### 110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 6491

To amend title 18, United States Code, to combat, deter, and punish individuals and enterprises engaged nationally and internationally in organized crime involving theft and interstate fencing of stolen retail merchandise, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 15, 2008

Mr. Ellsworth (for himself and Mr. Jordan of Ohio) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## A BILL

- To amend title 18, United States Code, to combat, deter, and punish individuals and enterprises engaged nationally and internationally in organized crime involving theft and interstate fencing of stolen retail merchandise, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Organized Retail
  - 5 Crime Act of 2008".

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-3 ings:
- (1) Organized retail crime involving the obtaining by fraud and theft of retail merchandise from
  entities engaged in interstate commerce is a nationwide problem of an increasing scale and is expected
  to cost American companies and consumers more
  than \$30,000,000,000 annually.
  - (2) The increasing losses by retailers as a result of organized retail crime make certain goods and products less available and accessible to American consumers.
  - (3) The uncontrolled redistribution and unsafe storage of stolen and fraudulently obtained consumer products such as baby formula, over-the-counter drugs, and other products by persons engaged in such organized retail crime is a health and safety hazard to American consumers.
  - (4) The unregulated black-market sales of such fraudulently obtained and stolen merchandise results in an estimated \$1,600,000,000 annual loss in much needed sales and income tax revenues to State and local governments.
- 25 (5) The illegal income from the expanding theft 26 and resale of stolen retail goods is reasonably be-

- lieved to benefit persons and organizations engaged in other forms of criminal activity such as drug trafficking, gang activity, and terrorism.
  - (6) Organized retail crime rings often obtain retail merchandise through the use of checks for which there are insufficient funds or that are forged or stolen, frequently returning the merchandise to fraudulently obtain refunds. Such practices create major problems for the retail industry and the national banking system.
  - (7) Organized retail crime rings are increasingly using counterfeit, forged, misappropriated, and improperly transferred Universal Product Code labels and other devices employed to identify articles for sale as a method for achieving their ends.
  - (8) The dramatic growth of organized retail crime and the unfettered resale of such stolen and fraudulently obtained goods in national and international Internet-based marketplaces has resulted in effective evasion by such resellers of State and local regulations on secondhand goods and article resellers which had traditionally been used to control the possession, resale, and transfer of stolen goods.
  - (9) The unrestricted expansion of anonymous Internet-based marketplaces for stolen and fraudu-

- lently obtained goods has resulted in a dramatic in-
- 2 crease in the deployment of organized retail crime
- 3 rings seeking to sell stolen goods in Internet-based
- 4 marketplaces.
- 5 (10) Conduct constituting organized retail
- 6 crime and conduct facilitating organized retail crime
- 7 both substantially affect interstate commerce.
- 8 (b) STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.—In light of the above
- 9 findings, the purposes of this Act are as follows:
- 10 (1) To protect consumers, retailers, the national
- banking system, and State and local governments
- 12 from the more than \$30,000,000,000 annual prob-
- lem of organized retail crime as well as the related
- adverse health and safety risks it creates.
- 15 (2) To continue to allow legitimate transactions
- to occur on online marketplaces while addressing the
- growing problem of fencing stolen merchandise over
- the Internet ("e-fencing") that facilitates organized
- 19 retail crime.
- 20 SEC. 3. ORGANIZED RETAIL CRIME.
- 21 (a) Definitions.—Section 2311 of title 18, United
- 22 States Code, is amended—
- 23 (1) by inserting after the fifth paragraph (relat-
- ing to the definition of "motor vehicle") the fol-
- lowing:

1	"'Organized retail crime' means—
2	"(1) the stealing, embezzlement, or obtain-
3	ing by fraud, false pretenses, or other illegal
4	means, of retail merchandise in quantities that
5	would not normally be purchased for personal
6	use or consumption for the purpose of reselling
7	or otherwise reentering such retail merchandise
8	in commerce; or
9	"(2) the recruitment of persons to under-
10	take, or the coordination, organization, or facili-
11	tation of, such stealing, embezzlement, or ob-
12	taining by fraud, false pretenses, or other illega
13	means;";
14	(2) by inserting before the paragraph inserted
15	by subsection (a)(1) of this section, the following:
16	"'Online marketplace' means—
17	"(1) an Internet site where persons other than
18	the operator of the Internet site can enter into
19	transactions for the sale of goods or services and in
20	which—
21	"(A) such goods or services are promoted
22	through inclusion in search results displayed
23	within the Internet site; and
24	"(B) the operator of the Internet site—

