109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H.R. 1544

## **AN ACT**

To provide faster and smarter funding for first responders, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Faster and Smarter
- 3 Funding for First Responders Act of 2005".
- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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- 5 The Congress finds the following:
- (1) In order to achieve its objective of preventing, minimizing the damage from, and assisting in the recovery from terrorist attacks, the Department of Homeland Security must play a leading role in assisting communities to reach the level of preparedness they need to prevent and respond to a terrorist attack.
  - (2) First responder funding is not reaching the men and women of our Nation's first response teams quickly enough, and sometimes not at all.
  - (3) To reform the current bureaucratic process so that homeland security dollars reach the first responders who need it most, it is necessary to clarify and consolidate the authority and procedures of the Department of Homeland Security that support first responders.
  - (4) Ensuring adequate resources for the new national mission of homeland security, without degrading the ability to address effectively other types of major disasters and emergencies, requires a discrete and separate grant making process for home-

- land security funds for first response to terrorist acts, on the one hand, and for first responder programs designed to meet pre-September 11 priorities, on the other.
  - (5) While a discrete homeland security grant making process is necessary to ensure proper focus on the unique aspects of terrorism preparedness, it is essential that State and local strategies for utilizing such grants be integrated, to the greatest extent practicable, with existing State and local emergency management plans.
  - (6) Homeland security grants to first responders must be based on the best intelligence concerning the capabilities and intentions of our terrorist enemies, and that intelligence must be used to target resources to the Nation's greatest threats, vulnerabilities, and consequences.
  - (7) The Nation's first response capabilities will be improved by sharing resources, training, planning, personnel, and equipment among neighboring jurisdictions through mutual aid agreements and regional cooperation. Such regional cooperation should be supported, where appropriate, through direct grants from the Department of Homeland Security.

- 1 (8) An essential prerequisite to achieving the
  2 Nation's homeland security objectives for first re3 sponders is the establishment of well-defined na4 tional goals for terrorism preparedness. These goals
  5 should delineate the essential capabilities that every
  6 jurisdiction in the United States should possess or
  7 to which it should have access.
  - (9) A national determination of essential capabilities is needed to identify levels of State and local government terrorism preparedness, to determine the nature and extent of State and local first responder needs, to identify the human and financial resources required to fulfill them, to direct funding to meet those needs, and to measure preparedness levels on a national scale.
  - (10) To facilitate progress in achieving, maintaining, and enhancing essential capabilities for State and local first responders, the Department of Homeland Security should seek to allocate homeland security funding for first responders to meet nationwide needs.
  - (11) Private sector resources and citizen volunteers can perform critical functions in assisting in preventing and responding to terrorist attacks, and should be integrated into State and local planning

- efforts to ensure that their capabilities and roles are understood, so as to provide enhanced State and local operational capability and surge capacity.
  - (12) Public-private partnerships, such as the partnerships between the Business Executives for National Security and the States of New Jersey and Georgia, can be useful to identify and coordinate private sector support for State and local first responders. Such models should be expanded to cover all States and territories.
  - (13) An important aspect of terrorism preparedness is measurability, so that it is possible to determine how prepared a State or local government is now, and what additional steps it needs to take, in order to prevent, prepare for, respond to, mitigate against, and recover from acts of terrorism.
  - (14) The Department of Homeland Security should establish, publish, and regularly update national voluntary consensus standards for both equipment and training, in cooperation with both public and private sector standard setting organizations, to assist State and local governments in obtaining the equipment and training to attain the essential capabilities for first response to acts of terrorism, and to ensure that first responder funds are spent wisely.

### SEC. 3. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE-2 SPONDERS. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296; 6 U.S.C. 361 et seq.) is 5 amended— 6 (1) in section 1(b) in the table of contents by 7 adding at the end the following: "TITLE XVIII—FUNDING FOR FIRST RESPONDERS "Sec. 1801. Definitions. "Sec. 1802. Faster and Smarter Funding for First Responders. "Sec. 1803. Covered grant eligibility and criteria. "Sec. 1804. Risk-based evaluation and prioritization." "Sec. 1805. Task Force on Terrorism Preparedness for First Responders. "Sec. 1806. Use of funds and accountability requirements. "Sec. 1807. National standards for first responder equipment and training.". 8 (2) by adding at the end the following: "TITLE XVIII—FUNDING FOR 9 FIRST RESPONDERS 10 11 "SEC. 1801. DEFINITIONS. 12 "In this title: "(1) BOARD.—The term 'Board' means the 13 14 First Responder Grants Board established under 15 section 1804. 16 "(2) COVERED GRANT.—The term 'covered 17 grant' means any grant to which this title applies 18 under section 1802. 19 "(3) Directly eligible tribe.—The term 'directly eligible tribe' means any Indian tribe or 20 21 consortium of Indian tribes that—

1	"(A) meets the criteria for inclusion in the
2	qualified applicant pool for Self-Governance
3	that are set forth in section 402(c) of the In-
4	dian Self-Determination and Education Assist-
5	ance Act (25 U.S.C. 458bb(c));
6	"(B) employs at least 10 full-time per-
7	sonnel in a law enforcement or emergency re-
8	sponse agency with the capacity to respond to
9	calls for law enforcement or emergency services;
10	and
11	"(C)(i) is located on, or within 5 miles of,
12	an international border or waterway;
13	"(ii) is located within 5 miles of a facility
14	designated as high-risk critical infrastructure
15	by the Secretary;
16	"(iii) is located within or contiguous to one
17	of the 50 largest metropolitan statistical areas
18	in the United States; or
19	"(iv) has more than 1,000 square miles of
20	Indian country, as that term is defined in sec-
21	tion 1151 of title 18, United States Code.
22	"(4) Elevations in the threat alert
23	LEVEL.—The term 'elevations in the threat alert
24	level' means any designation (including those that
25	are less than national in scope) that raises the

- 1 homeland security threat level to either the highest
- 2 or second highest threat level under the Homeland
- 3 Security Advisory System referred to in section
- 4 201(d)(7).

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- "(5) EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS.—The term 6 'emergency preparedness' shall have the same mean-7 ing that term has under section 602 of the Robert 8 T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assist-
- 9 ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5195a).
  - "(6) ESSENTIAL CAPABILITIES.—The term 'essential capabilities' means the levels, availability, and competence of emergency personnel, planning, training, and equipment across a variety of disciplines needed to effectively and efficiently prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from acts of terrorism consistent with established practices.
  - "(7) FIRST RESPONDER.—The term 'first responder' shall have the same meaning as the term 'emergency response provider'.
  - "(8) Indian tribe.—The term 'Indian tribe' means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaskan Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaskan Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et

