AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2004 for military activities of the Department of Defense, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the “Department of Defense

5 Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004”.
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For purposes of this Act, the term “congressional defense committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT
Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 101. ARMY.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for procurement for the Army as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $2,158,485,000.

(2) For missiles, $1,553,462,000.

(3) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles, $1,658,504,000.

(4) For ammunition, $1,363,305,000.

(5) For other procurement, $4,266,027,000.

SEC. 102. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

(a) NAVY.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for procurement for the Navy as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $8,996,948,000.
(2) For weapons, including missiles and torpedoes, $2,046,821,000.

(3) For shipbuilding and conversion, $11,707,984,000.

(4) For other procurement, $4,744,443,000.

(b) MARINE CORPS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for procurement for the Marine Corps in the amount of $1,089,599,000.

(e) NAVY AND MARINE CORPS AMMUNITION.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for procurement of ammunition for the Navy and the Marine Corps in the amount of $924,355,000.

SEC. 103. AIR FORCE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for procurement for the Air Force as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $12,082,760,000.

(2) For ammunition, $1,284,725,000.

(3) For missiles, $4,394,439,000.

(4) For other procurement, $11,630,659,000.

SEC. 104. DEFENSE-WIDE ACTIVITIES.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for Defense-wide procurement in the amount of $3,884,106,000.
SEC. 105. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for procurement for the Inspector General of the Department of Defense in the amount of $2,100,000.

SEC. 106. CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2004 the amount of $1,530,261,000 for—

(1) the destruction of lethal chemical agents and munitions in accordance with section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521); and

(2) the destruction of chemical warfare materiel of the United States that is not covered by section 1412 of such Act.

SEC. 107. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAMS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for the Department of Defense for procurement for carrying out health care programs, projects, and activities of the Department of Defense in the total amount of $327,826,000.

SEC. 108. REDUCTION IN AUTHORIZATION.

The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 104 is hereby reduced by $3,300,000, with
$2,100,000 of the reduction to be allocated to Special Operations Forces rotary upgrades and $1,200,000 to be allocated to Special Operations Forces operational enhancements.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

SEC. 111. CH–47 HELICOPTER PROGRAM.

(a) Requirement for Study.—The Secretary of the Army shall study the feasibility and the costs and benefits of providing for the participation of a second source in the production of gears for the helicopter transmissions incorporated into CH–47 helicopters being procured by the Army with funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act.

(b) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report on the results of the study to Congress.

SEC. 112. RAPID INFUSION PUMPS.

(a) Availability of Funds.—(1) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 101(5) for other procurement, Army, $2,000,000 may be available for medical equipment for the procurement of rapid infusion (IV) pumps.

(2) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 101(5) is hereby increased by $2,000,000.
(b) OFFSET.—Of the amount authorized to be appro-
propriated by section 301(1) for operation and maintenance,
Army, the amount available is hereby reduced by
$2,000,000.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

SEC. 121. MULTYEAR PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY FOR
NAVY PROGRAMS.

(a) AUTHORITY.—Beginning with the fiscal year
2004 program year, the Secretary of the Navy may, in
accordance with section 2306b of title 10, United States
Code, enter into a multiyear contract for procurement for
the following programs:

(1) The F/A–18 aircraft program.

(2) The E–2C aircraft program.

(3) The Tactical Tomahawk Cruise Missile pro-
gram, subject to subsection (b).

(4) The Virginia class submarine, subject to
subsection (c).

(5) The Phalanx Close In Weapon System pro-
gram, Block 1B.

(b) TACTICAL TOMAHAWK CRUISE MISSILES.—The
Secretary may not enter into a multiyear contract for the
procurement of Tactical Tomahawk Cruise Missiles under
subsection (a)(3) until the Secretary determines on the
basis of operational testing that the Tactical Tomahawk
Cruise Missile is effective for fleet use.

(c) VIRGINIA CLASS SUBMARINES.—Paragraphs
(2)(A), (3), and (4) of section 121(b) of the National De-
fense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law
105–85; 111 Stat. 1648) shall apply in the exercise of au-
thority to enter into a multiyear contract for the procure-
ment of Virginia class submarines under subsection (a)(4).

SEC. 122. PILOT PROGRAM FOR FLEXIBLE FUNDING OF
NAVAL VESSEL CONVERSIONS AND OVER-
HAULS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy
may carry out a pilot program of flexible funding of con-
versions and overhauls of cruisers of the Navy in accord-
ance with this section.

(b) AUTHORITY.—Under the pilot program the Sec-
retary of the Navy may, subject to subsection (d), transfer
appropriated funds described in subsection (c) to the ap-
propriation for the Navy for procurement for shipbuilding
and conversion for any fiscal year to continue to fund any
conversion or overhaul of a cruiser of the Navy that was
initially funded with the appropriation to which trans-
ferred.

(c) FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR TRANSFER.—The appro-
priations available for transfer under this section are the
appropriations to the Navy for any fiscal year after fiscal year 2003 and before fiscal year 2013 for the following purposes:

(1) For procurement, as follows:

(A) For shipbuilding and conversion.

(B) For weapons procurement.

(C) For other procurement.

(2) For operation and maintenance.

(d) LIMITATIONS.—(1) A transfer may be made with respect to a cruiser under this section only to meet the following requirements:

(A) Any increase in the size of the workload for conversion or overhaul to meet existing requirements for the cruiser.

(B) Any new conversion or overhaul requirement resulting from a revision of the original baseline conversion or overhaul program for the cruiser.

(2) A transfer may not be made under this section before the date that is 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of the Navy transmits to the congressional defense committees a written notification of the intended transfer. The notification shall include the following matters:

(A) The purpose of the transfer.

(B) The amounts to be transferred.
(C) Each account from which the funds are to be transferred.

(D) Each program, project, or activity from which the funds are to be transferred.

(E) Each account to which the funds are to be transferred.

(F) A discussion of the implications of the transfer for the total cost of the cruiser conversion or overhaul program for which the transfer is to be made.

(e) MERGER OF FUNDS.—Amounts transferred to an appropriation with respect to the conversion or overhaul of a cruiser under this section shall be credited to and merged with other funds in the appropriation to which transferred and shall be available for the conversion or overhaul of such cruiser for the same period as the appropriation with which merged.

(f) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TRANSFER AUTHORITY.—The authority to transfer funds under this section is in addition to any other authority provided by law to transfer appropriated funds and is not subject to any restriction, limitation, or procedure that is applicable to the exercise of any such other authority.

(g) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than October 1, 2011, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the con-
gressional defense committees a report containing the Sec-
retary’s evaluation of the efficacy of the authority provided
under this section.

(h) **Termination of Program.**—No transfer may
be made under this section after September 30, 2012.

**Subtitle D—Air Force Programs**

**SEC. 131. Elimination of Quantity Limitations on**

**Multiyear Procurement Authority for**

**C–130J Aircraft.**

Section 131(a) of the Bob Stump National Defense
Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–
314; 116 Stat. 2475) is amended by striking “up to 40
C-130J aircraft in the CC–130J configuration and up to
24 C–130J aircraft in the KC–130J configuration” and
inserting “C–130J aircraft in the CC–130J and KC–130J
configurations”.

**SEC. 132. B–1B Bomber Aircraft.**

(a) **Amount for Aircraft.**—(1) Of the amount au-
thorized to be appropriated under section 103(1),
$20,300,000 may be available to reconstitute the fleet of
B–1B bomber aircraft through modifications of 23 B–1B
bomber aircraft otherwise scheduled to be retired in fiscal
year 2003 that extend the service life of such aircraft and
maintain or, as necessary, improve the capabilities of such
aircraft for mission performance.
(2) The Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that specifies the amounts necessary to be included in the future-years defense program to reconstitute the B–1B bomber aircraft fleet of the Air Force.

(b) Adjustment.—(1) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 103(1) is hereby increased by $20,300,000.

(2) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 104 is hereby reduced by $20,300,000, with the amount of the reduction to be allocated to Special Operations Forces operational enhancements.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation as follows:

(1) For the Army, $9,012,500,000.

(2) For the Navy, $14,590,284,000.

(3) For the Air Force, $20,382,407,000.
(4) For Defense-wide activities, $19,135,679,000, of which $286,661,000 is authorized for the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation.

SEC. 202. AMOUNT FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

(a) Amount for Projects.—Of the total amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201, $10,705,561,000 shall be available for science and technology projects.

(b) Science and Technology Defined.—In this section, the term “science and technology project” means work funded in program elements for defense research, development, test, and evaluation under Department of Defense budget activities 1, 2, or 3.

SEC. 203. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Inspector General of the Department of Defense in the amount of $300,000.

SEC. 204. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAMS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation for carrying out health care programs, projects, and activities of the Department of Defense in the total amount of $65,796,000.
Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 211. PROHIBITION ON TRANSFER OF CERTAIN PROGRAMS OUTSIDE THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

The Secretary of Defense may not designate any official outside the Office of the Secretary of Defense to exercise authority for programming or budgeting for any of the following programs:

1. Explosive demilitarization technology (program element 0603104D8Z).
2. High energy laser research initiative (program element 0601108D8Z).
3. High energy laser research (program element 0602890D8Z).
4. High energy laser advanced development (program element 0603924D8Z).
5. University research initiative (program element 0601103D8Z).

SEC. 212. OBJECTIVE FORCE INDIRECT FIRES PROGRAM.

(a) DISTINCT PROGRAM ELEMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that, not later than October 1, 2003, the Objective Force Indirect Fires Program is being planned, programmed, and budgeted for as a distinct pro-
gram element and that funds available for such program are being administered consistent with the budgetary status of the program as a distinct program element.

(b) PROHIBITION.—Effective on October 1, 2003, the Objective Force Indirect Fires Program may not be planned, programmed, and budgeted for, and funds available for such program may not be administered, in one program element in combination with the Armored Systems Modernization program.

(c) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—At the same time that the President submits the budget for fiscal year 2005 to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a written certification that the Objective Force Indirect Fires Program is being planned, programmed, and budgeted for, and funds available for such program are being administered, in accordance with the requirement in subsection (a) and the prohibition in subsection (b).

SEC. 213. AMOUNT FOR JOINT ENGINEERING DATA MANAGEMENT INFORMATION AND CONTROL SYSTEM.

(a) NAVY RDT&E.—The amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(2) is hereby increased by

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$2,500,000. Such amount may be available for the Joint Engineering Data Management Information and Control System (JEDMICS).

(b) NAVY PROCUREMENT.—The amount authorized to be appropriated under section 102(a)(4) is hereby reduced by $2,500,000, to be derived from the amount provided for the Joint Engineering Data Management Information and Control System (JEDMICS).

SEC. 214. HUMAN TISSUE ENGINEERING.

(a) AMOUNT.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(1), $1,700,000 may be available in PE 0602787 for human tissue engineering. The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(1) is hereby increased by $1,700,000.

(b) OFFSETS.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(4) for Operations and Maintenance, Air Force is hereby reduced by $1,700,000.

SEC. 215. NON-THERMAL IMAGING SYSTEMS.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(2) for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Navy and available for Power Projection Applied Research (PE 602114N), $2,000,000 may be available for research and development of non-thermal imaging systems. The
total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(2) is hereby increased by $2,000,000

(b) OFFSETS.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(4) for Operation and Maintenance, Air Force is hereby reduced by $1,000,000 and the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 104 for Defense-wide activities, is hereby reduced by $1,000,000 for Special Operations Forces rotary wing upgrades.

SEC. 216. MAGNETIC LEVITATION.

(a) INCREASE IN AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(3) for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Air Force is hereby increased by $2,100,000, with the amount of the increase to be allocated to Major Test and Evaluation Investment (PE 0604759F).

(b) AVAILABILITY.—(1) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(3) for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Air Force and available for Major Test and Evaluation Investment, as increased by subsection (a), $2,100,000 may be available for research and development on magnetic levitation technologies at the high speed test track at Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico.
(2) The amount available under paragraph (1) for the purpose specified in that paragraph is in addition to any other amounts available under this Act for that purpose.

e) Offset.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(4) for Operation and Maintenance, Air Force, is hereby reduced by $2,100,000.

SEC. 217. COMPOSITE SAIL TEST ARTICLES.

(a) Availability of Funds.—The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(2) for Virginia-class submarine development, may be increased by $2,000,000 for the development and fabrication of composite sail test articles for incorporation into designs for future submarines.

(b) Offset.—The amount authorized to be appropriated under section 104 may be reduced by $2,000,000, to be derived from the amount provided for Special Operations Forces operational enhancements.

SEC. 218. PORTABLE MOBILE EMERGENCY BROADBAND SYSTEMS.

(a) Availability of Funds.—(1) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(1) for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Army, $2,000,000 may be available for the development of Portable Mobile Emergency Broadband Systems (MEBS).
(2) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(1) is hereby increased by $2,000,000.

(b) Offset.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 104 for procurement, Defense-wide activities, Special Operations Forces operational enhancements is hereby reduced by $2,000,000.

SEC. 219. BORON ENERGY CELL TECHNOLOGY.

(a) Increase in RDT&E, Air Force.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(3) for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Air Force is hereby increased by $5,000,000.

(b) Availability for Boron Energy Cell Technology.—(1) of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(3) for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Air Force, as increased by subsection (a), $5,000,000 may be available for research, development, test, and evaluation on boron energy cell technology.

(2) The amount available under paragraph (1) for the purpose specified in that paragraph is in addition to any other amounts available under this Act for that purpose.

(c) Offset from Operation and Maintenance, Army.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(1), for operation and maintenance for the Army is hereby reduced by $5,000,000.
SEC. 220. MODIFICATION OF PROGRAM ELEMENT OF SHORT RANGE AIR DEFENSE RADAR PROGRAM OF THE ARMY.

The program element of the short range air defense radar program of the Army may be modified from Program Element 602303A (Missile Technology) to Program Element 603772A (Advanced Tactical Computer Science and Sensor Technology).

SEC. 221. AMOUNT FOR NETWORK CENTRIC OPERATIONS.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(1) for historically Black colleges and universities, $1,000,000 may be used for funding the initiation of a capability in such institutions to support the network centric operations of the Department of Defense.

Subtitle C—Ballistic Missile Defense

SEC. 221. FIELDING OF BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES.

Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 201(4) for the Missile Defense Agency may be used for the development and fielding of an initial set of ballistic missile defense capabilities.
SEC. 222. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN PROGRAM ELEMENTS FOR MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY ACTIVITIES.

Section 223 of title 10, United States Code is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a);

(2) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (a) and (b), respectively; and

(3) in subsection (b), as so redesignated, by striking “specified in subsection (a)”.

SEC. 223. OVERSIGHT OF PROCUREMENT, PERFORMANCE CRITERIA, AND OPERATIONAL TEST PLANS FOR BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAMS.

(a) PROCUREMENT.—(1) Chapter 9 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 223 the following new section:

“§223a. Ballistic missile defense programs: procurement

“(a) Budget Justification Materials.—(1) In the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Defense budget for any fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31), the Secretary of Defense shall specify, for each ballistic missile defense system element, the following information:
“(A) For each ballistic missile defense element for which the Missile Defense Agency is engaged in planning for production and initial fielding, the following information:

“(i) The production rate capabilities of the production facilities planned to be used.

“(ii) The potential date of availability of the element for initial fielding.

“(iii) The expected costs of the initial production and fielding planned for the element.

“(iv) The estimated date on which the administration of the acquisition of the element is to be transferred to the Secretary of a military department.

“(B) The performance criteria prescribed under subsection (b).

“(2) The information provided under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in an unclassified form, but may include a classified annex as necessary.

“(b) PERFORMANCE CRITERIA.—(1) The Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall prescribe measurable performance criteria for all planned development phases (known as ‘‘blocks’’) of the ballistic missile defense system and each of its elements. The performance criteria may
be updated as necessary while the program and any follow-
on program remain in development.

“(2) The performance criteria prescribed for a block under paragraph (1) shall include one or more criteria that specifically describe, in relation to that block, the intended effectiveness against foreign adversary capabilities, including a description of countermeasures, for which the system is being designed as a defense.

“(c) OPERATIONAL TEST PLANS.—The Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, in consultation with the Director of the Missile Defense Agency, shall establish and approve for each ballistic missile defense system element appropriate plans and schedules for operational testing. The test plans shall include an estimate of when successful performance of the element in accordance with each performance criterion is to be verified by operational testing. The test plans for a program may be updated as necessary while the program and any follow-on program remain in development.

“(d) ANNUAL TESTING PROGRESS.—The annual report of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation required under section 232(h) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107–107; 10 U.S.C. 2431 note) shall include the following:
'(1) The test plans established under subsection (c); and

'(2) An assessment of the progress being made toward verifying through operational testing the performance of the system under a missile defense system program as measured by the performance criteria prescribed for the program under subsection (b).

'(e) FUTURE-YEARS DEFENSE PROGRAM.—The future-years defense program submitted to Congress each year under section 221 of this title shall include an estimate of the amount necessary for procurement for each ballistic missile defense system element, together with a discussion of the underlying factors and reasoning justifying the estimate.’’.

(2) The table of contents at the beginning of such chapter 9 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 223 the following new item:

‘‘223a. Ballistic missile defense programs: procurement.’’.

(b) EXCEPTION FOR FIRST ASSESSMENT.—The first assessment required under subsection (d) of section 223a of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall be an interim assessment submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than July 31, 2004.
SEC. 224. RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY TO ASSIST LOCAL COMMUNITIES IMPACTED BY BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM TEST BED.

Section 235(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107–107; 115 Stat. 1041) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, 2004, 2005, or 2006” after “for fiscal year 2002”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) In the budget justification materials for the Department of Defense that the Secretary of Defense submits to Congress in connection with the submission of the budget for fiscal year 2004, the budget for fiscal year 2005, and the budget for fiscal year 2006 under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary shall include a description of the community assistance projects that are to be supported in such fiscal year under this subsection and an estimate of the total cost of each such project.”.

SEC. 225. REQUIREMENT FOR SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION OF CONGRESS FOR DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT, OR DEPLOYMENT OF HIT-TO-KILL BALLISTIC MISSILE INTERCEPTORS.

(a) No amount authorized to be appropriated by this Act for research, development, test, and evaluation, De-
fense-wide, and available for Ballistic Missile Defense Sys-
tem Interceptors (PE 060886C), may be obligated or ex-
pended to design, develop, or deploy hit-to-kill interceptors
or other weapons for placement in space unless specifically
authorized by Congress.

(b) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for
fiscal year 2004 for Ballistic Missile Defense System
Interceptors, $14,000,000 is available for research and
concept definition for the space based test bed.

**SEC. 226. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR NUCLEAR
ARMED INTERCEPTORS IN MISSILE DEFENSE
SYSTEMS.**

No funds authorized to be appropriated for the De-
partment of Defense by this Act may be obligated or ex-
pended for research, development, test, and evaluation,
procurement, or deployment of nuclear armed interceptors
in a missile defense system.

**Subtitle D—Other Matters**

**SEC. 231. GLOBAL RESEARCH WATCH PROGRAM IN THE OF-
FICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF DEFENSE RE-
SEARCH AND ENGINEERING.**

Section 139a of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:
“(c)(1) The Director shall carry out a Global Research Watch program.

“(2) The goals of the program are as follows:

“(A) To monitor and analyze the basic and applied research activities and capabilities of foreign nations in areas of military interest, including allies and competitors.

“(B) To provide standards for comparison and comparative analysis of research capabilities of foreign nations in relation to the research capabilities of the United States.

“(C) To assist Congress and Department of Defense officials in making investment decisions for research in technical areas where the United States may not be the global leader.

“(D) To identify areas where significant opportunities for cooperative research may exist.

“(E) To coordinate and promote the international cooperative research and analysis activities of each of the armed forces and Defense Agencies.

“(F) To establish and maintain an electronic database on international research capabilities, comparative assessments of capabilities, cooperative research opportunities, and ongoing cooperative programs.
“(3) The program shall be focused on research and technologies at a technical maturity level equivalent to Department of Defense basic and applied research programs.

“(4) The Director shall coordinate the program with the international cooperation and analysis activities of the military departments and Defense Agencies.

“(5) Information in electronic databases of the Global Research Watch program shall be maintained in unclassified form and, as determined necessary by the Director, in classified form in such databases.”.

