S. 339

To promote the national security and stability of the United States economy by reducing the dependence of the United States on oil through the use of alternative fuels and new technology, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 18, 2007

Mr. Bayh (for himself, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Coleman, Mr. Graham, Mr. Salazar, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Lugar, Mr. Obama, Ms. Collins, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. Akaka, Ms. Cantwell, Mrs. Clinton, Mr. Durbin, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Kohl, Mr. Leahy, Mrs. Lincoln, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Schumer, and Mr. Tester) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To promote the national security and stability of the United States economy by reducing the dependence of the United States on oil through the use of alternative fuels and new technology, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Dependence Reduction through Innovation in Vehicles
- 6 and Energy Act" or the "DRIVE Act".

1 (b) Table of Contents of

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.

TITLE I—OIL SAVINGS PLAN AND REQUIREMENTS

- Sec. 101. Oil savings target and action plan.
- Sec. 102. Standards and requirements.
- Sec. 103. Initial evaluation.
- Sec. 104. Review and update of action plan.
- Sec. 105. Baseline and analysis requirements.
- Sec. 106. Nonregulatory measures.

TITLE II—FUEL EFFICIENT VEHICLES FOR THE 21ST CENTURY

- Sec. 201. Tire fuel efficiency consumer information.
- Sec. 202. Tire efficiency program.
- Sec. 203. Reduction of school bus idling.
- Sec. 204. Fuel efficiency for heavy duty trucks.
- Sec. 205. Idling reduction tax credit.
- Sec. 206. Near-term vehicle technology program.
- Sec. 207. Plug-in hybrid electric and hydrogen vehicle prizes.
- Sec. 208. Lightweight materials research and development.
- Sec. 209. Hybrid and advanced diesel vehicles.
- Sec. 210. Advanced technology motor vehicles manufacturing credit.
- Sec. 211. Consumer incentives to purchase advanced technology vehicles.
- Sec. 212. Consumer incentives to purchase plug-in hybrid electric vehicles.
- Sec. 213. Federal fleet requirements.
- Sec. 214. Federal agency ethanol-blended gasoline and biodiesel purchasing requirement.
- Sec. 215. Use of the existing flexible fuel vehicle fleet of the Federal government.
- Sec. 216. Standards for executive agency automobiles.
- Sec. 217. Tax incentives for private fleets.
- Sec. 218. Reducing incentives to guzzle gas.
- Sec. 219. Increasing the efficiency of motor vehicles.

TITLE III—FUEL CHOICES FOR THE 21ST CENTURY

- Sec. 301. Increase in alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit.
- Sec. 302. Extension of biodiesel income and excise tax credits.
- Sec. 303. Small ethanol producer credit expanded for producers of sucrose and cellulosic ethanol.
- Sec. 304. Use of CAFE penalties to build alternative fueling infrastructure.
- Sec. 305. Accelerating conversion to alternative fuels infrastructure.
- Sec. 306. Increasing consumer awareness of flexible fuel automobiles.
- Sec. 307. Minimum quantity of renewable fuel derived from cellulosic biomass.
- Sec. 308. Minimum quantity of renewable fuel derived from sugar.
- Sec. 309. Bioenergy research and development.
- Sec. 310. Production incentives for cellulosic biofuels.
- Sec. 311. Low-interest loan and grant program for retail delivery of E-85 fuel.
- Sec. 312. Transit-Oriented Development Corridors.

TITLE IV—NATIONWIDE ENERGY SECURITY MEDIA CAMPAIGN Sec. 401. Nationwide media campaign to decrease oil consumption.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

2	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
3	(1) the United States is dangerously dependent
4	on oil;
5	(2) that dependence threatens the national se-
6	curity, weakens the economy, hurts families, and
7	harms the environment of the United States;
8	(3) the United States currently imports more
9	than 60 percent of the oil needed in the United
10	States, and that percentage is expected to grow to
11	almost 70 percent by 2025 if no actions are taken;
12	(4) nearly 2,500,000 barrels of oil per day are
13	imported from countries in the Persian Gulf region;
14	(5) dependence on foreign oil has led to stra-
15	tegic partnerships with some regimes that do not
16	share the democratic values of the United States;
17	(6) terrorists have identified oil as a strategic
18	vulnerability and have increased attacks against oil
19	infrastructure worldwide;
20	(7) oil imports comprise more than 31 percent
21	of the dangerously high United States trade deficit;
22	(8) it is technically feasible to achieve oil sav-
23	ings of more than 2,500,000 barrels per day by
24	2017 and 7,000,000 barrels per day by 2026;

1	(9) those goals can be achieved by establishing
2	a set of flexible policies, including—
3	(A) increasing the efficiency of transpor-
4	tation;
5	(B) providing economic incentives for man-
6	ufacturers and consumers to produce and pur-
7	chase fuel-efficient vehicles and clean alter-
8	native fuels;
9	(C) encouraging the use of transit and the
10	reduction of truck idling; and
11	(D) the commercialization of clean alter-
12	native liquid fuels and expansion of alternative
13	fuels infrastructure;
14	(10) technology available as of the date of en-
15	actment of this Act (including popular hybrid-elec-
16	tric vehicle models, the sales of which in the United
17	States have increased tenfold in the past 5 years)
18	make an oil savings plan eminently achievable;
19	(11) achieving those goals will benefit con-
20	sumers and businesses through lower fuel bills and
21	reduction in world oil prices;
22	(12) achieving those goals will help protect the
23	economy of the United States by reducing vulner-
24	ability to volatile oil prices and price shocks and by

1	developing clean energy and energy efficiency tech-
2	nology in the United States; and
3	(13) it is urgent, essential, and feasible to im-
4	plement an action plan to achieve oil savings as soon
5	as practicable because any delay in initiating action
6	will—
7	(A) make achieving necessary oil savings
8	more difficult and expensive;
9	(B) increase the risks to the national secu-
10	rity, economy, and environment of the United
11	States; and
12	(C) harm consumers who want to pur-
13	chase, and businesses who want to provide, oil
14	savings technologies and fuels, and harm indi-
15	viduals who are exposed to greater air pollution.
16	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
17	(1) to accelerate market penetration of ad-
18	vanced technology vehicles, flexible fuel vehicles,
19	biofuels, and other oil saving technologies;
20	(2) to enable the accelerated market penetra-
21	tion of efficient transportation and clean alternative
22	fuels without adverse impact on air quality while
23	maintaining a policy of fuel neutrality, so as to allow
24	market forces to elect the technologies and fuels that

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1	are consumer-friendly, safe, environmentally-sound,
2	and economic;
3	(3) to provide time-limited financial incentives
4	to encourage production and consumer purchase of
5	oil saving technologies and fuels nationwide; and
6	(4) to promote a nationwide diversity of clean
7	alternative motor vehicle fuels and advanced motor
8	vehicle technology, including advanced lean burn
9	technology, hybrid technology, flexible fuel motor ve-
10	hicles, alternatively fueled motor vehicles, and other
11	oil saving technologies.
12	TITLE I—OIL SAVINGS PLAN AND
13	REQUIREMENTS
14	SEC. 101. OIL SAVINGS TARGET AND ACTION PLAN.
15	Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment
16	of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and
17	Budget (referred to in this title as the "Director") shall
18	publish in the Federal Register an action plan consisting
19	of—
20	(1) a list of requirements proposed or to be pro-
21	posed pursuant to section 102 that are authorized to
22	be issued under law in effect on the date of enact-

ment of this Act, and this Act, that will be suffi-

cient, when taken together, to save from the baseline

determined under section 105—

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1	(A) 2,500,000 barrels of oil per day on av-
2	erage during calendar year 2016;
3	(B) 7,000,000 barrels of oil per day on av-
4	erage during calendar year 2026; and
5	(C) 10,000,000 barrels per day on average
6	during calendar year 2031; and
7	(2) a Federal Government-wide analysis dem-
8	onstrating—
9	(A) the expected oil savings from the base-
10	line to be accomplished by each requirement;
11	and
12	(B) that all such requirements, taken to-
13	gether, will achieve the oil savings specified in
14	this section.
15	SEC. 102. STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS.
16	(a) In General.—On or before the date of publica-
17	tion of the action plan under section 101, the Secretary
18	of Energy, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary
19	of Defense, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of
20	the Treasury, the Administrator of the Environmental
21	Protection Agency, and the head of any other agency the
22	President determines appropriate shall each propose, or
23	issue a notice of intent to propose, regulations establishing
24	each standard or other requirement listed in the action

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1	plan that is under the jurisdiction of the respective agency
2	using authorities described in subsection (b).
3	(b) AUTHORITIES.—The head of each agency de-
4	scribed in subsection (a) shall use to carry out this sec-
5	tion—
6	(1) any authority in existence on the date of en-
7	actment of this Act (including regulations); and
8	(2) any new authority provided under this Act
9	(including an amendment made by this Act).
10	(c) Final Regulations.—Not later than 18 months
11	after the date of enactment of this Act, the head of each
12	agency described in subsection (a) shall promulgate final
13	versions of the regulations required under this section.
14	(d) Content of Regulations.—Each proposed
15	and final regulation promulgated under this section
16	shall—
17	(1) be sufficient to achieve at least the oil sav-
18	ings resulting from the regulation under the action
19	plan published under section 101; and
20	(2) be accompanied by an analysis by the appli-

cable agency demonstrating that the regulation will

achieve the oil savings from the baseline determined

under section 105.

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1 SEC. 103. INITIAL EVALUATION.

2	(a) In General.—Not later than 2 years after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall—
4	(1) publish in the Federal Register a Federal
5	Government-wide analysis of—
6	(A) the oil savings achieved from the base-
7	line established under section 105; and
8	(B) the expected oil savings under the
9	standards and requirements of this Act (and
10	amendments made by this Act); and
11	(2) determine whether oil savings will meet the
12	targets established under section 101.
13	(b) Insufficient Oil Savings.—If the oil savings
14	are less than the targets established under section 101,
15	simultaneously with the analysis required under sub-
16	section (a)—
17	(1) the Director shall publish a revised action
18	plan that is sufficient to achieve the targets; and
19	(2) the head of each agency referred to in sec-
20	tion 102(a) shall propose new or revised regulations
21	that are sufficient to achieve the targets under sub-
22	sections (a), (b), and (c), respectively, of section
23	102.
24	(c) Final Regulations.—Not later than 180 days
25	after the date on which regulations are proposed under
26	subsection (b)(2), the head of each agency referred to in

1	section 102(a) shall promulgate final versions of those reg-
2	ulations that comply with section 102(a).
3	SEC. 104. REVIEW AND UPDATE OF ACTION PLAN.
4	(a) Review.—Not later than January 1, 2011, and
5	every 3 years thereafter, the Director shall submit to Con-
6	gress, and publish, a report that—
7	(1) evaluates the progress achieved in imple-
8	menting the oil savings targets established under
9	section 101;
10	(2) analyzes the expected oil savings under the
11	standards and requirements established under this
12	Act and the amendments made by this Act; and
13	(3)(A) analyzes the potential to achieve oil sav-
14	ings that are in addition to the savings required by
15	section 101; and
16	(B) if the President determines that it is in the
17	national interest, establishes a higher oil savings tar-
18	get for calendar year 2017 or any subsequent cal-
19	endar year.
20	(b) Insufficient Oil Savings.—If the oil savings
21	are less than the targets established under section 101,
22	simultaneously with the report required under subsection
23	(a)—
24	(1) the Director shall publish a revised action
25	plan that is sufficient to achieve the targets, and

- 1 (2) the head of each agency referred to in sec-2 tion 102(a) shall propose new or revised regulations 3 that are sufficient to achieve the targets under sub-4 sections (a), (b), and (c), respectively, of section 5 102. 6 (c) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days
- 7 after the date on which regulations are proposed under 8 subsection (b)(2), the head of each agency referred to in 9 section 102(a) shall promulgate final versions of those regulations that comply with section 102(a).

11 SEC. 105. BASELINE AND ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS.

- 12 In performing the analyses and promulgating pro-
- 13 posed or final regulations to establish standards and other
- 14 requirements necessary to achieve the oil savings required
- 15 by this title, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of
- 16 Transportation, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary
- 17 of Agriculture, the Administrator of the Environmental
- 18 Protection Agency, and the head of any other agency the
- 19 President determines to be appropriate shall—
- 20 (1) determine oil savings as the projected re-
- 21 duction in oil consumption from the baseline estab-
- lished by the reference case contained in the report
- of the Energy Information Administration entitled
- 24 "Annual Energy Outlook 2005";

1	(2) determine the oil savings projections re-
2	quired on an annual basis for each of calendar years
3	2009 through 2026; and
4	(3) account for any overlap among the stand-
5	ards and other requirements to ensure that the pro-
6	jected oil savings from all the promulgated stand-
7	ards and requirements, taken together, are as accu-
8	rate as practicable.
9	SEC. 106. NONREGULATORY MEASURES.
10	The action plan required under section 101 and the
11	revised action plans required under sections 103 and 104
12	shall include—
13	(1) a projection of the barrels of oil displaced
14	by efficiency and sources of energy other than oil,
15	including biofuels, electricity, and hydrogen; and
16	(2) a projection of the barrels of oil saved
17	through enactment of this Act and the Energy Pol-
18	iey Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801 et seq.).
19	TITLE II—FUEL EFFICIENT VEHI-
20	CLES FOR THE 21ST CENTURY
21	SEC. 201. TIRE FUEL EFFICIENCY CONSUMER INFORMA-
22	TION.
23	(a) In General.—Chapter 301 of title 49, United
24	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 30123
25	the following:

1	"SEC. 30123A. TIRE FUEL EFFICIENCY CONSUMER INFOR-
2	MATION.
3	"(a) Rulemaking.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months
5	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
6	Secretary of Transportation shall, after notice and
7	opportunity for comment, promulgate rules estab-
8	lishing a national tire fuel efficiency consumer infor-
9	mation program for tires designed for use on motor
10	vehicles to educate consumers about the effect of
11	tires on automobile fuel efficiency.
12	"(2) Items to be included in rules.—The
13	rules promulgated under paragraph (1) shall in-
14	clude—
15	"(A) a national tire fuel efficiency rating
16	system for motor vehicle tires to assist con-
17	sumers in making more educated tire pur-
18	chasing decisions;
19	"(B) requirements for providing informa-
20	tion to consumers, including point of sale infor-
21	mation and other potential information dissemi-
22	nation methods, including the Internet;
23	"(C) specifications for test methods for
24	manufacturers to use in assessing and rating
25	tires to avoid variation among test equipment
26	and manufacturers; and

1	"(D) a national tire maintenance consumer
2	education program to maximize fuel efficiency,
3	which shall include information on tire inflation
4	pressure, alignment, rotation, and tread wear.
5	"(b) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult
6	with the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator of
7	the Environmental Protection Agency on the means of
8	conveying tire fuel efficiency consumer information.
9	"(c) Tire Marking.—The Secretary may not re-
10	quire permanent labeling of any kind on a tire for the pur-
11	pose of tire fuel efficiency information.
12	"(d) Reports to Congress.—
13	"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall peri-
14	odically assess the rules promulgated under this sec-
15	tion to determine—
16	"(A) the utility of such rules to consumers;
17	"(B) the level of cooperation by industry;
18	and
19	"(C) the contribution to national goals per-
20	taining to energy consumption.
21	"(2) Submission.—The Secretary shall submit
22	periodic reports detailing the findings of the assess-
23	ments conducted under paragraph (1) to—
24	"(A) the Committee on Commerce,
25	Science, and Transportation of the Senate: and

