To modernize the air traffic control system, improve the safety, reliability, and availability of transportation by air in the United States, provide for modernization of the air traffic control system, reauthorize the Federal Aviation Administration, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 14, 2009

Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. DORGAN, and Mr. DEMINT) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To modernize the air traffic control system, improve the safety, reliability, and availability of transportation by air in the United States, provide for modernization of the air traffic control system, reauthorize the Federal Aviation Administration, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the “FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act”.

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(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
Sec. 2. Amendments to title 49, United States Code.
Sec. 3. Effective date.

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 101. Operations.
Sec. 102. Air navigation facilities and equipment.
Sec. 103. Research and development.
Sec. 104. Airport planning and development and noise compatibility planning and programs.
Sec. 105. Other aviation programs.
Sec. 106. Delineation of Next Generation Air Transportation System projects.
Sec. 107. Funding for administrative expenses for airport programs.

TITLE II—AIRPORT IMPROVEMENTS

Sec. 201. Reform of passenger facility charge authority.
Sec. 203. Amendments to grant assurances.
Sec. 204. Government share of project costs.
Sec. 205. Amendments to allowable costs.
Sec. 206. Sale of private airport to public sponsor.
Sec. 207. Government share of certain air project costs.
Sec. 208. Miscellaneous amendments.
Sec. 209. State block grant program.
Sec. 210. Airport funding of special studies or reviews.
Sec. 211. Grant eligibility for assessment of flight procedures.
Sec. 212. Safety-critical airports.
Sec. 213. Environmental mitigation demonstration pilot program.
Sec. 214. Allowable project costs for airport development program.
Sec. 215. Glycol recovery vehicles.
Sec. 216. Research improvement for aircraft.
Sec. 217. United States Territory minimum guarantee.
Sec. 218. Merrill Field Airport, Anchorage, Alaska.

TITLE III—AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL MODERNIZATION AND FAA REFORM

Sec. 301. Air Traffic Control Modernization Oversight Board.
Sec. 302. NextGen management.
Sec. 303. Facilitation of next generation air traffic services.
Sec. 304. Clarification of authority to enter into reimbursable agreements.
Sec. 305. Clarification to acquisition reform authority.
Sec. 306. Assistance to other aviation authorities.
Sec. 307. Presidential rank award program.
Sec. 308. Next generation facilities needs assessment.
Sec. 309. Next generation air transportation system implementation office.
Sec. 310. Definition of air navigation facility.
Sec. 311. Improved management of property inventory.
Sec. 312. Educational requirements.
Sec. 313. FAA personnel management system.
Sec. 314. Acceleration of NextGen technologies.
Sec. 315. ADS–B development and implementation.
Sec. 316. Equipage incentives.
Sec. 317. Performance metrics.
Sec. 318. Certification standards and resources.
Sec. 319. Unmanned aerial systems.
Sec. 320. Surface Systems Program Office.
Sec. 321. Stakeholder coordination.
Sec. 322. FAA task force on air traffic control facility conditions.
Sec. 323. State ADS–B equipage bank pilot program.
Sec. 324. Definitions.

TITLE IV—AIRLINE SERVICE AND SMALL COMMUNITY AIR SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS

SUBTITLE A—CONSUMER PROTECTION

Sec. 401. Airline customer service commitment.
Sec. 402. Publication of customer service data and flight delay history.
Sec. 403. Expansion of DOT airline consumer complaint investigations.
Sec. 404. Establishment of advisory committee for aviation consumer protection.
Sec. 405. Disclosure of passenger fees.

SUBTITLE B—ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE; SMALL COMMUNITIES

Sec. 411. EAS connectivity program.
Sec. 412. Extension of final order establishing mileage adjustment eligibility.
Sec. 413. EAS contract guidelines.
Sec. 414. Conversion of former EAS airports.
Sec. 415. EAS reform.
Sec. 416. Small community air service.
Sec. 417. EAS marketing.
Sec. 418. Rural aviation improvement.

SUBTITLE C—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 431. Clarification of air carrier fee disputes.
Sec. 432. Contract tower program.
Sec. 433. Airfares for members of the Armed Forces.

TITLE V—SAFETY

SUBTITLE A—AVIATION SAFETY

Sec. 501. Runway safety equipment plan.
Sec. 503. Release of data relating to abandoned type certificates and supplemental type certificates.
Sec. 504. Design organization certificates.
Sec. 505. FAA access to criminal history records or database systems.
Sec. 506. Flight crew fatigue.
Sec. 507. Increasing safety for helicopter and fixed wing emergency medical service operators and patients.
Sec. 508. Cabin crew communication.
Sec. 509. Clarification of memorandum of understanding with OSHA.
Sec. 510. Acceleration of development and implementation of required navigation performance approach procedures.
Sec. 511. Improved safety information.
Sec. 512. Voluntary disclosure reporting process improvements.
Sec. 513. Procedural improvements for inspections.
Sec. 514. Independent review of safety issues.
Sec. 515. National review team.
Sec. 516. FAA Academy improvements.
Sec. 517. Reduction of runway incursions and operational errors.
Sec. 518. Aviation safety whistleblower investigation office.
Sec. 519. Modification of customer service initiative.
Sec. 520. Headquarters review of air transportation oversight system database.
Sec. 521. Inspection of foreign repair stations.
Sec. 522. Non-certificated maintenance providers.

SUBTITLE B—FLIGHT SAFETY

Sec. 551. Pilot applicant employment records.
Sec. 552. Air carrier safety management systems.
Sec. 553. Implementation of NTSB recommendations.
Sec. 555. Re-evaluation of flight crew training, testing, and certification requirements.
Sec. 556. Safety inspections of regional air carriers.
Sec. 557. Establishment of safety standards with respect to the training, hiring, and operation of aircraft by pilots.
Sec. 558. Oversight of pilot training schools.
Sec. 559. Definitions.

TITLE VI—AVIATION RESEARCH

Sec. 601. Airport cooperative research program.
Sec. 602. Reduction of noise, emissions, and energy consumption from civilian aircraft.
Sec. 603. Production of clean coal fuel technology for civilian aircraft.
Sec. 604. Advisory committee on future of aeronautics.
Sec. 605. Research program to improve airfield pavements.
Sec. 606. Wake turbulence, volcanic ash, and weather research.
Sec. 607. Incorporation of unmanned aerial systems into FAA plans and policies.
Sec. 608. Reauthorization of center of excellence in applied research and training in the use of advanced materials in transport aircraft.
Sec. 609. Pilot program for zero emission airport vehicles.
Sec. 610. Reduction of emissions from airport power sources.
Sec. 611. Siting of windfarms near FAA navigational aides and other assets.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 701. General authority.
Sec. 702. Human intervention management study.
Sec. 703. Airport program modifications.
Sec. 704. Miscellaneous program extensions.
Sec. 705. Extension of competitive access reports.
Sec. 706. Update on overflights.
Sec. 707. Technical corrections.
SEC. 2. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 49, UNITED STATES CODE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of title 49, United States Code.

SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of enactment.

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 101. OPERATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 106(k)(1) is amended by striking subparagraphs (A) through (D) and inserting the following:

“(A) $9,336,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;

and

“(B) $9,620,000,000 for fiscal year 2011.”.
SEC. 102. AIR NAVIGATION FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT.

Section 48101(a) is amended by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following:

“(1) $3,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, of which $500,000,000 is derived from the Air Traffic Control System Modernization Account of the Airport and Airways Trust Fund; and

“(2) $3,600,000,000 for fiscal year 2011, of which $500,000,000 is derived from the Air Traffic Control System Modernization Account of the Airport and Airways Trust Fund.”.

SEC. 103. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

Section 48102 is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not more than the following amounts may be appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation out of the Airport and Airway Trust Fund established under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 9502) for conducting civil aviation research and development under sections 44504, 44505, 44507, 44509, and 44511 through 44513 of this title:

“(1) $200,000,000 for fiscal year 2010.

“(2) $206,000,000 for fiscal year 2011.”;

(2) by striking subsections (c) through (h); and

(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(c) Research Grants Program Involving Undergraduate Students.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a program to utilize undergraduate and technical colleges, including Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Hispanic Serving Institutions, tribally controlled colleges and universities, and Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian serving institutions in research on subjects of relevance to the Federal Aviation Administration. Grants may be awarded under this subsection for—

“(1) research projects to be carried out at primarily undergraduate institutions and technical colleges;

“(2) research projects that combine research at primarily undergraduate institutions and technical colleges with other research supported by the Federal Aviation Administration;

“(3) research on future training requirements on projected changes in regulatory requirements for aircraft maintenance and power plant licensees; or

“(4) research on the impact of new technologies and procedures, particularly those related to aircraft flight deck and air traffic management functions, and on training requirements for pilots and air traffic controllers.”.
SEC. 104. AIRPORT PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AND NOISE COMPATIBILITY PLANNING AND PROGRAMS.

Section 48103 is amended by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following:

“(1) $4,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2010; and

“(2) $4,100,000,000 for fiscal year 2011.”.

SEC. 105. OTHER AVIATION PROGRAMS.

Section 48114 is amended—

(1) by striking “2007” in subsection (a)(1)(A) and inserting “2011”;

(2) by striking “2007,” in subsection (a)(2) and inserting “2011,”; and

(3) by striking “2007” in subsection (c)(2) and inserting “2011”.

SEC. 106. DELINEATION OF NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM PROJECTS.

Section 44501(b) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in paragraph (3);

(2) by striking “defense.” in paragraph (4) and inserting “defense; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(5) a list of projects that are part of the Next Generation Air Transportation System and do not
have as a primary purpose to operate or maintain the current air traffic control system.”.

SEC. 107. FUNDING FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR AIRPORT PROGRAMS.

(a) In General.—Section 48105 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 48105. Airport programs administrative expenses

“Of the amount made available under section 48103 of this title, the following may be available for administrative expenses relating to the Airport Improvement Program, passenger facility charge approval and oversight, national airport system planning, airport standards development and enforcement, airport certification, airport-related environmental activities (including legal services), and other airport-related activities (including airport technology research), to remain available until expended—

“(1) for fiscal year 2010, $94,000,000; and
““(2) for fiscal year 2011, $98,000,000.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for chapter 481 is amended by striking the item relating to section 48105 and inserting the following:

“48105. Airport programs administrative expenses.”.
TITLE II—AIRPORT IMPROVEMENTS

SEC. 201. REFORM OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE AUTHORITY.

(a) Passenger Facility Charge Streamlining.—Section 40117(c) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) Procedural Requirements for Imposition of Passenger Facility Charge.—

“(1) In general.—An eligible agency must submit to those air carriers and foreign air carriers operating at the airport with a significant business interest, as defined in paragraph (3), and to the Secretary and make available to the public annually a report, in the form required by the Secretary, on the status of the eligible agency’s passenger facility charge program, including—

“(A) the total amount of program revenue held by the agency at the beginning of the 12 months covered by the report;

“(B) the total amount of program revenue collected by the agency during the period covered by the report;

“(C) the amount of expenditures with program revenue made by the agency on each eli—
ble airport-related project during the period covered by the report;

“(D) each airport-related project for which the agency plans to collect and use program revenue during the next 12-month period covered by the report, including the amount of revenue projected to be used for such project;

“(E) the level of program revenue the agency plans to collect during the next 12-month period covered by the report;

“(F) a description of the notice and consultation process with air carriers and foreign air carriers under paragraph (3), and with the public under paragraph (4), including a copy of any adverse comments received and how the agency responded; and

“(G) any other information on the program that the Secretary may require.

“(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—Subject to the requirements of paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6), the eligible agency may implement the planned collection and use of passenger facility charges in accordance with its report upon filing the report as required in paragraph (1).
“(3) Consultation with carriers for new projects.—

“(A) An eligible agency proposing to collect or use passenger facility charge revenue for a project not previously approved by the Secretary or not included in a report required by paragraph (1) that was submitted in a prior year shall provide to air carriers and foreign air carriers operating at the airport reasonable notice, and an opportunity to comment on the planned collection and use of program revenue before providing the report required under paragraph (1). The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation what constitutes reasonable notice under this paragraph, which shall at a minimum include—

“(i) that the eligible agency provide to air carriers and foreign air carriers operating at the airport written notice of the planned collection and use of passenger facility charge revenue;

“(ii) that the notice include a full description and justification for a proposed project;
“(iii) that the notice include a detailed financial plan for the proposed project; and

“(iv) that the notice include the proposed level for the passenger facility charge.

“(B) An eligible agency providing notice and an opportunity for comment shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of this paragraph if the eligible agency provides such notice to air carriers and foreign air carriers that have a significant business interest at the airport. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term ‘significant business interest’ means an air carrier or foreign air carrier that—

“(i) had not less than 1.0 percent of passenger boardings at the airport in the prior calendar year;

“(ii) had at least 25,000 passenger boardings at the airport in the prior calendar year; or

“(iii) provides scheduled service at the airport.

“(C) Not later than 45 days after written notice is provided under subparagraph (A), each air carrier and foreign air carrier may pro-
vide written comments to the eligible agency indicating its agreement or disagreement with the project or, if applicable, the proposed level for a passenger facility charge.

“(D) The eligible agency may include, as part of the notice and comment process, a consultation meeting to discuss the proposed project or, if applicable, the proposed level for a passenger facility charge. If the agency provides a consultation meeting, the written comments specified in subparagraph (C) shall be due not later than 30 days after the meeting.

“(4) PUBLIC NOTICE AND COMMENT.—

“(A) An eligible agency proposing to collect or use passenger facility charge revenue for a project not previously approved by the Secretary or not included in a report required by paragraph (1) that was filed in a prior year shall provide reasonable notice and an opportunity for public comment on the planned collection and use of program revenue before providing the report required in paragraph (1).

“(B) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation what constitutes reasonable notice under
this paragraph, which shall at a minimum re-
quire—

“(i) that the eligible agency provide
public notice of intent to collect a pas-
enger facility charge so as to inform those
interested persons and agencies that may
be affected;

“(ii) appropriate methods of publica-
tion, which may include notice in local
newspapers of general circulation or other
local media, or posting of the notice on the
agency’s Internet website; and

“(iii) submission of public comments
no later than 45 days after the date of the
publication of the notice.

“(5) OBJECTIONS.—

“(A) Any interested person may file with
the Secretary a written objection to a proposed
project included in a notice under this para-
graph provided that the filing is made within 30
days after submission of the report specified in
paragraph (1).

“(B) The Secretary shall provide not less
than 30 days for the eligible agency to respond
to any filed objection.
“(C) Not later than 90 days after receiving the eligible agency’s response to a filed objection, the Secretary shall make a determination whether or not to terminate authority to collect the passenger facility charge for the project, based on the filed objection. The Secretary shall state the reasons for any determination. The Secretary may only terminate authority if—

“(i) the project is not an eligible airport related project;

“(ii) the eligible agency has not complied with the requirements of this section or the Secretary’s implementing regulations in proposing the project;

“(iii) the eligible agency has been found to be in violation of section 47107(b) of this title and has failed to take corrective action, prior to the filing of the objection; or

“(iv) in the case of a proposed increase in the passenger facility charge level, the level is not authorized by this section.

“(D) Upon issuance of a decision terminating authority, the public agency shall pre-
pare an accounting of passenger facility revenue collected under the terminated authority and restore the funds for use on other authorized projects.

“(E) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the eligible agency may implement the planned collection and use of a passenger facility charge in accordance with its report upon filing the report as specified in paragraph (1)(A).

“(6) APPROVAL REQUIREMENT FOR INCREASED PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE OR INTERMODAL GROUND ACCESS PROJECT.—

“(A) An eligible agency may not collect or use a passenger facility charge to finance an intermodal ground access project, or increase a passenger facility charge, unless the project is first approved by the Secretary in accordance with this paragraph.

“(B) The eligible agency may submit to the Secretary an application for authority to impose a passenger facility charge for an intermodal ground access project or to increase a passenger facility charge. The application shall contain information and be in the form that the
Secretary may require by regulation but, at a minimum, must include copies of any comments received by the agency during the comment period described by subparagraph (C).

“(C) Before submitting an application under this paragraph, an eligible agency must provide air carriers and foreign air carriers operating at the airport, and the public, reasonable notice of and an opportunity to comment on a proposed intermodal ground access project or the increased passenger facility charge. Such notice and opportunity to comment shall conform to the requirements of paragraphs (3) and (4).

“(D) After receiving an application, the Secretary may provide air carriers, foreign air carriers and other interested persons notice and an opportunity to comment on the application. The Secretary shall make a final decision on the application not later than 120 days after receiving it.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) REFERENCES.—

(A) Section 40117(a) is amended—
(i) by striking “FEE” in the heading for paragraph (5) and inserting “CHARGE”; and

(ii) by striking “fee” each place it appears in paragraphs (5) and (6) and inserting “charge”.

(B) Subsections (b), and subsections (d) through (m), of section 40117 are amended—

(i) by striking “fee” or “fees” each place either appears and inserting “charge” or “charges”, respectively; and

(ii) by striking “FEE” in the subsection caption for subsection (l), and “FEES” in the subsection captions for subsections (e) and (m), and inserting “CHARGE” and “CHARGES”, respectively.

(C) The caption for section 40117 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 40117. Passenger facility charges”.

(D) The table of contents for chapter 401 is amended by striking the item relating to section 40117 and inserting the following:

“40117. Passenger facility charges.”.

(2) LIMITATIONS ON APPROVING APPLICATIONS.—Section 40117(d) is amended—
(A) by striking “subsection (c) of this section to finance a specific” and inserting “subsection (c)(6) of this section to finance an inter-modal ground access”;

(B) by striking “specific” in paragraph (1);

(C) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) the project is an eligible airport-related project; and”;

(D) by striking “each of the specific projects; and” in paragraph (3) and inserting “the project.”; and

(E) by striking paragraph (4).

(3) LIMITATIONS ON IMPOSING CHARGES.—Section 40117(e)(1) is amended to read as follows: “(1) An eligible agency may impose a passenger facility charge only subject to terms the Secretary may prescribe to carry out the objectives of this section.”.

(4) LIMITATIONS ON CONTRACTS, LEASES, AND USE AGREEMENTS.—Section 40117(f)(2) is amended by striking “long-term”.

(5) COMPLIANCE.—Section 40117(h) is amended—
(A) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

“(3) The Secretary may, on complaint of an interested person or on the Secretary’s own initiative, conduct an investigation into an eligible agency’s collection and use of passenger facility charge revenue to determine whether a passenger facility charge is excessive or that passenger facility revenue is not being used as provided in this section. The Secretary shall prescribe regulations establishing procedures for complaints and investigations. The regulations may provide for the issuance of a final agency decision without resort to an oral evidentiary hearing. The Secretary shall not accept complaints filed under this paragraph until after the issuance of regulations establishing complaint procedures.”.

(6) PILOT PROGRAM FOR PFC AT NONHUB AIRPORTS.—Section 40117(l) is amended—

(A) by striking “(c)(2)” in paragraph (2) and inserting “(c)(3)”; and

(B) by striking “date that is 3 years after the date of issuance of regulations to carry out this subsection.” in paragraph (7) and inserting
“date of issuance of regulations to carry out subsection (e) of this section, as amended by the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act.”.

(7) PROHIBITION ON APPROVING PFC APPLICATIONS FOR AIRPORT REVENUE DIVERSION.—Section 47111(e) is amended by striking “sponsor” the second place it appears in the first sentence and all that follows and inserting “sponsor. A sponsor shall not propose collection or use of passenger facility charges for any new projects under paragraphs (3) through (6) of section 40117(c) unless the Secretary determines that the sponsor has taken corrective action to address the violation and the violation no longer exists.”.

SEC. 202. PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) In General.—Section 40117 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(n) ALTERNATIVE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE COLLECTION PILOT PROGRAM.—

“(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish and conduct a pilot program at not more than 6 airports under which an eligible agency may impose a passenger facility charge under this section without regard to the dollar amount limitations set
forth in paragraph (1) or (4) of subsection (b) if the participating eligible agency meets the requirements of paragraph (2).

“(2) COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS.—

“(A) DIRECT COLLECTION.—An eligible agency participating in the pilot program—

“(i) may collect the charge from the passenger at the facility, via the Internet, or in any other reasonable manner; but

“(ii) may not require or permit the charge to be collected by an air carrier or foreign air carrier for the flight segment.

“(B) PFC COLLECTION REQUIREMENT NOT TO APPLY.—Subpart C of part 158 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, does not apply to the collection of the passenger facility charge imposed by an eligible agency participating in the pilot program.”.

(b) GAO STUDY OF ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF COLLECTING PFCs.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of alternative means of collection passenger facility charges imposed under section 40117 of title 49, United States Code, that would permit such charges to be collected without being in-
cluded in the ticket price. In the study, the Comptroller General shall consider, at a minimum—

(A) collection options for arriving, connecting, and departing passengers at airports;

(B) cost sharing or fee allocation methods based on passenger travel to address connecting traffic; and

(C) examples of airport fees collected by domestic and international airports that are not included in ticket prices.

(2) REPORT.—No later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit a report on the study to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure containing the Comptroller General’s findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

SEC. 203. AMENDMENTS TO GRANT ASSURANCES.

Section 47107 is amended—

(1) by striking “made;” in subsection (a)(16)(D)(ii) and inserting “made, except that, if there is a change in airport design standards that the Secretary determines is beyond the owner or operator’s control that requires the relocation or re-
placement of an existing airport facility, the Secretary, upon the request of the owner or operator, may grant funds available under section 47114 to pay the cost of relocating or replacing such facility;”;

(2) by striking “purpose;” in subsection (c)(2)(A)(i) and inserting “purpose, which includes serving as noise buffer land;”;

(3) by striking “paid to the Secretary for deposit in the Fund if another eligible project does not exist.” in subsection (c)(2)(B)(iii) and inserting “reinvested in another project at the airport or transferred to another airport as the Secretary prescribes.”; and

(4) by redesignating paragraph (3) of subsection (c) as paragraph (4) and inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

“(3) In approving the reinvestment or transfer of proceeds under paragraph (2)(C)(iii), the Secretary shall give preference, in descending order, to—

“(i) reinvestment in an approved noise compatibility project;

“(ii) reinvestment in an approved project that is eligible for funding under section 47117(e);
“(iii) reinvestment in an airport development project that is eligible for funding under section 47114, 47115, or 47117 and meets the requirements of this chapter;

“(iv) transfer to the sponsor of another public airport to be reinvested in an approved noise com-
patibility project at such airport; and

“(v) payment to the Secretary for deposit in the Airport and Airway Trust Fund established under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 9502).”.

SEC. 204. GOVERNMENT SHARE OF PROJECT COSTS.

(a) FEDERAL SHARE.—Section 47109 is amended—

(1) by striking “subsection (b) or subsection (c)” in subsection (a) and inserting “subsection (b), (e), or (e)”;

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(e) SPECIAL RULE FOR TRANSITION FROM SMALL HUB TO MEDIUM HUB STATUS.—If the status of a small hub primary airport changes to a medium hub primary airport, the United States Government’s share of allowable project costs for the airport may not exceed 95 per-
cent for 2 fiscal years following such change in hub sta-
tus.”.
(b) Transitioning Airports.—Section 47114(f)(3)(B) is amended by striking “year 2004.” and inserting “years 2010 and 2011.”

SEC. 205. AMENDMENTS TO ALLOWABLE COSTS.

