nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment reductions required under a watershed implementation plan, a Chesapeake Basin State, or, if the State is not authorized to administer the permit program under section 402, the Administrator, may impose limitations or other controls, including permit requirements, on any discharge or runoff from a pollution source, including point and nonpoint sources, located within the Chesapeake Basin State that the program administrator determines to be necessary.

- "(B) Enforcement.—The Chesapeake Basin States and the Administrator shall enforce any permits issued in accordance with the watershed implementation plan in the same manner as permits issued under section 402 are enforced.
- "(C) Additional enforcement stand-ARDS.—No Federal enforcement action shall be brought pursuant to section 309 against an agricultural producer that is in compliance with all

1	of the applicable planning and scheduled imple-
2	mentation requirements of the following, as re-
3	quired by Federal, State, or other locally-appli-
4	cable law and consistent with an approved State
5	watershed implementation plan:
6	"(i) State permits issued pursuant to
7	section 402.
8	"(ii) A soil conservation plan approved
9	by the Federal Government or a State or
10	local government, soil conservation district,
11	or other applicable agency.
12	"(iii) A government-approved nutrient
13	management plan.
14	"(iv) A State or locally approved ero-
15	sion and sediment control plan.
16	"(v) Any other applicable requirement
17	described in an approved State watershed
18	$implementation\ plan.$
19	"(D) DE MINIMIS EXEMPTIONS.—The Ad-
20	ministrator (with respect to the District of Co-
21	lumbia) or a Chesapeake Basin State that is au-
22	thorized to administer a permit program under
23	section 402, after consultation with stakeholders
24	(including wastewater utilities, municipalities,
25	developers, agricultural producers, institutions of

1	higher education, and other interested parties)
2	shall establish de minimis exemptions for per-
3	mits issued under this paragraph.
4	"(3) Stormwater permits.—
5	"(A) In General.—Effective beginning
6	January 1, 2013, the Chesapeake Basin State
7	shall provide assurances to the Administrator
8	that—
9	"(i) the owner or operator of any de-
10	velopment or redevelopment project pos-
11	sessing an impervious footprint that exceeds
12	a threshold to be determined by the Admin-
13	istrator through rulemaking, will use site
14	planning, design, construction, and mainte-
15	nance strategies for the property to main-
16	tain or restore, to the maximum extent tech-
17	nically feasible, the predevelopment hydrol-
18	ogy of the property with regard to the tem-
19	perature, rate, volume, and duration of
20	flow, using onsite infiltration,
21	evapotranspiration, and reuse approaches,
22	if feasible; and
23	"(ii) as a further condition of permit-
24	ting such a development or redevelopment,
25	the owner or operator of any development or

1	redevelopment project possessing an imper-
2	vious footprint that exceeds a threshold to be
3	determined by the Administrator through
4	rulemaking will compensate for any un-
5	avoidable impacts to the predevelopment hy-
6	drology of the property with regard to the
7	temperature, rate, volume, and duration of
8	flow, such that—
9	"(I) the compensation within the
10	affected subwatershed shall provide in-
11	kind or out-of-kind mitigation of func-
12	tion at ratios to be determined by the
13	$Administrator\ through\ rule making;$
14	"(II) the compensation outside the
15	affected subwatershed shall provide in-
16	kind or out-of-kind mitigation, at ra-
17	tios to be determined by the Adminis-
18	trator through rulemaking, within the
19	tributary watershed in which the
20	project is located; and
21	"(III) if mitigation of unavoid-
22	able impacts is not feasible, the Ad-
23	ministrator may approve stringent fee-
24	in-lieu systems.
25	"(B) Regulations.—

1	"(i) In general.—Not later than May
2	12, 2011, the Administrator shall promul-
3	gate regulations that—
4	"(I) define the term
5	'predevelopment hydrology' for pur-
6	poses of subparagraph (A) ;
7	"(II) establish the thresholds
8	$under\ subparagraph\ (A);$
9	"(III) establish the compensation
10	ratios under items (I) and (II) of sub-
11	paragraph (A)(ii); and
12	"(IV) establish the fee-in-lieu sys-
13	$tems\ under\ subparagraph\ (A)(ii)(III).$
14	"(ii) Requirement.—In developing
15	the regulations under clause (i), including
16	establishing minimum standards for new
17	development and redevelopment, the Admin-
18	istrator shall take into consideration, based
19	on an evaluation of field science and prac-
20	tice, factors such as—
21	"(I) the benefit to—
22	"(aa) overall watershed pro-
23	tection and restoration of redevel-
24	opment of brownfields or other

1	previously developed or disturbed
2	$sites;\ and$
3	"(bb) water quality improve-
4	ment through lot-level stormwater
5	management.
6	"(iii) Treatment of pending
7	STORMWATER PERMITS.—In consultation
8	with the Chesapeake Basin States and in-
9	terested stakeholders, and taking into con-
10	sideration any compliance schedules devel-
11	oped by any Chesapeake Basin State prior
12	to June 30, 2010, the Administrator shall
13	develop guidance regarding the treatment of
14	pending stormwater permits for the Chesa-
15	peake Basin States.
16	"(C) Failure to provide assurances.—
17	If a Chesapeake Basin State that submits a Wa-
18	tershed Implementation Plan under this sub-
19	section fails to provide the assurances required
20	under subparagraph (A), effective beginning on
21	May 12, 2013, the Administrator may withhold
22	funds otherwise available to the Chesapeake
23	Basin State under this Act, in accordance with
24	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of $subsection$ (j)(5).
25	"(4) Phosphate ban.—