1	"(B) the Committee on Energy and Com-
2	merce of the House of Representatives.
3	"(e) Applicability.—This section shall not apply to
4	tires excluded from coverage under section 575.104(c)(2)
5	of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on
6	date of the enactment of this section.
7	"(f) Preemption.—
8	"(1) In general.—A State or political subdivi-
9	sion of a State may not adopt or enforce a law or
10	regulation on tire fuel efficiency consumer informa-
11	tion that conflicts with a requirement under this sec-
12	tion.
13	"(2) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this sec-
14	tion may be construed to preempt a State or polit-
15	ical subdivision of a State from regulating the fuel
16	efficiency of tires if such regulation is not otherwise
17	preempted under this section.".
18	(b) Enforcement.—Section 30165(a) of title 49,
19	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
20	following:
21	"(4) Section 30123A.—Any person who fails to
22	comply with the national tire fuel efficiency con-
23	sumer information program under section 30123A
24	shall be subject to the United States Government for

1	a civil penalty of not more than \$50,000 for each
2	violation.".
3	(c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
4	chapter 301 of title 49, United States Code, is amended
5	by inserting after the item relating to section 30123 the
6	following:
	"30123A. Tire fuel efficiency consumer information .".
7	SEC. 202. TIRE EFFICIENCY PROGRAM.
8	(a) Standards for Tires Manufactured for
9	Interstate Commerce.—Section 30123 of title 49,
10	United States Code, is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (b)—
12	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "The
13	Secretary" and inserting the following:
14	"(1) Uniform quality grading system.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary";
16	(B) in the second sentence, by striking
17	"The Secretary also shall" and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(B) Inclusion.—The grading system es-
20	tablished pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall
21	include standards for rating the fuel efficiency
22	of tires designed for use on passenger cars and
23	light trucks.
24	"(2) Nomenclature and marketing prac-
25	TICES.—The Secretary shall"; and

1	(C) in the third sentence, by striking "A
2	tire standard" and inserting the following:
3	"(3) Effect of standards and regula-
4	TIONS.—A tire standard"; and
5	(2) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(d) National Tire Efficiency Program.—
7	"(1) Defined term.—In this subsection, the
8	term 'fuel economy', with respect to a tire, means
9	the extent to which the tire contributes to the fuel
10	economy of the automobile on which the tire is
11	mounted.
12	"(2) Program.—The Secretary shall develop
13	and carry out a national tire fuel efficiency program
14	for tires designed for use on passenger automobiles
15	and light trucks.
16	"(3) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than March
17	31, 2009, the Secretary shall issue regulations,
18	which establish—
19	"(A) policies and procedures for testing
20	and labeling tires for fuel economy to enable
21	tire buyers to make informed purchasing deci-
22	sions about the fuel economy of tires;
23	"(B) policies and procedures to promote
24	the purchase of energy efficient replacement
25	tires, including purchase incentives, website list-

1	ings on the Internet, printed fuel economy
2	guide booklets, and mandatory requirements for
3	tire retailers to provide tire buyers with fuel ef-
4	ficiency information on tires; and
5	"(C) minimum fuel economy standards for
6	tires.
7	"(4) Minimum fuel economy standards.—
8	In promulgating minimum fuel economy standards
9	for tires, the Secretary shall design standards that—
10	"(A) ensure, in conjunction with the re-
11	quirements under paragraph (3)(B), that the
12	average fuel economy of replacement tires is not
13	less than the average fuel economy of tires sold
14	as original equipment;
15	"(B) secure the maximum technically fea-
16	sible and cost-effective fuel savings;
17	"(C) do not adversely affect tire safety;
18	"(D) incorporate the results from—
19	"(i) laboratory testing; and
20	"(ii) on-road fleet testing programs
21	conducted by manufacturers, to the extent
22	appropriate and available; and
23	"(E) do not adversely affect efforts to
24	manage scrap tires.

"(5) APPLICABILITY.—The policies, procedures, 1 2 and standards developed under paragraph (3) shall 3 apply to all tire types and models regulated under 4 the uniform tire quality grading standards in section 5 575.104 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations (or 6 a successor regulation). 7 "(6) Review.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently 8 9 than once every 3 years, the Secretary shall— "(i) review the minimum fuel economy 10 11 standards in effect for tires under this sub-12 section; and 13 "(ii) subject to subparagraph (B), re-14 vise the standards as necessary to ensure 15 compliance with standards described in 16 paragraph (4). 17 "(B) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may 18 not reduce the average fuel economy standards 19 applicable to replacement tires. "(7) NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.—Noth-20 21 ing in this section shall be construed to preempt any 22 provision of State law relating to higher fuel econ-23 omy standards applicable to replacement tires de-24 signed for use on passenger automobiles and light 25 trucks.

1	"(8) Exceptions.—Nothing in this section
2	shall apply to—
3	"(A) a tire or group of tires with the same
4	stock keeping unit, plant, and year, for which
5	the volume of tires produced or imported is less
6	than 15,000 annually;
7	"(B) a deep tread, winter-type snow tire,
8	space-saver tire, or temporary use spare tire;
9	"(C) a tire with a normal rim diameter of
10	12 inches or less;
11	"(D) a motorcycle tire; or
12	"(E) a tire manufactured specifically for
13	use in an off-road motorized recreational vehi-
14	cle.".
15	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
16	30103(b)(1) of title 49, United States Code, is amended
17	by striking "When" and inserting "Except as provided in
18	section 30123(d), if".
19	(c) Time for Implementation.—Beginning not
20	later than March 31, 2009, the Secretary of Transpor-
21	tation shall administer the national tire fuel efficiency pro-
22	gram established under section 30123(d) of title 49,
23	United States Code, as added by subsection (a).
24	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
25	are authorized to be appropriated, for each of fiscal years

- 1 2008 through 2012, such sums as may be necessary to
- 2 carry out section 30123(d) of title 49, United States Code,
- 3 as added by subsection (a).

4 SEC. 203. REDUCTION OF SCHOOL BUS IDLING.

- 5 (a) Statement of Policy.—Congress encourages
- 6 each local educational agency (as defined in section
- 7 9101(26) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act
- 8 of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(26))) that receives Federal funds
- 9 under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
- 10 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) to develop a policy to re-
- 11 duce the incidence of school bus idling at schools while
- 12 picking up and unloading students.
- 13 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 14 are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator of
- 15 the Environmental Protection Agency, working in coordi-
- 16 nation with the Secretary of Education, \$5,000,000 for
- 17 each of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 for use in edu-
- 18 cating States and local education agencies about—
- 19 (1) benefits of reducing school bus idling; and
- 20 (2) ways in which school bus idling may be re-
- 21 duced.
- 22 SEC. 204. FUEL EFFICIENCY FOR HEAVY DUTY TRUCKS.
- 23 Part C of subtitle VI of title 49, United States Code,
- 24 is amended by inserting after chapter 329 the following:

"CHAPTER 330—HEAVY DUTY VEHICLE

2 FUEL ECONOMY STANDARDS

"Chapter 330—Heavy Duty Vehicle Fuel Economy Standards

"Sec.

1

- "33001. Purpose and policy.
- "33002. Definition.
- "33003. Testing and assessment.
- "33004. Standards.
- "33005. Authorization of appropriations.

3 "§ 33001. Purpose and policy

- 4 "The purpose of this chapter is to reduce petroleum
- 5 consumption by heavy duty motor vehicles.

6 "§ **33002. Definition**

- 7 "In this chapter, the term 'heavy duty motor vehi-
- 8 cle'—
- 9 "(1) means a vehicle having a gross vehicle
- weight rating of at least 10,000 pounds that is driv-
- en or drawn by mechanical power and manufactured
- primarily for use on public streets, roads, and high-
- ways; and
- 14 "(2) does not include a vehicle operated only on
- a rail line.

16 "§ 33003. Testing and assessment

- 17 "(a) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator
- 18 of the Environmental Protection Agency (referred to in
- 19 this section as the 'Administrator') shall develop and co-
- 20 ordinate a national testing and assessment program to—

1	"(1) determine the fuel economy of heavy duty
2	vehicles; and
3	"(2) assess the fuel efficiency attainable
4	through available technology.
5	"(b) Testing.—Not later than 18 months after the
6	date of the enactment of this chapter, the Administrator
7	shall design and implement a National testing program
8	to assess the fuel economy of heavy duty vehicles that is
9	modeled on the fuel economy program established under
10	chapter 329.
11	"(c) Assessment.—The Administrator shall consult
12	with the Secretary of Transportation on the assessment
13	of available technologies to enhance the fuel efficiency of
14	heavy duty vehicles to ensure that the assessment appro-
15	priately considers vehicle use and needs.
16	"(d) Reporting.—The Administrator shall—
17	"(1) not later than 2 years after the date of the
18	enactment of this chapter, submit a report to Con-
19	gress regarding the results of the assessment of
20	available technologies to improve the fuel efficiency
21	of heavy duty vehicles.
22	"(2) not less frequently than once every 2
23	years, submit a report to Congress that addresses
24	the fuel economy of heavy duty vehicles; and

1 "§ 33004. Standards

2	"(a) General Requirements.—Not later than 18
3	months after completing the testing and assessments
4	under section 33003, the Secretary of Transportation
5	shall promulgate regulations prescribing average heavy
6	duty vehicle fuel economy standards. Each standard shall
7	be the maximum feasible average fuel economy level that
8	the Secretary determines that manufacturers can achieve
9	for that model year. The Secretary may prescribe separate
10	standards for different classes of heavy duty motor vehi-
11	cles. The standards for each model year shall be completed
12	not later than 18 months before the beginning of each
13	model year.
14	"(b) Considerations and Consultation.—In de-
15	termining maximum feasible average fuel economy, the
16	Secretary shall consider—
17	"(1) relevant available heavy duty motor vehicle
18	fuel consumption information;
19	"(2) technological feasibility;
20	"(3) economic practicability;
21	"(4) the desirability of reducing United States
22	dependence on oil;
23	"(5) the effects of average fuel economy stand-
24	ards on vehicle safety:

1	"(6) the effects of average fuel economy stand-
2	ards on levels of employment and competitiveness of
3	the heavy truck manufacturing industry; and
4	"(7) the extent to which the standard will carry
5	out the purpose described in section 33001.
6	"(c) Cooperation.—The Secretary may advise, as-
7	sist, and cooperate with departments, agencies, and in-
8	strumentalities of the Federal Government, States, and
9	other public and private agencies in developing fuel econ-
10	omy standards for heavy duty motor vehicles.
11	"(d) 5-Year Plan for Testing Standards.—The
12	Secretary shall establish, periodically review, and contin-
13	ually update a 5-year plan for testing heavy duty motor
14	vehicle fuel economy standards prescribed under this chap-
15	ter. In developing and establishing testing priorities, the
16	Secretary shall consider factors the Secretary considers
17	appropriate, consistent with the purpose described in sec-
18	tion 33001 and the Secretary's other duties and powers
19	under this chapter.
20	"§ 33005. Authorization of appropriations

- "There are authorized to be appropriated, for each 21
- of fiscal years 2008 through 2013, such sums as may be
- 23 necessary to carry out this chapter.".

1 SEC. 205. IDLING REDUCTION TAX CREDIT.

2	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-
3	chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
4	1986 (relating to business-related credits) is amended by
5	adding at the end the following new section:
6	"SEC. 450. IDLING REDUCTION CREDIT.
7	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38,
8	the idling reduction tax credit determined under this sec-
9	tion for the taxable year is an amount equal to 50 percent
10	of the amount paid or incurred for the purchase and in-
11	stallation of each qualifying idling reduction device or
12	qualifying idle reduction infrastructure placed in service
13	by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
14	"(b) Limitation.—The maximum amount allowed as
15	a credit under subsection (a) shall not exceed \$3,500 per
16	device or per infrastructure.
17	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of subsection
18	(a)—
19	"(1) Qualifying idling reduction de-
20	VICE.—The term 'qualifying idling reduction device'
21	means any device or system of devices which—
22	"(A) is installed on a heavy-duty diesel-
23	powered on-highway vehicle,
24	"(B) is designed to provide to such vehicle
25	those services (such as heat, air conditioning, or
26	electricity) that would otherwise require the op-

1	eration of the main drive engine while the vehi-
2	cle is temporarily parked or remains stationary
3	using either—
4	"(i) an all electric unit, such as a bat-
5	tery powered unit or from grid-supplied
6	electricity, or
7	"(ii) a dual fuel unit powered by die-
8	sel or other fuels, and capable of providing
9	such services from grid-supplied electricity
10	or on-truck batteries alone,
11	"(C) the original use of which commences
12	with the taxpayer,
13	"(D) is acquired for use by the taxpayer
14	and not for resale, and
15	"(E) is certified by the Secretary of En-
16	ergy, in consultation with the Administrator of
17	the Environmental Protection Agency and the
18	Secretary of Transportation, to reduce long-du-
19	ration idling of such vehicle at a motor vehicle
20	rest stop or other location where such vehicles
21	are temporarily parked or remain stationary.
22	"(2) Heavy-duty diesel-powered on-high-
23	WAY VEHICLE.—The term 'heavy-duty diesel-pow-
24	ered on-highway vehicle' means any vehicle, ma-
25	chine, tractor, trailer, or semi-trailer propelled or

1	drawn by mechanical power and used upon the high-
2	ways in the transportation of passengers or prop-
3	erty, or any combination thereof determined by the
4	Federal Highway Administration.

- "(3) Long-duration idling' means the operation of a main drive engine, for a period greater than 15 consecutive minutes, where the main drive engine is not engaged in gear. Such term does not apply to routine stoppages associated with traffic movement or congestion.
- "(4) QUALIFYING IDLE REDUCTION INFRA-STRUCTURE.—The term 'qualifying idle reduction infrastructure' means either—
 - "(A) off-truck equipment to supply electric power, including electric receptacles, boxes, wiring, conduit, and other connections to one truck space, or
- "(B) off-truck equipment that directly provides air conditioning, heating, electric power,
 and other connections and services to one truck
 space.
- 23 "(d) No Double Benefit.—For purposes of this 24 section—

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1	"(1) Reduction in Basis.—If a credit is de-
2	termined under this section with respect to any
3	property by reason of expenditures described in sub-
4	section (a), the basis of such property shall be re-
5	duced by the amount of the credit so determined.
6	"(2) Other deductions and credits.—No
7	deduction or credit shall be allowed under any other
8	provision of this chapter with respect to the amount
9	of the credit determined under this section.
10	"(e) Election Not to Claim Credit.—This sec-
11	tion shall not apply to a taxpayer for any taxable year
12	if such taxpayer elects to have this section not apply for
13	such taxable year.".
14	(b) Credit to Be Part of General Business
15	CREDIT.—Subsection (b) of section 38 of the Internal
16	Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to general business credit)
17	is amended by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph
18	(30), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (31)
19	and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing new paragraph:
21	"(32) the idling reduction tax credit determined
22	under section 45O(a).".
23	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
24	(1) The table of sections for subpart D of part
25	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev-

- 1 enue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting after the
- 2 item relating to section 45N the following new item: "Sec. 45O. Idling reduction credit.".
- 3 (2) Section 1016(a) of such Code is amended
- 4 by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (36), by
- 5 striking the period at the end of paragraph (37) and
- 6 inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-
- 7 lowing:
- 8 "(38) in the case of a facility with respect to
- 9 which a credit was allowed under section 450, to the
- extent provided in section 45O(d)(1).".
- 11 (3) Section 6501(m) of such Code is amended
- 12 by inserting "45O(e)," after "45D(c)(4),".
- 13 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 14 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 15 December 31, 2006.
- 16 (e) Determination of Certification Standards
- 17 BY SECRETARY OF ENERGY FOR CERTIFYING IDLING RE-
- 18 DUCTION DEVICES.—Not later than 6 months after the
- 19 date of the enactment of this Act and in order to reduce
- 20 air pollution and fuel consumption, the Secretary of En-
- 21 ergy, in consultation with the Administrator of the Envi-
- 22 ronmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Trans-
- 23 portation, shall publish the standards under which the
- 24 Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the
- 25 Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of