Section 47110 is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (d) and inserting the following:

“(d) Relocation of Airport-Owned Facilities.—The Secretary may determine that the costs of relocating or replacing an airport-owned facility are allowable for an airport development project at an airport only if—

“(1) the Government’s share of such costs is paid with funds apportioned to the airport sponsor under sections 47114(c)(1) or 47114(d)(2);

“(2) the Secretary determines that the relocation or replacement is required due to a change in the Secretary’s design standards; and

“(3) the Secretary determines that the change is beyond the control of the airport sponsor.”; and

(2) by striking “facilities, including fuel farms and hangars,” in subsection (h) and inserting “facilities, as defined by section 47102,”.

SEC. 206. SALE OF PRIVATE AIRPORT TO PUBLIC SPONSOR.

Section 47133(b) is amended—
(1) by resetting the text of the subsection as an indented paragraph 2 ems from the left margin;

(2) by inserting “(1)” before “Subsection”; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(2) In the case of a privately owned airport, subsection (a) shall not apply to the proceeds from the sale of the airport to a public sponsor if—

“(A) the sale is approved by the Secretary;

“(B) funding is provided under this title for the public sponsor’s acquisition; and

“(C) an amount equal to the remaining unamortized portion of the original grant, amortized over a 20-year period, is repaid to the Secretary by the private owner for deposit in the Trust Fund for airport acquisitions.

“(3) This subsection shall apply to grants issued on or after October 1, 1996.”.

SEC. 207. GOVERNMENT SHARE OF CERTAIN AIR PROJECT COSTS.

Notwithstanding section 47109(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Federal Government’s share of allowable project costs for a grant made in fiscal year 2008, 2009, 2010, or 2011 under chapter 471 of that title for a project described in paragraph (2) or (3) of that section shall be 95 percent.
SEC. 208. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS.

(a) TECHNICAL CHANGES TO NATIONAL PLAN OF INTEGRATED AIRPORT SYSTEMS.—Section 47103 is amended—

(1) by striking “each airport to—” in subsection (a) and inserting “the airport system to—”;

(2) by striking “system in the particular area;” in subsection (a)(1) and inserting “system, including connection to the surface transportation network; and”;

(3) by striking “aeronautics; and” in subsection (a)(2) and inserting “aeronautics.”;

(4) by striking subsection (a)(3);

(5) by striking paragraph (2) of subsection (b) and redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2);

(6) by striking “operations, Short Takeoff and Landing/Very Short Takeoff and Landing aircraft operations,” in subsection (b)(2), as redesignated, and inserting “operations”; and

(7) by striking “status of the” in subsection (d).

(b) UPDATE VETERANS PREFERENCE DEFINITION.—Section 47112(c) is amended—

(1) by striking “separated from” in paragraph (1)(B) and inserting “discharged or released from active duty in”;
(2) by adding at the end of paragraph (1) the following:

“(C) ‘Afghanistan-Iraq war veteran’ means an individual who served on active duty, as defined by section 101(21) of title 38, at any time in the armed forces for a period of more than 180 consecutive days, any part of which occurred during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on the date prescribed by Presidential proclamation or by law as the last date of Operation Iraqi Freedom.”; and

(3) by striking “veterans and” in paragraph (2) and inserting “veterans, Afghanistan-Iraq war veterans, and”.

(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 47131(a) is amended—

(1) by striking “April 1” and inserting “June 1”; and

(2) by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following:

“(1) a summary of airport development and planning completed;

“(2) a summary of individual grants issued;

“(3) an accounting of discretionary and apportioned funds allocated; and
“(4) the allocation of appropriations; and”.

(d) Sunset of Program.—Section 47137 is repealed effective September 30, 2008.

(e) Correction to Emission Credits Provision.—Section 47139 is amended—

(1) by striking “47102(3)(F),” in subsection (a);

(2) by striking “47102(3)(F),” in subsection (b);

(3) by striking “47102(3)(L), or 47140” in subsection (b) and inserting “or 47102(3)(L),”;

(4) by striking “47103(3)(F), in subsection (b); and

(5) by striking “47102(3)(L), or 47140,” in subsection (b) and inserting “or 47102(3)(L),”.

(f) Correction to Surplus Property Authority.—Section 47151(e) is amended by striking “(other than real property that is subject to section 2687 of title 10, section 201 of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (10 U.S.C. 2687 note), or section 2905 of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2687 note),”.

(g) Airport Capacity Benchmark Reports; Definition of Joint Use Airport.—Section 47175 is amended—
(1) by striking “Airport Capacity Benchmark Report 2001.” in paragraph (2) and inserting “2001 and 2004 Airport Capacity Benchmark Reports or of the most recent Benchmark report, Future Airport Capacity Task Report, or other comparable FAA report”; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(7) JOINT USE AIRPORT.—The term ‘joint use airport’ means an airport owned by the United States Department of Defense, at which both military and civilian aircraft make shared use of the airfield.”.

(h) USE OF APPORTIONED AMOUNTS.—Section 47117(e)(1)(A) is amended—

(1) by striking “35 percent” in the first sentence and inserting “$300,000,000”;

(2) by striking “and” after “47141,”;

(3) by striking “et seq.” and inserting “et seq.”, and for water quality mitigation projects to comply with the Act of June 30, 1948 (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.), approved in an environmental record of decision for an airport development project under this title.”; and
(4) by striking “such 35 percent requirement is” in the second sentence and inserting “the requirements of the preceding sentence are”.

(i) USE OF PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR’S APPORTIONMENT.—Section 47114(c)(1) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subparagraph (E)(ii);

(2) by striking “airport.” in subparagraph (E)(iii) and inserting “airport; and”;

(3) by adding at the end of subparagraph (E) the following:

“(iv) the airport received scheduled or unscheduled air service from a large certified air carrier (as defined in part 241 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, or such other regulations as may be issued by the Secretary under the authority of section 41709) and the Secretary determines that the airport had more than 10,000 passenger boardings in the preceding calendar year, based on data submitted to the Secretary under part 241 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.”; and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following:
“(H) Special rule for fiscal years 2010 and 2011.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), for an airport that had more than 10,000 passenger boardings and scheduled passenger aircraft service in calendar year 2007, but in either calendar years 2008 or 2009, or both years, the number of passenger boardings decreased to a level below 10,000 boardings per year at such airport, the Secretary may apportion in fiscal years 2010 or 2011 to the sponsor of such an airport an amount equal to the amount apportioned to that sponsor in fiscal year 2009.”.

(j) Section 47102(3) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(M) construction of mobile refueler parking within a fuel farm at a nonprimary airport meeting the requirements of section 112.8 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.”.

(k) Section 47115(g)(1) is amended by striking “of—” and all that follows and inserting “of $520,000,000. The amount credited is exclusive of amounts that have been apportioned in a prior fiscal year under section 47114 of this title and that remain available for obligation.”.
SEC. 209. STATE BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

Section 47128 is amended—

(1) by striking “regulations” each place it appears in subsection (a) and inserting “guidance”;

(2) by striking “grant;” in subsection (b)(4) and inserting “grant, including Federal environmental requirements or an agreed upon equivalent;”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d) and inserting after subsection (b) the following:

“(c) Project Analysis and Coordination Requirements.—Any Federal agency that must approve, license, or permit a proposed action by a participating State shall coordinate and consult with the State. The agency shall utilize the environmental analysis prepared by the State, provided it is adequate, or supplement that analysis as necessary to meet applicable Federal requirements.”;

and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(e) Pilot Program.—The Secretary shall establish a pilot program for up to 3 States that do not participate in the program established under subsection (a) that is consistent with the program under subsection (a).”.
SEC. 210. AIRPORT FUNDING OF SPECIAL STUDIES OR REVIEWS.

Section 47173(a) is amended by striking “project.” and inserting “project, or to conduct special environmental studies related to a federally funded airport project or for special studies or reviews to support approved noise compatibility measures in a Part 150 program or environmental mitigation in a Federal Aviation Administration Record of Decision or Finding of No Significant Impact.”.

SEC. 211. GRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSESSMENT OF FLIGHT PROCEDURES.

Section 47504 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) GRANTS FOR ASSESSMENT OF FLIGHT PROCEDURES.—

“(1) The Secretary is authorized in accordance with subsection (c)(1) to make a grant to an airport operator to assist in completing environmental review and assessment activities for proposals to implement flight procedures that have been approved for airport noise compatibility planning purposes under subsection (b).

“(2) The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may accept funds from an airport sponsor, including funds provided to the sponsor under paragraph (1), to hire additional staff or ob-
tain the services of consultants in order to facilitate the timely processing, review and completion of environmental activities associated with proposals to implement flight procedures submitted and approved for airport noise compatibility planning purposes in accordance with this section. Funds received under this authority shall not be subject to the procedures applicable to the receipt of gifts by the Administrator.”.

SEC. 212. SAFETY-CRITICAL AIRPORTS.

Section 47118(c) is amended—

(1) by striking “or” after the semicolon in paragraph (1);

(2) by striking “delays.” in paragraph (2) and inserting “delays; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) be critical to the safety of commercial, military, or general aviation in trans-oceanic flights.”.

SEC. 213. ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION DEMONSTRATION PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) Pilot Program.—Subchapter I of chapter 471 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:
§ 47143. Environmental mitigation demonstration pilot program

(a) In general.—The Secretary of Transportation shall carry out a pilot program involving not more than 6 projects at public-use airports under which the Secretary may make grants to sponsors of such airports from funds apportioned under paragraph 47117(e)(1)(A) for use at such airports for environmental mitigation demonstration projects that will measurably reduce or mitigate aviation impacts on noise, air quality or water quality in the vicinity of the airport. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, an environmental mitigation demonstration project approved under this section shall be treated as eligible for assistance under this subchapter.

(b) Participation in pilot program.—A public-use airport shall be eligible for participation in the pilot.

(c) Selection criteria.—In selecting from among applicants for participation in the pilot program, the Secretary may give priority consideration to environmental mitigation demonstration projects that—

(1) will achieve the greatest reductions in aircraft noise, airport emissions, or airport water quality impacts either on an absolute basis, or on a per-dollar-of-funds expended basis; and

(2) will be implemented by an eligible consortium.
“(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, the United States Government’s share of the costs of a project carried out under this section shall be 50 percent.

“(e) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—Not more than $2,500,000 may be made available by the Secretary in grants under this section for any single project.

“(f) IDENTIFYING BEST PRACTICES.—The Administrator may develop and publish information identifying best practices for reducing or mitigating aviation impacts on noise, air quality, or water quality in the vicinity of airports, based on the projects carried out under the pilot program.

“(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) ELIGIBLE CONSORTIUM.—The term ‘eligible consortium’ means a consortium that comprises 2 or more of the following entities:

“(A) Businesses operating in the United States.

“(B) Public or private educational or research organizations located in the United States.

“(C) Entities of State or local governments in the United States.

“(D) Federal laboratories.
“(2) Environmental mitigation demonstration project.—The term ‘environmental mitigation demonstration project’ means a project that—

“(A) introduces new conceptual environmental mitigation techniques or technology with associated benefits, which have already been proven in laboratory demonstrations;

“(B) proposes methods for efficient adaptation or integration of new concepts to airport operations; and

“(C) will demonstrate whether new techniques or technology for environmental mitigation identified in research are—

“(i) practical to implement at or near multiple public use airports; and

“(ii) capable of reducing noise, airport emissions, or water quality impacts in measurably significant amounts.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for chapter 471 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 47142 the following:

“47143. Environmental mitigation demonstration pilot program.”.

SEC. 214. ALLOWABLE PROJECT COSTS FOR AIRPORT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

Section 47110(c) is amended—
(1) by striking “; or” in paragraph (1) and inserting a semicolon;

(2) by striking “project.” in paragraph (2) and inserting “project; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) necessarily incurred in anticipation of severe weather.”.

SEC. 215. GLYCOL RECOVERY VEHICLES.

Section 47102(3)(G) is amended by inserting “including acquiring glycol recovery vehicles,” after “aircraft,”.

SEC. 216. RESEARCH IMPROVEMENT FOR AIRCRAFT.

Section 44504(b) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in paragraph (6);

(2) by striking “aircraft.” in paragraph (7) and inserting “aircraft; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(8) to conduct research to support programs designed to reduce gases and particulates emitted.”.

SEC. 217. UNITED STATES TERRITORY MINIMUM GUARANTEE.

Section 47114(e) is amended—
(1) by inserting “AND ANY UNITED STATES TERRITORY” after “ALASKA” in the subsection heading; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(5) UNITED STATES TERRITORY MINIMUM GUARANTEE.—In any fiscal year in which the total amount apportioned to airports in a United States Territory under subsections (c) and (d) is less than 1.5 percent of the total amount apportioned to all airports under those subsections, the Secretary may apportion to the local authority in any United States Territory responsible for airport development projects in that fiscal year an amount equal to the difference between 1.5 percent of the total amounts apportioned under subsections (c) and (d) in that fiscal year and the amount otherwise apportioned under those subsections to airports in a United States Territory in that fiscal year.”.

SEC. 218. MERRILL FIELD AIRPORT, ANCHORAGE, ALASKA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including the Federal Airport Act (as in effect on August 8, 1958), the United States releases, without monetary consideration, all restrictions, conditions, and limitations on the use, encumbrance, or conveyance of certain land located in the municipality of Anchorage, Alaska,
more particularly described as Tracts 22 and 24 of the Fourth Addition to the Town Site of Anchorage, Alaska, as shown on the plat of U.S. Survey No. 1456, accepted June 13, 1923, on file in the Bureau of Land Management, Department of Interior.

(b) GRANTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the municipality of Anchorage shall be released from the repayment of any outstanding grant obligations owed by the municipality to the Federal Aviation Administration with respect to any land described in subsection (a) that is subsequently conveyed to or used by the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities of the State of Alaska for the construction or reconstruction of a federally subsidized highway project.

TITLE III—AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL MODERNIZATION AND FAA REFORM

SEC. 301. AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL MODERNIZATION OVERSIGHT BOARD.

Section 106(p) is amended to read as follows:

“(p) Air Traffic Control Modernization Oversight Board.—

“(1) Establishment.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act,
the Secretary shall establish and appoint the mem-
bers of an advisory Board which shall be known as
the Air Traffic Control Modernization Oversight
Board.

“(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Board shall be com-
prised of the individual appointed or designated
under section 302 of the FAA Air Transportation
Modernization and Safety Improvement Act (who
shall serve ex officio without the right to vote) and
7 other members, who shall consist of—

“(A) the Administrator and a representa-
tive from the Department of Defense;

“(B) 1 member who shall have a fiduciary
responsibility to represent the public interest;
and

“(C) 4 members representing aviation in-
terests, as follows:

“(i) 1 representative that is the chief
executive officer of an airport.

“(ii) 1 representative that is the chief
executive officer of a passenger or cargo
air carrier.

“(iii) 1 representative of a labor orga-
nization representing employees at the
Federal Aviation Administration that are
involved with the operation, maintenance
or procurement of the air traffic control
system.

“(iv) 1 representative with extensive
operational experience in the general avia-
tion community.

“(3) APPOINTMENT AND QUALIFICATIONS.—

“(A) Members of the Board appointed
under paragraphs (2)(B) and (2)(C) shall be
appointed by the President, by and with the ad-
vice and consent of the Senate.

“(B) Members of the Board appointed
under paragraph (2)(B) shall be citizens of the
United States and shall be appointed without
regard to political affiliation and solely on the
basis of their professional experience and exper-
tise in one or more of the following areas and,
in the aggregate, should collectively bring to
bear expertise in—

“(i) management of large service or-
ganizations;

“(ii) customer service;

“(iii) management of large procure-
ments;
“(iv) information and communications technology;
“(v) organizational development; and
“(vi) labor relations.
“(C) Of the members first appointed under paragraphs (2)(B) and (2)(C)—
“(i) 2 shall be appointed for terms of 1 year;
“(ii) 1 shall be appointed for a term of 2 years;
“(iii) 1 shall be appointed for a term of 3 years; and
“(iv) 1 shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.
“(4) FUNCTIONS.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall—
“(i) review and provide advice on the Administration’s modernization programs, budget, and cost accounting system;
“(ii) review the Administration’s strategic plan and make recommendations on the non-safety program portions of the plan, and provide advice on the safety programs of the plan;
“(iii) review the operational efficiency of the air traffic control system and make recommendations on the operational and performance metrics for that system;

“(iv) approve procurements of air traffic control equipment in excess of $100,000,000;

“(v) approve by July 31 of each year the Administrator’s budget request for facilities and equipment prior to its submission to the Office of Management and budget, including which programs are proposed to be funded from the Air Traffic control system Modernization Account of the Airport and Airway Trust Fund;

“(vi) approve the Federal Aviation Administration’s Capital Investment Plan prior to its submission to the Congress;

“(vii) annually review and make recommendations on the NextGen Implementation Plan;

“(viii) approve the Administrator’s selection of the Chief NextGen Officer appointed or designated under section 302(a)
of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act; and

“(ix) approve the selection of the head of the Joint Planning and Development Office.

“(B) MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet on a regular and periodic basis or at the call of the Chairman or of the Administrator.

“(C) ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS AND STAFF.—The Administration may give the Board appropriate access to relevant documents and personnel of the Administration, and the Administrator shall make available, consistent with the authority to withhold commercial and other proprietary information under section 552 of title 5, cost data associated with the acquisition and operation of air traffic control systems. Any member of the Board who receives commercial or other proprietary data from the Administrator shall be subject to the provisions of section 1905 of title 18, pertaining to unauthorized disclosure of such information.

“(5) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT NOT TO APPLY.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Board or such
rulemaking committees as the Administrator shall designate.

“(6) ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS.—

“(A) TERMS OF MEMBERS.—Except as provided in paragraph (3)(C), members of the Board appointed under paragraph (2)(B) and (2)(C) shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.

“(B) REAPPOINTMENT.—No individual may be appointed to the Board for more than 8 years total.

“(C) VACANCY.—Any vacancy on the Board shall be filled in the same manner as the original position. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member’s predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.

“(D) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE.—A member of the Board whose term expires shall continue to serve until the date on which the member’s successor takes office.

“(E) REMOVAL.—Any member of the Board appointed under paragraph (2)(B) or (2)(C) may be removed by the President for cause.
“(F) Claims against members of the Board.—

“(i) In general.—A member appointed to the Board shall have no personal liability under State or Federal law with respect to any claim arising out of or resulting from an act or omission by such member within the scope of service as a member of the Board.

“(ii) Effect on other law.—This subparagraph shall not be construed—

“(I) to affect any other immunity or protection that may be available to a member of the Board under applicable law with respect to such transactions;

“(II) to affect any other right or remedy against the United States under applicable law; or

“(III) to limit or alter in any way the immunities that are available under applicable law for Federal officers and employees.
“(G) Ethical considerations.—Each member of the Board appointed under paragraph (2)(B) must certify that the member—

“(i) does not have a pecuniary interest in, or own stock in or bonds of, an aviation or aeronautical enterprise, except an interest in a diversified mutual fund or an interest that is exempt from the application of section 208 of title 18;

“(ii) does not engage in another business related to aviation or aeronautics; and

“(iii) is not a member of any organization that engages, as a substantial part of its activities, in activities to influence aviation-related legislation.

“(H) Chairman; vice chairman.—The Board shall elect a chair and a vice chair from among its members, each of whom shall serve for a term of 2 years. The vice chair shall perform the duties of the chairman in the absence of the chairman.

“(I) Compensation.—No member shall receive any compensation or other benefits from the Federal Government for serving on the Board, except for compensation benefits for in-
juries under subchapter I of chapter 81 of title 5 and except as provided under subparagraph (J).

“(J) EXPENSES.—Each member of the Board shall be paid actual travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence expenses when away from his or her usual place of residence, in accordance with section 5703 of title 5.

“(K) BOARD RESOURCES.—From resources otherwise available to the Administrator, the Chairman shall appoint such staff to assist the board and provide impartial analysis, and the Administrator shall make available to the Board such information and administrative services and assistance, as may reasonably be required to enable the Board to carry out its responsibilities under this subsection.

“(L) QUORUM AND VOTING.—A simple majority of members of the Board duly appointed shall constitute a quorum. A majority vote of members present and voting shall be required for the Committee to take action.

“(7) AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘air traffic con-
trol system’ has the meaning given that term in section 40102(a).”.

SEC. 302. NEXTGEN MANAGEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall appoint or designate an individual, as the Chief NextGen Officer, to be responsible for implementation of all Administration programs associated with the Next Generation Air Transportation System.

(b) SPECIFIC DUTIES.—The individual appointed or designated under subsection (a) shall—

(1) oversee the implementation of all Administration NextGen programs;

(2) coordinate implementation of those NextGen programs with the Office of Management and Budget;

(3) develop an annual NextGen implementation plan; and

(4) oversee the Joint Planning and Development Office’s facilitation of cooperation among all Federal agencies whose operations and interests are affected by implementation of the NextGen programs.
SEC. 303. FACILITATION OF NEXT GENERATION AIR TRAFFIC SERVICES.

Section 106(l) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(7) AIR TRAFFIC SERVICES.—In determining what actions to take, by rule or through an agreement or transaction under paragraph (6) or under section 44502, to permit non-Government providers of communications, navigation, surveillance or other services to provide such services in the National Airspace System, or to require the usage of such services, the Administrator shall consider whether such actions would—

“(A) promote the safety of life and property;

“(B) improve the efficiency of the National Airspace System and reduce the regulatory burden upon National Airspace System users, based upon sound engineering principles, user operational requirements, and marketplace demands;

“(C) encourage competition and provide services to the largest feasible number of users; and

“(D) take into account the unique role served by general aviation.”.
SEC. 304. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS.

Section 106(m) is amended by striking “without” in the last sentence and inserting “with or without”.

SEC. 305. CLARIFICATION TO ACQUISITION REFORM AUTHORITY.

Section 40110(c) is amended—

(1) by inserting “and” after the semicolon in paragraph (3);

(2) by striking paragraph (4); and

(3) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4).

SEC. 306. ASSISTANCE TO OTHER AVIATION AUTHORITIES.

Section 40113(e) is amended—

(1) by inserting “(whether public or private)” in paragraph (1) after “authorities”;

(2) by striking “safety.” in paragraph (1) and inserting “safety or efficiency. The Administrator is authorized to participate in, and submit offers in response to, competitions to provide these services, and to contract with foreign aviation authorities to provide these services consistent with the provisions under section 106(l)(6) of this title. The Administrator is also authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law or policy, to accept payments in arrears.”; and
(3) by striking “appropriation from which expenses were incurred in providing such services.” in paragraph (3) and inserting “appropriation current when the expenditures are or were paid, or the appropriation current when the amount is received.”.

SEC. 307. PRESIDENTIAL RANK AWARD PROGRAM.

Section 40122(g)(2) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subparagraph (G);

(2) by striking “Board.” in subparagraph (H) and inserting “Board; and”; and

(3) by inserting at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(I) subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 4507 (relating to Meritorious Executive or Distinguished Executive rank awards), and subsections (b) and (c) of section 4507a (relating to Meritorious Senior Professional or Distinguished Senior Professional rank awards), except that—

“(i) for purposes of applying such provisions to the personnel management system—

“(I) the term ‘agency’ means the Department of Transportation;
“(II) the term ‘senior executive’ means a Federal Aviation Administration executive;

“(III) the term ‘career appointee’ means a Federal Aviation Administration career executive; and

“(IV) the term ‘senior career employee’ means a Federal Aviation Administration career senior professional;

“(ii) receipt by a career appointee of the rank of Meritorious Executive or Meritorious Senior Professional entitles such individual to a lump-sum payment of an amount equal to 20 percent of annual basic pay, which shall be in addition to the basic pay paid under the Federal Aviation Administration Executive Compensation Plan; and

“(iii) receipt by a career appointee of the rank of Distinguished Executive or Distinguished Senior Professional entitles the individual to a lump-sum payment of an amount equal to 35 percent of annual basic pay, which shall be in addition to the
basic pay paid under the Federal Aviation
Administration Executive Compensation
Plan.”.

