To establish a process for aliens who meet certain conditions to be granted permanent resident status.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 26, 2007

Mr. HAGEL introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To establish a process for aliens who meet certain conditions to be granted permanent resident status.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Immigrant Account-
ability Act of 2007”.

SEC. 2. APPLICATION FOR CHANGE IN STATUS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 5 of title II of the Immi-
gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255 et seq.) is
amended by inserting after section 245A the following:
“SEC. 245B. ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS OF CERTAIN ENTRANTS BEFORE JANUARY 7, 2004, TO THAT OF PERSONS ADMITTED FOR LAWFUL RESIDENCE.

“(a) Conditional Resident Orange Card.—

“(1) Issuance.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which an alien submits, in person at any location designated by the Secretary of Homeland Security, a facially valid application for adjustment of status under this section, the Secretary shall issue the alien a conditional resident orange card (referred to in this section as the ‘orange card’) if the alien has passed a background and criminal records check conducted by the Secretary under paragraph (3) and is not otherwise ineligible for conditional resident status under this section. If the background and criminal records check is completed after the 30-day period described in this paragraph, the orange card shall be issued to the alien immediately after the alien passes such check.

“(2) Application Form.—

“(A) In general.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall make available, on the Internet and at each post office in the United States—
“(i) an application for adjustment of status that meets the requirements described in subparagraphs (B) and (C); and

“(ii) a description of the point system developed pursuant to subsection (c)(2).

“(B) CONTENTS.—The application form described in subparagraph (A) shall contain spaces for the alien to record—

“(i) the full name of the alien, including maiden name and any aliases used;

“(ii) the date of birth of the alien;

“(iii) the country of origin or nationality of the alien;

“(iv) the date on which the alien last entered the United States and the means of such entry;

“(v) a preexisting alien number, if applicable;

“(vi) any social security number or tax identification number used by the alien;

“(vii) the current physical address of the alien and the mailing address of the alien, if different;
“(viii) the current telephone number and e-mail address of the alien, if applicable;

“(ix) the information described in clauses (i) through (viii) for the spouse or children of the alien who are applying for a adjustment of status under this section;

“(x) a sworn statement that the alien—

“(I) is unlawfully present in the United States;

“(II) intends to apply for adjustment of status under this section; and

“(III) is eligible for conditional resident status; and

“(xi) any other information that the Secretary requires the alien to submit.

“(C) Penalties.—The application form described in subparagraph (A) shall—

“(i) include the last date on which an application for adjustment of status may be submitted;

“(ii) clearly identify, in English and Spanish, the penalties for submitting false
information in an application under this subsection; and

“(iii) require each applicant to sign the application, under penalty of perjury and inadmissibility, to attest to its accuracy.

“(3) SECURITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT BACKGROUND CHECKS.—

“(A) PRINCIPAL ALIEN.—An alien may not be issued an orange card unless the alien submits biometric data, including a photograph and fingerprints, in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary of Homeland Security. Not later than 90 days after the date on which fingerprints are obtained from an alien under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall compare the alien’s name and fingerprints against appropriate Federal databases for information relating to criminal, national security, or other law enforcement actions to determine if the alien is eligible for an orange card.

“(B) FAMILY MEMBERS.—The spouse and any children of an alien described in subparagraph (A) who are not younger than 13 years of age and are not lawfully present in the
United States shall also submit biometric data, including a photograph and fingerprints, in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary of Homeland Security. Not later than 90 days after the date on which fingerprints are obtained from a spouse or child under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall compare the alien’s name and fingerprints against appropriate Federal databases for information relating to criminal, national security, or other law enforcement actions to determine if the spouse or child is eligible for an orange card.

“(4) FEATURES.—Each orange card shall—

“(A) contain the alien’s full name and physical address;

“(B) include fraud-resistant features and biometric identifiers, as determined by the Secretary;

“(C) meet all current requirements established by the Secretary of Homeland Security for travel documents, including the requirements under section 403 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1324a note);
“(D) include, in bold letters, the following: ‘This card is evidence of conditional resident status and work authorization.’; and

“(E) clearly indicate the date on which the card is scheduled to expire.