"(A) Phosphorus in Cleaning agent.—
Each Chesapeake Basin State shall provide to
the Administrator, not later than 3 years after
the date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean
Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act, assurances that within the jurisdiction, except as provided in subparagraph (B), a person may not
use, sell, manufacture, or distribute for use or
sale any cleaning agent that contains more than
0.0 percent phosphorus by weight, expressed as
elemental phosphorus, except for a quantity not
exceeding 0.5 percent phosphorus that is incidental to the manufacture of the cleaning agent.

"(B) Prohibited quantities of phosphorus.—Each Chesapeake Basin State shall provide to the Administrator, not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act, assurances that, within the jurisdiction, a person may use, sell, manufacture, or distribute for use or sale a cleaning agent that contains greater than 0.0 percent phosphorus by weight, but does not exceed 8.7 percent phosphorus by weight, if the cleaning agent is a substance that the Administrator, by regulation, excludes from

1	the limitation under subparagraph (A), based on
2	a finding that compliance with that subpara-
3	graph would—
4	"(i) create a significant hardship on
5	the users of the cleaning agent; or
6	"(ii) be unreasonable because of the
7	lack of an adequate substitute cleaning
8	agent.
9	"(C) Failure to provide assurances.—
10	If a Chesapeake Basin State that submits a Wa-
11	tershed Implementation Plan under this sub-
12	section fails to provide the necessary assurances
13	under subparagraphs (A) and (B) by not later
14	than 3 years after the date of enactment of the
15	Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restora-
16	tion Act, the Administrator may withhold funds
17	otherwise available to the Chesapeake Basin
18	State under this Act, in accordance with sub-
19	paragraphs (A) and (B) of subsection $(j)(5)$.
20	"(j) Action by Administrator.—
21	"(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
22	the date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water
23	and Ecosystem Restoration Act, the Administrator
24	shall establish any minimum criteria that the Admin-
25	istrator determines to be necessary that any proposed

1	watershed implementation plan must meet before the
2	Administrator may approve such a plan.
3	"(2) Completeness finding.—
4	"(A) In general.—Not later than 60 days
5	after the date on which the Administrator re-
6	ceives a new or revised proposed watershed im-
7	plementation plan from a Chesapeake Basin
8	State, the Administrator shall make a complete-
9	ness determination based on whether the min-
10	imum criteria for the plan established under
11	paragraph (1) have been met.
12	"(B) Effect of finding of incomplete-
13	NESS.—If the Administrator determines under
14	subparagraph (A) that all or any portion of a
15	submitted watershed implementation plan does
16	not meet the minimum completeness criteria es-
17	tablished under paragraph (1), the Chesapeake
18	Basin State submitting the plan shall be treated
19	as not having made the submission.
20	"(3) Approval and disapproval.—
21	"(A) Deadline.—Not later than 90 days
22	after determining that a watershed implementa-
23	tion plan meets minimum completeness criteria

in accordance with paragraph (2)(A), the Ad-

24

1	ministrator shall approve or disapprove the
2	plan.
3	"(B) Full and partial approval and
4	disapproval.—In carrying out this paragraph,
5	$the \ Administrator \ shall —$
6	"(i) approve a watershed implementa-
7	tion plan if the Administrator determines
8	that the plan meets all applicable require-
9	ments under subsection (i)(1); and
10	"(ii) approve the plan in part and dis-
11	approve the plan in part if only a portion
12	of the watershed implementation plan meets
13	those requirements.
14	"(C) Conditional approval.—The Ad-
15	ministrator shall—
16	"(i) conditionally approve the original
17	or a revised watershed implementation plan
18	based on a commitment of the Chesapeake
19	Basin State submitting the plan to adopt
20	specific enforceable management measures
21	by not later than 1 year after the date of
22	approval of the plan revision; but
23	"(ii) treat a conditional approval as a
24	disapproval under this paragraph if the
25	Chesapeake Basin State fails to comply

1	with the commitment of the Chesapeake
2	Basin State.
3	"(D) Scope of Review.—In reviewing wa-
4	tershed implementation plans for approval or
5	disapproval, the Administrator shall—
6	"(i) limit the scope of the review to the
7	adequacy of the plan to attain water qual-
8	ity standards; and
9	"(ii) not impose, as a condition of ap-
10	proval, any additional requirements.
11	"(E) FULL APPROVAL REQUIRED.—An
12	original or revised watershed implementation
13	plan shall not be treated as meeting the require-
14	ments of this section until the Administrator ap-
15	proves the entire original or revised plan.
16	"(F) Corrections.—In any case in which
17	the Administrator determines that the action of
18	the Administrator approving, disapproving, or
19	conditionally approving any original or revised
20	State watershed implementation plan was in
21	error, the Administrator shall—
22	"(i) in the same manner as the ap-
23	proval, disapproval, conditional approval,
24	or promulgation, revise the action of the
25	Administrator, as appropriate, without re-

