AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2011 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011”.

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into four divisions as follows:
(1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.

(2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.

(3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

(4) Division D—Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value in Every Acquisition Act.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.
Sec. 2. Organization of Act into divisions; table of contents.
Sec. 3. Congressional defense committees.
Sec. 4. Treatment of successor contingency operation to Operation Iraqi Freedom.

DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 101. Army.
Sec. 102. Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 103. Air Force.
Sec. 104. Defense-wide activities.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

Sec. 111. Procurement of early infantry brigade combat team increment one equipment.
Sec. 112. Report on Army battlefield network plans and programs.
Sec. 113. Limitation on use of funds for line-haul tractors.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

Sec. 121. Incremental funding for procurement of large naval vessels.
Sec. 122. Multiyear procurement of F/A-18E, F/A-18F, and EA-18G aircraft.
Sec. 123. Report on naval force structure and missile defense.

Subtitle D—Air Force Programs
Sec. 131. Preservation and storage of unique tooling for F–22 fighter aircraft.

Subtitle E—Joint and Multiservice Matters

Sec. 141. Limitation on procurement of F–35 Lightning II aircraft.
Sec. 142. Limitations on biometric systems funds.
Sec. 143. Counter-improvised explosive device initiatives database.
Sec. 144. Study on lightweight body armor solutions.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 211. Report requirements for replacement program of the Ohio-class ballistic missile submarine.
Sec. 212. Limitation on obligation of funds for F–35 Lightning II aircraft program.
Sec. 213. Inclusion in annual budget request and future-years defense program of sufficient amounts for continued development and procurement of competitive propulsion system for F–35 Lightning II aircraft.
Sec. 214. Separate program elements required for research and development of Joint Light Tactical Vehicle.

Subtitle C—Missile Defense Programs

Sec. 221. Limitation on availability of funds for missile defenses in Europe.
Sec. 222. Repeal of prohibition of certain contracts by Missile Defense Agency with foreign entities.
Sec. 223. Phased, adaptive approach to missile defense in Europe.
Sec. 224. Homeland defense hedging policy.
Sec. 225. Independent assessment of the plan for defense of the homeland against the threat of ballistic missiles.
Sec. 226. Study on ballistic missile defense capabilities of the United States.
Sec. 227. Reports on standard missile system.

Subtitle D—Reports

Sec. 231. Report on analysis of alternatives and program requirements for the Ground Combat Vehicle program.
Sec. 232. Cost benefit analysis of future tank-fired munitions.
Sec. 233. Annual comptroller general report on the V–(XX) presidential helicopter acquisition program.
Sec. 234. Joint assessment of the joint effects targeting system.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 241. Escalation of force capabilities.
Sec. 242. Pilot program to include technology protection features during research and development of defense systems.
Sec. 243. Pilot program on collaborative energy security.
Sec. 244. Report on regional advanced technology clusters.
Sec. 245. Sense of Congress affirming the importance of Department of Defense participation in development of next generation semiconductor technologies.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 301. Operation and maintenance funding.

Subtitle B—Energy and Environmental Provisions

Sec. 311. Reimbursement of Environmental Protection Agency for certain costs in connection with the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant, Minnesota.

Sec. 312. Payment to Environmental Protection Agency of stipulated penalties in connection with Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Maine.

Sec. 313. Testing and certification plan for operational use of an aviation biofuel derived from materials that do not compete with food stocks.

Sec. 314. Report identifying hybrid or electric propulsion systems and other fuel-saving technologies for incorporation into tactical motor vehicles.

Sec. 315. Exception to alternative fuel procurement requirement.

Sec. 316. Information sharing relating to investigation of exposure to drinking water contamination at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina.

Subtitle C—Workplace and Depot Issues

Sec. 321. Technical amendments to requirement for service contract inventory.

Sec. 322. Repeal of conditions on expansion of functions performed under prime vendor contracts for depot-level maintenance and repair.

Sec. 323. Pilot program on best value for contracts for private security functions.

Sec. 324. Standards and certification for private security contractors.

Sec. 325. Prohibition on establishing goals or quotas for conversion of functions to performance by Department of Defense civilian employees.

Sec. 326. Treatment of employer contributions to health benefits and retirement plans for purposes of cost-comparisons of contractor and civilian employee performance of Department of Defense functions.

Subtitle D—Reports

Sec. 331. Revision to reporting requirement relating to operation and financial support for military museums.

Sec. 332. Additional reporting requirements relating to corrosion prevention projects and activities.

Sec. 333. Modification and repeal of certain reporting requirements.


Sec. 336. Requirement to update study on strategic seaports.

Sec. 337. Study and report on feasibility of joint usage of the NASA Shuttle Logistics Depot.

Subtitle E—Limitations and Extensions of Authority
Sec. 341. Permanent authority to accept and use landing fees charged for use of domestic military airfields by civil aircraft.

Sec. 342. Improvement and extension of Arsenal Support Program Initiative.

Sec. 343. Extension of authority to reimburse expenses for certain Navy mess operations.

Sec. 344. Limitation on obligation of funds for the Army Human Terrain System.

Sec. 345. Limitation on obligation of funds pending submission of classified justification material.

Sec. 346. Limitation on retirement of C–130 aircraft from Air Force inventory.

Sec. 347. Commercial sale of small arms ammunition in excess of military requirements.

Sec. 348. Limitation on Air Force fiscal year 2011 force structure announcement implementation.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

Sec. 351. Expedited processing of background investigations for certain individuals.

Sec. 352. Adoption of military working dogs by family members of deceased or seriously wounded members of the Armed Forces who were handlers of the dogs.

Sec. 353. Revision to authorities relating to transportation of civilian passengers and commercial cargoes by Department of Defense when space unavailable on commercial lines.

Sec. 354. Technical correction to obsolete reference relating to use of flexible hiring authority to facilitate performance of certain Department of Defense functions by civilian employees.

Sec. 355. Inventory and study of budget modeling and simulation tools.

Sec. 356. Sense of Congress regarding continued importance of High-Altitude Aviation Training Site, Colorado.

Sec. 357. Department of Defense study on simulated tactical flight training in a sustained g environment.

Sec. 358. Study of effects of new construction of obstructions on military installations and operations.

Sec. 359. Sense of Congress regarding fire-resistant utility ensembles for National Guard personnel in civil authority missions.

Sec. 360. Authority to make excess nonlethal supplies available for domestic emergency assistance.

Sec. 361. Recovery of missing Department of Defense property.

Sec. 362. Authority for payment of full replacement value for loss or damage to household goods in limited cases not covered by carrier liability.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Active Forces

Sec. 401. End strengths for active forces.

Sec. 402. Revision in permanent active duty end strength minimum levels.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

Sec. 411. End strengths for Selected Reserve.

Sec. 412. End strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves.

Sec. 413. End strengths for military technicians (dual status).

Sec. 414. Fiscal year 2011 limitation on number of non-dual status technicians.
Sec. 415. Maximum number of reserve personnel authorized to be on active duty for operational support.

Subtitle C—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 421. Military personnel.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY

Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy Generally

Sec. 501. Age for health care professional appointments and mandatory retirements.
Sec. 502. Authority for appointment of warrant officers in the grade of W–1 by commission and standardization of warrant officer appointing authority.
Sec. 503. Nondisclosure of information from discussions, deliberations, notes, and records of special selection boards.
Sec. 504. Administrative removal of officers from list of officers recommended for promotion.
Sec. 505. Eligibility of officers to serve on boards of inquiry for separation of regular officers for substandard performance and other reasons.
Sec. 506. Temporary authority to reduce minimum length of active service as a commissioned officer required for voluntary retirement as an officer.

Subtitle B—Reserve Component Management

Sec. 511. Preseparation counseling for members of the reserve components.
Sec. 512. Military correction board remedies for National Guard members.
Sec. 513. Removal of statutory distribution limits on Navy reserve flag officer allocation.
Sec. 514. Assignment of Air Force Reserve military technicians (dual status) to positions outside Air Force Reserve unit program.
Sec. 515. Temporary authority for temporary employment of non-dual status military technicians.
Sec. 516. Revised structure and functions of Reserve Forces Policy Board.
Sec. 517. Merit Systems Protection Board and judicial remedies for National Guard technicians.

Subtitle C—Joint Qualified Officers and Requirements

Sec. 521. Technical revisions to definition of joint matters for purposes of joint officer management.
Sec. 522. Changes to process involving promotion boards for joint qualified officers and officers with joint staff experience.
Sec. 523. Secure electronic delivery of Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty (DD Form 214).

Subtitle D—General Service Authorities

Sec. 531. Extension of temporary authority to order retired members of the Armed Forces to active duty in high-demand, low-density assignments.
Sec. 532. Correction of military records.
Sec. 533. Modification of Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty (DD Form 214) to specifically identify a space for inclusion of e-mail address.

Sec. 534. Recognition of role of female members of the Armed Forces and Department of Defense review of military occupational specialties available to female members.

Sec. 535. Matters covered by preseparation counseling for members of the Armed Forces and their spouses.

Sec. 536. Department of Defense policy concerning homosexuality in the Armed Forces.

Subtitle E—Military Justice and Legal Matters

Sec. 541. Continuation of warrant officers on active duty to complete disciplinary action.

Sec. 542. Enhanced authority to punish contempt in military justice proceedings.

Sec. 543. Limitations on use in personnel action of information contained in criminal investigative report or in index maintained for law enforcement retrieval and analysis.

Sec. 544. Protection of child custody arrangements for parents who are members of the Armed Forces deployed in support of a contingency operation.

Sec. 545. Improvements to Department of Defense domestic violence programs.


Subtitle F—Member Education and Training Opportunities and Administration

Sec. 551. Repayment of education loan repayment benefits.

Sec. 552. Active duty obligation for graduates of the military service academies participating in the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program.

Sec. 553. Waiver of maximum age limitation on admission to service academies for certain enlisted members who served during Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom.

Sec. 554. Report of feasibility and cost of expanding enrollment authority of Community College of the Air Force to include additional members of the Armed Forces.

Subtitle G—Defense Dependents’ Education

Sec. 561. Continuation of authority to assist local educational agencies that benefit dependents of members of the Armed Forces and Department of Defense civilian employees.

Sec. 562. Enrollment of dependents of members of the Armed Forces who reside in temporary housing in Department of Defense domestic dependent elementary and secondary schools.

Subtitle II—Decorations, Awards, and Commemorations

Sec. 571. Notification requirement for determination made in response to review of proposal for award of a Medal of Honor not previously submitted in timely fashion.
Sec. 572. Department of Defense recognition of spouses of members of the Armed Forces.
Sec. 573. Department of Defense recognition of children of members of the Armed Forces.
Sec. 574. Clarification of persons eligible for award of bronze star medal.
Sec. 575. Award of Vietnam Service Medal to veterans who participated in Mayaguez rescue operation.
Sec. 576. Authorization for award of Medal of Honor to certain members of the Army for acts of valor during the Civil War, Korean War, or Vietnam War.
Sec. 577. Authorization and request for award of Distinguished-Service Cross to Jay C. Copley for acts of valor during the Vietnam War.
Sec. 578. Program to commemorate 60th anniversary of the Korean War.
Sec. 579. Establishment of Combat Medevac Badge.
Sec. 580. Retroactive award of Army Combat Action Badge.
Sec. 580A. Review regarding award of Medal of Honor to Jewish American World War I veterans.

Subtitle I—Military Family Readiness Matters

Sec. 581. Appointment of additional member of Department of Defense Military Family Readiness Council.
Sec. 582. Director of the Office of Community Support for Military Families With Special Needs.
Sec. 583. Pilot program of personalized career development counseling for military spouses.
Sec. 584. Modification of Yellow Ribbon Reintegration Program.
Sec. 585. Importance of Office of Community Support for Military Families with Special Needs.
Sec. 587. Comptroller General report on Exceptional Family Member Program.
Sec. 588. Comptroller General review of Department of Defense military spouse employment programs.
Sec. 589. Report on Department of Defense military spouse education programs.
Sec. 590. Annual leave for family of deployed members of the uniformed services.
Sec. 590A. Codification and continuation of Joint Family Support Assistance Program.

Subtitle J—Other Matters

Sec. 591. Establishment of Junior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps units for students in grades above sixth grade.
Sec. 592. Increase in number of private sector civilians authorized for admission to National Defense University.
Sec. 593. Admission of defense industry civilians to attend United States Air Force Institute of Technology.
Sec. 594. Date for submission of annual report on Department of Defense STARBASE Program.
Sec. 595. Extension of deadline for submission of final report of Military Leadership Diversity Commission.
Sec. 596. Enhanced authority for members of the Armed Forces and Department of Defense and Coast Guard civilian employees and their families to accept gifts from non-Federal entities.
Sec. 597. Report on performance and improvements of Transition Assistance Program.
Sec. 598. Sense of Congress regarding assisting members of the Armed Forces to participate in apprenticeship programs.
Sec. 599. Report on expansion of number of heirloom chest awarded to surviving families.
Sec. 600. Increase of maximum age for children eligible for medical care under CHAMPVA program.
Sec. 600A. Transfer of Troops-to-Teachers Program from Department of Education to Department of Defense.
Sec. 600B. Enhancements to the Troops-to-Teachers Program.
Sec. 600C. Support from Department of Education to help cover costs of new State programs under National Guard Youth Challenge Program.
Sec. 600D. Study of treatment of members of the reserve components.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

Sec. 601. Fiscal year 2011 increase in military basic pay.
Sec. 602. Basic allowance for housing for two-member couples when one or both members are on sea duty.
Sec. 603. Allowances for purchase of required uniforms and equipment.
Sec. 604. Increase in amount of family separation allowance.
Sec. 605. One-time special compensation for transition of assistants providing aid and attendance care to members of the uniformed services with catastrophic injuries or illnesses.
Sec. 606. Expansion of definition of senior enlisted member to include senior enlisted member serving within a combatant command.
Sec. 607. Ineligibility of certain Federal civilian employees for Reservist income replacement payments on account of availability of comparable benefits under another program.

Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special and Incentive Pays

Sec. 611. One-year extension of certain bonus and special pay authorities for reserve forces.
Sec. 612. One-year extension of certain bonus and special pay authorities for health care professionals.
Sec. 613. One-year extension of special pay and bonus authorities for nuclear officers.
Sec. 614. One-year extension of authorities relating to title 37 consolidated special pay, incentive pay, and bonus authorities.
Sec. 615. One-year extension of authorities relating to payment of other title 37 bonuses and special pays.
Sec. 616. One-year extension of authorities relating to payment of referral bonuses.
Sec. 617. Treatment of officers transferring between Armed Forces for receipt of aviation career special pay.
Sec. 618. Increase in maximum amount of special pay for duty subject to hostile fire or imminent danger or for duty in foreign area designated as an imminent danger area.
Sec. 619. Special payment to members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense killed or wounded in attacks directed at members or employees outside of combat zone, including those killed or wounded in certain 2009 attacks.

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

Sec. 631. Extension of authority to provide travel and transportation allowances for inactive duty training outside of normal commuting distances.

Sec. 632. Travel and transportation allowances for attendance of designated persons at Yellow Ribbon Reintegration events.

Sec. 633. Mileage reimbursement for use of privately owned vehicles.

Subtitle D—Retired Pay and Survivor Benefits

Sec. 641. Elimination of cap on retired pay multiplier for members with greater than 30 years of service who retire for disability.

Sec. 642. Equity in computation of disability retired pay for reserve component members wounded in action.

Sec. 643. Elimination of the age requirement for health care benefits for non-regular service retirees.

Sec. 644. Clarification of effect of ordering reserve component member to active duty to receive authorized medical care on reducing eligibility age for receipt of non-regular service retired pay.

Sec. 645. Special survivor indemnity allowance for recipients of pre-Survivor Benefit Plan annuity affected by required offset for dependency and indemnity compensation.

Sec. 646. Payment date for retired and retainer pay.

Sec. 647. Sense of Congress concerning age and service requirements for retired pay for non-regular service.

Subtitle E—Commissary and Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentality Benefits and Operations

Sec. 651. Shared construction costs for shopping malls or similar facilities containing a commissary store and one or more nonappropriated fund instrumentality activities.

Sec. 652. Addition of definition of morale, welfare, and recreation telephone services for use in contracts to provide such services for military personnel serving in combat zones.

Sec. 653. Feasibility study on establishment of full exchange store in the Northern Mariana Islands.

Sec. 654. Continued operation of commissary and exchange stores serving Brunswick Naval Air Station, Maine.

Subtitle F—Alternative Career Track Pilot Program

Sec. 661. Pilot program to evaluate alternative career track for commissioned officers to facilitate an increased commitment to academic and professional education and career-broadening assignments.

Subtitle G—Other Matters
Sec. 671. Participation of members of the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program in active duty health profession loan repayment program.

Sec. 672. Retention of enlistment, reenlistment, and student loan benefits received by military technicians (dual status).

Sec. 673. Cancellation of loans of members of the Armed Forces made from student loan funds.

Sec. 674. Report on provision of additional incentives for recruitment and retention of health care professionals for reserve components.

Sec. 675. Flexible commencement dates for availability of homeowner assistance for members of the Armed Forces permanently reassigned during mortgage crisis.

Sec. 676. Exclusion of persons convicted of committing certain sex offenses from receiving certain burial-related benefits and funeral honors.

Sec. 677. Scholarship program for veterans for pursuit of graduate and postgraduate degrees in behavioral health sciences.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Improvements to Health Benefits

Sec. 701. Extension of prohibition on increases in certain health care costs.

Sec. 702. Extension of dependent coverage under TRICARE.

Sec. 703. Survivor dental benefits.

Sec. 704. Aural screenings for members of the Armed Forces.

Sec. 705. Temporary prohibition on increase in copayments under retail pharmacy system of pharmacy benefits program.

Sec. 706. Suicide among members of the Individual Ready Reserve and individual mobilization augmentees.

Sec. 707. Provision of information to members of the reserve components regarding health care benefits.

Subtitle B—Health Care Administration

Sec. 711. Administration of TRICARE.

Sec. 712. Updated terminology for the Army medical service corps.

Sec. 713. Clarification of licensure requirements applicable to military health-care professionals who are members of the national guard performing duty while in title 32 status.

Sec. 714. Annual report on joint health care facilities of the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Sec. 715. Improvements to oversight of medical training for Medical Corps officers.

Sec. 716. Study on reimbursement for costs of health care provided to ineligible individuals.

Sec. 717. Limitation on transfer of funds to Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs medical facility demonstration project.

Sec. 718. Enterprise risk assessment of health information technology programs.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

Sec. 721. Improving aural protection for members of the Armed Forces.

Sec. 722. Comprehensive policy on neurocognitive assessment by the military health care system.
Sec. 723. National Casualty Care Research Center.
Sec. 724. Report on feasibility of study on breast cancer among female members of the Armed Forces.
Sec. 725. Assessment of post-traumatic stress disorder by military occupation.
Sec. 726. Visiting NIH Senior Neuroscience Fellowship Program.
Sec. 727. Pilot program on payment for treatment of members of the Armed Forces and veterans for traumatic brain injury and post-traumatic stress disorder.
Sec. 728. Post-traumatic stress disorder counseling for civilian victims of the Fort Hood shooting and other similar incidents.
Sec. 729. Sense of Congress concerning the implementation of the congressionally-mandated recommendations of the Institute of Medicine study.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

Sec. 801. Disclosure to litigation support contractors.
Sec. 802. Designation of F135 and F136 engine development and procurement programs as major subprograms.
Sec. 803. Conforming amendments relating to inclusion of major subprograms to major defense acquisition programs under various acquisition-related requirements.
Sec. 804. Enhancement of Department of Defense authority to respond to combat and safety emergencies through rapid acquisition and deployment of urgently needed supplies.
Sec. 805. Prohibition on contracts with entities engaging in commercial activity in the energy sector of Iran.

Subtitle B—Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations

Sec. 811. Extension of authority to procure certain fibers; limitation on specification.
Sec. 812. Small arms production industrial base matters.
Sec. 813. Additional definition relating to production of specialty metals within the United States.

Subtitle C—Studies and Reports

Sec. 821. Studies to analyze alternative models for acquisition and funding of technologies supporting network-centric operations.
Sec. 822. Annual joint report and Comptroller General review on contracting in Iraq and Afghanistan.
Sec. 823. Extension of Comptroller General review and report on contracting in Iraq and Afghanistan.
Sec. 824. Interim report on review of impact of covered subsidies on acquisition of KC–45 aircraft.
Sec. 825. Reports on Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

Sec. 831. Extension of authority for defense acquisition challenge program.
Sec. 832. Energy savings performance contracts.
Sec. 833. Consideration of sustainable practices in procurement of products and services.
Sec. 834. Definition of materials critical to national security.
Sec. 835. Determination of strategic or critical rare earth materials for defense applications.
Sec. 836. Review of national security exception to competition.
Sec. 837. Inclusion of bribery in disclosure requirements of the Federal awardee performance and integrity information system.
Sec. 838. Requirement for entities with facility clearances that are not under foreign ownership control or influence mitigation.
Sec. 839. Report related to minority-owned, women-owned, and disadvantaged-owned small businesses.
Sec. 840. Defense industrial base priority for rare earth neodymium iron boron magnets.
Sec. 841. Sense of Congress regarding cost savings through reductions in waste, fraud, and abuse.
Sec. 842. Procurement of articles, materials, and supplies for use outside the United States.
Sec. 843. Additional information on waivers under Buy American Act by Department of Defense required to be included in annual report.
Sec. 844. Requirement to include effects on domestic jobs in periodic assessments of defense capability.
Sec. 845. Extension of regulations on contractors performing private security functions.
Sec. 846. Procurement of photovoltaic devices.
Sec. 847. Requirement for contracts in Iraq and Afghanistan to use employees and not independent contractors for private security services.
Sec. 848. Consideration of unfair competitive advantage in evaluation of offers for KC-X aerial refueling aircraft program.
Sec. 849. Debarment of BP and its subsidiaries.
Sec. 851. Requirement to justify the use of factors other than cost or price as the predominate factors in evaluating competitive proposals for defense procurement contracts.
Sec. 852. Penalties on contractors not providing information to databases on contracts in Iraq and Afghanistan.

TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

Subtitle A—Department of Defense Management

Sec. 901. Redesignation of the Department of the Navy as the Department of the Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 902. Realignment of the organizational structure of the Office of the Secretary of Defense to carry out the reduction required by law in the number of Deputy Under Secretaries of Defense.
Sec. 903. Unified medical command.

Subtitle B—Space Activities

Sec. 911. Integrated space architectures.

Subtitle C—Intelligence-Related Matters
Sec. 921. Five-year extension of authority for Secretary of Defense to engage in commercial activities as security for intelligence collection activities.

Sec. 922. Space and counterspace intelligence analysis.

Sec. 923. Audits of intelligence community by Government Accountability Office.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

Sec. 931. Revisions to the board of regents for the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.

Sec. 932. Increased flexibility for Combatant Commander Initiative Fund.

Sec. 933. Two-year extension of authorities relating to temporary waiver of reimbursement of costs of activities for nongovernmental personnel at Department of Defense Regional Centers for Security Studies.

Sec. 934. Additional requirements for quadrennial roles and missions review in 2011.

Sec. 935. Codification of congressional notification requirement before permanent relocation of any United States military unit stationed outside the United States.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Financial Matters

Sec. 1001. General transfer authority.

Sec. 1002. Authorization of additional appropriations for operations in Afghanistan, Iraq, and Haiti for fiscal year 2010.

Sec. 1003. Budgetary effects of this Act.

Subtitle B—Counter-Drug Activities

Sec. 1011. Unified counter-drug and counterterrorism campaign in Colombia.

Sec. 1012. Joint task forces support to law enforcement agencies conducting counterterrorism activities.

Sec. 1013. Reporting requirement on expenditures to support foreign counter-drug activities.

Sec. 1014. Support for counter-drug activities of certain foreign governments.

Subtitle C—Naval Vessels and Shipyards

Sec. 1021. Requirements for long-range plan for construction of naval vessels.

Sec. 1022. Requirements for the decommissioning of naval vessels.

Sec. 1023. Requirements for the size of the Navy battle force fleet.

Sec. 1024. Retention and status of certain naval vessels.

Sec. 1025. Expressing the sense of Congress regarding the naming of a naval combat vessel after Father Vincent Capodanno.

Subtitle D—Counterterrorism

Sec. 1031. Extension of certain authority for making rewards for combating terrorism.

Sec. 1032. Prohibition on the use of funds for the transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.
Sec. 1033. Certification requirements relating to the transfer of individuals detained at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to foreign countries and other foreign entities.

Sec. 1034. Prohibition on the use of funds to modify or construct facilities in the United States to house detainees transferred from United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Sec. 1035. Comprehensive review of force protection policies.

Sec. 1036. Fort Hood Follow-on Review Implementation Fund.

Sec. 1037. Inspector General investigation of the conduct and practices of lawyers representing individuals detained at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Sec. 1038. Prohibition on use of funds to give Miranda warnings to Al Qaeda terrorists.

Subtitle E—Studies and Reports

Sec. 1041. Department of Defense aerospace-related mishap safety investigation reports.

Sec. 1042. Interagency national security knowledge and skills.


Sec. 1044. Comptroller General report on previously requested reports.

Sec. 1045. Report on nuclear triad.

Sec. 1046. Cybersecurity study and report.

Sec. 1047. Study on common alignment of world regions in departments and agencies with international responsibilities.

Sec. 1048. Required reports concerning bomber modernization, sustainment, and recapitalization efforts in support of the national defense strategy.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

Sec. 1051. National Defense Panel.

Sec. 1052. Quadrennial defense review.

Sec. 1053. Sale of surplus military equipment to State and local homeland security and emergency management agencies.

Sec. 1054. Department of Defense rapid innovation program.

Sec. 1055. Technical and clerical amendments.

Sec. 1056. Budgeting for the sustainment and modernization of nuclear delivery systems.

Sec. 1057. Limitation on nuclear force reductions.

Sec. 1058. Sense of Congress on the Nuclear Posture Review.

Sec. 1059. Strategic assessment of strategic challenges posed by potential competitors.

Sec. 1060. Electronic access to certain classified information.

Sec. 1061. Justice for victims of torture and terrorism.

Sec. 1062. Policy regarding appropriate use of Department of Defense resources.

Sec. 1063. Executive agent for preventing the introduction of counterfeit microelectronics into the defense supply chain.

Sec. 1064. Shared information regarding training exercises.

Sec. 1065. Sense of Congress regarding presidential letters of condolence to the families of members of the Armed Forces who have died by suicide.

Sec. 1066. Findings and sense of Congress on Obesity and Federal Child Nutrition Programs.
Sec. 1067. Sense of Congress regarding recreational hunting and fishing on military installations.
Sec. 1068. Sense of Congress encouraging the President to order the United States flag to be flown over United States military and civilian outposts in Haiti during earthquake relief efforts.
Sec. 1069. Study on optimal balance of manned and unmanned aerial vehicle capability.

TITLE XI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MATTERS

Sec. 1101. Authority for the Department of Defense to approve an alternate method of processing equal employment opportunity complaints within one or more component organizations under specified circumstances.
Sec. 1102. Clarification of authorities at personnel demonstration laboratories.
Sec. 1103. Special rule relating to certain overtime pay.
Sec. 1104. One-year extension of authority to waive annual limitation on premium pay and aggregate limitation on pay for Federal civilian employees working overseas.
Sec. 1105. Waiver of certain pay limitations.
Sec. 1106. Services of post-combat case coordinators.
Sec. 1107. Authority to waive maximum age limit for certain appointments.
Sec. 1108. Sense of Congress regarding waiver of recovery of certain payments made under civilian employees voluntary separation incentive program.
Sec. 1109. Suspension of DCIPS pay authority extended for a year.
Sec. 1110. Federal Internship Programs.

TITLE XII—MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

Subtitle A—Assistance and Training

Sec. 1201. Expansion of authority for support of special operations to combat terrorism.
Sec. 1202. Addition of allied government agencies to enhanced logistics interoperability authority.
Sec. 1203. Modification and extension of authorities relating to program to build the capacity of foreign military forces.
Sec. 1204. Air Force scholarships for Partnership for Peace nations to participate in the Euro-NATO Joint Jet Pilot Training Program.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Iraq, Afghanistan, and Pakistan

Sec. 1211. Limitation on availability of funds for certain purposes relating to Iraq.
Sec. 1212. Commanders’ Emergency Response Program.
Sec. 1213. Modification of authority for reimbursement to certain coalition nations for support provided to United States military operations.
Sec. 1214. Modification of report on responsible redeployment of United States Armed Forces from Iraq.
Sec. 1215. Modification of reports relating to Afghanistan.
Sec. 1216. No permanent military bases in Afghanistan.
Sec. 1217. Authority to use funds for reintegration activities in Afghanistan.
Sec. 1218. One-year extension of Pakistan Counterinsurgency Fund.
Sec. 1219. Authority to use funds to provide support to coalition forces supporting military and stability operations in Iraq and Afghanistan.
Sec. 1220. Requirement to provide United States brigade and equivalent units deployed to Afghanistan with the commensurate level of unit and theater-wide combat enablers.

Sec. 1221. Limitation on availability of funds for elections in Afghanistan.

Sec. 1222. Recommendations on oversight of contractors engaged in activities relating to Afghanistan.


Subtitle C—Other Matters

Sec. 1231. NATO Special Operations Coordination Center.
Sec. 1232. National Military Strategic Plan to Counter Iran.
Sec. 1233. Report on Department of Defense’s plans to reform the export control system.
Sec. 1234. Report on United States efforts to defend against threats posed by the advanced anti-access capabilities of potentially hostile foreign countries.
Sec. 1235. Report on force structure changes in composition and capabilities at military installations in Europe.
Sec. 1237. Report on the strategic implications of the successful negotiation of an incidents at sea agreement between the United States and the Government of Iran.
Sec. 1238. Requirement to monitor and evaluate Department of Defense activities to counter violent extremism in Africa.
Sec. 1239. Report on certain Iraqis affiliated with the United States.

TITLE XIII—COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION

Sec. 1301. Specification of Cooperative Threat Reduction programs and funds.
Sec. 1302. Funding allocations.

TITLE XIV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Military Programs

Sec. 1401. Working capital funds.
Sec. 1402. Study on working capital fund cash balances.
Sec. 1403. Modification of certain working capital fund requirements.
Sec. 1404. Reduction of unobligated balances within the Pentagon Reservation Maintenance Revolving Fund.
Sec. 1406. Chemical agents and munitions destruction, defense.
Sec. 1409. Defense Health Program.

Subtitle B—National Defense Stockpile

Sec. 1411. Authorized uses of National Defense Stockpile funds.
Sec. 1412. Revision to required receipt objectives for previously authorized disposals from the National Defense Stockpile.

Subtitle C—Other Matters
Sec. 1421. Authorization of appropriations for Armed Forces Retirement Home.
Sec. 1422. Plan for funding fuel infrastructure sustainment, restoration, and modernization requirements.

TITLE XV—AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS

Sec. 1501. Purpose.
Sec. 1502. Army procurement.
Sec. 1504. Navy and Marine Corps procurement.
Sec. 1505. Air Force procurement.
Sec. 1506. Defense-wide activities procurement.
Sec. 1507. Iron Dome short-range rocket defense program.
Sec. 1508. National Guard and Reserve equipment.
Sec. 1509. Mine Resistant Ambush Protected Vehicle Fund.
Sec. 1510. Research, development, test, and evaluation.
Sec. 1511. Operation and maintenance.
Sec. 1512. Limitations on availability of funds in Afghanistan Security Forces Fund.
Sec. 1513. Limitations on Iraq Security Forces Fund.
Sec. 1514. Military personnel.
Sec. 1515. Working capital funds.
Sec. 1516. Defense Health Program.
Sec. 1517. Drug Interdiction and Counter-Drug Activities, Defense-wide.
Sec. 1519. Continuation of prohibition on use of United States funds for certain facilities projects in Iraq.
Sec. 1520. Availability of funds for rapid force protection in Afghanistan.
Sec. 1521. Treatment as additional authorizations.
Sec. 1522. Special transfer authority.
Sec. 1523. Report on mine resistant ambush protected vehicles.

TITLE XVI—IMPROVED SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE IN THE ARMED FORCES

Sec. 1601. Definition of Department of Defense sexual assault prevention and response program and other definitions.

Subtitle A—Immediate Actions to Improve Department of Defense Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program

Sec. 1611. Specific budgeting for Department of Defense sexual assault prevention and response program.
Sec. 1612. Consistency in terminology, position descriptions, program standards, and organizational structures.
Sec. 1613. Guidance for commanders.
Sec. 1614. Commander consultation with victims of sexual assault.
Sec. 1615. Oversight and evaluation.
Sec. 1616. Sexual assault reporting hotline.
Sec. 1617. Review of application of sexual assault prevention and response program to reserve components.
Sec. 1618. Review of effectiveness of revised Uniform Code of Military Justice offenses regarding rape, sexual assault, and other sexual misconduct.
Sec. 1619. Training and education programs for sexual assault prevention and response program.
Sec. 1620. Use of sexual assault forensic medical examiners.
Sec. 1621. Sexual Assault Advisory Board.
Sec. 1622. Department of Defense Sexual Assault Advisory Council.
Sec. 1623. Service-level sexual assault review boards.
Sec. 1624. Renewed emphasis on acquisition of centralized Department of Defense sexual assault database.

Subtitle B—Sexual Assault Prevention Strategy and Annual Reporting Requirement

Sec. 1631. Comprehensive Department of Defense sexual assault prevention strategy.
Sec. 1632. Annual report on sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces and sexual assault prevention and response program.

Subtitle C—Amendments to Title 10

Sec. 1641. Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office.
Sec. 1642. Sexual Assault Response Coordinators and Sexual Assault Victim Advocates.
Sec. 1643. Sexual assault victims access to legal counsel and Victim Advocate services.
Sec. 1644. Notification of command of outcome of court-martial involving charges of sexual assault.
Sec. 1645. Copy of record of court-martial to victim of sexual assault involving a member of the Armed Forces.
Sec. 1646. Medical care for victims of sexual assault.
Sec. 1647. Privilege against disclosure of certain communications with Sexual Assault Victim Advocates.
Sec. 1648. Expedited consideration and priority for application for consideration of a permanent change of station or unit transfer based on humanitarian conditions for victim of sexual assault.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

Sec. 1661. Recruiter selection and oversight.
Sec. 1662. Availability of services under sexual assault prevention and response program for dependents of members, military retirees, Department of Defense civilian employees, and defense contractor employees.
Sec. 1663. Application of sexual assault prevention and response program in training environments.
Sec. 1664. Application of sexual assault prevention and response program in remote environments and joint basing situations.

TITLE XVII—FEDERAL INFORMATION SECURITY

Subtitle A—Federal Information Security Amendments

Sec. 1701. Coordination of Federal Information Policy.
Sec. 1702. Information security acquisition requirements.
Sec. 1703. Technical and conforming amendments.
Sec. 1704. Effective date.

Subtitle B—Federal Chief Technology Officer
TITLE XVIII—GUAM WORLD WAR II LOYALTY RECOGNITION ACT

Sec. 1801. Short title.
Sec. 1802. Recognition of the suffering and loyalty of the residents of Guam.
Sec. 1803. Payments for Guam World War II claims.
Sec. 1804. Adjudication.
Sec. 1805. Grants program to memorialize the occupation of Guam during World War II.
Sec. 1806. Authorization of appropriations.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 2002. Expiration of authorizations and amounts required to be specified by law.
Sec. 2003. Effective date.

TITLE XXI—ARMY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2101. Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2102. Family housing.
Sec. 2103. Use of unobligated Army military construction funds in conjunction with funds provided by the Commonwealth of Virginia to carry out certain fiscal year 2002 project.
Sec. 2104. Modification of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2009 project.
Sec. 2105. Modification of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2010 project.
Sec. 2106. Extension of authorizations of certain fiscal year 2008 projects.

TITLE XXII—NAVY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2201. Authorized Navy construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2202. Family housing.
Sec. 2203. Technical amendment to reflect multi-increment fiscal year 2010 project.
Sec. 2204. Extension of authorization of certain fiscal year 2008 project.

TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2301. Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2302. Family housing.
Sec. 2303. Extension of authorization of certain fiscal year 2007 project.

TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Subtitle A—Defense Agency Authorizations

Sec. 2401. Authorized Defense Agencies construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2402. Family housing.
Sec. 2403. Energy conservation projects.
Subtitle B—Chemical Demilitarization Authorizations

Sec. 2411. Authorization of appropriations, chemical demilitarization construction, defense-wide.
Sec. 2412. Modification of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2000 project.

TITLE XXV—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM

Sec. 2501. Authorized NATO construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2502. Authorization of appropriations, NATO.

TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

Sec. 2601. Authorized Army National Guard construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2602. Authorized Army Reserve construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2603. Authorized Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2604. Authorized Air National Guard construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2605. Authorized Air Force Reserve construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2606. Extension of authorizations of certain fiscal year 2008 projects.

TITLE XXVII—BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES

Subtitle A—Authorizations

Sec. 2701. Authorization of appropriations for base realignment and closure activities funded through Department of Defense Base Closure Account 1990.
Sec. 2702. Authorized base realignment and closure activities funded through Department of Defense Base Closure Account 2005.
Sec. 2703. Authorization of appropriations for base realignment and closure activities funded through Department of Defense Base Closure Account 2005.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

Sec. 2711. Transportation plan for BRAC 133 project under Fort Belvoir, Virginia, BRAC initiative.

TITLE XXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Military Construction Program and Military Family Housing Changes

Sec. 2801. Availability of military construction information on Internet.
Sec. 2802. Authority to transfer proceeds from sale of military family housing to Department of Defense Family Housing Improvement Fund.
Sec. 2803. Enhanced authority for provision of excess contributions for NATO Security Investment program.
Sec. 2804. Duration of authority to use Pentagon Reservation Maintenance Re- 
volving Fund for construction and repairs at Pentagon Res-
ervation.
Sec. 2805. Authority to use operation and maintenance funds for construction 
projects inside the United States Central Command area of re-
sponsibility.
Sec. 2806. Veterans to Work pilot program for military construction projects.

Subtitle B—Real Property and Facilities Administration
Sec. 2811. Notice-and-wait requirements applicable to real property trans-
actions.
Sec. 2812. Treatment of proceeds generated from leases of non-excess property 
involving military museums.
Sec. 2813. Repeal of expired authority to lease land for special operations ac-
tivities.
Sec. 2814. Former Naval Bombardment Area, Culebra Island, Puerto Rico.
Sec. 2815. Clarification of authority of Secretary to assist with development of 
public infrastructure in connection with the establishment or 
expansion of a military installation.

Subtitle C—Provisions Related to Guam Realignment
Sec. 2821. Sense of Congress regarding importance of providing community ad-
justment assistance to Government of Guam.
Sec. 2822. Department of Defense assistance for community adjustments re-
lated to realignment of military installations and relocation of 
military personnel on Guam.
Sec. 2823. Extension of term of Deputy Secretary of Defense’s leadership of 
Guam Oversight Council.
Sec. 2824. Utility conveyances to support integrated water and wastewater 
treatment system on Guam.
Sec. 2825. Report on types of facilities required to support Guam realignment. 
Sec. 2826. Report on civilian infrastructure needs for Guam.
Sec. 2827. Comptroller General report on planned replacement Naval Hospital 
on Guam.

Subtitle D—Energy Security
Sec. 2831. Consideration of environmentally sustainable practices in Depart-
ment energy performance plan.
Sec. 2832. Plan and implementation guidelines for achieving Department of 
Defense goal regarding use of renewable energy to meet facility 
energy needs.
Sec. 2833. Insulation retrofitting assessment for Department of Defense facili-
ties.

Subtitle E—Land Conveyances
Sec. 2841. Conveyance of personal property related to waste-to-energy power 
plant serving Eielson Air Force Base, Alaska.
Sec. 2842. Land conveyance, Whittier Petroleum, Oil, and Lubricant Tank 
Farm, Whittier, Alaska.
Sec. 2843. Land conveyance, Fort Knox, Kentucky.
Sec. 2844. Land conveyance, Naval Support Activity (West Bank), New Orle-
ans, Louisiana.
Sec. 2845. Land conveyance, former Navy Extremely Low Frequency communications project site, Republic, Michigan.
Sec. 2846. Land conveyance, Marine Forces Reserve Center, Wilmington, North Carolina.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

Sec. 2851. Requirements related to providing world class military medical facilities.
Sec. 2852. Naming of Armed Forces Reserve Center, Middletown, Connecticut.

TITLE XXIX—OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Subtitle A—Fiscal Year 2010 Projects

Sec. 2901. Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2902. Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle B—Fiscal Year 2011 Projects

Sec. 2911. Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2912. Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects and authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 2914. Construction authorization for Department of Defense facilities in a foreign country.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

Sec. 2921. Notification of obligation of funds and quarterly reports.

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs Authorizations

Sec. 3101. National Nuclear Security Administration.
Sec. 3102. Defense environmental cleanup.
Sec. 3103. Other defense activities.
Sec. 3104. Energy security and assurance.

Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 3111. Extension of authority relating to the International Materials Protection, Control, and Accounting Program of the Department of Energy.
Sec. 3112. Energy parks initiative.
Sec. 3113. Establishment of technology transfer centers.
Sec. 3114. Aircraft procurement.
Sec. 3115. Enhancing private-sector employment through technology transfer activities.

Subtitle C—Reports

Sec. 3121. Comptroller General report on NNSA biennial complex modernization strategy.
Sec. 3122. Report on graded security protection policy.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

Sec. 3201. Authorization.

TITLE XXXIV—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Sec. 3401. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE XXXV—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 3501. Authorization of appropriations for national security aspects of the merchant marine for fiscal year 2011.
Sec. 3502. Extension of Maritime Security Fleet program.
Sec. 3503. United States Merchant Marine Academy nominations of residents of the Northern Mariana Islands.
Sec. 3504. Administrative expenses for Port of Guam Improvement Enterprise Program.
Sec. 3505. Vessel loan guarantees: procedures for traditional and nontraditional applications.

DIVISION D—IMPLEMENTING MANAGEMENT FOR PERFORMANCE AND RELATED REFORMS TO OBTAIN VALUE IN EVERY ACQUISITION ACT

Sec. 100A. Short title.
Sec. 100B. Definition of congressional defense committees.

TITLE I—DEFENSE ACQUISITION SYSTEM

Sec. 101. Performance management of the defense acquisition system.
Sec. 102. Meaningful consideration by Joint Requirements Oversight Council of input from certain officials.
Sec. 103. Performance management for the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System.
Sec. 104. Requirements for the acquisition of services.
Sec. 105. Joint evaluation task forces.
Sec. 106. Review of defense acquisition guidance.
Sec. 107. Requirement to include references to services acquisition throughout the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
Sec. 108. Procurement of military purpose nondevelopmental items.

TITLE II—DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE

Sec. 201. Acquisition workforce excellence.
Sec. 202. Amendments to the acquisition workforce demonstration project.
Sec. 203. Incentive programs for civilian and military personnel in the acquisition workforce.
Sec. 204. Career development for civilian and military personnel in the acquisition workforce.
Sec. 205. Recertification and training requirements.
Sec. 206. Information technology acquisition workforce.
Sec. 207. Definition of acquisition workforce.
Sec. 208. Defense Acquisition University curriculum review.
Sec. 209. Cost estimating internship and scholarship programs.
Sec. 210. Prohibition on personal services contracts for senior mentors.

TITLE III—FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Sec. 301. Incentives for achieving auditability.
Sec. 302. Measures required after failure to achieve auditability.
Sec. 303. Review of obligation and expenditure thresholds.
Sec. 304. Disclosure and traceability of the cost of Department of Defense health care contracts.

TITLE IV—INDUSTRIAL BASE

Sec. 401. Expansion of the industrial base.
Sec. 402. Commercial pricing analysis.
Sec. 403. Contractor and grantee disclosure of delinquent Federal tax debts.
Sec. 404. Independence of contract audits and business system reviews.
Sec. 405. Blue ribbon panel on eliminating barriers to contracting with the Department of Defense.
Sec. 406. Inclusion of the providers of services and information technology in the national technology and industrial base.
Sec. 407. Construction of Act on competition requirements for the acquisition of services.
Sec. 408. Acquisition Savings Program.
Sec. 409. Sense of Congress regarding compliance with the Berry Amendment, the Buy American Act, and labor standards of the United States.
Sec. 410. Industrial Base Council and Fund.

TITLE V—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 501. Clothing allowance requirement.
Sec. 502. Requirement that cost or price to the Federal Government be given at least equal importance as technical or other criteria in evaluating competitive proposals for defense contracts.

1 SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.

2 For purposes of this Act, the term “congressional defense committees” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(16) of title 10, United States Code.

5 SEC. 4. TREATMENT OF SUCCESSOR CONTINGENCY OPERATION TO OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM.

7 Any law or regulation applicable to Operation Iraqi Freedom shall apply in the same manner and to the same
extent to the successor contingency operation known as
Operation New Dawn, except as specifically provided in
this Act, any amendment made by this Act, or any other
law enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF
DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Subtitle A—Authorization of
Appropriations

SEC. 101. ARMY.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
fiscal year 2011 for procurement for the Army as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $5,986,361,000.

(2) For missiles, $1,631,463,000.

(3) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles,
$1,616,245,000.

(4) For ammunition, $1,946,948,000.

(5) For other procurement, $9,398,728,000.

SEC. 102. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

(a) NAVY.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appro-
piated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement for the Navy
as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $19,132,613,000.

(2) For weapons, including missiles and tor-
pedoes, $3,350,894,000.
(3) For shipbuilding and conversion, $15,724,520,000.

(4) For other procurement, $6,450,208,000.

(b) MARINE CORPS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement for the Marine Corps in the amount of $1,379,044,000.

(e) NAVY AND MARINE CORPS AMMUNITION.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement of ammunition for the Navy and the Marine Corps in the amount of $817,991,000.

SEC. 103. AIR FORCE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement for the Air Force as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $15,355,908,000.

(2) For ammunition, $672,420,000.

(3) For missiles, $5,470,772,000.

(4) For other procurement, $17,911,730,000.

SEC. 104. DEFENSE-WIDE ACTIVITIES.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for Defense-wide procurement in the amount of $4,399,768,000.
Subtitle B—Army Programs

SEC. 111. PROCUREMENT OF EARLY INFANTRY BRIGADE COMBAT TEAM INCREMENT ONE EQUIPMENT.

(a) LIMITATION ON PRODUCTION QUANTITIES.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense may not procure more than two brigade sets of early-infantry brigade combat team increment one equipment (in this section referred to as a “brigade set”).

(b) APPLICABILITY TO LONG-LEAD PRODUCTION ITEMS.—The limitation in subsection (a) includes procurement of a long-lead item for an element of a brigade set beyond the two brigade sets authorized under such subsection.

(c) WAIVER.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics may waive the limitation in subsection (a) if—

(1) the Under Secretary submits to Congress written certification that—

(A) the initial operational test and evaluation of the brigade set has been completed;

(B) the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation has submitted to Congress a report describing the results of the initial operational test and evaluation (as described in section
2399(b) of title 10, United States Code) and
the comparative test of the brigade set;

(C) all of the subsystems tested in the ini-
tial operational test and evaluation were tested
in the intended production configuration; and

(D) all radios planned for fielding with the
brigade set have received the appropriate Na-
tional Security Agency approvals, as determined
by the Under Secretary; and

(2) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the
date on which the certification under paragraph (1)
is received.

(d) Exception for Meeting Operational Need
Statement Requirements.—The limitation in sub-
section (a) does not apply to the procurement of individual
components of the brigade set if the procurement of such
components is specifically intended to address an oper-
tional need statement requirement (as described in Army
Regulation 71–9 or a successor regulation).

SEC. 112. REPORT ON ARMY BATTLEFIELD NETWORK
PLANS AND PROGRAMS.

(a) Report Required.—Not later than March 1,
2011, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the con-
gressional defense committees a report on plans for field-
ing tactical communications network equipment. Such re-
port shall include—

(1) an explanation of the current communica-
tions architecture of every level of the Army;

(2) an explanation of the future communica-
tions architecture of every level of the Army;

(3) the quantities and types of new equipment
that the Secretary plans to procure in the 5-year pe-
period following the date on which the report is sub-
mitted in order to develop the architecture described
in paragraph (2);

(4) a list of the equipment described in para-
graph (3) that is included in the budget of the Presi-
dent for fiscal year 2012 (as submitted to Congress
pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States
Code); and

(5) for each item included in the list of equip-
ment described in paragraph (3)—

(A) an updated average procurement unit
cost for each year of the covered 5-year period;
and

(B) the updated total Army acquisition ob-
jective.

(b) LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS.—Ex-
cept as provided in subsection (e), of the funds authorized
to be appropriated by this or any other Act for fiscal year 2011 for procurement, Army, for tactical radios or tactical communications network equipment, not more than 50 percent may be obligated or expended until the date that is 15 days after the date on which the report is submitted under subsection (a).

(e) Exception for Meeting Operational Need Statement Requirements.—The limitation in subsection (b) does not apply to the procurement of tactical radio or tactical communications network equipment if the procurement of such equipment is specifically intended to address an operational need statement requirement (as described in Army Regulation 71–9 or a successor regulation).

(d) Tactical Communications Network Equipment Defined.—In this section, the term “tactical communications network equipment” means all electronic communications systems operated by a tactical unit (of brigade size or smaller) of the Army.

SEC. 113. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR LINE-HAUL TRACTORS.

(a) Limitation.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 101(5) for other procurement, Army, may be obligated or expended by the Secretary of
the Army for line-haul tractors unless the source selection
is made based on a full and open competition.

(b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of the Army may waive
the limitation under subsection (a) if the Secretary cer-
tifies to the congressional defense committees by not later
than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act
that a sole source selection—

(1) is needed to fulfill mission requirements; or

(2) is more cost effective than a full and open

competition.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

SEC. 121. INCREMENTAL FUNDING FOR PROCUREMENT OF
LARGE NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) INCREMENTAL FUNDING OF LARGE NAVAL VES-
SELS.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Sec-
retary of the Navy may use incremental funding for the
procurement of a large naval vessel over a period not to
exceed the number of years equal to three-fourths of the
total period of planned ship construction of such vessel.

(b) LPD 26.—With respect to the vessel designated
LPD 26, the Secretary may use incremental funding for
the procurement of such vessel through fiscal year 2012
if the Secretary determines that such incremental fund-
ing—
(1) is in the best interest of the overall shipbuilding efforts of the Navy;

(2) is needed to provide the Secretary with the ability to facilitate changes to the shipbuilding industrial base of the Navy; and

(3) will provide the Secretary with the ability to award a contract for construction of the vessel that provides the best value to the United States.

(e) Condition for Out-Year Contract Payments.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) or (b) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract for a fiscal year after the fiscal year the vessel was authorized is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose for that later fiscal year.

(d) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “large naval vessel” means a vessel—

(A) that is—

(i) an aircraft carrier designated a CVN;

(ii) an amphibious assault ship designated LPD, LHA, LHD, or LSD; or

(iii) an auxiliary vessel; and
(B) that has a light ship displacement of 17,000 tons or more.

(2) The term “total period of planned ship construction” means the period of years beginning on the date of the first authorization of funding (not including funding requested for advance procurement) and ending on the date that is projected on the date of the first authorization of funding to be the delivery date of the vessel to the Navy.

SEC. 122. MULTIYEAR PROCUREMENT OF F/A–18E, F/A–18F, AND EA–18G AIRCRAFT.

(a) Multiyear Procurement.—

(1) Additional Authority.—Section 128 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2217) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(e) Updated Report.—With respect to a multiyear contract entered into under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense may submit to the congressional defense committees an update to the report under section 2306b(l)(4) of title 10, United States Code, by not later than September 1, 2010.

“(f) Required Authority.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with respect to a multiyear contract
entered into under subsection (a), this section shall be
deemed to meet the requirements under subsection (i)(3)
and (l)(3) of section 2306b of title 10, United States Code.

“(g) Exception to Certain Requirement.—Section 8008(b) of the Department of Defense Appropriations
Act, 1998 (Public Law 105–56; 10 U.S.C. 2306b note) shall not apply to a multiyear contract entered into under
subsection (a).

“(h) Use of Funds.—

“(1) Procurement.—In accordance with paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that
all funds authorized to be appropriated for the advance procurement or procurement of F/A–18E, F/
A–18F, or EA–18G aircraft under this section are
obligated or expended for such purpose.

“(2) Use of Excess Funds.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that any excess funds are
obligated or expended for the advance procurement or procurement of F/A–18E or F/A–18F aircraft
under this section, regardless of whether such aircraft are in addition to the 515 F/A–18E and F/A–
18F aircraft planned by the Secretary of the Navy.

“(3) Excess Funds Defined.—In this subsection, the term ‘excess funds’, with respect to
funds available for the advance procurement or pro-
procurement of F/A–18E, F/A–18F, or EA–18G aircraft under this section, means the amount of funds that is equal to the difference of—

“(A) the sum of—

“(i) the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise available for fiscal year 2010 for the advance procurement and procurement of F/A–18E, F/A–18F, or EA–18G aircraft; and

“(ii) the funding levels for the advance procurement and procurement of such aircraft for fiscal years 2011 through 2013 proposed by the Secretary of Defense in the future-years defense program for fiscal year 2011 submitted under section 221 of title 10, United States Code; and

“(B) the funds required to execute the multiyear contracts for the advance procurement and procurement of such aircraft under this section.”.

(2) Extension of Certification.—Paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of such section is amended by striking “a reference to March” and inserting “a reference to September”.

(b) FULL FUNDING CERTIFICATION.—Paragraph (1) of section 8011 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111–118; 10 U.S.C. 2306b note) is amended by inserting after “within 30 days of enactment of this Act” the following: “(or in the case of a multiyear contract for the procurement of F/A–18E, F/A–18F, or EA–18G aircraft, by the date that is not less than 30 days prior to the contract award)”.

SEC. 123. REPORT ON NAVAL FORCE STRUCTURE AND MISSILE DEFENSE.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the Chief of Naval Operations, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the requirements of the major combatant surface vessels with respect to missile defense.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report shall include the following:

(1) An analysis of whether the requirement for sea-based missile defense can be accommodated by upgrading Aegis ships that exist as of the date of the report or by procuring additional combatant surface vessels.

(2) Whether such sea-based missile defense will require increasing the overall number of combatant
surface vessels beyond the requirement of 88 cruis-
ers and destroyers in the 313-ship fleet plan of the
Navy.

(3) The number of Aegis ships needed by each
combatant commander to fulfill ballistic missile de-
fense requirements, including (in consultation with
the Chairman of the Joints Chiefs of Staff) the
number of such ships needed to support the phased,
adaptive approach to ballistic missile defense in Eu-

erope.

(4) A discussion of the potential effect of bal-
listic missile defense operations on the ability of the
Navy to meet surface fleet demands in each geo-
graphic area and for each mission set.

(5) An evaluation of how the Aegis ballistic
missile defense program can succeed as part of a
balanced fleet of adequate size and strength to meet
the security needs of the United States.

(6) A description of both the shortfalls and the
benefits of expected technological advancements in
the sea-based missile defense program.

(7) A description of the anticipated plan for de-
ployment of Aegis ballistic missile ships within the
context of the fleet response plan.
Subtitle D—Air Force Programs

SEC. 131. PRESERVATION AND STORAGE OF UNIQUE TOOLING FOR F–22 FIGHTER AIRCRAFT.

Subsection (b) of section 133 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat.2219) is amended by striking “2010” and inserting “2011”.

Subtitle E—Joint and Multiservice Matters

SEC. 141. LIMITATION ON PROCUREMENT OF F–35 LIGHTNING II AIRCRAFT.

(a) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in subsection (c), of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2011 for aircraft procurement, Air Force, and aircraft procurement, Navy, for F–35 Lightning II aircraft, not more than an amount necessary for the procurement of 30 such aircraft may be obligated or expended unless—

(1) the certifications under subsection (b) are received by the congressional defense committees on or before January 15, 2011; and

(2) a period of 15 days has elapsed after the date of such receipt.

(b) CERTIFICATIONS.—Not later than January 15, 2011—
(1) the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisi-
1 tion, Technology, and Logistics shall certify in writ-
2 ing to the congressional defense committees that—
3 (A) each of the 11 scheduled system devel-
4 opment and demonstration aircraft planned in
5 the schedule for delivery during 2010 has been
6 delivered to the designated test location;
7 (B) the initial service release has been
8 granted for the F135 engine designated for the
9 short take-off and vertical landing variant;
10 (C) facility configuration and industrial
11 tooling capability and capacity is sufficient to
12 support production of at least 42 F–35 aircraft
13 for fiscal year 2011;
14 (D) block 1.0 software has been released
15 and is in flight test;
16 (E) the Secretary of Defense has—
17 (i) determined that two F–35 aircraft
18 from low-rate initial production 1 have met
19 established criteria for acceptance; and
20 (ii) accepted such aircraft for delivery;
21 and
22 (F) advance procurement funds appro-
23 priated for the advance procurement of F136
24 engines for fiscal years 2009 and 2010 have ei-
ther been obligated or the Secretary of Defense has submitted a reprogramming action to the congressional defense committees that would reprogram such funds to meet other F136 development requirements; and

(2) the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation shall certify in writing to the congressional defense committees that—

(A) the F–35C aircraft designated as CF–1 has effectively accomplished its first flight;

(B) the 394 F–35 aircraft test flights planned in the schedule to occur during 2010 have been completed with sufficient results;

(C) 95 percent of the 3,772 flight test points planned for completion in 2010 were accomplished;

(D) the conventional take-off and land variant low observable signature flight test has been conducted and the results of such test have met or exceeded threshold key performance parameters;

(E) six F136 engines have been made available for testing; and
(F) not less than 1,000 test hours have been completed in the F136 system development and demonstration program.

(c) WAIVER.—After January 15, 2011, the Secretary of Defense may waive the limitation in subsection (a) if each of the following occurs:

(1) The written certification described in subsection (b)(1) is submitted by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics not later than January 15, 2011.

(2) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics certifies in writing to the congressional defense committees that the failure to fully achieve the milestones described in subsection (b)(2) will not—

(A) delay or otherwise negatively affect the F–35 aircraft test schedule for fiscal year 2011;

(B) impede production of 42 F–35 aircraft in such fiscal year; and

(C) otherwise increase risk to the F–35 aircraft program.

(3) A period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which the certification under paragraph (2) is submitted to the congressional defense committees.
(d) **Schedule Defined.**—In this section, the term "schedule" means the F–35 Lightning II program update schedule received by the congressional defense committees on March 15, 2010.

**SEC. 142. LIMITATIONS ON BIOMETRIC SYSTEMS FUNDS.**

(a) **General Limitation.**—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2011 for biometrics programs and operations, not more than 85 percent may be obligated or expended until—

(1) the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees a report on the actions taken—

(A) to implement subparagraphs (A) through (F) of paragraph (16) of the National Security Presidential Directive dated June 5, 2008 (NSPD–59);

(B) to implement the recommendations of the Comptroller General of the United States included in the report of the Comptroller General numbered GAO–08–1065 dated September 2008;

(C) to implement the recommendations of the Comptroller General included in the report
of the Comptroller General numbered GAO–09–49 dated October 2008;

(D) to fully and completely characterize the current biometrics architecture and establish the objective architecture for the Department of Defense;

(E) to ensure that an official of the Office of the Secretary of Defense has the authority necessary to be responsible for ensuring that all funding for biometrics programs and operations is programmed, budgeted, and executed; and

(F) to ensure that an officer within the Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff has the authority necessary to be responsible for ensuring the development and implementation of common and interoperable standards for the collection, storage, and use of biometrics data by all combatant commanders and their commands; and

(2) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which the report is submitted under paragraph (1).

(b) **Specific Limitation.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2011 for biometrics programs and operations may be obligated or expended unless the Under
Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics (acting through the Director of Defense Biometrics) approves such obligation or expenditure in writing.

SEC. 143. COUNTER-IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICE INITIATIVES DATABASE.

(a) COMPREHENSIVE DATABASE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization, shall develop and maintain a comprehensive database containing appropriate information for coordinating, tracking, and archiving each counter-improvised explosive device initiative within the Department of Defense. The database shall, at a minimum, ensure the visibility of each counter-improvised explosive device initiative.

(2) USE OF INFORMATION.—Using information contained in the database developed under paragraph (1), the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization, shall—

(A) identify and eliminate redundant counter-improvised explosive device initiatives;
(B) facilitate the transition of counter-improved explosive device initiatives from funding under the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Fund to funding provided by the military departments; and

(C) notify the appropriate personnel and organizations prior to a counter-improvised explosive device initiative being funded through the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Fund.

(3) COORDINATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure that the Secretary of each military department coordinates and collaborates on development of the database to ensure its interoperability, completeness, consistency, and effectiveness.

(b) METRICS.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization, shall—

(1) develop appropriate means to measure the effectiveness of counter-improvised explosive device initiatives; and

(2) prioritize the funding of such initiatives according to such means.

(1) by striking paragraph (4); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4).

(d) Counter-improvised Explosive Device Initiative Defined.—In this section, the term “counter-improvised explosive device initiative” means any project, program, or research activity funded by any component of the Department of Defense that is intended to assist or support efforts to counter, combat, or defeat the use of improvised explosive devices.

SEC. 144. STUDY ON LIGHTWEIGHT BODY ARMOR SOLUTIONS.

(a) Study Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to conduct a study to—

(1) assess the effectiveness of the processes used by the Secretary to identify and examine the
requirements for lighter weight body armor systems;

and

(2) determine ways in which the Secretary may more effectively address the research, development, and procurement requirements regarding reducing the weight of body armor.

(b) MATTERS COVERED.—The study conducted under subsection (a) shall include findings and recommendations regarding the following:

(1) The requirement for lighter weight body armor and personal protective equipment and the ability of the Secretary to meet such requirement.

(2) Innovative design ideas for more modular body armor that allow for scalable protection levels for various missions and threats.

(3) The need for research, development, and acquisition funding dedicated specifically for reducing the weight of body armor.

(4) The efficiency and effectiveness of current body armor funding procedures and processes.

(5) Industry concerns, capabilities, and willingness to invest in the development and production of lightweight body armor initiatives.

(6) Barriers preventing the development of lighter weight body armor (including such barriers
with respect to technical, institutional, or financial
problems).

(7) Changes to procedures or policy with re-
spect to lightweight body armor.

(8) Other areas of concern not previously ad-
dressed by equipping boards, body armor producers,
or program managers.

(c) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180
days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
retary shall submit to the congressional defense commit-
tees a report on the study conducted under subsection (a).

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOP-
MENT, TEST, AND EVALUA-
TION

Subtitle A—Authorization of
Appropriations

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
fiscal year 2011 for the use of the Department of Defense
for research, development, test, and evaluation as follows:

(1) For the Army, $10,316,754,000.

(2) For the Navy, $17,978,646,000.

(3) For the Air Force, $27,269,902,000.

(4) For Defense-wide activities, $20,908,006,000, of which $194,910,000 is author-
ized for the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 211. REPORT REQUIREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT PROGRAM OF THE OHIO-CLASS BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBMARINE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The sea-based strategic deterrence provided by the ballistic missile submarine force of the Navy has been essential to the national security of the United States since the deployment of the first ballistic missile submarine, the USS George Washington SSBN 598, in 1960.

(2) Since 1960, a total of 59 submarines have served the United States to provide the sea-based strategic deterrence.

(3) As of the date of the enactment of this Act, the sea-based strategic deterrence is provided by the tremendous capability of the 14 ships of the Ohio-class submarine force, which have been the primary sea-based deterrent force for more than two decades.
(4) Ballistic missile submarines are the most survivable asset in the arsenal of the United States in the event of a surprise nuclear attack on the country because, being submerged for months at a time, these submarines are virtually undetectable to any adversary and therefore invulnerable to attack, thus providing the submarines with the ability to respond with significant force against any adversary who attacks the United States or its allies.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) as Ohio-class submarines reach the end of their service life and are retired, the United States must maintain the robust sea-based strategic deterrent force that has the ability to remain undetected by potential adversaries and must have the capability to deliver a retaliatory strike of such magnitude that no rational actor would dare attack the United States;

(2) the Secretary of Defense should conduct a comprehensive analysis of the alternative capabilities to provide the sea-based strategic deterrence that includes consideration of different types and sizes of submarines, different types and sizes of missile systems, the number of submarines necessary to pro-
vide such deterrence, and the cost of each alter-

ative; and

(3) prior to requesting more than

$1,000,000,000 in research and development fund-
ing to develop a replacement for the Ohio-class bal-
listic missile submarine force in advance of a Mile-
stone A decision, the Secretary of Defense should
have made available to Congress the guidance issued
by the Director of Cost Assessment and Perform-
ance Evaluation with respect to the analysis of alter-
native capabilities and the results of such analysis.

(c) LIMITATION.—

(1) REPORT.—Of the funds authorized to be
appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available
for fiscal year 2011 for research and development
for the Navy, not more than 50 percent may be obli-
gated or expended to research or develop a sub-
marine as a replacement for the Ohio-class ballistic
missile submarine force unless—

(A) the Secretary of Defense submits to
the congressional defense committees a report
including—

(i) guidance issued by the Director of
Cost Assessment and Performance Evalua-
tion with respect to the analysis of alter-
native capabilities to provide the sea-based strategic deterrence currently provided by the Ohio-class ballistic missile submarine force and any other guidance relating to requirements for such alternatives intended to affect the analysis;

(ii) an analysis of the alternative capabilities considered by the Secretary to continue the sea-based strategic deterrence currently provided by the Ohio-class ballistic missile submarine force, including—

(I) the cost estimates for each alternative capability;

(II) the operational challenges and benefits associated with each alternative capability; and

(III) the time needed to develop and deploy each alternative capability; and

(iii) detailed reasoning associated with the decision to replace the capability of sea-based deterrence provided by the Ohio-class ballistic missile submarine force with an alternative capability designed to carry the Trident II D5 missile; and
(B) a period of 30 days has elapsed after
the date on which the report under subpara-
graph (A) is submitted.

(2) Form.—The report required by paragraph
(1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may
include a classified annex.

SEC. 212. LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS FOR F–35
LIGHTNING II AIRCRAFT PROGRAM.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this
Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2011 for
research, development, test, and evaluation for the F–35
Lightning II aircraft program, not more than 75 percent
may be obligated until the date that is 15 days after the
date on which the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisi-
tion, Technology, and Logistics submits to the congres-
sional defense committees certification in writing that all
funds made available for fiscal year 2011 for the contin-
ued development and procurement of a competitive propul-
sion system for the F–35 Lightning II aircraft have been
obligated.
SEC. 213. INCLUSION IN ANNUAL BUDGET REQUEST AND FUTURE-YEARS DEFENSE PROGRAM OF SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS FOR CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT AND PROCUREMENT OF COMPETITIVE PROPULSION SYSTEM FOR F-35 LIGHTNING II AIRCRAFT.

(a) ANNUAL BUDGET.—Chapter 9 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 236. Budgeting for competitive propulsion system for F-35 Lightning II aircraft

"(a) ANNUAL BUDGET.—Effective for the budget for fiscal year 2012 and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall include in the defense budget materials a request for such amounts as are necessary for the full funding of the continued development and procurement of a competitive propulsion system for the F-35 Lightning II aircraft.

"(b) FUTURE-YEARS DEFENSE PROGRAM.—In each future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of this title, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the estimated expenditures and proposed appropriations for the F-35 Lightning II aircraft, for each fiscal year of the period covered by that program, include sufficient amounts for the full funding of the continued

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development and procurement of a competitive propulsion system for the F–35 Lightning II aircraft.

“(c) REQUIREMENT TO OBLIGATE AND EXPEND FUNDS.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 or any fiscal year thereafter, for research, development, test, and evaluation and procurement for the F–35 Lightning II aircraft program, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure the obligation and expenditure in each such fiscal year of sufficient annual amounts for the continued development and procurement of two options for the propulsion system for the F–35 Lightning II aircraft in order to ensure the development and competitive production for the propulsion system for such aircraft.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘budget’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the budget for that fiscal year that is submitted to Congress by the President under section 1105(a) of title 31.

“(2) The term ‘defense budget materials’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the materials submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense in support of the budget for that fiscal year.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by at the end the following new item:
(e) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 213 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181) is repealed.

SEC. 214. SEPARATE PROGRAM ELEMENTS REQUIRED FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE.

In the budget materials submitted to the President by the Secretary of Defense in connection with the submission to Congress, pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, of the budget for fiscal year 2012, and each subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary shall ensure that within each research, development, test, and evaluation account of the Army and the Navy a separate, dedicated program element is assigned to the Joint Light Tactical Vehicle.

Subtitle C—Missile Defense Programs

SEC. 221. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR MISSILE DEFENSES IN EUROPE.

(a) LIMITATION ON CONSTRUCTION AND DEPLOYMENT OF SYSTEMS.—No funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 or any fiscal year thereafter may be obligated or expended for site acti-
vation, construction, preparation of equipment for, or de-
ployment of a medium-range or long-range missile defense
system in Europe until—

(1) any nation agreeing to host such system has
signed and ratified a missile defense basing agree-
ment and a status of forces agreement; and

(2) a period of 45 days has elapsed following
the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits
to the congressional defense committees the report
on the independent assessment of alternative missile
defense systems in Europe required by section
235(c)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act
for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat.
2235).

(b) LIMITATION ON PROCUREMENT OR DEPLOYMENT
OF INTERCEPTORS.—No funds authorized to be appro-
priated by this Act or otherwise made available for the
Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 or any fiscal
year thereafter may be obligated or expended for the pro-
curement (other than initial long-lead procurement) or de-
ployment of operational missiles of a medium-range or
long-range missile defense system in Europe until the Sec-
retary of Defense, after receiving the views of the Director
of Operational Test and Evaluation, submits to the con-
gressional defense committees a report certifying that the
proposed interceptor to be deployed as part of such missile
defense system has demonstrated, through successful,
operationally realistic flight testing, a high probability of
working in an operationally effective manner and that
such missile defense system has the ability to accomplish
the mission.

(e) **Conforming Repeal.**—Section 234 of the Na-
tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010
(Public Law 111–81; 123 Stat. 2234) is repealed.

**SEC. 222. REPEAL OF PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN CON-
TRACTS BY MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY WITH
FOREIGN ENTITIES.**

Section 222 of the National Defense Authorization
Act for Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (Public Law 100–
180; 101 Stat. 1055; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note) is repealed.

**SEC. 223. PHASED, ADAPTIVE APPROACH TO MISSILE DE-
FENSE IN EUROPE.**

(a) **Sense of Congress.**—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) the new phased, adaptive approach to mis-
sile defense in Europe, announced by the President
on September 17, 2009, should be supported by
sound analysis, program plans, schedules, and tech-
nologies that are credible;
(2) the cost, performance, and risk of such approach to missile defense should be well understood; and

(3) Congress should have access to information regarding the analyses, plans, schedules, technologies, cost, performance, and risk of such approach to missile defense in order to conduct effective oversight.

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—

(1) REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the phased, adaptive approach to missile defense in Europe.

(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A discussion of the analyses conducted by the Secretary of Defense preceding the announcement of the phased, adaptive Approach to missile defense in Europe on September 17, 2009, including—

(i) a description of any alternatives considered;

(ii) the criteria used to analyze each such alternative; and
(iii) the result of each analysis, including a description of the criteria used to judge each alternative.

(B) A discussion of any independent assessments or reviews of alternative approaches to missile defense in Europe considered by the Secretary in support of the announcement of the phased, adaptive approach to missile defense in Europe on September 17, 2009.

(C) A description of the architecture for each of the four phases of the phased, adaptive approach to missile defense in Europe, including—

(i) the composition, basing locations, and quantities of ballistic missile defense assets, including ships, batteries, interceptors, radars and other sensors, and command and control nodes;

(ii) program schedules and site-specific schedules with task activities, test plans, and knowledge and decision points;

(iii) technology maturity levels of missile defense assets and plans for retiring technical risks;
(iv) planned performance of missile defense assets and defended area coverage, including sensitivity analysis to various basing scenarios and varying threat capabilities (including simple and complex threats, liquid and solid-fueled ballistic missiles, and varying raid sizes);

(v) operational concepts and how such operational concepts effect force structure and inventory requirements;

(vi) total cost estimates and funding profiles, by year, for acquisition, fielding, and operations and support; and

(vii) acquisition strategies.

(3) GAO.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report assessing the report under paragraph (1) pursuant to section 232(g) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107–107; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note).

(c) LIMITATION ON FUNDS.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 301(5) for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, for the Office of the Secretary of Defense, not more than 95 percent of such amounts may be obligated or expended until the date on
which the report required under subsection (b)(1) is sub-
mitted to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 224. HOMELAND DEFENSE HEDGING POLICY.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) As noted by the Director of National Intel-
ligence, testifying before the Senate Select Com-
mittee on Intelligence on February 2, 2010, “the
Iranian regime continues to flout UN Security
Council restrictions on its nuclear program. . .we
judge Iran would likely choose missile delivery as its
preferred method of delivering a nuclear weapon.
Iran already has the largest inventory of ballistic
missiles in the Middle East and it continues to ex-
pand the scale, reach, and sophistication of its bal-
listic missile forces—many of which are inherently
capable of carrying a nuclear payload.”.

(2) The Unclassified Report on Military Power
of Iran, dated April 2010, states that, “with suffi-
cient foreign assistance, Iran could probably develop
and test an intercontinental ballistic missile (ICBM)
capable of reaching the United States by 2015. Iran
could also have an intermediate-range ballistic mis-
sile (IRBM) capable of threatening Europe.”.

(3) Under phase 3 of the phased, adaptive ap-
proach for missile defense in Europe (scheduled for
2018), the United States plans to deploy the standard missile–3 block IIA interceptor at sea- and land-based sites in addition to existing missile defense systems to provide coverage for all NATO allies in Europe against medium- and intermediate-range ballistic missiles.

(4) Under phase 4 of the phased, adaptive approach for missile defense in Europe (scheduled for 2020), the United States plans to deploy the standard missile–3 block IIB interceptor to provide additional coverage of the United States against a potential intercontinental ballistic missile launched from the Middle East in the 2020 time frame.

(5) According to the February 2010 Ballistic Missile Defense Review, the United States will continue the development and assessment of a two-stage ground-based interceptor as part of a hedging strategy and, as further noted by the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy during testimony before the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on October 1, 2009, “we keep the development of the two-stage [ground-based interceptor] on the books as a hedge in case things come earlier, in case there’s any kind of technological challenge with the later models of the [standard missile–3].”
(b) Policy.—It shall be the policy of the United States to—

(1) field missile defense systems in Europe that—

(A) provide protection against medium- and intermediate-range ballistic missile threats consistent with NATO policy and the phased, adapted approach for missile defense announced on September 17, 2009; and

(B) have been confirmed to perform the assigned mission after successful, operationally realistic testing;

(2) field missile defenses to protect the territory of the United States pursuant to the National Missile Defense Act of 1999 (Public Law 106–38; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note) and to test those systems in an operationally realistic manner;

(3) ensure that the standard missile–3 block IIA interceptor planned for phase 3 of the phased, adaptive approach for missile defense is capable of addressing intermediate-range ballistic missiles launched from the Middle East and the standard missile–3 block IIB interceptor planned for phase 4 of such approach is capable of addressing interconti-
nental ballistic missiles launched from the Middle
East; and

(4) continue the development and testing of the
two-stage ground-based interceptor to maintain it—

(A) as a means of protection in the event
that—

(i) the intermediate-range ballistic
missile threat to NATO allies in Europe
materializes before the availability of the
standard missile–3 block IIA interceptor;

(ii) the intercontinental ballistic mis-
side threat to the United States that can-
not be countered with the existing ground-
based missile defense system materializes
before the availability of the standard mis-
sile–3 block IIB interceptor; or

(iii) technical challenges or schedule
delays affect the standard missile–3 block
IIA interceptor or the standard missile–3
block IIB interceptor; and

(B) as a complement to the missile defense
capabilities deployed in Alaska and California
for the defense of the United States.
SEC. 225. INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF THE PLAN FOR
DEFENSE OF THE HOMELAND AGAINST THE
THREAT OF BALLISTIC MISSILES.

(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that section 2 of the National Missile Defense Act of 1999 (Public Law 106–38; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note) states that it is the policy of the United States to deploy as soon as is technologically possible an effective National Missile Defense system capable of defending the territory of the United States against limited ballistic missile attack (whether accidental, unauthorized, or deliberate) with funding subject to the annual authorization of appropriations and the annual appropriation of funds for National Missile Defense.

(b) ASSESSMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall contract with an independent entity to conduct an assessment of the plans of the Secretary for defending the territory of the United States against the threat of attack by ballistic missiles, including electromagnetic pulse attacks, as such plans are described in the Ballistic Missile Defense Review submitted to Congress on February 1, 2010, and the report submitted to Congress under section 232 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2232).

(c) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment of the following:
(1) The ballistic missile threat, including electromagnetic pulse attacks, against which the homeland defense elements are intended to defend, including mobile or fixed threats that might arise from non-state actors and accidental or unauthorized launches.

(2) The military requirements for defending the territory of the United States against such missile threats.

(3) The capabilities of the missile defense elements available to defend the territory of the United States as of the date of the assessment.

(4) The planned capabilities of the homeland defense elements, if different from the capabilities under paragraph (3).

(5) The force structure and inventory levels necessary to achieve the planned capabilities of the elements described in paragraphs (3) and (4).

(6) The infrastructure necessary to achieve such capabilities, including the number and location of operational silos.

(7) The number of interceptor missiles necessary for operational assets, test assets (including developmental and operational test assets and aging and surveillance test assets), and spare missiles.
(d) Report.—

(1) In general.—At or about the same time the budget of the President for fiscal year 2012 is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report setting forth the results of the assessment required by subsection (b).

(2) Form.—The report shall be in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 226. STUDY ON BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) Study.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, shall conduct a joint capabilities mix study on the ballistic missile defense capabilities of the United States.

(b) Elements.—The study under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(1) An assessment of the missile defense capability, force structure, and inventory sufficiency requirements of the combatant commanders based on the threat assessments and operational plans for each combatant command.

(2) A discussion of the infrastructure necessary to achieve the ballistic missile defense capabilities,
force structure, and inventory assessed under paragraph (1).

(3) An analysis of mobile and fixed missile defense assets.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—At or about the same time the budget of the President for fiscal year 2012 is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report setting forth the results of the study under subsection (a).

(2) FORM.—The report shall be in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 227. REPORTS ON STANDARD MISSILE SYSTEM.

(a) REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and each 180-day period thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the standard missile system, particularly with respect to standard missile–3 block IIA and standard missile–3 block IIB.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The reports under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A detailed discussion of the modernization, capabilities, and limitations of the standard missile.
(2) A review of the standard missile’s comparison capability against all expected threats.

(3) A report on the progress of complimentary systems, including, at a minimum, radar systems, delivery systems, and recapitalization of supporting software and hardware.

(4) Any industrial capacities that must be maintained to ensure adequate manufacturing of standard missile technology and production ratio.

Subtitle D—Reports

SEC. 231. REPORT ON ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES AND PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE GROUND COMBAT VEHICLE PROGRAM.

(a) Report Required.—Not later than January 15, 2011, the Secretary of the Army shall provide to the congressional defense committees a report on the Ground Combat Vehicle program of the Army. Such report shall include—

(1) the results of the analysis of alternatives conducted prior to milestone A, including any technical data; and

(2) an explanation of any plans to adjust the requirements of the Ground Combat Vehicle program during the technology development phase of such program.
(b) Form.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(c) Limitation on Obligation of Funds.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act for fiscal year 2011 for research, development, test, and evaluation, Army, for development of the Ground Combat Vehicle, not more than 50 percent may be obligated or expended until the date that is 30 days after the date on which the report is submitted under subsection (a).

SEC. 232. COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS OF FUTURE TANK-FIRED MUNITIONS.

(a) Cost Benefit Analysis Required.—

(1) In General.—The Secretary of the Army shall conduct a cost benefit analysis of future munitions to be fired from the M1 Abrams series main battle tank to determine the proper investment to be made in tank munitions, including beyond line of sight technology.

(2) Elements.—The cost benefit analysis under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) the predicted operational performance of future tank-fired munitions, including those incorporating beyond line of sight technology,
based on the relevant modeling and simulation
of future combat scenarios of the Army, includ-
ing a detailed analysis on the suitability of each
munition to address the full spectrum of targets
across the entire range of the tank (including
close range, mid-range, long-range, and beyond
line of sight);

(B) a detailed assessment of the projected
costs to develop and field each tank-fired muni-
tion included in the analysis, including those in-
corporating beyond line of sight technology; and

(C) a comparative analysis of each tank-
fired munition included in the analysis, includ-
ing suitability to address known capability gaps
and overmatch against known and projected
threats.

(3) MUNITIONS INCLUDED.—In conducting the
cost benefit analysis under paragraph (1), the Sec-
retary shall include, at a minimum, the Mid-Range
Munition, the Advanced Kinetic Energy round, and
the Advanced Multipurpose Program.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than March 15, 2011, the
Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense com-
mittees the cost benefit analysis under subsection (a).
SEC. 233. ANNUAL COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON THE VH–(XX) PRESIDENTIAL HELICOPTER ACQUISITION PROGRAM.

(a) Annual GAO Review.—During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on March 1, 2018, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an annual review of the VH–(XX) aircraft acquisition program.

(b) Annual Reports.—

(1) In general.—Not later than March 1 of each year beginning in 2011 and ending in 2018, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the review of the VH–(XX) aircraft acquisition program conducted under subsection (a).

(2) Matters to be included.—Each report on the review of the VH–(XX) aircraft acquisition program shall include the following:

(A) The extent to which the program is meeting development and procurement cost, schedule, performance, and risk mitigation goals.

(B) With respect to meeting the desired initial operational capability and full operational capability dates for the VH–(XX) aircraft, the progress and results of—
(i) developmental and operational testing of the aircraft; and

(ii) plans for correcting deficiencies in aircraft performance, operational effectiveness, reliability, suitability, and safety.

(C) An assessment of VH–(XX) aircraft procurement plans, production results, and efforts to improve manufacturing efficiency and supplier performance.

(D) An assessment of the acquisition strategy of the VH–(XX) aircraft, including whether such strategy is in compliance with acquisition management best-practices and the acquisition policy and regulations of the Department of Defense.

(E) A risk assessment of the integrated master schedule and the test and evaluation master plan of the VH–(XX) aircraft as it relates to—

(i) the probability of success;

(ii) the funding required for such aircraft compared with the funding programmed; and

(iii) development and production concurrency.
(3) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—In submitting to the congressional defense committees the first report under paragraph (1) and a report following any changes made by the Secretary of the Navy to the baseline documentation of the VH–(XX) aircraft acquisition program, the Comptroller General shall include, with respect to such program, an assessment of the sufficiency and objectivity of—

(A) the analysis of alternatives;

(B) the initial capabilities document;

(C) the capabilities development document;

and

(D) the systems requirement document.

SEC. 234. JOINT ASSESSMENT OF THE JOINT EFFECTS TARGETING SYSTEM.

(a) REVIEW.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics shall form a joint assessment team to review the joint effects targeting system.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the review under subsection (a) is completed, the Under Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the review.
Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 241. ESCALATION OF FORCE CAPABILITIES.

(a) Non-lethal Demonstration Program.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation and in consultation with the Executive Agent for Non-lethal Weapons, shall carry out a program to operationally test and evaluate non-lethal weapons that provide counter-personnel escalation of force options to members of the Armed Forces deploying in support of a contingency operation.

(b) Technology Tested.—Technologies evaluated under subsection (a) shall include crowd control, area denial, space clearing, and personnel incapacitation tools.

(c) Report Required.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that—

(1) evaluates operational and situational suitability for each non-lethal weapon tested;

(2) defines the tactics, techniques, and procedures approved for deployment of each non-lethal weapon by service;

(3) identifies deployment schemes for each type of non-lethal weapon by service; and
(4) details, by service, the number of units receiving pre-deployment training on each non-lethal weapon and the total number of units trained.

(d) PROCUREMENT LINE ITEM.—In the budget materials submitted to the President by the Secretary of Defense in connection with submission to Congress, pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, of the budget for fiscal year 2012, and each subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary shall ensure that within each military department procurement account, a separate, dedicated procurement line item is designated for non-lethal weapons.

SEC. 242. PILOT PROGRAM TO INCLUDE TECHNOLOGY PROTECTION FEATURES DURING RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF DEFENSE SYSTEMS.

(a) PILOT PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a pilot program to develop and incorporate technology protection features in a designated system during the research and development phase of such system.

(b) FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act for research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, not more than $5,000,000 may be available to carry out this section.

(c) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than December 31 of each year in which the Secretary carries out the pilot
program, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the pilot program established under this section, including a list of each designated system included in the program.

(d) TERMINATION.—The pilot program established under this section shall terminate on October 1, 2015.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “designated system” means any system (including a major system, as defined in section 2302(5) of title 10, United States Code) that the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics designates as being included in the pilot program established under this section.

(2) The term “technology protection features” means the technical modifications necessary to protect critical program information, including anti-tamper technologies and other systems engineering activities intended to prevent or delay exploitation of critical technologies in a designated system.

SEC. 243. PILOT PROGRAM ON COLLABORATIVE ENERGY SECURITY.

(a) PILOT PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy, shall carry out a collaborative energy security pilot program involving one
or more partnerships between one military installation and
one national laboratory, for the purpose of evaluating and
validating secure, salable microgrid components and sys-
tems for deployment.

(b) Selection of Military Installation and National Laboratory.—The Secretary of Defense and
the Secretary of Energy shall jointly select a military in-
stallation and a national laboratory for the purpose of car-
rying out the pilot program under this section. In making
such selections, the Secretaries shall consider each of the
following:

(1) A commitment to participate made by a
military installation being considered for selection.

(2) The findings and recommendations of rel-
evant energy security assessments of military install-
lations being considered for selection.

(3) The availability of renewable energy sources
at a military installation being considered for selec-
tion.

(4) Potential synergies between the expertise
and capabilities of a national laboratory being con-
sidered for selection and the infrastructure, inter-
ests, or other energy security needs of a military in-
stallation being considered for selection.
(5) The effects of any utility tariffs, surcharges, or other considerations on the feasibility of enabling any excess electricity generated on a military installation being considered for selection to be sold or otherwise made available to the local community near the installation.

(c) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The pilot program shall be carried out as follows:

(1) Under the pilot program, the Secretaries shall evaluate and validate the performance of new energy technologies that may be incorporated into operating environments.

(2) The pilot program shall involve collaboration with the Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability of the Department of Energy and other offices and agencies within the Department of Energy, as appropriate, and the Environmental Security Technical Certification Program of the Department of Defense.

(3) Under the pilot program, the Secretary of Defense shall investigate opportunities for any excess electricity created for the military installation to be sold or otherwise made available to the local community near the installation.
(4) The Secretary of Defense shall use the results of the pilot program as the basis for informing key performance parameters and validating energy components and designs that could be implemented in various military installations across the country and at forward operating bases.

(5) The pilot program shall support the effort of the Secretary of Defense to use the military as a test bed to demonstrate innovative energy technologies.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION AND DURATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall begin the pilot program under this section by not later than July 1, 2011. Such pilot program shall be not less than three years in duration.

(e) REPORTS.—

(1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than October 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an initial report that provides an update on the implementation of the pilot program under this section, including an identification of the selected military installation and national laboratory partner and a description of technologies under evaluation.

(2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after completion of the pilot program under this sec-
tion, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the pilot program, including any findings and recommendations of the Secretary.

(f) FUNDING.—

(1) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 201 for fiscal year 2011 for research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, $5,000,000 is available to carry out this section.

(2) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.—Upon determination by the Secretary of Energy that the program under this section is relevant and consistent with the mission of the Department of Energy to lead the modernization of the electric grid, enhance the security and reliability of the energy infrastructure, and facilitate recovery from disruptions to energy supply, the Secretary may transfer funds made available for the Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability of the Department of Energy in order to carry out this section.

(g) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

(1) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—
(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

(2) The term “microgrid” means an integrated energy system consisting of interconnected loads and distributed energy resources (including generators, energy storage devices, and smart controls) that can operate with the utility grid or in an intentional islanding mode.

(3) The term “national laboratory” means—

(A) a national laboratory (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)); or

(B) a national security laboratory (as defined in section 3281 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2471)).

SEC. 244. REPORT ON REGIONAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY CLUSTERS.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate con-
gressional committees a report on regional advanced technology clusters.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

1. An analysis of regional advanced technology clusters throughout the United States, including—
   (A) an estimate of the amount of public and private funding activities within each cluster;
   (B) an assessment of the technical competencies of each of these regional advanced technology clusters;
   (C) a comparison of the technical competencies of each regional advanced technology clusters with the technology needs of the Department of Defense; and
   (D) a review of current Department of Defense interaction, cooperation, or investment in regional advanced technology clusters.

2. A strategic plan for encouraging the development of innovative, advanced technologies, such as robotics and autonomous systems, to address national security, homeland security, and first responder challenges by—
(A) enhancing regional advanced technology clusters that support the technology needs of the Department of Defense; and

(B) identifying and assisting the expansion of additional new regional advanced technology clusters to foster research and development into emerging, disruptive technologies identified through strategic planning documents of the Department of Defense.

(3) An identification of the resources needed to establish, sustain, or grow regional advanced technology clusters.

(4) An identification of mechanisms for collaborating and cost sharing with other state, local, and Federal agencies with respect to regional advanced technology clusters, including any legal impediments that may inhibit collaboration or cost sharing.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means the following:

(B) The Committees on Armed Services, Appropriations, and Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate.

(2) The term “regional advanced technology cluster” means geographic centers focused on building science and technology-based innovation capacity in areas of local and regional strength to foster economic growth and improve quality of life.

SEC. 245. SENSE OF CONGRESS AFFIRMING THE IMPORTANCE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PARTICIPATION IN DEVELOPMENT OF NEXT GENERATION SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNOLOGIES.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The next generation of weapons systems, battlefield sensors, and intelligence platforms will need to be lighter, more agile, consume less power, and have greater computational power, which can only be achieved by decreasing the feature size of integrated circuits to the nanometer scale.

(2) There is a growing concern in the Department of Defense and the United States intelligence community over the offshore shift in development and production of high capacity semiconductors. Reliance on providers of semiconductors in the United
States high tech industry will mitigate the security
risks of such an offshore shift.

(3) The use of extreme-ultraviolet lithography
(EUVL) is recognized in the semiconductor industry
as critical to the development of the next generation
of integrated circuits.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) the United States should establish research
and development facilities to take the lead in pro-
ducing the next generation of integrated circuits;

(2) the Department of Defense should support
the establishment of a public-private partnership of
defense laboratory scientists and engineers, univer-
sity researchers, integrated circuit designers and
fabricators, tool manufacturers, material and chem-
ical suppliers, and metrology and inspection tool fab-
ricators to develop extreme-ultraviolet lithography
(EUVL) technologies on 300 micrometer and 450
micrometer wafers; and

(3) the targeted feature size of integrated cir-
cuits for EUVL development in the United States
should be the 15 nanometer node.
TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE FUNDING.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Army, $34,232,221,000.
(2) For the Navy, $37,976,443,000.
(3) For the Marine Corps, $5,568,340,000.
(4) For the Air Force, $36,684,588,000.
(5) For Defense-wide activities, $30,200,596,000.
(6) For the Army Reserve, $2,942,077,000.
(7) For the Naval Reserve, $1,374,764,000.
(8) For the Marine Corps Reserve, $287,234,000.
(9) For the Air Force Reserve, $3,311,827,000.
(10) For the Army National Guard, $6,628,525,000.
(11) For the Air National Guard, $5,980,139,000.
(12) For the United States Court of Appeals
for the Armed Forces, $14,068,000.

(13) For the Acquisition Development Work-
force Fund, $229,561,000.

(14) For Environmental Restoration, Army,
$444,581,000.

(15) For Environmental Restoration, Navy,
$304,867,000.

(16) For Environmental Restoration, Air Force,
$502,653,000.

(17) For Environmental Restoration, Defense-
wide, $10,744,000.

(18) For Environmental Restoration, Formerly
Used Defense Sites, $296,546,000.

(19) For Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and
Civic Aid programs, $108,032,000.

(20) For Cooperative Threat Reduction pro-
grams, $522,512,000.

**Subtitle B—Energy and
Environmental Provisions**

**SEC. 311. REIMBURSEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC-
TION AGENCY FOR CERTAIN COSTS IN CON-
NECTION WITH THE TWIN CITIES ARMY AM-
MUNITION PLANT, MINNESOTA.**

(a) Authority to Reimburse.—
(1) **Transfer Amount.**—Using funds described in subsection (b) and notwithstanding section 2215 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may transfer to the Hazardous Substance Superfund not more than $5,611,670.67 for fiscal year 2011.

(2) **Purpose of Reimbursement.**—A payment made under paragraph (1) is to reimburse the Environmental Protection Agency for all costs the Agency has incurred through fiscal year 2011 relating to the response actions performed by the Department of Defense under the Defense Environmental Restoration Program at the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant, Minnesota.

(3) **Interagency Agreement.**—The reimbursement described in paragraph (2) is provided for in an interagency agreement entered into by the Department of the Army and the Environmental Protection Agency for the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant that took effect in December 1987.

(b) **Source of Funds.**—A payment under subsection (a) shall be made using funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 to the Department of Defense for operation and maintenance for Environmental Restoration, Army.
(c) Use of Funds.—The Environmental Protection Agency shall use the amounts transferred under subsection (a) to pay costs incurred by the Agency at the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant.

SEC. 312. PAYMENT TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OF STIPULATED PENALTIES IN CONNECTION WITH NAVAL AIR STATION, BRUNSWICK, MAINE.

(a) Authority to Transfer Funds.—From amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 2005, and notwithstanding section 2215 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may transfer an amount of not more than $153,000 to the Hazardous Substance Superfund established under subchapter A of chapter 98 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(b) Purpose of Transfer.—The purpose of a transfer made under subsection (a) is to satisfy a stipulated penalty assessed by the Environmental Protection Agency on June 12, 2008, against Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Maine, for the failure of the Navy to sample certain monitoring wells in a timely manner pursuant to a schedule included in the Federal facility agreement for Naval Air Station, Brunswick, which was entered into by
the Secretary of the Navy and the Administrator of the
Environmental Protection Agency on October 19, 1990.

(c) ACCEPTANCE OF PAYMENT.—If the Secretary of
Defense makes a transfer authorized under subsection (a),
the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-
edy shall accept the amount transferred as payment in full
of the penalty referred to in subsection (b).

SEC. 313. TESTING AND CERTIFICATION PLAN FOR OPER-
ATIONAL USE OF AN AVIATION BIOFUEL DER-
IVED FROM MATERIALS THAT DO NOT COM-
PETE WITH FOOD STOCKS.

Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit
to Congress a testing and certification plan for the oper-
ational use of a biofuel that—

(1) is derived from materials that do not com-
pete with food stocks; and

(2) is suitable for use for military purposes as
an aviation fuel or in an aviation-fuel blend.

SEC. 314. REPORT IDENTIFYING HYBRID OR ELECTRIC
PROPULSION SYSTEMS AND OTHER FUEL-
SAVING TECHNOLOGIES FOR INCORPORAT-
TION INTO TACTICAL MOTOR VEHICLES.

(a) IDENTIFICATION OF USABLE ALTERNATIVE
TECHNOLOGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of each military department shall submit to Congress a report identifying hybrid or electric propulsion systems and other vehicle technologies that reduce consumption of fossil fuels and are suitable for incorporation into the current fleet of tactical motor vehicles of each Armed Force under the jurisdiction of the Secretary. In identifying suitable alternative technologies, the Secretary shall consider the feasibility and cost of incorporating the technology, the design changes and amount of time required for incorporation, and the overall impact of incorporation on vehicle performance.

(b) HYBRID DEFINED.—In this section, the term “hybrid” refers to a propulsion system, including the engine and drive train, that draws energy from onboard sources of stored energy that involve—

(1) an internal combustion or heat engine using combustible fuel; and

(2) a rechargeable energy storage system.

SEC. 315. EXCEPTION TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENT.

Section 526 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–140; 42 U.S.C. 17142) is amended—
(1) by striking “No Federal agency” and inserting “(a) REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in subsection (b), no Federal agency”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) does not prohibit a Federal agency from entering into a contract to purchase a generally available fuel that is not an alternative or synthetic fuel or predominantly produced from a non-conventional petroleum source, if—

“(1) the contract does not specifically require the contractor to provide an alternative or synthetic fuel or fuel from a nonconventional petroleum source;

“(2) the purpose of the contract is not to obtain an alternative or synthetic fuel or fuel from a nonconventional petroleum source; and

“(3) the contract does not provide incentives for a refinery upgrade or expansion to allow a refinery to use or increase its use of fuel from a nonconventional petroleum source.”.
SEC. 316. INFORMATION SHARING RELATING TO INVESTIGATION OF EXPOSURE TO DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION AT CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA.

By not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry with an electronic inventory of all existing documents, records, and electronic data pertaining to the CERCLA listed and RCRA listed contamination sites at Camp Lejeune and all existing documents, records, and electronic data pertaining to the contaminated drinking water at Camp Lejeune. If after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense generates new documents, records and electronic data, or comes into possession of existing documents, records or electronic data not previously included in the electronic inventory, the Secretary of the Navy shall provide the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry with an updated electronic inventory incorporating the newly located or generated documents, records and electronic data. The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that Department of Defense personnel with appropriate experience and expertise, including in the area of environmental engineering and the conduct of water modeling, working in conjunction with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, are utilized to
identify, compile, and submit existing and new documents, records, and electronic data in Navy and Marine Corps records and electronic libraries that would assist the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry in gathering data relating to the contamination and remediation of Camp Lejeune base-wide drinking-water systems.

Subtitle C—Workplace and Depot Issues

SEC. 321. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO REQUIREMENT FOR SERVICE CONTRACT INVENTORY.

Section 2330a(e)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: “The guidance for compiling the inventory shall be issued by the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, as supported by the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.”; and

(2) by striking subparagraph (E) and inserting the following new subparagraph (E):

“(E) The number and work location of contractor employees, expressed as full-time equivalents
for direct labor, using direct labor hours and associated cost data collected from contractors.”

SEC. 322. REPEAL OF CONDITIONS ON EXPANSION OF FUNCTIONS PERFORMED UNDER PRIME VENDOR CONTRACTS FOR DEPOT-LEVEL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR.


SEC. 323. PILOT PROGRAM ON BEST VALUE FOR CONTRACTS FOR PRIVATE SECURITY FUNCTIONS.

(a) Pilot Program Authorized.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program under which the Secretary shall implement a best value procurement standard in entering into contracts for the provision of private security functions in Afghanistan and Iraq. In entering into a covered contract under the pilot program, in addition to taking into consideration the cost of the contract, the Secretary shall take into consideration each of the following:

(1) Past performance.

(2) Quality.

(3) Delivery.
(4) Management expertise.

(5) Technical approach.

(6) Experience of key personnel.

(7) Management structure.

(8) Risk.

(9) Such other matters as the Secretary determines are appropriate.

(b) Justification.—A covered contract under the pilot program may not be awarded unless the contracting officer for the contract justifies in writing the reason for the award of the contract.

(c) Annual Report.—Not later than January 15 of each year the pilot program under this section is carried out, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees an unclassified report containing each of the following:

(1) A list of any covered contract awarded for private security functions in Afghanistan and Iraq under the pilot program.

(2) A description of the matters that the Secretary of Defense took into consideration, in addition to cost, in awarding each such contract.

(3) Any additional information or recommendations the Secretary considers appropriate to include with respect to the pilot program, the contracts
awarded under the pilot program, or the considerations for evaluating such contracts.

(d) TERMINATION OF PROGRAM.—The authority of the Secretary of Defense to carry out a pilot program under this section terminates on September 30, 2013. The termination of the authority shall not affect the validity of contracts that are awarded or modified during the period of the pilot program, without regard to whether the contracts are performed during the period.

(e) DISCRETIONARY IMPLEMENTATION AFTER SEPTEMBER 30, 2013.—After September 30, 2013, implementation of a best value procurement standard in entering into contracts for the provision of private security functions in Afghanistan and Iraq shall be at the discretion of the Secretary of Defense.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “best value” means providing the best overall benefit to the Government in accordance with the tradeoff process described in section 15.101–1 of title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(2) The term “covered contract” means—

(A) a contract of the Department of Defense for the performance of services; or
(B) a task order or delivery order issued under such a contract.

(3) The term “private security functions” means guarding, by a contractor under a covered contract, of personnel, facilities, or property of a Federal agency, the contractor, a subcontractor of a contractor, or a third party.

SEC. 324. STANDARDS AND CERTIFICATION FOR PRIVATE SECURITY CONTRACTORS.