SEC. 308. NEXT GENERATION FACILITIES NEEDS ASSESS-
MENT.

(a) FAA CRITERIA FOR FACILITIES REALIGN-
MENT.—Within 9 months after the date of enactment of
this Act, the Administrator, after providing an opportunity
for public comment, shall publish final criteria to be used
in making the Administrator’s recommendations for the
realignment of services and facilities to assist in the tran-
sition to next generation facilities and help reduce capital,
operating, maintenance, and administrative costs with no
adverse effect on safety.

(b) REALIGNMENT RECOMMENDATIONS.—Within 9
months after publication of the criteria, the Administrator
shall publish a list of the services and facilities that the
Administrator recommends for realignment, including a
justification for each recommendation and a description
of the costs and savings of such transition, in the Federal
Register and allow 45 days for the submission of public
comments to the Board. In addition, the Administrator
upon request shall hold a public hearing in any community
that would be affected by a recommendation in the report.
(c) STUDY BY BOARD.—The Air Traffic Control Modernization Oversight Board established by section 106(p) of title 49, United States Code, shall study the Administrator's recommendations for realignment and the opportunities, risks, and benefits of realigning services and facilities of the Administration to help reduce capital, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs with no adverse effect on safety.

(d) REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—

(1) Based on its review and analysis of the Administrator's recommendations and any public comment it may receive, the Board shall make its independent recommendations for realignment of aviation services or facilities and submit its recommendations in a report to the President, the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

(2) The Board shall explain and justify in its report any recommendation made by the Board that is different from the recommendations made by the Administrator pursuant to subsection (b).

(3) The Administrator may not consolidate any additional approach control facilities into the South-
ern California TRACON, or the Memphis TRACON until the Board’s recommendations are completed.

(c) REALIGNMENT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “realignment”—

(1) means a relocation or reorganization of functions, services, or personnel positions, including a facility closure, consolidation, deconsolidation, collocation, decombining, decoupling, split, or inter-facility or inter-regional reorganization that requires a reassignment of employees; but

(2) does not include a reduction in personnel resulting from workload adjustments.

SEC. 309. NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION OFFICE.

(a) IMPROVED COOPERATION AND COORDINATION AMONG PARTICIPATING AGENCIES.—Section 709 of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended—

(1) by inserting “strategic and cross-agency” after “manage” in subsection (a)(1);

(2) by adding at the end of subsection (a)(1) “The office shall be headed by a Director, who shall report to the Chief NextGen Officer appointed or designated under section 302(a) of the FAA Air
Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act.”;

(3) by inserting “(A)” after “(3)” in subsection (a)(3);

(4) by inserting after subsection (a)(3) the following:

“(B) The Administrator, the Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the head of any other Department or Federal agency from which the Secretary of Transportation requests assistance under subparagraph (A) shall designate an implementation office to be responsible for—

“(i) carrying out the Department or agency’s Next Generation Air Transportation System implementation activities with the Office;

“(ii) liaison and coordination with other Departments and agencies involved in Next Generation Air Transportation System activities; and

“(iii) managing all Next Generation Air Transportation System programs for
the Department or agency, including necessary budgetary and staff resources, including, for the Federal Aviation Administration, those projects described in section 44501(b)(5) of title 49, United States Code).

“(C) The head of any such Department or agency shall ensure that—

“(i) the Department’s or agency’s Next Generation Air Transportation System responsibilities are clearly communicated to the designated office; and

“(ii) the performance of supervisory personnel in that office in carrying out the Department’s or agency’s Next Generation Air Transportation System responsibilities is reflected in their annual performance evaluations and compensation decisions.

“(D)(i) Within 6 months after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the head of each such Department or agency shall execute a memorandum of understanding with the Office and with the other Departments and
agencies participating in the Next Generation Air Transportation System project that—

“(I) describes the respective responsibilities of each such Department and agency, including budgetary commitments; and

“(II) the budgetary and staff resources committed to the project.

“(ii) The memorandum shall be revised as necessary to reflect any changes in such responsibilities or commitments and be reflected in each Department or agency’s budget request.”;

(5) by striking “beyond those currently included in the Federal Aviation Administration’s Operational Evolution Plan” in subsection (b);

(6) by striking “research and development roadmap” in subsection (b)(3) and inserting “implementation plan”;

(7) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subsection (b)(3)(B);

(8) by inserting after subsection (b)(3)(C) the following:

“(D) a schedule of rulemakings required to issue regulations and guidelines for implementation of the Next Generation Air Transportation
System within a timeframe consistent with the integrated plan; and”;

(9) by inserting “and key technologies” after “concepts” in subsection (b)(4);

(10) by striking “users” in subsection (b)(4) and inserting “users, an implementation plan,”;

(11) by adding at the end of subsection (b) the following:

“Within 6 months after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the Administrator shall develop the implementation plan described in paragraph (3) of this subsection and shall update it annually thereafter.”; and

(12) by striking “2010.” in subsection (e) and inserting “2011.”.

(b) SENIOR POLICY COMMITTEE MEETINGS.—Section 710(a) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended by striking “Secretary.” and inserting “Secretary and shall meet at least once each quarter.”.

SEC. 310. DEFINITION OF AIR NAVIGATION FACILITY.

Section 40102(a)(4) is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

“(B) runway lighting and airport surface visual and other navigation aids;”;

SEC. 311. AIRCRAFT SENSORS AND DATA.

Section 40103 of the Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended—

(2) by striking “subsection (b)” and inserting “subsection (c)”;

(3) by inserting “and an implementation plan” after “subsection (b)” in subsection (c); and

(4) by adding at the end of the subsection the following:

“Within 6 months after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the Administrator shall develop the implementation plan described in paragraph (3) of this subsection and shall update it annually thereafter.”; and

(5) by striking “2010.” in subsection (e) and inserting “2011.”.
(2) by striking “weather information, signaling, radio-directional finding, or radio or other electromagnetic communication; and” in subparagraph (C) and inserting “aeronautical and meteorological information to air traffic control facilities or aircraft, supplying communication, navigation or surveillance equipment for air-to-ground or air-to-air applications;”;

(3) by striking “another structure” in subparagraph (D) and inserting “any structure or equipment”;

(4) by striking “aircraft,” in subparagraph (D) and inserting “aircraft; and”; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

“(E) buildings, equipment and systems dedicated to the National Airspace System.”.

SEC. 311. IMPROVED MANAGEMENT OF PROPERTY INVENTORY.

Section 40110(a)(2) is amended by striking “compensation; and” and inserting “compensation, and the amount received may be credited to the appropriation current when the amount is received; and”.

SEC. 312. EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

The Administrator shall make payments to the Department of Defense for the education of dependent chil-
dren of those Administration employees in Puerto Rico and Guam as they are subject to transfer by policy and practice and meet the eligibility requirements of section 2164(c) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 313. FAA PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

Section 40122(a)(2) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) Dispute resolution.—

“(A) Mediation.—If the Administrator does not reach an agreement under paragraph (1) or subsection (g)(2)(C) with the exclusive bargaining representatives, the services of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service shall be used to attempt to reach such agreement in accordance with part 1425 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations. The Administrator and bargaining representatives may by mutual agreement adopt procedures for the resolution of disputes or impasses arising in the negotiation of a collective-bargaining agreement.

“(B) Binding arbitration.—If the services of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service under subparagraph (A) do not lead to an agreement, the Administrator and the bargaining representatives shall submit their issues
in controversy to the Federal Service Impasses Panel in accordance with section 7119 of title 5. The Panel shall assist the parties in resolving the impasse by asserting jurisdiction and ordering binding arbitration by a private arbitration board consisting of 3 members in accordance with section 2471.6(a)(2)(ii) of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations. The executive director of the Panel shall request a list of not less than 15 names of arbitrators with Federal sector experience from the director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to be provided to the Administrator and the bargaining representatives. Within 10 days after receiving the list, the parties shall each select 1 person. The 2 arbitrators shall then select a third person from the list within 7 days. If the 2 arbitrators are unable to agree on the third person, the parties shall select the third person by alternately striking names from the list until only 1 name remains. If the parties do not agree on the framing of the issues to be submitted, the arbitration board shall frame the issues. The arbitration board shall give the parties a full and fair hearing, including an oppor-
tunity to present evidence in support of their claims, and an opportunity to present their case in person, by counsel, or by other representative as they may elect. Decisions of the arbitration board shall be conclusive and binding upon the parties. The arbitration board shall render its decision within 90 days after its appointment. The Administrator and the bargaining representative shall share costs of the arbitration equally. The arbitration board shall take into consideration the effect of its arbitration decisions on the Federal Aviation Administration’s ability to attract and retain a qualified workforce and the Federal Aviation Administration’s budget.

“(C) Effect.—Upon reaching a voluntary agreement or at the conclusion of the binding arbitration under subparagraph (B) above, the final agreement, except for those matters decided by the arbitration board, shall be subject to ratification by the exclusive representative, if so requested by the exclusive representative, and approval by the head of the agency in accordance with subsection (g)(2)(C).
“(D) ENFORCEMENT.—Enforcement of the provisions of this paragraph shall be in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.”.

SEC. 314. ACCELERATION OF NEXTGEN TECHNOLOGIES.

(a) OEP AIRPORT PROCEDURES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall publish a report, after consultation with representatives of appropriate Administration employee groups, airport operators, air carriers, and aircraft manufacturers that includes the following:

(A) RNP/RNAV OPERATIONS.—The required navigation performance and area navigation operations, including the procedures to be developed, certified, and published and the air traffic control operational changes, to maximize the efficiency and capacity of NextGen commercial operations at the 35 Operational Evolution Partnership airports identified by the Administration.

(B) COORDINATION AND IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—A description of the activities and operational changes and approvals required to
coordinate and utilize those procedures at those airports.

(C) Implementation Plan.—A plan for implementing those procedures that establishes—

(i) clearly defined budget, schedule, project organization, and leadership requirements;

(ii) specific implementation and transition steps; and

(iii) baseline and performance metrics for measuring the Administration’s progress in implementing the plan, including the percentage utilization of required navigation performance in the National Airspace System.

(D) Cost/Benefit Analysis for Third-Party Usage.—An assessment of the costs and benefits of using third parties to assist in the development of the procedures.

(E) Additional Procedures.—A process for the identification, certification, and publication of additional required navigation performance and area navigation procedures that may be required at such airports in the future.
(2) **Implementation Schedule.**—The Administrator shall certify, publish, and implement—

(A) 30 percent of the required procedures within 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act;

(B) 60 percent of the procedures within 36 months after the date of enactment of this Act; and

(C) 100 percent of the procedures before January 1, 2014.

(b) **Expansion of Plan to Other Airports.**—

(1) **In General.**—No later than January 1, 2014, the Administrator shall publish a report, after consultation with representatives of appropriate Administration employee groups, airport operators, and air carriers, that includes a plan for applying the procedures, requirements, criteria, and metrics described in subsection (a)(1) to other airports across the Nation.

(2) **Implementation Schedule.**—The Administrator shall certify, publish, and implement—

(A) 25 percent of the required procedures at such other airports before January 1, 2015;

(B) 50 percent of the procedures at such other airports before January 1, 2016;
(C) 75 percent of the procedures at such other airports before January 1, 2017; and

(D) 100 percent of the procedures before January 1, 2018.

(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF PRIORITIES.—The Administrator shall extend the charter of the Performance Based Navigation Aviation Rulemaking Committee as necessary to authorize and request it to establish priorities for the development, certification, publication, and implementation of the navigation performance and area navigation procedures based on their potential safety and congestion benefits.

(d) COORDINATED AND EXPEDITED REVIEW.—Navigation performance and area navigation procedures developed, certified, published, and implemented under this section shall be presumed to be covered by a categorical exclusion (as defined in section 1508.4 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations) under chapter 3 of FAA Order 1050.1E unless the Administrator determines that extraordinary circumstances exist with respect to the procedure.

(e) DEPLOYMENT PLAN FOR NATIONWIDE DATA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit a plan for implementation of a nationwide communications
system to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. The plan shall include—

(1) clearly defined budget, schedule, project organization, and leadership requirements;

(2) specific implementation and transition steps; and

(3) baseline and performance metrics for measuring the Administration’s progress in implementing the plan.

(f) IMPROVED PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit a report to the Senate committee on commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure that—

(1) evaluates whether utilization of ADS–B, RNP, and other technologies as part of the NextGen Air Transportation System implementation plan will display the position of aircraft more accurately and frequently so as to enable a more efficient use of existing airspace and result in reduced consumption of aviation fuel and aircraft engine emissions;
(2) evaluates the feasibility of reducing aircraft separation standards in a safe manner as a result of implementation of such technologies; and

(3) if the Administrator determines that such standards can be reduced safely, includes a timetable for implementation of such reduced standards.

SEC. 315. ADS–B DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure detailing the Administration’s program and schedule for integrating ADS–B technology into the National Airspace System. The report shall include—

(A) a clearly defined budget, schedule, project organization, leadership, and the specific implementation or transition steps required to achieve these ADS–B ground station installation goals;

(B) a transition plan for ADS–B that includes date-specific milestones for the imple-
mentation of new capabilities into the National
Airspace System;

(C) identification of any potential oper-
tional or workforce changes resulting from de-
ployment of ADS–B;

(D) detailed plans and schedules for imple-
mentation of advanced operational procedures
and ADS–B air-to-air applications; and

(E) baseline and performance metrics in
order to measure the agency's progress.

(2) IDENTIFICATION AND MEASUREMENT OF
BENEFITS.—In the report required by paragraph
(1), the Administrator shall identify actual benefits
that will accrue to National Airspace System users
from deployment of ADS–B and provide and expla-
nation of the metrics used to quantify those benefits.

(b) RULEMAKINGS.—

(1) ADS–B OUT.—Not later than 45 days after
the date of enactment of this Act the Administrator
shall—

(A) complete the initial rulemaking pro-
ceeding (Docket No. FAA–2007–29305; Notice
No. 07–15; 72 FR 56947) to issue guidelines
and regulations for ADS–B Out technology
that—
(i) identify the ADS–B Out technology that will be required under NextGen;

(ii) subject to paragraph (3), require all aircraft to be equipped with such technology by 2015; and

(iii) identify—

(I) the type of such avionics required of aircraft for all classes of airspace;

(II) the expected costs associated with the avionics; and

(III) the expected uses and benefits of the avionics; and

(B) initiate a rulemaking proceeding to issue any additional guidelines and regulations for ADS–B Out technology not addressed in the initial rulemaking.

(2) ADS–B IN.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act the Administrator shall initiate a rulemaking proceeding to issue guidelines and regulations for ADS–B In technology that—

(A) identify the ADS–B In technology that will be required under NextGen;
(B) subject to paragraph (3), require all
aircraft to be equipped with such technology by
2018; and
(C) identify—
(i) the type of such avionics required
of aircraft for all classes of airspace;
(ii) the expected costs associated with
the avionics; and
(iii) the expected uses and benefits of
the avionics.

(3) Readiness Verification.—Before the
date on which all aircraft are required to be
equipped with ADS–B technology pursuant to
rulemakings under paragraphs (1) and (2), the Air
Traffic Control Modernization Oversight Board shall
verify that—
(A) the necessary ground infrastructure is
installed and functioning properly;
(B) certification standards have been ap-
proved; and
(C) appropriate operational platforms
interface safely and efficiently.

(e) Uses.—Within 18 months after the date of enact-
ment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop, in con-
sultation with appropriate employee groups, a plan for the
use of ADS–B technology for surveillance and active air
traffic control by 2015. The plans shall—

(1) include provisions to test the use of ADS–B prior to the 2015 deadline for surveillance and active air traffic control in specific regions of the country with the most congested airspace;

(2) identify the equipment required at air traffic control facilities and the training required for air traffic controllers;

(3) develop procedures, in consultation with appropriate employee groups, to conduct air traffic management in mixed equipage environments; and

(4) establish a policy in these test regions, with consultation from appropriate employee groups, to provide incentives for equipage with ADS–B technology by giving priority to aircraft equipped with such technology before the 2015 and 2018 equipage deadlines.

SEC. 316. EQUIPAGE INCENTIVES.

(a) In General.—The Administrator shall issue a report that—

(1) identifies incentive options to encourage the equipage of aircraft with NextGen technologies, including a policy that gives priority to aircraft equipped with ADS–B technology;
(2) identifies the costs and benefits of each option; and

(3) includes input from industry stakeholders, including passenger and cargo air carriers, aerospace manufacturers, and general aviation aircraft operators.

(b) **DEADLINE.**—The Administrator shall issue the report before the earlier of—

(1) the date that is 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act; or

(2) the date on which aircraft are required to be equipped with ADS–B technology pursuant to rulemakings under section 315(b) of this Act.

**SEC. 317. PERFORMANCE METRICS.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—No later than June 1, 2010, the Administrator shall establish and track National Airspace System performance metrics, including, at a minimum—

(1) the allowable operations per hour on runways;

(2) average gate-to-gate times;

(3) fuel burned between key city pairs;

(4) operations using the advanced procedures implemented under section 314 of this Act;

(5) average distance flown between key city pairs;
(6) time between pushing back from the gate and taking off;

(7) uninterrupted climb or descent;

(8) average gate arrival delay for all arrivals;

(9) flown versus filed flight times for key city pairs; and

(10) metrics to demonstrate reduced fuel burn and reduced emissions.

(b) Optimal Baselines.—The Administrator, in consultation with aviation industry stakeholders, shall identify optimal baselines for each of these metrics and appropriate methods to measure deviations from these baselines.

(e) Publication.—The Administration shall make the data obtained under subsection (a) available to the public in a searchable, sortable, downloadable format through its website and other appropriate media.

(d) Reports.—

(1) Initial Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure that contains—
(A) a description of the metrics that will be used to measure the Administration’s progress in implementing NextGen Air Transportation System capabilities and operational results; and

(B) information about how any additional metrics were developed.

(2) Annual progress report.—The Administrator shall submit an annual progress report to those committees on the Administration’s progress in implementing NextGen Air Transportation System.

SEC. 318. CERTIFICATION STANDARDS AND RESOURCES.

(a) In general.—Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop a plan to accelerate and streamline the process for certification of NextGen technologies, including—

(1) updated project plans and timelines to meet the deadlines established by this title;

(2) identification of the specific activities needed to certify core NextGen technologies, including the establishment of NextGen technical requirements for the manufacture of equipage, installation of equipage, airline operational procedures, pilot training
standards, air traffic control procedures, and air
traffic controller training;

(3) staffing requirements for the Air Certification Service and the Flight Standards Service, and
measures addressing concerns expressed by the Department of Transportation Inspector General and
the Comptroller General regarding staffing needs for modernization;

(4) an assessment of the extent to which the Administration will use third parties in the certification process, and the cost and benefits of this approach; and

(5) performance metrics to measure the Administration’s progress.

(b) CERTIFICATION INTEGRITY.—The Administrator shall make no distinction between public or privately
owned equipment, systems, or services used in the National Airspace System when determining certification re-
quirements.

SEC. 319. UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop a
plan to accelerate the integration of unmanned aerial sys-
tems into the National Airspace System that—
(1) creates a pilot project to integrate such vehicles into the National Airspace System at 2 test sites in the National Airspace System by 2012;

(2) creates a safe, non-exclusionary airspace designation for cooperative manned and unmanned flight operations in the National Airspace System;

(3) establishes a process to develop certification, flight standards, and air traffic requirements for such vehicles at the test sites;

(4) dedicates funding for unmanned aerial systems research and development to certification, flight standards, and air traffic requirements;

(5) encourages leveraging and coordination of such research and development activities with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and the Department of Defense;

(6) addresses both military and civilian unmanned aerial system operations;

(7) ensures the unmanned aircraft systems integration plan is incorporated in the Administration’s NextGen Air Transportation System implementation plan; and

(8) provides for verification of the safety of the vehicles and navigation procedures before their integration into the National Airspace System.
SEC. 320. SURFACE SYSTEMS PROGRAM OFFICE.

(a) In General.—The Air Traffic Organization shall—

(1) evaluate the Airport Surface Detection Equipment-Model X program for its potential contribution to implementation of the NextGen initiative;

(2) evaluate airport surveillance technologies and associated collaborative surface management software for potential contributions to implementation of NextGen surface management;

(3) accelerate implementation of the program; and

(4) carry out such additional duties as the Administrator may require.

(b) Expedited Certification and Utilization.—The Administrator shall—

(1) consider options for expediting the certification of Ground Based Augmentation System technology; and

(2) develop a plan to utilize such a system at the 35 Operational Evolution Partnership airports by September 30, 2012.

SEC. 321. STAKEHOLDER COORDINATION.

(a) In General.—The Administrator shall establish a process for including qualified employees selected by
each exclusive collective bargaining representative of em-
ployees of the Administration who are likely to be affected
by the planning, development, and deployment of air traf-
ic control modernization projects (including the Next
Generation Air Transportation System) in, and collabor-
ating with, such employees in the planning, development,
and deployment of those projects.

(b) Participation.—

(1) Bargaining obligations and rights.—
Participation in the process described in subsection
(a) shall not be construed as a waiver of any bar-
gaining obligations or rights under section
40122(a)(1) or 40122(g)(2)(C) of title 49, United
States Code.

(2) Capacity and compensation.—Exclusive
collective bargaining representatives and selected
employees participating in the process described in
subsection (a) shall—

(A) serve in a collaborative and advisory
capacity; and

(B) receive appropriate travel and per
diem expenses in accordance with the travel
policies of the Administration in addition to any
regular compensation and benefits.
(c) REPORT.—No later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit a report on the implementation of this section to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

SEC. 322. FAA TASK FORCE ON AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL FACILITY CONDITIONS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall establish a special task force to be known as the “FAA Task Force on Air Traffic Control Facility Conditions”.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—

(1) COMPOSITION.—The Task Force shall be composed of 11 members of whom—

(A) 7 members shall be appointed by the Administrator; and

(B) 4 members shall be appointed by labor unions representing employees who work at field facilities of the Administration.

(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—Of the members appointed by the Administrator under paragraph (1)(A)—

(A) 4 members shall be specialists on toxic mold abatement, “sick building syndrome,” and other hazardous building conditions that can
lead to employee health concerns and shall be
appointed by the Administrator in consultation
with the Director of the National Institute for
Occupational Safety and Health; and

(B) 2 members shall be specialists on the
rehabilitation of aging buildings.

(3) TERMS.—Members shall be appointed for
the life of the Task Force.

(4) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Task Force
shall be filled in the manner in which the original
appointment was made.

(5) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members shall serve
without pay but shall receive travel expenses, includ-
ing per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance
with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United
States Code.

(c) CHAIRPERSON.—The Administrator shall des-
ignate, from among the individuals appointed under sub-
section (b)(1), an individual to serve as chairperson of the
Task Force.