1	Transportation, will, for purposes of section 450 of the
2	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section),
3	certify the idling reduction devices and idling reduction in-
4	frastructure which will reduce long-duration idling of vehi-
5	cles at motor vehicle rest stops or other locations where
6	such vehicles are temporarily parked or remain stationary
7	in order to reduce air pollution and fuel consumption.
8	SEC. 206. NEAR-TERM VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.
9	(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are to
10	enhance the energy security of the United States, reduce
11	dependence on imported oil, improve the energy efficiency
12	of the transportation sector, and reduce emissions through
13	the expansion of grid-supported mobility by—
14	(1) developing, in partnership with private in-
15	dustry, research institutions, National Laboratories,
16	and institutions of higher education, projects to pro-
17	mote—
18	(A) the commercialization of electric drive
19	transportation technology and hybrid vehicle
20	technology for various sizes and applications of
21	vehicles, including the commercialization of
22	plug-in hybrid electric vehicles and plug-in hy-
23	brid fuel cell vehicles;
24	(B) growth in employment in the United
25	States in—

1	(i) electric drive transportation tech-
2	nology and hybrid vehicle system design;
3	and
4	(ii) the manufacturing of electric drive
5	and hybrid components and vehicles;
6	(C) the validation of the potential for plug-
7	in hybrid vehicles through fleet demonstrations
8	and data collection; and
9	(D) the acceleration of fuel cell commer-
10	cialization through comprehensive development
11	and commercialization of the electric drive
12	transportation technology systems that are the
13	foundational technology of the fuel cell vehicle
14	system;
15	(2) making critical public investments to help
16	private industry, research institutions, National Lab-
17	oratories, and institutions of higher education to ex-
18	pand innovation, industrial growth, and jobs in the
19	United States through the development, demonstra-
20	tion, and commercialization of a wide range of elec-
21	tric drive transportation technology and hybrid tech-
22	nology components, systems, and vehicles using di-
23	verse transportation technologies;
24	(3) optimizing the availability of the existing
25	electric infrastructure for fueling light-duty trans-

- portation and other on-road and nonroad vehicles in lieu of vehicles and equipment that use petroleum, including the more than 3,000,000 reported units (such as electric forklifts, golf carts, and similar nonroad vehicles) in use on the date of enactment of this Act; and
 - (4) developing advanced communication, metering, and charging technologies necessary for the integration of electric drive transportation technology into the smart grid of the future.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- (2) Battery.—The term "battery" means an electrochemical energy storage device used in an onroad or nonroad vehicle powered in whole or in part using an off-board or on-board source of electricity.
- (3) Electric drive transportation technology.—The term "electric drive transportation technology" means—
- (A) vehicles that use an electric motor for all or part of the motive power of the vehicles and that may or may not use off-board electricity, including battery electric vehicles, fuel

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1	cell vehicles, engine dominant hybrid vehicles,
2	plug-in hybrid electric vehicles, plug-in hybrid
3	fuel cell vehicles, and electric rail; or
4	(B) equipment relating to transportation
5	or mobile sources of air pollution that use an
6	electric motor to replace an internal combustion
7	engine for all or part of the work of the equip-
8	ment, including—
9	(i) corded electric equipment linked to
10	transportation or mobile sources of air pol-
11	lution; and
12	(ii) electrification technologies at air-
13	ports, ports, truck stops, and material-han-
14	dling facilities.
15	(4) Energy storage device.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "energy stor-
17	age device" means the onboard device used in
18	an on-road or nonroad vehicle to store energy.
19	(B) Inclusions.—The term "energy stor-
20	age device" includes—
21	(i) in the case of an electric or hybrid
22	electric vehicle, a battery, ultracapacitor,
23	or similar device; and
24	(ii) in the case of a hybrid hydraulic
25	vehicle, an accumulator or similar device.

1	(5) Engine dominant hybrid vehicle.—The
2	term "engine dominant hybrid vehicle" means an
3	on-road or nonroad vehicle that—
4	(A) is propelled by an internal combustion
5	engine or heat engine using—
6	(i) any combustible fuel; and
7	(ii) an on-board, rechargeable energy
8	storage device; and
9	(B) has no means of using an off-board
10	source of energy.
11	(6) Fuel cell vehicle.—The term "fuel cell
12	vehicle" means an on-road or nonroad vehicle that
13	uses a fuel cell (as defined in section 803 of the
14	Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Develop-
15	ment, and Demonstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
16	16152)).
17	(7) Institution of Higher Education.—The
18	term "institution of higher education" has the
19	meaning given the term in section 2 of the Energy
20	Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
21	(8) Nonroad vehicle.—The term "nonroad
22	vehicle" means a vehicle powered by a nonroad en-
23	gine, as that term is defined in section 216 of the
24	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7550).

1	(9) Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle.—The
2	term "plug-in hybrid electric vehicle" means a light-
3	duty, medium-duty, or heavy-duty on-road or
4	nonroad vehicle that is propelled by any combination
5	of—
6	(A) an electric motor and on-board, re-
7	chargeable energy storage system capable of op-
8	erating the vehicle in intermittent or continuous
9	all-electric mode and which is rechargeable
10	using an off-board source of electricity; and
11	(B) an internal combustion engine or heat
12	engine using any combustible fuel.
13	(10) Plug-in hybrid fuel cell vehicle.—
14	The term "plug-in hybrid fuel cell vehicle" means a
15	fuel cell vehicle with an on-board, rechargeable stor-
16	age device powered by an off-board source of elec-
17	tricity.
18	(11) QUALIFIED ELECTRIC TRANSPORTATION
19	PROJECT.—The term "qualified electric transpor-
20	tation project" includes a project relating to—
21	(A) ship-to-shore electrification;
22	(B) truck-stop electrification;
23	(C) electric truck refrigeration units;
24	(D) electric airport ground support equip-
25	ment:

1	(E) electric material handing equipment;
2	(F) electric or dual-mode electric freight
3	rail; and
4	(G) any associated infrastructure, includ-
5	ing panel upgrades, battery chargers, and
6	trenching.
7	(12) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
8	means the Secretary of Energy.
9	(13) Task force.—The term "Task Force"
10	means the task force established under subsection
11	(e)(2)(A).
12	(e) Electric Drive and Hybrid Transportation
13	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—The Secretary shall
14	carry out a research, development, demonstration, and
15	commercial application program for electric drive trans-
16	portation technology and engine dominant hybrid vehicle
17	technology, including—
18	(1) high capacity, high efficiency energy storage
19	devices that, as compared to existing technologies
20	that are in commercial service, have improved the
21	life, energy storage capacity, and power delivery ca-
22	pacity of the energy storage device;
23	(2) high efficiency on-board and off-board
24	charging components;

1	(3) high power and energy-efficient drive train
2	systems for passenger and commercial vehicles and
3	for nonroad vehicles;
4	(4) control system development and power train
5	development and integration for plug-in hybrid elec-
6	tric vehicles, plug-in hybrid fuel cell vehicles, and en-
7	gine dominant hybrid vehicles, including—
8	(A) development of efficient cooling sys-
9	tems;
10	(B) analysis and development of control
11	systems that minimize the emissions profile
12	when clean diesel engines are part of a plug-in
13	hybrid drive system; and
14	(C) development of different control sys-
15	tems that optimize for different goals, includ-
16	ing—
17	(i) energy storage device life;
18	(ii) reduction of petroleum consump-
19	tion; and
20	(iii) greenhouse gas reduction;
21	(5) nanomaterial technology applied to energy
22	storage device and fuel cell systems; and
23	(6) smart vehicle and grid interconnection de-
24	vices and software that enable communications be-

1	tween the grid of the future and electric drive trans-
2	portation technology vehicles.
3	(d) Market Assessment and Electricity Usage
4	Program.—
5	(1) In general.—The Secretary, in consulta-
6	tion with the Administrator and private industry,
7	shall carry out a program—
8	(A) to inventory and analyze existing elec-
9	tric drive transportation technologies and hy-
10	brid technologies and markets;
11	(B) to identify and implement methods of
12	removing barriers for existing and emerging ap-
13	plications of electric drive transportation tech-
14	nologies and hybrid transportation technologies;
15	(C) to work with utilities to develop low-
16	cost, simple methods of—
17	(i) using off-peak electricity; or
18	(ii) managing on-peak electricity use;
19	(D) to develop systems and processes—
20	(i) to enable plug-in hybrid vehicles to
21	enhance the availability of emergency back-
22	up power for consumers; and
23	(ii) to study and demonstrate the po-
24	tential value to the electric grid to use the
25	energy stored in the on-board storage sys-

1	tems to improve the efficiency and reli-
2	ability of the grid generation system; and
3	(E) to work with utilities and other inter-
4	ested stakeholders to study and demonstrate
5	the implications of the introduction of plug-in
6	hybrid vehicles and other types of electric trans-
7	portation on the production of electricity from
8	renewable resources.
9	(2) Off-peak electricity usage grants.—
10	In carrying out the program under paragraph (1),
11	the Secretary shall provide grants to assist eligible
12	public and private electric utilities for the conduct of
13	programs or activities to encourage owners of elec-
14	tric drive transportation technologies—
15	(A) to use off-peak electricity; or
16	(B) to have the load managed by the util-
17	ity.
18	(e) Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle, Electric
19	DRIVE TRANSPORTATION TECHNOLOGY, AND HYBRID
20	VEHICLE TESTING AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.—
21	(1) Testing program.—
22	(A) In general.—To facilitate the intro-
23	duction of plug-in hybrid electric vehicles, elec-
24	tric drive transportation technologies, and hy-
25	brid vehicle technologies into commercial use.

1	the Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
2	trator and in collaboration with private indus-
3	try, shall develop and carry out a program to
4	test the emissions of criteria pollutants, energy
5	use, and the petroleum reduction potential of
6	light-duty, medium-duty, and heavy-duty plug-
7	in hybrid electric vehicles and other forms of
8	electric drive transportation technologies under
9	test conditions and actual driving conditions.
10	(B) Test procedures.—
11	(i) Development.—In developing
12	test procedures for the program under sub-
13	paragraph (A), the Secretary shall take
14	into account the results of previous testing
15	activities of the public and private sectors.
16	(ii) Considerations.—The test pro-
17	cedures developed for the program under
18	subparagraph (A) shall consider—
19	(I) the vehicle and fuel as a sys-
20	tem, not just an engine;
21	(II) nightly off-board charging,
22	as applicable; and
23	(III) different engine-turn on
24	speed control strategies.

1	(C) FIELD OPERATIONS PROGRAM.—In
2	conducting tests under the program under sub-
3	paragraph (A), the Secretary shall use the ca-
4	pabilities of the Field Operations Program and
5	qualified vehicle testing sites of the Department
6	of Energy.
7	(2) Certification standards task force.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
9	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
10	the Administrator, in cooperation with the Sec-
11	retary, shall establish a task force to develop
12	minimum certification standards for plug-in hy-
13	brid electric vehicles.
14	(B) Composition.—The Task Force shall
15	be comprised of members, to be appointed by
16	the Administrator, that represent—
17	(i) vehicle manufacturers;
18	(ii) environmental organizations;
19	(iii) utilities;
20	(iv) fleet operators;
21	(v) research organizations; and
22	(vi) appropriate Federal agencies, in-
23	cluding the Department of Transportation
24	and the Department of Energy.
25	(C) Duties.—The Task Force shall—

1	(i) identify critical path issues in the
2	establishment of a certification protocol;
3	(ii) identify criteria for the establish-
4	ment of a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle
5	certification protocol that would be applica-
6	ble to various plug-in hybrid vehicle tech-
7	nologies, applications, and control strate-
8	gies;
9	(iii) evaluate test data available from
10	plug-in hybrid electric vehicle test pro-
11	grams and fuel economy analyses;
12	(iv) work with the Administrator to
13	develop guidelines to permit the emissions
14	reductions attributable to the use of plug-
15	in hybrid vehicles to be recognized for pur-
16	poses of State implementation plans; and
17	(v) recommend a certification protocol
18	for certifying the emissions, fuel economy,
19	and petroleum usage of plug-in hybrid elec-
20	tric vehicles.
21	(D) Final certification protocol.—
22	(i) In general.—Not later than 18
23	months after the date of enactment of this
24	Act, the Administrator shall—

1	(I) publish in the Federal Reg-
2	ister the recommended certification
3	protocol developed under subpara-
4	graph (C)(v); and
5	(II) provide an opportunity for
6	public comment with respect to the
7	recommended certification protocol.
8	(ii) Publication.—Not later than 2
9	years after the date of enactment of this
10	Act, the Administrator shall publish in the
11	Federal Register the final certification pro-
12	tocol for plug-in hybrid electric vehicles.
13	(f) Education Program.—
14	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall develop
15	a nationwide electric drive transportation technology
16	program under which the Secretary provides—
17	(A) to secondary schools and high schools,
18	teaching materials; and
19	(B) to institutions of higher education, as-
20	sistance for programs relating to electric drive
21	system and component engineering.
22	(2) ELECTRIC VEHICLE COMPETITION.—The
23	program established under paragraph (1) shall in-
24	clude a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle competition for
25	institutions of higher education, which shall be

- known as the "Dr. Andrew Frank Plug-In HybridElectric Vehicle Competition".
- 3 (3) Engineers.—In carrying out the program
 4 established under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
 5 provide financial assistance to institutions of higher
 6 education to create new, or support existing, degree
 7 programs to ensure the availability of trained elec8 trical and mechanical engineers with the skills nec9 essary for the advancement of—
- 10 (A) plug-in hybrid electric vehicles; and
- 11 (B) other forms of electric drive transpor-12 tation technology vehicles.
- 13 (g) Near-Term Electric Transportation De-14 Ployment Program.—
- 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 16 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, 17 after consultation with the Secretary and the Sec-18 retary of Transportation, shall establish a program 19 under which the Administrator shall provide grants 20 and loans to eligible entities for the conduct of quali-21 fied electric transportation projects that would re-22 duce emissions of criteria pollutants, greenhouse gas 23 emissions, and petroleum usage by at least 40 per-24 cent as compared to commercially available, non-25 electric technologies.