(a) Third-party Certification Policy Guidance.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue policy guidance requiring, as a condition for award of a covered contract for the provision of private security functions, that each contractor receive certification from a third party that the contractor adheres to specified operational and business practice standards. The guidance shall—

(1) establish criteria for defining standard practices for the performance of private security functions, which shall reflect input from industry representatives as well as the Inspector General of the Department of Defense;

(2) establish criteria for weapons training programs for contractors performing private security
functions, including minimum requirements for
weapons training programs of instruction and min-
imum qualifications for instructors for such pro-
grams; and

(3) identify organizations that can carry out the
certifications.

(b) Regulations Required.—Not later than 270
days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
retary of Defense shall revise the Department of Defense
supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation to carry
out the requirements of this section and the guidance
issued under this section.

(c) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered contract” means—

(A) a contract of the Department of De-
fense for the performance of services;

(B) a subcontract at any tier under such
contract;

(C) a task order or delivery order issued
under such a contract or subcontract.

(2) The term “contractor” means, with respect
to a covered contract, the contractor or subcon-
tractor carrying out the covered contract.
(3) The term “private security functions” means activities engaged in by a contractor under a covered contract as follows:

(A) Guarding of personnel, facilities, or property of a Federal agency, the contractor or subcontractor, or a third party.

(B) Any other activity for which personnel are required to carry weapons in the performance of their duties.

(d) Exception.—The requirements of this section shall not apply to contracts entered into by elements of the intelligence community in support of intelligence activities.

SEC. 325. PROHIBITION ON ESTABLISHING GOALS OR QUOTAS FOR CONVERSION OF FUNCTIONS TO PERFORMANCE BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.

(a) Prohibition.—The Secretary of Defense may not establish, apply, or enforce any numerical goal, target, or quota for the conversion of Department of Defense function to performance by Department of Defense civilian employees, unless such goal, target, or quota is based on considered research and analysis, as required by section 235, 2330a, or 2463 of title 10, United States Code.
(b) DECISIONS TO INSOURCE.—In deciding which functions should be converted to performance by Department of Defense civilian employees pursuant to section 2463 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall use the costing methodology outlined in the Directive-Type Memorandum 09–007 (Estimating and Comparing the Full Costs of Civilian and Military Manpower and Contractor Support) or any successor guidance for the determination of costs when costs are the sole basis for the decision. The Secretary of a military department may issue supplemental guidance to assist in such decisions affecting functions of that military department.

(e) REPORTS.—

(1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than December 31, 2010, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the decisions with respect to the conversion of functions to performance by Department of Defense civilian employees made during fiscal year 2010. Such report shall identify, for each such decision—

(A) the agency or service of the Department involved in the decision;

(B) the basis and rationale for the decision; and
(C) the number of contractor employees whose functions were converted to performance by Department of Defense civilian employees.

(2) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than 120 days after the submittal of the report under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees an assessment of the report.

SEC. 326. TREATMENT OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO HEALTH BENEFITS AND RETIREMENT PLANS FOR PURPOSES OF COST-COMPARISONS OF CONTRACTOR AND CIVILIAN EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FUNCTIONS.

Section 2463 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (f):

“(f) TREATMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO HEALTH AND RETIREMENT PLANS.—For purposes of conducting a cost comparison to determine whether to convert a function from contractor performance to performance by Department of Defense civilian employee, the costs of em-
employer contributions made by the Department of Defense or by a contractor towards employer-sponsored health benefits and retirement benefits plans shall not be considered unless, in the case of such contributions made by a contractor, the contractor does not receive an advantage for reducing costs for the Department of Defense by—

“(1) not making an employer-sponsored health insurance plan available to the contractor employees who perform the function under the contract;

“(2) offering to such employees an employer-sponsored health benefits plan that requires the employer to contribute less towards the premium or subscription share than the amount that is paid by the Federal Government for health benefits for civilian employees under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code; or

“(3) offering to such employees a retirement benefit that, in any year, costs less than the annual retirement cost factor applicable to Federal employees under chapter 84 of title 5, United States Code.”.
Subtitle D—Reports

SEC. 331. REVISION TO REPORTING REQUIREMENT RELATING TO OPERATION AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR MILITARY MUSEUMS.

(a) Change in Frequency of Report.—Subsection (a) of section 489 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “As part of” and all that follows through “fiscal year—” and inserting the following: “As part of the budget materials submitted to Congress for every odd-numbered fiscal year, in connection with the submission of the budget for that fiscal year pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on military museums. In each such report, the Secretary shall identify all military museums that, during the most recently completed two fiscal-year period—”

(b) Repeal of Required Report Element.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (5); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (5).

(e) Clerical Amendments.—

(1) Section heading.—The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:
“§ 489. Department of Defense operation and financial support for military museums: biennial report”.

(2) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 23 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 489 and inserting the following new item:

“489. Department of Defense operation and financial support for military museums: biennial report.”.

SEC. 332. ADDITIONAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CORROSION PREVENTION PROJECTS AND ACTIVITIES.

Section 2228(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking “The” and inserting “For the fiscal year covered by the report and the preceding fiscal year, the”;

and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(E) For the fiscal year covered by the report and the preceding fiscal year, the amount of funds requested in the budget for each project or activity described in subparagraph (E) compared to the funding requirements for the project or activity.”;
(2) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, including the annex to the report described in paragraph (3)” ; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) Each report under this section shall include, in an annex to the report, a copy of the annual corrosion report most recently submitted by the corrosion control and prevention executive of each military department under section 903(b)(5) of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4567; 10 U.S.C. 2228 note).”.

SEC. 333. MODIFICATION AND REPEAL OF CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.


(1) by striking subsection (c) and redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively; and

(2) in subsection (d), as so redesignated, by striking “or (d)”. 

(c) Repeal of Report on Readiness of Ground Forces.—Title III of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181) is amended by striking section 355.

SEC. 334. REPORT ON AIR SOVEREIGNTY ALERT MISSION.

(a) Report Required.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Commander of the United States Northern Command and the North American Aerospace Defense Command (hereinafter in this section referred to as “NORTHCOM”) shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Service of the House of Representatives a report on the Air Sovereignty Alert (hereinafter in this section referred to as “ASA”) Mission and Operation Noble Eagle (hereinafter in this section referred to as “ONE”).

(b) Consultation.—NORTHCOM shall consult with the Director of the National Guard Bureau who shall be authorized to review and provide independent analysis and comments on the report required under subsection (a).
(c) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

(1) An evaluation of the current ASA mission and ONE.

(2) An evaluation of each of the following:

(A) The current ability to perform the mission with regards to training, equipment, funding, and military construction.

(B) Any current deficiencies in the mission.

(C) Any changes in threats which would allow for any change in number of ASA sites or force structure required to support the ASA mission.

(D) Future ability to perform the ASA mission with current and programmed equipment.

(E) Coverage of units with respect to—

(i) population centers covered;

(ii) targets of value covered, including symbolic (national monuments, sports venue, and centers of commerce), critical infrastructure (nuclear plants, dams, bridges, and telecommunication nodes) and
1 national security (military bases and or-
2 gans of government); and
3
4 (iii) an unclassified, notional area of
5 responsibility conforming to the unclassi-
6 fied response time of unit represented
7 graphically on a map and detailing total
8 population covered and number of targets
9 described in clause (ii).
10
11 (3) Status of implementation of the rec-
12 ommendations made in the Government Account-
13 ability Office Report entitled “Actions Needed to
14 Improve Management of Air Sovereignty Alert Oper-
16
17 (d) MEANS OF DELIVERY OF REPORT.—The report
18 required by subsection (a) shall be unclassified, and
19 NORTHCOM shall brief the Committees on Armed Serv-
20 ices of the Senate and House of Representatives at the
21 appropriate classification level.
22
23 SEC. 335. REPORT ON THE SEAD/DEAD MISSION REQUIRE-
24 MENT FOR THE AIR FORCE.
25
26 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days
27 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
28 of the Air Force shall submit to the Committee on Armed
29 Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Serv-
30 ice of the House of Representatives a report describing
the feasibility and desirability of designating the Suppression of Enemy Air Defenses/Destruction of Enemy Air Defenses (hereinafter in this section referred to as “SEAD/DEAD”) mission as a responsibility of the Air National Guard.

(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

(1) An evaluation of the SEAD/DEAD mission, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) An evaluation of the following with respect to the SEAD/DEAD mission:

(A) The current ability of the Air National Guard to perform the mission with regards to training, equipment, funding, and military construction.

(B) Any current deficiencies of the Air National Guard to perform the mission.

(C) The corrective actions and costs required to address any deficiencies described in subparagraph (B).

(D) The need for SEAD/DEAD ranges to be constructed on existing ranges operated, controlled, or used by Air National Guard units based on geographic considerations of proximity and utility.
(c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall consult with the Director of the National Guard Bureau who shall be authorized to review and provide independent analysis and comments on the report required under subsection (a).

SEC. 336. REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE STUDY ON STRATEGIC SEAPORTS.

The Commander of the United States Transportation Command shall update the study entitled “PORT LOOK 2008 Strategic Seaports Study”. In updating the study under this section, the commander shall consider the infrastructure in the vicinity of a strategic port, including bridges, roads, and rail, and any issues relating to the capacity and condition of such infrastructure.

SEC. 337. STUDY AND REPORT ON FEASIBILITY OF JOINT USAGE OF THE NASA SHUTTLE LOGISTICS DEPOT.

(a) Study.—The Secretary of Defense, in conjunction with the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, shall conduct a study of the feasibility of joint usage of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Shuttle Logistics Depot in Cape Canaveral, Florida, to supplement requirements for products and services in support of reset initiatives, Advanced Technology Clusters, engineering and reverse engineering
analysis, and development of innovative technology and processes to improve product procurement and reduce risk, cost, and cycle time of system delivery.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the study required under subsection (a).

Subtitle E—Limitations and Extensions of Authority

SEC. 341. PERMANENT AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT AND USE LANDING FEES CHARGED FOR USE OF DOMESTIC MILITARY AIRFIELDS BY CIVIL AIRCRAFT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 159 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2697. Acceptance and use of landing fees charged for use of domestic military airfields by civil aircraft

“(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of a military department may impose landing fees for the use by civil aircraft of domestic military airfields under the jurisdiction of that Secretary and may use any fees received under
this section as a source of funding for the operation and
maintenance of airfields of that department.

“(b) Uniform Landing Fees.—The Secretary of
Defense shall prescribe the amount of the landing fees
that may be imposed under this section. Such fees shall
be uniform among the military departments.

“(c) Use of Proceeds.—Amounts received for a
fiscal year in payment of landing fees imposed under this
section for the use of a military airfield shall be credited
to the appropriation that is available for that fiscal year
for the operation and maintenance of that military airfield,
shall be merged with amounts in the appropriation to
which credited, and shall be available for that military air-
field for the same period and purposes as the appropria-
tion is available.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding
at the end the following new item:

“2697. Acceptance and use of landing fees charged for use of domestic military
airfields by civil aircraft.”.

SEC. 342. IMPROVEMENT AND EXTENSION OF ARSENAL

SUPPORT PROGRAM INITIATIVE.

(a) Improvement.—

(1) In General.—Section 343 of the Floyd D.
Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fis-
cal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398; 10 U.S.C. 4551 note) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b), by striking paragraphs (3) and (4) and redesignating paragraphs (5) through (11) as paragraphs (3) through (9), respectively;

(B) by striking subsection (d) and redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively.

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) PRIORITIZATION OF PROGRAM PURPOSES.—The Secretary of the Army shall—

(1) prioritize the purposes of the Arsenal Support Program Initiative under section 343(b) of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398; U.S.C. 4551 note), as amended by subsection (a)(1)(A); and

(2) issue guidance to the appropriate commands reflecting such priorities.

(e) EXTENSION.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Such section, as amended by subsection (a)(1) of this section, is further amend-
ed—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “2010” and inserting “2012”; and

(B) in paragraph (1) of subsection (f), as redesignated by subsection (a)(1)(B) of this section, by striking “2010” and inserting “2012”.

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the submittal of the report required under subsection (d).

(d) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to Congress a report on the Arsenal Support Program Initiative that includes—

(1) the Secretary’s determination with respect to the Army’s highest priorities from among the purposes of the Arsenal Support Program Initiative under section 343(b) of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398; U.S.C. 4551 note), as amended by subsection (a)(1)(A), reflecting the Secretary’s overall strategy to achieve desired results;
(2) performance goals for the Arsenal Support Program Initiative; and

(3) outcome-focused performance measures to assess the progress the Army has made toward addressing the purposes of the Arsenal Support Program Initiative.

SEC. 343. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO REIMBURSE EXPENSES FOR CERTAIN NAVY MESS OPERATIONS.


SEC. 344. LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS FOR THE ARMY HUMAN TERRAIN SYSTEM.

(a) LIMITATION.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Human Terrain System (hereinafter in this section referred to as the “HTS”) that are described in subsection (b), not more than 50 percent of the amounts remaining unobligated as of the date of enactment of this Act may be obligated until the Secretary of the Army submits to the congressional defense committees each of the following:

(1) The independent assessment of the HTS called for in the report of the Committee on Armed
120 Services of the House of Representatives accom-
panying the National Defense Authorization Act for
Fiscal Year 2010 (H. Rept. 111–166).

(2) A validation of all HTS requirements, in-
cluding any prior joint urgent operations needs
statements.

(3) A certification that policies, procedures, and
guidance are in place to protect the integrity of so-
cial science researchers participating in HTS, includ-
ing ethical guidelines and human studies research
procedures.

(b) COVERED AUTHORIZATIONS OR APPROPRIA-
TIONS.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated de-
scribed in this subsection are amounts authorized to be
appropriated for fiscal year 2011, including such amounts
authorized to be appropriated for oversees contingency op-
erations, for—

(1) Operation and maintenance for HTS;

(2) Procurement for Mapping the Human Ter-

rain hardware and software; and

(3) Research, development, test, and evaluation
for Mapping the Human Terrain hardware and soft-

ware.
SEC. 345. LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS PENDING SUBMISSION OF CLASSIFIED JUSTIFICATION MATERIAL.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated in this title for fiscal year 2011 for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for budget activity four, line 270, not more than 90 percent may be obligated until 15 days after the information cited in the classified annex accompanying this Act relating to the provision of classified justification material to Congress is provided to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 346. LIMITATION ON RETIREMENT OF C–130 AIRCRAFT FROM AIR FORCE INVENTORY.

The Secretary of the Air Force may not take any action to retire any C–130 aircraft from the inventory of the Air Force until 30 days after the date on which the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a written agreement between the Director of the Air National Guard, the Commander of Air Force Reserve Command, and the Chief of Staff of the Air Force. The agreement shall specify the following:

(1) The number of and type of C–130 aircraft to be transferred, on a temporary basis, from the Air National Guard to the Air Force.
(2) The schedule by which any C–130 aircraft transferred to the Air Force will be returned to the Air National Guard.

(3) A description of the condition, including the estimated remaining service life, in which the C–130 aircraft will be returned to the Air National Guard following the period during which the aircraft are on loan to the Air Force.

(4) A description of the allocation of resources, including the designation of responsibility for funding aircraft operations and maintenance, in fiscal year 2011, and detailed description of budgetary responsibilities through the remaining period the aircraft are on loan to the Air Force.

(5) The designation of responsibility for funding depot maintenance requirements or modifications to the aircraft during the period the aircraft are on loan with the Air Force, or otherwise generated as a result of transfer.

(6) The locations from which the C–130 aircraft will be transferred.

(7) The manpower planning and certification that such a transfer will not result in manpower authorization reductions or resourcing at the Air National Guard facilities identified in paragraph (6).
(8) The manner by which Air National Guard personnel affected by the transfer will maintain their skills and proficiencies in order to preserve readiness at the affected units.

(9) Any other items the Director of the Air National Guard or the Commander of Air Force Reserve Command determine are necessary in order to ensure such a transfer will not negatively impact the ability of the Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve to accomplish their respective missions.

SEC. 347. COMMERCIAL SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION IN EXCESS OF MILITARY REQUIREMENTS.

(a) Commercial Sale of Small Arms Ammunition.—Small arms ammunition and ammunition components in excess of military requirements, including fired cartridge cases, which is not otherwise prohibited from commercial sale or certified by the Secretary of Defense as unserviceable or unsafe, may not be demilitarized or destroyed and shall be made available for commercial sale.

(b) Deadline for Guidance.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance to ensure compliance with subsection (a). Not later than 15 days after issuing such guidance, the Secretary shall submit to the
congressional defense committees a letter of compliance providing notice of such guidance.

SEC. 348. LIMITATION ON AIR FORCE FISCAL YEAR 2011

FORCE STRUCTURE ANNOUNCEMENT IMPLEMENTATION.

None of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2011 may be obligated or expended for the purpose of implementing the Air Force fiscal year 2011 Force Structure Announcement until 45 days after—

(1) the Secretary of the Air Force provides a detailed report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the follow-on missions for bases affected by the 2010 Combat Air Forces restructure; and

(2) the Secretary of the Air Force certifies to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives that the Air Sovereignty Alert Mission will be fully resourced with required funding, personnel, and aircraft.
Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 351. EXPEDITED PROCESSING OF BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS FOR CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS.

(a) EXPEDITED PROCESSING OF SECURITY CLEARANCES.—Section 1564 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following new subsection (a):

“(a) EXPEDITED PROCESS.—The Secretary of Defense may prescribe a process for expediting the completion of the background investigations necessary for granting security clearances for—

“(1) Department of Defense personnel and Department of Defense contractor personnel who are engaged in sensitive duties that are critical to the national security; and

“(2) any individual who submits an application for a position as an employee of the Department of Defense for which a security clearance is required who is a member of the armed forces who was retired or separated for physical disability pursuant to chapter 61 of this title.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

...
“(f) Use of Appropriated Funds.—The Secretary of Defense may use funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for operation and maintenance to conduct background investigations under this section for individuals described in subsection (a)(2).”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to a background investigation conducted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 352. ADOPTION OF MILITARY WORKING DOGS BY FAMILY MEMBERS OF DECEASED OR SERIOUSLY WOUNDED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WHO WERE HANDLERS OF THE DOGS.

Section 2583(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” before “Military animals”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) For purposes of making a determination under subsection (a)(2), unusual or extraordinary circumstances may include situations in which the handler of a military working dog is a member of the armed forces who is killed in action, dies of wounds received in action, or is so seriously wounded in action that the member will (or most
likely will receive a medical discharge. If the Secretary of the military department concerned determines that an adoption is justified in such a situation, the military working dog shall be made available for adoption only by the immediate family of the member.”.

SEC. 353. REVISION TO AUTHORITIES RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION OF CIVILIAN PASSENGERS AND COMMERCIAL CARGOES BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE WHEN SPACE UNAVAILABLE ON COMMERCIAL LINES.

(a) Transportation on DOD Vehicles and Aircraft.—Subsection (a) of section 2649 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “Authority.—” before “Whenever”; and

(2) by inserting “, vehicles, or aircraft” in the first sentence after “vessels” both places it appears.

(b) Amounts Charged for Transportation in Emergency, Disaster, or Humanitarian Response Cases.—

(1) Limitation on Amounts Charged.—The second sentence of subsection (a) of such section is amended by inserting before the period the following: “, except that in the case of transportation provided in response to an emergency, a disaster, or
a request for humanitarian assistance, any amount charged for such transportation may not exceed the cost of providing the transportation”.

(2) CREDITING OF RECEIPTS.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking “Amounts” and inserting “CREDITING OF RECEIPTS.—Any amount received under this section with respect to transportation provided in response to an emergency, a disaster, or a request for humanitarian assistance may be credited to the appropriation, fund, or account used in incurring the obligation for which such amount is received. In all other cases, amounts”.

(e) TRANSPORTATION DURING CONTINGENCIES OR DISASTER RESPONSES.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) TRANSPORTATION OF ALLIED PERSONNEL DURING CONTINGENCIES OR DISASTER RESPONSES.—(1) During the 5-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011, when space is available on vessels, vehicles, or aircraft operated by the Department of Defense and the Secretary of Defense determines that operations in the area of a contingency operation or disaster response would be facilitated if allied forces or civilians were to be
transported using such vessels, vehicles, or aircraft, the Secretary may provide such transportation on a noninterference basis, without charge.

“(2) Not later than March 1 of each year following a year in which the Secretary provides transportation under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report describing, in detail, the transportation so provided during that year. Each such report shall include a description of each of the following:

“(A) How the authority under paragraph (1) was used during the year covered by the report.

“(B) The frequency with which such authority was used during that year.

“(C) The rationale of the Secretary for each such use of the authority.

“(D) The total cost of the transportation provided under paragraph (1) during that year.

“(E) The appropriation, fund, or account credited and the total amount received as a result of providing transportation under paragraph (1) during that year.”.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 2648 of such title is amended by inserting “, vehicles, or aircraft” after “vessels” in the matter preceding paragraph (1).
(c) **Technical Amendments.**—

(1) The heading of section 2648 of such title is amended to read as follows:

```
§ 2648. Persons and supplies: sea, land, and air transportation
```

(2) The heading of section 2649 of such title is amended to read as follows:

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§ 2649. Civilian passengers and commercial cargoes: transportation on Department of Defense vessels, vehicles, and aircraft
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(f) **Clerical Amendments.**—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 157 of such title is amended by striking the items relating to sections 2648 and 2649 and inserting the following new items:

```
2648. Persons and supplies: sea, land, and air transportation.
2649. Civilian passengers and commercial cargoes: transportation on Department of Defense vessels, vehicles, and aircraft.
```

SEC. 354. **Technical Correction to Obsolete Reference Relating to Use of Flexible Hiring Authority to Facilitate Performance of Certain Department of Defense Functions by Civilian Employees.**

Section 2463(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “under the National Security Personnel System, as established”.

SEC. 355. INVENTORY AND STUDY OF BUDGET MODELING AND SIMULATION TOOLS.

(a) INVENTORY.—

(1) INVENTORY REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall perform an inventory of all modeling and simulation tools used by the Department of Defense to develop and analyze the Department’s annual budget submission and to support decision making inside the budget process. In carrying out the inventory, the Comptroller General shall identify the purpose, scope, and levels of validation, verification, and accreditation of each such model and simulation.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than December 1, 2010, the Comptroller General shall submit to Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives and the Secretary of Defense a report on the inventory under paragraph (1) and the findings of the Comptroller General in carrying out the inventory.

(b) STUDY.—

(1) STUDY REQUIRED.—By not later than January 15, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to carry out a study examining the requirements for and capabilities of
modeling and simulation tools used by the Department of Defense to support the annual budget process. A contract entered into under this paragraph shall specify that in carrying out the study, the center shall—

(A) use the inventory performed by the Comptroller General under subsection (a) as a baseline;

(B) examine the efficacy and sufficiency of the modeling and simulation tools used by the Department of Defense to support the development, analysis, and decision-making associated with the construction and validation of requirements used as a basis for the annual budget process of the Department;

(C) examine the requirements and any capability gaps with respect to such modeling and simulation tools;

(D) provide recommendations as to how the Department should best address the requirements and fill the capabilities gaps identified under subparagraph (C);

(E) identify annual investment levels in modeling and simulation tools and certifications required to achieve a high degree of confidence.
in the relationship between the Department’s mission effectiveness and the budget materials submitted to the President by the Secretary of Defense in connection with the submission to Congress, pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, of the budget for a fiscal year;

(F) examine the verification, validation, and accreditation requirements for each of the military services and provide recommendations with respect to establishing uniform standards for such requirements across all of the military services; and

(G) recommend improvements to enhance the confidence, efficacy, and sufficiency of the modeling and simulation tools used by the Department of Defense in the development of the annual budget.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than January 1, 2012, the chief executive officer of the center that carries out the study pursuant to a contract under paragraph (1) shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study.
SEC. 356. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CONTINUED IMPORTANCE OF HIGH-ALTITUDE AVIATION TRAINING SITE, COLORADO.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The High-Altitude Aviation Training Site in Gypsum, Colorado, is the only Department of Defense aviation school that provides an opportunity for rotor-wing military pilots to train in high-altitude, mountainous terrain, under full gross weight and power management operations.

(2) The High-Altitude Aviation Training Site is operated by the Colorado Army National Guard and is available to pilots of all branches of the Armed Forces and to pilots of allied countries.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the High-Altitude Army Aviation Training Site continues to be critically important to ensuring the readiness and capabilities of rotor-wing military pilots; and

(2) the Department of Defense should take all appropriate actions to prevent encroachment on the High-Altitude Army Aviation Training Site.
SEC. 357. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STUDY ON SIMU-
LATED TACTICAL FLIGHT TRAINING IN A SUS-
TAINED G ENVIRONMENT.

(a) Study Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on the effectiveness of simulated tactical flight training in a sustained g environment. In conducting the study, the Secretary shall include all relevant factors, including each of the following:

(1) Training effectiveness.
(2) Cost reductions.
(3) Safety.
(4) Research benefits.
(5) Carbon emissions reduction.
(6) Lifecycles of training aircraft.

(b) Deadline for Completion.—The study required by subsection (a) shall be completed not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) Submission to Congress.—Upon completion of the study required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit the results of the study to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 358. STUDY OF EFFECTS OF NEW CONSTRUCTION OF OBSTRUCTIONS ON MILITARY INSTALLA-
TIONS AND OPERATIONS.

(a) Designation of Department Organization.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate a single organization within the Department of Defense to—

(1) serve as the executive agent to carry out the study required by subsection (b);

(2) serve as a clearinghouse to review applications filed with the Secretary of Transportation pursuant to section 44718 of title 49, United States Code, and received by the Department of Defense from the Secretary of Transportation; and

(3) accelerate the development of planning tools to provide preliminary notice as to the acceptability to the Department of Defense of proposals included in an application submitted pursuant to such section.

(b) MILITARY INSTALLATIONS AND OPERATIONS IMPACT STUDY.—

(1) STUDY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out a study to identify any areas where military installations and military operations, including the use of air navigation facilities, navigable airspace, military training routes, and air defense radars, could be affected by any proposed construction, alteration, establishment,
or expansion of a structure described in section 44718 of title 49, United States Code.

(2) MILITARY MISSION IMPACT ZONES.—The Secretary of Defense shall publish a notice of the areas identified pursuant to the study under paragraph (1). Such areas shall be known as “military mission impact zones”.

(c) EFFECT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HAZARD ASSESSMENT.—A notice under subsection (a)(3) or (b)(2) shall not be considered to be a substitute for any assessment required by the Secretary of Transportation under section 44718 of title 49, United States Code.

(d) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or limit the application of, or any obligation to comply with, any environmental law, including the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “military training route” means a training route developed as part of the Military Training Route Program, carried out jointly by the Federal Aviation Administration and the Secretary Defense, for use by the Armed Forces for the purpose of conducting low-altitude, high-speed military training.
(2) The term “high value military training route” means a military training route that is in the highest quartile of military training routes used by the Department of Defense with respect to frequency of use.

(3) The term “military installation” has the meaning given that term in section 2801(c)(4) of title 10, United States Code.

(4) The term “military operation” means military navigable airspace, including high value military training routes, air defense radars, special use airspace, warning areas, and other military related systems.

SEC. 359. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING FIRE-RESISTANT UTILITY ENSEMBLES FOR NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL IN CIVIL AUTHORITY MISSIONS.

It is the sense of Congress that the Chief of the National Guard Bureau should issue fire-resistant utility ensembles to National Guard personnel who are engaged, or likely to become engaged, in defense support to civil authority missions that routinely involve serious fire hazards, such as wildfire recovery efforts.
SEC. 360. AUTHORITY TO MAKE EXCESS NONLETHAL SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR DOMESTIC EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE.

(a) DOMESTIC AUTHORITY.—Section 2557 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by adding at the end the following new sentence: “In addition, the Secretary may make nonlethal excess supplies of the Department available to support domestic emergency assistance activities.”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting “(1)” before “Excess”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Excess supplies made available under this section to support domestic emergency assistance activities shall be transferred to the Secretary of Homeland Security. The Secretary of Defense may provide assistance in the distribution of such supplies at the request of the Secretary of Homeland Security.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) SECTION HEADING.—The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:
“§ 2557. Excess nonlethal supplies: availability for humanitarian relief, domestic emergency assistance, and homeless veterans assistance”.

(2) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 152 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“2557. Excess nonlethal supplies: availability for humanitarian relief, domestic emergency assistance, and homeless veterans assistance.”.

SEC. 361. RECOVERY OF MISSING DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PROPERTY.

(a) In General.—Section 2789 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 2789. Recovery of Department of Defense property: unauthorized or improper disposition

“(a) Prohibitions.—No member of the armed forces, civilian employee of the Government, employee or agent of a contractor, or any other person may sell, lend, pledge, barter, give, transfer, or otherwise dispose of any clothing, arms, articles, equipment, or any other military or Department of Defense property—

“(1) to any person not authorized to receive the property in accordance with applicable requirements established by the Department of Defense or a component thereof; or
“(2) in violation of applicable demilitarization regulations of the Department of Defense or a component thereof.

“(b) Seizure of Improperly Disposed of Property.—If a member of the armed forces, civilian employee of the Government, employee or agent of a contractor, or any other person has improperly disposed of military or Department of Defense property in violation of subsection (a), any civil or military officer of the United States or any State or local law enforcement official may seize the property, wherever found. Title to military or Department of Defense property disposed of in violation of subsection (a) remains with the United States. Possession of such property by a person who is neither a member of the armed forces nor an official of the United States is prima facie evidence that the property has been disposed of in violation of subsection (a).

“(c) Delivery of Seized Property.—Any official who seizes property under subsection (b) and is not authorized to retain it for the United States shall immediately deliver the property to an authorized member of the armed forces or other authorized official of the Department of Defense or the Department of Justice.

“(d) Retroactive Enforcement Authorized.—This section shall apply to any military or Department of
Defense property which was the subject of unauthorized disposition any time after January 1, 2002. This section shall apply to significant military equipment which was the subject of unauthorized disposition at any time.

“(e) SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.—In the event that any portion of this section is held unenforceable, all other portions of this section shall remain in full force and effect.

“(f) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘significant military equipment’ means defense articles on the United States Munitions List for which special export controls are warranted because of their capacity for substantial military utility or capability.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 165 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“2789. Recovery of Department of Defense property: unauthorized or improper disposition.”.

SEC. 362. AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT OF FULL REPLACEMENT VALUE FOR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO HOUSEHOLD GOODS IN LIMITED CASES NOT COVERED BY CARRIER LIABILITY.

(a) CLAIMS AUTHORITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 163 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
§ 2740. Property loss: reimbursement of members and civilian employees for full replacement value of household effects when contractor reimbursement not available

“The Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments, in paying a claim under section 3721 of title 31 arising from loss or damage to household goods stored or transported at the expense of the Department of Defense, may pay the claim on the basis of full replacement value in any of the following cases in which reimbursement for the full replacement value for the loss or damage is not available directly from a carrier under section 2636a of this title:

“(1) A case in which—

“(A) the lost or damaged goods were stored or transported under a contract, tender, or solicitation in accordance with section 2636a of this title that requires the transportation service provider to settle claims on the basis of full replacement value; and

“(B) the loss or damage occurred under circumstances that exclude the transportation service provider from liability.

“(2) A case in which—

“(A) the loss or damage occurred while the lost or damaged goods were in the possession of
an ocean carrier that was transporting, loading, or unloading the goods under a Department of Defense contract for ocean carriage; and

“(B) the land-based portions of the transportation were under contracts, in accordance with section 2636a of this title, that require the land carriers to settle claims on the basis of full replacement value.

“(3) A case in which—

“(A) the lost or damaged goods were transported or stored under a contract or solicitation that requires at least one of the transportation service providers or carriers that handled the shipment to settle claims on the basis of full replacement value pursuant to section 2636a of this title;

“(B) the lost or damaged goods have been in the custody of more than one independent contractor or transportation service provider; and

“(C) a claim submitted to the delivering transportation service provider or carrier is denied in whole or in part because the loss or damage occurred while the lost or damaged goods were in the custody of a prior transpor-
tation service provider or carrier or government entity.”.

(2) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“2740. Property loss: reimbursement of members and civilian employees for full replacement value of household effects when contractor reimbursement not available.”.

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—Section 2740 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to losses incurred after the date of the enactment of this Act.

**TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS**

**Subtitle A—Active Forces**

**SEC. 401. END STRENGTHS FOR ACTIVE FORCES.**

The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 2011, as follows:

(1) The Army, 569,400.

(2) The Navy, 328,700.

(3) The Marine Corps, 202,100.


**SEC. 402. REVISION IN PERMANENT ACTIVE DUTY END STRENGTH MINIMUM LEVELS.**

Section 691(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following new paragraphs:
“(1) For the Army, 547,400.
“(2) For the Navy, 324,300.
“(3) For the Marine Corps, 202,100.
“(4) For the Air Force, 332,200.”.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

SEC. 411. END STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 2011, as follows:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 358,200.

(2) The Army Reserve, 205,000.

(3) The Navy Reserve, 65,500.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 39,600.


(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 10,000.

(b) END STRENGTH REDUCTIONS.—The end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by—

(1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of
such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at the end of the fiscal year; and

(2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at the end of the fiscal year.

(e) END STRENGTH INCREASES.—Whenever units or individual members of the Selected Reserve of any reserve component are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the end strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be increased proportionately by the total authorized strengths of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 412. END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(a), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 2011, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or full-time duty, in the case of members of the National Guard, for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:
(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 32,060.

(2) The Army Reserve, 16,261.

(3) The Navy Reserve, 10,688.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,261.

(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 14,584.

(6) The Air Force Reserve, 2,992.

SEC. 413. END STRENGTHS FOR MILITARY TECHNICIANS

(DUAL STATUS).

The minimum number of military technicians (dual status) as of the last day of fiscal year 2011 for the reserve components of the Army and the Air Force (notwithstanding section 129 of title 10, United States Code) shall be the following:

(1) For the Army Reserve, 8,395.

(2) For the Army National Guard of the United States, 27,210.

(3) For the Air Force Reserve, 10,720.

(4) For the Air National Guard of the United States, 22,394.

SEC. 414. FISCAL YEAR 2011 LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF NON-DUAL STATUS TECHNICIANS.

(a) LIMITATIONS.—
(1) **NATIONAL GUARD.**—Within the limitation provided in section 10217(e)(2) of title 10, United States Code, the number of non-dual status technicians employed by the National Guard as of September 30, 2011, may not exceed the following:

(A) For the Army National Guard of the United States, 2,520.

(B) For the Air National Guard of the United States, 350.

(2) **ARMY RESERVE.**—The number of non-dual status technicians employed by the Army Reserve as of September 30, 2011, may not exceed 595.

(3) **AIR FORCE RESERVE.**—The number of non-dual status technicians employed by the Air Force Reserve as of September 30, 2011, may not exceed 90.

(b) **NON-DUAL STATUS TECHNICIANS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “non-dual status technician” has the meaning given that term in section 10217(a) of title 10, United States Code.

(c) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO ANNUAL LIMITATION ON NON-DUAL STATUS TECHNICIANS FOR THE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD.**—Section 10217(e)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “1,950” and inserting “2,870”.

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149
SEC. 415. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF RESERVE PERSONNEL AUTHORIZED TO BE ON ACTIVE DUTY FOR OPERATIONAL SUPPORT.

During fiscal year 2011, the maximum number of members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces who may be serving at any time on full-time operational support duty under section 115(b) of title 10, United States Code, is the following:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 17,000.
(2) The Army Reserve, 13,000.
(3) The Navy Reserve, 6,200.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 3,000.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 16,000.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 14,000.

Subtitle C—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 421. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for military personnel for fiscal year 2011 a total of $138,540,700,000.

(b) Construction of Authorization.—The authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) supersedes
any other authorization of appropriations (definite or indefinite) for such purpose for fiscal year 2011.

**TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY**

**Subtitle A—Officer Personnel**

**Policy Generally**

**SEC. 501. AGE FOR HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL APPOINTMENTS AND MANDATORY RETIREMENTS.**

(a) **Age for Original Appointment as a Health Professions Officer.**—Section 532(d)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “reserve”.

(b) **Additional Categories of Officers Eligible for Deferral of Mandatory Retirement for Age.**—Section 1251(b) of such title is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “the officer will be performing duties consisting primarily of providing patient care or performing other clinical duties.” and inserting “the officer—

“(A) will be performing duties consisting primarily of providing patient care or performing other clinical duties; or

“(B) is in a category of officers designated under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) whose duties will consist primarily of the duties described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of such subparagraph.”; and
(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking “or” at the end of subpara-

graph (B);

(B) by striking the period at the end of

subparagraph (C) and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new

subparagraph:

“(D) an officer in a category of officers des-

ignated by the Secretary concerned for the purposes

of this paragraph as consisting of officers whose du-

ties consist primarily of—

“(i) providing health care;

“(ii) performing other clinical care; or

“(iii) performing health-care related ad-

ministrative duties.”.

SEC. 502. AUTHORITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF WARRANT OF-

FICERS IN THE GRADE OF W–1 BY COMMIS-

SION AND STANDARDIZATION OF WARRANT

OFFICER APPOINTING AUTHORITY.

(a) Regular Officers.—

(1) Authority for appointments by com-

mission in warrant officer W–1 grade.—The

first sentence of section 571(b) of title 10, United

States Code, is amended by striking “by the Sec-
respect to an armed force under the jurisdiction of
the Secretary of a military department, the Sec-
retary may provide by regulation that appointments
in that grade shall be made by commission”.

(2) APPOINTING AUTHORITY.—The second sen-
tence of section 571(b) of such title is amended by
inserting before the period at the end the following:
“and appointments in the grade of regular warrant
officer, W–1 (whether by warrant or commission),
shall be made by the President, except that appoint-
ments in that grade in the Coast Guard shall be
made by the Secretary of Homeland Security when
it is not operating as a service in the Department
of the Navy”.

(b) RESERVE OFFICERS.—Subsection (b) of section
12241 of such title is amended to read as follows:
“(b) Appointments in permanent reserve warrant of-
licer grades shall be made in the same manner as is pre-
scribed for regular warrant officer grades by section
571(b) of this title.”.

(c) PRESIDENTIAL FUNCTIONS.—Except as other-
wise provided by the President by Executive order, the
provisions of Executive Order No. 13384 (10 U.S.C. 531
note) relating to the functions of the President under the
second sentence of section 571(b) of title 10, United
States Code, shall apply in the same manner to the func-
tions of the President under section 12241(b) of title 10,
United States Code.

SEC. 503. NONDISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION FROM DIS-
CUSSIONS, DELIBERATIONS, NOTES, AND
RECORDS OF SPECIAL SELECTION BOARDS.

(a) NONDISCLOSURE OF BOARD PROCEEDINGS.—
Section 613a of title 10, United States Code, is amend-
ed—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
following new subsection:

“(a) PROHIBITION ON DISCLOSURE.—The pro-
ceedings of a selection board convened under section 573,
611, or 628 of this title may not be disclosed to any person
not a member of the board, except as authorized or re-
quired to process the report of the board. This prohibition
is a statutory exemption from disclosure, as described in
section 552(b)(3) of title 5.”;

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “AND
RECORDS” and inserting “NOTES, AND RECORDS”;

and

(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:

“(c) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to all se-
lection boards convened under section 573, 611, or 628
of this title, regardless of the date on which the board was convened.”.

(b) REPORTS OF BOARDS.—Section 628(c)(2) of such title is amended by striking “sections 576(d) and 576(f)” and inserting “sections 576(d), 576(f), and 613a”.

(c) RESERVE BOARDS.—Section 14104 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following new subsection:

“(a) PROHIBITION ON DISCLOSURE.—The proceedings of a selection board convened under section 14101 or 14502 of this title may not be disclosed to any person not a member of the board, except as authorized or required to process the report of the board. This prohibition is a statutory exemption from disclosure, as described in section 552(b)(3) of title 5.”;

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “AND RECORDS” and inserting “NOTES, AND RECORDS”;

and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to all selection boards convened under section 14101 or 14502 of
this title, regardless of the date on which the board was
convened.”.

SEC. 504. ADMINISTRATIVE REMOVAL OF OFFICERS FROM
LIST OF OFFICERS RECOMMENDED FOR PROMOTION.

(a) ACTIVE-DUTY LIST.—Section 629 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) ADMINISTRATIVE REMOVAL.—If an officer on
the active-duty list is discharged or dropped from the rolls,
transferred to a retired status, or found to have been erro-
neously included in a zone of consideration, after having
been recommended for promotion to a higher grade under
this chapter, but before being promoted, the officer shall
be administratively removed from the promotion list under
regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned.”.

(b) RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST.—Section 14310
of such title is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
section (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
lowing new subsection (d):

HR 5136 PCS18
“(d) Administrative Removal.—If an officer on the reserve active-status list is discharged or dropped from the rolls, transferred to a retired status, or found to have been erroneously included in a zone of consideration, after having been recommended for promotion to a higher grade under this chapter or after having been found qualified for Federal recognition in the higher grade under title 32, but before being promoted, the officer shall be administratively removed from the promotion list under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned.”

SEC. 505. ELIGIBILITY OF OFFICERS TO SERVE ON BOARDS OF INQUIRY FOR SEPARATION OF REGULAR OFFICERS FOR SUBSTANDARD PERFORMANCE AND OTHER REASONS.

(a) Active Duty.—Section 1187 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting the following new paragraphs:

“(2) Each member of the board shall be senior in rank or grade to the officer being required to show cause for retention on active duty.

“(3) At least one member of the board—

“(A) shall be in or above the grade of major or lieutenant commander, if the grade of
the officer being required to show cause for re-
tention on active duty is below the grade of
major or lieutenant commander; or

“(B) shall be in a grade above lieutenant
colonel or commander, if the grade of the offi-
cer being required to show cause for retention
on active duty is major or lieutenant com-
mander or above.”;

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “that officer—
” and all that follows through the period at the end
and inserting “that officer meets the grade require-
ments of subsection (a)(2).”;

(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:

“(e) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of a military de-
partment may prescribe regulations limiting the eligibility
of officers to serve on a board convened under this chapter
to officers who, while otherwise qualified, are in the opin-
ion of the Secretary best suited for that duty by reason
of age, education, training, experience, length of service,
or temperament.”.

(b) RESERVES.—Section 14906 of such title is
amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraphs
(2) and (3) and inserting the following new para-
graphs:

“(2) Each member of the board shall be senior
in rank or grade to the officer being required to
show cause for retention in an active status.

“(3) At least one member of the board—

“(A) shall be in or above the grade of
major or lieutenant commander, if the grade of
the officer being required to show cause for re-
tention in an active status is below the grade of
major or lieutenant commander; or

“(B) shall be in a grade above lieutenant
colonel or commander, if the grade of the offi-
cer being required to show cause for retention
in an active status is major or lieutenant com-
mander or above.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:

“(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of a military de-
partment may prescribe regulations limiting the eligibility
of officers to serve on a board convened under this chapter
to officers who, while otherwise qualified, are in the opin-
ion of the Secretary best suited for that duty by reason
of age, education, training, experience, length of service, or temperament.”.

SEC. 506. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO REDUCE MINIMUM LENGTH OF ACTIVE SERVICE AS A COMMISSIONED OFFICER REQUIRED FOR VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT AS AN OFFICER.

(a) ARMY.—Section 3911(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “January 6, 2006, and ending on December 31, 2008” and inserting “the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 and ending on September 30, 2013”.

(b) NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.—Section 6323(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking “January 6, 2006, and ending on December 31, 2008” and inserting “the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 and ending on September 30, 2013”.

(c) AIR FORCE.—Section 8911(b)(2) of such title is amended by striking “January 6, 2006, and ending on December 31, 2008” and inserting “the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 and ending on September 30, 2013”.
Subtitle B—Reserve Component Management

SEC. 511. PRESEPARATION COUNSELING FOR MEMBERS OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS.

(a) Requirement; Exception.—Subsection (a)(1) of section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence—

(A) by striking “Within” and inserting “(A) Within”; and

(B) by striking “of each member” and all that follows through the period at the end of the sentence and inserting the following: “of—

“(i) each member of the armed forces whose discharge or release from active duty is anticipated as of a specific date; and

“(ii) each member of a reserve component not covered by clause (i) whose discharge or release from service is anticipated as of a specific date.”; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking “A notation of the provision of such counseling” and inserting the following:

“(B) A notation of the provision of preseparation counseling”.

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(b) Clarification of Covered Matters.—Sub-
section (b)(7) of such section is amended by striking
“from active duty”.

SEC. 512. MILITARY CORRECTION BOARD REMEDIES FOR
NATIONAL GUARD MEMBERS.

Subsection (a) of section 1552 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “military
record of the Secretary’s department” and inserting
“military record of an armed force, including reserve
components thereof, under the jurisdiction of the
Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

“(5) In the case of a member of the National Guard,
the authority to correct any military record of the member
under this section extends only to records generated while
the member was in Federal service and does not apply to
matters related to State government policy and procedures
related to its National Guard.”.

SEC. 513. REMOVAL OF STATUTORY DISTRIBUTION LIMITS
ON NAVY RESERVE FLAG OFFICER ALLOCA-
TION.

Section 12004(c) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended—
(1) by striking paragraphs (2), (3), and (5); and
(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (2).

SEC. 514. ASSIGNMENT OF AIR FORCE RESERVE MILITARY
TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS) TO POSITIONS
OUTSIDE AIR FORCE RESERVE UNIT PRO-
GRAM.

Section 10216(d) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following new para-
graph:
“(3) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a military tech-
nician (dual status) who is employed by the Air Force Re-
serve in an area other than the Air Force Reserve unit
program, except that not more than 50 of such technicians
may be assigned outside of the unit program at the same
time.”.

SEC. 515. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY FOR TEMPORARY EM-
PLOYMENT OF NON-DUAL STATUS MILITARY
TECHNICIANS.

Section 10217 of title 10, United States Code, is
amended—
(1) in subsection (a)—
(A) by striking “or” at the end of para-
graph (1);
(B) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting ‘‘; or’’; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) is hired as a temporary employee pursuant to the exception for temporary employment provided by subsection (d) and subject to the terms and conditions of such subsection.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) EXCEPTION FOR TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT.—

(1) Notwithstanding section 10218 of this title, the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force may employ, for a period not to exceed two years, a person to fill a vacancy created by the mobilization of a military technician (dual status) occupying a position under section 10216 of this title.

“(2) The duration of the temporary employment of a person in a military technician position under this subsection may not exceed the shorter of the following:

“(A) The period of mobilization of the military technician (dual status) whose vacancy is being filled by the temporary employee.

“(B) Two years.
“(3) No persons may be hired under the authority of this subsection after the end of the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this subsection.”.

SEC. 516. REVISED STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS OF RESERVE FORCES POLICY BOARD.

(a) Revised Structure and Functions.—Section 10301 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 10301. Reserve Forces Policy Board

“(a) Functions.—As provided in section 175 of this title, there is in the Office of the Secretary of Defense a Reserve Forces Policy Board. The Board shall serve as an independent adviser to the Secretary of Defense to provide advice and recommendations to the Secretary on strategies, policies, and practices designed to improve and enhance the capabilities, efficiency, and effectiveness of the reserve components. The Board shall report directly to the Secretary to provide independent advice and recommendations to the Secretary on matters relating to the and reserve components.

“(b) Membership.—The Board consists of 20 members, appointed or designated as follows:

“(1) A civilian chairman appointed by the Secretary of Defense, who shall be a person who the Secretary determines has the knowledge of, and ex-
perience in, policy matters relevant to national security and reserve component matters required to carry out the duties of chairman.

“(2) Two reserve general officers designated by the Secretary of Defense upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Army, one of whom shall be a member of the Army National Guard of the United States and one of whom shall be a member of the Army Reserve.

“(3) Two reserve officers designated by the Secretary of Defense upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Navy, one of whom shall be a Navy Reserve flag officer and one of whom shall be a Marine Corps Reserve general officer.

“(4) Two reserve general officers designated by the Secretary of Defense upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Air Force, one of whom shall be a member of the Air National Guard of the United States and one of whom shall be a member of the Air Force Reserve.

“(5) One Coast Guard flag officer designated by the Secretary of Homeland Security when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service within the Department of the Navy, or designated by the Secretary of Defense, upon the recommendation of the
Secretary of the Navy, when the Coast Guard is operating as a service in the Navy under section 3 of title 14.

“(6) Ten persons appointed or designated by the Secretary of Defense, each of whom shall be a United States citizen and have significant knowledge of and experience in policy matters relevant to national security and reserve component matters and shall be one of the following:

“(A) An individual not employed in any Federal or State department or agency.

“(B) An individual employed by a Federal or State department or agency.

“(C) An officer of a regular component on active duty, or an officer of a reserve component in an active status, who has served or is serving in a senior position on the Joint Staff, a combatant command headquarters staff, or a service headquarters staff.

“(7) A reserve officer of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps who is a general or flag officer recommended by the chairman and designated by the Secretary of Defense, who shall serve without vote—

“(A) as military adviser to the chairman;
“(B) as military executive officer of the Board; and

“(C) as supervisor of the Board operations and staff.

“(8) A senior enlisted member of a reserve component recommended by the chairman and appointed by the Secretary of Defense, who shall serve without vote as enlisted military adviser to the chairman.

“(e) INDEPENDENT ADVICE.—In the case of a member of the Board who is an officer or employee of the Department of Defense or a member of the armed forces, the advice provided in that member’s capacity as a member of the Board shall be rendered independently of the Board member’s other duties as an officer or employee of the Department of Defense or member of the armed forces.

“(d) MATTERS TO BE ACTED ON.—The Board shall act on those matters referred to it by the chairman and on any matter raised by a member of the Board.

“(e) STAFF.—The Board shall be supported by a staff consisting of one full-time officer from each of the reserve components listed in paragraphs (1) through (6) of section 10101 of this title who holds the grade of colonel, or in the case of the Navy the grade of captain, or who has been selected for promotion to that grade. These
officers shall also serve as liaisons between their respective components and the Board. They shall perform their staff and liaison duties under the supervision of the military executive in an independent manner reflecting the independent nature of the Board.

“(f) Relationship to Service Reserve Policy Committees and Boards.—This section does not affect the committees and boards prescribed within the military departments by sections 10302 through 10305 of this title, and a member of such a committee or board may, if otherwise eligible, be a member of the Board.”

(b) Board Membership Transition Provision.—The members of the Reserve Forces Policy Board as of the date of the enactment of this Act shall continue to serve on the Board in accordance with their respective terms of service as of such date, and except to ensure that the positions of chairman and military executive of the Board continue to be filled, and to ensure that the reserve components listed in paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 10101 of title 10, United States Code, continue to have representation, no appointment or designation of a member of the Board may be made after such date until the number of voting members of the Board is fewer than 18. Once the number of voting members is fewer than 18, vacancies in the Board membership shall be filled in accord-
ance with section 10301 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a).

(c) Revision to Annual Report Requirement.—

Section 113(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “the reserve programs of the Department of Defense and on any other matters” and inserting “any reserve component matter”.

SEC. 517. MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD AND JUDICIAL REMEDIES FOR NATIONAL GUARD TECHNICIANS.

(a) Elimination of Restricted Right of Appeal.—

(1) Current restriction to adjutant general.—Subsection (f) of section 709 of title 32, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (4).

(2) Stylistic and conforming amendments.—Such subsection is further amended—

(A) by striking the material preceding paragraph (1);

(B) by capitalizing the first word in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (5);

(C) by striking the semicolon at the end of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting a period;
(D) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4); and

(E) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) This subsection shall be carried out under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned.”.

(b) Application of Certain Title 5 Provisions.—Section 709(g) of title 32, United States Code, is amended by striking “Sections 2108, 3502, 7511, and 7512” and inserting “Section 2108”.

(c) Application of Adverse Actions Subchapter.—Section 7511(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (5); and

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (6) through (10) as paragraphs (5) through (9), respectively.

Subtitle C—Joint Qualified Officers and Requirements

SEC. 521. TECHNICAL REVISIONS TO DEFINITION OF JOINT MATTERS FOR PURPOSES OF JOINT OFFICER MANAGEMENT.

Section 668(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—
(A) by striking “multiple” in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting “integrated”; and

(B) by striking “and” at the end of the subparagraph (D) and inserting “or”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(2) In the context of joint matters, the term ‘integrated military forces’ refers to military forces that are involved in the planning or execution (or both) of operations involving participants from—

“(A) more than one military department; or

“(B) a military department and one or more of the following:

“(i) Other departments and agencies of the United States.

“(ii) The military forces or agencies of other countries.

“(iii) Non-governmental persons or entities.”.
SEC. 522. CHANGES TO PROCESS INVOLVING PROMOTION BOARDS FOR JOINT QUALIFIED OFFICERS AND OFFICERS WITH JOINT STAFF EXPERIENCE.

(a) BOARD COMPOSITION.—Subsection (c) of section 612 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(c)(1) Each selection board convened under section 611(a) of this title that will consider an officer described in paragraph (2) shall include at least one officer designated by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff who is a joint qualified officer.

“(2) Paragraph (1) applies with respect to an officer who—

“(A) is serving in, or has served in, a joint duty assignment;

“(B) is serving on, or has served on, the Joint Staff; or

“(C) is a joint qualified officer.

“(3) The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement in paragraph (1) in the case of—

“(A) any selection board of the Marine Corps;

or

“(B) any selection board that is considering officers in specialties identified in paragraph (2) or (3) of section 619a(b) of this title.”.
(b) Information Furnished to Selection Boards.—Section 615 of such title is amended by striking “in joint duty assignments of officers who are serving, or have served, in such assignments” in subsections (b)(5) and (c) and inserting “of officers who are serving on, or have served on, the Joint Staff or are joint qualified officers”.

(c) Action on Report of Selection Boards.—Section 618(b) of such title is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “are serving, or have served, in joint duty assignments” and inserting “are serving on, or have served on, the Joint Staff or are joint qualified officers”;

(2) in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2), by striking “in joint duty assignments of officers who are serving, or have served, in such assignments” and inserting “of officers who are serving on, or have served on, the Joint Staff or are joint qualified officers”; and

(3) in paragraph (4), by striking “in joint duty assignments” and inserting “who are serving on, or have served on, the Joint Staff or are joint qualified officers”.

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SEC. 523. SECURE ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OR DISCHARGE FROM ACTIVE DUTY (DD FORM 214).

Section 596 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 1168 note) is amended—

(1) by inserting ``(a) ELECTION TO FORWARD CERTIFICATE TO VA OFFICES—'' before ``The Secretary of Defense''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

``(b) SECURE METHOD OF ELECTRONIC DELIVERY.—

``(1) DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.—
The Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall develop and implement a secure electronic method of forwarding the DD Form 214 to the appropriate office specified in subsection (a)(2). The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall ensure that the method permits such offices to access the forms electronically using current computer operating systems.

``(2) AUTHORITY TO CEASE DELIVERY.—In developing the secure electronic method of forwarding DD Forms 214, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall ensure that the information provided is not dis-
closed or used for unauthorized purposes and may cease forwarding the forms electronically to an office specified in subsection (a)(2) if demonstrated problems arise.”.

Subtitle D—General Service Authorities

SEC. 531. EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO ORDER RETIRED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO ACTIVE DUTY IN HIGH-DEMAND, LOW-DENSITY ASSIGNMENTS.

(a) Extension of Authority.—Section 688a(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2012”.

(b) Report Required.—Not later than April 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing an assessment by the Secretary of the need to extend the authority provided by section 688a of title 10, United States Code, beyond December 31, 2012. The report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(1) A list of the current types of high-demand, low-density capabilities (as defined in such section) for which the authority is being used to address operational requirements.
(2) For each high-demand, low-density capability included in the list under paragraph (1), the number of retired members of the Armed Forces who have served on active duty at any time during each of fiscal years 2007 through 2010 under the authority.

(3) A plan to increase the required active duty strength for the high-demand, low-density capabilities included in the list under paragraph (1) to eliminate the need to use the authority.

SEC. 532. CORRECTION OF MILITARY RECORDS.

(a) Improved Documentation of Correction Board Decisions.—Section 1552(a)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting ``(A)'' after ``(3)''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

``(B) In establishing correction procedures under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of a military department shall require that a board established under subsection (a)(1) present its findings and conclusions in an orderly and itemized fashion, with specific attention given to each issue presented by the claimant (or heir or representative) who requested the correction. This requirement applies to a request for correction received after the date of the en-
actment of this subparagraph, both during initial consider-
ation of the request and upon subsequent consideration
due to appeal or other circumstances.”.

(b) IMPROVED DOCUMENTATION OF REVIEW BOARD

DECISIONS REGARDING DISCHARGE OR DISMISSAL.—Sec-
tion 1553(b) of such title is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

“(2) In establishing review procedures for use by a
board established under this section, the Secretary of a
military department shall require that the board present
its findings and conclusions in an orderly and itemized
fashion, with specific attention given to each issue pre-
sented by the person who requested the review. This re-
quirement applies to a request for review received after
the date of the enactment of this paragraph, both during
initial consideration of the request and upon subsequent
consideration due to appeal or other circumstances.”.

(c) BOARDS REVIEWING RETIREMENT OR SEPARA-
tion Without Pay for Physical Disability.—

(1) MEMBERS ELIGIBLE TO REQUEST RE-
view.—Subsection (a) of section 1554 of such title
is amended—
(A) by striking “an officer” and inserting “a member or former member of the uniformed services”; and

(B) by striking “his case” and inserting “the member’s case”.

(2) IMPROVED DOCUMENTATION OF BOARD DECISIONS.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(A) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) In establishing review procedures for use by a board established under this section, the Secretary of a military department shall require that the board present its findings and conclusions in an orderly and itemized fashion, with specific attention given to each issue presented by the person who requested the review. This requirement applies to a request for review received after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, both during initial consideration of the request and upon subsequent consideration due to appeal or other circumstances.”.

(d) LIMITATION ON REDUCTION IN PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO DUTY WITH SERVICE REVIEW AGENCY.—1559(a) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2013”.

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SEC. 533. MODIFICATION OF CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE OR DISCHARGE FROM ACTIVE DUTY (DD FORM 214) TO SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFY A SPACE FOR INCLUSION OF E-MAIL ADDRESS.

The Secretary of Defense shall modify the Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty (DD Form 214) to include a new Block, 19c., titled “ELECTRONIC MAILING (E-MAIL) ADDRESS AFTER SEPARATION” in order to permit a member of the Armed Forces to include an email address at which the member may be reached after the member’s discharge or release.

SEC. 534. RECOGNITION OF ROLE OF FEMALE MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REVIEW OF MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALTIES AVAILABLE TO FEMALE MEMBERS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress make the following findings:

(1) Women are and have historically been an import part of all United States war efforts, voluntarily serving in every military conflict in United States history, including the Revolutionary War.

(2) Approximately 34,000 women served in the Armed Forces in World War I, approximately 400,000 served in World War II, approximately 120,000 served in the Korean War, over 7,000...
served in the Vietnam War, and more than 41,000
served in the first Gulf War.

(3) Over 350,000 women serving in the Armed
Forces make up approximate 15 percent of all active
duty personnel, 15 percent of Reserves, and 17 per-
cent of the National Guard.

(4) Over 225,349 women have served in Oper-
ation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Free-
dom as members of the Armed Forces.

(5) At least 120 female members of the Armed
Forces have been killed in Iraq or Afghanistan, and,
of the women killed, 66 were killed in combat.

(6) The nature of war has changed in Iraq and
Afghanistan, and, despite the prohibition on female
members of the Armed Forces serving in combat, so
has the role of female members of the Armed
Forces.

(b) OFFICIAL RECOGNITION.—Congress—

(1) honors women who have served, and women
who are currently serving, as members of the Armed
Forces; and

(2) encourages all people in the United States
to recognize the service and achievements of female
members of the Armed Forces and female veterans.

(c) REVIEWS REQUIRED.—
(1) Reviews; elements.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a review of military occupational positions available to female members of the Armed Forces for the purpose of ensuring that female members have the maximum opportunity to compete and excel in the Armed Forces. The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, also shall review the collocation policy and other policies and regulations that restrict the service of female members to determine whether changes are needed, including legislative change, if necessary, to enhance the ability of women to serve in the Armed Forces.

(2) Submission of results.—Not later than February 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committee a report containing the results of the reviews.

SEC. 535. MATTERS COVERED BY PRESEPARATION COUNSELING FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND THEIR SPOUSES.

Section 1142(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking “job placement counseling for the spouse” and inserting “inclusion of the spouse when counseling regarding the
matters covered by paragraphs (9), (10), and (16) is provided, job placement counseling for the spouse, and the provision of information on survivor benefits available under the laws administered by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; 

(2) in paragraph (9), by inserting before the period the following: “, including information on budgeting, saving, credit, loans, and taxes”; 

(3) in paragraph (10), by striking “and employment” and inserting “, employment, and financial”; 

(4) by striking paragraph (16) and inserting the following new paragraph: 

“(16) Information on home loan services and housing assistance benefits available under the laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs and counseling on responsible borrowing practices.”; and 

(5) in paragraph (17), by inserting before the period the following: “, and information regarding the means by which the member can receive additional counseling regarding the member’s actual entitlement to such benefits and apply for such benefits”. 

SEC. 536. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE POLICY CONCERNING HOMOSEXUALITY IN THE ARMED FORCES.


(2) Objectives and Scope of Review.—The Terms of Reference accompanying the Secretary’s memorandum established the following objectives and scope of the ordered review:

(A) Determine any impacts to military readiness, military effectiveness and unit cohesion, recruiting/retention, and family readiness that may result from repeal of the law and recommend any actions that should be taken in light of such impacts.

(B) Determine leadership, guidance, and training on standards of conduct and new policies.

(C) Determine appropriate changes to existing policies and regulations, including but not limited to issues regarding personnel manage-
ment, leadership and training, facilities, investiga-
tions, and benefits.

(D) Recommend appropriate changes (if any) to the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

(E) Monitor and evaluate existing legislative proposals to repeal 10 U.S.C. 654 and proposals that may be introduced in the Congress during the period of the review.

(F) Assure appropriate ways to monitor the workforce climate and military effectiveness that support successful follow-through on implementation.

(G) Evaluate the issues raised in ongoing litigation involving 10 U.S.C. 654.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (f) shall take effect 60 days after the date on which the last of the following occurs:

(1) The Secretary of Defense has received the report required by the memorandum of the Secretary referred to in subsection (a).

(2) The President transmits to the congressional defense committees a written certification, signed by the President, the Secretary of Defense, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, stating each of the following:
186

(A) That the President, the Secretary of
Defense, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs
of Staff have considered the recommendations
contained in the report and the report’s pro-
posed plan of action.

(B) That the Department of Defense has
prepared the necessary policies and regulations
to exercise the discretion provided by the
amendments made by subsection (f).

(C) That the implementation of necessary
policies and regulations pursuant to the discre-
tion provided by the amendments made by sub-
section (f) is consistent with the standards of
military readiness, military effectiveness, unit
cohesion, and recruiting and retention of the
Armed Forces.

(c) NO IMMEDIATE EFFECT ON CURRENT POLICY.—
Section 654 of title 10, United States Code, shall remain
in effect until such time that all of the requirements and
certifications required by subsection (b) are met. If these
requirements and certifications are not met, section 654
of title 10, United States Code, shall remain in effect.

(d) BENEFITS.—Nothing in this section, or the
amendments made by this section, shall be construed to
require the furnishing of benefits in violation of section
7 of title 1, United States Code (relating to the definitions
of “marriage” and “spouse” and referred to as the “De-
fense of Marriage Act”).

(e) No Private Cause of Action.—Nothing in this
section, or the amendments made by this section, shall be
construed to create a private cause of action.

(f) Treatment of 1993 Policy.—

(1) Title 10.—Upon the effective date estab-
lished by subsection (b), chapter 37 of title 10,
United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking section 654; and

(B) in the table of sections at the begin-
ing of such chapter, by striking the item relat-
ing to section 654.

(2) Conforming Amendment.—Upon the ef-
fective date established by subsection (b), section
571 of the National Defense Authorization Act for
Fiscal Year 1994 (10 U.S.C. 654 note) is amended
by striking subsections (b), (e), and (d).
Subtitle E—Military Justice and Legal Matters

SEC. 541. CONTINUATION OF WARRANT OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY TO COMPLETE DISCIPLINARY ACTION.

Section 580 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(f) A warrant officer subject to discharge or retirement under this section, but against whom any action has been commenced with a view to trying the officer by court-martial, may be continued on active duty, without prejudice to such action, until the completion of such action.”.

SEC. 542. ENHANCED AUTHORITY TO PUNISH CONTEMPT IN MILITARY JUSTICE PROCEEDINGS.

(a) In general.—Section 848 of title 10, United States Code (article 48 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended to read as follows:

“§ 848. Art. 48. Contempts

“(a) Authority to Punish Contempt.—A military judge detailed to a court-martial, a court of inquiry, the Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces, a Court of Criminal Appeals, a provost court, or a military commission (other than a military commission established under
chapter 47A of this title) may punish for contempt any person who—

“(1) uses any menacing word, sign, or gesture in the presence of the military judge during the proceedings of the court-martial, court, or military commission;

“(2) disturbs the proceedings of the court-martial, court, or military commission by any riot or disorder; or

“(3) willfully disobeys its lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command.

“(b) PUNISHMENT.—A person punished for contempt under this section may be confined for not more than 30 days, fined in an amount of not more than $1,000, or both.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 848 of title 10, United States Code (article 48 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), as amended by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to acts of contempt committed after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 543. LIMITATIONS ON USE IN PERSONNEL ACTION OF INFORMATION CONTAINED IN CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE REPORT OR IN INDEX MAINTAINED FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT RETRIEVAL AND ANALYSIS.

(a) LIMITATIONS.—Chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1034 the following new section:

“§ 1034a. Criminal investigative report or index maintained for law enforcement retrieval and analysis: limitations on use in personnel actions

“(a) PROHIBITION ON USE IN PERSONNEL ACTIONS.—Except as provided in subsection (b), information relating to the titling or indexing of a member of the armed forces contained in any criminal investigative report prepared by any entity of the Department of Defense or index maintained by any entity of the Department of Defense for the purpose of potential retrieval and analysis by Department law enforcement organizations may not be used in connection with any personnel action involving the member.

“(b) AUTHORIZED EXCEPTIONS.—The prohibition in subsection (a) does not preclude the use of information relating to the titling or indexing of a member—
“(1) in connection with law enforcement activities;

“(2) in a judicial or administrative action involving the member regarding the alleged offense referenced in the criminal investigative report or index; or

“(3) in a personnel action if—

“(A) the member has been adjudged guilty of the alleged offense referenced in the criminal investigative report or index by military non-judicial or judicial proceedings or by civilian judicial proceedings;

“(B) a record of the proceedings is presented in connection with the personnel action; and

“(C) the member is provided the opportunity to present additional information in response to the record of the proceedings.

“(c) definitions.—In this section:

“(1) indexing.—The term ‘indexing’ refers to the procedure whereby a Department of Defense criminal investigative agency submits identifying information concerning subjects, victims, or incidentals of investigations for addition to the Defense Clearance and Investigations Index.
“(2) Titling.—The term ‘titling’ refers to the process by which a Department of Defense criminal investigative agency places the name of a person in the title block of a criminal investigative report at a time when the agency has credible information that the person committed a criminal offense. The titling, however, does not connote any degree of guilt or innocence.

“(3) Personnel action.—The term ‘personnel action’, with respect to a member, means any recommendation, action, or decision impacting or affecting any aspect of the military service of the member.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1034 the following new item:

“1034a. Criminal investigative report or index maintained for law enforcement retrieval and analysis: limitations on use in personnel actions.”.

SEC. 544. PROTECTION OF CHILD CUSTODY ARRANGEMENTS FOR PARENTS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES DEPLOYED IN SUPPORT OF A CONTINGENCY OPERATION.

(a) Child Custody Protection.—Title II of the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App. 521 et
1 seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new
2 section:
3 “SEC. 208. CHILD CUSTODY PROTECTION.
4 “(a) Restriction on Change of Custody.—If a
5 motion for change of custody of a child of a servicemember
6 is filed while the servicemember is deployed in support of
7 a contingency operation, no court may enter an order
8 modifying or amending any previous judgment or order,
9 or issue a new order, that changes the custody arrange-
10 ment for that child that existed as of the date of the de-
11 ployment of the servicemember, except that a court may
12 enter a temporary custody order if the court finds that
13 it is in the best interest of the child.
14 “(b) Completion of Deployment.—In any pre-
15 ceeding covered under subsection (a), a court shall require
16 that, upon the return of the servicemember from deploy-
17 ment in support of a contingency operation, the custody
18 order that was in effect immediately preceding the date
19 of the deployment of the servicemember is reinstated, un-
20 less the court finds that such a reinstatement is not in
21 the best interest of the child, except that any such finding
22 shall be subject to subsection (c).
23 “(c) Exclusion of Military Service From De-
24 termination of Child’s Best Interest.—If a motion
25 for the change of custody of the child of a servicemember
is filed, no court may consider the absence of the service-
member by reason of deployment, or possibility of deploy-
ment, in determining the best interest of the child.

“(d) No Federal Right of Action.—Nothing in this section shall create a Federal right of action.

“(e) Preemption.—In any case where State or Fed-
eral law applicable to a child custody proceeding under State or Federal law provides a higher standard of protec-
tion to the rights of the parent who is a servicemember than the rights provided under this section, the State or Federal court shall apply the State or Federal standard.

“(f) Contingency Operation Defined.—In this section, the term ‘contingency operation’ has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, United States Code, except that the term may include such other deployments as the Secretary may prescribe.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of such Act is amended by adding at the end of the items relating to title II the following new item:

“208. Child custody protection.”.

SEC. 545. IMPROVEMENTS TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAMS.

(a) Immediate Actions Required.—

(1) Entry of Data into Law Enforcement Systems.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all command actions related to domestic vio-
lence incidents involving members of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps are entered into all Department of Defense law enforcement systems.

(2) ISSUANCE OF FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM GUIDANCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall issue Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program guidance.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION OF OUTSTANDING COMPTROLLER GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS.—Consistent with the recommendations contained in the report of the Comptroller General of the United States titled “Status of Implementation of GAO’s 2006 Recommendations on the Department of Defense’s Domestic Violence Program” (GAO–10–577R), the Secretary of Defense shall complete, not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, implementation of actions to address the following recommendations:

(1) DEFENSE INCIDENT-BASED REPORTING SYSTEM.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a comprehensive management plan to address deficiencies in the data captured in the Defense Incident-Based Reporting System to ensure the system can provide an accurate count of the domestic violence incidents that are reported throughout the Department of Defense.
(2) ADEQUATE PERSONNEL.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a plan to ensure that adequate personnel are available to implement recommendations made by the Defense Task Force on Domestic Violence.

(3) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRAINING DATA FOR CHAPLAINS.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a plan to collect domestic violence training data for chaplains.

(4) OVERSIGHT FRAMEWORK.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop an oversight framework for Department of Defense domestic violence programs, to include oversight of implementation of recommendations made by the Defense Task Force on Domestic Violence, budgeting, and policy compliance.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the planned actions required under subsections (a) and (b).
SEC. 546. PUBLIC RELEASE OF RESTRICTED ANNEX OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT REVIEW RELATED TO FORT HOOD PERTAINING TO OVERSIGHT OF THE ALLEGED PERPETRATOR OF THE ATTACK.

(a) Release Required.—Not later than 10 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall release publicly the restricted annex, described in subsection (b), that was part of the January 2010 Department of Defense Report of the Independent Review Related to Fort Hood and the attack there on November 5, 2009.

(b) Material Subject to Release; Exception.—The restricted annex referred to in subsection (a) is the document described on page 9 of the January 2010 Department of Defense Report of the Independent Review Related to Fort Hood, which provided the detailed findings, recommendations, and complete supporting discussions of the Independent Review pertaining to the oversight of the alleged perpetrator of the November 2009 attack. No part of the restricted annex shall be exempted from public release, except—

(1) materials that the Secretary of Defense determines may imperil, if disclosed, any criminal investigation or prosecution related to the attack; and
(2) in accordance with section 1102 of title 10, United States Code, the memorandum summarizing the results of the medical quality assurance records relating to the care provided patients by the alleged perpetrator of the attack.

Subtitle F—Member Education and Training Opportunities and Administration

SEC. 551. REPAYMENT OF EDUCATION LOAN REPAYMENT BENEFITS.

(a) Enlisted Members on Active Duty in Specified Military Specialties.—Section 2171 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(g) Except a person described in subsection (e) who transfers to service making the person eligible for repayment of loans under section 16301 of this title, a member of the armed forces who fails to complete the period of service required to qualify for loan repayment under this section shall be subject to the repayment provisions of section 303a(e) of title 37.

"(h) The Secretary of Defense may prescribe, by regulations, procedures for implementing this section, including standards for qualified loans and authorized payees and other terms and conditions for making loan repay-
ments. Such regulations may include exceptions that would allow for the payment as a lump sum of any loan repayment due to a member under a written agreement that existed at the time of a member’s death or disability.”.

(b) Members of Selected Reserve.—Section 16301 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(h) Except a person described in subsection (e) who transfers to service making the person eligible for repayment of loans under section 2171 of this title, a member of the armed forces who fails to complete the period of service required to qualify for loan repayment under this section shall be subject to the repayment provisions of section 303a(e) of title 37.

“(i) The Secretary of Defense may prescribe, by regulations, procedures for implementing this section, including standards for qualified loans and authorized payees and other terms and conditions for making loan repayments. Such regulations may include exceptions that would allow for the payment as a lump sum of any loan repayment due to a member under a written agreement that existed at the time of a member’s death or disability.”.
SEC. 552. ACTIVE DUTY OBLIGATION FOR GRADUATES OF
THE MILITARY SERVICE ACADEMIES PARTICIPATING IN THE ARMED FORCES HEALTH
PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIP AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

(a) UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY GRADUATES.—Section 4348(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) That if an appointment described in paragraph (2) or (3) is tendered and the cadet participates in the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program under subchapter I of chapter 105 of this title, the cadet will fulfill any unserved obligation incurred under this section on active duty, regardless of the type of appointment held, upon completion of, and in addition to, any service obligation incurred under section 2123 of this title for participation in the program.”.

(b) UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY GRADUATES.—Section 6959(a) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) That if an appointment described in paragraph (2) or (3) is tendered and the midshipman participates in the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program under
subchapter I of chapter 105 of this title, the mid-
shipman will fulfill any unserved obligation incurred
under this section on active duty, regardless of the
type of appointment held, upon completion of, and
in addition to, any service obligation incurred under
section 2123 of this title for participation in the pro-
gram.”.

(c) United States Air Force Academy Grad-
uates.—Section 9348(a) of such title is amended by add-
ing at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) That if an appointment described in para-
graph (2) or (3) is tendered and the cadet partici-
pates in the Armed Forces Health Professions
Scholarship and Financial Assistance program under
subchapter I of chapter 105 of this title, the cadet
will fulfill any unserved obligation incurred under
this section on active duty, regardless of the type of
appointment held, upon completion of, and in addi-
tion to, any service obligation incurred under section
2123 of this title for participation in the program.”.

(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply with respect to appointments to
the United States Military Academy, the United States
Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Acad-
emy beginning with the first class of candidates nominated
for appointment to these military service academies after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 553. WAIVER OF MAXIMUM AGE LIMITATION ON ADMISSION TO SERVICE ACADEMIES FOR CERTAIN ENLISTED MEMBERS WHO SERVED DURING OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM OR OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM.

(a) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the military department concerned may waive the maximum age limitation specified in section 4346(a), 6958(a)(1), or 9346(a) of title 10, United States Code, for the admission of a candidate to the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, or the United States Air Force Academy, if the candidate, otherwise satisfies the eligibility requirements for admission to that academy, and—

(1) is an enlisted member of the Armed Forces and, as a result of service on active duty in a theater of operations for Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom, was or is prevented from being admitted to that academy before the member reached the maximum age specified in such sections; or
(2) possesses an exceptional overall record that
the Secretary concerned determines sets the can-
didate apart from all other candidates.

(b) LIMITATION OF WAIVER.—

(1) MAXIMUM AGE.—A waiver may not be
granted under subsection (a) to a member of the
Armed Forces described in such subsection if the
member would pass the member’s twenty-sixth birth-
day by July 1 of the year in which the member
would enter the military service academy.

(2) MAXIMUM NUMBER.—No more than five
members of the Armed Forces may attend each of
the military service academies at any one time pur-
suant to a waiver granted under subsection (a)(2).

(c) DURATION OF WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The au-
thority to grant a waiver under subsection (a) expires on
September 30, 2015.

SEC. 554. REPORT OF FEASIBILITY AND COST OF EXPAND-
ING ENROLLMENT AUTHORITY OF COMMU-
NITY COLLEGE OF THE AIR FORCE TO IN-
CLUDE ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE
ARMED FORCES.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit
to Congress a report, prepared in consultation with the
Secretary of the Air Force, evaluating the feasibility and cost of authorizing enlisted members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard to enroll in Community College of the Air Force programs offered under section 9315 of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle G—Defense Dependents’ Education

SEC. 561. CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO ASSIST LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES THAT BENEFIT DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.

(a) Assistance to Schools With Significant Numbers of Military Dependent Students.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 pursuant to section 301(5) for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities, $50,000,000 shall be available only for the purpose of providing assistance to local educational agencies under subsection (a) of section 572 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3271; 20 U.S.C. 7703b).

(b) Assistance to Schools With Enrollment Changes Due to Base Closures, Force Structure Changes, or Force Relocations.—Of the amount au-
authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 pursuant
to section 301(5) for operation and maintenance for De-
fense-wide activities, $15,000,000 shall be available only
for the purpose of providing assistance to local educational
agencies under subsection (b) of such section 572.

(c) **Local Educational Agency Defined.**—In
this section, the term “local educational agency” has the
meaning given that term in section 8013(9) of the Ele-
mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
7713(9)).

**SEC. 562. Enrollment of Dependents of Members of**
**the Armed Forces Who Reside in Temporary Housing**
**in Department of Defense Domestic Dependent**
**Elementary and Secondary Schools.**

Section 2164(a) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following new para-
graph:

“(3)(A) The Secretary may, at the discretion of the
Secretary, permit dependents of members of the armed
forces described in subparagraph (B) to enroll in an edu-
cational program provided by the Secretary pursuant to
this subsection without regard to the requirement in para-
graph (1) with respect to residence on a military installa-
tion.
“(B) Subparagraph (A) applies only if—

“(i) the dependents reside in temporary housing (regardless of whether the temporary housing is on Federal property) in lieu of permanent living quarters on a military installation; and

“(ii) the Secretary determines that the circumstances of such living arrangements justify extending the enrollment authority to include such dependents.

“(C) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to ensure consistent application of this paragraph.”.

Subtitle H—Decorations, Awards, and Commemorations

SEC. 571. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT FOR DETERMINATION MADE IN RESPONSE TO REVIEW OF PROPOSAL FOR AWARD OF A MEDAL OF HONOR NOT PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED IN TIMELY FASHION.

Section 1130(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) If a determination under this section includes a favorable recommendation for the award of the Medal
SEC. 572. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RECOGNITION OF SPOUSES OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) Establishment and Presentation of Lapel Buttons.—Chapter 57 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1126 the following new section:

“§ 1126a. Spouse of combat veteran lapel button: eligibility and presentation

“(a) Design and Eligibility.—A lapel button, to be known as the spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel button, shall be designed, as approved by the Secretary of Defense, to identify and recognize the spouse of a member of the armed forces who is serving or has served in a combat zone for a period of more than 30 days.

“(b) Presentation.—The Secretary concerned may authorize the use of appropriated funds to procure spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel buttons and to provide for their presentation to eligible spouses of members.

“(c) Exception to Time Period Requirement.—The 30-day periods specified in subsections (a) and (b)
do not apply if the member is killed or wounded in the combat zone before the expiration the period.

“(d) License To Manufacture and Sell Lapel Buttons.—Section 901(c) of title 36 shall apply with respect to the spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel button authorized by this section.

“(e) Combat Zone Defined.—In this section, the term ‘combat zone’ has the meaning given that term in section 112(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“(f) Regulations.—The Secretary of Defense shall issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section. The Secretary shall ensure that the regulations are uniform for each armed force to the extent practicable.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1126 the following new item:

“1126a. Spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel button: eligibility and presentation.”.

(c) Implementation.—It is the sense of Congress that, as soon as practicable once the spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel button become available, the Secretary of Defense—

(1) should widely announce the availability of spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel buttons through military and public information channels; and
(2) should encourage commanders at all levels to conduct ceremonies recognizing the support provided by spouses of members of the Armed Forces and to use the ceremonies as an opportunity for members to present their spouses with a spouse-of-a-combat-veteran lapel button.

SEC. 573. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RECOGNITION OF CHILDREN OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND PRESENTATION OF LAPEL BUTTONS.—Chapter 57 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1126a, as added by section 572, the following new section:

“§ 1126b. Children of members commemorative lapel button: eligibility and presentation

“(a) DESIGN AND ELIGIBILITY.—A lapel button, to be known as the children of military service members commemorative lapel button, shall be designed, as approved by the Secretary of Defense, to identify and recognize an eligible child dependent of a member of the armed forces who serves on active duty for a period of more than 30 days.

“(b) PRESENTATION.—The Secretary concerned may authorize the use of appropriated funds to procure children of military service members commemorative lapel
buttons and to provide for their presentation to eligible child dependents.

“(c) License To Manufacture and Sell Lapel Buttons.—Section 901(c) of title 36 shall apply with respect to the children of military service members commemorative lapel button authorized by this section.

“(d) Eligible Child Dependent Defined.—In this section, the term ‘eligible child dependent’ means a dependent of a member of the armed forces described in subparagraph (D) or (I) of section 1072(2) of this title.

“(e) Regulations.—The Secretary of Defense shall issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section. The Secretary shall ensure that the regulations are uniform for each armed force to the extent practicable.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1126a the following new item:

“1126b. Children of members commemorative lapel button: eligibility and presentation.”.

(e) Implementation.—It is the sense of Congress that, as soon as practicable once the children of military service members commemorative lapel button become available, the Secretary of Defense—
(1) should widely announce the availability of children of military service members commemorating lapel buttons through military and public information channels; and

(2) should encourage commanders at all levels to conduct ceremonies recognizing the support provided by children of members of the Armed Forces and to use the ceremonies as an opportunity for members to present their children with a children of military service members commemorative lapel button.

SEC. 574. CLARIFICATION OF PERSONS ELIGIBLE FOR AWARD OF BRONZE STAR MEDAL.

(a) LIMITATION ON ELIGIBLE PERSONS.—Section 1133 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 1133. Bronze Star: limitation on persons eligible to receive

“The decoration known as the ‘Bronze Star’ may only be awarded to a member of a military force who—

“(1) at the time of the events for which the decoration is to be awarded, was serving in a geographic area in which special pay is authorized under section 310 or paragraph (1) or (3) of section 351(a) of title 37; or
“(2) receives special pay under section 310 or paragraph (1) or (3) of section 351(a) of title 37 as a result of those events.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 57 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 1133 and inserting the following new item:

“1133. Bronze Star: limitation on persons eligible to receive.”.

(c) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENT.—The amendment made by subsection (a) applies to the award of the Bronze Star after October 30, 2000.

SEC. 575. AWARD OF VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL TO VETERANS WHO PARTICIPATED IN MAYAGUEZ RESCUE OPERATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the military department concerned shall, upon the application of an individual who is an eligible veteran, award that individual the Vietnam Service Medal, notwithstanding any otherwise applicable requirements for the award of that medal. Any such award shall be made in lieu of any Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal awarded the individual for the individual’s participation in the Mayaguez rescue operation.

(b) ELIGIBLE VETERAN.—For purposes of this section, the term “eligible veteran” means a member or former member of the Armed Forces who was awarded the Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal for participation
in military operations known as the Mayaguez rescue operation of May 12–15, 1975.

SEC. 576. AUTHORIZATION FOR AWARD OF MEDAL OF HONOR TO CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE ARMY FOR ACTS OF VALOR DURING THE CIVIL WAR, KOREAN WAR, OR VIETNAM WAR.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding the time limitations specified in section 3744 of title 10, United States Code, or any other time limitation with respect to the awarding of certain medals to persons who served in the Armed Forces, the President is authorized to award the Medal of Honor under section 3741 of such title to the following former members of the Army for conspicuous acts of gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of their life and beyond the call of duty, as described in subsection (b):

(1) First Lieutenant Alonzo H. Cushing, Civil War.

(2) Private John A. Sipe, Civil War.

(3) Chaplain (Captain) Emil J. Kapaun, Korean War.

(4) Specialist Four Robert L. Towles, Vietnam War.

(b) ACTS OF VALOR DESCRIBED.—
(1) **FIRST LIEUTENANT ALONZO H. CUSHING.**—

In the case of First Lieutenant Alonzo H. Cushing, the acts of valor referred to in subsection (a) are the actions of then First Lieutenant Alonzo H. Cushing while in command of Battery A, 4th United States Artillery, Army of the Potomac, at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, on July 3, 1863, during the American Civil War.

(2) **PRIVATE JOHN A. Sipe.**—In the case of Private John A. Sipe, the acts of valor referred to in subsection (a) are the actions of then Private John A. Sipe of Company I of the 205th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, part of the 2d Brigade, 3d Division, 9th Corps, Army of the Potomac, on March 25, 1865, during the American Civil War.

(3) **CHAPLAIN EMIL J. KAPAUN.**—In the case of Chaplain (Captain) Emil J. Kapaun, the acts of valor referred to in subsection (a) are the actions of Chaplain Emil J. Kapaun of 3d Battalion, 8th Cavalry Regiment, 1st Cavalry Division during the Battle of Unsan on November 1 and 2, 1950, and while a prisoner of war until his death on May 23, 1952, during the Korean War.

(4) **SPECIALIST FOUR ROBERT L. TOWLES.**—In the case of Specialist Four Robert L. Towles, the
acts of valor referred to in subsection (a) are the ac-
tions of then Specialist Four Robert L. Towles of
Company D, 2d Battalion, 7th Cavalry, 1st Cavalry
Division on November 17, 1965, during the Vietnam
War for which he was originally awarded the Bronze
Star with “V” Device.

SEC. 577. AUTHORIZATION AND REQUEST FOR AWARD OF
DISTINGUISHED-SERVICE CROSS TO JAY C.
COPLEY FOR ACTS OF VALOR DURING THE
VIETNAM WAR.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding the time lim-
itations specified in section 3744 of title 10, United States
Code, or any other time limitation with respect to the
awarding of certain medals to persons who served in the
Armed Forces, the Secretary of the Army is authorized
and requested to award the Distinguished-Service Cross
under section 3742 of such title to former Captain Jay
C. Copley of the United States Army for the acts of valor
during the Vietnam War described in subsection (b).

(b) ACTS OF VALOR DESCRIBED.—The acts of valor
referred to in subsection (a) are the actions of then Cap-
tain Jay C. Copley on May 5, 1968, as commander of
Company C of the 1st Battalion, 50th Infantry, 173d Air-
borne Brigade during an engagement with a regimental-
size enemy force in Bin Dinh Province, South Vietnam.
SEC. 578. PROGRAM TO COMMEMORATE 60TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE KOREAN WAR.

(a) Commemorative Program Authorized.—The Secretary of Defense may establish and conduct a program to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the Korean War (in this section referred to as the “commemorative program”). In conducting the commemorative program, the Secretary shall coordinate and support other programs and activities of the Federal Government, State and local governments, and other persons and organizations in commemoration of the Korean War.

(b) Schedule.—If the Secretary of Defense establishes the commemorative program, the Secretary shall determine the schedule of major events and priority of efforts for the commemorative program to achieve the commemorative objectives specified in subsection (c). The Secretary may establish a committee to assist the Secretary in determining the schedule and conducting the commemorative program.

(c) Commemorative Activities and Objectives.—The commemorative program may include activities and ceremonies to achieve the following objectives:

(1) To thank and honor veterans of the Korean War, including members of the Armed Forces who were held as prisoners of war or listed as missing in
action, for their service and sacrifice on behalf of the
United States.

(2) To thank and honor the families of veterans
of the Korean War for their sacrifices and contribu-
tions, especially families who lost a loved one in the
Korean War.

(3) To highlight the service of the Armed
Forces during the Korean War and the contributions
of Federal agencies and governmental and non-gov-
ernmental organizations that served with, or in sup-
port of, the Armed Forces.

(4) To pay tribute to the sacrifices and con-
tributions made on the home front by the people of
the United States during the Korean War.

(5) To provide the people of the United States
with a clear understanding and appreciation of the
lessons and history of the Korean War.

(6) To highlight the advances in technology,
science, and medicine related to military research
conducted during the Korean War.

(7) To recognize the contributions and sac-
rifices made by the allies of the United States dur-
ing the Korean War.

(d) USE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA KO-
REAN WAR COMMEMORATION AND SYMBOLS.—Subsection

(e) COMMEMORATIVE FUND.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW ACCOUNT.—If the Secretary of Defense establishes the commemorative program, the Secretary the Treasury shall establish in the Treasury of the United States an account to be known as the “Department of Defense Korean War Commemoration Fund” (in this section referred to as the “Fund”).

(2) ADMINISTRATION AND USE OF FUND.—The Fund shall be available to, and administered by, the Secretary of Defense. The Secretary shall use the assets of the Fund only for the purpose of conducting the commemorative program and shall prescribe such regulations regarding the use of the Fund as the Secretary considers to be necessary.

(3) DEPOSITS.—There shall be deposited into the Fund the following:
(A) Amounts appropriated to the Fund.

(B) Proceeds derived from the use by the Secretary of Defense of the exclusive rights described in subsection (c) of section 1083 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105–85; 111 Stat. 1918).

(C) Donations made in support of the commemorative program by private and corporate donors.

(4) Availability.—Subject to paragraph (5), amounts in the Fund shall remain available until expended.

(5) Treatment of Unobligated Funds; Transfer.—If unobligated amounts remain in the Fund as of September 30, 2013, the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer the amounts to the Department of Defense Vietnam War Commemorative Fund established pursuant to section 598(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 113 note). The transferred amounts shall be merged with, and available for the same purposes as, other amounts in the Department of Defense Vietnam War Commemorative Fund.
(f) **Acceptance of Voluntary Services.**—

(1) **Authority to accept services.**—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may accept from any person voluntary services to be provided in furtherance of the commemorative program. The Secretary shall prohibit the solicitation of any voluntary services if the nature or circumstances of such solicitation would compromise the integrity or the appearance of integrity of any program of the Department of Defense or of any individual involved in the program.

(2) **Compensation for work-related injury.**—A person providing voluntary services under this subsection shall be considered to be a Federal employee for purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code, relating to compensation for work-related injuries. The person shall also be considered a special governmental employee for purposes of standards of conduct and sections 202, 203, 205, 207, 208, and 209 of title 18, United States Code. A person who is not otherwise employed by the Federal Government shall not be considered to be a Federal employee for any other purpose by rea-
son of the provision of voluntary services under this subsection.

(3) Reimbursement of incidental expenses.—The Secretary may provide for reimbursement of incidental expenses incurred by a person providing voluntary services under this subsection. The Secretary shall determine which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under this paragraph.

(g) Report required.—If the Secretary of Defense conducts the commemorative program, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall submit to Congress, not later than 60 days after the end of the commemorative program, a report containing an accounting of—

(1) all of the funds deposited into and expended from the Fund;
(2) any other funds expended under this section; and
(3) any un obligation funds remaining in the Fund as of September 30, 2013, that are transferred to the Department of Defense Vietnam War Commemorative Fund pursuant to subsection (e)(5).

(h) Limitation on expenditures.—Using amounts appropriated to the Department of Defense, the
Secretary of Defense may not expend more than $5,000,000 to carry out the commemorative program.

**SEC. 579. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMBAT MEDEVAC BADGE.**

(a) **ARMY.—**

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Chapter 357 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

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§ 3757. Combat Medevac Badge

(a) **ISSUANCE.**—The Secretary of the Army shall issue a badge of appropriate design, to be known as the Combat Medevac Badge, to each person who while a member of the Army served in combat on or after June 25, 1950, as a pilot or crew member of a helicopter medical evacuation ambulance and who meets the requirements for the award of that badge.

(b) **ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.**—The Secretary of the Army shall prescribe requirements for eligibility for the Combat Medevac Badge.”.
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(2) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

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'3757. Combat Medevac Badge.'.
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(b) **NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.—**

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Chapter 567 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
§ 6259. Combat Medevac Badge

“(a) ISSUANCE.—The Secretary of the Navy shall issue a badge of appropriate design, to be known as the Combat Medevac Badge, to each person who while a member of the Navy or Marine Corps served in combat on or after June 25, 1950, as a pilot or crew member of a helicopter medical evacuation ambulance and who meets the requirements for the award of that badge.

“(b) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall prescribe requirements for eligibility for the Combat Medevac Badge.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“6259. Combat Medevac Badge.”.

(c) AIR FORCE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 857 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

§ 8757. Combat Medevac Badge

“(a) ISSUANCE.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall issue a badge of appropriate design, to be known as the Combat Medevac Badge, to each person who while a member of the Air Force served in combat on or after June 25, 1950, as a pilot or crew member of a helicopter
medical evacuation ambulance and who meets the require-
ments for the award of that badge.

“(b) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary
of the Air Force shall prescribe requirements for eligibility
for the Combat Medevac Badge.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
tions at the beginning of such chapter is amended
by adding at the end the following new item:

“8757. Combat Medevac Badge.”.

(d) AWARD FOR SERVICE BEFORE DATE OF ENACT-
MENT.—In the case of persons who, while a member of
the Armed Forces, served in combat as a pilot or crew
member of a helicopter medical evacuation ambulance dur-
ing the period beginning on June 25, 1950, and ending
on the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
military department concerned shall issue the Combat
Medevac Badge—

(1) to each such person who is known to the
Secretary before the date of enactment of this Act;
and

(2) to each such person with respect to whom
an application for the issuance of the badge is made
to the Secretary after such date in such manner,
and within such time period, as the Secretary may
require.
SEC. 580. RETROACTIVE AWARD OF ARMY COMBAT ACTION BADGE.

(a) Authority To Award.—The Secretary of the Army may award the Army Combat Action Badge (established by order of the Secretary of the Army through Headquarters, Department of the Army Letter 600–05–1, dated June 3, 2005) to a person who, while a member of the Army, participated in combat during which the person personally engaged, or was personally engaged by, the enemy at any time during the period beginning on December 7, 1941, and ending on September 18, 2001 (the date of the otherwise applicable limitation on retroactivity for the award of such decoration), if the Secretary determines that the person has not been previously recognized in an appropriate manner for such participation.

(b) Procurement of Badge.—The Secretary of the Army may make arrangements with suppliers of the Army Combat Action Badge so that eligible recipients of the Army Combat Action Badge pursuant to subsection (a) may procure the badge directly from suppliers, thereby eliminating or at least substantially reducing administrative costs for the Army to carry out this section.
SEC. 580A. REVIEW REGARDING AWARD OF MEDAL OF HONOR TO JEWISH AMERICAN WORLD WAR I VETERANS.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall review the service records of each Jewish American World War I veteran described in subsection (b) to determine whether that veteran should be posthumously awarded the Medal of Honor.

(b) COVERED JEWISH AMERICAN WAR VETERANS.—The Jewish American World War I veterans whose service records are to be reviewed under subsection (a) are the following:

(1) Any Jewish American World War I veteran who was previously awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, the Navy Cross, or other military decoration for service during World War I.

(2) Any other Jewish American World War I veteran whose name is submitted to the Secretary concerned for such purpose by the Jewish War Veterans of the United States of America before the end of the 1-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) CONSULTATIONS.—In carrying out the review under subsection (a), the Secretary concerned shall consult with the Jewish War Veterans of the United States.
of America and with such other veterans service organizations as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(d) **Recommendation Based on Review.**—If the Secretary concerned determines, based upon the review under subsection (a) of the service records of any Jewish American World War I veteran, that the award of the Medal of Honor to that veteran is warranted, the Secretary shall submit to the President a recommendation that the President award the Medal of Honor posthumously to that veteran.

(e) **Authority to Award Medal of Honor.**—A Medal of Honor may be awarded posthumously to a Jewish American World War I veteran in accordance with a recommendation of the Secretary concerned under subsection (a).

(f) **Waiver of Time Limitations.**—An award of the Medal of Honor may be made under subsection (e) without regard to—

(1) section 3744, 6248, or 8744 of title 10, United States Code; and

(2) any regulation or other administrative restriction on—

(A) the time for awarding the Medal of Honor; or
(B) the awarding of the Medal of Honor for service for which a Distinguished Service Cross, Navy Cross, or other military decoration has been awarded.

(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “Jewish American World War I veteran” means any person who served in the Armed Forces during World War I and identified himself or herself as Jewish on his or her military personnel records.

(2) The term “Secretary concerned” means—

(A) the Secretary of the Army, in the case of the Army; and

(B) the Secretary of the Navy, in the case of the Navy and the Marine Corps.

(3) The term “World War I” means the period beginning on April 6, 1917, and ending on November 11, 1918.
Subtitle I—Military Family
Readiness Matters

SEC. 581. APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL MEMBER OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MILITARY FAMILY READINESS COUNCIL.

(a) Inclusion of Spouse of General or Flag Officer.—Subsection (b) of section 1781a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (F); and

(B) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph:

“(E) The spouse of a general or flag officer.”;

and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “subparagraphs (C) and (D)” and inserting “subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E)”.

(b) Clarification of Appointment Options for Existing Member.—Subparagraph (F) of subsection (b)(1) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (a)(1)(A), is amended to read as follows:

“(F) In addition to the representatives appointed under subparagraphs (B) and (C), the senior enlisted advisor, or the spouse of a senior en-
listed member, from each of the Army, Navy, Marine
Corps, and Air Force.”.

(c) APPOINTMENT BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—

Subsection (b) of such section is further amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “,
who shall be appointed by the Secretary of De-
fense”;

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking “,
who shall be appointed by the Secretary of De-
fense” both places it appears; and

(C) in subparagraph (D), by striking “by
the Secretary of Defense”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

“(3) The Secretary of Defense shall appoint the
members of the Council required by subparagraphs (B)
through (F) of paragraph (1).”.

SEC. 582. DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SUP-
PORT FOR MILITARY FAMILIES WITH SPE-
CIAL NEEDS.

Subsection (c) of section 1781c of title 10, United
States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(c) DIRECTOR.—(1) The head of the Office shall be
the Director of the Office of Community Support for Mili-
tary Families With Special Needs, who shall be a member
of the Senior Executive Service or a general officer or flag
officer.

“(2) In the discharge of the responsibilities of the Of-
fice, the Director shall be subject to the supervision, direc-
tion, and control of the Under Secretary of Defense for
Personnel and Readiness.”.

SEC. 583. PILOT PROGRAM OF PERSONALIZED CAREER DE-
VELOPMENT COUNSELING FOR MILITARY

SPouses.

(a) PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.—Section 1784a of
title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as
subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
lowing new subsection (d):

“(d) PERSONALIZED CAREER DEVELOPMENT COUN-
SELING.—

“(1) PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Sec-
retary of Defense shall conduct a pilot program de-
digned to provide personalized career development
counseling to the spouses of members of the armed
forces eligible for assistance under this section, in-
cluding the development of strategies, step-by-step
guidelines, and customizable milestones—
“(A) to promote a comprehensive, introspective review of personal skills, experience, goals, and requirements with a view to developing a personalized plan for career development;

“(B) to identify career options that are portable, personally rewarding, and compatible with personal strengths, skills, and experience;

“(C) to instruct and encourage the use of sound personal and professional management practices; and

“(D) to plan career attainment progression objectives and measure progress.

“(2) INCENTIVES TO FILL CRITICAL CIVILIAN SPECIALTIES.—In conducting the pilot program, the Secretary shall consider methods to provide incentives for program participants to fill critical civilian specialties needed in the Department of Defense, including the following:

“(A) Mental health and other health care.

“(B) Social work.

“(C) Family welfare.

“(D) Contract and acquisition management.

“(E) Personal financial management.
“(F) Day care services.

“(G) Education.

“(H) Military resale system.

“(I) Morale, welfare and recreation activities.

“(J) Law enforcement.

“(3) Process reviews.—The Secretary shall include in the pilot program a periodic review, to be conducted by counselors, of progress made by participants to determine if changes to personal career strategies may be necessary.

“(4) Number of participants.—The Secretary of Defense shall enroll at least 75 military spouses in the pilot program, but not more than 150 military spouses.

“(5) Geographic coverage of pilot program.—The pilot program shall be conducted in at least three separate geographic areas, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

“(6) Counselors.—The Secretary of Defense may enter into contracts with career counselors to provide counseling services under the pilot program. There shall be at least one counselor in each of the geographic areas of the pilot program.
“(7) **ANNUAL EVALUATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct an annual evaluation of the pilot program to determine the following:

“(A) The effectiveness of the pilot program in improving the ability of participants to identify, develop, and obtain employment in portable career fields.

“(B) The self-reported levels of professional satisfaction of participants.

“(C) The quality of careers selected and pursued.

“(D) The rates of success—

“(i) as determined and evaluated by participants; and

“(ii) as determined by the Secretary.