1 seq.), which is recognized as eligible for the special 2 programs and services provided by the United States 3 to Indians because of their status as Indians. 4 "(9) Region.—The term 'region' means— "(A) any geographic area consisting of all 6 or parts of 2 or more contiguous States, coun-7 ties, municipalities, or other local governments 8 that have a combined population of at least 9 1,650,000 or have an area of not less than 20,000 square miles, and that, for purposes of 10 11 an application for a covered grant, is rep-12 resented by 1 or more governments or govern-13 mental agencies within such geographic area, 14 and that is established by law or by agreement 15 of 2 or more such governments or governmental 16 agencies in a mutual aid agreement; or 17 "(B) any other combination of contiguous 18 local government units (including such a com-19 bination established by law or agreement of two 20 or more governments or governmental agencies 21 in a mutual aid agreement) that is formally cer-22 tified by the Secretary as a region for purposes 23 of this Act with the consent of— 24 "(i) the State or States in which they

are located, including a multi-State entity

1	established by a compact between two or
2	more States; and
3	"(ii) the incorporated municipalities,
4	counties, and parishes that they encom-
5	pass.
6	"(10) Task force.—The term 'Task Force'
7	means the Task Force on Terrorism Preparedness
8	for First Responders established under section 1805.
9	"(11) Terrorism preparedness.—The term
10	'terrorism preparedness' means any activity designed
11	to improve the ability to prevent, prepare for, re-
12	spond to, mitigate against, or recover from threat-
13	ened or actual terrorist attacks.
13 14	ened or actual terrorist attacks.  "SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE-
14 15	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE-
14 15 16	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.
14 15 16 17	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.  "(a) COVERED GRANTS.—This title applies to grants
14 15 16 17	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.  "(a) COVERED GRANTS.—This title applies to grants provided by the Department to States, regions, or directly eligible tribes for the primary purpose of improving the
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.  "(a) COVERED GRANTS.—This title applies to grants provided by the Department to States, regions, or directly eligible tribes for the primary purpose of improving the
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.  "(a) COVERED GRANTS.—This title applies to grants provided by the Department to States, regions, or directly eligible tribes for the primary purpose of improving the ability of first responders to prevent, prepare for, respond
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.  "(a) COVERED GRANTS.—This title applies to grants provided by the Department to States, regions, or directly eligible tribes for the primary purpose of improving the ability of first responders to prevent, prepare for, respond to, mitigate against, or recover from threatened or actual
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 1802. FASTER AND SMARTER FUNDING FOR FIRST RE- SPONDERS.  "(a) COVERED GRANTS.—This title applies to grants provided by the Department to States, regions, or directly eligible tribes for the primary purpose of improving the ability of first responders to prevent, prepare for, respond to, mitigate against, or recover from threatened or actual terrorist attacks, especially those involving weapons of

- gram of the Department, or any successor to such grant program.
- 3 "(2) Urban Area Security Initiative.—The
  4 Urban Area Security Initiative of the Department,
  5 or any successor to such grant program.
- "(3) LAW ENFORCEMENT TERRORISM PREVEN TION PROGRAM.—The Law Enforcement Terrorism
   Prevention Program of the Department, or any successor to such grant program.
- 10 "(b) EXCLUDED PROGRAMS.—This title does not 11 apply to or otherwise affect the following Federal grant 12 programs or any grant under such a program:
- 13 "(1) Nondepartment programs.—Any Fed-14 eral grant program that is not administered by the 15 Department.
- "(2) FIRE GRANT PROGRAMS.—The fire grant programs authorized by sections 33 and 34 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2229, 2229a).
- 20 "(3) EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLANNING
  21 AND ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT GRANTS.—The Emer22 gency Management Performance Grant program and
  23 the Urban Search and Rescue Grants program au24 thorized by title VI of the Robert T. Stafford Dis25 aster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42)

1	U.S.C. 5195 et seq.); the Departments of Veterans
2	Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and
3	Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2000
4	(113 Stat. 1047 et seq.); and the Earthquake Haz-
5	ards Reduction Act of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7701 et
6	seq.).
7	"SEC. 1803. COVERED GRANT ELIGIBILITY AND CRITERIA.
8	"(a) Grant Eligibility.—Any State, region, or di-
9	rectly eligible tribe shall be eligible to apply for a covered
10	grant.
11	"(b) Grant Criteria.—The Secretary shall award
12	covered grants to assist States and local governments in
13	achieving, maintaining, and enhancing the essential capa-
14	bilities for terrorism preparedness established by the Sec-
15	retary.
16	"(c) STATE HOMELAND SECURITY PLANS.—
17	"(1) Submission of Plans.—The Secretary
18	shall require that any State applying to the Sec-
19	retary for a covered grant must submit to the Sec-
20	retary a 3-year State homeland security plan that—
21	"(A) describes the essential capabilities
22	that communities within the State should pos-
23	sess, or to which they should have access, based
24	upon the terrorism risk factors relevant to such

1	communities, in order to meet the Department's
2	goals for terrorism preparedness;
3	"(B) demonstrates the extent to which the
4	State has achieved the essential capabilities
5	that apply to the State;
6	"(C) demonstrates the needs of the State
7	necessary to achieve, maintain, or enhance the
8	essential capabilities that apply to the State;
9	"(D) includes a prioritization of such needs
10	based on threat, vulnerability, and consequence
11	assessment factors applicable to the State;
12	"(E) describes how the State intends—
13	"(i) to address such needs at the city,
14	county, regional, tribal, State, and inter-
15	state level, including a precise description
16	of any regional structure the State has es-
17	tablished for the purpose of organizing
18	homeland security preparedness activities
19	funded by covered grants;
20	"(ii) to use all Federal, State, and
21	local resources available for the purpose of
22	addressing such needs; and
23	"(iii) to give particular emphasis to
24	regional planning and cooperation, includ-
25	ing the activities of multijurisdictional

1	planning agencies governed by local offi-
2	cials, both within its jurisdictional borders
3	and with neighboring States;
4	"(F) with respect to the emergency pre-
5	paredness of first responders, addresses the
6	unique aspects of terrorism as part of a com-
7	prehensive State emergency management plan;
8	and
9	"(G) provides for coordination of response
10	and recovery efforts at the local level, including
11	procedures for effective incident command in
12	conformance with the National Incident Man-
13	agement System.
14	"(2) Consultation.—The State plan sub-
15	mitted under paragraph (1) shall be developed in
16	consultation with and subject to appropriate com-
17	ment by local governments and first responders
18	within the State.
19	"(3) Approval by Secretary.—The Sec-
20	retary may not award any covered grant to a State
21	unless the Secretary has approved the applicable
22	State homeland security plan.
23	"(4) Revisions.—A State may revise the appli-
24	cable State homeland security plan approved by the

- 1 Secretary under this subsection, subject to approval
- 2 of the revision by the Secretary.
- 3 "(d) Consistency With State Plans.—The Sec-
- 4 retary shall ensure that each covered grant is used to sup-
- 5 plement and support, in a consistent and coordinated
- 6 manner, the applicable State homeland security plan or
- 7 plans.
- 8 "(e) Application for Grant.—
- 9 "(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
- vided in this subsection, any State, region, or di-
- 11 rectly eligible tribe may apply for a covered grant by
- submitting to the Secretary an application at such
- time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
- tion as is required under this subsection, or as the
- 15 Secretary may reasonably require.
- 16 "(2) Deadlines for applications and
- 17 AWARDS.—All applications for covered grants must
- be submitted at such time as the Secretary may rea-
- sonably require for the fiscal year for which they are
- submitted. The Secretary shall award covered grants
- 21 pursuant to all approved applications for such fiscal
- year as soon as practicable, but not later than
- 23 March 1 of such year.
- 24 "(3) Availability of funds.—All funds
- awarded by the Secretary under covered grants in a