1	quiring any further submission from the
2	Chesapeake Basin State; and
3	"(ii) make the determination of the
4	Administrator, and the basis for that deter-
5	mination, available to the public.
6	"(G) Effective date.—The provisions of
7	a State watershed implementation plan shall
8	take effect upon the date of approval of the plan.
9	"(4) Calls for plan revision.—In any case
10	in which the Administrator determines that watershed
11	implementation plan for any area is inadequate to
12	attain or maintain applicable pollution limitations,
13	the Administrator—
14	"(A) shall notify the Chesapeake Basin
15	State of, and require the Chesapeake Basin State
16	to revise the plan to correct the inadequacies;
17	"(B) may establish reasonable deadlines
18	(not to exceed 180 days after the date on which
19	the Administrator provides the notification) for
20	the submission of a revised watershed implemen-
21	tation plan;
22	"(C) shall make the findings of the Admin-
23	istrator under paragraph (3) and notice pro-
24	vided under subparagraph (A) public;

"(D) shall require as an element of any revised plan by the Chesapeake Basin State that the State adhere to the requirements applicable under the original watershed implementation plan, except that the Administrator may adjust any dates (other than attainment dates) applicable under those requirements, as appropriate; and

"(E) shall disapprove any revised plan submitted by a Chesapeake Basin State that fails to adhere to the requirements described in subparagraph (D).

"(5) FEDERAL IMPLEMENTATION.—If a Chesapeake Basin State that has submitted a watershed implementation plan under (1)(A)(i) fails to submit a required revised watershed implementation plan, submit a biennial report, correct a previously missed 2-year commitment made in a watershed implementation plan, or remedy a disapproval of a watershed implementation plan, the Administrator shall, by not later than 30 days after the date of the failure and after issuing a notice to the State and providing a period of not less than 1 year during which the failure may be corrected—

1	"(A) notwithstanding sections 601(a) and
2	603(g), reserve up to 75 percent of the amount
3	of the capitalization grant to the Chesapeake
4	Basin State for a water pollution control revolv-
5	ing fund under section 603 for activities that
6	are—
7	"(i) selected by the Administrator; and
8	"(ii) consistent with the watershed im-
9	plementation plans described in subpara-
10	graphs (B) and (C);
11	"(B) withhold all funds otherwise available
12	to the Chesapeake Basin State (or a designee)
13	under this Act, except for the funds available
14	under title VI;
15	"(C) develop and administer a watershed
16	implementation plan for the Chesapeake Basin
17	State until the Chesapeake Basin State has rem-
18	edied the plan, reports, or achievements to the
19	satisfaction of the Administrator;
20	"(D) in addition to requiring compliance
21	with all other statutory and regulatory require-
22	ments, require that all permits issued under sec-
23	tion 402 for new or expanding discharges of ni-
24	trogen, phosphorus, or sediment shall acquire off-
25	sets that exceed, by a ratio to be determined by

1	the Administrator through rulemaking, the quan-
2	tities of nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediment that
3	would be discharged under the permit, taking
4	into account attenuation, equivalency, and un-
5	certainty; and
6	"(E) for the purposes of developing and im-
7	plementing a watershed implementation plan
8	under subparagraph (C)—
9	"(i) continue all applicable require-
10	ments for nonpoint sources included as part
11	of the most recently approved watershed im-
12	plementation plan of the Chesapeake Basin
13	State;
14	"(ii) issue such permits to point
15	sources as the Administrator determines to
16	be necessary to control pollution sufficient
17	to meet the pollution reductions required to
18	meet applicable water quality standards;
19	"(iii) enforce such nonpoint source re-
20	quirements in the same manner and with
21	the same stringency as required under most
22	recently approved watershed implementa-
23	tion plan of the Chesapeake Basin State;
24	and

1	"(iv) enforce such point source permits
2	in the same manner as other permits issued
3	under section 402 are enforced.
4	"(6) Nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment
5	TRADING PROGRAMS.—
6	"(A) Establishment.—Not later than
7	May 12, 2012, the Administrator, in cooperation
8	with each Chesapeake Basin State, shall estab-
9	lish, by regulation, an interstate nitrogen and
10	phosphorus trading program for the Chesapeake
11	Basin for the generation, trading, and use of ni-
12	trogen and phosphorus credits to facilitate the
13	attainment and maintenance of water quality
14	standards in the Chesapeake Bay and the Chesa-
15	peake Bay tidal segments.
16	"(B) Trading system.—The trading pro-
17	gram established under this subsection shall, at
18	a minimum—
19	"(i) define and standardize nitrogen
20	and phosphorus credits and establish proce-
21	dures or standards for ensuring equivalent
22	water quality benefits for all credits;
23	"(ii) establish procedures or standards
24	for certifying, verifying, and enforcing ni-
25	trogen and phosphorus credits to ensure

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1	that credit-generating practices from both
2	point sources and nonpoint sources are
3	achieving actual reductions in nitrogen and
4	phosphorus, including provisions for allow-
5	ing the use of third parties to verify and
6	certify credits sold within and across State
7	lines;
8	"(iii) establish procedures or standards
9	for generating, quantifying, trading, and
10	applying credits to meet regulatory require-
11	ments and allow for trading to occur be-
12	tween and across point source or nonpoint
13	sources, including a requirement that pur-
14	chasers of credits that propose to satisfy all
15	or part of the obligation to reduce nitrogen
16	and phosphorus through the use of credits
17	shall compensate, through further limita-
18	tions on the discharges of the purchaser or
19	through a new trade, for any deficiency in
20	those reductions that results from the failure
21	of a credit seller to carry out any activity
22	that was to generate the credits;
23	"(iv) establish haseline requirements