SEC. 232. DEFENSE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY BIENNIAL STRATEGIC PLAN.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR PLAN.—(1) Subchapter II of chapter 8 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 201 the following new section:


“(a) REQUIREMENT FOR STRATEGIC PLAN.—(1) Every other year, and in time for submission to Congress under subsection (b), the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency shall prepare a strategic plan for the activities of the agency.

“(2) The strategic plan shall include the following matters:
“(A) The long-term strategic goals of the agency.

“(B) Identification of the research programs that support—

“(i) achievement of the strategic goals; and

“(ii) exploitation of opportunities that hold the potential for yielding significant military benefits.

“(C) The connection of agency activities and programs to activities and missions of the armed forces.

“(D) A technology transition strategy for agency programs.

“(E) An assessment of agency policies on the management, organization, and personnel of the agency.

“(b) SUBMISSION OF PLAN TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit the latest biennial strategic plan of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency to Congress at the same time that the President submits the budget for an even-numbered year to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31.

“(c) REVIEW PANEL.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish a panel to advise the Director of the De-
fense Research Projects Agency on the preparation, content, and execution of the biennial strategic plan.

“(2) The panel shall be composed of members appointed by the Secretary of Defense from among persons who are experienced and knowledgeable in research activities of potential military value, as follows:

“(A) The principal staff assistant to the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, who shall serve as chairman of the panel.

“(B) Three senior officers of the armed forces.

“(C) Three persons who are representative of—

“(i) private industry;

“(ii) academia; and

“(iii) federally funded research and development centers or similar nongovernmental organizations.

“(3) The members appointed under subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (2) shall be appointed for a term of two years. The members may be reappointed, except that every two years the Secretary of Defense shall appoint a replacement for at least one of the members appointed under such subparagraph (B) and a replacement for at least one of the members appointed under such subparagraph (C). Any vacancy in the membership of the
panel shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

“(4) The panel shall meet at the call of the Chairman.

“(5) The panel shall provide the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency with the following support:

“(A) Objective advice on—

“(i) the strategic plan; and

“(ii) the appropriate mix of agency supported research activities in technologies, including system-level technologies, to address new and evolving national security requirements and interests, and to fulfill the technology development mission of the agency.

“(B) An assessment of the extent to which the agency is successful in—

“(i) supporting missions of the armed forces; and

“(ii) achieving the transition of technologies into acquisition programs of the military departments.

“(C) An assessment of agency policies on the management, organization, and personnel of the agency, together with recommended modifications of
such policies that could improve the mission performance of the agency.

“(D) Final approval of the biennial strategic plan.

“(6) Members of the panel who are not officers or employees of the United States shall serve without pay by reason of their work on the panel, and their services as members may be accepted without regard to section 1342 of title 31. However, such members shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5 while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the panel.

“(7) The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the panel.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 201 the following new item:


(b) Initial Appointments to Review Panel.—
The Secretary of Defense shall appoint the panel under subsection (c) of section 202 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 233. ENHANCEMENT OF AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO SUPPORT SCIENCE, MATHEMATICS, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION.

Section 2192 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

"(b)(1) In furtherance of the authority of the Secretary of Defense under this chapter or any other provision of law to support educational programs in science, mathematics, engineering, and technology, the Secretary of Defense may—

"(A) enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with eligible persons;

"(B) make grants of financial assistance to eligible persons;

"(C) provide cash awards and other items to eligible persons; and

"(D) accept voluntary services from eligible persons.

"(2) In this subsection:

"(A) The term ‘eligible person’ includes a department or agency of the Federal Government, a
State, a political subdivision of a State, an individual, and a not-for-profit or other organization in the private sector.

“(B) The term ‘State’ means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, and any other territory or possession of the United States.”.

SEC. 234. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HIGH-SPEED NETWORK-CENTRIC AND BANDWIDTH EXPANSION PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a program of research and development to promote greater bandwidth capability with high-speed network-centric communications.

(b) PURPOSES OF ACTIVITIES.—The purposes of activities required by subsection (a) are as follows:

(1) To facilitate the acceleration of the network-centric operational capabilities of the Armed Forces, including more extensive utilization of unmanned vehicles, satellite communications, and sensors, through the promotion of research and development, and the focused coordination of programs, to
fully achieve high-bandwidth connectivity to military assets.

(2) To provide for the development of equipment and technologies for military high-bandwidth network-centric communications facilities.

(c) Research and Development Program.—(1) In carrying out the program of research and development required by subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall—

(A) identify areas of advanced wireless communications in which research and development, or the leveraging of emerging technologies, has significant potential to improve the performance, efficiency, cost, and flexibility of advanced network-centric communications systems;

(B) develop a coordinated plan for research and development on—

(i) improved spectrum access through spectrum-efficient network-centric communications systems;

(ii) networks, including complex ad hoc adaptive network structures;

(iii) end user devices, including efficient receivers and transmitter devices;

(iv) applications, including robust security and encryption; and
(v) any other matters that the Secretary considers appropriate for purposes of this section;

(C) ensure joint research and development, and promote joint systems acquisition and deployment, among the various services and Defense Agencies, including the development of common cross-service technology requirements and doctrines, so as to enhance interoperability among the various services and Defense Agencies;

(D) conduct joint experimentation among the various Armed Forces, and coordinate with the Joint Forces Command, on experimentation to support network-centric warfare capabilities to small units of the Armed Forces; and

(E) develop, to the extent practicable and in consultation with other Federal entities and private industry, cooperative research and development efforts.

(2) The Secretary shall carry out the program of research and development through the Director of Defense Research and Engineering, in full coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, the heads of appropriate Defense Agencies, and the heads of other appropriate elements of the Department of Defense.
(d) Report.—(1) The Secretary shall, acting through the Director of Defense Research and Engineering, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the activities undertaken under this section as of the date of such report. The report shall be submitted together with the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Defense budget for fiscal year 2005 (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code).

(2) The report under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) a description of the research and development activities carried out under subsection (a), including particular activities under subsection (c)(1)(B);

(B) an assessment of current and proposed funding for the activities set forth in each of clauses (i) through (v) of subsection (c)(1)(B), including the adequacy of such funding to support such activities;

(C) an assessment of the extent and success of any joint research and development activities under subsection (c)(1)(C);

(D) a description of any joint experimentation activities under subsection (c)(1)(D);
(E) an assessment of the effects of limited communications bandwidth, and of limited access to electromagnetic spectrum, on recent military operations; and

(F) such recommendations for additional activities under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to meet the purposes of this section.

SEC. 235. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STRATEGY FOR MANAGEMENT OF ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) in accordance with subsection (b), develop a strategy for the Department of Defense for the management of the electromagnetic spectrum to improve spectrum access and high-bandwidth connectivity to military assets; and

(2) in accordance with subsection (c), communicate with civilian departments and agencies of the Federal Government in the development of the strategy identified in paragraph (1).

(b) STRATEGY FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPECTRUM MANAGEMENT.—(1) Not later than September 1, 2004, the Board shall develop a strategy for the Department of Defense for the management of the electromagnetic spectrum in order to ensure the development and
use of spectrum-efficient technologies to facilitate the availability of adequate spectrum for network-centric warfare. The strategy shall include specific timelines, metrics, plans for implementation, including the implementation of technologies for the efficient use of spectrum, and proposals for program funding.

(2) In developing the strategy, the Board shall consider and take into account the research and development program carried out under section 234.

(3) The Board shall assist in updating the strategy developed under paragraph (1) on a biennial basis to address changes in circumstances.

(4) The Board shall communicate with other departments and agencies of the Federal Government in the development of the strategy described in subsection (a)(1), including representatives of the military departments, the Federal Communications Commission, the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, the Department of Homeland Security, the Federal Aviation Administration, and other appropriate departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

(c) BOARD DEFINED.—In this section, the term “Board” means the board of senior acquisition officials as defined in section 822.
SEC. 236. AMOUNT FOR COLLABORATIVE INFORMATION WARFARE NETWORK.

(a) Availability of Funds.—(1) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(2), for research and development, Navy, $8,000,000 may be available for the Collaborative Information Warfare Network.

(2) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(2) is hereby increased by $8,000,000.

(b) Offset.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(4) for operation and maintenance, Air Force, the amount is hereby reduced by $8,000,000.

SEC. 237. COPRODUCTION OF ARROW BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM.

Of the total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201 for ballistic missile defense, $115,000,000 may be available for coproduction of the Arrow ballistic missile defense system.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE FUNDING.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for
expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, in amounts as follows:

1. For the Army, $24,668,004,000.
2. For the Navy, $28,051,390,000.
3. For the Marine Corps, $3,416,356,000.
4. For the Air Force, $26,975,231,000.
5. For Defense-wide activities, $15,739,047,000.
6. For the Army Reserve, $1,952,009,000.
7. For the Naval Reserve, $1,170,421,000.
8. For the Marine Corps Reserve, $173,452,000.
9. For the Air Force Reserve, $2,178,688,000.
10. For the Army National Guard, $4,227,331,000.
11. For the Air National Guard, $4,405,646,000.
13. For the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces, $10,333,000.
14. For Environmental Restoration, Army, $396,018,000.
15. For Environmental Restoration, Navy, $256,153,000.
(16) For Environmental Restoration, Air Force, $384,307,000.

(17) For Environmental Restoration, Defense-wide, $24,081,000.

(18) For Environmental Restoration, Formerly Used Defense Sites, $252,619,000.

(19) For Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid programs, $59,000,000.

(20) For Drug Interdiction and Counter-drug Activities, Defense-wide, $817,371,000.

(21) For Defense Health Program, $14,862,900,000.

(22) For Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, $450,800,000.

**SEC. 302. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.**

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Defense Working Capital Funds, $1,661,307,000.

(2) For the National Defense Sealift Fund, $1,062,762,000.
SEC. 303. ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2004 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of $65,279,000 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home, including the Armed Forces Retirement Home—Washington and the Armed Forces Retirement Home—Gulfport.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 311. EMERGENCY AND MORALE COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAMS.

(a) Armed Forces Emergency Services.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(5) for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities, $5,000,000 shall be made available to the American Red Cross to fund the Armed Forces Emergency Services.

(b) Department of Defense Morale Telecommunications Program.—(1) As soon as possible after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and carry out a program to provide, wherever practicable, prepaid phone cards, or an equivalent telecommunications benefit which includes access to telephone service, to members of the Armed Forces stationed outside the United States who are directly supporting military operations in Iraq or Afghanistan (as de-
terminated by the Secretary) to enable them to make telephone calls to family and friends in the United States without cost to the member.

(2) The value of the benefit provided by paragraph (1) shall not exceed $40 per month per person.

(3) The program established by paragraph (1) shall terminate on September 30, 2004.

(4) In carrying out the program under this subsection, the Secretary shall maximize the use of existing Department of Defense telecommunications programs and capabilities, private entities free or reduced-cost services, and programs to enhance morale and welfare. In addition, and notwithstanding any limitation on the expenditure or obligation of appropriated amounts, the Secretary may use available funds appropriated to or for the use of the Department of Defense that are not otherwise obligated or expended to carry out the program.

(5) The Secretary may accept gifts and donations in order to defray the costs of the program. Such gifts and donations may be accepted from foreign governments; foundations or other charitable organizations, including those organized or operating under the laws of a foreign country; and any source in the private sector of the United States or a foreign country.
(6) The Secretary shall work with telecommunications providers to facilitate the deployment of additional telephones for use in calling the United States under the program as quickly as practicable, consistent with the timely provision of telecommunications benefits of the program, the Secretary should carry out this subsection in a manner that allows for competition in the provision of such benefits.

(7) The Secretary shall not take any action under this subsection that would compromise the military objectives or mission of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 312. COMMERCIAL IMAGERY INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) LIMITATION.—Not less than ninety percent of the total amount authorized to be appropriated under this title for the acquisition, processing, and licensing of commercial imagery, including amounts authorized to be appropriated under this title for experimentation related to commercial imagery, shall be used for the following purposes:

(1) To acquire space-based imagery from commercial sources.

(2) To support the development of next-generation commercial imagery satellites.

(b) REPORT.—(1) Not later than March 1, 2004, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Represent-
atives a report on the actions taken and to be taken by
the Secretary to implement the President’s commercial re-

to remote sensing policy. The Secretary shall consult with the
Director of Central Intelligence in preparing the report.

(2) The report under paragraph (1) shall include an
assessment of the following matters:

(A) The sufficiency of the policy, the funding
for fiscal year 2004 for the procurement of imagery
from commercial sources, and the funding planned
in the future-years defense program for the procure-
ment of imagery from commercial sources to sustain
a viable commercial imagery industrial base in the
United States.

(B) The extent to which the United States pol-
icy and programs relating to the procurement of im-
agery from commercial sources are sufficient to en-
sure that imagery is available to the Department of
Defense from United States commercial firms to
timely meet the needs of the Department of Defense
for the imagery.

SEC. 313. INFORMATION OPERATIONS SUSTAINMENT FOR

LAND FORCES READINESS OF ARMY RE-
SERVE.

(a) INCREASE IN AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
TIONS FOR ARMY RESERVE.—The amount authorized to
be appropriated by section 301(6) for operation and main-
tenance for the Army Reserve is hereby increased by
$3,000,000.

(b) AVAILABILITY FOR INFORMATION OPERATIONS
SUSTAINMENT.—(1) Of the amount authorized to be ap-
propriated by section 301(6) for operation and mainte-
nance for the Army Reserve, as increased by subsection
(a), $3,000,000 may be available for Information Opera-
tions (Account #19640) for Land Forces Readiness–In-
formation Operations Sustainment.

(2) The amount available under paragraph (1) for the
purpose specified in that paragraph is in addition to any
other amounts available under this Act for that purpose.

(c) OFFSET.—The amount authorized to be appro-
priated by section 301(4) for operation and maintenance
for the Air Force is hereby reduced by $3,000,000.

SEC. 314. SUBMITTAL OF SURVEY ON PERCHLORATE CON-
TAMINATION AT DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
SITES.

(a) SUBMITTAL OF PERCHLORATE SURVEY.—Not
later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this
Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appro-
priate committees of Congress the 2001 survey to identify
the potential for perchlorate contamination at all active
and closed Department of Defense sites that was prepared
by the United States Air Force Research Laboratory,
Aerospace Expeditionary Force Technologies Division,

(b) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE-FINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate commit-
tees of Congress” means—

(1) the Committee on Environment and Public
Works of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of
the House of Representatives.

Subtitle C—Environmental
Provisions

SEC. 321. GENERAL DEFINITIONS APPLICABLE TO FACILI-
ties and Operations.

(a) General Definitions Applicable to Facili-
ties and Operations.—Section 101 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
subsections (f) and (g), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
lowing new subsection (e):

“(e) Facilities and Operations.—The following
definitions relating to facilities and operations shall apply
in this title:
“(1)(A) The term ‘military munitions’ means all ammunition products and components produced for or used by the armed forces for national defense and security, including ammunition products or components under the control of the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, the Department of Energy, and the National Guard. The term includes confined gaseous, liquid, and solid propellants, explosives, pyrotechnics, chemical and riot control agents, smokes, and incendiaries, including bulk explosives and chemical warfare agents, chemical munitions, rockets, guided and ballistic missiles, bombs, warheads, mortar rounds, artillery ammunition, small arms ammunition, grenades, mines, torpedoes, depth charges, cluster munitions and dispensers, demolition charges, and devices and components thereof.

“(B) The term does not include wholly inert items, improvised explosive devices, and nuclear weapons, nuclear devices, and nuclear components, except that the term does include nonnuclear components of nuclear devices that are managed under the nuclear weapons program of the Department of Energy after all required sanitization operations under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) have been completed.
“(2) The term ‘operational range’ means a range under the jurisdiction, custody, or control of the Secretary concerned that—

“(A) is used for range activities; or

“(B) is not currently used for range activities, but is still considered by the Secretary concerned to be a range and has not been put to a new use that is incompatible with range activities.

“(3) The term ‘range’ means a designated land or water area that is set aside, managed, and used for range activities. The term includes firing lines and positions, maneuver areas, firing lanes, test pads, detonation pads, impact areas, electronic scoring sites, and buffer zones with restricted access and exclusionary areas. The term also includes airspace areas designated for military use according to regulations and procedures established by the Federal Aviation Administration such as special use airspace areas, military training routes, and other associated airspace.

“(4) The term ‘range activities’ means—

“(A) research, development, testing, and evaluation of military munitions, other ordnance, and weapons systems; and
“(B) the training of military personnel in
the use and handling of military munitions,
other ordnance, and weapons systems.
“(5) The term ‘unexploded ordnance’ means
military munitions that—
“(A) have been primed, fused, armed, or
otherwise prepared for action;
“(B) have been fired, dropped, launched,
projected, or placed in such a manner as to con-
stitute a hazard to operations, installations,
personnel, or material; and
“(C) remain unexploded either by malfunc-
tion, design, or any other cause.”.
(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 2710(e)
of such title is amended by striking paragraphs (3), (5),
and (9) and redesignating paragraphs (4), (6), (7), (8),
and (10) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7), respec-
tively.
SEC. 322. MILITARY READINESS AND CONSERVATION OF
PROTECTED SPECIES.
(a) In General.—Part III of subtitle A of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter
101 the following new chapter:
“CHAPTER 101A—READINESS AND RANGE
PRESERVATION

Sec.

§ 2020. Military readiness and conservation of protected species

(a) Limitation on Designation of Critical Habitat.—The Secretary of the Interior may not designate as critical habitat any lands or other geographical areas owned or controlled by the Department of Defense, or designated for its use, that are subject to an integrated natural resources management plan prepared under section 101 of the Sikes Act (16 U.S.C. 670a), if the Secretary of the Interior determines in writing that—

(1) the management activities identified in the plan will effectively conserve the threatened species and endangered species within the lands or areas covered by the plan; and

(2) the plan provides assurances that adequate funding will be provided for such management activities.

(b) Construction With Consultation Requirement.—Nothing in subsection (a) may be construed to affect the requirement to consult under section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1536(a)(2))
with respect to an agency action (as that term is defined in that section).”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, and at the beginning of part III of such subtitle, are each amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 101 the following new item:

“101A. Readiness and Range Preservation .............................. 2020”.

SEC. 323. ARCTIC AND WESTERN PACIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY COOPERATION PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 138 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§2350m. Arctic and Western Pacific Environmental Technology Cooperation Program

“(a) AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Defense may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, conduct on a cooperative basis with countries located in the Arctic and Western Pacific regions a program of environmental activities provided for in subsection (b) in such regions. The program shall be known as the ‘Arctic and Western Pacific Environmental Technology Cooperation Program’.

“(b) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), activities under the program under subsection (a) may include cooperation and assistance among
elements of the Department of Defense and military de-
partments or relevant agencies of other countries on ac-
tivities that contribute to the demonstration of environ-
mental technology.

“(2) Activities under the program shall be consistent
with the requirements of the Cooperative Threat Reduc-
tion program.

“(3) Activities under the program may not include
activities for purposes prohibited under section 1403 of
the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year

“(c) Limitation on Funding for Projects
Other Than Radiological Projects.—Not more than
10 percent of the amount made available for the program
under subsection (a) in any fiscal year may be available
for projects under the program other than projects on ra-
diological matters.

“(d) Annual Report.—(1) Not later than March
1, 2004, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of De-
fense shall submit to Congress a report on activities under
the program under subsection (a) during the preceding fis-
cal year.

“(2) The report on the program for a fiscal year
under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
“(A) A description of the activities carried out under the program during that fiscal year, including a separate description of each project under the program.

“(B) A statement of the amounts obligated and expended for the program during that fiscal year, set forth in aggregate and by project.

“(C) A statement of the life cycle costs of each project, including the life cycle costs of such project as of the end of that fiscal year and an estimate of the total life cycle costs of such project upon completion of such project.

“(D) A statement of the participants in the activities carried out under the program during that fiscal year, including the elements of the Department of Defense and the military departments or agencies of other countries.

“(E) A description of the contributions of the military departments and agencies of other countries to the activities carried out under the program during that fiscal year, including any financial or other contributions to such activities.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of that subchapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
SEC. 324. PARTICIPATION IN WETLAND MITIGATION BANKS IN CONNECTION WITH MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) AUTHORITY TO PARTICIPATE.—Chapter 159 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 2697. Participation in wetland mitigation banks

"(a) AUTHORITY TO PARTICIPATE.—In the case of a military construction project that results, or may result, in the destruction of or impacts to wetlands, the Secretary concerned may make one or more payments to a wetland mitigation banking program or consolidated user site (also referred to as an ‘in-lieu-fee’ program) meeting the requirement of subsection (b) in lieu of creating a wetland on Federal property as mitigation for the project.

