H. R. 2068

To establish the Southwest Regional Border Authority.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 26, 2007

Mr. Reyes (for himself, Mr. Hinojosa, Mr. Filner, Mr. Ortiz, Mr. Cuellar, Mr. Rodriguez, Ms. Giffords, Mr. Grijalva, and Mrs. Davis of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish the Southwest Regional Border Authority.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Southwest Regional Border Authority Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—SOUTHWEST REGIONAL BORDER AUTHORITY

- Sec. 101. Membership and voting.
- Sec. 102. Duties and powers.
- Sec. 103. Authority personnel matters.

TITLE II—GRANTS AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

- Sec. 201. Infrastructure development and improvement.
- Sec. 202. Technology development.
- Sec. 203. Community development and entrepreneurship.
- Sec. 204. Education and workforce development.
- Sec. 205. Funding.
- Sec. 206. Supplements to Federal grant programs.
- Sec. 207. Demonstration projects.
- Sec. 208. Local development districts; certification and administrative expenses.
- Sec. 209. Distressed counties and areas and economically strong counties.
- Sec. 210. Development planning process.

TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION

- Sec. 301. Program development criteria.
- Sec. 302. Approval of development plans and projects.
- Sec. 303. Consent of States.
- Sec. 304. Records.
- Sec. 305. Annual report.
- Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 307. Termination of authority.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) a rapid increase in population in the South-
- 4 west border region is placing a significant strain on
- 5 the infrastructure of the region, including transpor-
- 6 tation, water and wastewater, public health, and
- 7 telecommunications;
- 8 (2) 20 percent of the residents of the region
- 9 have incomes below the poverty level;
- 10 (3) unemployment rates in counties in the re-
- gion are up to 5 times the national unemployment
- 12 rate;

1	(4) per capita personal income in the region is
2	significantly below the national average and much of
3	the income in the region is distributed through wel-
4	fare programs, retirement programs, and unemploy-
5	ment payments;
6	(5) a lack of adequate access to capital in the
7	region—
8	(A) has created economic disparities be-
9	tween communities in the region and commu-
10	nities outside the region; and
11	(B) has made it difficult for businesses to
12	start up in the region;
13	(6) it has been difficult for displaced workers in
14	the region to find employment because many work-
15	ers—
16	(A) have limited English language pro-
17	ficiency; and
18	(B) lack adequate English language and
19	job training;
20	(7) many residents of the region live in commu-
21	nities referred to as "colonias" that lack basic neces-
22	sities, including running water, sewers, storm drain-
23	age, and electricity;
24	(8) many of the problems that exist in the re-
25	gion could be solved or ameliorated by technology

- that would contribute to economic development in
 the region;
 - (9) while numerous Federal, State, and local programs target financial resources to the region, those programs are often uncoordinated, duplicative, and, in some cases, unavailable to eligible border communities because those communities cannot afford the required funding match;
 - (10) Congress has established several regional economic development commissions, including the Appalachian Regional Commission, the Delta Regional Authority, and the Denali Commission, to improve the economies of those areas of the United States that experience the greatest economic distress; and
 - (11) many of the counties in the region are among the most economically distressed in the United States and would benefit from a regional economic development commission.
- 20 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
 - (1) to establish a regional economic development authority for the Southwest Border region to address critical issues relating to the economic health and well-being of the residents of the region;

- 1 (2) to provide funding to communities in the re-2 gion to stimulate and foster infrastructure develop-3 ment, technology development, community develop-4 ment and entrepreneurship, and education and 5 workforce development in the region;
 - (3) to increase the total amount of Federal funding available for border economic development projects by coordinating with and reducing duplication of other Federal, State, and local programs; and
- 10 (4) to empower the people of the region through the use of local development districts and State and 12 regional development plans that reflect State and 13 local priorities.

14 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

6

7

8

9

- 15 In this Act, the following definitions apply:
- (1) ATTAINMENT COUNTY.—The term "attain-16 17 ment county" means an economically strong county 18 that is not a distressed county or a competitive 19 county.
- (2) AUTHORITY.—The term "Authority" means 20 21 the Southwest Regional Border Authority estab-22 lished by section 101(a)(1).
- 23 (3) BINATIONAL REGION.—The term "bina-24 tional region" means the area in the United States 25 and Mexico that is within 150 miles of the inter-

1	national border between the United States and Mex-
2	ico.
3	(4) Business incubator service.—The term
4	"business incubator service" means—
5	(A) a legal service, including aid in pre-
6	paring a corporate charter, partnership agree-
7	ment, or contract;
8	(B) a service in support of the protection
9	of intellectual property through a patent, a
10	trademark, or any other means;
11	(C) a service in support of the acquisition
12	or use of advanced technology, including the
13	use of Internet services and Web-based services;
14	and
15	(D) consultation on strategic planning,
16	marketing, or advertising.
17	(5) Competitive county.—The term "com-
18	petitive county" means an economically strong coun-
19	ty that meets at least 1, but not all, of the criteria
20	for a distressed county specified in paragraph (5).
21	(6) DISTRESSED COUNTY.—The term "dis-
22	tressed county" means a county in the region that—
23	(A)(i) has a poverty rate that is at least
24	150 percent of the poverty rate of the United
25	States:

1	(ii) has a per capita market income that is
2	not more than 67 percent of the per capita
3	market income of the United States; and
4	(iii) has a 3-year unemployment rate that
5	is at least 150 percent of the unemployment
6	rate of the United States; or
7	(B)(i) has a poverty rate that is at least
8	200 percent of the poverty rate of the United
9	States; and
10	(ii)(I) has a per capita market income that
11	is not more than 67 percent of the per capita
12	market income of the United States; or
13	(II) has a 3-year unemployment rate that
14	is at least 150 percent of the unemployment
15	rate of the United States.
16	(7) Economically strong county.—The
17	term "economically strong county" means a county
18	in the region that is not a distressed county.
19	(8) Federal Grant Program.—The term
20	"Federal grant program" means a Federal grant
21	program to provide assistance in—
22	(A) acquiring or developing land;
23	(B) constructing or equipping a highway,
24	road, bridge, or facility; or

1	(C) carrying out other economic develop-
2	ment activities.
3	(9) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
4	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
5	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
6	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
7	(10) Isolated area of distress.—The term
8	"isolated area of distress" means an area located in
9	an economically strong county that has a high rate
10	of poverty, unemployment, or outmigration, as deter-
11	mined by the Authority.
12	(11) Local Development district.—The
13	term "local development district" means an entity
14	that—
15	(A)(i) is an economic development district
16	that is—
17	(I) in existence on the date of enact-
18	ment of this Act; and
19	(II) recognized by the Economic De-
20	velopment Administration; and
21	(III) located in the region; or
22	(ii) if an entity described in clause (i) does
23	not exist—
24	(I) is organized and operated in a
25	manner that ensures broad-based commu-

1	nity participation and an effective oppor-
2	tunity for local officials, community lead-
3	ers, and the public to contribute to the de-
4	velopment and implementation of programs
5	in the region;
6	(II) is governed by a policy board with
7	at least a simple majority of members con-
8	sisting of designees or employees of a gen-
9	eral purpose unit of local government that
10	have been appointed to represent the unit
11	of local government or elected officials; and
12	(III) is certified by the Governor or
13	appropriate State officer as having a char-
14	ter or authority that includes the economic
15	development of counties, portions of coun-
16	ties, or other political subdivisions within
17	the region; and
18	(B) has not, as certified by the Federal co-
19	chairperson—
20	(i) inappropriately used Federal grant
21	funds from any Federal source; or
22	(ii) appointed an officer who, during
23	the period in which another entity inappro-
24	priately used Federal grant funds from any

1 Federal source, was an officer of the other 2 entity. (12) Region.—The term "region" means— 3 4 (A) the counties of Cochise, Gila, Graham, 5 Greenlee, La Paz, Maricopa, Pima, Pinal, 6 Santa Cruz, and Yuma in the State of Arizona; (B) the counties of Imperial, Los Angeles, 7 8 Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, 9 and Ventura in the State of California; 10 (C) the counties of Catron, Chaves, Doña 11 Ana, Eddy, Grant, Hidalgo, Lincoln, Luna, 12 Otero, Sierra, and Socorro in the State of New 13 Mexico; and 14 (D) the counties of Atascosa, Bandera, 15 Bee, Bexar, Brewster, Brooks, Cameron, Coke, 16 Concho, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, Dimmit, 17 Duval, Ector, Edwards, El Paso, Frio, Gil-18 lespie, Glasscock, Hidalgo, Hudspeth, Irion, 19 Jeff Davis, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Karnes, Ken-20 dall, Kenedy, Kerr, Kimble, Kinney, Kleberg, 21 La Salle, Live Oak, Loving, Mason, Maverick, 22 McMullen, Medina, Menard, Midland, Nueces, 23 Pecos, Presidio, Reagan, Real, Reeves, San 24 Patricio, Shleicher, Sutton, Starr, Sterling, 25 Terrell, Tom Green, Upton, Uvalde, Val Verde,

1	Ward, Webb, Willacy, Wilson, Winkler, Zapata,
2	and Zavala in the State of Texas.
3	(13) Small business.—The term "small busi-
4	ness" has the meaning given the term "small busi-
5	ness concern" in section 3(a) of the Small Business
6	Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).
7	TITLE I—SOUTHWEST REGIONAL
8	BORDER AUTHORITY
9	SEC. 101. MEMBERSHIP AND VOTING.
10	(a) Establishment.—
11	(1) In General.—There is established the
12	Southwest Regional Border Authority.
13	(2) Composition.—The Authority shall be
14	composed of—
15	(A) a Federal member, to be appointed by
16	the President, by and with the advice and con-
17	sent of the Senate; and
18	(B) State members, who shall consist of
19	the Governor (or a designee of the Governor) of
20	each State in the region that elects to partici-
21	pate in the Authority.
22	(3) Cochairpersons.—The Authority shall be
23	headed by—
24	(A) the Federal member, who shall serve—
25	(i) as the Federal cochairperson; and

1	(ii) as a liaison between the Federal
2	Government and the Authority; and
3	(B) a State cochairperson, who shall—
4	(i) be a Governor of a State described
5	in paragraph (2)(B);
6	(ii) be elected by the State members
7	for a term of not more than 2 years; and
8	(iii) serve only 1 term during any 4
9	year period.
10	(b) ALTERNATE MEMBERS.—
11	(1) State alternates.—The State member
12	of a State described in paragraph (2)(B) may have
13	a single alternate, who shall be—
14	(A) a resident of that State; and
15	(B) appointed by the Governor of the
16	State, from among the members of the cabinet
17	or personal staff of the Governor.
18	(2) Alternate federal cochairperson.—
19	The President shall appoint an alternate Federal co-
20	chairperson.
21	(3) Quorum.—Subject to subsection (d)(4), a
22	State alternate member shall not be counted toward
23	the establishment of a quorum of the members of
24	the Authority in any case in which a quorum of the
25	State members is required to be present.

