^{111TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 5748

To eliminate racial profiling by law enforcement, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 15, 2010

Mr. CONYERS (for himself, Mr. NADLER of New York, Mr. WU, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Mrs. MALONEY, Ms. WATERS, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. FARR, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. STARK, Ms. WOOLSEY, Ms. KILPATRICK of Michigan, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. WATT, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. CUMMINGS, Ms. CLARKE, Mr. FATTAH, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mr. MEEKS of New York, Mr. COHEN, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, Ms. CHU, Mr. ELLISON, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. WEINER, Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ OF California, Mr. POLIS of Colorado, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. FILNER, Mr. CLAY, Mr. RUSH, Mrs. CAPPS, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. HONDA, Ms. NOR-TON, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. GEORGE MIL-LER of California, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Mr. ANDREWS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To eliminate racial profiling by law enforcement, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "End Racial Profiling Act of 2010".
- 4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—PROHIBITION OF RACIAL PROFILING

- Sec. 101. Prohibition.
- Sec. 102. Enforcement.

TITLE II—PROGRAMS TO ELIMINATE RACIAL PROFILING BY FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

Sec. 201. Policies to eliminate racial profiling.

TITLE III—PROGRAMS TO ELIMINATE RACIAL PROFILING BY STATE, LOCAL, AND INDIAN TRIBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

- Sec. 301. Policies required for grants.
- Sec. 302. Involvement of Attorney General.
- Sec. 303. Data collection demonstration project.
- Sec. 304. Best practices development grants.
- Sec. 305. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE IV—DATA COLLECTION

- Sec. 401. Attorney General to issue regulations.
- Sec. 402. Publication of data.
- Sec. 403. Limitations on publication of data.

TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE REGULATIONS AND REPORTS ON RACIAL PROFILING IN THE UNITED STATES

Sec. 501. Attorney General to issue regulations and reports.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 601. Severability. Sec. 602. Savings clause.

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

(1) COVERED PROGRAM.—The term "covered program" means any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds made available under-(A) the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program under part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.); and (B) the "Cops on the Beat" program under part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd et seq.), except that no program, project, or other activity specified in section 1701(b)(13) of such part shall be a covered program under this paragraph. (2) GOVERNMENTAL BODY.—The term "govern-

16 (2) GOVERNMENTAL BODY.—The term "govern17 mental body" means any department, agency, special
18 purpose district, or other instrumentality of Federal,
19 State, local, or Indian tribal government.

20 (3) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe"
21 has the same meaning as in section 103 of the Juve22 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974
23 (42 U.S.C. 5603).

24 (4) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.—The term
25 "law enforcement agency" means any Federal,

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State, local, or Indian tribal public agency engaged
 in the prevention, detection, or investigation of viola tions of criminal, immigration, or customs laws.

4 (5) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENT.—The term
5 "law enforcement agent" means any Federal, State,
6 local, or Indian tribal official responsible for enforc7 ing criminal, immigration, or customs laws, includ8 ing police officers and other agents of a law enforce9 ment agency.

10 RACIAL PROFILING.—The term "racial (6)11 profiling" means the practice of a law enforcement 12 agent or agency relying, to any degree, on race, eth-13 nicity, national origin, or religion in selecting which 14 individual to subject to routine or spontaneous inves-15 tigatory activities or in deciding upon the scope and 16 substance of law enforcement activity following the 17 initial investigatory procedure, except when there is 18 trustworthy information, relevant to the locality and 19 timeframe, that links a person of a particular race, 20 ethnicity, national origin, or religion to an identified 21 criminal incident or scheme.