"(b) APPROVAL OF PROGRAM OR SITE REQUIRED.—The Secretary concerned may make a payment to a program or site under subsection (a) only if the program or site is approved in accordance with the Federal Guidance for the Establishment, Use, and Operation of Mitigation Banks or the Federal Guidance on the Use of In-Lieu-Fee Arrangements for Compensatory Mitigation under section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act..."

“(c) Availability of Funds.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated for a military construction project for which a payment is authorized by subsection (a) may be utilized for purposes of making the payment.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“[2697. Participation in wetland mitigation banks].”.

SEC. 325. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO USE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION ACCOUNT FUNDS FOR RELOCATION OF A CONTAMINATED FACILITY.

Section 2703(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “September 30, 2003” and inserting “September 30, 2006”.

SEC. 326. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROCEDURAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS TO RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARDS.

Section 2705(d)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-paragraph:

“(C)(i) Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), relating to publication in the Federal Register of notices of meetings of advisory
committees, shall not apply to any meeting of a restoration advisory board under this subsection, but a restoration advisory board shall publish timely notice of each meeting of the restoration advisory board in a local newspaper of general circulation.

“(ii) No limitation under any provision of law or regulations on the total number of advisory committees (as that term is defined in section 3(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act) in existence at any one time shall operate to limit the number of restoration advisory boards in existence under this subsection at any one time.”.

SEC. 327. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITIES ON USE OF VESSELS STRICKEN FROM THE NAVAL VESSEL REGISTER FOR EXPERIMENTAL PURPOSES.

(a) Expansion of Authorities.—Subsection (b) of section 7306a of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Stripping and Environmental Remediation of Vessels.—(1) Before using a vessel for experimental purposes pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary shall carry out such stripping of the vessel as is practicable and such environmental remediation of the vessel as is required for the use of the vessel for experimental purposes.
“(2) Material and equipment stripped from a vessel under paragraph (1) may be sold by the contractor or by a sales agent approved by the Secretary.

“(3) Amounts received as proceeds from the stripping of a vessel pursuant to this subsection shall be credited to funds available for stripping and environmental remediation of other vessels for use for experimental purposes.”.

(b) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN PURPOSES IN USE FOR EXPERIMENTAL PURPOSES.—That section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) USE FOR EXPERIMENTAL PURPOSES.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘use for experimental purposes’, in the case of a vessel, includes use of the vessel by the Navy in sink exercises and as a target.”.

SEC. 328. TRANSFER OF VESSELS STRICKEN FROM THE NAVAL VESSEL REGISTER FOR USE AS ARTIFICIAL REEFS.

(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE TRANSFER.—Chapter 633 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 7306a the following new section:
“§ 7306b. Vessels stricken from Naval Vessel Register; transfer by gift or otherwise for use as artificial reefs

“(a) Authority To Make Transfer.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Navy may transfer, by gift or otherwise, any vessel stricken from the Naval Vessel Register to any State, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States or any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

“(b) Inapplicability to Certain Vessels.—The authority in subsection (a) shall not apply to vessels transferable to the Maritime Administration for disposal under section 548 of title 40.

“(c) Vessel To Be Used as Artificial Reef.—An agreement for the transfer of a vessel under subsection (a) shall require that—

“(1) the recipient use, site, construct, monitor, and manage the vessel only as an artificial reef in accordance with the requirements of the National Fishing Enhancement Act of 1984 (title II of Public Law 98–623; 33 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.), except that the recipient may use the artificial reef to enhance diving opportunities if such use does not have an adverse effect on fishery resources (as that term is defined in section 2(14) of the Magnuson-Stevens
Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(14)); and

“(2) the recipient obtain, and bear all responsibility for complying with, applicable Federal, State, interstate, and local permits for using, siting, constructing, monitoring, and managing the vessel as an artificial reef.

“(d) PREPARATION OF VESSEL FOR USE AS ARTIFICIAL REEF.—The Secretary shall ensure that the preparation of a vessel transferred under subsection (a) for use as an artificial reef is conducted in accordance with—

“(1) the environmental best management practices developed pursuant to section 3504(b) of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 16 U.S.C. 1220 note); and

“(2) any applicable environmental laws.

“(e) COST SHARING.—The Secretary may share with the recipient of a vessel transferred under subsection (a) any costs associated with transferring the vessel under that subsection, including costs of the preparation of the vessel under subsection (d).

“(f) NO LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF VESSELS TRANSFERABLE TO PARTICULAR RECIPIENT.—A State, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States, or any
municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof, may be the recipient of more than one vessel transferred under subsection (a).

“(g) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with a transfer authorized by subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(h) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to establish a preference for the use as artificial reefs of vessels stricken from the Naval Vessel Register in lieu of other authorized uses of such vessels, including the domestic scrapping of such vessels, or other disposals of such vessels, under this chapter or other applicable authority.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 7306a the following new item:

“7306b. Vessels stricken from Naval Vessel Register; transfer by gift or otherwise for use as artificial reefs.”.

SEC. 329. SALVAGE FACILITIES.

(a) FACILITIES TO INCLUDE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT.—Section 7361(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” before “The Secretary”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) For purposes of this section, salvage facilities shall include equipment and gear utilized to prevent, abate, or minimize damage to the environment arising from salvage activities.”.

(b) Claims To Include Compensation for Environmental Protection.—Section 7363 of such title is amended—

(1) by inserting “(a) Authority To Settle Claims.—” before “The Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-section:

“(b) Environmental Protection Services.—A claim for salvage services covered by subsection (a) may include, in addition to a claim for such salvage services, a claim for compensation for services to prevent, abate, or minimize damage to the environment arising from such salvage services.”.

SEC. 330. TASK FORCE ON RESOLUTION OF CONFLICT BETWEEN MILITARY TRAINING AND ENDANGERED SPECIES PROTECTION AT BARRY M. GOLDFWATER RANGE, ARIZONA.

(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to facilitate the determination of effective means of resolving
the current conflict between the dual objectives at Barry M. Goldwater Range, Arizona, of the full utilization of live ordnance delivery areas for military training and the protection of endangered species.

(b) TASK FORCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a task force to determine and assess various means of enabling full use of the live ordnance delivery areas at Barry M. Goldwater Range while also protecting endangered species that are present at Barry M. Goldwater Range.

(c) COMPOSITION.—(1) The task force established under subsection (b) shall be composed of the following:

   (A) The Air Force range officer, who shall serve as chair of the task force.

   (B) The range officer at Barry M. Goldwater Range.


   (D) The commander of Marine Corps Air Station, Yuma, Arizona.

   (E) The Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

   (F) The manager of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, Arizona.
(G) A representative of the Department of Game and Fish of the State of Arizona, as selected by the Secretary in consultation with the Governor of the State of Arizona.

(H) A representative of a wildlife interest group in the State of Arizona, as selected by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife interest groups in the State of Arizona.

(I) A representative of an environmental interest group (other than a wildlife interest group) in the State of Arizona, as selected by the Secretary in consultation with environmental interest groups in the State of Arizona.

(2) The chair of the task force may secure for the task force the services of such experts with respect to the duties of the task force under subsection (d) as the chair considers advisable to carry out such duties.

(d) DUTIES.—The task force established under subsection (b) shall—

(1) assess the effects of the presence of endangered species on military training activities in the live ordnance delivery areas at Barry M. Goldwater Range and in any other areas of the range that are adversely effected by the presence of endangered species;
(2) determine various means of addressing any significant adverse effects on military training activities on Barry M. Goldwater Range that are identified pursuant to paragraph (1); and

(3) determine the benefits and costs associated with the implementation of each means identified under paragraph (2).

(e) REPORT.—Not later than February 28, 2005, the task force under subsection (b) shall submit to Congress a report on its activities under this section. The report shall include—

(1) a description of the assessments and determinations made under subsection (d);

(2) such recommendations for legislative and administrative action as the task force considers appropriate; and

(3) an evaluation of the utility of task force proceedings as a means of resolving conflicts between military training objectives and protection of endangered species at other military training and testing ranges.

SEC. 331. PUBLIC HEALTH ASSESSMENT OF EXPOSURE TO PERCHLORATE.

(a) EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY OF EXPOSURE TO PERCHLORATE.—
(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall provide for an independent epidemiological study of exposure to perchlorate in drinking water.

(2) **PERFORMANCE OF STUDY.**—The Secretary shall provide for the performance of the study under this subsection through the Centers for Disease Control, the National Institutes of Health, or another Federal entity with experience in environmental toxicology selected by the Secretary for purposes of the study.

(3) **MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED IN STUDY.**—In providing for the study under this subsection, the Secretary shall require the Federal entity conducting the study—

   (A) to assess the incidence of thyroid disease and measurable effects of thyroid function in relation to exposure to perchlorate;

   (B) to ensure that the study is of sufficient scope and scale to permit the making of meaningful conclusions of the measurable public health threat associated with exposure to perchlorate, especially the threat to sensitive sub-populations; and

   (C) to study thyroid function, including measurements of urinary iodine and thyroid
hormone levels, in a sufficient number of preg-
nant women, neonates, and infants exposed to
perchlorate in drinking water and match meas-
urements of perchlorate levels in the drinking
water of each study participant in order to per-
mit the development of meaningful conclusions
on the public health threat to individuals ex-
posed to perchlorate.

(4) REPORT ON STUDY.—The Secretary shall
require the Federal entity conducting the study
under this subsection to submit to the Secretary a
report on the study not later than June 1, 2005.

(b) REVIEW OF EFFECTS OF PERCHLORATE ON EN-
DOCRINE SYSTEM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
for an independent review of the effects of per-
chlorate on the human endocrine system.

(2) PERFORMANCE OF REVIEW.—The Secretary
shall provide for the performance of the review
under this subsection through the Centers for Dis-
ease Control, the National Institutes of Health, or
another appropriate Federal research entity with ex-
perience in human endocrinology selected by the Sec-
retary for purposes of the review. The Secretary
shall ensure that the panel conducting the review is
composed of individuals with expertise in human endocrinology.

(3) Matters to be included in review.—In providing for the review under this subsection, the Secretary shall require the Federal entity conducting the review to assess—

(A) available data on human exposure to perchlorate, including clinical data and data on exposure of sensitive subpopulations, and the levels at which health effects were observed; and

(B) available data on other substances that have endocrine effects similar to perchlorate to which the public is frequently exposed.

(4) Report on review.—The Secretary shall require the Federal entity conducting the review under this subsection to submit to the Secretary a report on the review not later than June 1, 2005.
Subtitle D—Reimbursement Authorities

SEC. 341. REIMBURSEMENT OF RESERVE COMPONENT MILITARY PERSONNEL ACCOUNTS FOR PERSONNEL COSTS OF SPECIAL OPERATIONS RESERVE COMPONENT PERSONNEL ENGAGED IN LANDMINES CLEARANCE.

(a) Reimbursement.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301 for Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid programs shall be available for transfer to reserve component military personnel accounts in reimbursement of such accounts for the pay and allowances paid to reserve component personnel under the United States Special Operations Command for duty performed by such personnel in connection with training and other activities relating to the clearing of landmines for humanitarian purposes.

(b) Maximum Amount.—Not more than $5,000,000 may be transferred under subsection (a).

(c) Merger of Transferred Funds.—Funds transferred to an account under this section shall be merged with other sums in the account and shall be available for the same period and purposes as the sums with which merged.
(d) **Relationship to Other Transfer Authority.**—The transfer authority under this section is in addition to the transfer authority provided under section 1001.

**SEC. 342. REIMBURSEMENT OF RESERVE COMPONENT ACCOUNTS FOR COSTS OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES SUPPORT PROVIDED BY RESERVE COMPONENT PERSONNEL.**

(a) **In General.**—Chapter 1805 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 18502 the following new section:

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§ 18503. Reserve components: reimbursement for costs of intelligence support provided by reserve component personnel

(a) Reimbursement Requirement.—The Secretary of Defense or the Secretary concerned shall transfer to the appropriate reserve component military personnel account or operation and maintenance account the amount necessary to reimburse such account for the costs charged that account for military pay and allowances or operation and maintenance associated with the performance of duty described in subsection (b) by reserve component personnel.

(b) Reimbursable Costs.—The transfer requirement under subsection (a) applies with respect to the performance of duty in providing intelligence support, coun-
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terintelligence support, or intelligence and counterintelligence support to a combatant command, Defense Agency, or joint intelligence activity, including any activity or program within the National Foreign Intelligence Program, the Joint Military Intelligence Program, or the Tactical Intelligence and Related Activities Program.

“(c) SOURCES OF REIMBURSEMENTS.—Funds available for operation and maintenance for the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps, for a combatant command, or for a Defense Agency shall be available for transfer under this section to military personnel accounts and operation and maintenance accounts of the reserve components.

“(d) DISTRIBUTION TO UNITS.—Amounts reimbursed to an account for duty performed by reserve component personnel shall be distributed to the lowest level unit or other organization of such personnel that administers and is accountable for the appropriated funds charged the costs that are being reimbursed.

“(e) MERGER OF TRANSFERRED FUNDS.—Funds transferred to an account under this section shall be merged with other sums in the account and shall be available for the same period and purposes as the sums with which merged.”.
(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended inserting after the item relating to section 18502 the following new item:

"18503. Reserve components: reimbursement for costs of intelligence support provided by reserve component personnel."

SEC. 343. REIMBURSEMENT RATE FOR SERVICES PROVIDED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

(a) AUTHORITY.—Subsection (a) of section 2642 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking "(a) AUTHORITY" and all that follows through "the Department of Defense" and inserting the following:

"(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may authorize the use of the Department of Defense reimbursement rate for military airlift services provided by a component of the Department of Defense as follows:

"(1) Military airlift services provided"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(2) Military airlift services provided to the Department of State for the transportation of armored motor vehicles to a foreign country to meet unfulfilled requirements of the Department of State for armored motor vehicles in such foreign country."."
(b) Conforming and Clerical Amendments.—

(1) The heading for such section is amended to read as follows:

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§ 2642. Reimbursement rate for airlift services provided to Central Intelligence Agency or Department of State.
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(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 157 of such title is amended to read as follows:

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2642. Reimbursement rate for airlift services provided to Central Intelligence Agency or Department of State.
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(c) Costs of Goods and Services Provided to Department of State.—For any fee charged to the Department of Defense by the Department of State during any year for the maintenance, upgrade, or construction of United States diplomatic facilities, the Secretary of Defense may remit to the Department of State only that portion, if any, of the total amount of the fee charged for such year that exceeds the total amount of the costs incurred by the Department of Defense for providing goods and services to the Department of State during such year.
Subtitle E—Defense Dependents
Education

SEC. 351. ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

THAT BENEFIT DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS
OF THE ARMED FORCES AND DEPARTMENT
OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.

(a) Continuation of Department of Defense
Program for Fiscal Year 2004.—Of the amount au-
thorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 301(5) for
operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities,
$30,000,000 shall be available only for the purpose of pro-
viding educational agencies assistance to local educational
agencies.

(b) Notification.—Not later than June 30, 2004,
the Secretary of Defense shall notify each local edu-
cational agency that is eligible for educational agencies as-
sistance for fiscal year 2004 of—

(1) that agency’s eligibility for the assistance;

and

(2) the amount of the assistance for which that
agency is eligible.

(e) Disbursement of Funds.—The Secretary of
Defense shall disburse funds made available under sub-
section (a) not later than 30 days after the date on which
notification to the eligible local educational agencies is provided pursuant to subsection (b).

(d) Availability of Funds for Local Educational Agencies Affected by the Brooks Air Force Base Demonstration Project.—(1) Up to $500,000 of the funds made available under subsection (a) may (notwithstanding the limitation in such subsection) also be used for making basic support payments for fiscal year 2004 to a local educational agency that received a basic support payment for fiscal year 2003, but whose payment for fiscal year 2004 would be reduced because of the conversion of Federal property to non-Federal ownership under the Department of Defense infrastructure demonstration project at Brooks Air Force Base, Texas, and the amounts of such basic support payments for fiscal year 2004 shall be computed as if the converted property were Federal property for purposes of receiving the basic support payments for the period in which the demonstration project is ongoing, as documented by the local educational agency to the satisfaction of the Secretary.

(2) If funds are used as authorized under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall reduce the amount of any basic support payment for fiscal year 2004 for a local educational agency described in paragraph (1) by the amount
of any revenue that the agency received during fiscal year 2002 from the Brooks Development Authority as a result of the demonstration project described in paragraph (1).

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:


(2) The term “local educational agency” has the meaning given that term in section 8013(9) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7713(9)).

(3) The term “basic support payment” means a payment authorized under section 8003(b(1)) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7703(b)(1)).

SEC. 352. IMPACT AID FOR CHILDREN WITH SEVERE DISABILITIES.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 301(5) for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities, $5,000,000 shall be available for payments under section 363 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as
Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 361. SALE OF DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY SERVICES TO CONTRACTORS PERFORMING THE NAVY-MARINE CORPS INTRANET CONTRACT.

(a) Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may sell working-capital funded services of the Defense Information Systems Agency to a person outside the Department of Defense for use by that person in the performance of the Navy-Marine Corps Intranet contract.

(b) Reimbursement.—The Secretary shall require reimbursement of each working-capital fund for the costs of services sold under subsection (a) that were paid for out of such fund. The sources of the reimbursement shall be the appropriation or appropriations funding the Navy-Marine Corps Intranet contract or any cash payments received by the Secretary for the services.

(c) Navy-Marine Corps Intranet Contract Defined.—In this section, the term “Navy-Marine Corps Intranet contract” has the meaning given such term in section 814 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as enacted into law by Public Law 106–398 (114 Stat. 1654A–217)).
SEC. 362. USE OF THE DEFENSE MODERNIZATION ACCOUNT FOR LIFE CYCLE COST REDUCTION INITIATIVES.

(a) FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR DEFENSE MODERNIZATION ACCOUNT.—Section 2216 of title 10, United States Code is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (c);

(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

“(b) FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR ACCOUNT.—The Defense Modernization Account shall consist of the following:

“(1) Amounts appropriated to the Defense Modernization Account for the costs of commencing projects described in subsection (d)(1), and amounts reimbursed to the Defense Modernization Account under subsections (c)(1)(B)(iii) out of savings derived from such projects.

“(2) Amounts transferred to the Defense Modernization Account under subsection (c).”.

(b) START-UP FUNDING.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “available from the Defense Modernization Account pursuant to subsection (f) or
(g)” and inserting “in the Defense Modernization
Account”;

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after “purposes:” the following
new paragraph (1):

“(1) For paying the costs of commencing any
project that, in accordance with criteria prescribed
by the Secretary of Defense, is undertaken by the
Secretary of a military department or the head of a
Defense Agency or other element of the Department
of Defense to reduce the life cycle cost of a new or
existing system.”.

(e) REIMBURSEMENT OF ACCOUNT OUT OF SAV-
INGS.—(1) Paragraph (1)(B) of subsection (c) of such sec-
tion, as redesignated by subsection (a)(2), is amended by
adding at the end the following new clause:

“(iii) Unexpired funds in appropriations ac-
counts that are available for procurement or oper-
ation and maintenance of a system, if and to the ex-
tent that savings are achieved for such accounts
through reductions in life cycle costs of such system
that result from one or more projects undertaken
with respect to such systems with funds made avail-
able from the Defense Modernization Account under
subsection (b)(1).”.

(2) Paragraph (2) of such subsection is amended by
inserting “, other than funds referred to in paragraph sub-
paragraph (B)(iii) of such paragraph,” after “Funds re-
ferred to in paragraph (1)”.

(d) REGULATIONS.—Subsection (h) of such section is
amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “COMPTROL-
er.—”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph (2):

“(2) The regulations prescribed under paragraph (1)
shall, at a minimum, provide for—

“(A) the submission of proposals by the Sece-
taries concerned or heads of Defense Agencies or
other elements of the Department of Defense to the
Comptroller for the use of Defense Modernization
Account funds for purposes set forth in subsection
(d);

“(B) the use of a competitive process for the
evaluation of such proposals and the selection of
programs, projects, and activities to be funded out
of the Defense Modernization Account from among
those proposed for such funding; and
“(C) the calculation of—

“(i) the savings to be derived from projects described in subsection (d)(1) that are to be funded out of the Defense Modernization Account; and

“(ii) the amounts to be reimbursed to the Defense Modernization Account out of such savings pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B)(iii).”.