1	fiscal year shall be available for obligation through
2	the end of the subsequent fiscal year.
3	"(4) MINIMUM CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.—
4	The Secretary shall require that each applicant in-
5	clude in its application, at a minimum—
6	"(A) the purpose for which the applicant
7	seeks covered grant funds and the reasons why
8	the applicant needs the covered grant to meet
9	the essential capabilities for terrorism prepared-
10	ness within the State, region, or directly eligible
11	tribe to which the application pertains;
12	"(B) a description of how, by reference to
13	the applicable State homeland security plan or
14	plans under subsection (c), the allocation of
15	grant funding proposed in the application, in-
16	cluding, where applicable, the amount not
17	passed through under section $1806(g)(1)$ , would
18	assist in fulfilling the essential capabilities for
19	terrorism preparedness specified in such plan or
20	plans;
21	"(C) a statement of whether a mutual aid
22	agreement applies to the use of all or any por-
23	tion of the covered grant funds;
24	"(D) if the applicant is a State, a descrip-
25	tion of how the State plans to allocate the cov-

1	ered grant funds to regions, local governments,
2	and Indian tribes;
3	"(E) if the applicant is a region—
4	"(i) a precise geographical description
5	of the region and a specification of all par-
6	ticipating and nonparticipating local gov-
7	ernments within the geographical area
8	comprising that region;
9	"(ii) a specification of what govern-
10	mental entity within the region will admin-
11	ister the expenditure of funds under the
12	covered grant; and
13	"(iii) a designation of a specific indi-
14	vidual to serve as regional liaison;
15	"(F) a capital budget showing how the ap-
16	plicant intends to allocate and expend the cov-
17	ered grant funds;
18	"(G) if the applicant is a directly eligible
19	tribe, a designation of a specific individual to
20	serve as the tribal liaison; and
21	"(H) a statement of how the applicant in-
22	tends to meet the matching requirement, if any,
23	that applies under section $1806(g)(2)$ .
24	"(5) Regional applications.—

1	"(A) RELATIONSHIP TO STATE APPLICA-
2	Tions.—A regional application—
3	"(i) shall be coordinated with an ap-
4	plication submitted by the State or States
5	of which such region is a part;
6	"(ii) shall supplement and avoid dupli-
7	cation with such State application; and
8	"(iii) shall address the unique regional
9	aspects of such region's terrorism pre-
10	paredness needs beyond those provided for
11	in the application of such State or States.
12	"(B) STATE REVIEW AND SUBMISSION.—
13	To ensure the consistency required under sub-
14	section (d) and the coordination required under
15	subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, an appli-
16	cant that is a region must submit its applica-
17	tion to each State of which any part is included
18	in the region for review and concurrence prior
19	to the submission of such application to the
20	Secretary. The regional application shall be
21	transmitted to the Secretary through each such
22	State within 30 days of its receipt, unless the
23	Governor of such a State notifies the Secretary,
24	in writing, that such regional application is in-
25	consistent with the State's homeland security

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plan and provides an explanation of the reasons therefor.

"(C) DISTRIBUTION OF REGIONAL AWARDS.—If the Secretary approves a regional application, then the Secretary shall distribute a regional award to the State or States submitting the applicable regional application under subparagraph (B), and each such State shall, not later than the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date after receiving a regional award, pass through to the region all covered grant funds or resources purchased with such funds, except those funds necessary for the State to carry out its responsibilities with respect to such regional application: Provided, That in no such case shall the State or States pass through to the region less than 80 percent of the regional award.

"(D) CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING DISTRIBUTION OF GRANT FUNDS TO REGIONS.—
Any State that receives a regional award under subparagraph (C) shall certify to the Secretary, by not later than 30 days after the expiration of the period described in subparagraph (C) with respect to the grant, that the State has

I	made available to the region the required funds
2	and resources in accordance with subparagraph
3	(C).
4	"(E) Direct payments to regions.—If
5	any State fails to pass through a regional
6	award to a region as required by subparagraph
7	(C) within 45 days after receiving such award
8	and does not request or receive an extension of
9	such period under section 1806(h)(2), the re-
10	gion may petition the Secretary to receive di-
11	rectly the portion of the regional award that is
12	required to be passed through to such region
13	under subparagraph (C).
14	"(F) Regional Liaisons.—A regional li-
15	aison designated under paragraph (4)(E)(iii)
16	shall—
17	"(i) coordinate with Federal, State,
18	local, regional, and private officials within
19	the region concerning terrorism prepared-
20	ness;
21	"(ii) develop a process for receiving
22	input from Federal, State, local, regional,
23	and private sector officials within the re-
24	gion to assist in the development of the re-

gional application and to improve the region's access to covered grants; and

"(iii) administer, in consultation with

"(iii) administer, in consultation with State, local, regional, and private officials within the region, covered grants awarded to the region.

#### "(6) Tribal applications.—

"(A) Submission to the state or states.—To ensure the consistency required under subsection (d), an applicant that is a directly eligible tribe must submit its application to each State within the boundaries of which any part of such tribe is located for direct submission to the Department along with the application of such State or States.

"(B) Opportunity for state com-MENT.—Before awarding any covered grant to a directly eligible tribe, the Secretary shall provide an opportunity to each State within the boundaries of which any part of such tribe is located to comment to the Secretary on the consistency of the tribe's application with the State's homeland security plan. Any such comments shall be submitted to the Secretary con-

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1	currently with the submission of the State and
2	tribal applications.
3	"(C) FINAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary
4	shall have final authority to determine the con-
5	sistency of any application of a directly eligible
6	tribe with the applicable State homeland secu-
7	rity plan or plans, and to approve any applica-
8	tion of such tribe. The Secretary shall notify
9	each State within the boundaries of which any
10	part of such tribe is located of the approval of
11	an application by such tribe.
12	"(D) Tribal liaison.—A tribal liaison
13	designated under paragraph (4)(G) shall—
14	"(i) coordinate with Federal, State,
15	local, regional, and private officials con-
16	cerning terrorism preparedness;
17	"(ii) develop a process for receiving
18	input from Federal, State, local, regional,
19	and private sector officials to assist in the
20	development of the application of such
21	tribe and to improve the tribe's access to
22	covered grants; and
23	"(iii) administer, in consultation with
24	State, local, regional, and private officials,
25	covered grants awarded to such tribe.

"(E) Limitation on the number of direct grants.—The Secretary may make covered grants directly to not more than 20 directly eligible tribes per fiscal year.

"(F) Tribes not received a grant directly under this section is eligible to receive funds under a covered grant from the State or States within the boundaries of which any part of such tribe is located, consistent with the homeland security plan of the State as described in subsection (c). If a State fails to comply with section 1806(g)(1), the tribe may request payment under section 1806(h)(3) in the same manner as a local government.

"(7) Equipment standards.—If an applicant for a covered grant proposes to upgrade or purchase, with assistance provided under the grant, new equipment or systems that do not meet or exceed any applicable national voluntary consensus standards established by the Secretary, the applicant shall include in the application an explanation of why such equipment or systems will serve the needs of the applicant better than equipment or systems that meet or exceed such standards.