“(5) EXPIRATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—An orange card issued to an alien shall expire on the earlier of—

“(i) 8½ years after the date on which the card is issued to the alien;

“(ii) the date on which the Secretary of Homeland Security determines that the alien is inadmissible, ineligible for such status, or cannot possibly earn sufficient points under subsection (c)(2) to be granted a adjustment of status under subsection (c);

“(iii) the date on which the Secretary revokes the alien’s conditional resident status under subparagraph (C); or

“(iv) the date on which the Secretary adjusts the alien’s status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
“(B) Waiver.—The expiration date described in subparagraph (A)(i) may be extended by the Secretary for an alien whose application for adjustment of status has not been processed due to a backlog of applications.

“(C) Revocation.—

“(i) In general.—Except as provided under clause (ii), the Secretary may revoke the conditional resident status of an alien who fails to maintain employment for more than 90 consecutive days.

“(ii) Exceptions.—Clause (i) shall not apply to an alien during any period in which the alien—

“(I) is enrolled as a full time student;

“(II) cannot demonstrate employment based on a physical or mental disability or as a result of pregnancy; or

“(III) is older than 65 years of age.

“(6) Benefits of conditional resident status.—An alien who is granted conditional resident status and is issued an orange card—
“(A) shall be granted employment authorization pending final adjudication of the alien’s application for adjustment of status;

“(B) shall be granted permission to travel abroad pursuant to regulation pending final adjudication of the alien’s application for adjustment of status;

“(C) shall not be detained, determined inadmissible or deportable, or removed pending final adjudication of the alien’s application for adjustment of status, unless the Secretary determines that the alien is inadmissible or ineligible for such adjustment of status under subsection (e); and

“(D) shall not be considered an unauthorized alien as defined in section 274A(i) until such time as employment authorization under paragraph (1) is denied.

“(7) STAY OF REMOVAL.—On or before the date described in subsection (b)(3)(A), a court may grant a stay of removal for an alien who can demonstrate prima facie eligibility for conditional resident status under this subsection.

“(8) ENUMERATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in co-
ordination with the Commissioner of Social Security, shall implement a system to allow for the enumeration of a Social Security number and production of a Social Security card at the time the Secretary issues an orange card to an alien under this subsection.

"(b) APPLICATION PROCESS.—

"(1) COMMENCEMENT.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall begin accepting applications for adjustment of status under this section not later than 30 days after the date on which the application form described in subsection (a)(2) is first made publicly available. The Secretary shall ensure that the application process is secure and incorporates antifraud protection.

"(2) IN PERSON.—Each alien applying for adjustment of status under this section shall submit, in person at any of the locations designated by the Secretary, 2 copies of a completed application for adjustment of status. In addition to the information described in subsection (a)(2), the application shall include a current photograph of the alien and a full set of fingerprints, which shall be collected at the time the application is submitted. The official shall imprint each copy with the name of the application
service center and the date on which the application was submitted and return 1 copy of the application to the applicant.

“(3) Application deadline.—

“(A) In general.—An alien is ineligible for adjustment of status unless the alien submits an application for adjustment of status not later than 180 days after the date on which the application form is first made publicly available. The provisions of paragraph (5) and (6) of subsection (c) shall apply to applications filed under this section.

“(B) Update.—An alien may update an application submitted before the deadline described in subparagraph (A) by submitting evidence that the alien has earned sufficient points to qualify for adjustment of status under this section or updating any other information described in subsection (a)(2)(B). Such update shall be submitted not later than 8 years after the date on which the initial application was submitted.

“(c) Adjustment of Status.—

“(1) Adjustment of status.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall adjust the status of an alien who has a valid orange card to that of an alien lawful admitted for permanent residence if the alien satisfies the requirements under this paragraph and earns at least 65 percent of the base points available under paragraph (2).

“(B) CONTINUOUS PHYSICAL PRESENCE.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—The alien shall establish that the alien—

“(I) was physically present in the United States on or before January 7, 2004;

“(II) was not legally present in the United States on January 7, 2004, under any classification set forth in section 101(a)(15); and

“(III) did not depart from the United States since January 7, 2004, for more than brief periods.

“(ii) LEGALLY PRESENT.—For purposes of this subparagraph, an alien who has violated any conditions of the alien’s
visa shall be considered not to be legally present in the United States.

“(C) Evidence of physical presence and work.—

“(i) Conclusive documents.—An alien may satisfy the physical presence requirements under subparagraph (B), and earn base points for work and physical presence under paragraph (2)(B), by submitting at least 2 of the following documents for each period of physical presence or work, which shall be considered conclusive evidence of physical presence or work in the United States:

“(I) Records maintained by the Social Security Administration.