(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Subsection (i) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “(i) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—(1) Not later than 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter,” and inserting “(i) ANNUAL REPORT.—(1) Not later than 15 days after the end of each fiscal year,”; and

(2) in paragraph (1), by striking “quarter” in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), and inserting “fiscal year”.

(f) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 912(c)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 is amended—

(1) by striking “section 2216(b)” and inserting “section 2216(c)”; and

(2) by striking “September 30, 2003” and inserting “September 30, 2006”.

†S 1047 ES
SEC. 363. EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN FIREFIGHTING SERVICE CONTRACTS FROM PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTS FOR PERFORMANCE OF FIREFIGHTING FUNCTIONS.

Section 2465(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “or” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) to a contract for the performance for firefighting functions if the contract is—

“(A) for a period of one year or less; and

“(B) for the performance of firefighting functions that would otherwise be performed by military firefighters who are otherwise deployed.”.

SEC. 364. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT RELATING TO TERMINATION OF SACRAMENTO ARMY DEPOT, SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA.

Section 2466 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (d).
SEC. 365. EXCEPTION TO COMPETITION REQUIREMENT FOR WORKLOADS PREVIOUSLY PERFORMED BY DEPOT-LEVEL ACTIVITIES.

Section 2469 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by inserting “, except as provided in subsection (c)” before the period at the end;

(2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) does not apply to any depot-level maintenance and repair workload that is performed by a public-private partnership under section 2474(b) of this title consisting of a depot-level activity and a private entity.”.

SEC. 366. SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERS OF DECOMMISSIONED VESSELS AND SHIPBOARD EQUIPMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 633 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 7316. Support for transfers of decommissioned vessels and shipboard equipment

“(a) Authority To Provide Assistance.—The Secretary of the Navy may provide an entity described in
subsection (b) with assistance in support of a transfer of
a vessel or shipboard equipment described in such sub-
section that is being executed under section 2572, 7306,
7307, or 7545 of this title, or under any other authority.
“(b) COVERED VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT.—The au-
thority under this section applies—
“(1) in the case of a decommissioned vessel
that—
“(A) is owned and maintained by the
Navy, is located at a Navy facility, and is not
in active use; and
“(B) is being transferred to an entity des-
ignated by the Secretary of the Navy or by law
to receive transfer of the vessel; and
“(2) in the case of any shipboard equipment
that—
“(A) is on a vessel described in paragraph
(1)(A); and
“(B) is being transferred to an entity des-
ignated by the Secretary of the Navy or by law
to receive transfer of the equipment.
“(c) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Secretary may require
a recipient of assistance under subsection (a) to reimburse
the Navy for amounts expended by the Navy in providing
the assistance.
“(d) Deposit of Funds Received.—Funds received in a fiscal year under subsection (c) shall be credited to the appropriation available for such fiscal year for operation and maintenance for the office of the Navy managing inactive ships, shall be merged with other sums in the appropriation that are available for such office, and shall be available for the same purposes and period as the sums with which merged.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“7316. Support for transfers of decommissioned vessels and shipboard equipment.”.

SEC. 367. AIRCRAFT FOR PERFORMANCE OF AERIAL REFUELING MISSION.

(a) Restriction on Retirement of KC–135E Aircraft.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall ensure that the number of KC–135E aircraft of the Air Force that are retired in fiscal year 2004, if any, does not exceed 12 such aircraft.

(b) Required Analysis.—Not later than March 1, 2004, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees an analysis of alternatives for meeting the aerial refueling requirements that the Air Force has the mission to meet. The Secretary shall provide for the analysis to be performed by a federally
funded research and development center or another entity independent of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 368. CONTRACTING WITH EMPLOYERS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.

(a) INAPPLICABILITY OF RANDOLPH-SHEPPARD ACT.—The Randolph-Sheppard Act does not apply to any contract described in subsection (b) for so long as the contract is in effect, including for any period for which the contract is extended pursuant to an option provided in the contract.

(b) JAVITS-WAGNER-O’DAY CONTRACTS.—Subsection (a) applies to any contract for the operation of a Department of Defense facility described in subsection (c) that was entered into before the date of the enactment of this Act with a nonprofit agency for the blind or an agency for other severely handicapped in compliance with section 3 of the Javits-Wagner-O’Day Act (41 U.S.C. 48) and is in effect on such date.

(c) COVERED FACILITIES.—The Department of Defense facilities referred to in subsection (b) are as follows:

   (1) A military troop dining facility.

   (2) A military mess hall.

   (3) Any similar dining facility operated for the purpose of providing meals to members of the Armed Forces.
(d) **Enactment of Popular Name as Short Title.**—The Act entitled “An Act to authorize the operation of stands in Federal buildings by blind persons, to enlarge the economic opportunities of the blind, and for other purposes”, approved June 20, 1936 (commonly known as the “Randolph-Sheppard Act”) (20 U.S.C. 107 et seq.), is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“Sec. 11. This Act may be cited as the ‘Randolph-Sheppard Act’.”

(e) **Demonstration Projects for Contractors Employing Persons With Disabilities.**—(1) The Secretary of Defense may carry out two demonstration projects for the purpose of providing opportunities for participation by severely disabled individuals in the industries of manufacturing and information technology.

(2) Under each demonstration project, the Secretary may enter into one or more contracts with an eligible contractor for each of fiscal years 2004 and 2005 for the acquisition of—

(A) aerospace end items or components; or

(B) information technology products or services.

(3) The items, components, products, or services authorized to be procured under paragraph (2) include—
(A) computer numerically-controlled machining and metal fabrication;

(B) computer application development, testing, and support in document management, microfilming, and imaging; and

(C) any other items, components, products, or services described in paragraph (2) that are not described in subparagraph (A) or (B).

(4) In this subsection:

(A) The term “eligible contractor” means a business entity operated on a for-profit or nonprofit basis that—

(i) employs not more than 500 individuals;

(ii) employs severely disabled individuals at a rate that averages not less than 33 percent of its total workforce over a period prescribed by the Secretary;

(iii) employs each severely disabled individual in its workforce generally on the basis of 40 hours per week;

(iv) pays not less than the minimum wage prescribed pursuant to section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206) to the employees who are severely disabled individuals;
(v) provides for its employees health insurance and a retirement plan comparable to those provided for employees by business entities of similar size in its industrial sector or geographic region; and

(vi) has or can acquire a security clearance as necessary.

(B) The term “severely disabled individual” means an individual with a disability (as defined in section 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102)) who has a severe physical or mental impairment that seriously limits one or more functional capacities.

SEC. 369. REPEAL OF CALENDAR YEAR LIMITATIONS ON USE OF COMMISSARY STORES BY CERTAIN RESERVES AND OTHERS.

(a) Members of the Ready Reserve.—Section 1063(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the period at the end of the first sentence and all that follows and inserting “in that calendar year.”.

(b) Certain Other Persons.—Section 1064 of such title is amended by striking “for 24 days each calendar year”.

† S 1047 ES
TITLE IV—MILITARY
PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS
Subtitle A—Active Forces

SEC. 401. END STRENGTHS FOR ACTIVE FORCES.

The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 2004, as follows:

1. The Army, 480,000.
2. The Navy, 373,800.
3. The Marine Corps, 175,000.

SEC. 402. INCREASED MAXIMUM PERCENTAGE OF GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY AUTHORIZED TO BE SERVING IN GRADES ABOVE BRIGADIER GENERAL AND REAR AD- MIRAL (LOWER HALF).

Section 525(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “50 percent” both places it appears and inserting “55 percent”.

SEC. 403. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES RELATING TO MANAGEMENT OF NUMBERS OF GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS IN CERTAIN GRADES.

(a) SENIOR JOINT OFFICER POSITIONS.—Section 604(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by
striking “December 31, 2004” and inserting “December 31, 2005”.

(b) DISTRIBUTION OF OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY IN GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICER GRADES.—Section 525(b)(5)(C) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2004” and inserting “December 31, 2005”.

c) AUTHORIZED STRENGTH FOR GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY.—Section 526(b)(3) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2004” and inserting “December 31, 2005”.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

SEC. 411. END STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 2004, as follows:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 350,000.

(2) The Army Reserve, 205,000.

(3) The Naval Reserve, 85,900.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 39,600.

(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 107,030.

(6) The Air Force Reserve, 75,800.

(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 10,000.
(b) ADJUSTMENTS.—The end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by—

(1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at the end of the fiscal year; and

(2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at the end of the fiscal year.

Whenever such units or such individual members are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the end strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be proportionately increased by the total authorized strengths of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 412. END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(a), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 2004, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or
full-time duty, in the case of members of the National Guard, for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 25,599.

(2) The Army Reserve, 14,374.

(3) The Naval Reserve, 14,384.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,261.

(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 12,191.

(6) The Air Force Reserve, 1,660.

SEC. 413. END STRENGTHS FOR MILITARY TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS).

The minimum number of military technicians (dual status) as of the last day of fiscal year 2004 for the reserve components of the Army and the Air Force (notwithstanding section 129 of title 10, United States Code) shall be the following:

(1) For the Army Reserve, 6,699.

(2) For the Army National Guard of the United States, 24,589.

(3) For the Air Force Reserve, 9,991.

(4) For the Air National Guard of the United States, 22,806.
SEC. 414. FISCAL YEAR 2004 LIMITATIONS ON NON-DUAL STATUS TECHNICIANS.

(a) LIMITATIONS.—(1) Within the limitation provided in section 10217(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, the number of non-dual status technicians employed by the National Guard as of September 30, 2004, may not exceed the following:

(A) For the Army National Guard of the United States, 1,600.

(B) For the Air National Guard of the United States, 350.

(2) The number of non-dual status technicians employed by the Army Reserve as of September 30, 2004, may not exceed 895.

(3) The number of non-dual status technicians employed by the Air Force Reserve as of September 30, 2004, may not exceed 90.

(b) NON-DUAL STATUS TECHNICIANS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “non-dual status technician” has the meaning given the term in section 10217(a) of title 10, United States Code.
Subtitle C—Other Matters Relating to Personnel Strengths

SEC. 421. REVISION OF PERSONNEL STRENGTH AUTHORIZATION AND ACCOUNTING PROCESS.

(a) Annual Authorization of Strengths.—Subsection (a) of section 115 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Congress shall authorize personnel strength levels for each fiscal year for each of the following:

“(1) The average strength for each of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) for active-duty personnel who are to be paid from funds appropriated for active-duty personnel.

“(2) The average strength for each of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) for active-duty personnel and full-time National Guard duty personnel who are to be paid from funds appropriated for reserve personnel.

“(3) The average strength for the Selected Reserve of each reserve component of the armed forces.”.

(b) Limitation on Use of Funds.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking “end strength” in paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting “strength”.
(c) Authority of Secretary of Defense To Vary Strengths.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “end strength” each place it appears and inserting “strength”;

(2) in paragraph (1), by striking “subsection (a)(1)(A)” and inserting “subsection (a)(1)”; and

(3) in paragraph (2), by striking “subsection (a)(1)(B)” and inserting “subsection (a)(2)”; and

(4) in paragraph (3), by striking “subsection (a)(2)” and inserting “subsection (a)(3)”.

(d) Counting Personnel.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “end-strengths authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1)” and inserting “strengths authorized pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a)”;

(2) in paragraph (9)(B), by striking “subsection (a)(1)(A)” and inserting “subsection (a)(1)”.

(e) Navy Strength When Augmented by Coast Guard.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking “subsection (a)(1)” and inserting “paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a)”.
(f) Authority of Secretaries of Military Departments To Vary Strengths.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking “end strength” both places it appears and inserting “strength”; and

(2) by striking “subsection (a)(1)(A)” in the first sentence and inserting “subsection (a)(1)”.

(g) Authorization of Strengths for Dual Status Military Technicians.—Subsection (g) of such section is amended by striking “end strength” both places it appears and inserting “strength”.

(h) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 168(f)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “end strength for active-duty personnel authorized pursuant to section 115(a)(1)” and inserting “strengths for active-duty personnel authorized pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 115(a)”.

(2) Section 691(f) of such title is amended by striking “section 115(a)(1)” and inserting “paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 115(a)”.

(3) Section 3201(b) of such title is amended by striking “section 115(a)(1)” and inserting “paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 115(a)”.

(4)(A) Section 10216 of such title is amended—
(i) by striking “end strengths” in subsections (b)(1) and (c)(1) and inserting “strengths”; and
(ii) by striking “end strength” each place it appears in subsection (c)(2)(A) and inserting “strength”.
(B) The heading for subsection (c) is amended by striking “END”.
(5) Section 12310(c)(4) of such title is amended by striking “end strength authorizations required by section 115(a)(1)(B) and 115(a)(2)” and inserting “strength authorizations required by paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 115(a)”.
(6) Section 16132(d) of such title is amended by striking “end strength required to be authorized each year by section 115(a)(1)(B)” in the second sentence and inserting “strength required to be authorized each year by section 115(a)(2)”.
(7) Section 112 of title 32, United States Code, is amended—
(A) in subsection (e)—
(i) in the heading, by striking “END-STRENGTH” and inserting “STRENGTH”; and
(ii) by striking “end strength” and inserting “strength”;
(B) in subsection (f)—
(i) in the heading, by striking “END STRENGTH” and inserting “STRENGTH”; and
(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking “end strength” and inserting “strength”; and
(C) in subsection (g)(1), by striking “end strengths” and inserting “strengths”.

SEC. 422. EXCLUSION OF RECALLED RETIRED MEMBERS FROM CERTAIN STRENGTH LIMITATIONS DURING PERIOD OF WAR OR NATIONAL EMERGENCY.

(a) ANNUAL AUTHORIZED END STRENGTHS.—Section 115(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(12) Members of the armed forces ordered to active duty under section 688 of this title during any period of war declared by Congress or any period of national emergency declared by Congress or the President in which members of a reserve component are serving on active duty pursuant to an order to active duty under section 12301 or 12302 of this title, for so long as the members ordered to active duty under such section 688 continue to serve on active duty during the period of the war or national emergency and the one-year period beginning on the
date of the termination of the war or national emergency, as the case may be.”

(b) STRENGTH LIMITATIONS FOR OFFICERS IN PAY GRADES O–4 THROUGH O–6.—Section 523(b) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(8) Officers ordered to active duty under section 688 of this title during any period of war declared by Congress or any period of national emergency declared by Congress or the President in which members of a reserve component are serving on active duty pursuant to an order to active duty under section 12301 or 12302 of this title, for so long as the members ordered to active duty under such section 688 continue to serve on active duty during the period of the war or national emergency and the one-year period beginning on the date of the termination of the war or national emergency, as the case may be.”.

Subtitle D—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 431. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for military personnel for fiscal
year 2004 a total of $99,194,206,000. The authorization in the preceding sentence supersedes any other authorization of appropriations (definite or indefinite) for such purpose for fiscal year 2004.

**TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY**

Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy

SEC. 501. RETENTION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS OFFICERS TO FULFILL ACTIVE DUTY SERVICE OBLIGATIONS FOLLOWING FAILURE OF SELECTION FOR PROMOTION.

(a) In General.—Subsection (a) of section 632 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “or” at the end of paragraph (2);

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) if the officer is a health professions officer described in subsection (c) who, as of the date of discharge determined for the officer under paragraph (1), has not completed an active duty service obligation incurred by the officer under section
2005, 2114, 2123, or 2603 of this title, be retained on active duty until the officer completes the active duty service for which obligated, unless the Secretary concerned determines that the completion of the service obligation by the officer is not in the best interest of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps, as the case may be.”.

(b) COVERED HEALTH PROFESSIONS OFFICERS.—Section 632 of such title is amended by adding at the end of the following new subsection:

“(c) HEALTH PROFESSIONS OFFICERS.—Subsection (a)(4) applies to the following officers:

“(1) A medical officer.

“(2) A dental officer.

“(3) Any other officer appointed in a medical skill (as defined in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense).”.

SEC. 502. ELIGIBILITY FOR APPOINTMENT AS CHIEF OF ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

(a) APPOINTMENT FROM AMONG MEMBERS OF THE CORPS.—Section 3084 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after “The Chief of the Veterinary
Corps of the Army” the following: “shall be appointed from among officers of the Veterinary Corps. The Chief of the Veterinary Corps”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to appointments of the Chief of the Veterinary Corps of the Army that are made on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle B—Reserve Component Personnel Policy

SEC. 511. EXPANDED AUTHORITY FOR USE OF READY RESERVE IN RESPONSE TO TERRORISM.

Section 12304(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “catastrophic”.

SEC. 512. STREAMLINED PROCESS FOR CONTINUING OFFICERS ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST.

(a) CONTINUATION.—Section 14701 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “by a selection board convened under section 14101(b) of this title” and inserting “under regulations prescribed under subsection (b)”;

(B) in paragraph (6), by striking “as a result of the convening of a selection board under section 14101(b) of this title”;
(2) by striking subsections (b) and (c); and

(3) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (b).

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Subsection (b) of section 14101 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (1); and

(2) by redesigning paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.

SEC. 513. NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY IN COMMAND OF NATIONAL GUARD UNITS.

(a) CONTINUATION IN STATE STATUS.—Subsection (a) of section 325 of title 32, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “(a) Each” and inserting “(a) RELIEF REQUIRED.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), each”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) An officer of the Army National Guard of the United States or the Air National Guard of the United States is not relieved from duty in the National Guard of his State or Territory, or of Puerto Rico or the District of Columbia, under paragraph (1) while serving on active duty in command of a National Guard unit if—
“(A) the President authorizes such service in both duty statuses; and

“(B) the Governor of his State or Territory or Puerto Rico, or the Commanding General of the District of Columbia National Guard, as the case may be, consents to such service in both duty statuses.”.

(b) FORMAT AMENDMENT.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by inserting “RETURN TO STATE STATUS.—” after “(b)”.

Subtitle C—Revision of Retirement Authorities

SEC. 521. PERMANENT AUTHORITY TO REDUCE THREE-YEAR TIME-IN-RANK REQUIREMENT FOR RETIREMENT IN GRADE FOR OFFICERS IN GRADES ABOVE MAJOR AND LIEUTENANT COMMANDER.

Section 1370(a)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “during the period beginning on October 1, 2002, and ending on December 31, 2003” and inserting “after September 30, 2002”.
Subtitle D—Education and Training

SEC. 531. INCREASED FLEXIBILITY FOR MANAGEMENT OF SENIOR LEVEL EDUCATION AND POST-EDUCATION ASSIGNMENTS.

(a) Repeal of Post-Education Joint Duty Assignments Requirement.—Subsection (d) of section 663 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) Repeal of Minimum Duration Requirement for Principal Course of Instruction at the Joint Forces Staff College.—Subsection (e) of such section is repealed.

SEC. 532. EXPANDED EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY FOR CADETS AND MIDSHIPMEN RECEIVING ROTC SCHOLARSHIPS.

(a) Financial Assistance Program for Service on Active Duty.—Section 2107(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking the first sentence and inserting the following: “The Secretary concerned may provide financial assistance described in paragraph (3) for a student appointed as a cadet or midshipman by the Secretary under subsection (a).”;

† S 1047 ES
(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “as described in paragraph (1)” and inserting “as described in paragraph (3)”;

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(3)(A) The financial assistance provided for a student under this subsection shall be the payment of one of the two sets of expenses selected by the Secretary, as follows:

“(i) Tuition, fees, books, and laboratory expenses.

“(ii) Expenses for room and board and any other necessary expenses imposed by the student’s educational institution for the academic program in which the student is enrolled, which may include any of the expenses described in clause (i).

“(B) The total amount of the financial assistance provided for a student for an academic year under clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) may not exceed the total amount of the financial assistance that would otherwise have been provided for the student for that academic year under clause (i) of such subparagraph.

“(4) The Secretary of the military department concerned may provide for the payment of all expenses in the Secretary’s department of administering the financial as-
section program under this section, including the pay-
ment of expenses described in paragraph (3).”

(b) Financial Assistance Program for Service
in Troop Program Units.—Section 2107a(c) of such
title is amended to read as follows:

“(c)(1) The Secretary of the Army may provide fi-
nancial assistance described in paragraph (2) for a stu-
dent appointed as a cadet by the Secretary under sub-
section (a).