1	"SEC. 1	804.	RISK-BASE	D E	VALUATION	AND
2		PRIO	RITIZATION.			
3	"(a) F	irst R	ESPONDER (	FRANTS	Board.—	
4	"	(1) Es	STABLISHME	NT OF	BOARD.—	The Sec-
5	retary	shall	establish a	a First	Responde	r Grants
6	Board	, consis	sting of—			
7		"(A	) the Secret	ary;		
8		"(B	3) the Unde	r Secre	tary for E	mergency
9	P	repare	dness and R	esponse	;	
10		"(C	the Under	r Secret	tary for Bo	order and
11	Т	ranspo	rtation Secu	rity;		
12		"(D	) the Under	r Secret	tary for In	formation
13	A	nalysis	and Infrast	ructure	Protection	;
14		"(E	the Under	r Secret	cary for Sc	ience and
15	Т	echnolo	ogy;			
16		"(F	') the Direct	or of the	ne Office fo	r Domes-
17	ti	c Prepa	aredness;			
18		"(G	the Adr	ninistra	tor of the	e United
19	S	tates F	ire Adminis	tration;	and	
20		"(H	I) the Admi	nistrato	r of the Ar	nimal and
21	P	lant H	ealth Inspec	tion Ser	vice.	
22	"	(2) CH.	AIRMAN.—			
23		"(A	) In gener	AL.—Tl	ne Secretar	y shall be
24	th	ne Chai	rman of the	Board.		
25		"(B	3) Exercise	OF AU	THORITIES	BY DEP-
26	$\mathbf{U}$	TY SE	CRETARY.—	The D	eputy Sec	retary of

- Homeland Security may exercise the authorities
  of the Chairman, if the Secretary so directs.
- 3 "(b) Functions of Under Secretaries.—The
- 4 Under Secretaries referred to in subsection (a)(1) shall
- 5 seek to ensure that the relevant expertise and input of the
- 6 staff of their directorates are available to and considered
- 7 by the Board.

- 8 "(c) Prioritization of Grant Applications.—
- 9 "(1) Factors to be considered.—The

Board shall evaluate and annually prioritize all

- V I
- pending applications for covered grants based upon
- the degree to which they would, by achieving, main-
- taining, or enhancing the essential capabilities of the
- applicants on a nationwide basis, lessen the threat
- to, vulnerability of, and consequences for persons
- 16 (including transient commuting and tourist popu-
- lations) and critical infrastructure. Such evaluation
- and prioritization shall be based upon the most cur-
- rent risk assessment available by the Directorate for
- 20 Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection
- of the threats of terrorism against the United
- 22 States. The Board shall coordinate with State, local,
- 23 regional, and tribal officials in establishing criteria
- for evaluating and prioritizing applications for cov-
- ered grants.

1	"(2) Critical infrastructure sectors.—
2	The Board specifically shall consider threats of ter-
3	rorism against the following critical infrastructure
4	sectors in all areas of the United States, urban and
5	rural:
6	"(A) Agriculture and food.
7	"(B) Banking and finance.
8	"(C) Chemical industries.
9	"(D) The defense industrial base.
10	"(E) Emergency services.
11	"(F) Energy.
12	"(G) Government facilities.
13	"(H) Postal and shipping.
14	"(I) Public health and health care.
15	"(J) Information technology.
16	"(K) Telecommunications.
17	"(L) Transportation systems.
18	"(M) Water.
19	"(N) Dams.
20	"(O) Commercial facilities.
21	"(P) National monuments and icons.
22	The order in which the critical infrastructure sectors
23	are listed in this paragraph shall not be construed
24	as an order of priority for consideration of the im-
25	portance of such sectors.

1	"(3) Types of threat.—The Board specifi-
2	cally shall consider the following types of threat to
3	the critical infrastructure sectors described in para-
4	graph (2), and to populations in all areas of the
5	United States, urban and rural:
6	"(A) Biological threats.
7	"(B) Nuclear threats.
8	"(C) Radiological threats.
9	"(D) Incendiary threats.
10	"(E) Chemical threats.
11	"(F) Explosives.
12	"(G) Suicide bombers.
13	"(H) Cyber threats.
14	"(I) Any other threats based on proximity
15	to specific past acts of terrorism or the known
16	activity of any terrorist group.
17	The order in which the types of threat are listed in
18	this paragraph shall not be construed as an order of
19	priority for consideration of the importance of such
20	threats.
21	"(4) Consideration of Additional Fac-
22	TORS.—The Board shall take into account any other
23	specific threat to a population (including a transient
24	commuting or tourist population) or critical infra-
25	structure sector that the Board has determined to

exist. In evaluating the threat to a population or critical infrastructure sector, the Board shall give greater weight to threats of terrorism based upon their specificity and credibility, including any pattern of repetition.

"(5) MINIMUM AMOUNTS.—After evaluating and prioritizing grant applications under paragraph (1), the Board shall ensure that, for each fiscal year—

"(A) each of the States, other than the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands, that has an approved State homeland security plan receives no less than 0.25 percent of the funds available for covered grants for that fiscal year for purposes of implementing its homeland security plan in accordance with the prioritization of needs under section 1803(c)(1)(D);

"(B) each of the States, other than the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands, that has an approved State homeland security plan and that meets one or both of the additional high-risk qualifying criteria under paragraph (6) receives no less than 0.45 percent of the funds available

for covered grants for that fiscal year for purposes of implementing its homeland security plan in accordance with the prioritization of needs under section 1803(c)(1)(D);

"(C) the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands each receives no less than 0.08 percent of the funds available for covered grants for that fiscal year for purposes of implementing its approved State homeland security plan in accordance with the prioritization of needs under section 1803(c)(1)(D); and

"(D) directly eligible tribes collectively receive no less than 0.08 percent of the funds available for covered grants for such fiscal year for purposes of addressing the needs identified in the applications of such tribes, consistent with the homeland security plan of each State within the boundaries of which any part of any such tribe is located, except that this clause shall not apply with respect to funds available for a fiscal year if the Secretary receives less than 5 applications for such fiscal year from such tribes under section 1803(e)(6)(A) or does not approve at least one such application.

1	"(6) Additional High-risk qualifying cri-
2	TERIA.—For purposes of paragraph (5)(B), addi-
3	tional high-risk qualifying criteria consist of—
4	"(A) having a significant international
5	land border; or
6	"(B) adjoining a body of water within
7	North America through which an international
8	boundary line extends.
9	"(d) Effect of Regional Awards on State Min-
10	IMUM.—Any regional award, or portion thereof, provided
11	to a State under section 1803(e)(5)(C) shall not be consid-
12	ered in calculating the minimum State award under sub-
13	section (c)(5) of this section.
13 14	section (c)(5) of this section.  "SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS
14	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS
14 15	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.  "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—To assist the Secretary in
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.  "(a) Establishment.—To assist the Secretary in updating, revising, or replacing essential capabilities for
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li></ul>	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.  "(a) Establishment.—To assist the Secretary in updating, revising, or replacing essential capabilities for terrorism preparedness, the Secretary shall establish an
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li></ul>	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS  FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.  "(a) Establishment.—To assist the Secretary in updating, revising, or replacing essential capabilities for terrorism preparedness, the Secretary shall establish an advisory body pursuant to section 871(a) not later than
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS  FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.  "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—To assist the Secretary in updating, revising, or replacing essential capabilities for terrorism preparedness, the Secretary shall establish an advisory body pursuant to section 871(a) not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"SEC. 1805. TASK FORCE ON TERRORISM PREPAREDNESS  FOR FIRST RESPONDERS.  "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—To assist the Secretary in updating, revising, or replacing essential capabilities for terrorism preparedness, the Secretary shall establish an advisory body pursuant to section 871(a) not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section, which shall be known as the Task Force on Terrorism Pre-