1	"(i) has the contractual right to su-
2	pervise the activities of the person with re-
3	spect to such goods or services; or
4	"(ii) has a financial interest in the
5	sale of such goods or services;";
6	(3) by inserting after the second paragraph, re-
7	lating to the definition of "cattle", the following new
8	paragraph:
9	"'Internet site' means a location on the Inter-
10	net accessible at a specific Internet domain name, is
11	accessible at a specific address under the Internet
12	Protocol (or any successor protocol), or is identified
13	by a uniform resource locator;"; and
14	(4) by inserting before the paragraph inserted
15	by paragraph (3) of this subsection, the following
16	new paragraph:
17	"'High-volume seller' means a seller on an on-
18	line marketplace who in the past 12 months has
19	made or offered to make discrete transactions aggre-
20	gating at least \$12,000;".
21	(b) Transportation of Stolen Goods.—The first
22	paragraph of section 2314 of title 18, United States Code,
23	is amended by inserting "or engages in organized retail
24	crime involving the transporting, transmitting, or trans-

- 1 ferring in interstate or foreign commerce any goods,
- 2 wares, or merchandise," after "\$5,000 or more,".
- 3 (c) Sale or Receipt of Stolen Goods.—The first
- 4 paragraph of section 2315 of title 18, United States Code,
- 5 is amended by inserting "or engages in organized retail
- 6 crime involving receiving, possessing, concealing, storing,
- 7 bartering, selling, or disposing of any goods, wares, or
- 8 merchandise," after "\$5,000 or more,".
- 9 (d) Fraud in Connection With Access De-
- 10 VICES.—Section 1029(e)(1) of title 18, United States
- 11 Code, is amended—
- 12 (1) by inserting "(including gift card)" after
- 13 "card";
- 14 (2) by inserting "(including a Universal Prod-
- uct Code label)" after "code"; and
- 16 (3) by inserting "(including a radio frequency
- identification transponder)" after "identifier".
- 18 (e) Facilitation of Organized Retail Crime.—
- 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The first paragraph of sec-
- tion 2315 of title 18, United States Code, as amend-
- 21 ed by subsection (c) of this section, is further
- amended by inserting ", or facilitates such organized
- retail crime, including, but not limited to, facilitation
- through the operation of an online marketplace for
- 25 the sale of goods and services, knowing or having

- reasonable cause to know that such organized retail crime is facilitated by such operation" before "; or" at the end of the paragraph.
- 4 (2) OPERATOR OF AN ONLINE MARKET5 PLACE.—Section 2315 of title 18, United States
  6 Code, is further amended by inserting before the last
  7 paragraph the following:
- 8 "It is unlawful for an operator of an online market-9 place to fail to—
  - "(1) expeditiously investigate when credible evidence of sales of goods or services acquired through organized retail crime on its online marketplace comes to its attention, and remove from the online marketplace or disable access to material from the online marketplace of sellers offering goods or services when the result of the investigation provides knowledge or a reasonable cause to know that the goods or services were acquired through organized retail crime, and maintain a record of all investigations for a minimum of three years;
  - "(2) require the seller of property whose merchandise packaging identifies the property as being available from a particular or exclusive retail source, to post such identifying information conspicuously

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1	on the Internet site where other information about
2	the property is posted; and
3	"(3) in the case of each high volume seller—
4	"(A) maintain the following information
5	for three years—
6	"(i) the name, telephone number, e-
7	mail address, legitimate physical address,
8	any user identification, and company name
9	of the high-volume seller; and
10	"(ii) all transactions conducted by
11	each high-volume seller on the online mar-
12	ketplace for the most recent three-year pe-
13	riod; and
14	"(B) require any high-volume seller to—
15	"(i) conspicuously post its name, tele-
16	phone number, and legitimate address on
17	the Internet site where other information
18	about the property being sold by the high-
19	volume seller is posted; or
20	"(ii) provide, upon request of any
21	business that has a reasonable suspicion
22	that goods or services at the site were ac-
23	quired through organized retail crime, its
24	name, telephone number, and legitimate
25	physical address.".

1	(f) REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF FEDERAL SEN-
2	TENCING GUIDELINES RELATED TO ORGANIZED RETAIL
3	Crime.—
4	(1) REVIEW AND AMENDMENT.—The United
5	States Sentencing Commission, pursuant to its au-
6	thority under section 994 of title 28, United States
7	Code, and in accordance with this section, shall re-
8	view and, if appropriate, amend the Federal sen-
9	tencing guidelines (including its policy statements)
10	applicable to persons convicted of offenses involving
11	organized retail crime under—
12	(A) sections 1029, 2314, and 2315 of title
13	18, United States Code; and
14	(B) any other relevant provision of the
15	United States Code.
16	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the re-
17	quirements of this section, the United States Sen-
18	tencing Commission shall—
19	(A) ensure that the Federal sentencing
20	guidelines (including its policy statements) re-
21	flect—
22	(i) the serious nature of the offenses
23	and penalties referred to in this Act;
24	(ii) the magnitude of organized retail
25	crime; and