1	(2) Grants.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts made
3	available for grants under paragraph (1)—
4	(i) ² / ₃ shall be made available by the
5	Administrator on a competitive basis to
6	qualified electric transportation projects
7	based on the overall cost-effectiveness of
8	the projects in reducing emissions of cri-
9	teria pollutants, emissions of greenhouse
10	gases, and petroleum usage; and
11	(ii) ½ shall be made available by the
12	Administrator to qualified electric trans-
13	portation projects in the order that the
14	grant applications are received, provided
15	that the projects meet the minimum stand-
16	ard for the reduction of emissions of cri-
17	teria pollutants, emissions of greenhouse
18	gases, and petroleum usage under para-
19	graph (1).
20	(B) Preference.—In providing grants
21	under this subsection, the Administrator shall
22	give preference to large-scale projects and large
23	-scale aggregators of projects.
24	(3) Revolving Loan Program.—

1	(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	shall establish a revolving loan program to pro-
3	vide loans to eligible entities for the conduct of
4	qualified electric transportation projects.
5	(B) Criteria.—The Administrator shall
6	establish criteria for the provision of loans
7	under this paragraph.
8	(C) Funding.—Of amounts made avail-
9	able to carry out this subsection, the Adminis-
10	trator shall use any amounts not used to pro-
11	vide grants under paragraph (2) to carry out
12	the revolving loan program under this para-
13	graph.
14	(h) Cost-Sharing Requirement.—Notwith-
15	standing section 988(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
16	(42 U.S.C. 16352(c)), the non-Federal share of the cost
17	of carrying out any activities assisted under this section
18	shall be 30 percent.
19	(i) Merit Review.—Notwithstanding section 989 of
20	the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16353)—
21	(1) of the amounts made available to carry out
22	this section under subsection (j)—
23	(A) not more than 30 percent shall be pro-
24	vided to National Laboratories;

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1	(B) not more than 10 percent shall be pro-
2	vided, directly or indirectly, to projects for the
3	development or demonstration of fuel cell vehi-
4	cles or plug-in hybrid fuel cell vehicles; and
5	(C) not more than 5 percent shall be pro-
6	vided, directly or indirectly, to projects for the
7	development or demonstration of electric rail or
8	magnetic levitation trains; and
9	(2) of the amounts made available to carry out
10	subsection (g) under subsection $(j)(2)$, not more
11	than 30 percent shall be provided, directly or indi-
12	rectly, to ship-to-shore electrification projects.
13	(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—
14	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
15	appropriated to carry out this section (other than
16	subsection (g)) \$110,000,000 for each of fiscal years
17	2008 through 2013.
18	(2) Near-term electric transportation
19	DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.—There is authorized to be
20	appropriated to carry out subsection (g)

125,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through

2013.

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1	SEC. 207. PLUG-IN HYBRID ELECTRIC AND HYDROGEN VE
2	HICLE PRIZES.
3	Section 1008 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
4	U.S.C. 16396) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (c), by inserting ", including
6	plug-in hybrid and hydrogen vehicle technologies"
7	before the period at the end; and
8	(2) in subsection $(e)(2)$ —
9	(A) by striking "\$5,000,000" and inserting
10	"\$450,000,000"; and
11	(B) by inserting ", to remain available
12	until expended" before the period at the end.
13	SEC. 208. LIGHTWEIGHT MATERIALS RESEARCH AND DE
14	VELOPMENT.
	VELOPMENT. (a) In General.—As soon as practicable after the
15	
15 16	(a) In General.—As soon as practicable after the
15 16 17	(a) In General.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy
15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a research and development program to de-
15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a research and development program to determine ways in which—
115 116 117 118 119 220	(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a research and development program to determine ways in which— (1) the weight of vehicles may be reduced to im-
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	(a) In General.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a research and development program to determine ways in which— (1) the weight of vehicles may be reduced to improve fuel efficiency without compromising passes.
17	(a) In General.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a research and development program to determine ways in which— (1) the weight of vehicles may be reduced to improve fuel efficiency without compromising passenger safety; and

1	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	\$60,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2013.
4	SEC. 209. HYBRID AND ADVANCED DIESEL VEHICLES.
5	(a) Hybrid Vehicles.—Section 711 of the Energy
6	Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16061) is amended to read
7	as follows:
8	"SEC. 711. HYBRID VEHICLES.
9	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
10	"(1) Cost.—The term 'cost' has the meaning
11	given the term 'cost of a loan guarantee' within the
12	meaning of section 502(5)(C) of the Federal Credit
13	Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(C)).
14	"(2) Eligible Project.—The term 'eligible
15	project' means a project to—
16	"(A) improve hybrid technologies under
17	subsection (b); or
18	"(B) encourage domestic production of ef-
19	ficient hybrid and advanced diesel vehicles
20	under section 712(a).
21	"(3) Guarantee.—
22	"(A) In General.—The term 'guarantee'
23	has the meaning given the term 'loan guar-
24	antee' in section 502 of the Federal Credit Re-
25	form Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a).

1	"(B) Inclusion.—The term 'guarantee'
2	includes a loan guarantee commitment (as de-
3	fined in section 502 of the Federal Credit Re-
4	form Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a)).
5	"(4) Hybrid technology.—The term 'hybrid
6	technology' means a battery or other rechargeable
7	energy storage system, power electronic, hybrid sys-
8	tems integration, and any other technology for use
9	in hybrid vehicles (including plug-in hybrid electric
10	vehicles and the components of the vehicles).
11	"(5) Obligation.—The term 'obligation'
12	means the loan or other debt obligation that is guar-
13	anteed under this section.
14	"(b) Authorization.—The Secretary shall accel-
15	erate efforts directed toward the improvement of hybrid
16	technologies, including through the provision of loan guar-
17	antees under subsection (c).
18	"(c) Loan Guarantees.—
19	"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall make
20	guarantees under this section for eligible projects on
21	such terms and conditions as the Secretary, in con-
22	sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, deter-
23	mines to be appropriate.
24	"(2) Specific appropriation or contribu-
25	TION.—No guarantee shall be made unless—

1	"(A) an appropriation for the cost has
2	been made; or
3	"(B) the Secretary has received from the
4	borrower a payment in full for the cost of the
5	obligation and deposited the payment into the
6	Treasury.
7	"(3) Amount.—Unless otherwise provided by
8	law, a guarantee by the Secretary shall not exceed
9	an amount equal to 80 percent of the project cost
10	of the hybrid technology that is the subject of the
11	guarantee, as estimated at the time at which the
12	guarantee is issued.
13	"(4) Repayment.—
14	"(A) In general.—No guarantee shall be
15	made unless the Secretary determines that
16	there is a reasonable prospect of repayment of
17	the principal and interest on the obligation by
18	the borrower.
19	"(B) Amount.—No guarantee shall be
20	made unless the Secretary determines that the
21	amount of the obligation (when combined with
22	amounts available to the borrower from other
23	sources) will be sufficient to carry out the

project.

24

1	"(C) Subordination.—The obligation
2	shall be subject to the condition that the obliga-
3	tion is not subordinate to other financing.
4	"(5) Interest rate.—An obligation shall bear
5	interest at a rate that does not exceed a level that
6	the Secretary determines appropriate, taking into
7	account the prevailing rate of interest in the private
8	sector for similar loans and risks.
9	"(6) Term.—The term of an obligation shall
10	require full repayment over a period not to exceed
11	the lesser of—
12	"(A) 30 years; or
13	"(B) 90 percent of the projected useful life
14	of the physical asset to be financed by the obli-
15	gation (as determined by the Secretary).
16	"(7) Defaults.—
17	"(A) Payment by secretary.—
18	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If a borrower de-
19	faults on the obligation (as defined in reg-
20	ulations promulgated by the Secretary and
21	specified in the guarantee contract), the
22	holder of the guarantee shall have the
23	right to demand payment of the unpaid
24	amount from the Secretary.

1	"(ii) Payment required.—Within
2	such period as may be specified in the
3	guarantee or related agreements, the Sec-
4	retary shall pay to the holder of the guar-
5	antee the unpaid interest on, and unpaid
6	principal of the obligation as to which the
7	borrower has defaulted, unless the Sec-
8	retary finds that—
9	"(I) there was no default by the
10	borrower in the payment of interest or
11	principal; or
12	"(II) the default has been rem-
13	edied.
14	"(iii) Forbearance.—Nothing in
15	this subsection precludes any forbearance
16	by the holder of the obligation for the ben-
17	efit of the borrower that may be agreed
18	upon by the parties to the obligation and
19	approved by the Secretary.
20	"(B) Subrogation.—
21	"(i) In General.—If the Secretary
22	makes a payment under subparagraph (A),
23	the Secretary shall be subrogated to the
24	rights of the recipient of the payment as
25	specified in the guarantee or related agree-

1	ments including, where appropriate, the
2	authority (notwithstanding any other pro-
3	vision of law) to—
4	"(I) complete, maintain, operate,
5	lease, or otherwise dispose of any
6	property acquired pursuant to the
7	guarantee or related agreements; or
8	"(II) permit the borrower, pursu-
9	ant to an agreement with the Sec-
10	retary, to continue to pursue the pur-
11	poses of the eligible project, as the
12	Secretary determines to be in the pub-
13	lic interest.
14	"(ii) Superiority of rights.—The
15	rights of the Secretary, with respect to any
16	property acquired pursuant to a guarantee
17	or related agreement, shall be superior to
18	the rights of any other person with respect
19	to the property.
20	"(iii) Terms and conditions.—A
21	guarantee agreement shall include such de-
22	tailed terms and conditions as the Sec-
23	retary determines appropriate to—

1	"(I) protect the interests of the
2	United States in the case of default
3	and
4	"(II) have available all the pat-
5	ents and technology necessary for any
6	person selected, including the Sec-
7	retary, to complete and operate the el-
8	igible project.
9	"(C) PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL AND INTER-
10	EST BY SECRETARY.—With respect to any obli-
11	gation guaranteed under this section, the Sec-
12	retary may enter into a contract to pay, and
13	pay, holders of the obligation, for and on behalf
14	of the borrower, from funds appropriated for
15	that purpose, the principal and interest pay-
16	ments that become due and payable on the un-
17	paid balance of the obligation if the Secretary
18	finds that—
19	"(i)(I) the borrower is unable to meet
20	the payments and is not in default;
21	"(II) it is in the public interest to per-
22	mit the borrower to continue to pursue the
23	purposes of the eligible project; and
24	"(III) the probable net benefit to the
25	Federal Government in paying the print

1	cipal and interest will be greater than the
2	benefit that would result in the event of a
3	default;
4	"(ii) the amount of the payment that
5	the Secretary is authorized to pay will be
6	no greater than the amount of principal
7	and interest that the borrower is obligated
8	to pay under the agreement being guaran-
9	teed; and
10	"(iii) the borrower agrees to reim-
11	burse the Secretary for the payment (in-
12	cluding interest) on terms and conditions
13	that are satisfactory to the Secretary.
14	"(D) ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
15	"(i) Notification.—If the borrower
16	defaults on an obligation, the Secretary
17	shall notify the Attorney General of the de-
18	fault.
19	"(ii) Recovery.—On receipt of noti-
20	fication, the Attorney General shall take
21	such action as the Attorney General deter-
22	mines to be appropriate to recover the un-
23	paid principal and interest due from—

1	"(I) such assets of the defaulting
2	borrower as are associated with the
3	obligation; or
4	"(II) any other security pledged
5	to secure the obligation.
6	"(8) Fees.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
8	charge and collect fees for guarantees in
9	amounts the Secretary determines are sufficient
10	to cover applicable administrative expenses.
11	"(B) AVAILABILITY.—Fees collected under
12	this paragraph shall—
13	"(i) be deposited by the Secretary into
14	the Treasury; and
15	"(ii) remain available until expended,
16	subject to such other conditions as are con-
17	tained in annual appropriations Acts.
18	"(9) Records; Audits.—
19	"(A) In general.—A recipient of a guar-
20	antee shall keep such records and other perti-
21	nent documents as the Secretary shall prescribe
22	by regulation, including such records as the
23	Secretary may require to facilitate an effective
24	audit.

1	"(B) Access.—The Secretary and the
2	Comptroller General of the United States, or
3	their duly authorized representatives, shall have
4	access, for the purpose of audit, to the records
5	and other pertinent documents.
6	"(10) Full faith and credit.—The full
7	faith and credit of the United States is pledged to
8	the payment of all guarantees issued under this sec-
9	tion with respect to principal and interest.
10	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
11	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
12	essary to provide the cost of guarantees under this sec-
13	tion.".
14	(b) Efficient Hybrid and Advanced Diesel Ve-
15	HICLES.—Section 712(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
16	(42 U.S.C. 16062(a)) is amended in the second sentence
17	by striking "grants to automobile manufacturers" and in-
18	serting "grants and the provision of loan guarantees under
19	section 711(c) to automobile manufacturers and sup-
20	pliers".
21	SEC. 210. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MOTOR VEHICLES MAN-
22	UFACTURING CREDIT.
23	(a) In General.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-

 $24\,$ chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of

1	1986 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.) is amended by
2	adding at the end the following new section:
3	"SEC. 30D. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MOTOR VEHICLES
4	MANUFACTURING CREDIT.
5	"(a) Credit Allowed.—There shall be allowed as
6	a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the
7	taxable year an amount equal to 35 percent of the quali-
8	fied investment of an eligible taxpayer for such taxable
9	year.
10	"(b) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of this
11	section—
12	"(1) In general.—The term 'qualified invest-
13	ment' means, with respect to any taxable year, the
14	sum of—
15	"(A) the costs paid or incurred by the eli-
16	gible taxpayer during such taxable year—
17	"(i) to re-equip, expand, or establish
18	any manufacturing facility in the United
19	States of the eligible taxpayer to produce
20	advanced technology motor vehicles or to
21	produce eligible components, and
22	"(ii) for qualified research (as defined
23	in section 41(d)) related to advanced tech-
24	nology motor vehicles and eligible compo-
25	nents performed in the United States, and

1	"(B) qualified engineering integration
2	costs performed in the United States.
3	"(2) Attribution rules.—For purposes of
4	paragraph (1)(A)(i), in the case of a manufacturing
5	facility of the eligible taxpayer which produces both
6	advanced technology motor vehicles and other motor
7	vehicles, or eligible components and other compo-
8	nents, only the amount paid or incurred for the pro-
9	duction of advanced technology motor vehicles and
10	eligible components shall be taken into account.
11	"(c) Eligible Taxpayer.—For purposes of this sec-
12	tion—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible taxpayer'
14	means—
15	"(A) any motor vehicle manufacturer if
16	more than 50 percent of its gross receipts for
17	the taxable year is derived from the manufac-
18	ture of motor vehicles or any component parts
19	of such vehicles, and
20	"(B) any motor vehicle component parts
21	manufacturer if more than 20 percent of its
22	gross receipts for the taxable year is derived
23	from the manufacture of any component parts
24	of motor vehicles.

1	"(2) Motor vehicle manufacturer.—The
2	term 'motor vehicle manufacturer' means any tax-
3	payer who manufacturers motor vehicles.
4	"(3) Motor vehicle component parts man-
5	UFACTURER.—The term 'motor vehicle component
6	parts manufacturer' means any taxpayer who manu-
7	factures motor vehicle component parts, but is not
8	a motor vehicle manufacturer.
9	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
10	"(1) Advanced technology motor vehi-
11	CLE.—The term 'advanced technology motor vehicle'
12	means—
13	"(A) any new qualified fuel cell motor vehi-
14	cle (as defined in section 30B(b)(3));
15	"(B) any new advanced lean burn tech-
16	nology motor vehicle (as defined in section
17	30B(e)(3));
18	"(C) any new qualified hybrid motor vehi-
19	cle (as defined in section 30B(d)(3)(A) and de-
20	termined without regard to any gross vehicle
21	weight rating);
22	"(D) any new qualified alternative motor
23	fuel vehicle (as defined in section 30B(e)(4));
24	"(E) any plug-in hybrid electric vehicle;
25	and

1	"(F) any electric vehicle.
2	"(2) Eligible components.—The term 'eligi-
3	ble component' means any component inherent to
4	any advanced technology motor vehicle but not in-
5	herent to a motor vehicle which is not an advanced
6	technology motor vehicle, including—
7	"(A) with respect to any gasoline or diesel-
8	electric new qualified hybrid motor vehicle,
9	any—
10	"(i) electric motor or generator,
11	"(ii) power split device,
12	"(iii) power control unit,
13	"(iv) power controls,
14	"(v) integrated starter generator, or
15	"(vi) battery,
16	"(B) with respect to any hydraulic new
17	qualified hybrid motor vehicle, any—
18	"(i) accumulator or other energy stor-
19	age device,
20	"(ii) hydraulic pump, or
21	"(iii) hydraulic pump-motor assembly,
22	"(iv) power control unit, or
23	"(v) power controls,
24	"(C) with respect to any new advanced
25	lean burn technology motor vehicle, any—

1	"(i) diesel engine,
2	"(ii) turbocharger,
3	"(iii) fuel injection system, or
4	"(iv) after-treatment system, such as
5	a particle filter or NOx absorber, and
6	"(D) with respect to any advanced tech-
7	nology motor vehicle, any other component sub-
8	mitted for approval by the Secretary.
9	"(3) Motor vehicle.—The term 'motor vehi-
10	cle' has the meaning given such term by section
11	30(e)(2).
12	"(4) Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'plug-in hy-
14	brid electric vehicle' means a light-duty, me-
15	dium-duty, or heavy-duty on-road or nonroad
16	vehicle that is propelled by any combination
17	of—
18	"(i) an electric motor and on-board,
19	rechargeable energy storage system capable
20	of operating the vehicle in intermittent or
21	continuous all-electric mode and which is
22	rechargeable using an off-board source of
23	electricity, and
24	"(ii) an internal combustion engine or
25	heat engine using any combustible fuel.