"(iv) establish baseline requirements that a credit seller shall meet before becoming eligible to generate saleable credits,

24

25

1	which shall be at least as stringent as appli-
2	cable water quality standards, total max-
3	imum daily loads (including applicable
4	wasteload and load allocations), and water-
5	shed implementation plans;
6	"(v) ensure that credits and trade re-
7	quirements are incorporated, directly or by
8	reference, into enforceable permit require-
9	ments under the national pollutant dis-
10	charge elimination system established under
11	section 402 or the system of the applicable
12	State permitting authority for all credit
13	purchasers covered by the permits;
14	"(vi) ensure that private contracts be-
15	tween credit buyers and credit sellers con-
16	tain adequate provisions to ensure enforce-
17	ability under applicable law;
18	"(vii) establish procedures or standards
19	to ensure public transparency for all nutri-
20	ent trading activities, including the estab-
21	lishment of a publicly available trading reg-
22	istry, which shall include—
23	"(I) the information used in the
24	certification and verification process;
25	and

1	"(II) recorded trading trans-
2	actions (such as the establishment, sale,
3	amounts, and use of credits);
4	"(viii) in addition to requiring com-
5	pliance with all other statutory and regu-
6	latory requirements, ensure that, in any
7	case in which a segment of the Chesapeake
8	Basin is impaired with respect to the nutri-
9	ent being traded and a total maximum
10	daily load for that segment has not yet been
11	implemented for the impairment—
12	"(I) trades are required to result
13	in progress toward or the attainment
14	of water quality standards in that seg-
15	ment; and
16	"(II) sources in that segment may
17	not rely on credits produced outside of
18	$the \ segment;$
19	"(ix) require that the application of
20	credits to meet regulatory requirements
21	under this section not cause or contribute to
22	exceedances of water quality standards,
23	total maximum daily loads, or wasteload or
24	load allocations for affected receiving wa-

1	ters, including avoidance of localized im-
2	pacts;
3	"(x) except as part of a consent agree-
4	ment, consent judgment, or enforcement
5	order, prohibit the purchase of credits from
6	any entity that is in significant noncompli-
7	ance with an enforceable permit issued
8	under section 402;
9	"(xi) consider and incorporate, to the
10	extent consistent with the minimum re-
11	quirements of this Act, as determined by the
12	Administrator, in consultation with the
13	Secretary of Agriculture, elements of State
14	trading programs in existence on the date of
15	enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water
16	and Ecosystem Restoration Act;
17	"(xii) allow for, as appropriate, the
18	aggregation and banking of credits by third
19	parties; and
20	"(xiii) provide for appropriate tem-
21	poral consistency between the time period
22	during which the credit is generated and the
23	time period during which the credit is used.
24	"(C) Facilitation of trading.—In order
25	to attract market participants and facilitate the

1	cost-effective achievement of water-quality goals,
2	the Administrator, in consultation with the Sec-
3	retary of Agriculture, shall ensure that the trad-
4	ing program established under this paragraph—
5	"(i) includes measures to mitigate
6	credit buyer risk;
7	"(ii) makes use of the best available
8	science in order to minimize uncertainty
9	and related transaction costs to traders by
10	supporting research and other activities
11	that increase the scientific understanding of
12	nonpoint nutrient pollutant loading and the
13	ability of various structural and non-
14	structural alternatives to reduce the loads;
15	"(iii) eliminates unnecessary or dupli-
16	cative administrative processes; and
17	"(iv) incorporates a permitting ap-
18	proach under the national pollutant dis-
19	charge elimination system established under
20	section 402 that—
21	"(I) allows trading to occur with-
22	out requiring the reopening or
23	reissuance of the base permits to incor-
24	porate individual trades; and

1	"(II) incorporates any such
2	trades, directly through a permit
3	amendment or addendum, or indirectly
4	by any appropriate mechanism, as en-
5	forceable terms of those permits on ap-
6	proval of the credit purchase by the
7	permitting authority, in accordance
8	with the requirements of the Chesa-
9	peake Basin Program, this Act, and
10	regulations promulgated pursuant to
11	$this\ Act.$
12	"(D) Sediment trading.—
13	"(i) In general.—Not later than 180
14	days after the date of enactment of the
15	Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem
16	Restoration Act, the Administrator, in con-
17	sultation with the Secretary of Agriculture,
18	shall convene a task force, to be composed of
19	representatives from the Chesapeake Basin
20	States and public and private entities—
21	"(I) to identify any scientific,
22	technical, or other issues that would
23	hinder the rapid deployment of an
24	interstate sediment trading program;
25	and