“(2)(A) The financial assistance provided for a stu-
dent under this subsection shall be the payment of one
of the two sets of expenses selected by the Secretary con-
cerned, as follows:

“(i) Tuition, fees, books, and laboratory ex-
penses.

“(ii) Expenses for room and board and any
other necessary expenses imposed by the student’s
educational institution for the academic program in
which the student is enrolled, which may include any
of the expenses described in clause (i).

“(B) The total amount of the financial assistance
provided for a student for an academic year under clause
(ii) of subparagraph (A) may not exceed the total amount
of the financial assistance that would otherwise have been
provided for the student for that academic year under clause (i) of such subparagraph.

“(3) The Secretary may provide for the payment of all expenses in the Department of the Army for administering the financial assistance program under this section, including the payment of expenses described in paragraph (2).”.

SEC. 533. ELIGIBILITY AND COST REIMBURSEMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR PERSONNEL TO RECEIVE INSTRUCTION AT THE NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL.

(a) EXPANDED ELIGIBILITY FOR ENLISTED PERSONNEL.—Subsection (a)(2) of section 7045 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(A)” after “(2)”;

(2) by striking “this paragraph” in the second sentence and inserting “this subparagraph”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(B) The Secretary may permit an enlisted member of the armed forces to receive instruction in an executive level seminar at the Naval Postgraduate School.

“(C) The Secretary may permit an eligible enlisted member of the armed forces to receive instruction in connection with pursuit of a program of education in informa-
tion assurance as a participant in the Information Security Scholarship program under chapter 112 of this title.

To be eligible for instruction under this subparagraph, the enlisted member must have been awarded a baccalaureate degree by an institution of higher education.”.

(b) PAYMENT OF COSTS FOR PARTICIPANTS IN INFORMATION SECURITY SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) The requirements for payment of costs and fees under paragraph (1) shall be subject to such exceptions as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe for members of the armed forces who receive instruction at the Postgraduate School in connection with pursuit of a degree or certification as participants in the Information Security Scholarship program under chapter 112 of this title.”.

“(3) The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of Transportation shall bear the cost of the instruction at the Air Force Institute of Technology that is received by officers detailed for that instruction by the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Transportation, respectively. In the case of an enlisted member permitted to receive instruction at the Institute,
the Secretary of the Air Force shall charge that member only for such costs and fees as the Secretary considers appropriate (taking into consideration the admission of enlisted members on a space-available basis).

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Paragraph (1) of such subsection (b), as redesignated by subsection (b)(1) of this section, is amended—

(A) in the first sentence, by striking “officers” and inserting “members of the armed forces who are”; and

(B) in the second sentence—

(i) by inserting “under subsection (a)(2)(A)” after “at the Postgraduate School”;

and

(ii) by striking “(taking into consideration the admission of enlisted members on a space-available basis)”.

SEC. 534. ACTIONS TO ADDRESS SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AT THE SERVICE ACADEMIES.

(a) POLICY ON SEXUAL MISCONDUCT.—(1) The Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force shall, under guidance prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, direct the Superintendent of the United States Military Academy, the Superintendent of the United States Naval Academy, and the
Superintendent of the United States Air Force Academy, respectively, to prescribe a policy on sexual misconduct applicable to the personnel of the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy, respectively.

(2) The policy on sexual misconduct prescribed for an academy shall specify the following:

(A) Programs to promote awareness of the incidence of rape, acquaintance rape, and other sexual offenses of a criminal nature that involve academy personnel.

(B) Procedures that a cadet or midshipman, as the case may be, should follow in the case of an occurrence of sexual misconduct, including—

(i) a specification of the person or persons to whom the alleged offense should be reported;

(ii) a specification of any other person whom the victim should contact; and

(iii) procedures on the preservation of evidence potentially necessary for proof of criminal sexual assault.

(C) Procedures for disciplinary action in cases of alleged criminal sexual assault involving academy personnel.
(D) Any other sanctions authorized to be imposed in a substantiated case of misconduct involving academy personnel in rape, acquaintance rape, or any other criminal sexual offense, whether forcible or nonforcible.

(E) Required training on the policy for all academy personnel, including the specific training required for personnel who process allegations of sexual misconduct involving academy personnel.

(b) Annual Assessment.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, through the Secretaries of the military departments, shall direct each Superintendent to conduct at the academy under the jurisdiction of the Superintendent an assessment in each academy program year to determine the effectiveness of the academy’s policies, training, and procedures on sexual misconduct to prevent criminal sexual misconduct involving academy personnel.

(2) For the assessment for each of the 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 academy program years, the Superintendent of the academy shall conduct a survey of all academy personnel—

(A) to measure—

(i) the incidence, in such program year, of sexual misconduct events, on or off the academy
reservation, that have been reported to officials of the academy; and
(ii) the incidence, in such program year, of sexual misconduct events, on or off the academy reservation, that have not been reported to officials of the academy; and
(B) to assess the perceptions of academy personnel on—
(i) the policies, training, and procedures on sexual misconduct involving academy personnel;
(ii) the enforcement of such policies;
(iii) the incidence of sexual misconduct involving academy personnel in such program year; and
(iv) any other issues relating to sexual misconduct involving academy personnel.
(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—(1) The Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force shall direct the Superintendent of the United States Military Academy, the Superintendent of the United States Naval Academy, and the Superintendent of the United States Air Force Academy, respectively, to submit to the Secretary a report on sexual misconduct involving academy personnel for each of the 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 academy program years.
(2) The annual report for an academy under paragraph (1) shall contain, for the academy program year covered by the report, the following matters:

(A) The number of sexual assaults,rapes, and other sexual offenses involving academy personnel that have been reported to academy officials during the program year, and the number of the reported cases that have been substantiated.

(B) The policies, procedures, and processes implemented by the Secretary of the military department concerned and the leadership of the academy in response to sexual misconduct involving academy personnel during the program year.

(C) In the report for the 2004 academy program year, a discussion of the survey conducted under subsection (b), together with an analysis of the results of the survey and a discussion of any initiatives undertaken on the basis of such results and analysis.

(D) In the report for each of the subsequent academy program years, the results of the annual survey conducted in such program year under subsection (b).

(E) A plan for the actions that are to be taken in the following academy program year regarding
prevention of and response to sexual misconduct in-
volving academy personnel.

(3) The Secretary of a military department shall
transmit the annual report on an academy under this sub-
section, together with the Secretary’s comments on the re-
port, to the Secretary of Defense and the Board of Visitors
of the academy.

(4) The Secretary of Defense shall transmit the an-
nual report on each academy under this subsection, to-
gether with the Secretary’s comments on the report to,
the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the
House of Representatives.

(5) The report for the 2004 academy program year
for an academy shall be submitted to the Secretary of the
military department concerned not later than one year
after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(6) In this subsection, the term “academy program
year” with respect to a year, means the academy program
year that ends in that year.
SEC. 535. FUNDING OF EDUCATION ASSISTANCE ENLISTMENT INCENTIVES TO FACILITATE NATIONAL SERVICE THROUGH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION BENEFITS FUND.

(a) In general.—Subsection (j) of section 510 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(j) Funding.—(1) Amounts for the payment of incentives under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (e) shall be derived from amounts available to the Secretary of the military department concerned for the payment of pay, allowances and other expenses of the members of the armed force concerned.

“(2) Amounts for the payment of incentives under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (e) shall be derived from the Department of Defense Education Benefits Fund under section 2006 of this title.”.

(b) Conforming amendments.—Section 2006(b) of such title is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 510(e) and” after “Department of Defense benefits under”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(E) The present value of future benefits payable from the Fund for educational assist-
ance under paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 510(e) of this title to persons who during such period become entitled to such assistance.”.

Subtitle E—Military Justice

SEC. 551. EXTENDED LIMITATION PERIOD FOR PROSECUTION OF CHILD ABUSE CASES IN COURTS-MARTIAL.

Section 843(b) of title 10, United States Code (article 43 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2)(A) A person charged with having committed a child abuse offense against a child is liable to be tried by court-martial if the sworn charges and specifications are received before the child reaches the age of 25 years by an officer exercising summary court-martial jurisdiction with respect to that person.

“(B) In subparagraph (A), the term ‘child abuse offense’ means an act that involves sexual or physical abuse of a person under 16 years of age and constitutes any of the following offenses:

“(i) Rape or carnal knowledge in violation of section 920 of this title (article 120).
“(ii) Maiming in violation of section 924 of this title (article 124).

“(iii) Sodomy in violation of section 925 of this title (article 126).

“(iv) Aggravated assault or assault consummated by a battery in violation of section 928 of this title (article 128).

“(v) Indecent assault, assault with intent to commit murder, voluntary manslaughter, rape, or sodomy, or indecent acts or liberties with a child in violation of section 934 of this title (article 134).”.

SEC. 552. CLARIFICATION OF BLOOD ALCOHOL CONTENT LIMIT FOR THE OFFENSE UNDER THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE OF DRUNKEN OPERATION OF A VEHICLE, AIRCRAFT, OR VESSEL.

Section 911 of title 10, United States Code (article 111 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking “is in excess of” and inserting “is equal to or exceeds”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:
“(A) In the case of the operation or control of a vehicle, aircraft, or vessel in the United States, such limit is the lesser of—

“(i) the blood alcohol content limit under the law of the State in which the conduct occurred, except as may be provided under paragraph (2) for conduct on a military installation that is in more than one State; or

“(ii) the blood alcohol content limit specified in paragraph (3).”;

and

(B) by striking “maximum” in paragraphs (1)(B) and (3).

Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 561. HIGH-TEMPO PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AND ALLOWANCE.

(a) Deployment Management.—Section 991(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Management Responsibilities.—(1) The deployment (or potential deployment) of a member of the armed forces shall be managed to ensure that the member is not deployed, or continued in a deployment, on any day on which the total number of days on which the member has been deployed out of the preceding 365 days would exceed the maximum number of deployment days pre-
scribed for the purposes of this section by the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness. The maximum number of deployment days so prescribed may not exceed 220 days.

“(2) A member may be deployed, or continued in a deployment, without regard to paragraph (1) if such deployment, or continued deployment, is approved by—

“(A) a member of the Senior Executive Service designated by the Secretary of Defense to do so; or

“(B) the first officer in the member’s chain of command who is—

“(i) a general officer or, in the case of the Navy, an officer in a grade above captain; or

“(ii) a colonel or, in the case of the Navy, a captain who is recommended for promotion to brigadier general or rear admiral, respectively, in a report of a selection board convened under section 611(a) or 14101(a) of this title that has been approved by the President.”.

(b) High-Tempo Allowance.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 436 of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Monthly Allowance.—The Secretary of the military department concerned shall pay a high-tempo al-
allowance to a member of the armed forces under the Secretary’s jurisdiction for the following months:

“(1) Each month during which the member is deployed and has, as of any day during that month, been deployed—

“(A) for at least the number of days out of the preceding 730 days that is prescribed for the purpose of this subparagraph by the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, except that the number of days so prescribed may not be more than 401 days; or

“(B) at least the number of consecutive days that is prescribed for the purpose of this subparagraph by the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, except that the number of days so prescribed may not be more than 191 days.

“(2) Each month that includes a day on which the member serves on active duty pursuant to a call or order to active duty for a period of more than 30 days under a provision of law referred to in section 101(a)(13)(B) of title 10, if such period begins within one year after the date on which the member was released from previous service on active duty for a
period of more than 30 days under a call or order
issued under such a provision of law.’’.

(2) Subsection (c) of such section is amended to read
as follows:

“(c) MONTHLY AMOUNT.—The Secretary of Defense
shall prescribe the amount of the monthly allowance pay-
able to a member under this section. The amount may
not exceed $1,000.”.

(3) Such section is further amended by adding at the
end the following new subsection:

“(g) SERVICE IN EXEMPTED DUTY POSITIONS.—(1)
Except as provided in paragraph (2), a member is not eli-
gible for the high-tempo allowance under this section while
serving in a duty position designated as exempt for the
purpose of this subsection by the Secretary concerned with
the approval of the Under Secretary of Defense for Per-
sonnel and Readiness.

“(2) A designation of a duty position as exempt
under paragraph (1) does not terminate the eligibility for
the high-tempo allowance under this section of a member
serving in the duty position at the time the designation
is made.

“(h) PAYMENT FROM OPERATION AND MAINTEN-
ANCE FUNDS.—The monthly allowance payable to a
member under this section shall be paid from appropria-
tions available for operation and maintenance for the
armed force in which the member serves.”.

(4) Such section is further amended—

(A) in subsections (d) and (e), by striking
“high-deployment per diem” and inserting “high-
tempo allowance”; and

(B) in subsection (f)—

(i) by striking “per diem” and inserting
“allowance”; and

(ii) by striking “day on which” and insert-
ing “month during which”.

(5)(A) The heading of such section is amended to
read as follows:

“§436. High-tempo allowance: lengthy or numerous
deployments; frequent mobilizations”.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of
sections at the beginning of chapter 7 of such title is
amended to read as follows:

“436. High-tempo allowance: lengthy or numerous deployments; frequent mobilizations.”.

(c) MODIFIED REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Section
487(b)(5) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to
read as follows:

“(5) For each of the armed forces, the descrip-
tion shall indicate the number of members who re-
ceived the high-tempo allowance under section 436
of title 37, the total number of months for which the
allowance was paid to members, and the total
amount spent on the allowance.”

SEC. 562. ALTERNATE INITIAL MILITARY SERVICE OBLIGA-
TION FOR PERSONS ACCESSED UNDER DI-
RECT ENTRY PROGRAM.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR PROGRAM.—The Secretary of
Defense shall carry out a direct entry program for persons
with critical military skills who enter the Armed Forces
for an initial period of service in the Armed Forces.

(b) ELIGIBLE PERSONS.—The Secretary shall pre-
scribe the eligibility requirements for entering the Armed
Forces under the direct entry program carried out under
this section. The Secretary may limit eligibility as the Sec-
retary determines appropriate to meet the needs of the
Armed Forces.

(c) CRITICAL MILITARY SKILLS.—The Secretary
shall designate the military skills that are critical military
skills for the purposes of this section.

(d) INITIAL SERVICE OBLIGATION.—(1) The Sec-
retary shall prescribe the period of initial service in the
Armed Forces that is to be required of a person entering
the Armed Forces under the direct entry program. The
period may not be less than three years.
(2) Section 651(a) of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply to a person who enters the Armed Forces under the direct entry program.

(e) REPORTS.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the direct entry program commences under this section, the Secretary shall submit a report on the establishment of the program to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The report shall include the following:

(A) A list of the military skills designated as critical military skills for the purposes of this section.

(B) The eligibility requirements for entering the Armed Forces under the program.

(C) A detailed discussion of the other features of the program.

(2) Whenever the list of critical military skills is revised, the Secretary shall promptly submit the revised list to the committees referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) The Secretary shall submit a final report on the program to Congress not later than 180 days after the date on which the direct entry program terminates under subsection (f). The report shall include the Secretary’s assessment of the effectiveness of the direct entry program.
for recruiting personnel with critical military skills for the Armed Forces.

(f) PERIOD OF PROGRAM.—The direct entry program under this section shall commence on October 1, 2003, and shall terminate on September 30, 2005.

SEC. 563. POLICY ON CONCURRENT DEPLOYMENT TO COMBAT ZONES OF BOTH MILITARY SPOUSES OF MILITARY FAMILIES WITH MINOR CHILDREN.

(a) PUBLICATION OF POLICY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) prescribe the policy of the Department of Defense on concurrent deployment to a combat zone of both spouses of a dual-military family with one or more minor children; and

(2) transmit the policy to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

(b) DUAL-MILITARY FAMILY DEFINED.—In this section, the term “dual-military family” means a family in which both spouses are members of the Armed Forces.
SEC. 564. ENHANCEMENT OF VOTING RIGHTS OF MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.

(a) STANDARD FOR INVALIDATION OF BALLOTS CAST BY ABSENT UNIFORMED SERVICES VOTERS IN FEDERAL ELECTIONS.—(1) Section 102 of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (42 U.S.C. 1973ff–1) is amended—

(A) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) STANDARDS FOR INVALIDATION OF CERTAIN BALLOTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A State may not refuse to count a ballot submitted in an election for Federal office by an absent uniformed services voter—

“(A) solely on the grounds that the ballot lacked—

“(i) a notarized witness signature;

“(ii) an address (other than on a Federal write-in absentee ballot, commonly known as ‘SF186’);

“(iii) a postmark if there are any other indicia that the vote was cast in a timely manner; or

“(iv) an overseas postmark; or
“(B) solely on the basis of a comparison of signatures on ballots, envelopes, or registration forms unless there is a lack of reasonable similarity between the signatures.

“(2) No effect on filing deadlines under state law.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to affect the application to ballots submitted by absent uniformed services voters of any ballot submission deadline applicable under State law.”.

(2) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to ballots described in section 102(c) of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, as added by paragraph (1), that are submitted with respect to elections that occur after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Maximization of Access of Recently Separated Uniformed Services Voters to the Polls.—(1) Section 102(a) of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (42 U.S.C. 1973ff–1) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (4), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(6) in addition to using the postcard form for the purpose described in paragraph (4), accept and process any otherwise valid voter registration application submitted by a uniformed service voter for the purpose of voting in an election for Federal office; and

“(7) permit each recently separated uniformed services voter to vote in any election for which a voter registration application has been accepted and processed under this section if that voter—

“(A) has registered to vote under this section; and

“(B) is eligible to vote in that election under State law.”.

(2) The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to elections for Federal office that occur after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—Section 107 of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (42 U.S.C. 1973ff–6) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (7) and (8) as paragraphs (9) and (11), respectively;
(2) by inserting after paragraph (6) the following new paragraph:

“(7) ‘recently separated uniformed services voter’ means any individual who was a uniformed services voter on the date that is 60 days before the date on which the individual seeks to vote and who—

“(A) presents to the election official Department of Defense form 214 evidencing the individual’s former status as such a voter, or any other official proof of such status;

“(B) is no longer such a voter; and

“(C) is otherwise qualified to vote in that election;”; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (9), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph:

“(10) ‘uniformed services voter’ means—

“(A) a member of a uniformed service in active service;

“(B) a member of the merchant marine; and

“(C) a spouse or dependent of a member referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) who is qualified to vote; and”.
SEC. 565. CERTAIN TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WHO HAVE COMMITTED DEPENDENT ABUSE.

Section 406(h) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4)(A) If the Secretary concerned makes a determination described in subparagraph (B) with respect to the spouse or a dependent of a member described in that subparagraph and a request described in subparagraph (C) has been by the spouse or on behalf of such dependent, the Secretary may provide any benefit authorized for a member under paragraph (1) or (3) to the spouse or such dependent in lieu of providing such benefit to the member.

“(B) A determination described in this subparagraph is a determination by the commanding officer of a member that—

“(i) the member has committed a dependent-abuse offense against the spouse or a dependent of the member;

“(ii) a safety plan and counseling have been provided to the spouse or such dependent;

“(iii) the safety of the spouse or such dependent is at risk; and
“(iv) the relocation of the spouse or such dependent is advisable.

“(C) A request described in this subparagraph is a request by the spouse of a member, or by the parent of a dependent child in the case of a dependent child of a member, for relocation.

“(D) Transportation may be provided under this paragraph for household effects or a motor vehicle only if a written agreement of the member, or an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, gives possession of the effects or vehicle to the spouse or dependent of the member concerned.

“(E) In this paragraph, the term ‘dependent-abuse offense’ means an offense described in section 1059(c) of title 10.”

**TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS**

**Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances**

**SEC. 601. INCREASE IN BASIC PAY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2004.**

(a) **Waiver of Section 1009 Adjustment.**—The adjustment to become effective during fiscal year 2004 required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in the rates of monthly basic pay authorized members of the uniformed services shall not be made.
1 (b) INCREASE IN BASIC PAY.—Effective on January 1, 2004, the rates of monthly basic pay for members of the uniformed services within each pay grade are as follows:

**COMMISSIONED OFFICERS**

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<sup>1</sup>Notwithstanding the basic pay rates specified in this table, the actual rate of basic pay for commissioned officers in pay grades O–7 through O–10 may not exceed the rate of pay for level III of the Executive Schedule and the actual rate of basic pay for all other officers may not exceed the rate of pay for level V of the Executive Schedule.