1	(4) Delegation of Power.—No power or re-
2	sponsibility of the Authority specified in paragraph
3	(2) or (3) of subsection (d), and no voting right of
4	any member of the Authority, shall be delegated to
5	any person who is not—
6	(A) a member of the Authority; or
7	(B) entitled to vote at meetings of the Au-
8	thority.
9	(c) Meetings.—
10	(1) Initial meeting.—The initial meeting of
11	the Authority shall be conducted not later than the
12	date that is the earlier of—
13	(A) 180 days after the date of enactment
14	of this Act; or
15	(B) 60 days after the date on which the
16	Federal cochairperson is appointed.
17	(2) Other Meetings.—The Authority shall
18	hold meetings at such times as the Authority deter-
19	mines, but not less often than semiannually.
20	(3) Location.—Meetings of the Authority shall
21	be conducted, on a rotating basis, at a site in the
22	region in each of the States of Arizona, California,
23	New Mexico, and Texas.
24	(d) Voting.—

1	(1) In general.—To be effective, a decision by
2	the Authority shall require the approval of the Fed-
3	eral cochairperson and not less than 60 percent of
4	the State members of the Authority (not including
5	any member representing a State that is delinquent
6	under section $102(d)(2)(D)$.
7	(2) Quorum.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—A majority of the State
9	members shall constitute a quorum.
10	(B) REQUIRED FOR POLICY DECISION.—A
11	quorum of State members shall be required to
12	be present for the Authority to make any policy
13	decision, including—
14	(i) a modification or revision of a pol-
15	icy decision of the Authority;
16	(ii) approval of a State or regional de-
17	velopment plan; and
18	(iii) any allocation of funds among the
19	States.
20	(3) Project and grant proposals.—The ap-
21	proval of project and grant proposals shall be—
22	(A) a responsibility of the Authority; and
23	(B) conducted in accordance with section
24	302.

1	(4) Voting by alternate members.—An al-
2	ternate member shall vote in the case of the absence,
3	death, disability, removal, or resignation of the Fed-
4	eral or State member for which the alternate mem-
5	ber is an alternate.
6	SEC. 102. DUTIES AND POWERS.
7	(a) Duties.—The Authority shall—
8	(1) develop comprehensive and coordinated
9	plans and programs to establish priorities and ap-
10	prove grants for the economic development of the re-
11	gion, giving due consideration to other Federal,
12	State, and local planning and development activities
13	in the region;
14	(2) conduct and sponsor investigations, re-
15	search, and studies, including an inventory and anal-
16	ysis of the resources of the region, using, in part,
17	the materials compiled by the Interagency Task
18	Force on the Economic Development of the South-
19	west Border established by Executive Order No.
20	13122 (64 Fed. Reg. 29201);
21	(3) sponsor demonstration projects under sec-
22	tion 207;
23	(4)(A) enhance the capacity of, and provide
24	support for, local development districts in the region;
25	or

- 1 (B) if there is no local development district de-2 scribed in clause (i) of section 3(11)(A) for a portion 3 of the region, foster the creation of a local develop-4 ment district;
 - (5) review and study Federal, State, and local public and private programs and, as appropriate, recommend modifications or additions to increase the effectiveness of the programs;
 - (6) formulate and recommend, as appropriate, interstate and international compacts and other forms of interstate and international cooperation;
 - (7) encourage private investment in industrial, commercial, and recreational projects in the region;
 - (8) provide a forum for consideration of the problems of the region and any proposed solutions to those problems;
 - (9) establish and use, as appropriate, citizens, special advisory counsels, and public conferences; and
 - (10) provide a coordinating mechanism to avoid duplication of efforts among the border programs of the Federal agencies and the programs established under the North American Free Trade Agreement entered into by the United States, Mexico, and Canada on December 17, 1992.

- 1 (b) Powers.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Au-2 thority may—
- 1) hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, and print or otherwise reproduce and distribute a description of the proceedings of, and reports on actions by, the Authority as the Authority considers appropriate;
 - (2) request from any Federal, State, or local agency such information as may be available to or procurable by the agency that may be of use to the Authority in carrying out the duties of the Authority;
 - (3) maintain an accurate and complete record of all transactions and activities of the Authority, to be available for audit and examination by the Comptroller General of the United States;
 - (4) adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws and rules governing the conduct of business and the performance of duties of the Authority;
 - (5) request the head of any Federal agency to detail to the Authority, for a specified period of time, such personnel as the Authority requires to carry out duties of the Authority, each such detail

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	to be without loss of seniority, pay, or other em-
2	ployee status;
3	(6) request the head of any State department
4	or agency or local government to detail to the Au-
5	thority, for a specified period of time, such personne
6	as the Authority requires to carry out the duties of
7	the Authority, each such detail to be without loss of
8	seniority, pay, or other employee status;
9	(7) make recommendations to the President re-
10	garding—
11	(A) the expenditure of funds at the Fed-
12	eral, State, and local levels under this Act; and
13	(B) additional Federal, State, and local
14	legislation that may be necessary to further the
15	purposes of this Act;
16	(8) provide for coverage of Authority employees
17	in a suitable retirement and employee benefit system
18	by—
19	(A) making arrangements or entering into
20	contracts with any participating State govern-
21	ment; or
22	(B) otherwise providing retirement and
23	other employee benefit coverage;