(d) TASK FORCE PERSONNEL MATTERS.—

(1) STAFF.—The Task Force may appoint and
fix the pay of such personnel as it considers appro-
priate.
(2) Staff of Federal Agencies.—Upon request of the Chairperson of the Task Force, the head of any department or agency of the United States may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of that department or agency to the Task Force to assist it in carrying out its duties under this section.

(3) Other Staff and Support.—Upon request of the Task Force or a panel of the Task Force, the Administrator shall provide the Task Force or panel with professional and administrative staff and other support, on a reimbursable basis, to the Task Force to assist it in carrying out its duties under this section.

(e) Obtaining Official Data.—The Task Force may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information (other than information required by any statute of the United States to be kept confidential by such department or agency) necessary for the Task Force to carry out its duties under this section. Upon request of the chairperson of the Task Force, the head of that department or agency shall furnish such information to the Task Force.

(f) Duties.—
(1) **STUDY.**—The Task Force shall undertake a study of—

(A) the conditions of all air traffic control facilities across the Nation, including towers, centers, and terminal radar air control;

(B) reports from employees of the Administration relating to respiratory ailments and other health conditions resulting from exposure to mold, asbestos, poor air quality, radiation and facility-related hazards in facilities of the Administration;

(C) conditions of such facilities that could interfere with such employees’ ability to effectively and safely perform their duties;

(D) the ability of managers and supervisors of such employees to promptly document and seek remediation for unsafe facility conditions;

(E) whether employees of the Administration who report facility-related illnesses are treated fairly;

(F) utilization of scientifically approved remediation techniques in a timely fashion once hazardous conditions are identified in a facility of the Administration; and
(G) resources allocated to facility maintenance and renovation by the Administration.

(2) Facility Condition Indices.—The Task Force shall review the facility condition indices of the Administration for inclusion in the recommendations under subsection (g).

(g) Recommendations.—Based on the results of the study and review of the facility condition indices under subsection (f), the Task Force shall make recommendations as it considers necessary to—

(1) prioritize those facilities needing the most immediate attention in order of the greatest risk to employee health and safety;

(2) ensure that the Administration is using scientifically approved remediation techniques in all facilities; and

(3) assist the Administration in making programmatic changes so that aging air traffic control facilities do not deteriorate to unsafe levels.

(h) Report.—Not later than 6 months after the date on which initial appointments of members to the Task Force are completed, the Task Force shall submit a report to the Administrator, the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infra-
structure on the activities of the Task Force, including
the recommendations of the Task Force under subsection
(g).

(i) IMPLEMENTATION.—Within 30 days after receipt
of the Task Force report under subsection (h), the Admin-
istrator shall submit to the House of Representatives
Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the
Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
tation a report that includes a plan and timeline to imple-
ment the recommendations of the Task Force and to align
future budgets and priorities of the Administration ac-
cordingly.

(j) TERMINATION.—The Task Force shall terminate
on the last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date
on which the report under subsection (h) is submitted.

(k) APPLICABILITY OF THE FEDERAL ADVISORY
COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act
(5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Task Force.

SEC. 323. STATE ADS–B EQUIPAGE BANK PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—Subject to
the provisions of this section, the Secretary of
Transportation may enter into cooperative agree-
ments with not to exceed 5 States for the establish-
ment of State ADS–B equipage banks for making
loans and providing other assistance to public enti-
ties for projects eligible for assistance under this
section.

(b) Funding.—

(1) Separate account.—An ADS–B equipage
bank established under this section shall maintain a
separate aviation trust fund account for Federal
funds contributed to the bank under paragraph (2).
No Federal funds contributed or credited to an ac-
count of an ADS–B equipage bank established under
this section may be commingled with Federal funds
contributed or credited to any other account of such
bank.

(2) Authorization.—There are authorized to
be appropriated to the Secretary $25,000,000 for
each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

(c) Forms of assistance from ADS–B equipage
banks.—An ADS–B equipage bank established under
this section may make loans or provide other assistance
to a public entity in an amount equal to all or part of
the cost of carrying out a project eligible for assistance
under this section. The amount of any loan or other assist-
ance provided for such project may be subordinated to any
other debt financing for the project.
(d) QUALIFYING PROJECTS.—Federal funds in the ADS–B equipage account of an ADS–B equipage bank established under this section may be used only to provide assistance with respect to aircraft ADS–B and related avionics equipage.

(e) REQUIREMENTS.—In order to establish an ADS–B equipage bank under this section, each State establishing such a bank shall—

(1) contribute, at a minimum, in each account of the bank from non-Federal sources an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount of each capitalization grant made to the State and contributed to the bank;

(2) ensure that the bank maintains on a continuing basis an investment grade rating on its debt issuances or has a sufficient level of bond or debt financing instrument insurance to maintain the viability of the bank;

(3) ensure that investment income generated by funds contributed to an account of the bank will be—

(A) credited to the account;

(B) available for use in providing loans and other assistance to projects eligible for assistance from the account; and
(C) invested in United States Treasury securities, bank deposits, or such other financing instruments as the Secretary may approve to earn interest to enhance the leveraging of projects assisted by the bank;

(4) ensure that any loan from the bank will bear interest at or below market interest rates, as determined by the State, to make the project that is the subject of the loan feasible;

(5) ensure that the term for repaying any loan will not exceed 10 years after the date of the first payment on the loan; and

(6) require the bank to make an annual report to the Secretary on its status no later than September 30 of each year for which funds are made available under this section, and to make such other reports as the Secretary may require by guidelines.

SEC. 324. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) ADMINISTRATION.—The term “Administration” means the Federal Aviation Administration.

(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.
(3) NEXTGen.—The term “NextGen” means the Next Generation Air Transportation System.

(4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Transportation.

TITLE IV—AIRLINE SERVICE AND SMALL COMMUNITY AIR SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS

SUBTITLE A—CONSUMER PROTECTION

SEC. 401. AIRLINE CUSTOMER SERVICE COMMITMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 417 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SUBCHAPTER IV—AIRLINE CUSTOMER SERVICE

§41781. Air carrier and airport contingency plans for long on-board tarmac delays

“(a) DEFINITION OF TARMAC DELAY.—The term ‘tarmac delay’ means the holding of an aircraft on the ground before taking off or after landing with no opportunity for its passengers to deplane.

“(b) SUBMISSION OF AIR CARRIER AND AIRPORT PLANS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, each air carrier and airport operator shall submit, in accordance with the requirements
under this section, a proposed contingency plan to the Secretary of Transportation for review and approval.

“(c) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—The Secretary of Transportation shall establish minimum standards for elements in contingency plans required to be submitted under this section to ensure that such plans effectively address long on-board tarmac delays and provide for the health and safety of passengers and crew.

“(d) AIR CARRIER PLANS.—The plan shall require each air carrier to implement at a minimum the following:

“(1) Provision of essential services.—Each air carrier shall provide for the essential needs of passengers on board an aircraft at an airport in any case in which the departure of a flight is delayed or disembarkation of passengers on an arriving flight that has landed is substantially delayed, including—

“(A) adequate food and potable water;
“(B) adequate restroom facilities;
“(C) cabin ventilation and comfortable cabin temperatures; and
“(D) access to necessary medical treatment.

“(2) Right to deplane.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—Each air carrier shall submit a proposed contingency plan to the Secretary of Transportation that identifies a clear time frame under which passengers would be permitted to deplane a delayed aircraft. After the Secretary has reviewed and approved the proposed plan, the air carrier shall make the plan available to the public.

“(B) DELAYS.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—As part of the plan, except as provided under clause (iii), an air carrier shall provide passengers with the option of deplaning and returning to the terminal at which such deplaning could be safely completed, or deplaning at the terminal if—

“(I) 3 hours have elapsed after passengers have boarded the aircraft, the aircraft doors are closed, and the aircraft has not departed; or

“(II) 3 hours have elapsed after the aircraft has landed and the passengers on the aircraft have been unable to deplane.
“(ii) Frequency.—The option described in clause (i) shall be offered to passengers at a minimum not less often than once during each successive 3-hour period that the plane remains on the ground.

“(iii) Exceptions.—This subparagraph shall not apply if—

“(I) the pilot of such aircraft reasonably determines that the aircraft will depart or be unloaded at the terminal not later than 30 minutes after the 3 hour delay; or

“(II) the pilot of such aircraft reasonably determines that permitting a passenger to deplane would jeopardize passenger safety or security.

“(C) Application to diverted flights.—This section applies to aircraft without regard to whether they have been diverted to an airport other than the original destination.

“(D) Reports.—Not later than 30 days after any flight experiences a tarmac delay lasting at least 3 hours, the air carrier responsible for such flight shall submit a written descrip-
tion of the incident and its resolution to the
Aviation Consumer Protection Office of the De-
partment of Transportation.

“(e) AIRPORT PLANS.—Each airport operator shall
submit a proposed contingency plan under subsection (b)
that contains a description of—

“(1) how the airport operator will provide for
the deplanement of passengers following a long
tarmac delay; and

“(2) how, to the maximum extent practicable,
the airport operator will provide for the sharing of
facilities and make gates available at the airport for
use by aircraft experiencing such delays.

“(f) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall require periodic
reviews and updates of the plans as necessary.

“(g) APPROVAL.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months
after the date of the enactment of this section, the
Secretary of Transportation shall—

“(A) review the initial contingency plans
submitted under subsection (b); and

“(B) approve plans that closely adhere to
the standards described in subsections (d) or
(e), whichever is applicable.
“(2) Updates.—Not later than 60 days after the submission of an update under subsection (f) or an initial contingency plan by a new air carrier or airport, the Secretary shall—

“(A) review the plan; and

“(B) approve the plan if it closely adheres to the standards described in subsections (d) or (e), whichever is applicable.

“(h) Civil Penalties.—The Secretary may assess a civil penalty under section 46301 against any air carrier or airport operator that does not submit, obtain approval of, or adhere to a contingency plan submitted under this section.

“(i) Public Access.—Each air carrier and airport operator required to submit a contingency plan under this section shall ensure public access to an approved plan under this section by—

“(1) including the plan on the Internet Web site of the carrier or airport; or

“(2) disseminating the plan by other means, as determined by the Secretary.

§41782. Air passenger complaints hotline and information

“(a) Air Passenger Complaints Hotline Telephone Number.—The Secretary of Transportation shall
establish a consumer complaints hotline telephone number for the use of air passengers.

“(b) Public Notice.—The Secretary shall notify the public of the telephone number established under subsection (a).

“(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section, which sums shall remain available until expended.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for chapter 417 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“Subchapter IV—Airline Customer Service

“41781. Air carrier and airport contingency plans for long on-board tarmac delays.
“41782. Air passenger complaints hotline and information.”.

SEC. 402. PUBLICATION OF CUSTOMER SERVICE DATA AND FLIGHT DELAY HISTORY.

(a) In General.—Section 41722 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) Chronically Delayed Flights.—

“(1) Publication of list of flights.—

Each air carrier holding a certificate issued under section 41102 that conducts scheduled passenger air transportation shall, on a monthly basis—
“(A) publish and update on the Internet website of the air carrier a list of chronically delayed flights operated by such air carrier; and

“(B) share such list with each entity that is authorized to book passenger air transportation for such air carrier for inclusion on the Internet website of such entity.

“(2) DISCLOSURE TO CUSTOMERS WHEN PURCHASING TICKETS.—For each individual who books passenger air transportation on the Internet website of an air carrier, or the Internet website of an entity that is authorized to book passenger air transportation for an air carrier, for any flight for which data is reported to the Department of Transportation under part 234 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, such air carrier or entity, as the case may be, shall prominently disclose to such individual, before such individual makes such booking, the following:

“(A) The on-time performance for the flight if the flight is a chronically delayed flight.

“(B) The cancellation rate for the flight if the flight is a chronically canceled flight.

“(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
“(A) **Chronically delayed flight.**—
The term ‘chronically delayed flight’ means a regularly scheduled flight that has failed to arrive on time (as such term is defined in section 234.2 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations) at least 40 percent of the time during the most recent 3-month period for which data is available.

“(B) **Chronically canceled flight.**—
The term ‘chronically canceled flight’ means a regularly scheduled flight at least 30 percent of the departures of which have been canceled during the most recent 3-month period for which data is available.”.

(b) **Effective Date.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

**SEC. 403. Expansion of DOT airline consumer complaint investigations.**

(a) **In General.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Transportation shall investigate consumer complaints regarding—

(1) flight cancellations;

(2) compliance with Federal regulations concerning overbooking seats flights;
(3) lost, damaged, or delayed baggage, and difficulties with related airline claims procedures;
(4) problems in obtaining refunds for unused or lost tickets or fare adjustments;
(5) incorrect or incomplete information about fares, discount fare conditions and availability, over-
charges, and fare increases;
(6) the rights of passengers who hold frequent flier miles, or equivalent redeemable awards earned through customer-loyalty programs; and
(7) deceptive or misleading advertising.

(b) Budget Needs Report.—The Secretary shall provide, as an annex to its annual budget request, an estimate of resources which would have been sufficient to investigate all such claims the Department of Transportation received in the previous fiscal year. The annex shall be transmitted to the Congress when the President submits the budget of the United States to the Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code.

SEC. 404. ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AVIATION CONSUMER PROTECTION.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation shall establish an advisory committee for aviation consumer protection to advise the Secretary in carrying out airline customer service improvements, including those re-
required by subchapter IV of chapter 417 of title 49, United States Code.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary shall appoint members of the advisory committee comprised of one representative each of—

(1) air carriers;
(2) airport operators;
(3) State or local governments who has expertise in consumer protection matters; and
(4) a nonprofit public interest group who has expertise in consumer protection matters.

(c) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the advisory committee shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(d) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members of the advisory committee shall serve without pay but shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(e) CHAIRPERSON.—The Secretary shall designate, from among the individuals appointed under subsection (b), an individual to serve as chairperson of the advisory committee.

(f) DUTIES.—The duties of the advisory committee shall include—
(1) evaluating existing aviation consumer protection programs and providing recommendations for the improvement of such programs, if needed; and

(2) providing recommendations to establish additional aviation consumer protection programs, if needed.

(g) REPORT.—Not later than February 1 of each of the first 2 calendar years beginning after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit to Congress a report containing—

(1) the recommendations made by the advisory committee during the preceding calendar year; and

(2) an explanation of how the Secretary has implemented each recommendation and, for each recommendation not implemented, the Secretary’s reason for not implementing the recommendation.

SEC. 405. DISCLOSURE OF PASSENGER FEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall complete a rulemaking that requires each air carrier operating in the United States under part 121 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, to make available to the public and to the Secretary a list of all passenger fees and charges (other than airfare) that may be imposed by the air carrier, including fees for—
(1) checked baggage or oversized or heavy baggage;

(2) meals, beverages, or other refreshments;

(3) seats in exit rows, seats with additional space, or other preferred seats in any given class of travel;

(4) purchasing tickets from an airline ticket agent or a travel agency; or

(5) any other good, service, or amenity provided by the air carrier, as required by the Secretary.

(b) PUBLICATION; UPDATES.—In order to ensure that the fee information required by subsection (a) is both current and widely available to the travelling public, the Secretary—

(1) may require an air carrier to make such information on any public website maintained by an air carrier, to make such information available to travel agencies, and to notify passengers of the availability of such information when advertising airfares; and

(2) shall require air carriers to update the information as necessary, but no less frequently than every 90 days unless there has been no increase in the amount or type of fees shown in the most recent publication.
SUBTITLE B—ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE; SMALL COMMUNITIES

SEC. 411. EAS CONNECTIVITY PROGRAM.

Section 406(a) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended by striking “may” and inserting “shall”.

SEC. 412. EXTENSION OF FINAL ORDER ESTABLISHING MILEAGE ADJUSTMENT ELIGIBILITY.

Section 409(d) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) is amended by striking “September 30, 2007.” and inserting “September 30, 2011.”.

SEC. 413. EAS CONTRACT GUIDELINES.

Section 41737(a)(1) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subparagraph (B);

(2) by striking “provided.” in subparagraph (C) and inserting “provided;”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) include provisions under which the Secretary may encourage carriers to improve air service to small and rural communities by incorporating financial incentives in essential air service contracts based on specified performance goals; and
“(E) include provisions under which the Secretary may execute long-term essential air service contracts to encourage carriers to provide air service to small and rural communities where it would be in the public interest to do so.”.

SEC. 414. CONVERSION OF FORMER EAS AIRPORTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 41745 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (c) through (g) as subsections (d) through (h), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

“(c) CONVERSION OF LOST ELIGIBILITY AIRPORTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program to provide general aviation conversion funding for airports serving eligible places that the Secretary has determined no longer qualify for a subsidy.

“(2) GRANTS.—A grant under this subsection—

“(A) may not exceed twice the compensation paid to provide essential air service to the airport in the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the Secretary determines that the
place served by the airport is no longer an eligi-
ble place; and

“(B) may be used—

“(i) for airport development (as de-
defined in section 47102(3)) that will en-
hance general aviation capacity at the air-
port;

“(ii) to defray operating expenses, if
such use is approved by the Secretary; or

“(iii) to develop innovative air service
options, such as on-demand or air taxi op-
erations, if such use is approved by the
Secretary.

“(3) AIP REQUIREMENTS.—An airport sponsor
that uses funds provided under this subsection for
an airport development project shall comply with the
requirements of subchapter I of chapter 471 applica-
table to airport development projects funded under
that subchapter with respect to the project funded
under this subsection.

“(4) LIMITATION.—The sponsor of an airport
receiving funding under this subsection is not eligi-
ble for funding under section 41736.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 41745(f),
as redesignated, is amended—
(1) by striking “An eligible place” and inserting “Neither an eligible place, nor a place to which sub-
section (c) applies,”; and
(2) by striking “not”.

SEC. 415. EAS REFORM.

Section 41742(a) is amended—
(1) by adding at the end of paragraph (1) “Any amount in excess of $50,000,000 credited for any fiscal year to the account established under section 45303(c) shall be obligated for programs under section 406 of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Re-
authorization Act (49 U.S.C. 40101 note) and section 41745 of this title. Amounts appropriated pur-
suant to this section shall remain available until exp-
pended.”; and
(2) by striking “$77,000,000” in paragraph (2) and inserting “$125,000,000”.

SEC. 416. SMALL COMMUNITY AIR SERVICE.

(a) PRIORITIES.—Section 41743(c)(5) is amended—
(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subparagraph (D);
(2) by striking “fashion.” in subparagraph (E) and inserting “fashion; and”; and
(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(F) multiple communities cooperate to submit a region or multistate application to improve air service.”.

(b) Extension of Authorization.—Section 41743(e)(2) is amended by striking “2008” and inserting “2011”.

SEC. 417. EAS MARKETING.

The Secretary of Transportation shall require all applications to provide service under subchapter II of chapter 417 of title 49, United States Code, include a marketing plan.

SEC. 418. RURAL AVIATION IMPROVEMENT.

(a) Communities Above Per Passenger Subsidy Cap.—

(1) In general.—Subchapter II of chapter 417 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 41749. Essential air service for eligible places above per passenger subsidy cap

“(a) Proposals.—A State or local government may submit a proposal to the Secretary of Transportation for compensation for an air carrier to provide air transportation to a place described in subsection (b).

“(b) Place described.—A place described in this subsection is a place—

“(1) that is otherwise an eligible place; and
“(2) for which the per passenger subsidy exceeds the dollar amount allowable under this subchapter.

“(c) DECISIONS.—Not later than 90 days after receiving a proposal under subsection (a) for compensation for an air carrier to provide air transportation to a place described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall—

“(1) decide whether to provide compensation for the air carrier to provide air transportation to the place; and

“(2) approve the proposal if the State or local government or a person is willing and able to pay the difference between—

“(A) the per passenger subsidy; and

“(B) the dollar amount allowable for such subsidy under this subchapter.

“(d) COMPENSATION PAYMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall pay compensation under this section at such time and in such manner as the Secretary determines is appropriate.

“(2) DURATION OF PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall continue to pay compensation under this section only as long as—
“(A) the State or local government or person agreeing to pay compensation under subsection (c)(2) continues to pay such compensation; and

“(B) the Secretary decides the compensation is necessary to maintain air transportation to the place.

“(e) REVIEW.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall periodically review the type and level of air service provided under this section.

“(2) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary may make appropriate adjustments in the type and level of air service to a place under this section based on the review under paragraph (1) and consultation with the affected community and the State or local government or person agreeing to pay compensation under subsection (c)(2).

“(f) ENDING, SUSPENDING, AND REDUCING AIR TRANSPORTATION.—An air carrier providing air transportation to a place under this section may end, suspend, or reduce such air transportation if, not later than 30 days before ending, suspending, or reducing such air transportation, the air carrier provides notice of the intent of the
air carrier to end, suspend, or reduce such air transpor-
tation to—

“(1) the Secretary;
“(2) the affected community; and
“(3) the State or local government or person
agreeing to pay compensation under subsection
(e)(2).”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
tents for chapter 417 is amended by adding after
the item relating to section 41748 the following new
item:

“41749. Essential air service for eligible places above per passenger subsidy cap.”.

(b) PREFERRED ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter
417, as amended by subsection (a), is further
amended by adding after section 41749 the fol-
lowing:

§ 41750. Preferred essential air service

“(a) PROPOSALS.—A State or local government may
submit a proposal to the Secretary of Transportation for
compensation for a preferred air carrier described in sub-
section (b) to provide air transportation to an eligible
place.
“(b) Preferred Air Carrier Described.—A preferred air carrier described in this subsection is an air carrier that—

“(1) submits an application under section 41733(c) to provide air transportation to an eligible place;

“(2) is not the air carrier that submits the lowest cost bid to provide air transportation to the eligible place; and

“(3) is an air carrier that the affected community prefers to provide air transportation to the eligible place instead of the air carrier that submits the lowest cost bid.

“(c) Decisions.—Not later than 90 days after receiving a proposal under subsection (a) for compensation for a preferred air carrier described in subsection (b) to provide air transportation to an eligible place, the Secretary shall—

“(1) decide whether to provide compensation for the preferred air carrier to provide air transportation to the eligible place; and

“(2) approve the proposal if the State or local government or a person is willing and able to pay the difference between—
“(A) the rate of compensation the Secretary would provide to the air carrier that submits the lowest cost bid to provide air transportation to the eligible place; and

“(B) the rate of compensation the preferred air carrier estimates to be necessary to provide air transportation to the eligible place.

“(d) Compensation Payments.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall pay compensation under this section at such time and in such manner as the Secretary determines is appropriate.

“(2) Duration of payments.—The Secretary shall continue to pay compensation under this section only as long as—

“(A) the State or local government or person agreeing to pay compensation under subsection (c)(2) continues to pay such compensation; and

“(B) the Secretary decides the compensation is necessary to maintain air transportation to the eligible place.

“(e) Review.—
“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall periodi-
cally review the type and level of air service pro-
vided under this section.

“(2) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary may 
make appropriate adjustments in the type and level 
of air service to an eligible place under this section 
based on the review under paragraph (1) and con-
sultation with the affected community and the State 
or local government or person agreeing to pay com-
ensation under subsection (c)(2).