1	"(II) to provide to the Adminis-
2	trator recommendations to overcome
3	any of the obstacles to rapid deploy-
4	ment of such a trading system.
5	"(ii) Interstate sediment trading
6	PROGRAM.—
7	"(I) Establishment.—Based on
8	the recommendations of the task force
9	established under clause (i), the Ad-
10	ministrator, in cooperation with each
11	Chesapeake Basin State, shall establish
12	an interstate sediment trading pro-
13	gram for the Chesapeake Basin for the
14	generation, trading, and use of sedi-
15	ment credits to facilitate the attain-
16	ment and maintenance water quality
17	standards in the Chesapeake Bay and
18	the Chesapeake Bay tidal segments.
19	"(II) Requirement.—The inter-
20	state sediment trading program estab-
21	lished under subclause (I) shall in-
22	clude, at a minimum, definitions, pro-
23	cedures, standards, requirements, as-
24	surances, allowances, prohibitions, and
25	evaluations comparable to the inter-

1	state nitrogen and phosphorus trading
2	program established under subpara-
3	graph(A).
4	"(III) Deadline.—Upon a find-
5	ing of the Administrator, based on the
6	recommendation of the task force estab-
7	lished under clause (i), that such a
8	sediment trading program would sub-
9	stantially advance the achievement of
10	Bay water quality objectives and
11	would be feasible, the interstate trading
12	program under this clause shall be es-
13	tablished by the later of—
14	"(aa) May 12, 2014; and
15	"(bb) the date on which each
16	issue described in clause (i) can be
17	feasibly overcome.
18	"(E) Evaluation of trading.—
19	"(i) Reports.—Not less frequently
20	than once every 5 years after the date of es-
21	tablishment of the interstate nitrogen and
22	phosphorus trading program under this
23	paragraph, the Administrator shall submit
24	to Congress a report describing the results of
25	the program with respect to enforceability,

1	transparency, achievement of water quality
2	results, and whether the program has re-
3	sulted in any localized water pollution
4	problem.
5	"(ii) Improvements.—Based on the
6	reports under clause (i), the Administrator
7	shall make improvements to the trading
8	program under this paragraph to ensure
9	achievement of the environmental and pro-
10	grammatic objectives of the program.
11	"(F) Effect on other trading sys-
12	TEMS.—Nothing in this paragraph affects the
13	ability of a State to establish or implement an
14	applicable intrastate trading program.
15	"(7) Authority relating to development.—
16	$The \ Administrator \ shall—$
17	"(A) establish, for projects resulting in im-
18	pervious development, guidance relating to site
19	planning, design, construction, and maintenance
20	strategies to ensure that the land maintains
21	predevelopment hydrology with regard to the
22	temperature, rate, volume, and duration of flow;
23	"(B) compile a database of best manage-
24	ment practices, model stormwater ordinances,
25	and quidelines with respect to the construction of

1	low-impact development infrastructure and non-
2	structural low-impact development techniques for
3	use by States, local governments, and private en-
4	tities; and
5	"(C) not later than 180 days after promul-
6	gation of the regulations under subsection
7	(i)(3)(B), issue guidance, model ordinances, and
8	guidelines to carry out this paragraph.
9	"(8) Assistance with respect to
10	STORMWATER DISCHARGES.—
11	"(A) Grant program.—The Administrator
12	may provide grants to any local government
13	within the Chesapeake Basin that adopts the
14	guidance, best management practices, ordi-
15	nances, and guidelines issued and compiled
16	under paragraph (7).
17	"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A grant provided
18	under subparagraph (A) may be used by a local
19	government to pay costs associated with—
20	"(i) developing, implementing, and en-
21	forcing the guidance, best management
22	practices, ordinances, and guidelines issued
23	and compiled under paragraph (7); and

1	"(ii) implementing projects designed to
2	reduce or beneficially reuse stormwater dis-
3	charges.
4	"(9) Consumer and commercial product re-
5	PORT.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enact-
6	ment of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem
7	Restoration Act, the Administrator, in consultation
8	with the Chesapeake Executive Council, shall—
9	"(A) review consumer and commercial
10	products (such as lawn fertilizer), the use of
11	which may affect the water quality of the Chesa-
12	peake Basin or associated tributaries, to deter-
13	mine whether further product nutrient content
14	restrictions are necessary to restore or maintain
15	water quality in the Chesapeake Basin and those
16	tributaries; and
17	"(B) submit to the Committees on Appro-
18	priations, Environment and Public Works, and
19	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
20	Senate and the Committees on Appropriations,
21	Natural Resources, Energy and Commerce, and
22	Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
23	of Representatives a product nutrient report de-
24	tailing the findings of the review under subpara-
25	graph(A).

1	"(10) AGRICULTURAL ANIMAL WASTE-TO-BIO-
2	ENERGY DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.—
3	"(A) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
4	"(i) AGRICULTURAL ANIMAL WASTE.—
5	The term 'agricultural animal waste' means
6	manure from livestock, poultry, or aqua-
7	culture.
8	"(ii) Eligible technology.—The
9	term 'eligible technology' means a tech-
10	nology that converts or proposes to convert
11	agricultural animal waste into—
12	"(I) heat;
13	"(II) power; or
14	"(III) biofuels.
15	"(B) Grant program.—The Adminis-
16	trator, in coordination with the Secretary of Ag-
17	riculture, may provide grants to any person or
18	partnership of persons for the purpose of car-
19	rying out projects to deploy an eligible tech-
20	nology in agricultural animal waste-to-bioenergy
21	treatment that has significant potential to reduce
22	agricultural animal waste volume, recover nutri-
23	ents, improve water quality, decrease pollution
24	potential, and recover energy.
25	"(C) Project selection.—