(7) ROUTINE OR SPONTANEOUS INVESTIGATORY
ACTIVITIES.—The term "routine or spontaneous investigatory activities" means the following activities
by a law enforcement agent:

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| 1 | (A) Interviews. |
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| 2 | (B) Traffic stops. |
| 3 | (C) Pedestrian stops. |
| 4 | (D) Frisks and other types of body |
| 5 | searches. |
| 6 | (E) Consensual or nonconsensual searches |
| 7 | of the persons, property, or possessions (includ- |
| 8 | ing vehicles) of individuals using any form of |
| 9 | public or private transportation, including mo- |
| 10 | torists and pedestrians. |
| 11 | (F) Inspections and interviews of entrants |
| 12 | into the United States that are more extensive |
| 13 | than those customarily carried out. |
| 14 | (G) Immigration-related workplace inves- |
| 15 | tigations. |
| 16 | (H) Such other types of law enforcement |
| 17 | encounters compiled for or by the Federal Bu- |
| 18 | reau of Investigation or the Department of Jus- |
| 19 | tice Bureau of Justice Statistics. |
| 20 | (8) Reasonable request.—The term "rea- |
| 21 | sonable request" means all requests for information, |
| 22 | except for those that— |
| 23 | (A) are immaterial to the investigation; |
| 24 | (B) would result in the unnecessary disclo- |
| 25 | sure of personal information; or |

| 1 | (C) would place a severe burden on the re- |
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| 2 | sources of the law enforcement agency given its |
| 3 | size. |
| 4 | (9) STATE.—The term "State" means each of |
| 5 | the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Com- |
| 6 | monwealth of Puerto Rico, and any other territory |
| 7 | or possession of the United States. |
| 8 | (10) Unit of local government.—The term |
| 9 | "unit of local government" means— |
| 10 | (A) any city, county, township, town, bor- |
| 11 | ough, parish, village, or other general purpose |
| 12 | political subdivision of a State; |
| 13 | (B) any law enforcement district or judicial |
| 14 | enforcement district that— |
| 15 | (i) is established under applicable |
| 16 | State law; and |
| 17 | (ii) has the authority to, in a manner |
| 18 | independent of other State entities, estab- |
| 19 | lish a budget and impose taxes; or |
| 20 | (C) any Indian tribe that performs law en- |
| 21 | forcement functions, as determined by the Sec- |
| 22 | retary of the Interior. |

1**TITLE I—PROHIBITION OF**2**RACIAL PROFILING**

3 SEC. 101. PROHIBITION.

4 No law enforcement agent or law enforcement agency5 shall engage in racial profiling.

6 SEC. 102. ENFORCEMENT.

7 (a) REMEDY.—The United States, or an individual
8 injured by racial profiling, may enforce this title in a civil
9 action for declaratory or injunctive relief, filed either in
10 a State court of general jurisdiction or in a district court
11 of the United States.

12 (b) PARTIES.—In any action brought under this title,13 relief may be obtained against—

14 (1) any governmental body that employed any
15 law enforcement agent who engaged in racial
16 profiling;

17 (2) any agent of such body who engaged in ra-18 cial profiling; and

19 (3) any person with supervisory authority over20 such agent.

(c) NATURE OF PROOF.—Proof that the routine or
spontaneous investigatory activities of law enforcement
agents in a jurisdiction have had a disparate impact on
racial, ethnic, or religious minorities shall constitute prima
facie evidence of a violation of this title.

1 (d) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—In any action or proceeding 2 to enforce this title against any governmental body, the 3 court may allow a prevailing plaintiff, other than the 4 United States, reasonable attorney's fees as part of the 5 costs, and may include expert fees as part of the attorney's 6 fee.

7 TITLE II—PROGRAMS TO ELIMI8 NATE RACIAL PROFILING BY

9 FEDERAL LAW ENFORCE 10 MENT AGENCIES

11 SEC. 201. POLICIES TO ELIMINATE RACIAL PROFILING.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Federal law enforcement agencies13 shall—

14 (1) maintain adequate policies and procedures15 designed to eliminate racial profiling; and

16 (2) cease existing practices that permit racial17 profiling.