“(f) ENDING, SUSPENDING, AND REDUCING AIR 
TRANSPORTATION.—A preferred air carrier providing air 
transportation to an eligible place under this section may 
end, suspend, or reduce such air transportation if, not 
later than 30 days before ending, suspending, or reducing 
such air transportation, the preferred air carrier provides 
otice of the intent of the preferred air carrier to end, 
suspend, or reduce such air transportation to—

“(1) the Secretary;

“(2) the affected community; and

“(3) the State or local government or person 
agreeing to pay compensation under subsection 
(e)(2).”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
tents for chapter 417, as amended by subsection (a),
is further amended by adding after the item relating to section 41749 the following new item:

“41750. Preferred essential air service.”.

(c) Restoration of Eligibility to a Place Determined by the Secretary to Be Ineligible for Subsidized Essential Air Service.—Section 41733 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(f) Restoration of Eligibility for Subsidized Essential Air Service.—

“(1) In general.—If the Secretary of Transportation terminates the eligibility of an otherwise eligible place to receive basic essential air service by an air carrier for compensation under subsection (c), a State or local government may submit to the Secretary a proposal for restoring such eligibility.

“(2) Determination by Secretary.—If the per passenger subsidy required by the proposal submitted by a State or local government under paragraph (1) does not exceed the per passenger subsidy cap provided under this subchapter, the Secretary shall issue an order restoring the eligibility of the otherwise eligible place to receive basic essential air service by an air carrier for compensation under subsection (c).”.

(d) Office of Rural Aviation.—
(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Secretary of Transportation the Office of Rural Aviation.

(e) FUNCTIONS.—The functions of the Office are—

(1) to develop a uniform 4-year contract for air carriers providing essential air service to communities under subchapter II of chapter 417 of title 49, United States Code;

(2) to develop a mechanism for comparing applications submitted by air carriers under section 41733(c) to provide essential air service to communities, including comparing—

(A) estimates from air carriers on—

(i) the cost of providing essential air service; and

(ii) the revenues air carriers expect to receive when providing essential air service;

and

(B) estimated schedules for air transportation; and

(3) to select an air carrier from among air carriers applying to provide essential air service, based on the criteria described in paragraph (2).

(f) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO MAKE AGREEMENTS UNDER THE ESSENTIAL AIR SERVICE PRO-
GRAM.—Section 41743(e)(2) is amended by striking “2008” and inserting “2011”.

(g) Adjustments To Compensation for Significantly Increased Costs.—Section 41737 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(f) Fuel Cost Subsidy Disregard.—Any amount provided as an adjustment in compensation pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(D) shall be disregarded for the purpose of determining whether the amount of compensation provided under this subchapter with respect to an eligible place exceeds the per passenger subsidy exceeds the dollar amount allowable under this subchapter.”.

SUBTITLE C—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 431. Clarification of Air Carrier Fee Disputes.

(a) In General.—Section 47129 is amended—

(1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following:

“§ 47129. Resolution of airport-air carrier and foreign air carrier disputes concerning airport fees”;

(2) by inserting “AND FOREIGN AIR CARRIER” after “CARRIER” in the heading for subsection (d);

(3) by inserting “AND FOREIGN AIR CARRIER” after “CARRIER” in the heading for subsection (d)(2);
(4) by striking “air carrier” each place it appears and inserting “air carrier or foreign air carrier”; 

(5) by striking “air carrier’s” each place it appears and inserting “air carrier’s or foreign air carrier’s”; 

(6) by striking “air carriers” and inserting “air carriers or foreign air carriers”; and 

(7) by striking “(as defined in section 40102 of this title)” in subsection (a) and inserting “(as those terms are defined in section 40102 of this title)”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for chapter 471 is amended by striking the item relating to section 47129 and inserting the following:

“47129. Resolution of airport-air carrier and foreign air carrier disputes concerning airport fees.”.

SEC. 432. CONTRACT TOWER PROGRAM.

(a) COST-BENEFIT REQUIREMENT.—Section 47124(b)(1) is amended— 

(1) by inserting “(A)” after “(1)”; and 

(2) by adding at the end the following: 

“(B) If the Secretary determines that a tower already operating under this program has a benefit to cost ratio of less than 1.0, the airport sponsor or State or local government having jurisdiction over the airport shall not be required to pay the portion of the costs that exceeds the
benefit for a period of 18 months after such determination is made.

“(C) If the Secretary finds that all or part of an amount made available to carry out the program continued under this paragraph is not required during a fiscal year, the Secretary may use during such fiscal year the amount not so required to carry out the program established under paragraph (3) of this section.”.

(b) FUNDING.—Subparagraph (E) of section 47124(b)(3) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after “2006,”; and

(2) by inserting “$9,500,000 for fiscal year 2010, and $10,000,000 for fiscal year 2011” after “2007,”; and

(3) by inserting after “paragraph.” the following: “If the Secretary finds that all or part of an amount made available under this subparagraph is not required during a fiscal year to carry out this paragraph, the Secretary may use during such fiscal year the amount not so required to carry out the program continued under subsection (b)(1) of this section.”.

(e) FEDERAL SHARE.—Subparagraph (C) of section 47124(b)(4) is amended by striking “$1,500,000.” and inserting “$2,000,000.”.
(d) **SAFETY AUDITS.**—Section 41724 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) **SAFETY AUDITS.**—The Secretary shall establish uniform standards and requirements for safety assessments of air traffic control towers that receive funding under this section in accordance with the Administration’s safety management system.”.

**SEC. 433. AIRFARES FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.**

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The Congress finds that—

(1) the Armed Forces is comprised of approximately 1,450,000 members who are stationed on active duty at more than 6,000 military bases in 146 different countries;

(2) the United States is indebted to the members of the Armed Forces, many of whom are in grave danger due to their engagement in, or exposure to, combat;

(3) military service, especially in the current war against terrorism, often requires members of the Armed Forces to be separated from their families on short notice, for long periods of time, and under very stressful conditions;

(4) the unique demands of military service often preclude members of the Armed Forces from pur-
chasing discounted advance airline tickets in order to visit their loved ones at home; and

(5) it is the patriotic duty of the people of the United States to support the members of the Armed Forces who are defending the Nation’s interests around the world at great personal sacrifice.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that each United States air carrier should—

(1) establish for all members of the Armed Forces on active duty reduced air fares that are comparable to the lowest airfare for ticketed flights; and

(2) offer flexible terms that allow members of the Armed Forces on active duty to purchase, modify, or cancel tickets without time restrictions, fees (including baggage fees), ancillary costs, or penalties.

TITLE V—SAFETY

SUBTITLE A—AVIATION SAFETY

SEC. 501. RUNWAY SAFETY EQUIPMENT PLAN.

Not later than December 31, 2009, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall issue a plan to develop an installation and deployment schedule for systems the Administration is installing to alert controllers and flight crews to potential runway incursions. The plan
shall be integrated into the annual Federal Aviation Ad-
ministration NextGen Implementation Plan.

SEC. 502. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DENIAL OF AIRMAN CERT-
TIFICATES.

(a) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF NTSB DECISIONS.—Sec-
tion 44703(d) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:

“(3) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A person substantially af-
fected by an order of the Board under this subsection, or
the Administrator when the Administrator decides that an
order of the Board will have a significant adverse impact
on carrying out this part, may obtain judicial review of
the order under section 46110 of this title. The Adminis-
trator shall be made a party to the judicial review pro-
ceedings. The findings of fact of the Board in any such
case are conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1153(c) is
amended by striking “section 44709 or” and inserting
“section 44703(d), 44709, or”.

SEC. 503. RELEASE OF DATA RELATING TO ABANDONED
TYPE CERTIFICATES AND SUPPLEMENTAL
TYPE CERTIFICATES.

Section 44704(a) is amended by adding at the end
the following:

“(5) RELEASE OF DATA.—
“(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator may designate, without the consent of the owner of record, engineering data in the agency’s possession related to a type certificate or a supplemental type certificate for an aircraft, engine, propeller or appliance as public data, and therefore releasable, upon request, to a person seeking to maintain the airworthiness of such product, if the Administrator determines that—

“(i) the certificate containing the requested data has been inactive for 3 years;

“(ii) the owner of record, or the owner of record’s heir, of the type certificate or supplemental certificate has not been located despite a search of due diligence by the agency; and

“(iii) the designation of such data as public data will enhance aviation safety.

“(B) In this section, the term ‘engineering data’ means type design drawings and specifications for the entire product or change to the product, including the original design data, and any associated supplier data for individual parts or components approved as part of the particular aeronautical product certificate.”.
SEC. 504. DESIGN ORGANIZATION CERTIFICATES.

Section 44704(e) is amended—

(1) by striking “Beginning 7 years after the
date of enactment of this subsection,” in paragraph
(1) and inserting “Effective January 1, 2013,”;
(2) by striking “testing” in paragraph (2) and
inserting “production”; and
(3) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the
following:
“(3) ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE BASED ON DESIGN
ORGANIZATION CERTIFICATION.—The Administrator may
rely on the Design Organization for certification of compli-
ance under this section.”.

SEC. 505. FAA ACCESS TO CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS OR
DATABASE SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 401 is amended by add-
ing at the end thereof the following:

“§ 40130. FAA access to criminal history records or
databases systems
“(a) ACCESS TO RECORDS OR DATABASES SYS-
TEMS.—
“(1) Notwithstanding section 534 of title 28
and the implementing regulations for such section
(28 C.F.R. part 20), the Administrator of the Fed-
eral Aviation Administration is authorized to access
a system of documented criminal justice information

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maintained by the Department of Justice or by a State but may do so only for the purpose of carrying out its civil and administrative responsibilities to protect the safety and security of the National Air-space System or to support the missions of the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, and other law enforcement agencies. The Administrator shall be subject to the same conditions or procedures established by the Department of Justice or State for access to such an information system by other governmental agencies with access to the system.

“(2) The Administrator may not use the access authorized under paragraph (1) to conduct criminal investigations.

“(b) DESIGNATED EMPLOYEES.—The Administrator shall, by order, designate those employees of the Administration who shall carry out the authority described in subsection (a). Such designated employees may—

“(1) have access to and receive criminal history, driver, vehicle, and other law enforcement information contained in the law enforcement databases of the Department of Justice, or of any jurisdiction in a State in the same manner as a police officer employed by a State or local authority of that State.
who is certified or commissioned under the laws of that State;

“(2) use any radio, data link, or warning system of the Federal Government and of any jurisdiction in a State that provides information about wanted persons, be-on-the-lookout notices, or warrant status or other officer safety information to which a police officer employed by a State or local authority in that State who is certified or commissioned under the laws of that State has access and in the same manner as such police officer; or

“(3) receive Federal, State, or local government communications with a police officer employed by a State or local authority in that State in the same manner as a police officer employed by a State or local authority in that State who is commissioned under the laws of that State.

“(c) System of Documented Criminal Justice Information Defined.—In this section the term ‘system of documented criminal justice information’ means any law enforcement databases, systems, or communications containing information concerning identification, criminal history, arrests, convictions, arrest warrants, or wanted or missing persons, including the National Crime Information Center and its incorporated criminal history
databases and the National Law Enforcement Tele-
communications System.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
tents for chapter 401 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 40129 the following:

“40130. FAA access to criminal history records or databases systems.”.

SEC. 506. FLIGHT CREW FATIGUE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 3 months after the date of enactment of this Act the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall conclude arrangements with the National Academy of Sciences for a study of pilot fa-
tigue.

(b) STUDY.—The study shall include consideration of—

(1) research on fatigue, sleep, and circadian rhythms;

(2) sleep and rest requirements recommended by the National Transportation Safety Board; and

(3) international standards.

(c) REPORT.—Within 18 months after initiating the study, the National Academy shall submit a report to the Administrator containing its findings and recommendations, including recommendations with respect to Federal Aviation Regulations governing flight limitation and rest requirements.
(d) Rulemaking.—After the Administrator receives the National Academy’s report, the Federal Aviation Administration shall consider the findings of the National Academy in its rulemaking proceeding on flight time limitations and rest requirements.

(e) Implementation of Flight Attendant Fatigue Study Recommendations.—Within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a process to carry out the recommendations of the Civil Aerospace Medical Institute study on flight attendant fatigue.

SEC. 507. INCREASING SAFETY FOR HELICOPTER AND FIXED WING EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE OPERATORS AND PATIENTS.

(a) Compliance Regulations.—

(1) In general.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, helicopter and fixed wing aircraft certificate holders providing emergency medical services shall comply with part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, if there is a medical crew on board, without regard to whether there are patients on board.
(2) EXCEPTION.—If a certificate holder described in paragraph (1) is operating under instrument flight rules or is carrying out training therefor—

(A) the weather minimums and duty and rest time regulations under such part 135 of such title shall apply; and

(B) the weather reporting requirement at the destination shall not apply until such time as the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration determines that portable, reliable, and accurate ground-based weather measuring and reporting systems are available.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION OF FLIGHT RISK EVALUATION PROGRAM.—

(1) INITIATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a rulemaking—

(A) to create a standardized checklist of risk evaluation factors based on Notice 8000.301, which was issued by the Administration on August 1, 2005; and

(B) to require helicopter and fixed wing aircraft emergency medical service operators to
use the checklist created under subparagraph (A) to determine whether a mission should be accepted.

(2) COMPLETION.—The rulemaking initiated under paragraph (1) shall be completed not later than 18 months after it is initiated.

(c) COMPREHENSIVE CONSISTENT FLIGHT DISPATCH PROCEDURES.—

(1) INITIATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a rulemaking—

(A) to require that helicopter and fixed wing emergency medical service operators formalize and implement performance based flight dispatch and flight-following procedures; and

(B) to develop a method to assess and ensure that such operators comply with the requirements described in subparagraph (A).

(2) COMPLETION.—The rulemaking initiated under paragraph (1) shall be completed not later than 18 months after it is initiated.

(d) IMPROVING SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, any helicopter or fixed-wing aircraft used for emergency medical
service shall have on board a device that performs the function of a terrain awareness and warning system and a means of displaying that information that meets the requirements of the applicable Federal Aviation Administration Technical Standard Order or other guidance prescribed by the Administrator.

(e) Improving the Data Available on Air Medical Operations.—

(1) In general.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall require each certificate holder for helicopters and fixed-wing aircraft used for emergency medical service operations to report not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act and annually thereafter on—

   (A) the number of aircraft and helicopters used to provide air ambulance services, the registration number of each of these aircraft or helicopters, and the base location of each of these aircraft or helicopters;

   (B) the number of flights and hours flown by each such aircraft or helicopter used by the certificate holder to provide such services during the reporting period; and

   (C) the number of flights and the purpose of each flight for each aircraft or helicopter
used by the certificate holder to provide such services during the reporting period.

(2) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall report to Congress on the information received pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection no later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

(f) IMPROVING THE DATA AVAILABLE TO NTSB INVESTIGATORS AT CRASH SITES.—

(1) STUDY.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall issue a report that indicates the availability, survivability, size, weight, and cost of devices that perform the function of recording voice communications and flight data information on existing and new helicopters and existing and new fixed wing aircraft used for emergency medical service operations.

(2) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall issue regulations that require devices that perform the function of recording voice communications and
flight data information on board aircraft described
in paragraph (1).

SEC. 508. CABIN CREW COMMUNICATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 44728 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
section (g); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
lowing:

“(f) MINIMUM LANGUAGE SKILLS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—No certificate holder may
use any person to serve, nor may any person serve,
as a flight attendant under this part, unless that
person has demonstrated to an individual qualified
to determine proficiency the ability to read, speak,
and write English well enough to—

“(A) read material written in English and
comprehend the information;

“(B) speak and understand English suffi-
ciently to provide direction to, and understand
and answer questions from, English-speaking
individuals;

“(C) write incident reports and statements
and log entries and statements; and
“(D) carry out written and oral instructions regarding the proper performance of their duties.

“(2) FOREIGN FLIGHTS.—The requirements of paragraph (1) do not apply to service as a flight attendant serving solely between points outside the United States.”.

(b) ADMINISTRATION.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall work with certificate holders to which section 44728(f) of title 49, United States Code, applies to facilitate compliance with the requirements of section 44728(f)(1) of that title.

SEC. 509. CLARIFICATION OF MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING WITH OSHA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall—

(1) establish milestones, in consultation with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, through a report to Congress for the completion of work begun under the August 2000 memorandum of understanding between the 2 Administrations and to address issues needing further action in the Administrations’ joint report in December 2000; and
(2) initiate development of a policy statement to set forth the circumstances in which Occupational Safety and Health Administration requirements may be applied to crewmembers while working in the aircraft.

(b) POLICY STATEMENT.—The policy statement to be developed under subsection (a)(2) shall be completed within 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act and shall satisfy the following principles:

(1) The establishment of a coordinating body similar to the Aviation Safety and Health Joint Team established by the August 2000 memorandum of understanding that includes representatives designated by both Administrations—

(A) to examine the applicability of current and future Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations;

(B) to recommend policies for facilitating the training of Federal Aviation Administration inspectors; and

(C) to make recommendations that will govern the inspection and enforcement of safety and health standards on board aircraft in operation and all work-related environments.
(2) Any standards adopted by the Federal Aviation Administration shall set forth clearly—

(A) the circumstances under which an employer is required to take action to address occupational safety and health hazards;

(B) the measures required of an employer under the standard; and

(C) the compliance obligations of an employer under the standard.

SEC. 510. ACCELERATION OF DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF REQUIRED NAVIGATION PERFORMANCE APPROACH PROCEDURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) ANNUAL MINIMUM REQUIRED NAVIGATION PERFORMANCE PROCEDURES.—The Administrator shall set a target of achieving a minimum of 200 Required Navigation Performance procedures each fiscal year through fiscal year 2012, with 25 percent of that target number meeting the low visibility approach criteria consistent with the NextGen Implementation Plan.

(2) USE OF THIRD PARTIES.—The Administrator is authorized to provide third parties the ability to design, flight check, and implement Required Navigation Performance approach procedures.
(b) DOT Inspector General Review of Operational and Approach Procedures by a Third Party.—

(1) Review.—The Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall conduct a review regarding the effectiveness of the oversight activities conducted by the Administration in connection with any agreement with or delegation of authority to a third party for the development of flight procedures, including public use procedures, for the National Airspace System.

(2) Assessments.—The Inspector General shall include, at a minimum, in the review—

(A) an assessment of the extent to which the Administration is relying or intends to rely on a third party for the development of new procedures and a determination of whether the Administration has established sufficient mechanisms and staffing to provide safety oversight functions, which may include quality assurance processes, flight checks, integration of procedures into the National Aviation System, and operational assessments of procedures developed by third parties; and
(B) an assessment regarding whether the Administration has sufficient existing personnel and technical resources or mechanisms to develop such flight procedures in a safe and efficient manner to meet the demands of the National Airspace System without the use of third party resources.

(c) REPORT.—No later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General shall submit to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure a report on the results of the review conducted under this section.

SEC. 511. IMPROVED SAFETY INFORMATION.

Not later than December 31, 2009, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall issue a final rule in docket No. FAA–2008–0188, Re-registration and Renewal of Aircraft Registration. The final rule shall include—

(1) provision for the expiration of a certificate for an aircraft registered as of the date of enactment of this Act, with re-registration requirements for those aircraft that remain eligible for registration;
(2) provision for the periodic expiration of all certificates issued after the effective date of the rule with a registration renewal process; and

(3) other measures to promote the accuracy and efficient operation and value of the Administration’s aircraft registry.

SEC. 512. VOLUNTARY DISCLOSURE REPORTING PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall—

(1) take such action as may be necessary to ensure that the Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Process requires inspectors—

(A) to evaluate corrective action proposed by an air carrier with respect to a matter disclosed by that air carrier is sufficiently comprehensive in scope and application and applies to all affected aircraft operated by that air carrier before accepting the proposed voluntary disclosure;

(B) to verify that corrective action so identified by an air carrier is completed within the timeframe proposed; and
(C) to verify by inspection that the carrier’s corrective action adequately corrects the problem that was disclosed; and

(2) establish a second level supervisory review of disclosures under the Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Process before any proposed disclosure is accepted and closed that will ensure that a matter disclosed by an air carrier—

(A) has not been previously identified by a Federal Aviation Administration inspector; and

(B) has not been previously disclosed by the carrier in the preceding 5 years.

(b) GAO STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of the Voluntary Disclosure Reporting Program.

(2) REVIEW.—In conducting the study, the Comptroller General shall examine, at a minimum, whether—

(A) there is evidence that voluntary disclosure is resulting in regulated entities discovering and correcting violations to a greater extent than would otherwise occur if there was no program for immunity from enforcement action;
(B) the voluntary disclosure program makes the Federal Aviation Administration aware of violations that it would not have discovered if there was not a program, and if a violation is disclosed voluntarily, whether the Administration insists on stronger corrective actions than would have occurred if the regulated entity knew of a violation, but the Administration did not;

(C) the information the Administration gets under the program leads to fewer violations by other entities, either because the information leads other entities to look for similar violations or because the information leads Administration investigators to look for similar violations at other entities; and

(D) there is any evidence that voluntary disclosure has improved compliance with regulations, either for the entities making disclosures or for the industry generally.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transpor-
station and Infrastructure on the results of the study conducted under this subsection.

SEC. 513. PROCEDURAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR INSPECTIONS.

(a) In General.—Section 44711 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) Post-employment restrictions for flight standards inspectors.—

“(1) Prohibition.—A person holding an operating certificate issued under title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, may not knowingly employ, or make a contractual arrangement which permits, an individual to act as an agent or representative of the certificate holder in any matter before the Federal Aviation Administration if the individual, in the preceding 3-year period—

“(A) served as, or was responsible for oversight of, a flight standards inspector of the Administration; and

“(B) had responsibility to inspect, or oversee inspection of, the operations of the certificate holder.

“(2) Written and oral communications.—

For purposes of paragraph (1), an individual shall be considered to be acting as an agent or representa-
tive of a certificate holder in a matter before the Federal Aviation Administration if the individual makes any written or oral communication on behalf of the certificate holder to the Administration (or any of its officers or employees) in connection with a particular matter, whether or not involving a specific party and without regard to whether the individual has participated in, or had responsibility for, the particular matter while serving as a flight standards inspector of the Administration.”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not apply to an individual employed by a certificate holder as of the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 514. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF SAFETY ISSUES.

Within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall initiate a review and investigation of air safety issues identified by Federal Aviation Administration employees and reported to the Administrator. The Comptroller General shall report the Government Accountability Office’s findings and recommendations to the Administrator, the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure on an annual basis.
SEC. 515. NATIONAL REVIEW TEAM.

(a) In General.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a national review team within the Administration to conduct periodic, random reviews of the Administration’s oversight of air carriers and report annually its findings and recommendations to the Administrator, the Senate Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee, and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

(b) Inspector General Reports.—The Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall provide progress reports to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure on the review teams and their effectiveness.

(c) Additional Safety Inspectors.—From amounts appropriated pursuant to section 106(k)(1) of title 49, United States Code, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration may hire a net increase of 200 additional safety inspectors.

SEC. 516. FAA ACADEMY IMPROVEMENTS.

(a) Review.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a national review team within the Administration to conduct periodic, random reviews of the Administration’s oversight of air carriers and report annually its findings and recommendations to the Administrator, the Senate Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee, and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.
tion Administration shall conduct a comprehensive review
and evaluation of its Academy and facility training efforts.

(b) FACILITY TRAINING PROGRAM.—The Adminis-
trator shall—

(1) clarify responsibility for oversight and direc-
tion of the Academy’s facility training program at
the national level;

(2) communicate information concerning that
responsibility to facility managers; and

(3) establish standards to identify the number
of developmental controllers that can be accommo-
dated at each facility, based on—

(A) the number of available on-the-job-
training instructors;

(B) available classroom space;

(C) the number of available simulators;

(D) training requirements; and

(E) the number of recently placed new per-
sonnel already in training.