pabilities for terrorism preparedness as necessary, but not less than every 3 years. 3 "(c) Report.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall sub-4 5 mit to the Secretary, by not later than 12 months 6 after its establishment by the Secretary under sub-7 section (a) and not later than every 2 years there-8 after, a report on its recommendations for essential 9 capabilities for terrorism preparedness. "(2) CONTENTS.—Each report shall— 10 11 "(A) include a priority ranking of essential 12 capabilities in order to provide guidance to the 13 Secretary and to the Congress on determining 14 the appropriate allocation of, and funding levels 15 for, first responder needs; "(B) set forth a methodology by which any 16 17 State or local government will be able to deter-18 mine the extent to which it possesses or has ac-19 cess to the essential capabilities that States and 20 local governments having similar risks should obtain; 21 "(C) describe the availability of national 22 23 voluntary consensus standards, and whether

there is a need for new national voluntary con-

1	sensus standards, with respect to first re-
2	sponder training and equipment;
3	"(D) include such additional matters as
4	the Secretary may specify in order to further
5	the terrorism preparedness capabilities of first
6	responders; and
7	"(E) include such revisions to the contents
8	of previous reports as are necessary to take into
9	account changes in the most current risk as-
10	sessment available by the Directorate for Infor-
11	mation Analysis and Infrastructure Protection
12	or other relevant information as determined by
13	the Secretary.
14	"(3) Consistency with federal working
15	GROUP.—The Task Force shall ensure that its rec-
16	ommendations for essential capabilities for terrorism
17	preparedness are, to the extent feasible, consistent
18	with any preparedness goals or recommendations of
19	the Federal working group established under section
20	319F(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
21	247d-6(a)).
22	"(4) Comprehensiveness.—The Task Force
23	shall ensure that its recommendations regarding es-

sential capabilities for terrorism preparedness are

1 made within the context of a comprehensive State 2 emergency management system.

"(5) Prior measures.—The Task Force shall ensure that its recommendations regarding essential capabilities for terrorism preparedness take into account any capabilities that State or local officials have determined to be essential and have undertaken since September 11, 2001, to prevent, prepare for, respond to, or recover from terrorist attacks.

#### "(d) Membership.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall consist of 25 members appointed by the Secretary, and shall, to the extent practicable, represent a geographic (including urban and rural) and substantive cross section of governmental and nongovernmental first responder disciplines from the State and local levels, including as appropriate—

"(A) members selected from the emergency response field, including fire service and law enforcement, hazardous materials response, emergency medical services, and emergency management personnel (including public works personnel routinely engaged in emergency response);

- "(B) health scientists, emergency and inpatient medical providers, and public health professionals, including experts in emergency health care response to chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear terrorism, and experts in providing mental health care during emergency response operations;
  - "(C) experts from Federal, State, and local governments, and the private sector, representing standards-setting organizations, including representation from the voluntary consensus codes and standards development community, particularly those with expertise in first responder disciplines; and
  - "(D) State and local officials with expertise in terrorism preparedness, subject to the condition that if any such official is an elected official representing one of the two major political parties, an equal number of elected officials shall be selected from each such party.
  - "(2) COORDINATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES.—In the selection of members of the Task Force who are health professionals, including emergency medical profes-

- sionals, the Secretary shall coordinate such selection with the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- 3 "(3) Ex officio members.—The Secretary
- 4 and the Secretary of Health and Human Services
- 5 shall each designate one or more officers of their re-
- 6 spective Departments to serve as ex officio members
- 7 of the Task Force. One of the ex officio members
- 8 from the Department of Homeland Security shall be
- 9 the designated officer of the Federal Government for
- purposes of subsection (e) of section 10 of the Fed-
- eral Advisory Committee Act (5 App. U.S.C.).
- 12 "(e) Applicability of Federal Advisory Com-
- 13 MITTEE ACT.—Notwithstanding section 871(a), the Fed-
- 14 eral Advisory Committee Act (5 App. U.S.C.), including
- 15 subsections (a), (b), and (d) of section 10 of such Act,
- 16 and section 552b(c) of title 5, United States Code, shall
- 17 apply to the Task Force.
- 18 "SEC. 1806. USE OF FUNDS AND ACCOUNTABILITY RE-
- 19 QUIREMENTS.
- 20 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A covered grant may be used
- 21 for—
- "(1) purchasing or upgrading equipment, in-
- 23 cluding computer software, to enhance terrorism
- 24 preparedness;

1	"(2) exercises to strengthen terrorism prepared-
2	ness;
3	"(3) training for prevention (including detec-
4	tion) of, preparedness for, response to, or recovery
5	from attacks involving weapons of mass destruction,
6	including training in the use of equipment and com-
7	puter software;
8	"(4) developing or updating State homeland se-
9	curity plans, risk assessments, mutual aid agree-
10	ments, and emergency management plans to enhance
11	terrorism preparedness;
12	"(5) establishing or enhancing mechanisms for
13	sharing terrorism threat information;
14	"(6) systems architecture and engineering, pro-
15	gram planning and management, strategy formula-
16	tion and strategic planning, life-cycle systems de-
17	sign, product and technology evaluation, and proto-
18	type development for terrorism preparedness pur-
19	poses;
20	"(7) additional personnel costs resulting from—
21	"(A) elevations in the threat alert level of
22	the Homeland Security Advisory System by the
23	Secretary, or a similar elevation in threat alert
24	level issued by a State, region, or local govern-
25	ment with the approval of the Secretary;

1	"(B) travel to and participation in exer-
2	cises and training in the use of equipment and
3	on prevention activities; and
4	"(C) the temporary replacement of per-
5	sonnel during any period of travel to and par-
6	ticipation in exercises and training in the use of
7	equipment and on prevention activities;
8	"(8) the costs of equipment (including software)
9	required to receive, transmit, handle, and store clas-
10	sified information;
11	"(9) protecting critical infrastructure against
12	potential attack by the addition of barriers, fences,
13	gates, and other such devices, except that the cost
14	of such measures may not exceed the greater of—
15	"(A) \$1,000,000 per project; or
16	"(B) such greater amount as may be ap-
17	proved by the Secretary, which may not exceed
18	10 percent of the total amount of the covered
19	grant;
20	"(10) the costs of commercially available inter-
21	operable communications equipment (which, where
22	applicable, is based on national, voluntary consensus
23	standards) that the Secretary, in consultation with
24	the Chairman of the Federal Communications Com-
25	mission, deems best suited to facilitate interoper-

1 ability, coordination, and integration between and 2 among emergency communications systems, and that complies with prevailing grant guidance of the De-3 partment for interoperable communications; "(11) educational curricula development for 6 first responders to ensure that they are prepared for 7 terrorist attacks: "(12) training and exercises to assist public ele-8 9 mentary and secondary schools in developing and 10 implementing programs to instruct students regard-11 ing age-appropriate skills to prevent, prepare for, re-12 spond to, mitigate against, or recover from an act of 13 terrorism; 14 "(13) paying of administrative expenses directly 15 related to administration of the grant, except that 16 such expenses may not exceed 3 percent of the 17 amount of the grant; 18 "(14) paying for the conduct of any activity 19 permitted under the Law Enforcement Terrorism 20 Prevention Program, or any such successor to such 21 program; and "(15) other appropriate activities as determined 22 23 by the Secretary. "(b) Prohibited Uses.—Funds provided as a cov-24