1	"(B) Nonroad vehicle.—The term
2	'nonroad vehicle' means a vehicle powered by a
3	nonroad engine, as that term is defined in sec-
4	tion 216 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C
5	7550).
6	"(5) Qualified engineering integration
7	COSTS.—For purposes of subsection (b)(1)(B), the
8	term 'qualified engineering integration costs' means
9	with respect to any advanced technology motor vehi-
10	cle, costs incurred prior to the market introduction
11	of such motor vehicle for engineering tasks related
12	to—
13	"(A) establishing functional, structural
14	and performance requirements for components
15	and subsystems to meet overall vehicle objec-
16	tives for a specific application,
17	"(B) designing interfaces for components
18	and subsystems with mating systems within a
19	specific vehicle application,
20	"(C) designing cost effective, efficient, and
21	reliable manufacturing processes to produce
22	components and subsystems for a specific vehi-
23	cle application, and

1	"(D) validating functionality and perform-
2	ance of components and subsystems for a spe-
3	cific vehicle application.
4	"(e) Limitation Based on Amount of Tax.—
5	"(1) In general.—The credit allowed under
6	subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not exceed
7	the sum of—
8	"(A) the taxpayer's regular tax liability (as
9	defined in section 26(b)) for the taxable year,
10	plus
11	"(B) the tax imposed under section 55 for
12	the taxable year.
13	"(2) Carryover of unused credit
14	AMOUNTS.—
15	"(A) In general.—If the credit allowable
16	under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds
17	the limitation under paragraph (1) for such tax-
18	able year, such excess shall be allowed—
19	"(i) as a credit carryback to each of
20	the 13 taxable years preceding such year,
21	and
22	"(ii) as a credit carryforward to each
23	of the 20 taxable years following such year.

1	"(B) Amount carried to each year.—
2	For purposes of this paragraph, rules similar to
3	the rules of section 39(a)(2) shall apply.
4	"(f) Special Rules.—
5	"(1) REDUCTION IN BASIS.—For purposes of
6	this subtitle, if a credit is allowed under this section
7	for any expenditure with respect to any property, the
8	increase in the basis of such property which would
9	(but for this paragraph) result from such expendi-
10	ture shall be reduced by the amount of the credit so
11	allowed.
12	"(2) Investments and property outside
13	THE UNITED STATES.—No credit shall be allowed
14	under subsection (a) with respect to—
15	"(A) any manufacturing facility which is
16	located outside the United States, and
17	"(B) any engineering integration or re-
18	search and development conducted outside the
19	United States.
20	"(3) Aggregation of expenditures; allo-
21	CATIONS.—For purposes of this section, rules simi-
22	lar to the rules of paragraphs (1) and (2) of section
23	41(f) shall apply.
24	"(4) RECAPTURE.—The Secretary shall, by reg-
25	ulation, provide for recapturing the benefit of any

credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to any manufacturing facility which ceases to produce advanced technology motor vehicles or eligible components.

"(5) Public Statement.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—No credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year unless the eligible taxpayer makes publicly available a statement describing the activities of the eligible taxpayer for which the credit is allowed and the public benefits of such activities, including the estimated amount of any reduction in national oil consumption in future years as a result of such activities.

"(B) TIME FOR PUBLICATION.—The statement required under subparagraph (A) shall be made available not later than 90 days after the end of the taxable year for which the credit under subsection (a) is allowed and shall be in such form as the Secretary shall prescribe.

"(6) No double benefit.—

"(A) COORDINATION WITH OTHER DEDUC-TIONS AND CREDITS.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the amount of any deduction or other credit allowable under this chapter for any cost taken into account in determining the amount of the credit under subsection (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such credit attributable to such cost.

"(B) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), any amount described in subsection (b)(1)(A)(ii) taken into account in determining the amount of the credit under subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining the credit under section 41 for such taxable year.

"(ii) Costs taken into account in Determining base period research expenses.—Any amounts described in subsection (b)(1)(A)(ii) taken into account in determining the amount of the credit under subsection (a) for any taxable year which are qualified research expenses (within the meaning of section 41(b)) shall be taken into account in determining base period research expenses for purposes of

1	applying section 41 to subsequent taxable
2	years.
3	"(g) Election Not to Take Credit.—No credit
4	shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any property if
5	the taxpayer elects not to have this section apply to such
6	property.
7	"(h) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
8	such regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions
9	of this section.".
10	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
11	(1) Section 1016(a) of the Internal Revenue
12	Code of 1986, as amended by this Act, is amended
13	by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (37), by
14	striking the period at the end of paragraph (38) and
15	inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing new paragraph:
17	"(39) to the extent provided in section
18	30D(f)(1).".
19	(2) Section 6501(m) of such Code is amended
20	by inserting " $30D(g)$," after " $30C(e)(5)$,".
21	(3) The table of sections for subpart B of part
22	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
23	amended by inserting after the item relating to sec-
24	tion 30C the following new item:

"Sec. 30D. Advanced technology motor vehicles manufacturing credit.".

1	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
2	this section shall apply to amounts incurred in taxable
3	years beginning after December 31, 1993.
4	SEC. 211. CONSUMER INCENTIVES TO PURCHASE AD
5	VANCED TECHNOLOGY VEHICLES.
6	(a) Elimination on Number of New Qualified
7	HYBRID AND ADVANCED LEAN BURN TECHNOLOGY VE-
8	HICLES ELIGIBLE FOR ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE
9	Credit.—
10	(1) In general.—Section 30B of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking sub-
12	section (f) and by redesignating subsections (g)
13	through (j) as subsections (f) through (i), respec-
14	tively.
15	(2) Conforming amendments.—
16	(A) Paragraphs (4) and (6) of section
17	30B(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
18	are each amended by striking "(determined
19	without regard to subsection (g))" and inserting
20	"determined without regard to subsection (f))"
21	(B) Section 38(b)(25) of such Code is
22	amended by striking "section 30B(g)(1)" and
23	inserting "section 30B(f)(1)".

1	(C) Section $55(c)(2)$ of such Code is
2	amended by striking "section 30B(g)(2)" and
3	inserting "section 30B(f)(2)".
4	(D) Section 1016(a)(36) of such Code is
5	amended by striking "section 30B(h)(4)" and
6	inserting "section 30B(g)(4)".
7	(E) Section 6501(m) of such Code is
8	amended by striking "section 30B(h)(9)" and
9	inserting "section 30B(g)(9)".
10	(b) Extension of Alternative Vehicle Credit
11	FOR NEW QUALIFIED HYBRID MOTOR VEHICLES.—Para-
12	graph (3) of section 30B(i) of the Internal Revenue Code
13	of 1986 (as redesignated by subsection (a)) is amended
14	by striking "December 31, 2009" and inserting "Decem-
15	ber 31, 2010''.
16	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
17	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
18	December 31, 2006, in taxable years ending after such
19	date.
20	SEC. 212. CONSUMER INCENTIVES TO PURCHASE PLUG-IN
21	HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES.
22	(a) New Qualified Hybrid Motor Vehicle In-
23	CLUDES PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES.—
24	(1) In general.—Section 30B(d)(3)(A) of the
25	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (defining new quali-

1	fied hybrid motor vehicle) is amended by striking
2	"and" at the end of clause (vi), by striking the pe-
3	riod at the end of clause (vii) and inserting ", and",
4	and by inserting after clause (vii) the following new
5	clause:
6	"(viii) which includes plug-in hybrid
7	electric vehicles for purposes of paragraphs
8	(2)(A) and $(2)(B)$.".
9	(2) Definition.—Section 30B(d)(3) of such
10	Code is amended by adding at the end the following
11	new subparagraph:
12	"(D) Plug-in hybrid electric vehi-
13	CLE.—
14	"(i) In general.—The term 'plug-in
15	hybrid electric vehicle' means a light-duty,
16	medium-duty, or heavy-duty on-road or
17	nonroad vehicle that is propelled by any
18	combination of—
19	"(I) an electric motor and on-
20	board, rechargeable energy storage
21	system capable of operating the vehi-
22	cle in intermittent or continuous all-
23	electric mode and which is recharge-
24	able using an off-board source of elec-
25	tricity, and

1	"(II) an internal combustion en-
2	gine or heat engine using any combus-
3	tible fuel.
4	"(ii) Nonroad vehicle.—The term
5	'nonroad vehicle' means a vehicle powered
6	by a nonroad engine, as that term is de-
7	fined in section 216 of the Clean Air Act
8	(42 U.S.C. 7550)."
9	(b) Credit Amount for Passenger Automobiles
10	AND LIGHT TRUCKS.—
11	(1) In general.—Section 30B(d)(2)(A) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
13	(A) by striking "clauses (i) and (ii)" and
14	inserting "clauses (i), (ii), and (iii)",
15	(B) by inserting ", except that for pur-
16	poses of any plug-in hybrid electric vehicle, sub-
17	section (c)(2)(A)(ii) shall not include fuel econ-
18	omy increases resulting from off-board sources
19	of electricity" after "such subsection" in clause
20	(i), and
21	(C) by adding at the end the following new
22	clause:
23	"(iii) Increase for battery-pow-
24	ERED RANGE FROM OFF-BOARD ELEC-
25	TRICITY.—The amount determined under

1	this clause in 2009 through 2015 as fol-
2	lows:
3	"(I) \$800 if such vehicle uses a
4	4 kWh traction battery.
5	"(II) \$1200 if such vehicle uses a
6	5 kWh traction battery.
7	"(III) \$1600 if such vehicle uses
8	a 6 kWh traction battery.
9	"(IV) \$2000 if such vehicle uses
10	a 7 kWh traction battery.
11	"(V) \$2400 if such vehicle uses a
12	8 kwh traction battery.
13	"(VI) \$2800 if such vehicle uses
14	a 9 kWh traction battery.
15	"(VII) \$3000 if such vehicle uses
16	a 10 kWh traction battery.
17	"(VIII) \$3200 if such vehicle
18	uses a 11 kWh traction battery.
19	"(IX) \$3400 if such vehicle uses
20	a 12 kWh traction battery.
21	"(X) \$3800 if such vehicle uses a
22	13 kWh traction battery.
23	"(XI) \$4000 if such vehicle uses
24	a 14 kWh traction battery.

1	"(XII) \$4200 if such vehicle uses
2	a 15 kWh traction battery.".
3	(2) Definition.—Section 30B(d)(3) of such
4	Code, as amended by subsection (a)(2), is amended
5	by adding at the end the following new subpara-
6	graph:
7	"(E) KWH TRACTION BATTERY.—For pur-
8	poses of paragraph (2)(A)(iii), the term 'kWh
9	traction battery' means the size of an electro-
10	chemical storage device as measured by from
11	100 percent state of charge to 0 percent state
12	of charge.".
13	(e) Credit Amount for Other Motor Vehi-
14	CLES.—
15	(1) In general.—Section $30B(d)(2)(B)(ii)$ of
16	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by
17	striking "and" at the end of subclause (II), by strik-
18	ing the period at the end of subclause (III) and in-
19	serting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing new subclause:
21	"(IV) 40 percent for a plug-in
22	hybrid electric vehicle that can use
23	off-board electricity to recharge an en-
24	ergy storage device capable of at least
25	10 miles of all electric range and a

1	percentage greater than 40 percent if
2	the all electric range is greater than
3	10 miles, as determined by the Ad-
4	ministrator of the Environmental Pro-
5	tection Agency.".
6	(2) Definition.—Section 30B(d)(3) of such
7	Code, as amended by subsection (b)(2), is amended
8	by adding at the end the following new subpara-
9	graph:
10	"(F) All electric range.—For pur-
11	poses of paragraph (2)(B)—
12	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'all elec-
13	tric range' means miles traveled in a hy-
14	brid electric vehicle capable of using an
15	off-board source of electricity and tested
16	using the Environmental Protection Agen-
17	cy's Federal Urban Driving Schedule or a
18	new driving schedule for plug-in hybrid
19	electric vehicles.
20	"(ii) Driving schedule for plug-
21	IN HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES.—
22	"(I) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not
23	later than 18 months after the date of
24	enactment of this subparagraph, the
25	Administrator of the Environmental

Protection Agency shall develop a driving schedule for plug-in hybrid electric vehicles based on a test that shall start with a full battery and end when the battery reaches 20 percent state of charge after intermittent use of the battery and electric motor for vehicle propulsion at speeds no greater than 35 miles per hour, and which does not count vehicle miles traveled while the engine is operating.

"(II) Bonus credits.—Vehicles that can travel in all electric mode during a separate test of higher speed operation shall be entitled to bonus all electric range miles for purposes of the credit provided in this section on a schedule to be established by rule by the Administrator.".

20 (d) Duration of Tax Credit.—Section 30B(i)(3)

21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as redesignated and

22 amended by this Act, is amended by inserting "(December

23 31, 2015, in the case of a new qualified hybrid motor vehi-

24 cle which is a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle)" after "De-

25 cember 31, 2010".