SEC. 517. REDUCTION OF RUNWAY INCURSIONS AND OPER-
ATIONAL ERRORS.

(a) PLAN.—The Administrator of the Federal Avia-
tion Administration shall develop a plan for the reduction
of runway incursions by reviewing every commercial serv-
ice airport (as defined in section 47102 of title 49, United
States Code) in the United States and initiating action
to improve airport lighting, provide better signage, and
improve runway and taxiway markings.

(b) PROCESS.—Within 1 year after the date of enact-
ment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall develop a process for tracking
and investigating operational errors and runway incur-
sions that includes—

(1) identifying the office responsible for estab-
lishing regulations regarding operational errors and
runway incursions;

(2) identifying who is responsible for tracking
and investigating operational errors and runway in-
cursions and taking remedial actions;

(3) identifying who is responsible for tracking
operational errors and runway incursions, including
a process for lower level employees to report to high-
er supervisory levels; and

(4) periodic random audits of the oversight
process.

SEC. 518. AVIATION SAFETY WHISTLEBLOWER INVESTIGA-
TION OFFICE.

Section 106 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:
“(s) Aviation Safety Whistleblower Investigation Office.—

“(1) Establishment.—There is established in the Administration an Aviation Safety Whistleblower Investigation Office.

“(2) Director.—

“(A) Appointment.—The head of the Office shall be the Director, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Transportation.

“(B) Qualifications.—The Director shall have a demonstrated ability in investigations and knowledge of or experience in aviation.

“(C) Term.—The Director shall be appointed for a term of 5 years.

“(D) Vacancy.—Any individual appointed to fill a vacancy in the position of the Director occurring before the expiration of the term for which the individual’s predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of that term.

“(3) Complaints and Investigations.—

“(A) Authority of Director.—The Director shall—
“(i) receive complaints and information submitted by employees of persons holding certificates issued under title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and employees of the Administration concerning the possible existence of an activity relating to a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Administration or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety;

“(ii) assess complaints and information submitted under clause (i) and determine whether a substantial likelihood exists that a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Administration or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety may have occurred; and

“(iii) based on findings of the assessment conducted under clause (ii), make recommendations to the Administrator in writing for further investigation or corrective actions.

“(B) DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITIES.—The Director shall not disclose the identity of an in-
individual who submits a complaint or information under subparagraph (A)(i) unless—

“(i) the individual consents to the disclosure in writing; or

“(ii) the Director determines, in the course of an investigation, that the disclosure is unavoidable.

“(C) INDEPENDENCE OF DIRECTOR.—The Secretary, the Administrator, or any officer or employee of the Administration may not prevent or prohibit the Director from initiating, carrying out, or completing any assessment of a complaint or information submitted subparagraph (A)(i) or from reporting to Congress on any such assessment.

“(D) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—In conducting an assessment of a complaint or information submitted under subparagraph (A)(i), the Director shall have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, and other material necessary to determine whether a substantial likelihood exists that a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Administration or any other
provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety may have occurred.

“(4) Responses to recommendations.—The Administrator shall respond to a recommendation made by the Director under subparagraph (A)(iii) in writing and retain records related to any further investigations or corrective actions taken in response to the recommendation.

“(5) Incident reports.—If the Director determines there is a substantial likelihood that a violation of an order, regulation, or standard of the Administration or any other provision of Federal law relating to aviation safety may have occurred that requires immediate corrective action, the Director shall report the potential violation expeditiously to the Administrator and the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation.

“(6) Reporting of criminal violations to Inspector General.—If the Director has reasonable grounds to believe that there has been a violation of Federal criminal law, the Director shall report the violation expeditiously to the Inspector General.
“(7) ANNUAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than October 1 of each year, the Director shall submit to Congress a report containing—

“(A) information on the number of submissions of complaints and information received by the Director under paragraph (3)(A)(i) in the preceding 12-month period;

“(B) summaries of those submissions;

“(C) summaries of further investigations and corrective actions recommended in response to the submissions; and

“(D) summaries of the responses of the Administrator to such recommendations.”.

SEC. 519. MODIFICATION OF CUSTOMER SERVICE INITIATIVE.

(a) Modification of Initiative.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall modify the customer service initiative, mission and vision statements, and other statements of policy of the Administration—

(1) to remove any reference to air carriers or other entities regulated by the Administration as “customers”;
(2) to clarify that in regulating safety the only customers of the Administration are members of the traveling public; and

(3) to clarify that air carriers and other entities regulated by the Administration do not have the right to select the employees of the Administration who will inspect their operations.

(b) SAFETY PRIORITY.—In carrying out the Administrator’s responsibilities, the Administrator shall ensure that safety is given a higher priority than preventing the dissatisfaction of an air carrier or other entity regulated by the Administration with an employee of the Administration.

SEC. 520. HEADQUARTERS REVIEW OF AIR TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT SYSTEM DATABASE.

(a) Reviews.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a process by which the air transportation oversight system database of the Administration is reviewed by a team of employees of the Agency on a monthly basis to ensure that—

(1) any trends in regulatory compliance are identified; and

(2) appropriate corrective actions are taken in accordance with Agency regulations, advisory directives, policies, and procedures.
(b) Monthly Team Reports.—

(1) In general.—The team of employees conducting a monthly review of the air transportation oversight system database under subsection (a) shall submit to the Administrator, the Associate Administrator for Aviation Safety, and the Director of Flight Standards a report on the results of the review.

(2) Contents.—A report submitted under paragraph (1) shall identify—

(A) any trends in regulatory compliance discovered by the team of employees in conducting the monthly review; and

(B) any corrective actions taken or proposed to be taken in response to the trends.

(e) Quarterly Reports to Congress.—The Administrator, on a quarterly basis, shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure on the results of reviews of the air transportation oversight system database conducted under this section, including copies of reports received under subsection (b).
SEC. 521. INSPECTION OF FOREIGN REPAIR STATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 447 is amended by adding at the end the following:

§ 44730. Inspection of foreign repair stations

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish and implement a safety assessment system for all part 145 repair stations based on the type, scope, and complexity of work being performed. The system shall—

“(1) ensure that repair stations outside the United States are subject to appropriate inspections based on identified risk and consistent with existing United States requirements;

“(2) consider inspection results and findings submitted by foreign civil aviation authorities operating under a maintenance safety or maintenance implementation agreement with the United States in meeting the requirements of the safety assessment system; and

“(3) require all maintenance safety or maintenance implementation agreements to provide an opportunity for the Federal Aviation Administration to conduct independent inspections of covered part 145
repair stations when safety concerns warrant such inspections.

“(b) NOTICE TO CONGRESS OF NEGOTIATIONS.—The Administrator shall notify the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure within 30 days after initiating formal negotiations with foreign aviation authorities or other appropriate foreign government agencies on a new maintenance safety or maintenance implementation agreement.

“(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Administrator shall publish an annual report on the Federal Aviation Administration’s oversight of part 145 repair stations and implementation of the safety assessment system required by subsection (a). The report shall—

“(1) describe in detail any improvements in the Federal Aviation Administration’s ability to identify and track where part 121 air carrier repair work is performed;

“(2) include a staffing model to determine the best placement of inspectors and the number of inspectors needed;

“(3) describe the training provided to inspectors; and
“(4) include an assessment of the quality of monitoring and surveillance by the Federal Aviation Administration of work provided by its inspectors and the inspectors of foreign authorities operating under a maintenance safety or implementation agreement.

“(d) ALCOHOL AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TESTING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries of State and Transportation jointly shall request the governments of foreign countries that are members of the International Civil Aviation Organization to establish international standards for alcohol and controlled substances testing of persons that perform safety sensitive maintenance functions upon commercial air carrier aircraft.

“(2) APPLICATION TO PART 121 AIRCRAFT WORK.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act the Administrator shall promulgate a proposed rule requiring that all part 145 repair station employees responsible for safety-sensitive functions on part 121 air carrier aircraft are subject to an alcohol and controlled substance testing program determined acceptable by the Ad-
ministrator and consistent with the applicable laws of the country in which the repair station is located.

“(e) Biannual Inspections.—The Administrator shall require part 145 repair stations to be inspected twice each year by Federal Aviation Administration safety inspectors, regardless of where the station is located, in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements.

“(f) Definitions.—In this section:

“(1) Part 121 Air Carrier.—The term ‘part 121 air carrier’ means an air carrier that holds a certificate issued under part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.

“(2) Part 145 Repair Station.—The term ‘part 145 repair station’ means a repair station that holds a certificate issued under part 145 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for chapter 447 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“44730. Inspection of foreign repair stations.”.


(a) Regulations.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall issue regulations requiring that all covered maintenance work on aircraft used...
to provide air transportation under part 121 of title 14,
Code of Federal Regulations, be performed by individuals
in accordance with subsection (b).

(b) Persons Authorized To Perform Certain
Work.—No individual may perform covered maintenance
work on aircraft used to provide air transportation under
part 121 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations unless
that individual is employed by—

(1) a part 121 air carrier;

(2) a part 145 repair station;

(3) a person that provides contract maintenance
workers or services to a part 145 repair station or
part 121 air carrier, and the individual—

(A) meets the requirements of the part
121 air carrier or the part 145 repair station;
or

(B)(i) performs the work under the direct
supervision and control of the part 121 air car-
rier or the part 145 repair station directly in
charge of the maintenance services; and

(ii) carries out the work in accordance with
the part 121 air carrier’s maintenance manual;
or

(4) by the holder of a type certificate, produc-
tion certificate, or other production approval issued
under part 21 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and the holder of such certificate or approval—

(A) originally produced, and continues to produce, the article upon which the work is to be performed; and

(B) is acting in conjunction with a part 121 air carrier or a part 145 repair station.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COVERED MAINTENANCE WORK.—The term “covered maintenance work” means maintenance work that is essential maintenance, regularly scheduled maintenance, or a required inspection item, as determined by the Administrator.

(2) PART 121 AIR CARRIER.—The term “part 121 air carrier” has the meaning given that term in section 44730(f)(1) of title 49, United States Code.

(3) PART 145 REPAIR STATION.—The term “part 145 repair station” has the meaning given that term in section 44730(f)(2) of title 49, United States Code.

SUBTITLE B—FLIGHT SAFETY

SEC. 551. PILOT APPLICANT EMPLOYMENT RECORDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 44703(h) is amended to read as follows:
“(h) RECORDS OF EMPLOYMENT, TRAINING, AND
TESTING.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the
Federal Aviation Administration shall establish and
maintain a pilot employment, training, and testing
database and shall publish notice in the Federal
Register when the database is operational. The data-
base shall include the following information:

“(A) FAA RECORDS.—From the Federal
Aviation Administration, records pertaining to
the individual that are maintained by the Ad-
ministration concerning—

“(i) current airman certificates (in-
cluding airman medical certificates) and
associated type ratings, including any limi-
tations to those certificates and ratings;

“(ii) any failed attempt of the indi-
vidual to pass a practical test required to
obtain a certificate or type rating under
part 61 of title 14, Code of Federal Regu-
lations; and

“(iii) summaries of legal enforcement
actions resulting in a finding by the Ad-
ministrator of a violation of this title or a
regulation prescribed or order issued under
this title that was not subsequently over-
turned.

“(B) Air carrier and other
records.—From any air carrier or other per-
son (except a branch of the United States
Armed Forces, the National Guard, or a reserve
component of the United States Armed Forces)
that has employed the individual as a pilot of
a civil or public aircraft, or from the trustee in
bankruptcy for such air carrier or person—

“(i) records pertaining to the indi-
vidual that are maintained by an air car-
rier (other than records relating to flight
time, duty time, or rest time) under regu-
lations set forth in—

“(I) section 121.683 of title 14,
Code of Federal Regulations;

“(II) paragraph (A) of section
VI, appendix I, part 121 of such title;

“(III) paragraph (A) of section
IV, appendix J, part 121 of such title;

“(IV) section 125.401 of such
title; and

“(V) section 135.63(a)(4) of such
title; and
“(ii) other records pertaining to the individual’s performance as a pilot that are maintained by the air carrier or person concerning—

“(I) the training, qualifications, proficiency, or professional competence of the individual, including comments and evaluations made by a check airman designated in accordance with section 121.411, 125.295, or 135.337 of such title;

“(II) any disciplinary action taken with respect to the individual that was not subsequently overturned; and

“(III) any release from employment or resignation, termination, or disqualification with respect to employment.

“(C) NATIONAL DRIVER REGISTER RECORDS.—In accordance with section 30305(b)(8), from the chief driver licensing official of a State, information concerning the motor vehicle driving record of the individual.
“(2) Records of current employees.—

Each air carrier shall submit to the Administrator, for inclusion in the database established under paragraph (1)—

“(A) not later than 180 days after the date on which notice of the establishment of the database is published, the records described in paragraph (1)(B) concerning any pilot employed by the air carrier; and

“(B) after such date, not later than 30 days after the generation of any new records described in paragraph (1)(B), such new records.

“(3) Right of pilot to review.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law or agreement, the Administrator, upon written request from a pilot, shall make available to the pilot for review and correction, within a reasonable time, but not later than 30 days after the date of the request, a copy of all records referred to in paragraph (1) pertaining to the pilot.

“(4) Right to receive notice and copy of any record furnished.—A person who receives a request for records described in paragraph (1) shall
provide to the individual who is the subject of the records—

“(A) on or before the 20th day following the date of receipt of the request, written notice of the request and of the individual’s right to receive a copy of such records; and

“(B) in accordance with paragraph (3), a copy of such records, if requested by the individual.

“(5) RIGHT TO CORRECT INACCURACIES.—An air carrier that maintains or requests and receives the records of an individual under paragraph (1) shall provide the individual with a reasonable opportunity to submit written comments to correct any inaccuracies contained in the records before making a final hiring decision with respect to the individual. After the database established under paragraph (1) is operational, the air carrier shall submit any corrections made or accepted by the air carrier to the Administration for inclusion in the database within 30 days after the corrections are made or accepted by the air carrier.

“(6) PRIVACY PROTECTIONS.—An air carrier that maintains, or requests and receives, the records described in paragraph (1) of an individual may use
such records only to assess the qualifications of the individual in deciding whether or not to hire the individual as a pilot. The air carrier shall take such actions as may be necessary to protect the privacy of the pilot and the confidentiality of the records, including ensuring that information contained in the records is not divulged to any individual that is not directly involved in the hiring decision.

“(7) PERIODIC REVIEW.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, and at least once every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a statement that contains, taking into account recent developments in the aviation industry—

“(A) recommendations by the Administrator concerning proposed changes to Administration records, air carrier records, and other records required to be furnished under paragraph (1); or

“(B) reasons why the Administrator does not recommend any proposed changes to the records referred to in paragraph (1).

“(8) RULEMAKING.—The Administrator shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary—
“(A) to protect—

“(i) the personal privacy of any individual whose records are included in the database established under paragraph (1); and

“(ii) the confidentiality of those records;

“(B) to preclude the further dissemination of records received under paragraph (1) by the person who requested those records; and

“(C) to ensure prompt compliance with any request made under this subsection.

“(9) SPECIAL RULES WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN PILOTS.—

“(A) PILOTS OF CERTAIN SMALL AIRCRAFT.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an air carrier, before receiving information requested about an individual under this subsection, may allow the individual to begin service for a period not to exceed 90 days as a pilot of an aircraft with a maximum payload capacity (as defined in section 119.3 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations) of 7,500 pounds or less, or a helicopter, on a flight that is not a scheduled operation (as defined in such section). Before the
end of the 90-day period, the air carrier shall obtain and evaluate such information. The contract between the carrier and the individual shall contain a term that provides that the continuation of the individual’s employment, after the last day of the 90-day period, depends on a satisfactory evaluation.

“(B) Good Faith Exception.—Until the database required by paragraph (1) is established, an air carrier, without obtaining information about an individual under paragraph (1) from an air carrier or other person that no longer exists or from a foreign government or entity that employed the individual, may allow the individual to begin service as a pilot if the air carrier required to request the information has made a documented good faith attempt to obtain such information.

“(10) Review of Prospective Pilots’ Records.—Except as provided in paragraph (9), before allowing an individual to begin service as a pilot an air carrier shall request a copy of the records described in paragraph (1) pertaining to the pilot for the preceding 10 years and review the records.
“(11) Electronic Access to FAA records.—For the purpose of increasing timely and efficient access to Federal Aviation Administration records described in paragraph (1), the Administrator may allow, under terms established by the Administrator, an individual designated by the air carrier to have electronic access to a specified database containing information about such records. The terms shall limit such access to instances in which information in the database is required by the designated individual in making a hiring decision concerning a pilot applicant and shall require that the designated individual provide assurances satisfactory to the Administrator that information obtained using such access will not be used for any purpose other than making the hiring decision.”.

(b) Limitation on Liability.—Section 44703(i)(1) is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “and who has signed a release from liability”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking “complied with such request” and inserting “furnished records to the Administrator in accordance with subsection (h)(1)”.

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(c) TRANSITION RULE.—Until the date on which the Administrator publishes notice in the Federal Register that the database required by section 44703(h)(1) of title 49, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)) is operational, the provisions of section 44703(h) of such title, as that section was in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act, shall remain in effect, except that such provisions shall be applied—

(1) by substituting “10-year period” for “5-year period” in paragraph (1)(B); and

(2) without regard to paragraph (3).

SEC. 552. AIR CARRIER SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall initiate and complete a rulemaking to require part 121 air carriers—

(1) to implement, as part of their safety management systems—

(A) an Aviation Safety Action Program;

(B) a Flight Operations Quality Assurance Program;

(C) a Line Operational Safety Audit Program; and

(D) a Flight Crew Fatigue Risk Management Program;
(2) to implement appropriate privacy protection safeguards with respect to data included in such programs; and

(3) to provide appropriate collaboration and operational oversight of regional/commuter air carriers by affiliated major air carriers that include—

(A) periodic safety audits of flight operations;

(B) training, maintenance, and inspection programs; and

(C) provisions for the exchange of safety information.

(b) CVR DATA.—The Administrator, acting in collaboration with aviation industry interested parties, shall consider the merits and feasibility of incorporating cockpit voice recorder data in safety oversight practices.

(c) ENFORCEMENT CONSISTENCY.—Within 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall—

(1) develop and implement a plan that will ensure that the FAA’s safety enforcement plan is consistently enforced; and

(2) ensure that the FAA’s safety oversight program is reviewed periodically and updated as necessary.
SEC. 553. IMPLEMENTATION OF NTSB RECOMMENDATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) Notification.—Within 30 days after the end of each calendar year, the Administrator shall submit a notification to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure indicating whether the Administrator has determined to implement the safety recommendations made to the FAA by the National Transportation Safety Board during the preceding year.

(2) Implementation Plans.—If the Administrator has determined to implement such a recommendation, the notification shall describe the action the Administrator plans to take to implement the recommendation.

(3) Explanation of Non-Implementation.—If the Administrator has determined not to implement such a recommendation, the notification shall describe the reason for the determination.

(b) Pending Recommendations.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit a notification to those Committees with respect to each safety recommendation made to the FAA by the National Transportation Safety Board that was
made before the date of enactment of this Act that was
not implemented before that date containing the imple-
mentation plans, or an explanation of non-implementation,
for each such recommendation.

SEC. 554. IMPROVED FLIGHT OPERATIONAL QUALITY AS-
SURANCE, AVIATION SAFETY ACTION, AND
LINE OPERATIONAL SAFETY AUDIT PRO-
GRAMS.

(a) LIMITATION ON DISCLOSURE AND USE OF IN-
FORMATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by this
section, a party in a judicial proceeding may not use
discovery to obtain—

(A) an Aviation Safety Action Program re-
port;

(B) Flight Operational Quality Assurance
Program data; or

(C) a Line Operations Safety Audit Pro-
gram report.

(2) FOIA NOT APPLICABLE.—Section 522 of
title 5, United States Code, shall not apply to re-
ports or data described in paragraph (1).

(3) EXCEPTIONS.—Nothing in paragraph (1) or
(2) prohibits the FAA from disclosing information
contained in reports or data described in paragraph
(1) if withholding the information would not be consistent with the FAA’s safety responsibilities, including—

(A) a summary of information, with identifying information redacted, to explain the need for changes in policies or regulations;

(B) information provided to correct a condition that compromises safety, if that condition continues uncorrected; or

(C) information provided to carry out a criminal investigation or prosecution.

(b) Permissible Discovery for Such Reports and Data.—Except as provided in subsection (e), a court may allow discovery by a party of an Aviation Safety Action Program report, Flight Operational Quality Assurance Program data, or a Line Operations Safety Audit Program report if, after an in camera review of the information, the court determines that a party to a claim or defense in the proceeding shows a particularized need for the report or data that outweighs the need for confidentiality of the report or data, considering the confidential nature of the report or data, and upon a showing that the report or data is both relevant to the preparation of a claim or defense and not otherwise known or available.
(c) **PROTECTIVE ORDER.**—When a court allows discovery, in a judicial proceeding, of an Aviation Safety Action Program report, Flight Operational Quality Assurance Program data, or a Line Operations Safety Audit Program report, the court shall issue a protective order—

1. to limit the use of the information contained in the report or data to the judicial proceeding;
2. to prohibit dissemination of the report or data to any person that does not need access to the report for the proceeding; and
3. to limit the use of the report or data in the proceeding to the uses permitted for privileged self-analysis information as defined under the Federal Rules of Evidence.

(d) **SEALED INFORMATION.**—A court may allow an Aviation Safety Action Program report, Flight Operational Quality Assurance Program data, or a Line Operations Safety Audit Program report to be admitted into evidence in a judicial proceeding only if the court places the report or data under seal to prevent the use of the report or data for purposes other than for the proceeding.

(e) **SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS.**—This section does not prevent the National Transportation Safety Board from referring at any time to information contained in an Aviation Safety Action Program report, Flight Oper-

(f) WAIVER.—Any waiver of the privilege for self-analysis information by a protected party, unless occasioned by the party's own use of the information in presenting a claim or defense, must be in writing.

SEC. 555. RE-EVALUATION OF FLIGHT CREW TRAINING, TESTING, AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.

(a) TRAINING AND TESTING.—The Administrator shall develop and implement a plan for reevaluation of flight crew training regulations in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, including regulations for—

(1) classroom instruction requirements governing curriculum content and hours of instruction;

(2) crew leadership training; and

(3) initial and recurrent testing requirements for pilots, including the rigor and consistency of testing programs such as check rides.

(b) BEST PRACTICES.—The plan shall incorporate best practices in the aviation industry with respect to training protocols, methods, and procedures.
(c) Certification.—The Administrator shall initiate a rulemaking to re-evaluate FAA regulations governing the minimum requirements—

(1) to become a commercial pilot;

(2) to receive an Air Transport Pilot Certificate to become a captain; and

(3) to transition to a new type of aircraft.

SEC. 556. SAFETY INSPECTIONS OF REGIONAL AIR CARRIERS.

The Administrator shall, not less frequently than once each year, perform random, unannounced, on-site inspections of air carriers that provide air transportation pursuant to a contract with a part 121 air carrier to ensure that such air carriers are complying with all applicable safety standards of the Administration.