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ered grant may not be used—

- 1 "(1) to supplant State or local funds;
- 2 "(2) to construct buildings or other physical fa-
- 3 cilities;
- 4 "(3) to acquire land; or
- 5 "(4) for any State or local government cost
- 6 sharing contribution.
- 7 "(c) Multiple-Purpose Funds.—Nothing in this
- 8 section shall be construed to preclude State and local gov-
- 9 ernments from using covered grant funds in a manner
- 10 that also enhances first responder preparedness for emer-
- 11 gencies and disasters unrelated to acts of terrorism, if
- 12 such use assists such governments in achieving essential
- 13 capabilities for terrorism preparedness established by the
- 14 Secretary.
- 15 "(d) Reimbursement of Costs.—(1) In addition
- 16 to the activities described in subsection (a), a covered
- 17 grant may be used to provide a reasonable stipend to paid-
- 18 on-call or volunteer first responders who are not otherwise
- 19 compensated for travel to or participation in training cov-
- 20 ered by this section. Any such reimbursement shall not
- 21 be considered compensation for purposes of rendering
- 22 such a first responder an employee under the Fair Labor
- 23 Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
- 24 "(2) An applicant for a covered grant may petition
- 25 the Secretary for the reimbursement of the cost of any

- 1 activity relating to prevention (including detection) of, pre-
- 2 paredness for, response to, or recovery from acts of ter-
- 3 rorism that is a Federal duty and usually performed by
- 4 a Federal agency, and that is being performed by a State
- 5 or local government (or both) under agreement with a
- 6 Federal agency.
- 7 "(e) Assistance Requirement.—The Secretary
- 8 may not require that equipment paid for, wholly or in part,
- 9 with funds provided as a covered grant be made available
- 10 for responding to emergencies in surrounding States, re-
- 11 gions, and localities, unless the Secretary undertakes to
- 12 pay the costs directly attributable to transporting and op-
- 13 erating such equipment during such response.
- 14 "(f) Flexibility in Unspent Homeland Secu-
- 15 RITY GRANT FUNDS.—Upon request by the recipient of
- 16 a covered grant, the Secretary may authorize the grantee
- 17 to transfer all or part of funds provided as the covered
- 18 grant from uses specified in the grant agreement to other
- 19 uses authorized under this section, if the Secretary deter-
- 20 mines that such transfer is in the interests of homeland
- 21 security.
- 22 "(g) State, Regional, and Tribal Responsibil-
- 23 ITIES.—
- 24 "(1) Pass-through.—The Secretary shall re-
- 25 quire a recipient of a covered grant that is a State

ernments, first responders, and other local groups, to the extent required under the State homeland security plan or plans specified in the application for the grant, not less than 80 percent of the grant funds, resources purchased with the grant funds having a value equal to at least 80 percent of the amount of the grant, or a combination thereof, by not later than the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date the grant recipient receives the grant funds.

## "(2) Cost sharing.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of the costs of an activity carried out with a covered grant to a State, region, or directly eligible tribe awarded after the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this section shall not exceed 75 percent.
- "(B) Interim rule.—The Federal share of the costs of an activity carried out with a covered grant awarded before the end of the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this section shall be 100 percent.
- "(C) IN-KIND MATCHING.—Each recipient of a covered grant may meet the matching re-

quirement under subparagraph (A) by making in-kind contributions of goods or services that are directly linked with the purpose for which the grant is made, including, but not limited to, any necessary personnel overtime, contractor services, administrative costs, equipment fuel and maintenance, and rental space.

"(3) CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING DISTRIBUTION OF GRANT FUNDS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—
Any State that receives a covered grant shall certify
to the Secretary, by not later than 30 days after the
expiration of the period described in paragraph (1)
with respect to the grant, that the State has made
available for expenditure by local governments, first
responders, and other local groups the required
amount of grant funds pursuant to paragraph (1).

"(4) Quarterly report on homeland secu-RITY Spending.—The Federal share described in paragraph (2)(A) may be increased by up to 2 percent for any State, region, or directly eligible tribe that, not later than 30 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, submits to the Secretary a report on that fiscal quarter. Each such report must include, for each recipient of a covered grant or a passthrough under paragraph (1)—

1	"(A) the amount obligated to that recipient
2	in that quarter;
3	"(B) the amount expended by that recipi-
4	ent in that quarter; and
5	"(C) a summary description of the items
6	purchased by such recipient with such amount.
7	"(5) Annual Report on Homeland Secu-
8	RITY SPENDING.—Each recipient of a covered grant
9	shall submit an annual report to the Secretary not
10	later than 60 days after the end of each Federal fis-
11	cal year. Each recipient of a covered grant that is
12	a region must simultaneously submit its report to
13	each State of which any part is included in the re-
14	gion. Each recipient of a covered grant that is a di-
15	rectly eligible tribe must simultaneously submit its
16	report to each State within the boundaries of which
17	any part of such tribe is located. Each report must
18	include the following:
19	"(A) The amount, ultimate recipients, and
20	dates of receipt of all funds received under the
21	grant during the previous fiscal year.
22	"(B) The amount and the dates of dis-
23	bursements of all such funds expended in com-
24	pliance with paragraph (1) or pursuant to mu-
25	tual aid agreements or other sharing arrange-

1	ments that apply within the State, region, or di-
2	rectly eligible tribe, as applicable, during the
3	previous fiscal year.
4	"(C) How the funds were utilized by each
5	ultimate recipient or beneficiary during the pre-
6	ceding fiscal year.
7	"(D) The extent to which essential capa-
8	bilities identified in the applicable State home-
9	land security plan or plans were achieved, main-
10	tained, or enhanced as the result of the expend-
11	iture of grant funds during the preceding fiscal
12	year.
13	"(E) The extent to which essential capa-
14	bilities identified in the applicable State home-
15	land security plan or plans remain unmet.
16	"(6) Inclusion of restricted annexes.—A
17	recipient of a covered grant may submit to the Sec-
18	retary an annex to the annual report under para-
19	graph (5) that is subject to appropriate handling re-
20	strictions, if the recipient believes that discussion in
21	the report of unmet needs would reveal sensitive but
22	unclassified information.
23	"(7) Provision of Reports.—The Secretary
24	shall ensure that each annual report under para-

graph (5) is provided to the Under Secretary for

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1	Emergency Preparedness and Response and the Di-
2	rector of the Office for Domestic Preparedness.
3	"(h) Incentives to Efficient Administration
4	OF HOMELAND SECURITY GRANTS.—
5	"(1) Penalties for delay in passing
6	THROUGH LOCAL SHARE.—If a recipient of a cov-
7	ered grant that is a State fails to pass through to
8	local governments, first responders, and other local
9	groups funds or resources required by subsection
10	(g)(1) within 45 days after receiving funds under
11	the grant, the Secretary may—
12	"(A) reduce grant payments to the grant
13	recipient from the portion of grant funds that
14	is not required to be passed through under sub-
15	section $(g)(1)$ ;
16	"(B) terminate payment of funds under
17	the grant to the recipient, and transfer the ap-
18	propriate portion of those funds directly to local
19	first responders that were intended to receive
20	funding under that grant; or
21	"(C) impose additional restrictions or bur-
22	dens on the recipient's use of funds under the
23	grant, which may include—