18 (b) POLICIES.—The policies and procedures de-19 scribed in subsection (a)(1) shall include—

20 (1) a prohibition on racial profiling;

21 (2) training on racial profiling issues as part of
22 Federal law enforcement training;

(3) the collection of data in accordance with the
regulations issued by the Attorney General under
section 401;

1 (4) procedures for receiving, investigating, and 2 responding meaningfully to complaints alleging racial profiling by law enforcement agents; and 3 4 (5) any other policies and procedures the Attor-5 nev General determines to be necessary to eliminate 6 racial profiling by Federal law enforcement agencies. TITLE III—PROGRAMS TO ELIMI-7 NATE RACIAL PROFILING BY 8 STATE, LOCAL, AND INDIAN 9 TRIBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT 10 AGENCIES 11

12 SEC. 301. POLICIES REQUIRED FOR GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—An application by a State, a unit
of local government, or a State, local, or Indian tribal law
enforcement agency for funding under a covered program
shall include a certification that such State, unit of local
government, or law enforcement agency, and any law enforcement agency to which it will distribute funds—

- (1) maintains adequate policies and proceduresdesigned to eliminate racial profiling; and
- (2) has eliminated any existing practices thatpermit or encourage racial profiling.
- 23 (b) POLICIES.—The policies and procedures de24 scribed in subsection (a)(1) shall include—

25 (1) a prohibition on racial profiling;

| 1 | (2) training on racial profiling issues as part of |
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| 2 | law enforcement training; |
| 3 | (3) the collection of data in accordance with the |
| 4 | regulations issued by the Attorney General under |
| 5 | section 401; and |
| 6 | (4) participation in an administrative complaint |
| 7 | procedure or independent audit program that meets |
| 8 | the requirements of section 302. |
| 9 | (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect |
| 10 | 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act. |
| 11 | SEC. 302. INVOLVEMENT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. |
| 12 | (a) REGULATIONS.— |
| 13 | (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months |
| 14 | after the date of enactment of this Act and in con- |
| 15 | sultation with stakeholders, including Federal, State, |
| 16 | tribal, and local law enforcement agencies and com- |
| 17 | munity, professional, research, and civil rights orga- |
| 18 | nizations, the Attorney General shall issue regula- |
| 19 | tions for the operation of administrative complaint |
| 20 | procedures and independent audit programs to en- |
| 21 | sure that such programs and procedures provide an |
| | |
| 22 | appropriate response to allegations of racial profiling |
| | appropriate response to allegations of racial profiling by law enforcement agents or agencies. |
| 22 | |

ensure the fairness, effectiveness, and independence
 of the administrative complaint procedures and inde pendent auditor programs.

4 (b) NONCOMPLIANCE.—If the Attorney General de-5 termines that the recipient of a grant from any covered program is not in compliance with the requirements of sec-6 tion 301 or the regulations issued under subsection (a). 7 8 the Attorney General shall withhold, in whole or in part 9 (at the discretion of the Attorney General), funds for 1 10 or more grants to the recipient under the covered program, until the recipient establishes compliance. 11

12 (c) PRIVATE PARTIES.—The Attorney General shall 13 provide notice and an opportunity for private parties to 14 present evidence to the Attorney General that a recipient 15 of a grant from any covered program is not in compliance 16 with the requirements of this title.

17 SEC. 303. DATA COLLECTION DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

18 (a) Competitive Awards.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may,
through competitive grants or contracts, carry out a
2-year demonstration project for the purpose of developing and implementing data collection programs
on the hit rates for stops and searches by law enforcement agencies. The data collected shall be

disaggregated by race, ethnicity, national origin, and
 religion.

(2) NUMBER OF GRANTS.—The Attorney Gen-3 4 eral shall provide not more than 5 grants or con-5 tracts under this section. 6 (3) ELIGIBLE GRANTEES.—Grants or contracts 7 under this section shall be awarded to law enforce-8 ment agencies that serve communities where there is 9 a significant concentration of racial or ethnic minori-10 ties and that are not already collecting data volun-11 tarily.