SEC. 557. ESTABLISHMENT OF SAFETY STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO THE TRAINING, HIRING, AND OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT BY PILOTS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall issue a final rule with respect to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking published in the Federal Register on January 12, 2009 (74 Fed. Reg. 1280), relating to training programs for flight crew members and aircraft dispatchers.
SEC. 558. OVERSIGHT OF PILOT TRAINING SCHOOLS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a plan for overseeing pilot schools certified under part 141 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, that includes—

(1) ensuring that the curriculum and course outline requirements for such schools under subpart C of such part are being met; and

(2) conducting on-site inspections of each such school not less frequently than once every 2 years.

SEC. 559. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) AVIATION SAFETY ACTION PROGRAM.—The term “Aviation Safety Action Program” means the program described under Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular No. 120–66B that permits employees of participating air carriers and repair station certificate holders to identify and report safety issues to management and to the Administration for resolution.

(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator.

(3) AIR CARRIER.—The term “air carrier” has the meaning given that term by section 40102(2) of title 49, United States Code.
(4) FAA.—The term “FAA” means the Federal Aviation Administration.

(5) FLIGHT OPERATIONAL QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM.—The term “Flight Operational Quality Assurance Program” means the voluntary safety program authorized under section 13.401 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, that permits commercial air carriers and pilots to share confidential aggregate information with the Administration to permit the Administration to target resources to address operational risk issues.

(6) LINE OPERATIONS SAFETY AUDIT PROGRAM.—The term “Line Operations Safety Audit Program” has the meaning given that term by Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular Number 120–90.

(7) PART 121 AIR CARRIER.—The term “part 121 air carrier” has the meaning given that term by section 41719(d)(1) of title 49, United States Code.

TITLE VI—AVIATION RESEARCH

SEC. 601. AIRPORT COOPERATIVE RESEARCH PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 44511(f) is amended—

(1) by striking “establish a 4-year pilot” in paragraph (1) and inserting “maintain an”; and
(2) by inserting “pilot” in paragraph (4) before
“program” the first time it appears; and

(3) by striking “program, including rec-
ommendations as to the need for establishing a per-
manent airport cooperative research program.” in
paragraph (4) and inserting “program.”.

(b) AIRPORT COOPERATIVE RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
Not more than $15,000,000 per year for fiscal years 2010
and 2011 may be appropriated to the Secretary of Trans-
portation from the amounts made available each year
under subsection (a) for the Airport Cooperative Research
Program under section 44511 of this title, of which not
less than $5,000,000 per year shall be for research activi-
ties related to the airport environment, including reduction
of community exposure to civil aircraft noise, reduction of
civil aviation emissions, or addressing water quality issues.

SEC. 602. REDUCTION OF NOISE, EMISSIONS, AND ENERGY
CONSUMPTION FROM CIVILIAN AIRCRAFT.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
From amounts made available under section 48102(a) of
title 49, United States Code, the Administrator of the
Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a research
program related to reducing civilian aircraft source noise
and emissions through grants or other measures author-
ized under section 106(l)(6) of such title, including reim-
bursable agreements with other Federal agencies. The pro-
gram shall include participation of educational and re-
search institutions or private sector entities that have ex-
isting facilities and experience for developing and testing
noise, emissions and energy reduction engine and aircraft
technology, and developing alternative fuels.

(b) Establishing a Consortium.—Within 6
months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Ad-
ministrator shall designate, using a competitive process,
an institution, entity, or consortium described in sub-
section (a) as a Consortium for Aviation Noise, Emissions,
and Energy Technology Research to perform research in
accordance with this section. The Consortium shall con-
duct the research program in coordination with the Na-
tional Aeronautics and Space Administration and other
relevant agencies.

(c) Performance Objectives.—By September 30,
2016, the research program shall accomplish the following
objectives:

(1) Certifiable aircraft technology that reduces
fuel burn by 33 percent compared to current tech-
nology, reducing energy consumption and green-
house gas (CO₂) emissions.

(2) Certifiable engine technology that reduces
landing and takeoff cycle (LTO) nitrogen oxide
emissions by 60 percent, at a pressure ratio of 30, over the International Civil Aviation Organization standard adopted at the 6th Meeting of the Committee on Aviation Environmental Protection (CAEP), with commensurate reductions over the full pressure ratio range, while limiting or reducing other gaseous or particle emissions.

(3) Certifiable aircraft technology that reduces noise levels by 32 EPNdB cumulative, relative to Stage 4 standards.

(4) Determination of the feasibility of use of alternative fuels in aircraft systems, including successful demonstration and quantification of benefits.

(5) Determination of the extent to which new engine and aircraft technologies may be used to retrofit or re-engine aircraft so as to increase the level of penetration into the commercial fleet.

SEC. 603. PRODUCTION OF CLEAN COAL FUEL TECHNOLOGY FOR CIVILIAN AIRCRAFT.

(a) Establishment of Research Program.—From amounts made available under section 48102(a) of title 49, United States Code, the Secretary of Transportation shall establish a research program related to developing jet fuel from clean coal through grants or other measures authorized under section 106(l)(6) of such title,
including reimbursable agreements with other Federal agencies. The program shall include participation by ed-
cational and research institutions that have existing facili-
ties and experience in the development and deployment of
technology that processes coal to aviation fuel.

(b) Designation of Institution as a Center of Excellence.—Within 6 months after the date of enact-
ment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Avia-
tion Administration shall designate an institution de-
described in subsection (a) as a Center of Excellence for
Coal-to-Jet-Fuel Research.

SEC. 604. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON FUTURE OF AERO-
NAUTICS.

(a) Establishment.—There is established an advisory committee to be know as the “Advisory Committee
on the Future of Aeronautics”.

(b) Membership.—The Advisory Committee shall consist of 7 members appointed by the President from a
list of 15 candidates proposed by the Director of the Na-
tional Academy of Sciences.

(c) Chairperson.—The Advisory Committee mem-
ers shall elect 1 member to serve as chairperson of the
Advisory Committee.

(d) Functions.—The Advisory Committee shall ex-
amine the best governmental and organizational struc-
tures for the conduct of civil aeronautics research and development, including options and recommendations for consolidating such research to ensure continued United States leadership in civil aeronautics. The Committee shall consider transferring responsibility for civil aeronautics research and development from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to other existing departments or agencies of the Federal Government or to a non-governmental organization such as academic consortia or not-for-profit organizations. In developing its recommendations, the Advisory Committee shall consider, as appropriate, the aeronautics research policies developed pursuant to section 101(d) of Public Law 109–155 and the requirements and priorities for aeronautics research established by title IV of Public Law 109–155.

(e) Report.—Not later than 12 months after the date on which the full membership of the Advisory Committee is appointed, the Advisory Committee shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House Committees on Science and Technology and on Transportation and Infrastructure on its findings and recommendations. The report may recommend a rank ordered list of acceptable solutions.
(f) **Termination.**—The Advisory Committee shall terminate 60 days after the date on which it submits the report to the Congress.

**SEC. 605. RESEARCH PROGRAM TO IMPROVE AIRFIELD PAVEMENTS.**

(a) **Continuation of Program.**—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall continue the program to consider awards to nonprofit concrete and asphalt pavement research foundations to improve the design, construction, rehabilitation, and repair of airfield pavements to aid in the development of safer, more cost effective, and more durable airfield pavements.

(b) **Use of Grants or Cooperative Agreements.**—The Administrator may use grants or cooperative agreements in carrying out this section.

**SEC. 606. WAKE TURBULENCE, VOLCANIC ASH, AND WEATHER RESEARCH.**

Within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall—

(1) initiate evaluation of proposals that would increase capacity throughout the air transportation system by reducing existing spacing requirements between aircraft of all sizes, including research on the nature of wake vortices;
(2) begin implementation of a system to improve volcanic ash avoidance options for aircraft, including the development of a volcanic ash warning and notification system for aviation; and

(3) establish research projects on—

(A) ground de-icing/anti-icing, ice pellets, and freezing drizzle;

(B) oceanic weather, including convective weather;

(C) en route turbulence prediction and detection; and

(D) all hazards during oceanic operations, where commercial traffic is high and only rudimentary satellite sensing is available, to reduce the hazards presented to commercial aviation.

SEC. 607. INCORPORATION OF UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS INTO FAA PLANS AND POLICIES.

(a) Research.—

(1) Equipment.—Section 44504 is amended—

(A) by inserting “unmanned and manned” in subsection (a) after “improve”; 

(B) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subsection (b)(6); 

(C) by striking “aircraft.” in subsection (b)(7) and inserting “aircraft; and”; and
(D) by adding at the end of subsection (b) the following:

“(8) in conjunction with other Federal agencies as appropriate, to develop technologies and methods to assess the risk of and prevent defects, failures, and malfunctions of products, parts, and processes, for use in all classes of unmanned aerial systems that could result in a catastrophic failure.”.

(2) HUMAN FACTORS; SIMULATIONS.—Section 44505(b) is amended—

(A) by striking “and” after the semicolon in paragraph (4);

(B) by striking “programs.” in paragraph (5)(C) and inserting “programs; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(6) to develop a better understanding of the relationship between human factors and unmanned aerial systems air safety; and

“(7) to develop dynamic simulation models of integrating all classes of unmanned aerial systems into the National Air Space.”.

(b) NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES ASSESSMENT.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Within 3 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall enter into an arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences for an assessment of unmanned aerial systems that shall include consideration of—

(A) human factors regarding unmanned aerial systems operation;

(B) “detect, sense and avoid technologies” with respect to both cooperative and non-cooperative aircraft;

(C) spectrum issues and bandwidth requirements;

(D) operation in suboptimal winds and adverse weather conditions;

(E) mechanisms for letter others know where the unmanned aerial system is flying;

(F) airworthiness and system redundancy;

(G) flight termination systems for safety and security;

(H) privacy issues;

(I) technologies for unmanned aerial systems flight control;

(J) technologies for unmanned aerial systems propulsion;
(K) unmanned aerial systems operator qualifications, medical standards, and training requirements;

(L) unmanned aerial systems maintenance requirements and training requirements; and

(M) any other unmanned aerial systems-related issue the Administrator believes should be addressed.

(2) REPORT.—Within 12 months after initiating the study, the National Academy shall submit its report to the Administrator, the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure containing its findings and recommendations.

(c) PILOT PROJECTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish 3 2-year cost-shared pilot projects in sparsely populated, low-density Class G air traffic airspace to conduct experiments and collect data in order to accelerate the safe integration of unmanned aerial systems into the National Airspace System as follows:
(A) 1 project shall address operational issues required for integration of Category 1 unmanned aerial systems.

(B) 1 project shall address operational issues required for integration of Category 2 unmanned aerial systems.

(C) 1 project shall address operational issues required for integration of Category 3 unmanned aerial systems.

(2) USE OF CONSORTIA.—In conducting the pilot projects, the Administrator shall encourage the formation of consortia from the public and private sectors, educational institutions, and non-profit organization.

(3) REPORT.—Within 60 days after completing the pilot projects, the Administrator shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure setting forth the Administrator’s findings and conclusions concerning the projects.

(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 such
sums as may be necessary to conduct the pilot projects.

(d) FAA TASK LIST.—

(1) STREAMLINE UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS CERTIFICATION PROCESS.—Within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall develop and transmit an unmanned aerial systems “roadmap” to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

(2) UPDATE POLICY STATEMENT.—Within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall issue an updated policy statement on unmanned aerial systems under Docket No. FAA–2006–25714; Notice No. 07–01.

(3) ISSUE NPRM FOR CERTIFICATES.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall publish a notice of proposed rulemaking on issuing airworthiness certificates and experimental certificates to unmanned aerial systems operators for compensation or hire. The Administrator shall promulgate a final rule 90 days after the date on which the notice is published.
(4) NOTICE TO CONGRESS ON BASING UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS REGULATIONS ON ULTRA-LIGHT REGULATIONS.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure on the potential of using part 103 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to Ultralight Aircraft), as the regulatory basis for regulations on lightweight unmanned aerial systems.

(e) CONSOLIDATED RULEMAKING DEADLINE.—No later than April 30, 2010, the Federal Aviation Administration and other affected Federal agencies shall have initiated all of the rule makings regarding vehicle design requirements, operational requirements, airworthiness requirements, and flight crew certifications requirements necessary for integrating all categories of unmanned aerial systems into the national air space, taking into consideration the recommendations the Administrator receives from the National Academy of Sciences report under subsection (b), the unmanned aerial systems “roadmap” developed by the Administrator under subsection (d)(1), the recommendations of the Radio Technical Committee Aero-
nautics Special Committee 203 (RTCA–SC 203), and the
data generated from the 3 pilot projects conducted under
subsection (e).

SEC. 608. REAUTHORIZATION OF CENTER OF EXCELLENCE
IN APPLIED RESEARCH AND TRAINING IN
THE USE OF ADVANCED MATERIALS IN
TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT.

Section 708(b) of the Vision 100—Century of Avia-
tion Reauthorization Act (49 U.S.C. 44504 note) is
amended by striking “$500,000 for fiscal year 2004” and
inserting “$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008
through 2012”.

SEC. 609. PILOT PROGRAM FOR ZERO EMISSION AIRPORT
VEHICLES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 471 is
amended by inserting after section 47136 the following:

“§ 47136A. Zero emission airport vehicles and infra-
structure

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation
shall establish a pilot program under which the sponsor
of a public-use airport may use funds made available
under section 47117 or section 48103 for use at such air-
ports or passenger facility revenue (as defined in section
40117(a)(6)) to carry out activities associated with the ac-
quision and operation of zero emission vehicles (as de-
fined in section 88.120–94 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations), including the construction or modification of infrastructure to facilitate the delivery of fuel and services necessary for the use of such vehicles. Any use of funds authorized by the preceding sentence shall be considered to be an authorized use of funds under section 47117 or section 48103, or an authorized use of passenger facility revenue (as defined in section 40117(a)(6)), as the case may be.

“(b) Location in Air Quality Nonattainment Areas.—

“(1) In general.—A public-use airport shall be eligible for participation in the pilot program only if the airport is located in an air quality nonattainment area (as defined in section 171(2) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7501(2))).

“(2) Shortage of candidates.—If the Secretary receives an insufficient number of applications from public-use airports located in such areas, then the Secretary may consider applications from public-use airports that are not located in such areas.

“(c) Selection Criteria.—In selecting from among applicants for participation in the program, the Secretary shall give priority consideration to applicants that will achieve the greatest air quality benefits measured
by the amount of emissions reduced per dollar of funds expended under the program.

“(d) Federal Share.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, the Federal share of the costs of a project carried out under the program shall be 50 percent.

“(e) Technical Assistance.—

“(1) In General.—The sponsor of a public-use airport carrying out activities funded under the program may not use more than 10 percent of the amounts made available under the program in any fiscal year for technical assistance in carrying out such activities.

“(2) Eligible Consortium.—To the maximum extent practicable, participants in the program shall use an eligible consortium (as defined in section 5506 of this title) in the region of the airport to receive technical assistance described in paragraph (1).

“(f) Materials Identifying Best Practices.—The Secretary may develop and make available materials identifying best practices for carrying out activities funded under the program based on projects carried out under section 47136 and other sources.”.
(b) Report on Effectiveness of Program.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of Transportation shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure containing—

(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the pilot program;

(2) an identification of all public-use airports that expressed an interest in participating in the program; and

(3) a description of the mechanisms used by the Secretary to ensure that the information and know-how gained by participants in the program is transferred among the participants and to other interested parties, including other public-use airports.

(c) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for chapter 471 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 47136 the following:

"47136A. Zero emission airport vehicles and infrastructure.".

SEC. 610. REDUCTION OF EMISSIONS FROM AIRPORT POWER SOURCES.

(a) In General.—Subchapter I of chapter 471 is amended by inserting after section 47140 the following:
§ 47140A. Reduction of emissions from airport power sources

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation shall establish a program under which the sponsor of each airport eligible to receive grants under section 48103 is encouraged to assess the airport’s energy requirements, including heating and cooling, base load, back-up power, and power for on-road airport vehicles and ground support equipment, in order to identify opportunities to reduce harmful emissions and increase energy efficiency at the airport.

“(b) GRANTS.—The Secretary may make grants under section 48103 to assist airport sponsors that have completed the assessment described in subsection (a) to acquire or construct equipment, including hydrogen equipment and related infrastructure, that will reduce harmful emissions and increase energy efficiency at the airport. To be eligible for such a grant, the sponsor of such an airport shall submit an application to the Secretary, at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for chapter 471 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 47140 the following:

“47140A. Reduction of emissions from airport power sources.”.
SEC. 611. SITING OF WINDFARMS NEAR FAA NAVIGATIONAL AIDS AND OTHER ASSETS.

(a) Survey and Assessment.—

(1) In General.—In order to address safety and operational concerns associated with the construction, alteration, establishment, or expansion of wind farms in proximity to critical FAA facilities, the Administrator shall, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, complete a survey and assessment of leases for critical FAA facility sites, including—

(A) an inventory of the leases that describes, for each such lease—

(i) the periodic cost, location, site, terms, number of years remaining, and lessor;

(ii) other Administration facilities that share the leasehold, including surveillance and communications equipment; and

(iii) the type of transmission services supported, including the terms of service, cost, and support contract obligations for the services; and

(B) a list of those leases for facilities located in or near areas suitable for the construction and operation of wind farms, as deter-
mined by the Administrator in consultation
with the Secretary of Energy.

(2) REPORT.—Upon completion of the survey
and assessment, the Administrator shall submit a re-
port to the Senate Committee on Commerce,
Science, and Transportation, the House of Rep-
resentatives Committee on Transportation and In-
frastructure, and the Comptroller General containing
the Administrator’s findings, conclusions, and rec-
ommendations.

(b) GAO ASSESSMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Within 180 days after re-
ceiving the Administrator’s report under subsection
(a)(2), the Comptroller General, in consultation with
the Administrator, shall—

(A) complete an assessment of the current
and potential impact of wind farms on the na-
tional airspace system;

(B) complete an assessment of the extent
to which Federal policies and laws that encour-
age or facilitate the development of wind farms
have an impact on implementation of the Next
Generation air traffic control system, including
the installation of navigational aides associated
with that system;
(C) determine what resources the Federal Aviation Administration would need to mitigate any obstruction to navigation attributable to wind farms under the existing air traffic control system or the Next Generation air traffic control system;

(D) recommend a new procedure, or improvements to the current procedure, to the Administration for mitigation of potential conflicts between navigational aides and wind farms, with an emphasis on early involvement of the Administration in the planning stages for wind farms; and

(E) develop a matrix that will indicate how close to navigational aides wind farms can be located and how many turbines can reasonably be placed in the vicinity of such aides.

(2) REPORT.—Upon completion of the assessments, the Comptroller General shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Administrator containing the Comptroller General’s findings, conclusions, and recommendations.
(c) ISSUANCE OF GUIDELINES; PUBLIC INFORMATION.—

(1) GUIDANCE.—Within 60 days after the Administrator receives the Comptroller’s recommendations, the Administrator shall publish guidelines for the construction and operation of wind farms to be located in proximity to critical Federal Aviation Administration facilities. The guidelines may include—

(A) the establishment of a zone system for wind farms based on proximity to critical FAA assets;

(B) the establishment of turbine height and density limitations on such wind farms;

(C) requirements for notice to the Administration under section 44718(a) of title 49, United States Code, before the construction, alteration, establishment, or expansion of a such a wind farm; and

(D) any other requirements or recommendations designed to address Administration safety or operational concerns related to the construction, alteration, establishment, or expansion of such wind farms.

(2) PUBLIC ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—To the extent feasible, taking into consideration security,
operational, and public safety concerns (as determined by the Administrator), the Administrator shall provide public access to information regarding the planning, construction, and operation of wind farms in proximity to critical FAA facilities on, or by linkage from, the homepage of the Federal Aviation Administration’s public website.

(d) Consultation With Other Federal Agencies.—In carrying out this section, the Administrator and the Comptroller General shall consult, as appropriate, with the Secretaries of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, Homeland Security, and Energy—

(1) to coordinate the requirements of each department for future air space needs;

(2) to determine what the acceptable risks are to the existing infrastructure of each department; and

(3) to define the different levels of risk for such infrastructure.

(e) Reports.—The Administrator and the Comptroller General shall provide a copy of reports under subsections (a) and (b), respectively, to the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Senate Committee on Armed Services, the House of Representatives Committee on Homeland Security, the House
of Representatives Committee on Armed Services, and the
House of Representatives Committee on Science and
Technology, as appropriate.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) ADMINISTRATION.—The term “Administration” means the Federal Aviation Administration.

(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

(3) CRITICAL FAA FACILITIES.—The term “critical FAA facilities” means facilities on which are located navigational aids, surveillance systems, or communications systems used by the Administration in administration of the national airspace system.

(4) WIND FARM.—The term “wind farm” means an installation of 1 or more wind turbines used for the generation of electricity.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 701. GENERAL AUTHORITY.

(a) THIRD PARTY LIABILITY.—Section 44303(b) is amended by striking “December 31, 2009,” and inserting “December 31, 2012,”.

(b) EXTENSION OF PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—Section 44310 is amended by striking “December 31, 2009.” and inserting “October 1, 2017.”.
(c) War Risk.—

(1) Section 44302(f)(1) is amended—

(A) by striking “September 30, 2009,” and inserting “September 30, 2011,”; and

(B) by striking “December 31, 2009,” and inserting “December 31, 2011,”.

(2) Section 44303(b) is amended by striking “December 31, 2009,” and inserting “December 31, 2011,”.

SEC. 702. HUMAN INTERVENTION MANAGEMENT STUDY.

Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administra-
tion shall develop a Human Intervention Management Study program for cabin crews employed by commercial
air carriers in the United States.

SEC. 703. AIRPORT PROGRAM MODIFICATIONS.

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administra-
tion—

(1) shall establish a formal, structured certification training program for the airport concessions
disadvantaged business enterprise program; and

(2) may appoint 3 additional staff to implement
the programs of the airport concessions disadvan-
taged business enterprise initiative.
SEC. 704. MISCELLANEOUS PROGRAM EXTENSIONS.

(a) Extension of Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority.—Section 49108 is amended by striking “2009,” and inserting “2011,”.

(b) Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, and Palau.—Section 47115(j) is amended by striking “2009,” and inserting “2011,”.

(c) Midway Island Airport.—Section 186(d) of the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act (17 Stat. 2518) is amended by striking “2009,” and inserting “2011,”.

SEC. 705. EXTENSION OF COMPETITIVE ACCESS REPORTS.

Section 47107(s) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

SEC. 706. UPDATE ON OVERFLIGHTS.

(a) In General.—Section 45301(b) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Limitations.—

“(1) In General.—In establishing fees under subsection (a), the Administrator shall ensure that the fees required by subsection (a) are reasonably related to the Administration’s costs, as determined by the Administrator, of providing the services rendered. Services for which costs may be recovered include the costs of air traffic control, navigation, weather services, training, and emergency services...
which are available to facilitate safe transportation
over the United States, and other services provided
by the Administrator or by programs financed by
the Administrator to flights that neither take off nor
land in the United States. The determination of
such costs by the Administrator is not subject to ju-
dicial review.