1	"(i) prohibiting use of such funds to
2	pay the grant recipient's grant-related
3	overtime or other expenses;
4	"(ii) requiring the grant recipient to
5	distribute to local government beneficiaries
6	all or a portion of grant funds that are not
7	required to be passed through under sub-
8	section $(g)(1)$ ; or
9	"(iii) for each day that the grant re-
10	cipient fails to pass through funds or re-
11	sources in accordance with subsection
12	(g)(1), reducing grant payments to the
13	grant recipient from the portion of grant
14	funds that is not required to be passed
15	through under subsection $(g)(1)$ , except
16	that the total amount of such reduction
17	may not exceed 20 percent of the total
18	amount of the grant.
19	"(2) Extension of Period.—The Governor of
20	a State may request in writing that the Secretary
21	extend the 45-day period under section
22	1803(e)(5)(E) or paragraph (1) for an additional
23	15-day period. The Secretary may approve such a
24	request, and may extend such period for additional

15-day periods, if the Secretary determines that the

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1	resulting delay in providing grant funding to the
2	local government entities that will receive funding
3	under the grant will not have a significant detri-
4	mental impact on such entities' terrorism prepared-
5	ness efforts.
6	"(3) Provision of non-local share to
7	LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may
9	upon request by a local government pay to the
10	local government a portion of the amount of a
11	covered grant awarded to a State in which the
12	local government is located, if—
13	"(i) the local government will use the
14	amount paid to expedite planned enhance-
15	ments to its terrorism preparedness as de-
16	scribed in any applicable State homeland
17	security plan or plans;
18	"(ii) the State has failed to pass
19	through funds or resources in accordance
20	with subsection $(g)(1)$ ; and
21	"(iii) the local government complies
22	with subparagraphs (B) and (C).
23	"(B) Showing required.—To receive a
24	payment under this paragraph, a local govern-
25	ment must demonstrate that—

1	"(i) it is identified explicitly as an ul-
2	timate recipient or intended beneficiary in
3	the approved grant application;
4	"(ii) it was intended by the grantee to
5	receive a severable portion of the overall
6	grant for a specific purpose that is identi-
7	fied in the grant application;
8	"(iii) it petitioned the grantee for the
9	funds or resources after expiration of the
10	period within which the funds or resources
11	were required to be passed through under
12	subsection $(g)(1)$ ; and
13	"(iv) it did not receive the portion of
14	the overall grant that was earmarked or
15	designated for its use or benefit.
16	"(C) Effect of payment.—Payment of
17	grant funds to a local government under this
18	paragraph—
19	"(i) shall not affect any payment to
20	another local government under this para-
21	graph; and
22	"(ii) shall not prejudice consideration
23	of a request for payment under this para-
24	graph that is submitted by another local
25	government.

1	"(D) DEADLINE FOR ACTION BY SEC-
2	RETARY.—The Secretary shall approve or dis-
3	approve each request for payment under this
4	paragraph by not later than 15 days after the
5	date the request is received by the Department.
6	"(i) Reports to Congress.—The Secretary shall
7	submit an annual report to the Congress by January 31
8	of each year covering the preceding fiscal year—
9	"(1) describing in detail the amount of Federal
10	funds provided as covered grants that were directed
11	to each State, region, and directly eligible tribe in
12	the preceding fiscal year;
13	"(2) containing information on the use of such
14	grant funds by grantees; and
15	"(3) describing—
16	"(A) the Nation's progress in achieving,
17	maintaining, and enhancing the essential capa-
18	bilities established by the Secretary as a result
19	of the expenditure of covered grant funds dur-
20	ing the preceding fiscal year; and
21	"(B) an estimate of the amount of expend-
22	itures required to attain across the United
23	States the essential capabilities established by
24	the Secretary.

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## "SEC. 1807. NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR FIRST RESPONDER 2 EQUIPMENT AND TRAINING. 3 "(a) Equipment Standards.— 4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consulta-5 tion with the Under Secretaries for Emergency Pre-6 paredness and Response and Science and Tech-7 nology and the Director of the Office for Domestic 8 Preparedness, shall, not later than 6 months after 9 the date of enactment of this section, support the 10 development of, promulgate, and update as nec-11 essary national voluntary consensus standards for 12 the performance, use, and validation of first re-13 sponder equipment for purposes of section 14 1805(e)(7). Such standards— "(A) shall be, to the maximum extent prac-15 16 ticable, consistent with any existing voluntary 17 consensus standards; "(B) shall take into account, as appro-18 19 priate, new types of terrorism threats that may 20 not have been contemplated when such existing 21 standards were developed; 22 "(C) shall be focused on maximizing inter-23 operability, interchangeability, durability, flexi-24 bility, efficiency, efficacy, portability, sustain-25 ability, and safety; and

1	"(D) shall cover all appropriate uses of the
2	equipment.
3	"(2) Required categories.—In carrying out
4	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall specifically con-
5	sider the following categories of first responder
6	equipment:
7	"(A) Thermal imaging equipment.
8	"(B) Radiation detection and analysis
9	equipment.
10	"(C) Biological detection and analysis
11	equipment.
12	"(D) Chemical detection and analysis
13	equipment.
14	"(E) Decontamination and sterilization
15	equipment.
16	"(F) Personal protective equipment, in-
17	cluding garments, boots, gloves, and hoods and
18	other protective clothing.
19	"(G) Respiratory protection equipment.
20	"(H) Interoperable communications, in-
21	cluding wireless and wireline voice, video, and
22	data networks.
23	"(I) Explosive mitigation devices and ex-
24	plosive detection and analysis equipment.
25	"(J) Containment vessels.

1	"(K) Contaminant-resistant vehicles.
2	"(L) Such other equipment for which the
3	Secretary determines that national voluntary
4	consensus standards would be appropriate.
5	"(b) Training Standards.—
6	"(1) In general.—The Secretary, in consulta-
7	tion with the Under Secretaries for Emergency Pre-
8	paredness and Response and Science and Tech-
9	nology and the Director of the Office for Domestic
10	Preparedness, shall support the development of, pro-
11	mulgate, and regularly update as necessary national
12	voluntary consensus standards for first responder
13	training carried out with amounts provided under
14	covered grant programs, that will enable State and
15	local government first responders to achieve optimal
16	levels of terrorism preparedness as quickly as prac-
17	ticable. Such standards shall give priority to pro-
18	viding training to—
19	"(A) enable first responders to prevent,
20	prepare for, respond to, mitigate against, and
21	recover from terrorist threats, including threats
22	from chemical, biological, nuclear, and radio-
23	logical weapons and explosive devices capable of

inflicting significant human casualties; and

24

1	"(B) familiarize first responders with the
2	proper use of equipment, including software,
3	developed pursuant to the standards established
4	under subsection (a).
5	"(2) Required categories.—In carrying out
6	paragraph (1), the Secretary specifically shall in-
7	clude the following categories of first responder ac-
8	tivities:
9	"(A) Regional planning.
10	"(B) Joint exercises.
11	"(C) Intelligence collection, analysis, and
12	sharing.
13	"(D) Emergency notification of affected
14	populations.
15	"(E) Detection of biological, nuclear, radi-
16	ological, and chemical weapons of mass destruc-
17	tion.
18	"(F) Such other activities for which the
19	Secretary determines that national voluntary
20	consensus training standards would be appro-
21	priate.
22	"(3) Consistency.—In carrying out this sub-
23	section, the Secretary shall ensure that such training
24	standards are consistent with the principles of emer-
25	gency preparedness for all hazards.