1	"(i) In general.—In selecting appli-
2	cants for grants under this paragraph, the
3	Administrator shall select projects that—
4	$``(I) \ reduce—$
5	"(aa) impacts of agricultural
6	animal waste on surface and
7	$ground water\ quality;$
8	"(bb) emissions to the ambi-
9	ent air; and
10	"(cc) the release of pathogens
11	and other contaminants to the en-
12	vironment; and
13	"(II) quantify—
14	"(aa) the degree of waste sta-
15	bilization to be realized by the
16	project; and
17	"(bb) nutrient reduction
18	credits that could contribute to the
19	nitrogen and phosphorus trading
20	program for the Chesapeake Basin
21	under this subsection.
22	"(ii) Prioritization.—The Adminis-
23	trator shall prioritize projects based on—
24	"(I) the level of nutrient reduction
25	achieved;

1	"(II) geographic diversity among
2	the Chesapeake Basin States; and
3	"(III) differing types of agricul-
4	tural animal waste.
5	"(D) Federal share.—The amount of a
6	grant awarded under this paragraph shall not
7	exceed 50 percent of the cost of the project to be
8	carried out using funds from the grant.
9	"(k) Prohibition on Introduction of Asian Oys-
10	TERS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
11	of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
12	Act, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations—
13	"(1) to designate the Asian oyster as a biological
14	pollutant' in the Chesapeake Bay and tidal waters
15	pursuant to section 502;
16	"(2) to prohibit the issuance of permits under
17	sections 402 and 404 for the discharge of the Asian
18	oyster into the Chesapeake Bay and Chesapeake Bay
19	tidal segments; and
20	"(3) to specify conditions under which scientific
21	research on Asian oysters may be conducted within
22	the Chesapeake Bay and Chesapeake Bay tidal seg-
23	ments.
24	"(l) Chesapeake Nutria Eradication Program.—

1	"(1) Grant authority.—Subject to the avail-
2	ability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Interior
3	(referred to in this subsection as the 'Secretary'), may
4	provide financial assistance to the States of Delaware,
5	Maryland, and Virginia to carry out a program to
6	implement measures—
7	"(A) to eradicate or control nutria; and
8	"(B) to restore marshland damaged by nu-
9	tria.
10	"(2) Goals.—The continuing goals of the pro-
11	gram shall be—
12	"(A) to eradicate nutria in the Chesapeake
13	Basin ecosystem; and
14	"(B) to restore marshland damaged by nu-
15	tria.
16	"(3) Activities.—In the States of Delaware,
17	Maryland, and Virginia, the Secretary shall require
18	that the program under this subsection consist of
19	management, research, and public education activities
20	carried out in accordance with the document pub-
21	lished by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
22	entitled 'Eradication Strategies for Nutria in the
23	Chesapeake and Delaware Bay Watersheds', dated
24	March 2002, or any undates to the document.

1	"(m) Review of Studies on the Impacts of Men-
2	HADEN ON THE WATER QUALITY OF THE CHESAPEAKE
3	BAY.—
4	"(1) Research review.—The Administrator,
5	in cooperation and consultation with the Adminis-
6	trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
7	ministration, shall—
8	"(A) prepare a report that reviews and
9	summarizes existing, peer reviewed research re-
10	lating to the impacts of menhaden on water
11	quality, including the role of menhaden as filter
12	feeders and the impacts on dissolved oxygen lev-
13	els, nutrient levels, phytoplankton, zooplankton,
14	detritus, and similar issues by menhaden at var-
15	ious life stages;
16	"(B) identify important data gaps or addi-
17	tional menhaden population studies, if any, re-
18	lating to the impacts of the menhaden popu-
19	lation on water quality; and
20	"(C) provide any recommendations for ad-
21	ditional research or study.
22	"(2) Report and recommendations.—Not
23	later than 5 years after the date of enactment of the
24	Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration

1	Act, the Administrator shall submit the report and
2	recommendations required in paragraph (1) to—
3	"(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
4	and Transportation and the Committee on Envi-
5	ronment and Public Works Committee of the
6	Senate; and
7	"(B) the Committee on Natural Resources
8	and the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
9	structure Committee of the House of Representa-
10	tives.
11	"(n) Effect on Other Requirements.—
12	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this section re-
13	moves or otherwise affects any other obligation for a
14	point source to comply with other applicable require-
15	ments under this Act.
16	"(2) Violations by states.—
17	"(A) Enforcement action by adminis-
18	TRATOR.—The failure of a Chesapeake Basin
19	State that submits a watershed implementation
20	plan under subsection (i) to submit a biennial
21	report, meet or correct a previously missed 2-
22	year commitment made in a watershed imple-
23	mentation plan, or implement a watershed im-
24	plementation plan or permit program under this
25	section shall—