“(8) **ANNUAL REPORT.**—

“(A) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives an annual report containing—

“(i) the results of the most-recent annual evaluation conducted under paragraph (7); and

“(ii) the matters required by subparagraph (B).
“(B) CONTENTS.—Each report under this paragraph shall contain, at a minimum, the following:

“(i) The number of participants in the pilot program.

“(ii) Recommendations for adjustments to the pilot program.

“(iii) Recommendations for extending the pilot program or implementing a permanent comprehensive career development for military spouses.

“(C) TIME FOR SUBMISSION.—The first report under this subsection shall be submitted not later than one year after the date of the commencement of counseling services under the pilot program. Subsequent reports shall be submitted for each year of the pilot program, with the final report being submitted not later than 90 days after the termination of the pilot program.

“(9) TERMINATION.—The pilot program shall terminate at the end of the three-year period beginning on the date on which the Secretary of Defense notifies the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the
commencement of counseling services under the pilot program.”.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan to implement the pilot program under subsection (d) of section 1784a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

SEC. 584. MODIFICATION OF YELLOW RIBBON REINTEGRATION PROGRAM.

(a) OFFICE FOR REINTEGRATION PROGRAMS.—Subsection (d)(1) of section 582 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 10101 note) is amended—

(1) by striking “The Under” and inserting the following:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Under”; and

(2) in the last sentence—

(A) by striking “The office may also” and inserting the following:

“(B) PARTNERSHIPS AND ACCESS.—The office may”;

(B) by inserting “and the Department of Veterans Affairs” after “Administration”; and
(C) by adding at the end the following new sentence: “Service and State-based programs may provide access to curriculum, training, and support for services to members and families from all components.”.

(b) CENTER FOR EXCELLENCE IN REINTEGRATION.—Subsection (d)(2) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “The Center shall develop and implement a process for evaluating the effectiveness of the Yellow Ribbon Reintegration Program in supporting the health and well-being of members of the Armed Forces and their families throughout the deployment cycle described in subsection (g)”.

(e) STATE DEPLOYMENT CYCLE SUPPORT TEAMS.—Subsection (f)(3) of such section is amended by inserting “and community-based organizations” after “service providers”.

(d) OPERATION OF PROGRAM DURING DEPLOYMENT AND POST-DEPLOYMENT-RECONSTITUTION PHASES.—Subsection (g) of such section is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by inserting “and to decrease the isolation of families during deployment” after “combat zone”; and
(2) in paragraph (5)(A), by inserting “, providing information on employment opportunities,” after “communities”.

e) ADDITIONAL OUTREACH SERVICE.—Subsection (h) of such section, as amended by section 595(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 110–84; 123 Stat. 2338), is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(15) Resiliency training to promote comprehensive programs for members of the Armed Forces to build mental and emotional resiliency for successfully meeting the demands of the deployment cycle.”.

SEC. 585. IMPORTANCE OF OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SUPPORT FOR MILITARY FAMILIES WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Office of Community Support for Military Families with Special Needs, as established pursuant to section 1781c of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 563 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2304), is the best structure—

(1) to determine what medical, educational, and other support services are required by military fami-
lies with children who have a medical or educational special need; and

(2) to ensure that those services are made available to military families with special needs.

(b) **Specific Budgeting for Office.**—Effective with the Program Objective Memorandum to be issued for fiscal year 2012 and thereafter and containing recommended programming and resource allocations for the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense shall specifically address the Office of Community Support for Military Families with Special Needs to ensure that a separate line of funding is allocated to the Office.

**SEC. 586. Comptroller General Report on Department of Defense Office of Community Support for Military Families with Special Needs.**

(a) **Report Required.**—The Comptroller General of the United States shall prepare a report identifying—

(1) the progress made in implementing the Office of Community Support for Military Families with Special Needs, as established pursuant to section 1781c of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 563 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2304);
(2) the policies governing the operation of the
Office; and

(3) any gaps that still exist in ensuring that
members of the Armed Forces who have dependents
with special needs receive the support and services
they deserve.

(b) ELEMENTS OF REPORT.—In the report required
by subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall specifi-
cally address the following:

(1) The implementation of the responsibilities
and duties assigned to the Office of Community
Support for Military Families With Special Needs
pursuant to subsections (d), (e), and (f) of section
1781c of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The manner in which the Department of
Defense and the military departments intend to en-
sure that feedback is provided to the Office of Com-

munity Support for Military Families With Special
Needs to ensure that the services and policy put in
place are appropriate.

(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Comptroller General
shall include in the report required by subsection (a) spe-
cific recommendations on the establishment, reporting re-
quirements, internal monitoring, and oversight of the Of-
fee of Community Support for Military Families With
Special Needs by the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to ensure that the mission of the Office is being accomplished.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit the report required by subsection (a) to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 587. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON EXCEPTIONAL FAMILY MEMBER PROGRAM.

(a) ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an assessment of the Exceptional Family Member Program of the Department of Defense to review the operation of the program in each of the Armed Forces, including program policies, best practices, execution, implementation and strategic planning, to determine program variances and to make recommendations to improve and standardize program effectiveness and support for members of the Armed Forces who have dependents with special needs.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of the assessment and review under subsection (a).
SEC. 588. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MILITARY SPOUSE EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.

(a) Comptroller General Review.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall carry out a review of all Department of Defense spouse employment programs.

(b) Elements of Review.—At a minimum, the review shall address the following:

(1) The efficacy and effectiveness of Department of Defense spouse employment programs.

(2) All current Department of Defense programs that are in place to support military spouses or dependents for the purposes of employment assistance.

(3) The types of military spouse employment programs that have been considered or used in the past by the Department of Defense.

(4) The ways in which military spouse employment programs have changed in recent years.

(5) The benefits or programs that are specifically available to support military spouses of members of the Armed Forces serving in Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom.

(6) The existing feedback mechanisms available for military spouses to express their views on the ef-
fectiveness and future direction of relevant Department of Defense programs and policies.

(7) The degree of oversight provided by the Office of Personnel and Management regarding military spouse preferences.

(c) SUBMISSION OF RESULTS.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing—

(1) the results of the review;

(2) the assumptions upon which the review was based and the validity and completeness of such assumptions; and

(3) such recommendations as the Comptroller General considers necessary for improving Department of Defense spouse employment programs.

SEC. 589. REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MILITARY SPOUSE EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a review of all Department of Defense education programs designed to support spouses of members of the Armed Forces.

(b) ELEMENTS OF REVIEW.—At a minimum, the review shall evaluate the following:
(1) All current Department of Defense programs that are in place to advance military spouse education opportunities.

(2) The efficacy and effectiveness of Department of Defense spouse education programs.

(3) The effect that a lack of military spouse education opportunities has on the ability to retain members of the Armed Forces.

(4) A comparison of the costs associated with providing military spouse education opportunities to retain members rather than recruiting or training new members.

(e) Submission of Results.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing—

(1) the results of the review; and

(2) such recommendations as the Secretary considers necessary for improving Department of Defense spouse education programs.

SEC. 590. ANNUAL LEAVE FOR FAMILY OF DEPLOYED MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.

(a) In General.—Part III of title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:
“CHAPTER 44—ANNUAL LEAVE FOR FAMILY OF DEPLOYED MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES

Sec.

4401. Definitions.

4402. Leave requirement.

4403. Certification.

4404. Employment and benefits protection.

4405. Prohibited acts.

4406. Enforcement.

4407. Miscellaneous provisions.

§ 4401. Definitions

“‘In this chapter:

“(1) The terms ‘benefit’, ‘rights and benefits’, ‘employee’, ‘employer’, and ‘uniformed services’ have the meaning given such terms in section 4303 of this title.

“(2) The term ‘contingency operation’ has the same meaning given such term in section 101(a)(13) of title 10.

“(3) The term ‘eligible employee’ means an individual who is—

“(A) a family member of a member of a uniformed service;

“(B) an employee of the employer with respect to whom leave is requested under section 4402 of this title; and
“(C) not entitled to leave under section 102(a)(1)(E) of the Family Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2612(a)(1)(E)).

“(4) The term ‘family member’ means an individual who is, with respect to another individual, one of the following:

“(A) The spouse of the other individual.

“(B) A son or daughter of the other individual.

“(C) A parent of the other individual.

“(5) The term ‘reduced leave schedule’ means a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.

“(6) The terms ‘spouse’, ‘son or daughter’, and ‘parent’ have the meaning given such terms in section 101 of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2611).

§ 4402. Leave requirement

“(a) Entitlement to leave.—In any 12-month period, an eligible employee shall be entitled to two workweeks of leave for each family member of the eligible employee who, during such 12-month period—

“(1) is in the uniformed services; and
“(2)(A) receives notification of an impending call or order to active duty in support of a contingency operation; or

“(B) is deployed in connection with a contingency operation.

“(b) Leave Taken Intermittently or on Reduced Leave Schedule.—(1) Leave under subsection (a) may be taken by an eligible employee intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule as the eligible employee considers appropriate.

“(2) The taking of leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule pursuant to this subsection shall not result in a reduction in the total amount of leave to which the eligible employee is entitled under subsection (a) beyond the amount of leave actually taken.

“(c) Paid Leave Permitted.—Leave granted under subsection (a) may consist of paid leave or unpaid leave as the employer of the eligible employee considers appropriate.

“(d) Relationship to Paid Leave.—(1) If an employer provides paid leave to an eligible employee for fewer than the total number of workweeks of leave that the eligible employee is entitled to under subsection (a), the additional amount of leave necessary to attain the total num-
ber of workweeks of leave required under subsection (a) may be provided without compensation.

“(2) An eligible employee may elect, and an employer may not require the eligible employee, to substitute any of the accrued paid vacation leave, personal leave, or family leave of the eligible employee for leave provided under subsection (a) for any part of the total period of such leave the eligible employee is entitled to under such subsection.

“(e) NOTICE FOR LEAVE.—In any case in which an eligible employee chooses to use leave under subsection (a), the eligible employee shall provide such notice to the employer as is reasonable and practicable.

“§ 4403. Certification

“(a) IN GENERAL.—An employer may require that a request for leave under section 4402(a) of this title be supported by a certification of entitlement to such leave.

“(b) TIMELINESS OF CERTIFICATION.—An eligible employee shall provide, in a timely manner, a copy of the certification required by subsection (a) to the employer.

“(c) SUFFICIENT CERTIFICATION.—A copy of the notification, call, or order described in section 4402(a)(2) of this title shall be considered sufficient certification of entitlement to leave for purposes of providing certification under this section. The Secretary may prescribe such additional forms and manners of certification as the Secretary
§ 4404. Employment and benefits protection

(a) In General.—An eligible employee who takes leave under section 4402 of this title for the intended purpose of the leave shall be entitled, on return from such leave—

(1) to be restored by the employer to the position of employment held by the eligible employee when the leave commenced; or

(2) to be restored to an equivalent position with equivalent rights and benefits of employment.

(b) Loss of Benefits.—The taking of leave under section 4402 of this title shall not result in the loss of any employment benefit accrued prior to the date on which the leave commenced.

(c) Limitations.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to entitle any restored employee to—

(1) the accrual of any seniority or employment benefits during any period of leave; or

(2) any right, benefit, or position of employment other than any right, benefit, or position to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not taken the leave.
§ 4405. Prohibited acts

(a) EXERCISE OF RIGHTS.—It shall be unlawful for any employer to interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of or the attempt to exercise, any right provided under this chapter.

(b) DISCRIMINATION.—It shall be unlawful for any employer to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual for opposing any practice made unlawful by this chapter.

§ 4406. Enforcement

The provisions of subchapter III of chapter 43 of this title shall apply with respect to the provisions of this chapter as if such provisions were incorporated into and made part of this chapter.

§ 4407. Miscellaneous provisions

The provisions of subchapter IV of chapter 43 of this title shall apply with respect to the provisions of this chapter as if such provisions were incorporated into and made part of this chapter.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of chapters at the beginning of title 38, United States Code, and at the beginning of part III of such title, are each amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 43 the following new item:

“44. Annual Leave for Family of Deployed Members of the Uniformed Services ........................................... 4401.”.
SEC. 590A. CODIFICATION AND CONTINUATION OF JOINT FAMILY SUPPORT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

(a) CODIFICATION AND CONTINUATION.—Chapter 88, of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1788 the following new section:

“§ 1788a. Joint Family Support Assistance Program

“(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall continue to carry out the program known as the ‘Joint Family Support Assistance Program’ for the purpose of providing to families of members of the armed forces the following types of assistance:

“(1) Financial and material assistance.

“(2) Mobile support services.

“(3) Sponsorship of volunteers and family support professionals for the delivery of support services.

“(4) Coordination of family assistance programs and activities provided by Military OneSource, Military Family Life Consultants, counselors, the Department of Defense, other Federal agencies, State and local agencies, and non-profit entities.

“(5) Facilitation of discussion on military family assistance programs, activities, and initiatives between and among the organizations, agencies, and entities referred to in paragraph (4).
“(6) Non-medical counseling.

“(7) Such other assistance that the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(b) LOCATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out the program in at least six areas of the United States selected by the Secretary. Up to three of the areas selected for the program shall be areas that are geographically isolated from military installations.

“(c) RESOURCES AND VOLUNTEERS.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide personnel and other resources of the Department of Defense necessary for the implementation and operation of the program and may accept and utilize the services of non-Government volunteers and non-profit entities under the program.

“(d) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish procedures for the operation of the program and for the provision of assistance to families of members of the Armed Forces under the program.

“(e) RELATION TO FAMILY SUPPORT CENTERS.—The program is not intended to operate in lieu of other family support centers, but is instead intended to augment the activities of the family support centers.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of such chapter is amend-
ed by inserting after the item relating to section 1788a
the following new item:


(c) Repeal of Superceded Provision.—Section
675 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization
2273; 10 U.S.C. 1781 note) is repealed.

Subtitle J—Other Matters

SEC. 591. ESTABLISHMENT OF JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICERS’
TRAINING CORPS UNITS FOR STUDENTS IN
GRADES ABOVE SIXTH GRADE.

Section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:

“(g)(1) In addition to units of the Junior Reserve Off-
ficers’ Training Corps established at public and private
secondary educational institutions under subsection (a),
the Secretary of each military department may carry out
a pilot program to establish and support units at public
and private educational institutions that are not secondary
educational institutions to permit the enrollment of stu-
dents in the Corps who, notwithstanding the limitation in
subsection (b)(1), are in a grade above the sixth grade.
Under the pilot program, the Secretary may authorize a
course of military instruction of not less than two aca-
demic years’ duration, notwithstanding subsection (b)(3).
“(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), a unit of
the Junior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps established
and supported under the pilot program must meet the re-
quirements of this section.

“(3) The Secretary of the military department con-
cerned shall conduct a review of the pilot program. The
review shall include an evaluation of what impacts, if any,
the pilot program may have on the operation of the Junior
Reserve Officers’ Training Corps in secondary educational
institutions.”.

SEC. 592. INCREASE IN NUMBER OF PRIVATE SECTOR CI-
VILIANS AUTHORIZED FOR ADMISSION TO
NATIONAL DEFENSE UNIVERSITY.

Section 2167(a) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by striking “‘20 full-time student positions’” and
inserting “‘35 full-time student positions’”.

SEC. 593. ADMISSION OF DEFENSE INDUSTRY CIVILIANS TO
ATTEND UNITED STATES AIR FORCE INSTITU-
TUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.

(a) Admission Authority.—Chapter 901 of title
10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after sec-
tion 9314 the following new section:
§ 9314a. United States Air Force Institute of Technology: admission of defense industry civilians

(a) ADMISSION AUTHORIZED.—(1) The Secretary of the Air Force may permit defense industry employees described in subsection (b) to receive instruction at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology in accordance with this section. Any such defense industry employee may be enrolled in, and may be provided instruction in, a program leading to a graduate degree in a defense focused curriculum related to aeronautics and astronautics, electrical and computer engineering, engineering physics, mathematics and statistics, operational sciences, or systems and engineering management.

(2) No more than 125 defense industry employees may be enrolled at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology at any one time under the authority of paragraph (1).

(3) Upon successful completion of the course of instruction at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology in which a defense industry employee is enrolled, the defense industry employee may be awarded an appropriate degree under section 9314 of this title.

(b) ELIGIBLE DEFENSE INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES.—For purposes of this section, an eligible defense industry employee is an individual employed by a private firm that
is engaged in providing to the Department of Defense significant and substantial defense-related systems, products, or services. A defense industry employee admitted for instruction at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology remains eligible for such instruction only so long at that person remains employed by the same firm.

“(c) Annual Determination by the Secretary of the Air Force.—Defense industry employees may receive instruction at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology during any academic year only if, before the start of that academic year, the Secretary of the Air Force, or the designee of the Secretary, determines that providing instruction to defense industry employees under this section during that year—

“(1) will further the military mission of the United States Air Force Institute of Technology; and

“(2) will be done on a space-available basis and not require an increase in the size of the faculty of the school, an increase in the course offerings of the school, or an increase in the laboratory facilities or other infrastructure of the school.

“(d) Program Requirements.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall ensure that—
“(1) the curriculum in which defense industry employees may be enrolled under this section is not readily available through other schools and concentrates on the areas of focus specified in subsection (a)(1) that are conducted by military organizations and defense contractors working in close cooperation; and

“(2) the course offerings at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology continue to be determined solely by the needs of the Department of Defense.

“(e) Tuition.—(1) The United States Air Force Institute of Technology shall charge tuition for students enrolled under this section at a rate not less than the rate charged for employees of the United States outside the Department of the Air Force.

“(2) Amounts received by the United States Air Force Institute of Technology for instruction of students enrolled under this section shall be retained by the school to defray the costs of such instruction. The source, and the disposition, of such funds shall be specifically identified in records of the school.

“(f) Standards of Conduct.—While receiving instruction at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology, defense industry employees enrolled under this sec-
tion, to the extent practicable, are subject to the same reg-
ulations governing academic performance, attendance,
norms of behavior, and enrollment as apply to Government
civilian employees receiving instruction at the school.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting
after the item relating to section 9314 the following new
item:

“9314a. United States Air Force Institute of Technology: admission of defense
industry civilians.”.

SEC. 594. DATE FOR SUBMISSION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STARBASE PRO-
GRAM.

Section 2193b(g) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by striking “90 days after the end of each fiscal
year” and inserting “March 31 of each year”.

SEC. 595. EXTENSION OF DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF
FINAL REPORT OF MILITARY LEADERSHIP DI-
VERSITY COMMISSION.

Section 596(e)(1) of the Duncan Hunter National
Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public
Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4478) is amended by striking
“12 months” and inserting “18 months”.

HR 5136 PCS18
SEC. 596. ENHANCED AUTHORITY FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND COAST GUARD CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES AND THEIR FAMILIES TO ACCEPT GIFTS FROM NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES.

(a) Codification and Expansion of Existing Authority to Cover Additional Members and Employees.—

(1) Codification and Expansion.—Chapter 155 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2601 the following new section:

"§ 2601a. Direct acceptance of gifts by members of the armed forces and Department of Defense and Coast Guard employees and their families

“(a) Regulations Governing Acceptance of Gifts.—(1) The Secretary of Defense (and the Secretary of Homeland Security in the case of the Coast Guard) shall issue regulations to provide that, subject to such limitations as may be specified in such regulations, the following individuals may accept gifts from nonprofit organizations, private parties, and other sources outside the Department of Defense or the Department of Homeland Security:
“(A) A member of the armed forces described in subsection (c).

“(B) A civilian employee of the Department of Defense or Coast Guard described in subsection (d).

“(C) The family members of such a member or employee.

“(D) Survivors of such a member or employee who is killed.

“(2) The regulations required by this subsection shall apply uniformly to all elements of the Department of Defense and, to the maximum extent feasible, to the Coast Guard.

“(b) EXCEPTION TO GIFT BAN.—A member of the armed forces described in subsection (c) and a civilian employee described in subsection (d) may accept gifts as provided in the regulations issued under subsection (a) notwithstanding section 7353 of title 5.

“(c) COVERED MEMBERS.—This section applies to a member of the armed forces who, while performing active duty, full-time National Guard duty, or inactive-duty training on or after September 11, 2001, incurred an injury or illness—

“(1) as described in section 1413a(e)(2) of this title;
“(2) in an operation or area designated as a combat operation or a combat zone by the Secretary of Defense in accordance with the regulations issued under subsection (a); or

“(3) under other circumstances determined by the Secretary concerned to warrant treatment analogous to members covered by paragraph (1) or (2).

“(d) COVERED EMPLOYEES.—This section applies to a civilian employee of the Department of Defense or Coast Guard who, while an employee on or after September 11, 2001, incurred an injury or illness under a circumstance described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (c).

“(e) GIFTS FROM CERTAIN SOURCES PROHIBITED.—The regulations issued under subsection (a) may not authorize the acceptance of a gift from a foreign government or international organization or their agents.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2601 the following new item:

“2601a. Direct acceptance of gifts by members of the armed forces and Department of Defense and Coast Guard employees and their families.”.

(c) **APPLICATION OF EXISTING REGULATIONS.**—Pending the issuance of the regulations required by subsection (a) of section 2601a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), the regulations prescribed under section 8127 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2006 (division A of Public Law 109–148; 119 Stat. 2730; 10 U.S.C. 2601 note prec.) shall apply to the acceptance of gifts under such section 2601a.

(d) **RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY OF REGULATIONS.**—The regulations issued under subsection (a) of section 2601a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall, to the extent provided in such regulations, also apply to the acceptance of gifts during the period beginning on September 11, 2001, and ending on the date on which such regulations go into effect.

**SEC. 597. REPORT ON PERFORMANCE AND IMPROVEMENTS OF TRANSITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.**

(a) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall prepare a report on the Transition Assistance Program of the Department of Defense.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The report shall include the following:

(1) A statement and analysis of the rates of post-separation employment rates compared with the
general population annually since September 11, 2001.

(2) A chronological summary of the evolution and development of the Transition Assistance Program since September 11, 2001.

(3) A description of efforts to transform the Transition Assistance Program from one of end-of-service transition to a life-cycle model, in which transition is considered throughout the career of a member of the Armed Forces.

(4) An analysis of current and future challenges members continue to face upon entering the civilian work force, including a survey of the following individuals and organizations to identify strengths and shortcomings in the Transition Assistance Program:

(A) A representational population of transitioning or recently separated members.

(B) Employers with a track record of employing retired or separating members.

(C) Veterans service organizations and advocacy groups.

(5) Any recommendations, including recommendations for legislative action, that the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate to improve
the organization, policies, consistency of quality, and

efficacy of the Transition Assistance Program.

(c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall
prepare the report in consultation with the Secretary of
Labor.

(d) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than 270
days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
retary of Defense shall submit the report to the Commit-
tees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of
Representatives.

SEC. 598. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING ASSISTING
MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO PAR-
TICIPATE IN APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
ings:

(1) Some members of the Armed Forces who
are separated or released from active duty are hav-
ing difficulty finding employment after their separa-
tion or release.

(2) Some members who have served for long pe-
riods on active duty have the additional difficulty of
translating their military experience into skill sets
for civilian employment.
(3) Apprenticeship programs bring immense value to the American workforce and to individuals who participate in such programs.

(4) Apprenticeship programs assist in the building of résumés and skills of participants and help connect participants with employers and job opportunities.

(5) Military units returning from deployment often operate at a reduced readiness status, which would allow members who are assigned to the unit, but who are in the process of being separated or released from active duty, to be available to participate in apprenticeship programs.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that commanders of units of the Armed Forces should make every effort to permit members of the Armed Forces who are assigned to the unit, but who are in the process of being separated or released from active duty, to participate in an apprenticeship program that is registered under the Act of Aug. 16, 1937 (commonly known as the National Apprenticeship Act; 29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.).

(c) ARMED FORCES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “Armed Forces” means the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.
SEC. 599. REPORT ON EXPANSION OF NUMBER OF HEIR-LOOM CHEST AWARDED TO SURVIVING FAMILIES.

The Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the heirloom chest policy of the Army, including—

(1) a detailed explanation of such policy;
(2) the plans of the Secretary to continue the heirloom chest program; and
(3) an estimate of the procurement costs to expand the number of such chests to additional family members.

SEC. 600. INCREASE OF MAXIMUM AGE FOR CHILDREN ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICAL CARE UNDER CHAMPVA PROGRAM.

(a) INCREASE.—Section 1781(c) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “twenty-three” and inserting “twenty-six”; and
(2) by striking “twenty-third birthday” and inserting “twenty-sixth birthday”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to medical care provided on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 600A. TRANSFER OF TROOPS-TO-TEACHERS PROGRAM FROM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) Transfer of Functions.—

(1) Transfer.—The responsibility and authority for operation and administration of the Troops-to-Teachers Program in chapter A of subpart 1 of part C of title II of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6671 et seq.), is transferred from the Secretary of Education to the Secretary of Defense.

(2) Effective Date.—The transfer under paragraph (1) shall take effect on the first day of the first month beginning more than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, or on such earlier date as the Secretary of Education and the Secretary of Defense may jointly provide.

(b) Enactment of Program Authority in Title 10, United States Code.—

(1) In General.—Chapter 58 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

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§ 1154. Assistance to eligible members and former members to obtain employment as teachers: Troops-to-Teachers Program

“(a) Definitions.—In this section:


HR 5136 PCS1S
“(1) **Program.**—The term ‘Program’ means the Troops-to-Teachers Program authorized by this section.

“(2) **Member of the armed forces.**—The term ‘member of the armed forces’ includes a former member of the armed forces.

“(3) **Charter school.**—The term ‘charter school’ has the meaning given that term in section 5210 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7221i).


“(b) **Program Authorization.**—The Secretary may carry out a program (to be known as the ‘Troops-to-Teachers Program’)—

“(1) to assist eligible members of the armed forces described in subsection (d) to obtain certification or licensing as elementary school teachers, secondary school teachers, or vocational or technical teachers, and to become highly qualified teachers; and
“(2) to facilitate the employment of such members—

“(A) by local educational agencies or public charter schools that the Secretary of Education identifies as—

“(i) receiving grants under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) as a result of having within their jurisdictions concentrations of children from low-income families; or

“(ii) experiencing a shortage of highly qualified teachers, in particular a shortage of science, mathematics, special education, or vocational or technical teachers; and

“(B) in elementary schools or secondary schools, or as vocational or technical teachers.

“(c) Placement Assistance and Referral Services.—The Secretary may provide placement assistance and referral services to members of the armed forces who meet the criteria described in subsection (d), including meeting the education qualification requirements under subsection (d)(3)(B). Such members shall not be eligible for financial assistance under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (e).
“(d) ELIGIBILITY AND APPLICATION PROCESS.—

“(1) ELIGIBLE MEMBERS.—The following members of the armed forces are eligible for selection to participate in the Program:

“(A) Any member who—

“(i) on or after October 1, 1999, becomes entitled to retired or retainer pay under this title or title 14;

“(ii) has an approved date of retirement that is within one year after the date on which the member submits an application to participate in the Program; or

“(iii) has been transferred to the Retired Reserve.

“(B) Any member who, on or after January 8, 2002—

“(i)(I) is separated or released from active duty after six or more years of continuous active duty immediately before the separation or release; or

“(II) has completed a total of at least ten years of active duty service, ten years of service computed under section 12732 of this title, or ten
years of any combination of such serv-

ice; and

“(ii) executes a reserve commitment

agreement for a period of not less than

three years under paragraph (5)(B).

“(C) Any member who, on or after Janu-

ary 8, 2002, is retired or separated for physical

disability under chapter 61 of this title.

“(2) Submission of applications.—(A) Se-

lection of eligible members of the armed forces to

participate in the Program shall be made on the

basis of applications submitted to the Secretary

within the time periods specified in subparagraph

(B). An application shall be in such form and con-
tain such information as the Secretary may require.

“(B) An application shall be considered to be

submitted on a timely basis under subparagraph

(A)(i), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1) if the applica-
tion is submitted not later than four years after the
date on which the member is retired or separated or
released from active duty, whichever applies to the
member.

“(3) Selection criteria; educational

background requirements and honorable

service requirement.—(A) Subject to subpara-


graphs (B) and (C), the Secretary shall prescribe the criteria to be used to select eligible members of the armed forces to participate in the Program.

“(B)(i) If a member of the armed forces is applying for assistance for placement as an elementary school or secondary school teacher, the Secretary shall require the member to have received a baccalaureate or advanced degree from an accredited institution of higher education.

“(ii) If a member of the armed forces is applying for assistance for placement as a vocational or technical teacher, the Secretary shall require the member—

“(I) to have received the equivalent of one year of college from an accredited institution of higher education and have six or more years of military experience in a vocational or technical field; or

“(II) to otherwise meet the certification or licensing requirements for a vocational or technical teacher in the State in which the member seeks assistance for placement under the Program.

“(C) A member of the armed forces is eligible to participate in the Program only if the member’s
last period of service in the armed forces was honorable, as characterized by the Secretary concerned. A member selected to participate in the Program before the retirement of the member or the separation or release of the member from active duty may continue to participate in the Program after the retirement, separation, or release only if the member’s last period of service is characterized as honorable by the Secretary concerned.

“(4) SELECTION PRIORITIES.—In selecting eligible members of the armed forces to receive assistance under the Program, the Secretary shall give priority to members who—

“(A) have educational or military experience in science, mathematics, special education, or vocational or technical subjects; and

“(B) agree to seek employment as science, mathematics, or special education teachers in elementary schools or secondary schools or in other schools under the jurisdiction of a local educational agency.

“(5) OTHER CONDITIONS ON SELECTION.—

“(A) The Secretary may not select an eligible member of the armed forces to participate in the Program and receive financial assistance
unless the Secretary has sufficient appropriations for the Program available at the time of the selection to satisfy the obligations to be incurred by the United States under subsection (e) with respect to the member.

“(B) The Secretary may not select an eligible member of the armed forces described in paragraph (1)(B)(i) to participate in the Program under this section and receive financial assistance under subsection (e) unless the member executes a written agreement to serve as a member of the Selected Reserve of a reserve component of the armed forces for a period of not less than three years (in addition to any other reserve commitment the member may have).

“(e) Participation Agreement and Financial Assistance.—

“(1) Participation agreement.—(A) An eligible member of the armed forces selected to participate in the Program under subsection (b) and receive financial assistance under this subsection shall be required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary in which the member agrees—
“(i) within such time as the Secretary may require, to obtain certification or licensing as an elementary school teacher, secondary school teacher, or vocational or technical teacher, and to become a highly qualified teacher; and

“(ii) to accept an offer of full-time employment as an elementary school teacher, secondary school teacher, or vocational or technical teacher for not less than three school years with a high-need local educational agency or public charter school, as such terms are defined in section 2102 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (20 U.S.C. 6602), to begin the school year after obtaining that certification or licensing.

“(B) The Secretary may waive the three-year commitment described in subparagraph (A)(ii) for a participant if the Secretary determines such waiver to be appropriate. If the Secretary provides the waiver, the participant shall not be considered to be in violation of the agreement and shall not be required to provide reimbursement under subsection (f), for failure to meet the three-year commitment.
“(2) Violation of participation agreement; exceptions.—A participant in the Program shall not be considered to be in violation of the participation agreement entered into under paragraph (1) during any period in which the participant—

“(A) is pursuing a full-time course of study related to the field of teaching at an institution of higher education;

“(B) is serving on active duty as a member of the armed forces;

“(C) is temporarily totally disabled for a period of time not to exceed three years as established by sworn affidavit of a qualified physician;

“(D) is unable to secure employment for a period not to exceed 12 months by reason of the care required by a spouse who is disabled;

“(E) is a highly qualified teacher who is seeking and unable to find full-time employment as a teacher in an elementary school or secondary school or as a vocational or technical teacher for a single period not to exceed 27 months; or
“(F) satisfies the provisions of additional reimbursement exceptions that may be prescribed by the Secretary.

“(3) STIPEND FOR PARTICIPANTS.—(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary may pay to a participant in the Program selected under this section a stipend in an amount of not more than $5,000.

“(B) The total number of stipends that may be paid under subparagraph (A) in any fiscal year may not exceed 5,000.

“(4) BONUS FOR PARTICIPANTS.—(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary may, in lieu of paying a stipend under paragraph (3), pay a bonus of $10,000 to a participant in the Program selected under this section who agrees in the participation agreement under paragraph (1) to become a highly qualified teacher and to accept full-time employment as an elementary school teacher, secondary school teacher, or vocational or technical teacher for not less than three school years in a high-need school.

“(B) The total number of bonuses that may be paid under subparagraph (A) in any fiscal year may not exceed 3,000.
“(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term ‘high-need school’ means a public elementary school, public secondary school, or public charter school that meets one or more of the following criteria:

“(i) At least 50 percent of the students enrolled in the school were from low-income families (as described in subsection (b)(2)(A)(i)).

“(ii) The school has a large percentage of students who qualify for assistance under part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1411 et seq.).

“(5) Treatment of stipend and bonus.—A stipend or bonus paid under this subsection to a participant in the Program shall be taken into account in determining the eligibility of the participant for Federal student financial assistance provided under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.).

“(f) Reimbursement under certain circumstances.—

“(1) Reimbursement required.—A participant in the Program who is paid a stipend or bonus under this subsection shall be required to repay the stipend or bonus under the following circumstances:
“(A) The participant fails to obtain teacher certification or licensing, to become a highly qualified teacher, or to obtain employment as an elementary school teacher, secondary school teacher, or vocational or technical teacher as required by the participation agreement under subsection (e)(1).

“(B) The participant voluntarily leaves, or is terminated for cause from, employment as an elementary school teacher, secondary school teacher, or vocational or technical teacher during the three years of required service in violation of the participation agreement.

“(C) The participant executed a written agreement with the Secretary concerned under subsection (d)(5)(B) to serve as a member of a reserve component of the armed forces for a period of three years and fails to complete the required term of service.

“(2) AMOUNT OF REIMBURSEMENT.—A participant required to reimburse the Secretary for a stipend or bonus paid to the participant under subsection (e) shall pay an amount that bears the same ratio to the amount of the stipend or bonus as the unserved portion of required service bears to the
three years of required service. Any amount owed by
the participant shall bear interest at the rate equal
to the highest rate being paid by the United States
on the day on which the reimbursement is deter-
mined to be due for securities having maturities of
90 days or less and shall accrue from the day on
which the participant is first notified of the amount
due.

“(3) TREATMENT OF OBLIGATION.—The obliga-
tion to reimburse the Secretary under this sub-
section is, for all purposes, a debt owing the United
States. A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11
shall not release a participant from the obligation to
reimburse the Secretary under this subsection.

“(4) EXCEPTIONS TO REIMBURSEMENT RE-
QUIREMENT.—A participant shall be excused from
reimbursement under this subsection if the partici-
pant becomes permanently totally disabled as estab-
lished by sworn affidavit of a qualified physician.
The Secretary may also waive the reimbursement in
cases of extreme hardship to the participant, as de-
termined by the Secretary.

“(g) RELATIONSHIP TO EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE
UNDER MONTGOMERY GI BILL.—The receipt by a partic-
ipant in the Program of a stipend or bonus under this
subsection (e) shall not reduce or otherwise affect the enti-
tlement of the participant to any benefits under chapter 30 or 33 of title 38 or chapter 1606 of this title.

“(h) Participation by States.—

“(1) Discharge of state activities through consortia of states.—The Secretary may permit States participating in the Program to carry out activities authorized for such States under the Program through one or more consortia of such States.

“(2) Assistance to states.—(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary may make grants to States participating in the Program, or to consortia of such States, in order to permit such States or consortia of States to operate offices for purposes of recruiting eligible members of the armed forces for participation in the Program and facilitating the employment of participants in the Program as elementary school teachers, secondary school teachers, and vocational or technical teachers.

“(B) The total amount of grants made under subparagraph (A) in any fiscal year may not exceed $5,000,000.”.
(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“1154. Troops-to-Teachers Program.”.

(e) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1142(b)(4)(C) of such title is amended by striking “under sections 1152 and 1153 of this title and the Troops-to-Teachers Program under section 2302 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6672)” and inserting “under sections 1152, 1153, and 1154 of this title”.

(d) Termination of Original Program.—

(1) Termination.—

(A) Chapter A of subpart 1 of part C of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6671 et seq.) is repealed.

(B) The table of contents in section 2 of part I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended by striking the items relating to chapter A of subpart 1 of part C of said Act.

(2) Existing Agreements.—The repeal of such chapter shall not affect the validity or terms of any agreement entered into before the date of the enactment of this Act under chapter A of subpart 1 of part C of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6671 et seq.), or to pay assistance, make grants, or obtain reimbursement in connection with such an agreement as in effect before such repeal.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the effective date of the transfer under subsection (a).

SEC. 600B. ENHANCEMENTS TO THE TROOPS-TO-TEACHERS PROGRAM.

(a) YEARS OF SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.—Subsection (d) of section 1154 title 10, United States Code, as added by section 600A, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph (B);

(B) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) commencing on or after September 11, 2001, serves at least four years on active duty (as such term is defined in section 101(d)(1) of this title, except that such term does not include a period of service described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of section 3311(d)
of title 38) in the Armed Forces (excluding service on active duty in entry level or skills training) and, after completion of such service, is discharged or released as follows:

“(i) A discharge from active duty in the armed forces with an honorable discharge.

“(ii) A release after service on active duty in the armed forces characterized by the Secretary concerned as honorable service and placement on the retired list, transfer to the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, or placement on the temporary disability retired list.

“(iii) A release from active duty in the armed forces for further service in a reserve component of the armed forces after service on active duty characterized by the Secretary concerned as honorable service.”.

(b) Definition of Local Education Agency and Public Charter Schools.—Such section is further amended as follows:

(1) Clause (i) of subsection (b)(2)(A) of such section is amended to read as follows:
“(i) receiving grants under part A of title I, a Bureau-funded school (as such term is defined in section 1141 of the Education Amendments of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 2021(3)), or public charter school;”.

(2) In subsection (e)(1)(A)(ii), by striking “or public charter school receiving grants under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311 et seq.)” and inserting “receiving grants under part A of title I, a Bureau-funded school (as such term is defined in section 1141 of the Education Amendments of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 2021(3)) or public charter school”.

(e) TROOPS-TO-TEACHERS ADVISORY BOARD.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(f) ADVISORY BOARD.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of section 1154 of this title, the Secretary of Education and the Secretary of Defense shall establish an advisory board composed of—

“(A) a representative from the Department of Defense;
“(B) a representative from the Department of Education;

“(C) representatives from 3 State offices that operate to recruit eligible members of the armed forces for participation in the Program and facilitating the employment of participants in the Program as elementary school teachers, secondary school teachers, and vocational or technical teachers; and

“(D) a representative from each of 3 veteran service organizations.

“(2) DUTIES.—The advisory board established under subsection (a) shall—

“(A) collect, consider, and disseminate feedback from participants and State offices described in subsection (a)(4) on—

“(i) the best practices for improving recruitment of eligible members of the Armed Forces in States, local educational agencies, and public charter schools under served by the Program;

“(ii) ensuring that high-need local educational agencies and public charter schools are aware of the Program and how to participate in it;
“(iii) coordinating the goals of the Program with other Federal, State, and local education needs and programs; and

“(iv) other activities that the advisory board deems necessary; and

“(B) not later than one year after the date of the enactment of section 1154 of this title, and annually thereafter, prepare and submit a report to the Committees on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and Armed Services of the Senate and the Committees on Education and Labor and Armed Services of the House of Representatives, which shall include—

“(i) information with respect to the activities of the advisory board;

“(ii) information with respect to the Program, including—

“(I) the number of participants in the Program;

“(II) the number of States participating in the Program;

“(III) local educational agencies and schools in where participants are employed;
“(IV) the grade levels at which participants teach;

“(V) the academic subjects taught by participants;

“(VI) rates of retention of participants by the local educational agencies and public charter schools employing participant;

“(VII) other demographic information as may be necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program; and

“(VIII) a review of the stipend and bonus available to participants under paragraphs (3) and (4)(A) of subsection (d); and

“(iii) recommendations for—

“(I) improvements to local, State, and Federal recruitment and retention efforts;

“(II) legislative or executive policy changes to improve the Program, enhance participant experience, and increase participation in the program; and
“(III) other changes necessary to ensure that the Program is meeting the purpose described in subsection (b).”.

SEC. 600C. SUPPORT FROM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO HELP COVER COSTS OF NEW STATE PROGRAMS UNDER NATIONAL GUARD YOUTH CHALLENGE PROGRAM.

Paragraph (2) of section 509(d) of title 32, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(2) The limitation in paragraph (1) may not be construed as a limitation on the amount of assistance that may be provided to a State program of the Program for a fiscal year from sources other than the Department of Defense. Using funds available to the Department of Education, the Secretary of Education may provide assistance to cover the difference between the amount provided by the Department of Defense and the total costs of operating a new State program of the Program during the first three full fiscal years in which the new State program is in operation.”.
SEC. 600D. STUDY OF TREATMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE
RESERVE COMPONENTS.

(a) Study.—The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall conduct a study of the treatment of members of the reserve components.

(b) Matters Included.—The study under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An analysis of the treatment of members of the reserve components—

(A) at mobilization and demobilization sites of the Army, including warrior transition units and joint medical battalions; and

(B) during predeployment and postdeployment medical examinations under section 1074(f) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) An analysis of the quality of care, treatment, and information that members of the reserve components receive before, during, and after deployment.

(3) An analysis of patterns of treatment of members of the reserve components during the period following a deployment, including during medical examinations or other actions that could affect health care and disability benefits, as compared to the treatment of members of the regular components during such period.
(4) Identification of any improvements needed so that members of the reserve components and members of the regular components are treated equally.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than December 31, 2010, the Inspector General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the study under subsection (a).

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS
Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

SEC. 601. FISCAL YEAR 2011 INCREASE IN MILITARY BASIC PAY.

(a) WAIVER OF SECTION 1009 ADJUSTMENT.—The adjustment to become effective during fiscal year 2011 required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in the rates of monthly basic pay authorized members of the uniformed services shall not be made.

(b) INCREASE IN BASIC PAY.—Effective on January 1, 2011, the rates of monthly basic pay for members of the uniformed services are increased by 1.9 percent.
SEC. 602. BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING FOR TWO-MEMBER COUPLES WHEN ONE OR BOTH MEMBERS ARE ON SEA DUTY.

(a) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section 403(f)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(C) Notwithstanding section 421 of this title, a member of a uniformed service in a pay grade below pay grade E–6 who is assigned to sea duty and is married to another member of a uniformed service is entitled to a basic allowance for housing subject to the limitations of subsection (e).”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 2011.

SEC. 603. ALLOWANCES FOR PURCHASE OF REQUIRED UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT.

(a) Initial Allowance for Officers.—Section 415 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (4) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respectively;

(B) by inserting “ALLOWANCE FOR OFFICERS IN THE ARMED FORCES.—(1)” after “(a)”;
(C) by striking “$400” and inserting “$500”; and
(D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(2) The Secretary of a military department, with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, may increase the maximum amount of the allowance specified in paragraph (1) for officers of an armed force under the jurisdiction of the Secretary. The Secretary of Homeland Security, in the case of the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy, may increase the maximum amount of the allowance specified in paragraph (1) for officers of the Coast Guard.”;
(2) in subsection (b), by inserting “EXCEPTION.—” after “(b)”; and
(3) in subsection (c)—
(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
(B) by striking “An allowance of $250” and inserting “PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ALLOWANCE.—(1) An allowance of $300”; and
(C) by inserting “(2)” before “An officer”.
(b) ADDITIONAL ALLOWANCES.—Section 416 of such title is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by striking “$200” and inserting “$250”; and
(2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking “$400” and inserting “$500”.

SEC. 604. INCREASE IN AMOUNT OF FAMILY SEPARATION ALLOWANCE.

(a) INCREASE.—Section 427(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “$250” and inserting “$285”.

(b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENT.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2010, and apply with respect to months beginning on or after that date.

SEC. 605. ONE-TIME SPECIAL COMPENSATION FOR TRANSITION OF ASSISTANTS PROVIDING AID AND ATTENDANCE CARE TO MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES WITH CATASTROPHIC INJURIES OR ILLNESSES.

(a) TRANSITION COMPENSATION AUTHORIZED.—

Section 439 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by redesignating subsections (e) through (h) as subsections (f) through (i), respectively; and
(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (e):
“(e) One-time Transitional Compensation Authorized.—In addition to monthly special compensation payable under subsection (a), the Secretary concerned may pay to a member eligible for monthly special compensation a one-time payment of not more than $3,500 for the transition of assistants providing aid and attendance care to the member as described in subsection (b)(2).”.

(b) Conforming and Clerical Amendments.—Such section is further amended—

   (1) in subsection (c), by inserting “of Monthly Compensation” after “Amount”;

   (2) in subsection (d), by inserting “of Monthly Compensation” after “Duration”; and

   (3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by subsection (a)(1), by striking “Monthly special compensation payable to a member under this section” and inserting “Special compensation paid to a member under subsection (a) or (e)”. 

SEC. 606. EXPANSION OF DEFINITION OF SENIOR ENLISTED MEMBER TO INCLUDE SENIOR ENLISTED MEMBER SERVING WITHIN A COMBATANT COMMAND.

(a) Basic Pay—On and after January 1, 2011, for purposes of establishing the rates of monthly basic pay
for members of the uniformed services, the senior enlisted member of the Armed Forces serving within a combatant command (as defined in section 161(c) of title 10, United States Code) shall be treated in the same manner as the Sergeant Major of the Army, Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy, Chief Master Sergeant of the Air Force, Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps, Master Chief Petty Officer of the Coast Guard, and Senior Enlisted Advisor to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

(b) Rate of Basic Pay Used to Determine Retired Pay Base.—Section 1406(i)(3)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(vii) Senior enlisted member serving within a combatant command (as defined in section 161(c) of this title).”.

(c) Pay During Terminal Leave and While Hospitalized.—Section 210(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) The senior enlisted member serving within a combatant command (as defined in section 161(c) of title 10).”.
SEC. 607. INELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES FOR RESERVIST INCOME REPLACEMENT PAYMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF AVAILABILITY OF COMPARABLE BENEFITS UNDER ANOTHER PROGRAM.

(a) Ineligibility for Payments.—Section 910(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) A member of a reserve component who is otherwise entitled to a payment under this section is not entitled to the payment for any month during which the member is also a civilian employee of the Federal Government entitled to—

“(A) a differential payment under section 5538 of title 5; or

“(B) a comparable benefit under an administratively established program for civilian employees absent from a position of employment with the Federal Government in order to perform active duty in the uniformed services.”.

(b) Effective Date.—Subsection (b)(3) of section 910 of title 37, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to payments under such section for months beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special and Incentive Pays

SEC. 611. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES FOR RESERVE FORCES.

The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 308b(g), relating to Selected Reserve reenlistment bonus.

(2) Section 308c(i), relating to Selected Reserve affiliation or enlistment bonus.

(3) Section 308d(e), relating to special pay for enlisted members assigned to certain high-priority units.

(4) Section 308g(f)(2), relating to Ready Reserve enlistment bonus for persons without prior service.

(5) Section 308h(e), relating to Ready Reserve enlistment and reenlistment bonus for persons with prior service.

(6) Section 308i(f), relating to Selected Reserve enlistment and reenlistment bonus for persons with prior service.
(7) Section 910(g), relating to income replacement payments for reserve component members experiencing extended and frequent mobilization for active duty service.

SEC. 612. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES FOR HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.

(a) TITLE 10 AUTHORITIES.—The following sections of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 2130a(a)(1), relating to nurse officer candidate accession program.

(2) Section 16302(d), relating to repayment of education loans for certain health professionals who serve in the Selected Reserve.

(b) TITLE 37 AUTHORITIES.—The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 302c–1(f), relating to accession and retention bonuses for psychologists.

(2) Section 302d(a)(1), relating to accession bonus for registered nurses.
(3) Section 302e(a)(1), relating to incentive special pay for nurse anesthetists.

(4) Section 302g(e), relating to special pay for Selected Reserve health professionals in critically short wartime specialties.

(5) Section 302h(a)(1), relating to accession bonus for dental officers.

(6) Section 302j(a), relating to accession bonus for pharmacy officers.

(7) Section 302k(f), relating to accession bonus for medical officers in critically short wartime specialties.

(8) Section 302l(g), relating to accession bonus for dental specialist officers in critically short wartime specialties.

SEC. 613. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF SPECIAL PAY AND BONUS AUTHORITIES FOR NUCLEAR OFFICERS.

The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 312(f), relating to special pay for nuclear-qualified officers extending period of active service.
(2) Section 312b(c), relating to nuclear career accession bonus.

(3) Section 312c(d), relating to nuclear career annual incentive bonus.

SEC. 614. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO TITLE 37 CONSOLIDATED SPECIAL PAY, INCENTIVE PAY, AND BONUS AUTHORITIES.

The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 331(h), relating to general bonus authority for enlisted members.

(2) Section 332(g), relating to general bonus authority for officers.

(3) Section 333(i), relating to special bonus and incentive pay authorities for nuclear officers.

(4) Section 334(i), relating to special aviation incentive pay and bonus authorities for officers.

(5) Section 335(k), relating to special bonus and incentive pay authorities for officers in health professions.

(6) Section 351(i), relating to hazardous duty pay.
(7) Section 352(g), relating to assignment pay or special duty pay.

(8) Section 353(j), relating to skill incentive pay or proficiency bonus.

(9) Section 355(i), relating to retention incentives for members qualified in critical military skills or assigned to high priority units.

SEC. 615. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO PAYMENT OF OTHER TITLE 37 BONUSES AND SPECIAL PAYS.

The following sections of chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 301b(a), relating to aviation officer retention bonus.

(2) Section 307a(g), relating to assignment incentive pay.

(3) Section 308(g), relating to reenlistment bonus for active members.

(4) Section 309(e), relating to enlistment bonus.

(5) Section 324(g), relating to accession bonus for new officers in critical skills.
(6) Section 326(g), relating to incentive bonus for conversion to military occupational specialty to ease personnel shortage.

(7) Section 327(h), relating to incentive bonus for transfer between armed forces.

(8) Section 330(f), relating to accession bonus for officer candidates.

SEC. 616. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO PAYMENT OF REFERRAL BONUSES.

The following sections of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”:

(1) Section 1030(i), relating to health professions referral bonus.

(2) Section 3252(h), relating to Army referral bonus.

SEC. 617. TREATMENT OF OFFICERS TRANSFERRING BETWEEN ARMED FORCES FOR RECEIPT OF AVIATION CAREER SPECIAL PAY.

Section 301b of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (h), (i), and (j) as subsections (i), (j), and (k), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (g) the following new subsection (h):
“(h) Treatment of Officers Transferring From One Armed Force to Another.—(1) An officer who transfers from one armed force to another armed force shall receive the same compensation under this section as other officers in that armed force with the same number of years of aviation service performing similar aviation duties in the same weapon system, notwithstanding any additional active duty service obligation incurred as a result of the transfer.

“(2) Until December 31, 2015, the Secretary concerned shall continue, regardless of the number of years of aviation service of an officer, to pay compensation under this section to an officer who transferred or transfers from one armed force to an armed force under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned until the officer receives the same number of years of benefits as officers in that armed force with the same number of years of aviation service performing similar aviation duties in the same weapon system. In calculating the years of benefits received, the Secretary concerned shall include any year during which the officer received compensation under this section before the transfer.

“(3) An officer may not receive compensation under paragraph (2) for any period during which the officer is not qualified for compensation under subsection (b).”.
SEC. 618. INCREASE IN MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF SPECIAL PAY FOR DUTY SUBJECT TO HOSTILE FIRE OR IMMINENT DANGER OR FOR DUTY IN FOREIGN AREA DESIGNATED AS AN IMMINENT DANGER AREA.

(a) Special Pay for Duty Subject to Hostile Fire or Imminent Danger.—Section 310(b)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “$225 a month” and inserting “$260 a month”.

(b) Hazardous Duty Pay.—Section 351(b)(3) of such title is amended by striking “$250 per month” and inserting “$260 per month”.

(c) Application of Amendments.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 2010, and apply with respect to months beginning on or after that date.

SEC. 619. SPECIAL PAYMENT TO MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE KILLED OR WOUNDED IN ATTACKS DIRECTED AT MEMBERS OR EMPLOYEES OUTSIDE OF COMBAT ZONE, INCLUDING THOSE KILLED OR WOUNDED IN CERTAIN 2009 ATTACKS.

(a) Treatment of Members and Civilians Killed or Wounded in Certain 2009 Attacks.—
(1) **TREATMENT.**—For purposes of all applicable Federal laws, regulations, and policies, a member of the Armed Forces or civilian employee of the Department of Defense who was killed or wounded in an attack described in paragraph (2) shall be deemed as follows:

(A) In the case of a member, to have been killed or wounded in a combat zone as the result of an act of an enemy of the United States.

(B) In the case of a civilian employee of the Department of Defense, to have been killed or wounded as the result of an act of an enemy of the United States while serving with the Armed Forces in a contingency operation.

(2) **ATTACKS DESCRIBED.**—Paragraph (1) applies to—

(A) the attack that occurred at Fort Hood, Texas, on November 5, 2009; and

(B) the attack that occurred at a recruiting station in Little Rock, Arkansas, on June 1, 2009.

(3) **EXCEPTION.**—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a member of the Armed Forces or a civilian employee of the Department of Defense whose death or wound as described in paragraph (1) is the result
of the misconduct of the member or employee, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

(b) NEW SPECIAL PAYMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 17 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§911. Special payment to members of the armed forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense killed or wounded in attacks directed at members or employees outside of combat zone

“(a) SPECIAL PAYMENT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall pay to a member of the armed forces or a civilian employee of the Department of Defense who is wounded in an attack under the circumstances described in subsection (b), or to an eligible survivor if the member or employee is killed in the attack or dies from wounds sustained in the attack, an amount of compensation equal to the amount determined in subsection (c) that would have accrued—

“(1) in the case of a member, on behalf of a member killed or wounded in a combat zone; and

“(2) in the case of an employee, on behalf of an employee killed or wounded while serving with the Armed Forces in a contingency operation.
“(b) COVERED ATTACKS.—

“(1) ATTACKS DESCRIBED.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an attack covered by subsection (a) is any assault or battery resulting in bodily injury or death committed by an individual who the Secretary of Defense determines knowingly targeted—

“(A) a member of the armed forces on account of the military service of the member or the status of member as a member of the Armed Forces; or

“(B) a civilian employee of the Department of Defense on account of the employee’s employment with the Department of Defense or affiliation with the Department of Defense.

“(2) GEOGRAPHIC EXCLUSION.—Subsection (a) does not apply to any attack that—

“(A) occurs in a combat zone; or

“(B) in the case of a civilian employee of the Department, occurs while the employee is serving with the armed forces in a contingency operation.

“(c) CALCULATION OF COMPENSATION AMOUNT.—The Secretary of Defense shall identify, in consultation with all relevant Federal agencies, including the Depart-
ment of Veterans Affairs and the Internal Revenue Serv-
ice, all Federal benefits provided to members of the armed
forces and civilian employees of the Department of De-
fense killed or wounded in a combat zone, including special
pays and the value of Federal tax advantages accruing be-
cause certain benefits are not subject to Federal income
tax. The Secretary shall exclude from the calculation any
Federal benefits provided regardless of the geographic lo-
cation or circumstances of the death or injuries.

“(d) **Exclusion of Certain Individuals.**—Sub-
section (a) shall not apply to a member of the armed
forces or civilian employee of the Department of Defense
whose death or wound as described in subsection (b) is
the result of the misconduct of the member or employee,
as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

“(e) **Definitions.**—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘armed forces’ means the Army,
Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

“(2) The term ‘combat zone’ means a combat
operation or combat zone designated by the Sec-
retary of Defense.

“(3) The term ‘eligible survivor’ refers to the
persons eligible to receive a death gratuity payment
under section 1477 of title 10. In the case of a de-
ceased member or employee, the eligible survivor
who will receive the payment under subsection (a) shall be determined as provided in such section.”.

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“911. Special payment to members of the armed forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense killed or wounded in attacks directed at members or employees outside of combat zone.”.

(3) Retroactive Application.—Section 911 of title 37, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), shall apply to any attack described in subsection (b) of such section occurring on or after November 6, 2009.

(c) Purple Heart.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall not be construed to prohibit, authorize, or require the award of the Purple Heart to any member of the Armed Forces.

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

SEC. 631. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR INACTIVE DUTY TRAINING OUTSIDE OF NORMAL COMMUTING DISTANCES.

Section 408a(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2011”.

HR 5136 PCS18
SEC. 632. TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR ATTENDANCE OF DESIGNATED PERSONS AT YELLOW RIBBON REINTEGRATION EVENTS.

(a) Payment of Travel Costs Authorized.—

(1) In general.—Chapter 7 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 411k the following new section:

"§ 411l. Travel and transportation allowances: attendance of designated persons at Yellow Ribbon Reintegration events

"(a) Allowance to facilitate attendance.—Under uniform regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned, travel and transportation described in subsection (c) may be provided for a person designated pursuant to subsection (b) to attend an event conducted under the Yellow Ribbon Reintegration Program established pursuant to section 582 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 10101 note) if the Secretary concerned determines that the presence of the person may contribute to the purposes of the event.

"(b) Covered persons.—A member of the uniformed services who is eligible to attend a Yellow Ribbon Reintegration Program event may designate one or more persons, including another member of the uniformed serv-
ices, for purposes of receiving travel and transportation
described in subsection (c) to attend a Yellow Ribbon Re-
integration Program event. The designation of a person
for purposes of this section may be changed at any time.

“(c) AUTHORIZED TRAVEL AND TRANSPOR-
tATION.—(1) The transportation authorized by subsection
(a) for a person designated under subsection (b) is round-
trip transportation between the home or place of business
of the person and the location of the Yellow Ribbon Re-
integration Program event.

“(2) In addition to the transportation authorized by
subsection (a), the Secretary concerned may provide a per
diem allowance or reimbursement for the actual and nec-
essary expenses of the travel, or a combination thereof,
but not to exceed the rates established under section
404(d) of this title.

“(3) The transportation authorized by subsection (a)
may be provided by any of the following means:

“(A) Transportation in-kind.

“(B) A monetary allowance in place of trans-
portation in-kind at a rate to be prescribed by the
Secretaries concerned.

“(C) Reimbursement for the commercial cost of
transportation.
“(4) An allowance payable under this subsection may be paid in advance.

“(5) Reimbursement payable under this subsection may not exceed the cost of Government-procured commercial round-trip air travel.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item related to section 411k the following new item:

“411l. Travel and transportation allowances: attendance of designated persons at Yellow Ribbon Reintegration events.”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—No reimbursement may be provided under section 411l of title 37, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), for travel and transportation costs incurred before September 30, 2010.

SEC. 633. MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT FOR USE OF PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES.

(a) USE OF SINGLE STANDARD MILEAGE RATE ESTABLISHED BY IRS.—Section 5704(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking “shall not exceed” and inserting “shall be equal to”.

(b) PRESCRIPTION OF MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT RATES.—Section 5707(b) of such title is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following new subparagraph:
“(A) The Administrator of General Services shall conduct periodic investigations of the cost of travel and the operation of privately owned airplanes and privately owned motorcycles by employees while engaged on official business, and shall report the results of such investigations to Congress at least once a year.”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking clause (i) and inserting the following new clause:

“(i) shall prescribe a mileage reimbursement rate for privately owned automobiles which equals, as provided in section 5704(a)(1) of this title, the single standard mileage rate established by the Internal Revenue Service, and”.

Subtitle D—Retired Pay and Survivor Benefits

SEC. 641. ELIMINATION OF CAP ON RETIRED PAY MULTIPLIER FOR MEMBERS WITH GREATER THAN 30 YEARS OF SERVICE WHO RETIRE FOR DISABILITY.

(a) COMPUTATION OF RETIRED PAY.—The table in section 1401(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amend—
(1) in the column designated “Column 2”, by
inserting “, not to exceed 75%,” after “percentage
of disability” both places it appears; and
(2) by striking column 4.

(b) Recomputation of Retired or Retainer Pay
to reflect later active duty of members who
first became members before September 8,
1980.—The table in section 1402(d) of such title is
amended—
(1) in the column designated “Column 2”, by
inserting “, not to exceed 75%,” after “percentage
of disability”; and
(2) by striking column 4.

(c) Recomputation of Retired or Retainer Pay
to reflect later active duty of members who
first became members after September 7, 1980.—
The table in section 1402a(d) of such title is amended—
(1) in the column designated “Column 2”, by
inserting “, not to exceed 75 percent,” after “per-
centage of disability”; and
(2) by striking column 4.

(d) Application of Amendments.—The tables in
sections 1401(a), 1402(d), and 1402a(d) of title 10,
United States Code, as in effect on the day before the date
of the enactment of this Act, shall continue to apply to
the computation or recomputation of retired or retainer pay for persons who first became entitled to retired or retainer pay under subtitle A of such title on or before the date of the enactment of this Act. The amendments made by this section shall apply only with respect to persons who first become entitled to retired or retainer pay under such subtitle after that date.

SEC. 642. EQUITY IN COMPUTATION OF DISABILITY RETIRED PAY FOR RESERVE COMPONENT MEMBERS WOUNDED IN ACTION.

Section 1208(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “However, in the case of such a member who is retired under this chapter, or whose name is placed on the temporary disability retired list under this chapter, because of a disability incurred after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011, for which the member is awarded the Purple Heart, the member shall be credited, for the purposes of this chapter, with the number of years of service that would be counted if computing the member’s years of service under section 12732 of this title.”.
SEC. 643. ELIMINATION OF THE AGE REQUIREMENT FOR HEALTH CARE BENEFITS FOR NON-REGULAR SERVICE RETIREES.

Section 1074(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “(1)”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2).

SEC. 644. CLARIFICATION OF EFFECT OF ORDERING RESERVE COMPONENT MEMBER TO ACTIVE DUTY TO RECEIVE AUTHORIZED MEDICAL CARE ON REDUCING ELIGIBILITY AGE FOR RECEIPT OF NON-REGULAR SERVICE RETIRED PAY.

Section 12731(f)(2)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(iii) If a member described in subparagraph (A) is wounded or otherwise injured or becomes ill while serving on active duty pursuant to a call or order to active duty under a provision of law referred to in the first sentence of clause (i) or in clause (ii), and the member is then ordered to active duty under section 12301(h)(1) of this title to receive medical care for the wound injury, or illness, each day of active duty under that order for medical care shall be treated as a continuation of the original call or
order to active duty for purposes of reducing the eligibility
age of the member under this paragraph.”.

SEC. 645. SPECIAL SURVIVOR INDEMNITY ALLOWANCE FOR
RECIPIENTS OF PRE-SURVIVOR BENEFIT
PLAN ANNUITY AFFECTED BY REQUIRED
OFFSET FOR DEPENDENCY AND INDEMNITY
COMPENSATION.

Section 644 of the National Defense Authorization
Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105–85; 10 U.S.C.
1448 note) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), and
(e) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
lowing new subsection:

“(c) SPECIAL SURVIVOR INDEMNITY ALLOWANCE.—

(1) The Secretary concerned shall pay a monthly special
survivor indemnity allowance under this subsection to a
qualified surviving spouse described in subsection (a) if—

“(A) the surviving spouse is entitled to depend-
ency and indemnity compensation under section
1311(a) of title 38, United States Code; and

“(B) the amount of the annuity to which the
surviving spouse is entitled under subsection (b) is
affected by paragraph (2)(A) of such subsection.
“(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the amount of the special survivor indemnity allowance paid to surviving spouse under paragraph (1) for a month shall be equal to—

“(A) for months during fiscal year 2009, $50;
“(B) for months during fiscal year 2010, $60;
“(C) for months during fiscal year 2011, $70;
“(D) for months during fiscal year 2012, $80;
“(E) for months during fiscal year 2013, $90;
“(F) for months during fiscal year 2014, $150;
“(G) for months during fiscal year 2015, $200;
“(H) for months during fiscal year 2016, $275;

and

“(I) for months during fiscal year 2017, $310.

“(3) The amount of the special survivor indemnity allowance paid to an eligible survivor under paragraph (1) for any month may not exceed the amount of the annuity for that month that is subject to offset under subsection (b)(2)(A).

“(4) A special survivor indemnity allowance paid under paragraph (1) does not constitute an annuity, and amounts so paid are not subject to adjustment under any other provision of law.

“(5) The special survivor indemnity allowance shall be paid under paragraph (1) from amounts in the Depart-
ment of Defense Military Retirement Fund established under section 1461 of title 10, United States Code.

“(6) Subject to paragraph (7), this subsection shall only apply with respect to the month that began on October 1, 2008, and subsequent months through the month ending on September 30, 2017. As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011, the Secretary concerned shall pay, in a lump sum, the total amount of the special survivor indemnity allowances due under paragraph (1) to a qualified surviving spouse for months since October 1, 2008, through the month in which the first allowance is paid under paragraph (1) to the qualified surviving spouse.

“(7) Effective on October 1, 2017, the authority provided by this subsection shall terminate. No special survivor indemnity allowance may be paid to any person by reason of this subsection for any period before October 1, 2008, or beginning on or after October 1, 2017.”.

SEC. 646. PAYMENT DATE FOR RETIRED AND RETAINER PAY.

(a) Setting Payment Date.—Section 1412 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “Amounts” and inserting “(a) Rounding.—Amounts”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:

“(b) PAYMENT DATE.—Amounts of retired pay and
retainer pay due a retired member of the uniformed serv-
ices shall be paid on the first day of each month beginning
after the month in which the right to such pay accrues.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) SECTION HEADING.—The heading of such
section is amended to read as follows:

“§ 1412. Administrative provisions”.

(2) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The table of sections
at the beginning of chapter 71 of such title is
amended by striking the item relating to section
1412 and inserting the following new item:

“1412. Administrative provisions.”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (b) of section
1412 of title 10, United States Code, as added by sub-
section (a), shall apply beginning with the first month that
begins more than 30 days after the date of the enactment
of this Act.

SEC. 647. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING AGE AND
SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIRED PAY
FOR NON-REGULAR SERVICE.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the amendments made to section 12731 of
title 10, United States Code, by section 647 of the
National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 160) were intended to reduce the minimum age at which members of a reserve component of the Armed Forces would begin receiving retired pay according to time spent deployed, by three months for every 90-day period spent on active duty over the course of a career, rather than limiting qualifying time to such periods wholly served within the same fiscal year, as interpreted by the Department of Defense; and

(2) steps should be taken to correct this erroneous interpretation by the Department of Defense in order to ensure reserve component members receive the full retirement benefits intended to be provided by such section 12731.

**Subtitle E—Commissary and Non-appropriated Fund Instrumentality Benefits and Operations**

**SEC. 651. SHARED CONSTRUCTION COSTS FOR SHOPPING MALLS OR SIMILAR FACILITIES CONTAINING A COMMISSARY STORE AND ONE OR MORE NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITY ACTIVITIES.**

Section 2484(h)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C) and, in such subparagraph, by striking “subparagraph (A)” and inserting “this paragraph”;

(2) in the first sentence of subparagraph (A), by inserting “the Defense Commissary Agency or” after “may authorize”;

(3) by designating the second sentence of subparagraph (A) as subparagraph (B) and, in such subparagraph, by striking “The Secretary may” and inserting the following: “If the construction contract is entered into by a nonappropriated fund instrumentality, the Secretary of Defense may”; and

(4) by adding at the end of subparagraph (B), as designated by paragraph (3), the following new sentence: “If the construction contract is entered into by the Defense Commissary Agency, the Secretary may authorize the Defense Commissary Agency accept reimbursement from a nonappropriated fund instrumentality for the portion of the cost of the contract that is attributable to construction for nonappropriated fund instrumentality activities.”.
SEC. 652. ADDITION OF DEFINITION OF MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION TELEPHONE SERVICES FOR USE IN CONTRACTS TO PROVIDE SUCH SERVICES FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL SERVING IN COMBAT ZONES.

Section 885 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 265; 10 U.S.C. 2304 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION TELEPHONE SERVICES DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘morale, welfare, and recreation telephone services’ means unofficial telephone calling center services supporting calling centers provided by the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Navy Exchange Service Command, Marine Corps exchanges, or any other nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the United States under the jurisdiction of the Armed Forces which is conducted for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, or physical or mental improvement of members of the Armed Forces.”.

SEC. 653. FEASIBILITY STUDY ON ESTABLISHMENT OF FULL EXCHANGE STORE IN THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.

(a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility of replacing the “Shoppette” of the Army and Air Force Exchange
Service in the Northern Mariana Islands with a full-service exchange store. In conducting the study, the Secretary shall consider the welfare of members of the Armed Forces serving in the Northern Mariana Islands and dependents of members residing in the Northern Mariana Islands.

(b) Submission of Results.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (a).

SEC. 654. CONTINUED OPERATION OF COMMISSARY AND EXCHANGE STORES SERVING BRUNSWICK NAVAL AIR STATION, MAINE.

The Secretary of Defense shall provide for the continued operation of each commissary or exchange store serving Brunswick Naval Air Station, Maine, through September 30, 2011, and may not take any action to reduce or to terminate the sale of goods at such stores during fiscal year 2011.
Subtitle F—Alternative Career
Track Pilot Program

SEC. 661. PILOT PROGRAM TO EVALUATE ALTERNATIVE CAREER TRACK FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS TO FACILITATE AN INCREASED COMMITMENT TO ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION AND CAREER-BROADENING ASSIGNMENTS.

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Chapter 39 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 672 the following new section:

“§ 673. Alternative career track for commissioned officers pilot program

“(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—(1) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (g) and approved by the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of a military department may establish a pilot program for an armed force under the jurisdiction of the Secretary under which an eligible commissioned officer, while on active duty—

“(A) participates in a separate career track characterized by expanded career opportunities extending over a longer career;

“(B) agrees to an additional active duty service obligation of at least five years to be served concurrently with other active duty service obligations; and
“(C) would be required to accept further active
duty service obligations, as determined by the Sec-
retary, to be served concurrently with other active
duty service obligations, including the active duty
service obligation accepted under subparagraph (B),
in connection with the officer’s entry into education
programs, selection for career broadening assign-
ments, acceptance of additional special and incentive
pays, or selection for promotion.

“(2) The Secretary of the military department con-
cerned may waive an active duty service obligation accept-
ed under subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (1) to
facilitate the separation or retirement of a participant in
the program.

“(3) The program shall be known as the ‘Alternative
Career Track Pilot Program’ (in this section referred to
as the ‘program’).

“(b) Eligible Officers.—Commissioned officers
with between 13 and 18 years of service are eligible to
volunteer to participate in the program.

“(c) Number of Participants.—No more than 50
officers of each armed force may be selected per year to
participate in the program.

“(d) Alternative Career Elements of Pro-
gram.—(1) The Secretaries of the military departments
may establish separate basic pay and special and incentive pay and promotion systems unique to the officers participating in the program, without regard to the requirements of this title, title 37, or administrative year group cohort designation.

“(2) The Secretaries of the military departments may establish separation and retirement policies for officers participating in the program without regard to grade and years of service requirements established under this title.

“(3) Participants serving in a grade below brigadier general or rear admiral (lower half) may serve in the grade without regard to the limits on the number of officers in the grade established under this title.

“(e) Treatment of General and Flag Officer Participants.—(1) A participant serving in a grade above colonel, or captain in the Navy, but below lieutenant general or vice admiral, shall be—

“(A) counted for purposes of general officer and flag officer limits on grade and the total number serving as general officers and flag officers, if the participant is serving in a position requiring the assignment of a military officer; but

“(B) excluded from limits on grade and the total number serving as general officers and flag of-
ficers, if the participant is serving in a position not typically occupied by a military officer.

“(2) A participant serving in the grade of lieutenant general, vice admiral, general, or admiral shall be counted for purposes of general officer and flag officer limits on grade and the total number serving as general officers and flag officers.

“(f) Return to Standard Career Path; Effect.—(1) The Secretaries of the military departments retain the authority to involuntarily return an officer to the standard career path.

“(2) The Secretary of the military department concerned may return an officer to the standard career path at the request of the officer.

“(3) If the program is terminated pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subsection (i), officers participating in the program at the time of the termination shall be returned to the standard career path with appropriate adjustments to their administrative record to ensure they are not penalized for participating in the pilot program.

“(4) An officer returned to the standard career path under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) shall retain the grade, date-of-rank, and basic pay level earned while a participant in the program but shall revert to the special and incentive pay authorities established in title 37 upon the
expiration of the agreement between the Secretary and the
officer providing any special and incentive pays under the
program. Subsequent increases in the officer’s rate of
monthly basic pay shall conform to the annual percentage
increases in basic pay rates provided in the basic pay
table.

“(5) Services will adjust the participating officer’s co-
hort year group to the appropriate year to ensure the offi-
er remains competitive for all promotions and command
opportunities in their standard career path.

“(g) Annual report.—(1) The Secretaries of the
military departments, in cooperation with the Secretary of
Defense, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Serv-
ices of the Senate and House of Representatives an annual
report containing the findings and recommendations of the
Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military
departments concerning the progress of the program for
each armed force.

“(2) The Secretary of a military department, with the
consent of the Secretary of Defense, may include in the
report for a year a recommendation that the program be
made permanent for an armed force under the jurisdiction
of that Secretary.

“(h) Regulations.—The Secretary of each military
department shall prescribe regulations to carry out the
program. The regulations shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of Defense.

“(i) COMMENCEMENT; DURATION.—(1) Before authorizing the commencement of the program for an armed force, the Secretary of the military department concerned, with the consent of the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the detailed program structure of the alternative career track, associated personnel and compensation policies, implementing instructions and regulations, and a summary of the specific provisions of this title and title 37 to be waived under the program. The authority to conduct the program for that armed force commences 120 days after the date of the submission of the report.

“(2) The Secretary of the military department concerned, with the consent of the Secretary of Defense, may authorize revision of the program structure, associated personnel and compensation policies, implementing instructions and regulations, or laws waived, as submitted by the Secretary under paragraph (1). The Secretary of the military department concerned, with the consent of the Secretary of Defense, shall submit the proposed revisions to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and
House of Representatives. The revisions shall take effect 120 days after the date of their submission.

“(3) If the program for an armed force has not commenced before December 31, 2015, as provided in paragraph (1), the authority to commence the program for that armed force terminates.

“(4) No officer may be accepted to participate in the program after December 31, 2026.

“(5) The Secretary of the military department concerned, with the consent of the Secretary of Defense, may terminate the pilot program for an armed force before the date specified in paragraph (4). Not later than 90 days after terminating the pilot program, the Secretary of the military department concerned, in cooperation with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the reasons for the termination.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 672 the following new item:

“673. Alternative career track for commissioned officers pilot program.”.
Subtitle G—Other Matters

SEC. 671. PARTICIPATION OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIP AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IN ACTIVE DUTY HEALTH PROFESSION LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM.

Section 2173(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) The person is enrolled in the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program under subchapter I of chapter 105 of this title for a number of years less than the number of years required to complete the normal length of the course of study required for the specific health profession.”.

SEC. 672. RETENTION OF ENLISTMENT, REENLISTMENT, AND STUDENT LOAN BENEFITS RECEIVED BY MILITARY TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS).

(a) Treatment of Enlistment, Reenlistment, and Student Loan Benefits.—Section 10216 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(h) Retention of Bonuses and Other Benefits.—If an individual is first employed as a military
technician (dual status) while the individual is already a
member of a reserve component, the Secretary concerned
may not—

“(1) require the individual to repay any enlist-
ment, reenlistment, or affiliation bonus provided to
the individual in connection with the individual’s en-
listment or reenlistment before such employment; or

“(2) terminate the individual’s participation in
an educational loan repayment program under chap-
ter 1609 of this title if the individual began such
participation before such employment.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (h) of section
10216 of title 10, United States Code, as added by sub-
section (a), shall apply only with respect to individuals who
are first employed as a military technician (dual status),
as described in subsection (a)(1) of such section 10216,
more than 180 days after the date of the enactment of
this Act.

SEC. 673. CANCELLATION OF LOANS OF MEMBERS OF THE
ARMED FORCES MADE FROM STUDENT LOAN
FUNDS.

Section 465(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965
(20 U.S.C. 1087ee(a)) is amended by adding at the end
the following new paragraph:
“(8) For the purpose of this subsection, the term ‘year of service’ where applied to service by a member of the Armed Forces described in paragraph (2)(D) means a qualified tour of duty that—

“(A) is for 6 months or longer; or

“(B) was less than 6 months because the member was discharged or released from active duty in the Armed Forces for an injury or disability incurred in or aggravated by service in the Armed Forces.”.

SEC. 674. REPORT ON PROVISION OF ADDITIONAL INCENTIVES FOR RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS FOR RESERVE COMPONENTS.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Surgeons General of the Army, Navy, and Air Force shall submit to Congress a report on their staffing needs for health care professionals in the active and reserve components of the Armed Forces. The report shall specifically identify the positions in most critical need for additional health care professionals, including the number of physicians needed and whether additional behavioral health professionals, such as psychologists and psychiatrists, are needed to treat members of the Armed Forces for the growing concerns of post traumatic stress.
disorder and traumatic brain injury. The report shall in-
clude recommendations for providing incentives for health
care professionals with more than 20 years of clinical ex-
perience to join the active or reserve components, includ-
ing whether changes in age or length of service require-
ments to qualify for partial retired pay for non-regular
service could be used as a recruitment or retention incen-
tives.

SEC. 675. FLEXIBLE COMMENCEMENT DATES FOR AVAIL-
ABILITY OF HOMEOWNER ASSISTANCE FOR
MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES PERMA-
NENTLY REASSIGNED DURING MORTGAGE
CRISIS.

(a) Modification of Reassignment, Purchase,
and Sale Dates.—Subsection (a)(3) of section 1013 of
the Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development
Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 3374) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking “or an
earlier end date designated by the Secretary” and by
inserting “or an earlier start or end date designated
by the Secretary under subsection (c)(3)(C) for a
specific military base or installation”;

(2) in subparagraph (D), by inserting “, or a
later purchase date designated by the Secretary
under subsection (c)(3)(C) for a specific military base or installation” after “July 1, 2006”; and

(3) in subparagraph (E), by striking “between July 1, 2006, and September 30, 2012, or an earlier end date designated by the Secretary” and inserting “between the purchase date in effect for the military base or installation under subparagraph (D) and the end date in effect for the military base or installation under subparagraph (D)”.

(b) MODIFICATION PROCESS.—Subsection (c)(3) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) MODIFICATION OF REASSIGNMENT, PURCHASE, AND SALE DATES.—In exercising the authority under subsection (a)(3) to designate different reassignment, purchase, and sale dates for a specific military base or installation, the Secretary of Defense shall consult with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of the Treasury regarding the condition of housing markets in the area of the base or installation so that the Secretary of Defense has the information needed to effectively assist members of the Armed Forces and their families.”.
SEC. 676. EXCLUSION OF PERSONS CONVICTED OF COMMITTING CERTAIN SEX OFFENSES FROM RECEIVING CERTAIN BURIAL-RELATED BENEFITS AND FUNERAL HONORS.

(a) Prohibition Against Interment or Memorialization in National Cemetery Administration, Arlington National Cemetery, and Certain State Veterans’ Cemeteries; Prohibition Against Provision of Presidential Memorial Certificate, Flag, and Headstone or Marker.—Section 2411(b) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) A person who is classified as a tier III sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act.”.

(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to terminate any benefit available to any person except those benefits specifically terminated by the amendment made by subsection (a).

(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to interments and memorializations that occur on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) Constitutional Authority.—The constitutional authority on which this section rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government and regula-
tion of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in article
I, section 8, clause 14 of the United States Constitution.

SEC. 677. SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM FOR VETERANS FOR
PURSUIT OF GRADUATE AND POST-GRADUATE
DEGREES IN BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SCIENCES.

(a) SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—

(1) PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Veterans Af-
fairs shall carry out a program to provide scholar-
ships to qualifying veterans for pursuit of a grad-
uate or post-graduate degree in behavioral health
sciences.

(2) DESIGNATION.—The program carried out
under this section shall be known as the “Depart-
ment of Veterans Affairs HONOR Scholarship Pro-
gram” (in this section referred to as the “scholar-
ship program’’).

(b) QUALIFYING VETERANS.—For purposes of this
section, a qualifying veteran is any veteran who—

(1) during service on active duty in the Armed
Forces, participated for such period as the Secretary
of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Sec-
retary of Defense, shall specify for purposes of the
scholarship program in a theater of combat or dur-
ing a contingency operation overseas;
(2) was retired, discharged, separated, or released from service in the Armed Forces on or after a date (not earlier than August 2, 1990) specified by the Secretary of Defense for purposes of the scholarship program;

(3) at the time of the submittal of an application to participate in the scholarship program, holds an undergraduate or graduate degree, as applicable, from an institution of higher education that qualifies the veteran for pursuit of a graduate or post-graduate degree in behavioral sciences; and

(4) meets such other qualifications as the Secretary of Veterans Affairs may establish for purposes of the scholarship program.

(c) APPLICATION.—Each qualifying veteran seeking to participate in the scholarship program shall submit to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs an application therefor setting forth such information as the Secretary shall specify for purposes of the scholarship program.

(d) AGREEMENT.—Each qualifying veteran selected by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs for participation in the scholarship program shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary regarding participation in the scholarship program. The agreement shall contain such terms
and conditions as the Secretary shall specify for purposes of the scholarship program.

(c) SCHOLARSHIPS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall provide to each qualifying veteran who enters into an agreement under subsection (d) a scholarship for such number of academic years as the Secretary shall specify in the agreement for pursuit of a graduate or post-graduate degree in behavioral health sciences at an institution of higher education offering such degree that is approved by the Secretary for purposes of the scholarship program.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The scholarship provided a qualifying veteran for an academic year shall consist of payment of the following:

(A) Tuition of the qualifying veteran for pursuit of the graduate or post-graduate degree concerned in the academic year.

(B) Reasonable educational expenses of the qualifying veteran (including fees, books, and laboratory expenses) in pursuit of such degree in the academic year.

(C) A stipend in connection with the pursuit of such degree in the academic year in such amount as the Secretary shall specify in the
agreement of the qualifying veteran under subsection (d).

(f) OBLIGATED SERVICE.—Each qualifying veteran who participates in the scholarship program shall, after completion of the graduate or post-graduate degree concerned and as jointly provided by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Defense in the agreement of such qualifying veteran under subsection (d), perform service as follows:

(1) Such service for the Department of Veterans Affairs in connection with the furnishing of mental health services to veterans, and for such period, as the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall specify in the agreement.

(2) Such service for the Department of Defense in connection with the furnishing of mental health services to members of the Armed Forces, and for such period, as the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, specify in the agreement.

(3) Such combination of service described by paragraphs (1) and (2), and for such period, as the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, specify in the agreement.
(g) Breach of Agreement.—Each qualifying veteran participating in the scholarship who fails to complete satisfactorily the terms of the agreement of such qualifying veteran under subsection (d), whether through failure to obtain the graduate or post-graduate degree concerned or failure to perform service required of the qualifying veteran under subsection (f), shall be liable to the United States in such form and manner as the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, specify in the agreement.

(h) Contingency Operation Defined.—In this section, the term “contingency operation” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, United States Code.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Improvements to Health Benefits

SEC. 701. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON INCREASES IN CERTAIN HEALTH CARE COSTS.

(a) Charges Under Contracts for Medical Care.—Section 1097(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “September 30, 2009” and inserting “September 30, 2011”.
(b) Charges for Inpatient Care.—Section 1086(b)(3) of such title is amended by striking “September 30, 2010” and inserting “September 30, 2011”.

SEC. 702. EXTENSION OF DEPENDENT COVERAGE UNDER TRICARE.

(a) Dependent Coverage.—

(1) In general.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 1110b. TRICARE program: extension of dependent coverage

“(a) In general.—In accordance with subsection (c), an individual described in subsection (b) shall be deemed to be a dependent (as described in section 1072(2)(D) of this title) for purposes of TRICARE coverage.

“(b) Individual described.—An individual described in this subsection is an individual who—

“(1) with respect to a member or former member of a uniformed service, is—

“(A) a child who has not attained the age of 26 and is not eligible to enroll in an eligible employer-sponsored plan (as defined in section 5000A(f)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986); or
“(B) a person who—

“(i) is placed in the legal custody of the member or former member as a result of an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in the United States (or possession of the United States) for a period of at least 12 consecutive months;

“(ii) has not attained the age of 26;

“(iii) is not eligible to enroll in an eligible employer-sponsored plan (as defined in section 5000A(f)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986);

“(iv) resides with the member or former member unless separated by the necessity of military service or to receive institutional care as a result of disability or incapacitation or under such other circumstances as the administering Secretary may by regulation prescribe;

“(v) is not otherwise a dependent of a member or a former member under any subparagraph of section 1072(2) of this title; and

“(vi) is not the child of a dependent who is described in subparagraph (D) or
(I) of section 1072(2) and is a covered beneficiary; and

“(2) meets other criteria specified in regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

“(c) PREMIUM.—(1) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation a premium for TRICARE coverage provided pursuant to this section to an individual described in subsection (b).

“(2) The monthly amount of the premium in effect for a month for TRICARE coverage pursuant to this section shall be an amount not to exceed the cost of coverage that the Secretary determines on an appropriate actuarial basis.

“(3) The Secretary shall prescribe the requirements and procedures applicable to the payment of premiums under this subsection.

“(4) Amounts collected as premiums under this paragraph shall be credited to the appropriation available for the Defense Health Program Account under section 1100 of this title, shall be merged with sums in such Account that are available for the fiscal year in which collected, and shall be available under subsection (b) of such section for such fiscal year.

“(d) TRICARE COVERAGE DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘TRICARE coverage’ means health care to
which a dependent described in section 1072(2)(D) of this title is entitled under section 1076d, 1076e, 1079, 1086, or 1097 of this title.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1110a the following new item:

“1110b. TRICARE program: extension of dependent coverage.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (1) of section 1086(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after “of this title” the following: “(or an individual described in section 1110b(b) who meets the requirements for a dependent under paragraph (1) or (2) of such section 1076(b))”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 2010.

SEC. 703. SURVIVOR DENTAL BENEFITS.

Paragraph (2) of section 1076a(k) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(2) Such term includes any such dependent of a member who dies—

“(A) while on active duty for a period of more than 30 days; or

“(B) while such member is a member of the Ready Reserve.”.
SEC. 704. AURAL SCREENINGS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) In general.—Paragraph (2) of section 1074f(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) An aural screening, including an assessment of tinnitus.”.

(b) Effective date.—Section 1074f(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a) of this section, shall apply to members of the Armed Forces who are deployed or return from deployment on or after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 705. TEMPORARY PROHIBITION ON INCREASE IN CO-PAYMENTS UNDER RETAIL PHARMACY SYSTEM OF PHARMACY BENEFITS PROGRAM.

During the period beginning on October 1, 2010, and ending on September 30, 2011, the cost sharing requirements established under paragraph (6) of section 1074g(a) of title 10, United States Code, for pharmaceutical agents available through retail pharmacies covered by paragraph (2)(E)(ii) of such section may not exceed amounts as follows:

(1) In the case of generic agents, $3.

(2) In the case of formulary agents, $9.

(3) In the case of nonformulary agents, $22.
SEC. 706. SUICIDE AMONG MEMBERS OF THE INDIVIDUAL READY RESERVE AND INDIVIDUAL MOBILIZATION AUGMENTEE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that a veteran who is a member of the Individual Ready Reserve (or who is an individual mobilization augmentee) and is not assigned to a unit that musters regularly and has an established support structure is less likely to be helped by existing suicide prevention programs carried out by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

(b) IN GENERAL.—

(1) SUICIDE PREVENTION.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding after section 1074l the following new section:

“§ 1074m. Suicide prevention for members of the Individual Ready Reserve and individual mobilization augmentees

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each covered member receives a telephone call described in subsection (b) not less than once every 90 days during the period in which—

“(1) the covered member is a member of the Individual Ready Reserve; or

“(2) the Secretary determines that the covered member is an individual mobilization augmentee.
“(b) Counseling Call.—A telephone call described in this subsection is a call from properly trained personnel to determine the emotional, psychological, medical, and career needs and concerns of the covered member.

“(c) Referral.—(1) The personnel making a telephone call described in subsection (b) shall refer a covered member identified as being at-risk of self-caused harm to the nearest emergency room for immediate evaluation and treatment by a qualified mental health care provider.

“(2) If a covered member is referred under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall confirm that the member has received the evaluation and any necessary treatment.

“(d) Reports.—Not later than January 31 of each year, beginning in 2011, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the number of covered members who have been referred for counseling or mental health treatment under this section, as well as the health and career status of such members.

“(e) Covered Member Defined.—In this section, the term ‘covered member’ means—

“(1) a member of the Individual Ready Reserve described in section 10144(b) of this title who has deployed to Afghanistan or Iraq in support of a contingency operation; or
“(2) a member of a reserve component who the Secretary determines is an individual mobilization augmentee who has deployed to Afghanistan or Iraq in support of a contingency operation.”.

(2) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1074l the following new item:

“1074m. Suicide prevention for members of the Individual Ready Reserve and individual mobilization augmentees.”.

**SEC. 707. PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO MEMBERS OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS REGARDING HEALTH CARE BENEFITS.**

(a) **PROVISION OF INFORMATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces who is mobilized or demobilized is provided, together with the orders providing for such mobilization or demobilization, a clear and comprehensive statement of the medical care and treatment to which such member is entitled under Federal law by reason of being so mobilized or demobilized.

(b) **FREQUENCY.**—The statement required to be provided a member under subsection (a) upon a mobilization or demobilization shall be provided to the member each time the member is mobilized or demobilized, as the case may be.
(c) ELEMENTS.—The statement provided a member under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A clear, comprehensive statement of the medical care and treatment to which the member is entitled under Federal law by reason of being mobilized or demobilized, as applicable, including—

(A) the nature and range of the care and treatment to which the member is entitled;

(B) the departments and agencies of the Federal Government that will provide such care and treatment;

(C) the period for which such care and treatment will be so provided; and

(D) the obligations, if any, of the member in connection with the receipt of such care and treatment.

(2) A clear, comprehensive statement of the health care insurance available under Federal law for the member’s family, if any, by reason of the mobilization or demobilization of the member.

(3) A clear, comprehensive description of the mental health assessments available to the member before, during, and after deployment pursuant to section 708 of the national defense authorization act.
for fiscal year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2376; 10 U.S.C. 1074f note).

(4) Such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.

Subtitle B—Health Care Administration

SEC. 711. ADMINISTRATION OF TRICARE.

Subsection (a) of section 1073 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “Except” and inserting “(1) Except”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the Secretary of Defense shall have sole responsibility for administering the TRICARE program and making any decision affecting such program.”.

SEC. 712. UPDATED TERMINOLOGY FOR THE ARMY MEDICAL SERVICE CORPS.

Paragraph (5) of section 3068 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “Pharmacy, Supply, and Administration” and inserting “Administrative Health Services”;
(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking “Sanitary Engineering” and inserting “Preventive Medicine Sciences”; and

(3) in subparagraph (D), by striking “Optometry” and inserting “Clinical Health Sciences”.

SEC. 713. CLARIFICATION OF LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MILITARY HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONALS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD PERFORMING DUTY WHILE IN TITLE 32 STATUS.

Section 1094(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or (3)” after “paragraph (2)”;

(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting “as being described in this paragraph” after “paragraph (1)”;

and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) A health-care professional referred to in paragraph (1) as being described in this paragraph is a member of the National Guard who—

“(A) has a current license to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, dentistry, or another health profession; and


HR 5136PCS1S
“(B) is performing training or duty under title 32 in response to an actual or potential disaster.”.

SEC. 714. ANNUAL REPORT ON JOINT HEALTH CARE FACILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.

(a) Annual Reports.—Section 1073b of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) Annual Report on Joint Health Care Facilities of the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.—(1) At the same time that the budget of the President is submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31 for each fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on joint facilities.

“(2) Each report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

“(A) A list of each military medical treatment facility of the Department of Defense that the Secretary of Defense is considering as a potential joint facility.

“(B) A list of each medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs that the Secretary of
Veterans Affairs is considering as a potential joint facility.

“(C) A list of each military medical treatment facility of the Department of Defense and medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs that has been established as a joint facility.

“(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), no funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2012 or any fiscal year thereafter for military medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to establish a joint facility unless both the military medical treatment facility of the Department of Defense and the medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs were included in a report under paragraph (1).

“(B) The Secretary of Defense may waive the limitation in subparagraph (A) with respect to establishing a joint facility not included in a report under paragraph (1) if—

“(i) the Secretary and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees—

“(I) written certification that the Secretaries began considering such joint facility after the most recent report under subsection (a) was
submitted to the appropriate congressional com-
mittees; and

“(II) a report on such joint facility, includ-
ing the location and the estimated cost; and

“(ii) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the
date on which the certification and report under
clause (i) are submitted to the appropriate congres-
sional committees.

“(4) In this subsection:

“(A) The term ‘appropriate congressional com-
mittees’ means—

“(i) the congressional defense committees;

“(ii) the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs of
the House of Representatives; and

“(iii) the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs
of the Senate.

“(B) The term ‘joint facility’ means a military
medical treatment facility of the Department of De-
fense and a medical facility of the Department of
Veterans Affairs that are combined, operated jointly,
or otherwise operated in such a manner that a facil-
ity of one department is operating in or with a facil-
ity of the other department.

“(C) The term ‘medical facility’, with respect to
a facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs, has
the meaning given that term in section 8101(3) of

title 38.”.

(b) TITLE 38.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter IV of chapter 81

of title 38, United States Code, is amended by add-
ing at the end the following new section:

“§ 8159. Limitation on establishment of joint facilities

of the Department of Veterans Affairs

and the Department of Defense

“(a) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in subsection

(b), no funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise

made available for fiscal year 2012 or any fiscal year

thereafter for medical facilities of the Department of Vet-
erans Affairs may be obligated or expended to establish

a joint facility unless both the medical facility of the De-
partment of Veterans Affairs and the military medical

treatment facility of the Department of Defense were in-
cluded in a report submitted by the Secretary of Veterans

Affairs and the Secretary of Defense to the appropriate

congressional committees under section 1073b(e) of title

10.

“(b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs

may waive the limitation in subsection (a) with respect to

establishing a joint facility not included in a report under

section 1073b(e) of title 10 if—
“(1) the Secretary and the Secretary of Defense jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees—

“(A) written certification that the Secretaries began considering such joint facility after the most recent report under section 1073b(c) of title 10 was submitted to the appropriate congressional committees; and

“(B) a report on such joint facility, including the location and the estimated cost; and

“(2) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which the certification and report under paragraph (1) are submitted to the appropriate congressional committees.

“(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘appropriate congressional committees’ means—

“(A) the congressional defense committees (as defined in section 101(a)(16) of title 10);

“(B) the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs of the House of Representatives; and

“(C) the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs of the Senate.

“(2) The term ‘joint facility’ means a military medical treatment facility of the Department of De-
fense and a medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs that are combined, operated jointly, or otherwise operated in such a manner that a facility of one department is operating in or with a facility of the other department.

“(3) The term ‘medical facility’ has the meaning given that term in section 8101(3) of this title.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 8158 the following new item:

“8159. Limitation on establishment of joint facilities of the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 715. IMPROVEMENTS TO OVERSIGHT OF MEDICAL TRAINING FOR MEDICAL CORPS OFFICERS.

(a) REVIEW OF TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR MEDICAL OFFICERS.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a review of training programs for medical officers (as defined in section 101(b)(14) of title 10, United States Code) to ensure that the academic and military performance of such officers has been completely documented in military personnel records. The programs reviewed shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(1) Programs at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences that award a medical doctor degree.
(2) Selected residency programs at military medical treatment facilities, as determined by the Secretary, to include at least one program in each of the specialties of—

(A) anesthesiology;

(B) emergency medicine;

(C) family medicine;

(D) general surgery;

(E) neurology;

(F) obstetrics/gynecology;

(G) pathology;

(H) pediatrics; and

(I) psychiatry.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the review under subsection (a).

SEC. 716. STUDY ON REIMBURSEMENT FOR COSTS OF HEALTH CARE PROVIDED TO INELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.

(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on the costs incurred by the United States on behalf of individuals—

(1) who are not covered beneficiaries; and
(2) who receive health care services from a health care provider under the TRICARE program.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the study under subsection (a), including recommendations for legislative action that the Secretary considers appropriate to—

(1) prevent individuals who are not covered beneficiaries from receiving health care services from a health care provider under the TRICARE program; and

(2) recoup the costs of such health care from such individuals.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered beneficiary” has the meaning given that term in section 1072(5) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “TRICARE program” has the meaning given that term in section 1072(7) of such title.
SEC. 717. LIMITATION ON TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS MEDICAL FACILITY DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

The Secretary of Defense may not transfer any funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2011 to the Joint Department of Defense–Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund established in section 1704 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2571) unless, before any such transfer—

(1) the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs of the Senate a report providing—

(A) notice of the proposed transfer; and

(B) the exact amount and source of funds to be transferred; and

(2) a period of 30 days has elapsed (excluding days of which either House of Congress is not in session) after the report is submitted under paragraph (1).
SEC. 718. ENTERPRISE RISK ASSESSMENT OF HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMS.

(a) Study.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct an enterprise risk assessment methodology study of all health information technology programs of the Department of Defense.

(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of the study required under subsection (a).

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 721. IMPROVING AURAL PROTECTION FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) In General.—In accordance with section 721 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4506), the Secretary of Defense shall examine methods to improve the aural protection for members of the Armed Forces in combat.

(b) Report.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the methods to improve aural protection examined under subsection (a).
SEC. 722. COMPREHENSIVE POLICY ON NEUROCOGNITIVE ASSESSMENT BY THE MILITARY HEALTH CARE SYSTEM.

(a) COMPREHENSIVE POLICY REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall develop and implement a comprehensive policy on pre- and post-deployment neurocognitive assessment.

(b) SCOPE OF POLICY.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall cover each of the following:

(1) Require the administration of the same pre-deployment and post-deployment neurocognitive assessments to all members of the military who are preparing to deploy or have returned from deployment.

(2) Require the standardization of testing procedures for neurocognitive assessments.

(3) Provide for follow-up neurocognitive assessments as needed to create a longitudinal neurocognitive assessment record for the on-going care of members of the Armed Forces.

(4) Ensure the neurocognitive assessment results and reports be made available to members of the Armed Forces and veterans for their personal use in health management.
(c) **Updates.**—The Secretary shall revise the policy required by subsection (a) on a periodic basis in accordance with experience and evolving best practice guidelines.

(d) **Annual Report.**—

1. **In General.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on September 30 of each year thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the policy required by subsection (a).

2. **Elements.**—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

   - (A) A description of the policy implemented under subsection (b), and any revisions to such policy under subsection (d).

   - (B) A description of the performance measures used to determine the effectiveness of the policy in improving the use of neurocognitive assessments throughout the Department of Defense.

(e) **Cognitive Impairment Screenings.**—Until the comprehensive policy under subsection (a) is implemented, the Secretary shall use the same cognitive screening tool for pre-deployment and post-deployment screening to compare new data to previous baseline data for the pur-
poses of detecting cognitive impairment (as described in section 1618(e)(6) of the Wounded Warrior Act (title XVI of Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 1071 note)) for each member of the Armed Forces—

(1) who returns from a deployment in support of a contingency operation; and

(2) who completed a neurocognitive assessment prior to the implementation of a new pre-deployment and post-deployment screening tool.

(f) CONCLUSION OF STUDIES ON COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT TOOLS.—Not later than September 30, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall complete any outstanding comparative studies on the effectiveness of various cognitive screening tools, including existing tools used for pre-deployment and post-deployment screenings, for the implementation of the comprehensive policy under subsection (a).

SEC. 723. NATIONAL CASUALTY CARE RESEARCH CENTER.

(a) DESIGNATION.—Not later than October 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense may designate a center to be known as the “National Casualty Care Research Center” (in this section referred to as the “Center”), which shall consist of the program known as the combat casualty care research program of the Army Medical Research and Materiel Command.
(b) **DIRECTOR.**—The Secretary, in consultation with the commanding general of the Army Medical Research and Materiel Command, shall appoint a director of the Center.

(c) **ACTIVITIES OF THE CENTER.**—In addition to other functions performed by the combat casualty care research program, the Center shall—

1. provide a public-private partnership for funding clinical and experimental studies in combat injury;

2. integrate laboratory and clinical research to hasten improvements in care to members of the Armed Forces who are injured;

3. ensure that data from both military and civilian entities, including the Joint Theater Trauma Registry and the National Trauma Data Bank, are optimally used to establish research agendas and measure improvements in outcomes;

4. fund the full range of injury research and evaluation, including—
   
   (A) laboratory, translational, and clinical research;

   (B) point of wounding and pre-hospital care;

   (C) early resuscitative management;
(D) initial and definitive surgical care; and

(E) rehabilitation and reintegration into society; and

(5) coordinate the collaboration of civilian and military institutions conducting trauma research.