1	(9) accept, use, and dispose of gifts or dona-
2	tions of services or real, personal, tangible, or intan-
3	gible property;
4	(10) enter into and perform such contracts,
5	leases, cooperative agreements, or other transactions
6	as are necessary to carry out the duties of the Au-
7	thority;
8	(11) establish and maintain—
9	(A) a headquarters for the Authority, to be
10	located at a site that is not more than 100 kilo-
11	meters from the international border between
12	the United States and Mexico; and
13	(B) at least 1 field office in each of the
14	States of Arizona, California, New Mexico, and
15	Texas, to be located at appropriate sites in the
16	region that are not more than 100 kilometers
17	from the international border between the
18	United States and Mexico; and
19	(12) provide for an appropriate level of rep-
20	resentation in Washington, D.C.
21	(e) Federal Agency Cooperation.—A Federal
22	agency shall—
23	(1) cooperate with the Authority; and
24	(2) provide, on request of the Federal cochair-
25	person, appropriate assistance in carrying out this

1	Act, in accordance with applicable Federal laws (in-
2	cluding regulations).
3	(d) Administrative Expenses.—
4	(1) In general.—
5	(A) Administrative expenses.—Subject
6	to paragraph (2), administrative expenses of the
7	Authority shall be paid—
8	(i) by the Federal Government, in an
9	amount equal to 60 percent of the admin-
10	istrative expenses; and
11	(ii) by the States in the region that
12	elect to participate in the Authority, in an
13	amount equal to 40 percent of the admin-
14	istrative expenses.
15	(B) Expenses of federal chair-
16	PERSON.—All expenses of the Federal cochair-
17	person, including expenses of the alternate and
18	staff of the Federal cochairperson, shall be paid
19	by the Federal Government.
20	(2) State share.—
21	(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
22	graph (C), the share of administrative expenses
23	of the Authority to be paid by each State shall
24	be determined by a unanimous vote of the State
25	members of the Authority.

1	(B) NO FEDERAL PARTICIPATION.—The
2	Federal cochairperson shall not participate or
3	vote in any decision under subparagraph (A).
4	(C) Limitation.—A State shall not pay
5	less than 10 nor more than 40 percent of the
6	share of administrative expenses of the Author-
7	ity determined under paragraph (1)(A)(ii).
8	(D) Delinquent states.—During any
9	period in which a State is more than 1 year de-
10	linquent in payment of the State's share of ad-
11	ministrative expenses of the Authority under
12	this subsection (as determined by the Sec-
13	retary)—
14	(i) no assistance under this Act shall
15	be provided to the State (including assist
16	ance to a political subdivision or a resident
17	of the State) for any project not approved
18	as of the date of the commencement of the
19	delinquency; and
20	(ii) no member of the Authority from
21	the State shall participate or vote in any
22	action by the Authority.
23	(E) Effect on assistance.—A State's
24	share of administrative expenses of the Author-
25	ity under this subsection shall not be taken into

1	consideration in determining the amount of as-
2	sistance provided to the State under title II.
3	SEC. 103. AUTHORITY PERSONNEL MATTERS.
4	(a) Compensation of Members.—
5	(1) Federal Cochairperson.—The Federal
6	cochairperson shall be compensated by the Federal
7	Government at the annual rate of basic pay pre-
8	scribed for level III of the Executive Schedule in
9	subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States
10	Code.
11	(2) Alternate federal cochairperson.—
12	The alternate Federal cochairperson—
13	(A) shall be compensated by the Federal
14	Government at the annual rate of basic pay
15	prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule
16	described in paragraph (1); and
17	(B) when not actively serving as an alter-
18	nate for the Federal cochairperson, shall per-
19	form such functions and duties as are delegated
20	by the Federal cochairperson.
21	(3) State members and alternates.—
22	(A) In General.—A State shall com-
23	pensate each member and alternate member
24	representing the State on the Authority at the
25	rate established by State law.

1	(B) No additional compensation.—No
2	State member or alternate member shall receive
3	any salary, or any contribution to or sup-
4	plementation of salary, from any source other
5	than the State for services provided by the
6	member or alternate member to the Authority.
7	(b) Detailed Employees.—
8	(1) In general.—No person detailed to serve
9	the Authority under section 102(b)(6) shall receive
10	any salary, or any contribution to or supplemen-
11	tation of salary, for services provided to the Author-
12	ity from—
13	(A) any source other than the State, local,
14	or intergovernmental department or agency
15	from which the person was detailed; or
16	(B) the Authority.
17	(2) VIOLATION.—Any person that violates this
18	subsection shall be fined not more than \$5,000, im-
19	prisoned not more than 1 year, or both.
20	(c) Additional Personnel.—
21	(1) Compensation.—
22	(A) In General.—The Authority may ap-
23	point and fix the compensation of an executive
24	director and such other personnel as are nec-