1	"(c) Consultation With Standards Organiza-
2	TIONS.—In establishing national voluntary consensus
3	standards for first responder equipment and training
4	under this section, the Secretary shall consult with rel-
5	evant public and private sector groups, including—
6	"(1) the National Institute of Standards and
7	Technology;
8	"(2) the National Fire Protection Association;
9	"(3) the National Association of County and
10	City Health Officials;
11	"(4) the Association of State and Territorial
12	Health Officials;
13	"(5) the American National Standards Insti-
14	tute;
15	"(6) the National Institute of Justice;
16	"(7) the Inter-Agency Board for Equipment
17	Standardization and Interoperability;
18	"(8) the National Public Health Performance
19	Standards Program;
20	"(9) the National Institute for Occupational
21	Safety and Health;
22	"(10) ASTM International;
23	"(11) the International Safety Equipment Asso-
24	ciation;

- 1 "(12) the Emergency Management Accredita-
- 2 tion Program; and
- 3 "(13) to the extent the Secretary considers ap-
- 4 propriate, other national voluntary consensus stand-
- 5 ards development organizations, other interested
- 6 Federal, State, and local agencies, and other inter-
- 7 ested persons.
- 8 "(d) Coordination With Secretary of HHS.—
- 9 In establishing any national voluntary consensus stand-
- 10 ards under this section for first responder equipment or
- 11 training that involve or relate to health professionals, in-
- 12 cluding emergency medical professionals, the Secretary
- 13 shall coordinate activities under this section with the Sec-
- 14 retary of Health and Human Services.".
- 15 (b) Definition of Emergency Response Pro-
- 16 VIDERS.—Paragraph (6) of section 2 of the Homeland Se-
- 17 curity Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296; 6 U.S.C.
- 18 101(6)) is amended by striking "includes" and all that
- 19 follows and inserting "includes Federal, State, and local
- 20 governmental and nongovernmental emergency public
- 21 safety, law enforcement, fire, emergency response, emer-
- 22 gency medical (including hospital emergency facilities),
- 23 and related personnel, organizations, agencies, and au-
- 24 thorities.".

1	SEC	4	SUPERSEDED PROVISION	r
ı	I SHICL	4	SUPERSEDED PROVISION	

- This Act supersedes section 1014(c)(3) of Public Law
- 3 107–56.
- 4 SEC. 5. OVERSIGHT.
- 5 The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish
- 6 within the Office for Domestic Preparedness an Office of
- 7 the Comptroller to oversee the grants distribution process
- 8 and the financial management of the Office for Domestic
- 9 Preparedness.
- 10 SEC. 6. GAO REPORT ON AN INVENTORY AND STATUS OF
- 11 HOMELAND SECURITY FIRST RESPONDER
- TRAINING.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the
- 14 United States shall report to the Congress in accordance
- 15 with this section—
- 16 (1) on the overall inventory and status of first
- 17 responder training programs of the Department of
- 18 Homeland Security and other departments and
- agencies of the Federal Government; and
- 20 (2) the extent to which such programs are co-
- 21 ordinated.
- 22 (b) Contents of Reports.—The reports under this
- 23 section shall include—
- (1) an assessment of the effectiveness of the
- 25 structure and organization of such training pro-
- 26 grams;

1	(2) recommendations to—
2	(A) improve the coordination, structure,
3	and organization of such training programs;
4	and
5	(B) increase the availability of training to
6	first responders who are not able to attend cen-
7	tralized training programs;
8	(3) the structure and organizational effective-
9	ness of such programs for first responders in rural
10	communities;
11	(4) identification of any duplication or redun-
12	dancy among such programs;
13	(5) a description of the use of State and local
14	training institutions, universities, centers, and the
15	National Domestic Preparedness Consortium in de-
16	signing and providing training;
17	(6) a cost-benefit analysis of the costs and time
18	required for first responders to participate in train-
19	ing courses at Federal institutions;
20	(7) an assessment of the approval process for
21	certifying non-Department of Homeland Security
22	training courses that are useful for anti-terrorism
23	purposes as eligible for grants awarded by the De-
24	partment;

1	(8) a description of the use of Department of
2	Homeland Security grant funds by States and local
3	governments to acquire training;
4	(9) an analysis of the feasibility of Federal,
5	State, and local personnel to receive the training
6	that is necessary to adopt the National Response
7	Plan and the National Incident Management Sys-
8	tem; and
9	(10) the role of each first responder training in-
10	stitution within the Department of Homeland Secu-
11	rity in the design and implementation of terrorism
12	preparedness and related training courses for first
13	responders.
14	(c) Deadlines.—The Comptroller General shall—
15	(1) submit a report under subsection (a)(1) by
16	not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-
17	ment of this Act; and
18	(2) submit a report on the remainder of the
19	topics required by this section by not later than 120
20	days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 7. REMOVAL OF CIVIL LIABILITY BARRIERS THAT DIS-
22	COURAGE THE DONATION OF FIRE EQUIP-
23	MENT TO VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANIES.
24	(a) LIABILITY PROTECTION.—A person who donates
25	fire control or fire rescue equipment to a volunteer fire

- company shall not be liable for civil damages under any State or Federal law for personal injuries, property dam-3 age or loss, or death caused by the equipment after the donation. 4 5 (b) Exceptions.—Subsection (a) does not apply to 6 a person if— 7 (1) the person's act or omission causing the in-8 jury, damage, loss, or death constitutes gross neg-9 ligence or intentional misconduct; or 10 (2) the person is the manufacturer of the fire 11 control or fire rescue equipment. (c) Preemption.—This Act preempts the laws of 12 any State to the extent that such laws are inconsistent with this Act, except that notwithstanding subsection (b) 14 15 this Act shall not preempt any State law that provides additional protection from liability for a person who do-16 nates fire control or fire rescue equipment to a volunteer 18 fire company.
- 19 (d) Definitions.—In this section:
- 20 (1) PERSON.—The term "person" includes any governmental or other entity.
- 22 (2) FIRE CONTROL OR RESCUE EQUIPMENT.—
  23 The term "fire control or fire rescue equipment" in24 cludes any fire vehicle, fire fighting tool, communica-

- tions equipment, protective gear, fire hose, or
  breathing apparatus.
- 3 (3) STATE.—The term "State" includes the 4 several States, the District of Columbia, the Com-5 monwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the 6 Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, 7 the Virgin Islands, any other territory or possession 8 of the United States, and any political subdivision of 9 any such State, territory, or possession.
- 10 (4) VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY.—The term "volunteer fire company" means an association of 11 12 individuals who provide fire protection and other 13 emergency services, where at least 30 percent of the 14 individuals receive little or no compensation com-15 pared with an entry level full-time paid individual in that association or in the nearest such association 16 17 with an entry level full-time paid individual.
- 18 (e) Effective Date.—This Act applies only to li-19 ability for injury, damage, loss, or death caused by equip-20 ment that, for purposes of subsection (a), is donated on

- 1 or after the date that is 30 days after the date of the
- 2 enactment of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives May 12, 2005. Attest:

Clerk.

## 109TH CONGRESS H. R. 1544

## AN ACT

To provide faster and smarter funding for first responders, and for other purposes.