“(2) ADJUSTMENT OF FEES.—The Adminis-
trator shall adjust the overflight fees established by
subsection (a)(1) by expedited rulemaking and begin
collections under the adjusted fees by October 1,
2010. In developing the adjusted overflight fees, the
Administrator shall seek and consider the rec-
ommendations, if any, offered by the Aviation Rule-
making Committee for Overflight Fees that are in-
tended to ensure that overflight fees are reasonably
related to the Administrator’s costs of providing air
traffic control and related services to overflights. In
addition, the Administrator may periodically modify
the fees established under this section either on the
Administrator’s own initiative or on a recommenda-
tion from the Air Traffic Control Modernization
Board.

“(3) COST DATA.—The adjustment of overflight
fees under paragraph (2) shall be based on the costs
to the Administration of providing the air traffic
control and related activities, services, facilities, and
equipment using the available data derived from the
Administration’s cost accounting system and cost al-
location system to users, as well as budget and oper-
ational data.

“(4) AIRCRAFT ALTITUDE.—Nothing in this
section shall require the Administrator to take into
account aircraft altitude in establishing any fee for
aircraft operations in en route or oceanic airspace.

“(5) COSTS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
term ‘costs’ means those costs associated with the
operation, maintenance, debt service, and overhead
expenses of the services provided and the facilities
and equipment used in such services, including the
projected costs for the period during which the serv-
ices will be provided.

“(6) PUBLICATION; COMMENT.—The Adminis-
trator shall publish in the Federal Register any fee
schedule under this section, including any adjusted
overflight fee schedule, and the associated collection
process as a proposed rule, pursuant to which public
comment will be sought and a final rule issued.”.

(b) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION.—Section
45303(c)(2) is amended to read as follows:
“(2) shall be available to the Administrator for expenditure for purposes authorized by Congress for the Federal Aviation Administration, however, fees established by section 45301(a)(1) of title 49 of the United States Code shall be available only to pay the cost of activities and services for which the fee is imposed, including the costs to determine, assess, review, and collect the fee; and”.

SEC. 707. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

Section 40122(g), as amended by section 307 of this Act, is further amended—

(1) by striking “section 2302(b), relating to whistleblower protection,” in paragraph (2)(A) and inserting “sections 2301 and 2302,”;

(2) by striking “and” after the semicolon in paragraph (2)(H);

(3) by striking “Plan.” in paragraph (2)(I)(iii) and inserting “Plan;”;

(4) by adding at the end of paragraph (2) the following:

“(J) section 5596, relating to back pay; and

“(K) sections 6381 through 6387, relating to Family and Medical Leave.”; and
(5) by adding at the end of paragraph (3) "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, retro-active to April 1, 1996, the Board shall have the same remedial authority over such employee appeals that it had as of March 31, 1996.”.

SEC. 708. FAA TECHNICAL TRAINING AND STAFFING.

(a) STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of the training of airway transportation systems specialists of the Federal Aviation Administration that includes—

(A) an analysis of the type of training provided to such specialists;

(B) an analysis of the type of training that such specialists need to be proficient in the maintenance of the latest technologies;

(C) actions that the Administration has undertaken to ensure that such specialists receive up-to-date training on such technologies;

(D) the amount and cost of training provided by vendors for such specialists;

(E) the amount and cost of training provided by the Administration after developing in-house training courses for such specialists;
(F) the amount and cost of travel required
of such specialists in receiving training; and

(G) a recommendation regarding the most
cost-effective approach to providing such train-
ing.

(2) REPORT.—Within 1 year after the date of
enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
transmit a report on the study containing the Com-
troller General’s findings and recommendations to
the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and
Transportation and the House of Representatives
Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

(b) STUDY BY NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
of the Federal Aviation Administration shall con-
tract with the National Academy of Sciences to con-
duct a study of the assumptions and methods used
by the Federal Aviation Administration to estimate
staffing needs for Federal Aviation Administration
air traffic controllers, system specialists, and engi-
neers to ensure proper maintenance, certification,
and operation of the National Airspace System. The
National Academy of Sciences shall consult with the
Exclusive Bargaining Representative certified under
section 7111 of title 5, United States Code, and the
Administration (including the Civil Aeronautical
Medical Institute) and examine data entailing
human factors, traffic activity, and the technology at
each facility.

(2) CONTENTS.—The study shall include—

(A) recommendations for objective staffing
standards that maintain the safety of the Na-
tional Airspace System; and

(B) the approximate length of time for de-
veloping such standards.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than 24 months after
executing a contract under subsection (a), the Na-
tional Academy of Sciences shall transmit a report
containing its findings and recommendations to the
Congress.

(c) SAFETY STAFFING MODEL.—Within 18 months
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
of the Federal Aviation Administration shall develop a
staffing model for aviation safety inspectors. In developing
the model, the Administrator shall consult with represent-
atives of the aviation safety inspectors.
SEC. 709. COMMERCIAL AIR TOUR OPERATORS IN NATIONAL PARKS.

(a) Secretary of the Interior and Overflights of National Parks.—

(1) Section 40128 is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (8) of subsection (f);

(B) by striking “Director” each place it appears and inserting “Secretary of the Interior”; and

(C) by striking “National Park Service” in subsection (a)(2)(B)(vi) and inserting “Department of the Interior”; and

(D) by striking “National Park Service” in subsection (b)(4)(C) and inserting “Department of the Interior”.

(2) The National Parks Air Tour Management Act of 2000 (49 U.S.C. 40128 note) is amended—

(A) by striking “Director” in section 804(b) and inserting “Secretary of the Interior”; and

(B) in section 805—

(i) by striking “Director of the National Park Service” in subsection (a) and inserting “Secretary of the Interior”;
(ii) by striking “Director” each place it appears and inserting “Secretary of the Interior”; 

(iii) by striking “National Park Service” each place it appears in subsection (b) and inserting “Department of the Interior”; 

(iv) by striking “National Park Service” in subsection (d)(2) and inserting “Department of the Interior”; and 

(C) in section 807—

(i) by striking “National Park Service” in subsection (a)(1) and inserting “Department of the Interior”; and 

(ii) by striking “Director of the National Park Service” in subsection (b) and inserting “Secretary of the Interior”. 

(b) ALLOWING OVERFLIGHTS IN CASE OF AGREEMENT.—Paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 40128 is amended—

(1) by striking “and” in subparagraph (B); 

(2) by striking “lands.” in subparagraph (C) and inserting “lands; and”; and 

(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(D) in accordance with a voluntary agree-
ment between the commercial air tour operator
and appropriate representatives of the national
park or tribal lands, as the case may be.”.

(C) AVIATION SAFETY INSPECTORS.—

(1) SAFETY STAFFING MODEL.—Within 12
months after the date of enactment of this Act, the
Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administra-
tion shall develop a staffing model for aviation safety
inspectors. In developing the model, the Adminis-
trator shall consult with representatives of the avia-
tion safety inspectors and other interested parties.

(2) SAFETY INSPECTOR STAFFING.—The Fed-
eral Aviation Administration aviation safety inspec-
tor staffing requirement shall be no less than the
staffing levels indicated as necessary in the staffing
model described under subsection (a).

(d) MODIFICATION OF INTERIM OPERATING AU-
THORITY.—Section 40128(c)(2)(I) is amended to read as
follows:

“(I) may allow for modifications of the in-
terim operating authority without further envi-
ronmental process, if—

“(i) adequate information on the ex-
isting and proposed operations of the com-
mmercial air tour operator is provided to the Administrator and the Secretary by the operator seeking operating authority;

“(ii) the Administrator determines that the modifications would not adversely affect aviation safety or the management of the national airspace system; and

“(iii) the Secretary agrees that the modifications would not adversely affect park resources and visitor experiences.”.

(e) Reporting Requirements for Commercial Air Tour Operators.—

(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, each commercial air tour conducting commercial air tour operations over a national park shall report to the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration and the Secretary of the Interior on—

(A) the number of commercial air tour operations conducted by such operator over the national park each day;

(B) any relevant characteristics of commercial air tour operations, including the
routes, altitudes, duration, and time of day of flights; and

(C) such other information as the Administrator and the Secretary may determine necessary to administer the provisions of the National Parks Air Tour Management Act of 2000 (49 U.S.C. 40128 note).

(2) FORMAT.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in such form as the Administrator and the Secretary determine to be appropriate.

(3) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO REPORT.—The Administrator shall rescind the operating authority of a commercial air tour operator that fails to file a report not later than 180 days after the date for the submittal of the report described in paragraph (1).

(4) AUDIT OF REPORTS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and at such times thereafter as the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation determines necessary, the Inspector General shall audit the reports required by paragraph (1).

(f) COLLECTION OF FEES FROM AIR TOUR OPERATIONS.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior may assess a fee in an amount determined by
the Secretary under paragraph (2) on a commercial
air tour operator conducting commercial air tour op-
erations over a national park.

(2) AMOUNT OF FEE.—In determining the
amount of the fee assessed under paragraph (1), the
Secretary shall consider the cost of developing air
tour management plans for each national park.

(3) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO PAY FEE.—The
Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administra-
tion shall revoke the operating authority of a com-
mmercial air tour operator conducting commercial air
tour operations over any national park, including the
Grand Canyon National Park, that has not paid the
fee assessed by the Secretary under paragraph (1)
by the date that is 180 days after the date on which
the Secretary determines the fee shall be paid.

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR AIR
TOUR MANAGEMENT PLANS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
appropriated $10,000,000 to the Secretary of the
Interior for the development of air tour management
plans under section 40128(b) of title 49, United
States Code.
(2) Use of Funds.—The funds authorized to be appropriated by paragraph (1) shall be used to develop air tour management plans for the national parks the Secretary determines would most benefit from such a plan.

(h) Guidance to District Offices on Commercial Air Tour Operators.—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall provide to the Administration’s district offices clear guidance on the ability of commercial air tour operators to obtain—

1. increased safety certifications;
2. exemptions from regulations requiring safety certifications; and
3. other information regarding compliance with the requirements of this Act and other Federal and State laws and regulations.

(i) Operating Authority of Commercial Air Tour Operators.—

1. Transfer of Operating Authority.—

(A) In General.—Subject to subparagraph (B), a commercial air tour operator that obtains operating authority from the Administrator under section 40128 of title 49, United States Code, to conduct commercial air tour op-
erations may transfer such authority to another commercial air tour operator at any time.

(B) NOTICE.—Not later than 30 days before the date on which a commercial air tour operator transfers operating authority under subparagraph (A), the operator shall notify the Administrator and the Secretary of the intent of the operator to transfer such authority.

(C) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall prescribe regulations to allow transfers of operating authority described in subparagraph (A).

(2) TIME FOR DETERMINATION REGARDING OPERATING AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator shall determine whether to grant a commercial air tour operator operating authority under section 40128 of title 49, United States Code, not later than 180 days after the earlier of the date on which—

(A) the operator submits an application; or

(B) an air tour management plan is completed for the national park over which the operator seeks to conduct commercial air tour operations.
(3) INCREASE IN INTERIM OPERATING AUTHORITY.—The Administrator and the Secretary may increase the interim operating authority while an air tour management plan is being developed for a park if—

(A) the Secretary determines that such an increase does not adversely impact park resources or visitor experiences; and

(B) the Administrator determines that granting interim operating authority does not adversely affect aviation safety or the management of the national airspace system.

(4) ENFORCEMENT OF OPERATING AUTHORITY.—The Administrator is authorized and directed to enforce the requirements of this Act and any agency rules or regulations related to operating authority.

SEC. 710. PHASEOUT OF STAGE 1 AND 2 AIRCRAFT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 475 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 47534. Prohibition on operating certain aircraft weighing 75,000 pounds or less not complying with Stage 3 noise levels

"(a) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), or (d), a person may not operate a civil
subsonic turbojet with a maximum weight of 75,000 pounds or less to or from an airport in the United States unless the Secretary of Transportation finds that the aircraft complies with stage 3 noise levels.

“(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to aircraft operated only outside the 48 contiguous States.

“(c) OPT-OUT.—Subsection (a) shall not apply at an airport where the airport operator has notified the Secretary that it wants to continue to permit the operation of civil subsonic turbojets with a maximum weight of 75,000 pounds or less that do not comply with stage 3 noise levels. The Secretary shall post the notices received under this subsection on its website or in another place easily accessible to the public.

“(d) LIMITATION.—The Secretary shall permit a person to operate Stage 1 and Stage 2 aircraft with a maximum weight of 75,000 pounds or less to or from an airport in the contiguous 48 States in order—

“(1) to sell, lease, or use the aircraft outside the 48 contiguous States;

“(2) to scrap the aircraft;

“(3) to obtain modifications to the aircraft to meet stage 3 noise levels;

“(4) to perform scheduled heavy maintenance or significant modifications on the aircraft at a
maintenance facility located in the contiguous 48 states;

“(5) to deliver the aircraft to an operator leasing the aircraft from the owner or return the aircraft to the lessor;

“(6) to prepare or park or store the aircraft in anticipation of any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (5); or

“(7) to divert the aircraft to an alternative airport in the 48 contiguous States on account of weather, mechanical, fuel air traffic control or other safety reasons while conducting a flight in order to perform any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (6).

“(e) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the section may be construed as interfering with, nullifying, or otherwise affecting determinations made by the Federal Aviation Administration, or to be made by the Administration, with respect to applications under part 161 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, that were pending on the date of enactment of the Aircraft Noise Reduction Act of 2006.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
(1) Section 47531 is amended by striking “47529, or 47530” and inserting “47529, 47530, or 47534”.

(2) Section 47532 is amended by striking “47528–47531” and inserting “47528 through 47531 or 47534”.

(3) The table of contents for chapter 475 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 47533 the following:

“47534. Prohibition on operating certain aircraft weighing 75,000 pounds or less not complying with Stage 3 noise levels.”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 711. WEIGHT RESTRICTIONS AT TETERBORO AIRPORT.

On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration is prohibited from taking actions designed to challenge or influence weight restrictions or prior permission rules at Teterboro Airport in Teterboro, New Jersey, except in an emergency.

SEC. 712. PILOT PROGRAM FOR REDEVELOPMENT OF AIRPORT PROPERTIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall establish a pilot program at
up to 4 public-use airports for local airport operators that have submitted a noise compatibility program approved by the Federal Aviation Administration under section 47504 of title 49, United States Code, under which such airport operators may use funds made available under section 47117(e) of that title, or passenger facility revenue collected under section 40117 of that title, in partnership with affected neighboring local jurisdictions, to support joint planning, engineering design, and environmental permitting for the assembly and redevelopment of property purchased with noise mitigation funds or passenger facility charge funds, to encourage airport-compatible land uses and generate economic benefits to the local airport authority and adjacent community.

(b) NOISE COMPATIBILITY MEASURES.—Section 47504(a)(2) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in subparagraph (D);

(2) by striking “operations.” in subparagraph (E) and inserting “operations; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) joint comprehensive land use planning including master plans, traffic studies, environmental evaluation and economic and feasibility studies, with neighboring local jurisdictions undertaking commu-
nity redevelopment in the area where the land or
other property interest acquired by the airport oper-
ator pursuant to this subsection is located, to en-
courage and enhance redevelopment opportunities
that reflect zoning and uses that will prevent the in-
troduction of additional incompatible uses and en-
hance redevelopment potential.”

(c) Grant Requirements.—The Administrator
may not make a grant under subsection (a) unless the
grant is made—

(1) to enable the airport operator and local ju-
risdictions undertaking the community redevelop-
ment effort to expedite redevelopment efforts;

(2) subject to a requirement that the local juris-
diction governing the property interests in question
has adopted zoning regulations that permit airport
compatible redevelopment; and

(3) subject to a requirement that, in deter-
mining the part of the proceeds from disposing of
the land that is subject to repayment or reinvest-
ment under section 47107(c)(2)(A) of title 49,
United States Code, the total amount of the grant
issued under this section shall be added to the
amount of any grants issued for acquisition of land.

(d) Demonstration Grants.—
(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Administrator shall provide grants for up to 4 pilot property redevelopment projects distributed geographically and targeted to airports that demonstrate—

(A) a readiness to implement cooperative land use management and redevelopment plans with the adjacent community; and

(B) the probability of clear economic benefit to the local community and financial return to the airport through the implementation of the redevelopment plan.

(2) **FEDERAL SHARE.**—

(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Federal share of the allowable costs of a project carried out under the pilot program shall be 80 percent.

(B) In determining the allowable costs, the Administrator shall deduct from the total costs of the activities described in subsection (a) that portion of the costs which is equal to that portion of the total property to be redeveloped under this section that is not owned or to be acquired by the airport operator pursuant to the noise compatibility program or that is not
owned by the affected neighboring local jurisdictions or other public entities.

(3) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—Not more than $5,000,000 in funds made available under section 47117(e) of title 49, United States Code, may be expended under the pilot program at any single public-use airport.

(4) EXCEPTION.—Amounts paid to the Administrator under subsection (e)(3)—

(A) shall be in addition to amounts authorized under section 48203 of title 49, United States Code;

(B) shall not be subject to any limitation on grant obligations for any fiscal year; and

(C) shall remain available until expended.

(e) USE OF PASSENGER REVENUE.—An airport sponsor that owns or operates an airport participating in the pilot program may use passenger facility revenue collected under section 40117 of title 49, United States Code, to pay any project cost described in subsection (a) that is not financed by a grant under the program.

(f) SUNSET.—This section, other than the amendments made by subsections (b), shall not be in effect after September 30, 2011.
(g) Report to Congress.—The Administrator shall report to Congress within 18 months after making the first grant under this section on the effectiveness of this program on returning part 150 lands to productive use.

SEC. 713. TRANSPORTING MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

(a) In General.—Subchapter I of chapter 417 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“§ 41724. Musical instruments

“(a) In General.—

“(1) Small instruments as carry-on baggage.—An air carrier providing air transportation shall permit a passenger to carry a violin, guitar, or other musical instrument in the aircraft cabin without charge if—

“(A) the instrument can be stowed safely in a suitable baggage compartment in the aircraft cabin or under a passenger seat; and

“(B) there is space for such stowage at the time the passenger boards the aircraft.

“(2) Larger instruments as carry-on baggage.—An air carrier providing air transportation shall permit a passenger to carry a musical instrument that is too large to meet the requirements of paragraph (1) in the aircraft cabin without charge if—
“(A) the instrument is contained in a case or covered so as to avoid injury to other passengers;

“(B) the weight of the instrument, including the case or covering, does not exceed 165 pounds;

“(C) the instrument can be secured by a seat belt to avoid shifting during flight;

“(D) the instrument does not restrict access to, or use of, any required emergency exit, regular exit, or aisle;

“(E) the instrument does not obscure any passenger’s view of any illuminated exit, warning, or other informational sign;

“(F) neither the instrument nor the case contains any object not otherwise permitted to be carried in an aircraft cabin because of a law or regulation of the United States; and

“(G) the passenger wishing to carry the instrument in the aircraft cabin has purchased an additional seat to accommodate the instrument.

“(3) **LARGE INSTRUMENTS AS CHECKED BAGGAGE.**—An air carrier shall transport as baggage, without charge, a musical instrument that is the property of a passenger traveling in air transpor-
tation that may not be carried in the aircraft cabin
if—

“(A) the sum of the length, width, and
height measured in inches of the outside linear
dimensions of the instrument (including the
case) does not exceed 150 inches; and

“(B) the weight of the instrument does not
exceed 165 pounds.

“(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may prescribe
such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to
implement subsection (a).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
tents for chapter 417 is amended by inserting after the
item relating to section 41723 the following:

“41724. Musical instruments.”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall take effect 30 days after the date of en-
actment of this Act.

SEC. 714. RECYCLING PLANS FOR AIRPORTS.

(a) AIRPORT PLANNING.—Section 47102(5) is
amended by striking “planning.” and inserting “planning
and a plan for recycling and minimizing the generation
of airport solid waste, consistent with applicable State and
local recycling laws, including the cost of a waste audit.”.

(b) MASTER PLAN.—Section 47106(a) is amended—
(1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (4);
(2) by striking “proposed.” in paragraph (5) and inserting “proposed; and”; and
(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(6) if the project is for an airport that has an airport master plan, the master plan addresses—
(A) the feasibility of solid waste recycling at the airport;
(B) minimizing the generation of solid waste at the airport;
(C) operation and maintenance requirements;
(D) the review of waste management contracts;
(E) the potential for cost savings or the generation of revenue; and
(F) training and education requirements.”.

SEC. 715. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PROGRAM ADJUSTMENTS.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 47107(e) is amended—
(1) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9); and
(2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:

“(8) MANDATORY TRAINING PROGRAM FOR AIRPORT CONCESSIONS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the Secretary shall establish a mandatory training program for persons described in subparagraph (C) on the certification of whether a small business concern in airport concessions qualifies as a small business concern owned and controlled by a socially and economically disadvantaged individual for purposes of paragraph (1).

“(B) IMPLEMENTATION.—The training program may be implemented by one or more private entities approved by the Secretary.

“(C) PARTICIPANTS.—A person referred to in paragraph (1) is an official or agent of an airport owner or operator who is required to provide a written assurance under paragraph (1) that the airport
owner or operator will meet the percentage
goal of paragraph (1) or who is responsible
for determining whether or not a small
business concern in airport concessions
qualifies as a small business concern owned
and controlled by a socially and economi-
cally disadvantaged individual for purposes
of paragraph (1).

“(D) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
TIONS.—There are authorized to be appro-
priated to the Secretary such sums as may
be necessary to carry out this paragraph.”.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 24 months after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science,
and Transportation, the House of Representatives Com-
mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and other
appropriate committees of Congress on the results of the
training program conducted under section 47107(e)(8) of
title 49, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(e) DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PER-
SONAL NET WORTH CAP; BONDING REQUIREMENTS.—
Section 47113 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:
“(e) Personal Net Worth Cap.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the Secretary shall issue final regulations to adjust the personal net worth cap used in determining whether an individual is economically disadvantaged for purposes of qualifying under the definition contained in subsection (a)(2) and under section 47107(e). The regulations shall correct for the impact of inflation since the Small Business Administration established the personal net worth cap at $750,000 in 1989.

“(f) Exclusion of Retirement Benefits.—

“(1) In general.—In calculating a business owner’s personal net worth, any funds held in a qualified retirement account owned by the business owner shall be excluded, subject to regulations to be issued by the Secretary.

“(2) Regulations.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the Secretary shall issue final regulations to implement paragraph (1), including consideration of appropriate safeguards, such as a limit on the amount of such accounts, to prevent circumvention of personal net worth requirements.
“(g) Prohibition on Excessive or Discriminatory Bonding Requirements.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish a program to eliminate barriers to small business participation in airport-related contracts and concessions by prohibiting excessive, unreasonable, or discriminatory bonding requirements for any project funded under this chapter or using passenger facility revenues under section 40117.

“(2) Regulations.—Not later than one year after the date of enactment of the FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act, the Secretary shall issue a final rule to establish the program under paragraph (1).”.

SEC. 716. FRONT LINE MANAGER STAFFING.

(a) Study.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall initiate a study on front line manager staffing requirements in air traffic control facilities.

(b) Considerations.—In conducting the study, the Administrator may take into consideration—

(1) the number of supervisory positions of operation requiring watch coverage in each air traffic control facility;
(2) coverage requirements in relation to traffic demand;

(3) facility type;

(4) complexity of traffic and managerial responsibilities;

(5) proficiency and training requirements; and

(6) such other factors as the Administrator considers appropriate.

(e) Determinations.—The Administrator shall transmit any determinations made as a result of the study to the Chief Operating Officer for the air traffic control system.

(d) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure a report on the results of the study and a description of any determinations submitted to the Chief Operating Officer under subsection (e).