1	essary to enable the Authority to carry out the
2	duties of the Authority.
3	(B) Exception.—Compensation under
4	subparagraph (A) shall not exceed the max-
5	imum rate of basic pay established for the Sen-
6	ior Executive Service under section 5382 of title
7	5, United States Code, including any applicable
8	locality-based comparability payment that may
9	be authorized under section 5304(h)(2)(C) of
10	that title.
11	(2) Executive director.—The executive di-
12	rector shall be responsible for—
13	(A) carrying out the administrative duties
14	of the Authority;
15	(B) directing the Authority staff; and
16	(C) carrying out such other duties as the
17	Authority may assign.
18	(3) No federal employee status.—No
19	member, alternate, officer, or employee of the Au-
20	thority (other than the Federal cochairperson, the
21	alternate Federal cochairperson, staff of the Federal
22	cochairperson, and any Federal employee detailed to
23	the Authority under subsection (b)) shall be consid-
24	ered to be a Federal employee for any purpose.
25	(d) Conflicts of Interest.—

- (1) In general.—Except as provided under 1 2 paragraph (2), no State member, State alternate, of-3 ficer, employee, or detailed of the Authority shall participate personally and substantially as a member, alternate, officer, employee, or detailee of the 5 6 Authority, through decision, approval, disapproval, 7 recommendation, the rendering of advice, investiga-8 tion, or otherwise, in any proceeding, application, re-9 quest for a ruling or other determination, contract, 10 claim, controversy, or other matter in which the 11 member, alternate, officer, employee, or detailee has 12 a financial interest.
 - (2) DISCLOSURE.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply if the State member, State alternate, officer, employee, or detailee—
 - (A) immediately advises the Authority of the nature and circumstances of the proceeding, application, request for a ruling or other determination, contract, claim, controversy, or other particular matter presenting a potential conflict of interest;
 - (B) makes full disclosure of the financial interest; and
 - (C) before the proceeding concerning the matter presenting the conflict of interest, re-

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- ceives a written determination by the Authority
 that the interest is not so substantial as to be
 likely to affect the integrity of the services that
 the Authority may expect from the State member, State alternate, officer, employee, or
 detailee.
- 7 (3) VIOLATION.—Any person that violates this 8 subsection shall be fined not more than \$10,000, im-9 prisoned not more than 2 years, or both.
- 10 (e) Validity of Contracts, Loans, and Grants.—The Authority may declare void any contract, loan, or grant of or by the Authority in relation to which the Authority determines that there has been a violation of subsection (b), subsection (d), or any of sections 202 through 209 of title 18, United States Code.

16 (f) APPLICABLE LABOR STANDARDS.—

(1) In general.—All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the construction, alteration, or repair, including painting and decorating, of projects, buildings, and works funded by the United States under this Act, shall be paid wages at not less than the prevailing wages on similar construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with sections

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	3141–3144, 3146, and 3147 of title 40, United
2	States Code.
3	(2) Authority.—With respect to the deter-
4	mination of wages under paragraph (1), the Sec-
5	retary of Labor shall have the authority and func-
6	tions set forth in Reorganization Plan No. 14 of
7	1950 (64 Stat. 1267) and section 3145 of title 40,
8	United States Code.
9	TITLE II—GRANTS AND
10	DEVELOPMENT PLANNING
11	SEC. 201. INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVE-
12	MENT.
13	The Authority may approve grants to States, local
14	governments, Indian tribes, and public and nonprofit orga-
15	nizations in the region for projects, approved in accord-
16	ance with section 302, to develop and improve the trans-
17	portation, water and wastewater, public health, and tele-
18	communications infrastructure of the region.
19	SEC. 202. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT.
20	The Authority may approve grants to small busi-
21	nesses, universities, national laboratories, and nonprofit
22	organizations in the region to research, develop, dem-
23	onstrate, and deploy technology that addresses—
24	(1) water quality;
25	(2) water quantity;

1	(3) pollution;
2	(4) transportation;
3	(5) energy consumption;
4	(6) public health;
5	(7) border and port security; and
6	(8) any other related matter that stimulates job
7	creation or enhances economic development in the
8	region, as determined by the Authority.
9	SEC. 203. COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRE-
10	NEURSHIP.
11	The Authority may approve grants to States, local
12	governments, Indian tribes, small businesses, and public
13	or nonprofit entities for projects, approved in accordance
14	with section 302—
15	(1) to create dynamic local economies by—
16	(A) recruiting businesses to the region;
17	and
18	(B) increasing and expanding international
19	trade to other countries;
20	(2) to foster entrepreneurship by—
21	(A) supporting the advancement of, and
22	providing entrepreneurial training and edu-
23	cation for, youths, students, and
24	businesspersons;

1	(B) improving access to debt and equity
2	capital by facilitating the establishment of de-
3	velopment venture capital funds and other ap-
4	propriate means;
5	(C) providing aid to communities in identi-
6	fying, developing, and implementing develop-
7	ment strategies for various sectors of the econ-
8	omy; and
9	(D)(i) developing a working network of
10	business incubators; and
11	(ii) supporting entities that provide busi-
12	ness incubator services; and
13	(3) to promote civic responsibility and leader-
14	ship through activities that include—
15	(A) the identification and training of
16	emerging leaders;
17	(B) the encouragement of citizen participa-
18	tion; and
19	(C) the provision of assistance for strategic
20	planning and organization development.
21	SEC. 204. EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT.
22	The Authority, in coordination with State and local
23	workforce development boards, may approve grants to
24	States, local governments, Indian tribes, small businesses,