SEC. 724. REPORT ON FEASIBILITY OF STUDY ON BREAST CANCER AMONG FEMALE MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) Report.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the feasibility of conducting a case-control study described in subsection (b).

(b) Case-Control Study.—A case-control study described in this subsection is a case-control study on the incidence of breast cancer among covered members in order to determine whether covered members were at an elevated risk of having breast cancer, including the following:

(1) A determination of the number of covered members who have been diagnosed with breast cancer.

(2) A sample of covered members who have not been diagnosed with breast cancer who could serve as an appropriate comparison group.
(3) A determination of demographic information and potential breast cancer risk factors regarding covered members who are included in the study, including—

(A) race;

(B) ethnicity;

(C) age;

(D) possible exposure to hazardous elements or chemical or biological agents (including any vaccines) and where such exposure occurred;

(E) known breast cancer risk factors, including familial, reproductive, and anthropometric parameters;

(F) the locations of duty stations that such member was assigned;

(G) the locations in which such member was deployed; and

(H) the geographic area of residence prior to deployment.

(4) An analysis of the clinical characteristics of breast cancer diagnosed in covered members (including the stage, grade, and other details of the cancer).
(5) Other information the Secretary considers appropriate.

(c) COVERED MEMBERS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered members” means female members of the Armed Forces (including members of the National Guard and reserve components) who served in Operation Enduring Freedom or Operation Iraqi Freedom.

SEC. 725. ASSESSMENT OF POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER BY MILITARY OCCUPATION.

(a) ASSESSMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct an assessment of post-traumatic stress disorder incidence by military occupation, including identification of military occupations with a high incidence of such disorder.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the assessment under subsection (a).

SEC. 726. VISITING NIH SENIOR NEUROSCIENCE FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

(a) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH.—The Secretary of Defense may establish a program to be known as the Visiting NIH Senior Neuroscience Fellowship Program at—

(1) the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency; and
(2) the Defense Center of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury.

(b) Activities of the Program.—In establishing the Visiting NIH Senior Neuroscience Fellowship Program under subsection (a), the Secretary shall require the program to—

(1) provide a partnership between the National Institutes of Health and the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency to enable identification and funding of the broadest range of innovative, highest quality clinical and experimental neuroscience studies for the benefit of members of the Armed Forces;

(2) provide a partnership between the National Institutes of Health and the Defense Center of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury that will enable identification and funding of clinical and experimental neuroscience studies for the benefit of members of the Armed Forces;

(3) use the results of the studies described in paragraph (1) and (2) to enhance the mission of the National Institutes of Health for the benefit of the public; and

(4) provide a military and civilian collaborative environment for neuroscience-based medical prob-
lem-solving in critical areas affecting both military
and civilian life, particularly post-traumatic stress
disorder.

(c) Period of Fellowship.—The period of any fel-
lowship under the Program shall not last more than two
years and shall not continue unless agreed upon by the
parties concerned.

SEC. 727. PILOT PROGRAM ON PAYMENT FOR TREATMENT
OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND
VETERANS FOR TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY
AND POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER.

(a) Payment Process.—The Secretary of Defense
and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall carry out a
five-year pilot program under which each such Secretary
shall establish a process through which each Secretary
shall provide payment for treatments (including diagnostic
testing) of traumatic brain injury or post-traumatic stress
disorder received by members of the Armed Forces and
veterans in health care facilities other than military treat-
ment facilities or Department of Veterans Affairs medical
facilities. Such process shall provide that payment be
made directly to the health care facility furnishing the
treatment.
(b) CONDITIONS FOR PAYMENT.—The approval by a Secretary for payment for a treatment pursuant to subsection (a) shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) Any drug or device used in the treatment must be approved or cleared by the Food and Drug Administration for any purpose.

(2) The treatment or study protocol used in treating the member or veteran must have been approved by an institutional review board operating in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

(3) The approved treatment or study protocol (including any patient disclosure requirements) must be used by the health care provider delivering the treatment.

(4) The patient receiving the treatment or study protocol must demonstrate an improvement as a result of the treatment on one or more of the following:

(A) Standardized independent pre-treatment and post-treatment neuropsychological testing.

(B) Accepted survey instruments.

(C) Neurological imaging.

(D) Clinical examination.
(5) The patient receiving the treatment or study protocol must be receiving the treatment voluntarily.

(6) The patient receiving the treatment may not be a retired member of the uniformed services or of the Armed Forces who is entitled to benefits under part A, or eligible to enroll under part B, of title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

(c) ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS PROHIBITED.—Except as provided in this subsection (b), no restriction or condition for reimbursement may be placed on any health care provider that is operating lawfully under the laws of the State in which the provider is located with respect to the receipt of payment under this Act.

(d) PAYMENT DEADLINE.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall make a payment for a treatment or study protocol pursuant to subsection (a) not later than 30 days after a member of the Armed Forces or veteran (or health care provider on behalf of such member or veteran) submits to the Secretary documentation regarding the treatment or study protocol. The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall ensure that the documentation required under this subsection may not be an undue burden on the
member of the Armed Forces or veteran or on the health
care provider.

(c) Payment Source.—Subsection (c)(1) of section
1074 of title 10, United States Code, shall apply with re-
spect to the payment by the Secretary of Defense for
treatment or study protocols pursuant to subsection (a)
of traumatic brain injury and post-traumatic stress dis-
order received by members of the Armed Forces.

(f) Payment Amount.—A payment under this Act
shall be made at the equivalent Centers for Medicare and
Medicaid Services reimbursement rate in effect for appro-
priate treatment codes for the State or territory in which
the treatment or study protocol is received. If no such rate
is in effect, payment shall be made at a fair market rate,
as determined by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation
with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, with
respect to a patient who is a member of the Armed Forces
or the Secretary of Veterans Affairs with respect to a pa-
tient who is a veteran.

(g) Data Collection and Availability.—

(1) In General.—The Secretary of Defense
and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall jointly
develop and maintain a database containing data
from each patient case involving the use of a treat-
ment under this section. The Secretaries shall en-
sure that the database preserves confidentiality and be made available only—

(A) for third-party payer examination;

(B) to the appropriate congressional committees and employees of the Department of Defense, the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Health and Human Services, and appropriate State agencies; and

(C) to the primary investigator of the institutional review board that approved the treatment or study protocol, in the case of data relating to a patient case involving the use of such treatment or study protocol.

(2) Enrollment in institutional review board study.—In the case of a patient enrolled in a registered institutional review board study, results may be publically distributable in accordance with the regulations prescribed pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191) and other regulations and practices in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(3) Qualified institutional review boards.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall each ensure that the
Internet website of their respective departments includes a list of all civilian institutional review board studies that have received a payment under this Act.

(h) Assistance for Members To Obtain Treatment.—

(1) Assignment to Temporary Duty.—The Secretary of a military department may assign a member of the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary to temporary duty or allow the member a permissive temporary duty in order to permit the member to receive treatment or study protocol for traumatic brain injury or post-traumatic stress disorder, for which payments shall be made under subsection (a), at a location beyond reasonable commuting distance of the member’s permanent duty station.

(2) Payment of Per Diem.—A member who is away from the member’s permanent station may be paid a per diem in lieu of subsistence in an amount not more than the amount to which the member would be entitled if the member were performing travel in connection with a temporary duty assignment.

(3) Gift Rule Waiver.—Notwithstanding any rule of any department or agency with respect to
ethics or the receipt of gifts, any assistance provided
to a member of the Armed Forces with a service-
connected injury or disability for travel, meals, or
entertainment incidental to receiving treatment or
study protocol under this Act, or for the provision
of such treatment or study protocol, shall not be
subject to or covered by any such rule.

(i) RETALIATION PROHIBITED.—No retaliation may
be made against any member of the Armed Forces or vet-
eran who receives treatment or study protocol as part of
registered institutional review board study carried out by
a civilian health care practitioner.

(j) TREATMENT OF UNIVERSITY AND NATIONALLY
ACCRREDITED INSTITUTIONAL REVIEW BOARDS.—For
purposes of this Act, a university-affiliated or nationally
accredited institutional review board shall be treated in the
same manner as a Government institutional review board.

(k) MEMORANDA OF UNDERSTANDING.—The Sec-
retary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs
shall seek to expeditiously enter into memoranda of under-
standings with civilian institutional review boards de-
scribed in subsection (j) for the purpose of providing for
members of the Armed Forces and veterans to receive
treatment carried out by civilian health care practitioners
under a treatment or study protocol approved by and
under the oversight of civilian institutional review boards that would qualify for payment under this Act.

(1) OUTREACH REQUIRED.—

(1) OUTREACH TO VETERANS.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall notify each veteran with a service-connected injury or disability of the opportunity to receive treatment or study protocol pursuant to this Act.

(2) OUTREACH TO MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—The Secretary of Defense shall notify each member of the Armed Forces with a service-connected injury or disability of the opportunity to receive treatment or study protocol pursuant to this Act.

(m) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after the last day of each fiscal year during which the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs are authorized to make payments under this Act, the Secretaries shall jointly submit to Congress an annual report on the implementation of this Act. Such report shall include each of the following for that fiscal year:

(1) The number of individuals for whom the Secretary has provided payments under this Act.

(2) The condition for which each such individual receives treatment for which payment is pro-
vided under this Act and the success rate of each such treatment.

(3) Treatment methods that are used by entities receiving payment provided under this Act and the respective rate of success of each such method.

(4) The recommendations of the Secretaries with respect to the integration of treatment methods for which payment is provided under this Act into facilities of the Department of Defense and Department of Veterans Affairs.

(n) TERMINATION.—The authority to make a payment under this Act shall terminate on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(o) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act $10,000,000 for each fiscal year during which the Secretary of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Defense are authorized to make payments under this Act.

SEC. 728. POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER COUNSELING FOR CIVILIAN VICTIMS OF THE FORT HOOD SHOOTING AND OTHER SIMILAR INCIDENTS.

The Secretary of Defense shall make available to each civilian victim of a shooting on a military installation in the United States, including the shooting at Fort Hood
on November 5, 2009, extensive counseling for post-traumatic stress disorder.

SEC. 729. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONGRESSIONALLY-MANDATED RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE STUDY.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) Section 717 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 1073 note) directed the Secretary of Defense to enter into a contract with the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a study and make recommendations regarding the credentials, preparation, and training of licensed mental health counselors.

(2) In the study, the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences recommends permitting counselors to practice independently under the TRICARE program.

(3) In addition, the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences recommends that TRICARE implement a comprehensive quality management system for all of its mental health professionals.
(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should implement the requirements of subsection (a) of such section 717 by not later than December 31, 2010, because such implementation will increase the urgently needed mental health staff of the Department of Defense and ensure that members of the Armed Forces will receive timely and confidential post-deployment screenings with a mental health professional.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

SEC. 801. DISCLOSURE TO LITIGATION SUPPORT CONTRACTORS.

(a) In General.—Section 2320 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(2)—

(A) by inserting “or covered litigation support contractor” after “covered Government support contractor”; and
(B) by inserting after “oversight of” the following: “, or preparation for litigation relating to,”; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following:

“(g) In this section, the term ‘covered litigation support contractor’ means a contractor (including an expert or technical consultant) under contract with the Department of Defense to provide litigation support, which contractor executes a contract with the Government agreeing to and acknowledging—

“(1) that proprietary or nonpublic technical data furnished will be accessed and used only for the purposes stated in that contract;

“(2) that the covered litigation support contractor will take all reasonable steps to protect the proprietary and nonpublic nature of the technical data furnished to the covered litigation support contractor; and

“(3) that such technical data provided to the covered litigation support contractor under the authority of this section shall not be used by the covered litigation support contractor to compete against the third party for Government or non-Government contracts.”.
(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 802. DESIGNATION OF F135 AND F136 ENGINE DEVELOPMENT AND PROCUREMENT PROGRAMS AS MAJOR SUBPROGRAMS.

(a) Designation as Major Subprograms.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate each of the engine development and procurement programs described in subsection (b) as a major subprogram of the F–35 Lightning II aircraft major defense acquisition program, in accordance with section 2430a of title 10, United States Code.

(b) Description.—For purposes of subsection (a), the engine development and procurement programs are the following:

(1) The F135 engine development and procurement program.

(2) The F136 engine development and procurement program.

(c) Original Baseline.—For purposes of reporting requirements referred to in section 2430a(b) of title 10, United States Code, for the major subprograms designated under subsection (a), the Secretary shall use the
Milestone B decision for each subprogram as the original baseline for the subprogram.

(d) **ACTIONS FOLLOWING CRITICAL COST GROWTH.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), to the extent that the Secretary elects to restructure the F-35 Lightning II aircraft major defense acquisition program subsequent to a reassessment and actions required by subsections (a) and (c) of section 2433a of title 10, United States Code, during fiscal year 2010, and also conducts such reassessment and actions with respect to the F135 and F136 engine development and procurement programs (including related reporting based on the original baseline as defined in subsection (c)), the requirements of section 2433a of such title with respect to a major subprogram designated under subsection (a) shall be considered to be met with respect to the major subprogram.

(2) **LIMITATION.**—Actions taken in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be considered to meet the requirements of section 2433a of title 10, United States Code, with respect to a major subprogram designated under subsection (a) only to the extent that designation as a major subprogram would re-
quire the Secretary of Defense to conduct a reassessment and take actions pursuant to such section 2433a for such a subprogram upon enactment of this Act. The requirements of such section 2433a shall not be considered to be met with respect to such a subprogram in the event that additional programmatic changes, following the date of the enactment of this Act, cause the program acquisition unit cost or procurement unit cost of such a subprogram to increase by a percentage equal to or greater than the critical cost growth threshold (as defined in section 2433(a)(5) of such title) for the subprogram.

SEC. 803. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO INCLUSION OF MAJOR SUBPROGRAMS TO MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS UNDER VARIOUS ACQUISITION-RELATED REQUIREMENTS.

(a) Conforming Amendments to Section 2366a.—Section 2366a of such title is amended—

(1) in subsections (a), (b)(1), and (b)(2)—

(A) by inserting “or designated major subprogram” after “major defense acquisition program”; and

(B) by inserting “or subprogram” after “program” each place it appears (other than
after “major defense acquisition program”,

and before “manager”); and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) The term ‘designated major subprogram’ means a major subprogram of a major defense acquisition program as designated under section 2430a(a)(1) of this title.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 2366b.—Section 2366b of such title is amended—

(1) in subsections (a), (b)(1), and (e)(1)—

(A) by inserting “or designated major subprogram” after “major defense acquisition program”; and

(B) by inserting “or subprogram” after “program” each place it appears (other than after “major defense acquisition program”, after “future-years defense program”, and after “space program”); and

(2) in subsection (g)—
(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3),
and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respec-
tively; and
(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
following new paragraph (2):
“(2) The term ‘designated major subprogram’
means a major subprogram of a major defense ac-
quisition program as designated under section
2430a(a)(1) of this title.”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO SECTION
2399.—Subsection (a) of section 2399 of such title is
amended to read as follows:
“(a) CONDITION FOR PROCEEDING BEYOND LOW-
RATE INITIAL PRODUCTION.—(1) The Secretary of De-
fense shall provide that a covered major defense acquisi-
tion program or a covered designated major subprogram
may not proceed beyond low-rate initial production until
initial operational test and evaluation of the program or
subprogram is completed.
“(2) In this subsection:
“(A) The term ‘covered major defense acquisi-
tion program’ means a major defense acquisition
program that involves the acquisition of a weapon
system that is a major system within the meaning
of that term in section 2302(5) of this title.
“(B) The term ‘covered designated major sub-
program’ means a major subprogram designated
under section 2430a(a)(1) of this title that is a
major subprogram of a covered major defense acqui-
sition program.”.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO SECTION
2434.—Section 2434(a) of such title is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” before “The Secretary of
Defense’; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

“(2) The provisions of this section shall apply to any
major subprogram of a major defense acquisition program
(as designated under section 2430a(a)(1) of this title) in
the same manner as those provisions apply to a major de-
fense acquisition program, and any reference in this sec-
tion to a program shall be treated as including such a sub-
program.”.

SEC. 804. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
AUTHORITY TO RESPOND TO COMBAT AND
SAFETY EMERGENCIES THROUGH RAPID AC-
QUISITION AND DEPLOYMENT OF URGENTLY
NEEDED SUPPLIES.

(a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH PROCEDURES.—
Subsection (a) of section 806 of the Bob Stump National
Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (10 U.S.C. 2302 note) is amended by striking “items that are—” and inserting “supplies that are—”.

(b) ISSUES TO BE ADDRESSED.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking “items” and inserting “supplies”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “items” and inserting “supplies”;

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “an item” and inserting “the supplies”;

(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking “an item” and inserting “the supplies”; and

(D) in subparagraph (C), by inserting “and utilization” after “deployment”.

(c) RESPONSE TO COMBAT EMERGENCIES.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “equipment” each place it appears and inserting “supplies”;

(2) by striking “combat capability” each place it appears;

(3) by inserting “, or could result,” after “that has resulted” each place it appears;
(4) by striking “fatalities” each place it appears and inserting “casualties”;

(5) in paragraphs (1) and (2)(A), by striking “is” each place it appears and inserting “are”;

(6) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking “The authority of this section may not be used to acquire equipment in an amount aggregating more than $100,000,000 during any fiscal year.”; and

(B) by inserting “in an amount aggregating no more than $200,000,000” after “for that fiscal year”;

(7) in paragraph (4), by striking “Each such notice” and inserting “For each such determination, the notice under the preceding sentence”; and

(8) in paragraph (5), by striking “that equipment” and inserting “those supplies”.

(d) Waiver of Certain Statutes and Regulations.—Subsection (d)(1) of such section is amended by striking “equipment” in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) and inserting “supplies”.

(e) Testing Requirement.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—
(A) by striking “an item” in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting “the supplies”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “of the item” and all that follows through “requirements document” and inserting “of the supplies in meeting the original requirements for the supplies (as stated in a statement of the urgent operational need”;

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking “an item” and inserting “supplies”; and

(B) by striking “the item” and inserting “the supplies”; and

(3) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking “If items” and inserting “If the supplies”; and

(B) by striking “items” each place it appears and inserting “supplies”.

(f) LIMITATION.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended to read as follows:

“(f) LIMITATION.—In the case of supplies that are part of a major system for which a low-rate initial production quantity determination has been made pursuant to section 2400 of title 10, United States Code, the quantity
of such supplies acquired using the procedures prescribed pursuant to this section may not exceed an amount con-
sistent with complying with limitations on the quantity of articles approved for low-rate initial production for such system. Any such supplies shall be included in any relevant calculation of quantities for low-rate initial production for the system concerned.”.

SEC. 805. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTS WITH ENTITIES ENGAG- E IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY IN THE ENERGY SECTOR OF IRAN.

(a) Prohibition on Contracts.—

(1) Prohibition.—The Secretary of Defense, beginning 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, may not enter into any contract with—

(A) an entity that engages in commercial activity in the energy sector of Iran; or

(B) a successor entity to the entity de-
scribed in subparagraph (A).

(2) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
section, an entity engages in commercial activity in the energy sector of Iran if the entity, when entering into a contract with the Department of Defense for goods and services, fails to certify to the contracting officer that the entity does not engage in an activity for which sanctions may be imposed under section

(b) Remedies.—

(1) In general.—If the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, determines that an entity has submitted a false certification under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of Defense may terminate a contract with such entity or debar or suspend such entity from eligibility for Department of Defense contracts for a period of not more than three years. Any such debarment or suspension shall be subject to the procedures that apply to debarment and suspension under the Federal Acquisition Regulation under subpart 9.4 of part 9 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.

(2) Inclusion on list of parties excluded from federal procurement and nonprocurement programs.—The Administrator of General Services shall include on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs maintained by the Administrator under part 9 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation issued pursuant to section 25 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 421) each entity that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for
debarment or suspension by the Secretary on the
basis of a determination of a false certification
under paragraph (1).

(c) Waivers.—

(1) Authority.—The Secretary of Defense
may on a case by-case basis waive the requirement
that an entity make a certification under subsection
(a)(2) if the Secretary determines that it is in the
interest of national security to do so.

(2) Contents of certification.—Upon
issuing a waiver under paragraph (1) with respect to
an entity, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to
the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate
and House of Representatives, the Committee on
Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee
on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
a notification that identifies the entity involved, the
nature of the contract, and the rationale for issuing
the waiver.
Subtitle B—Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations

SEC. 811. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCURE CERTAIN FIBERS; LIMITATION ON SPECIFICATION.

(a) EXTENSION.—Section 829 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 229; 10 U.S.C. 2533a note) is amended in subsection (f) by striking “on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “on January 1, 2021”.

(b) PROHIBITION ON SPECIFICATION IN SOLICITATIONS.—No solicitation issued before January 1, 2021, by the Department of Defense may include a requirement that proposals submitted pursuant to such solicitation must include the use of fire resistant rayon fiber.

SEC. 812. SMALL ARMS PRODUCTION INDUSTRIAL BASE MATTERS.

Section 2473 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking “subsection (d)” and inserting “subsection (c)”;

(2) by striking subsection (e);
(3) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (d), respectively; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new subsection (e):

“(e) COMPETITIVE PROCEDURES.—If the Secretary determines under subsection (a) that the requirement to procure property or services described in subsection (b) for the Department of Defense from a firm in the small arms production industrial base is not necessary to preserve such industrial base, any such procurement shall be awarded through the use of competitive procedures that afford such industrial base a fair opportunity to be considered for such procurement.”.

SEC. 813. ADDITIONAL DEFINITION RELATING TO PRODUCTION OF SPECIALTY METALS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

Section 2533b(m) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(11) The term ‘produced’, as used in subsections (a) and (b), means melted, or processed in a manner that results in physical or chemical property changes that are the equivalent of melting. The term does not include finishing processes such as
rolling, heat treatment, quenching, tempering, grinding, or shaving.”

Subtitle C—Studies and Reports

SEC. 821. STUDIES TO ANALYZE ALTERNATIVE MODELS FOR ACQUISITION AND FUNDING OF TECHNOLOGIES SUPPORTING NETWORK-CENTRIC OPERATIONS.

(a) Studies Required.—

(1) Independent Study.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall enter into a contract with an independent federally funded research and development center to carry out a comprehensive study of policies, procedures, organization, and regulatory constraints affecting the acquisition of technologies supporting network-centric operations. The contract shall be funded from amounts appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2011 for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities.

(2) Joint Chiefs of Staff Study.—The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall carry out a comprehensive study of the same subjects covered by paragraph (1). The study shall be independent of the study required by paragraph (1) and shall be
carried out in conjunction with the military departments and in coordination with the Secretary of Defense.

(b) Matters To Be Addressed.—Each study required by subsection (a) shall address the following matters:

(1) Development of a system for understanding the various foundational components that contribute to network-centric operations, such as data transport, processing, storage, data collection, and dissemination of information.

(2) Determining how acquisition and funding programs that are in place as of the date of the enactment of this Act relate to the system developed under paragraph (1).

(3) Development of acquisition and funding models using the system developed under paragraph (1), including—

(A) a model under which a joint entity independent of any military department (such as the Joint Staff) is established with responsibility and control of all funding for the acquisition of technologies for network-centric operations, and with authority to oversee the incor-
poration of such technologies into the acquisition programs of the military departments;

(B) a model under which an executive agent is established to manage and oversee the acquisition of technologies for network-centric operations, but would not have exclusive control of the funding for such programs;

(C) a model under which the acquisition and funding programs that are in place as of the date of the enactment of this Act are maintained; and

(D) any other model that the entity carrying out the study considers relevant.

(4) An analysis of each of the models developed under paragraph (3) with respect to potential benefits in—

(A) collecting, processing, and disseminating information;

(B) network commonality;

(C) common communications;

(D) interoperability;

(E) mission impact and success; and

(F) cost-effectiveness.

(5) An evaluation of each of the models developed under paragraph (3) with respect to feasibility,
including identification of legal, policy, or regulatory barriers that may impede the implementation of such model.

(c) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the studies required by subsection (a). The report shall include the findings and recommendations of the studies and any observations and comments that the Secretary considers appropriate.

(d) NETWORK-CENTRIC OPERATIONS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “network-centric operations” refers to the ability to exploit all human and technical elements of the Joint Force and mission partners through the full integration of collected information, awareness, knowledge, experience, and decisionmaking, enabled by secure access and distribution, all to achieve agility and effectiveness in a dispersed, decentralized, dynamic, or uncertain operational environment.

SEC. 822. ANNUAL JOINT REPORT AND COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW ON CONTRACTING IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN.

subtitle F of title VIII the following new section (and con-
forming the table of sections for such subtitle at the begin-
ning of title VIII and at the beginning of such Act accord-
ingly):

“SEC. 865. ANNUAL JOINT REPORT AND COMPTROLLER
GENERAL REVIEW ON CONTRACTING IN IRAQ
AND AFGHANISTAN.

“(a) JOINT REPORT REQUIRED.—

“(1) In general.—Every 12 months, the Sec-
retary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and the
Administrator of the United States Agency for
International Development shall submit to the rel-
levant committees of Congress a joint report on con-
tracts in Iraq or Afghanistan.

“(2) Matters covered.—A report under this
subsection shall, at a minimum, cover—

“(A) any significant developments or issues
with respect to contracts in Iraq and Afghan-
stan during the reporting period;

“(B) the plans of the departments and
agency for strengthening interagency coordina-
tion of contracts in Iraq and Afghanistan or in
future contingency operations, including plans
related to the common databases identified
under section 861(b)(4);
“(C) the desirability and feasibility of including in the common databases identified under section 861(b)(4) information about contracts subject to the regulations required by section 839 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (providing for extending and applying the requirements of section 862 to additional areas designated or listed in that section 839); and

“(D) the penalties, if any, imposed by the departments and agency on contractors for failing to comply with requirements under section 861(e), including requirements to provide information for the common databases identified under section 861(b)(4).

“(3) REPORTING PERIOD.—A report under this subsection shall cover a period of not less than 12 months.

“(4) SUBMISSION OF REPORTS.—The Secretaries and the Administrator shall submit an initial report under this subsection not later than February 1, 2011, and shall submit an updated report by February 1 of every year thereafter until February 1, 2013. If the total annual amount of obligations for contracts in Iraq and Afghanistan combined is less
than $250 million for the reporting period, for the
departments and agency combined, the Secretaries
and the Administrator may submit a letter docu-
menting this in place of a report.

“(b) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW AND RE-
PORT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Within 180 days after sub-
mission of each annual joint report required under
subsection (a), but in no case later than August 5
of each year until 2013, the Comptroller General
shall review the joint report and interagency coordi-
nation of contracting in Iraq and Afghanistan and
submit to the relevant committees of Congress a re-
port on such review.

“(2) MATTERS COVERED.—A report under this
subsection shall, at minimum—

“(A) review how the Department of De-
fense, the Department of State, and the United
States Agency for International Development
are using the data contained in the common
databases identified under section 861(b)(4) in
managing, overseeing, and coordinating con-
tracting in Iraq and Afghanistan; and

“(B) assess the plans of the departments
and agency for strengthening interagency co-
ordination of contracts in Iraq and Afghanistan or in future contingency operations, particularly any plans related to the common databases identified under section 861(b)(4).

“(3) Access to databases and other information.—The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall provide to the Comptroller General full access to information on contracts in Iraq and Afghanistan for the purposes of the review carried out under this subsection, including the common databases identified under section 861(b)(4).”.

SEC. 823. EXTENSION OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW AND REPORT ON CONTRACTING IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN.


SEC. 824. INTERIM REPORT ON REVIEW OF IMPACT OF COVERED SUBSIDIES ON ACQUISITION OF KC–45 AIRCRAFT.

(a) Interim Report.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees an
interim report on any review of a covered subsidy initiated pursuant to subsection (a) of section 886 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4561) not later than 60 days after the date of the initiation of the review.

(b) REPORT CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall contain detailed findings relating to the impact of the covered subsidy that led to the initiation of the review on the source selection process for the KC–45 Aerial Refueling Aircraft Program or any successor to such program and whether the covered subsidy would provide an unfair competitive advantage to any bidder in the source selection process.

SEC. 825. REPORTS ON JOINT CAPABILITIES INTEGRATION AND DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM.

(a) INDEPENDENT ANALYSES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A comprehensive analysis of the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System shall be independently performed by each of the following:

(A) The Secretary of Defense.

(B) A federally funded research and development center selected by the Secretary of Defense.
(2) MATTERS COVERED.—Each such analysis shall—

(A) evaluate the entire Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System and the problems associated with it, with particular emphasis on the problems relating to the length of time and the costs involved in identifying, assessing, and validating joint military capability needs; and

(B) identify the best solutions to the problems evaluated under subparagraph (A) and develop recommendations to carry out those solutions.

(3) REPORTS.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives—

(A) a report by the Secretary on the analysis performed by the Secretary under paragraph (1), with particular emphasis on continuous process improvement; and

(B) a report by the federally funded research and development center selected under paragraph (1)(B) on the analysis performed by
the center under paragraph (1), together with
such comments as the Secretary considers nec-
essary on the report.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
retary of Defense—

(A) shall develop and begin implementing a
plan to address the problems with the Joint Ca-
pabilities Integration and Development System,
taking into account the recommendations devel-
oped in the analyses required under subsection
(a) and as part of a program to manage per-
formance in establishing joint military require-
ments; and

(B) shall submit to the Committees on
Armed Services of the Senate and the House of
Representatives a report on the plan, including,
at a minimum, a timeline, objectives, mile-
stones, and projected resource requirements.

(2) REPORT FORMAT.—The report required
under paragraph (1)(B) may be included as part of
any report relating to a program to manage per-
formance in establishing joint military requirements.
Subtitle D—Other Matters

SEC. 831. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION CHALLENGE PROGRAM.
Section 2359b(k) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “2012” and inserting “2017”.

SEC. 832. ENERGY SAVINGS PERFORMANCE CONTRACTS.
(a) Competition Requirements for Task or Delivery Orders Under Energy Savings Performance Contracts.—Section 801 of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) Task or Delivery Orders.—(1) The head of a Federal agency may issue a task or delivery order under an energy savings performance contract by—

“(A) notifying all contractors that have received an award under such contract that the agency proposes to discuss energy savings performance services for some or all of its facilities and, following a reasonable period of time to provide a proposal in response to the notice, soliciting from such contractors the submission of expressions of interest in, and contractor qualifications for, performing site surveys or investigations and feasibility designs and studies, and including in the notice summary information concerning energy use for any facilities that the
agency has specific interest in including in such task
or delivery order;

“(B) reviewing all expressions of interest and
qualifications submitted pursuant to the notice
under subparagraph (A);

“(C) selecting two or more contractors (from
among those reviewed under subparagraph (B)) to
conduct discussions concerning the contractors’ re-
spective qualifications to implement potential energy
conservation measures, including—

“(i) requesting references and specific de-
tailed examples with respect to similar efforts
and the resulting energy savings of such similar
efforts; and

“(ii) requesting an explanation of how such
similar efforts relate to the scope and content
of the task or delivery order concerned;

“(D) selecting and authorizing—

“(i) more than one contractor (from
among those selected under subparagraph (C))
to conduct site surveys, investigations, feasi-
bility designs and studies or similar assess-
ments for the energy savings performance con-
tract services (or for discrete portions of such
services), for the purpose of allowing each such

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contractor to submit a firm, fixed-price proposal
to implement specific energy conservation meas-
ures; or

“(ii) one contractor (from among those se-
lected under subparagraph (C)) to conduct a
site survey, investigation, a feasibility design
and study or similar assessment for the purpose
of allowing the contractor to submit a firm,
fixed-price proposal to implement specific en-
ergy conservation measures;

“(E) providing a debriefing to any contractor
not selected under subparagraph (D);

“(F) negotiating a task or delivery order for en-
ergy savings performance contracting services with
the contractor or contractors selected under sub-
paragraph (D) based on the energy conservation
measures identified; and

“(G) issuing a task or delivery order for energy
savings performance contracting services to such
contractor or contractors.

“(2) The issuance of a task or delivery order for en-
ergy savings performance contracting services pursuant to
paragraph (1) is deemed to satisfy the task and delivery
order competition requirements in section 2304c(d) of title
10, United States Code, and section 303J(d) of the Fed-
eral Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253j(d)).

“(3) The Secretary may issue guidance as necessary to agencies issuing task or delivery orders pursuant to paragraph (1).”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) is inapplicable to task or delivery orders issued before the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 833. CONSIDERATION OF SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN PROCUREMENT OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.

(a) CONSIDERATION OF SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop and issue guidance directing the Secretary of each military department and the head of each defense agency to consider sustainable practices in the procurement of products and services. Such guidance shall ensure that strategies for acquiring products or services to meet departmental or agency performance requirements favor products or services described in paragraph (2) if such products or services can be acquired on a life cycle cost-neutral basis.

(2) PRODUCTS OR SERVICES.—A product or service described in this paragraph is a product or
service that is energy-efficient, water-efficient, biobased, environmentally preferable, non-ozone-depleting, contains recycled content, is non-toxic, or is less toxic than alternative products or services.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) does not apply to the acquisition of weapon systems or components of weapon systems.

SEC. 834. DEFINITION OF MATERIALS CRITICAL TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

Section 187 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘materials critical to national security’ means materials—

“(A) upon which the production or sustainment of military equipment is dependent; and

“(B) the supply of which could be restricted by actions or events outside the control of the Government of the United States.

“(2) The term ‘military equipment’ means equipment used directly by the armed forces to carry out military operations.”.
SEC. 835. DETERMINATION OF STRATEGIC OR CRITICAL RARE EARTH MATERIALS FOR DEFENSE APPLICATIONS.

(a) ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall undertake an assessment of the supply chain for rare earth materials and determine which, if any, rare earth materials are strategic materials and which rare earth materials are materials critical to national security. For the purposes of the assessment—

(1) the Secretary may consider the views of other Federal agencies, as appropriate;

(2) any study conducted by the Director, Industrial Policy during fiscal year 2010 may be considered as partial fulfillment of the requirements of this section;

(3) any study conducted by the Comptroller General of the United States during fiscal year 2010 may be considered as partial fulfillment of the requirements of this section; and

(4) the Secretary shall consider the sources of rare earth materials (both in terms of source nations and number of vendors) including rare earth elements, rare earth metals, rare earth magnets, and other components containing rare earths.

(b) PLAN.—In the event that the Secretary determines that a rare earth material is a strategic material
or a material critical to national security, the Secretary shall develop a plan to ensure the long-term availability of such rare earth material, with a goal of establishing domestic sources of such material by December 31, 2015. In developing the plan, the Secretary shall consider all relevant components of the value-chain, including mining, processing, refining, and manufacturing. The plan shall include consideration of numerous options with respect to the material, including—

(1) an assessment of including the material in the National Defense Stockpile;

(2) in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, the identification of any trade practices known to the Secretary that limit the Secretary’s ability to ensure the long-term availability of such material or the ability to meet the goal of establishing domestic sources of such material by December 31, 2015;

(3) an assessment of the availability of financing to industry, academic institutions, or not-for-profit entities to provide the capacity required to ensure the availability of the material and potential mechanisms to increase the availability of such financing;
(4) the benefits, if any, of Defense Production Act funding to support the establishment of a domestic rare earth manufacturing capability for military components;

(5) funding for research and development of any aspect of the rare earth supply-chain;

(6) any other risk mitigation method determined appropriate by the Secretary that is consistent with the goal of establishing domestic sources by December 31, 2015; and

(7) for components of the rare earth material supply-chain for which no other risk mitigation method, in accordance with paragraphs (1) through (6), will ensure the establishment of a domestic source by December 31, 2015, a specific plan to eliminate supply-chain vulnerability by the earliest date practicable.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional committees described in paragraph (2) a report containing the findings of the assessment under subsection (a) and the plan (if any) developed under subsection (b).
(2) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The con-
gressional committees described in this paragraph
are as follows:

(A) The congressional defense committees.

(B) The Committee on Financial Services
and the Committee on Ways and Means of the
House of Representatives.

(C) The Committee on Finance and the
Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
Affairs of the Senate.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) STRATEGIC MATERIAL.—The term “stra-
tegic material” means a material—

(A) which is essential for military equip-
ment;

(B) which is unique in the function it per-
forms; and

(C) for which there are no viable alter-
natives.

(2) MATERIALS CRITICAL TO NATIONAL SECU-
RITY.—The term “materials critical to national secu-
ry” has the meaning provided by section 187(e) of
title 10, United States Code, as amended by section
827 of this Act.
SEC. 836. REVIEW OF NATIONAL SECURITY EXCEPTION TO COMPETITION.

(a) Review Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall review the implementation by the Department of Defense of the national security exception to full and open competition provided in section 2304(c)(6) of title 10, United States Code.

(b) Matters Reviewed.—The review of the implementation of the national security exception required by subsection (a) shall include—

(1) the pattern of usage of such exception by acquisition organizations within the Department to determine which organizations are commonly using the exception and the frequency of such usage;

(2) the range of items or services being acquired through the use of such exception;

(3) the process for reviewing and approving justifications involving such exception;

(4) whether the justifications for use of such exception typically meet the relevant requirements of the Federal Acquisition Regulation applicable to the use of such exception;

(5) issues associated with follow-on procurements for items or services acquired using such exception; and
(6) potential additional instances where such exception could be applied and any authorities available to the Department of Defense other than such exception that could be applied in such instances.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and of the House of Representatives a report on the review required by subsection (a), including a discussion of each of the matters specified in subsection (b). The report shall include any recommendations relating to the matters reviewed that the Secretary considers appropriate. The report shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

(d) REGULATIONS.—

(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional committees described in paragraph (2) draft regulations on the implementation of the national security exception to full and open competition provided in section 2304(c)(6) of title 10, United States Code, taking into account the results of the review required by subsection (a).
(2) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The congressional committees described in this paragraph are the following:

(A) The Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

(B) The Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 837. INCLUSION OF BRIBERY IN DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FEDERAL Awardee PERFORMANCE AND INTEGRITY INFORMATION SYSTEM.

(a) Inclusion of Bribery in Disclosure Requirements.—Section 872(c) of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4556) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(8) To the maximum extent practical, information similar to the information covered by paragraph (1) in connection with any law relating to bribery of a country which is a signatory of the Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions, signed at Paris on December 17, 1997.”.
(b) **Effective Date.**—The amendment made by this section shall take effect not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 838. **REQUIREMENT FOR ENTITIES WITH FACILITY CLEARANCES THAT ARE NOT UNDER FOREIGN OWNERSHIP CONTROL OR INFLUENCE MITIGATION.**

(a) **Requirement.**—The Secretary of Defense shall require the directors of a covered entity to establish a government security committee that shall ensure that the covered entity employs and maintains policies and procedures that meet requirements under the national industrial security program.

(b) **Covered Entity.**—A covered entity under this section is an entity—

(1) to which the Department of Defense has granted a facility clearance;

(2) that is not subject to foreign ownership control or influence mitigation measures; and

(3) that is a corporation.

(c) **Discretionary Requirement.**—The Secretary of Defense may require that the requirement in subsection (a) apply to an entity that meets the elements described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) and is a limited liability company, sole proprietorship, nonprofit cor-
poration, partnership, academic institution, or any other entity holding a facility clearance.

(d) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop implementing guidance for the requirement in subsection (a).

(e) GOVERNMENT SECURITY COMMITTEE.—For the purposes of this section, a government security committee is a subcommittee of a covered entity’s board of directors, made up of resident United States citizens, that is responsible for ensuring that the covered entity complies with the requirements of the national industrial security program.

SEC. 839. REPORT RELATED TO MINORITY-OWNED, WOMEN-OWNED, AND DISADVANTAGED-OWNED SMALL BUSINESSES.

Not later than December 1, 2010, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Congressional Black Caucus a report that includes a list of minority-owned, women-owned, and disadvantaged-owned small businesses that receive contracts resulting from authorized funding to the Department of Defense. The list shall cover the 10 calendar years preceding the date of the enactment of this Act and shall include, for each listed business, the name of the business and the business owner and the amount of the contract award.
SEC. 840. DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE PRIORITY FOR RARE EARTH NEODYMIUM IRON BORON MAGNETS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) There is an urgent need to restore the United States capability to manufacture sintered neodymium iron boron magnets for use in defense applications and there is an urgent need to eliminate the domestic supply-chain vulnerability related to these key materials in the defense supply-chain.

(2) An April 14, 2010 report by the Government Accountability Office entitled “Rare Earth Materials in the Defense Supply Chain” demonstrates—

(A) the “United States is not currently producing neodymium iron boron magnets,” a key rare earth material;

(B) that future availability of neodymium is largely controlled by Chinese suppliers;

(C) that alternatives to rare earth materials could reduce the demand and dependence on rare earth materials in 10 to 15 years, but these materials might not meet current application requirements;

(D) where rare earth materials are used in defense systems, the materials are responsible for the functionality of the component and
would be difficult to replace without losing performance;

(E) fin actuators used in precision-guided munitions are specifically designed around the capabilities of neodymium iron boron rare earth magnets, which are primarily available from Chinese suppliers;

(F) the DDG–51 Hybrid Electric Drive Ship Program uses permanent-magnet motors using neodymium magnets from China; and

(G) future generations of some defense system components, such as transmit and receive modules for radars, will continue to depend on rare earth materials.

(3) The United States has the technological capability to restore its neodymium iron boron manufacturing capability.

(4) Worldwide supplies or rare earth materials, including neodymium, are expected to tighten significantly within the next 3–5 years.

(5) A domestic effort to restore domestic sintered neodymium iron boron magnet manufacturing capability, including efforts to qualify those magnets for use in defense applications, will take between 3–
5 years and should begin immediately to avoid future weapon system delivery disruption.

(b) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a plan to establish a domestic source of sintered neodymium iron boron magnets for use in the defense supply chain.

(c) SINTERED NEODYMIUM IRON BORON MAGNETS.—For the purposes of subsection (b), the capability to manufacture sintered neodymium iron boron magnets includes the alloying, pressing, and sintering of magnet materials. It does not include manufacturing magnets from standard shapes or imported blocks of neodymium. The Secretary’s plan shall not allow the grinding or reprocessing of neodymium to be considered a “domestic source of sintered neodymium iron boron magnets”.

SEC. 841. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING COST SAVINGS THROUGH REDUCTIONS IN WASTE, FRAUD, AND ABUSE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The Secretary of Defense has undertaken meaningful efforts to eliminate waste, fraud, and abuse through contractor oversight and new policies
and procedures aimed at increasing emphasis on ethics, governance, and fraud prevention.

(2) The Government Accountability Office report dated December 16, 2009, on the status of 3,099 recommendations made to the Department of Defense by the Government Accountability Office between 2001 and 2008, indicates that the Department of Defense has implemented 1,871, or 61 percent, of the recommendations.

(3) The Government Accountability Office estimates that the implementation of these recommendations yielded the Federal Government a savings of $89 billion from 2001 through 2007, averaging $12.7 billion in annual financial benefit.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) there is potential for additional and significant cost savings through further reductions by the Secretary of Defense in waste, fraud, and abuse, particularly with regard to contracting processes; and

(2) the Secretary of Defense should make implementation of the remaining Government Accountability Office recommendations an utmost priority of the Department of Defense.
SEC. 842. PROCUREMENT OF ARTICLES, MATERIALS, AND SUPPLIES FOR USE OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—In procuring articles, materials, or supplies for use outside of the United States, including procurements for military construction projects, the Department of Defense shall solicit bids from United States sources.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply if the articles, materials, or supplies to be procured are—

(1) not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities;

(2) needed on an urgent basis and not acquired on a regular basis; or

(3) perishable, or will otherwise degrade because of the time involved in shipping.

SEC. 843. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON WAIVERS UNDER BUY AMERICAN ACT BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REQUIRED TO BE INCLUDED IN ANNUAL REPORT.

Section 812 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–136; 10 U.S.C. 2501 note) is amended in subsection (c)(2)(A) by striking clause (vi) and inserting the following:
“(v) An itemized list of all waivers granted with respect to such articles, materials, or supplies under the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.), including—

“(I) an analysis of the domestic capacity to supply the articles, materials, or supplies; and

“(II) an analysis of the reasons for an increase or decrease in the number of waivers granted from fiscal year to fiscal year.”.

SEC. 844. REQUIREMENT TO INCLUDE EFFECTS ON DOMESTIC JOBS IN PERIODIC ASSESSMENTS OF DEFENSE CAPABILITY.

Section 2505(b)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after “title)” the following: “, including the effects on domestic jobs,”.

SEC. 845. EXTENSION OF REGULATIONS ON CONTRACTORS PERFORMING PRIVATE SECURITY FUNCTIONS.

(a) Extension of Regulations.—

(1) In general.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall issue regulations to extend and apply the requirements of section 862 of the National Defense Authorization
Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note) to additional areas as designated under paragraph (2) and as listed in paragraph (3).

(2) ADDITIONAL AREAS DESIGNATED.—The Secretary of Defense shall designate as additional areas for purposes of this section any area—

(A) that is an area within a foreign country or an area covering all or part of more than one foreign country;

(B) that is not an area of combat operations as designated under subsection (c) of section 862 of such Act; and

(C) in which significant military operations, as designated by the Secretary, are being carried out by United States Armed Forces.

(3) ADDITIONAL AREAS LISTED.—In addition to any areas designated by the Secretary under paragraph (2), the following areas shall be considered additional areas listed in this paragraph for purposes of this section:

(A) The Horn of Africa region.

(B) Yemen.

(C) The Philippines.

(D) Haiti.
(b) Extension Timelines.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations applicable to the additional areas—

(1) designated under subsection (a)(2), not later than March 1, 2012; and

(2) listed in subsection (a)(3), not later than March 1, 2011.

(c) Report on Implementation.—Not later than 90 days after the dates specified in subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to Congress a report on the implementation of the regulations prescribed under this section. The report shall include—

(1) a complete list of additional areas designated by the Secretary under subsection (a)(2), and a detailed description of the criteria used to make the designation;

(2) the total number of contractors performing private security functions in each additional area designated under subsection (a)(2) or listed in subsection (a)(3); and

(3) an assessment of the long-term options for reducing the use of contractors for private security functions, including the use of Government personnel to provide such functions.
(d) **PRIVATE SECURITY FUNCTIONS.**—Notwithstanding section 864 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181), as amended by section 813 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84), in this section, the term “private security functions” means activities engaged in by a contractor as follows:

1. Guarding of personnel, facilities, or property of a Federal agency.
2. Any other activity for which personnel are required to carry weapons in the performance of their duties.

**SEC. 846. PROCUREMENT OF PHOTOVOLTAIC DEVICES.**

(a) **CONTRACT REQUIREMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each contract awarded by the Department of Defense that includes the procurement of photovoltaic devices, including contracts described in subsection (b), includes a provision requiring the photovoltaic devices to comply with the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.).

(b) **CONTRACTS DESCRIBED.**—The contracts described in this subsection include, but are not limited to, energy savings performance contracts, utility service contracts, land leases, and private housing contracts.
(c) Definition of Photovoltaic Devices.—In this section, the term “photovoltaic devices” means devices that convert light directly into electricity through a solid-state, semiconductor process.

SEC. 847. REQUIREMENT FOR CONTRACTS IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN TO USE EMPLOYEES AND NOT INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS FOR PRIVATE SECURITY SERVICES.

(a) Requirement.—Any contract in Iraq or Afghanistan for the procurement of private security services shall contain a requirement that, in the case of any contractor using individuals who are United States citizens and required to have a United States security clearance to perform private security services under the contract, the contractor shall use employees and not independent contractors for the provision of such services.

(b) Contract in Iraq or Afghanistan.—In this section, the term “contract in Iraq or Afghanistan” means a contract with the Department of Defense, the Department of State, or the United States Agency for International Development, a subcontract at any tier issued under such a contract, or a task order or delivery order at any tier issued under such a contract (including a contract, subcontract, or task order or delivery order issued by another Government agency for the Department of De-
fense, the Department of State, or the United States
Agency for International Development), if the contract,
subcontract, or task order or delivery order involves work
performed in Iraq or Afghanistan for a period longer than
14 days.

(c) PRIVeTE SECURITY SERVICES.—In this section,
the term "private security services" means activities en-
gaged in by a contractor under a contract in Iraq or Af-
ghanistan and includes—

(1) guarding of personnel, facilities, or property
of a Federal agency, the contractor or subcontractor,
or a third party;

(2) any other activity for which personnel are
required to carry weapons in the performance of
their duties; and

(3) training in any activity covered by para-
graph (1) or (2).

(d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense,
the Secretary of State, or the Administrator of the United
States Agency for International Development may waive
the requirement in subsection (a) with respect to a con-
tract of the Department of Defense, the Department of
State, or the United States Agency for International De-
velopment, respectively, if the Secretary concerned or the
Administrator—
(1) determines in writing that a waiver is neces-

sary in the interests of national security; and

(2) submits to Congress a notification of such

waiver.

SEC. 848. CONSIDERATION OF UNFAIR COMPETITIVE AD-

VANTAGE IN EVALUATION OF OFFERS FOR

KC–X AERIAL REFUELING AIRCRAFT PRO-

GRAM.

(a) REQUIREMENT TO CONSIDER UNFAIR COMPETI-

tive Advantage.—In awarding a contract for the KC–

X aerial refueling aircraft program (or any successor to

that program), the Secretary of Defense shall, in evalu-

ating any offers submitted to the Department of Defense

in response to a solicitation for offers for such program,

consider any unfair competitive advantage that an offeror

may possess.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after submis-

sion of offers in response to any such solicitation, the Sec-

retary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense

committees a report on any unfair competitive advantage

that any offeror may possess.

(c) REQUIREMENT TO TAKE FINDINGS INTO AC-

COUNT IN AWARD OF CONTRACT.—In awarding a contract

for the KC–X aerial refueling aircraft program (or any

successor to that program), the Secretary of Defense shall
take into account the findings of the report submitted under subsection (b).

(d) UNFAIR COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE.—In this section, the term “unfair competitive advantage”, with respect to an offer for a contract, means a situation in which the cost of development, production, or manufacturing is not fully borne by the offeror for such contract.

SEC. 849. DEBARTMENT OF BP AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES.

(a) CONTRACTS WITH BP AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES.—If the Secretary of Defense determines that BP or any of its subsidiaries performing any contract with the Department of Defense is no longer a responsible source (as defined in section 2302 of title 10, United States Code), the Secretary shall determine, not later than 90 days after making such determination, whether BP or its subsidiaries should be debarred from contracting with the Department of Defense.

(b) DEBAR.—In this section, the term “debar” has the meaning given that term by section 2393(c) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 850. OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT AMENDMENTS.

(a) SERVICE CONTRACT INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 45. SERVICE CONTRACT INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.

“(a) SERVICE CONTRACT INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—

“(1) GUIDANCE.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall develop and dissemi- nate guidance to aid executive agencies in estab- lishing systems for the collection of information re- quired to meet the requirements of this section and to ensure consistency of inventories across agencies.

“(2) REPORT.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall submit a report to Congress on the status of efforts to enable executive agencies to prepare the inventories required under paragraph (3), including the development, as appro- priate, of guidance, methodologies, and technical tools.

“(3) INVENTORY CONTENTS.—Not later than December 31, 2010, and annually thereafter, the head of each executive agency required to submit an inventory in accordance with the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105—
270; 31 U.S.C. 501 note), other than the Department of Defense, shall submit to the Office of Management and Budget an annual inventory of service contracts awarded or extended through the exercise of an option or a task order, for or on behalf of such agency. For each service contract, the entry for an inventory under this section shall include, for the preceding fiscal year, the following:

“(A) A description of the services purchased by the executive agency and the role the services played in achieving agency objectives, regardless of whether such a purchase was made through a contract or task order.

“(B) The organizational component of the executive agency administering the contract, and the organizational component of the agency whose requirements are being met through contractor performance of the service.

“(C) The total dollar amount obligated for services under the contract and the funding source for the contract.

“(D) The total dollar amount invoiced for services under the contract.

“(E) The contract type and date of award.
“(F) The name of the contractor and place of performance.

“(G) The number and work location of contractor and subcontractor employees, expressed as full-time equivalents for direct labor, compensated under the contract, using direct labor hours and associated cost data collected from contractors.

“(H) Whether the contract is a personal services contract.

“(I) Whether the contract was awarded on a noncompetitive basis, regardless of date of award.

“(b) Form.—Reports required under this section shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

“(c) Publication.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the inventory under subsection (a)(3) is required to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget, the head of each executive agency shall—

“(1) make the inventory available to the public;

and

“(2) publish in the Federal Register a notice that the inventory is available to the public.
“(d) Government-wide Inventory Report.—Not later than 90 days after the deadline for submitting inventories under subsection (a)(3), and annually thereafter, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall submit to Congress and make publicly available on the Office of Management and Budget website a report on the inventories submitted. The report shall identify whether each agency required to submit an inventory under subsection (a)(3) has met such requirement and summarize the information submitted by each executive agency required to have a Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 901 of title 31, United States Code.

“(e) Review and Planning Requirements.—Not later than 180 days after the deadline for submitting inventories under subsection (a)(3) for an executive agency, the head of the executive agency, or an official designated by the agency head shall—

“(1) review the contracts and information in the inventory;

“(2) ensure that—

“(A) each contract in the inventory that is a personal services contract has been entered into, and is being performed, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;
“(B) the contracts do not include to the maximum extent practicable functions that are closely associated with inherently governmental functions;

“(C) the agency is not using contractor employees to perform inherently governmental functions;

“(D) the agency has specific safeguards and monitoring systems in place to ensure that work being performed by contractors has not changed or expanded during performance to become an inherently governmental function;

“(E) the agency is not using contractor employees to perform critical functions in such a way that could affect the ability of the agency to maintain control of its mission and operations; and

“(F) there are sufficient internal agency resources to manage and oversee contracts effectively;

“(3) identify contracts that have been poorly performed, as determined by a contracting officer, because of excessive costs or inferior quality; and

“(4) identify contracts that should be considered for conversion to—
“(A) performance by Federal employees of
the executive agency in accordance with agency
insourcing guidelines required under section
736 of the Financial Services and General Gov-
ernment Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law
111–8, division D) and section 46 of this Act;
or
“(B) an alternative acquisition approach
that would better enable the agency to effi-
ciently utilize its assets and achieve its public
mission.

“(f) Report on Actions Taken in Response to
Annual Inventory.—Not later than one year after sub-
mitting an annual inventory under subsection (a)(3), the
head of each executive agency submitting such an inven-
tory shall submit to the Office of Management and Budget
a report summarizing the actions taken pursuant to sub-
section (e), including any actions taken to consider and
convert functions from contractor to Federal employee
performance. The report shall be included as an attach-
ment to the next annual inventory and made publicly
available in accordance with subsection (e).

“(g) Submission of Service Contract Inven-
tory Before Public-Private Competition.—Not-
withstanding any other provision of law, beginning in fis-
cal year 2011, if an executive agency has not submitted to the Office of Management and Budget the inventory required under subsection (a)(3) for the prior fiscal year, the agency may not begin, plan for, or announce a study or public-private competition regarding the conversion to contractor performance of any function performed by Federal employees pursuant to Office of Management and Budget Circular A–76 or any other administrative regulation or directive until such time as the inventory is submitted for the prior fiscal year.

“(h) GAO REPORTS ON IMPLEMENTATION.—

“(1) REPORT ON GUIDANCE.—Not later than 120 days after submission of the report by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget required under subsection (a)(2), the Comptroller General of the United States shall report on the guidance issued and actions taken by the Director. The report shall be submitted to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

“(2) REPORTS ON INVENTORIES.—
“(A) INITIAL INVENTORY.—Not later than September 30, 2011, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a report to the Committees named in the preceding paragraph on the initial implementation by executive agencies of the inventory requirement in subsection (a)(3) with respect to inventories required to be submitted by December 31, 2010.

“(B) SECOND INVENTORY.—Not later than September 30, 2012, the Comptroller General shall submit a report to the same Committees on annual inventories required to be submitted by December 31, 2011.

“(3) PERIODIC BRIEFINGS.—The Comptroller General shall provide periodic briefings, as may be requested by the Committees, on matters related to implementation of this section.

“(i) EXECUTIVE AGENCY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘executive agency’ has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403).”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections in section 1 of such Act is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“Sec. 45. Service contract inventory requirement.”.
(3) **Repeal of Superseded Law.**—Section 743(c) of the Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111–117; 123 Stat. 3216) is amended by striking “and annually thereafter,”.

(b) **Prohibition Against Direct Conversions.**—

(1) **In General.**—Section 43(a)(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 439) is amended by striking “10 or more”.

(2) **Guidance.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall issue guidance to all Federal agencies other than the Department of Defense to ensure that no function last performed by Federal employees is converted to contractor performance without complying with the requirements of section 43 of such Act, as amended by this section.

(c) **Guidelines on Insourcing New and Contracted Out Functions.**—

(1) **In General.**—The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403 et seq.), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:
“SEC. 46. GUIDELINES ON INSOURCING NEW AND CONTRACTED OUT FUNCTIONS.

“(a) GUIDELINES REQUIRED.—(1) The heads of executive agencies subject to the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–270; 31 U.S.C. 501 note) shall devise and implement guidelines and procedures to ensure that consideration is given to using, on a regular basis, Federal employees to perform new functions and functions that are performed by contractors and could be performed by Federal employees.

“(2) The guidelines and procedures required under subparagraph (A) may not include any specific limitation or restriction on the number of functions or activities that may be converted to performance by Federal employees.

“(b) SPECIAL CONSIDERATION FOR CERTAIN FUNCTIONS.—The guidelines and procedures required under paragraph (1) shall provide for special consideration to be given to using Federal employees to perform any function that—

“(1) is performed by a contractor and—

“(A) has been performed by Federal employees at any time during the previous 10 years;

“(B) is a function closely associated with the performance of an inherently governmental function;
“(C) has been performed pursuant to a contract awarded on a non-competitive basis; or

“(D) has been performed poorly, as determined by a contracting officer during the 5-year period preceding the date of such determination, because of excessive costs or inferior quality; or

“(2) is a new requirement, with particular emphasis given to a new requirement that is similar to a function previously performed by Federal employees or is a function closely associated with the performance of an inherently governmental function.

“(c) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS FROM COMPETITIONS.—The head of an executive agency may not conduct a public-private competition under Office of Management and Budget Circular A–76 or any other provision of law or regulation before—

“(1) in the case of a new agency function, assigning the performance of the function to Federal employees;

“(2) in the case of any agency function described in paragraph (2), converting the function to performance by Federal employees; or
“(3) in the case of an agency function performed by Federal employees, expanding the scope of the function.

“(d) DEADLINE.—(1) The head of each executive agency shall implement the guidelines and procedures required under this subsection by not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection.

“(2) Not later than 210 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Government Accountability Office shall submit a report on the implementation of this subsection to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(1) The term ‘inherently governmental functions’ has the meaning given such term in subpart 7.5 of part 7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

“(2) The term ‘functions closely associated with inherently governmental functions’ means the functions described in section 7.503(d) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
“(f) Applicability.—This subsection shall not apply to the Department of Defense.”.

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections in section 1 of such Act, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“Sec. 46. Guidelines on insourcing new and contracted out functions.”.

(3) Repeal of Superceded Law.—Subsection (b) of section 739 of division D of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008 (Public Law 110–161; 121 Stat. 2030) is repealed.

(d) Conversion of Functions to Performance by Federal Employees.—

(1) Decision to Insource.—The Office of Management and Budget shall not establish any numerical goal, target, or quota for the conversion to performance by Federal employees of functions previously performed by contractors unless such goal, target, or quota is based on considered research and analysis.

(2) Reports.—

(A) Report to Congress.—The Office of Management and Budget shall submit to Congress a report on the aggregate results of the efforts of each Federal agency to convert functions from contractor performance to perform-
ance by Federal agency employees made during fiscal year 2010. Such report shall include—

(i) agency decisions for converting such functions to Federal employee performance;

(ii) the basis and rationale for the agency decisions; and

(iii) the number of contractor employees whose functions were converted to performance by Federal employees.

(B) Comptroller General report.—Not later than 120 days after the submittal of the report under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate an assessment of the report.

(3) Department of Defense.—Nothing in this subsection shall apply to the Department of Defense.
SEC. 851. REQUIREMENT TO JUSTIFY THE USE OF FACTORS OTHER THAN COST OR PRICE AS THE PRE-DOMINATE FACTORS IN EVALUATING COMPETITIVE PROPOSALS FOR DEFENSE PROCUREMENT CONTRACTS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 2305(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of clause (i); and

(2) by inserting after clause (ii) the following new clause:

“(iii) in the case of a solicitation in which factors other than cost or price when combined are more important than cost or price, the reasons why assigning at least equal importance to cost or price would not better serve the Government’s interest; and”.

(b) REPORT.—Section 2305(a)(3) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) Not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress, and post on a publicly available website of the Department of Defense, a report describing the solicitations for which a statement pursuant to paragraph (2)(A)(iii) was included.”.
SEC. 852. PENALTIES ON CONTRACTORS NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION TO DATABASES ON CONTRACTS IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN.

Section 861 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) PENALTIES.—Any contract in Iraq or Afghanistan entered into or modified after September 1, 2011, shall include a clause requiring the imposition of a penalty, by the department or agency awarding the contract, on any contractor that does not comply with requirements under this section, including requirements in the memorandum of understanding required by subsection (a), to provide information for the common databases identified under subsection (b)(4), including updating the information required. The penalty shall consist of the withholding of award and incentive fees.”.
TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT
Subtitle A—Department of Defense Management


(a) Redesignation of the Department of the Navy as the Department of the Navy and Marine Corps.—

(1) Redesignation of military department.—The military department designated as the Department of the Navy is redesignated as the Department of the Navy and Marine Corps.

(2) Redesignation of Secretary and other statutory offices.—

(A) Secretary.—The position of the Secretary of the Navy is redesignated as the Secretary of the Navy and Marine Corps.

(B) Other statutory offices.—The positions of the Under Secretary of the Navy, the four Assistant Secretaries of the Navy, and the General Counsel of the Department of the Navy are redesignated as the Under Secretary

HR 5136 PCS1S
of the Navy and Marine Corps, the Assistant
Secretaries of the Navy and Marine Corps, and
the General Counsel of the Department of the
Navy and Marine Corps, respectively.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10,
UNITED STATES CODE.—

(1) DEFINITION OF “MILITARY DEPART-
MENT”.—Paragraph (8) of section 101(a) of title
10, United States Code, is amended to read as fol-
lows:

“(8) The term ‘military department’ means the
Department of the Army, the Department of the
Navy and Marine Corps, and the Department of the
Air Force.”.

(2) ORGANIZATION OF DEPARTMENT.—The text
of section 5011 of such title is amended to read as
follows: “The Department of the Navy and Marine
Corps is separately organized under the Secretary of
the Navy and Marine Corps.”.

(3) POSITION OF SECRETARY.—Section
5013(a)(1) of such title is amended by striking
“There is a Secretary of the Navy” and inserting
“There is a Secretary of the Navy and Marine
Corps”.

(4) CHAPTER HEADINGS.—
(A) The heading of chapter 503 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“CHAPTER 503—DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS”.

(B) The heading of chapter 507 of such title is amended to read as follows:


(5) OTHER AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “Department of the Navy” and “Secretary of the Navy” each place they appear other than as specified in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) (including in section headings, subsection captions, tables of chapters, and tables of sections) and inserting “Department of the Navy and Marine Corps” and “Secretary of the Navy and Marine Corps”, respectively, in each case with the matter inserted to be in the same typeface and typestyle as the matter stricken.

(B)(i) Sections 5013(f), 5014(b)(2), 5016(a), 5017(2), 5032(a), and 5042(a) of such title are amended by striking “Assistant
Secretaries of the Navy” and inserting “Assistant Secretaries of the Navy and Marine Corps”.

(ii) The heading of section 5016 of such title, and the item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 503 of such title, are each amended by inserting “and Marine Corps” after “of the Navy”, with the matter inserted in each case to be in the same typeface and typestyle as the matter amended.

(c) Other Provisions of Law and Other References.—

(1) Title 37, United States Code.—Title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “Department of the Navy” and “Secretary of the Navy” each place they appear and inserting “Department of the Navy and Marine Corps” and “Secretary of the Navy and Marine Corps”, respectively.

(2) Other References.—Any reference in any law other than in title 10 or title 37, United States Code, or in any regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States, to the Department of the Navy shall be considered to be a reference to the Department of the Navy and Marine Corps. Any such reference to an office specified in
subsection (b)(2) shall be considered to be a reference to that officer as redesignated by that section.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall take effect on the first day of the first month beginning more than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 902. REALIGNMENT OF THE ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO CARRY OUT THE REDUCTION REQUIRED BY LAW IN THE NUMBER OF DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARIES OF DEFENSE.

(a) Redesignation of Certain Positions in the Office of the Secretary of Defense.—Positions in the Office of the Secretary of Defense are hereby redesignated as Assistant Secretaries of Defense as follows:

(1) The Director of Defense Research and Engineering is redesignated as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

(2) The Director of Operational Energy Plans and Programs is redesignated as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Operational Energy Plans and Programs.
(3) The Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation is redesignated as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation.

(4) The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs is redesignated as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs.

(b) Amendments to Chapter 4 of Title 10 Relating to Realignment.—Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Repeal of separate deputy under secretary provisions.—The following sections are repealed: 133a, 134a, and 136a.

(2) Components of OSD.—Section 131(b) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) The Office of the Secretary of Defense is composed of the following:

“(1) The Deputy Secretary of Defense.

“(2) The Under Secretaries of Defense, as follows:

“(A) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.
“(B) The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy.

“(C) The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller).

“(D) The Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness.

“(E) The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence.

“(3) The Deputy Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense.


“(6) Other officers who are appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, as follows:

“(A) The Director of Operational Test and Evaluation.

“(B) The General Counsel of the Department of Defense.


“(7) Other officials provided for by law, as follows:
“(A) The official designated under section 1501(a) of this title to have responsibility for Department of Defense matters relating to missing persons as set forth in section 1501 of this title.

“(B) The official designated under section 2228(a)(2) of this title to have responsibility for Department of Defense policy related to the prevention and mitigation of corrosion of the military equipment and infrastructure of the Department of Defense and for directing the activities of the Office of Corrosion Policy and Oversight.

“(C) The officials designated under subsections (a) and (b) of section 2438(a) of this title to have responsibility, respectively, for developmental test and evaluation and for systems engineering.

“(D) The official designated under section 2438a(a) of this title to have responsibility for conducting and overseeing performance assessments and root cause analyses for major defense acquisition programs.
“(E) The Director of Small Business Programs, provided for under section 2508 of this title.

“(8) Such other offices and officials as may be established by law or the Secretary of Defense may establish or designate in the Office.”.

(3) Principal deputy under secretaries of defense.—Section 137a is amended—

(A) in subsections (a)(1), (b), and (d), by striking “Deputy Under” each place it appears and inserting “Principal Deputy Under”;

(B) in subsection (a)(2), by striking “(A) The” and all that follows through “(5) of subsection (c)” and inserting “The Principal Deputy Under Secretaries of Defense”;

(C) in subsection (c)—

(i) by striking “One of the Deputy” in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) and inserting “One of the Principal Deputy”; 

(ii) by striking “appointed” and all that follows through “this title” in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3);

(iii) by striking “shall be” in paragraphs (4) and (5) and inserting “is”; and
(iv) by adding at the end of paragraph (5) the following new sentence: “Any individual nominated for appointment as the Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence shall have extensive intelligence expertise.”; and

(D) by adding at the end of subsection (d) the following new sentence: “The Principal Deputy Under Secretaries take precedence among themselves in the order prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.”.

(4) ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF DEFENSE.—

Section 138 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking “12” and inserting “17”; and

(ii) by striking “(A) The” and all that follows through “The other” and inserting “The”; 

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) by striking “shall be” in paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) and inserting “is”;
(ii) by striking “appointed pursuant to section 138a of this title” in paragraph (7); and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(8) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering. In addition to any duties and powers prescribed under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall have the duties specified in section 138b of this title.

“(9) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Operational Energy Plans and Programs. In addition to any duties and powers prescribed under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Operational Energy Plans and Programs shall have the duties specified in section 138c of this title.

“(10) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation. In addition to any duties and powers prescribed under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation shall have the duties specified in section 138d of this title.

“(11) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Bio-
logical Defense Programs. In addition to any duties and powers prescribed under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs shall have the duties specified in section 138e of this title.”; and

(C) in subsection (d), by striking “and the Director of Defense Research and Engineering” and inserting “the Deputy Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense, and the Principal Deputy Under Secretaries of Defense”.

(5) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR LOGISTICS AND MATERIEL READINESS.—Section 138a(a) is amended—

(A) by striking “There is a” and inserting “The”; and

(B) by striking “, appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Assistant Secretary”.

(6) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING.—Section 139a is transferred so as to appear after section 138a, redesignated as section 138b, and amended—

(A) by striking subsection (a);
(B) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (a) and (b), respectively;

(C) in subsection (a), as so redesignated, by striking “Director of Defense” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for”; and

(D) in subsection (b), as so redesignated—

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “Director of Defense Research and Engineering, in consultation with the Director of Developmental Test and Evaluation” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, in consultation with the official designated under section 2438(a) of this title to have responsibility for developmental test and evaluation functions”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking “Director” and inserting “Assistant Secretary”.

(7) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR OPERATIONAL ENERGY PLANS AND PROGRAMS.—Section 139b is transferred so as to appear after section 138b (as transferred and redesignated by paragraph (6)), redesignated as section 138c, and amended—
(A) in subsection (a), by striking “There is a” and all that follows through “The Director” and inserting “The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Operational Energy Plans and Programs”;

(B) by striking “Director” each place it appears and inserting “Assistant Secretary”;

(C) in subsection (d)(2)—

(i) by striking “Not later than” and all that follows through “military departments” and inserting “The Secretary of each military department”;

(ii) by striking “who will” and inserting “who shall”; and

(iii) by inserting “so designated” after “The officials”; and

(D) in subsection (d)(4), by striking “The initial” and all that follows through “updates to the strategy” and inserting “Updates to the strategy required by paragraph (1)”.

(8) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COST ASSESSMENT AND PROGRAM EVALUATION.—Section 139c is transferred so as to appear after section 138c (as transferred and redesignated by paragraph (7)), redesignated as section 138d, and amended—
(A) by striking subsection (a);

(B) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (a) and in that subsection—

(i) striking “Director of” in paragraph (1) and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for”; and

(ii) striking “Director” each place it appears in paragraphs (1)(A), (1)(B), and (2) and inserting “Assistant Secretary”;

(C) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

“(b) RESPONSIBILITY FOR SPECIFIED FUNCTIONS.—There shall be within the office of the Assistant Secretary the following:

“(1) An official with primary responsibility for cost assessment.

“(2) An official with primary responsibility for program evaluation.”; and

(D) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c) and in that subsection striking “Director of” in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for”.

(9) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR NUCLEAR, CHEMICAL, AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAMS.—
Section 142 is transferred so as to appear after section 138d (as redesignated and transferred by paragraph (8)), redesignated as section 138e, and amended—

(A) by striking subsection (a);

(B) by striking “(b) The Assistant to the Secretary” and inserting “The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs”; and

(C) by striking subsection (c).

(c) Other Amendments to Chapter 4 of Title 10.—Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is further amended as follows:

(1) Office of the Secretary of Defense.—Section 131(a) is amended by striking “his” and inserting “the Secretary’s”.

(2) Deputy Secretary.—Section 132 is amended by striking the second sentence of subsection (c).

(3) Deputy Chief Management Officer.—Such chapter is further amended by inserting after section 132 the following new section:

“§ 132a. Deputy Chief Management Officer

“(a) There is a Deputy Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense, appointed from civilian life
by the President, by and with the advice and consent of
the Senate.

“(b) The Deputy Chief Management Officer assists
the Deputy Secretary of Defense in the Deputy Sec-
retary’s capacity as Chief Management Officer of the De-
partment of Defense under section 132(c) of this title.

“(c) The Deputy Chief Management Officer takes
precedence in the Department of Defense after the Sec-
retary of Defense, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, the
Secretaries of the military departments, and the Under
Secretaries of Defense.”.

(4) Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller).—Section 135(e) is amended by striking
“clauses” and inserting “paragraphs”.

(d) Repeal of Position Titles Specified by
Law for Statutory Positions Relating to Devel-
opmental Test and Evaluation and Systems En-
geering.—

(1) Transfer of section from chapter 4
to programmatic chapter.—Section 139d of title
10, United States Code, is transferred to chapter
144, inserted after section 2437, and redesignated
as section 2438.
(2) **Director of Developmental Test and Evaluation.**—Subsection (a) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking “(a) **Director of**” and all that follows through paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(a) **Developmental Test and Evaluation.**—

“(1) **Designation of Responsible Official.**—The Secretary of Defense shall designate, from among individuals with expertise in test and evaluation, an official to be responsible to the Secretary and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics for developmental test and evaluation in the Department of Defense.

“(2) **Supervision.**—The official designated under paragraph (1) shall report directly to an official of the Department appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.”;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6), and (7) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6), respectively;

(C) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by striking **Director of Systems Engineer-**
ING” and all that follows through “Director of Systems Engineering” and inserting “SYSTEMS ENGINEERING.—The official designated under paragraph (1) shall closely coordinate with the official designated under subsection (b)”;

(D) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated, by striking “Director” in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting “official designated under paragraph (1)”;

(E) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated—

(i) by striking “Director has” and inserting “official designated under paragraph (1) has”;

(ii) by striking “Director considers” and inserting “designated official considers”; and

(iii) by striking “the Director’s duties” and inserting “that official’s duties”;

and

(F) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated, by striking “serving as the Director of Developmental Test and Evaluation” and inserting “official designated under paragraph (1)”.

(3) DIRECTOR OF SYSTEMS ENGINEERING.— Subsection (b) of such section is amended—
472

(A) by striking “(b) DIRECTOR OF” and all
that follows through paragraph (3) and insert-
ing the following:

“(b) SYSTEMS ENGINEERING.—

“(1) DESIGNATION OF RESPONSIBLE OFFI-
CIAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall designate,
from among individuals with expertise in systems en-
gineering, an official to be responsible to the Sec-
retary and the Under Secretary of Defense for Ac-
quision, Technology, and Logistics for systems en-
gineering and development planning in the Depart-
ment of Defense.

“(2) SUPERVISION.—The official designated
under paragraph (1) shall report directly to an offi-
cial of the Department appointed from civilian life
by the President, by and with the advice and consent
of the Senate.”;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5),
and (6) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respec-
tively;

(C) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated,
by striking “DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENTAL
TEST AND EVALUATION” and all that follows
through “Director of Developmental Test And
Evaluation” and inserting “DEVELOPMENTAL
473
1

TEST

2

ignated under paragraph (1) shall closely co-

3

ordinate with the official designated under sub-

4

section (a)’’;

EVALUATION.—The

official des-

5

(D) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated,

6

by striking ‘‘Director’’ in the matter preceding

7

subparagraph (A) and inserting ‘‘official des-

8

ignated under paragraph (1)’’; and

9

(E) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated—

10

(i) by striking ‘‘Director shall’’ and

11

inserting ‘‘official designated under para-

12

graph (1) shall’’;

13

(ii) by striking ‘‘Director considers’’

14

and inserting ‘‘designated official con-

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siders’’; and

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(iii) by striking ‘‘the Director’s du-

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ties’’ and inserting ‘‘that official’s duties’’.

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AND

(4) JOINT

ANNUAL REPORT.—Subsection

19

such section is amended in the matter preceding

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paragraph (1)—

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(A) by striking ‘‘beginning in 2010,’’;

22

(B) by striking ‘‘Director of Developmental

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Test and Evaluation and the Director of Sys-

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tems Engineering’’ and inserting ‘‘officials des-

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ignated under subsections (a) and (b)’’;

HR 5136 PCS1S
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(C) by striking “subsections (a) and (b)” and inserting “those subsections”; and

(D) by inserting “such” after “Each”.

(5) J OINT G UIDANCE.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “Director of Developmental Test and Evaluation and the Director of Systems Engineering” and inserting “officials designated under subsections (a) and (b)”; and

(B) by striking “section 103 of the Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009” and inserting “section 2438a of this title”.

(6) R EPEAL OF REDUNDANT DEFINITION.—Subsection (e) of such section is repealed.

(e) C ODIFICATION OF S ECTION 103 OF W EAPON S YSTEMS A CQUISITION R EFORM ACT OF 2009.—

(1) C ODIFICATION.—Chapter 144 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2438 (as transferred and redesignated by subsection (d)), a new section 2438a consisting of—

(A) a section heading as follows:

“§ 2438a. Performance assessments and root cause analyses”; and

(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS DUE TO CODIFICATION.—The modifications referred to in paragraph (1)(B) to the text specified in that paragraph are—

(A) in subsection (b)(2), by striking “section 2433a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code (as added by section 206(a) of this Act)” and inserting “section 2433a(a)(1) of this title”;

(B) in subsection (b)(5)—

(i) by striking “section 2433a of title 10, United States Code (as so added)” and inserting “section 2433a of this title”; and

(ii) by striking “prior to” both places it appears and inserting “before”;

(C) in subsection (d), by striking “section 2433a of title 10, United States Code (as so added)” and inserting “section 2433a of this title”; and

(D) in subsection (f), by striking “beginning in 2010,”.
(f) Transfer of Section Providing for Director of Small Business Programs.—Section 144 of title 10, United States Code, is transferred to chapter 148, inserted after section 2507, and redesignated as section 2508.

(g) Repeal of Statutory Requirement for Office for Missing Personnel in OSD.—Section 1501(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking the subsection heading and inserting the following: “Responsibility for Missing Personnel.—”;

(2) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “establish within the Office of the Secretary of Defense an office to have responsibility for Department of Defense policy” in the first sentence and inserting “designate within the Office of the Secretary of Defense an official as the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Prisoner of War/Missing Personnel Affairs to have responsibility for Department of Defense matters”; 

(B) by striking the second sentence;

(C) by striking “of the office” and inserting “of the official designated under this paragraph”;
(D) by striking “and” at the end of sub-
paragraph (A);

(E) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
subparagraph (C); and

(F) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
the following new subparagraph (B):

“(B) policy, control, and oversight of the pro-
gram established under section 1509 of this title, as
well as the accounting for missing persons (including
locating, recovering, and identifying missing persons
or their remains after hostilities have ceased); and”;

(3) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4),
and (5) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6), respec-
tively;

(4) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
lowing new paragraph (2):

“(2) The official designated under paragraph
(1) shall also serve as the Director, Defense Pris-
oner of War/Missing Personnel Office, as established
under paragraph (6)(A), exercising authority, direc-
tion, and control over that activity.”.

(5) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—

(A) by striking “of the office” the first
place it appears; and
(B) by striking “head of the office” and inserting “official designated under paragraph (1) and (2)”;
(6) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated—
(A) by striking “office” and inserting “designated official”; and
(B) by inserting after “evasion)” the following: “and for personnel accounting (including locating, recovering, and identifying missing persons or their remains after hostilities have ceased)”;
(7) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated, by striking “office” and inserting “designated official”; and
(8) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated—
(A) in subparagraph (A)—
(i) by inserting after “(A)” the following: “The Secretary of Defense shall establish an activity to account for personnel who are missing or whose remains have not been recovered from the conflict in which they were lost. This activity shall be known as the Defense Prisoner of War/Missing Personnel Office.”; and
(ii) by striking “office” both places it appears and inserting “activity”;

(B) in subparagraph (B)(i), by striking “to the office” and inserting “activity”;

(C) in subparagraph (B)(ii)—

(i) by striking “to the office” and inserting “activity”; and

(ii) by striking “of the office” and inserting “of the activity”; and

(D) in subparagraph (C), by striking “office” and inserting “activity”.

(h) Repeal of Statutory Requirement for Director of Office for Corrosion Policy and Oversight in OSD.—Section 2228 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking the subsection heading and inserting the following: “Office of Corrosion Policy and Oversight and Designation of Responsible Official”;

(B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) The Secretary of Defense shall designate, from among civilian employees of the Department of Defense with the qualifications described in paragraph (4), an offi-
cial to be responsible to the Secretary of Defense and the
Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology,
and Logistics for the prevention and mitigation of corro-
sion of the military equipment and infrastructure of the
Department of Defense and for directing the activities of
the Office of Corrosion Policy and Oversight.”;

(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
(4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively;

(D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
following new paragraph (3):

“(3) The official designated under paragraph
(2) shall report directly to the Principal Deputy
Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Tech-
nology, and Logistics.”.

(E) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated,
by striking “assigned to the position of Direc-
tor” and inserting “designated under paragraph
(2)”; and

(F) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated,
by striking “of Director” and inserting “held by
the official designated under paragraph (2)”;

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking “Director of Corrosion Pol-
icy and Oversight (in this section referred to as
the ‘Director’)” in paragraph (1) and inserting
“official designated under subsection (a)(2)”;

and

(B) by striking “Director” in paragraphs

(2), (3), (4), and (5) and inserting “designated

official”;

(3) in subsection (c), by striking “ADDITIONAL

AUTHORITIES” and all that follows through “author-

ized to—” and inserting “ADDITIONAL DUTIES.—

The official designated under subsection (a) shall—

”; and

(4) in subsection (c), by striking “beginning

with the budget for fiscal year 2009,”.

(i) REPEAL OF STATUTORY LIMITATION ON NUMBER

OF DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARIES OF DEFENSE.—Sec-

tion 906(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act

for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat.

2426; 10 U.S.C. 137a note) is repealed.

(j) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10.—Title

10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) The following sections are amended by

striking “Director of Cost Assessment and Program

Evaluation” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of

Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evalua-

tion”: sections 181(d), 2306b(i)(1)(B), 2366a(a)(4),
(2) Section 179(c) is amended—

(A) by striking “Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs” in paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs”; and

(B) by striking “to the” in paragraph (3).

(3) Section 2272 is amended by striking “Director of Defense Research and Engineering” each place it appears and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering”.

(4) Section 2334 is amended—

(A) by striking “Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation” each place it appears and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation”; and

(B) by striking “Director” each place it appears (other than as specified in subparagraph (A)) and inserting “Assistant Secretary”.

(5) Section 2365 is amended—
(A) in subsection (a), by striking “Director of Defense Research and Engineering” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering”;

(B) in subsection (d)(1), by striking “Director” and inserting “Assistant Secretary”;

(C) in subsection (d)(2)—

(i) by striking “Director of Defense Research and Engineering” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering”; and

(ii) by striking “Director may” and inserting “Assistant Secretary may”; and

(D) in subsection (e), by striking “Director” and inserting “Assistant Secretary”.

(6) Sections 2350a(g)(3), 2366b(a)(3)(D), 2374a(a), and 2517(a) are amended by striking “Director of Defense Research and Engineering” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering”.

(7) Section 2902(b) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Science and Technology” and inserting “official within the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for
Research and Engineering who is responsible for science and technology’’; and
(B) in paragraph (3), by striking ‘‘Deputy Under Secretary of Defense’’ and inserting ‘‘official within the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics who is’’.

(k) OTHER CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 214 of the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2008 (10 U.S.C. 2521 note) is amended by striking ‘‘Director of Defense Research and Engineering’’ and inserting ‘‘Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering’’.

(2) Section 201(d) of the Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (10 U.S.C. 181 note) is amended—

(A) by striking ‘‘The Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation’’ and inserting ‘‘The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation’’;

and

(B) by striking ‘‘the Director’’ and inserting ‘‘the Assistant Secretary’’. 
(l) Section Heading and Clerical Amendments.—

(1) Section heading amendments.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(A) The heading of section 137a is amended to read as follows:

“§ 137a. Principal Deputy Under Secretaries of Defense”.

(B) The heading of section 138b, as transferred and redesignated by subsection (b)(6), is amended to read as follows:

“§ 138b. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering”.

(C) The heading of section 138c, as transferred and redesignated by subsection (b)(7), is amended to read as follows:

“§ 138c. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Operational Energy Plans and Programs”.

(D) The heading of section 138d, as transferred and redesignated by subsection (b)(8), is amended to read as follows:
“§ 138d. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation”.

(E) The heading of section 138e, as transferred and redesignated by subsection (b)(9), is amended to read as follows:

“§ 138e. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs”.

(F) The heading of section 2228 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 2228. Military equipment and infrastructure: prevention and mitigation of corrosion”.

(G) The heading of section 2438 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 2438. Developmental test and evaluation; systems engineering: designation of responsible officials; joint guidance”.

(2) Clerical Amendments.—Title 10, United States Code, is further amended as follows:

(A) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 4 is amended—

(i) by inserting after the item relating to section 132 the following new item:

“132a. Deputy Chief Management Officer.”;

(ii) by striking the items relating to sections 133a, 134a, and 136a;
(iii) by amending the item relating to section 137a to read as follows:

"137a. Principal Deputy Under Secretaries of Defense."

(iv) by inserting after the item relating to section 138a the following new items:

"138b. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

"138c. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Operational Energy Plans and Programs.

"138d. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation.

"138e. Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs."

and

(v) by striking the items relating to sections 139a, 139b, 139c, 139d, 142, and 144.

(B) The item relating to section 2228 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 131 is amended to read as follows:

"2228. Military equipment and infrastructure: prevention and mitigation of corrosion."

(C) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 144 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2437 the following new items:

"2438. Developmental test and evaluation; systems engineering: designation of responsible officials; joint guidance.

"2438a. Performance assessments and root cause analyses."

(D) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 148 is amended by
inserting after the item relating to section 2507
the following new item:

“2508. Director of Small Business Programs.”.

(m) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE AMENDMENTS.—Chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) NUMBER OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE POSITIONS.—Section 5315 is amended by striking “Assistant Secretaries of Defense (12)” and inserting “Assistant Secretaries of Defense (17)”.

(2) POSITIONS REDESIGNATED AS ASSISTANT SECRETARY POSITIONS.—

(A) Section 5315 is further amended—

(i) by striking “Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, Department of Defense.”; and

(ii) by striking “Director of Defense Research and Engineering.”.

(B) Section 5316 is amended by striking “Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs.”.

(3) AMENDMENTS TO DELETE REFERENCES TO POSITIONS IN SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE.—Section 5316 is further amended—
(A) by striking “Director, Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, Department of Defense.”;

(B) by striking “Deputy General Counsel, Department of Defense.”;

(C) by striking “Deputy Under Secretaries of Defense for Research and Engineering, Department of Defense (4).”; and

(D) by striking “Special Assistant to the Secretary of Defense.”.

(n) REFERENCES IN OTHER LAWS, ETC.—Any reference in any provision or law other than title 10, United States Code, or in any rule, regulation, or other paper of the United States, to any of the offices of the Department of Defense redesignated by subsection (a) shall be treated as referring to that office as so redesignated.

(o) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of this section and the amendments made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 2011, or on such earlier date for any of such provisions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. If the Secretary prescribes an earlier date for any of those provisions or amendments, the Secretary shall notify Congress in writing in advance of such date.
SEC. 903. UNIFIED MEDICAL COMMAND.

(a) Assistant Secretary of Defense.—Section 138(b) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 902, is further amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(12) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs. In addition to any duties and powers prescribed under paragraph (1), the principal duty of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs is the overall supervision (including oversight of policy and resources) of all health affairs and medical activities of the Department of Defense. The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs is the principal civilian adviser to the Secretary of Defense on health affairs and medical matters and, after the Secretary and Deputy Secretary, is the principal health affairs and medical official within the senior management of the Department of Defense.”.

(b) Unified Combatant Command.—

(1) In general.—Chapter 6 of such title is amended by inserting after section 167a the following new section:
§ 167b. Unified combatant command for medical operations

(a) Establishment.—With the advice and assistance of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the President, through the Secretary of Defense, may establish under section 161 of this title a unified command for medical operations (hereinafter in this section referred to as the ‘unified medical command’). The principal function of the command is to provide medical services to the armed forces and other health care beneficiaries of the Department of Defense as defined in chapter 55 of this title.

(b) Assignment of Forces.—In establishing the unified medical command under subsection (a), all active military medical treatment facilities, training organizations, and research entities of the armed forces shall be assigned to such unified command, unless otherwise directed by the Secretary of Defense.

(c) Grade of Commander.—The commander of the unified medical command shall hold the grade of general or, in the case of an officer of the Navy, admiral while serving in that position, without vacating his permanent grade. The commander of such command shall be appointed to that grade by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for service in that position. The commander of such command shall be a member of a health profession described in paragraph (1), (2), (3),
(4), (5), or (6) of section 335(j) of title 37. During the 5-year period beginning on the date on which the Secretary establishes the command under subsection (a), the commander of such command shall be exempt from the requirements of section 164(a)(1) of this title.

“(d) SUBORDINATE COMMANDS.—(1) The unified medical command shall have the following subordinate commands:

“(A) A command that includes all fixed military medical treatment facilities, including elements of the Department of Defense that are combined, operated jointly, or otherwise operated in such a manner that a medical facility of the Department of Defense is operating in or with a medical facility of another department or agency of the United States.

“(B) A command that includes all medical training, education, and research and development activities that have previously been unified or combined, including organizations that have been designated as a Department of Defense executive agent.

“(C) The Defense Health Agency established under subsection (f).

“(2) The commander of a subordinate command of the unified medical command shall hold the grade of lieutenant general or, in the case of an officer of the Navy,
vice admiral while serving in that position, without
vacating his permanent grade. The commander of such a
subordinate command shall be appointed to that grade by
the President, by and with the advice and consent of the
Senate, for service in that position. The commander of
such a subordinate command shall also be required to be
a surgeon general of one of the military departments.

“(e) Authority of Combatant Commander.—(1)
In addition to the authority prescribed in section 164(c)
of this title, the commander of the unified medical com-
mand shall be responsible for, and shall have the authority
to conduct, all affairs of such command relating to medical
operations activities.

“(2) The commander of such command shall be re-
sponsible for, and shall have the authority to conduct, the
following functions relating to medical operations activities
(whether or not relating to the unified medical command):

“(A) Developing programs and doctrine.

“(B) Preparing and submitting to the Secretary
of Defense program recommendations and budget
proposals for the forces described in subsection (b)
and for other forces assigned to the unified medical
command.

“(C) Exercising authority, direction, and con-
trol over the expenditure of funds—
“(i) for forces assigned to the unified medical command;

“(ii) for the forces described in subsection (b) assigned to unified combatant commands other than the unified medical command to the extent directed by the Secretary of Defense; and

“(iii) for military construction funds of the Defense Health Program.

“(D) Training assigned forces.

“(E) Conducting specialized courses of instruction for commissioned and noncommissioned officers.

“(F) Validating requirements.

“(G) Establishing priorities for requirements.

“(H) Ensuring the interoperability of equipment and forces.

“(I) Monitoring the promotions, assignments, retention, training, and professional military education of medical officers described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of section 335(j) of title 37.

“(3) The commander of such command shall be responsible for the Defense Health Program, including the Defense Health Program Account established under section 1100 of this title.
“(f) Defense Health Agency.—(1) In establishing the unified medical command under subsection (a), the Secretary shall also establish under section 191 of this title a defense agency for health care (in this section referred to as the ‘Defense Health Agency’), and shall transfer to such agency the organization of the Department of Defense referred to as the TRICARE Management Activity and all functions of the TRICARE Program (as defined in section 1072(7)).

“(2) The director of the Defense Health Agency shall hold the rank of lieutenant general or, in the case of an officer of the Navy, vice admiral while serving in that position, without vacating his permanent grade. The director of such agency shall be appointed to that grade by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for service in that position. The director of such agency shall be a member of a health profession described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of section 335(j) of title 37.

“(g) Regulations.—In establishing the unified medical command under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations for the activities of the unified medical command.”.

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended
by inserting after the item relating to section 167a
the following new item:

“167b. Unified combatant command for medical operations.”.

(c) PLAN, NOTIFICATION, AND REPORT.—

(1) PLAN.—Not later than March 31, 2011, the
Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive plan to
establish the unified medical command authorized
under section 167b of title 10, United States Code,
as added by subsection (b), including any legislative
actions the Secretary considers necessary to imple-
ment the plan.

(2) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall sub-
mit to the congressional defense committees written
notification of the decision of the Secretary to estab-
lish the unified medical command under such section
167b by not later than the date that is 30 days be-
fore establishing such command.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after
submitting the notification under paragraph (2), the
Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense
committees a report on—

(A) the establishment of the unified med-
ical command; and
(B) the establishment of the Defense Health Agency under subsection (f) of such section 167b.

Subtitle B—Space Activities

SEC. 911. INTEGRATED SPACE ARCHITECTURES.

The Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence shall jointly establish the capability to conduct integrated national security space architecture planning, development, coordination, and analysis that—

(1) encompasses defense and intelligence space plans, programs, budgets, and organizations;

(2) provides mid-term to long-term recommendations to guide space-related defense and intelligence acquisitions, requirements, and investment decisions;

(3) is independent of the space architecture planning, development, coordination, and analysis activities of each military department and each element of the intelligence community (as defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4))); and

(4) makes use of, to the maximum extent practicable, joint duty assignment positions (as defined in section 668).
Subtitle C—Intelligence-Related Matters

SEC. 921. FIVE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO ENGAGE IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES AS SECURITY FOR INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION ACTIVITIES.

The second sentence of section 431(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2010” and inserting “December 31, 2015”.

SEC. 922. SPACE AND COUNTERSPACE INTELLIGENCE ANALYSIS.

(a) DESIGNATION OF LEAD INTEGRATOR.—

(1) DESIGNATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency shall designate a lead integrator for foreign space and counterspace defense intelligence analysis.

(B) INITIAL DESIGNATION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency shall designate an initial lead integrator under subparagraph (A).

(2) NOTICE.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency designates a lead integrator under
paragraph (1)(A), or removes the designation of lead
integrator from an individual or organization pre-
viously designated under paragraph (1)(A), the Di-
rector shall notify the congressional defense commit-
tees, the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
ligence of the House of Representatives, and the Se-
lect Committee on Intelligence of the Senate of the
designation of such lead integrator or the removal of
such designation.

(b) AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT ORIGINAL ANALYSIS.—
The Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency shall au-
thorize a lead integrator designated under subsection
(a)(1)(A) to conduct original intelligence analysis and pro-
duction within the areas of responsibility of such lead inte-
grator.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) LEAD INTEGRATOR.—The term “lead intei-
grator” means, with respect to a particular subject
matter, an individual or organization with primary
responsibility for the review, coordination, and inte-
gration of defense intelligence analysis and produc-
tion related to such subject matter to—

(A) ensure the development of coherent as-
se ssments and intelligence products; and
(B) manage and consolidate defense intelligence tasking.

(2) ORIGINAL INTELLIGENCE ANALYSIS.—The term “original intelligence analysis” means the development of knowledge and creation of intelligence materials based on raw data and intelligence reporting.

SEC. 923. AUDITS OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY BY GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE.

(a) AUDITS.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 508. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that personnel of the Government Accountability Office designated by the Comptroller General are provided with access to all information in the possession of an element of the intelligence community that the Comptroller General determines is necessary for such personnel to conduct an analysis, evaluation, or investigation of a program or activity of an element of the intelligence community that is requested by one of the congressional intelligence committees.
“(b) Audits of Programs Involving Sources and Methods.—(1) If the Director of National Intelligence determines that a portion of an analysis, evaluation, or investigation to be conducted by the Comptroller General that is requested by a committee of Congress with jurisdiction over the subject of such analysis, evaluation, or investigation involves a matter that is subject to the reporting requirements of section 503 or intelligence sources or methods, such portion may be redacted from such analysis, evaluation, or investigation and provided exclusively to the congressional intelligence committees.

“(2) If the Director of National Intelligence redacts a portion of an analysis, evaluation, or investigation under paragraph (1), the Director shall inform the committee of Congress that requested such analysis, evaluation, or investigation of the redaction.

“(c) Notice of Analysis, Evaluation, or Investigation and Procedures.—Not later than 15 days before initiating an analysis, evaluation, or investigation of an element of the intelligence community, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a notice that includes—

“(1) a description of the analysis, evaluation, or investigation to occur and the purposes of such analysis, evaluation, or investigation;
“(2) the names of the personnel who will con-
duct such analysis, evaluation, or investigation and
the level of security clearance possessed by such per-
sonnel; and

“(3) the procedures to be used in the course of
such analysis, evaluation, or investigation for exam-
ining classified information, including a description
of all facilities and materials that will be used.

“(d) Discussion of Procedures.—(1) Prior to ini-
tiating an analysis, evaluation, or investigation of an ele-
ment of the intelligence community, the Comptroller Gen-
eral, in consultation with the congressional intelligence
committees, shall discuss with the Director of National In-
telligence the procedures for conducting such analysis,
evaluation, or investigation.

“(2) Not later than five days after the discussion re-
ferred to in paragraph (1), the Director of National Intel-
ligence may submit to the Comptroller General a written
comment suggesting any changes or modifications to the
procedures referred to in paragraph (1).

“(e) Confidentiality.—The Comptroller General
shall maintain the same level of confidentiality for a record
made available during the course of an analysis, evalua-
tion, or investigation involving sources or methods as is
required of the head of the element of the intelligence com-
munity from which such record is obtained. An officer or employee of the Government Accountability Office shall be subject to the same statutory penalties for unauthorized disclosure or use of a record as an officer or employee of the element of the intelligence community that provided the Comptroller General or such officer or employee of the Government Accountability Office with access to such record.

“(f) WORKPAPERS.—All workpapers of the Comptroller General and all records and property of any element of the intelligence community that the Comptroller General uses during the course of an analysis, evaluation, or investigation involving sources or methods shall remain in facilities provided by the element of the intelligence community providing such records and property.

“(g) PROVISION OF SUPPLIES.—The head of each element of the intelligence community that is a subject of an analysis, evaluation, or investigation by the Comptroller General involving sources or methods shall provide the Comptroller General with suitable and secure offices and furniture, telephones, and access to copying facilities, for purposes of such analysis, evaluation, or investigation.

“(h) PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.—The Comptroller General, in consultation with the congressional intelligence committees, shall establish pro-
cedures to protect from unauthorized disclosure all classified and other sensitive information furnished to the Comptroller General in the course of conducting an analysis, evaluation, or investigation involving sources and methods.

“(i) Submission of Names of Personnel Conducting Analysis, Evaluation, or Investigation.—Prior to initiating an analysis, evaluation, or investigation involving sources and methods, the Comptroller General shall provide the Director of National Intelligence and the head of each element of the intelligence community that is a subject of such analysis, evaluation, or investigation with the name of each officer and employee of the Government Accountability Office who has obtained appropriate security clearance and to whom, upon proper identification, the head of such element shall make available records and information during the course of such analysis, evaluation, or investigation.

“(j) Cooperation.—The head of each element of the intelligence community that is a subject of an analysis, evaluation, or investigation shall cooperate fully with the Comptroller General and provide timely responses to requests by the Comptroller General for documentation and information made pursuant to this section.
“(k) Rule of Construction.—Except as provided in subsection (b), nothing in this section or any other provision of law shall be construed to restrict or limit the authority of the Comptroller General to audit, evaluate, or obtain access to the records of an element of the intelligence community absent specific statutory language restricting or limiting such audits, evaluations, or access to records.”.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

Sec. 931. Revisions to the Board of Regents for the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.

Subsection (b) of section 2113a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) four persons, of which the chairmen and ranking members of the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives may each appoint one person, respectively;”.
SEC. 932. INCREASED FLEXIBILITY FOR COMBATANT COMMANDER INITIATIVE FUND.

(a) In General.—Section 166a(e)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) not more than $10,000,000 may be used for research, development, test and evaluation activities.”.

(b) Applicability.—The amendments made by this section shall not apply with respect to funds appropriated for a fiscal year before fiscal year 2011.

SEC. 933. TWO-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO TEMPORARY WAIVER OF REIMBURSEMENT OF COSTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR NON-GOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL AT DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REGIONAL CENTERS FOR SECURITY STUDIES.

striking “fiscal years 2009 and 2010” and inserting “fiscal years 2009 through 2012”.

(b) **ANNUAL REPORT.**—Paragraph (3) of such section is amended by striking “in 2010 and 2011” and inserting “in each year through 2013”.

**SEC. 934. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR QUADRENNIAL ROLES AND MISSIONS REVIEW IN 2011.**

(a) **ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES CONSIDERED.**—As part of the quadrennial roles and missions review conducted in 2011 pursuant to section 118b of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall give consideration to the following activities, giving particular attention to their role in counter-terrorism operations:

(1) Information operations.

(2) Strategic communications.

(3) Detention and interrogation.

(b) **ADDITIONAL REPORT REQUIREMENT.**—In the report required by section 118b(d) of such title for such review in 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) provide clear guidance on the nature and extent of which core competencies are associated with the activities listed in subsection (a); and

(2) identify the elements of the Department of Defense that are responsible or should be responsible for providing such core competencies.
SEC. 935. CODIFICATION OF CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT BEFORE PERMANENT RELOCATION OF ANY UNITED STATES MILITARY UNIT STATIONED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

(a) CODIFICATION AND RELATED REPORT.—Chapter 6 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 162 the following new section:

§ 162a. Congressional notification before permanent relocation of military units stationed outside the United States

“(a) Notification Requirement.—The Secretary of Defense shall notify Congress at least 30 days before the permanent relocation of a unit stationed outside the United States.