1	"(i) constitute a violation of this Act;
2	and
3	"(ii) subject the State to an enforce-
4	ment action by the Administrator.
5	"(B) Enforcement action by citi-
6	ZENS.—
7	"(i) In general.—The failure of a
8	Chesapeake Basin State that submits a wa-
9	tershed implementation plan under sub-
10	section (i) to meet or correct a previously
11	missed 2-year commitment made in a wa-
12	tershed implementation plan or implement
13	a watershed implementation plan or permit
14	program under this section shall subject the
15	appropriate State officer to a civil action
16	seeking injunctive relief commenced by a
17	citizen on behalf of the citizen.
18	"(ii) Jurisdiction, venue, notice,
19	AND LITIGATION COSTS.—
20	"(I) In general.—A citizen may
21	commence a civil action on behalf of
22	the citizen against a State under
23	clause (i), subject to the requirements
24	for notice, venue, and intervention de-
25	scribed in subsections (b) and (c) of

1	section 505 for a suit brought under
2	section $505(a)(1)(A)$.
3	``(II) Jurisdic-Jurisdic-
4	tion over a suit brought under sub-
5	clause (I) shall be the district courts,
6	as described in section $505(a)$.
7	"(III) LITIGATION COSTS.—The
8	court may award litigation costs for
9	suit brought under subclause (I), as de-
10	scribed in section $505(d)$.
11	"(iii) Savings clause.—Nothing in
12	this subsection affects the ability of a citizen
13	to bring an action for civil enforcement on
14	behalf of the citizen under section 505.
15	"(o) Evaluations.—
16	"(1) In general.—The Inspectors General of the
17	Environmental Protection Agency and the Depart-
18	ment of Agriculture shall jointly evaluate and submit
19	to Congress reports describing the implementation of
20	this section not less frequently than once every 3
21	years.
22	"(2) Independent reviews.—
23	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
24	shall enter into a contract with the National
25	Academy of Sciences or the National Academy of

1	Public Administration under which the Academy
2	shall conduct 2 reviews of the Chesapeake Basin
3	restoration efforts under this section.
4	"(B) Inclusions.—Each review under sub-
5	paragraph (A) shall include an assessment of—
6	"(i) progress made toward meeting the
7	goals of this section;
8	"(ii) efforts by Federal, State, and
9	local governments and the private sector in
10	implementing this section;
11	"(iii) the methodologies (including
12	computer modeling) and data (including
13	monitoring data) used to support the imple-
14	mentation of this section; and
15	"(iv) the economic impacts, includ-
16	ing—
17	"(I) a comprehensive analysis of
18	the costs of compliance;
19	"(II) the benefits of restoration;
20	"(III) the value of economic losses
21	avoided; and
22	"(IV) a regional analysis of items
23	(I) through (III), by Chesapeake Basin
24	State and by sector, to the maximum
25	extent practicable.

1	"(C) Reports.—The National Academy of
2	Sciences or the National Academy of Public Ad-
3	ministration shall submit to the Administrator a
4	report describing the results of the reviews under
5	this paragraph, together with recommendations
6	regarding the reviews (including any rec-
7	ommendations with respect to efforts of the Envi-
8	ronmental Protection Agency or any other Fed-
9	eral or State agency required to implement ap-
10	plicable water quality standards in the Chesa-
11	peake Basin and achieve those standards in the
12	Chesapeake Bay and Chesapeake Bay tidal seg-
13	ments), if any, by not later than—
14	"(i) May 12, 2015, with respect to the
15	first review required under this paragraph;
16	and
17	"(ii) May 12, 2020, with respect to the
18	second review required under this para-
19	graph.
20	"(p) Authorization of Appropriations.—
21	"(1) Chesapeake basin program office.—
22	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Chesa-
23	peake Basin Program Office to carry out subsection
24	(b)(2) \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
25	through 2015.

1	"(2) Implementation, monitoring, and cen-
2	TERS OF EXCELLENCE GRANTS.—
3	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
4	TIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized to be
5	appropriated or otherwise made available to
6	carry out this section, there are authorized to be
7	appropriated to the Administrator—
8	"(i) to carry out a program to estab-
9	lish and support centers of excellence for
10	water quality and agricultural policies and
11	practices under subsection (e)(1)(C),
12	\$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
13	through 2015;
14	"(ii) to provide implementation grants
15	under subsection $(e)(3)(A)$, \$80,000,000 for
16	each of fiscal years 2010 through 2015, to
17	remain available until expended;
18	"(iii) to carry out a freshwater moni-
19	toring program under subsection $(e)(3)(B)$,
20	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
21	through 2015;
22	"(iv) to carry out a Chesapeake Bay
23	and tidal water monitoring program under
24	subsection $(e)(3)(B)$, \$5,000,000 for each of
25	fiscal years 2010 through 2015; and

1	"(v) to carry out the Chesapeake nutri-
2	ent trading guarantee pilot program under
3	subsection $(e)(1)(D)$, \$20,000,000 for the pe-
4	riod of fiscal years 2010 through 2015.
5	"(B) Cost sharing.—The Federal share of
6	the cost of a program carried out using funds
7	from a grant provided—
8	"(i) under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall
9	not exceed—
10	"(I) 80 percent, with respect to
11	funds provided for the provision of
12	technical assistance to agricultural
13	producers and forest owners; and
14	"(II) with respect to all other ac-
15	tivities under that subparagraph—
16	"(aa) for the States of Dela-
17	ware, New York, and West Vir-
18	ginia, shall not exceed 75 percent;
19	and
20	"(bb) for the States of Mary-
21	land, Pennsylvania, and Virginia
22	and for the District of Columbia,
23	shall not exceed 50 percent; and