<sup>2</sup>Subject to the preceding footnote, the rate of basic pay for an officer in this grade while serving as Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, Commandant of the Marine Corps, Commandant of the Coast Guard, or commander of a unified or specified combatant command (as defined in section 161(e) of title 10, United States Code) is $14,634.20, regardless of cumulative years of service computed under section 205 of title 37, United States Code.

<sup>3</sup>This table does not apply to commissioned officers in pay grade O–1, O–2, or O–3 who have been credited with over 4 years of active duty service as an enlisted member or warrant officer.
COMMISSIONED OFFICERS WITH OVER 4 YEARS OF ACTIVE DUTY SERVICE AS AN ENLISTED MEMBER OR WARRANT OFFICER

Years of service computed under section 205 of title 37, United States Code

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<th>Over 3</th>
<th>Over 4</th>
<th>Over 6</th>
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WARRANT OFFICERS¹

Years of service computed under section 205 of title 37, United States Code

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<th>Over 3</th>
<th>Over 4</th>
<th>Over 6</th>
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¹Notwithstanding the basic pay rates specified in this table, the actual rate of basic pay for warrant officers may not exceed the rate of pay for level V of the Executive Schedule.
Years of service computed under section 205 of title 37, United States Code

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1 Notwithstanding the basic pay rates specified in this table, the actual rate of basic pay for enlisted members may not exceed the rate of pay for level V of the Executive Schedule.

2 Subject to the preceding footnote, the rate of basic pay for an enlisted member in this grade while serving as Sergeant Major of the Army, Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy, Chief Master Sergeant of the Air Force, Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps, or Master Chief Petty Officer of the Coast Guard, is $6,090.90, regardless of cumulative years of service computed under section 205 of title 37, United States Code.

3 In the case of members in pay grade E–1 who have served less than 4 months on active duty, the rate of basic pay is $1,104.00.

1 Sec. 602. Revised Annual Pay Adjustment Process.

(a) Requirement for Annual Adjustment.—

Subsection (a) of section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Requirement for Annual Adjustment.—

Effective on January 1 of each year, the rates of basic
pay for members of the uniformed services under section 203(a) of this title shall be increased under this section.”.

(b) Effectiveness of Adjustment.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking “shall—” and all that follows and inserting “shall have the force and effect of law.”.

(c) Percentage of Adjustment.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended to read as follow:

“(c) Equal Percentage Increase for All Members.—(1) An adjustment made under this section in a year shall provide all eligible members with an increase in the monthly basic pay that is the percentage (rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent) by which the ECI for the base quarter of the year before the preceding year exceeds the ECI for the base quarter of the second year before the preceding calendar year (if at all).

“(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), but subject to subsection (d), the percentage of the adjustment taking effect under this section during each of fiscal years 2004, 2005, and 2006, shall be one-half of 1 percentage point higher than the percentage that would otherwise be applicable under such paragraph.”.

(d) Repeal of Allocation Authority.—Such section is further amended—

(1) by striking subsections (d), (e), and (g); and
(2) redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (d).

(e) **Presidential Determination of Need for Alternative Pay Adjustment.**—Such section, as amended by subsection (d), is further amended adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) **Presidential Determination of Need for Alternative Pay Adjustment.**—(1) If, because of national emergency or serious economic conditions affecting the general welfare, the President considers the pay adjustment which would otherwise be required by this section in any year to be inappropriate, the President shall prepare and transmit to Congress before September 1 of the preceding year a plan for such alternative pay adjustments as the President considers appropriate, together with the reasons therefor.

“(2) In evaluating an economic condition affecting the general welfare under this subsection, the President shall consider pertinent economic measures including the Indexes of Leading Economic Indicators, the Gross National Product, the unemployment rate, the budget deficit, the Consumer Price Index, the Producer Price Index, the Employment Cost Index, and the Implicit Price Deflator for Personal Consumption Expenditures.
“(3) The President shall include in the plan submitted to Congress under paragraph (1) an assessment of the impact that the alternative pay adjustments proposed in the plan would have on the Government’s ability to recruit and retain well-qualified persons for the uniformed services.”.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—Such section, as amended by subsection (e), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:


“(2) The term ‘base quarter’ for any year is the 3-month period ending on September 30 of such year.”.

SEC. 603. COMPUTATION OF BASIC PAY RATE FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS WITH PRIOR ENLISTED OR WARRANT OFFICER SERVICE.

Section 203(d)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “enlisted member,” and all that follows through the period and inserting “enlisted member.”; and
(2) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following new subparagraph:

“(B) Service as a warrant officer, as an enlisted member, or as a warrant officer and an enlisted member, for which at least 1,460 points have been credited to the officer for the purposes of section 12732(a)(2) of title 10.”.

SEC. 604. PILOT PROGRAM OF MONTHLY SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCE FOR NON-SCHOLARSHIP SENIOR ROTC MEMBERS COMMITTING TO CONTINUE ROTC PARTICIPATION AS SOPHOMORES.

(a) Authority.—Section 209 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) Non-Scholarship Senior ROTC Members Not in Advanced Training.—(1) A member of the Senior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps described in subsection (b) is entitled to a monthly subsistence allowance at a rate prescribed under subsection (a).

“(2) To be entitled to receive a subsistence allowance under this subsection, a member must—

“(A) be a citizen of the United States;

“(B) enlist in an armed force under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the military department concerned for the period prescribed by the Secretary;
“(C) contract, with the consent of his parent or guardian if he is a minor, with the Secretary of the military department concerned, or his designated representative, to serve for the period required by the program;

“(D) agree in writing that he will accept an appointment, if offered, as a commissioned officer in the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps, as the case may be, and that he will serve in the armed forces for the period prescribed by the Secretary;

“(E) successfully complete the first year of a four-year Senior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps course;

“(F) not be eligible for advanced training under section 2104 of title 10;

“(G) not be appointed under section 2107 of title 10; and

“(H) execute a certificate of loyalty in such form as the Secretary of Defense prescribes or take a loyalty oath as prescribed by the Secretary.

“(3) The first month for which a monthly subsistence allowance is payable to a member under this subsection shall be a month designated by the Secretary of the military department concerned that begins after the member satisfies the condition in subparagraph (E) of paragraph
(2). Payment of the subsistence allowance shall continue for as long as the member continues to meet the conditions in such paragraph and the member’s obligations under the enlistment, contract, and agreement entered into as described in such paragraph. In no event, however, may a member receive the monthly subsistence allowance for more than 20 months.

“(4) In this subsection, the term ‘program’ means the Senior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps of an armed force.

“(5) No subsistence allowance may be paid under this subsection with respect to a contract that is entered into as described in paragraph (2)(C) after December 31, 2006.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (e) of section 209 of title 37, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall take effect on January 1, 2004.

SEC. 605. BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING FOR EACH MEMBER MARRIED TO ANOTHER MEMBER WITHOUT DEPENDENTS WHEN BOTH SPOUSES ARE ON SEA DUTY.

(a) ENTITLEMENT.—Section 403(f)(2)(C) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking “are jointly entitled to one basic allowance for housing” and in-
serting “are each entitled to a basic allowance for
housing”; and

(2) by striking “The amount of the allowance”
and all that follows and inserting “The amount of
the allowance payable to a member under the pre-
ceding sentence shall be based on the without de-
pendents rate for the pay grade of the member.”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2003.

SEC. 606. INCREASED RATE OF FAMILY SEPARATION AL-
LOWANCE.

(a) Rate.—Section 427(a)(1) of title 37, United
States Code, is amended by striking “$100” and inserting
“$250”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2003.

Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special
and Incentive Pays

SEC. 611. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUS AND
SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES FOR RESERVE
FORCES.

(a) Selected Reserve Reenlistment Bonus.—
Section 308b(f) of title 37, United States Code, is amend-
ed by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “De-
cember 31, 2004”.

† S 1047 ES
(b) SELECTED RESERVE ENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308e(e) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

c) SPECIAL PAY FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS ASSIGNED TO CERTAIN HIGH PRIORITY UNITS.—Section 308d(c) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

d) SELECTED RESERVE AFFILIATION BONUS.—Section 308e(e) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

e) READY RESERVE ENLISTMENT AND REENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308h(g) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(f) PRIOR SERVICE ENLISTMENT BONUS.—Section 308i(f) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

SEC. 612. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES FOR CERTAIN HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.

(a) NURSE OFFICER CANDIDATE ACCESSION PROGRAM.—Section 2130a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

† S 1047 ES
(b) Repayment of Education Loans for Certain Health Professionals Who Serve in the Selected Reserve.—Section 16302(d) of such title is amended by striking “January 1, 2004” and inserting “January 1, 2005”.

(e) Accession Bonus for Registered Nurses.—Section 302d(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(d) Incentive Special Pay for Nurse Anesthetists.—Section 302e(a)(1) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(e) Special Pay for Selected Reserve Health Professionals in Critically Short Wartime Specialties.—Section 302g(f) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(f) Accession Bonus for Dental Officers.—Section 302h(a)(1) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

† S 1047 ES
SEC. 613. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF SPECIAL PAY AND BONUS AUTHORITIES FOR NUCLEAR OFFICERS.

(a) Special Pay for Nuclear-Qualified Officers Extending Period of Active Service.—Section 312(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(b) Nuclear Career Accession Bonus.—Section 312b(c) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(c) Nuclear Career Annual Incentive Bonus.—Section 312c(d) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

SEC. 614. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF OTHER BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES.

(a) Aviation Officer Retention Bonus.—Section 301b(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(b) Reenlistment Bonus for Active Members.—Section 308(g) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

† S 1047 ES
(c) **Enlistment Bonus for Active Members.**—

Section 309(e) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(d) **Retention Bonus for Members with Critical Military Skills.**—Section 323(i) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

(e) **Accession Bonus for New Officers in Critical Skills.**—Section 324(g) of such title is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2004”.

SEC. 615. SPECIAL PAY FOR RESERVE OFFICERS HOLDING POSITIONS OF UNUSUAL RESPONSIBILITY AND OF CRITICAL NATURE.

(a) **Eligibility.**—Section 306 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “under section 201 of this title, or the compensation under section 206 of this title,” after “is entitled to the basic pay”;

(2) by redesignating subsections (b) through (e) as subsections (c) through (f), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):
“(b) In the case of an officer who is a member of a reserve component, special pay under subsection (a) shall be paid at the rate of \( \frac{1}{30} \) of the monthly rate authorized by that subsection for each day of the performance of duties described in that subsection.”.

(b) LIMITATION.—Subsection (d) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (a)(2) of this section, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(d)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Of the number of officers in the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve of an armed force who are not on active duty (other than for training), not more than 5 percent of the number of such officers in each of the pay grades O–3 and below, and not more than 10 percent of the number of such officers in pay grade O–4, O–5, or O–6, may be paid special pay under subsection (b).”.

SEC. 616. ASSIGNMENT INCENTIVE PAY FOR SERVICE IN KOREA.

(a) AUTHORITY.—(1) Chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 307a the following new section:
§ 307b. Special pay: Korea service incentive pay

(a) Authority.—The Secretary concerned shall pay monthly incentive pay under this section to a member of a uniformed service for the period that the member performs service in Korea while entitled to basic pay.

(b) Rate.—The monthly rate of incentive pay payable to a member under this section is $100.

(c) Relationship to other pay and allowances.—Incentive pay paid to a member under this section is in addition to any other pay and allowances to which the member is entitled.

(d) Status not affected by temporary duty or leave.—The service of a member in an assignment referred to in subsection (a) shall not be considered discontinued during any period that the member is not performing service in the assignment by reason of temporary duty performed by the member pursuant to orders or absence of the member for authorized leave.

(e) Termination of authority.—Special pay may not be paid under this section for months beginning after December 31, 2005.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 307a the following new item:

“307b. Special pay: Korea service incentive pay.”.
(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 307(b) of title 37, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall take effect on October 1, 2003.

SEC. 617. INCREASED MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF REENLISTMENT BONUS FOR ACTIVE MEMBERS.

(a) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—Section 308(a)(2)(B) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “$60,000” and inserting “$70,000”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2003, and shall apply with respect to reenlistments and extensions of enlistments that take effect on or after that date.

SEC. 618. PAYMENT OF SELECTED RESERVE REENLISTMENT BONUS TO MEMBERS OF SELECTED RESERVE WHO ARE MOBILIZED.

Section 308b of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) PAYMENT TO MOBILIZED MEMBERS.—In the case of a member entitled to a bonus under this section who is called or ordered to active duty, any amount of such bonus that is payable to the member during the pe-
period of active duty of the member shall be paid the mem-
ber during that period of active duty without regard to
the fact that the member is serving on active duty pursu-
ant to such call or order to active duty.”.

SEC. 619. INCREASED RATE OF HOSTILE FIRE AND IMMI-
NENT DANGER SPECIAL PAY.

(a) Rate.—Section 310(a) of title 37, United States
Code, is amended by striking “$150” and inserting
“$225”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2003.

SEC. 620. AVAILABILITY OF HOSTILE FIRE AND IMMINENT
DANGER SPECIAL PAY FOR RESERVE COMPO-
NENT MEMBERS ON INACTIVE DUTY.

(a) Expansion and Clarification of Current
Law.—Section 310 of title 37, United States Code, is
amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
subsections (c) and (d), respectively; and

(2) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
following new subsections:

“(a) Eligibility and Special Pay Amount.—
Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense,
a member of a uniformed service may be paid special pay
at the rate of $150 for any month in which—

† S 1047 ES
“(1) the member was entitled to basic pay or compensation under section 204 or 206 of this title; and

“(2) the member—

“(A) was subject to hostile fire or explosion of hostile mines;

“(B) was on duty in an area in which the member was in imminent danger of being exposed to hostile fire or explosion of hostile mines and in which, during the period the member was on duty in the area, other members of the uniformed services were subject to hostile fire or explosion of hostile mines;

“(C) was killed, injured, or wounded by hostile fire, explosion of a hostile mine, or any other hostile action; or

“(D) was on duty in a foreign area in which the member was subject to the threat of physical harm or imminent danger on the basis of civil insurrection, civil war, terrorism, or wartime conditions.

“(b) CONTINUATION DURING HOSPITALIZATION.—A member covered by subsection (a)(2)(C) who is hospitalized for the treatment of the injury or wound may be paid special pay under this section for not more than three ad-
ditional months during which the member is so hospital-
ized.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—Such section is fur-
ther amended—

(1) in subsection (c), as redesignated by sub-
section (a)(1), by inserting “LIMITATIONS AND AD-
MINISTRATION.—” before “(1)”; and

(2) in subsection (d), as redesignated by sub-
section (a)(1), by inserting “DETERMINATIONS OF
FACT.—” before “Any”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsections (a) and (b) of
section 310 of title 37, United States Code, as added by
subsection (a)(2), shall take effect as of September 11,

SEC. 621. EXPANSION OF OVERSEAS TOUR EXTENSION IN-
CENTIVE PROGRAM TO OFFICERS.

(a) SPECIAL PAY OR BONUS FOR EXTENDING OVER-
SEAS TOUR OF DUTY.—(1) Subsections (a) and (b) of sec-
tion 314 of title 37, United States Code, are amended by
striking “an enlisted member” and inserting “a member”.

(2)(A) The heading of such section is amended to
read as follows:
§ 314. Special pay or bonus: qualified members extending duty at designated locations overseas.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 5 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“314. Special pay or bonus: qualified members extending duty at designated locations overseas.”.

(b) Rest and Recuperative Absence in Lieu of Pay or Bonus.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 705 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “an enlisted member” and inserting “a member”.

(2)(A) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

“§ 705. Rest and recuperation absence: qualified members extending duty at designated locations overseas”.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 40 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“705. Rest and recuperation absence: qualified members extending duty at designated locations overseas.”.

† § 1047 ES
SEC. 622. ELIGIBILITY OF WARRANT OFFICERS FOR ACCESSION BONUS FOR NEW OFFICERS IN CRITICAL SKILLS.

(a) Eligibility.—Section 324 of title 37, United States Code, is amended in subsections (a) and (f)(1) by inserting “or an appointment” after “commission”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2003.

SEC. 623. INCENTIVE BONUS FOR CONVERSION TO MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALTY TO EASE PERSONNEL SHORTAGE.

(a) In General.—Chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 326. Incentive bonus: conversion to military occupational specialty to ease personnel shortage

“(a) Incentive Bonus Authorized.—The Secretary concerned may pay a bonus under this section to an eligible member of the armed forces who executes a written agreement to convert to, and serve for a period of not less than four years in, a military occupational specialty for which there is a shortage of trained and qualified personnel.

“(b) Eligible Members.—A member is eligible for a bonus under this section if—
“(1) the member is entitled to basic pay; and
“(2) at the time the agreement under subsection (a) is executed, the member is serving in—
“(A) pay grade E–6 with not more than 10 years of service computed under section 205 of this title; or
“(B) pay grade E–5 or below, regardless of years of service.
“(c) Amount and Payment of Bonus.—(1) A bonus under this section may not exceed $4,000.
“(2) A bonus payable under this section shall be disbursed in one lump sum when the member’s conversion to the military occupational specialty is approved by the chief personnel officer of the member’s armed force.
“(d) Relationship to Other Pay and Allowances.—A bonus paid to a member under this section is in addition to any other pay and allowances to which the member is entitled.
“(e) Repayment of Bonus.—(1) A member who receives a bonus for conversion to a military occupational specialty under this section and who, voluntarily or because of misconduct, fails to serve in such military occupational specialty for the period specified in the agreement shall refund to the United States an amount that bears the same ratio to the bonus amount paid to the member.
as the unserved part of such period bears to the total period agreed to be served.

“(2) An obligation to reimburse the United States imposed under paragraph (1) is, for all purposes, a debt owed to the United States.

“(3) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11 that is entered less than five years after the termination of the agreement for which a bonus was paid under this section shall not discharge the person signing such agreement from the debt arising under paragraph (1).

“(4) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary concerned may waive, in whole or in part, a refund required under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that recovery would be against equity and good conscience or would be contrary to the best interests of the United States.

“(f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretaries concerned shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Regulations prescribed by the Secretary of a military department shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of Defense.

“(g) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—No agreement under this section may be entered into after December 31, 2006.”.
(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“326. Incentive bonus: conversion to military occupational specialty to ease personnel shortage.”

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

SEC. 631. SHIPMENT OF PRIVATELY OWNED MOTOR VEHICLE WITHIN CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES.

(a) Authority To Procure Contract For Transportation of Motor Vehicle.—Section 2634 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (i); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (g) the following new subsection (h):

“(h) In the case of a member’s change of permanent station described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (i)(1), the Secretary concerned may authorize the member to arrange for the shipment of the motor vehicle in lieu of transportation at the expense of the United States under this section. The Secretary concerned may pay the member a monetary allowance in lieu of transportation, as established under section 404(d)(1) of title 37, and the member shall be responsible for any transportation costs in excess of such allowance.”.
(b) Allowance for Self-Procurement of Transportation of Motor Vehicle.—Section 406(b)(1)(B) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “In the case of the transportation of a motor vehicle arranged by the member under section 2634(h) of title 10, the Secretary concerned may pay the member, upon presentation of proof of shipment, a monetary allowance in lieu of transportation, as established under section 404(d)(1) of this title.”.

SEC. 632. Payment or Reimbursement of Student Baggage Storage Costs for Dependent Children of Members Stationed Overseas.

Section 430(b)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence by inserting before the period at the end the following: “or during a different period in the same fiscal year selected by the member”.

SEC. 633. Contracts for Full Replacement Value for Loss or Damage to Personal Property Transported at Government Expense.

(a) Authority.—Chapter 157 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2636 the following new section:
§ 2636a. Loss or damage to personal property transported at Government expense: full replacement value; deduction from amounts due carriers

(a) PROCUREMENT OF COVERAGE.—The Secretary of Defense may include in a contract for the transportation of baggage and household effects for members of the armed forces at Government expense a clause that requires the carrier under the contract to pay the full replacement value for loss or damage to the baggage or household effects transported under the contract.

(b) DEDUCTION UPON FAILURE OF CARRIER TO SETTLE.—In the case of a loss or damage of baggage or household effects transported under a contract with a carrier that includes a clause described in subsection (a), the amount equal to the full replacement value for the baggage or household effects may be deducted from the amount owed by the United States to the carrier under the contract upon a failure of the carrier to settle a claim for such loss or total damage within a reasonable time. The amount so deducted shall be remitted to the claimant, notwithstanding section 2636 of this title.