“(b) Elements of Notification.—The notification required by subsection (a) shall include a description of the following:

“(1) How relocation of the unit supports the United States national security strategy.

“(2) Whether the relocation of the unit will have an impact on any security commitments undertaken by the United States pursuant to any international security treaty, including the North Atlantic Treaty, the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security between the United States and Japan, and the

“(3) How relocation of the unit addresses the current security environment in the affected geographic combatant command’s area of responsibility, including United States participation in theater security cooperation activities and bilateral partnership, exchanges, and training exercises.

“(4) How relocation of the unit impacts the status of overseas base closure and realignment actions undertaken as part of a global defense posture realignment strategy and the status of development and execution of comprehensive master plans for overseas military main operating bases, forward operating sites, and cooperative security locations of the global defense posture of the United States.

“(c) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) does not apply in the case of—

“(1) the relocation of a unit deployed to a combat zone; or

“(2) the relocation of a unit as the result of closure of an overseas installation at the request of the government of the host nation in the manner provided in the agreement between the United States and the host nation regarding the installation.
“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) COMBAT ZONE.—The term ‘combat zone’ has the meaning given that term in section 112(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“(2) GEOGRAPHIC COMBATANT COMMAND.—The term ‘geographic combatant command’ means a combatant command with a geographic area of responsibility that does not include North America.

“(3) UNIT.—The term ‘unit’ has the meaning determined by the Secretary of Defense for purposes of this section.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 162 the following new item:

“162a. Congressional notification before permanent relocation of military units stationed outside the United States.”.

(c) REPEAL OF SUPERCEDED NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Section 1063 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2469; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is repealed.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS
Subtitle A—Financial Matters
SEC. 1001. GENERAL TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER AUTHORIZATIONS.—
(1) AUTHORITY.—Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 2011 between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed $3,500,000,000.

(3) EXCEPTION FOR TRANSFERS BETWEEN MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS.—A transfer of funds between military personnel authorizations under title IV shall not be counted toward the dollar limitation in paragraph (2).

(b) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and
(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(e) Effect on Authorization Amounts.—A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this section shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(d) Notice to Congress.—The Secretary shall promptly notify Congress of each transfer made under subsection (a).

SEC. 1002. AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR OPERATIONS IN AFGHANISTAN, IRAQ, AND HAITI FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010.

In addition to the amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated by this division, the amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2010 in title XV of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84) are hereby increased, with respect to any such authorized amount, as follows:

(1) The amounts provided in sections 1502 through 1507 of such Act for the following procurement accounts are increased as follows:
(A) For aircraft procurement, Army, by $182,170,000.

(B) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles procurement, Army, by $3,000,000.

(C) For ammunition procurement, Army, by $17,055,000.

(D) For other procurement, Army, by $1,997,918,000.

(E) For the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Fund, by $400,000,000.

(F) For aircraft procurement, Navy, by $104,693,000.

(G) For other procurement, Navy, by $15,000,000.

(H) For procurement, Marine Corps, by $18,927,000.

(I) For aircraft procurement, Air Force, by $209,766,000.

(J) For ammunition procurement, Air Force, by $5,000,000.

(K) For other procurement, Air Force, by $576,895,000.

(L) For the Mine Resistant Ambush Protected Vehicle Fund, by $1,123,000,000.
(M) For defense-wide activities, by $189,276,000.

(2) The amounts provided in section 1508 of such Act for research, development, test, and evaluation are increased as follows:

(A) For the Army, by $61,962,000.
(B) For the Navy, by $5,360,000.
(C) For the Air Force, by $187,651,000.
(D) For defense-wide activities, by $22,138,000.

(3) The amounts provided in sections 1509, 1511, 1513, 1514, and 1515 of such Act for operation and maintenance are increased as follows:

(A) For the Army, by $11,700,965,000.
(B) For the Navy, by $2,428,702,000.
(C) For the Marine Corps, by $1,090,873,000.
(D) For the Air Force, by $3,845,047,000.
(E) For defense-wide activities, by $1,188,421,000.
(F) For the Army Reserve, by $67,399,000.
(G) For the Navy Reserve, by $61,842,000.
(H) For the Marine Corps Reserve, by $674,000.

(I) For the Air Force Reserve, by $95,819,000.

(J) For the Army National Guard, by $171,834,000.

(K) For the Air National Guard, by $161,281,000.

(L) For the Defense Health Program, by $33,367,000.

(M) For Drug Interdiction and Counterdrug Activities, Defense-wide, by $94,000,000.

(N) For the Afghanistan Security Forces Fund, by $2,604,000,000.

(O) For the Iraq Security Forces Fund, by $1,000,000,000.

(P) For Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster and Civic Aid, by $255,000,000.

(Q) For Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund, by $350,000,000.

(R) For Working Capital Funds, by $974,967,000.
The amount provided in section 1512 of such Act for military personnel accounts is increased by $1,895,761,000.

SEC. 1003. BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF THIS ACT.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled “Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation” for this Act, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives, as long as such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage of this Act.

Subtitle B—Counter-Drug Activities

SEC. 1011. UNIFIED COUNTER-DRUG AND COUNTERTERROISM CAMPAIGN IN COLOMBIA.


(1) in subsection (a), by striking “2010” and inserting “2011”; and
(2) in subsection (e), by striking “2010” and inserting “2011”.

SEC. 1012. JOINT TASK FORCES SUPPORT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES CONDUCTING COUNTERTERRORISM ACTIVITIES.


SEC. 1013. REPORTING REQUIREMENT ON EXPENDITURES TO SUPPORT FOREIGN COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES.


SEC. 1014. SUPPORT FOR COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES OF CERTAIN FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

(a) In General.—Subsection (a)(2) section 1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105–85; 111 Stat. 1881), as most recently amended by section 1014(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2442), is further amended by striking “2010” and inserting “2011”.

(b) Maximum Amount of Support.—Subsection (e)(2) of such section is amended by striking “fiscal years 2009 and 2010” and inserting “fiscal years 2010 and 2011”.

Subtitle C—Naval Vessels and Shipyards

SEC. 1021. REQUIREMENTS FOR LONG-RANGE PLAN FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) In General.—Section 231 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 231. Long-range plan for construction of naval vessels

“(a) Quadrennial Naval Vessel Construction Plan.—At the same time that the budget of the President is submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31 during each year in which the Secretary of Defense submits a quadrennial defense review, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit
to the congressional defense committees a long-range plan for the construction of combatant and support vessels for the Navy that supports the force structure recommendations of the quadrennial defense review.

“(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The plan under subsection (a) shall include the following:

“(1) A detailed construction schedule of naval vessels for the 10-year period beginning on the date on which the plan is submitted, including a certification by the Secretary that the budget for the fiscal year in which the plan is submitted and the budget for the future-years defense program submitted under section 221 of this title are sufficient for funding such schedule.

“(2) A probable construction schedule for the 10-year period beginning on the date that is 10 years after the date on which the plan is submitted.

“(3) A notional construction schedule for the 10-year period beginning on the date that is 20 years after the date on which the plan is submitted.

“(4) The estimated levels of annual funding necessary to carry out the construction schedules under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3).

“(5) For the construction schedules under paragraphs (1) and (2)—
“(A) a determination by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation of the level of funding necessary to execute such schedules; and

“(B) an evaluation by the Director of the potential risk associated with such schedules, including detailed effects on operational plans, missions, deployment schedules, and fulfillment of the requirements of the combatant commanders.

“(c) NAVAL COMPOSITION.—In submitting the plan under subsection (a), the Secretary shall ensure that such plan—

“(1) is in accordance with section 5062(b) of this title; and

“(2) phases the construction of new aircraft carriers during the periods covered by such plan in a manner that minimizes the total cost for procurement for such vessels.

“(d) ASSESSMENT WHEN BUDGET IS INSUFFICIENT.—If the budget for a fiscal year provides for funding of the construction of naval vessels at a level that is less than the level determined necessary by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation under subsection (b)(5), the Secretary of the Navy shall include with
the defense budget materials for that fiscal year an assess-
ment that describes and discusses the risks associated
with the budget, including the risk associated with a re-
duced force structure that may result from funding naval
vessel construction at such a level.

“(e) CBO Evaluation.—Not later than 60 days
after the date on which the congressional defense commit-
tees receive the plan under subsection (a), the Director
of the Congressional Budget Office shall submit to such
committees a report assessing the sufficiency of the con-
struction schedules and the estimated levels of annual
funding included in such plan with respect to the budget
submitted during the year in which the plan is submitted
and the future-years defense program submitted under
section 221 of this title.

“(f) Changes to the Construction Plan.—In
any year in which a quadrennial defense review is not sub-
mitted, the Secretary of the Navy may not modify the con-
struction schedules submitted in the plan under subsection
(a) unless—

“(1) the modification is an increase in planned
ship construction;

“(2) the modification is a realignment of less
than one year of construction start dates in the fu-
ture-years defense plan submitted under section 221
of this title and the Secretary submits to the con-
gressional defense committees a report on such
modification, including—

“(A) the reasons for realignment;

“(B) any increased cost that will be in-
curred by the Navy because of the realignment;

“(C) an assessment of the effects that the
realignment will have on the shipbuilding indus-
trial base, including the secondary supply base;

or

“(3) the modification is a decrease in the num-
ber or type of combatant and support vessels of the
Navy and the Secretary submits to the congressional
defense committees a report on such modification,
including—

“(A) an addendum to the most recent
quadrennial defense review that fully explains
and justifies the decrease with respect to the
national security strategy of the United States
as set forth in the most recent national security
strategy report of the President under section
108 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
U.S.C. 404a); and
“(B) a description of the additional reviews and analyses considered by the Secretary after the previous quadrennial defense review was submitted that justify the decrease.

“(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘budget’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the budget for that fiscal year that is submitted to Congress by the President under section 1105(a) of title 31.

“(2) The term ‘defense budget materials’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the materials submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense in support of the budget for that fiscal year.

“(3) The term ‘quadrennial defense review’ means the review of the defense programs and policies of the United States that is carried out every four years under section 118 of this title.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 9 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 231 and inserting the following new item:

“231. Long-range plan for construction of naval vessels.”.

SEC. 1022. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DECOMMISSIONING OF NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) NOTICE OF DECOMMISSIONING.—The Secretary of the Navy may not decommission any battle force vessel
of the active fleet of the Navy unless the Secretary pro-
vides to the congressional defense committees written noti-
fication of such decommissioning in accordance with estab-
lished procedures.

(b) CONTENT OF NOTIFICATION.—Any notification
provided under subsection (a) shall include each of the fol-
lowing:

(1) The reasons for the proposed decommissioning of the vessel.

(2) An analysis of the effect the decommissioning would be likely to have on the deployment
schedules of other vessels in the same class as the
vessel proposed to be decommissioned.

(3) A certification from the Chairman of the
Joint Chiefs of Staff that the decommissioning of
the vessel will not adversely affect the requirements
of the combatant commanders to fulfill missions crit-
ical to national security.

(4) Any budgetary implications associated with
retaining the vessel in commission, expressed for
each applicable appropriation account.

SEC. 1023. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SIZE OF THE NAVY

BATTLE FORCE FLEET.

(a) LIMITATION ON DECOMMISSIONING.—Until the
number of vessels in the battle force fleet of the Navy
reaches 313 vessels, the Secretary of the Navy shall not decommission, in fiscal year 2011 or any subsequent fiscal year, more than two-thirds of the number of vessels slated for commissioning into the battle force fleet for that fiscal year.

(b) TREATMENT OF SUBMARINES.—For purposes of subsection (a), submarines of the battle force fleet slated for decommissioning for any fiscal year shall not count against the number of vessels the Secretary of the Navy is required to maintain for that fiscal year.

SEC. 1024. RETENTION AND STATUS OF CERTAIN NAVAL VESSELS.

The Secretary of the Navy shall retain the vessels the U.S.S. Nassau (LHA 4) and the U.S.S. Peleliu (LHA 5), in a commissioned and operational status, until the delivery to the Navy of the vessels the U.S.S. America (LHA 6) and the vessel designated as LHA 7, respectively.

SEC. 1025. EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE NAMING OF A NAVAL COMBAT VESSEL AFTER FATHER VINCENT CAPODANNO.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Father Vincent Capodanno was born on February 13, 1929, in Staten Island, New York.
(2) After attending Fordham University for a year, he entered the Maryknoll Missionary Seminary in upstate New York in 1949, and was ordained a Catholic priest in June 1957.

(3) Father Capodanno’s first assignment as a missionary was working with aboriginal Taiwanese people in the mountains of Taiwan where he served in a parish and later in a school. After several years, Father Capodanno returned to the United States for leave and then was assigned to a Maryknoll school in Hong Kong.

(4) Father Vincent Capodanno volunteered as a Navy Chaplain and was commissioned a Lieutenant in the Chaplain Corps of the United States Naval Reserve in December 28, 1965.

(5) Father Vincent Capodanno selflessly extended his combat tour in Vietnam on the condition he was allowed to remain with the infantry.

(6) On September 4, 1967, during a fierce battle in the Thang Binh District of the Que-Son Valley in Vietnam, Father Capodanno went among the wounded and dying, giving last rites and caring for the injured. He was killed that day while taking care of his Marines.
(7) On January 7, 1969, Father Vincent Capodanno was awarded the Medal of Honor posthumously for comforting the wounded and dying during the Vietnam conflict. For his dedicated service, Father Capodanno was also awarded the Bronze Star, the Purple Heart, the Presidential Unit Citation, the National Defense Service Medal, the Vietnam Service Medal, the Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm, and the Vietnam Campaign Medal.

(8) In his memory, the U.S.S. Capodanno was commissioned on September 17, 1973. It is the only Naval vessel to date to have received a Papal blessing by Pope John Paul II in Naples, Italy, on September 4, 1981.

(9) The U.S.S. Capodanno was decommissioned on July 30, 1993.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should name a combat vessel of the United States Navy the “U.S.S. Father Vincent Capodanno”, in honor of Father Vincent Capodanno, a lieutenant in the Navy Chaplain Corps.
Subtitle D—Counterterrorism

SEC. 1031. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITY FOR MAKING REWARDS FOR COMBATING TERRORISM.

Section 127b(c)(3)(C) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “2010” and inserting “2011”.

SEC. 1032. PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF FUNDS FOR THE TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED AT UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be used to transfer, release, or assist in the transfer or release to or within the United States, its territories, or possessions of Khalid Sheikh Mohammed or any other detainee who—

(1) is not a United States citizen or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States; and

(2) is or was held on or after January 20, 2009, at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, by the Department of Defense.
SEC. 1033. CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO
THE TRANSFER OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED
AT NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY,
CUBA, TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND OTHER
FOREIGN ENTITIES.

(a) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Defense may not
use any of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by
this Act or otherwise available to the Department of De-
fense to transfer any individual detained at Guantanamo
to the custody or effective control of the individual’s coun-
try of origin, to any other foreign country, or to any other
foreign entity unless the Secretary submits to Congress
the certification described in subsection (b) by not later
than 30 days before the transfer of the individual.

(b) CERTIFICATION.—The certification described in
this subsection is a written certification made by the Sec-
retary of Defense, with concurrence of the Secretary of
State, that the government of the foreign country or the
recognized leadership of the foreign entity to which the
individual detained at Guantanamo is to be transferred—
(1) is not a designated state sponsor of ter-
rorism or a designated foreign terrorist organization;
(2) maintains effective control over each deten-
tion facility in which an individual is to be detained
if the individual is to be housed in a detention facil-
ity;
(3) is not, as of the date of the certification, facing a threat that is likely to substantially affect its ability to exercise control over the individual;

(4) has agreed to take effective steps to ensure that the individual cannot take action to threaten the United States, its citizens, or its allies in the future;

(5) has taken such steps as the Secretary determines are necessary to ensure that the individual cannot engage or re-engage in any terrorist activity; and

(6) has agreed to share any information with the United States that—

(A) is related to the individual or any associates of the individual; and

(B) could affect the security of the United States, its citizens, or its allies.

(c) Prohibition and Waiver in Cases of Prior Confirmed Recidivism.—

(1) Prohibition.—The Secretary of Defense may not use any amount authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Defense to transfer any individual detained at Guantanamo to the custody of the individual’s country of origin, to any other foreign country, or to
any other foreign entity if there is a confirmed case of any individual who was detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, at any time after September 11, 2001, who was transferred to the foreign country or entity and subsequently engaged in any terrorist activity.

(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition in paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that such a transfer is in the national security interests of the United States and includes, as part of the certification described in subsection (b) relating to such transfer, the determination of the Secretary under this paragraph.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section:

(1) The term “individual detained at Guantanamo” means any individual who is located at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, as of October 1, 2009, who—

(A) is not a citizen of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States; and

(B) is—

(i) in the custody or under the effective control of the Department of Defense; or
(ii) otherwise under detention at
United States Naval Station, Guantanamo
Bay, Cuba.

(2) The term “foreign terrorist organization”
means any organization so designated by the Secre-
try of State under section 219 of the Immigra-

SEC. 1034. PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF FUNDS TO MOD-
IFY OR CONSTRUCT FACILITIES IN THE
UNITED STATES TO HOUSE DETAINEES
TRANSFERRED FROM UNITED STATES NAVAL
STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

(a) In General.—None of the funds authorized to
be appropriated by this Act may be used to construct or
modify any facility in the United States, its territories,
or possessions to house any individual described in sub-
section (c) for the purposes of detention or imprisonment
in the custody or under the effective control of the Depart-
ment of Defense.

(b) Exception.—The prohibition in subsection (a)
shall not apply to any modification of facilities at United
States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

(c) Individuals Described.—An individual de-
scribed in this subsection is any individual who, as of Oc-
October 1, 2009, is located at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, and who—

(1) is not a citizen of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States; and

(2) is—

(A) in the custody or under the effective control of the Department of Defense; or

(B) otherwise under detention at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

(d) REPORT ON USE OF FACILITIES IN THE UNITED STATES TO HOUSE DETAINES TRANSFERRED FROM GUANTANAMO.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than April 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report, in classified or unclassified form, on the merits, costs, and risks of using any proposed facility in the United States, its territories, or possessions to house any individual described in subsection (c) for the purposes of detention or imprisonment in the custody or under the effective control of the Department of Defense.
(2) **Elements of the report.**—The report required in paragraph (1) shall include each of the following:

(A) A discussion of the merits associated with any such proposed facility that would justify—

(i) using the facility instead of the facility at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; and

(ii) the proposed facility’s contribution to effecting a comprehensive policy for continuing military detention operations.

(B) The rationale for selecting the specific site for any such proposed facility, including details for the processes and criteria used for identifying the merits described in subparagraph (A) and for selecting the proposed site over reasonable alternative sites.

(C) A discussion of any potential risks to any community in the vicinity of any such proposed facility, the measures that could be taken to mitigate such risks, and the likely cost to the Department of Defense of implementing such measures.
(D) A discussion of any necessary modifi-
cations to any such proposed facility to ensure
that any detainee transferred from Guantanamo
Bay to such facility could not come into contact
with any other individual, including any other
person detained at such facility, that is not ap-
proved for such contact by the Department of
Defense, and an assessment of the likely costs
of such modifications.

(E) A discussion of any support at the site
of any such proposed facility that would likely
be provided by the Department of Defense, in-
cluding the types of support, the number of per-
sonnel required for each such type, and an esti-
mate of the cost of such support.

(F) A discussion of any support, other
than support provided at a proposed facility,
that would likely be provided by the Depart-
ment of Defense for the operation of any such
proposed facility, including the types of possible
support, the number of personnel required for
each such type, and an estimate of the cost of
such support.

(G) A discussion of the legal issues, in the
judgment of the Secretary of Defense, that
could be raised as a result of detaining or im-
prisoning any individual described in subsection
c(e) at any such proposed facility that could not
be raised while such individual is detained or
imprisoned at United States Naval Station,
Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

SEC. 1035. COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF FORCE PROTEC-
TION POLICIES.

(a) COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Sec-
retary of Defense shall conduct a comprehensive review
of Department of Defense policies, regulations, instruc-
tions, and directives pertaining to force protection within
the Department.

(b) MATTERS COVERED.—The review required under
subsection (a) shall include an assessment of each of the
following:

(1) Information sharing practices across the
Department of Defense, and among the State, local,
and Federal partners of the Department of Defense.

(2) Antiterrorism and force protection stand-
ards relating to standoff distances for buildings.

(3) Protective standards relating to chemical,
biological, radiological, nuclear, and high explosives
threats.
(4) Standards relating to access to Department bases.

(5) Standards for identity management within the Department, including such standards for identity cards and biometric identifications systems.

(6) Procedures for validating and approving individuals with regular or episodic access to military installations, including military personnel, civilian employees, contractors, family members of personnel, and other types of visitors.

(7) Procedures for sharing with appropriate Department of Defense officials—

(A) information from the intelligence or law enforcement community regarding possible contacts with terrorists or terrorist groups, criminal organizations, or other state and non-state foreign entities actively working to undermine the security interests of the United States; and

(B) personnel records or other derogatory information regarding potentially suspicious activities.

(8) Any legislative changes recommended for implementing the recommendations contained in the review.
(c) **INTERIM REPORT.**—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit an interim report on the comprehensive report required under subsection (a).

(d) **FINAL REPORT.**—Not later than June 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a final report on the comprehensive review required under subsection (a). The final report shall include such findings and recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate based on the review, including recommended actions to be taken to implement the specific recommendations in the final report. The final report shall be submitted in an unclassified format, but may include a classified annex.

**SEC. 1036. FORT HOOD FOLLOW-ON REVIEW IMPLEMENTATION FUND.**

(a) **Establishment of Fund.**—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 301(5), the Secretary of Defense shall deposit $100,000,000 into a fund to be known as the “Fort Hood Follow-on Review Implementation Fund”. Amounts deposited in the Fund shall be available to the Secretary to address the recommendations contained in the review known as the “Fort Hood Follow-on Review”.
(b) Transfer Authority.—

(1) Transfers Authorized.—Amounts in the Fort Hood Follow-on Review Implementation Fund may be transferred to any of the following accounts and funds of the Department of Defense for the purpose of addressing any of the recommendations contained the Fort Hood Follow-on Review:

(A) Military personnel accounts.

(B) Operation and maintenance accounts.

(C) Procurement accounts.

(D) Research, development, test, and evaluation accounts.

(E) Defense working capital funds.

(F) Defense Health Program accounts.

(2) Additional Transfer Authority.—The transfer authority provided by paragraph (1) is in addition to any other transfer authority available to the Department of Defense.

(3) Transfers Back to the Fund.—Upon the Secretary’s determination that all or part of the funds transferred from the Fort Hood Follow-on Review Implementation Fund under paragraph (1) are not necessary for the purpose for which such funds were transferred, such funds may be transferred back to the Fund.
(4) Prior notice to congressional committees.—

(A) Obligations.—No amount may be obligated from the Fort Hood Follow-on Review Implementation Fund until 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees, in writing, of the details of the proposed obligation.

(B) Transfers.—No amount may be transferred under paragraph (1) until 45 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees, in writing, of the details of the proposed transfer.

(5) Effect on authorization amounts.—A transfer to any account under paragraph (1) shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized to be appropriated for such account for fiscal year 2011 by an amount equal to the amount so transferred.

(c) Quarterly obligation and expenditure reports.—Not later than 15 days after the end of each fiscal quarter of fiscal year 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the Fort Hood Follow-on Review Implementation Fund. Such reports shall include explanations of the
monthly commitments, obligations, and expenditures of
such Fund, expressed by line of action, for the fiscal quar-
ter covered by the report.

SEC. 1037. INSPECTOR GENERAL INVESTIGATION OF THE
CONDUCT AND PRACTICES OF LAWYERS REP-
RESENTING INDIVIDUALS DETAINED AT
NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the De-
partment of Defense shall conduct an investigation of the
conduct and practices of lawyers described in subsection
(b). In conducting such investigation, the Inspector Gen-
eral shall—

(1) identify any conduct or practice of such a
lawyer that has—

(A) interfered with the operations of the
Department of Defense at Naval Station, Guan-
tanamo Bay, Cuba, relating to individuals de-
scribed in subsection (c);

(B) violated any applicable policy of the
Department;

(C) violated any law of the United States;
or

(D) generated any material risk to a mem-
ber of the Armed Forces of the United States;
(2) identify any actions taken by the Department to address any conduct or practice identified in paragraph (1); and

(3) determine whether any such conduct or practice undermines the operations of the Department relating to such individuals.

(b) LAWYERS DESCRIBED.—The lawyers described in this subsection are military and non-military lawyers—

(1) who represent individuals described in subsection (c) in proceedings relating to petitions for habeas corpus or in military commissions; and

(2) for whom there is reasonable suspicion that they have engaged in conduct or practices described in subsection (a)(1).

(c) INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED.—An individual described in this subsection is any individual who is located, or who has been located at any time on or after September 11, 2001, at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, and who—

(1) is not a citizen of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States; and

(2) is or was—

(A) in the custody or under the effective control of the Department of Defense; or
(B) otherwise under detention at the
United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay,
Cuba.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
of the completion of an investigation under subsection (a),
the Inspector General shall submit to the Committees on
Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representa-
tives a report describing the results of such investigation.

(e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
tion shall be construed as authorizing the public disclosure
of information that is—

(1) specifically prohibited from disclosure by
any other provision of law;

(2) specifically required by Executive order to
be protected from disclosure in the interest of na-
tional defense or national security; or

(3) a part of an ongoing criminal investigation.

SEC. 1038. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO GIVE MI-
RANDA WARNINGS TO AL QAEDA TERROR-
ISTS.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated in
this Act or otherwise made available to the Department
of Defense shall be used in violation of section 1040 of
the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
Subtitle E—Studies and Reports

SEC. 1041. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AEROSPACE-RELATED MISHAP SAFETY INVESTIGATION REPORTS.

(a) Provision of briefings.—Not later than 30 days after the submittal of a written request by the chairman and ranking member of any of the congressional defense committees, the Secretary of a military department shall provide to that committee a briefing on the privileged findings, causal factors, and recommendations contained in a specific Department of Defense aerospace-related mishap safety investigation report.

(b) Briefing attendance.—A briefing provided under subsection (a) may be attended only by the following individuals:

(1) The chairman of the congressional defense committee for which the briefing is provided.

(2) The ranking member of that committee.

(3) The chairmen and ranking members of any subcommittees of that committee that the committee chairman and ranking member jointly designate as having jurisdiction over information contained in the briefing.
(4) Not more than four professional staff members designated jointly by the chairman and ranking member of the committee.

(e) Availability of Reports.—During a briefing provided under subsection (a), two copies of the privileged version of the mishap safety investigation report that is the subject of the briefing shall be made available for review by each of the individuals who attend the briefing pursuant to subsection (b). Each copy of the report shall be returned to the Department of Defense at the conclusion of the briefing.

(d) Department of Defense Aerospace-related Mishap Reporting Requirement.—The chairperson who is appointed by the Secretary of a military department for the purpose of conducting an aerospace-related mishap safety board investigation, shall include as an addendum in the privileged safety report a discussion—

(1) comparing and contrasting all of the findings, causal factors, and recommendations contained in the non-privileged, publicly-released version of the aerospace-related mishap investigation report;

(2) describing how such findings, causal factors, and recommendations differ from the findings, causal factors, and recommendations contained in the privileged version of the safety report; and
(3) the rationale that justifies any such differences.

SEC. 1042. INTERAGENCY NATIONAL SECURITY KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS.

(a) Study Required.—

(1) Selection of Independent Study Organization.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall select and enter into an agreement with an appropriate independent, nonprofit organization to conduct a study of the matters described in subsection (b).

(2) Qualifications of Organization Selected.—The organization selected shall be qualified on the basis of having performed related prior work in the fields of national security and human capital development, and on the basis of such other criteria as the Secretary of Defense may determine.

(b) Matters to Be Covered.—The study required by subsection (a) shall assess the current state of inter-agency national security knowledge and skills in Department of Defense civilian and military personnel, and make recommendations for strengthening such knowledge and skills. At minimum, the study shall include assessments and recommendations on—
(1) interagency national security training, education, and rotational assignment opportunities available to civilians and military personnel;

(2) integration of interagency national security education into the professional military education system;

(3) level of interagency national security knowledge and skills possessed by personnel currently serving in civilian executive and general or flag officer positions, as represented by the interagency education, training, and professional experiences they have undertaken;

(4) incentives that enable and encourage military and civilian personnel to undertake interagency assignment, education, and training opportunities, as well as disincentives and obstacles that discourage undertaking such opportunities; and

(5) any plans or current efforts to improve the interagency national security knowledge and skills of civilian and military personnel.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than December 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the findings and recommendations from the study required by subsection (a).
(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “inter-agency national security knowledge and skills” means an understanding of, and the ability to efficiently and expeditiously work within, the structures, mechanisms, and processes by which the departments, agencies, and elements of the Federal Government that have national security missions coordinate and integrate their policies, capabilities, budgets, expertise, and activities to accomplish such missions.

SEC. 1043. REPORT ON ESTABLISHING A NORTHEAST REGIONAL JOINT TRAINING CENTER.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the need for the establishment of a Northeast Regional Joint Training Center.

(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

(1) A list of facilities in the Northeastern United States at which, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, the Department of Defense has deployed or has committed to deploying a joint training experimentation network.

(2) The extent to which such facilities have sufficient unused capacity and expertise to accommo-
date and fully utilize a permanent joint training experimentation node.

(3) A list of potential locations for the regional center discussed in the report.

(c) Considerations With Respect to Location.—In determining potential locations for the regional center of excellence to be discussed in the report required under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall take into consideration Department of Defense facilities that have—

(1) a workforce of skilled personnel;

(2) live, virtual, and constructive training capabilities, and the ability to digitally connect them and the associated battle command structure at the tactical and operational levels;

(3) an extensive deployment history in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom;

(4) a location in the Northeastern United States;

(5) an existing and permanent joint training and experimentation network node;

(6) the capacity or potential capacity to accommodate a target training audience of up to 4000 additional personnel; and
(7) the capability to accommodate the training
of current and future Army and Air Force un-
manned aircraft systems.

SEC. 1044. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON PRE-
VIOUSLY REQUESTED REPORTS.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than March 1,
2011, the Comptroller General of the United States shall
submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate
and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of
Representatives a report evaluating the sufficiency, ade-
quacy, and conclusions of following reports:

(1) The report on Air Force fighter force short-
falls, as required by the report of the House of Rep-
resentatives numbered 111–166, which accompanied
the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84).

(2) The report on procurement of 4.5 genera-
tion fighters, as required by section 131 of the Na-
tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2218).

(3) The report on combat air forces restruc-
turing, as required by the report of the House of
Representatives numbered 111–288, which accom-
panied the conference report for the National De-

(b) Matters Covered by Report.—The report required by subsection (a) shall examine the potential costs and benefits of each of the following:

(1) The service life extension program costs to sustain the legacy fighter fleet to meet inventory requirements with an emphasis on the service life extension program compared to other options such as procurement of 4.5 generation fighters.

(2) The Falcon Structural Augmentation Roadmap of F–16s, with emphasis on the cost-benefit of such effort and the effect of such efforts on the service life of the airframes.

(3) Any additional programs designed to extend the service life of legacy fighter aircraft.

(c) Prohibition.—No fighter aircraft may be retired from the Air Force or the Air National Guard inventory in fiscal year 2011 until 180 days after the receipt by the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives of the report required under subsection (a).

SEC. 1045. REPORT ON NUCLEAR TRIAD.

(a) Report.—Not later than March 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Adminis-
tractor for Nuclear Security, shall submit to the congres-
sional defense committees a report on the nuclear triad.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report under sub-
section (a) shall include the following:

(1) A detailed discussion of the modernization
and sustainment plans for each component of the
nuclear triad over the 20-year period beginning on
the date of the report.

(2) The funding required for each platform of
the nuclear triad with respect to operations and
maintenance, modernization, and replacement.

(3) Any industrial capacities that the Secretary
considers vital to ensure the viability of the nuclear
triad.

(c) NUCLEAR TRIAD DEFINED.—In this section, the
term “nuclear triad” means the nuclear deterrent capabili-
ties of the United States composed of ballistic missile sub-
marines, land-based missiles, and strategic bombers.

SEC. 1046. CYBERSECURITY STUDY AND REPORT.

(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) cybersecurity is one of the most serious na-
tional security challenges facing the United States; and
(2) it is critical that the Department of Defense develop technological solutions that ensure the security and freedom of action of the Department while operating in the cyber domain.

(b) STUDY.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study assessing—

(1) the current use of, and potential applications of, modeling and simulation tools to identify likely cybersecurity methodologies and vulnerabilities within the Department of Defense.

(2) the application of modeling and simulation technology to develop strategies and programs to deter hostile or malicious activity intended to compromise Department of Defense information systems.

(e) REPORT.—Not later than January 1, 2012, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (b), including recommendations on possible options for increasing the use of simulation tools to further strengthen the cybersecurity environment of the Department of Defense.
(d) FORM.—The report required under subsection (c) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 1047. STUDY ON COMMON ALIGNMENT OF WORLD REGIONS IN DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES WITH INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.

(a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The President shall commission a study to assess the need for and implications of a common alignment of world regions in the internal organization of departments and agencies of the Federal Government with international responsibilities.

(b) PARTICIPATING DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—The following departments and agencies, at a minimum, shall participate in the study:

(1) The Department of Defense, including the combatant commands.
(2) The Department of State.
(3) The United States Agency for International Development.
(4) The Department of Justice.
(5) The Department of Commerce.
(6) The Department of the Treasury.
(7) The intelligence community.
(8) Such other departments and agencies as the President considers appropriate.
(c) Cooperation and Access.—The heads of the departments and agencies participating in the study shall provide full cooperation with, and access to appropriate information to, the team carrying out the study.

(d) Matters Covered.—The study required under subsection (a) shall, at a minimum, assess—

(1) the problems resulting from different geographic boundaries within the various departments and agencies;

(2) potential obstacles to implementing a common alignment;

(3) the advantages and disadvantages of a common alignment; and

(4) impediments to interagency coordination because of differing regional authority levels.

(e) Report.—The President shall submit to Congress a report on the study required under subsection (a) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1048. REQUIRED REPORTS CONCERNING BOMBER MODERNIZATION, SUSTAINMENT, AND RECAPITALIZATION EFFORTS IN SUPPORT OF THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STRATEGY.

(a) Air Force Report.—
(1) Report required.—Not later than 360 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Director of the Congressional Budget Office, and the Comptroller General of the United States a report that includes—

(A) a discussion of the cost, schedule, and performance of all currently planned efforts to modernize and keep viable the existing B–1, B–2, and B–52 bomber fleets and a discussion of the forecasted service-life and all sustainment challenges that the Secretary of the Air Force may confront in keeping those platforms viable until the retirement of such aircraft;

(B) a discussion, presented in a comparison and contrast type format, of the scope of the 2007 Next-Generation Long Range Strike Analysis of Alternatives guidance and subsequent Analysis of Alternatives report tasked by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics in the September 11, 2006, Acquisition Decision Memorandum, as compared to the scope and directed guidance of the year 2010 Long Range Strike Study effort.
currently being conducted by the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Office of the Secretary of Defense’s Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation Office;

(C) a discussion of an objectivity and sufficiency review of the final report issued subsequent to the 2010 Long Range Strike study effort currently being conducted by the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Office of the Secretary of Defense’s Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation Office;

(D) a discussion of the progress of efforts to field a next generation long-range strike platform, including a review of—

(i) the next generation long-range strike requirements development and validation;

(ii) the threshold and objective key performance parameters;

(iii) the acquisition strategy, the acquisition oversight strategy, projected lifecycle costs, the cost-risk analysis, the technology readiness levels of planned capabilities; and
(iv) the development, testing, production and fielding timelines;

(E) a discussion of the costs, development, testing, fielding and operational employment challenges, capability gaps, limitations and shortfalls of the Secretary of Defense’s plan to field a long-range, penetrating, survivable, persistent and enduring “family of systems” as compared to the development, testing, fielding and operational employment of a singular platform that encompasses all the required aforementioned characteristics; and

(F) a discussion of the planning efforts for developing and fielding a transformational long-range strike capability in the 2035 timeframe.

(2) PREPARATION OF REPORT.—The report under paragraph (1) shall be prepared by the Institute for Defense Analyses and submitted to the Secretary of the Air Force for submittal by the Secretary in accordance with that paragraph.

(b) COST ANALYSIS AND PROGRAM EVALUATION REPORT.—The Director of the Cost Analysis and Program Evaluation of the Office of the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Director of the Congressional Budget Office, and the Comp-
troller General of the United States a report that in-
cludes—

(1) the assumptions and estimated life-cycle
costs of the Department’s long-range, penetrating,
survivable, persistent, and enduring “family of sys-
tems” platforms; and

(2) the assumptions and estimated life-cycle
costs of the Next Generation Platform program, as
planned and approved by the Secretary of Defense,
prior to the cancellation of the program on April 6,
2009.

(c) CBO REPORT.—Not later than 360 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Congressional Budg-
et Office shall submit to the congressional defense commit-
tees and to the Comptroller General of the United States
a report that includes—

(1) a life-cycle-cost analysis of the costs of mod-
ernizing and sustaining the current fleet of B–1, B–
2 and B–52 bombers to meet future long-range
strike requirements compared to the costs of devel-
opment, testing, fielding, and operational employ-
ment of a singular Next Generation Bomber plat-
form to replace the existing fleet of B–1, B–2 and
B–52 platforms;
(2) a life-cycle-cost analysis of the costs of the Secretary of Defense’s plan to field a long-range, penetrating, survivable, persistent, and enduring “family of systems” compared to the costs of developing, testing, fielding and operational employment of a singular Next Generation Bomber platform;

(3) a life-cycle-cost analysis of the costs the Secretary of Defense’s plan to field a long-range, penetrating, survivable, persistent and enduring “family of systems” compared to the costs of modernizing and sustaining the current fleet of B–1, B–2 and B–52 bombers to meet future long-range strike requirements; and

(4) the results of an objectivity and sufficiency review of the cost analysis described in subsection (b)(1).

(d) ACCESS TO PROGRAMMATIC INFORMATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Air Force shall provide prompt access to programmatic information requested by agency personnel for the purpose of producing a report required under this section, including any and all classified information pertaining to the Department’s “family of systems” programs.
(2) Prompt access defined.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term “prompt access” means access provided not later than 15 business days after receiving a request.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

Sec. 1051. National Defense Panel.

Subsection (f) of section 118 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(f) National Defense Panel.—

“(1) Establishment.—Not later than February 1 of a year in which a quadrennial defense review is conducted under this section, there shall be established a bipartisan, independent panel to be known as the National Defense Panel (in this section referred to as the ‘Panel’). The Panel shall have the duties set forth in this subsection.

“(2) Membership.—The Panel shall be composed of ten members who are recognized experts in matters relating to the national security of the United States. Eight of the members shall be appointed as follows:

“(A) Two by the chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
“(B) Two by the chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.

“(C) Two by the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

“(D) Two by the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.

“(3) Co-chairs of the panel.—In addition to the members appointed under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense shall appoint two members, one from each of the major political parties, to serve as co-chairs of the panel.

“(4) Period of appointment; vacancies.—Members shall be appointed for the life of the Panel. Any vacancy in the Panel shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

“(5) Duties.—The Panel shall have the following duties with respect to a quadrennial defense review:

“(A) Not later than March 1 of a year in which the review is conducted, the Panel shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report that sets the parameters and provide guidance to the Secretary on the conduct of the review. The report of the Panel under this subpara-
graph shall, at a minimum, include such guid-
ance as is necessary to ensure that the review
is conducted in a manner that provides for ade-
quately addressing all elements listed in sub-
section (d).

“(B) While the review is being conducted,
the Panel shall review the updates from the
Secretary of Defense required under paragraph
(8) on the conduct of the review.

“(C) The Panel shall—

“(i) review the Secretary of Defense’s
terms of reference and any other materials
providing the basis for, or substantial in-
puts to, the work of the Department of
Defense on the quadrennial defense review;

“(ii) conduct an assessment of the as-
sumptions, strategy, findings, and risks of
the report on the quadrennial defense re-
view required in subsection (d), with par-
ticular attention paid to the risks described
in that report;

“(iii) conduct an independent assess-
ment of a variety of possible force struc-
tures of the armed forces, including the
force structure identified in the report on
the quadrennial defense review required in subsection (d);

“(iv) review the resource requirements identified pursuant to subsection (b)(3) and, to the extent practicable, make a general comparison to the resource requirements to support the forces contemplated under the force structures assessed under subparagraph (C); and

“(v) provide to Congress and the Secretary of Defense, through the report under paragraph (7), any recommendations it considers appropriate for their consideration.

“(6) FIRST MEETING.—If the Secretary of Defense has not made the Secretary’s appointments to the Panel under paragraph (3) by February 1 of a year in which a quadrennial defense review is conducted under this section, the Panel shall convene for its first meeting with the remaining members.

“(7) REPORT.—Not later than 3 months after the date on which the report on a quadrennial defense review is submitted under subsection (d) to the congressional committees named in that subsection, the Panel established under paragraph (1) shall sub-
mit to those committees an assessment of the quadrennial defense review, including a description of the items addressed under paragraph (5) with respect to that quadrennial defense review.

"(8) Updates from Secretary of Defense.—The Secretary of Defense shall periodically, but not less often than every 30 days, brief the Panel on the progress of the conduct of a quadrennial defense review under subsection (a).

"(9) Administrative provisions.—

“(A) The Panel may secure directly from the Department of Defense and any of its components such information as the Panel considers necessary to carry out its duties under this subsection. The head of the department or agency concerned shall ensure that information requested by the Panel under this paragraph is promptly provided.

“(B) Upon the request of the co-chairs of the Panel, the Secretary of Defense shall make available to the Panel the services of any federally funded research and development center that is covered by a sponsoring agreement of the Department of Defense.
“(C) The Panel shall have the authorities provided in section 3161 of title 5, United States Code, and shall be subject to the conditions set forth in such section.

“(D) Funds for activities of the Panel shall be provided from amounts available to the Department of Defense.

“(10) Termination.—The Panel for a quadrennial defense review shall terminate 45 days after the date on which the Panel submits its final report on the quadrennial defense review under paragraph (7).”.

SEC. 1052. QUADRENNIAL DEFENSE REVIEW.

(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the quadrennial defense review is a critical strategic document and should be based upon a process unconstrained by budgetary influences so that such influences do not determine or limit its outcome.

(b) Relationship of Quadrennial Defense Review to Defense Budget.—Paragraph (4) of section 118(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(4) to make recommendations that will not be influenced, constrained, or informed by the budget
submitted to Congress by the President pursuant to
section 1105 of title 31.”.

SEC. 1053. SALE OF SURPLUS MILITARY EQUIPMENT TO
STATE AND LOCAL HOMELAND SECURITY
AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCIES.

(a) STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES TO WHICH SALES
MAY BE MADE.—Section 2576 of title 10, United States
Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “local law enforcement and
firefighting” and inserting “local law enforce-
ment, firefighting, homeland security, and
emergency management”; and

(B) by striking “carrying out law enforce-
ment and firefighting activities” and inserting
“carrying out law enforcement, firefighting,
homeland security, and emergency management
activities”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “law enforce-
ment or firefighting” both places it appears and in-
serting “law enforcement, firefighting, homeland se-
curity, or emergency management”.

(b) TYPES OF EQUIPMENT THAT MAY BE SOLD.—

Subsection (a) of such section, as amended by subsection
(a) of this section, is further amended by striking “and
protective body armor” and inserting “personal protective equipment, and other appropriate equipment”.

(c) **Clerical Amendments.**—

(1) **Section heading.**—The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

“§ 2576. **Surplus military equipment: sale to State and local law enforcement, firefighting, homeland security, and emergency management agencies**”.

(2) **Table of sections.**—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 153 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“2576. Surplus military equipment: sale to State and local law enforcement, firefighting, homeland security, and emergency management agencies.”.

SEC. 1054. **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RAPID INNOVATION PROGRAM.**

(a) **Program Established.**—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program to accelerate the fielding of innovative technologies developed using Department of Defense research funding and the commercialization of such technologies. Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue guidelines for the operation of the program, including—
(1) criteria for an application for funding by a military department, defense agency, or the unified combatant command for special operations forces;

(2) the purposes for which such a department, agency, or command may apply for funds and appropriate requirements for technology development or commercialization to be supported using program funds;

(3) the priorities, if any, to be provided to field or commercialize technologies developed by certain types of Department of Defense research funding; and

(4) criteria for evaluation of an application for funding by a department, agency, or command.

(b) APPLICATIONS FOR FUNDING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Under the program, the Secretary shall, not less often than annually, solicit from the heads of the military departments, the defense agencies, and the unified combatant command for special operations forces applications for funding to be used to enter into contracts, cooperative agreements, or other transaction agreements entered into pursuant to section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160; 107 Stat. 1721; 10 U.S.C. 2371 note)
with appropriate entities for the fielding or commercialization of technologies.

(2) Treatment pursuant to certain congressional rules.—Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to require any official of the Department of Defense to provide funding under this section to any earmark as defined pursuant to House Rule XXI, clause 9, or any congressionally directed spending item as defined pursuant to Senate Rule XLIV, paragraph 5.

(c) Funding.—Subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for research, development, test, and evaluation, defense-wide for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2015, not more than $500,000,000 may be used for any such fiscal year for the program established under subsection (a).

(d) Transfer authority.—The Secretary may transfer funds available for the program to the research, development, test, and evaluation accounts of a military department, defense agency, or the unified combatant command for special operations forces pursuant to an application, or any part of an application, that the Secretary determines would support the purposes of the program. The transfer authority provided in this subsection is in
addition to any other transfer authority available to the Department of Defense.

(c) DELEGATION OF MANAGEMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary may delegate the management and operation of the program established under subsection (a) to the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

(f) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the last day of a fiscal year during which the Secretary carries out a program under this section, the Secretary shall submit a report to the congressional defense committees providing a detailed description of the operation of the program during such fiscal year.

(g) TERMINATION.—The authority to carry out a program under this section shall terminate on September 30, 2015. Any amounts made available for the program that remain available for obligation on the date the program terminates may be transferred under subsection (d) during the 180-day period beginning on the date of the termination of the program.

SEC. 1055. TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Subsection (l)(2)(B) of section 8344 of title 5, United States Code, as added by section 1122(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–
(b) Title 10, United States Code.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 127d(d)(1) is amended by striking “Committee on International Relations” and inserting “Committee on Foreign Affairs”.

(2) Section 132 is amended—

(A) by redesignating subsection (d), as added by section 2831(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2669), as subsection (e); and

(B) in such subsection, by striking “Guam Executive Council” and inserting “Guam Oversight Council”.

(3)(A) Section 382 is amended by striking “section 175 or 2332e” in subsections (a), (b)(2)(C), and (d)(2)(A)(ii) and inserting “section 175, 229, or 2332a”.

(B) The heading of such section is amended by striking “chemical or biological”.

(C) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 18 is amended by striking the item relating to section 382 and inserting the following new item:

“382. Emergency situations involving weapons of mass destruction.”.
(4) Section 1175a(j)(3) is amended by striking “title 10” and inserting “this title”.

(5) Section 1781b(d) is amended by striking “March 1, 2008, and each year thereafter” and inserting “March 1 each year”.

(6) Section 1781c(h)(1) is amended by striking “180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010, and annually thereafter” and inserting “April 30 each year”.

(7) Section 2130a(b)(1) is amended by striking “Training Program” both places it appears and inserting “Training Corps program”.

(8) Section 2222(a) is amended by striking “Effective October 1, 2005, funds” and inserting “Funds”.

(9) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 134, as amended by section 1031(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2448), is amended by transferring the item relating to section 2241a from the end of the table of sections to appear after the item relating to section 2241.
(10) Section 2362(e)(1) is amended by striking “IV” and inserting “V”.

(11) Section 2533a(d) is amended in paragraphs (1) and (4) by striking “(b)(1)(A), (b)(2), or (b)(3)” and inserting “(b)(1)(A) or (b)(2)”.

(12) Section 2642(a)(3) is amended by striking “During the five-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010” and inserting “During the period beginning on October 28, 2009, and ending on October 28, 2014”.

(13) Section 2667(e)(1)(A)(ii) is amended by striking “sections 2668 and 2669” and inserting “section 2668”.

(14) Section 2684a(g)(1) is amended by striking “March 1, 2007, and annually thereafter” and inserting “March 1 each year”.

(15) Section 2687a(a) is amended by striking “31for” and inserting “31 for”.

(16) Section 2922d is amended by striking “1 or more” each place it appears and inserting “one or more”.

(17) Section 10216 is amended by striking “section 115(c)” in subsections (b)(1), (c)(1), and (c)(2)(A) and inserting “section 115(d)”.

(18) Section 10217(c)(1) is amended—
(A) by striking “Effective October 1, 2007, the” and inserting “The”; and
(B) by striking “after the preceding sentence takes effect”.

(19) Section 12203(a) is amended by striking “above” in the first sentence and inserting “of”.

(c) National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.—Effective as of October 28, 2009, and as if included therein as enacted, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 325(d)(4) (123 Stat. 2254) is amended by striking “section 236” and inserting “section 235”.

(2) Section 581(a)(1)(C) (123 Stat. 2326) is amended by striking “subsection (f)” and inserting “subsection (g), as redesignated by section 582(b)(1)”.

(3) Section 584(a) (123 Stat. 2330) is amended by striking “such Act” and inserting “the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act”.

(4) Section 585(b)(1) (123 Stat. 2331) is amended by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B), and inserting the following new subparagraphs:
“(A) in paragraph (2), by striking ‘section 102(4)’ and inserting ‘section 102(a)(4)’; and

“(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(4) prescribe a suggested design for absentee ballot mailing envelopes;’; and’.


(A) in subsection (a)(1)—

(i) by striking “section 107(a)” and inserting “section 107(1)”; and

(ii) by striking “1973ff et seq.” and inserting “1973ff–6(1)”; and

(B) in subsection (e)(1), by striking “1977ff note” and inserting “1973ff note”.

(6) The undesignated section immediately following section 603 (123 Stat. 2350) is designated as section 604.

(7) Section 714(c) (123 Stat. 2382; 10 U.S.C. 1071 note) is amended—

(A) by striking “feasability” both places it appears and inserting “feasibility”; and

(B) by striking “specialities” both places it appears and inserting “specialties”.
(8) Section 813(a)(3) is amended by inserting “order” after “task” in the matter proposed to be struck.

(9) Section 921(b)(2) (123 Stat. 2432) is amended by inserting “subchapter I of” before “chapter 21”.

(10) Section 1014(c) (123 Stat. 2442) is amended by striking “in which the support” and inserting “in which support”.

(11) Section 1043(d) (123 Stat. 2457; 10 U.S.C. 2353 note) is amended by striking “et 13 seq.” and inserting “et seq.”.

(12) Section 1055(f) (123 Stat. 2462) is amended by striking “Combating” and inserting “Combatting”.

(13) Section 1063(d)(2) (123 Stat. 2470) is amended by striking “For purposes of this section, the” and inserting “The”.

(14) Section 1080(b) (123 Stat. 2479; 10 U.S.C. 801 note) is amended—

(A) by striking “title 14” and inserting “title XIV”; 

(B) by striking “title 10” and inserting “title X”; and

(15) Section 1111(b) (123 Stat. 2495; 10 U.S.C. 1580 note prec.) is amended by striking “the Secretary” in the first sentence and inserting “the Secretary of Defense”.


(17) Section 1121 (123 Stat. 2505) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking “Section 9902(h)” and inserting “Section 9902(g)”; and

(ii) by inserting “as redesignated by section 1113(b)(1)(B),” after “Code,”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “section 9902(h)” and inserting “section 9902(g)”.

(18) Section 1261 (123 Stat. 2553; 22 U.S.C. 6201 note) is amended by inserting a space between the first short title and “or”.

(19) Section 1306(b) (123 Stat. 2560) is amended by striking “fiscal year” and inserting “Fiscal Year”.

(20) Subsection (b) of section 1803 (123 Stat. 2612) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) APPELLATE REVIEW UNDER DETAINEE TREATMENT ACT OF 2005.—


“(2) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2006.—Section 1405(e) of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–163; 10 U.S.C. 801 note) is amended by striking paragraph (3).”.

(21) Section 1916(b)(1)(B) (123 Stat. 2624) is amended by striking the comma after “5941”.

(22) Section 2804(d)(2) (123 Stat. 2662) is amended by inserting “subchapter III of” before “chapter 169”.

(23) Section 1916(b)(1)(B) (123 Stat. 2624) is amended by striking the comma after “5941”.

(24) Section 2804(d)(2) (123 Stat. 2662) is amended by inserting “subchapter III of” before “chapter 169”.
(23) Section 2835(f)(1) (123 Stat. 2677) is amended by striking “publically-available” and inserting “publicly available”.

(24) Section 3503(b)(1) (123 Stat. 2719) is amended by striking the extra quotation marks.

(25) Section 3508(1) (123 Stat. 2721) is amended by striking “headline” and inserting “heading”.

(d) DUNCAN HUNTER NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2009.—


(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “secretary of a military depart-
ment” and inserting “Secretary of a military department”;

(B) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking “the the requirements” and inserting “the requirements”; and

(ii) by striking “this title” and inserting “such title”; and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking “any any of the following” and inserting “any of the following”.

(e) Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009.—Effective as of May 22, 2009, and as if included therein as enacted, the Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–23) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 205(a)(1)(B) (123 Stat. 1724) is amended in the matter proposed to be inserted by striking “paragraphs (1) and (2)” and inserting “paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)”.

(2) Section 205(c) (124 Stat. 1725) is amended by striking “2433a(c)(3)” and inserting “2433a(c)(1)(C)”.

(f) Technical Correction Regarding SBIR Extension.—Section 9(m)(2) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(m)(2)), as added by section 847(a) of the Na-
tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2420), is amended by striking “is authorized” and inserting “are authorized”.

(g) TECHNICAL CORRECTION REGARDING PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AND WORKFORCE INCENTIVES.—Section 9902(a)(2) of title 5, United States Code, as added by section 1113(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2499), is amended by striking “chapters” both places it appears and inserting “chapter”.

(h) TECHNICAL CORRECTION REGARDING SMALL SHIPYARDS AND MARITIME COMMUNITIES ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—Section 3506 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006, as reinstated by the amendment made by section 1073(c)(14) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2475), is repealed.

(i) TECHNICAL CORRECTION REGARDING DOT MARITIME HERITAGE PROPERTY.—Section 6(a)(1)(C) of the National Maritime Heritage Act of 1994 (16 U.S.C. 5405(a)(1)(C)), as amended by section 3509 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2721), is amended by striking “the date of enactment of the Maritime Adminis-
tration Authorization Act of 2010’’ and inserting ‘‘October 28, 2009’’.

(j) TECHNICAL CORRECTION REGARDING DOE NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.—The table of contents at the beginning of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (title XXXII of Public Law 106–65; 50 U.S.C. 2401 et seq.) is amended by striking the item relating to section 3255 and inserting the following new item:

‘‘Sec. 3255. Biennial plan and budget assessment on the modernization and refurbishment of the nuclear security complex.’’.

SEC. 1056. BUDGETING FOR THE SUSTAINMENT AND MODERNIZATION OF NUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS.

Consistent with the plan contained in the report submitted to Congress under section 1251 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2549), in the budget materials submitted to the President by the Secretary of Defense in connection with the submission to Congress, pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, of the budget for fiscal year 2012, and each subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary shall ensure that a separate budget (including separate, dedicated line items and program elements) is included with respect to programs and platforms regarding the sustainment and modernization of nuclear delivery systems.
SEC. 1057. LIMITATION ON NUCLEAR FORCE REDUCTIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) As of September 30, 2009, the stockpile of nuclear weapons of the United States has been reduced by 84 percent from its maximum level in 1967 and by more than 75 percent from its level when the Berlin Wall fell in November, 1989.

(2) The number of non-strategic nuclear weapons of the United States has declined by approximately 90 percent from September 30, 1991, to September 30, 2009.

(3) In 2002, the United States announced plans to reduce its number of operationally deployed strategic nuclear warheads to between 1,700 and 2,200 by December 31, 2012.

(4) The United States plans to further reduce its stockpile of deployed strategic nuclear warheads to 1,550 during the next seven years.

(5) The United States plans to further reduce its deployed ballistic missiles and heavy bombers to 700 and its deployed and non-deployed launchers and heavy bombers to 800 during the next seven years.

(6) Beyond these plans for reductions, the Nuclear Posture Review of April 2010 stated that, “the President has directed a review of potential future
reductions in U.S. nuclear weapons below New
START levels. Several factors will influence the
magnitude and pace of such reductions.”.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) any reductions in the nuclear forces of the
United States should be supported by a thorough as-
assessment of the strategic environment, threat, and
policy and the technical and operational implications
of such reductions; and

(2) specific criteria are necessary to guide fu-
ture decisions regarding further reductions in the
nuclear forces of the United States.

(e) LIMITATION.—No action may be taken to imple-
ment the reduction of nuclear forces of the United States
below the levels described in paragraphs (4) and (5) of
subsection (a), unless—

(1) the Secretary of Defense and the Adminis-
trator for Nuclear Security jointly submit to the con-
gressional defense committees a report on such re-
duction, including—

(A) the justification for such reduction;

(B) an assessment of the strategic environ-
ment, threat, and policy and the technical and
operational implications of such reduction;
(C) written certification by the Secretary of Defense that—

(i) either—

(I) the strategic environment or the assessment of the threat has changed to allow for such reduction; or

(II) technical measures to provide a commensurate or better level of safety, security, and reliability as before such reduction have been implemented for the remaining nuclear forces of the United States;

(ii) such reduction preserves the nuclear deterrent capabilities of the “nuclear triad” (intercontinental ballistic missiles, ballistic missile submarines, and heavy bombers and dual-capable aircraft);

(iii) such reduction does not require a change in targeting strategy from counterforce targeting to countervalue targeting;

(iv) the remaining nuclear forces of the United States provide a sufficient means of protection against unforeseen
technical challenges and geopolitical events; and

(v) such reduction is compensated by other measures (such as nuclear modernization, conventional forces, and missile defense) that together provide a commensurate or better deterrence capability and level of credibility as before such reduction; and

(D) written certification by the Administrator for Nuclear Security that—

(i) technical measures to provide a commensurate or better level of safety, security, and reliability as before such reduction have been implemented for the remaining nuclear forces of the United States;

(ii) the remaining nuclear forces of the United States provide a sufficient means of protection against unforeseen technical challenges and geopolitical events; and

(iii) measures to modernize the nuclear weapons complex have been implemented to provide a sufficiently responsive
infrastructure to support the remaining nuclear forces of the United States; and

(2) a period of 180 days has elapsed after the date on which the report under paragraph (1) is submitted.

(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “nuclear forces of the United States” includes—

(1) both active and inactive nuclear warheads in the nuclear weapons stockpile; and

(2) deployed and non-deployed delivery vehicles.

SEC. 1058. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE NUCLEAR POSTURE REVIEW.

It is the sense of Congress that the Nuclear Posture Review, released in April 2010 by the Secretary of Defense, weakens the national security of the United States by eliminating options to defend against a catastrophic nuclear, biological, chemical, or conventional attack against the United States.

SEC. 1059. STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC CHALLENGES POSED BY POTENTIAL COMPETITORS.

The Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the commanders of the regional combatant commands, submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 15, 2011, a
comprehensive strategic assessment of the current and future strategic challenges posed to the United States by potential competitors out through 2021, with particular attention paid to those challenges posed by the military modernization of the People’s Republic of China, Iran, North Korea, and Russia.

SEC. 1060. ELECTRONIC ACCESS TO CERTAIN CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.

The Secretary of Defense shall provide to each committee of Congress an electronic communications link to classified information in the possession of the Department of Defense pertaining to a subject matter that is in the jurisdiction of such committee under the Rules of the House of Representatives or the Standing Rules of the Senate. Such electronic communications link shall be capable of supporting appropriate classified communications between the Department of Defense and each committee of Congress authorized to carry out such communications.

SEC. 1061. JUSTICE FOR VICTIMS OF TORTURE AND TERRORISM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

the Secretary of State “should work with the Government of Iraq on a state-to-state basis to ensure compensation for any meritorious claims based on terrorist acts committed by the Saddam Hussein regime against individuals who were United States nationals or members of the United States Armed Forces at the time of those terrorist acts and whose claims cannot be addressed in courts in the United States due to the exercise of the waiver authority” provided to the President under section 1083(d) of that Act.

(2) The House of Representatives in the 110th Congress unanimously adopted H.R. 5167, the Justice for Victims of Torture and Terrorism Act, which set forth an appropriate compromise of the claims described in paragraph (1).

(3) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (in section 1079) further expressed the sense of Congress that these claims of American victims of torture and hostage taking by Iraq “should be resolved by a prompt and fair settlement negotiated between the Government of Iraq and the Government of the United States, taking note of the provisions of H.R. 5167 of the 110th
Congress, which was adopted by the United States House of Representatives’.

(4) Pursuant to these congressional actions, the Secretary of State has diligently pursued these negotiations with the Government of Iraq. To date, however, more than three years after the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008, and nearly a year after the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010, there has been no resolution of these claims of injured Americans, despite the resolution by Iraq of claims of foreign corporations against the Saddam Hussein regime.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the claims of American victims of torture and hostage taking by the Government of Iraq during the regime of Saddam Hussein that are subject to Presidential Determination Number 2008–9 of January 28, 2008, which waived application of section 1083 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008, should be resolved by a prompt and fair settlement negotiated between the Government of Iraq and the Government of the United States.
SEC. 1062. POLICY REGARDING APPROPRIATE USE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RESOURCES.

(a) POLICY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of Title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 113a the following new section:

§ 113b. Use of Department of Defense resources

“(a) POLICY.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all resources of the Department of Defense are used only for activities that—

“(1) fulfill a legitimate Government purpose;

“(2) comply with all applicable laws, regulations, and policies of the Department of Defense; and

“(3) contribute to the mission of the Department of Defense.

“(b) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall prescribe such guidance as is necessary to ensure compliance with the policy required under subsection (a) and to address any violations of the policy, including, as appropriate, any applicable legal remedies.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 113a the following new item:

“113b. Use of Department of Defense resources.”.
(b) Prohibition on Use of Funds.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated in this Act or otherwise available to the Department of Defense may be used—

(1) for any activity that does not comply with the policy established under section 113b of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), including any improper activity involving—

(A) transportation or travel (including use of Government vehicles); or

(B) Department of Defense information technology resources; or

(2) to pay the salary of any employee who engages in an intentional violation of the policy established under such section.

SEC. 1063. EXECUTIVE AGENT FOR PREVENTING THE INTRODUCTION OF COUNTERFEIT MICROELECTRONICS INTO THE DEFENSE SUPPLY CHAIN.

(a) Executive Agent.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate a senior official of the Department of Defense to serve as the executive agent for preventing the introduction of counterfeit microelectronics into the defense supply chain.
(b) **Roles, Responsibilities, and Authorities.**—

(1) **Establishment.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of the executive agent designated under subsection (a).

(2) **Specification.**—The roles and responsibilities of the executive agent designated under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(A) Development and maintenance of a strategy and implementation plan that ensures that the Department of Defense has the ability to identify, mitigate, prevent, and eliminate counterfeit microelectronics from the defense supply chain.

(B) Development of recommendations for funding strategies necessary to meet the requirements of the strategy and implementation plan developed under subparagraph (A).

(C) Assessments of trends in counterfeit microelectronics, including—

(i) an analysis of recent incidents of discovery of counterfeit microelectronics in the defense supply chain, including inci-
dents involving material and service providers;

(ii) a projection of future trends in counterfeit microelectronics;

(iii) the sufficiency of reporting mechanisms and metrics within the Department of Defense and each component of the Department of Defense;

(iv) the economic impact of identifying and remediating counterfeit microelectronics in the defense supply chain; and

(v) the impact of counterfeit microelectronics in the defense supply chain on defense readiness.

(D) Coordination of planning and activities with interagency and international partners.

(E) Development and participation in public-private partnerships to prevent the introduction of counterfeit microelectronics into the supply chain.

(F) Such other roles and responsibilities as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

(e) SUPPORT WITHIN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each component of the Department of Defense provides the executive
agent designated under subsection (a) with the appropriate support and resources needed to perform the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of the executive agent.

(d) REQUIRED ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees—

(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a description of the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of the executive agent prescribed in accordance with subsection (b)(1);

(2) not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, a strategy for how the Department of Defense will identify, mitigate, prevent, and eliminate counterfeit microelectronics within the defense supply chain; and

(3) not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, an implementation plan for how the Department of Defense will execute the strategy submitted in accordance with paragraph (2).

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COUNTERFEIT MICROELECTRONIC.—The term “counterfeit microelectronic” means any type of integrated circuit or other microelectronic component that consists of—
(A) a substitute or unauthorized copy of a valid product from an original manufacturer;

(B) a product in which the materials used or the performance of the product has been changed without notice by a person other than the original manufacturer of the product; or

(C) a substandard component misrepresented by the supplier of such component.

(2) EXECUTIVE AGENT.—The term "executive agent" has the meaning given the term "DoD Executive Agent" in Department of Defense Directive 5101.1, or any successor directive relating to the responsibilities of an executive agent of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 1064. SHARED INFORMATION REGARDING TRAINING EXERCISES.

The Secretary of Defense, acting through Joint Task Force North, may share with the Department of Homeland Security and the Department of Justice any data gathered during training exercises.

SEC. 1065. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING PRESIDENTIAL LETTERS OF CONDOLENCE TO THE FAMILIES OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WHO HAVE DIED BY SUICIDE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
(1) suicide is a growing problem in the Armed Forces that cannot be ignored;

(2) a record number of military suicides was reported in 2008, with 128 active-duty Army and 48 Marine deaths reported;

(3) the number of military suicides during 2009 is expected to equal or exceed the 2008 total;

(4) long-standing policy prevents President Obama from sending a condolence letter to the family of a member of the Armed Forces who has died by suicide;

(5) members of the Armed Forces sacrifice their physical, mental, and emotional well-being for the freedoms Americans hold dear;

(6) the military family also bears the cost of defending the United States, with military spouses and children sacrificing much and standing ready to provide unending support to their spouse or parent who is a member of the Armed Forces;

(7) the loss of a member of the Armed Forces to suicide directly and tragically affects military spouses and children, as well as the United States;

(8) much more needs to be done to protect and address the mental health needs of members of the
Armed Forces, just as they serve to protect and defend the freedoms of the United States;

(9) a presidential letter of condolence is not only about the deceased because it also serves as a sign of respect for the grieving family and an acknowledgment of the family for their personal loss; and

(10) a lack of acknowledgment and condolence from the President only leaves these families with an emotional vacuum and a feeling that somehow their sacrifices have been less than the sacrifices of others.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the current policy that prohibits sending a presidential letter of condolence to the family of a member of the Armed Forces who has died by suicide only serves to perpetuate the stigma of mental illness that pervades the Armed Forces; and

(2) the President, as Commander-in-Chief, should overturn the policy and treat all military families equally.
SEC. 1066. FINDINGS AND SENSE OF CONGRESS ON OBE- 
SITY AND FEDERAL CHILD NUTRITION PRO-
GRAMS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress find the following:

(1) According to the April 2010 report, “Too 
Fat to Fight”, more than 100 retired generals and 
admirals wrote that, “[o]besity among children and 
young adults have increased so dramatically that 
they threaten not only the overall health of America 
but the future strength of our military.”.

(2) Twenty-seven percent, over 9,000,000, 17– 
24-year-olds in the United States are too fat to serve 
in the military.

(3) Between 1995 and 2008, the military had 
140,000 individuals who showed up at the centers 
for processing but failed their entrance physicals be-
cause they were too heavy.

(4) Being overweight is now the leading medical 
reason for rejection from military service.

(5) Between 1995 and 2008, the proportion of 
potential recruits who failed their physicals each 
year because they were overweight rose nearly 70 
percent.

(6) The military annually discharges over 1,200 
first-term enlistees before their contracts are up be-
cause of weight problems.
The military must then recruit and train their replacements at a cost of $50,000 for each man or woman.

Training replacements for those discharged because of weight problems adds up to more than $60,000,000 annually.

Overweight adolescents are more likely to become overweight adults.

Overweight adolescents and overweight adults are at risk of developing obesity-related, life-threatening diseases including cancer, type 2 diabetes, stroke, heart disease, arthritis, and breathing problems.

According to the American Public Health Association, “left unchecked, obesity will add nearly $344 billion to the nation’s annual health care costs by 2018 and account for more than 21 percent of health care spending”.

Overweight and undernourished adolescents face academic challenges due to poor health behaviors, resulting in even greater risk to their future health and earning and the Nation’s economic growth and worldwide competition.
(13) For decades military leaders have championed efforts to improve the nutrition of young people in America.

(14) During World War II, 40 percent of rejected recruits were turned away because of poor or under nutrition.

(15) The preamble to the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751) states “It is hereby declared to be the policy of Congress, as a measure of national security, to safeguard the health and well-being of the Nation’s children and to encourage the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities and other food, by assisting the States, through grants in aid and other means, in providing an adequate supply of food and other facilities for the establishment, maintenance, operation and expansion of nonprofit school lunch programs”.

(16) Over 17 million children were food insecure, or hungry, in 2008, according to data collected by the Department of Agriculture.

en to be effective in combating both hunger and obe-
sity.

(18) President Obama has called for a historic
investment in the Federal Child Nutrition Programs
in order to respond to 2 of the greatest child health
challenges of our time, hunger and poor nutrition.

(19) Two hundred twenty-one Members of Con-
gress signed a letter to Speaker Pelosi in support of
President Obama’s budget request for the Federal
Child Nutrition Programs.

(20) This same letter requested identification of
possible offsets for the new investments in these im-
portant anti-hunger and nutrition programs.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) reducing domestic childhood obesity and
hunger is a matter of national security;

(2) obesity and hunger will continue to nega-
tively impact recruitment for Armed Forces without
access to physical activity, healthy food, and proper
nutrition;

(3) Congress should act to reduce childhood
obesity and hunger;

(4) the Federal Child Nutrition Programs
under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch
Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq.) should be funded at the President’s request; and

(5) the increases in funding for such programs should be properly offset.

SEC. 1067. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING RECREATIONAL HUNTING AND FISHING ON MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) military installations that permit public access for recreational hunting and fishing should continue to permit such hunting and fishing where appropriate;

(2) permitting the public to access military installations for recreational hunting and fishing benefits local communities by conserving and promoting the outdoors and establishing positive relations between the civilian and defense sectors;

(3) any military installations that make recreational hunting and fishing permits available for purchase should provide a discounted rate for active and retired members of the Armed Forces and veterans with disabilities; and

(4) the Department of Defense, all of the service branches, and military installations that permit
public access for recreational hunting and fishing should promote access to such installations by making the appropriate accommodations for members of the Armed Forces and veterans with disabilities.

SEC. 1068. SENSE OF CONGRESS ENCOURAGING THE PRESIDENT TO ORDER THE UNITED STATES FLAG TO BE FLOWN OVER UNITED STATES MILITARY AND CIVILIAN OUTPOSTS IN HAITI DURING EARTHQUAKE RELIEF EFFORTS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) On January 12, 2010, the nation of Haiti was hit by a magnitude 7.0 earthquake, adversely affecting nearly 3,000,000 people.

(2) The United States has provided millions of dollars in humanitarian assistance to meet immediate needs on the ground and plans to give more over the next year.

(3) The Armed Forces have diligently worked to aid the people of Haiti during their time of need, providing humanitarian aid and logistical support.

(4) The Armed Forces, civilians, and charitable groups have led the charge in an effort to maintain civility and bring some small semblance of hope to the devastated nation.
(5) Members of the Armed Forces serve as the premier ambassadors of liberty, freedom, and goodwill when tasked with a humanitarian mission.

(6) The generosity of the people of the United States is known the world over and the United States flag is universally recognized as a symbol of that generosity.

(7) The United States has provided more aid to the nation of Haiti than all other nations combined.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—The Congress—

(1) commends the Armed Forces for their commitment to completing their humanitarian mission in Haiti; and

(2) encourages the President to order the United States flag to be flown over all military and civilian outposts in Haiti under United States jurisdiction.

SEC. 1069. STUDY ON OPTIMAL BALANCE OF MANNED AND UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE CAPABILITY.

(a) Study.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall commission a study by an independent, non-profit organization on the optimal bal-
ance between manned and unmanned aerial vehicle
forces of the Armed Forces.

(2) SELECTION.—The independent, non-profit
organization selected for the study under paragraph
(1) shall be qualified on the basis of having per-
formed work in the fields of national security and
combat systems.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The study under sub-
section (a) shall include the following:

(1) With respect to each military department
(but in particular the Air Force), an assessment of
the feasibility and desirability of a more rapid tran-
sition from manned to unmanned vehicles for a
range of operations, including combat operations.

(2) An evaluation of the current ability of each
military department to resist attacks mounted by
foreign militaries with significant investments in re-
search and development and deployment of un-
manned combat drones, including an assessment of
each military department’s ability to defend
against—

(A) a large enemy force of unmanned aer-
ial vehicles; and

(B) any other relevant unmanned scenario
the Secretary determines appropriate.
(3) An analysis of—

(A) current and future capabilities of foreign militaries in developing and deploying unmanned systems; and

(B) vulnerabilities to drone systems revealed in past war games and other strategy materials.

(4) Conclusions on the matters described in paragraphs (1) through (3) and what the independent, non-profit organization conducting the study determines is the optimal balance of investment in development and deployment of manned versus unmanned platforms.

(e) REPORT.—Not later than December 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report that includes the study under subsection (a).

(d) FORM.—

(1) STUDY.—The study under subsection (a) shall include a classified annex with respect to the matters described in subsection (b)(3).
(2) Report.—The report under subsection (c) may include a classified annex.

TITLE XI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MATTERS

SEC. 1101. AUTHORITY FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO APPROVE AN ALTERNATE METHOD OF PROCESSING EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMPLAINTS WITHIN ONE OR MORE COMPONENT ORGANIZATIONS UNDER SPECIFIED CIRCUMSTANCES.

(a) Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may implement within one or more of the component organizations of the Department of Defense an alternate program for processing equal employment opportunity complaints.

(1) Complaints processed under the alternate program shall be subject to the procedural requirements established for the alternate program and shall not be subject to the procedural requirements of part 1614 of title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations or other regulations, directives, or regulatory restrictions prescribed by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

(2) The alternate program shall include procedures to reduce processing time and eliminate redundancy with respect to processes for the resolution
of equal employment opportunity complaints, reinforce local management and chain-of-command accountability, and provide the parties involved with early opportunity for resolution.

(3) The Secretary may carry out the alternate program during a 5-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act. Not later than 180 days before the expiration of such period, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate, a recommendation regarding whether the program should be extended for an additional period.

(4)(A) Participation in the alternate program shall be voluntary on the part of the complainant. Complainants who participate in the alternate program shall retain the right to appeal a final agency decision to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and to file suit in district court. The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall not reverse a final agency decision on the grounds that the agency did not comply with the regulatory requirements promulgated by the Commission.

(B) Subparagraph (A) shall apply to all cases filed with the Commission after the date of the en-
actment of this Act and under the alternate program
established under this subsection.

(C) The Secretary shall consult with the Equal
Employment Commission in the development of the
alternate program.

(b) EVALUATION PLAN.—The Secretary of Defense
shall develop an evaluation plan to accurately and reliably
assess the results of each alternate program implemented
under subsection (a), identifying the key features of the
program, including—

(1) well-defined, clear, and measurable objec-
tives;
(2) measures that are directly linked to the pro-
gram objectives;
(3) criteria for determining the program per-
formance;
(4) a way to isolate the effects of the alternate
program;
(5) a data analysis plan for the evaluation de-
sign; and
(6) a detailed plan to ensure that data collec-
tion, entry, and storage are reliable and error-free.

(e) REPORTS.—The Comptroller General shall submit
to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
President pro tempore of the Senate, two reports on the alternate program.

(1) CONTENTS OF REPORTS.—Each report shall contain the following:

(A) A description of the processes tested by the alternate program.

(B) The results of the testing of such processes.

(C) Recommendations for changes to the processes for the resolution of equal employment opportunity complaints as a result of the alternate program.

(D) A comparison of the processes used, and results obtained, under the alternate program to traditional and alternative dispute resolution processes used in the Government or private industry.

(2) DATES OF SUBMISSION.—The first of such reports shall be submitted at the end of the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act. The second of such reports shall be submitted at the end of the 4-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 1102. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES AT PERSONNEL DEMONSTRATION LABORATORIES.


(1) in subsection (b), by striking “identified” and all that follows and inserting “designated by section 1105(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2486) as a Department of Defense science and technology reinvention laboratory.”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “2 percent” and inserting “4 percent”.


(1) in subsection (a), by striking “that are exempted by” and all that follows and inserting “designated by section 1105(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2486) as Department of Defense
(2) in subsection (c), by striking “as enumerated in” and all that follows and inserting “designated by section 1105(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat 2486) as a Department of Defense science and technology reinvention laboratory.”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect as of October 28, 2009.

SEC. 1103. SPECIAL RULE RELATING TO CERTAIN OVER-TIME PAY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5542(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(6)(A) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), for an employee who is described in subparagraph (B), and whose rate of basic pay exceeds the minimum rate for GS–10, the overtime hourly rate of pay is an amount equal to one and one-half times the hourly rate of basic pay of the employee, and all that amount is premium pay.

“(B) This paragraph applies in the case of an employee of the Department of the Navy—
“(i) who is performing work aboard or in support of the U.S.S. GEORGE WASHINGTON while that vessel is forward deployed in Japan; and

“(ii) as to whom the application of this paragraph is necessary (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy)—

“(I) in order to ensure equal treatment with employees performing similar work in the United States;

“(II) in order to secure the services of qualified employees; or

“(III) for such other reasons as may be set forth in such regulations.”.

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Within one year after date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Secretary of Defense and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management a report that addresses the use of paragraph (6) of section 5542(a) of title 5, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), including associated costs.
SEC. 1104. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO WAIVE ANNUAL LIMITATION ON PREMIUM PAY AND AGGREGATE LIMITATION ON PAY FOR FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES WORKING OVERSEAS.


SEC. 1105. WAIVER OF CERTAIN PAY LIMITATIONS.

Section 9903(d) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) An employee appointed under this section is not eligible for any bonus, monetary award, or other monetary incentive for service, except for—

“(A) payments authorized under this section; and

“(B) in the case of an employee who is assigned in support of a contingency operation (as defined in
section 101(a)(13) of title 10), allowances and any
other payments authorized under chapter 59.’’; and

(2) in paragraph (3), by adding at the end the
following: ‘‘In computing an employee’s total annual
compensation for purposes of the preceding sen-
tence, any payment referred to in paragraph (2)(B)
shall be excluded.’’.

SEC. 1106. SERVICES OF POST-COMBAT CASE COORDINA-
TORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 79 of title 5, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:

§ 7906. Services of post-combat case coordinators

‘‘(a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

‘‘(1) the terms ‘employee’, ‘agency’, ‘injury’,
‘war-risk hazard’, and ‘hostile force or individual’
have the meanings given those terms in section
8101; and

‘‘(2) the term ‘qualified employee’ means an
employee as described in subsection (b).

‘‘(b) REQUIREMENT.—The head of each agency shall,
in a manner consistent with the guidelines prescribed
under subsection (e), provide for the assignment of a post-
combat case coordinator in the case of any employee of
such agency who suffers an injury or disability incurred,
or an illness contracted, while in the performance of such employee’s duties, as a result of a war-risk hazard or during or as a result of capture, detention, or other restraint by a hostile force or individual.

“(c) GUIDELINES.—The Office of Personnel Management shall, after such consultation as the Office considers appropriate, prescribe guidelines for the operation of this section. Under the guidelines, the responsibilities of a post-combat case coordinator shall include—

“(1) acting as the main point of contact for qualified employees seeking administrative guidance or assistance relating to benefits under chapter 81 or 89;

“(2) assisting qualified employees in the collection of documentation or other supporting evidence for the expeditious processing of claims under chapter 81 or 89;

“(3) assisting qualified employees in connection with the receipt of prescribed medical care and the coordination of benefits under chapter 81 or 89;

“(4) resolving problems relating to the receipt of benefits under chapter 81 or 89; and

“(5) ensuring that qualified employees are properly screened and receive appropriate treatment—
“(A) for post-traumatic stress disorder or other similar disorder stemming from combat trauma; or
“(B) for suicidal or homicidal thoughts or behaviors.
“(d) DURATION.—The services of a post-combat case coordinator shall remain available to a qualified employee until—
“(1) such employee accepts or declines a reasonable offer of employment in a position in the employee’s agency for which the employee is qualified, which is not lower than 2 grades (or pay levels) below the employee’s grade (or pay level) before the occurrence or onset of the injury, disability, or illness (as referred to in subsection (a)), and which is within the employee’s commuting area; or
“(2) such employee gives written notice, in such manner as the employing agency prescribes, that those services are no longer desired or necessary.”.
(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 79 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding after the item relating to section 7905 the following:
“7906. Services of post-combat case coordinators.”.
SEC. 1107. AUTHORITY TO WAIVE MAXIMUM AGE LIMIT FOR CERTAIN APPOINTMENTS.

Section 3307(e) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “(e) The” and inserting “(e)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2)(A) In the case of the conversion of an agency function from performance by a contractor to performance by an employee of the agency, the head of the agency may waive any maximum limit of age, determined or fixed for positions within such agency under paragraph (1), if necessary in order to promote the recruitment or appointment of experienced personnel.

“(B) For purposes of this paragraph—

“(i) the term ‘agency’ means the Department of Defense or a military department; and

“(ii) the term ‘head of the agency’ means the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department.”.

SEC. 1108. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING WAIVER OF RECOVERY OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS MADE UNDER CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDING.—Congress finds that employees and former employees of the Department of De-
fense described in subsection (c) provided a valuable serv-
ice to such Department in response to the national emer-
gency declared in the aftermath of the attacks of Sep-

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) employees and former employees of the De-
partment of Defense described in subsection (c) de-
serve to retain or to be repaid their voluntary separa-
tion incentive payment pursuant to section 9902
of title 5, United States Code;

(2) recovery of the amount of the payment re-
ferred to in section 9902 of title 5, United States
Code, would be against equity and good conscience
and contrary to the best interests of the United
States;

(3) the Secretary of Defense should waive the
requirement under subsection (f)(6)(B) of section
9902 of title 5, United States Code, for repayment
to the Department of Defense of a voluntary separa-
tion incentive payment made under subsection (f)(1)
of such section 9902 in the case of an employee or
former employee of the Department of Defense de-
scribed in subsection (c); and
(4) a person who has repaid to the United States all or part of the voluntary separation incentive payment for which repayment is waived under this section may receive a refund of the amount previously repaid to the United States.

(c) Persons Covered.—Subsection (a) applies to any employee or former employee of the Department of Defense who—

(1) during the period beginning on April 1, 2004, and ending on May 1, 2008, received a voluntary separation incentive payment under section 9902(f)(1) of title 5, United States Code;

(2) was reappointed to a position in the Department of Defense during the period beginning on June 1, 2004, and ending on May 1, 2008; and

(3) received a written representation from an officer or employee of the Department of Defense, before accepting the reappointment referred to in paragraph (2), that recovery of the amount of the payment referred to in paragraph (1) would not be required or would be waived, and reasonably relied on that representation in accepting reappointment.
SEC. 1109. SUSPENSION OF DCIPS PAY AUTHORITY EXTENDED FOR A YEAR.


SEC. 1110. FEDERAL INTERNSHIP PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 31 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 3111 the following:

“§3111a. Federal internship programs

“(a) INTERNSHIP COORDINATOR.—The head of each agency operating an internship program shall appoint an individual within such agency to serve as an internship coordinator.

“(b) ONLINE INFORMATION.—

“(1) AGENCIES.—The head of each agency operating an internship program shall make publicly available on the Internet—

“(A) the name and contact information of the internship coordinator for such program; and

“(B) information regarding application procedures and deadlines for such internship program.
“(2) Office of Personnel Management.—The Office of Personnel Management shall make publicly available on the Internet links to the websites where the information described in paragraph (1) is displayed.

“(c) Centralized Database.—The Office shall establish and maintain a centralized electronic database that contains the names, contact information, and relevant skills of individuals who have completed or are nearing completion of an internship program and are currently seeking full-time Federal employment.

“(d) Exit Interview Requirement.—The agency operating an internship program shall conduct an exit interview of each intern that completes such program.

“(e) Report.—

“(1) In general.—The head of each agency operating an internship program shall annually submit to the Office a report assessing such internship program.

“(2) Contents.—Each report required under paragraph (1) for an agency shall include, for the 1-year period ending on September 1 of the year in which the report is submitted—

“(A) the number of interns that participated in an internship program at such agency;
“(B) information regarding the demographic characteristics of interns at such agency, including educational background;

“(C) a description of the steps taken by such agency to increase the percentage of interns who are offered permanent Federal jobs and the percentage of interns who accept the offers of such jobs, and any barriers encountered;

“(D) a description of activities engaged in by such agency to recruit new interns, including locations and methods;

“(E) a description of the diversity of work roles offered within internship programs at such agency;

“(F) a description of the mentorship portion of such internship programs; and

“(G) a summary of exit interviews conducted by such agency upon completion of an internship program by an intern.

“(3) SUBMISSION.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the Office between September 1 and September 30 of each year. Not later than December 30 of each year, the Office shall submit to Congress a report summarizing the
information submitted to the Office in accordance
with paragraph (1) for such year.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

“(1) the term ‘internship program’ means—

“(A) a volunteer service program under
section 3111(b); and

“(B) the Student Educational Employment
Program established under section 213.3202 of
title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect
on January 1, 2009;

“(2) the term ‘intern’ means an individual serv-
ing in an internship program.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
for chapter 31 of title 5, United States Code, is amended
by inserting after the item relating to section 3111 the
following:

“3111a. Federal internship programs.”.

TITLE XII—MATTERS RELATING
TO FOREIGN NATIONS
Subtitle A—Assistance and
Training

SEC. 1201. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY FOR SUPPORT OF
SPECIAL OPERATIONS TO COMBAT TERRORISM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1208(a) of the Ronald W.
Year 2005 (Public Law 108–375; 118 Stat. 2086), as most recently amended by section 1202(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2511), is further amended by striking “$40,000,000” and inserting “$50,000,000”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2010.

SEC. 1202. ADDITION OF ALLIED GOVERNMENT AGENCIES TO ENHANCED LOGISTICS INTEROPERABILITY AUTHORITY.

(a) Enhanced Interoperability Authority.—Subsection (a) of section 127d of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” before “Subject to”;

(2) by inserting “of the United States” after “armed forces”;

(3) by striking the second sentence; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(2) In addition to any logistic support, supplies, and services provided under paragraph (1), the Secretary may provide logistic support, supplies, and services to allied forces solely for the purpose of enhancing the interoperability of the logistical support systems of military forces participating in combined operations with the United
States in order to facilitate such operations. Such logistic support, supplies, and services may also be provided under this paragraph to a nonmilitary logistics, security, or similar agency of an allied government if such provision would directly benefit the armed forces of the United States.

“(3) Provision of support, supplies, and services pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) may be made only with the concurrence of the Secretary of State.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Such section is further amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking “subsection (a)” in paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting “subsection (a)(1)”; and

(2) in subsection (e)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking “Except as provided in paragraph (2), the” and inserting “The”; and

(ii) by striking “this section” and inserting “subsection (a)(1)”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “In addition” and all that follows through “fiscal year,” and inserting “The value of the logistic support, supplies, and services provided under subsection (a)(2) in any fiscal year may not”.

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SEC. 1203. MODIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO PROGRAM TO BUILD THE CAPACITY OF FOREIGN MILITARY FORCES.

(a) Annual Funding Limitation.—Subsection (c)(1) of section 1206 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3456), as amended by section 1206(b) of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4625), is further amended by striking “$350,000,000” and inserting “$500,000,000”.

(b) Temporary Limitation on Amount for Building Capacity to Participate in or Support Military and Stability Operations.—

(1) In general.—Subsection (c)(5) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking “and not more than” and inserting “not more than”; and

(B) by inserting after “fiscal year 2011” the following: “, and not more than $100,000,000 may be used during fiscal year 2012”.

(2) Effective date.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on October 1, 2010, and shall apply with respect to programs
under subsection (a) of such section that begin on
or after that date.

(c) Temporary Authority to Build the Capacity of Yemen’s Counter-terrorism Forces.—Such
section is further amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
section (h); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the fol-
lowing:

“(g) Temporary Authority to Build the Capacity of Yemen’s Counter-terrorism Forces.—

“(1) Authority of Secretary of State.—

“(A) In general.—Of the funds made
available under subsection (e) for the authority
of subsection (a) for fiscal year 2011, the Sec-
retary of Defense shall transfer to the Secretary
of State $75,000,000 of such funds for pur-
poses of providing assistance under section 23
of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
2763) to build the capacity of the counter-ter-
rorism forces of the Yemeni Ministry of Inte-
rior.

“(B) Certification.—The Secretary of
Defense may transfer funds pursuant to sub-
paragraph (A) only if, not later than July 31,
2011, the Secretary of State certifies to the Secretary of Defense and the congressional committees specified in subsection (e)(3) that the Secretary of State is able to effectively carry out the purpose of subparagraph (A).

“(C) Availability of Funds.—Amounts available under this paragraph for the authority of subparagraph (A) for fiscal year 2011 may be used to conduct or support a program or programs under that authority that begin in fiscal year 2011 but end in fiscal year 2012.

“(2) Authority of Secretary of Defense.—If a certification described in paragraph (1)(B) is not made by July 31, 2011, the Secretary of Defense may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, use up to $75,000,000 of the funds made available under subsection (c) for the authority of subsection (a) for fiscal year 2011 to conduct or support a program or programs under the authority of subsection (a) to build the capacity of the counter-terrorism forces of the Yemeni Ministry of Interior.

“(3) Congressional Notification.—

“(A) By Secretary of State.—The Secretary of State shall notify the congressional
committees specified in subsection (e)(3) whenever the Secretary of State makes a certification under paragraph (1)(B) for purposes of exercising the authority of paragraph (1).

“(B) By Secretary of Defense.—The Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional committees specified in subsection (e)(3) whenever the Secretary of Defense exercises the authority of paragraph (2) to support or conduct a program or programs described in paragraph (2).

“(C) Contents.—A notification under subparagraph (A) or (B) shall include a description of the program or programs to be conducted or supported under the authority of this subsection.”.

(d) One-Year Extension of Authority.—Subsection (h) of such section, as most recently amended by section 1206(c) of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4625) and redesignated by subsection (c) of this section, is further amended by—

(1) by striking “September 30, 2011” and inserting “September 30, 2012”; and
(2) by striking “fiscal years 2006 through 2011” and inserting “fiscal years 2006 through 2012”.

SEC. 1204. AIR FORCE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE NATIONS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE EURO-NATO JOINT JET PILOT TRAINING PROGRAM.

(a) Establishment of Scholarship Program.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall establish and maintain a demonstration scholarship program to allow personnel of the air forces of countries that are signatories of the Partnership for Peace Framework Document to receive undergraduate pilot training and necessary related training through the Euro-NATO Joint Jet Pilot Training (ENJJPT) program. The Secretary of the Air Force shall establish the program pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the Secretary of State.

(b) Transportation, Supplies, and Allowance.—Under such conditions as the Secretary of the Air Force may prescribe, the Secretary may provide to a person receiving a scholarship under the scholarship program—

(1) transportation incident to the training received under the ENJJPT program;
(2) supplies and equipment to be used during
the training;

(3) flight clothing and other special clothing re-
quired for the training;

(4) billeting, food, and health services; and

(5) a living allowance at a rate to be prescribed
by the Secretary, taking into account the amount of
living allowances authorized for a member of the
armed forces under similar circumstances.

(c) Relation to Euro-NATO Joint Jet Pilot
Training Program.—

(1) ENJJPT Steering Committee Author-
ity.—Nothing in this section shall be construed or
interpreted to supersede the authority of the
ENJJPT Steering Committee under the ENJJPT
Memorandum of Understanding. Pursuant to the
ENJJPT Memorandum of Understanding, the
ENJJPT Steering Committee may resolve to forbid
any airman or airmen from a Partnership for Peace
country to participate in the Euro-NATO Joint Jet
Pilot Training program under the authority of a
scholarship under this section.

(2) No Representation.—Countries whose
air force personnel receive scholarships under the
scholarship program shall not have privilege of ENJJPT Steering Committee representation.

(d) LIMITATION ON ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.—The Secretary of the Air Force may not use the authority in subsection (a) to provide assistance described in subsection (b) to any foreign country that is otherwise prohibited from receiving such type of assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) or any other provision of law.

(e) COST-SHARING.—For purposes of ENJJPT cost-sharing, personnel of an air force of a foreign country who receive a scholarship under the scholarship program may be counted as United States pilots.

(f) PROGRESS REPORT.—Not later than February 1, 2015, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on the status of the demonstration program, including the opinion of the Secretary and NATO allies on the benefits of the program and whether or not to permanently authorize the program or extend the program beyond fiscal year 2015. The report shall specify the following:

(1) The countries participating in the scholarship program.
(2) The total number of foreign pilots who received scholarships under the scholarship program.

(3) The amount expended on scholarships under the scholarship program.

(4) The source of funding for scholarships under the scholarship program.

(g) DURATION.—No scholarship may be awarded under the scholarship program after September 30, 2015.

(h) FUNDING SOURCE.—Amounts to award scholarships under the scholarship program shall be derived from amounts authorized to be appropriated for operation and maintenance for the Air Force.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Iraq, Afghanistan, and Pakistan

SEC. 1211. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES RELATING TO IRAQ.

No funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in this Act may be obligated or expended for a purpose as follows:

(1) To establish any military installation or base for the purpose of providing for the permanent stationing of United States Armed Forces in Iraq.

(2) To exercise United States control of the oil resources of Iraq.
SEC. 1212. COMMANDERS’ EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROGRAM.

(a) Authority for Fiscal Year 2011.—During fiscal year 2011, from funds made available to the Department of Defense for operation and maintenance for such fiscal year—

(1) not to exceed $100,000,000 may be used by the Secretary of Defense in such fiscal year to provide funds for the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program in Iraq; and

(2) not to exceed $800,000,000 may be used by the Secretary of Defense in such fiscal year to provide funds for the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program in Afghanistan.

(b) Quarterly Reports.—

(1) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the end of each fiscal-year quarter of fiscal year 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report regarding the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program.

(2) Matters to be Included.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) The allocation and use of funds under the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program or any other provision of law making
funding available for the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program during the fiscal-year quarter.

(B) The dates of obligation and expenditure of such funds during the fiscal-year quarter.

(C) A description of each project for which amounts in excess of $500,000 were obligated or expended during the fiscal-year quarter.

(D) The dates of obligation and expenditure of funds under the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program or any other provision of law making funding available for the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program for each of fiscal years 2004 through 2010.

(3) Matters to be included with respect to Commanders’ Emergency Response Program in Iraq.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following with respect to the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program in Iraq:

(A) A written statement by the Secretary of Defense, or the Deputy Secretary of Defense if the authority under subsection (f) is delegated to the Deputy Secretary of Defense, affirming that the certification required under
subsection (f) was issued for each project for which amounts in excess of $1,000,000 were obligated or expended during the fiscal-year quarter.

(B) For each project listed in subparagraph (A), the following information:

(i) A description and justification for carrying out the project.

(ii) A description of the extent of involvement by the Government of Iraq in the project, including—

(I) the amount of funds provided by the Government of Iraq for the project; and

(II) a description of the plan for the transition of such project upon completion to the people of Iraq and for the sustainment of any completed facilities, including any commitments by the Government of Iraq to sustain projects requiring the support of the Government of Iraq for sustainment.

(iii) A description of the current status of the project, including, where appropriate, the projected completion date.
(C) A description of the status of transitioning activities to the Government of Iraq, including—

(i) the level of funding provided and expended by the Government of Iraq in programs designed to meet urgent humanitarian relief and reconstruction requirements that immediately assist the Iraqi people; and

(ii) a description of the progress made in transitioning the responsibility for the Sons of Iraq Program to the Government of Iraq.

(e) SUBMISSION OF GUIDANCE.—

(1) INITIAL SUBMISSION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a copy of the guidance issued by the Secretary to the Armed Forces concerning the allocation of funds through the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program.

(2) MODIFICATIONS.—If the guidance in effect for the purpose stated in paragraph (1) is modified, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a copy of the modification not later
than 15 days after the date on which the Secretary makes the modification.

(d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—For purposes of exercising the authority provided by this section or any other provision of law making funding available for the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program, the Secretary of Defense may waive any provision of law not contained in this section that would (but for the waiver) prohibit, restrict, limit, or otherwise constrain the exercise of that authority.

(e) PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN PROJECTS UNDER COMMANDERS’ EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROGRAM IN IRAQ.—

(1) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), funds made available under this section for the Commanders’ Emergency Response Program in Iraq may not be obligated or expended to carry out any project if the total amount of such funds made available for the purpose of carrying out the project exceeds $2,000,000.

(2) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition contained in paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to funds managed or controlled by the Department of Defense that were otherwise provided by another department or agency of the United States Govern-
ment, the Government of Iraq, the government of a
foreign country, a foundation or other charitable or-
ganization (including a foundation or charitable or-
ganization that is organized or operates under the
laws of a foreign country), or any source in the pri-
vate sector of the United States or a foreign coun-
try.

(3) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may
waive the prohibition contained in paragraph (1) if
the Secretary—

(A) determines that such a waiver is re-
quired to meet urgent humanitarian relief and
reconstruction requirements that will imme-
diately assist the Iraqi people; and

(B) submits in writing, within 15 days of
issuing such waiver, to the congressional de-
fense committees a notification of the waiver,

(i) the unmet and urgent needs to be
addressed by the project; and

(ii) any arrangements between the
Government of the United States and the
Government of Iraq regarding the provi-
sion of Iraqi funds for carrying out and
sustaining the project.
(f) Certification of Certain Projects Under the Commanders' Emergency Response Program in Iraq.—

(1) Certification.—Funds made available under this section for the Commanders' Emergency Response Program in Iraq may not be obligated or expended to carry out any project if the total amount of such funds made available for the purpose of carrying out the project exceeds $1,000,000 unless the Secretary of Defense certifies that the project addresses urgent humanitarian relief and reconstruction requirements that will immediately assist the Iraqi people.

(2) Delegation.—The Secretary may delegate the authority under paragraph (1) to the Deputy Secretary of Defense.

(g) Definitions.—In this section—

(1) the term “Commanders' Emergency Response Program” means—

(A) with respect to Iraq, the program established by the Administrator of the Coalition Provisional Authority for the purpose of enabling United States military commanders in Iraq to respond to urgent humanitarian relief and reconstruction requirements within their
areas of responsibility by carrying out programs
that will immediately assist the Iraqi people;
and

(B) with respect to Afghanistan, the pro-
gram established for Afghanistan for purposes
similar to the program established for Iraq, as
described in subparagraph (A);

(2) the term “Commanders’ Emergency Re-
response Program in Iraq” means the program de-
scribed in paragraph (1)(A); and

(3) the term “Commanders’ Emergency Re-
response Program in Afghanistan” means the program
described in paragraph (1)(B).

SEC. 1213. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR REIMBURSE-
MENT TO CERTAIN COALITION NATIONS FOR
SUPPORT PROVIDED TO UNITED STATES
MILITARY OPERATIONS.

(a) Extension of Authority.—Subsection (a) of
section 1233 of the National Defense Authorization Act
for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat.
393), as amended by section 1223 of the National Defense
Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–
84; 123 Stat. 2519), is further amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
striking “2010” and inserting “2011”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) Logistical and military support provided by that nation to confront the threat posed by al’Qaida, the Taliban, and other militant extremists in Pakistan.”.

(b) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT.—Subsection (d)(1) of such section is amended by striking “2010” and inserting “2011”.

SEC. 1214. MODIFICATION OF REPORT ON RESPONSIBLE REDEPLOYMENT OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES FROM IRAQ.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Subsection (a) of section 1227 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2525; 50 U.S.C. 1541 note) is amended—

(1) by striking “December 31, 2009” and inserting “December 31, 2010”; and

(2) by striking “90 days thereafter” and inserting “180 days thereafter”.

(b) ELEMENTS.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking “Multi-National Force–Iraq” each place it occurs and inserting “United States Forces–Iraq”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(6) An assessment of progress to transfer responsibility of programs, projects, and activities carried out in Iraq by the Department of Defense to other United States Government departments and agencies, international or nongovernmental entities, or the Government of Iraq. The assessment should include a description of the numbers and categories of programs, projects, and activities for which such other entities have taken responsibility or which have been discontinued by the Department of Defense. The assessment should also include a discussion of any difficulties or barriers in transitioning such programs, projects, and activities and what, if any, solutions have been developed to address such difficulties or barriers.