1	and public or nonprofit entities for projects, approved in
2	accordance with section 302—
3	(1) to assist the region in obtaining the job
4	training, employment-related education, and busi-
5	ness development (with an emphasis on entrepre-
6	neurship) that are needed to build and maintain
7	strong local economies; and
8	(2) to supplement in-plant training programs
9	offered by State and local governments to attract
10	new businesses to the region.
11	SEC. 205. FUNDING.
12	(a) In General.—Funds for grants under sections
13	201 through 204 may be provided—
14	(1) entirely from appropriations to carry out
15	this Act;
16	(2) in combination with funds available under
17	another Federal grant program or other Federal
18	program; or
19	(3) in combination with funds from any other
20	source, including—
21	(A) State and local governments, nonprofit
22	organizations, and the private sector in the
23	United States;
24	(B) the federal and local government of
25	and private sector in Mexico: and

1	(C) the North American Development
2	Bank.
3	(b) Priority of Funding.—
4	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
5	the Authority shall award funding to each State in
6	the region for activities in accordance with an order
7	of priority to be determined by the State.
8	(2) Funding for Border Counties.—For
9	each fiscal year, the Authority shall allocate at least
10	60 percent of the amounts made available under sec-
11	tion 306 for programs and projects designed to serve
12	the needs of—
13	(A) distressed counties located along the
14	international border between the United States
15	and Mexico; and
16	(B) isolated areas of distress located with-
17	in counties along the international border be-
18	tween the United States and Mexico.
19	(c) Binational Projects.—
20	(1) Prohibition on Provision of Funding
21	TO NON-UNITED STATES ENTITIES.—The Authority
22	shall not award funding to any entity that is not in-
23	corporated in the United States.
24	(2) Funding of Binational projects.—The
25	Authority may award funding to a project in which

- an entity that is incorporated outside the United
- 2 States participates if, for any fiscal year, the entity
- 3 matches with an equal amount, in cash or in-kind,
- 4 the assistance received under this Act for the fiscal
- 5 year.

6 SEC. 206. SUPPLEMENTS TO FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAMS.

- 7 (a) FINDING.—Congress finds that certain States
- 8 and local communities of the region, including local devel-
- 9 opment districts, may be unable to take maximum advan-
- 10 tage of Federal grant programs for which the States and
- 11 communities are eligible because—
- 12 (1) they lack the economic resources to provide
- the required matching share; or
- 14 (2) there are insufficient funds available under
- the Federal law authorizing the Federal grant pro-
- gram to meet pressing needs of the region.
- 17 (b) Federal Grant Program Funding.—Not-
- 18 withstanding any provision of law limiting the Federal
- 19 share, the areas eligible for assistance, or the authoriza-
- 20 tions of appropriations, under any Federal grant program,
- 21 and in accordance with subsection (c), the Authority, with
- 22 the approval of the Federal cochairperson and with respect
- 23 to a project to be carried out in the region, may—
- (1) increase the Federal share of the costs of a
- 25 project under any Federal grant program to not

1	more than 90 percent (except as provided in section
2	209(b)); and
3	(2) use amounts made available to carry out
4	this Act to pay all or a portion of the increased Fed-
5	eral share.
6	(c) CERTIFICATIONS.—
7	(1) In general.—In the case of any project
8	for which all or any portion of the basic Federal
9	share of the costs of the project is proposed to be
10	paid under this section, no Federal contribution
11	shall be made until the Federal official admin-
12	istering the Federal law that authorizes the Federal
13	grant program certifies that the project—
14	(A) meets (except as provided in subsection
15	(b)) the applicable requirements of the applica-
16	ble Federal grant program; and
17	(B) could be approved for Federal con-
18	tribution under the Federal grant program is
19	funds were available under the law for the
20	project.
21	(2) Certification by Authority.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The certifications and
23	determinations required to be made by the Au-
24	thority for approval of projects under this Act
25	in accordance with section 302—

1	(i) shall be controlling; and
2	(ii) shall be accepted by the Federal
3	agencies.
4	(B) ACCEPTANCE BY FEDERAL COCHAIR-
5	PERSON.—In the case of any project described
6	in paragraph (1), any finding, report, certifi-
7	cation, or documentation required to be sub-
8	mitted with respect to the project to the head
9	of the department, agency, or instrumentality of
10	the Federal Government responsible for the ad-
11	ministration of the Federal grant program
12	under which the project is carried out shall be
13	accepted by the Federal cochairperson.
14	SEC. 207. DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.
15	(a) In General.—For each fiscal year, the Author-
16	ity may approve not more than 10 demonstration projects
17	to carry out activities described in sections 201 through
18	204, of which not more than 3 shall be carried out in any
19	1 State.
20	(b) Requirements.—A demonstration project car-
21	ried out under this section shall—
22	(1) be carried out on a multistate or multi-
23	county basis; and
24	(2) be developed in accordance with the regional
25	development plan prepared under section 210(d).

1	SEC. 208. LOCAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS; CERTIFI-
2	CATION AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.
3	(a) Grants to Local Development Districts.—
4	(1) In General.—The Authority shall make
5	grants to local development districts to pay the ad-
6	ministrative expenses of the local development dis-
7	tricts.
8	(2) Conditions for grants.—
9	(A) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of
10	any grant awarded under paragraph (1) shall
11	not exceed 80 percent of the administrative ex-
12	penses of the local development district receiv-
13	ing the grant.
14	(B) Maximum period.—No grant de-
15	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be awarded for a
16	period greater than 3 years to a State agency
17	certified as a local development district.
18	(C) LOCAL SHARE.—The contributions of
19	a local development district for administrative
20	expenses may be in cash or in kind, fairly evalu-
21	ated, including space, equipment, and services.
22	(b) Duties of Local Development Districts.—
23	A local development district shall—
24	(1) operate as a lead organization serving
25	multicounty areas in the region at the local level;