12 (b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—Activities carried out13 with a grant under this section shall include—

(1) developing a data collection tool and reporting the compiled data to the Attorney General; and
(2) training of law enforcement personnel on
data collection, particularly for data collection on hit
rates for stops and searches.

(c) EVALUATION.—Not later than 3 years after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall
enter into a contract with an institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) to analyze the data collected by each of the grantees funded under this section.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out activities
 under this section—

4 (1) \$5,000,000, over a 2-year period, to carry
5 out the demonstration program under subsection
6 (a); and

7 (2) \$500,000 to carry out the evaluation under
8 subsection (c).

9 SEC. 304. BEST PRACTICES DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.

(a) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney General,
through the Bureau of Justice Assistance, may make
grants to States, local law enforcement agencies, and units
of local government to develop and implement best practice devices and systems to eliminate racial profiling.

(b) USE OF FUNDS.—The funds provided under subsection (a) shall be used for programs that include the
following purposes:

18 (1) The development and implementation of
19 training to prevent racial profiling and to encourage
20 more respectful interaction with the public.

(2) The acquisition and use of technology to facilitate the accurate collection and analysis of data.
(3) The development and acquisition of feedback systems and technologies that identify officers

| 1 | or units of officers engaged in, or at risk of engag- |
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| 2 | ing in, racial profiling or other misconduct. |
| 3 | (4) The establishment and maintenance of an |
| 4 | administrative complaint procedure or independent |
| 5 | auditor program. |
| 6 | (c) Equitable Distribution.—The Attorney Gen- |
| 7 | eral shall ensure that grants under this section are award- |
| Q | ad in a mannor that recorner an aquitable share of funding |

ed in a manner that reserves an equitable share of funding 8 9 for small and rural law enforcement agencies.

10 (d) APPLICATION.—Each State, local law enforcement agency, or unit of local government desiring a grant 11 12 under this section shall submit an application to the Attor-13 ney General at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Attorney General may 14 15 reasonably require.

16 **SEC. 305. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

17 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums 18 as are necessary to carry out this title.

TITLE IV—DATA COLLECTION 19

20SEC. 401. ATTORNEY GENERAL TO ISSUE REGULATIONS.

21 (a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 6 months after 22 the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, 23 in consultation with stakeholders, including Federal, 24 State, and local law enforcement agencies and community, 25 professional, research, and civil rights organizations, shall

| 1 | issue regulations for the collection and compilation of data |
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| 2 | under sections 201 and 301. |
| 3 | (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations issued under |
| 4 | subsection (a) shall— |
| 5 | (1) provide for the collection of data on all rou- |
| 6 | tine or spontaneous investigatory activities; |
| 7 | (2) provide that the data collected shall— |
| 8 | (A) be collected by race, ethnicity, national |
| 9 | origin, gender, and religion, as perceived by the |
| 10 | law enforcement officer; |
| 11 | (B) include the date, time, and location of |
| 12 | such investigatory activities; and |
| 13 | (C) include detail sufficient to permit an |
| 14 | analysis of whether a law enforcement agency is |
| 15 | engaging in racial profiling; |
| 16 | (3) provide that a standardized form shall be |
| 17 | made available to law enforcement agencies for the |
| 18 | submission of collected data to the Department of |
| 19 | Justice; |
| 20 | (4) provide that law enforcement agencies shall |
| 21 | compile data on the standardized form made avail- |
| 22 | able under paragraph (3), and submit the form to |
| 23 | the Civil Rights Division and the Department of |
| 24 | Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics; |