“(7) An assessment of progress toward the goal of establishing those minimum essential capabilities determined by the Secretary of Defense as necessary to allow the Government of Iraq to provide for its own internal and external defense, including a description of—

“(A) such capabilities both extant and remaining to be developed;

“(B) major military equipment necessary to achieve such capabilities;
“(C) the level and type of support provided by the United States to address shortfalls in such capabilities; and

“(D) the level of commitment, both financial and political, made by the Government of Iraq to develop such capabilities, including a discussion of resources used by the Government of Iraq to develop capabilities that the Secretary determines are not minimum essential capabilities for purposes of this paragraph.

“(8) An assessment of the anticipated level and type of support to be provided by United States special operations forces to the Government of Iraq and Iraqi special operations forces during the redeployment of United States conventional forces from Iraq. The assessment should include a listing of anticipated organic support, organic combat service support, and additional critical enabling asset requirements for United States special operations forces and Iraqi special operations forces, to include engineers, rotary aircraft, logisticians, communications assets, information support specialists, forensic analysts, and intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance assets needed through December 31, 2011.”.
(c) SECRETARY OF STATE COMMENTS.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:

“(c) SECRETARY OF STATE COMMENTS.—Prior to submitting the report required under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall provide a copy of the report to the Secretary of State for review. At the request of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense shall include an appendix to the report which contains any comments or additional information that the Secretary of State requests.”.

(d) FORM.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking “, whether or not included in another report on Iraq submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense,”.

(e) TERMINATION.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) TERMINATION.—The requirement to submit the report required under subsection (a) shall terminate on September 30, 2012.”.

(f) REPEAL OF OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:

(1) Section 1227 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law...
SEC. 1215. MODIFICATION OF REPORTS RELATING TO AFGHANISTAN.

(a) Report on Progress Toward Security and Stability in Afghanistan.—


(2) Matters to be included: strategic direction of United States activities relating to security and stability in Afghanistan.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following:
“(8) Conditions necessary for achievement of progress.—A discussion of the conditions and criteria that would need to exist in key districts and across Afghanistan to—

“(A) meet United States and coalition goals in Afghanistan and the region;

“(B) permit the transition of lead security responsibility in key districts to the Government of Afghanistan; and

“(C) permit the redeployment of United States Armed Forces and coalition forces from Afghanistan.”.

(3) Matters to be included: performance indicators and measures of progress toward sustainable long-term security and stability in Afghanistan.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) Conditions necessary for achievement of progress.—With respect to each performance indicator and measure of progress specified in paragraph (2) (A) through (L), the report shall include a description of the conditions that would need to exist in Afghanistan for the Secretary of Defense to conclude that such indicator or measure of progress has been achieved.”.

SEC. 1216. NO PERMANENT MILITARY BASES IN AFGHANISTAN.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended by the United States Government to establish any military installation or base for the purpose of providing for the permanent stationing of United States Armed Forces in Afghanistan.

SEC. 1217. AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS FOR REINTEGRATION ACTIVITIES IN AFGHANISTAN.

(a) Authority.—If a certification described in subsection (b) is made in accordance with such subsection, the Secretary of Defense may utilize not more than $50,000,000 from funds made available to the Department of Defense for operations and maintenance for fiscal year 2011 to support in those areas of Afghanistan specified in the certification the reintegration into Afghan society of those individuals who—

(1) have ceased all support to the insurgency in Afghanistan;
(2) have agreed to live in accordance with the Constitution of Afghanistan;

(3) have renounced violence against the Government of Afghanistan and its international partners; and

(4) do not have material ties to al Qaeda or affiliated transnational terrorist organizations.

(b) CERTIFICATION.—A certification described in this subsection is a certification made by the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of United States Agency for International Development, to the appropriate congressional committees stating that it is necessary for the Department of Defense to carry out a program of reintegration in areas of Afghanistan that are specified by the Secretary of State in the certification. Such certification shall include—

(1) a statement that such program is necessary to support the goals of the United States in Afghanistan; and

(2) a certification that the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development are unable to carry out a similar program of reintegration in the areas specified by the Secretary of State because of the security environment of such areas or for other reasons.
(c) Submission of Guidance.—

(1) Initial Submission.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a copy of the guidance issued by the Secretary or the Secretary’s designee concerning the allocation of funds utilizing the authority of subsection (a). Such guidance shall include—

(A) mechanisms for coordination with the Government of Afghanistan and other United States Government departments and agencies as appropriate;

(B) mechanisms to track the status of those individuals described in subsection (a); and

(C) metrics to monitor and evaluate the impact of funds used pursuant to subsection (a).

(2) Modifications.—If the guidance in effect for the purpose stated in paragraph (1) is modified, the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a copy of the modi-
fication not later than 15 days after the date on which such modification is made.

(d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on activities carried out utilizing the authority of subsection (a).

(e) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the congressional defense committees; and

(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representative and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

(f) EXPIRATION.—The authority to utilize funds under subsection (a) shall expire at the close of December 31, 2011.

SEC. 1218. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF PAKISTAN COUNTER-INSURGENCY FUND.

Section 1224(h) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2521) is amended by striking “September 30, 2010” both places it appears and inserting “September 30, 2011”.
SEC. 1219. AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS TO PROVIDE SUPPORT TO COALITION FORCES SUPPORTING MILITARY AND STABILITY OPERATIONS IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN.

(a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding section 127d(c) of title 10, United States Code, up to $400,000,000 of the funds available to the Department of Defense by section 1509 of this Act may be used to provide supplies, services, transportation, including airlift and sealift, and other logistical support to coalition forces supporting military and stability operations in Iraq and Afghanistan.

(b) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit quarterly reports to the congressional defense committees regarding support provided under this section.

SEC. 1220. REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE UNITED STATES BRIGADE AND EQUIVALENT UNITS DEPLOYED TO AFGHANISTAN WITH THE COMMENSURATE LEVEL OF UNIT AND THEATER-WIDE COMBAT ENABLERS.

(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to provide each United States brigade and equivalent units deployed to Afghanistan with the commensurate level of unit and theater-wide combat enablers to—
(1) implement the United States strategy to disrupt, dismantle, and defeat al Qaeda, the Taliban, and their affiliated networks and eliminate their safe haven;

(2) achieve the military campaign plan;

(3) minimize the level risk to United States, coalition, and Afghan forces; and

(4) reduce the number of military and civilian casualties.

(b) REQUIREMENT.—In order to achieve the policy expressed in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall provide each United States brigade and equivalent units deployed to Afghanistan with the commensurate level of unit and theater-wide combat enablers.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing—

(1) a description of United States Forces–Afghanistan requests for forces for fiscal years 2008, 2009, and 2010;

(2) a description of the current troop-to-task analysis and resource requirements;
(3) the number of United States brigade and equivalent units deployed to Afghanistan;

(4) the number of United States unit and theater-wide combat enablers deployed to Afghanistan, including at a minimum, a breakdown of—

(A) Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR);

(B) force protection, including force protection at each United States Forward Operating Base (FOB); and

(C) medical evacuation (MEDEVAC); and

(5) an assessment of the risk to United States, coalition, and Afghan forces based on a lack of combat enablers.

(d) COMBAT ENABLERS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “combat enablers” includes—

(1) Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR);

(2) force protection, including force protection at each United States Forward Operating Base (FOB);

(3) medical evacuation (MEDEVAC); and

(4) any other combat enablers as determined by the Secretary of Defense.
SEC. 1221. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR ELECTIONS IN AFGHANISTAN.

(a) LIMITATION.—No funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be made available to support the holding of elections in Afghanistan unless and until the President submits a certification described in subsection (b) to the congressional officials specified in subsection (c).

(b) CERTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—A certification described in this subsection is certification in writing that contains a determination of the President of the following:

(1) The Afghanistan Independent Election Commission has the professional capacity, personnel, skills, independence, and legal authority to conduct and oversee free, fair, and honest elections.

(2) The Afghanistan Independent Election Commission, to the extent possible, has been purged of all members and staff who committed or were otherwise participants in any fraud of the 2009 presidential elections, including covering up the electoral fraud or otherwise were negligent in investigating allegations of electoral fraud.

(3) The Afghan Electoral Complaints Commission is a genuinely independent body with all the authorities that were invested in it under Afghanistan
law as of December 31, 2009, and with no members appointed by President Hamid Karzai.

(c) CONGRESSIONAL OFFICIALS SPECIFIED.—The congressional officials specified in this subsection are the following:

   (1) The Speaker and minority leader of the House of Representatives.

   (2) The majority leader and minority leader of the Senate.

   (3) The Chairman and ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services and the Chairman and ranking member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

   (4) The Chairman and ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services and the Chairman and ranking member of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

SEC. 1222. RECOMMENDATIONS ON OVERSIGHT OF CONTRACTORS ENGAGED IN ACTIVITIES RELATING TO AFGHANISTAN.

   (a) RECOMMENDATIONS REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction shall, in consultation with the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Inspector General of the United
States Agency for International Development, and the Inspector General of the Department of State—

(1) issue recommendations on measures to increase oversight of contractors engaged in activities relating to Afghanistan that have a record of engaging in waste, fraud, or abuse;

(2) report on the status of efforts of the Department of Defense, the United States Agency for International Development, and the Department of State to implement existing recommendations regarding oversight of such contractors; and

(3) report on the extent to which military and security contractors or subcontractors engaged in activities relating to Afghanistan have been responsible for the deaths of Afghan civilians.

(b) ELEMENTS OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—The recommendations issued under subsection (a)(1) shall include—

(1) recommendations for reducing the reliance of the United States on—

(A) military and security contractors or subcontractors engaged in activities relating to Afghanistan that have been responsible responsible for the deaths of Afghan civilians; and
(B) Afghan militias or other armed groups that are not part of the Afghan National Security Forces; and

(2) recommendations for prohibiting the Department of Defense, the Department of State, or the United States Agency for International Development from entering into contracts with contractors engaged in activities relating to Afghanistan that have a record of engaging in waste, fraud, or abuse.

SEC. 1223. REPORT ON LONG-TERM COSTS OF OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM AND OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The United States has been engaged in military operations in Afghanistan since October 2001 and in military operations in Iraq since March 2003.

(2) According to the Congressional Research Service, through fiscal year 2009, Congress has appropriated $944,000,000,000 for the Department of Defense, the Department of State, and for medical costs paid by the Department of Veterans Affairs. This amount includes $683,000,000,000 for Iraq and $227,000,000,000 for Afghanistan.
(3) Over 90 percent of Department of Defense funds for operations in Iraq and Afghanistan have been provided as emergency funds in supplemental or additional appropriations.

(4) The Congressional Budget Office and the Congressional Research Service have stated that future war costs are difficult to estimate because the Department of Defense provides little information on costs incurred to date, does not report outlays or actual expenditures for war because war and baseline funds are mixed in the same accounts, and because of a lack of information from the Department of Defense on many of the key factors that determine costs, including personnel levels or the pace of operations.

(5) Over 2 million United States troops have served in Iraq and Afghanistan since the beginning of the conflicts.

(6) Over 4,400 United States troops and Department of Defense civilian personnel have been killed in Operation Iraqi Freedom and over 1,060 United States troops and Department of Defense civilian personnel have been killed in Operation Enduring Freedom.
(7) Over 1,340 service members have suffered amputations as a result of their service in Iraq and Afghanistan.

(8) More than 243,685 Iraq and Afghanistan veterans have been treated for mental health conditions, more than 129,654 Iraq and Afghanistan veterans have been diagnosed with Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder, and approximately 30,000 have a confirmed Traumatic Brain Injury diagnosis.

(9) Approximately 46 percent of Iraq and Afghanistan veterans have sought treatment at Department of Veterans Affairs hospitals and clinics.

(10) The Independent Review Group on Rehabilitative Care and Administrative Processes at Walter Reed Army Medical Center and National Naval Medical Center identified Traumatic Brain Injury, Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder, increased survival of severe burns, and traumatic amputations as the four signature wounds of the current conflicts.

(11) The Independent Review Group report also states that the recovery process “can take months or years and must accommodate recurring or delayed manifestations of symptoms, extended rehabilitation and all the life complications that emerge over time from such trauma”.

663
(b) Report Requirement; Scenarios.—Not later than the date on which the budget of the United States Government is submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 2012, the President, with contributions from the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of the Department of Veterans Affairs, shall submit a report to Congress containing an estimate of the long-term costs of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom. The report shall contain estimates for the following scenarios:

(1) The number of personnel deployed in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom is reduced from current levels to approximately 150,000 by the end of fiscal year 2011, 65,000 by the end of fiscal year 2012, and 30,000 by the end of fiscal year 2013, and remains at that level through fiscal year 2020.

(2) The number of personnel deployed in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom is increased from current levels to approximately 235,000 by the end of fiscal year 2010, is reduced to 230,000 by the end of fiscal year 2011, is reduced to 195,000 by the end of fiscal year 2012, is reduced to 135,000 by the end of fiscal year
2013, is reduced to 80,000 by the end of fiscal year 2014, is reduced to 60,000 by the end of fiscal year 2015, and remains at that level through fiscal year 2020.

(3) An alternative scenario, defined by the President and based on current war and withdrawal plans, which takes into account expected troop levels and the expected length of time that troops will be deployed in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.

(c) SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS.—The estimates required for each scenario shall make projections through at least fiscal year 2020, shall be adjusted appropriately for inflation, shall be based on historical trends, and to the maximum extent practicable shall take into account and specify the following:

(1) The total number of troops expected to be activated and deployed to Iraq and Afghanistan during the course of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom. This number shall include all troops deployed in the region in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom and activated reservists in the United States who are training, backfilling for deployed troops, or supporting other Department of Defense
missions directly or indirectly related to Operation
Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.
This number shall also break down activations and
deployments of Active Duty, Reservists, and Na-
tional Guard troops.

(2) The number of troops, including National
Guard and Reserve troops, who have served and who
are expected to serve multiple deployments.

(3) The number of contractors and private mili-
tary security firms that have been utilized and are
expected to be utilized during the course of the con-
flicts in Iraq and Afghanistan.

(4) The number of veterans currently suffering
and expected to suffer from Post-Traumatic Stress
Disorder, Traumatic Brain Injury, or other mental
injuries.

(5) The number of veterans currently in need of
and expected to be in need of prosthetic care and
treatment because of amputations incurred during
Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring
Freedom.

(6) The current number of pending Department
of Veterans Affairs claims from Iraq and Afghani-
stan veterans, and the total number of Iraq and Af-
ghanistan veterans expected to seek disability com-
pensation benefits from the Department of Veterans Affairs.

(7) The total number of troops who have been killed and wounded in Iraq and Afghanistan to date, including noncombat casualties, the total number of troops expected to suffer injuries in Iraq and Afghanistan, and the total number of troops expected to be killed in Iraq and Afghanistan, including noncombat casualties.

(8) Funding already appropriated for the Department of Defense, the Department of State, and the Department of Veterans Affairs for costs related to the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan. This shall include an account of the amount of funding from regular Department of Defense, Department of State, and Department of Veterans Affairs budgets that has gone and will go to Iraq and Afghanistan.

(9) Current and future operational expenditures, including funding for combat operations; deploying, transporting, feeding, and housing troops (including fuel costs); deployment of National Guard and Reserve troops; the equipping and training of Iraqi and Afghani forces; purchasing, upgrading, and repairing weapons, munitions and other equip-
ment; and payments to other countries for logistical assistance.

(10) Past, current, and future cost of government contractors and private military security firms.

(11) Average annual cost for each troop and combat brigade deployed in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom, including room and board, equipment and body armor, transportation of troops and equipment (including fuel costs), and operational costs.

(12) Current and future cost of combat-related special pays and benefits, including reenlistment bonuses.

(13) Current and future cost of activating National Guard and Reserve forces and paying them on a full-time basis.

(14) Current and future cost for reconstruction, embassy operations and construction, and foreign aid programs for Iraq and Afghanistan.

(15) Current and future cost of bases and other infrastructure to support United States troops in Iraq and Afghanistan.

(16) Current and future cost of providing healthcare for returning veterans. This estimate shall include the cost of mental health treatment for
veterans suffering from Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder and Traumatic Brain Injury, and other mental problems as a result of their service in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom. This estimate shall also include the cost of lifetime prosthetics care and treatment for veterans suffering from amputations as a result of their service in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.

(17) Current and future cost of providing Department of Veterans Affairs disability benefits for lifetime of veterans.

(18) Current and future cost of providing survivors’ benefits to survivors of service members.

(19) Cost of bringing troops and equipment home at the end of the wars, including cost of demobilizing troops, transporting troops home (including fuel costs), providing transition services from active duty to veteran status, transporting equipment, weapons, and munitions (including fuel costs), and an estimate of the value of equipment which will be left behind.

(20) Cost to restore the military and military equipment, including the National Guard and Na-
tional Guard equipment, to full strength after the wars.

(21) Cost of the administration’s plan to per-
manently increase the Army and Marine Corps by 92,000.

(22) Amount of money borrowed to pay for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, and the sources of that money.

(23) Interest on borrowed money, including in-
terest for money already borrowed and anticipated interest payments on future borrowing for the war in Iraq and the war in Afghanistan to the extent all spending associated with the war in Iraq and the war in Afghanistan have been and will be financed with borrowed money.

**Subtitle C—Other Matters**

**SEC. 1231. NATO SPECIAL OPERATIONS COORDINATION CENTER.**

Section 1244(a) of the National Defense Authoriza-
tion Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2541) is amended—

(1) by striking “fiscal year 2010” and inserting “fiscal year 2011”; and

(2) by striking “$30,000,000” and inserting “$50,000,000”.

SEC. 1232. NATIONAL MILITARY STRATEGIC PLAN TO COUNTER IRAN.

(a) NATIONAL MILITARY STRATEGIC PLAN REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a strategic plan, to be known as the “National Military Strategic Plan to Counter Iran”. The strategic plan shall—

(1) outline the Department of Defense’s strategic planning and provide strategic guidance for military activities and operations that support the United States policy objective of countering threats posed by Iran;

(2) identify the direct and indirect military contribution to this policy objective, and constitute the comprehensive military plan to counter threats posed by Iran;

(3) undertake a review of the intelligence in the possession of the Department of Defense to develop a list of gaps in intelligence that limit the ability of the Department of Defense to counter threats emanating from Iran that the Secretary considers to be critical;

(4) shall develop a plan to address those gaps identified in the review under paragraph (3); and

(5) undertake a review of the plans of the Department of Defense to counter threats to the
United States, its forces, allies, and interests from
Iran, including—

(A) plans for both conflict and peace;

(B) contributions of the Department of
Defense to the efforts of other agencies of the
United States Government to counter or ad-
dress the threat emanating from Iran; and

(C) any gaps in the plans, capabilities and
authorities of the Department.

(b) PLAN.—In addition to the plan required under
subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall develop a
plan to address those gaps identified in the review re-
quired in subsection (a)(5). The plan shall guide the plan-
ning and actions of the relevant combatant commands, the
military departments, and combat support agencies that
the Secretary of Defense determines have a role in coun-
tering threats posed by Iran.

(c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the date on
which the President submits to Congress the budget
for a fiscal year under section 1105 of title 31,
United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall
submit to the congressional defense committees a re-
port identifying and justifying any resources, capa-
bilities, legislative authorities, or changes to current
law the Secretary believes are necessary to carry out
the plan required under subsection (b) to address
the gaps identified in the strategic plan required in
subsection (a).

(2) FORM.—The report required in paragraph
(1) shall be in unclassified form, but may include a
classified annex.

SEC. 1233. REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE’S PLANS
TO REFORM THE EXPORT CONTROL SYSTEM.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional
committees a report on the Department of Defense’s plans
to reform the Department’s export control system.

(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report re-
quired under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) a description of the plans of the Depart-
ment of Defense to implement Presidential Study
Directive 8; and

(2) an assessment of the extent to which the
plans to reform the export control system will—

(A) impact the Defense Technology Secu-
rity Administration of the Department of De-
fense;
(B) affect the role of the Department of Defense with respect to export control policy; and

(C) ensure greater protection and monitoring of key defense items and technologies.

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

SEC. 1234. REPORT ON UNITED STATES EFFORTS TO DEFEND AGAINST THREATS POSED BY THE ADVANCED ANTI-ACCESS CAPABILITIES OF POTENTIALLY HOSTILE FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDING.—Congress finds that the report of the 2010 Department of Defense Quadrennial Defense Review finds that “Anti-access strategies seek to deny outside countries the ability to project power into a region, thereby allowing aggression or other destabilizing actions to be conducted by the anti-access power. Without dominant capabilities to project power, the integrity of U.S. alliances and security partnerships could be
called into question, reducing U.S. security and influence and increasing the possibility of conflict.’”.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that, in light of the finding in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense should ensure that the United States has the appropriate authorities, capabilities, and force structure to defend against any threats posed by the advanced anti-access capabilities of potentially hostile foreign countries.

(c) Report.—Not later than April 1, 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on United States efforts to defend against any threats posed by the advanced anti-access capabilities of potentially hostile foreign countries.

(d) Matters to Be Included.—The report required under subsection (c) shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of any threats posed by the advanced anti-access capabilities of potentially hostile foreign countries, including an identification of the foreign countries with such capabilities, the nature of such capabilities, and the possible advances in such capabilities over the next 10 years.

(2) A description of any efforts by the Department of Defense since the release of the 2010 Quad-
rennial Defense Review to address the finding in subsection (a).

(3) A description of the authorities, capabilities, and force structure that the United States may require over the next 10 years to address the finding in subsection (a).

(e) FORM.—The report required under subsection (c) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex if necessary.

(f) MODIFICATION OF OTHER REPORTS.—


(A) by redesignating paragraphs (10) through (12) as paragraphs (11) through (13), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (9) the following:

“(10) Developments in China’s anti-access and area denial capabilities.”.
(2) CONCERNING IRAN.—Section 1245(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2542) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) A description and assessment of Iran’s anti-access and area denial strategy and capabilities.”.

SEC. 1235. REPORT ON FORCE STRUCTURE CHANGES IN COMPOSITION AND CAPABILITIES AT MILITARY INSTALLATIONS IN EUROPE.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report evaluating potential changes in the composition and capabilities of units of the United States Armed Forces at military installations in European member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization—

(1) to satisfy the commitments undertaken by United States pursuant to Article 5 of the North Atlantic Treaty, signed at Washington, District of Columbia, on April 4, 1949, and entered into force on August 24, 1949 (63 Stat. 2241; TIAS 1964);
(2) to address the current security environment in Europe, including United States participation in theater cooperation activities; and

(3) to contribute to peace and stability in Europe.

(b) MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED.—As part of the report, the Secretary of Defense shall consider—

(1) the stationing of advisory and assist brigades at military installations in Europe;

(2) the expanded use of Joint Task Forces to train and build mutual capabilities with partner countries; and

(3) the stationing of units of the United States Armed Forces to support missile defense and cybersecurity missions.

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
SEC. 1236. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON MISSILE DEFENSE AND
NEW START TREATY WITH RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:


(2) The preamble of the New START Treaty states, “Recognizing the existence of the interrelationship between strategic offensive arms and strategic defensive arms, that this interrelationship will become more important as strategic nuclear arms are reduced, and that current strategic defensive arms do not undermine the viability and effectiveness of the strategic offensive arms of the Parties.”.

(3) Officials of the United States have stated that the New START Treaty does not constrain the missile defenses of the United States and according to the New START Treaty U.S. Congressional Briefing Book of April, 2010, released by the Department of State and the Department of Defense, “The United States will continue to invest in im-
provements to both strategic and theater missile de-
fenses, both qualitatively and quantitatively, as need-
ed for our security and the security of our allies.”

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
gress that—

(1) as stated by officials of the United States, there would be no limitations on any phase of the phased, adaptive approach to missile defense in Eu-
rope resulting from ratification of the New START treaty between the United States and Russia, signed on 8 April 2010;

(2) the United States should deploy the phased, adaptive approach for missile defense in Europe to protect the United States, its deployed forces, and NATO allies, after appropriate testing and con-
sistent with NATO policy; and

(3) the ground-based midcourse defense system in Alaska and California should be maintained, evolved, and appropriately tested because it is the only missile defense capability as of the date of the enactment of this Act that would protect the United States from the growing threat of a long-range bal-
listic missile attack.
SEC. 1237. REPORT ON THE STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS OF
THE SUCCESSFUL NEGOTIATION OF AN INCIDENTS AT SEA AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE
UNITED STATES AND THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report evaluating naval security in the Persian Gulf and the Strait of Hormuz.

(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include an assessment of the strategic benefits of the successful negotiation of a multilateral or bilateral Incidents at Sea military-to-military agreement including the United States and the Government of Iran aimed at defusing tension and preventing accidental naval conflict in the Persian Gulf and the Strait of Hormuz. Such an assessment should consider and evaluate the effect that such an agreement might have on commercial, military, and other naval traffic in the region, as well as other United States regional strategic interests.

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—
(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

SEC. 1238. REQUIREMENT TO MONITOR AND EVALUATE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACTIVITIES TO COUNTER VIOLENT EXTREMISM IN AFRICA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall monitor and evaluate the impact of United States Africa Command (USAFRICOM) Combined Joint Task Force–Horn of Africa’s (CJTF–HOA) activities to counter violent extremism in Africa, including civil affairs, psychological operations, humanitarian assistance, and operations to strengthen the capacity of partner nations.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the following:

(1) An evaluation of the impact of CJTF–HOA’s activities described in subsection (a) to advance United States security objectives in the Horn of Africa, including the extent to which CJTF–HOA’s activities—
(A) disrupt or deny terrorist networks;
(B) combat violent extremist ideology;
(C) are aligned with USAFRICOM’s mission; and
(D) complement programs conducted by the United States Agency for International Development.

(2) USAFRICOM’s efforts to monitor and evaluate the impact of CJTF–HOA’s activities described in subsection (a), including—

(A) the means by which CJTF–HOA follows up on such activities to evaluate the effectiveness of such activities;

(B) USAFRICOM’s specific assessments of CJTF–HOA’s activities; and

(C) a description of plans by the Secretary of Defense to make permanent CJTF–HOA’s presence in Djibouti.

(c) Appropriate Congressional Committees Defined.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

**SEC. 1239. REPORT ON CERTAIN IRAQIS AFFILIATED WITH THE UNITED STATES.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies (as determined by the Secretary of Defense), shall submit to the Congress a report containing the information described in subsection (b). In preparing such report, the Secretary of Defense shall use available information from organizations and entities closely associated with the United States mission in Iraq that have received United States Government funding through an official and documented contract, award, grant, or cooperative agreement.

(b) **INFORMATION.**—The information described in this subsection is the following:

(1) The number of Iraqis who were or are employed by the United States Government in Iraq or who are or were employed in Iraq by an organization or entity closely associated with the United States
mission in Iraq that has received United States Government funding through an official and documented contract, award, grant, or cooperative agreement.

(2) The number of Iraqis who have applied—

(A) for resettlement in the United States as a refugee under section 1243 of the Refugee Crisis in Iraq Act of 2007 (subtitle C of title XII of division A of Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 395 et seq.); or

(B) to enter the United States as a special immigrant under section 1244 of such Act.

(3) The status of each application described in paragraph (2).

(4) The estimated number of individuals described in paragraph (1) who have been injured or killed in Iraq.

(c) EXPEDITED PROCESSING.—The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall develop a plan using the report submitted under subsection (a) to expedite the processing of the applications described in subsection (b)(2) in the case of Iraqis at risk as the United States withdraws from Iraq.
TITLE XIII—COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION

SEC. 1301. SPECIFICATION OF COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROGRAMS AND FUNDS.

(a) Specification of Cooperative Threat Reduction Programs.—For purposes of section 301 and other provisions of this Act, Cooperative Threat Reduction programs are the programs specified in section 1501 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1997 (50 U.S.C. 2362 note).

(b) Fiscal Year 2011 Cooperative Threat Reduction Funds Defined.—As used in this title, the term “fiscal year 2011 Cooperative Threat Reduction funds” means the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301 for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs.

(c) Availability of Funds.—Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301 for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs shall be available for obligation for fiscal years 2011, 2012, and 2013.

SEC. 1302. FUNDING ALLOCATIONS.

(a) Funding for Specific Purposes.—Of the $522,512,000 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 in section
301(20) for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, the following amounts may be obligated for the purposes specified:

1. For strategic offensive arms elimination in Russia, $66,732,000.
2. For strategic nuclear arms elimination in Ukraine, $6,800,000.
3. For nuclear weapons storage security in Russia, $9,614,000.
4. For nuclear weapons transportation security in Russia, $45,000,000.
5. For weapons of mass destruction proliferation prevention in the states of the former Soviet Union, $79,821,000.
6. For biological threat reduction in the former Soviet Union, $209,034,000.
7. For chemical weapons destruction, $3,000,000.
8. For defense and military contacts, $5,000,000.
9. For Global Nuclear Lockdown, $74,471,000.
10. For activities designated as Other Assessments/Administrative Costs, $23,040,000.
(b) Report on Obligation or Expenditure of Funds for Other Purposes.—No fiscal year 2011 Cooperative Threat Reduction funds may be obligated or expended for a purpose other than a purpose listed in paragraphs (1) through (10) of subsection (a) until 15 days after the date that the Secretary of Defense submits to Congress a report on the purpose for which the funds will be obligated or expended and the amount of funds to be obligated or expended. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be construed as authorizing the obligation or expenditure of fiscal year 2011 Cooperative Threat Reduction funds for a purpose for which the obligation or expenditure of such funds is specifically prohibited under this title or any other provision of law.

(c) Limited Authority to Vary Individual Amounts.—

(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), in any case in which the Secretary of Defense determines that it is necessary to do so in the national interest, the Secretary may obligate amounts appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for a purpose listed in paragraphs (1) through (10) of subsection (a) in excess of the specific amount authorized for that purpose.
(2) **NOTICE-AND-WAIT REQUIRED.**—An obligation of funds for a purpose stated in paragraphs (1) through (10) of subsection (a) in excess of the specific amount authorized for such purpose may be made using the authority provided in paragraph (1) only after—

(A) the Secretary submits to Congress notification of the intent to do so together with a complete discussion of the justification for doing so; and

(B) 15 days have elapsed following the date of the notification.

**TITLE XIV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS**

Subtitle A—Military Programs

**SEC. 1401. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.**

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds in amounts as follows:


(2) For the Defense Working Capital Fund, Defense Commissary, $1,273,571,000.
SEC. 1402. STUDY ON WORKING CAPITAL FUND CASH BALANCES.

(a) Study Required.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center with appropriate expertise in revolving fund financial management to carry out a study to determine a sufficient operational level of cash that each revolving fund of the Department of Defense should maintain in order to sustain a single rate or price throughout the fiscal year.

(b) Contents of Study.—In carrying out a study pursuant to a contract entered into under subsection (a), the federally funded research and development center shall—

(1) qualitatively analyze the operational requirements and inherent risks associated with maintaining a specific level of cash within each revolving fund of the Department;

(2) for each such revolving fund, take into consideration any effects on appropriation accounts that have occurred due to changes made in the rates charged by the fund during a fiscal year;

(3) take into consideration direct input from the Secretary of Defense and officials of each of the
military departments with leadership responsibility
for financial management;

(4) examine the guidance provided and regulations
prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and the
Secretary of each of the military departments, as in
effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, in-
cluding such guidance with respect to programming
and budgeting and the annual budget displays pro-
vided to Congress;

(5) examine the effects on appropriations ac-
counts that have occurred due to congressional ad-
justments relating to excess cash balances in revolv-
ing funds;

(6) identify best business practices from the
private sector relating to sufficient cash balance re-
erves;

(7) examine any relevant applicable laws, in-
cluding the relevant body of work performed by the
Government Accountability Office; and

(8) address—

(A) instances where the fiscal policy of the
Department of Defense directly follows the law,
as in effect on the date of the enactment of this
Act, and instances where such policy is more re-
strictive with respect to the fiscal management
of revolving funds than such law requires;

(B) instances where current Department
fiscal policy restricts the capability of a revolv-
ing fund to achieve the most economical and ef-
ficient organization and operation of activities;

(C) fiscal policy adjustments required to
comply with recommendations provided in the
study, including proposed adjustments to—

(i) the Department of Defense Finan-
cial Management Regulation;

(ii) published service regulations and
instructions; and

(iii) major command fiscal guidance;

and

(D) such other matters as determined rel-
evant by the center carrying out the study.

(c) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary
of Defense and the Secretary of each of the military de-
partments shall make available to a federally funded re-
search and development center carrying out a study pursu-
ant to a contract entered into under subsection (a) all nec-
essay and relevant information to allow the center to con-
duct the study in a quantitative and analytical manner.
(d) REPORT.—Any contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that not later than 9 months after the date on which the Secretary of Defense enters into the contract, the chief executive officer of the entity that carries out the study pursuant to the contract shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives and the Secretary of Defense a final report on the study. The report shall include each of the following:

(1) A description of the revolving fund environment, as of the date of the conclusion of the study, and the anticipated future environment, together with the quantitative data used in conducting the assessment of such environments under the study.

(2) Recommended fiscal policy adjustments to support the initiatives identified in the study, including adjustments to—

(A) the Department of Defense Financial Management Regulation;

(B) published service regulations and instructions; and

(C) major command fiscal guidance.

(3) Recommendations with respect to any changes to any applicable law that would be appro-
priate to support the initiatives identified in the study.

(e) Submittal of Comments.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the submittal of the report under subsection (d), the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of each of the military departments shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives comments on the findings and recommendations contained in the report.

SEC. 1403. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN WORKING CAPITAL FUND REQUIREMENTS.

Section 2208 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(1), by striking “or used” and inserting “used, or developed through continuous technology refreshment”; and

(2) in subsection (k)(2), by striking “$100,000” and inserting “$250,000”.

SEC. 1404. REDUCTION OF UNOBLIGATED BALANCES WITHIN THE PENTAGON RESERVATION MAINTENANCE REVOLVING FUND.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall transfer $77,000,000 from the unobligated balances of the Pentagon Reservation Maintenance Revolving Fund estab-
lished under section 2674(e) of title 10, United States
Code, to the Miscellaneous Receipts Fund of the United
States Treasury.

SEC. 1405. NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
the fiscal year 2011 for the National Defense Sealift Fund
in the amount of $934,866,000.

SEC. 1406. CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUC-
TION, DEFENSE.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds
are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Depart-
ment of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for expenses, not oth-
erwise provided for, for Chemical Agents and Munitions
Destruction, Defense, in the amount of $1,467,307,000,
of which—

(1) $1,067,364,000 is for Operation and Main-
tenance;

(2) $392,811,000 is for Research, Development,
Test, and Evaluation; and

(3) $7,132,000 is for Procurement.

(b) Use.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated
under subsection (a) are authorized for—

(1) the destruction of lethal chemical agents
and munitions in accordance with section 1412 of
the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986
(50 U.S.C. 1521); and
(2) the destruction of chemical warfare materiel
of the United States that is not covered by section
1412 of such Act.

SEC. 1407. DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG AC-
TIVITIES, DEFENSE-WIDE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for ex-
penses, not otherwise provided for, for Drug Interdiction
and Counter-Drug Activities, Defense-wide, in the amount
of $1,131,351,000.

SEC. 1408. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for ex-
penses, not otherwise provided for, for the Office of the
Inspector General of the Department of Defense, in the
amount of $283,354,000, of which—
(1) $282,354,000 is for Operation and Mainte-
nance; and
(2) $1,000,000 is for Procurement.

SEC. 1409. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for ex-
expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the Defense Health Program, in the amount of $30,991,952,000, of which—

(1) $29,947,792,000 is for Operation and Maintenance;

(2) $524,239,000 is for Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation; and

(3) $519,921,000 is for Procurement.

Subtitle B—National Defense Stockpile

SEC. 1411. AUTHORIZED USES OF NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE FUNDS.

(a) Obligation of Stockpile Funds.—During fiscal year 2011, the National Defense Stockpile Manager may obligate up to $41,181,000 of the funds in the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund established under subsection (a) of section 9 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h) for the authorized uses of such funds under subsection (b)(2) of such section, including the disposal of hazardous materials that are environmentally sensitive.

(b) Additional Obligations.—The National Defense Stockpile Manager may obligate amounts in excess of the amount specified in subsection (a) if the National Defense Stockpile Manager notifies Congress that extraordinary or emergency conditions necessitate the additional
obligations. The National Defense Stockpile Manager may make the additional obligations described in the notification after the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date on which Congress receives the notification.

(c) LIMITATIONS.—The authorities provided by this section shall be subject to such limitations as may be provided in appropriations Acts.

SEC. 1412. REVISION TO REQUIRED RECEIPT OBJECTIVES FOR PREVIOUSLY AUTHORIZED DISPOSALS FROM THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE.

Section 3402(b)(5) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (50 U.S.C. 98d note), as most recently amended by section 1412(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 418), is amended by striking “$710,000,000” and inserting “$730,000,000”.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 1421. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME.

There is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of $71,200,000 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home.
SEC. 1422. PLAN FOR FUNDING FUEL INFRASTRUCTURE SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION, AND MODERNIZATION REQUIREMENTS.

Not later than the date on which the President submits to Congress the budget for fiscal year 2012 pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the fuel infrastructure of the Department of Defense. Such report shall include projections for fuel infrastructure sustainment, restoration, and modernization requirements, and a plan for funding such requirements.

TITLE XV—AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS

SEC. 1501. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to authorize appropriations for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 to provide additional funds for overseas contingency operations being carried out by the Armed Forces.

SEC. 1502. ARMY PROCUREMENT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement accounts of the Army in amounts as follows:

(1) For aircraft procurement, $1,373,803,000.
(2) For missile procurement, $343,828,000.

(3) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles procurement, $687,500,000.

(4) For ammunition procurement, $652,491,000.

(5) For other procurement, $5,865,446,000.

SEC. 1503. JOINT IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICE DEFEAT FUND.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Fund in the amount of $3,464,368,000.

(b) Use and Transfer of Funds.—Subsections (b) and (e) of section 1514 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 120 Stat. 2439), as amended by section 1503 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4649), shall apply to the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) and made available to the Department of Defense for the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Fund.

(e) Monthly Obligations and Expenditure Reports.—Not later than 15 days after the end of each month of fiscal year 2011, the Secretary of Defense shall
provide to the congressional defense committees a report on the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Fund explaining monthly commitments, obligations, and expenditures by line of action.

SEC. 1504. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS PROCUREMENT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement accounts of the Navy and Marine Corps in amounts as follows:

1. For aircraft procurement, Navy, $843,358,000.
2. For weapons procurement, Navy, $93,425,000.
3. For ammunition procurement, Navy and Marine Corps, $565,084,000.
4. For other procurement, Navy, $480,735,000.
5. For procurement, Marine Corps, $1,854,243,000.

SEC. 1505. AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for procurement accounts of the Air Force in amounts as follows:

1. For aircraft procurement, $1,096,520,000.
2. For ammunition procurement, $292,959,000.
(3) For missile procurement, $56,621,000.

(4) For other procurement, $3,087,481,000.

SEC. 1506. DEFENSE-WIDE ACTIVITIES PROCUREMENT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the procurement account for Defense-wide activities in the amount of $1,376,046,000.

SEC. 1507. IRON DOME SHORT-RANGE ROCKET DEFENSE PROGRAM.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 1506 for the procurement account for Defense-wide activities, the Secretary of Defense may provide up to $205,000,000 to the government of Israel for the procurement of the Iron Dome defense system to counter short-range rocket threats.

SEC. 1508. NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE EQUIPMENT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the procurement of aircraft, missiles, wheeled and tracked combat vehicles, tactical wheeled vehicles, ammunition, other weapons, and other procurement for the reserve components of the Armed Forces in the amount of $700,000,000.
SEC. 1509. MINE RESISTANT AMBUSH PROTECTED VEHICLE FUND.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the Mine Resistant Ambush Protected Vehicle Fund in the amount of $3,415,000,000.

SEC. 1510. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation as follows:

(1) For the Army, $112,734,000.
(2) For the Navy, $60,401,000.
(3) For the Air Force, $266,241,000.
(4) For Defense-wide activities, $657,240,000.

SEC. 1511. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the use of the Armed Forces for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Army, $62,202,618,000.
(2) For the Navy, $8,946,634,000.
(3) For the Marine Corps, $4,136,522,000.
(4) For the Air Force, $13,487,283,000.
(5) For Defense-wide activities, $9,426,358,000.
(6) For the Army Reserve, $286,950,000.
(7) For the Navy Reserve, $93,559,000.

(8) For the Marine Corps Reserve, $29,685,000.

(9) For the Air Force Reserve, $129,607,000.

(10) For the Army National Guard, $544,349,000.

(11) For the Air National Guard, $350,823,000.

(12) For the Afghanistan Security Forces Fund, $10,964,983,000.

(13) For the Iraq Security Forces Fund, $2,000,000,000.

(14) For the Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund, $506,781,000.

SEC. 1512. LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS IN AFGHANISTAN SECURITY FORCES FUND.

Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations for the Afghanistan Security Forces Fund in section 1511(12) shall be subject to the conditions contained in subsections (b) through (g) of section 1513 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 428).

SEC. 1513. LIMITATIONS ON IRAQ SECURITY FORCES FUND.

(a) Application of existing limitations.—Subject to subsection (b), funds made available to the Depart-
ment of Defense for the Iraq Security Forces Fund for fiscal year 2011 shall be subject to the conditions contained in subsections (b) through (g) of section 1512 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 426).

(b) COST-SHARE REQUIREMENT.—

(1) REQUIREMENT.—If funds made available to the Department of Defense for the Iraq Security Forces Fund for fiscal year 2011 are used for the purchase of any item or service for Iraq Security Forces, the funds may not cover more than 80 percent of the cost of the item or service.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) does not apply to any item that the Secretary of Defense determines—

(A) is an item of significant military equipment (as such term is defined in section 47(9) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794(9))); or

(B) is included on the United States Munitions List, as designated pursuant to section 38(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(a)(1)).
SEC. 1514. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 to the Department of Defense for military personnel accounts in the total amount of $15,275,502,000.

SEC. 1515. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds in the amount of $485,384,000.

SEC. 1516. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the Defense Health Program in the amount of $1,398,092,000 for operation and maintenance.

SEC. 1517. DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE-WIDE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for Drug Interdiction and Counter-Drug Activities, Defense-wide in the amount of $457,110,000.
SEC. 1518. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2011 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense in the amount of $10,529,000.

SEC. 1519. CONTINUATION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF UNITED STATES FUNDS FOR CERTAIN FACILITIES PROJECTS IN IRAQ.

Section 1508(a) of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4651) shall apply to funds authorized to be appropriated by this title.

SEC. 1520. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR RAPID FORCE PROTECTION IN AFGHANISTAN.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 1511(5) for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities, the Secretary of Defense may obligate up to $200,000,000 during fiscal year 2011 to address urgent force protection requirements facing United States military forces in Afghanistan, as identified by the Commander of United States Forces–Afghanistan.

(b) USE OF RAPID ACQUISITION AUTHORITY.—To carry out this section, the Secretary of Defense shall uti-
lize the rapid acquisition authority available to the Sec-

cretary.

(c) Use of Transfer Authority.—To carry out this section, the Secretary of Defense may utilize the transfer authority provided by section 1522, subject to the limitation in subsection (a)(2) of such section on the total amount of authorizations that may be transferred.

SEC. 1521. TREATMENT AS ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATIONS.

The amounts authorized to be appropriated by this title are in addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated by this Act.

SEC. 1522. SPECIAL TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) Authority To Transfer Authorizations.—

(1) Authority.—Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this title for fiscal year 2011 between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) Limitation.—The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the
authority of this section may not exceed $3,500,000,000.

(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Transfers under this section shall be subject to the same terms and conditions as transfers under section 1001.

c ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—The transfer authority provided by this section is in addition to the transfer authority provided under section 1001.

SEC. 1523. REPORT ON MINE RESISTANT AMBUSH PROTECTED VEHICLES.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the procurement of mine resistant ambush protected vehicles.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An evaluation of potential cost benefits and manufacturing efficiencies with respect to mine resistant ambush protected vehicles.

(2) An evaluation of the advisability and feasibility of sustained low-level production of mine resistant ambush protected vehicles across the industrial base as part of a long-term sustainment fleet integration strategy.
TITLE XVI—IMPROVED SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE IN THE ARMED FORCES

SEC. 1601. DEFINITION OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM AND OTHER DEFINITIONS.

(a) Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program Defined.—In this title, the term “sexual assault prevention and response program” refers to Department of Defense policies and programs, including policies and programs of a specific military department or Armed Force, that are intended to reduce the number of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces and improve the response of the department to reports of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces, whether members of the Armed Forces are the victim, alleged assailant, or both.

(b) Other Definitions.—In this title:

(1) The term “Armed Forces” means the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

(2) The term “department” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(6) of title 10, United States Code.
(3) The term “military installation” has the meaning given that term by the Secretary concerned.

(4) The term “Secretary concerned” means—

(A) the Secretary of the Army, with respect to matters concerning the Army;

(B) the Secretary of the Navy, with respect to matters concerning the Navy and the Marine Corps; and

(C) the Secretary of the Air Force, with respect to matters concerning the Air Force.

Subtitle A—Immediate Actions to Improve Department of Defense Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program

SEC. 1611. SPECIFIC BUDGETING FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM.

Effective with the Program Objective Memorandum to be issued for fiscal year 2012 and thereafter and containing recommended programming and resource allocations for the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense shall specifically address the Department of Defense sexual assault prevention and response program to ensure that a separate line of funding is allocated to the program.
SEC. 1612. CONSISTENCY IN TERMINOLOGY, POSITION DESCRIPTIONS, PROGRAM STANDARDS, AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall require the use of consistent terminology, position descriptions, minimum program standards, and organizational structures throughout the Armed Forces in implementing the Department of Defense sexual assault prevention and response program.

(b) RECOGNIZING OPERATIONAL DIFFERENCES.—In complying with subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall take into account the responsibilities of the Secretary concerned and operational needs of the Armed Force involved.

SEC. 1613. GUIDANCE FOR COMMANDERS.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of each military department shall issue guidance to all military unit commanders that implementation of the Department of Defense sexual assault prevention and response program requires their leadership and is their responsibility.

SEC. 1614. COMMANDER CONSULTATION WITH VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT.

Before making a decision regarding how to proceed under the Uniform Code of Military Justice in the case
of an alleged sexual assault or other offense covered by section 920 of title 10, United States Code (article 120), the commanding officer shall offer to meet with the victim of the offense to determine the opinion of the victim regarding case disposition and provide that information to the convening authority.

7 SEC. 1615. OVERSIGHT AND EVALUATION.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) issue standards to be used to assess and evaluate the effectiveness of the sexual assault prevention and response program of each Armed Force in reducing the number of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces and in improving the response of the department to reports of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces, whether members of the Armed Forces are the victim, alleged assailant, or both; and

(2) develop measures to ensure that the Armed Forces comply with those standards.

SEC. 1616. SEXUAL ASSAULT REPORTING HOTLINE.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF HOTLINE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a universal hotline to facilitate the reporting of a sexual assault—
(1) by a member of the Armed Forces, whether serving in the United States or overseas, who is a victim of a sexual assault; or

(2) by any other person who is a victim of a sexual assault involving a member of the Armed Forces.

(b) PROMPT RESPONSE.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator serving in the locality of the victim promptly responds to the reporting of a sexual assault using the hotline. The Secretary of Defense shall define appropriate localities for purposes of this subsection.

SEC. 1617. REVIEW OF APPLICATION OF SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM TO RESERVE COMPONENTS.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the application of the sexual assault prevention and response program for the reserve components.

(b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(1) The ability of members of the reserve components to access the services available under the
sexual assault prevention and response program, in-
cluding policies and programs of a specific military
department or Armed Force.

(2) The quality of training provided to Sexual
Assault Response Coordinators and Sexual Assault
Victim Advocates in the reserve components.

(3) The degree to which the services available
for regular and reserve members under the sexual
assault prevention and response program are inte-
grated.

(4) Such recommendations as the Secretary of
Defense considers appropriate on how to improve the
services available for reserve members under the sex-
ual assault prevention and response program and
their access to the services.

SEC. 1618. REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS OF REVISED UNI-
FORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE OF-
FENSES REGARDING RAPE, SEXUAL ASSAULT,
AND OTHER SEXUAL MISCONDUCT.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense
shall conduct a review of the effectiveness of section 920
of title 10, United States Code (article 120 of the Uniform
Code of Military Justice), as amended by section 552 of
the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3256). The Sec-
Secretary shall use a panel of military justice experts to conduct the review.

(b) Submission of Results.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit the results of the review to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 1619. TRAINING AND EDUCATION PROGRAMS FOR SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM.

(a) Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Training and Education.—

(1) Development of curricula.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of each military department shall develop curricula to provide sexual assault prevention and response training and education for members of the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary and civilian employees of the military department to strengthen individual knowledge, skills, and capacity to prevent and respond to sexual assault.

(2) Scope of training and education.—The sexual assault prevention and response training and education shall encompass initial entry and accession programs, annual refresher training, profes-
sional military education, peer education, and specialized leadership training. Training shall be tailored for specific leadership levels and local area requirements.

(3) CONSISTENT TRAINING.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the sexual assault prevention and response training provided to members of the Armed Forces and Department of Defense civilian employees is consistent throughout the military departments.

(b) INCLUSION IN PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide for the inclusion of a sexual assault prevention and response training module at each level of professional military education. The training shall be tailored to the new responsibilities and leadership requirements of members of the Armed Forces as they are promoted.

(c) INCLUSION IN FIRST RESPONDER TRAINING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall direct that managers of specialty skills associated with first responders described in paragraph

(2) integrate sexual assault response training in initial and recurring training courses.

(2) COVERED FIRST RESPONDERS.—First responders referred to in paragraph (1) include fire-
fighters, emergency medical technicians, law enforce-
ment officers, military criminal investigators,
healthcare personnel, judge advocates, and chap-
lains.

SEC. 1620. USE OF SEXUAL ASSAULT FORENSIC MEDICAL
EXAMINERS.

Not later than two years after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide
for the use of forensic medical examiners within the De-
partment of Defense who are specially trained regarding
the collection and preservation of evidence in cases involv-
ing sexual assault.

SEC. 1621. SEXUAL ASSAULT ADVISORY BOARD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than one year after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
Defense shall establish a Sexual Assault Advisory Board,
to be modeled after other Defense advisory boards, such
as the Defense Business Board, the Defense Policy Board,
or the Defense Science Board.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Sexual Assault
Advisory Board is—

(1) to advise the Secretary of Defense on the
overall Department of Defense sexual assault pre-
vention and response program and its comprehensive
prevention strategy and on the effectiveness of the
sexual assault prevention and response program of
each Armed Force; and

(2) to make recommendations regarding
changes and improvements to the sexual assault pre-
vention and response program.

(c) Relation to Sexual Assault Prevention
and Response Office.—The Sexual Assault Advisory
Board is not intended to replace the organic capabilities
that must reside in the Sexual Assault Prevention and Re-
response Office, but to ensure that best practices from both
the civilian and military community perspective are incor-
porated into the design, development, and performance of
the sexual assault prevention and response program.

(d) Organization and Membership.—The Sexual
Assault Advisory Board shall be chaired by the Undersec-
retary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness. The Sex-
ual Assault Advisory Board shall include experts on crimi-
nal law and sexual assault prevention, response, and train-
ing who are not members of the Armed Forces or civilian
employees of the Department of Defense and include rep-
resentatives from other Federal agencies.

(e) Frequency of Meetings.—The Sexual Assault
Advisory Board shall meet not less frequently than bian-
nually.
SEC. 1622. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SEXUAL ASSAULT ADVISORY COUNCIL.

(a) REORGANIZATION.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall reorganize the Sexual Assault Advisory Council and limit membership on the Sexual Assault Advisory Council to Department of Defense personnel.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Sexual Assault Advisory Council is—

(1) to oversee the Department’s overall sexual assault prevention and response Program and its comprehensive prevention strategy;

(2) to ensure accountability of the sexual assault prevention and response program of each Armed Force;

(3) to make recommendations regarding changes and improvements to the sexual assault prevention and response program; and

(4) to identify cross-cutting issues and solutions in the area of sexual assault.

(c) ORGANIZATION AND MEMBERSHIP.—The Sexual Assault Advisory Council shall be chaired by the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the designee of the Deputy Secretary. Members shall include, at a minimum, the following:
(1) Principals or deputies from every office within the Office of the Secretary of Defense with responsibilities involving the sexual assault prevention and response program.

(2) The Assistant Secretary of each of the military departments with responsibility for the sexual assault prevention and response program.

(3) The Vice Chief of Staff of the Army, the Vice Chief of Naval Operations, the Vice Chief of Staff of the Air Force, and the Assistant Commandant of the Marine Corps.

(4) A general or flag officer from the staff of each officer specified in paragraph (3) who has responsibility for the sexual assault prevention and response program.

(5) A general officer from the National Guard Bureau.

(d) FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS.—The Sexual Assault Advisory Council shall meet not less frequently than once each calendar-year quarter.

(e) SERVICE-LEVEL SEXUAL ASSAULT ADVISORY COUNCILS.—The Secretary of a military department shall establish a sexual assault advisory council, comparable to the Sexual Assault Advisory Council required by sub-
section (a), for each Armed Force under the jurisdiction
of the Secretary.

SEC. 1623. SERVICE-LEVEL SEXUAL ASSAULT REVIEW
BOARDS.

(a) Establishment.—Not later than one year after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
a military department shall establish for each military in-
stallation or operational command under the jurisdiction
of the Secretary a multi-disciplinary group to serve as a
sexual assault review board.

(b) Membership.—The chair of a sexual assault re-
view board shall be the senior commander, senior deputy
commander, or chief of staff. Other members should in-
clude the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator, command
legal representative or staff judge advocate, command
chaplain, and representation of senior commanders or su-
pervisors from the Military Criminal Investigative Organi-
zations, military law enforcement, medical, alcohol and
substance abuse office, and the safety office.

(c) Responsibilities.—A sexual assault review
board shall be responsible for, at a minimum, addressing
safety issues, developing prevention strategies, analyzing
response processes, community impact and overall trends,
and identifying training issues. These functions should be
flexible to accommodate the resources available at different installations and operational commands.

(d) **Frequency of Meetings.**—A sexual assault review board shall meet not less frequently than once each calendar-year quarter.

**SEC. 1624. RENEWED EMPHASIS ON ACQUISITION OF CENTERED DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SEXUAL ASSAULT DATABASE.**

(a) **New Deadline for Acquisition.**—Notwithstanding subsection (c) of section 563 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4470), the Secretary of Defense shall complete implementation of the centralized sexual assault database required by subsection (a) of such section not later than September 30, 2011.

(b) **Acquisition Process.**—To meet the deadline imposed by subsection (a), acquisition best practices associated with successfully acquiring and deploying information technology systems related to the database, such as economically justifying the proposed system solution and effectively developing and managing requirements, shall be completed as soon as possible.
Subtitle B—Sexual Assault Prevention Strategy and Annual Reporting Requirement

SEC. 1631. COMPREHENSIVE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION STRATEGY.

(a) Strategy Required.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive strategy to reduce the number of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces, whether members of the Armed Forces are the victim, alleged assailant, or both. All activities and programs of a specific military department or Armed Force related to preventing sexual assault must align with and support the overall comprehensive strategy.

(b) Coordination With Other Requirements.—In developing the comprehensive strategy under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall incorporate and build upon—

(1) the new requirements imposed by this subtitle;

(2) the policies and procedure developed under section 577 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108–375; 10 U.S.C. 113 note); and
(3) the prevention and response plan developed under section 567(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2313).

(c) IMPLEMENTATION OF STRATEGY.—Not later than 6 months after the submission of the comprehensive strategy prepared under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall complete implementation of the comprehensive strategy throughout the Department of Defense.

(d) SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION EVALUATION PLAN.—

(1) PLAN REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop and implement an evaluation plan for assessing the effectiveness of the comprehensive strategy prepared under subsection (a) its intended outcomes at the Department of Defense and individual Armed Force levels.

(2) COMMANDER ROLE.—As a component of the evaluation plan, the commander of each military installation and the commander of each unified or specified combatant command shall assess the adequacy of measures undertaken at facilities under the authority of the commander to ensure the safest and most secure living and working environments with regard to preventing sexual assault.
(3) Submission of results.—The results of assessments conducted under the evaluation plan shall be included in the annual report required by section 1632, beginning with the report required to be submitted in calendar year 2012.

SEC. 1632. ANNUAL REPORT ON SEXUAL ASSAULTS INVOLVING MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM.

(a) Annual Report on Sexual Assaults.—Not later than January 15 of each year, the Secretary of each military department shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on the sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of that Secretary during the preceding year. In the case of the Secretary of the Navy, separate reports shall be prepared for the Navy and for the Marine Corps.

(b) Contents.—The report of a Secretary of a military department on an Armed Force under subsection (a) shall contain the following:

(1) The number of sexual assaults committed against members of the Armed Force that were reported to military officials during the year covered by the report, and the number of the cases so reported that were founded.
(2) The number of sexual assaults committed by members of the Armed Force that were reported to military officials during the year covered by the report, and the number of the cases so reported that were founded. The information required by this paragraph shall not be combined with the information required by paragraph (1).

(3) A synopsis of each such founded case, organized by offense, and, for each such case, the disciplinary action taken in the case, including the type of disciplinary or administrative sanction imposed, if any.

(4) The policies, procedures, and processes implemented by the Secretary concerned during the year covered by the report in response to incidents of sexual assault involving members of the Armed Force concerned.

(5) The number of founded sexual assault cases in which the victim is a deployed member of the Armed Forces and the assailant is a foreign national, and the policies, procedures, and processes implemented by the Secretary concerned to monitor the investigative process and disposition of such cases and to eliminate any gaps in investigating and adjudicating such cases.
(6) A description of the implementation during the year covered by the report of the tracking system implemented pursuant to section 596(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 10 U.S.C. 113 note), including information collected on cases during that year in which care to a victim of rape or sexual assault was hindered by the lack of availability of a rape kit or other needed supplies or by the lack of timely access to appropriate laboratory testing resources.

(7) A description of the implementation during the year covered by the report of the accessibility plan implemented pursuant to section 596(b) of such Act, including a description of the steps taken during that year to provide that trained personnel, appropriate supplies, and transportation resources are accessible to deployed units in order to provide an appropriate and timely response in any case of reported sexual assault in a deployed unit.

(8) A description of the required supply inventory, location, accessibility, and availability of supplies, trained personnel, and transportation resources needed, and in fact in place, in order to be able to provide an appropriate and timely response
in any case of reported sexual assault in a deployed unit.

(9) A plan for the actions that are to be taken in the year following the year covered by such report on reducing the number of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces concerned and improving the response to sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces concerned.

(10) The results of the most recent biennial gender-relations survey of an adequate sample of members to evaluate and improve the sexual assault prevention and response program.

(e) Verification.—The Office of the Judge Advocate General of an Armed Force (or, in the case of the Marine Corps, the Office of the Staff Judge Advocate to the Commandant of the Marine Corps) shall verify the accuracy of the information required by paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (5) of subsection (b), including courts-martial data.

(d) Consistent Definition of Founded.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a consistent definition of “founded” for purposes of paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (5) of subsection (b) and require that military criminal investigative organizations only provide syn-
opses for those cases for the preparation of reports under
this section.

(c) Assessment Component.—Each report under
subsection (a) shall include an assessment by the Sec-
retary concerned of the implementation during the pre-
ceding fiscal year of the sexual assault prevention and re-
sponse program in order to determine the effectiveness of
the program during such fiscal year in providing an appro-
priate response to sexual assaults involving members of
the Armed Forces.

(f) Submission to Congress.—The Secretary of
Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Serv-
ices of the Senate and House of Representatives each re-
port prepared under subsection (a), together with the com-
ments of the Secretary of Defense on the report. The Sec-
retary of Defense shall submit each such report not later
than March 15 of the year following the year covered by
the report.

(g) Repeal of Superseded Reporting Require-
ment.—Section 577 of the Ronald W. Reagan National
Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public
Law 108–375; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking
subsection (f).
Subtitle C—Amendments to Title 10

SEC. 1641. SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE OFFICE.

(a) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR; DUTIES.—Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 902, is amended by inserting after section 139 the following new section:

“§ 139a. Director of Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office

“(a) APPOINTMENT.—There is a Director of the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office who shall be a general or flag officer or an employee of the Department of Defense in a comparable Senior Executive Service position.

“(b) DUTIES.—The Director of the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office serves as the single point of authority, accountability, and oversight for the Department of Defense sexual assault prevention and response program and provides oversight to ensure that the military departments comply with the program.

“(c) ROLE OF INSPECTORS GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Inspector General of the Army, the Naval Inspector General, and the Inspector General of the Air Force shall include sexual
assault prevention and response programs within the scope of their assessments. The Inspector General teams shall include at least one member with expertise and knowledge of sexual assault prevention and response policies related to a specific armed force.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘armed forces’ means the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

“(2) The term ‘sexual assault prevention and response program’ refers to Department of Defense policies and programs, including policies and programs of a specific military department or the that are intended to reduce the number of sexual assaults involving members of the armed forces and improve the response of the department to reports of sexual assaults involving members of the armed forces, whether members of the armed forces are the victim, alleged assailant, or both.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 139 the following new item:

“139a. Director of Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office.”.
SEC. 1642. SEXUAL ASSAULT RESPONSE COORDINATORS AND SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM ADVOCATES.

(a) Assignment and Training.—Chapter 80 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 1568. Sexual assault prevention and response: Sexual Assault Response Coordinators and Victim Advocates

“(a) Assignment of Coordinators.—(1) At least one full-time Sexual Assault Response Coordinator shall be assigned to each brigade or equivalent or higher unit level of the armed forces. The Secretary of the military department concerned may assign additional Sexual Assault Response Coordinators as necessary based on the demographics or needs of the unit. The additional Sexual Assault Response Coordinator may serve on a full-time or part-time basis at the discretion of the Secretary.

“(2) Effective October 1, 2013, only members of the armed forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense may be assigned to duty as a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator. After that date, contractor employees may serve as a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator only on a temporary basis, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

“(b) Assignment of Victim Advocates.—(1) At least one full-time Sexual Assault Victim Advocate shall
be assigned to each brigade or equivalent or higher unit level of the armed forces. The Secretary of the military department concerned may assign additional Victim Advocates as necessary based on the demographics or needs of the unit. The additional Victim Advocates may serve on a full-time or part-time basis at the discretion of the Secretary.

“(2) Only members of the armed forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense may be assigned to duty as a Victim Advocate. Contractor employees may serve as a Victim Advocate only on a temporary basis, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

“(c) Deployable Coordinators and Victim Advocates.—(1) The Secretary of a military department shall assign members of the armed forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary to serve as a deployable Sexual Assault Response Coordinator or Sexual Assault Victim Advocate when a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator assigned to a unit under subsection (a) or a Sexual Assault Victim Advocate assigned to a unit under subsection (b) is not deployed with the unit.

“(2) A deployable Sexual Assault Response Coordinator or deployable Sexual Assault Victim Advocate may serve on a full-time or part-time basis at the discretion of the Secretary.
“(d) TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION.—(1) As part of the sexual assault prevention and response program, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a professional and uniform training and certification program for Sexual Assault Response Coordinators assigned under subsection (a) and Sexual Assault Victim Advocates assigned under subsection (b). The program shall be structured and administered in a manner similar to the professional training available for Equal Opportunity Advisors through the Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute.

“(2) Effective beginning one year after the date of the enactment of this section, before a member or civilian employee may be assigned to duty as a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator under subsection (a), the member or employee must have completed the training program required by paragraph (1) and obtained the certification.

“(3) A member or civilian employee assigned to duty as a Victim Advocate under subsection (b) may obtain certification under the training program required by paragraph (1). At a minimum, the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator to whom a Victim Advocate reports shall train the Victim Advocate using the same training materials used to train the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator under the program.
“(4) Deployable Sexual Assault Response Coordinators and deployable Sexual Assault Victim Advocates shall receive training from a designated Sexual Assault Response Coordinator or Sexual Assault Victim Advocate on their specific roles and responsibilities before assuming such responsibilities.

“(e) ACCESS TO COMMANDERS AND UNITS.—(1) The Secretaries of the military departments shall ensure that a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator, including a deployable Sexual Assault Response Coordinator assigned under subsection (c), has direct access to senior commanders and any other commander within the unit or geographical area of responsibility of the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator.

“(2) A Sexual Assault Response Coordinator may work with supporting medical staff, mental health staff, and chaplains to offer unit counseling options for commanders of units in which a sexual assault involving a member of the armed forces occurs.

“(f) SEXUAL ASSAULT RESPONSE TEAMS RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSEEING UNRESTRICTED REPORTED CASES.—

“(1) RESPONSE TEAM PROTOCOL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Defense shall develop and
implement a protocol for the establishment and use of sexual assault response teams throughout the Department of Defense.

“(2) EMERGENCY RESPONSE.—A sexual assault response team shall be led by a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator and convene as soon as practicable after a reported sexual assault involving a member of the armed forces.

“(3) OTHER ELEMENTS.—At a minimum, the protocol for sexual assault response teams shall also provide for—

“(A) in addition to meetings required by paragraph (2), monthly meetings to review individual cases, facilitate timely victim updates, and ensure system coordination, accountability (to include tracking case adjudication), and victim access to quality services; and

“(B) depending on the resources available at different locations, membership drawn from the relevant military criminal investigator, medical personnel, chaplain, trial counsel, and Sexual Assault Victim Advocate.

“(4) COMMAND INVOLVEMENT.—Within the first 3 months of assuming a command, the commander shall attend a meeting of their command’s
sexual assault response team occurring after the commander’s assumption of command. The Secretary of Defense shall provide for the inclusion of a sexual assault prevention and response training module as part of commanders pre-command courses.

“(g) PROHIBITION ON USE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL PERSONNEL.—Personnel of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Inspector General of the Army, the Naval Inspector General, and the Inspector General of the Air Force may not perform Sexual Assault Response Coordinator duties.

“(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘armed forces’ means the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

“(2) The term ‘sexual assault prevention and response program’ refers to Department of Defense policies and programs, including policies and programs of a specific military department or the that are intended to reduce the number of sexual assaults involving members of the armed forces and improve the response of the department to reports of sexual assaults involving members of the armed forces, whether members of the armed forces are the victim, alleged assailant, or both.”.
(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“1568. Sexual assault prevention and response: Sexual Assault Response Coordinators and Victim Advocates.”

SEC. 1643. SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIMS ACCESS TO LEGAL COUNSEL AND VICTIM ADVOCATE SERVICES.

(a) Access.—Chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1044d the following new section:

“§ 1044e. Access to legal assistance and Victim Advocate services for victims of sexual assault

“(a) Availability of Legal Assistance and Victim Advocate Services.—

“(1) Members.—A member of the armed forces or a dependent of a member of the armed forces who is the victim of a sexual assault is entitled to—

“(A) legal assistance provided by a military legal assistance counsel certified as competent to provide such duties pursuant to section 827(b) of this title (article 27(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice); and

“(B) assistance provided by a qualified Sexual Assault Victim Advocate.
“(2) DEPENDENTS.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary of a military department shall make the assistance described in paragraph (1) available to dependent of a member of the armed forces who is the victim of a sexual assault and resides on or in the vicinity of a military installation. The Secretary concerned shall define the term ‘vicinity’ for purposes of this paragraph.

“(3) NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF ASSISTANCE; OPT OUT.—The member or dependent shall be informed of the availability of assistance under this subsection as soon as the member or dependent seeks assistance from a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator or any other responsible member of the armed forces or Department of Defense civilian employee. The victim shall also be informed that the legal assistance and services of a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator and Sexual Assault Victim Advocate are optional and these services may be declined, in whole or in part, at any time.

“(4) NATURE OF REPORTING IMMATERIAL.—In the case of a member of the armed forces, access to legal assistance and Victim Advocate services is available regardless of whether the member elects
unrestricted or restricted (confidential) reporting of
the sexual assault.

“(5) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
this subsection shall be construed to establish an at-
torney-client relationship.

“(b) RESTRICTED REPORTING OPTION.—

“(1) AVAILABILITY OF RESTRICTED REPORT-
ing.—A member of the armed forces who is the vic-
tim of a sexual assault may confidentially disclose
the details of the assault to an individual specified
in paragraph (2) and receive medical treatment,
legal assistance, or counseling, without triggering an
official investigation of the allegations.

“(2) PERSONS COVERED BY RESTRICTED RE-
PORTING.—Individuals covered by paragraph (1) are
the following:

“(A) Military legal assistance counsel.

“(B) Sexual Assault Response Coor-
dinator.

“(C) Sexual Assault Victim Advocate.

“(D) Healthcare personnel.

“(E) Chaplain.

“(3) IMPORTANCE OF CONTACTING SEXUAL AS-
sault RESPONSE COORDINATOR.—The Secretary of
Defense shall ensure that all sexual assault preven-
tion and response training emphasizes the importance of immediately contacting a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator after a sexual assault to ensure that the victim preserves the restricted reporting option and receives guidance on available services and victim care. A member’s responsibility to report a sexual assault is satisfied by informing the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator, in addition to or in lieu of informing the member’s commander or military law enforcement.

“(c) Clarification of Victim Option to Participate in Investigation.—The Secretary of Defense shall implement a Sexual Assault Response Coordinator-led process by which a member or dependent referred to in subsection (a) may decline to participate in the investigation of the sexual assault. The member or dependent, after consultation with a Sexual Assault Victim Advocate or Sexual Assault Response Coordinator, or both, may complete a form indicating a preference not to participate further in the investigative process.

“(d) Definitions.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘sexual assault’ includes any of the offenses covered by section 920 of this title (article 120).
“(2) The term ‘military legal assistance counsel’ means—

“(A) a judge advocate (as defined in section 801(13) of this title (article 1(13) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice)); or

“(B) a civilian attorney serving as a legal assistance officer under the provisions of section 1044 of this title.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1044d the following new item:

“1044e. Access to legal assistance and Victim Advocate services for victims of sexual assault.”.

(e) CONFORMING AMENDMENT REGARDING PROVISION OF LEGAL COUNSEL.—Section 1044(d)(3)(B) of such title is amended by striking “sections 1044a, 1044b, 1044c, and 1044d” and inserting “sections 1044a through 1044e”.

SEC. 1644. NOTIFICATION OF COMMAND OF OUTCOME OF COURT-MARTIAL INVOLVING CHARGES OF SEXUAL ASSAULT.

Section 853 of title 10, United States Code (article 53 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended—

(1) by inserting “(a) ANNOUNCEMENT TO PARTIES.—” before “A court-martial”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(b) Dissemination of Results to Command in Certain Cases.—In the case of an alleged sexual assault or other offense covered by section 920 of this title (article 120), the trial counsel shall notify the servicing staff judge advocate at the military installation, who shall notify the convening authority and commanders, as appropriate. In consultation with the servicing staff judge advocate, the commanding officer shall notify members of the command of the outcome of the case.”.

SEC. 1645. COPY OF RECORD OF COURT-MARTIAL TO VICTIM OF SEXUAL ASSAULT INVOLVING A MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES.

Section 854 of title 10, United States Code (article 54 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) In the case of a general or special court-martial involving a sexual assault or other offense covered by section 920 of this title (article 120), a copy of the prepared record of the proceedings of the court-martial shall be given to the victim of the offence if the victim testified during the proceedings. The record of the proceedings shall be provided without charge and as soon as the record
is authenticated. The victim shall be notified of the oppor-
tunity to receive the record of the proceedings.”.

SEC. 1646. MEDICAL CARE FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL AS-
SAULT.

(a) MEDICAL CARE AND RECORDS.—Chapter 55 of
title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
section 1074l the following new section:

“§ 1074m. Medical care for members who are victims
of sexual assault

“(a) MEDICAL CARE.—(1) The Secretary of Defense
shall establish protocols for providing medical care to a
member of the armed forces who is a victim of a sexual
assault, including protocols with respect to the appropriate
screening, prevention, and mitigation of diseases.

“(2) In establishing the protocols under paragraph
(1), the Secretary shall take into consideration the sex of
the member of the armed forces.

“(b) MEDICAL RECORDS.—The Secretary shall en-
sure that—

“(1) an accurate and complete medical record is
made for each member of the armed forces who is
a victim of a sexual assault with respect to the phys-
ical and mental condition of the member resulting
from the assault; and
“(2) such record complies with the requirement for confidentiality in making a restricted report under section 1044e(b) of this title.

“(c) RESTRICTED REPORTING.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the right of a member of the armed forces to make a restricted report under section 1044e(b) of this title.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1074l the following new item:

“1074m. Medical care for members who are victims of sexual assault.”.

SEC. 1647. PRIVILEGE AGAINST DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN COMMUNICATIONS WITH SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM ADVOCATES.

(a) PRIVILEGE ESTABLISHED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code is amended by inserting after section 1034a the following new section:

“§ 1034b. Privilege against disclosure of certain communications with Sexual Assault Victim Advocates

“A confidential communication between the victim of a sexual assault or other offense covered by section 920 of this title (article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) and a Sexual Assault Victim Advocate assigned
under section 1568 of this title, including a deployable Sexual Assault Victim Advocate, shall be treated in the same manner as a confidential communication between a patient and a psychiatrist for purposes of any privilege which may attach to such a communication.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1034a the following new item:

“1034b. Privilege against disclosure of certain communications with Sexual Assault Victim Advocates.”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—Section 1034b of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), applies to communications described in such section whether made before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1648. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION AND PRIORITY FOR APPLICATION FOR CONSIDERATION OF A PERMANENT CHANGE OF STATION OR UNIT TRANSFER BASED ON HUMANITARIAN CONDITIONS FOR VICTIM OF SEXUAL ASSAULT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 39 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 672 the following new section:
§ 673. Consideration of application for permanent change of station or unit transfer for members on active duty who are the victim of a sexual assault

(a) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION AND PRIORITY FOR APPROVAL.—To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary concerned shall provide for the expedited consideration and approval of an application for consideration of a permanent change of station or unit transfer submitted by a member of the armed forces serving on active duty who was a victim of a sexual assault or other offense covered by section 920 of this title (article 120) so as to reduce the possibility of retaliation against the member for reporting the sexual assault.

(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretaries of the military departments shall issue regulations to carry out this section, within guidelines provided by the Secretary of Defense.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 672 the following new item:

“673. Consideration of application for permanent change of station or unit transfer for members on active duty who are the victim of a sexual assault.”.
Subtitle D—Other Matters

SEC. 1661. RECRUITER SELECTION AND OVERSIGHT.

(a) SCREENING, TRAINING, AND OVERSIGHT OF RECRUITERS.—The Secretaries of the military departments shall ensure effective recruiter selection and oversight with regard to sexual assault prevention and response by ensuring that—

(1) recruiters are screened and trained under the sexual assault prevention and response program;

(2) sexual assault prevention and response program information is disseminated to recruiters and potential recruits for the Armed Forces; and

(3) oversight is in place to preclude the potential for sexual misconduct by recruiters.

(b) IMPROVED AWARENESS OF RECRUITS.—Commanders of recruiting organizations and Military Entrance Processing Stations shall ensure that sexual assault prevention and response awareness campaign materials are available and posted in locations visible to potential and actual recruits for the Armed Forces.
SEC. 1662. AVAILABILITY OF SERVICES UNDER SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM FOR DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS, MILITARY RETIREES, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES, AND DEFENSE CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES.

(a) Notification of Extent of Current Services.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise materials made available under the sexual assault prevention and response program to include information on the extent to which dependents of members of the Armed Forces, retired members, Department of Defense civilian employees, and employees of defense contractors are eligible for sexual assault prevention and response services under the sexual assault prevention and response program.

(b) Report Required.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the feasibility of extending all sexual assault prevention and response services available for a member of the Armed Forces who is the victim of a sexual assault to persons referred to in subsection (a).
SEC. 1663. APPLICATION OF SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM IN TRAINING ENVIRONMENTS.

The Secretaries of the military departments shall ensure that a member of the Armed Forces who is a victim of a sexual assault in a training environment is provided, to the maximum extent possible, with confidential access to victim support services and afforded time for recovery. The member should not be required to repeat training unless the time needed for support services and recovery significantly interferes with the progress of the member’s training.

SEC. 1664. APPLICATION OF SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROGRAM IN REMOTE ENVIRONMENTS AND JOINT BASING SITUATIONS.

(a) Remote and Deployed Environments.—The Secretary of Defense and the combatant commanders shall ensure that the sexual assault prevention and response program continues to operate even in remote environments in which members of the Armed Forces are deployed, including coalition operations.

(b) Joint Basing.—The Secretary of Defense shall monitor the implementation of the sexual assault prevention and response program and military justice and jurisdiction issues at joint basing locations. Elements of the Armed Forces sharing a joint base location shall closely
collaborate on sexual assault prevention and response
issues to ensure consistency in approach and messages at
the joint base location.

**TITLE XVII—FEDERAL
INFORMATION SECURITY**

Subtitle A—Federal Information
Security Amendments

SEC. 1701. COORDINATION OF FEDERAL INFORMATION
POLICY.

Chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, is amend-
ed by striking subchapters II and III and inserting the
following:

“SUBCHAPTER II—INFORMATION SECURITY

§ 3551. Purposes

“The purposes of this subchapter are to—

“(1) provide a comprehensive framework for en-
suring the effectiveness of information security con-
trols over information resources that support Fed-
eral operations and assets;

“(2) recognize the highly networked nature of
the current Federal computing environment and pro-
vide effective Governmentwide management and
oversight of the related information security risks,
including coordination of information security efforts
throughout the civilian, national security, and law enforcement communities;

“(3) provide for development and maintenance of minimum controls required to protect Federal information and information infrastructure;

“(4) provide a mechanism for improved oversight of Federal agency information security programs;

“(5) acknowledge that commercially developed information security products offer advanced, dynamic, robust, and effective information security solutions, reflecting market solutions for the protection of critical information infrastructures important to the national defense and economic security of the Nation that are designed, built, and operated by the private sector; and

“(6) recognize that the selection of specific technical hardware and software information security solutions should be left to individual agencies from among commercially developed products.

§ 3552. Definitions

“(a) SECTION 3502 DEFINITIONS.—Except as provided under subsection (b), the definitions under section 3502 shall apply to this subchapter.

“(b) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—In this subchapter:
“(1) The term ‘adequate security’ means security that complies with the regulations promulgated under section 3554 and the standards promulgated under section 3558.

“(2) The term ‘incident’ means an occurrence that actually or potentially jeopardizes the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of an information system, information infrastructure, or the information the system processes, stores, or transmits or that constitutes a violation or imminent threat of violation of security policies, security procedures, or acceptable use policies.

“(3) The term ‘information infrastructure’ means the underlying framework that information systems and assets rely on in processing, storing, or transmitting information electronically.

“(4) The term ‘information security’ means protecting information and information infrastructure from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction in order to provide—

“(A) integrity, which means guarding against improper information modification or destruction, and includes ensuring information nonrepudiation and authenticity;
“(B) confidentiality, which means preserving authorized restrictions on access and disclosure, including means for protecting personal privacy and proprietary information;

“(C) availability, which means ensuring timely and reliable access to and use of information; and

“(D) authentication, which means using digital credentials to assure the identity of users and validate access of such users.

“(5) The term ‘information technology’ has the meaning given that term in section 11101 of title 40.

“(6)(A) The term ‘national security system’ means any information infrastructure (including any telecommunications system) used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency, or other organization on behalf of an agency—

“(i) the function, operation, or use of which—

“(I) involves intelligence activities;

“(II) involves cryptologic activities related to national security;

“(III) involves command and control of military forces;
“(IV) involves equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or

“(V) subject to subparagraph (B), is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions; or

“(ii) is protected at all times by procedures established for information that have been specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order or an Act of Congress to be kept classified in the interest of national defense or foreign policy.

“(B) Subparagraph (A)(i)(V) does not include a system that is to be used for routine administrative and business applications (including payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications).

“§ 3553. National Office for Cyberspace

“(a) Establishment.—There is established within the Executive Office of the President an office to be known as the National Office for Cyberspace.

“(b) Director.—

“(1) In general.—There shall be at the head of the Office a Director, who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Director of the National Office for
Cyberspace shall administer all functions under this subchapter and collaborate to the extent practicable with the heads of appropriate agencies, the private sector, and international partners. The Office shall serve as the principal office for coordinating issues relating to achieving an assured, reliable, secure, and survivable information infrastructure and related capabilities for the Federal Government.

“(2) BASIC PAY.—The Director shall be paid at the rate of basic pay for level III of the Executive Schedule.

“(c) STAFF.—The Director may appoint and fix the pay of additional personnel as the Director considers appropriate.

“(d) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The Director may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5.

“§ 3554. Federal Cybersecurity Practice Board

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Within the National Office for Cyberspace, there shall be established a board to be known as the ‘Federal Cybersecurity Practice Board’ (in this section referred to as the ‘Board’).

“(b) MEMBERS.—The Board shall be chaired by the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace and consist
of not more than 10 members, with at least one representative from—

“(1) the Office of Management and Budget;
“(2) civilian agencies;
“(3) the Department of Defense;
“(4) the Federal law enforcement community;
“(5) the Federal Chief Technology Office; and
“(6) such additional military and civilian agencies as the Director considers appropriate.

“(c) Responsibilities.—

“(1) Development of Policies and Procedures.—Subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace, the Board shall be responsible for developing and periodically updating information security policies and procedures relating to the matters described in paragraph (2). In developing such policies and procedures, the Board shall require that all matters addressed in the policies and procedures are consistent, to the maximum extent practicable and in accordance with applicable law, among the civilian, military, intelligence, and law enforcement communities.

“(2) Specific Matters Covered in Policies and Procedures.—
“(A) Minimum security controls.—
The Board shall be responsible for developing
and periodically updating information security
policies and procedures relating to minimum se-
curity controls for information technology, in
order to—

“(i) provide Governmentwide protec-
tion of Government-networked computers
against common attacks; and

“(ii) provide agencywide protection
against threats, vulnerabilities, and other
risks to the information infrastructure
within individual agencies.

“(B) Measures of effectiveness.—
The Board shall be responsible for developing
and periodically updating information security
policies and procedures relating to measure-
ments needed to assess the effectiveness of the
minimum security controls referred to in sub-
paragraph (A). Such measurements shall in-
clude a risk scoring system to evaluate risk to
information security both Governmentwide and
within contractors of the Federal Government.

“(C) Products and services.—The
Board shall be responsible for developing and
periodically updating information security policies, procedures, and minimum security standards relating to criteria for products and services to be used in agency information systems and information infrastructure that will meet the minimum security controls referred to in subparagraph (A). In carrying out this subparagraph, the Board shall act in consultation with the Office of Management and Budget and the General Services Administration.

“(D) REMEDIES.—The Board shall be responsible for developing and periodically updating information security policies and procedures relating to methods for providing remedies for security deficiencies identified in agency information infrastructure.

“(3) ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS.—The Board shall also consider—

“(A) opportunities to engage with the international community to set policies, principles, training, standards, or guidelines for information security;

“(B) opportunities to work with agencies and industry partners to increase information sharing and policy coordination efforts in order
to reduce vulnerabilities in the national infor-
mation infrastructure; and

“(C) options necessary to encourage and
maintain accountability of any agency, or senior
agency official, for efforts to secure the infor-
mation infrastructure of such agency.

“(4) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER STANDARDS.—
The policies and procedures developed under para-
graph (1) are supplemental to the standards promul-
gated by the Director of the National Office for
Cyberspace under section 3558.

“(5) RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REGULATIONS.—
The Board shall be responsible for making rec-
ommendations to the Director of the National Office
for Cyberspace on regulations to carry out the poli-
cies and procedures developed by the Board under
paragraph (1).

“(d) REGULATIONS.—The Director of the National
Office for Cyberspace, in consultation with the Director
of the Office of Management and the Administrator of
General Services, shall promulgate and periodically update
regulations to carry out the policies and procedures devel-
oped by the Board under subsection (e).

“(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director of the Na-
tional Office for Cyberspace shall provide to Congress a
report containing a summary of agency progress in imple-
menting the regulations promulgated under this section as
part of the annual report to Congress required under sec-
tion 3555(a)(8).

“(f) No Disclosure by Board Required.—The
Board is not required to disclose under section 552 of title
5 information submitted by agencies to the Board regard-
ing threats, vulnerabilities, and risks.

“§ 3555. Authority and functions of the Director of
the National Office for Cyberspace

“(a) In General.—The Director of the National Of-
office for Cyberspace shall oversee agency information secu-
rity policies and practices, including—

“(1) developing and overseeing the implementa-
tion of policies, principles, standards, and guidelines
on information security, including through ensuring
timely agency adoption of and compliance with
standards promulgated under section 3558;

“(2) requiring agencies, consistent with the
standards promulgated under section 3558 and
other requirements of this subchapter, to identify
and provide information security protections com-
mensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm
resulting from the unauthorized access, use, disclo-
sure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—
“(A) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of an agency; or

“(B) information infrastructure used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency;

“(3) coordinating the development of standards and guidelines under section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3) with agencies and offices operating or exercising control of national security systems (including the National Security Agency) to assure, to the maximum extent feasible, that such standards and guidelines are complementary with standards and guidelines developed for national security systems;

“(4) overseeing agency compliance with the requirements of this subchapter, including through any authorized action under section 11303 of title 40, to enforce accountability for compliance with such requirements;

“(5) reviewing at least annually, and approving or disapproving, agency information security programs required under section 3556(b);
“(6) coordinating information security policies and procedures with related information resources management policies and procedures;

“(7) overseeing the operation of the Federal information security incident center required under section 3559;

“(8) reporting to Congress no later than March 1 of each year on agency compliance with the requirements of this subchapter, including—

“(A) a summary of the findings of audits required by section 3557;

“(B) an assessment of the development, promulgation, and adoption of, and compliance with, standards developed under section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3) and promulgated under section 3558;

“(C) significant deficiencies in agency information security practices;

“(D) planned remedial action to address such deficiencies; and

“(E) a summary of, and the views of the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace on, the report prepared by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under section
20(d)(10) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3);

“(9) coordinating the defense of information infrastructure operated by agencies in the case of a large-scale attack on information infrastructure, as determined by the Director;

“(10) establishing a national strategy, in consultation with the Department of State, the United States Trade Representative, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology, to engage with the international community to set the policies, principles, standards, or guidelines for information security; and

“(11) coordinating information security training for Federal employees with the Office of Personnel Management.

“(b) NATIONAL SECURITY SYSTEMS.—Except for the authorities described in paragraphs (4) and (8) of subsection (a), the authorities of the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace under this section shall not apply to national security systems.

“(c) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SYSTEMS.—(1) The authorities of the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) shall
be delegated to the Secretary of Defense in the case of
systems described in paragraph (2) and to the Director
of Central Intelligence in the case of systems described
in paragraph (3).
“(2) The systems described in this paragraph are sys-
tems that are operated by the Department of Defense, a
contractor of the Department of Defense, or another enti-
ty on behalf of the Department of Defense that processes
any information the unauthorized access, use, disclosure,
intruption, modification, or destruction of which would
have a debilitating impact on the mission of the Depart-
ment of Defense.
“(3) The systems described in this paragraph are sys-
tems that are operated by the Central Intelligence Agency,
a contractor of the Central Intelligence Agency, or another
entity on behalf of the Central Intelligence Agency that
processes any information the unauthorized access, use,
disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of
which would have a debilitating impact on the mission of
the Central Intelligence Agency.
“(d) BUDGET OVERSIGHT AND REPORTING.—(1)
The head of each agency shall submit to the Director of
the National Office for Cyberspace a budget each year for
the following fiscal year relating to the protection of infor-
mation infrastructure for such agency, by a date deter-
mined by the Director that is before the submission of such budget by the head of the agency to the Office of Management and Budget.

“(2) The Director shall review and offer a non-binding approval or disapproval of each agency’s annual budget to each agency before the submission of such budget by the head of the agency to the Office of Management and Budget.

“(3) If the Director offers a non-binding disapproval of an agency’s budget, the Director shall transmit recommendations to the head of such agency for strengthening its proposed budget with regard to the protection of such agency’s information infrastructure.

“(4) Each budget submitted by the head of an agency pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include—

“(A) a review of any threats to information technology for such agency;

“(B) a plan to secure the information infrastructure for such agency based on threats to information technology, using the National Institute of Standards and Technology guidelines and recommendations;

“(C) a review of compliance by such agency with any previous year plan described in subparagraph (B); and
“(D) a report on the development of the credentialing process to enable secure authentication of identity and authorization for access to the information infrastructure of such agency.

“(5) The Director of the National Office for Cyber-space may recommend to the President monetary penalties or incentives necessary to encourage and maintain accountability of any agency, or senior agency official, for efforts to secure the information infrastructure of such agency.

§ 3556. Agency responsibilities

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The head of each agency shall—

“(1) be responsible for—

“(A) providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—

“(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and

“(ii) information infrastructure used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency;
“(B) complying with the requirements of this subchapter and related policies, procedures, standards, and guidelines, including—

“(i) the regulations promulgated under section 3554 and the information security standards promulgated under section 3558;

“(ii) information security standards and guidelines for national security systems issued in accordance with law and as directed by the President; and

“(iii) ensuring the standards implemented for information infrastructure and national security systems under the agency head are complementary and uniform, to the extent practicable; and

“(C) ensuring that information security management processes are integrated with agency strategic and operational planning processes;

“(2) ensure that senior agency officials provide information security for the information and information infrastructure that support the operations and assets under their control, including through—
“(A) assessing the risk and magnitude of
the harm that could result from the unauthor-
ized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modi-
fication, or destruction of such information or
information infrastructure;

“(B) determining the levels of information
security appropriate to protect such information
and information infrastructure in accordance
with regulations promulgated under section
3554 and standards promulgated under section
3558, for information security classifications
and related requirements;

“(C) implementing policies and procedures
to cost effectively reduce risks to an acceptable
level; and

“(D) continuously testing and evaluating
information security controls and techniques to
ensure that they are effectively implemented;

“(3) delegate to an agency official, designated
as the ‘Chief Information Security Officer’, under
the authority of the agency Chief Information Offi-
cer the responsibility to oversee agency information
security and the authority to ensure and enforce
compliance with the requirements imposed on the
agency under this subchapter, including—
“(A) overseeing the establishment and maintenance of a security operations capability on an automated and continuous basis that can—

“(i) assess the state of compliance of all networks and systems with prescribed controls issued pursuant to section 3558 and report immediately any variance therefrom and, where appropriate and with the approval of the agency Chief Information Officer, shut down systems that are found to be non-compliant;

“(ii) detect, report, respond to, contain, and mitigate incidents that impair adequate security of the information and information infrastructure, in accordance with policy provided by the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace, in consultation with the Chief Information Officers Council, and guidance from the National Institute of Standards and Technology;

“(iii) collaborate with the National Office for Cyberspace and appropriate public and private sector security operations
centers to address incidents that impact
the security of information and informa-
tion infrastructure that extend beyond the
control of the agency; and

“(iv) not later than 24 hours after
discovery of any incident described under
subparagraph (A)(ii), unless otherwise di-
rected by policy of the National Office for
Cyberspace, provide notice to the appro-
priate security operations center, the Na-
tional Cyber Investigative Joint Task
Force, and the Inspector General of the
agency;

“(B) developing, maintaining, and over-
seeing an agency wide information security pro-
gram as required by subsection (b);

“(C) developing, maintaining, and over-
seeing information security policies, procedures,
and control techniques to address all applicable
requirements, including those issued under sec-
tions 3555 and 3558;

“(D) training and overseeing personnel
with significant responsibilities for information
security with respect to such responsibilities;
and
“(E) assisting senior agency officials concerning their responsibilities under paragraph (2);

“(4) ensure that the agency has trained and cleared personnel sufficient to assist the agency in complying with the requirements of this subchapter and related policies, procedures, standards, and guidelines;

“(5) ensure that the Chief Information Security Officer, in coordination with other senior agency officials, reports biannually to the agency head on the effectiveness of the agency information security program, including progress of remedial actions; and

“(6) ensure that the Chief Information Security Officer possesses necessary qualifications, including education, professional certifications, training, experience, and the security clearance required to administer the functions described under this subchapter; and has information security duties as the primary duty of that official.

“(b) AGENCY PROGRAM.—Each agency shall develop, document, and implement an agencywide information security program, approved by the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace under section 3555(a)(5), to provide information security for the information and information
infrastructure that support the operations and assets of
the agency, including those provided or managed by an-
other agency, contractor, or other source, that includes—

“(1) continuous automated technical monitoring
of information infrastructure used or operated by an
agency or by a contractor of an agency or other or-
ganization on behalf of an agency to assure conform-
ance with regulations promulgated under section
3554 and standards promulgated under section
3558;

“(2) testing of the effectiveness of security con-
trols that are commensurate with risk (as defined by
the National Institute of Standards and Technology
and the National Office for Cyberspace) for agency
information infrastructure;

“(3) policies and procedures that—

“(A) mitigate and remediate, to the extent
practicable, information security vulnerabilities
based on the risk posed to the agency;

“(B) cost effectively reduce information se-
curity risks to an acceptable level;

“(C) ensure that information security is
addressed throughout the life cycle of each
agency information system and information in-
frastucture;
“(D) ensure compliance with—

“(i) the requirements of this sub-
chapter;

“(ii) policies and procedures as may
be prescribed by the Director of the Na-
tional Office for Cyberspace, and informa-
tion security standards promulgated under
section 3558;

“(iii) minimally acceptable system
configuration requirements, as determined
by the Director of the National Office for
Cyberspace; and

“(iv) any other applicable require-
ments, including—

“(I) standards and guidelines for
national security systems issued in ac-
cordance with law and as directed by
the President;

“(II) the policy of the Director of
the National Office for Cyberspace;

“(III) the National Institute of
Standards and Technology guidance;

and
“(IV) the Chief Information Officers Council recommended approaches;

“(E) develop, maintain, and oversee information security policies, procedures, and control techniques to address all applicable requirements, including those issued under sections 3555 and 3558; and

“(F) ensure the oversight and training of personnel with significant responsibilities for information security with respect to such responsibilities;

“(4) ensuring that the agency has trained and cleared personnel sufficient to assist the agency in complying with the requirements of this subchapter and related policies, procedures, standards, and guidelines;

“(5) to the extent practicable, automated and continuous technical monitoring for testing, and evaluation of the effectiveness and compliance of information security policies, procedures, and practices, including—

“(A) management, operational, and technical controls of every information infrastruc-
ture identified in the inventory required under
section 3505(b); and

“(B) management, operational, and tech-

canical controls relied on for an evaluation under
section 3556;

“(6) a process for planning, implementing, eval-
uating, and documenting remedial action to address
any deficiencies in the information security policies,
procedures, and practices of the agency;

“(7) to the extent practicable, continuous auto-
mated technical monitoring for detecting, reporting,
and responding to security incidents, consistent with
standards and guidelines issued by the Director of
the National Office for Cyberspace, including—

“(A) mitigating risks associated with such
incidents before substantial damage is done;

“(B) notifying and consulting with the ap-
propriate security operations response center;
and

“(C) notifying and consulting with, as ap-
propriate—

“(i) law enforcement agencies and rel-
levant Offices of Inspectors General;

“(ii) the National Office for Cyber-
space; and
“(iii) any other agency or office, in accordance with law or as directed by the President; and

“(8) plans and procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information infrastructure that support the operations and assets of the agency.

“(c) AGENCY REPORTING.—Each agency shall—

“(1) submit an annual report on the adequacy and effectiveness of information security policies, procedures, and practices, and compliance with the requirements of this subchapter, including compliance with each requirement of subsection (b) to—

“(A) the National Office for Cyberspace;

“(B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

“(C) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives;

“(D) other appropriate authorization and appropriations committees of Congress; and

“(E) the Comptroller General;

“(2) address the adequacy and effectiveness of information security policies, procedures, and practices in plans and reports relating to—

“(A) annual agency budgets;
“(B) information resources management of this subchapter;

“(C) information technology management under this chapter;

“(D) program performance under sections 1105 and 1115 through 1119 of title 31, and sections 2801 and 2805 of title 39;


“(F) financial management systems under the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act (31 U.S.C. 3512 note); and

“(G) internal accounting and administrative controls under section 3512 of title 31; and

“(3) report any significant deficiency in a policy, procedure, or practice identified under paragraph (1) or (2)—

“(A) as a material weakness in reporting under section 3512 of title 31; and

“(B) if relating to financial management systems, as an instance of a lack of substantial compliance under the Federal Financial Man-
agement Improvement Act (31 U.S.C. 3512 note).

“(d) PERFORMANCE PLAN.—(1) In addition to the requirements of subsection (c), each agency, in consultation with the National Office for Cyberspace, shall include as part of the performance plan required under section 1115 of title 31 a description of the resources, including budget, staffing, and training, that are necessary to implement the program required under subsection (b).

“(2) The description under paragraph (1) shall be based on the risk assessments required under subsection (a)(2).

“(e) PUBLIC NOTICE AND COMMENT.—Each agency shall provide the public with timely notice and opportunities for comment on proposed information security policies and procedures to the extent that such policies and procedures affect communication with the public.

“§ 3557. Annual independent audit

“(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Each year each agency shall have performed an independent audit of the information security program and practices of that agency to determine the effectiveness of such program and practices.

“(2) Each audit under this section shall include—

“(A) testing of the effectiveness of the information infrastructure of the agency for automated, con-
timuous monitoring of the state of compliance of its
information infrastructure with regulations promul-
gated under section 3554 and standards promul-
gated under section 3558 in a representative subset
of—

“(i) the information infrastructure used or
operated by the agency; and

“(ii) the information infrastructure used,
operated, or supported on behalf of the agency
by a contractor of the agency, a subcontractor
(at any tier) of such contractor, or any other
entity;

“(B) an assessment (made on the basis of the
results of the testing) of compliance with—

“(i) the requirements of this subchapter;
and

“(ii) related information security policies,
procedures, standards, and guidelines;

“(C) separate assessments, as appropriate, re-
garding information security relating to national se-
curity systems; and

“(D) a conclusion regarding whether the infor-
mation security controls of the agency are effective,
including an identification of any significant defi-
ciencies in such controls.
“(3) Each audit under this section shall be performed in accordance with applicable generally accepted Government auditing standards.

“(b) INDEPENDENT AUDITOR.—Subject to subsection (c)—

“(1) for each agency with an Inspector General appointed under the Inspector General Act of 1978 or any other law, the annual audit required by this section shall be performed by the Inspector General or by an independent external auditor, as determined by the Inspector General of the agency; and

“(2) for each agency to which paragraph (1) does not apply, the head of the agency shall engage an independent external auditor to perform the audit.

“(c) NATIONAL SECURITY SYSTEMS.—For each agency operating or exercising control of a national security system, that portion of the audit required by this section directly relating to a national security system shall be performed—

“(1) only by an entity designated head; and

“(2) in such a manner as to ensure appropriate protection for information associated with any information security vulnerability in such system com-
mensurate with the risk and in accordance with all applicable laws.

“(d) EXISTING AUDITS.—The audit required by this section may be based in whole or in part on another audit relating to programs or practices of the applicable agency.

“(e) AGENCY REPORTING.—(1) Each year, not later than such date established by the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace, the head of each agency shall submit to the Director the results of the audit required under this section.

“(2) To the extent an audit required under this section directly relates to a national security system, the results of the audit submitted to the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace shall contain only a summary and assessment of that portion of the audit directly relating to a national security system.

“(f) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.—Agencies and auditors shall take appropriate steps to ensure the protection of information which, if disclosed, may adversely affect information security. Such protections shall be commensurate with the risk and comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

“(g) NATIONAL OFFICE FOR CYBERSPACE REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—(1) The Director of the National Office for Cyberspace shall summarize the results of the audits
conducted under this section in the annual report to Congress required under section 3555(a)(8).

“(2) The Director’s report to Congress under this subsection shall summarize information regarding information security relating to national security systems in such a manner as to ensure appropriate protection for information associated with any information security vulnerability in such system commensurate with the risk and in accordance with all applicable laws.

“(3) Audits and any other descriptions of information infrastructure under the authority and control of the Director of Central Intelligence or of National Foreign Intelligence Programs systems under the authority and control of the Secretary of Defense shall be made available to Congress only through the appropriate oversight committees of Congress, in accordance with applicable laws.

“(h) COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall periodically evaluate and report to Congress on—

“(1) the adequacy and effectiveness of agency information security policies and practices; and

“(2) implementation of the requirements of this subchapter.