“(II) Records maintained by an employer, such as pay stubs, time sheets, or employment work verification.

“(III) Records maintained by the Internal Revenue Service.

“(IV) Records maintained by a union or day labor center.
“(V) Records maintained by any other government agency, such as worker compensation records, disability records, or business licensing records.

“(VI) Any other document that the Secretary determines to be reliable to establish physical presence.

“(ii) OTHER DOCUMENTS.—An alien who is unable to submit a document described in clause (i) may satisfy the physical presence requirements under subparagraph (B), and earn base points for work and physical presence under paragraph (2)(B), by submitting to the Secretary at least 3 other types of reliable documents that provide evidence of physical presence for each required period, including—

“(I) bank records;

“(II) business records;

“(III) rent payment records;

“(IV) school records; or

“(V) remittance records.

“(iii) BURDEN OF PROOF.—
“(I) ALIEN.—An alien applying for adjustment of status under this subsection has the burden to prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the alien has satisfied the physical presence requirement under subparagraph (B).

“(II) SECRETARY.—If the alien meets the burden of proof described in subclause (I), the Secretary of Homeland Security has the burden to disprove the alien’s evidence with a showing that negates the reasonableness of the inference to be drawn from the evidence.

“(D) ADMISSIBLE UNDER IMMIGRATION LAWS.—The alien shall establish that the alien is not inadmissible under section 212(a), except for any provision of that section that is waived under paragraph (4).

“(E) FEES; FINES.—An alien who files an application for adjustment of status shall pay—

“(i) a fee commensurate with levels charged by the Secretary of Homeland Se-
curity for other applications for adjustment of status; and

“(ii) a fine of $2,000, if the alien is not less than 18 years of age.

“(F) PAYMENT OF INCOME TAXES.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Before the status of an alien is adjusted under this section to that of an alien lawful admitted for permanent residence, the alien shall establish the payment of any applicable Federal or State income tax liability by establishing that—

“(I) no such income tax liability exists; or

“(II) all outstanding income tax liabilities have been paid.

“(ii) IRS COOPERATION.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall establish rules and procedures under which the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall provide documentation to an alien upon request to establish the payment of income taxes under this subparagraph.

“(iii) LIMITATION.—An alien who is required to establish the payment of in-
come taxes under this subparagraph, or
who otherwise satisfies the requirements
under clause (i), may not—

“(i) collect any income tax re-
fund for any taxable year before
2006; or

“(II) file any claim for the
Earned Income Tax Credit or any
other tax credit otherwise allowable
under the tax code before any taxable
year before 2006.

“(iv) Applicable Federal or
State Income Tax Liability.—In this
subparagraph, the term ‘applicable Federal
or State income tax liability’ means liability for Federal or State income taxes, in-
cluding penalties and interest, owed by the
alien.

“(v) Savings Provision.—Nothing in
this subparagraph shall affect any income
tax liability or other financial obligation of
the alien under Federal or State law.

“(G) Basic Citizenship Skills.—

“(i) In General.—Except as pro-
vided under clause (ii), the alien shall dem-
onstrate compliance with the requirements under section 312(a) before the alien’s status is adjusted under this subsection.

“(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—

“(I) MANDATORY.—Clause (i) shall not apply to any person who is unable to comply with those requirements because of a physical or developmental disability or mental impairment.

“(II) DISCRETIONARY.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may waive any requirement referred to in clause (i).

“(H) MEDICAL EXAMINATION.—The alien may be required, at the alien’s expense, to undergo an appropriate medical examination, including a determination of immunization status, that conforms to generally accepted professional standards of medical practice.

“(I) MILITARY SELECTIVE SERVICE.—If the alien is required to register under section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 453), the alien shall establish that he has registered under such section.
“(J) ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-
vided in clause (ii), the Secretary of Hom-
eland Security may not adjust the status of
an alien under this section to that of an
alien lawfully admitted for permanent resi-
dence until the later of—

“(I) the date on which the Sec-
retary determines that the priority
dates have become current for the
class of aliens whose family-based or
employment-based petitions for per-
manent residence were pending on the
date of the enactment of this Act; or

“(II) 8 years after the date on
which the application for adjustment
of status becomes available under sub-
section (a)(2).