1	"(ii) under clauses (i), (iii), or (iv) of
2	subparagraph (A) shall not exceed 80 per-
3	cent.
4	"(3) Chesapeake stewardship grants.—
5	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
6	subsection (h)(2) \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years
7	2010 through 2015.
8	"(4) Storm water pollution planning and
9	IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—
10	"(A) Authorization of Appropria-
11	TIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized or
12	otherwise made available to carry out this sec-
13	tion, there are authorized to be appropriated to
14	the Administrator—
15	"(i) to carry out subsection
16	(j)(8)(B)(i), \$10,000,000; and
17	"(ii) to carry out subsection
18	(j)(8)(B)(ii), \$1,500,000,000.
19	"(B) Cost-sharing.—A grant provided for
20	a project under—
21	"(i) subsection $(j)(8)(B)(i)$ may not be
22	used to cover more than 80 percent of the
23	cost of the project; and

1	"(ii) subsection $(j)(8)(B)(ii)$ may not
2	be used to cover more than 75 percent of the
3	cost of the project.
4	"(5) Nutria eradication grants.—
5	"(A) In general.—There is authorized to
6	be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior
7	to provide financial assistance in the Chesapeake
8	Basin under subsection (l) \$4,000,000 for each of
9	fiscal years 2010 through 2015.
10	"(B) Cost-sharing.—
11	"(i) Federal share.—The Federal
12	share of the cost of carrying out the pro-
13	gram under subsection (l) may not exceed
14	75 percent of the total costs of the program.
15	"(ii) In-kind contributions.—The
16	non-Federal share of the cost of carrying out
17	the program under subsection (l) may be
18	provided in the form of in-kind contribu-
19	tions of materials or services.
20	"(6) AGRICULTURAL ANIMAL WASTE-TO-BIO-
21	Energy deployment grants.—There is authorized
22	to be appropriated to carry out the agricultural ani-
23	mal waste-to-bioenergy deployment program under
24	subsection (j) \$30,000,000 for the period of fiscal

1	years 2010 to 2015, to remain available until ex-
2	pended.
3	"(7) Limitation on administrative costs.—
4	Not more than 10 percent of the annual amount of
5	any grant provided by the Administrator or Sec-
6	retary under any program described in this sub-
7	section may be used for administrative costs.
8	"(8) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be
9	appropriated under this subsection shall remain
10	available until expended.
11	"(q) Severability.—A determination that any provi-
12	sions of this section is invalid, illegal, unenforceable, or in
13	conflict with any other law shall not affect the validity, le-
14	gality, or enforceability of the remaining provisions of this
15	section.".
16	SEC. 4. FEDERAL ENFORCEMENT.
17	Section 309 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
18	(33 U.S.C. 1319) is amended—
19	(1) in subsection (a)—
20	(A) in paragraph (1), in the first sentence,
21	by striking "section 402" and inserting "section
22	117, 402,";
23	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "section
24	117 or" before "section 402";

1	(2) in subsection (d), in the first sentence, by in-
2	serting "section 117 or" after "a permit issued
3	under"; and
4	(3) in subsection (g)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "sec-
6	tion 117 or" before "section 402"; and
7	(B) in paragraph (7), by striking "section
8	402" and inserting "section 117, 402,".
9	SEC. 5. FEDERAL RESPONSIBILITY TO PAY FOR
10	STORMWATER PROGRAMS.
11	Section 313 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
12	(33 U.S.C. 1323) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(c) Reasonable Service Charges.—Reasonable
15	service charges described in subsection (a) include any re-
16	quirement to pay a reasonable fee, assessment, or charge
17	imposed by any State or local agency to defray or recover
18	the cost of stormwater management in the same manner
19	and to the same extent as any nongovernmental entity.
20	"(d) No Treatment as Tax or Levy.—A fee, assess-
21	ment, or charge described in this section—
22	"(1) shall not be considered to be a tax or other
23	levy subject to an assertion of sovereign immunity;
24	and
25	"(2) may be paid using appropriated funds.".

1	SEC. 6. RELATIONSHIP TO NATIONAL ESTUARY PROGRAM.
2	Section 320(b) of the Federal Water Pollution Control
3	Act (33 U.S.C. 1330(b)) is amended in the last sentence
4	by inserting "or section 117" after "this section".
5	SEC. 7. SEPARATE APPROPRIATIONS ACCOUNT.
6	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (35) and (36)
9	as paragraphs (36) and (37), respectively;
10	(2) by redesignating the second paragraph (33)
11	(relating to obligational authority and outlays re-
12	quested for homeland security) as paragraph (35),
13	and
14	(3) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(38) a separate statement for the Chesapeake
16	Nutrient Trading Guarantee Fund established under
17	section $117(e)(1)(E)$ of the Federal Water Pollution
18	Control Act (33 U.S.C. $1267(e)(1)(E)$)(as amended by
19	the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restora-
20	tion Act), which shall include the estimated amount
21	of deposits into the Fund, obligations, and outlays
22	from the Fund "

Calendar No. 620

111TH CONGRESS S. 1816

[Report No. 111-333]

A BILL

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to improve and reauthorize the Chesapeake Bay Program.

SEPTEMBER 28, 2010

Reported with an amendment