“(i) CONTRACTOR AUDITS.—Each year each contractor that operates, uses, or supports an information
system or information infrastructure on behalf of an agency and each subcontractor of such contractor—

“(1) shall conduct an audit using an independent external auditor in accordance with subsection (a), including an assessment of compliance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter; and

“(2) shall submit the results of such audit to such agency not later than such date established by the Agency.

“§ 3558. Responsibilities for Federal information systems standards

“(a) Requirement To Prescribe Standards.—

“(1) In General.—

“(A) Requirement.—Except as provided under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Commerce shall, on the basis of proposed standards developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 20(a) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3(a)) and in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, promulgate information security standards pertaining to Federal information systems.
“(B) **REQUIRED STANDARDS.**—Standards promulgated under subparagraph (A) shall include—

“(i) standards that provide minimum information security requirements as determined under section 20(b) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3(b)); and

“(ii) such standards that are otherwise necessary to improve the efficiency of operation or security of Federal information systems.

“(C) **REQUIRED STANDARDS BINDING.**—Information security standards described under subparagraph (B) shall be compulsory and binding.

“(2) **STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES FOR NATIONAL SECURITY SYSTEMS.**—Standards and guidelines for national security systems, as defined under section 3552(b), shall be developed, promulgated, enforced, and overseen as otherwise authorized by law and as directed by the President.

“(b) **APPLICATION OF MORE STRINGENT STANDARDS.**—The head of an agency may employ standards for the cost-effective information security for all operations
and assets within or under the supervision of that agency that are more stringent than the standards promulgated by the Secretary of Commerce under this section, if such standards—

“(1) contain, at a minimum, the provisions of those applicable standards made compulsory and binding by the Secretary; and

“(2) are otherwise consistent with policies and guidelines issued under section 3555.

“(c) REQUIREMENTS REGARDING DECISIONS BY THE SECRETARY.—

“(1) DEADLINE.—The decision regarding the promulgation of any standard by the Secretary of Commerce under subsection (b) shall occur not later than 6 months after the submission of the proposed standard to the Secretary by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, as provided under section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3).

“(2) NOTICE AND COMMENT.—A decision by the Secretary of Commerce to significantly modify, or not promulgate, a proposed standard submitted to the Secretary by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, as provided under section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act
(15 U.S.C. 278g–3), shall be made after the public is given an opportunity to comment on the Secretary’s proposed decision.

“§ 3559. Federal information security incident center

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Office for Cyberspace shall ensure the operation of a central Federal information security incident center to—

“(1) provide timely technical assistance to operators of agency information systems and information infrastructure regarding security incidents, including guidance on detecting and handling information security incidents;

“(2) compile and analyze information about incidents that threaten information security;

“(3) inform operators of agency information systems and information infrastructure about current and potential information security threats, and vulnerabilities; and

“(4) consult with the National Institute of Standards and Technology, agencies or offices operating or exercising control of national security systems (including the National Security Agency), and such other agencies or offices in accordance with law and as directed by the President regarding information security incidents and related matters.
“(b) NATIONAL SECURITY SYSTEMS.—Each agency operating or exercising control of a national security system shall share information about information security incidents, threats, and vulnerabilities with the Federal information security incident center to the extent consistent with standards and guidelines for national security systems, issued in accordance with law and as directed by the President.

“(c) REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—In coordination with the Administrator for Electronic Government and Information Technology, the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace shall review and approve the policies, procedures, and guidance established in this subchapter to ensure that the incident center has the capability to effectively and efficiently detect, correlate, respond to, contain, mitigate, and remediate incidents that impair the adequate security of the information systems and information infrastructure of more than one agency. To the extent practicable, the capability shall be continuous and technically automated.

“§ 3560. National security systems

“The head of each agency operating or exercising control of a national security system shall be responsible for ensuring that the agency—
“(1) provides information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from the unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of the information contained in such system;

“(2) implements information security policies and practices as required by standards and guidelines for national security systems, issued in accordance with law and as directed by the President; and

“(3) complies with the requirements of this subchapter.”.

SEC. 1702. INFORMATION SECURITY ACQUISITION REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113 of title 40, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of subchapter II the following new section:

“§11319. Information security acquisition requirements

“(a) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning one year after the date of the enactment of the Federal Information Security Amendments Act of 2010, no agency may enter into a contract, an order under a contract, or an interagency agreement for—
“(1) the collection, use, management, storage, or dissemination of information on behalf of the agency;

“(2) the use or operation of an information system or information infrastructure on behalf of the agency; or

“(3) information technology;

unless such contract, order, or agreement includes requirements to provide effective information security that supports the operations and assets under the control of the agency, in compliance with the policies, standards, and guidance developed under subsection (b), and otherwise ensures compliance with this section.

“(b) COORDINATION OF SECURE ACQUISITION POLICIES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace, and the Administrator of General Services, shall oversee the development and implementation of policies, standards, and guidance, including through revisions to the Federal Acquisition Regulation and the Department of Defense supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, to
cost effectively enhance agency information security, including—

“(A) minimum information security requirements for agency procurement of information technology products and services; and

“(B) approaches for evaluating and mitigating significant supply chain security risks associated with products or services to be acquired by agencies.

“(2) REPORT.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of the Federal Information Security Amendments Act of 2010, the Director shall submit to Congress a report describing—

“(A) actions taken to improve the information security associated with the procurement of products and services by the Federal Government; and

“(B) plans for overseeing and coordinating efforts of agencies to use best practice approaches for cost-effectively purchasing more secure products and services.

“(c) VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS OF MAJOR SYSTEMS.—

“(1) REQUIREMENT FOR INITIAL VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS.—The Director shall require
each agency to conduct an initial vulnerability assessment for any major system and its significant items of supply prior to the development of the system. The initial vulnerability assessment of a major system and its significant items of supply shall include use of an analysis-based approach to—

“(A) identify vulnerabilities;
“(B) define exploitation potential;
“(C) examine the system’s potential effectiveness;
“(D) determine overall vulnerability; and
“(E) make recommendations for risk reduction.

“(2) Subsequent vulnerability assessments.—

“(A) The Director shall require a subsequent vulnerability assessment of each major system and its significant items of supply within a program if the Director determines that circumstances warrant the issuance of an additional vulnerability assessment.

“(B) Upon the request of a congressional committee, the Director may require a subsequent vulnerability assessment of a particular
major system and its significant items of supply within the program.

“(C) Any subsequent vulnerability assessment of a major system and its significant items of supply shall include use of an analysis-based approach and, if applicable, a testing-based approach, to monitor the exploitation potential of such system and reexamine the factors described in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (1).

“(3) CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.—The Director shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a copy of each vulnerability assessment conducted under paragraph (1) or (2) not later than 10 days after the date of the completion of such assessment.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) ITEM OF SUPPLY.—The term ‘item of supply’—

“(A) means any individual part, component, subassembly, assembly, or subsystem integral to a major system, and other property which may be replaced during the service life of the major system, including a spare part or replenishment part; and
“(B) does not include packaging or labeling associated with shipment or identification of an item.

“(2) Vulnerability assessment.—The term ‘vulnerability assessment’ means the process of identifying and quantifying vulnerabilities in a major system and its significant items of supply.

“(3) Major system.—The term ‘major system’ has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403).”.

SEC. 1703. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) Table of Sections in Title 44.—The table of sections for chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, is amended by striking the matter relating to subchapters II and III and inserting the following:

“Subchapter II—Information Security

3551. Purposes.
3552. Definitions.
3554. Federal Cybersecurity Practice Board.
3555. Authority and functions of the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace.
3556. Agency responsibilities.
3557. Annual independent audit.
3558. Responsibilities for Federal information systems standards.
3559. Federal information security incident center.
3560. National security systems.”.

(b) Table of Sections in Title 40.—The table of sections for chapter 113 of title 40, United States Code,
HR 5136 PCS1S

is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 11318 the following new item:

“Sec. 11319. Information security acquisition requirements.”.

(c) Other References.—

(1) Section 1001(c)(1)(A) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 511(c)(1)(A)) is amended by striking “section 3532(3)” and inserting “section 3552(b)”.

(2) Section 2222(j)(6) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 3542(b)(2))” and inserting “section 3552(b)”.

(3) Section 2223(c)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, by striking “section 3542(b)(2))” and inserting “section 3552(b)”.

(4) Section 2315 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 3542(b)(2))” and inserting “section 3552(b)”.

(5) Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3) is amended—

(A) in subsections (a)(2) and (e)(5), by striking “section 3532(b)(2))” and inserting “section 3552(b)”;

(B) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “section 3532(1)” and inserting “section 3552(b)”;

and
(C) in subsections (e)(3) and (d)(1), by striking “section 11331 of title 40” and inserting “section 3558 of title 44”.

(6) Section 8(d)(1) of the Cyber Security Research and Development Act (15 U.S.C. 7406(d)(1)) is amended by striking “section 3534(b)” and inserting “section 3556(b)”.

(d) REPEAL.—

(1) Subchapter III of chapter 113 of title 40, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections for chapter 113 of such title is amended by striking the matter relating to subchapter III.

(e) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE PAY RATE.—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“Director of the National Office for Cyber-space.”.

(f) MEMBERSHIP ON THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL.—Section 101(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402(a)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (7) and (8) as paragraphs (8) and (9), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (6) the following:
“(7) the Director of the National Office for Cyberspace;”.

SEC. 1704. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) In general.—Unless otherwise specified in this section, this subtitle (including the amendments made by this subtitle) shall take effect 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) National Office for Cyberspace.—Section 3553 of title 44, United States Code, as added by section 1701 of this division, shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) Federal Cybersecurity Practice Board.—Section 3554 of title 44, United States Code, as added by section 1701 of this division, shall take effect one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle B—Federal Chief Technology Officer

SEC. 1711. OFFICE OF THE CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER.

(a) Establishment and Staff.—

(1) Establishment.—

(A) In general.—There is established in the Executive Office of the President an Office of the Federal Chief Technology Officer (in this section referred to as the “Office”).

(B) Head of the Office.—
(i) **Federal Chief Technology Officer.**—The President shall appoint a Federal Chief Technology Officer (in this section referred to as the “Federal CTO”) who shall be the head of the Office.

(ii) **Compensation.**—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: “Federal Chief Technology Officer.”.

(2) **Staff of the Office.**—The President may appoint additional staff members to the Office.

(b) **Duties of the Office.**—The functions of the Federal CTO are the following:

(1) Undertake fact-gathering, analysis, and assessment of the Federal Government’s information technology infrastructures, information technology strategy, and use of information technology, and provide advice on such matters to the President, heads of Federal departments and agencies, and government chief information officers and chief technology officers.

(2) Lead an interagency effort, working with the chief technology and chief information officers of each of the Federal departments and agencies, to develop and implement a planning process to ensure
that they use best-in-class technologies, share best practices, and improve the use of technology in support of Federal Government requirements.

(3) Advise the President on information technology considerations with regard to Federal budgets and with regard to general coordination of the research and development programs of the Federal Government for information technology-related matters.

(4) Promote technological innovation in the Federal Government, and encourage and oversee the adoption of robust cross-governmental architectures and standards-based information technologies, in support of effective operational and management policies, practices, and services across Federal departments and agencies and with the public and external entities.

(5) Establish cooperative public-private sector partnership initiatives to achieve knowledge of technologies available in the marketplace that can be used for improving governmental operations and information technology research and development activities.

(6) Gather timely and authoritative information concerning significant developments and trends in
information technology, and in national priorities, both current and prospective, and analyze and interpret the information for the purpose of determining whether the developments and trends are likely to affect achievement of the priority goals of the Federal Government.

(7) Develop, review, revise, and recommend criteria for determining information technology activities warranting Federal support, and recommend Federal policies designed to advance the development and maintenance of effective and efficient information technology capabilities, including human resources, at all levels of government, academia, and industry, and the effective application of the capabilities to national needs.

(8) Any other functions and activities that the President may assign to the Federal CTO.

(c) POLICY PLANNING; ANALYSIS AND ADVICE.—The Office shall serve as a source of analysis and advice for the President and heads of Federal departments and agencies with respect to major policies, plans, and programs of the Federal Government in accordance with the functions described in subsection (b).

(d) COORDINATION OF THE OFFICE WITH OTHER ENTITIES.—
1. **Federal CTO on Domestic Policy Council.** — The Federal CTO shall be a member of the Domestic Policy Council.

2. **Federal CTO on Cyber Security Practice Board.** — The Federal CTO shall be a member of the Federal Cybersecurity Practice Board.

3. **Obtain Information from Agencies.** — The Office may secure, directly from any department or agency of the United States, information necessary to enable the Federal CTO to carry out this section. On request of the Federal CTO, the head of the department or agency shall furnish the information to the Office, subject to any applicable limitations of Federal law.

4. **Staff of Federal Agencies.** — On request of the Federal CTO, to assist the Office in carrying out the duties of the Office, the head of any Federal department or agency may detail personnel, services, or facilities of the department or agency to the Office.

5. **Annual Report.** —

   1. **Publication and Contents.** — The Federal CTO shall publish, in the Federal Register and on a public Internet website of the Federal CTO, an annual report that includes the following:
(A) Information on programs to promote the development of technological innovations.

(B) Recommendations for the adoption of policies to encourage the generation of technological innovations.

(C) Information on the activities and accomplishments of the Office in the year covered by the report.

(2) Submission.—The Federal CTO shall submit each report under paragraph (1) to—

(A) the President;

(B) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives;

(C) the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives; and

(D) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

TITLE XVIII—GUAM WORLD WAR II LOYALTY RECOGNITION ACT

SEC. 1801. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition Act”.

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SEC. 1802. RECOGNITION OF THE SUFFERING AND LOYALTY OF THE RESIDENTS OF GUAM.

(a) Recognition of the Suffering of the Residents of Guam.—The United States recognizes that, as described by the Guam War Claims Review Commission, the residents of Guam, on account of their United States nationality, suffered unspeakable harm as a result of the occupation of Guam by Imperial Japanese military forces during World War II, by being subjected to death, rape, severe personal injury, personal injury, forced labor, forced march, or internment.

(b) Recognition of the Loyalty of the Residents of Guam.—The United States forever will be grateful to the residents of Guam for their steadfast loyalty to the United States of America, as demonstrated by the countless acts of courage they performed despite the threat of death or great bodily harm they faced at the hands of the Imperial Japanese military forces that occupied Guam during World War II.

SEC. 1803. PAYMENTS FOR GUAM WORLD WAR II CLAIMS.

(a) Payments for Death, Personal Injury, Forced Labor, Forced March, and Internment.—Subject to the availability of appropriations authorized to be appropriated under section 1806(a), after receipt of certification pursuant to section 1804(b)(8) and in accord-
ance with the provisions of this title, the Secretary of the
Treasury shall make payments as follows:

(1) RESIDENTS INJURED.—The Secretary shall pay compensable Guam victims who are not de-
ceased before any payments are made to individuals described in paragraphs (2) and (3) as follows:

(A) If the victim has suffered an injury de-
scribed in subsection (c)(2)(A), $15,000.

(B) If the victim is not described in sub-
paragraph (A) but has suffered an injury de-
scribed in subsection (c)(2)(B), $12,000.

(C) If the victim is not described in sub-
paragraph (A) or (B) but has suffered an in-
jury described in subsection (c)(2)(C), $10,000.

(2) SURVIVORS OF RESIDENTS WHO DIED IN WAR.—In the case of a compensable Guam decedent, the Secretary shall pay $25,000 for distribution to eligible survivors of the decedent as specified in sub-
section (b). The Secretary shall make payments under this paragraph after payments are made under paragraph (1) and before payments are made under paragraph (3).

(3) SURVIVORS OF DECEASED INJURED RESI-
DENTS.—In the case of a compensable Guam victim who is deceased, the Secretary shall pay $7,000 for
distribution to eligible survivors of the victim as
specified in subsection (b). The Secretary shall make
payments under this paragraph after payments are
made under paragraphs (1) and (2).

(b) DISTRIBUTION OF SURVIVOR PAYMENTS.—Pay-
ments under paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (a) to eli-
gible survivors of an individual who is a compensable
Guam decedent or a compensable Guam victim who is de-
ceased shall be made as follows:

(1) If there is living a spouse of the individual,
but no child of the individual, all of the payment
shall be made to such spouse.

(2) If there is living a spouse of the individual
and one or more children of the individual, one-half
of the payment shall be made to the spouse and the
other half to the child (or to the children in equal
shares).

(3) If there is no living spouse of the individual,
but there are one or more children of the individual
alive, all of the payment shall be made to such child
(or to such children in equal shares).

(4) If there is no living spouse or child of the
individual but there is a living parent (or parents)
of the individual, all of the payment shall be made
to the parents (or to the parents in equal shares).
(5) If there is no such living spouse, child, or parent, no payment shall be made.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this title:

(1) COMPENSABLE GUAM DECEDE NT.—The term “compensable Guam decedent” means an individual determined under section 1804(a)(1) to have been a resident of Guam who died or was killed as a result of the attack and occupation of Guam by Imperial Japanese military forces during World War II, or incident to the liberation of Guam by United States military forces, and whose death would have been compensable under the Guam Meritorious Claims Act of 1945 (Public Law 79–224) if a timely claim had been filed under the terms of such Act.

(2) COMPENSABLE GUAM VICTIM.—The term “compensable Guam victim” means an individual determined under section 1804(a)(1) to have suffered, as a result of the attack and occupation of Guam by Imperial Japanese military forces during World War II, or incident to the liberation of Guam by United States military forces, any of the following:

(A) Rape or severe personal injury (such as loss of a limb, dismemberment, or paralysis).
(B) Forced labor or a personal injury not under subparagraph (A) (such as disfigurement, scarring, or burns).

(C) Forced march, internment, or hiding to evade internment.

(3) DEFINITIONS OF SEVERE PERSONAL INJURIES AND PERSONAL INJURIES.—The Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall promulgate regulations to specify injuries that constitute a severe personal injury or a personal injury for purposes of subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, of paragraph (2).

SEC. 1804. ADJUDICATION.

(a) AUTHORITY OF FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Foreign Claims Settlement Commission is authorized to adjudicate claims and determine eligibility for payments under section 1803.

(2) RULES AND REGULATIONS.—The chairman of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to enable it to carry out its functions under this title. Such rules and regulations shall be published in the Federal Register.
(b) Claims Submitted for Payments.—

(1) Submittal of Claim.—For purposes of subsection (a)(1) and subject to paragraph (2), the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission may not determine an individual is eligible for a payment under section 1803 unless the individual submits to the Commission a claim in such manner and form and containing such information as the Commission specifies.

(2) Filing Period for Claims and Notice.—
All claims for a payment under section 1803 shall be filed within one year after the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission publishes public notice of the filing period in the Federal Register. The Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall provide for the notice required under the previous sentence not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this title. In addition, the Commission shall cause to be publicized the public notice of the deadline for filing claims in newspaper, radio, and television media on Guam.

(3) Adjudicatory Decisions.—The decision of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission on each claim shall be by majority vote, shall be in writing, and shall state the reasons for the approval or
denial of the claim. If approved, the decision shall also state the amount of the payment awarded and the distribution, if any, to be made of the payment.

(4) DEDUCTIONS IN PAYMENT.—The Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall deduct, from potential payments, amounts previously paid under the Guam Meritorious Claims Act of 1945 (Public Law 79–224).

(5) INTEREST.—No interest shall be paid on payments awarded by the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission.

(6) REMUNERATION PROHIBITED.—No remuneration on account of representational services rendered on behalf of any claimant in connection with any claim filed with the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission under this title shall exceed one percent of the total amount paid pursuant to any payment certified under the provisions of this title on account of such claim. Any agreement to the contrary shall be unlawful and void. Whoever demands or receives, on account of services so rendered, any remuneration in excess of the maximum permitted by this section shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than 12 months, or both.
(7) **Appeals and Finality.**—Objections and appeals of decisions of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall be to the Commission, and upon rehearing, the decision in each claim shall be final, and not subject to further review by any court or agency.

(8) **Certifications for Payment.**—After a decision approving a claim becomes final, the chairman of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall certify it to the Secretary of the Treasury for authorization of a payment under section 1803.

(9) **Treatment of Affidavits.**—For purposes of section 1803 and subject to paragraph (2), the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission shall treat a claim that is accompanied by an affidavit of an individual that attests to all of the material facts required for establishing eligibility of such individual for payment under such section as establishing a prima facie case of the individual’s eligibility for such payment without the need for further documentation, except as the Commission may otherwise require. Such material facts shall include, with respect to a claim under paragraph (2) or (3) of section 1803(a), a detailed description of the injury or
other circumstance supporting the claim involved, in-
cluding the level of payment sought.

(10) Release of related claims.—Accept-
ance of payment under section 1803 by an individual
for a claim related to a compensable Guam decedent
or a compensable Guam victim shall be in full satis-
faction of all claims related to such decedent or vic-
tim, respectively, arising under the Guam Meri-
torious Claims Act of 1945 (Public Law 79–224),
the implementing regulations issued by the United
States Navy pursuant thereto, or this title.

SEC. 1805. GRANTS PROGRAM TO MEMORIALIZE THE OCCU-
PATION OF GUAM DURING WORLD WAR II.

(a) Establishment.—Subject to section 1806(b)
and in accordance with this section, the Secretary of the
Interior shall establish a grants program under which the
Secretary shall award grants for research, educational,
and media activities that memorialize the events sur-
rounding the occupation of Guam during World War II,
honor the loyalty of the people of Guam during such occu-
pation, or both, for purposes of appropriately illuminating
and interpreting the causes and circumstances of such oc-
cupation and other similar occupations during a war.

(b) Eligibility.—The Secretary of the Interior may
not award to a person a grant under subsection (a) unless
such person submits an application to the Secretary for such grant, in such time, manner, and form and containing such information as the Secretary specifies.

SEC. 1806. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 

(a) Guam World War II Claims Payments and Adjudication.—For purposes of carrying out sections 1803 and 1804, there are authorized to be appropriated $126,000,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 2013, to the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission. Not more than 5 percent of funds made available under this subsection shall be used for administrative costs.

(b) Guam World War II Grants Program.—For purposes of carrying out section 1805, there are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 2013.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011”.
SEC. 2002. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AND AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIFIED BY LAW.

(a) Expiration of Authorizations After Three Years.—Except as provided in subsection (b), all authorizations contained in titles XXI through XXVII and title XXIX for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor) shall expire on the later of—

(1) October 1, 2013; or

(2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2014.

(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to authorizations for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor), for which appropriated funds have been obligated before the later of—

(1) October 1, 2013; or

(2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for fiscal year 2014 for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing
projects and facilities, and contributions to the
North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Invest-
ment Program.

SEC. 2003. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Titles XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, and XXIX shall take effect on the later of—
(1) October 1, 2010; or
(2) the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2004. GENERAL REDUCTION ACROSS DIVISION.

(a) Reduction.—Of the amounts provided in the au-
thorizations of appropriations in this division, the overall
authorization of appropriations in this division is reduced
by $441,096,000.

(b) Report on Application.—Not later than 90
days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
retary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense
committees a report describing how the reduction required
by subsection (a) is applied.

TITLE XXI—ARMY MILITARY
CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 2101. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND
ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION
OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) Inside the United States.—The Secretary of
the Army may acquire real property and carry out military
construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

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<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Light Demolition Range</td>
<td>2,100 2,100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>Live Fire Exercise Shothouse</td>
<td>2,100 2,100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>Urban Assault Course</td>
<td>2,450 2,450</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Urban Assault Course</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
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<td>Squad Defense Range</td>
<td>3,000 3,000</td>
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<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Live Fire Exercise Shothouse</td>
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<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>Convoy Live Fire</td>
<td>3,200 3,200</td>
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<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Heavy Sniper Range</td>
<td>3,500 3,500</td>
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<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>Company Operations Facilities</td>
<td>4,300 4,300</td>
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<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Sam Houston</td>
<td>Training Aids Center</td>
<td>6,200 6,200</td>
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<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Automated Multipurpose Machine Gun Range</td>
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<tr>
<td>TX</td>
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<td>Rotor Blade Processing Facility, Ph 2</td>
<td>13,400 13,400</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
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<td>Indoor Swimming Pool</td>
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<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Scout/Reconnaissance Crew Engagement Ginnery Complex</td>
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<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Sam Houston</td>
<td>Simulations Center</td>
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<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Theater High Altitude Area Defense Battery Complex</td>
<td>17,500 17,500</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Company Operations Facilities</td>
<td>18,500 18,500</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Digital Multipurpose Training Range</td>
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<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Transient Training Complex</td>
<td>31,000 31,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>Brigade Complex</td>
<td>38,000 38,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>Battalion Complex</td>
<td>40,000 40,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>unmanned Aerial System Hangar</td>
<td>55,000 55,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>Known Distance Range</td>
<td>3,800 3,800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>Light Demolition Range</td>
<td>4,100 4,100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort Lee</td>
<td>Company Operations Facility</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort Lee</td>
<td>Training Aids Center</td>
<td>5,800 5,800</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>Indoor Firing Range</td>
<td>6,200 6,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort Lee</td>
<td>Automated Qualification Training Range</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>1200 Meter Range</td>
<td>14,500 14,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>Warrior in Transition Complex</td>
<td>18,000 18,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort Lee</td>
<td>Museum Operations Support Building</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>Military Operations Urban Terrain Collective Training Facility</td>
<td>65,000 65,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Yakima</td>
<td>Supper Field Fire Range</td>
<td>3,750 3,750</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Rappelling Training Area</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Regional Logistic Support Complex Warehouse</td>
<td>16,500 16,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HR 5136 PCS18
## Army: Military Construction Inside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Barracks Complex</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>47,000</td>
<td>47,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Regional Logistic Support Complex</td>
<td>63,000</td>
<td>63,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>Training Barracks</td>
<td>190,000</td>
<td>190,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Army: Military Construction Outside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Joint Defense Operations Center</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Entry Control Point</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Eastside Electrical Distribution</td>
<td>10,400</td>
<td>10,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Consolidated Community Support Area</td>
<td>14,800</td>
<td>14,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Army Aviation HQ Facilities</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Eastside Utilities Infrastructure</td>
<td>29,000</td>
<td>29,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Wiesbaden AB</td>
<td>Command and Battle Center, Incr 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>59,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Wiesbaden AB</td>
<td>Construct New Access Control Point</td>
<td>5,100</td>
<td>5,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Sembach AB</td>
<td>Confinement Facility</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>9,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Ansbach</td>
<td>Physical Fitness Center</td>
<td>13,800</td>
<td>13,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>17,500</td>
<td>17,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Sembach AB</td>
<td>Vehicle Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Wiesbaden AB</td>
<td>Information Processing Center</td>
<td>30,400</td>
<td>30,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Rhine Ordnance Barracks</td>
<td>Barracks Complex</td>
<td>35,000</td>
<td>35,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Wiesbaden AB</td>
<td>Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility, Incl 1</td>
<td>91,000</td>
<td>46,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HO</td>
<td>Soto Cano AB</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>20,400</td>
<td>20,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Vicenza</td>
<td>Brigade Complex - Barracks/Community, Incl 4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Vicenza</td>
<td>Brigade Complex - Operations Support Facility, Incl 4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KR</td>
<td>Camp Walker</td>
<td>Electrical System Upgrade &amp; Natural Gas System</td>
<td>19,500</td>
<td>19,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (b) Outside the United States.—The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

## Army: Military Construction Outside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Joint Defense Operations Center</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Entry Control Point</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Eastside Electrical Distribution</td>
<td>10,400</td>
<td>10,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Consolidated Community Support Area</td>
<td>14,800</td>
<td>14,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Army Aviation HQ Facilities</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AB</td>
<td>Eastside Utilities Infrastructure</td>
<td>29,000</td>
<td>29,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Wiesbaden AB</td>
<td>Command and Battle Center, Incr 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>59,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Sembach AB</td>
<td>Confinement Facility</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>9,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Ansbach</td>
<td>Physical Fitness Center</td>
<td>13,800</td>
<td>13,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>17,500</td>
<td>17,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Sembach AB</td>
<td>Vehicle Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Grafenwoehr</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
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<td>Information Processing Center</td>
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<td>30,400</td>
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<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Rhine Ordnance Barracks</td>
<td>Barracks Complex</td>
<td>35,000</td>
<td>35,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OY</td>
<td>Wiesbaden AB</td>
<td>Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility, Incl 1</td>
<td>91,000</td>
<td>46,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HO</td>
<td>Soto Cano AB</td>
<td>Barracks</td>
<td>20,400</td>
<td>20,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Vicenza</td>
<td>Brigade Complex - Barracks/Community, Incl 4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Vicenza</td>
<td>Brigade Complex - Operations Support Facility, Incl 4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KR</td>
<td>Camp Walker</td>
<td>Electrical System Upgrade &amp; Natural Gas System</td>
<td>19,500</td>
<td>19,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—

1. **(1) Inside the United States.—**For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning
after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $3,456,462,000.

(2) Outside the United States.—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (b), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $459,800,000.

(3) Unspecified minor military construction projects.—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $26,450,000.

(4) Host nation support and certain services and design.—For host nation support and architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $255,462,000.
SEC. 2102. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—The Secretary of the Army may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and subject to the purpose and number of units, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project and Number of Units</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Fort Wainwright ..........</td>
<td>Family Housing Replacement Construction (110 units)</td>
<td>21,000</td>
<td>21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Baumholder ...............</td>
<td>Family Housing Replacement Construction (64 units)</td>
<td>34,329</td>
<td>34,329</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—The Secretary of the Army may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed $2,040,000.

(c) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Army may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $35,000,000.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010—
(1) for construction and acquisition, planning
and design, and improvement of military family
housing and facilities authorized by subsections (a),
(b), and (c) in the total amount of $92,369,000; and

(2) for support of military family housing (in-
cluding the functions described in section 2833 of
title 10, United States Code), in the total amount of
$518,140,000.

SEC. 2103. USE OF UNOBLIGATED ARMY MILITARY CON-
STRUCTION FUNDS IN CONJUNCTION WITH
FUNDS PROVIDED BY THE COMMONWEALTH
OF VIRGINIA TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL
YEAR 2002 PROJECT.

(a) Fire Station at Fort Belvoir, Virginia.—
Section 2836(d) of the Military Construction Authoriza-
tion Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (division B of Public Law
107–107; 115 Stat. 1314), as most recently amended by
section 2849 of the John Warner National Defense Au-
thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–
364; 120 Stat. 2486), is further amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by inserting “through a
project for construction of an Army standard-design,
two-company fire station at Fort Belvoir, Virginia,”
after “Building 191”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) The Secretary may use up to $3,900,000 of available, unobligated Army military construction funds appropriated for a fiscal year before fiscal year 2011, in conjunction with the funds provided under paragraph (1), for the project described in paragraph (2).”.

(b) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of the Army shall provide information, in accordance with section 2851(c) of title 10, United States Code, regarding the project described in the amendment made by subsection (a). If it becomes necessary to exceed the estimated project cost of $8,780,000, including $4,880,000 contributed by the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Secretary shall utilize the authority provided by section 2853 of such title regarding authorized cost and scope of work variations.

SEC. 2104. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2009 PROJECT.

The table in section 2101(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (division B of Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4661) is amended by striking “Katterbach” and inserting “Grafenwoehr”.
SEC. 2105. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2010 PROJECT.

In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2101(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (division B of Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2628) for Fort Riley, Kansas, for construction of a Brigade Complex at the installation, the Secretary of the Army may construct up to a 40,100 square-feet brigade headquarters consistent with the Army’s construction guidelines for brigade headquarters.

SEC. 2106. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2008 PROJECTS.

(a) Extension.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (division B of Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 503), authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101 of that Act (122 Stat. 504), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2011, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2012, whichever is later.

(b) Table.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Fort Stewart</td>
<td>Unit Operations Facilities</td>
<td>$16,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Schofield Barracks</td>
<td>Tactical Vehicle Wash Facility</td>
<td>$10,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Barracks Complex</td>
<td>$51,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Fort Polk</td>
<td>Brigade Headquarters</td>
<td>$9,800,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Army: Extension of 2008 Project Authorizations—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>Fort Leonard Wood</td>
<td>Child Care Facility</td>
<td>$6,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Multipurpose Machine Gun Range.</td>
<td>$4,150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>Fort Sill</td>
<td>Multipurpose Machine Gun Range.</td>
<td>$3,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Alternative Fuel Facility</td>
<td>$3,300,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TITLE XXII—NAVY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 2201. AUTHORIZED NAVY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) Inside the United States.—The Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

Navy: Military Construction Inside the United States
(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<p>| State   | Installation or Location | Purpose of Project                                      Project Amount | Authorization of Appropriations |
|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| AL      | Mobile                   | T-6 Outlying Landing Field                              | 29,082          | 29,082                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Aircraft Maintenance Hangar                            | 40,600          | 40,600                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Aircraft Maintenance Hangar                            | 63,280          | 63,280                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Communications Infrastructure Upgrade                    | 63,730          | 63,730                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Intermediate Maintenance Activity Facility              | 21,480          | 21,480                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Simulator Facility                                     | 36,060          | 36,060                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Utilities Infrastructure Upgrades                       | 44,320          | 44,320                          |
| AZ      | Yuma                     | Van Pelt Complex Relocation                            | 15,390          | 15,390                          |
| CA      | Coronado NB              | Maritime Expedition Security Group-One (MESG-1)         | 6,890           | 6,890                           |
|         | Coronado NB              | Consolidated Buat Maintenance Facility                 | 11,960          | 11,960                          |
| CA      | Monterey NSA             | International Academic Instruction Building            | 42,864          | 42,864                          |
| CA      | Camp Pendleton           | Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - 13 Area                   | 37,020          | 37,020                          |
| CA      | Camp Pendleton           | North Region Tert Treat Plant (Incremented)            | 9,950           | 9,950                           |
|         | Camp Pendleton           | Small Arms Magazine - Edson Range                     | 3,760           | 3,760                           |
| CA      | Camp Pendleton           | Truck Company Operations Complex                       | 54,490          | 54,490                          |
| CA      | Coronado                  | Rotary Hangar                                         | 67,160          | 67,160                          |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Miramar</td>
<td>Aircraft Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>90,490</td>
<td>90,490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Miramar</td>
<td>Hangar 4</td>
<td>33,629</td>
<td>33,629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Miramar</td>
<td>Parking Apron/Taxiway Expansion</td>
<td>66,500</td>
<td>66,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>San Diego</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters, Homeport</td>
<td>75,342</td>
<td>75,342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>San Diego</td>
<td>Berthing Pier 12 Replace &amp; Dredging, Ph 1</td>
<td>108,414</td>
<td>108,414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>San Diego</td>
<td>Marine Corps Energy Initiative</td>
<td>9,950</td>
<td>9,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Twenty Ninth Palms</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters &amp; Park</td>
<td>53,158</td>
<td>53,158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Panama City NSA</td>
<td>Purchase 9 Acres</td>
<td>5,960</td>
<td>5,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Blount Island</td>
<td>Consolidated Warehouse Facility</td>
<td>17,200</td>
<td>17,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Blount Island</td>
<td>Container Staging and Loading Lot</td>
<td>5,990</td>
<td>5,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Blount Island</td>
<td>Container Storage Lot</td>
<td>4,910</td>
<td>4,910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Blount Island</td>
<td>Hardstand Extension</td>
<td>17,930</td>
<td>17,930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Blount Island</td>
<td>Paint and Blast Facility</td>
<td>18,840</td>
<td>18,840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Blount Island</td>
<td>Washback Expansion</td>
<td>9,690</td>
<td>9,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Tampa</td>
<td>Joint Comms Support Element Vehicle</td>
<td>2,300</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Albany MLB</td>
<td>Maintenance Center Test Firing Range</td>
<td>5,180</td>
<td>5,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Kings Bay</td>
<td>Security Enclosure &amp; Vehicle Barriers</td>
<td>45,004</td>
<td>45,004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Camp Smith</td>
<td>Physical Fitness Center</td>
<td>29,960</td>
<td>29,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Kaneohe Bay</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters</td>
<td>90,530</td>
<td>90,530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Waterfront Operations Facility</td>
<td></td>
<td>19,130</td>
<td>19,130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Pearl Harbor</td>
<td>Joint POW/MIA Accounting Command</td>
<td>99,328</td>
<td>99,328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Patuxent River NAS</td>
<td>Atlantis Test Range Addition</td>
<td>10,160</td>
<td>10,160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Indian Head</td>
<td>Agile Chemical Facility, Ph 2</td>
<td>34,238</td>
<td>34,238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Patuxent River</td>
<td>Broad Area Maritime Surveillance &amp; E Facility</td>
<td>42,211</td>
<td>42,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ME</td>
<td>Portsmouth</td>
<td>Structural Shops Addition, Ph 1</td>
<td>11,910</td>
<td>11,910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Maintenance/2MEF, Wallace Creek</td>
<td>12,280</td>
<td>12,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Courthouse</td>
<td>40,780</td>
<td>40,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Hangar</td>
<td>42,330</td>
<td>42,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - French Creek</td>
<td>43,640</td>
<td>43,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Rifle Range</td>
<td>55,350</td>
<td>55,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Wallace Creek</td>
<td>51,660</td>
<td>51,660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Wallace Creek North</td>
<td>46,290</td>
<td>46,290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Camp Johnson</td>
<td>46,550</td>
<td>46,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Explosive Ordnance Disposal Unit Addition</td>
<td>40,780</td>
<td>40,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>2nd Intel Battalion Maintenance/OPS Complex</td>
<td>90,270</td>
<td>90,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Armyhouse II MEF - Wallace Creek</td>
<td>12,280</td>
<td>12,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Courthouse - Bay</td>
<td>40,780</td>
<td>40,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Courthouse - Bay</td>
<td>42,330</td>
<td>42,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - French Creek</td>
<td>43,640</td>
<td>43,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Rifle Range</td>
<td>55,350</td>
<td>55,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Wallace Creek</td>
<td>51,660</td>
<td>51,660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Wallace Creek North</td>
<td>46,290</td>
<td>46,290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters - Camp Johnson</td>
<td>46,550</td>
<td>46,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Explosive Ordnance Disposal Unit Addition</td>
<td>42,330</td>
<td>42,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>2nd Marine Logistics Group</td>
<td>7,420</td>
<td>7,420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>73,010</td>
<td>73,010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Maintenance/OPS Complex - 2ND Air Naval</td>
<td>74,260</td>
<td>74,260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Aircraft Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>36,100</td>
<td>36,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Marine Corps Energy Initiative</td>
<td>9,950</td>
<td>9,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Mess Hall - French Creek</td>
<td>25,960</td>
<td>25,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Mess Hall Addition - Courthouse Bay</td>
<td>2,553</td>
<td>2,553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Motor Transportation/Communications Maintenance Facility</td>
<td>18,470</td>
<td>18,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Utility Expansion - Hadnot Point</td>
<td>56,470</td>
<td>56,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Utility Expansion - French Creek</td>
<td>56,050</td>
<td>56,050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Cherry Point Marine</td>
<td>Bachelor Enlisted Quarters</td>
<td>42,500</td>
<td>42,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Cherry Point Marine</td>
<td>Mariners Bay Land Acquisition - Bogue</td>
<td>3,790</td>
<td>3,790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Cherry Point Marine</td>
<td>Marines Magazine</td>
<td>13,420</td>
<td>13,420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>Newport</td>
<td>Station Infrastructure Upgrades</td>
<td>5,800</td>
<td>5,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>Beaufort</td>
<td>Air Installation Compatible Use Zone Land Acquisition</td>
<td>21,190</td>
<td>21,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>Beaufort</td>
<td>Aircraft Hangar</td>
<td>46,550</td>
<td>46,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>Beaufort</td>
<td>Physical Fitness Center</td>
<td>15,430</td>
<td>15,430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Kingsville NAS</td>
<td>Youth Center</td>
<td>2,610</td>
<td>2,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Norfolk</td>
<td>Pier 9 &amp; 10 Upgrades for DDG 1000</td>
<td>2,400</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Norfolk</td>
<td>Pier 1 Upgrades to Berth USNS Comfort</td>
<td>10,695</td>
<td>10,695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Portsmouth</td>
<td>Ship Repair Pier Replacement</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Quantico</td>
<td>Academic Facility Addition - Staff Non Commissioned Officer Academy</td>
<td>12,980</td>
<td>12,980</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) **Outside the United States.**—The Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BI SW Asia</td>
<td>Navy Central Command Ammunition Magazines</td>
<td>89,280</td>
<td>89,280</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI SW Asia</td>
<td>Operations and Support Facilities</td>
<td>60,002</td>
<td>60,002</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI SW Asia</td>
<td>Waterfront Development, Ph 3</td>
<td>63,871</td>
<td>63,871</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DJ Camp Lemonier</td>
<td>Camp Lemonier HQ Facility</td>
<td>12,407</td>
<td>12,407</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DJ Camp Lemonier</td>
<td>General Warehouse</td>
<td>7,324</td>
<td>7,324</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DJ Camp Lemonier</td>
<td>Horn of Africa Joint Operations Center</td>
<td>28,076</td>
<td>28,076</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DJ Camp Lemonier</td>
<td>Pave External Roads</td>
<td>3,824</td>
<td>3,824</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JA Atsugi</td>
<td>MH-60R/S Trainer Facility</td>
<td>6,908</td>
<td>6,908</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML Guam</td>
<td>Anderson AFB North Ramp Parking, Ph 1, Inc 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>91,588</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML Guam</td>
<td>Anderson AFB North Ramp Utilities, Ph 1, Inc 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>79,350</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML Guam</td>
<td>Apra Harbor Wharves Improvements, Ph 1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML Guam</td>
<td>Defense Access Roads Improvements</td>
<td>66,730</td>
<td>66,730</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ML Guam</td>
<td>Finegayan Site Prep and Utilities</td>
<td>147,210</td>
<td>147,210</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SP Rota</td>
<td>Air Traffic Control Tower</td>
<td>23,190</td>
<td>23,190</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) **Authorization of Appropriations.**—

(1) **Inside the United States.**—For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning...
after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $3,077,237,000.

(2) **Outside the United States.**—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (b), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $721,760,000.

(3) **Unspecified minor military construction projects.**—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $20,877,000.

(4) **Architectural and engineering services and construction design.**—For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $121,765,000.

None of the funds appropriated pursuant to this authorization of appropriations may be used for architectural and engineering services and construction
design of any military construction project necessary to establish a homeport for a nuclear-powered aircraft carrier at Naval Station Mayport, Florida.

**SEC. 2202. FAMILY HOUSING.**

(a) **CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.**—The Secretary of the Navy may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and subject to the purpose and number of units, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Guantanamo Bay</td>
<td>Replace GTMO Housing</td>
<td>37,169</td>
<td>37,169</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) **PLANNING AND DESIGN.**—The Secretary of the Navy may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed $3,255,000.

(c) **IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.**—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $146,020,000.
(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010—

(1) for construction and acquisition, planning and design, and improvement of military family housing and facilities authorized by subsections (a), (b), and (c) in the total amount of $186,444,000; and

(2) for support of military family housing (including the functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), in the total amount of $366,346,000.

SEC. 2203. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO REFLECT MULTI-INCREMENT FISCAL YEAR 2010 PROJECT.

Section 2204 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (division B of Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2634), is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(14) For the construction of the first increment of a tertiary water treatment plant at Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California, authorized by section 2201(a), $112,330,000.”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(7) $30,000,000 (the balance of the amount authorized under section 2201(a) for North Region Tertiary Treatment Plant, Camp Pendleton, California).”.

SEC. 2204. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION OF CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2008 PROJECT.

(a) Extension.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (division B of Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 503), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2201(c) of that Act (122 Stat. 511), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2011, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2012, whichever is later.

(b) Table.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Navy: Extension of 2008 Project Authorization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Worldwide .......</td>
<td>Unspecified .............</td>
<td>Host Nation Infrastructure</td>
<td>$2,700,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 2301. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND
LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Eielson AFB</td>
<td>Repair Central Heat Plant &amp; Power Plant Boilers</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>28,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Elmendorf AFB</td>
<td>Add/Alter Air Support Operations Squadron Training</td>
<td>4,749</td>
<td>4,749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Elmendorf AFB</td>
<td>Construct Railhead Operations Facility</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Elmendorf AFB</td>
<td>F-22 Add/Alter Weapons Release Systems Shop</td>
<td>10,525</td>
<td>10,525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Maxwell AFB</td>
<td>ADAL Air University Library</td>
<td>13,400</td>
<td>13,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Davis-Monthan AFB</td>
<td>Aerospace Maintenance and Registration Group Hangar</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Davis-Monthan AFB</td>
<td>HC-130 Aerospace Ground Equipment Maintenance Facility</td>
<td>4,600</td>
<td>4,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Davis-Monthan AFB</td>
<td>HC-130J Aerial Cargo Facility</td>
<td>10,700</td>
<td>10,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Davis-Monthan AFB</td>
<td>HC-130J Parts Store</td>
<td>8,200</td>
<td>8,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Fort Huachuca</td>
<td>Total Force Integration-Predator Launch and Recovery Element Beddown</td>
<td>11,000</td>
<td>11,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Los Angeles AFB</td>
<td>Parking Garage, Ph 2</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>4,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Buckley AFB</td>
<td>Security Forces Operations Facility</td>
<td>12,160</td>
<td>12,160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Petersen AFB</td>
<td>Rapid Attack Identification Detection Repair System Space Control Facility</td>
<td>24,800</td>
<td>24,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>U.S. Air Force Academy</td>
<td>Coast Center for Character &amp; Leadership Development</td>
<td>27,600</td>
<td>27,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>Rolling AFB</td>
<td>Joint Air Defense Operations Center</td>
<td>13,200</td>
<td>13,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Dover AFB</td>
<td>C-5M/C-17 Maintenance Training Facility, Ph 2</td>
<td>3,200</td>
<td>3,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Eglin AFB</td>
<td>F-35 Fuel Cell Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>11,400</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Hurlburt Field</td>
<td>ADAL Special Operations School Facility</td>
<td>6,170</td>
<td>6,170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Hurlburt Field</td>
<td>Add to Visiting Quarters (24 Rm)</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>4,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Hurlburt Field</td>
<td>Base Logistics Facility</td>
<td>24,000</td>
<td>24,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Patrick AFB</td>
<td>Air Force Technical Application Center</td>
<td>15,800</td>
<td>15,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Robins AFB</td>
<td>Warehouse</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>5,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Orlando AFB</td>
<td>Weapons Load Crew Training Facility</td>
<td>18,140</td>
<td>18,140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Whiteman AFB</td>
<td>Consolidated Air Ops Facility</td>
<td>23,500</td>
<td>23,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Pope AFB</td>
<td>Crash/Fire/Rescue Station</td>
<td>13,500</td>
<td>13,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Minot AFB</td>
<td>Control Tower/Base Operations Facility</td>
<td>18,770</td>
<td>18,770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>McGuire AFB</td>
<td>Base Ops/Command Post Facility (TPF)</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>McGuire AFB</td>
<td>Dormitory (120 BMD)</td>
<td>18,440</td>
<td>18,440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Holloman AFB</td>
<td>Parallel Taxiway, Runway 07/25</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Kirtland AFB</td>
<td>Replace Fire Station</td>
<td>6,800</td>
<td>6,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Air Force: Military Construction Inside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Cannon AFB ...............</td>
<td>Dormitory (96 rm)</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Cannon AFB ...............</td>
<td>UAS Squadron Ops Facility</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Holloman AFB .............</td>
<td>UAS Add/Alter Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>15,470</td>
<td>15,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Holloman AFB .............</td>
<td>UAS Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>22,500</td>
<td>22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Kirtland AFB .............</td>
<td>Aerial Delivery Facility Addition</td>
<td>3,800</td>
<td>3,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Kirtland AFB .............</td>
<td>Armament Shop</td>
<td>6,460</td>
<td>6,460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Creech AFB ...............</td>
<td>UAS Airfield Fire/Rescue Station</td>
<td>11,730</td>
<td>11,730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Nellis AFB ...............</td>
<td>F-35 Add/Alter 422 Test Evaluation Squadron Facility</td>
<td>7,870</td>
<td>7,870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Nellis AFB ...............</td>
<td>F-35 Add/Alter Flight Test Instrumentation Facility</td>
<td>1,900</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Nellis AFB ...............</td>
<td>F-35 Flight Simulator Facility</td>
<td>13,110</td>
<td>13,110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Nellis AFB ...............</td>
<td>F-35 Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>28,760</td>
<td>28,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Fort Drum ..................</td>
<td>20th Air Support Operations Squadron Complex</td>
<td>20,440</td>
<td>20,440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Tinker AFB ...............</td>
<td>Upgrade Building 3001 Infrastructure, Ph 3</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>Charleston AFB ...........</td>
<td>Civil Engineer Complex (TFI) - Ph 1</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Laughlin AFB .............</td>
<td>Community Event Complex</td>
<td>10,500</td>
<td>10,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Dyess AFB .................</td>
<td>C-130J Add/Alter Flight Simulator Facility</td>
<td>4,860</td>
<td>4,860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Ellington Field ..........</td>
<td>Upgrade Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>7,000</td>
<td>7,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Lackland AFB .............</td>
<td>Basic Military Training Satellite Classroom/Dining Facility No 2</td>
<td>32,000</td>
<td>32,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Lackland AFB .............</td>
<td>One-Company Fire Station</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>5,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Lackland AFB .............</td>
<td>Recruit Dormitory, Ph 3</td>
<td>67,980</td>
<td>67,980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Lackland AFB .............</td>
<td>Recruit/Family Processing &amp; Info Center</td>
<td>21,800</td>
<td>21,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UT</td>
<td>Hill AFB ..................</td>
<td>F-22 T-10 Engine Test Cell</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Langley AFB ..............</td>
<td>F-22 Add/Alter Hangar Bay LOCOR Facility</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>8,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WY</td>
<td>Camp Guernsey ............</td>
<td>Nuclear/Space Security Tactics Training Center</td>
<td>4,650</td>
<td>4,650</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### (b) Outside the United States.

The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

### Air Force: Military Construction Outside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AFB ...............</td>
<td>Consolidated Rigging Facility</td>
<td>9,900</td>
<td>9,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AFB ...............</td>
<td>Fighter Hangar</td>
<td>16,480</td>
<td>16,480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Bagram AFB ...............</td>
<td>MEDDEVAC Ramp Expansion/Fire Station</td>
<td>16,580</td>
<td>16,580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI</td>
<td>SW Asia ....................</td>
<td>North Apron Expansion</td>
<td>45,000</td>
<td>45,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Andersen AFB .............</td>
<td>Combat Communications Operations Facility</td>
<td>9,200</td>
<td>9,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Andersen AFB .............</td>
<td>Commando Warrior Open Bay Student Barracks</td>
<td>11,800</td>
<td>11,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Andersen AFB .............</td>
<td>Guam Strike Ops Group &amp; Tanker Task Force</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>9,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Andersen AFB .............</td>
<td>Guam Strike South Ramp Utilities, Ph 1</td>
<td>12,200</td>
<td>12,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Andersen AFB .............</td>
<td>Red Horse Headquarters/Engineering Facility</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Kapuam .....................</td>
<td>Dormitory (128 RM)</td>
<td>19,600</td>
<td>19,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Ramstein AB ..............</td>
<td>Unmanned Aerial System Satellite Communication Relay Pads &amp; Facility</td>
<td>10,800</td>
<td>10,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overseas Location</td>
<td>Installation or Location</td>
<td>Purpose of Project</td>
<td>Project Amount</td>
<td>Authorization of Appropriations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Ramstein AFB</td>
<td>Construct C-130J Flight Simulator Facility</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>8,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Ramstein AFB</td>
<td>Deicing Fluid Storage &amp; Dispensing Facility</td>
<td>2,754</td>
<td>2,754</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Vilseck</td>
<td>Air Support Operations Squadron Complex</td>
<td>12,900</td>
<td>12,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Aviano AFB</td>
<td>Air Support Operations Squadron Facility</td>
<td>10,200</td>
<td>10,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Aviano AFB</td>
<td>Dormitory (144 RM)</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KR</td>
<td>Kunsan AFB</td>
<td>Construct Distributed Mission Training Flight Simulator Facility</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QA</td>
<td>Al Udeid</td>
<td>Blatchford-Preston Complex Ph 2</td>
<td>62,300</td>
<td>62,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>Royal Air Force</td>
<td>Mildenhall</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) UNSPECIFIED WORLDWIDE.—The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects at various unspecified installations or locations, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Unspecified Worldwide Locations</td>
<td>F-35 Academic Training Center</td>
<td>54,150</td>
<td>54,150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Unspecified Worldwide Locations</td>
<td>F-35 Flight Simulator Facility</td>
<td>12,190</td>
<td>12,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various Worldwide Locations</td>
<td>F-35 Squadron Operations Facility</td>
<td>10,260</td>
<td>10,260</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $836,635,000.

(2) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (b), funds are hereby au-
authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $307,114,000.

(3) UNSPECIFIED WORLDWIDE.—For the military construction projects at unspecified worldwide locations authorized by subsection (c), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $76,600,000.

(4) UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $21,000,000.

(5) ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.—For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $74,424,000.
SEC. 2302. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—The Secretary of the Air Force may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and subject to the purpose and number of units, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project and Number of Units</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ZU Various Worldwide locations</td>
<td></td>
<td>Classified Project</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—The Secretary of the Air Force may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed $4,225,000.

c) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Air Force may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $73,750,000.

d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010—

(1) for construction and acquisition, planning and design, and improvement of military family
housing and facilities authorized by subsections (a), (b), and (c) in the total amount of $78,025,000; and

(2) for support of military family housing (including the functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), in the total amount of $513,792,000.

SEC. 2303. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION OF CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2007 PROJECT.

(a) Extension.—Notwithstanding section 2701 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (division B of Public Law 109–364; 120 Stat. 2463), authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2302 of that Act (120 Stat. 2455) and extended by section 2306 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (division B of Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2638), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2011, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2012, whichever is later.

(b) Table.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>Mountain Home Air Force Base</td>
<td>Replace Family Housing</td>
<td>$107,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(457 units)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES MILITARY CONSTRUCTION**

**Subtitle A—Defense Agency Authorizations**

**SEC. 2401. AUTHORIZED DEFENSE AGENCIES CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

(a) **INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—**The Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Defense Agencies at installations or locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Marana ..................</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Parachute Training Facility</td>
<td>6,250</td>
<td>6,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Yuma ....................</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Military Free Fall Simulator</td>
<td>8,977</td>
<td>8,977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Point Loma Annex .......</td>
<td>Replace Storage Facility, Iner 3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Point Mugu ...............</td>
<td>Aircraft Direct Fueling Station</td>
<td>3,100</td>
<td>3,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Fort Carson .............</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Hangar</td>
<td>3,717</td>
<td>3,717</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>Bolling AFB .............</td>
<td>Replace Parking Structure, Ph I</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Eglin AFB ................</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Ground Support Battalion Detachment</td>
<td>6,030</td>
<td>6,030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Augusta ................</td>
<td>National Security Agency/Central Security Service Georgia Training Facility</td>
<td>12,855</td>
<td>12,855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Fort Benning ............</td>
<td>Dents Elementary School Construct Gym</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Fort Benning ............</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Company Support Facility</td>
<td>20,441</td>
<td>20,441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Fort Benning ............</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Military Working Dog Kennel Complex</td>
<td>3,624</td>
<td>3,624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Fort Stewart ............</td>
<td>Health Clinic Addition/Alteration</td>
<td>35,100</td>
<td>35,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Hunter ANGS .............</td>
<td>Fuel Unload Facility</td>
<td>2,400</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Hunter Army Airfield ...</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Tactical Equipment Maintenance Facility Expansion</td>
<td>3,318</td>
<td>3,318</td>
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<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Hickam AFB ..............</td>
<td>Alter Fuel Storage Tanks</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>8,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Pearl Harbor ............</td>
<td>Naval Special Warfare Group 3 Command and Operations Facility</td>
<td>28,804</td>
<td>28,804</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Mountain Home AFB ......</td>
<td>Replace Fuel Storage Tanks</td>
<td>27,500</td>
<td>27,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Scott Air Force Base ...</td>
<td>Field Command Facility Upgrade</td>
<td>1,388</td>
<td>1,388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KY</td>
<td>Fort Campbell ...........</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Battalion Ops Complex</td>
<td>38,095</td>
<td>38,095</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Defense Wide: Inside the United States  
(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Hanscom AFB</td>
<td>Mental Health Clinic Addition</td>
<td>2,900</td>
<td>2,900</td>
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<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Aberdeen Proving Ground</td>
<td>US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases Replacement, Inc 3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>105,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Andrews AFB</td>
<td>Replace Fuel Storage &amp; Distribution Facility</td>
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<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Bethesda Naval Hospital</td>
<td>National Naval Medical Center Parking Expansion</td>
<td>17,100</td>
<td>17,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Bethesda Naval Hospital</td>
<td>Transient Wounded Warrior Lodging</td>
<td>62,900</td>
<td>62,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Detrick</td>
<td>Consolidated Logistics Facility</td>
<td>23,100</td>
<td>23,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Detrick</td>
<td>Information Services Facility Expansion</td>
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<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Detrick</td>
<td>National Interagency BioDefense Camps Security Fencing And Equipment</td>
<td>7,000</td>
<td>7,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Detrick</td>
<td>Supplemental Water Storage</td>
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<td>3,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Detrick</td>
<td>US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases - Stage I, Inc 5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Detrick</td>
<td>Water Treatment Plant Repair &amp; Supplement</td>
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<td>11,900</td>
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<td>MD</td>
<td>Fort Meade</td>
<td>North Campus Utility Plant</td>
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<td>219,360</td>
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<td>MS</td>
<td>Stennis Space Center</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Land Acquisition, Ph 3</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune</td>
<td>Tarawa Terrace 1 Elementary School Replace School</td>
<td>16,646</td>
<td>16,646</td>
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<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>McNear Elementary School - Replace School</td>
<td>23,846</td>
<td>23,846</td>
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<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>Murray Elementary School - Replace School</td>
<td>22,000</td>
<td>22,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Admin/Company Operations</td>
<td>10,347</td>
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<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces CI Facility</td>
<td>41,000</td>
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<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Joint Intelligence Brigade Facility</td>
<td>32,000</td>
<td>32,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Operational Communications Facility</td>
<td>11,000</td>
<td>11,000</td>
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<td>NC</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Operations Additions</td>
<td>15,795</td>
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<td>NM</td>
<td>Cannon AFB</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Operations Support Facility</td>
<td>13,465</td>
<td>13,465</td>
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<td>NM</td>
<td>Cannon AFB</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces ADD/ALT Simulator Facility For MC-130</td>
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<td>NM</td>
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<td>Special Operations Forces Aircraft Parking Apron (MC-130j)</td>
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<td>Cannon AFB</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces C-130 Parking Apron Phase 1</td>
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<td>NM</td>
<td>White Sands</td>
<td>Health And Dental Clinics</td>
<td>22,900</td>
<td>22,900</td>
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<td>NY</td>
<td>West Point MS Add/Alt</td>
<td>Replace Public Safety Facility</td>
<td>7,400</td>
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<td>PA</td>
<td>Def Distribution Depot</td>
<td>Replace Headquarters Facility</td>
<td>96,000</td>
<td>96,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>Hospital Replacement, Inc 2</td>
<td>147,100</td>
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<td>TX</td>
<td>Lackland AFB</td>
<td>Ambulatory Care Center, Ph 2</td>
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<td>162,500</td>
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<td>UT</td>
<td>Camp Williams</td>
<td>Comprehensive National Cybersecurity Initiative Data Center Increment 2</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Craneys Island</td>
<td>Replace Fuel Pier</td>
<td>58,000</td>
<td>58,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort Belvoir</td>
<td>Dental Clinic Replacement</td>
<td>6,300</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Pentagon</td>
<td>Pentagon Metro &amp; Corridor 8 Screening Facility</td>
<td>6,473</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Pentagon</td>
<td>Power Plant Modernization, Ph 3</td>
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<td>51,928</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Pentagon</td>
<td>Secure Access Lane-Remote Vehicle Screening</td>
<td>4,923</td>
<td>4,923</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Quantico</td>
<td>New Consolidated Elementary School</td>
<td>47,355</td>
<td>47,355</td>
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<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Special Operations Forces Military Working</td>
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<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>Preventive Medicine Facility</td>
<td>4,700</td>
<td>4,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Unspecified Locations</td>
<td>General Reduction</td>
<td>-150,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Defense Agencies at the
installations or locations outside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BE</td>
<td>Brussels ..................</td>
<td>NATO Headquarters Facility</td>
<td>31,863</td>
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<td>BE</td>
<td>Brussels ..................</td>
<td>Replace Shape Middle School/High School</td>
<td>67,311</td>
<td>67,311</td>
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<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Agana NAS .................</td>
<td>Hospital Replacement, Inser 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>70,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Katterbach ................</td>
<td>Health/Dental Clinic Replacement</td>
<td>37,100</td>
<td>37,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Panzer Kaserne ...........</td>
<td>Replace Boeblingen High School</td>
<td>48,968</td>
<td>48,968</td>
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<tr>
<td>GY</td>
<td>Villeck ..................</td>
<td>Health Clinic Add/Alt</td>
<td>34,800</td>
<td>34,800</td>
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<tr>
<td>JA</td>
<td>Kadena AB ................</td>
<td>Install Fuel Filters-Separators</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>JA</td>
<td>Misawa AB ................</td>
<td>Hydrant Fuel System</td>
<td>31,000</td>
<td>31,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KR</td>
<td>Camp Carroll .............</td>
<td>Health/Dental Clinic Replacement</td>
<td>19,500</td>
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<td>PR</td>
<td>Fort Buchanan ............</td>
<td>Antilles Elementary School/Intermediate School - Replace School</td>
<td>58,708</td>
<td>58,708</td>
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<tr>
<td>QA</td>
<td>Al Udeid ..................</td>
<td>Qatar Warehouse</td>
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<td>1,961</td>
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<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>Menwith Hill Station ......</td>
<td>Menwith Hill Station PSC Construction - Generators 10 &amp; 11</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>Royal Air Force ..........</td>
<td>Alconbury</td>
<td>30,308</td>
<td>30,308</td>
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<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>Royal Air Force ..........</td>
<td>Alconbury Elementary School Replacement</td>
<td>15,900</td>
<td>15,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) **Authorization of Appropriations.**—

(1) **Inside the United States.**—For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $1,930,120,000.

(2) **Outside the United States.**—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (b), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $452,419,000.
(3) UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $42,856,000.

(4) CONTINGENCY CONSTRUCTION.—For contingency construction projects of the Secretary of Defense under section 2804 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $10,000,000.

(5) ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.—For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $434,185,000.

SEC. 2402. FAMILY HOUSING.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010—

(1) for support of military family housing (including the functions described in section 2833 of
title 10, United States Code), in the total amount of $50,464,000; and

(2) for credits to the Department of Defense Family Housing Improvement Fund under section 2883 of title 10, United States Code, and the Homeowners Assistance Fund established under section 1013 of the Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 3374), in the total amount of $17,611,000.

SEC. 2403. ENERGY CONSERVATION PROJECTS.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for energy conservation projects under chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code, $130,000,000.

(b) Availability of Funds for Reserve Component Projects.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by subsection (a) for energy conservation projects, the Secretary of Defense shall reserve a portion of the amount for energy conservation projects for the reserve components in an amount that is not less than an amount that bears the same proportion to the total amount authorized to be appropriated as the total quantity of energy consumed by reserve facilities (as defined in section 18232(2) of title 10, United States Code) during fiscal
year 2010 bears to the total quantity of energy consumed
by all military installations (as defined in section
2687(c)(1) of such title) during that fiscal year, as deter-
mined by the Secretary.

Subtitle B—Chemical
Demilitarization Authorizations

SEC. 2411. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, CHEM-
ICAL DEMILITARIZATION CONSTRUCTION,
DEFENSE-WIDE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for
fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for mili-
tary construction and land acquisition for chemical demili-
tarization in the total amount of $124,971,000, as follows:

(1) For the construction of phase 12 of a chem-
ical munitions demilitarization facility at Pueblo
Chemical Activity, Colorado, authorized by section
2401(a) of the Military Construction Authorization
Act for Fiscal Year 1997 (division B of Public Law
104–201; 110 Stat. 2775), as amended by section
2406 of the Military Construction Authorization Act
for Fiscal Year 2000 (division B of Public Law 106–
65; 113 Stat. 839), section 2407 of the Military
Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003
(divisi


SEC. 2412. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2000 PROJECT.


(1) under the agency heading relating to Chemical Demilitarization, in the item relating to Blue Grass Army Depot, Kentucky, by striking “$492,000,000” in the amount column and inserting “$746,000,000”; and

(2) by striking the amount identified as the total in the amount column and inserting “$1,203,920,000”.


VerDate Mar 15 2010 23:05 Jun 28, 2010 Jkt 089200 PO 00000 Frm 00844 Fmt 6652 Sfmt 6201 E:\BILLS\H5136.PCS H5136smartinez on DSKB9S0YB1PROD with BILLS
TITLE XXV—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM

SEC. 2501. AUTHORIZED NATO CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

The Secretary of Defense may make contributions for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program as provided in section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, in an amount not to exceed the sum of the amount authorized to be appropriated for this purpose in section 2502 and the amount collected from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a result of construction previously financed by the United States.

SEC. 2502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NATO.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for contributions by the Secretary of Defense under section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, for the share of the United States of the cost of projects for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program authorized by section 2501, in the amount of $258,884,000.
## TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

### SEC. 2601. AUTHORIZED ARMY NATIONAL GUARD CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **Inside the United States.**—The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Army National Guard locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Camp Robinson</td>
<td>Combined Support Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Fort Chaffee</td>
<td>Combined Arms Collective Training Facility</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Fort Chaffee</td>
<td>Live Fire Shoot House</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>2,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Florence</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>16,500</td>
<td>16,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Camp Roberts</td>
<td>Combined Arms Collective Training Facility</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Parachute Maintenance Facility</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
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<td>3,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Colorado Springs</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Fort Carson</td>
<td>Regional Training Institute</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Gypsum</td>
<td>High Altitude Army Aviation Training Site/Army Aviation Support Facility</td>
<td>39,000</td>
<td>39,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Windsor</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
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<td>CT</td>
<td>Windsor Locks</td>
<td>Readiness Center (Aviation)</td>
<td>41,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>New Castle</td>
<td>Armed Forces Reserve Center (JFIRQ)</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>27,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Cumming</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>17,000</td>
<td>17,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Dobbins ARB</td>
<td>Readiness Center Add/Alt</td>
<td>10,400</td>
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<td>Kalaeloa</td>
<td>Combined Support Maintenance Shop</td>
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<td>ID</td>
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<td>Barracks (Operational Readiness Training Complex) Ph1</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Mountain Home</td>
<td>Tactical Unmanned Aircraft System Facility</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Marseilles TA</td>
<td>Simulation Center</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Springfield</td>
<td>Combined Support Maintenance Shop Add/Alt</td>
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</tr>
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<td>KS</td>
<td>Wichita</td>
<td>Field Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>24,000</td>
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<td>KS</td>
<td>Wichita</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
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<td>KY</td>
<td>Burlington</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Fort Polk</td>
<td>Tactical Unmanned Aircraft System Facility</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>Minden</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>28,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Hanscom AFB</td>
<td>Armed Forces Reserve Center (JFIRQ) Ph2</td>
<td>23,000</td>
<td>23,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>St. Inigoes</td>
<td>Tactical Unmanned Aircraft System Facility</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>5,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>MI</td>
<td>Camp Grayling Range</td>
<td>Combined Arms Collective Training Facility</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Arden Hills</td>
<td>Field Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>29,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Camp Ripley</td>
<td>Infantry Squad Battle Course</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Camp Ripley</td>
<td>Tactical Unmanned Aircraft System Facility</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>4,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Morrisville</td>
<td>AASF 1 Fixed Wing Aircraft Hangar Annex</td>
<td>8,815</td>
<td>8,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>High Point</td>
<td>Readiness Center Add/Alt</td>
<td>1,551</td>
<td>1,551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Camp Grafton</td>
<td>Readiness Center Add/Alt</td>
<td>11,200</td>
<td>11,200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Army National Guard: Inside the United States
(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>Readiness Center Add/Alt</td>
<td>3,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Mead</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NH</td>
<td>Pembroke</td>
<td>Barracks Facility (Regional Training Institute)</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NH</td>
<td>Pembroke</td>
<td>Classroom Facility (Regional Training Institute)</td>
<td>21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Mead</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Las Vegas</td>
<td>CST Ready Building</td>
<td>8,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Ronkonkoma</td>
<td>Flightline Rehabilitation</td>
<td>2,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH</td>
<td>Camp Sherman</td>
<td>Maintenance Building Add/Alt</td>
<td>3,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>Middletown</td>
<td>Readiness Center Add/Alt</td>
<td>3,646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RI</td>
<td>East Greenwich</td>
<td>United States Property &amp; Fiscal Office</td>
<td>27,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>Watertown</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Camp Maxey</td>
<td>Combat Pistol/Military Pistol Qualification</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Camp Swift</td>
<td>Urban Assault Course</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Tacoma</td>
<td>Combined Support Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Waukesha</td>
<td>Field Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Madison</td>
<td>Aircraft Parking</td>
<td>5,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WV</td>
<td>Morgantown</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>14,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WV</td>
<td>Laramie</td>
<td>Readiness Center</td>
<td>21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WY</td>
<td>Laramie</td>
<td>Field Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>14,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>60,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Army National Guard: Outside the United States
(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GU</td>
<td>Barrigada</td>
<td>Combined Support Maint Shop Ph1</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PR</td>
<td>Camp Santiago</td>
<td>Live Fire Shoot House</td>
<td>3,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PR</td>
<td>Camp Santiago</td>
<td>Multipurpose Machine Gun Range</td>
<td>9,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>St. Croix</td>
<td>Readiness Center (JFHQ)</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) **Authorization of Appropriations.**—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Army for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Army National Guard of the United States, and for con-
tributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), in the total amount of $1,019,902,000.

SEC. 2602. AUTHORIZED ARMY RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Army Reserve locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Fairfield</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>26,000</td>
<td>26,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Fort Hunter Liggett</td>
<td>Equipment Concentration Site Tactical</td>
<td>22,000</td>
<td>22,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Fort Hunter Liggett</td>
<td>Equipment Maint Facility</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Fort Hunter Liggett</td>
<td>Grenade Launcher Range</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Fort Hunter Liggett</td>
<td>Light Demolition Range</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Fort Hunter Liggett</td>
<td>Tactical Vehicle Wash Rack</td>
<td>9,500</td>
<td>9,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>North Fort Myers</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>13,800</td>
<td>13,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Orlando</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>10,200</td>
<td>10,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Tallahassee</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>10,400</td>
<td>10,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Mason</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>11,400</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Des Moines</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>11,400</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Quincy</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>11,400</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Michigan City</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>15,500</td>
<td>15,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Devens Reserve Forces</td>
<td>Training Area Automated Record Fire Range</td>
<td>4,700</td>
<td>4,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO</td>
<td>Belton</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>11,800</td>
<td>11,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>Fort Dix</td>
<td>Automated Multipurpose Machine Gun Range</td>
<td>9,800</td>
<td>9,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>Las Cruces</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>11,400</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Binghamton</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>13,400</td>
<td>13,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Denton</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>12,600</td>
<td>12,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>Rio Grande</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>6,100</td>
<td>6,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>San Marcos</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>8,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort A.P. Hill</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>15,500</td>
<td>15,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Boonsboro</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>14,800</td>
<td>14,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Fort Story</td>
<td>Army Reserve Center/Land</td>
<td>11,000</td>
<td>11,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Fort McCoy</td>
<td>AT/MSOB Billeting Complex, Ph I</td>
<td>9,800</td>
<td>9,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WI</td>
<td>Fort McCoy</td>
<td>NCO Academy, Ph 2</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary...
of the Army for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Army Reserve, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), in the total amount of $358,331,000.

SEC. 2603. AUTHORIZED NAVY RESERVE AND MARINE CORPS RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Twentynine Palms ..........</td>
<td>Tank Vehicle Maintenance Facility ........................</td>
<td>5,991</td>
<td>5,991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>New Orleans ...............</td>
<td>Joint Air Traffic Control Facility ........................</td>
<td>16,281</td>
<td>16,281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>Williamsburg ..............</td>
<td>Navy Ordnance Cargo Logistics Training Camp ............</td>
<td>21,346</td>
<td>21,346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Yakima ....................</td>
<td>Marine Corps Reserve Center ................................</td>
<td>13,844</td>
<td>13,844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various ....................</td>
<td>Various ......................................................</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various ....................</td>
<td>Various ......................................................</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Navy for fiscal years beginning after September 30,
2010, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), in the total amount of $91,557,000.

SEC. 2604. AUTHORIZED AIR NATIONAL GUARD CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Air National Guard locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Montgomery Regional Airport (ANG) Base</td>
<td>Fuel Cell And Corrosion Control Hangar</td>
<td>7,472</td>
<td>7,472</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>Davis Monthan AFB</td>
<td>Predator Foe-Active Duty Associate</td>
<td>4,650</td>
<td>4,650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Buckley AFB</td>
<td>Taxiway Juliet and Lima</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>New Castle County Airport</td>
<td>Joint Forces Operations Center-Ang Share</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Jacksonville IAP</td>
<td>Security Forces Training Facility</td>
<td>6,700</td>
<td>6,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>Savannah/Hilton Head IAP</td>
<td>Relocate Air Supt Ops Sqdn (Asso) Fae</td>
<td>7,450</td>
<td>7,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Hickam AFB</td>
<td>F-22 Beddown Infrastructure Support</td>
<td>5,950</td>
<td>5,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Hickam AFB</td>
<td>F-22 Hangar, Squadron Operations And Amt</td>
<td>48,250</td>
<td>48,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>Hickam AFB</td>
<td>F-22 Upg Mtns Complex</td>
<td>17,250</td>
<td>17,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Des Moines IAP</td>
<td>Corrosion Control Hangar</td>
<td>4,750</td>
<td>4,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IL</td>
<td>Capital Map</td>
<td>CNAF Beddown - Upgrade Facilities</td>
<td>16,700</td>
<td>16,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Hulman Regional Airport</td>
<td>ASOS Beddown - Upgrade Facilities</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>4,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>Barnes ANGB</td>
<td>Add to Aircraft Maintenance Hangar</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>Martin State Airport</td>
<td>Replace Ops and Medical Training Facility</td>
<td>11,400</td>
<td>11,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MN</td>
<td>Duluth</td>
<td>Load Crew Training and Weapon Release Shops</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Stanly County Airport</td>
<td>Upgrade Asos Facilities</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>Atlantic City IAP</td>
<td>Fuel Cell And Corrosion Control Hangar</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>8,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Stewart ANGB</td>
<td>Aircraft Conversion Facility</td>
<td>3,750</td>
<td>3,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Fort Drum</td>
<td>Reaper Infrastructure Support</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Stewart IAP</td>
<td>Base Defense Group Beddorn</td>
<td>14,250</td>
<td>14,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH</td>
<td>Toledo Express Airport</td>
<td>Replace Security Forces Complex</td>
<td>7,300</td>
<td>7,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>State College ANGS</td>
<td>Add to and Alter ASOS Facility</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>4,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Air National Guard: Inside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>McEntire Joint National Guard Base</td>
<td>Replace Operations and Training</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>9,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TN</td>
<td>Nashville IAP</td>
<td>Renovate Intel Squadron Facilities</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>5,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (b) Authorization of Appropriations.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Air Force for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Air National Guard of the United States, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), in the total amount of $292,371,000.


#### (a) Inside the United States.

The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Air Force Reserve locations inside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for each project, set forth in the following table:

## Air Force Reserve: Inside the United States

(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Patrick AFB</td>
<td>Weapons Maintenance Facility</td>
<td>3,420</td>
<td>3,420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>Niagara ARS</td>
<td>C-130 Flightline Operations Facility, Ph 1</td>
<td>9,500</td>
<td>9,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZU</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Air Force for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Air Force Reserve, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), in the total amount of $47,332,000.

SEC. 2606. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2008 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (division B of Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 503), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2601 and 2604 of that Act (122 Stat. 527, 528), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2011, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2012, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

**National Guard: Extension of 2008 Project Authorizations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>East Fallowfield Township.</td>
<td>Readiness Center .............</td>
<td>$8,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>Burlington</td>
<td>Security Improvements .......</td>
<td>$6,600,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TITLE XXVII—BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES

Subtitle A—Authorizations

SEC. 2701. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES FUNDED THROUGH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BASE CLOSURE ACCOUNT 1990.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for base realignment and closure activities, including real property acquisition and military construction projects, as authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) and funded through the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 1990 established by section 2906 of such Act, in the total amount of $360,474,000 as follows:

(1) For the Department of the Army, $73,600,000.

(2) For the Department of the Navy, $162,000,000.

(3) For the Department of the Air Force, $124,874,000.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2703, the Secretary of Defense may carry out base realignment and closure activities, including real property acquisition and military construction projects, as authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) and funded through the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 2005 established by section 2906A of such Act, in the amount of $2,354,285,000.


Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, for base realignment and closure activities, including real property acquisition and military construction projects, as authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) and funded through the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 2005 established by sec-
tion 2906A of such Act, in the total amount of $2,354,285,000, as follows:

(1) For the Department of the Army, $1,012,420,000.

(2) For the Department of the Navy, $342,146,000.

(3) For the Department of the Air Force, $127,255,000.

(4) For the Defense Agencies, $872,464,000.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

SEC. 2711. TRANSPORTATION PLAN FOR BRAC 133 PROJECT UNDER FORT BELVOIR, VIRGINIA, BRAC INITIATIVE.

(a) LIMITATION ON PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of the Army may not take beneficial occupancy of more than 1,000 parking spaces provided by the combination spaces provided by the BRAC 133 project and the lease of spaces in the immediate vicinity of the BRAC 133 project until both of the following occur:

(1) The Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a viable transportation plan for the BRAC 133 project.

(2) The Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that construction has been completed to provide adequate ingress to and egress
from the business park at which the BRAC 133 project is located.

(b) Viability of Transportation Plan.—To be considered a viable transportation plan under subsection (a)(1), the transportation plan must provide for the ingress and egress of all personnel to and from the BRAC 133 project site without further reducing the level of service at the following six intersections:

(1) The intersection of Beauregard Street and Mark Center Drive.

(2) The intersection of Beauregard Street and Seminary Road.

(3) The intersection of Seminary Road and Mark Center Drive.

(4) The intersection of Seminary Road and the northbound entrance-ramp to I–395.

(5) The intersection of Seminary Road and the northbound exit-ramp from I–395.

(6) The intersection of Seminary Road and the southbound exit-ramp from I–395.

(c) Inspector General Report.—Not later than September 30, 2011, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report evaluating the sufficiency and coordination conducted in completing the requisite environ-
ment studies associated with the site selection of the
BRAC 133 project pursuant to the National Environ-
mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.). The
Inspector General shall give specific attention to the trans-
portation determinations associated with the BRAC 133
project and review and provide comment on the Secretary
of Army’s transportation plan and adherence to the limita-
tions imposed by subsection (a).

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) BRAC 133 PROJECT.—The term “BRAC
133 project” refers to the proposed office complex to
be developed at an established mixed-use business
park in Alexandria, Virginia, to implement rec-
ommendation 133 of the Defense Base Closure and
Realignment Commission contained in the report of
the Commission transmitted to Congress on Sep-
tember 15, 2005, under section 2903(e) of the De-
fense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990
(part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10

(2) LEVEL OF SERVICE.—The term “level of
service” has the meaning given that term in the
most-recent Highway Capacity Manual of the Trans-
portation Research Board.
SEC. 2801. AVAILABILITY OF MILITARY CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION ON INTERNET.

(a) Modification of information required to be provided.—Paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of section 2851 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (F); and

(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (G) and (H) as subparagraphs (F) and (G), respectively.

(b) Expanded availability of information.—

Such subsection is further amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (3); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(c) Conforming amendments.—Such subsection is further amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “that, when activated by a person authorized under paragraph (3), will permit the person” and inserting “that will permit a person”; and
(2) in paragraph (3), as redesignated by subsection (b)(2)—

(A) by striking “to the persons referred to in paragraph (3)” and inserting “on the Internet site required by such paragraph”; and

(B) by striking “to such persons”.

SEC. 2802. AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND.

(a) Authority to Transfer Proceeds.—Section 2831 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking “There” in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting “Except as authorized by subsection (e), there”;

(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively;

(3) in subsection (g) (as so redesignated), by striking “subsection (e)” both places it appears and inserting “subsection (f)”;

(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (e):

“(e) Authority to Transfer Family Housing Proceeds.—(1) The Secretary concerned may transfer proceeds of the handling and the disposal of family hous-
ing received under subsection (b)(3), less those expenses payable pursuant to section 572(a) of title 40, to the Department of Defense Family Housing Improvement Fund established under section 2883(a) of this title.

“(2) A transfer under paragraph (1) may be made only after the end of the 30-day period beginning on the date the Secretary concerned submits written notice of, and justification for, the transfer to the appropriate committees of Congress or, if earlier, the end of the 14-day period beginning on the date on which a copy of the notice and justification is provided in an electronic medium pursuant to section 480 of this title.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment to Department of Defense Family Housing Improvement Fund.—Section 2883(c)(1) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(H) Any amounts from the proceeds of the handling and disposal of family housing of a military department transferred to that Fund pursuant to section 2831(e) of this title.”.

SEC. 2803. ENHANCED AUTHORITY FOR PROVISION OF EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS FOR NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM.

Section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) in subsection (c), by striking “Secretary” the first two places it appears and inserting “Secretary of Defense”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) If the Secretary of Defense determines that construction of facilities described in subsection (a) is necessary to advance United States national security or national interest, the Secretary may include the pre-financing and initiation of construction services, which will be provided by the Department of Defense and are not otherwise authorized by law, as an element of the excess North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment program contributions made under subsection (c).”.

SEC. 2804. DURATION OF AUTHORITY TO USE PENTAGON RESERVATION MAINTENANCE REVOLVING FUND FOR CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS AT PENTAGON RESERVATION.

Section 2674(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “Monies” and inserting “Subject to paragraph (3), monies”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(3) The authority of the Secretary to use monies from the Fund to support construction, repair, alteration, or related activities for the Pentagon Reservation expires on September 30, 2012.”.

SEC. 2805. AUTHORITY TO USE OPERATION AND MAINTE-
NANCE FUNDS FOR CONSTRUCTION
PROJECTS INSIDE THE UNITED STATES CENT-
RAL COMMAND AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY.

(a) ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.—Sub-
section (h) of section 2808 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (division B of Public Law 108–136; 117 Stat. 1723), as added by sec-
tion 2806 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (division B of Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2662), is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “September 30, 2010” and inserting “September 30, 2011”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “fiscal year 2011” and inserting “fiscal year 2012”.

(b) AVAILABILITY OF AUTHORITY.—Subsection
(a)(1) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “war,” and inserting “war or”; and

(2) by striking “, or a contingency operation”.
(c) Waiver of Advance Notification Requirement.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (4) as subparagraphs (A) through (D); respectively;

(2) by striking “Before using” and inserting “(1) Before using”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) During fiscal year 2011, the Secretary of Defense may waive the prenotification requirements under paragraph (1) and section 2805(b) of title 10, United States Code, with regard to a construction project carried out under the authority of this section. In the case of any such waiver, the Secretary of Defense shall include in the next quarterly report submitted under subsection (d) the information otherwise required in advance by subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1) with regard to the construction project.”.

(d) Annual Limitation on Use of Authority in Afghanistan.—Subsection (c)(2) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “$300,000,000 in funds available for operation and maintenance for fiscal year 2010 may be used in Afghanistan upon completing the prenotification requirements under subsection
(b)” and inserting “$100,000,000 in funds available for operation and maintenance for fiscal year 2011 may be used in Afghanistan subject to the notification requirements under subsection (b)”; and

(2) by striking “$500,000,000” and inserting “$300,000,000”.

SEC. 2806. VETERANS TO WORK PILOT PROGRAM FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) VETERANS TO WORK PROGRAM.—Subchapter III of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2856 the following new section:

“§ 2857. Veterans to Work Pilot Program

“(a) PILOT PROGRAM; PURPOSES.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish the Veterans to Work pilot program to determine—

“(A) the maximum feasible extent to which apprentices who are also veterans may be employed to work on military construction projects designated under subsection (b); and

“(B) the feasibility of expanding the employment of apprentices who are also veterans to include military construction projects in addition to those projects designated under subsection (b).
“(2) The Secretary of Defense shall establish and conduct the pilot program in consultation with the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

“(b) Designation of Military Construction Projects for Pilot Program.—(1) For each of fiscal years 2011 through 2015, the Secretary of Defense shall designate for inclusion in the pilot program not less than 20 military construction projects (including unspecified minor military construction projects under section 2805(a) of this title) that will be conducted in that fiscal year.

“(2) In designating military construction projects under this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall—

“(A) designate military construction projects that are located where there are veterans enrolled in qualified apprenticeship programs or veterans who could be enrolled in qualified apprenticeship programs in a cost-effective, timely, and feasible manner; and

“(B) ensure geographic diversity among the States in the military construction projects designated.

“(3) Unspecified minor military construction projects may not exceed 40 percent of the military construction projects designated under this subsection for a fiscal year.
“(c) Contract Provisions.—Any agreement that the Secretary of Defense enters into for a military construction project that is designated for inclusion in the pilot program shall ensure that—

“(1) to the maximum extent feasible, apprentices who are also veterans are employed on that military construction project; and

“(2) contractors participate in a qualified apprenticeship program.

“(d) Report.—(1) Not later than 150 days after the end of each fiscal year during which the pilot program is active, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report that includes the following:

“(A) The progress of designated military construction projects and the role of apprentices who are also veterans in achieving that progress.

“(B) Any challenges, difficulties, or problems encountered in recruiting veterans to become apprentices.

“(C) Cost differentials in the designated military construction projects compared to similar projects completed contemporaneously, but not designated for the pilot program.

“(D) Evaluation of benefits derived from employing apprentices, including the following:
“(i) Workforce sustainability.
“(ii) Workforce skills enhancement.
“(iii) Increased short- and long-term cost-effectiveness.
“(iv) Improved veteran employment in sustainable wage fields.
“(E) Any other information the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate.
“(2) Not later than March 1, 2016, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report that—
“(A) analyzes the pilot program in terms of its effect on the sustainability of a workforce to meet the military construction needs of the Armed Forces;
“(B) analyzes the effects of the pilot program on veteran employment in sustainable wage fields or professions; and
“(C) makes recommendations on the continuation, modification, or expansion of the pilot program on the basis of such factors as the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate, including the following:
“(i) Workforce sustainability.
“(ii) Cost-effectiveness.
“(iii) Community development.
“(3) The Secretary of Defense shall prepare the report required by paragraph (2) in consultation with the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘apprentice’ means an individual who is employed pursuant to, and individually registered in, a qualified apprenticeship program.

“(2) The term ‘pilot program’ means the Veterans to Work pilot program established under subsection (a).

“(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term ‘qualified apprenticeship program’ means an apprenticeship or other training program that qualifies as an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002(1)).

“(B) If the Secretary of Labor determines that a qualified apprenticeship program (as defined in subparagraph (A)) for a craft or trade classification of workers that a prospective contractor or subcontractor intends to employ for a military construction project included in the pilot program is not operated in the locality of the project, the Secretary of Labor may expand the definition of qualified apprenticeship program to include another apprenticeship or train-
ing program, so long as the apprenticeship or training program is registered for Federal purposes with the Office of Apprenticeship of the Department of Labor or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by such Office.

“(4) The term ‘State’ means any of the States, the District of Columbia, or territories of Guam, Puerto Rico, the Northern Marianas Islands, and the United States Virgin Islands.

“(5) The term ‘veteran’ has the meaning given such term under section 101(2) of title 38.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2856 the following new item:

“2857. Veterans to Work Pilot Program.”.

Subtitle B—Real Property and Facilities Administration

SEC. 2811. NOTICE-AND-WAIT REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO REAL PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS.

(a) Exception for Leases Under Base Closure Process.—Subsection (a)(1)(C) of section 2662 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after “United States” the following: “(other than a lease or license entered into under section 2667(g) of this title)”.
(b) Repeal of Annual Report on Minor Real Estate Transactions.—Subsection (b) of such section is repealed.

(c) Geographic Scope of Requirements.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “Geographic Scope; Excepted” and inserting “Excepted”;

(2) by striking the first sentence; and

(3) by striking “It does not” and inserting “This section does not”.

(d) Repeal of Notice and Wait Requirement Regarding GSA Leases of Space for DOD.—Subsection (e) of such section is repealed.

(e) Additional Reporting Requirements Regarding Leases of Real Property Owned by the United States.—Such section is further amended by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

“(b) Additional Reporting Requirements Regarding Leases of Real Property Owned by the United States.—(1) In the case of a proposed lease or license of real property owned by the United States covered by paragraph (1)(C) of subsection (a), the Secretary concerned shall comply with the notice-and-wait requirements of paragraph (3) of such subsection before—
“(A) issuing a contract solicitation or other lease offering with regard to the transaction; and

“(B) providing public notice regarding any meeting to discuss a proposed contract solicitation with regard to the transaction.

“(2) The report under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall include the following with regard to a proposed transaction covered by paragraph (1)(C) of such subsection:

“(A) A description of the proposed transaction, including the proposed duration of the lease or license.

“(B) A description of the authorities to be used in entering into the transaction.

“(C) A statement of the scored cost of the entire transaction, determined using the scoring criteria of the Office of Management and Budget.

“(D) A determination that the property involved in the transaction is not excess property, as required by section 2667(a)(3) of this title, including the basis for the determination.

“(E) A determination that the proposed transaction is directly compatible with the mission of the military installation or Defense Agency at which the property is located and a description of the antici-
pated long-term use of the property at the conclu-

sion of the lease or license.

“(F) A description of the requirements or con-

ditions within the contract solicitation or other lease

offering for the person making the offer to address
taxation issues, including payments-in-lieu-of taxes,

and other development issues related to local munici-

palities.

“(G) If the proposed lease involves a project re-

lated to energy production, a certification by the

Secretary of Defense that the project, as it will be

specified in the contract solicitation or other lease

offering, is consistent with the Department of De-

fense performance goals and plan required by sec-

tion 2911 of this title.

“(3) The Secretary concerned may not enter into the

actual lease or license with respect to property for which

the information required by paragraph (2) was submitted

in a report under subsection (a)(3) unless the Secretary

again complies with the notice-and-wait requirements of

such subsection. The subsequent report shall include the

following with regard to the proposed transaction:

“(A) A cross reference to the prior report that

contained the information submitted under para-

graph (2) with respect to the transaction.
“(B) A description of the differences between the information submitted under paragraph (2) and the information regarding the transaction being submitted in the subsequent report.

“(C) A description of the payment to be required in connection with the lease or license, including a description of any in-kind consideration that will be accepted.

“(D) A description of any community support facility or provision of community support services under the lease or license, regardless of whether the facility will be operated by a covered entity (as defined in section 2667(d) of this title) or the lessee or the services will be provided by a covered entity or the lessee.

“(E) A description of the competitive procedures used to select the lessee or, in the case of a lease involving the public benefit exception authorized by section 2667(h)(2) of this title, a description of the public benefit to be served by the lease.”.

(f) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Such section is further amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “the Secretary submits” in the matter preceding sub-
paragraph (A) and inserting “the Secretary concerned submits”; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “the Secretary of a military department or the Secretary of Defense” and inserting “the Secretary concerned”; 

(2) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; 

(3) in subsection (f), as so redesignated—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “, and the reporting requirement set forth in subsection (e) shall not apply with respect to a real property transaction otherwise covered by that subsection,”;

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “or (e), as the case may be”; and

(C) by striking paragraph (4); and

(4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(g) SECRETARY CONCERNED DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘Secretary concerned’ includes, with respect to Defense Agencies, the Secretary of Defense.”.

(g) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO LEASE OF NON-EXCESS PROPERTY AUTHORITY.—Section 2667 of such title is amended—
(1) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (4);
(2) in subsection (d), by striking paragraph (6);
(3) in subsection (e)(1), by striking subpara-
graph (E); and
(4) in subsection (h)—
(A) by striking paragraphs (3) and (5);
and
(B) by redesignating paragraph (4) as
paragraph (3).

SEC. 2812. TREATMENT OF PROCEEDS GENERATED FROM
LEASES OF NON-EXCESS PROPERTY INVOLV-
ing MILITARY MUSEUMS.

Section 2667(e)(1) of title 10, United States Code,
as amended by section 2811(g), is amended by inserting
after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph
(E):
“(E) If the proceeds deposited in the special account
established for the Secretary concerned are derived from
activities associated with a military museum described in
section 489(a) of this title, the proceeds shall be available
for activities described in subparagraph (C) only at that
museum.”.
SEC. 2813. REPEAL OF EXPIRED AUTHORITY TO LEASE LAND FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS ACTIVITIES.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 2680 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) EFFECT OF REPEAL.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not affect the validity of any contract entered into under section 2680 of title 10, United States Code, on or before September 30, 2005.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 159 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 2680.

SEC. 2814. FORMER NAVAL BOMBARDMENT AREA, CULEBRA ISLAND, PUERTO RICO.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 204(c) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1974 (Public Law 93–166; 87 Stat. 668), and paragraph 9 of the quit-claim deed relating to the island of Culebra in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Secretary of Defense—

(1) may provide for the removal of any unexploded ordnance and munitions scrap on that portion of Flamenco Beach located within the former bombardment area of the island; and

(2) shall conduct a study relating to the presence of unexploded ordnance in the former bombardment area transferred to the Commonwealth, with
the exception of the area referred to in paragraph (1).

(b) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study required by subsection (a)(2) shall include the following:

(1) An estimate of the type and amount of unexploded ordnance.

(2) An estimate of the cost of removing unexploded ordnance.

(3) An examination of the impact of such removal on any endangered or threatened species and their habitat.

(4) An examination of current public access to the former bombardment area.

(5) An examination of any threats to public health or safety and the environment from unexploded ordnance.

(c) CONSULTATION WITH COMMONWEALTH.—In conducting the study under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of Defense shall consult with the Commonwealth regarding the Commonwealth’s planned future uses of the former bombardment area. The Secretary shall consider the Commonwealth’s planned future uses in developing any conclusions or recommendations the Secretary may include in the study.
(d) Submission of Report.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (a)(2).

(e) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “quitclaim deed” refers to the quitclaim deed from the United States to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, signed by the Secretary of the Interior on August 11, 1982, for that portion of Tract (1b) consisting of the former bombardment area on the island of Culebra, Puerto Rico.

(2) The term “unexploded ordnance” has the meaning given that term by section 101(e)(5) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 2815. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY TO ASSIST WITH DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE IN CONNECTION WITH THE ESTABLISHMENT OR EXPANSION OF A MILITARY INSTALLATION.

Section 2391(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the following:
“If the proposed or actual establishment or expansion of a military installation would otherwise qualify a State or local government for assistance under this paragraph and is the result of base realignment and closure activities authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2687 note), the Secretary may make grants, conclude cooperative agreements, and supplement funds available under Federal programs administered by agencies other than the Department of Defense in order to assist the State or local government with development of the public infrastructure (including construction) required by the proposed or actual establishment or expansion.”; and

(2) in paragraph (5)(A), by striking “in planning community adjustments and economic diversification” and inserting “as provided in paragraph (1)”.

Subtitle C—Provisions Related to Guam Realignment

SEC. 2821. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING IMPORTANCE OF PROVIDING COMMUNITY ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE TO GOVERNMENT OF GUAM.

It is the Sense of Congress that—
(1) for national security reasons, the United States is required from time to time to construct major, new military installations despite the serious adverse impacts that the installations will have on the communities and the areas in which the installations are constructed; and

(2) neither the impacted local governments nor the communities in which the installations are constructed should be expected to bear the full cost of mitigating such adverse impacts.

SEC. 2822. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY ADJUSTMENTS RELATED TO REALIGNMENT OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS AND RELOCATION OF MILITARY PERSONNEL ON GUAM.

(a) Temporary Assistance Authorized.—

(1) Assistance to Government of Guam.— The Secretary of Defense may assist the Government of Guam in meeting the costs of providing increased municipal services and facilities required as a result of the realignment of military installations and the relocation of military personnel on Guam (in this section referred to as the “Guam realignment”) if the Secretary determines that an unfair and excessive financial burden will be incurred by the Govern-
ment of Guam to provide the services and facilities in the absence of the Department of Defense assistance.

(2) MITIGATION OF IDENTIFIED IMPACTS.—The Secretary of Defense may take such actions as the Secretary considers to be appropriate to mitigate the significant impacts identified in the Record of Decision of the “Guam and CNMI Military Relocation Environmental Impact Statement” by providing increased municipal services and facilities to activities that directly support the Guam realignment.

(b) METHODS TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE.—

(1) USE OF EXISTING PROGRAMS.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out subsection (a) through existing Federal programs.

(2) TRANSFER AUTHORITY.—To the extent necessary to carry out subsection (a), the Secretary may transfer appropriated funds available to the Department of Defense or a military department for operation and maintenance to supplement funds made available to Guam under a Federal program. The transfer authority provided by this paragraph is in addition to the transfer authority provided by section 1001. Amounts so transferred shall be merged
with and be available for the same purposes as the
appropriation to which transferred.

(3) **Cost Share Assistance.**—The Secretary
may use appropriated amounts referred to in para-
graph (2) to provide financial assistance to the Gov-
ernment of Guam to assist the Government of Guam
to pay its share of the costs under Federal programs
utilized by the Secretary under paragraph (1).

(e) **Limitation on Provision of Assistance.**—
The total cost of the construction of facilities carried out
utilizing the authority provided by subsection (a) may not
exceed $500,000,000.

(d) **Special Considerations.**—In determining the
amount of financial assistance to be made available under
this section to the Government of Guam for any commu-
nity service or facility, the Secretary of Defense shall con-
sult with the head of the department or agency of the Fed-
eral Government concerned with the type of service or fa-
cility for which financial assistance is being made available
and shall take into consideration—

(1) the time lag between the initial impact of
increased population on Guam and any increase in
the local tax base that will result from such in-
creased population;
(2) the possible temporary nature of the increased population and the long-range cost impact on the permanent residents of Guam; and

(3) such other pertinent factors as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

(e) PROGRESS REPORTS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives semiannual reports indicating the total amount expended under the authority of this section during the preceding 6-month period, the specific projects for which assistance was provided during such period, and the total amount provided for each project during such period.

(f) TERMINATION.—The authority to provide assistance under subsection (a) expires September 30, 2017. Amounts obligated before that date may be expended after that date.

SEC. 2823. EXTENSION OF TERM OF DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE'S LEADERSHIP OF GUAM OVERSIGHT COUNCIL.

Subsection (d) of section 132 of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 2831(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2669), is amended by striking
“September 30, 2015” and inserting “September 30, 2020”.

SEC. 2824. UTILITY CONVEYANCES TO SUPPORT INTEGRATED WATER AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM ON GUAM.

(a) CONVEYANCE OF UTILITIES.—The Secretary of Defense may convey to the Guam Waterworks Authority (in this section referred to as the “Authority”) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the water and wastewater treatment utility systems on Guam, including the Fena Reservoir, for the purpose of establishing an integrated water and wastewater treatment system on Guam.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—

(1) CONSIDERATION REQUIRED.—As consideration for the conveyance of the water and wastewater treatment utility systems on Guam, the Authority shall pay to the Secretary of Defense an amount equal to the fair market value of the utility infrastructure to be conveyed, as determined pursuant to an agreement between the Secretary and the Authority.

(2) DEFERRED PAYMENTS.—At the discretion of the Authority, the Authority may elect to pay the consideration determined under paragraph (1) in
equal annual payments over a period of not more than 25 years, starting with the first year beginning after the date of the conveyance of the water and wastewater treatment utility systems to the Authority.

(3) ACCEPTANCE OF IN-KIND SERVICES.—The consideration required by paragraph (1) may be paid in cash or in-kind, as acceptable to the Secretary of Defense. The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall consider the value of in-kind services provided by the Government of Guam pursuant to section 311 of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia, approved by Congress in the Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–188; 117 Stat. 2781), section 311 of the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Republic of the Marshall Islands, approved by Congress in such Act, and the Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Republic of Palau, approved by Congress in the Palau Com-
pact of Free Association Act (Public Law 99–658; 100 Stat. 3672).

(c) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—As a condition of the conveyance under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense must obtain at least a 33 percent voting representation on the Guam Consolidated Commission on Utilities, including a proportional representation as chairperson of the Commission.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION REPORT.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—If the Secretary of Defense determines to use the authority provided by subsection (a) to convey the water and wastewater treatment utility systems to the Authority, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing—

(A) a description of the actions needed to efficiently convey the water and wastewater treatment utility systems to the Authority; and

(B) an estimate of the cost of the conveyance.