“(ii) AUTHORIZATION.—The Sec-
retary may, on a case-by-case basis, adjust
the status of an alien under this section to
that of an alien lawfully admitted for per-
manent residence before the date described
in clause (i).
“(iii) Notification of Provisional Approval.—The Secretary shall notify each alien who is determined to be eligible for adjustment of status under this section, that the alien has been provisionally approved for adjustment of status to that of a person admitted for permanent residence as of the date described in clause (i).

“(K) Final Adjudication.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that all applications for adjustment of status are adjudicated not later than 9 years after the date on which the application form is first made available under subsection (a)(2).

“(2) Point System.—

“(A) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish, by regulation, a point system through which an alien to whom an orange card has been issued may become eligible for a adjustment of status under this subsection if, in addition to complying with the requirements under subsection (a), the alien earns points equal to at least 65 percent of the base points available.
under subparagraph (B), which may include points accumulated under subparagraph (C), before the end of the 8-year period beginning on the date on which the application for adjustment of status becomes available under subsection (a)(2).

“(B) Base points.—

“(i) Work in the United States.—

Not more than 5 percent of the base points available under this subparagraph shall be available to an alien for each year in which the alien worked in the United States, as determined by the Secretary, up to a cumulative total of not more than 30 percent of the base points. Not less than 15 percent of the base points available under this subparagraph shall be available under this clause.

“(ii) Presence in the United States.—Not more than 5 percent of the base points shall be available to an alien for each year in which the alien was present in the United States, as determined by the Secretary, up to a cumulative total of not more than 20 percent of the
base points. Not less than 10 percent of the base points available under this sub-
paragraph shall be available under this clause.

“(iii) Civic Engagement.—Not less than 5 percent and not more than 20 percent of the base points shall be available to an alien for the following group of activities:

“(I) The alien has paid all Federal and State income taxes owed during employment in the United States on or before such taxes were due.

“(II) The alien has not been convicted of violating any Federal or State law during the alien’s presence in the United States (except for illegal entry and remaining in the United States beyond authorized period).

“(III) The alien has provided reliable documentation of community service in the United States.

“(iv) Education.—Not less than 15 percent and not more than 30 percent of
the base points shall be available to an
alien for the following group of activities:

“(I) The alien has completed pri-
mary school.

“(II) The alien has earned a cer-
tificate of graduation from a school
providing secondary education, or the
recognized equivalent of such a certifi-
cate.

“(III) The alien possesses a li-
cense in a skilled trade.

“(v) FAMILY RELATIONS TO NATION-
ALS OF THE UNITED STATES.—Not less
than 10 percent and not more than 20 per-
cent of the base points shall be available to
an alien under the following circumstances:

“(I) The alien was the parent of
a United States citizen on January 1,
2007.

“(II) The alien has been married
to a citizen or legal permanent resi-
dent of the United States since Janu-
ary 1, 2007.

“(vi) LANGUAGE ABILITY.—Not less
than 5 percent and not more than 15 per-
cent of the base points shall be available to
an alien based on English proficiency, as
determined by the Secretary.

“(C) EXTRA POINTS FOR ADDITIONAL
CONTRIBUTIONS TO SOCIETY.—In addition to
the points available under subparagraph (B), an
alien may earn points under this subparagraph
equal to not more than—

“(i) a cumulative total of 15 percent
of the base points available under subpara-
graph (B) if the alien has successfully
completed an associates, bachelors, mas-
ters, or doctorate degree from an accred-
ited college or university;

“(ii) 20 percent of such base points if
the alien is eligible for honorable release,
or has been honorably released, from serv-
ice in the Armed Forces of the United
States;

“(iii) 10 percent of such base points if
the alien owned a business that employed
at least 2 nonrelatives in the United States
for at least 18 months;
“(iv) 5 percent of such base points if the alien owns a residence in the United States; and

“(v) 20 percent of such base points for other circumstances determined by the Secretary.

“(D) RULEMAKING.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall promulgate regulations to establish the number of points available for each of the criteria described in this paragraph.

“(3) SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.—

“(A) ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided under this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall adjust the status of the spouse, or child who was younger than 21 years of age on the date of enactment of this Act, of an alien whose status is adjusted under paragraph (1) to that of a lawful permanent resident.

“(ii) VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.—The Secretary shall adjust the status of an alien who, before January 7, 2004, was the spouse or child of an alien
who is eligible for adjustment of status
under paragraph (1), if—

“(I) the termination of the qualifying relationship was connected to
domestic violence; or

“(II) the spouse or child has
been battered or subjected to extreme
cruelty by the spouse or parent de-
scribed in this subparagraph.