- 1 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 2 this section shall apply to property placed in service after
- 3 December 31, 2008.
- 4 SEC. 213. FEDERAL FLEET REQUIREMENTS.
- 5 (a) Regulations.—
- 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy
 7 shall issue regulations for Federal fleets subject to
 8 the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13201 et
 9 seq.) requiring that not later than fiscal year 2016
 10 each Federal agency achieve at least a 30 percent
- 11 reduction in petroleum consumption, as calculated
- from the baseline established by the Secretary for
- fiscal year 2005.
- 14 (2) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than fiscal year
- 15 2016, of the Federal vehicles required to be alter-
- 16 native fueled vehicles under title V of the Energy
- 17 Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13251 et seq.), at
- least 30 percent shall be hybrid motor vehicles (in-
- 19 cluding plug-in hybrid motor vehicles) or new ad-
- vanced lean burn technology motor vehicles (as de-
- fined in section 30B(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
- 22 Code of 1986).
- 23 (b) Inclusion of Electric Drive in Energy
- 24 Policy Act of 1992.—Section 508(a) of the Energy Pol-
- 25 icy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13258(a)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "The Secretary" and inserting
2	the following:
3	"(1) Allocation.—The Secretary"; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(2) Electric vehicles.—Not later than
6	January 31, 2009, the Secretary shall—
7	"(A) allocate credit in an amount to be de-
8	termined by the Secretary for—
9	"(i) acquisition of—
10	"(I) a light-duty hybrid electric
11	vehicle;
12	"(II) a plug-in hybrid electric ve-
13	hicle;
14	"(III) a fuel cell electric vehicle;
15	"(IV) a medium- or heavy-duty
16	hybrid electric vehicle;
17	"(V) a neighborhood electric ve-
18	hicle; or
19	"(VI) a medium- or heavy-duty
20	dedicated vehicle; and
21	"(ii) investment in qualified alter-
22	native fuel infrastructure or nonroad
23	equipment, as determined by the Sec-
24	retary; and

1	"(B) allocate more than 1, but not to ex-
2	ceed 5, credits for investment in an emerging
3	technology relating to any vehicle described in
4	subparagraph (A) to encourage—
5	"(i) a reduction in petroleum demand;
6	"(ii) technological advancement; and
7	"(iii) environmental safety.".
8	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
9	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section (in-
10	cluding the amendments made by subsection (b))
11	\$10,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2008 through
12	2013.
13	SEC. 214. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE
13 14	SEC. 214. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIRE-
14	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIRE-
14 15 16	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIRE- MENT.
14 15 16 17	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIRE- MENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42)
14 15 16 17	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13215) is amended to read as follows:
14 15 16 17 18	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13215) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 306. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASO-
14 15 16 17 18	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13215) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 306. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13215) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 306. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13215) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 306. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT. "(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MENT. Section 306 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13215) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 306. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT. "(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which

anol, rather than gasoline that is not ethanol-blended, for 2 use in vehicles used by the agency that use gasoline. 3 "(b) Biodiesel.— "(1) Definition of Biodiesel.—In this sub-4 5 section, the term 'biodiesel' has the meaning given 6 the term in section 312(f). 7 "(2) REQUIREMENT.—The head of each Fed-8 eral agency shall ensure that the Federal agency 9 purchases, for use in fueling fleet vehicles that use 10 diesel fuel used by the Federal agency at the loca-11 tion at which fleet vehicles of the Federal agency are 12 centrally fueled, in areas in which the biodiesel-13 blended diesel fuel described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) is available at a generally competitive 14 15 price— "(A) as of the date that is 5 years after 16 17 the date of enactment of this paragraph, bio-18 diesel-blended diesel fuel that contains at least 19 20 percent biodiesel, rather than diesel fuel that 20 is not biodiesel-blended; and "(B) as of the date that is 10 years after 21 22 the date of enactment of this paragraph, bio-23 diesel-blended diesel fuel that contains at least 24 80 percent biodiesel, rather than diesel fuel that

is not biodiesel-blended.

25

1	"(3) Requirement of Federal Law.—This
2	subsection shall not be considered a requirement of
3	Federal law for the purposes of section 312.
4	"(c) Exemption.—This section does not apply to
5	fuel used in vehicles excluded from the definition of 'fleet'
6	by subparagraphs (A) through (H) of section 301(9).".
7	SEC. 215. USE OF THE EXISTING FLEXIBLE FUEL VEHICLE
8	FLEET OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.
9	(a) Use of Alternative Fuels by Flexible
10	Fuel Vehicles.—Section 400AA(a)(3) of the Energy
11	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6374(a)(3)) is
12	amended by striking subparagraph (E) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(E) Use of alternative fuels by
15	FLEXIBLE FUEL VEHICLES.—
16	"(i) In general.—Flexible fuel vehi-
17	cles acquired pursuant to this section shall
18	be operated on alternative fuels unless the
19	Secretary determines that an agency quali-
20	fies for a waiver of that requirement for
21	vehicles operated by the agency in a par-
22	ticular geographic area in which—
23	"(I) the alternative fuel otherwise
24	required to be used in the vehicle is
25	not reasonably available to retail pur-

1	chasers of the fuel, as certified to the
2	Secretary by the head of the agency;
3	or
4	"(II) the cost of the alternative
5	fuel otherwise required to be used in
6	the vehicle is unreasonably more ex-
7	pensive compared to gasoline, as cer-
8	tified to the Secretary by the head of
9	the agency.
10	"(ii) Compliance.—The Secretary
11	shall monitor compliance with this sub-
12	paragraph by all agency fleets and shall
13	submit annually to Congress a report
14	that—
15	"(I) describes the extent to which
16	the requirements of this subparagraph
17	are being achieved; and
18	"(II) includes information on an-
19	nual reductions achieved from the use
20	of petroleum-based fuels and the prob-
21	lems, if any, encountered in acquiring
22	alternative fuels.".
23	(b) ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE AND FLEXIBILITY.—
24	Section 514 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
25	13263a) is amended to read as follows:

1 "SEC. 514. ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE.

2	"(a) APPLICATION FOR WAIVER.—Any head of a
3	Federal agency described in section 303(b)(3), any cov-
4	ered person subject to section 501, and any State subject
5	to section 507(o) may petition the Secretary for a waiver
6	of the applicable requirements of section 303, 501, or
7	507(o).
8	"(b) Grant of Waiver.—The Secretary may grant
9	a waiver of the requirements of section 303, 501, or
10	507(o) upon a showing that the fleet owned, operated,
11	leased, or otherwise controlled by the Federal agency,
12	State, or covered person—
13	"(1) will achieve a reduction in its annual con-
14	sumption of petroleum fuels equal to—
15	"(A) the reduction in consumption of pe-
16	troleum that would result from 100 percent
17	compliance with fuel use requirements in sec-
18	tion 303 or 501, as appropriate; or
19	"(B) for entities covered under section
20	507(o), a reduction equal to the covered entity's
21	consumption of alternative fuels if all its alter-
22	native fuel vehicles given credit under section
23	508 were to use alternative fuel 100 percent of
24	the time; and

1	"(2) is in compliance with all applicable vehicle
2	emission standards established by the Administrator
3	under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
4	"(c) REVOCATION OF WAIVER.—The Secretary shall
5	revoke any waiver granted under this section if the Fed-
6	eral agency, State, or covered person fails to comply with
7	subsection (b).".
8	SEC. 216. STANDARDS FOR EXECUTIVE AGENCY AUTO-
9	MOBILES.
10	(a) In General.—Section 32917 of title 49, United
11	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
12	"§ 32917. Standards for executive agency automobiles
13	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	"(1) Automobile.—The term 'automobile'
15	does not include any vehicle designed for combat-re-
16	lated missions, law enforcement work, or emergency
17	rescue work.
18	"(2) Executive agency.—The term 'Execu-
19	tive agency' has the meaning given that term in sec-
20	tion 105 of title 5.
21	"(3) New Automobile.—The term 'new auto-
22	mobile', with respect to the fleet of automobiles of
23	an executive agency, means an automobile that is
24	leased for at least 60 consecutive days or nurchased

- 1 by or for the Executive agency, after September 30,
- 2 2005.
- 3 "(b) Baseline Average Fuel Economy.—In ac-
- 4 cordance with guidance issued under subsection (e), the
- 5 head of each Executive agency shall calculate the average
- 6 fuel economy for all automobiles in the Executive agency's
- 7 fleet of automobiles that were leased or purchased during
- 8 fiscal year 2005, which calculation shall serve as the base-
- 9 line average fuel economy for the Executive agency's fleet
- 10 of automobiles.
- 11 "(c) Increase of Average Fuel Economy.—The
- 12 head of each Executive agency shall manage the procure-
- 13 ment of automobiles for that Executive agency so that by
- 14 not later than September 30, 2008, the average fuel econ-
- 15 omy of the new automobiles in the Executive agency's fleet
- 16 of automobiles is not less than 3 miles per gallon higher
- 17 than the baseline average fuel economy determined under
- 18 subsection (b) for that Executive agency.
- 19 "(d) Fuel Efficiency.—The head of an Executive
- 20 agency shall ensure that each new automobile procured by
- 21 the Executive agency is as fuel efficient as practicable.
- 22 "(e) Calculation of Average Fuel Economy.—
- 23 The Secretary of Transportation shall issue regulations to
- 24 carry out this section, including regulations regarding the
- 25 calculation of average fuel economy.".

- 1 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
- 2 32901(a)(3) of title 49, United States Code, is amended
- 3 by striking "section 32908 of this title," and inserting
- 4 "sections 32908 and 32917,".

5 SEC. 217. TAX INCENTIVES FOR PRIVATE FLEETS.

- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart E of part IV of sub-
- 7 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 8 1986 is amended by inserting after section 48B the fol-
- 9 lowing new section:

10 "SEC. 48C. FUEL-EFFICIENT FLEET CREDIT.

- 11 "(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 46,
- 12 the fuel-efficient fleet credit for any taxable year is 15 per-
- 13 cent of the qualified fuel-efficient vehicle investment
- 14 amount of an eligible taxpayer for such taxable year.
- 15 "(b) Vehicle Purchase Requirement.—In the
- 16 case of any eligible taxpayer which places less than 10
- 17 qualified fuel-efficient vehicles in service during the tax-
- 18 able year, the qualified fuel-efficient vehicle investment
- 19 amount shall be zero.
- 20 "(c) Qualified Fuel-Efficient Vehicle Invest-
- 21 MENT AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section—
- 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified fuel-ef-
- ficient vehicle investment amount' means the basis
- of any qualified fuel-efficient vehicle placed in serv-
- 25 ice by an eligible taxpayer during the taxable year.

- 1 "(2) Qualified fuel-efficient vehicle.— 2 The term 'qualified fuel-efficient vehicle' means an 3 automobile which has a fuel economy which is at least 125 percent greater than the average fuel econ-4 5 omy standard for an automobile of the same class 6 and model year. 7 "(3) OTHER TERMS.—The terms 'automobile', 8 'average fuel economy standard', 'fuel economy', and 9 'model year' have the meanings given to such terms 10 under section 32901 of title 49, United States Code. 11 "(d) Eligible Taxpayer.—The term 'eligible tax-12 payer' means, with respect to any taxable year, a taxpayer who owns a fleet of 100 or more vehicles which are used in the trade or business of the taxpaver on the first day 14 15 of such taxable year. "(e) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to 16 17 any vehicle placed in service after December 31, 2010.". 18 (b) Credit Treated as Part of Investment 19 Credit.—Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" at the end of para-20 21 graph (3), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the 23 following new paragraph:
- 25 (c) Conforming Amendments.—

"(5) the fuel-efficient fleet credit.".

24

1	(1) Section 49(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue
2	Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" at the
3	end of clause (iii), by striking the period at the end
4	of clause (iv) and inserting ", and", and by adding
5	at the end the following new clause:
6	"(v) the basis of any qualified fuel-ef-
7	ficient vehicle which is taken into account
8	under section 48C.".
9	(2) The table of sections for subpart E of part
10	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
11	amended by inserting after the item relating to sec-
12	tion 48 the following new item:
	"Sec. 48C. Fuel-efficient fleet credit.".
13	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
14	this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
15	2006, in taxable years ending after such date, under rules
16	similar to the rules of section 48(m) of the Internal Rev-
17	enue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the day before the date
18	of the enactment of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of
19	1990).
20	SEC. 218. REDUCING INCENTIVES TO GUZZLE GAS.
21	(a) Inclusion of Heavy Vehicles in Limitation
22	ON DEDDECIATION OF CEDTAIN LIVING AUTO

23 MOBILES.—

1	(1) In General.—Section $280F(d)(5)(A)$ of
2	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (defining pas-
3	senger automobile) is amended—
4	(A) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the
5	following new clause:
6	"(ii)(I) which is rated at 6,000
7	pounds unloaded gross vehicle weight or
8	less, or
9	"(II) which is rated at more than
10	6,000 pounds but not more than 14,000
11	pounds gross vehicle weight.",
12	(B) by striking "clause (ii)" in the second
13	sentence and inserting "clause (ii)(I)".
14	(2) Exception for vehicles used in farm-
15	ING BUSINESS.—Section $280F(d)(5)(B)$ of such
16	Code (relating to exception for certain vehicles) is
17	amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii),
18	by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (iv), and by in-
19	serting after clause (ii) the following new clause:
20	"(iii) any vehicle used in a farming
21	business (as defined in section 263A(e)(4),
22	and".
23	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
24	by this subsection shall apply to property placed in
25	service after the date of the enactment of this Act

1	(b) Updated Depreciation Deduction Limits.—
2	(1) In general.—Subparagraph (A) of section
3	280F(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
4	(relating to limitation on amount of depreciation for
5	luxury automobiles) is amended to read as follows:
6	"(I) LIMITATION.—The amount of the de-
7	preciation deduction for any taxable year shall
8	not exceed for any passenger automobile—
9	"(i) for the 1st taxable year in the re-
10	covery period—
11	"(I) described in subsection
12	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(I), \$4,000,
13	"(II) described in the second sen-
14	tence of subsection $(d)(5)(A)$, \$5,000,
15	and
16	"(III) described in subsection
17	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(II), \$6,000,
18	"(ii) for the 2nd taxable year in the
19	recovery period—
20	(I) described in subsection
21	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(I), \$6,400,
22	"(II) described in the second sen-
23	tence of subsection $(d)(5)(A)$, \$8,000,
24	and

1	"(III) described in subsection
2	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(II), \$9,600,
3	"(iii) for the 3rd taxable year in the
4	recovery period—
5	"(I) described in subsection
6	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(I), \$3,850,
7	"(II) described in the second sen-
8	tence of subsection $(d)(5)(A)$, \$4,800,
9	and
10	"(III) described in subsection
11	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(II), \$5,775, and
12	"(iv) for each succeeding taxable year
13	in the recovery period—
14	"(I) described in subsection
15	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(I), \$2,325,
16	"(II) described in the second sen-
17	tence of subsection $(d)(5)(A)$, \$2,900,
18	and
19	"(III) described in subsection
20	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(II), \$3,475.".
21	(2) Years after recovery period.—Section
22	280F(a)(1)(B)(ii) of such Code is amended to read
23	as follows:
24	"(ii) Limitation.—The amount treat-
25	ed as an expense under clause (i) for any

1	taxable year shall not exceed for any pas-
2	senger automobile—
3	"(I) described in subsection
4	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(I), \$2,325,
5	"(II) described in the second sen-
6	tence of subsection $(d)(5)(A)$, \$2,900,
7	and
8	"(III) described in subsection
9	(d)(5)(A)(ii)(II), \$3,475.".
10	(3) Inflation adjustment.—Section
11	280F(d)(7) of such Code (relating to automobile
12	price inflation adjustment) is amended—
13	(A) by striking "after 1988" in subpara-
14	graph (A) and inserting "after 2007", and
15	(B) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
16	serting the following new subparagraph:
17	"(B) Automobile price inflation ad-
18	JUSTMENT.—For purposes of this paragraph—
19	"(i) In General.—The automobile
20	price inflation adjustment for any calendar
21	year is the percentage (if any) by which—
22	"(I) the average wage index for
23	the preceding calendar year, exceeds
24	"(II) the average wage index for
25	2006.

1	"(ii) Average wage index.—The
2	term 'average wage index' means the aver-
3	age wage index published by the Social Se-
4	curity Administration.".
5	(4) Effective date.—The amendments made
6	by this subsection shall apply to property placed in
7	service after the date of the enactment of this Act.
8	(c) Expensing Limitation for Farm Vehicles.—
9	(1) In General.—Paragraph (6) of section
10	179(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relat-
11	ing to limitations) is amended to read as follows:
12	"(6) Limitation on cost taken into ac-
13	COUNT FOR FARM VEHICLES.—The cost of any vehi-
14	cle described in section 280F(d)(5)(B)(iii) for any
15	taxable year which may be taken into account under
16	this section shall not exceed \$30,000.".
17	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made
18	by this subsection shall apply to property placed in
19	service after the date of the enactment of this Act.
20	SEC. 219. INCREASING THE EFFICIENCY OF MOTOR VEHI-
21	CLES.
22	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
23	(1) Alternative fuel.—The term "alter-
24	native fuel" has the meaning given the term in sec-
25	tion 32901(a) of title 49, United States Code.