(2) SUBMISSION.—The Secretary shall submit the report not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary makes the determination triggering the report requirement.
(e) New Water Systems.—If the Secretary of Defense determines to use the authority provided by subsection (a) to convey the water and wastewater treatment utility systems to the Authority, the Secretary shall also enter into an agreement with the Authority, under which the Authority will manage and operate any water well or wastewater treatment plant that is constructed by the Secretary of a military department on Guam on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(f) Additional Term and Conditions.—The Secretary of Defense may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

(g) Technical Assistance.—

(1) Assistance Authorized; Reimbursement.—The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation, may provide technical assistance to the Secretary of Defense and the Authority regarding the development of plans for the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of integrated water and wastewater treatment utility systems on Guam.

(2) Contracting Authority; Condition.—

The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the
Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation, may enter into memoranda of understanding, cooperative agreements, and other agreements with the Secretary of Defense to provide technical assistance as described in paragraph (1) under such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Defense consider appropriate, except that costs incurred by the Secretary of the Interior to provide technical assistance under paragraph (1) shall be covered by the Secretary of Defense.

(3) Report and other assistance.—Not later than one year after date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report detailing the following:

(A) Any technical assistance provided under paragraph (1) and information pertaining to any memoranda of understanding, cooperative agreements, and other agreements entered into pursuant to paragraph (2).

(B) An assessment of water and wastewater systems on Guam, including cost esti-
mates and budget authority, including authori-
ties available under the Acts of June 17, 1902,
and June 12, 1906 (popularly known as the
Reclamation Act; 43 U.S.C. 391) and other au-
thority available to the Secretary of the Inte-
rior, for financing the design, construction, op-
eration, and maintenance of such systems.

(C) The needs related to water and waste-
water infrastructure on Guam and the protec-
tion of water resources on Guam identified by
the Authority.

SEC. 2825. REPORT ON TYPES OF FACILITIES REQUIRED TO
SUPPORT GUAM REALIGNMENT.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
after the date of the enactment of the Act, the Secretary
of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense com-
mittees a report on the structural integrity of facilities re-
quired to support the realignment of military installations
and the relocation of military personnel on Guam.

(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report required by
subsection (a) shall contain the following elements:

(1) A threat assessment to the realigned forces,
including natural and manmade threats.

(2) An evaluation of the types of facilities and
the enhanced structural requirements required to
deter the threat assessment specified in paragraph (1).

(3) An assessment of the costs associated with the enhanced structural requirements specified in paragraph (2).

SEC. 2826. REPORT ON CIVILIAN INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDS FOR GUAM.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Interior shall prepare a report—

(1) detailing the civilian infrastructure improvements needed on Guam to directly and indirectly support and sustain the realignment of military installations and the relocation of military personnel on Guam; and

(2) identifying, to the maximum extent practical, the potential funding sources for such improvements from other Federal departments and agencies and from existing authorities and funds within the Department of Defense.

(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of the Interior shall prepare the report required by subsection (a) in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Government of Guam, and the Interagency Group on the Insular Areas established by Executive Order No. 13537.
(c) Submission.—The Secretary of the Interior shall submit the report required by subsection (a) to the congressional defense committees and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2827. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON PLANNED REPLACEMENT NAVAL HOSPITAL ON GUAM.

(a) Assessment Required.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall review and assess the proposed replacement Naval Hospital on Guam to determine whether the size and scope of the hospital will be sufficient to support the current and projected military mission requirements and Department of Defense beneficiary population on Guam.

(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of the review and assessment under subsection (a).
Subtitle D—Energy Security

SEC. 2831. CONSIDERATION OF ENVIRONMENTALLY SUS-
TAINABLE PRACTICES IN DEPARTMENT EN-
ERGY PERFORMANCE PLAN.

Section 2911(c) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended—

(1) in paragraph (4), by inserting “and hybrid-
electric drive” after “alternative fuels”;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (9) as para-
graph (11) and paragraphs (5) through (8) as para-
graphs (6) through (9), respectively;

(3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
lowing new paragraph:

“(5) Opportunities for the high-performance
construction, lease, operation, and maintenance of
buildings.”; and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (9) (as redesig-
nated by paragraph (2)) the following new para-
graph:

“(10) The value of incorporating electric, hy-
brid-electric, and high efficiency vehicles into vehicle
fleets.”.
SEC. 2832. PLAN AND IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINES FOR ACHIEVING DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GOAL REGARDING USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY TO MEET FACILITY ENERGY NEEDS.

(a) PLAN AND GUIDELINES REQUIRED.—Section 2911(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall develop a plan and implementation guidelines for achieving the percentage goal specified in paragraph (1)(A).”.

(b) SUBMISSION.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the plan and implementation guidelines required by paragraph (2) of section 2911(e) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

SEC. 2833. INSULATION RETROFITTING ASSESSMENT FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FACILITIES.

(a) SUBMISSION AND CONTENTS OF INSULATION RETROFITTING ASSESSMENT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Serv-
ices of the Senate and House of Representatives an assess-
ment containing an estimate of—

(1) the number of Department of Defense fa-
cilities described in subsection (b); and

(2) the overall cost savings and energy savings
to the Department that would result from retro-
fitting those facilities with improved insulation.

(b) FACILITIES INCLUDED IN ASSESSMENT.—The
assessment requirement in subsection (a) shall apply with
respect to each Department of Defense facility the retro-
fitting of which (as described in such subsection) would
result, over the remaining expected life of the facility, in
an amount of cost savings that is at least twice the
amount of the cost of the retrofitting.

Subtitle E—Land Conveyances

SEC. 2841. CONVEYANCE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY RE-
LATED TO WASTE-TO-ENERGY POWER PLANT
SERVING EIELSON AIR FORCE BASE, ALASKA.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of
the Air Force may convey to the Fairbanks North Star
Borough, Alaska (in this section referred to as the “Bor-
ough”), personal property acquired for the Eielson Air
Force Base Alternate Energy Source Program to be used
for a waste-to-energy power plant that would generate
electricity through the burning of waste generated by the
Borough, Eielson Air Force Base, and other Federal fa-
cilities or State or local government entities.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—As consideration for the con-
veyance of personal property under subsection (a), the
Secretary shall require the Borough to offset Eielson Air
Force Base waste disposal fees by the fair market value
of the conveyed property.

(e) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The
Secretary may require such additional terms and condi-
tions in connection with the conveyance under subsection
(a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the
interests of the United States.

SEC. 2842. LAND CONVEYANCE, WHITTIER PETROLEUM,
OIL, AND LUBRICANT TANK FARM, WHITTIER,
ALASKA.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of
the Army may convey, without consideration, to the City
of Whittier, Alaska (in this section referred to as the
“City”), all right, title, and interest of the United States
in and to parcels of real property, including any improve-
ments thereon, consisting of approximately 31 acres at the
Whittier Petroleum, Oil, and Lubricant Tank Farm, Whit-
tier, Alaska, for the purpose of permitting the City to use
the property for local public activities.
(b) Payment of Costs of Conveyances.—

(1) Payment Required.—The Secretary shall require the City to cover costs to be incurred by the Secretary, or to reimburse the Secretary for costs incurred by the Secretary, to carry out the conveyance under subsection (a), including survey costs, costs related to environmental documentation, and other administrative costs related to the conveyance.

(2) Treatment of Amounts Received.—Amounts received as reimbursements under paragraph (1) shall be credited to the fund or account that was used to cover the costs incurred by the Secretary in carrying out the conveyance. Amounts so credited shall be merged with amounts in such fund or account and shall be available for the same purposes, and subject to the same conditions and limitations, as amounts in such fund or account.

(c) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or limit the application of, or any obligation to comply with, any environmental law, including the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) and the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).
(d) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal descriptions of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary.

(e) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a), including easements or covenants to protect cultural or natural resources, as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2843. LAND CONVEYANCE, FORT KNOX, KENTUCKY.

(a) Conveyance Authorized.—The Secretary of the Army may convey, without consideration, to the Department of Veterans Affairs of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (in this section referred to as the “Department”) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 194 acres at Fort Knox, Kentucky, for the purpose of permitting the Department to establish and operate a State veterans home and future expansion of the adjacent State veterans cemetery for veterans and eligible family members of the Armed Forces.

(b) Reimbursement for Costs of Conveyance.—(1) The Department shall reimburse the Sec-
retary for any costs incurred by the Secretary in making
the conveyance under subsection (a), including costs re-
lated to environmental documentation and other adminis-
trative costs. This paragraph does not apply to costs asso-
ciated with the environmental remediation of the property
to be conveyed.

(2) Amounts received as reimbursement under para-
graph (1) shall be credited to the fund or account that
was used to cover the costs incurred by the Secretary in
carrying out the conveyance. Amounts so credited shall be
merged with amounts in such fund or account and shall
be available for the same purposes, and subject to the
same conditions and limitations, as other amounts in such
fund or account.

(c) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage
and legal description of the real property to be conveyed
under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satis-
factory to the Secretary.

(d) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The
Secretary may require such additional terms and condi-
tions in connection with the conveyance under subsection
(a), as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the
interests of the United States.
SEC. 2844. LAND CONVEYANCE, NAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY

(WEST BANK), NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy may convey to the Algiers Development District all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the real property comprising the Naval Support Activity (West Bank), New Orleans, Louisiana, including—

(1) any improvements and facilities on the real property; and

(2) available personal property on the real property.

(b) CERTAIN PROPERTY EXCLUDED.—The conveyance under subsection (a) may not include—

(1) the approximately 29-acre area known as the Secured Area of the real property described in such subsection, which shall remain subject to the Lease; and

(2) the Quarters A site, which is located at Sanctuary Drive, as determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary of the Navy.

(c) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary of the Navy.
(d) TIMING.—The authority provided in subsection (a) may only be exercised after—

(1) the Secretary of the Navy determines that the property described in subsection (a) is no longer needed by the Department of the Navy; and

(2) the Algiers Development District delivers the full consideration as required by Article 3 of the Lease.

(e) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—The conveyance authorized by subsection (a) shall include a condition that expressly prohibits any use of the property that would interfere or otherwise restrict operations of the Department of the Navy in the Secured Area referred to in subsection (b), as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

(f) SUBSEQUENT CONVEYANCE OF SECURED AREA.—If at any time the Secretary of the Navy determines and notifies the Algiers Development District that there is no longer a continuing requirement to occupy or otherwise control the Secured Area referred to in subsection (b) to support the mission of the Marine Forces Reserve or other comparable Marine Corps use, the Secretary may convey to the Algiers Development District the Secured Area and the any improvements situated thereon.

(g) SUBSEQUENT CONVEYANCE OF QUARTERS A.—If at any time the Secretary of the Navy determines that
the Department of the Navy no longer has a continuing requirement for general officers quarters to be located on the Quarters A site referred to in subsection (b) or the Department of the Navy elects or offers to transfer, sell, lease, assign, gift or otherwise convey any or all of the Quarters A site or any improvements thereon to any third party, the Secretary may convey to the Algiers Development District the real property containing the Quarters A site.

(h) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary of the Navy may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance of property under this section, consistent with the Lease, as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interest of the United States.

(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “Algiers Development District” means the Algiers Development District, a local political subdivision of the State of Louisiana.

(2) The term “Lease” means that certain Real Estate Lease for Naval Support Activity New Orleans, West Bank, New Orleans, Louisiana, Lease No. N47692–08–RP–08P30, by and between the United States, acting by and through the Department of the

SEC. 2845. LAND CONVEYANCE, FORMER NAVY EXTREMELY LOW FREQUENCY COMMUNICATIONS PROJECT SITE, REPUBLIC, MICHIGAN.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Navy may convey, without consideration, to Humboldt Township in Marquette County, Michigan, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, in Republic, Michigan, consisting of approximately seven acres and formerly used as an Extremely Low Frequency communications project site, for the purpose of permitting the Township to use the property for local public activities.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary.

(c) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.
SEC. 2846. LAND CONVEYANCE, MARINE FORCES RESERVE CENTER, WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Navy may convey to the North Carolina State Port Authority of Wilmington, North Carolina (in this section referred to as the “Port Authority”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 3.03 acres and known as the Marine Forces Reserve Center in Wilmington, North Carolina, for the purpose of permitting the Port Authority to use the parcel for development of a port facility and for other public purposes.

(b) INCLUSION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—The Secretary of the Navy may include as part of the conveyance under subsection (a) personal property of the Navy at the Marine Forces Reserve Center that the Secretary of Transportation recommends is appropriate for the development or operation of the port facility and the Secretary of the Navy agrees is excess to the needs of the Navy.

(c) INTERIM LEASE.—Until such time as the real property described in subsection (a) is conveyed by deed, the Secretary of the Navy may lease the property to the Port Authority.

(d) CONSIDERATION.—
(1) **CONVEYANCE.**—The conveyance under subsection (a) shall be made without consideration as a public benefit conveyance for port development if the Secretary of the Navy determines that the Port Authority satisfies the criteria specified in section 554 of title 40, United States Code, and regulations prescribed to implement such section. If the Secretary determines that the Port Authority fails to qualify for a public benefit conveyance, but still desires to acquire the property, the Port Authority shall pay to the United States an amount equal to the fair market value of the property to be conveyed. The fair market value of the property shall be determined by the Secretary.

(2) **LEASE.**—The Secretary of the Navy may accept as consideration for a lease of the property under subsection (c) an amount that is less than fair market value if the Secretary determines that the public interest will be served as a result of the lease.

(e) **DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.**—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary of the Navy and the Port Authority. The cost of such survey shall be borne by the Port Authority.
(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS.—The Secretary of the Navy may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 2851. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO PROVIDING WORLD CLASS MILITARY MEDICAL FACILITIES.

(a) UNIFIED CONSTRUCTION STANDARD FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS TO MILITARY MEDICAL FACILITIES.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a unified construction standard for military construction and repairs for military medical facilities that provides a single standard of care. This standard shall also include a size standard for operating rooms and patient recovery rooms.

(b) INDEPENDENT REVIEW PANEL.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT; PURPOSE.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish an independent advisory panel for the purpose of—

(A) advising the Secretary regarding whether the Comprehensive Master Plan for the National Capital Region Medical, dated April 2010, is adequate to fulfill statutory require-
ments, as required by section 2714 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (division B of Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2656), to ensure that the facilities and organizational structure described in the plan result in world class military medical facilities in the National Capital Region;

(B) monitoring the implementation and any subsequent modification of the master plan referred to in subparagraph (A); and

(C) making recommendations regarding any adjustments of the master plan referred to in subparagraph (A) needed to ensure the provision of world class military medical facilities and delivery system in the National Capital Region.

(2) Members.—

(A) Appointments by Secretary.—The panel shall be composed of such members as determined by the Secretary of Defense, except that the Secretary shall include as members—

(i) medical facility design experts;

(ii) military healthcare professionals;

(iii) representatives of premier health care facilities in the United States; and

(iv) representatives of premier education facilities in the United States.
(iv) former retired senior military officers with joint operational and budgetary experience.

(B) CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENTS.—The chairmen and ranking members of the Committees on the Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives may each designate one member of the panel.

(C) TERM.—Members of the panel may serve on the panel until the termination date specified in paragraph (7).

(D) COMPENSATION.—While performing duties on behalf of the panel, a member and any adviser referred to in paragraph (4) shall be reimbursed under Government travel regulations for necessary travel expenses.

(3) MEETINGS.—The panel shall meet not less than quarterly. The panel or its members may make other visits to military treatment facilities and military headquarters in connection with the duties of the panel.

(4) STAFF AND ADVISORS.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide necessary administrative staff support to the panel. The panel may call in advisers for consultation.
(5) REPORTS.—

(A) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the first meeting of the panel, the panel shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a written report containing an assessment of the adequacy of the master plan referred to in paragraph (1)(A) and the recommendations of the panel to improve the plan.

(B) ADDITIONAL REPORTS.—Not later than February 28, 2011, and February 29, 2012, the panel shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on the findings and recommendations of the panel to address any deficiencies identified by the panel.

(6) ASSESSMENT OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the submission of each report under paragraph (5), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report including—

(A) an assessment by the Secretary of the findings and recommendations of the panel; and

(B) the plans of the Secretary for addressing such findings and recommendations.

(7) TERMINATION.—The panel shall terminate on September 30, 2015.
(c) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) National Capital Region.—The term “National Capital Region” has the meaning given the term in section 2674(f) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) World Class Military Medical Facility.—The term “world class military medical facility” has the meaning given the term by the National Capital Region Base Realignment and Closure Health Systems Advisory Subcommittee of the Defense Health Board in appendix B of the report titled “Achieving World Class—An Independent Review of the Design Plans for the Walter Reed National Military Medical Center and the Fort Belvoir Community Hospital” and published in May 2009, as required by section 2721 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (division B of Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4716).

SEC. 2852. NAMING OF ARMED FORCES RESERVE CENTER, MIDDLETOWN, CONNECTICUT.

The newly constructed Armed Forces Reserve Center in Middletown, Connecticut, shall be known and designated as the “Major General Maurice Rose Armed Forces Reserve Center”. Any reference in a law, map, reg-
ULATION, document, paper, or other record of the United States to such Armed Forces Reserve Center shall be deemed to be a reference to the Major General Maurice Rose Armed Forces Reserve Center.

**TITLE XXIX—OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS MILITARY CONSTRUCTION**

Subtitle A—Fiscal Year 2010 Projects

SEC. 2901. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for various locations outside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for the projects, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Operational Facilities</td>
<td>80,100</td>
<td>80,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Supporting Activities</td>
<td>62,900</td>
<td>62,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Utility Facilities</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>52,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby au-
authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2009, in the total amount of $195,600,000.

(2) **UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.**—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2009, in the total amount of $40,000,000.

(3) **ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.**—For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2009, in the total amount of $6,696,000.

**SEC. 2902. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

(a) **OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for various locations outside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total
amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for the projects, set forth in the following table:

**Air Force: Military Construction Outside the United States**
(Amounts Are Specified In Thousands of Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations.........</td>
<td>Operational Facilities.......</td>
<td>220,500</td>
<td>220,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations.........</td>
<td>Supply Facilities............</td>
<td>24,550</td>
<td>24,550</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) **Authorization of Appropriations.**—

(1) **Outside the United States.**—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2009, in the total amount of $245,050,000.

(2) **Unspecified minor military construction projects.**—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2009, in the total amount of $15,000,000.

(3) **Architectural and engineering services and construction design.**—For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2009, in the total amount of $19,040,000.
Subtitle B—Fiscal Year 2011 Projects

SEC. 2911. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) Outside the United States.—The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for various locations outside the United States, and subject to the purpose, total amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations specified for the projects, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Air Pollution Abatement</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Community Facilities</td>
<td>21,450</td>
<td>21,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Hospital and Medical Facilities</td>
<td>50,800</td>
<td>50,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Operational Facilities</td>
<td>69,600</td>
<td>69,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Supply Facilities</td>
<td>30,700</td>
<td>30,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Supporting Activities</td>
<td>199,800</td>
<td>199,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Troop Housing Facilities</td>
<td>283,000</td>
<td>283,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations</td>
<td>Utility Facilities</td>
<td>90,600</td>
<td>90,600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—

(1) Outside the United States.—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $761,950,000.

(2) Unspecified Minor Military Construction Projects.—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of...
title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby au-
thorized to be appropriated for fiscal years begin-
ing after September 30, 2010, in the total amount
of $78,330,000.

(3) ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERV-
ICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.—For architec-
tural and engineering services and construction de-
sign under section 2807 of title 10, United States
Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appro-
priated for fiscal years beginning after September
30, 2010, in the total amount of $89,716,000.

SEC. 2912. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND
LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHOR-
IZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary
of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out
military construction projects for various locations outside
the United States, and subject to the purpose, total
amount authorized, and authorization of appropriations
specified for the projects, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overseas Location</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>Authorization of Appropriations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations.........</td>
<td>Maintenance and Production Facilities</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>7,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations.........</td>
<td>Operational Facilities</td>
<td>203,000</td>
<td>203,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AF</td>
<td>Various Locations.........</td>
<td>Supply Facilities</td>
<td>7,100</td>
<td>7,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
(1) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $217,500,000.

(2) UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—For unspecified minor military construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $49,584,000.

(3) ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.—For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $13,422,000.

SEC. 2913. AUTHORIZED DEFENSE WIDE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out mili-
tary construction projects for the Defense Agencies for a classified project at a classified location outside the United States, and subject to the total amount authorized and authorization of appropriations specified for the project, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Purpose of Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XC</td>
<td>Classified Location</td>
<td>Classified Project</td>
<td>41,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—

(1) **OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by subsection (a), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $41,900,000.

(2) **ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.**—For architectural and engineering services and construction design authorized by section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2010, in the total amount of $4,600,000.
SEC. 2914. CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FACILITIES IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this subtitle, the Secretary of Defense may use not more than $46,500,000 to plan, design, and construct facilities in a foreign country for the Department of Defense.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 2921. NOTIFICATION OF OBLIGATION OF FUNDS AND QUARTERLY REPORTS.

(a) Notification of Obligation of Funds.—

(1) Notice and wait requirement.—Before using appropriated funds to carry out a construction project outside the United States that is authorized by section 2901, 2902, 2911, or 2912 and has an estimated cost in excess of the amounts authorized for unspecified minor military construction projects under section 2805(c) of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a notice regarding the construction project. The project may be carried out only after the end of the 10-day period beginning on the date the notice is received by the committees or, if earlier, the end of the 7-day period beginning on the date on which a copy of the notifica-
tion is provided in an electronic medium pursuant to section 480 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) CONTENTS OF NOTICE.—The notice for a construction project covered by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(A) Certification that the construction—

(i) is necessary to meet urgent military operational requirements of a temporary nature involving the use of the Armed Forces;

(ii) is carried out in support of a non-enduring mission; and

(iii) is the minimum construction necessary to meet temporary operational requirements.

(B) A description of the purpose for which appropriated funds are being obligated.

(C) All relevant documentation detailing the construction project.

(D) An estimate of the total amount obligated for the construction.

(b) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 45 days after the end of each fiscal-year quarter during which appropriated funds are obligated or expended
to carry out construction projects outside the United States that are authorized by section 2901, 2902, 2911, or 2912, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the worldwide obligation and expenditure during that quarter of appropriated funds for such construction projects.

(2) Project authority contingent on submission of reports.—The ability to use section 2901, 2902, 2911, or 2912 as authority during a fiscal year to obligate appropriated funds available to carry out construction projects outside the United States shall commence for that fiscal year only after the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees all of the quarterly reports (if any) that were required under paragraph (1) for the preceding fiscal year.

(c) Limitation on transfer authority.—If the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force determines that amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriation in section 2901, 2902, 2911, or 2912 are required for any construction project that will cause obligations to exceed any of the category amounts specified in this title or for a construction project that is not within the scope of the category, the Secretary shall
notify the congressional defense committees of this determination at least 14 days before obligating funds for the project.

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs Authorizations

SEC. 3101. NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2011 for the activities of the National Nuclear Security Administration in carrying out programs necessary for national security in the amount of $11,214,755,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For weapons activities, $7,008,835,000.
(2) For defense nuclear nonproliferation activities, $2,687,167,000.
(3) For naval reactors, $1,070,486,000.
(4) For the Office of the Administrator for Nuclear Security, $448,267,000.

(b) Authorization of New Plant Projects.—

From funds referred to in subsection (a) that are available for carrying out plant projects, the Secretary of Energy may carry out new plant projects for the National Nuclear Security Administration as follows:

(1) Project 11–D–801, reinvestment project phase 2, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $23,300,000.

(2) Project 11–D–601, sanitary effluent reclamation facility expansion, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $15,000,000.

SEC. 3102. DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2011 for defense environmental cleanup activities in carrying out programs necessary for national security in the amount of $5,588,039,000.

SEC. 3103. OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2011 for other defense activities in carrying out programs necessary for national security in the amount of $878,209,000.
SEC. 3104. ENERGY SECURITY AND ASSURANCE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2011 for energy security and assurance programs necessary for national security in the amount of $6,188,000.

Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 3111. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL MATERIALS PROTECTION, CONTROL, AND ACCOUNTING PROGRAM OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.


SEC. 3112. ENERGY PARKS INITIATIVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of title XLVIII of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (division D of Public Law 107–314; 50 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 4815. ENERGY PARKS INITIATIVE.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may facilitate the development of energy parks described in subsection (b) on defense nuclear facility reuse property
through the use of collaborative partnerships with State and local governments, the private sector, and community reuse organizations approved by the Secretary.

“(b) ENERGY PARKS.—An energy park described in this subsection is a facility (or group of facilities) developed for the purpose of—

“(1) promoting energy security, environmental sustainability, economic competitiveness, and energy sector jobs; and

“(2) encouraging pilot programs, demonstration projects, or commercial projects, at or near such facility, with respect to energy generation, energy efficiency, and advanced manufacturing technologies that will contribute to a stabilization of atmospheric greenhouse gas concentrations through the reduction, avoidance, or sequestration of energy-related emissions.

“(c) INFRASTRUCTURE.—In facilitating the development of an energy park under this section, the Secretary shall—

“(1) use existing infrastructure, facilities, workforces, and other assets in the vicinity of the energy park; and
“(2) ensure that such energy park does not interfere with the Secretary’s other responsibilities at any defense nuclear facility.

“(d) REPORT.—Not later than December 31, 2011, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report on steps taken to facilitate the development of energy parks under this section.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘defense nuclear facility’ has the meaning given the term ‘Department of Energy defense nuclear facility’ in section 318 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286g).

“(2) The term ‘defense nuclear facility reuse property’ means property that—

“(A) is located at a defense nuclear facility; and

“(B) the Secretary of Energy determines—

“(i) has been adequately remediated by the Secretary or was not in need of remediation; and
“(ii) is ready for use as an energy park.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 4001(b) of such Act (division D of Public Law 107–314) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 4814 the following new item:

“Sec. 4815. Energy parks initiative.”.

SEC. 3113. ESTABLISHMENT OF TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER CENTERS.

(a) TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER CENTERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 4813 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (division D of Public Law 107–314; 50 U.S.C. 2794) is amended—

(A) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(B) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

“(b) TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER CENTERS.—(1) Subject to the availability of appropriations provided for such purpose, the Administrator shall establish a technology transfer center described in paragraph (2) at each national security laboratory.

“(2) A technology transfer center described in this paragraph is a center to foster collaborative scientific research, technology development, and the appropriate
transfer of research and technology to users in addition
to the national security laboratories.

“(3) In establishing a technology transfer center
under this subsection, the Administrator—

“(A) shall enter into cooperative research and
development agreements with governmental, public,
academic, or private entities; and

“(B) may enter into a contract with respect to
constructing, purchasing, managing, or leasing
buildings or other facilities.”.

(2) DEFINITION.—Subsection (c) of such sec-
tion, as redesignated by paragraph (1)(A), is amend-
ed by adding at the end the following new para-
graph:

“(5) The term ‘national security laboratory’ has
the meaning given that term in section 3281 of the
National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50
U.S.C. 2471).”.

(3) SECTION HEADING.—The heading of such
section is amended by inserting “AND TECH-
NOLOGY TRANSFER CENTERS” after “PARTNER-
SHIPS”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
in section 4001(b) of such Act (division D of Public Law
107–314) is amended by striking the item relating to sec-

tion 4813 and inserting the following new item:

“Sec. 4813. Critical technology partnerships and technology transfer centers.”.

SEC. 3114. AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under
section 3101(a)(1) for fiscal year 2011 for weapons activi-
ties, the Secretary of Energy may procure not more than
two aircraft.

SEC. 3115. ENHANCING PRIVATE-SECTOR EMPLOYMENT
THROUGH TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER ACTIVI-
TIES.

(a) In General.—The Administrator for Nuclear
Security shall encourage technology transfer activities at
the national security laboratories (as defined in section
3281 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act
(50 U.S.C. 2471)) that lead to the creation of new private-
sector employment opportunities.

(b) Reports.—Not later than January 31 of each
year, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report
detailing the number of new private-sector employment op-
portunities created as a result of the previous years’ tech-
ology transfer activities at each national security labora-
tory.
Subtitle C—Reports

SEC. 3121. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON NNSA BIENNIAL COMPLEX MODERNIZATION STRATEGY.

Section 3255 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2455) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) GAO STUDY AND REPORTS.—(1) For each plan and assessment submitted under subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study that includes the following:

“(A) An analysis of the plan under subsection (a)(1).

“(B) An analysis of the assessment under subsection (a)(2).

“(C) Whether both the budget for the fiscal year in which the plan and assessment are submitted and the future-years nuclear security program submitted to Congress in relation to such budget under section 3253 provide for funding of the nuclear security complex at a level that is sufficient for the mod-
ernization and refurbishment of the nuclear security complex in accordance with the plan.

“(D) An analysis of any assessment submitted by the Administrator under subsection (c).

“(E) With respect to the facilities infrastructure recapitalization program—

“(i) whether such program achieved its mission of addressing deferred and backlogged maintenance;

“(ii) to what extent deferred and backlogged maintenance remains unaddressed;

“(iii) whether the expiration of such program’s authorities has weakened or strengthened plans under subsection (a); and

“(iv) whether the reauthorization of such program would further the goal of modernizing and refurbishing the nuclear security complex.

“(2) Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Administrator submits the plan and assessment under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the study under paragraph (1), including—

“(A) the findings of the study under paragraph (1);
“(B) whether the plan and assessment submitted under subsection (a) support each element under subsection (b); and

“(C) the role of the United States Strategic Command in making an assessment under subsection (c).

“(3) Not later than 90 days after the date on which a budget is submitted to Congress during an even-numbered fiscal year, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees an update to the previous study under paragraph (1) taking into account the nuclear security budget materials included with such budget.”.

SEC. 3122. REPORT ON GRADED SECURITY PROTECTION POLICY.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than February 1, 2011, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the implementation of the graded security protection policy of the Department of Energy.

(b) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A comprehensive plan and schedule (including any benchmarks, milestones, or other deadlines)
for implementing the graded security protection policy.

(2) An explanation of the current status of the graded security protection policy for each site with respect to the comprehensive plan under paragraph (1).

(3) An explanation of the Secretary’s objective end-state for implementation of the graded security protection policy (such end-state shall include supporting justification and rationale to ensure that robust and adaptive security measures meet the graded security protection policy requirements).

(4) Identification of each site that has received an exception or waiver to the graded security protection policy, including the justification for each such exception or waiver.

(5) A schedule for “force-on-force” exercises that the Secretary considers necessary to maintain operational readiness.

(6) A description of a program that will provide proper training and equipping of personnel to a certifiable standard.

(e) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

SEC. 3201. AUTHORIZATION.

There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011, $28,640,000 for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board under chapter 21 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286 et seq.).

TITLE XXXIV—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

SEC. 3401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) AMOUNT.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Energy $23,614,000 for fiscal year 2011 for the purpose of carrying out activities under chapter 641 of title 10, United States Code, relating to the naval petroleum reserves.

(b) PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY.—Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.
TITLE XXXV—MARITIME
ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 3501. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR NATIONAL SECURITY ASPECTS OF THE MERCHANT MARINE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2011, to be available without fiscal year limitation if so provided in appropriations Acts, for the use of the Department of Transportation for Maritime Administration programs associated with maintaining national security aspects of the merchant marine, as follows:

(1) For expenses necessary for operations of the United States Merchant Marine Academy, $100,020,000, of which—

(A) $63,120,000 shall remain available until expended for Academy operations;

(B) $6,000,000 shall remain available until expended for refunds to Academy midshipmen for improperly charged fees; and

(C) $30,900,000 shall remain available until expended for capital improvements at the Academy.

(2) For expenses necessary to support the State maritime academies, $15,007,000, of which—
(A) $2,000,000 shall remain available until expended for student incentive payments;

(B) $2,000,000 shall remain available until expended for direct payments to such acad-

(C) $11,007,000 shall remain available until expended for maintenance and repair of State maritime academy training vessels.

(3) For expenses necessary to dispose of vessels in the National Defense Reserve Fleet, $10,000,000.

(4) For expenses to maintain and preserve a United States-flag merchant marine to serve the na-

tional security needs of the United States under chapter 531 of title 46, United States Code, $174,000,000.

(5) For the cost (as defined in section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)) of loan guarantees under the program au-

thorized by chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, $60,000,000, of which $3,688,000 shall re-

main available until expended for administrative ex-

penses of the program.
SEC. 3502. EXTENSION OF MARITIME SECURITY FLEET PROGRAM.

Chapter 531 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 53104(a), by striking “2015” and inserting “2025”; 

(2) in section 53106(a)(1)(C), by striking “for each fiscal years 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015” and inserting “for each of fiscal years 2012 though 2025”; and 

(3) in section 53111(3), by striking “2015” and inserting “2025”.

SEC. 3503. UNITED STATES MERCHANT MARINE ACADEMY NOMINATIONS OF RESIDENTS OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.

Section 51302(b) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by inserting “the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Guam,”; and 

(2) by striking paragraph (5) and redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (5).
SEC. 3504. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR PORT OF GUAM IMPROVEMENT ENTERPRISE PROGRAM.


(1) by inserting “, and of other amounts appropriated or otherwise made available to the Maritime Administration for the purposes of the Program for fiscal year 2011 or thereafter,” after “for a fiscal year”; and

(2) by inserting “under this section” before the period at the end.

SEC. 3505. VESSEL LOAN GUARANTEES: PROCEDURES FOR TRADITIONAL AND NONTRADITIONAL APPLICATIONS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 53701 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (14) as paragraph (16); (2) by redesignating paragraphs (10) through (13) as paragraphs (11) through (14), respectively; (3) by inserting after paragraph (8) the following new paragraph:

“(9) NONTRADITIONAL APPLICATION.—The term ‘nontraditional application’ means an applica-
tion for a loan, guarantee, or commitment to guar-
antee under this chapter, that is not a traditional
application, as determined by the Administrator.”;
and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (14), as so re-
designated, the following new paragraph:

“(15) TRADITIONAL APPLICATION.—The term ‘traditional application’ means an application for a
loan, guarantee, or commitment to guarantee under
this chapter that involves a market, technology, and
financial structure of a type that has proven success-
ful in previous applications and does not present an
unreasonable risk to the United States, as deter-
mined by the Administrator.”.

(b) DEADLINE FOR DECISION ON APPLICATION; EX-
tension.—Section 53703(a) of title 46, United States
Code, is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-
lows:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary or Adminis-
trator shall approve or deny an application for a
loan guarantee under this chapter—

“(A) in the case of a traditional applica-
tion, before the end of the 90-day period begin-
ning on the date on which the signed applica-
tion is received by the Secretary or Adminis-
trator; and

“(B) in the case of a nontraditional applic-
ation, before the end of the 120-day period be-
ginning on such date of receipt.”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “the 270-day
period in paragraph (1) to a date not later than 2
years” and inserting “the applicable period under
paragraph (1) to a date that is not later than one
year after the date on which the signed application
was received by the Secretary or Administrator”.

(c) INDEPENDENT ANALYSIS.—Section 53708(d) of
title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “an
application” and inserting “a nontraditional application”.

(d) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this
section shall apply only to applications submitted after the
date of enactment of this Act.
DIVISION D—IMPLEMENTING MANAGEMENT FOR PERFORMANCE AND RELATED REFORMS TO OBTAIN VALUE IN EVERY ACQUISITION ACT

SEC. 100A. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value in Every Acquisition Act of 2010”.

SEC. 100B. DEFINITION OF CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.

In this division, the term “congressional defense committees” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(16) of title 10, United States Code.

TITLE I—DEFENSE ACQUISITION SYSTEM

SEC. 101. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION SYSTEM.

(a) Performance Management of the Defense Acquisition System.—

(1) In general.—Part IV of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 148 the following new chapter:
CHAPTER 149—PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION SYSTEM

Sec.

2545. Performance assessments of the defense acquisition system.

2546. Audits of performance assessments.

2547. Use of performance assessments for managing performance.

2548. Acquisition-related functions of the Chiefs of Staff of the armed forces.

§ 2545. Performance assessments of the defense acquisition system

(a) PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS REQUIRED.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all elements of the defense acquisition system are subject to regular performance assessments—

(A) to determine the extent to which such elements deliver appropriate value to the Department of Defense; and

(B) to enable senior officials of the Department of Defense to manage the elements of the defense acquisition system to maximize their value to the Department.

(2) The performance of each element of the defense acquisition system shall be assessed as needed, but not less often than annually.

(3) The Secretary shall ensure that the performance assessments required by this subsection are appropriately tailored to reflect the diverse nature of defense acquisition so that the performance assessment of each element of the
defense acquisition system accurately reflects the work performed by such element.

“(b) SYSTEMWIDE CATEGORIES.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish categories of metrics for the defense acquisition system, including, at a minimum, categories relating to cost, quality, delivery, workforce, and policy implementation that apply to all elements of the defense acquisition system.

“(2) The Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance for service acquisition executives within the Department of Defense on the establishment of metrics, and goals and standards relating to such metrics, within the categories established by the Secretary under paragraph (1) to ensure that there is sufficient uniformity in performance assessments across the defense acquisition system so that elements of the defense acquisition system can be meaningfully compared.

“(c) METRICS, GOALS, AND STANDARDS.—(1) Each service acquisition executive of the Department of Defense shall establish metrics to be used in the performance assessments required by subsection (a) for each element of the defense acquisition system for which such executive is responsible within the categories established by the Secretary under subsection (b). Such metrics shall be appro-
appropriately tailored pursuant to subsection (a)(3) and may include measures of—

“(A) cost, quality, and delivery;

“(B) contractor performance, including compliance with the Department of Defense policy regarding the participation of small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, veteran-owned small businesses, service-disabled, veteran-owned small businesses, and women-owned small businesses;

“(C) excessive use of contract bundling and availability of non-bundled contract vehicles;

“(D) workforce quality and program manager tenure (where applicable);

“(E) the quality of market research;

“(F) appropriate use of integrated testing;

“(G) appropriate consideration of long-term sustainment and energy efficiency; and

“(H) appropriate acquisition of technical data and other rights and assets necessary to support long-term sustainment.

“(2) Each service acquisition executive within the Department of Defense shall establish goals and standards (including, at a minimum, a threshold standard and an objective goal) for each metric established under para-
graph (1) by the executive. In establishing the goals and standards for an element of the defense acquisition system, a service acquisition executive shall consult with the head of the element to the maximum extent practicable, but the service acquisition executive shall retain the final authority to determine the goals and standards established. The service acquisition executive shall update the goals and standards as necessary and appropriate consistent with the guidance issued under subsection (b)(2).

“(3) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics shall periodically review the metrics, goals, and standards established by service acquisition executives under this subsection to ensure that they are consistent with the guidance issued under subsection (b)(2).

“(d) RESPONSIBILITY FOR OVERSIGHT AND DIRECTION OF PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS.—(1) Performance assessments required by subsection (a) shall either be carried out by, or shall be subject to the oversight of, the Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis. The authority and responsibility granted by this subsection is in addition to any other authority or responsibility granted to the Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis by the Secretary of Defense or by any other provision of
law. In the performance of duties pursuant to this section, the Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis shall coordinate with the Deputy Chief Management Officer to ensure that performance assessments carried out pursuant to this section are consistent with the performance management initiatives of the Department of Defense.

“(2) A performance assessment may be carried out by an organization under the control of the service acquisition executive of a military department if—

“(A) the assessment fulfills the requirements of subsection (a);

“(B) the organization is approved to carry out the assessment by the Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis; and

“(C) the assessment is subject to the oversight of the Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis in accordance with paragraph (1).

“(e) RETENTION AND ACCESS TO RECORDS OF PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS WITHIN THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS AND DEFENSE AGENCIES.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that information from performance assessments of all elements of the defense acquisition system are retained electronically and that the Director of
the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis—

“(1) promptly receives the results of all performance assessments conducted by an organization under the control of the service acquisition executive of a military department; and

“(2) has timely access to any records and data in the Department of Defense (including the records and data of each military department and Defense Agency and including classified and proprietary information) that the Director considers necessary to review in order to perform or oversee performance assessments pursuant to this section.

“(f) INCLUSION IN ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis shall include information on the activities undertaken by the Director under this section in the annual report of the Director required under section 103(f) of the Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–23; 123 Stat. 1716), including information on any performance assessment required by subsection (a) with significant findings. In addition, if a performance assessment uncovers particularly egregious problems, as identified by the Director, the Director shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the
House of Representatives a report on such problems within 30 days after the problems are identified.

“(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘defense acquisition system’ means the acquisition workforce; the process by which the Department of Defense manages the acquisition of goods and services, including weapon systems, commodities, commercial and military unique services, and information technology; and the management structure for carrying out the acquisition function within the Department of Defense.

“(2) The term ‘element of the defense acquisition system’ means an organization that operates within the defense acquisition system and that focuses primarily on acquisition.

“(3) The term ‘metric’ means a specific measure that serves as a basis for comparison.

“(4) The term ‘threshold performance standard’ means the minimum acceptable level of performance in relation to a metric.

“(5) The term ‘objective performance goal’ means the most desired level of performance in relation to a metric.

“(6) The term ‘Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis’ means the office re-
porting to the senior official designated by the Secretary of Defense under section 103(a) of the Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–23, 10 U.S.C. 2430 note).

“§ 2546. Audits of performance assessments

“(a) Audits Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the performance assessments of the defense acquisition system required by section 2545 of this title are subject to periodic audits to determine the accuracy, reliability, and completeness of such assessments.

“(b) Standards and Approach.—In performing the audits required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall ensure that such audits—

“(1) comply with generally accepted government auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General;

“(2) use a risk-based approach to audit planning; and

“(3) appropriately account for issues associated with auditing assessments of activities occurring in a contingency operation.

“§ 2547. Use of performance assessments for managing performance

“(a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the results of performance assessments are
used in the management of elements of the defense acquisition system through direct linkages between the results of a performance assessment and the following:

“(1) The size of the bonus pool available to the workforce of an element of the defense acquisition system.

“(2) Rates of promotion in the workforce of an element of the defense acquisition system.

“(3) Awards for acquisition excellence.

“(4) The scope of work assigned to an element of the defense acquisition system.

“(b) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that actions taken to manage the acquisition workforce pursuant to subsection (a) are undertaken in accordance with the requirements of subsections (e) and (d) of section 1701a of this title.

“§ 2548. Acquisition-related functions of the Chiefs of Staff of the armed forces

“(a) ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure, notwithstanding section 3014(c)(1)(A), section 5014(c)(1)(A), and section 8014(c)(1)(A) of this title, that the Chief of Staff of the Army, the Chief of Naval Operations, the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, and the Commandant of the Marine Corps assist the Secretary of the
military department concerned in the performance of the
following acquisition-related functions of such department:

“(1) The development of requirements relating
to the defense acquisition system.

“(2) The development of measures to control
requirements creep in the defense acquisition sys-
tem.

“(3) The development of career paths in acqui-
sition for military personnel (as required by section
1722a of this title).

“(4) The assignment and training of con-
tracting officer representatives when such represent-
atives are required to be members of the armed
forces because of the nature of the contract con-
cerned.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘requirements creep’ means the
addition of new technical or operational specifica-
tions after a requirements document is approved.

“(2) The term ‘requirements document’ means
a document produced in the requirements process
that is provided for an acquisition program to guide
the subsequent development, production, and testing
of the program and that—
“(A) justifies the need for a materiel approach, or an approach that is a combination of materiel and non-materiel, to satisfy one or more specific capability gaps;

“(B) details the information necessary to develop an increment of militarily useful, logistically supportable, and technically mature capability, including key performance parameters; or

“(C) identifies production attributes required for a single increment of a program.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, and at the beginning of part IV of such subtitle, are each amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 148 the following new item:

“149. Performance Management of the Defense Acquisition System ...... 2545”.

(b) PHASED IMPLEMENTATION OF PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall implement the requirements of chapter 149 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), in a phased manner while guidance is issued, and categories, metrics, goals, and standards are established. Implementation shall begin with a cross section of elements of the defense acquisition system representative of the entire system and shall
be completed for all elements not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 102. MEANINGFUL CONSIDERATION BY JOINT REQUIREMENTS OVERSIGHT COUNCIL OF INPUT FROM CERTAIN OFFICIALS.

(a) Advisors to the Joint Requirements Oversight Council.—

(1) Additional civilian advisors.—Subsection (d)(1) of section 181 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “The Under Secretary” and all that follows through “and expertise.” and inserting the following: “The following officials of the Department of Defense shall serve as advisors to the Council on matters within their authority and expertise:

“(A) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.

“(B) The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller).

“(C) The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy.

“(D) The Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation.”.
(2) ROLE OF COMBATANT COMMANDERS AS MEMBERS OF THE JROC.—Paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (D);

(B) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (E) and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(F) when directed by the chairman, the commander of any combatant command (or, as directed by that commander, the deputy commander of that command) when matters related to the area of responsibility or functions of that command will be under consideration by the Council.”.

(b) AMENDMENT RELATED TO REPORT.—Paragraph (2) of section 105(c) of the Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–23; 123 Stat. 1718) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) MATTERS COVERED.—The report shall include, at a minimum, an assessment of—

“(A) the extent to which the Council has effectively sought, and the commanders of the combatant commands have provided, meaning-
ful input on proposed joint military requirements;

“(B) the extent to which the Council has meaningfully considered the input and expertise of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics in its discussions;

“(C) the extent to which the Council has meaningfully considered the input and expertise of the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation in its discussions;

“(D) the quality and effectiveness of efforts to estimate the level of resources needed to fulfill joint military requirements; and

“(E) the extent to which the Council has considered trade-offs among cost, schedule, and performance objectives.”.

(c) Assessment of Independence of Cost Estimators and Cost Analysts Required in Next Annual Report on Cost Assessment Activities.—In the next annual report prepared by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation under section 2334(e) of title 10, United States Code, the Director shall include an assessment of whether and to what extent personnel responsible for cost estimates or cost analysis devel-
oped by a military department or defense agency for a
major defense acquisition program are independent and
whether their independence or lack thereof affects their
ability to generate reliable cost estimates.

SEC. 103. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT FOR THE JOINT
CAPABILITIES INTEGRATION AND DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR PROGRAM.—The Secretary of
Defense shall ensure that the Department of Defense de-
velops and implements a program to manage performance
in establishing joint military requirements pursuant to
section 181 of title 10, United States Code.

(b) LEADERS.—The Secretary of Defense shall des-
ignate an officer identified or designated as a joint quali-
fied officer to serve as leader of a joint effort to develop
the performance management program required by sub-
section (a). The Secretary shall also designate an officer
from each Armed Force to serve as leader of the effort
within the Armed Force concerned. Officers designated
pursuant to this section shall have the seniority and au-
thority necessary to oversee and direct all personnel en-
gaged in establishing joint military requirements within
the Joint Staff or within the Armed Force concerned.

(c) MATTERS COVERED.—The program developed
pursuant to subsection (a) shall:
(1) Measure the following in relation to each joint military requirement:

   (A) The time a requirements document takes to receive validation through the requirements process.

   (B) The quality of cost information associated with the requirement and the extent to which cost information was considered during the requirements process.

   (C) The extent to which the requirements process established a meaningful level of priority for the requirement.

   (D) The extent to which the requirements process considered trade-offs between cost, schedule, and performance objectives.

   (E) The quality of information on sustainment associated with the requirement and the extent to which sustainment information was considered during the requirements process.

   (F) Such other matters as the Secretary shall determine appropriate.

(2) Achieve, to the maximum extent practicable, the following outcomes in the requirements process:
(A) Timeliness in delivering capability to
the warfighter.

(B) Mechanisms for controlling require-
ments creep.

(C) Responsiveness to fact-of-life changes
occurring after the approval of a requirements
document, including changes to the threat envi-
ronment, the emergence of new capabilities, or
changes in the resources estimated to procure
or sustain a capability.

(D) The development of the personnel
skills, capacity, and training needed for an ef-
fective and efficient requirements process.

(E) Such other outcomes as the Secretary
shall determine appropriate.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—The program required by
subsection (a) shall be developed and initially implemented
not later than one year after the date of the enactment
of this Act and shall apply to requirements documents en-
tering the requirements process after the date of initial
implementation.

(e) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after
the initial implementation of the program required by sub-
section (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional
defense committees a report on the steps taken to develop
and implement the performance management program for joint military requirements. The report shall address the measures specified in subsection (c)(1).

(f) Final Report.—Not later than four years after the initial implementation of the program required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the effectiveness of the program for joint military requirements in achieving the outcomes specified in subsection (c)(2).

(g) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) Requirements Process.—The term “requirements process” means the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System (JCIDS) process or any successor to such process established by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to support the statutory responsibility of the Joint Requirements Oversight Council in advising the Chairman and the Secretary of Defense in identifying, assessing, and validating joint military capability needs, with their associated operational performance criteria, in order to successfully execute missions.

(2) Requirements Document.—The term “requirements document” means a document produced in the requirements process that is provided for an acquisition program to guide the subsequent
development, production, and testing of the program
and that—

(A) justifies the need for a materiel ap-
proach, or an approach that is a combination of
materiel and non-materiel, to satisfy one or
more specific capability gaps;

(B) details the information necessary to
develop an increment of militarily useful,
logistically supportable, and technically mature
capability, including key performance param-
eters; or

(C) identifies production attributes re-
quired for a single increment of a program.

(3) REQUIREMENTS CREEP.—The term “re-
quirements creep” means the addition of new tech-
nical or operational specifications after a require-
ments document is approved.

(h) DISCRETIONARY IMPLEMENTATION AFTER FIVE
YEARS.—After the date that is five years after the initial
implementation of the performance management program
under this section, the requirement to implement a pro-
gram under this section shall be at the discretion of the
Secretary of Defense.
SEC. 104. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ACQUISITION OF SERVICES.

(a) Process Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each military department establishes a process for identifying, assessing, and approving requirements for the acquisition of services, and that commanders of unified combatant commands and other officers identified or designated as joint qualified officers have an opportunity to participate in the process of each military department to provide input on joint requirements for the acquisition of services.

(b) Guidance and Plan Required.—The Chief of Staff of the Army, the Chief of Naval Operations, the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, and the Commandant of the Marine Corps shall—

(1) issue and maintain guidance relating to each process established under subsection (a); and

(2) develop a plan to implement each process established under subsection (a).

(c) Matters Required in Guidance.—The guidance issued under subsection (b) shall establish, in relation to a process for identifying, assessing, and approving requirements for the acquisition of services, the following:

(1) Organization of such process.

(2) The level of command responsibility required for identifying and validating requirements
for the acquisition of services in accordance with the
categories established under section 2330(a)(1)(C)
of title 10, United States Code.

(3) The composition of billets necessary to oper-
ate such process.

(4) The training required for personnel engaged
in such process.

(5) The relationship between doctrine and such
process.

(6) Methods of obtaining input on joint require-
ments for the acquisition of services.

(7) Procedures for coordinating with the acqui-
sition process.

(8) Considerations relating to opportunities for
strategic sourcing.

(d) Matters Required in Implementation
Plan.—Each plan required under subsection (b) shall
provide for initial implementation of a process for identi-
fying, assessing, and approving requirements for the ac-
quision of services not later than 180 days after the date
of the enactment of this Act and shall provide for full im-
plementation of such process at the earliest date prac-
ticable.

(e) Consistency With Joint Guidance.—When-
ever, at any time, guidance is issued by the Chairman of
the Joint Chiefs of Staff relating to requirements for the
acquisition of services, each process established under sub-
section (a) shall be revised in accordance with such joint
guidance.

(f) DEFINITION.—The term “requirements for the
acquisition of services” means objectives to be achieved
through acquisitions primarily involving the procurement
of services.

SEC. 105. JOINT EVALUATION TASK FORCES.

(a) TASK FORCES REQUIRED.—For each joint mili-
tary requirement involving a materiel solution for which
the Chairman of the Joint Requirements Oversight Coun-
cil is the validation authority, the Chairman shall des-
ignate a commander of a unified combatant command to
provide a joint evaluation task force to participate in such
materiel solution. Such task force shall—

(1) come from a military unit or units des-
ignated by the combatant commander concerned;

(2) be selected based on the relevance of such
materiel solution to the mission of the unit; and

(3) participate consistent with its operational
obligations.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—A task force provided pur-
suant to subsection (a) shall, for the materiel solution con-
cerned—
(1) provide input to the analysis of alternatives;
(2) participate in testing (including limited user
tests and prototype testing);
(3) provide input on a concept of operations
and doctrine;
(4) provide end user feedback to the resource
sponsor; and
(5) participate, through the combatant com-
mander concerned, in any alteration of the require-
ment for such solution.

(c) Administrative Support.—The resource spon-
sor for the joint military requirement shall provide admin-
istrative support to the joint evaluation task force for pur-
poses of carrying out this section.

(d) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) Resource Sponsor.—The term “resource
sponsor” means the organization responsible for all
common documentation, periodic reporting, and
funding actions required to support the capabilities
development and acquisition process for the materiel
solution.

(2) Materiel Solution.—The term “materiel
solution” means the development, acquisition, proc-
curement, or fielding of a new item, or of a modi-
fication to an existing item, necessary to equip, operate, maintain, and support military activities.

SEC. 106. REVIEW OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION GUIDANCE.

(a) REVIEW OF GUIDANCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall review the acquisition guidance of the Department of Defense, including, at a minimum, the guidance contained in Department of Defense Instruction 5000.02 entitled “Operation of the Defense Acquisition System”.

(b) MATTERS CONSIDERED.—The review performed under subsection (a) shall consider—

(1) the extent to which it is appropriate to apply guidance primarily relating to the acquisition of weapon systems to acquisitions not involving weapon systems (including the acquisition of commercial goods and commodities, commercial and military unique services, and information technology);

(2) whether long-term sustainment and energy efficiency of weapon systems is appropriately emphasized;

(3) whether appropriate mechanisms exist to communicate information relating to the mission needs of the Department of Defense to the industrial base in a way that allows the industrial base to make appropriate investments in infrastructure, ca-
capacity, and technology development to help meet such needs;

(4) the extent to which earned value management should be required on acquisitions not involving the acquisition of weapon systems and whether measures of quality and technical performance should be included in any earned value management system;

(5) the extent to which it is appropriate to apply processes primarily relating to the acquisition of weapon systems to the acquisition of information technology systems, consistent with the requirement to develop an alternative process for such systems contained in section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2401; 10 U.S.C. 2225 note); and

(6) such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and of the House of Representatives a report detailing any changes in the acquisition guidance of the Department of Defense identified during the review required
by subsection (a), and any actions taken, or planned to be taken, to implement such changes.

SEC. 107. REQUIREMENT TO INCLUDE REFERENCES TO SERVICES ACQUISITION THROUGHOUT THE FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The acquisition of services can be extremely complex, and program management skills, tools, and processes need to be applied to services acquisitions.

(2) An emphasis on the concept of “services” throughout the Federal Acquisition Regulation would enhance and support the procurement and project management community in all aspects of the acquisition planning process, including requirements development, assessment of reasonableness, and post-award management and oversight.

(b) REQUIREMENT FOR CHANGES TO FAR.—The Federal Acquisition Regulation shall be revised to provide, throughout the Regulation, appropriate references to services acquisition that are in addition to references provided in part 37 (which relates specifically to services acquisition).

(e) DEADLINE.—This section shall be carried out within 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 108. PROCUREMENT OF MILITARY PURPOSE NON- DEVELOPMENTAL ITEMS.

(a) In General.—

(1) PROCUREMENT OF MILITARY PURPOSE NONDEVELOPMENTAL ITEMS.—Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2410r. Military purpose nondevelopmental items

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘military purpose nondevelopmental item’ means an item—

“(A) developed exclusively at private expense;

“(B) that meets a validated military requirement, as certified in writing by the responsible program manager;

“(C) for which delivery of an initial lot of production-representative items may be made within 9 months after contract award; and

“(D) for which the unit cost is less than $10,000,000.

“(2) The term ‘item’ has the meaning provided in section 2302(3) of this title.

“(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that, with respect to a contract for the acqui-
sition of a military purpose nondevelopmental item, the following requirements apply:

“(1) The contract shall be awarded using competitive procedures in accordance with section 2304 of this title.

“(2) Certain contract clauses, as specified in regulations prescribed under subsection (c), shall be included in each such contract.

“(3) The type of contract used shall be a firm, fixed price type contract.

“(4) Nothing in the contract shall further restrict or otherwise affect the rights in technical data of the Government, the contractor, or any subcontractor of the contractor for items developed by the contractor or any such subcontractor exclusively at private expense, as prescribed in regulations implementing section 2320(a)(2)(B) of this title.

“(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Such regulations shall be included in regulations of the Department of Defense prescribed as part of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. At a minimum, the regulations shall include—

“(1) a list of contract clauses to be included in each contract for the acquisition of a military purpose nondevelopmental item;
“(2) definitions for the terms ‘developed’ and ‘exclusively at private expense’ that—

“(A) are consistent with the definitions developed for such terms in accordance with 2320(a)(3) of this title; and

“(B) also exclude an item developed in part or in whole with—

“(i) foreign government funding; or

“(ii) foreign or Federal Government loan financing at nonmarket rates; and

“(3) standards for evaluating the reasonableness of price for the military purpose nondevelopmental item, in lieu of certified cost or pricing data.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“2410r. Military purpose nondevelopmental items.”.

(b) COST OR PRICING DATA EXCEPTION.—Section 2306a(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph (B);

(2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
“(D) for the acquisition of a military purpose nondevelopmental item, as defined in section 2410r of this title, if the contracting officer determines in writing that—

“(i) the contract, subcontract or modification will be a firm, fixed price type contract; and

“(ii) the offeror has submitted sufficient information to evaluate, through price analysis, the reasonableness of the price for the military purpose nondevelopmental item.”.

(e) Effective Date.—Section 2410r of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), and the amendment made by subsection (b), shall apply with respect to contracts entered into after the date that is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE II—DEFENSE
ACQUISITION WORKFORCE

SEC. 201. ACQUISITION WORKFORCE EXCELLENCE.

(a) In General.—

(1) Acquisition workforce excellence.—

Subchapter I of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1701 the following new section:
§ 1701a. Management for acquisition workforce excellence

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this chapter is to require the Department of Defense to develop and manage a highly skilled professional acquisition workforce—

"(1) in which excellence and contribution to mission is rewarded;

"(2) which has the technical expertise and business skills to ensure the Department receives the best value for the expenditure of public resources;

"(3) which serves as a model for performance management of employees of the Department; and

"(4) which is managed in a manner that complements and reinforces the performance management of the defense acquisition system pursuant to chapter 149 of this title.

(b) PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT.—In order to achieve the purpose set forth in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall—

"(1) use the full authorities provided in subsections (a) through (d) of section 9902 of title 5, including flexibilities related to performance management and hiring and to training of managers;

"(2) require managers to develop performance plans for individual members of the acquisition workforce in order to give members an under-
standing of how their performance contributes to their organization’s mission and the success of the defense acquisition system (as defined in section 2545 of this title);

“(3) to the extent appropriate, use the lessons learned from the acquisition demonstration project carried out under section 1762 of this title related to contribution-based compensation and appraisal, and how those lessons may be applied within the General Schedule system;

“(4) develop attractive career paths;

“(5) encourage continuing education and training;

“(6) develop appropriate procedures for warnings during performance evaluations and due process for members of the acquisition workforce who consistently fail to meet performance standards;


“(8) use the authorities for highly qualified experts under section 9903 of title 5, to hire experts who are skilled acquisition professionals to—
“(A) serve in leadership positions within the acquisition workforce to strengthen management and oversight;

“(B) provide mentors to advise individuals within the acquisition workforce on their career paths and opportunities to advance and excel within the acquisition workforce; and

“(C) assist with the design of education and training courses and the training of individuals in the acquisition workforce; and

“(9) use the authorities for expedited security clearance processing pursuant to section 1564 of this title.

“(c) NEGOTIATIONS.—Any action taken by the Secretary under this section, or to implement this section, shall be subject to the requirements of chapter 71 of title 5.

“(d) REGULATIONS.—Any rules or regulations prescribed pursuant to this section shall be deemed an agency rule or regulation under section 7117(a)(2) of title 5, and shall not be deemed a Government-wide rule or regulation under section 7117(a)(1) of such title.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amend-
ed by inserting after the item relating to section

1701 the following new item:

“1701a. Management for acquisition workforce excellence.”.

(b) AUTHORITY TO APPOINT HIGHLY QUALIFIED
EXPERTS ON PART-TIME BASIS.—Section 9903(b)(1) of
title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting “,
on a full-time or part-time basis,” after “positions in the
Department of Defense” the first place it appears.

SEC. 202. AMENDMENTS TO THE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE
DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

(a) CODIFICATION INTO TITLE 10.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 87 of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by inserting after
section 1761 the following new section:

“§ 1762. Demonstration project relating to certain ac-
quision personnel management policies
and procedures

“(a) COMMENCEMENT.—The Secretary of Defense is
encouraged to carry out a demonstration project, the pur-
pose of which is to determine the feasibility or desirability
of one or more proposals for improving the personnel man-
agement policies or procedures that apply with respect to
the acquisition workforce of the Department of Defense
and supporting personnel assigned to work directly with
the acquisition workforce.
“(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any demonstration project described in subsection (a) shall be subject to section 4703 of title 5 and all other provisions of such title that apply with respect to any demonstration project under such section.

“(2) Subject to paragraph (3), in applying section 4703 of title 5 with respect to a demonstration project described in subsection (a)—

“(A) ‘180 days’ in subsection (b)(4) of such section shall be deemed to read ‘120 days’;

“(B) ‘90 days’ in subsection (b)(6) of such section shall be deemed to read ‘30 days’; and

“(C) subsection (d)(1) of such section shall be disregarded.

“(3) Paragraph (2) shall not apply with respect to a demonstration project unless—

“(A) for each organization or team participating in the demonstration project—

“(i) at least one-third of the workforce participating in the demonstration project consists of members of the acquisition workforce; and

“(ii) at least two-thirds of the workforce participating in the demonstration project consists of members of the acquisition workforce
and supporting personnel assigned to work directly with the acquisition workforce; and

“(B) the demonstration project commences before October 1, 2007.

“(c) LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS.—The total number of persons who may participate in the demonstration project under this section may not exceed 120,000.

“(d) EFFECT OF REORGANIZATIONS.—The applicability of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) to an organization or team shall not terminate by reason that the organization or team, after having satisfied the conditions in paragraph (3) of such subsection when it began to participate in a demonstration project under this section, ceases to meet one or both of the conditions set forth in subparagraph (A) of such paragraph (3) as a result of a reorganization, restructuring, realignment, consolidation, or other organizational change.

“(e) ASSESSMENT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall designate an independent organization to review the acquisition workforce demonstration project described in subsection (a).

“(2) Such assessment shall include:

“(A) A description of the workforce included in the project.
“(B) An explanation of the flexibilities used in the project to appoint individuals to the acquisition workforce and whether those appointments are based on competitive procedures and recognize veteran’s preferences.

“(C) An explanation of the flexibilities used in the project to develop a performance appraisal system that recognizes excellence in performance and offers opportunities for improvement.

“(D) The steps taken to ensure that such system is fair and transparent for all employees in the project.

“(E) How the project allows the organization to better meet mission needs.

“(F) An analysis of how the flexibilities in subparagraphs (B) and (C) are used, and what barriers have been encountered that inhibit their use.

“(G) Whether there is a process for—

“(i) ensuring ongoing performance feedback and dialogue among supervisors, managers, and employees throughout the performance appraisal period; and

“(ii) setting timetables for performance appraisals.
“(H) The project’s impact on career progression.

“(I) The project’s appropriateness or inappropriateness in light of the complexities of the workforce affected.

“(J) The project’s sufficiency in terms of providing protections for diversity in promotion and retention of personnel.

“(K) The adequacy of the training, policy guidelines, and other preparations afforded in connection with using the project.

“(L) Whether there is a process for ensuring employee involvement in the development and improvement of the project.

“(3) The first such assessment under this subsection shall be completed not later than September 30, 2011, and subsequent assessments shall be completed every two years thereafter until the termination of the project. The Secretary shall submit to the covered congressional committees a copy of the assessment within 30 days after receipt by the Secretary of the assessment.

“(f) COVERED CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this section, the term ‘covered congressional committees’ means—
“(1) the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives;

“(2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

“(3) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.

“(g) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—The authority to conduct a demonstration program under this section shall terminate on September 30, 2017.

“(h) CONVERSION.—Within 6 months after the authority to conduct a demonstration project under this section is terminated as provided in subsection (g), employees in the project shall convert to the civilian personnel system created pursuant to section 9902 of title 5.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter V of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1761 the following new item:

“1762. Demonstration project relating to certain acquisition personnel management policies and procedures.”.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 4308 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Public Law 104–106; 10 U.S.C. 1701 note) is repealed.
SEC. 203. INCENTIVE PROGRAMS FOR CIVILIAN AND MILITARY PERSONNEL IN THE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1762, as added by section 202, the following new section:

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§ 1763. Incentive programs for civilian and military personnel in the acquisition workforce

“(a) CIVILIAN ACQUISITION WORKFORCE INCENTIVES.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, shall provide for an enhanced system of incentives for the encouragement of excellence in the acquisition workforce by providing rewards for employees who contribute to achieving the agency’s performance goals. The system of incentives shall include provisions that—

“(1) relate salary increases, bonuses, and awards to performance and contribution to the agency mission (including the extent to which the performance of personnel in such workforce contributes to achieving the goals and standards established for acquisition programs pursuant to section 2545 of this title);

“(2) provide for consideration, in personnel evaluations and promotion decisions, of the extent to which the performance of personnel in such work-
force contributes to achieving such goals and standards;

“(3) use the Department of Defense Civilian Workforce Incentive Fund established pursuant to section 9902(a) of title 5; and

“(4) provide opportunities for career broadening experiences for high performers.

“(b) MILITARY ACQUISITION WORKFORCE INCENTIVES.—The Secretaries of the military departments shall fully use and enhance incentive programs that reward individuals, through recognition certificates or cash awards, for suggestions of process improvements that contribute to improvements in efficiency and economy and a better way of doing business.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter V of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1762, as added by section 202, the following new item:

“1763. Incentive programs for civilian and military personnel in the acquisition workforce.”.

SEC. 204. CAREER DEVELOPMENT FOR CIVILIAN AND MILITARY PERSONNEL IN THE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE.

(a) CAREER PATHS.—
(1) Amendment.—Chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1722a the following new section:

“§ 1722b. Special requirements for civilian employees in the acquisition field

“(a) Requirement for policy and guidance regarding civilian personnel in acquisition.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, shall establish policies and issue guidance to ensure the proper development, assignment, and employment of civilian members of the acquisition workforce to achieve the objectives specified in subsection (b).

“(b) Objectives.—Policies established and guidance issued pursuant to subsection (a) shall ensure, at a minimum, the following:

“(1) A career path in the acquisition field that attracts the highest quality civilian personnel, from either within or outside the Federal Government.

“(2) A deliberate workforce development strategy that increases attainment of key experiences that contribute to a highly qualified acquisition workforce.

“(3) Sufficient opportunities for promotion and advancement in the acquisition field.
“(4) A sufficient number of qualified, trained members eligible for and active in the acquisition field to ensure adequate capacity, capability, and effective succession for acquisition functions, including contingency contracting, of the Department of Defense.

“(5) A deliberate workforce development strategy that ensures diversity in promotion, advancement, and experiential opportunities commensurate with the general workforce outlined in this section.

“(c) Inclusion of Information in Annual Report.—The Secretary of Defense shall include in the report to Congress required under section 115b(d) of this title the following information related to the acquisition workforce for the period covered by the report (which shall be shown for the Department of Defense as a whole and separately for the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Defense Agencies, and Office of the Secretary of Defense):

“(1) The total number of persons serving in the Acquisition Corps, set forth separately for members of the armed forces and civilian employees, by grade level and by functional specialty.

“(2) The total number of critical acquisition positions held, set forth separately for members of the armed forces and civilian employees, by grade level
and by other appropriate categories (including by
program manager, deputy program manager, and di-
vision head positions). For each such category, the
report shall specify the number of civilians holding
such positions compared to the total number of posi-
tions filled.

“(3) The number of employees to whom the re-
quirements of subsections (b)(2)(A) and (b)(2)(B) of
section 1732 of this title did not apply because of
the exceptions provided in paragraphs (1) and (2) of
section 1732(c) of this title, set forth separately by
type of exception.

“(4) The number of program managers and
deputy program managers who were reassigned after
completion of a major milestone occurring closest in
time to the date on which the person has served in
the position for four years (as required under section
1734(b) of this title), and the proportion of those re-
assignments to the total number of reassignments of
program managers and deputy program managers,
set forth separately for program managers and dep-
uty program managers. The Secretary also shall in-
clude the average length of assignment served by
program managers and deputy program managers so
reassigned.
“(5) The number of persons, excluding those reported under paragraph (4), in critical acquisition positions who were reassigned after a period of three years or longer (as required under section 1734(a) of this title), and the proportion of those reassignments to the total number of reassignments of persons, excluding those reported under paragraph (4), in critical acquisition positions.

“(6) The number of times a waiver authority was exercised under section 1724(d), 1732(d), 1734(d), or 1736(c) of this title or any other provision of this chapter (or other provision of law) which permits the waiver of any requirement relating to the acquisition workforce, and in the case of each such authority, the reasons for exercising the authority. The Secretary may present the information provided under this paragraph by category or grouping of types of waivers and reasons.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1722a the following new item:

“1722b. Special requirements for civilian employees in the acquisition field.”.

(b) CAREER EDUCATION AND TRAINING.—Chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended in section
1723 by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c) and inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

“(b) CAREER PATH REQUIREMENTS.—For each career path, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics shall establish requirements for the completion of course work and related on-the-job training and demonstration of qualifications in the critical acquisition-related duties and tasks of the career path. The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary, shall also—

“(1) encourage individuals in the acquisition workforce to maintain the currency of their acquisition knowledge and generally enhance their knowledge of related acquisition management disciplines through academic programs and other self-developmental activities; and

“(2) develop key work experiences, including the creation of a program sponsored by the Department of Defense that facilitates the periodic interaction between individuals in the acquisition workforce and the end user in such end user’s environment to enhance the knowledge base of such workforce, for individuals in the acquisition workforce so that the individuals may gain in-depth knowledge
and experience in the acquisition process and become seasoned, well-qualified members of the acquisition workforce.”

SEC. 205. RECERTIFICATION AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) CONTINUING EDUCATION.—Section 1723 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 204, is further amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish education, training and experience requirements for each acquisition position, based on the level of complexity of duties carried out in the position. In establishing such requirements, the Secretary shall ensure the availability and sufficiency of training in all areas of acquisition, including additional training courses with an emphasis on services contracting, market research strategies (including assessments of local contracting capabilities), long-term sustainment strategies, information technology, and rapid acquisition.

“(2) In establishing such requirements for positions other than critical acquisition positions designated pursuant to section 1733 of this title, the Secretary may state the requirements by categories of positions.
“(3) The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, shall establish requirements for continuing education and periodic renewal of an individual’s certification. Any requirement for a certification renewal shall not require a renewal more often than once every five years.”.

(b) STANDARDS FOR TRAINING.—

   (1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter IV of Chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

   “§1748. Guidance and standards for acquisition workforce training

   “(a) FULFILLMENT STANDARDS.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, shall develop fulfillment standards, and implement and maintain a program, for purposes of the training requirements of sections 1723, 1724, and 1735 of this title. Such fulfillment standards shall consist of criteria for determining whether an individual has demonstrated competence in the areas that would be taught in the training courses required under those sections. If an individual meets the appropriate fulfillment standard, the applicable training requirement is fulfilled.
“(b) GUIDANCE AND STANDARDS RELATING TO CONTRACTS FOR TRAINING.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop appropriate guidance and standards to ensure that the Department of Defense will continue, where appropriate and cost-effective, to enter into contracts for the training requirements of sections 1723, 1724, and 1735 of this title, while maintaining appropriate control over the content and quality of such training.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“1748. Guidance and standards for acquisition workforce training.”.

(3) DEADLINE FOR FULFILLMENT STANDARDS.—The fulfillment standards required under section 1748(a) of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), shall be developed not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(4) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 853 of Public Law 105–85 (111 Stat. 1851) is repealed.

SEC. 206. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ACQUISITION WORKFORCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—Subchapter II of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following new section:

§ 1725. Information technology acquisition positions

“(a) PLAN REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop and carry out a plan to strengthen the part of the acquisition workforce that specializes in information technology. The plan shall include the following:

“(1) Defined targets for billets devoted to information technology acquisition.

“(2) Specific certification requirements for individuals in the acquisition workforce who specialize in information technology acquisition.

“(3) Defined career paths for individuals in the acquisition workforce who specialize in information technology acquisitions.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘information technology’ has the meaning provided such term in section 11101 of title 40 and includes information technology incorporated into a major weapon system.

“(2) The term ‘major weapon system’ has the meaning provided such term in section 2379(f) of this title.”.
(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“1725. Information technology acquisition positions.”.

(b) Deadline.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop the plan required under section 1725 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 207. DEFINITION OF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE.

Section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after paragraph (17) the following new paragraph:

“(18) The term ‘acquisition workforce’ means the persons serving in acquisition positions within the Department of Defense, as designated pursuant to section 1721(a) of this title.”.

SEC. 208. DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY CURRICULUM REVIEW.

(a) Curriculum Review.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics shall lead a review of the curriculum offered by the Defense Acquisition University to ensure it adequately supports the training and education requirements of acquisition professionals, particularly in service contracting, long term sustainment strategies, information technology,
and rapid acquisition. The review shall also involve the
service acquisition executives of each military department.

(b) **Analysis of Funding Requirements for Training.**—Following the review conducted under sub-
section (a), the Secretary of Defense shall analyze the
most recent future-years defense program to determine
the amounts of estimated expenditures and proposed ap-
propriations necessary to support the training require-
ments of the amendments made by section 205 of this Act,
including any new training requirements determined after
the review conducted under subsection (a). The Secretary
shall identify any additional funding needed for such
training requirements in the separate chapter on the de-
fense acquisition workforce required in the next annual
strategic workforce plan under 115b of title 10, United
States Code.

(c) **Requirement for Ongoing Curriculum Development with Certain Schools.**—

(1) **Requirement.**—Section 1746 of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by adding at the
end the following new subsection:

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(c) **Curriculum Development.**—The President
of the Defense Acquisition University shall work with the
relevant professional schools and degree-granting institu-
tions of the Department of Defense and military depart-

ments to ensure that best practices are used in curriculum development to support acquisition workforce positions.”.

(2) Amendment to Section Heading.—(A) The heading of section 1746 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“§ 1746. Defense Acquisition University”.

(B) The item relating to section 1746 in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IV of chapter 87 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“1746. Defense Acquisition University.”.

SEC. 209. COST ESTIMATING INTERNSHIP AND SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAMS.

(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to require the Department of Defense to develop internship and scholarship programs in cost estimating to underscore the importance of cost estimating, as a core acquisition function, to the acquisition process.

(b) Requirement.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop intern and scholarship programs in cost estimating for purposes of improving education and training in cost estimating and providing an opportunity to meet any certification requirements in cost estimating.

(e) Implementation.—Such programs shall be established not later than 270 days after the date of the
enactment of this Act and shall be implemented for a 4-year period following establishment of the programs.

SEC. 210. PROHIBITION ON PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS FOR SENIOR MENTORS.

(a) Prohibition.—The Secretary of Defense shall prohibit the award of a contract for personal services by any component of the Department of Defense for the purpose of obtaining the services of a senior mentor.

(b) Interpretation.—Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to prohibit the employment of a senior mentor as a highly qualified expert pursuant to section 9903 of title 5, United States Code, subject to the pay and term limitations of that section. A senior mentor employed as a highly qualified expert shall be required to submit a financial disclosure report and comply with all conflict of interest laws and regulations applicable to other Federal employees with similar conditions of service.

(c) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “contract for personal services” means a contract awarded under the authority of section 129b(a) of title 10, United States Code, or section 3109 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) The term “component of the Department of Defense” means a military department, a defense
agency, a Department of Defense field activity, a unified combatant command, or the joint staff.

(3) The term “senior mentor” means any person—

(A)(i) who has served as a general or flag officer in the Armed Forces; or

(ii) who has served in a position at a level at or above the level of the senior executive service;

(B) has retired within the 10 years preceding the award of a contract; and

(C) who serves as a mentor, teacher, trainer, or advisor to government personnel on matters pertaining to the former official duties of such person.

**TITLE III—FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

**SEC. 301. INCENTIVES FOR ACHIEVING AUDITABILITY.**

(a) Preferential Treatment Authorized.—The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall ensure that any component of the Department of Defense that the Under Secretary determines has financial statements validated as ready for audit earlier than September 30, 2017, shall receive preferential treatment, as the Under Secretary determines appropriate—
(1) in financial matter matters, including—

   (A) consistent with the need to fund ur-
   gent warfighter requirements and operational
   needs, priority in the release of appropriated
   funds to such component;

   (B) relief from the frequency of financial
   reporting of such component in cases in which
   such reporting is not required by law;

   (C) relief from departmental obligation and
   expenditure thresholds to the extent that such
   thresholds establish requirements more restric-
   tive than those required by law; or

   (D) such other measures as the Under
   Secretary considers appropriate; and

(2) in the availability of personnel management
incentives, including—

   (A) the size of the bonus pool available to
   the financial and business management work-
   force of the component;

   (B) the rates of promotion within the fi-
   nancial and business management workforce of
   the component;

   (C) awards for excellence in financial and
   business management; or
(D) the scope of work assigned to the financial and business management workforce of the component.

(b) Inclusion of Information in Report.—The Under Secretary shall include information on any measure initiated pursuant to this section in the next semiannual report pursuant to section 1003(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2439; 10 U.S.C. 2222 note) after such measure is initiated.

(c) Expiration.—This section shall expire on September 30, 2017.

(d) Definition.—In this section, the term “component of the Department of Defense” means any organization within the Department of Defense that is required to submit an auditable financial statement to the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 302. MEASURES REQUIRED AFTER FAILURE TO ACHIEVE AUDITABILITY.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that corrective measures are immediately taken to address the failure of a component of the Department of Defense to achieve a financial statement validated as ready for audit by September 30, 2017.
(b) MEASURES REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop and issue guidance detailing measures to be taken in accordance with subsection (a). Such measures shall include—

(1) the development of a remediation plan to ensure the component can achieve a financial statement validated as ready for audit within one year;

(2) additional reporting requirements that may be necessary to mitigate financial risk to the component;

(3) delaying the release of appropriated funds to such component, consistent with the need to fund urgent warfighter requirements and operational needs, until such time as the Secretary is assured that the component will achieve a financial statement validated as ready for audit within one year;

(4) specific consequences for key personnel in order to ensure accountability within the leadership of the component; and

(5) such other measures as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(e) DEFINITION.—The term “component” of the Department of Defense means any organization within the
Department of Defense that is required to submit an auditable financial statement to the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 303. REVIEW OF OBLIGATION AND EXPENDITURE THRESHOLDS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Department of Defense program managers should be encouraged to place a higher priority on seeking the best value for the Government than on meeting arbitrary benchmarks for spending; and

(2) actions to carry out paragraph (1) should be supported by the Department’s leadership at every level.

(b) POLICY REVIEW.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Management Officer of each military department, shall review and update as necessary all relevant policy and instruction regarding obligation and expenditure benchmarks to ensure that such guidance does not inadvertently prevent achieving the best value for the Government in the obligation and expenditure of funds.

(e) PROCESS REVIEW.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Management Officer, in coordination with the Chief Management
Officer of each military department, the Director of the Office of Performance Assessment and Root Cause Analysis, the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller), and the Comptrollers of the military departments, shall conduct a comprehensive review of the use and value of obligation and expenditure benchmarks and propose new benchmarks or processes for tracking financial performance, including, as appropriate—

(1) increased reliance on individual obligation and expenditure plans for measuring program financial performance;

(2) mechanisms to improve funding stability and to increase the predictability of the release of funding for obligation and expenditure; and

(3) streamlined mechanisms for a program manager to submit an appeal for funding changes and to have such appeal evaluated promptly.

(d) TRAINING.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics and the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall ensure that as part of the training required for program managers and business managers, an emphasis is placed on obligating and expending appropriated funds in a manner that achieves the best value for the Government and that the purpose
and limitations of obligation and expenditure benchmarks are made clear.

SEC. 304. DISCLOSURE AND TRACEABILITY OF THE COST OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HEALTH CARE CONTRACTS.

(a) DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall require—

(1) an offeror that submits a bid or proposal in response to an invitation for bids or a request for proposals issued by a component of the Department of Defense for a health care contract to submit with the bid or proposal a disclosure of the additional cost, if any, contained in such bid or proposal associated with compliance with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152); and

(2) a contractor for a health care contract awarded following the date of the enactment of this Act to disclose on an annual basis the additional cost, if any, incurred for such contract associated with compliance with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152).
(b) Report.—

(1) Requirement.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and each April 1st thereafter until April 1, 2016, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a detailed report on the additional cost to the Department of Defense associated with compliance with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152).

(2) Matters covered.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) the projected costs of compliance for all health care contracts awarded during the preceding year, as disclosed in a bid or proposal in accordance with subsection (a)(1);

(B) for all other health care contracts, the incurred cost of compliance for the preceding year, as disclosed in accordance with subsection (a)(2); and

(C) any additional costs to the Department of Defense necessary to comply with such Acts.
(c) Health Care Contract Defined.—In this section, the term “health care contract” means a contract in an amount greater than the simplified acquisition threshold for the acquisition of any of the following:

(1) Medical supplies.

(2) Health care services and administration, including the services of medical personnel.

(3) Durable medical equipment.

(4) Pharmaceuticals.

(5) Health care-related information technology.

TITLE IV—INDUSTRIAL BASE

SEC. 401. EXPANSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) Program to Expand Industrial Base Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program to expand the industrial base of the Department of Defense to increase the Department’s access to innovation and the benefits of competition. The program shall be limited to firms within the national technology and industrial base (as defined in section 2500(1) of title 10, United States Code).

(b) Identifying and Communicating With Non-Traditional Suppliers.—The program established under subsection (a) shall use tools and resources available within the Federal Government and available from the private sector, to provide a capability for identifying and
communicating with nontraditional suppliers, including commercial firms and firms of all business sizes, that are engaged in markets of importance to the Department of Defense.

(c) Outreach to Local Firms Near Defense Installations.—The program established under subsection (a) shall include outreach, using procurement technical assistance centers, to notify firms of all business sizes in the vicinity of Department of Defense installations of opportunities to obtain contracts and subcontracts to perform work at such installations.

(d) Industrial Base Review.—The program required by subsection (a) shall include a continuous effort to review the industrial base supporting the Department of Defense, including the identification of markets of importance to the Department of Defense.

(e) Definition.—In this section:

(1) Nontraditional Suppliers.—The term “nontraditional suppliers” means firms that have received contracts from the Department of Defense with a total value of not more than $100,000 in the previous five years.

(2) Markets of Importance to the Department of Defense.—The term “markets of importance to the Department of Defense” means
industrial sectors in which the Department of Defense spends more than $500,000,000 annually.

(3) PROCUREMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTER.—The term “procurement technical assistance center” means a center operating under a cooperative agreement with the Defense Logistics Agency to provide procurement technical assistance pursuant to the authority provided in chapter 142 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 402. COMMERCIAL PRICING ANALYSIS.

Section 803(c) of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105–261; 10 U.S.C. 2306a note) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) COMMERCIAL PRICE TREND ANALYSIS.—

“(1) The Secretary of Defense shall develop and implement procedures that, to the maximum extent practicable, provide for the collection and analysis of information on price trends for categories of exempt commercial items described in paragraph (2).

“(2) A category of exempt commercial items referred to in paragraph (1) consists of exempt commercial items that are in a single Federal Supply Group or Federal Supply Class, are provided by a single contractor, or are otherwise logically grouped
for the purpose of analyzing information on price
trends.

“(3) The analysis of information on price
trends under paragraph (1) shall include, in any cat-
egory in which significant escalation in prices is
identified, a more detailed examination of the causes
of escalation for such prices within the category and
whether such price escalation is consistent across the
Department of Defense.

“(4) The head of a Department of Defense
agency or the Secretary of a military department
shall take appropriate action to address any unjusti-
fied escalation in prices being paid for items proc-
cured by that agency or military department as iden-
tified in an analysis conducted pursuant to para-
graph (1).

“(5) Not later than April 1 of each of year, the
Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee
on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee
on Armed Services of the House of Representatives
a report on the analyses of price trends that were
conducted for categories of exempt commercial items
during the preceding fiscal year under the proce-
dures prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1). The re-
port shall include a description of the actions taken
to identify and address any unjustified price escalation for the categories of items.

“(6) This subsection shall not be in effect on and after April 1, 2013.”.

SEC. 403. CONTRACTOR AND GRANTEE DISCLOSURE OF DELINQUENT FEDERAL TAX DEBTS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of subchapter II the following new section:

“§ 3720F. Contractor and grantee disclosure of delinquent Federal tax debts

“(a) REQUIREMENT RELATING TO CONTRACTS.—

The head of any executive agency that issues an invitation for bids or a request for proposals for a contract in an amount greater than the simplified acquisition threshold shall require each person that submits a bid or proposal to submit with the bid or proposal a form—

“(1) certifying that the person does not have a seriously delinquent tax debt; and

“(2) authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to disclose to the head of the agency information strictly limited to verifying whether the person has a seriously delinquent tax debt.
“(b) Requirement Relating to Grants.—The head of any executive agency that offers a grant in excess of an amount equal to the simplified acquisition threshold may not award such grant to any person unless such person submits with the application for such grant a form—

“(1) certifying that the person does not have a seriously delinquent tax debt; and

“(2) authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to disclose to the head of the executive agency information strictly limited to verifying whether the person has a seriously delinquent tax debt.

“(c) Form for Release of Information.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall make available to all executive agencies a standard form for the certification and authorization described in subsections (a) and (b).

“(d) Definitions.—In this section:

“(1) Contract.—The term ‘contract’ means a binding agreement entered into by an executive agency for the purpose of obtaining property or services, but does not include—

“(A) a contract for property or services that is intended to be entered into through the use of procedures other than competitive procedures by reason of section 2304(c)(2) of this title; or
“(B) a contract designated by the head of the agency as necessary to the national security of the United States.

“(2) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term ‘executive agency’ has the meaning given that term in section 4(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(1)).

“(3) PERSON.—The term ‘person’ includes—

“(A) an individual;

“(B) a partnership; and

“(C) a corporation.

“(4) SERIOUSLY DELINQUENT TAX DEBT.—The term ‘seriously delinquent tax debt’—

“(A) means any Federal tax liability—

“(i) that exceeds $3,000;

“(ii) that has been assessed by the Secretary of the Treasury and not paid; and

“(iii) for which a notice of lien has been filed in public records; and

“(B) does not include any Federal tax liability—

“(i) being paid in a timely manner under an offer-in-compromise or installment agreement;
“(ii) with respect to which collection due process proceedings are not completed; or

“(iii) with respect to which collection due process proceedings are completed and no further payment is required.

“(5) SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD.—The term ‘simplified acquisition threshold’ has the meaning given that term in section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11)).

“(e) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall promulgate regulations that—

“(1) treat corporations and partnerships as having a seriously delinquent tax debt if such corporation or partnership is controlled (directly or indirectly) by persons who have a seriously delinquent tax debt;

“(2) provide for the proper application of subsections (a)(2) and (b)(2) in the case of corporations and partnerships; and

“(3) provide for the proper application of subsection (a) to first-tier subcontractors that are iden-
tified in a bid or proposal and are a significant part of a bid or proposal team.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 37 of such title is amended by adding after the item relating to section 3720E the following new item:

“3720F. Contractor and grantee disclosure of delinquent Federal tax debts.”.

(b) REVISION OF FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—Not later than 90 days after the final promulgation of regulations under section 3720F(e) of title 31, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall be revised to incorporate the requirements of section 3720F of such title.

SEC. 404. INDEPENDENCE OF CONTRACT AUDITS AND BUSINESS SYSTEM REVIEWS.

(a) DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY GENERAL COUNSEL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 8 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 204. Defense Contract Audit Agency general counsel

“(b) Duties.—(1) The General Counsel shall perform such functions as the Director may prescribe and shall serve at the discretion of the Director.

“(2) Notwithstanding section 140(b) of this title, the General Counsel shall be the chief legal officer of the Defense Contract Audit Agency.


“(c) Office of the General Counsel.—There is established an Office of the General Counsel within the Defense Contract Audit Agency. The Director may appoint to the Office to serve as staff of the General Counsel such legal counsel as the Director determines is appropriate.”.

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 8 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“204. Defense Contract Audit Agency general counsel.”.

(b) Criteria for Business System Reviews.—

(1) In General.—Chapter 131 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2222 the following new section:

“§2222a. Criteria for business system reviews

“(a) Criteria for Business System Reviews.—

The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that any contractor
business system review carried out by a military department, a Defense Agency, or a Department of Defense Field Activity—

“(1) complies with generally accepted government auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General;

“(2) is performed by an audit team that does not engage in any other official activity (audit-related or otherwise) involving the contractor concerned;

“(3) is performed in a time and manner consistent with a documented assessment of risk to the Federal Government; and

“(4) involves testing on a representative sample of transactions sufficient to fully examine the integrity of the contractor business system concerned.

“(b) CONTRACTOR BUSINESS SYSTEM REVIEW DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘contractor business system review’ means an audit of policies, procedures, and internal controls relating to accounting and management systems of a contractor.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 131 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2222 the following new item:

“2222a. Criteria for business system reviews.”.
(c) **Contract Audit Guidance.**—Not later than
180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance relating to con-
tract audits carried out by a military department, a de-
defense agency, or a Department of Defense field activity
that are not contractor business system reviews, as de-
scribed under section 2222a of title 10, United States
Code, that—

1. requires that such audits comply with gen-
erally accepted government auditing standards
issued by the Comptroller General and are per-
formed in a time and manner consistent with a doc-
umented assessment of risk to the Federal Govern-
ment;

2. establishes guidelines for discussions of the
scope of the audit with the contractor concerned
that ensure that such scope is not improperly influ-
enced by the contractor;

3. provides for withholding of contract pay-
ments when necessary to compel the submission of
documentation from the contractor; and

4. requires that the results of contract audits
performed on behalf of an agency of the Department
of Defense be shared with other Federal agencies
upon request, without reimbursement.
(d) Effective Dates.—

(1) Section 204.—Section 204 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Section 2222A.—Section 2222a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (b), shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 405. BLUE RIBBON PANEL ON ELIMINATING BARRIERS TO CONTRACTING WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) Requirement to Establish.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a panel consisting of owners of large and small businesses that are not traditional defense suppliers, for purposes of creating a set of recommendations on eliminating barriers to contracting with the Department of Defense and its defense supply centers.

(b) Members.—The panel shall consist of nine members, of whom—

(1) three shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Army;

(2) three shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy; and
(3) three shall be appointed by the Secretary of
the Air Force.
(c) APPOINTMENT DEADLINE.—Members shall be
appointed to the panel not later than 180 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act.
(d) DUTIES.—The panel shall be responsible for de-
veloping a set of recommendations on eliminating barriers
to contracting with the Department of Defense and its de-
defense supply centers.
(e) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date
of the enactment of this Act, the panel shall submit to
Congress a report containing its recommendations.

SEC. 406. INCLUSION OF THE PROVIDERS OF SERVICES
AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY IN THE NA-
TIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL
BASE.
(a) REVISED DEFINITIONS.—Section 2500 of title
10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “or mainte-
nance” and inserting “integration, services, or infor-
mation technology”;
(2) in paragraph (4), by striking “or produc-
tion” and inserting “production, integration, serv-
ices, or information technology”;
(3) in paragraph (9)(A), by striking “and man-
ufacturing” and inserting “manufacturing, integra-
tion, services, and information technology”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

“(15) The term ‘integration’ means the process
of providing systems engineering and technical direc-
tion for a system for the purpose of achieving capa-
bilities that satisfy program requirements.”.

(b) REVISED OBJECTIVES.—Section 2501(a) of such
title is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “Supplying
and equipping” and inserting “Supplying, equipping,
and supporting”;

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “and logistics
for” and inserting “logistics, and other activities in
support of”;

(3) in paragraph (4), by striking “and produce”
and inserting “, produce, and support”; and

(4) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
graph (8) and inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
lowing new paragraphs:

“(6) Providing for the generation of services ca-
pabilities that are not core functions of the armed
forces and that are critical to military operations
within the national technology and industrial base.

“(7) Providing for the development, production,
and integration of information technology within the
national technology and industrial base.”.

(c) REvised ASSESSMENTS.—Section 2505(b)(4) of
such title is amended by inserting after “of this title)” the following “or major automated information systems
(as defined in section 2445a of this title)”.

(d) REvised POLICY GUIDANCE.—Section 2506(a)
of such title is amended by striking “budget allocation,
weapons” and inserting “strategy, management, budget
allocation,”.

SEC. 407. CONSTRUCTION OF ACT ON COMPETITION RE-
QUIREMENTS FOR THE ACQUISITION OF
SERVICES.

Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this
Act shall be construed to affect the competition require-
ments of section 2304 of title 10, United States Code, with
respect to the acquisition of services.

SEC. 408. ACQUISITION SAVINGS PROGRAM.

(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense,
acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for
Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, shall carry
out a program to provide opportunities to provide
cost-savings on nondevelopmental items.

(2) SAVINGS.—The program, to be known as
the Acquisition Savings Program, shall provide any
person or activity within or outside the Department
of Defense with the opportunity to offer a proposal
to provide savings in excess of 15 percent, to be
known as an acquisition savings proposal, for cov-
ered contracts.

(3) SUNSET.—The program shall cease to be
required on September 30, 2013.

(b) QUALIFYING ACQUISITION SAVINGS PRO-
POSALS.—A proposal shall qualify as an acquisition sav-
ings proposal for purposes of this section if it offers to
supply a nondevelopmental item that is identical to, or
equivalent to (under a performance specification or rel-
evant commercial standard), an item being procured under
a covered contract.

c) REVIEW BY CONTRACTING OFFICER.—Each ac-
quision savings proposal shall be reviewed by the con-
tracting officer for the covered contract concerned to de-
termine if such proposal qualifies under this section and
to calculate the savings provided by such proposal.

(d) ACTIONS UPON FAVORABLE REVIEW.—If the
contracting officer for a covered contract determines after
review of an acquisition savings proposal that the proposal
would provide an identical or equivalent nondevelopmental
item at a savings in excess of 15 percent, and that a con-
tract award to the offeror of the proposal would not result
in the violation of a minimum purchase agreement or oth-
ernwise cause a breach of contract for the covered contract,
the contracting officer may make an award under the cov-
ered contract to the offeror of the acquisition savings pro-
posal or otherwise award a contract for the nondevelop-
mental item concerned to such offeror.

(e) ACTIONS UPON UNFAVORABLE REVIEW.—If a
contracting officer determines after review of an acquisi-
tion savings proposal that the proposal would not satisfy
the requirements of this section, the contracting officer
shall debrief the person or activity offering such proposal
within 30 days after completion of the review.

(f) REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 2013, the Sec-
retary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on
Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representa-
tives a report regarding the program, including the num-
ber of acquisition savings proposals submitted, the number
favorably reviewed, the cumulative savings, and any fur-
ther recommendations for the program.

(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
1020

(1) NONDEVELOPMENTAL ITEM.—The term “nondevelopmental item” has the meaning provided for such term in section 4 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403).

(2) COVERED CONTRACT.—The term “covered contract”—

(A) means an indefinite delivery indefinite quantity contract for property as defined in section 2304d(2) of title 10, United States Code; and

(B) does not include any contract awarded under an exception to competitive acquisition authorized by the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.)

(3) PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION.—The term “performance specification” means a specification of required item functional characteristics.

(4) COMMERCIAL STANDARD.—The term “commercial standard” means a standard used in industry promulgated by an accredited standards organizations that is not a Federal entity.
SEC. 409. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING COMPLIANCE
WITH THE BERRY AMENDMENT, THE BUY
AMERICAN ACT, AND LABOR STANDARDS OF
THE UNITED STATES.

In order to create jobs, level the playing field for do-
mestic manufacturers, and strengthen economic recovery,
it is the sense of Congress that the Department of Defense
should—

(1) ensure full contractor and subcontractor
compliance with the Berry Amendment (10 U.S.C.
2533a) and the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a
et seq.); and

(2) not procure products made by manufactur-
ers in the United States that violate labor standards
as defined under the laws of the United States.

SEC. 410. INDUSTRIAL BASE COUNCIL AND FUND.

(a) INDUSTRIAL BASE COUNCIL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 7 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
following new section:

“§ 188. Industrial Base Council
“(a) COUNCIL ESTABLISHED.—There is in the De-
partment of Defense an Industrial Base Council.

“(b) MISSION.—The mission of the Industrial Base
Council is to assist the Secretary in all matters pertaining
to the industrial base of the Department of Defense, in-
cluding matters pertaining to the national defense tech-
nology and industrial base included in chapter 148 of this
title.

“(c) MEMBERSHIP.—The following officials of the
Department of Defense shall be members of the Council:

“(1) The Chairman of the Council, who shall be the
Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition,
Technology, and Logistics, the functions of which
may be delegated by the Under Secretary only to the
Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for
Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.

“(2) The Executive Director of the Council, who shall be an official from within the Office of the
Under Secretary responsible for industrial base mat-
ters and who shall report directly to the Under Sec-
retary or the Principal Deputy Under Secretary.

“(3) Officials from within the Office of the Sec-
retary of Defense, as designated by the Secretary, with direct responsibility for matters pertaining to
following areas:

“(A) Manufacturing.

“(B) Research and development.

“(C) Systems engineering and system inte-
gration.

“(D) Services.
“(E) Information Technology.

“(F) Sustainment and logistics.

“(4) The Director of the Defense Logistics Agency.

“(5) Officials from the military departments, as designated by the Secretary of each military department, with responsibility for industrial base matters relevant to the military department concerned.

“(d) DUTIES.—The Council shall assist the Secretary in the following:

“(1) Providing input on industrial base matters to strategy reviews, including quadrennial defense reviews performed pursuant to section 118 of this title.

“(2) Managing the industrial base.

“(3) Providing recommendations to the Secretary on budget matters pertaining to the industrial base.

“(4) Providing recommendations to the Secretary on supply chain management and supply chain vulnerability.

“(5) Providing input on industrial base matters to defense acquisition policy guidance.
“(6) Issuing and revising the Department of Defense technology and industrial base guidance required by section 2506 of this title.

“(7) Such other duties as are assigned by the Secretary.

“(e) REPORTING OF ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary shall include a section describing the activities of the Council in the annual report to Congress required by section 2505 of this title.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“188. Industrial Base Council.”.

(b) INDUSTRIAL BASE FUND.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

§ 2508. Industrial Base Fund

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish an Industrial Base Fund (in this section referred to as the ‘Fund’).

“(b) CONTROL OF FUND.—The Fund shall be under the control of the Industrial Base Council established pursuant to section 188 of this title.
“(c) AMOUNTS IN FUND.—The Fund shall consist of amounts appropriated or otherwise made available to the Fund.

“(d) USE OF FUND.—Subject to subsection (e), the Fund shall be used—

“(1) to support the monitoring and assessment of the industrial base required by this chapter;

“(2) to address critical issues in the industrial base relating to urgent operation needs;

“(3) to support efforts to expand the industrial base; and

“(4) to address supply chain vulnerabilities.

“(e) USE OF FUND SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATIONS.—The authority of the Secretary of Defense to use the Fund under this section in any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose.

“(f) EXPENDITURES.—The Secretary shall establish procedures for expending monies in the Fund in support of the uses identified in subsection (d), including the following:

“(1) Direct obligations from the Fund.

“(2) Transfers of monies from the Fund to relevant appropriations of the Department of Defense.”.
(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“2508. Industrial Base Fund.”.

Title V—Other Matters

Sec. 501. Clothing Allowance Requirement.

The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of the items purchased under section 418 of title 37, United States Code, to determine if there is sufficient domestic production of such items to adequately supply members of the Armed Forces and shall transmit the results of such study to the Secretary of Defense. Not later than 6 months after receiving the results of such study, the Secretary of Defense shall transmit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives an evaluation on whether such items under the study should be considered subject to section 2533a of title 10, United States Code (popularly known as the “Berry Amendment”).


(a) Requirement.—Subparagraph (A) of section 2305(a)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended
by striking “proposals; and” at the end of clause (ii) and all that follows through the end of the subparagraph and inserting the following: “proposals and that must be assigned importance at least equal to all evaluation factors other than cost or price when combined.”.

(b) WAIVER.—Section 2305(a)(3) of such title is further amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

“(B) The requirement of subparagraph (A)(ii) relating to assigning at least equal importance to evaluation factors of cost or price may be waived by the head of the agency. The authority to issue a waiver under this subparagraph may not be delegated.”.

(c) REPORT.—Section 2305(a)(3) of such title is further amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) Not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress, and post on a publicly available website of the Department of Defense, a report containing a list of each waiver issued by the head of an agency under subparagraph (B) during the preceding fiscal year.”.


Attest: LORRAINE C. MILLER,
Clerk.
AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2011 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

JUNE 28, 2010

Received; read twice and placed on the calendar