“(iii) Application of other law.—
In acting on applications filed under this
paragraph with respect to aliens who
have been battered or subjected to extreme
cruelty, the Secretary shall apply—

“(I) the provisions of section
204(a)(1)(J); and

“(II) the protections, prohibi-
tions, and penalties under section 384
of the Illegal Immigration Reform and
Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996

“(B) Grounds of inadmissibility not
applicable.—In establishing admissibility to
the United States, the spouse or child described
in subparagraph (A) shall establish that he or
she is not inadmissible under section 212(a), except for any provision of that section that is waived under paragraph (4).

“(4) GROUNDS OF INADMISSIBILITY.—

“(A) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—In determining an alien’s admissibility under paragraphs (1)(D) and (3)(B), the Secretary of Homeland Security may not waive, under subparagraph (C)(i)—

“(i) paragraph (1) (relating to health);

“(ii) paragraph (2) (relating to criminals);

“(iii) paragraph (3) (relating to security and related grounds); or

“(iv) subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph (10) (relating to polygamists and child abductors).

“(B) GROUNDS OF INADMISSIBILITY NOT APPLICABLE.—Paragraphs (5), (6) (except subparagraphs (D) and (E)), (7), (9) (other than subparagraph (C)(i)(II)), and (10)(B) of section 212(a) shall not apply to an alien who is applying for an adjustment of status under this subsection.
“(C) Waiver of other grounds.—

“(i) In general.—Except as provided under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Homeland Security may waive, for individual aliens, the application of any provision of section 212(a) for humanitarian purposes, to ensure family unity, or if such waiver is otherwise in the public interest.

“(ii) Construction.—Nothing in this subparagraph may be construed to affect the authority of the Secretary, other than under this subparagraph, to waive the provisions of section 212(a).

“(D) Special rule for determination of public charge.—An alien is not ineligible for adjustment of status under this subsection by reason of a ground of inadmissibility under section 212(a)(4) if the alien establishes a history of employment in the United States evidencing self-support without public cash assistance.

“(E) Special rule for individuals where there is no commercial purpose.—An alien is not ineligible for adjustment of sta-
status under this subsection by reason of a ground of inadmissibility under section 212(a)(6)(E) if the alien establishes that the action referred to in that section was taken for humanitarian purposes, to ensure family unity, or was otherwise in the public interest.

“(F) Applicability of other provisions.—Sections 240B(d) and 241(a)(5) shall not apply with respect to an alien who is applying for adjustment of status under this subsection.

“(G) Ineligibility.—An alien is ineligible for an adjustment of status under this section if the alien has been convicted of a felony or more than 1 misdemeanor.

“(5) Confidentiality of information.—

“(A) In general.—Except as otherwise provided under this subsection, Federal agencies and officers and employees of such agencies may not—

“(i) use the information furnished by the applicant pursuant to an application filed under this section for any purpose other than to make a determination on the application;
“(ii) make any publication through which the information furnished by any particular applicant can be identified; or

“(iii) permit anyone other than the sworn officers and employees of such agency, bureau, or approved entity, as approved by the Secretary of Homeland Security, to examine individual applications that have been filed.

“(B) REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.—The Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of State shall provide the information furnished pursuant to an application filed under this section, and any other information derived from such furnished information, to a duly recognized law enforcement entity in connection with a criminal investigation or prosecution or a national security investigation or prosecution, in each instance about an individual suspect or group of suspects, when such information is requested in writing by such entity.

“(C) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Any person who knowingly uses, publishes, or permits information to be examined in violation of this paragraph shall be fined not more than $10,000.
“(6) Penalties for false statements in applications.—

“(A) Criminal penalty.—

“(i) Violation.—It shall be unlawful for any person to—

“(I) file or assist in filing an application for adjustment of status under this section and knowingly and willfully falsify, conceal, or cover up a material fact or make any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or representations, or make or use any false writing or document knowing the same to contain any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry; or

“(II) create or supply a false writing or document for use in making such an application.

“(ii) Penalty.—Any person who violates clause (i) shall be fined in accordance with title 18, United States Code, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.

“(B) Inadmissibility.—An alien who is convicted of a crime under subparagraph (A) is inadmissible to the United States.
“(C) Exception.—Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), any alien or other entity (including an employer or union) that submits an employment record that contains incorrect data that the alien used in order to obtain such employment, shall not have violated this subsection.