1	(2) E85.—The term "E85" means a fuel blend
2	containing 85 percent ethanol and 15 percent gaso-
3	line or diesel by volume.
4	(3) Flexible fuel motor vehicle.—The
5	term "flexible fuel motor vehicle" means a light duty
6	motor vehicle warrantied by the manufacturer of the
7	vehicle to operate on any combination of gasoline,
8	E85, and M85.
9	(4) Hybrid motor vehicle.—The term "hy-
10	brid motor vehicle" means a new qualified hybrid
11	motor vehicle (as defined in section 30B(d)(3) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code of 1986) that achieves at
13	least 125 percent of the model year 2002 city fuel
14	economy.
15	(5) LIGHT-DUTY MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term
16	"light-duty motor vehicle" means, as defined in reg-
17	ulations promulgated by the Administrator of the
18	Environmental Protection Agency that are in effect
19	on the date of the enactment of this Act—
20	(A) a light-duty truck; or
21	(B) a light-duty vehicle.
22	(6) Ms5.—The term "M85" means a fuel blend
23	containing 85 percent methanol and 15 percent gas-

oline or diesel by volume.

24

1	(7) Plug-in hybrid motor vehicle.—The
2	term "plug-in hybrid motor vehicle" means a hybrid
3	motor vehicle that—
4	(A) has an onboard, rechargeable storage
5	device capable of propelling the vehicle solely by
6	electricity for at least 10 miles; and
7	(B) achieves at least 125 percent of the
8	model year 2002 city fuel economy.
9	(8) QUALIFIED MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term
10	"qualified motor vehicle" means—
11	(A) a new advanced lean burn technology
12	motor vehicle (as defined in section 30B(c)(3)
13	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) that
14	achieves at least 125 percent of the model year
15	2002 city fuel economy;
16	(B) an alternative fueled automobile (as
17	defined in section 32901(a) of title 49, United
18	States Code);
19	(C) a flexible fuel motor vehicle;
20	(D) a new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle
21	(as defined in section 30B(b)(3) of the Internal
22	Revenue Code of 1986);
23	(E) a hybrid motor vehicle;
24	(F) a plug-in hybrid motor vehicle;
25	(G) an electric motor vehicle; and

1	(H) any other appropriate motor vehicle
2	that uses substantially new technology and
3	achieve at least 175 percent of the model year
4	2002 city fuel economy, as determined by the
5	Secretary of Transportation, by regulation.
6	(b) Requirements.—
7	(1) In general.—Not less than 50 percent of
8	light-duty motor vehicles manufactured for model
9	year 2012 and each model year thereafter and sold
10	in the United States shall be qualified motor vehi-
11	cles.
12	(2) New Technology.—Not less than 10 per-
13	cent of the qualified motor vehicles manufactured for
14	model year 2017 and each model year thereafter and
15	sold in the United States shall be—
16	(A) hybrid motor vehicles;
17	(B) plug-in hybrid motor vehicles;
18	(C) new advanced lean burn technology
19	motor vehicles (as defined in section $30B(c)(3)$
20	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986);
21	(D) new qualified fuel cell motor vehicles
22	(as defined in section 30B(b)(3) of the Internal
23	Revenue Code of 1986);
24	(E) electric motor vehicles; or

1	(r) any other appropriate motor venicle
2	that uses substantially new technology and
3	achieve at least 175 percent of the model year
4	2002 city fuel economy, as determined by the
5	Secretary of Transportation, by regulation.
6	(c) Rulemaking.—Not later than 1 year after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transpor-
8	tation shall promulgate regulations to carry out this sec-
9	tion.
10	TITLE III—FUEL CHOICES FOR
11	THE 21ST CENTURY
12	SEC. 301. INCREASE IN ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE RE-
13	FUELING PROPERTY CREDIT.
14	(a) In General.—Subsection (a) of section 30C of
15	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking
16	"30 percent" and inserting "50 percent".
17	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
18	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
19	December 31, 2006, in taxable years ending after such
20	date.
21	SEC. 302. EXTENSION OF BIODIESEL INCOME AND EXCISE
22	TAX CREDITS.
23	(a) In General.—Sections 40A(g), 6426(c)(6), and
24	6427(e)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are

1	each amended by striking "December 31, 2008" and in-
2	serting "December 31, 2014".
3	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
4	this section shall take effect on January 1, 2009.
5	SEC. 303. SMALL ETHANOL PRODUCER CREDIT EXPANDED
6	FOR PRODUCERS OF SUCROSE AND CEL-
7	LULOSIC ETHANOL.
8	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
9	40(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating
10	to small ethanol producer credit) is amended by inserting
11	"(30,000,000 gallons for any sucrose or cellulosic ethanol
12	producer)" after "15,000,000 gallons".
13	(b) Sucrose or Cellulosic Ethanol Pro-
14	DUCER.—Section 40(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code
15	of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following
16	new subparagraph:
17	"(E) Sucrose or cellulosic ethanol
18	PRODUCER.—
19	"(i) In general.—For purposes of
20	this paragraph, the term 'sucrose or cel-
21	lulosic ethanol producer' means a producer
22	of ethanol using sucrose feedstock or a
23	producer of cellulosic biomass ethanol (as
24	defined in section $168(l)(3)$).

1	"(ii) Sucrose feedstock.—For pur-
2	poses of clause (i), the term 'sucrose feed-
3	stock' means any raw sugar, refined sugar,
4	or sugar equivalents (including juice and
5	extract). Such term does not include any
6	molasses, beet thick juice, or other similar
7	products as determined by the Secretary.".
8	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
9	(1) Section 40(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue
10	Code of 1986 is amended by striking "15,000,000
11	gallon limitation" and inserting "15,000,000 and
12	30,000,000 gallon limitations".
13	(2) Section 40(g)(5)(B) of such Code is amend-
14	ed by striking "15,000,000 gallons" and inserting
15	"the gallon limitation under subsection (b)(4)(C)".
16	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
17	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
18	the date of the enactment of this Act.
19	SEC. 304. USE OF CAFE PENALTIES TO BUILD ALTERNATIVE
20	FUELING INFRASTRUCTURE.
21	Section 32912 of title 49, United States Code, is
22	amended by adding at the end the following:
23	"(e) Alternative Fueling Infrastructure
24	Grant Program.—
25	"(1) Trust fund.—

1	"(A) Establishment.—There is estab-
2	lished in the Treasury of the United States a
3	trust fund, to be known as the 'Alternative
4	Fueling Infrastructure Trust Fund' (referred to
5	in this subsection as the 'Trust Fund'), con-
6	sisting of such amounts as are deposited into
7	the Trust Fund under subparagraph (B) and
8	any interest earned on investment of amounts
9	in the Trust Fund.
10	"(B) Transfers of civil penalties.—
11	The Secretary of Transportation shall remit 90
12	percent of the amount collected in civil penalties
13	under this section to the Trust Fund.
14	"(2) Establishment of grant program.—
15	"(A) Grants authorized.—The Sec-
16	retary of Energy may award grants to the enti-
17	ties described in paragraph (3) for the purpose
18	of increasing the number of locations at which
19	consumers may purchase alternative fuels.
20	"(B) Obligation of funds.—The Sec-
21	retary of Energy shall obligate such sums as
22	are available in the Trust Fund for grants
23	under this subsection.
24	"(3) Grant recipients.—

1	"(A) In general.—Grants awarded pur-
2	suant to paragraph (2)(A) may be awarded
3	to—
4	"(i) owners of individual fueling sta-
5	tions in an amount not greater than
6	\$150,000 per site or \$500,000 per entity;
7	and
8	"(ii) corporations (including nonprofit
9	corporations) with demonstrated experience
10	in alternative fueling infrastructure.
11	"(B) Priority.—In awarding grants
12	under this paragraph, the Secretary of Energy
13	shall—
14	"(i) give priority to recognized non-
15	profit corporations that have proven expe-
16	rience in the administration of grant fund-
17	ing and demonstrated technical expertise
18	in the establishment of alternative fueling
19	infrastructure;
20	"(ii) consider the number of vehicles
21	produced for sale in the preceding produc-
22	tion year capable of using each type of al-
23	ternative fuel; and
24	"(iii) identify 1 primary group for
25	each type of alternative fuel.

1	"(4) Use of funds.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Grants awarded under
3	paragraph (2)(A) may be used to—
4	"(i) construct new facilities to dis-
5	pense alternative fuels;
6	"(ii) purchase equipment to upgrade,
7	expand, or otherwise improve existing al-
8	ternative fuel facilities; or
9	"(iii) purchase equipment or pay for
10	specific turnkey fueling services by alter-
11	native fuel providers.
12	"(B) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—The
13	Secretary of Energy may not award a grant
14	under paragraph (2)(A) unless the grant recipi-
15	ent agrees to provide \$1 of non-Federal con-
16	tributions for every \$3 of grant funds received
17	under this subsection.
18	"(C) Administrative expenses.—A re-
19	cipient of a grant under paragraph (2)(A) may
20	not use more than 10 percent of any such grant
21	for administrative expenses.
22	"(5) Selection of alternative fuel sta-
23	TIONS.—Each grant recipient shall select the loca-
24	tion for each alternative fuel station to be con-
25	structed with grant funds received under paragraph

1	(2)(A) on a formal, open, and competitive basis,
2	based on—
3	"(A) the public demand for each alter-
4	native fuel in a particular county based on state
5	registration records showing the number of ve-
6	hicles that can be operated with alternative fuel;
7	and
8	"(B) the opportunity to create or expand
9	corridors of alternative fuel stations along inter-
10	state or State highways; and
11	"(C) maximizing the geographic dispersion
12	of alternative fuel stations.
13	"(6) Operation of alternative fuel sta-
14	TIONS.—A facility constructed or upgraded with
15	grant funds received under paragraph (2)(A) shall—
16	"(A) provide alternative fuel available to
17	the public for a period of not less than 4 years;
18	"(B) establish a marketing plan to advance
19	the sale and use of alternative fuels;
20	"(C) prominently display the price of alter-
21	native fuel on the marquee and in the station;
22	"(D) provide point of sale materials on al-
23	ternative fuel;
24	"(E) clearly label the dispenser with con-
25	sistent materials;

1	"(F) price the alternative fuel at the same
2	margin that is received for unleaded gasoline;
3	and
4	"(G) support and use all available tax in-
5	centives to reduce the cost of the alternative
6	fuel to the lowest possible retail price.
7	"(7) Notification requirements.—
8	"(A) OPENING.—Not later than the date
9	on which each alternative fuel station begins to
10	offer alternative fuel to the public, the grant re-
11	cipient that used grant funds to construct such
12	station shall notify the Secretary of Energy of
13	such opening and the Secretary shall add the
14	new alternative fuel station to the alternative
15	fuel station locator on its website.
16	"(B) Semi-annual report.—Not later
17	than 6 months after receiving a grant under
18	this subsection, and every 6 months thereafter,
19	each grant recipient shall submit a report to the
20	Secretary of Energy that describes—
21	"(i) the status of each alternative fuel
22	station constructed with grant funds re-
23	ceived under this subsection:

1	"(ii) the amount of alternative fuel
2	dispensed at each station during the pre-
3	ceding 6-month period; and
4	"(iii) the average price per gallon of
5	the alternative fuel sold at each station
6	during the preceding 6-month period.
7	"(8) Alternative fuel defined.—In this
8	subsection, the term 'alternative fuel' means—
9	"(A) any fuel of which—
10	"(i) not less than 85 percent of the
11	volume consists of ethanol, natural gas,
12	compressed natural gas, liquefied natural
13	gas, liquefied petroleum gas, or hydrogen;
14	or
15	"(ii) a percentage determined by the
16	Secretary, by rule, that is not less than 70
17	percent, of the volume consists of the ele-
18	ments listed in clause (i), to provide for re-
19	quirements relating to cold start, safety, or
20	vehicle functions; or
21	"(B) any mixture of biodiesel and diesel
22	fuel determined without regard to any use of
23	kerosene that contains at least 20 percent bio-
24	diesel.".

1	SEC. 305. ACCELERATING CONVERSION TO ALTERNATIVE
2	FUELS INFRASTRUCTURE.
3	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
4	(1) as of the date of enactment of this Act, an
5	estimated 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 flexible-fuel vehi-
6	cles are on roads in the United States;
7	(2) based on the report of the Department of
8	Energy entitled "Transportation Energy Date Book:
9	Edition 25," only 740 refueling sites providing E-
10	85 or biodiesel existed in the United States in 2005,
11	equivalent to less than 1 percent of total United
12	States refueling stations; and
13	(3) as the number of flexible-fuel vehicles on
14	roads in the United States increases, an increase in
15	the availability of alternative refueling infrastructure
16	must occur in order to enable the displacement of
17	petroleum consumption.
18	(b) GOAL.—Congress declares that it is the goal of
19	the United States to increase the accessibility of alter-
20	native fuels to retail consumers, and to ensure that at
21	least 10 percent of motor vehicle refueling stations provide
22	alternative fuels, by calendar year 2015.
23	(c) Infrastructure Pilot Program for Alter-
24	NATIVE FUELS.—
25	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Energy, in
26	consultation with the Secretary of Transportation

- and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (referred to in this subsection as the "Secretary"), shall establish a competitive grant pilot program (referred to in this subsection as the "pilot program"), to be administered through the Clean Cities Program of the Department of Energy, to provide not more than 10 geographically-dispersed project grants to State governments, local governments, metropolitan transportation authorities, or partnerships of those entities to carry out 1 or more projects for the purposes described in paragraph (2).
 - (2) Grant purposes.—A grant under this subsection shall be used for the establishment of refueling infrastructure corridors for alternative fuels along the National Highway System, including—
 - (A) installation of infrastructure and equipment necessary to ensure adequate distribution of qualified alternative fuels within the corridor;
 - (B) installation of infrastructure and equipment necessary to directly support vehicles powered by qualified alternative fuels; and
 - (C) operation and maintenance of infrastructure and equipment installed as part of a project funded by the grant.