1	(iii) the need to deter, prevent, and
2	punish such offense;
3	(B) consider the extent to which the Fed-
4	eral sentencing guidelines (including its policy
5	statements) adequately address violations of the
6	sections amended by this Act to sufficiently
7	deter and punish such offenses;
8	(C) maintain reasonable consistency with
9	other relevant directives and sentencing guide-
10	lines;
11	(D) account for any additional aggravating
12	or mitigating circumstances that might justify
13	exceptions to the generally applicable sentencing
14	ranges; and
15	(E) consider whether to provide a sen-
16	tencing enhancement for those convicted of con-
17	duct proscribed by this Act, where such conduct
18	involves—
19	(i) organized retail crime;
20	(ii) sale or resale of a product in an
21	online marketplace;
22	(iii) a threat to public health and
23	safety, including but not limited to alter-
24	ation of an expiration date or of product
25	ingredients;

1	(iv) theft, conversion, alteration, or re-
2	moval of a product label;
3	(v) alteration, transfer, theft, conver-
4	sion, counterfeiting, or reproduction of a
5	Universal Product Code label; and
6	(vi) use of a fire or emergency exit.
7	(g) CIVIL FORFEITURE.—
8	(1) Section 2315 of title 18, United States
9	Code, is further amended by inserting before the last
10	paragraph the following:
11	"This section shall have the following civil forfeiture
12	provisions:
13	"(1) Any property used, in any manner or part,
14	to commit organized retail crime or the facilitation
15	of organized retail crime shall be subject to for-
16	feiture to the United States.
17	"(2) The provisions of chapter 46 of this title
18	relating to civil forfeitures, including section 983 of
19	this title, shall extend to any seizure or civil for-
20	feiture under this section. At the conclusion of the
21	forfeiture proceedings, the court, unless otherwise
22	requested by an agency of the United States, shall
23	order that any forfeited article be returned to the
24	rightful owner or otherwise disposed of according to
25	law.

1	"(3)(A) The court, in imposing sentence on a
2	person convicted of an offense under this section,
3	shall order, in addition to any other sentence im-
4	posed, that the person forfeit to the United States—
5	"(i) any property constituting or de-
6	rived from any proceeds the person ob-
7	tained, directly or indirectly, as the result
8	of the offense of organized retail crime or
9	the facilitation of organized retail crime;
10	and
11	"(ii) any of the person's property
12	used, or intended to be used, in any man-
13	ner or part, to commit, facilitate, aid, or
14	abet the commission of either such offense.
15	"(B) The forfeiture of property under subpara-
16	graph (A), including any seizure and disposition of
17	the property and any related judicial or administra-
18	tive proceeding, shall be governed by the procedures
19	set forth in section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug
20	Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21
21	U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d) of that sec-
22	tion. Notwithstanding section 413(h) of that Act, at
23	the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the
24	court shall order that any forfeited article or compo-

- nent of an article bearing or consisting of a counterfeit mark be destroyed.
- "(4) When a person is convicted of an offense under this section, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, and 3664, shall order the person to pay restitution to the owner of the property and any other victim of the offense as an offense against property referred to in section 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).
- 9 "(5) The term 'victim', as used in paragraph 10 (4), has the meaning given that term in section 11 3663A(a)(2).".
- 12 SEC. 4. ACTIONS AGAINST AN OPERATOR OF AN ONLINE
- 13 MARKETPLACE.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Any business whose goods or serv-
- 15 ices were sold or otherwise used in the facilitation of orga-
- 16 nized retail crime through the operation of an online mar-
- 17 ketplace may bring a civil action against the operator of
- 18 the online marketplace for violations of section 3(e) with
- 19 respect to such goods and services in any district court
- 20 of the United States to enjoin further violation of this Act
- 21 by the person or entity and to recover damages for any
- 22 loss resulting from such violation.
- 23 (b) Subsequent Actions.—A final judgment or de-
- 24 cree rendered in favor of the United States in any criminal
- 25 proceeding brought by the United States under this Act

- 1 shall stop the defendant from denying the essential allega-
- 2 tions of the criminal offense in any subsequent civil pro-
- 3 ceeding brought by any business whose goods or services
- 4 were sold or otherwise used in an act of organized retail
- 5 crime.

### 6 SEC. 5. NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.

- 7 No provision of this Act, including any amendment
- 8 made by this Act, shall be construed as indicating an in-
- 9 tent on the part of Congress to occupy the field in which
- 10 that provision or amendment operates, including criminal
- 11 penalties, to the exclusion of any State law on the same
- 12 subject matter that would otherwise be within the author-
- 13 ity of the State, unless there is a positive conflict between
- 14 that provision or amendment and that State law so that
- 15 the two cannot consistently stand together.

### 16 SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 17 The amendments made by this Act take effect 120
- 18 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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