| 1 | (5) provide that law enforcement agencies shall |
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| 2 | maintain all data collected under this Act for not |
| 3 | less than 4 years; |
| 4 | (6) include guidelines for setting comparative |
| 5 | benchmarks, consistent with best practices, against |
| 6 | which collected data shall be measured; and |
| 7 | (7) provide that the Department of Justice Bu- |
| 8 | reau of Justice Statistics shall— |
| 9 | (A) analyze the data for any statistically |
| 10 | significant disparities, including— |
| 11 | (i) disparities in the percentage of |
| 12 | drivers or pedestrians stopped relative to |
| 13 | the proportion of the population passing |
| 14 | through the neighborhood; |
| 15 | (ii) disparities in the percentage of |
| 16 | false stops relative to the percentage of |
| 17 | drivers or pedestrians stopped; and |
| 18 | (iii) disparities in the frequency of |
| 19 | searches performed on minority drivers |
| 20 | and the frequency of searches performed |
| 21 | on non-minority drivers; and |
| 22 | (B) not later than 3 years after the date |
| 23 | of enactment of this Act, and annually there- |
| 24 | after— |

| 1 | (i) prepare a report regarding the |
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| 2 | findings of the analysis conducted under |
| 3 | subparagraph (A); |
| 4 | (ii) provide such report to Congress; |
| 5 | and |
| 6 | (iii) make such report available to the |
| 7 | public, including on a Web site of the De- |
| 8 | partment of Justice. |
| 9 | SEC. 402. PUBLICATION OF DATA. |
| 10 | The Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Statis- |

10 The Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Statis-11 tics shall provide to Congress and make available to the 12 public, together with each annual report described in sec-13 tion 401, the data collected pursuant to this Act.

14 SEC. 403. LIMITATIONS ON PUBLICATION OF DATA.

15 The name or identifying information of a law enforce-16 ment officer, complainant, or any other individual involved 17 in any activity for which data is collected and compiled 18 under this Act shall not be—

19 (1) released to the public;

(2) disclosed to any person, except for such disclosures as are necessary to comply with this Act; or
(3) subject to disclosure under section 552 of
title 5, United States Code (commonly know as the
Freedom of Information Act).

1TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF JUS-2TICE REGULATIONS AND RE-3PORTSON4PROFILING IN THEUNITED5STATES

6 SEC. 501. ATTORNEY GENERAL TO ISSUE REGULATIONS 7 AND REPORTS.

8 (a) REGULATIONS.—In addition to the regulations re-9 quired under sections 303 and 401, the Attorney General 10 shall issue such other regulations as the Attorney General 11 determines are necessary to implement this Act.

12 (b) Reports.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to
Congress a report on racial profiling by law enforcement agencies.

18 (2) SCOPE.—Each report submitted under
19 paragraph (1) shall include—

20 (A) a summary of data collected under sec21 tions 201(b)(3) and 301(b)(3) and from any
22 other reliable source of information regarding
23 racial profiling in the United States;

24 (B) a discussion of the findings in the25 most recent report prepared by the Department

| 1 | of Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics under |
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| 2 | section $401(b)(7);$ |
| 3 | (C) the status of the adoption and imple- |
| 4 | mentation of policies and procedures by Federal |
| 5 | law enforcement agencies under section 201 |
| 6 | and by the State and local law enforcement |
| 7 | agencies under sections 301 and 302; and |
| 8 | (D) a description of any other policies and |
| 9 | procedures that the Attorney General believes |
| 10 | would facilitate the elimination of racial |
| 11 | profiling. |
| 12 | TITLE VI-MISCELLANEOUS |
| 13 | PROVISIONS |

14 SEC. 601. SEVERABILITY.

15 If any provision of this Act, or the application of such 16 a provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be 17 unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act and the appli-18 cation of the remaining provisions of this Act to any per-19 son or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

20 SEC. 602. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

21 Nothing in this Act shall be construed—

(1) to limit legal or administrative remedies
under section 1979 of the Revised Statutes of the
United States (42 U.S.C. 1983), section 210401 of
the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement

Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14141), the Omnibus Crime 1 2 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3 3701 et seq.), or title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 4 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.); (2) to affect any Federal, State, or tribal law 5 6 that applies to an Indian tribe because of the political status of the tribe; or 7 (3) to waive the sovereign immunity of an In-8

9 dian tribe without the consent of the tribe.

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