1	(3) Applications.—
2	(A) Requirements.—
3	(i) In general.—Subject to clause
4	(ii), not later than 90 days after the date
5	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
6	shall issue requirements for use in apply-
7	ing for grants under the pilot program.
8	(ii) Minimum requirements.—At a
9	minimum, the Secretary shall require that
10	an application for a grant under this sub-
11	section—
12	(I) be submitted by—
13	(aa) the head of a State or
14	local government or a metropoli-
15	tan transportation authority, or
16	any combination of those entities;
17	and
18	(bb) a registered participant
19	in the Clean Cities Program of
20	the Department of Energy; and
21	(II) include—
22	(aa) a description of the
23	project proposed in the applica-
24	tion, including the ways in which

1	the project meets the require-
2	ments of this subsection;
3	(bb) an estimate of the de-
4	gree of use of the project, includ-
5	ing the estimated size of fleet of
6	alternative fueled vehicles avail-
7	able within the geographic region
8	of the corridor;
9	(cc) an estimate of the po-
10	tential petroleum displaced and
11	air pollution emissions reduced as
12	a result of the project, and a
13	plan to collect and disseminate
14	petroleum displacement and envi-
15	ronmental data relating to the
16	project to be funded under the
17	grant, over the expected life of
18	the project;
19	(dd) a description of the
20	means by which the project will
21	be sustainable without Federal
22	assistance after the completion of
23	the term of the grant;
24	(ee) a complete description
25	of the costs of the project, includ-

1	ing acquisition, construction, op-
2	eration, and maintenance costs
3	over the expected life of the
4	project;
5	(ff) a description of which
6	costs of the project will be sup-
7	ported by Federal assistance
8	under this subsection; and
9	(gg) documentation to the
10	satisfaction of the Secretary that
11	diesel fuel containing sulfur at
12	not more than 15 parts per mil-
13	lion is available for carrying out
14	the project, and a commitment
15	by the applicant to use that fuel
16	in carrying out the project.
17	(B) Partners.—An applicant under sub-
18	paragraph (A) may carry out a project under
19	the pilot program in partnership with public
20	and private entities.
21	(4) Selection Criteria.—In evaluating appli-
22	cations under the pilot program, the Secretary
23	shall—
24	(A) consider the experience of each appli-
25	cant with previous, similar projects; and

1	(B) give priority consideration to applica-
2	tions that—
3	(i) are most likely to maximize dis-
4	placement of petroleum consumption and
5	environmental protection;
6	(ii) demonstrate the greatest commit-
7	ment on the part of the applicant to ensure
8	funding for the proposed project and the
9	greatest likelihood that the project will be
10	maintained or expanded after Federal as-
11	sistance under this subsection is com-
12	pleted;
13	(iii) represent a partnership of public
14	and private entities; and
15	(iv) exceed the minimum requirements
16	of paragraph (3)(A)(ii).
17	(5) Pilot project requirements.—
18	(A) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Secretary
19	shall provide not more than \$20,000,000 in
20	Federal assistance under the pilot program to
21	any applicant.
22	(B) Cost sharing.—The non-Federal
23	share of the cost of any activity relating to
24	qualified alternative fuel infrastructure develop-
25	ment carried out using funds from a grant

1	under this subsection shall be not less than 20
2	percent.
3	(C) MAXIMUM PERIOD OF GRANTS.—The
4	Secretary shall not provide funds to any appli-
5	cant under the pilot program for more than 2
6	years.
7	(D) DEPLOYMENT AND DISTRIBUTION.—
8	The Secretary shall seek, to the maximum ex-
9	tent practicable, to ensure a broad geographic
10	distribution of project sites funded by grants
11	under this subsection.
12	(E) Transfer of information and
13	KNOWLEDGE.—The Secretary shall establish
14	mechanisms to ensure that the information and
15	knowledge gained by participants in the pilot
16	program are transferred among the pilot pro-
17	gram participants and to other interested par-
18	ties, including other applicants that submitted
19	applications.
20	(6) Schedule.—
21	(A) Initial grants.—
22	(i) In general.—Not later than 90
23	days after the date of enactment of this
24	Act, the Secretary shall publish in the Fed-
25	eral Register, Commerce Business Daily,

1	and such other publications as the Sec-
2	retary considers to be appropriate, a notice
3	and request for applications to carry out
4	projects under the pilot program.
5	(ii) Deadline.—An application de-
6	scribed in clause (i) shall be submitted to
7	the Secretary by not later than 180 days
8	after the date of publication of the notice
9	under that clause.
10	(iii) Initial selection.—Not later
11	than 90 days after the date by which appli-
12	cations for grants are due under clause
13	(ii), the Secretary shall select by competi-
14	tive, peer-reviewed proposal up to 5 appli-
15	cations for projects to be awarded a grant
16	under the pilot program.
17	(B) Additional grants.—
18	(i) In general.—Not later than 2
19	years after the date of enactment of this
20	Act, the Secretary shall publish in the Fed-
21	eral Register, Commerce Business Daily,
22	and such other publications as the Sec-
23	retary considers to be appropriate, a notice

and request for additional applications to

carry out projects under the pilot program

24

25

1	that incorporate the information and
2	knowledge obtained through the implemen-
3	tation of the first round of projects author-
4	ized under the pilot program.
5	(ii) Deadline.—An application de-
6	scribed in clause (i) shall be submitted to
7	the Secretary by not later than 180 days
8	after the date of publication of the notice
9	under that clause.
10	(iii) Initial selection.—Not later
11	than 90 days after the date by which appli-
12	cations for grants are due under clause
13	(ii), the Secretary shall select by competi-
14	tive, peer-reviewed proposal such additional
15	applications for projects to be awarded a
16	grant under the pilot program as the Sec-
17	retary determines to be appropriate.
18	(7) Reports to congress.—
19	(A) Initial report.—Not later than 60
20	days after the date on which grants are award-
21	ed under this subsection, the Secretary shall
22	submit to Congress a report containing—
23	(i) an identification of the grant re-
24	cipients and a description of the projects to
25	be funded under the pilot program:

1	(ii) an identification of other appli-
2	cants that submitted applications for the
3	pilot program but to which funding was
4	not provided; and
5	(iii) a description of the mechanisms
6	used by the Secretary to ensure that the
7	information and knowledge gained by par-
8	ticipants in the pilot program are trans-
9	ferred among the pilot program partici-
10	pants and to other interested parties, in-
11	cluding other applicants that submitted ap-
12	plications.
13	(B) EVALUATION.—Not later than 2 years
14	after the date of enactment of this Act, and an
15	nually thereafter until the termination of the
16	pilot program, the Secretary shall submit to
17	Congress a report containing an evaluation of
18	the effectiveness of the pilot program, including
19	an assessment of the petroleum displacement
20	and benefits to the environment derived from
21	the projects included in the pilot program.
22	(8) Authorization of appropriations.—
23	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec
24	retary to carry out this subsection \$200,000,000, to
25	remain available until expended.

1	SEC. 306. INCREASING CONSUMER AWARENESS OF FLEXI-
2	BLE FUEL AUTOMOBILES.
3	Section 32908 of title 49, United States Code, is
4	amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"(g) Increasing Consumer Awareness of Flexi-
6	BLE FUEL AUTOMOBILES.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transpor-
8	tation shall prescribe regulations that require the
9	manufacturer of automobiles distributed in inter-
10	state commerce for sale in the United States—
11	"(A) to prominently display a permanent
12	badge or emblem on the quarter panel or tail-
13	gate of each such automobile that indicates
14	such automobile is capable of operating on al-
15	ternative fuel; and
16	"(B) to include information in the owner's
17	manual of each such automobile information
18	that describes—
19	"(i) the capability of the automobile
20	to operate using alternative fuel; and
21	"(ii) the benefits of using alternative
22	fuel, including the renewable nature, the
23	increased fuel efficiency, and the environ-
24	mental benefits of using alternative fuel.
25	"(2) COLLABORATION.—The Secretary of
26	Transportation shall collaborate with automobile re-

1	tailers to develop voluntary methods for providing
2	prospective purchasers of automobiles with informa-
3	tion regarding the benefits of using alternative fuel
4	in automobiles, including—
5	"(A) the renewable nature of alternative
6	fuel; and
7	"(B) the environmental benefits of using
8	alternative fuel.".
9	SEC. 307. MINIMUM QUANTITY OF RENEWABLE FUEL DE-
10	RIVED FROM CELLULOSIC BIOMASS.
11	Section 211(o)(2)(B) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
12	7545(o)(2)(B)) is amended by striking clause (iii) and in-
13	serting the following:
14	"(iii) Minimum quantity derived
15	FROM CELLULOSIC BIOMASS.—The applica-
16	ble volume referred to in clause (ii) shall
17	contain a minimum of—
18	"(I) for each of calendar years
19	2010 through 2012, 75,000,000 gal-
20	lons that are derived from cellulosic
21	biomass; and
22	"(II) for calendar year 2013 and
23	each calendar year thereafter,
24	250,000,000 gallons that are derived
25	from cellulosic biomass.".

1	SEC. 308. MINIMUM QUANTITY OF RENEWABLE FUEL DE-
2	RIVED FROM SUGAR.
3	(a) In General.—Section 211(o)(2)(B) of the Clean
4	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545(o)(2)(B)) is amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"(v) Minimum quantity derived
7	FROM SUGAR.—For calendar year 2008
8	and each calendar year thereafter, the ap-
9	plicable volume referred to in clause (ii)
10	shall contain a minimum of 100,000,000
11	gallons that are derived from domestically-
12	grown sugarcane, sugar beets, or sugar
13	components.".
14	(b) Applicable Volume.—Section 211(o)(2)(B)(i)
15	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545(o)(2)(B)(i)) is
16	amended—
17	(1) in the item relating to calendar year 2008,
18	by striking "5.4" and inserting "5.5";
19	(2) in the item relating to calendar year 2009,
20	by striking "6.1" and inserting "6.2";
21	(3) in the item relating to calendar year 2010,
22	by striking "6.8" and inserting "6.9";
23	(4) in the item relating to calendar year 2011,
24	by striking "7.4" and inserting "7.5"; and
25	(5) in the item relating to calendar year 2012,
26	by striking "7.5" and inserting "7.6".

1	SEC. 309. BIOENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
2	Section 931(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
3	U.S.C. 16231(e)) is amended—
4	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking
5	"\$213,000,000" and inserting "\$326,000,000";
6	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking
7	"\$251,000,000" and inserting "\$377,000,000"; and
8	(3) in paragraph (3), by striking
9	"\$274,000,000" and inserting "\$398,000,000".
10	SEC. 310. PRODUCTION INCENTIVES FOR CELLULOSIC
11	BIOFUELS.
12	Section 942(f) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
13	U.S.C. 16251(f)) is amended by striking "\$250,000,000"
14	and inserting "\$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2007
15	through 2011".
16	SEC. 311. LOW-INTEREST LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAM FOR
17	RETAIL DELIVERY OF E-85 FUEL.
18	(a) Purposes of Loans.—Section 312(a) of the
19	Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C.
20	1942(a)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (9)(B)(ii), by striking "or" at
22	the end;
23	(2) in paragraph (10), by striking the period at
24	the end and inserting "; or"; and
25	(3) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(11) building infrastructure, including pump
2	stations, for the retail delivery to consumers of any
3	fuel that contains not less than 85 percent ethanol
4	by volume.".
5	(b) Program.—Subtitle B of the Consolidated Farm
6	and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1941 et seq.) is
7	amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"SEC. 320. LOW-INTEREST LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAM FOR
9	RETAIL DELIVERY OF E-85 FUEL.
10	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a
11	low-interest loan and grant program to assist farmer-
12	owned ethanol producers (including cooperatives and lim-
13	ited liability corporations) to develop and build infrastruc-
14	ture, including pump stations, for the retail delivery to
15	consumers of any fuel that contains not less than 85 per-
16	cent ethanol, by volume.
17	"(b) Terms.—
18	"(1) Interest rate.—A low-interest loan
19	under this section shall be fixed at not more than 5
20	percent for each year.
21	"(2) Amortization.—The repayment of a loan
22	under this section shall be amortized over the ex-
23	pected life of the infrastructure project that is being
24	financed with the proceeds of the loan

1	"(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
3	essary to carry out this section.".
4	(c) REGULATIONS.—As soon as practicable after the
5	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture
6	shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to
7	carry out the amendments made by this section.
8	SEC. 312. TRANSIT-ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT CORRIDORS.
9	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
10	(1) Transit-oriented development cor-
11	RIDOR.—The term "Transit-Oriented Development
12	Corridor" (referred to in this section as "TODC")
13	means a geographic area designated by the Sec-
14	retary under subsection (b).
15	(2) Other terms.—The terms "fixed guide-
16	way", "local governmental authority", "mass trans-
17	portation", "Secretary", "State", and "urbanized
18	area" have the meanings given such terms in section
19	5302 of title 49, United States Code.
20	(b) Transit-Oriented Development Cor-
21	RIDORS.—
22	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall develop
23	and carry out a program to designate geographic
24	areas in urbanized areas as Transit-Oriented Devel-
25	opment Corridors.

1	(2) Criteria.—Each TODC shall include
2	rights-of-way for fixed guideway mass transportation
3	facilities (including commercial development of facili-
4	ties that have a physical and functional connection
5	with each facility).
6	(3) Number of Todgs.—In consultation with
7	State transportation departments and metropolitan
8	planning organizations, the Secretary shall des-
9	ignate—
10	(A) not fewer than 10 TODCs by Decem-
11	ber 31, 2015; and
12	(B) not fewer than 20 TODCs by Decem-
13	ber 31, 2025.
14	(4) Transit grants.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may
16	award grants to eligible States and local gov-
17	ernmental authorities to pay the Federal share
18	of the cost of designating geographic areas in
19	urbanized areas as TODCs.
20	(B) APPLICATION.—Each eligible State or
21	local governmental authority desiring a grant
22	under this paragraph shall submit an applica-
23	tion to the Secretary, at such time, in such
24	manner, and accompanied by such additional

1	information as the Secretary may reasonably
2	require.
3	(C) Labor Standards.—Subchapter IV
4	of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code
5	shall apply to projects that receive funding
6	under this section.
7	(D) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share
8	of the cost of a project under this subsection
9	shall be 50 percent.
10	(c) TODC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—To sup-
11	port effective deployment of grants and incentives under
12	this section, the Secretary shall establish a TODC re-
13	search and development program to conduct research on
14	the best practices and performance criteria for TODCs.
15	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 for each
17	of fiscal years 2007 through 2012 to carry out this sec-
18	tion.
19	TITLE IV—NATIONWIDE ENERGY
20	SECURITY MEDIA CAMPAIGN
21	SEC. 401. NATIONWIDE MEDIA CAMPAIGN TO DECREASE
22	OIL CONSUMPTION.
23	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy, acting
24	through the Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and
25	Renewable Energy (referred to in this section as the "Sec-

1	retary"), shall develop and conduct a national media cam-
2	paign for the purpose of decreasing oil consumption in the
3	United States over the next decade.
4	(b) CONTRACT WITH ENTITY.—The Secretary shall
5	carry out subsection (a) directly or through—
6	(1) competitively bid contracts with 1 or more
7	nationally recognized media firms for the develop-
8	ment and distribution of monthly television, radio,
9	and newspaper public service announcements; or
10	(2) collective agreements with 1 or more nation-
11	ally recognized institutes, businesses, or nonprofit
12	organizations for the funding, development, and dis-
13	tribution of monthly television, radio, and newspaper
14	public service announcements.
15	(c) USE OF FUNDS.—
16	(1) In general.—Amounts made available to
17	carry out this section shall be used for the following:
18	(A) Advertising costs.—
19	(i) The purchase of media time and
20	space.
21	(ii) Creative and talent costs.
22	(iii) Testing and evaluation of adver-
23	tising.
24	(iv) Evaluation of the effectiveness of
25	the media campaign.

1	(v) The negotiated fees for the win-
2	ning bidder on requests from proposals
3	issued either by the Secretary for purposes
4	otherwise authorized in this section.
5	(vi) Entertainment industry outreach,
6	interactive outreach, media projects and
7	activities, public information, news media
8	outreach, and corporate sponsorship and
9	participation.
10	(B) Administrative costs.—Operational
11	and management expenses.
12	(2) Limitations.—In carrying out this section,
13	the Secretary shall allocate not less than 85 percent
14	of funds made available under subsection (e) for
15	each fiscal year for the advertising functions speci-
16	fied under paragraph $(1)(A)$.
17	(d) Reports.—The Secretary shall annually submit
18	to Congress a report that describes—
19	(1) the strategy of the national media campaign
20	and whether specific objectives of the campaign were
21	accomplished, including—
22	(A) determinations concerning the rate of
23	change of oil consumption, in both absolute and
24	per capita terms; and

1	(B) an evaluation that enables consider-
2	ation whether the media campaign contributed
3	to reduction of oil consumption;
4	(2) steps taken to ensure that the national
5	media campaign operates in an effective and effi-
6	cient manner consistent with the overall strategy
7	and focus of the campaign;
8	(3) plans to purchase advertising time and
9	space;
10	(4) policies and practices implemented to ensure
11	that Federal funds are used responsibly to purchase
12	advertising time and space and eliminate the poten-
13	tial for waste, fraud, and abuse; and
14	(5) all contracts or cooperative agreements en-
15	tered into with a corporation, partnership, or indi-
16	vidual working on behalf of the national media cam-
17	paign.
18	(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
19	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
20	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006 through 2010.