1	(2) assist the Authority in carrying out out-
2	reach activities for local governments, community
3	development groups, the business community, and
4	the public;
5	(3) serve as a liaison between State and local
6	governments, nonprofit organizations (including
7	community-based groups and educational institu-
8	tions), the business community, and citizens; and
9	(4) assist the individuals and entities described
10	in paragraph (3) in identifying, assessing, and facili-
11	tating projects and programs to promote the eco-
12	nomic development of the region.
13	SEC. 209. DISTRESSED COUNTIES AND AREAS AND ECO-
13 14	SEC. 209. DISTRESSED COUNTIES AND AREAS AND ECO- NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES.
14	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES.
14 15	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in ac-
14 15 16 17	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in ac-
14 15 16 17	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in accordance with such criteria as the Authority may establish,
14 15 16 17	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in accordance with such criteria as the Authority may establish, shall designate—
14 15 16 17 18	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in accordance with such criteria as the Authority may establish, shall designate— (1) distressed counties;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in accordance with such criteria as the Authority may establish, shall designate— (1) distressed counties; (2) economically strong counties;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES. (a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in accordance with such criteria as the Authority may establish, shall designate— (1) distressed counties; (2) economically strong counties; (3) attainment counties;

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year, the Au2 thority shall allocate at least 50 percent of the
 3 amounts made available under section 306 for pro4 grams and projects designed to serve the needs of
 5 distressed counties and isolated areas of distress in
 6 the region.
 - (2) Funding limitations.—The funding limitations under section 206(b) shall not apply to a project to provide transportation or basic public services to residents of 1 or more distressed counties or isolated areas of distress in the region.

(c) Economically Strong Counties.—

- (1) ATTAINMENT COUNTIES.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the Authority shall not provide funds for a project located in a county designated as an attainment county under subsection (a)(3).
- (2) Competitive counties.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the Authority shall not provide more than 30 percent of the total cost of any project carried out in a county designated as a competitive county under subsection (a)(2)(B).

(3) Exceptions.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The funding prohibition under paragraph (1) and the funding limi-

1	tation under paragraph (2) shall not apply to
2	grants to fund the administrative expenses of
3	local development districts under section
4	208(a).
5	(B) MULTICOUNTY PROJECTS.—If the Au-
6	thority determines that a project could bring
7	significant benefits to areas of the region out-
8	side an attainment or competitive county, the
9	Authority may waive the application of the
10	funding prohibition under paragraph (1) and
11	the funding limitation under paragraph (2)
12	to—
13	(i) a multicounty project that includes
14	participation by an attainment or competi-
15	tive county; or
16	(ii) any other type of project.
17	(4) Isolated areas of distress.—For a des-
18	ignation of an isolated area of distress for assistance
19	to be effective, the designation shall be supported—
20	(A) by the most recent Federal data avail-
21	able; or
22	(B) if no recent Federal data are available,
23	by the most recent data available through the
24	government of the State in which the isolated
25	area of distress is located.

1 SEC. 210. DEVELOPMENT PLANNING PROCESS.

2	(a) State Development Plan.—In accordance
3	with policies established by the Authority, each State
4	member shall submit an annual development plan for the
5	area of the region represented by the State member to
6	assist the Authority in determining funding priorities
7	under section 205(b).
8	(b) Consultation With Interested Parties.—
9	In carrying out the development planning process (includ-
10	ing the selection of programs and projects for assistance),
11	a State shall—
12	(1) consult with—
13	(A) local development districts; and
14	(B) local units of government;
15	(2) take into consideration the goals, objectives,
16	priorities, and recommendations of the entities de-
17	scribed in paragraph (1); and
18	(3) solicit input on and take into consideration
19	the potential impact of the State development plan
20	on the binational region.
21	(c) Public Participation.—
22	(1) In general.—The Authority and applica-
23	ble State and local development districts shall en-
24	courage and assist, to the maximum extent prac-
25	ticable, public participation in the development, revi-

1	sion, and implementation of all plans and programs
2	under this Act.
3	(2) REGULATIONS.—The Authority shall de-
4	velop guidelines for providing public participation
5	described in paragraph (1), including public hear-
6	ings.
7	(d) REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN.—The Author-
8	ity shall prepare an annual regional development plan
9	that—
10	(1) is based on State development plans sub-
11	mitted under subsection (a);
12	(2) takes into account—
13	(A) the input of the private sector, aca-
14	demia, and nongovernmental organizations; and
15	(B) the potential impact of the regional de-
16	velopment plan on the binational region;
17	(3) establishes 5-year goals for the development
18	of the region;
19	(4) identifies and recommends to the States—
20	(A) potential multistate or multicounty
21	projects that further the goals for the region;
22	and
23	(B) potential development projects for the
24	binational region; and

1	(5) identifies and recommends to the Authority
2	for funding demonstration projects under section
3	207.
4	TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION
5	SEC. 301. PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA.
6	(a) In General.—In considering programs and
7	projects to be provided assistance under this Act, and in
8	establishing a priority ranking of the requests for assist-
9	ance provided to the Authority, the Authority shall follow
10	procedures that ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
11	ticable, consideration of—
12	(1) the relationship of the project or class of
13	projects to overall regional development;
14	(2) the per capita income and poverty and un-
15	employment rates in an area;
16	(3) the financial resources available to the ap-
17	plicants for assistance seeking to carry out the
18	project, with emphasis on ensuring that projects are
19	adequately financed to maximize the probability of
20	successful economic development;
21	(4) the socioeconomic importance of the project
22	or class of projects in relation to other projects or
23	classes of projects that may be in competition for
24	the same funds;