“(7) Nonapplicability of numerical limitations.—The number of immigrant visas authorized to be issued under any this Act shall not be reduced as a result of the adjustment of status of an alien under this subsection.

“(8) Termination of proceedings.—An alien in removal proceedings who establishes prima facie eligibility for adjustment of status under this subsection shall be entitled to termination of the proceedings pending the outcome of the alien’s application, unless the Secretary determines that the alien is inadmissible or ineligible for such adjustment of status under subsection (d).

“(9) Ineligibility for public benefits.—For purposes of section 403 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1613), an alien whose status has been adjusted under this subsection shall not be eli-
gible for any Federal means-tested public benefit unless the alien meets the alien eligibility criteria for such benefit under title IV of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).

“(10) RELATIONSHIPS OF APPLICATION TO CERTAIN ORDERS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may stay the deportation of an alien who is present in the United States and has been ordered excluded, deported, removed, or to depart voluntarily from the United States or is subject to reinstatement of removal under any provision of this Act if the alien demonstrates prima facie eligibility for adjustment of status under this subsection. If the Secretary grants the application, the order shall be canceled. If the Secretary of Homeland Security renders a final administrative decision to deny the application, such order shall be effective and enforceable.

“(11) APPLICATION OF OTHER PROVISIONS.—Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an alien who may be eligible for adjustment of status under this subsection from seeking such status under any other provision of law for which the alien may be eligible.

“(12) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION ON ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM.—During the 1-year period fol-
lowing the issuance of final regulations under sub-
section (d), the Secretary of Homeland Security, in
cooperation with entities approved by the Secretary,
shall broadly disseminate information respecting ad-
justment of status and the requirements for obtain-
ing such status—

“(A) through television, radio, and print
media sources to which such aliens would have
access in the languages most commonly spoken
in the 15 countries from which the most aliens
arrived who would qualify for adjustment of
status under this subsection;

“(B) to employers and labor unions to ad-
vise them of the rights and protections available
to them; and

“(C) to workers who file applications under
this section.

“(13) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS;
USE OF AMOUNTS COLLECTED.—

“(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
tions.—There are authorized to be appro-
priated to the Secretary of Homeland Security
such sums as may be necessary to commence
the processing of applications filed under this
section.
“(B) USE OF AMOUNTS COLLECTED.—The Secretary shall deposit fees and fines received under paragraph (1)(E) in the Immigration Examinations Fee Account established under section 286 to be used, without fiscal year limitation, for—

“(i) implementing and processing applications under this section, including expedited processing of criminal and national security background checks;

“(ii) administrative and other expenses incurred in connection with the review of applications filed by immediate relatives of aliens applying for adjustment of status under this section; and

“(iii) border security purposes.

“(d) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Immigrant Accountability Act of 2007, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall promulgate regulations to carry out this section.

“(e) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to create any substantive or procedural right or benefit that is legally enforceable by any party against the United States or its agencies or officers or any other person.
“(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such amounts as may be necessary for facilities, personnel (including consular officers), training, technology, and processing necessary to carry out this section.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 245B the following:

“Sec. 245B. Adjustment of status of certain entrants before January 7, 2004, to that of persons admitted for lawful residence.”.

SEC. 3. CORRECTION OF SOCIAL SECURITY RECORDS.

Section 208(e)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 408(e)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking “or” at the end;

(2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting “or” at the end;

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:

“(D) whose status is adjusted to that of lawful permanent resident under section 245B of the Immigration and Nationality Act,”; and

(4) by striking “1990.” and inserting “1990, or in the case of an alien described in subparagraph (D), if such conduct is alleged to have occurred prior
to the date on which the alien became lawfully ad-
mitted for temporary residence.”.

SEC. 4. ELIGIBILITY FOR MILITARY ENLISTMENT.

(a) ARMY.—Section 3253 of title 10, United States
Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “he is a citizen of the United
States or” and inserting “the person is a citizen of
the United States,”; and

(2) by inserting “, or has been issued a condi-
tional resident orange card under section 245B of
such Act” before the period at the end.

(b) AIR FORCE.—Section 8253 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “he is a citizen of the United
States or” and inserting “the person is a citizen of
the United States,”; and

(2) by inserting “, or has been issued a condi-
tional resident orange card under section 245B of
such Act” before the period at the end.