(c) INAPPLICABILITY OF RELATED LIMITS.—The limitations on amounts of claims that may be settled under section 3721(b) of title 31 do not apply to a car-
rner’s contractual obligation to pay full replacement value under this section.

“(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations for administering this section. The regulations shall include policies and procedures for validating and evaluating claims, validating proper claimants, and determining reasonable time for settlement.

“(e) TRANSPORTATION DEFINED.—In this section, the terms ‘transportation’ and ‘transport’, with respect to baggage or household effects, includes packing, crating, drayage, temporary storage, and unpacking of the baggage or household effects.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2636 the following new item:

“2636a. Loss or damage to personal property transported at Government expense: full replacement value; deduction from amounts due carriers.”.

SEC 634. TRANSPORTATION OF DEPENDENTS TO PRESENCE OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WHO ARE RETIRED FOR ILLNESS OR INJURY INCURRED IN ACTIVE DUTY.

Section 411h(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “paragraph (2)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”;
(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) Under the regulations prescribed under paragraph (1), transportation described in subsection (c) may be provided for not more than two family members of a member otherwise described in paragraph (3) who is retired for an illness or injury described in that paragraph if the attending physician or surgeon and the commander or head of the military medical facility exercising control over the member determine that the presence of the family member would be in the best interests of the family member.”; and

(4) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by striking “paragraph (1)” and inserting “paragraph (1) or (2)”.

Subtitle D—Retired Pay and Survivor Benefits

SEC. 641. SPECIAL RULE FOR COMPUTATION OF RETIRED PAY BASE FOR COMMANDEERS OF COMBATANT COMMANDS.

(a) Treatment Equivalent to Chiefs of Service.—Subsection (i) of section 1406 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “as a commander
of a unified or specified combatant command (as defined in section 161(e) of this title),” after “Chief of Service,”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for such subsection is amended by inserting “COMMANDERS OF COMBATANT COMMANDS,” after “CHIEFS OF SERVICE,”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to officers who first become entitled to retired pay under title 10, United States Code, on or after such date.

SEC. 642. SURVIVOR BENEFIT PLAN ANNUITIES FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES OF RESERVES NOT ELIGIBLE FOR RETIREMENT WHO DIE FROM A CAUSE INCURRED OR AGGRAVATED WHILE ON INACTIVE-DUTY TRAINING.

(a) SURVIVING SPOUSE ANNUITY.—Paragraph (1) of section 1448(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(1) SURVIVING SPOUSE ANNUITY.—The Secretary concerned shall pay an annuity under this subchapter to the surviving spouse of—

“(A) a person who is eligible to provide a reserve-component annuity and who dies—
“(i) before being notified under section 12731(d) of this title that he has completed the years of service required for eligibility for reserve-component retired pay; or

“(ii) during the 90-day period beginning on the date he receives notification under section 12731(d) of this title that he has completed the years of service required for eligibility for reserve-component retired pay if he had not made an election under subsection (a)(2)(B) to participate in the Plan; or

“(B) a member of a reserve component not described in subparagraph (A) who dies from an injury or illness incurred or aggravated in the line of duty during inactive-duty training.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for subsection (f) of section 1448 of such title is amended by inserting “OR BEFORE” after “DYING WHEN”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect as of September 10, 2001, and shall apply with respect to performance of inactive-duty training (as defined in section 101(d) of title 10, United States Code) on or after that date.
SEC. 643. INCREASE IN DEATH GRATUITY PAYABLE WITH RESPECT TO DECEASED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) Amount of Death Gratuity.—Section 1478(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "$6,000" and inserting "$12,000".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect as of September 11, 2001, and shall apply with respect to deaths occurring on or after that date.

(c) Death Benefits Study.—(1) It is the sense of Congress that—

(A) the sacrifices made by the members of the United States Armed Forces are significant and are worthy of meaningful expressions of gratitude by the Government of the United States, especially in cases of sacrifice through loss of life;

(B) the tragic events of September 11, 2001, and subsequent worldwide combat operations in the Global War on Terrorism and in Operation Iraqi Freedom have highlighted the significant disparity between the financial benefits for survivors of deceased members of the Armed Forces and the financial benefits for survivors of civilian victims of terrorism;
(C) the death benefits system composed of the death gratuity paid by the Department of Defense to survivors of members of the Armed Forces, the subsequently established Servicemembers’ Group Life Insurance (SGLI) program, and other benefits for survivors of deceased members has evolved over time, but there are increasing indications that the evolution of such benefits has failed to keep pace with the expansion of indemnity and compensation available to segments of United States society outside the Armed Forces, a failure that is especially apparent in a comparison of the benefits for survivors of deceased members with the compensation provided to families of civilian victims of terrorism; and

(D) while Servicemembers’ Group Life Insurance (SGLI) provides an assured source of life insurance for members of the Armed Forces that benefits the survivors of such members upon death, the SGLI program requires the members to pay for that life insurance coverage and does not provide an assured minimum benefit.

(2) The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a study of the totality of all current and projected death benefits for survivors of deceased members of the Armed Forces
to determine the adequacy of such benefits. In carrying
out the study, the Secretary shall—

(A) compare the Federal Government death
benefits for survivors of deceased members of the
Armed Forces with commercial and other private
sector death benefits plans for segments of United
States society outside the Armed Forces, and also
with the benefits available under Public Law 107–
37 (115 Stat. 219) (commonly known as the “Public
Safety Officer Benefits Bill”);

(B) assess the personnel policy effects that
would result from a revision of the death gratuity
benefit to provide a stratified schedule of entitlement
amounts that places a premium on deaths resulting
from participation in combat or from acts of ter-
rorism;

(C) assess the adequacy of the current system
of Survivor Benefit Plan annuities and Dependency
and Indemnity Compensation and the anticipated ef-
fec ts of an elimination of the offset of Survivor Ben-
efit Plan annuities by Dependency and Indemnity
Compensation;

(D) examine the commercial insurability of
members of the Armed Forces in high risk military
occupational specialties; and
(E) examine the extent to which private trusts
and foundations engage in fundraising or otherwise
provide financial benefits for survivors of deceased
members of the Armed Forces.

(3) Not later than March 1, 2004, the Secretary shall
submit a report on the results of the study under para-
graph (2) to the Committees on Armed Services of the
Senate and the House of Representatives. The report shall
include the following:

(A) The assessments, analyses, and conclusions
resulting from the study.

(B) Proposed legislation to address the defi-
ciencies in the system of Federal Government death
benefits for survivors of deceased members of the
Armed Forces that are identified in the course of
the study.

(C) An estimate of the costs of the system of
dead death benefits provided for in the proposed legisla-
tion.

(4) The Comptroller General shall conduct a study
to identify the death benefits that are payable under Fed-
eral, State, and local laws for employees of the Federal
Government, State governments, and local governments.
Not later than November 1, 2003, the Comptroller Gen-
eral shall submit a report containing the results of the
study to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

SEC. 644. FULL PAYMENT OF BOTH RETIRED PAY AND COM-
PENSATION TO DISABLED MILITARY RETIR-
EES.

(a) Restoration of Full Retired Pay Bene-
fits.—Section 1414 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 1414. Members eligible for retired pay who have service-connected disabilities: payment of
retired pay and veterans’ disability com-
penstation

“(a) Payment of Both Retired Pay and Com-
pensation.—Except as provided in subsection (b), a member or former member of the uniformed services who is entitled to retired pay (other than as specified in sub-
section (c)) and who is also entitled to veterans’ disability compensation is entitled to be paid both without regard to sections 5304 and 5305 of title 38.

“(b) Special Rule for Chapter 61 Career Re-
tirees.—The retired pay of a member retired under chapter 61 of this title with 20 years or more of service otherwise creditable under section 1405 of this title at the time of the member’s retirement is subject to reduction under sections 5304 and 5305 of title 38, but only to the
extent that the amount of the member’s retired pay under
chapter 61 of this title exceeds the amount of retired pay
to which the member would have been entitled under any
other provision of law based upon the member’s service
in the uniformed services if the member had not been re-
tired under chapter 61 of this title.

“(c) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) does not apply to
a member retired under chapter 61 of this title with less
than 20 years of service otherwise creditable under section
1405 of this title at the time of the member’s retirement.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘retired pay’ includes retainer
pay, emergency officers’ retirement pay, and naval
pension.

“(2) The term ‘veterans’ disability compensa-
tion’ has the meaning given the term ‘compensation’
in section 101(13) of title 38.”.

(b) REPEAL OF SPECIAL COMPENSATION PRO-
GRAMS.—Sections 1413 and 1413a of such title are re-
pealed.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
at the beginning of such chapter is amended by striking
the items relating to sections 1413, 1413a, and 1414 and
inserting the following:

“1414. Members eligible for retired pay who have service-connected disabilities:
payment of retired pay and veterans’ disability compensation.”.
(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on—

(1) the first day of the first month that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act; or

(2) the first day of the fiscal year that begins in the calendar year in which this Act is enacted, if later than the date specified in paragraph (1).

(e) Prohibition on Retroactive Benefits.—No benefits may be paid to any person by reason of section 1414 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), for any period before the effective date applicable under subsection (d).

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 651. Retention of Accumulated Leave.

(a) Higher Maximum Limitation Associated with Certain Service.—Section 701(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(f)(1) The Secretary of Defense may authorize a member eligible under paragraph (2) to retain 120 days’ leave accumulated by the end of the fiscal year described in such paragraph.

“(2) Paragraph (1) applies to a member who—

“(A) during a fiscal year—

“(i) serves on active duty for a continuous period of at least 120 days in an area in which
the member is entitled to special pay under section 310(a) of title 37; or

“(ii) is assigned to a deployable ship, to a mobile unit, to duty in support of a contingency operation, or to other duty designated for the purpose of this section; and

“(B) except for paragraph (1), would lose any accumulated leave in excess of 60 days at the end of the fiscal year.

“(3) Leave in excess of 60 days accumulated under this subsection is lost unless it is used by the member before the end of the third fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the service described in paragraph (2) terminated.”.

(b) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—Regulations in effect under subsection (f) of section 701 of title 10, United States Code, on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act shall remain in effect until revised or superseded by regulations prescribed to implement the authority under the amendment made by subsection (a).

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2003.

SEC. 652. GAO STUDY.

Not later than April 1, 2004, the Comptroller General shall submit a report regarding the adequacy of spe-
cial pays and allowances for service members who experience frequent deployments away from their permanent duty stations for periods less than 30 days. The policies regarding eligibility for family separation allowance, including those relating to required duration of absences from the permanently assigned duty station, should be assessed.

Subtitle F—Naturalization and Family Protection for Military Members

SEC. 661. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Naturalization and Family Protection for Military Members Act of 2003”.

SEC. 662. REQUIREMENTS FOR NATURALIZATION THROUGH SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) REDUCTION OF PERIOD FOR REQUIRED SERVICE.—Section 328(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1439(a)) is amended by striking “three years” and inserting “2 years”.

(b) PROHIBITION ON IMPOSITION OF FEES RELATING TO NATURALIZATION.—Title III of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 328(b)—

(A) in paragraph (3)—
(i) by striking “honorable. The” and inserting “honorable (the’); and
(ii) by striking “discharge.” and inserting “discharge); and’; and
(B) by adding at the end the following:
“(4) notwithstanding any other provision of
law, no fee shall be charged or collected from the ap-
pliant for filing a petition for naturalization or for
the issuance of a certificate of naturalization upon
citizenship being granted to the applicant, and no
clerk of any State court shall charge or collect any
fee for such services unless the laws of the State re-
quire such charge to be made, in which case nothing
more than the portion of the fee required to be paid
to the State shall be charged or collected.”; and
(2) in section 329(b)—
(A) in paragraph (2), by striking “and” at
the end;
(B) in paragraph (3), by striking the pe-
riod at the end and inserting “; and”’; and
(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(4) notwithstanding any other provision of
law, no fee shall be charged or collected from the ap-
pliant for filing a petition for naturalization or for
the issuance of a certificate of naturalization upon
citizenship being granted to the applicant, and no
clerk of any State court shall charge or collect any
fee for such services unless the laws of the State re-
duire such charge to be made, in which case nothing
more than the portion of the fee required to be paid
to the State shall be charged or collected.”.

(c) NATURALIZATION PROCEEDINGS OVERSEAS FOR
MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—Notwithstanding
any other provision of law, the Secretary of Homeland Se-
curity, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of De-
fense shall ensure that any applications, interviews, filings,
oaths, ceremonies, or other proceedings under title III of
the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1401 et
seq.) relating to naturalization of members of the Armed
Forces are available through United States embassies,
consulates, and as practicable, United States military in-
stallations overseas.

(d) FINALIZATION OF NATURALIZATION PRO-
CEEDINGS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—Not
later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe a policy that fa-
cilitates the opportunity for a member of the Armed
Forces to finalize naturalization for which the member has
applied. The policy shall include, for such purpose, the fol-
lowing:
(1) A high priority for grant of emergency leave.

(2) A high priority for transportation on aircraft of, or chartered by, the Armed Forces.

e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—

Section 328(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1439(b)(3)) is amended by striking “Attorney General” and inserting “Secretary of Homeland Security”.

SEC. 663. NATURALIZATION BENEFITS FOR MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE OF THE READY RESERVE.

Section 329(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1440(a)) is amended by inserting “as a member of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve or” after “has served honorably”.

SEC. 664. EXTENSION OF POSTHUMOUS BENEFITS TO SURVIVING SPOUSES, CHILDREN, AND PARENTS.

(a) TREATMENT AS IMMEDIATE RELATIVES.—

(1) SPOUSES.—Notwithstanding the second sentence of section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)), in the case of an alien who was the spouse of a citizen of the United States at the time of the citizen’s death and was not legally separ-
rated from the citizen at the time of the citizen’s
death, if the citizen served honorably in an active
duty status in the military, air, or naval forces of
the United States and died as a result of injury or
disease incurred in or aggravated by combat, the
alien (and each child of the alien) shall be consid-
ered, for purposes of section 201(b) of such Act, to
remain an immediate relative after the date of the
citizen’s death, but only if the alien files a petition
under section 204(a)(1)(A)(ii) of such Act within 2
years after such date and only until the date the
alien remarries. For purposes of such section
204(a)(1)(A)(ii), an alien granted relief under the
preceeding sentence shall be considered an alien
spouse described in the second sentence of section
201(b)(2)(A)(i) of such Act.

(2) CHILDREN.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an alien
who was the child of a citizen of the United
States at the time of the citizen’s death, if the
citizen served honorably in an active duty sta-
tus in the military, air, or naval forces of the
United States and died as a result of injury or
disease incurred in or aggravated by combat,
the alien shall be considered, for purposes of
section 201(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)), to remain an immediate relative after the date of the citizen’s death (regardless of changes in age or marital status thereafter), but only if the alien files a petition under subparagraph (B) within 2 years after such date.

(B) Petitions.—An alien described in subparagraph (A) may file a petition with the Secretary of Homeland Security for classification of the alien under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)). For purposes of such Act, such a petition shall be considered a petition filed under section 204(a)(1)(A) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)(A)).

(3) Parents.—

(A) In general.—In the case of an alien who was the parent of a citizen of the United States at the time of the citizen’s death, if the citizen served honorably in an active duty status in the military, air, or naval forces of the United States and died as a result of injury or disease incurred in or aggravated by combat, the alien shall be considered, for purposes of
section 201(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)), to remain an immediate relative after the date of the citizen’s death (regardless of changes in age or marital status thereafter), but only if the alien files a petition under subparagraph (B) within 2 years after such date.

(B) PETITIONS.—An alien described in subparagraph (A) may file a petition with the Secretary of Homeland Security for classification of the alien under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)). For purposes of such Act, such a petition shall be considered a petition filed under section 204(a)(1)(A) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)(A)).

(C) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)), for purposes of this paragraph, a citizen described in subparagraph (A) does not have to be 21 years of age for a parent to benefit under this paragraph.

(b) APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS BY SURVIVING SPOUSES, CHILDREN, AND PARENTS.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (c) of section 245 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255), any alien who was the spouse, child, or parent of an alien described in paragraph (2), and who applied for adjustment of status prior to the death described in paragraph (2)(B), may have such application adjudicated as if such death had not occurred.

(2) ALIEN DESCRIBED.—An alien is described in this paragraph if the alien—

(A) served honorably in an active duty status in the military, air, or naval forces of the United States;

(B) died as a result of injury or disease incurred in or aggravated by combat; and

(C) was granted posthumous citizenship under section 329A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1440–1).

(c) SPOUSES AND CHILDREN OF LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT Aliens.—

(1) TREATMENT AS IMMEDIATE RELATIVES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A spouse or child of an alien described in paragraph (3) who is included in a petition for classification as a family-sponsored immigrant under section 203(a)(2) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(2)) that was filed by such alien, shall be considered (if the spouse or child has not been admitted or approved for lawful permanent residence by such date) a valid petitioner for immediate relative status under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)). Such spouse or child shall be eligible for deferred action, advance parole, and work authorization.

(B) PETITIONS.—An alien spouse or child described in subparagraph (A) may file a petition with the Secretary of Homeland Security for classification of the alien under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)). For purposes of such Act, such a petition shall be considered a petition filed under section 204(a)(1)(A) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)(A)).

(2) SELF-PETITIONS.—Any spouse or child of an alien described in paragraph (3) who is not a beneficiary of a petition for classification as a family-sponsored immigrant may file a petition for such classification under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)) with the Secretary of Homeland Security, but only if the spouse or child files a petition within 2 years after such date. Such spouse or child shall be eligible for deferred action, advance parole, and work authorization.

(3) **ALIEN DESCRIBED.**—An alien is described in this paragraph if the alien—

(A) served honorably in an active duty status in the military, air, or naval forces of the United States;

(B) died as a result of injury or disease incurred in or aggravated by combat; and

(C) was granted posthumous citizenship under section 329A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1440–1).

(d) **PARENTS OF LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT ALIENS.**—

(1) **SELF-PETITIONS.**—Any parent of an alien described in paragraph (2) may file a petition for classification under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)), but only if the parent files a petition within 2 years after such date. For purposes of such Act, such petition shall be considered a petition
filed under section 204(a)(1)(A) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)(A)). Such parent shall be eligible for deferred action, advance parole, and work authorization.

(2) ALIEN DESCRIBED.—An alien is described in this paragraph if the alien—

(A) served honorably in an active duty status in the military, air, or naval forces of the United States;

(B) died as a result of injury or disease incurred in or aggravated by combat; and

(C) was granted posthumous citizenship under section 329A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1440–1).

(e) ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (e) of section 245 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255), an alien physically present in the United States who is the beneficiary of a petition under paragraph (1), (2)(B), or (3)(B) of subsection (a), paragraph (1)(B) or (2) of subsection (c), or subsection (d)(1) of this section, may apply to the Secretary of Homeland Security for adjustment of status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

(f) WAIVER OF CERTAIN GROUNDS OF INADMISSIBILITY.—In determining the admissibility of any alien
accorded an immigration benefit under this section, the
ground for inadmissibility specified in section 212(a)(4)
of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
1182(a)(4)) shall not apply, and notwithstanding any
other provision of law, the Secretary of Homeland Security
may waive paragraph (6)(A), (7), and (9)(B) of section
212(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
1182(a)) with respect to such an alien if the alien estab-
ishes exceptional and extremely unusual hardship to the
alien or the alien’s spouse, parent, or child, who is a cit-
izen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted
for permanent residence. Any such waiver by the Secretary
of Homeland Security shall be in writing and shall be
granted only on an individual basis following an investiga-
tion.

(g) Benefits to Survivors; Technical Amendment.—Section 329A of the Immigration and Nationality
Act (8 U.S.C. 1440–1) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (e); and

(2) by striking “Attorney General” each place
that term appears and inserting “Secretary of
Homeland Security”.

(h) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—

Section 319(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1430(d)) is amended—
(1) by inserting “, child, or parent” after “surviving spouse”;
(2) by inserting “, parent, or child” after “whose citizen spouse”; and
(3) by striking “who was living” and inserting “who, in the case of a surviving spouse, was living”.