- 1 (5) the prospects that the project for which as-2 sistance is sought will improve, on a continuing rath-3 er than a temporary basis, the opportunities for em-4 ployment, the average level of income, or the eco-5 nomic development of the area to be served by the
- 7 (6) the extent to which the project design pro-8 vides for detailed outcome measurements by which 9 grant expenditures and the results of the expendi-10 tures may be evaluated.
- 11 (b) No Relocation Assistance.—No financial as12 sistance authorized by this Act shall be used to assist a
 13 person or entity in relocating from 1 area to another, ex14 cept that financial assistance may be used as otherwise
 15 authorized by this Act to attract businesses from outside
 16 the region to the region.
- 17 (c) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.—Funds may be pro18 vided for a program or project in a State under this Act
 19 only if the Authority determines that the level of Federal
 20 or State financial assistance provided under a law other
 21 than this Act, for the same type of program or project
 22 in the same area of the State within the region, will not
 23 be reduced as a result of funds made available by this Act.

project; and

1	SEC. 302. APPROVAL OF DEVELOPMENT PLANS AND
2	PROJECTS.
3	(a) In General.—A State or regional development
4	plan or any multistate subregional plan that is proposed
5	for development under this Act shall be reviewed by the
6	Authority.
7	(b) Evaluation by State Member.—An applica-
8	tion for a grant or any other assistance for a project under
9	this Act shall be made through and evaluated for approval
10	by the State member of the Authority representing the
11	applicant.
12	(c) Certification.—An application for a grant or
13	other assistance for a project shall be approved only on
14	certification by the State member that the application for
15	the project—
16	(1) describes ways in which the project complies
17	with any applicable State development plan;
18	(2) meets applicable criteria under section 301;
19	(3) provides adequate assurance that the pro-
20	posed project will be properly administered, oper-
21	ated, and maintained; and
22	(4) otherwise meets the requirements of this
23	Act.
24	(d) Votes for Decisions.—On certification by a
25	State member of the Authority of an application for a
26	grant or other assistance for a specific project under this

- 1 section, an affirmative vote of the Authority under section
- 2 101(d) shall be required for approval of the application.
- 3 SEC. 303. CONSENT OF STATES.
- 4 Nothing in this Act requires any State to engage in
- 5 or accept any program under this Act without the consent
- 6 of the State.

7 **SEC. 304. RECORDS.**

- 8 (a) Records of the Authority.—
- 9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Authority shall main-
- tain accurate and complete records of all trans-
- actions and activities of the Authority.
- 12 (2) AVAILABILITY.—All records of the Author-
- ity shall be available for audit and examination by
- the Comptroller General of the United States (in-
- 15 cluding authorized representatives of the Comp-
- troller General).
- 17 (b) Records of Recipients of Federal Assist-
- 18 ANCE.—
- 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—A recipient of Federal funds
- 20 under this Act shall, as required by the Authority,
- 21 maintain accurate and complete records of trans-
- actions and activities financed with Federal funds
- and report to the Authority on the transactions and
- 24 activities.

1	(2) AVAILABILITY.—All records required under
2	paragraph (1) shall be available for audit by the
3	Comptroller General of the United States and the
4	Authority (including authorized representatives of
5	the Comptroller General and the Authority).
6	(c) Annual Audit.—The Comptroller General of the
7	United States shall audit the activities, transactions, and
8	records of the Authority on an annual basis.
9	SEC. 305. ANNUAL REPORT.
10	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
11	end of each fiscal year, the Authority shall submit to the
12	President and to Congress a report describing the activi-
13	ties carried out under this Act.
14	(b) Contents.—
15	(1) In General.—The report shall include—
16	(A) an evaluation of the progress of the
17	Authority—
18	(i) in meeting the goals set forth in
19	the regional development plan and the
20	State development plans; and
21	(ii) in working with other Federal
22	agencies and the border programs adminis-
23	tered by the Federal agencies;
24	(B) examples of notable projects in each
25	State;

1	(C) a description of all demonstration
2	projects funded under section 306(b) during the
3	fiscal year preceding submission of the report;
4	and
5	(D) any policy recommendations approved
6	by the Authority.
7	(2) Initial Report.—In addition to the con-
8	tents specified in paragraph (1), the initial report
9	submitted under this section shall include—
10	(A) a determination as to whether the cre-
11	ation of a loan fund to be administered by the
12	Authority is necessary; and
13	(B) if the Authority determines that a loan
14	fund is necessary—
15	(i) a request for the authority to es-
16	tablish a loan fund; and
17	(ii) a description of the eligibility cri-
18	teria and performance requirements for the
19	loans.
20	SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
21	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
22	priated to the Authority to carry out this Act, to remain
23	available until expended—
24	(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2009;
25	(2) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;

- 1 (3) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
- 2 (4) \$92,000,000 for fiscal year 2012; and
- 3 (5) \$94,000,000 for fiscal year 2013.
- 4 (b) Demonstration Projects.—Of the funds
- 5 made available under subsection (a), \$5,000,000 for each
- 6 fiscal year shall be available to the Authority to carry out
- 7 section 207.
- 8 SEC. 307. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.
- 9 The authority provided by this Act terminates effec-
- 10 tive October 1, 2013.

 \bigcirc