SEC. 665. EFFECTIVE DATE.
This subtitle and the amendments made by this subtitle shall take effect as if enacted on September 11, 2001.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE

SEC. 701. MEDICAL AND DENTAL SCREENING FOR MEMBERS OF SELECTED RESERVE UNITS ALERTED FOR MOBILIZATION.
Section 1074a of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
“(f)(1) At any time after the Secretary concerned notifies members of the Ready Reserve that the members are to be called or ordered to active duty, the administering Secretaries may provide to each such member any medical and dental screening and care that is necessary to ensure that the member meets the applicable medical and dental standards for deployment.
“(2) The screening and care authorized under paragraph (1) shall include screening and care under
TRICARE, pursuant to eligibility under paragraph (3),
and continuation of care benefits under paragraph (4).

“(3)(A) Members of the Selected Reserve of the
Ready Reserve and members of the Individual Ready Re-
serve described in section 10144(b) of this title are eligi-
ble, subject to subparagraph (I), to enroll in TRICARE.

“(B) A member eligible under subparagraph (A) may
enroll for either of the following types of coverage:

“(i) Self alone coverage.

“(ii) Self and family coverage.

“(C) An enrollment by a member for self and family
covers the member and the dependents of the member who
are described in subparagraph (A), (D), or (I) of section
1072(2) of this title.

“(D) The Secretary of Defense shall provide for at
least one open enrollment period each year. During an
open enrollment period, a member eligible under subpara-
graph (A) may enroll in the TRICARE program or change
or terminate an enrollment in the TRICARE program.

“(E) A member and the dependents of a member en-
rolled in the TRICARE program under this paragraph
shall be entitled to the same benefits under this chapter
as a member of the uniformed services on active duty or
a dependent of such a member, respectively. Section
1074(c) of this title shall apply with respect to a member enrolled in the TRICARE program under this section.

“(F)(i) An enlisted member of the armed forces enrolled in the TRICARE program under this section shall pay an annual premium of $330 for self-only coverage and $560 for self and family coverage for which enrolled under this section.

“(ii) An officer of the armed forces enrolled in the TRICARE program under this section shall pay an annual premium of $380 for self-only coverage and $610 for self and family coverage for which enrolled under this section.

“(iii) The premiums payable by a member under this subparagraph may be deducted and withheld from basic pay payable to the member under section 204 of title 37 or from compensation payable to the member under section 206 of such title. The Secretary shall prescribe the requirements and procedures applicable to the payment of premiums by members not entitled to such basic pay or compensation.

“(iv) Amounts collected as premiums under this subparagraph shall be credited to the appropriation available for the Defense Health Program Account under section 1100 of this title, shall be merged with sums in such Account that are available for the fiscal year in which col-
selected, and shall be available under subparagraph (B) of such section for such fiscal year.

“(G) A person who receives health care pursuant to an enrollment in a TRICARE program option under this paragraph, including a member who receives such health care, shall be subject to the same deductibles, copayments, and other nonpremium charges for health care as apply under this chapter for health care provided under the same TRICARE program option to dependents described in subparagraph (A), (D), or (I) of section 1072(2) of this title.

“(H) A member enrolled in the TRICARE program under this paragraph may terminate the enrollment only during an open enrollment period provided under subparagraph (D), except as provided in subparagraph (I). An enrollment of a member for self alone or for self and family under this paragraph shall terminate on the first day of the first month beginning after the date on which the member ceases to be eligible under subparagraph (A). The enrollment of a member under this paragraph may be terminated on the basis of failure to pay the premium charged the member under this paragraph.

“(I) A member may not enroll in the TRICARE program under this paragraph while entitled to transitional health care under subsection (a) of section 1145 of this title.
title or while authorized to receive health care under subsection (c) of such section. A member who enrolls in the TRICARE program under this paragraph within 90 days after the date of the termination of the member’s entitlement or eligibility to receive health care under subsection (a) or (c) of section 1145 of this title may terminate the enrollment at any time within one year after the date of the enrollment.

“(J) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the other administering Secretaries, shall prescribe regulations for the administration of this paragraph.

“(4)(A) The Secretary concerned shall pay the applicable premium to continue in force any qualified health benefits plan coverage for an eligible reserve component member for the benefits coverage continuation period if timely elected by the member in accordance with regulations prescribed under subparagraph (J).

“(B) A member of a reserve component is eligible for payment of the applicable premium for continuation of qualified health benefits plan coverage under subparagraph (A) while serving on active duty pursuant to a call or order issued under a provision of law referred to in section 101(a)(13)(B) of this title during a war or national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
“(C) For the purposes of this paragraph, health benefits plan coverage for a member called or ordered to active duty is qualified health benefits plan coverage if—

“(i) the coverage was in force on the date on which the Secretary notified the member that issuance of the call or order was pending or, if no such notification was provided, the date of the call or order;

“(ii) on such date, the coverage applied to the member and dependents of the member described in subparagraph (A), (D), or (I) of section 1072(2) of this title; and

“(iii) the coverage has not lapsed.

“(D) The applicable premium payable under this paragraph for continuation of health benefits plan coverage in the case of a member is the amount of the premium payable by the member for the coverage of the member and dependents.

“(E) The total amount that the Department of Defense may pay for the applicable premium of a health benefits plan for a member under this paragraph in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount determined by multiplying—
“(i) the sum of one plus the number of the member’s dependents covered by the health benefits plan, by
“(ii) the per capita cost of providing TRICARE coverage and benefits for dependents under this chapter for such fiscal year, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.
“(F) The benefits coverage continuation period under this paragraph for qualified health benefits plan coverage in the case of a member called or ordered to active duty is the period that—
“(i) begins on the date of the call or order; and
“(ii) ends on the earlier of the date on which the member’s eligibility for transitional health care under section 1145(a) of this title terminates under paragraph (3) of such section, or the date on which the member elects to terminate the continued qualified health benefits plan coverage of the dependents of the member.
“(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—
“(i) any period of coverage under a COBRA continuation provision (as defined in section 9832(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for a member under this paragraph shall be deemed
to be equal to the benefits coverage continuation period for such member under this paragraph; and

“(ii) with respect to the election of any period of coverage under a COBRA continuation provision (as so defined), rules similar to the rules under section 4980B(f)(5)(C) of such Code shall apply.

“(H) A dependent of a member who is eligible for benefits under qualified health benefits plan coverage paid on behalf of a member by the Secretary concerned under this paragraph is not eligible for benefits under the TRICARE program during a period of the coverage for which so paid.

“(I) A member who makes an election under subparagraph (A) may revoke the election. Upon such a revocation, the member’s dependents shall become eligible for benefits under the TRICARE program as provided for under this chapter.

“(J) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations for carrying out this paragraph. The regulations shall include such requirements for making an election of payment of applicable premiums as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(5) For the purposes of this section, all members of the Ready Reserve who are to be called or ordered to active duty include all members of the Ready Reserve.
“(6) The Secretary concerned shall promptly notify all members of the Ready Reserve that they are eligible for screening and care under this section.

“(7) A member provided medical or dental screening or care under paragraph (1) may not be charged for the screening or care.”.

SEC. 702. TRICARE BENEFICIARY COUNSELING AND ASSISTANCE COORDINATORS FOR RESERVE COMPONENT BENEFICIARIES.

Section 1095e(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (A);

(2) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C); and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph (B):

“(B) designate for each of the TRICARE program regions at least one person (other than a person designated under subparagraph (A)) to serve full-time as a beneficiary counseling and assistance coordinator solely for members of the reserve components and their dependents who are beneficiaries under the TRICARE program; and”.
SEC. 703. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS FOR HEALTH CARE SERVICES TO BE PERFORMED AT LOCATIONS OUTSIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

Section 1091(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2008”.

SEC. 704. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MEDICARE-ELIGIBLE RETIREE HEALTH CARE FUND VALUATIONS AND CONTRIBUTIONS.

(a) SEPARATE PERIODIC ACTUARIAL VALUATION FOR SINGLE UNIFORMED SERVICE.—Section 1115(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(6) The Secretary of Defense may determine a single level dollar amount under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) for each or any of the participating uniformed services separately from the other participating uniformed services if the Secretary determines that a more accurate and appropriate actuarial valuation under such subparagraph would be achieved by doing so.”.

(b) ASSOCIATED CALCULATIONS OF PAYMENTS INTO THE FUND.—Section 1116 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “the amount that” in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and in-
serting “the amount that, subject to subsection (b),”;

(2) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

“(b) If an actuarial valuation referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) has been calculated in a single level dollar amount for a participating uniformed service separately from the other participating uniformed services under section 1115(c)(6) of this title, the administering Secretary for the department in which such uniformed service is operating shall calculate the amount under such paragraph separately for such uniformed service. If the administering Secretary is not the Secretary of Defense, the administering Secretary shall notify the Secretary of Defense of the amount so calculated. To determine a single amount for the purpose of paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), as the case may be, the Secretary of Defense shall aggregate the amount calculated under this subsection for a uniformed service for the purpose of such paragraph with the amount or amounts calculated (whether separately or otherwise) for the other uniformed services for the purpose of such paragraph.”.
(c) **TECHNICAL CORRECTION.**—Section 1115(c)(1)(B) of such title is amended by striking “and other than members” and inserting “(other than members”.

(d) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—Subsections (a) and (c)(5) of section 1115 of such title are amended by striking “section 1116(b) of this title” and inserting section “1116(c) of this title”.

SEC. 705. **SURVEYS ON CONTINUED VIABILITY OF TRICARE STANDARD.**

(a) **REQUIREMENT FOR SURVEYS.**—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct surveys in the TRICARE Standard market areas in the continental United States to determine how many health care providers are accepting new patients under TRICARE Standard in each such market area.

(2) The Secretary shall carry out the surveys in at least 20 TRICARE market areas in the continental United States each fiscal year after fiscal year 2003 until all such market areas in the continental United States have been surveyed. The Secretary shall complete six of the fiscal year 2004 surveys not later than March 31, 2004.

(3) In prioritizing the market areas for the sequence in which market areas are to be surveyed under this sub-
section, the Secretary shall consult with representatives of
TRICARE beneficiaries and health care providers to iden-
tify locations where TRICARE Standard beneficiaries are
experiencing significant levels of access-to-care problems
under TRICARE Standard and shall give a high priority
to surveying health care providers in such areas.

(b) SUPERVISION.—(1) The Secretary shall designate
a senior official of the Department of Defense to take the
actions necessary for achieving and maintaining participa-
tion of health care providers in TRICARE Standard in
each TRICARE market area in a number that is adequate
to ensure the viability of TRICARE Standard for
TRICARE beneficiaries in that market area.

(2) The official designated under paragraph (1) shall
have the following duties:

(A) To educate health care providers about
TRICARE Standard.

(B) To encourage health care providers to ac-
cept patients under TRICARE Standard.

(C) To ensure that TRICARE beneficiaries
have the information necessary to locate TRICARE
Standard providers readily.

(D) To recommend adjustments in TRICARE
Standard provider payment rates that the official
considers necessary to ensure adequate availability
of TRICARE Standard providers for TRICARE Standard beneficiaries.

(c) GAO Review.—(1) The Comptroller General shall, on an ongoing basis, review—

(A) the processes, procedures, and analysis used by the Department of Defense to determine the adequacy of the number of health care providers accepting TRICARE Standard beneficiaries as patients under TRICARE Standard in each TRICARE market area; and

(B) the actions taken by the Department of Defense to ensure ready access of TRICARE Standard beneficiaries to health care under TRICARE Standard in each TRICARE market area.

(2)(A) The Comptroller General shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a semiannual report on the results of the review under paragraph (1). The first semiannual report shall be submitted not later than June 30, 2004.

(B) The semiannual report under subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

(i) An analysis of the adequacy of the surveys under subsection (a).
(ii) The adequacy of existing statutory authority to address inadequate levels of participation by health care providers in TRICARE Standard.

(iii) Identification of policy-based obstacles to achieving adequacy of availability of TRICARE Standard health care in the TRICARE Standard market areas.

(iv) An assessment of the adequacy of Department of Defense education programs to inform health care providers about TRICARE Standard.

(v) An assessment of the adequacy of Department of Defense initiatives to encourage health care providers to accept patients under TRICARE Standard.

(vi) An assessment of the adequacy of information to TRICARE Standard beneficiaries to facilitate access by such beneficiaries to health care under TRICARE Standard.

(vii) Any need for adjustment of health care provider payment rates to attract participation in TRICARE Standard by appropriate numbers of health care providers.

(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “TRICARE Standard” means the option of the TRICARE program that is also known as the Civilian
Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services, as defined in section 1072(4) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 706. ELIMINATION OF LIMITATION ON COVERED BENEFICIARIES’ ELIGIBILITY TO RECEIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES FROM FORMER PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE TREATMENT FACILITIES.

Section 724(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1997 (Public Law 104–201; 10 U.S.C. 1073 note) is amended by striking “who—” and all that follows through “(2) are enrolled” and inserting “who are enrolled”.

SEC. 707. MODIFICATION OF STRUCTURE AND DUTIES OF DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS-DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HEALTH EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 8111 of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(c) DOD–VA JOINT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—(1) There is established an interagency committee to be known as the Department of Veterans Affairs-Department of Defense Joint Executive Committee (hereinafter in this section referred to as the ‘Committee”).
“(2) The Committee shall be composed of—

“(A) the Deputy Secretary of Veterans Affairs and such other officers and employees of the Department as the Secretary may designate; and

“(B) the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness and such other officers and employees of the Department of Defense as the Secretary of Defense may designate.

“(3)(A) The Deputy Secretary and the Under Secretary shall determine the size and structure of the Committee, except that the Committee shall have subordinate committees as follows:

“(i) A Health Executive Committee.

“(ii) A Benefits Executive Committee.

“(iii) Such other subordinate committees as the Deputy Secretary and the Under Secretary consider appropriate.

“(B) The Deputy Secretary and the Under Secretary shall establish the administrative and procedural guidelines for the operation of the Committee.

“(C) The two Departments shall supply staff and resources to the Committee in order to provide such administrative support and services for the Committee as are necessary for the efficient operation of the Committee.
“(4) The Committee shall recommend to the Secretaries strategic direction for the joint coordination and sharing of efforts between and within the two Departments under this section, and shall oversee implementation of such coordination and efforts.

“(5) In order to enable the Committee to make recommendations under paragraph (4) in its annual report under paragraph (6), the Committee shall—

“(A) review existing policies, procedures, and practices relating to the coordination and sharing of health care resources and other resources between the two Departments;

“(B) identify changes in policies, procedures, and practices that, in the judgment of the Committee, would promote mutually beneficial coordination, use, or exchange of use of services and health care resources and other resources of the two Departments in order to achieve the goal of improving the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of the delivery of benefits and services to veterans, members of the Armed Forces, military retirees, and their families through an enhanced partnership between the two Departments;

“(C) identify and assess further opportunities for coordination and collaboration between the two
Departments that, in the judgment of the Committee, would not adversely affect the range of services, the quality of care, or the established priorities for benefits provided by either Department;

“(D) review the plans of both agencies for the acquisition of additional health care resources and other resources, especially new facilities and major equipment and technology, in order to assess the potential effect of such plans on further opportunities for the coordination and sharing of such resources; and

“(E) review the implementation of activities designed to promote the coordination and sharing of health care resources and other resources between the two Departments.

“(6) The Committee shall submit to the Secretaries, and to Congress, each year a report containing such recommendations as the Committee considers appropriate, including recommendations in light of activities under paragraph (5).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (c)(1) of such section is amended by striking “subsection (c)(2)” and inserting “subsection (c)(4)”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 2003, as if in-
1 excluded in the amendments to section 8111 of title 38,
2 United States Code, made by section 721 of the Bob
4 Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 116 Stat. 2589), to
5 which the amendments made by this section relate.
6 (d) INTEGRATED HEALING CARE PRACTICES.—(1)
7 The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans
8 Affairs may, acting through the Department of Veterans
9 Affairs-Department of Defense Joint Executive Com-
10 mittee, conduct a program to develop and evaluate inte-
11 grated healing care practices for members of the Armed
12 Forces and veterans.
13 (2) Amounts authorized to be appropriated by section
14 301(21) for the Defense Health Program may be available
15 for the program under paragraph (1).
16 SEC. 708. ELIGIBILITY OF RESERVE OFFICERS FOR
17 HEALTH CARE PENDING ORDERS TO ACTIVE
18 DUTY FOLLOWING COMMISSIONING.
19 Section 1074(a) of title 10, United States Code, is
20 amended—
21 (1) by inserting “(1)” after “(a)”;
22 (2) by striking “who is on active duty” and in-
23 serting “described in paragraph (2)”; and
24 (3) by adding at the end the following new
25 paragraph:
“(2) Members of the uniformed services referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

“(A) A member of a uniformed service on active duty.

“(B) A member of a reserve component of a uniformed service who has been commissioned as an officer if—

“(i) the member has requested orders to active duty for the member’s initial period of active duty following the commissioning of the member as an officer;

“(ii) the request for orders has been approved;

“(iii) the orders are to be issued but have not been issued; and

“(iv) the member does not have health care insurance and is not covered by any other health benefits plan.”.

SEC. 709. REIMBURSEMENT OF COVERED BENEFICIARIES FOR CERTAIN TRAVEL EXPENSES RELATING TO SPECIALIZED DENTAL CARE.

Section 1074i of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting ““(a) IN GENERAL.—” before “In any case”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(b) SPECIALTY CARE PROVIDERS.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term ‘specialty care provider’ includes a dental specialist (including an oral surgeon, orthodontist, prosthodontist, periodontist, endodontist, or pediatric dentist).”.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

SEC. 801. TEMPORARY EMERGENCY PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY TO FACILITATE DEFENSE AGAINST OR RECOVERY FROM TERRORISM OR NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, OR RADIOLOGICAL ATTACK.


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(b) EXPANDED SCOPE.—Such section 836(a) is further amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “the defense against terrorism or biological or chemical attack” and inserting “defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “the defense against terrorism or biological attack” and inserting “defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for such section is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 836. TEMPORARY EMERGENCY PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY TO FACILITATE DEFENSE AGAINST OR RECOVERY FROM TERRORISM OR NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, OR RADILOGICAL ATTACK.”

SEC. 802. SPECIAL TEMPORARY CONTRACT CLOSEOUT AUTHORITY.

(a) Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may settle any financial account for a contract entered into by the Secretary or the Secretary of a military department before October 1, 1996, that is administratively complete
if the financial account has an unreconciled balance, either positive or negative, that is less than $100,000.

(b) **Finality of Decision.**—A settlement under this section shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the United States.

(c) **Regulations.**—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations for the administration of the authority under this section.

(d) **Termination of Authority.**—A financial account may not be settled under this section after September 30, 2006.

SEC. 803. DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT FOR USE OF RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM.

(a) **Revision of Department of Defense Directive.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise and reissue Department of Defense Directive 4650.1, relating to management and use of the radio frequency spectrum, last issued on June 24, 1987, to update the procedures applicable to Department of Defense management and use of the radio frequency spectrum.

(b) **Acquisition Program Requirements.**—The Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) require that each military department or Defense Agency carrying out a program for the ac-
quisition of a system that is to use the radio frequency spectrum consult with the official or board designated under subsection (c) on the usage of the spectrum by the system as early as practicable during the concept exploration and technology development phases of the acquisition program;

(2) prohibit the program from proceeding into system development and demonstration, or otherwise obtaining production or procuring any unit of the system, until—

(A) an evaluation of the proposed radio frequency spectrum usage by the system is completed in accordance with requirements prescribed by the Secretary; and

(B) the designated official or board reviews and approves the proposed usage of the spectrum by the system; and

(3) prescribe a procedure for waiving the prohibition imposed under paragraph (2) in any case in which it is determined necessary to do so in the national security interests of the United States.

(c) Designation of Official or Board.—The Secretary of Defense shall designate an appropriate official or board of the Department of Defense to perform
the functions described for the official or board in subsection (b).

SEC. 804. NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.

(a) Responsibilities of Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, shall—

(1) direct and manage the acquisitions under the National Security Agency Modernization Program; and

(2) designate the projects under such program as major defense acquisition programs.

(b) Projects Comprising Program.—The National Security Agency Modernization Program includes the following projects of the National Security Agency:

(1) The Trailblazer project.

(2) The Groundbreaker project.

(3) Each cryptological mission management project.

(4) Each other project that—

(A) meets either of the dollar threshold requirements set forth in subsection (a)(2) of section 2430 of title 10, United States Code (as
adjusted under subsection (b) of such section); and

(B) is determined by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics as being a modernization project of the National Security Agency.

(c) MILESTONE DECISION AUTHORITY.—(1) In the administration of subsection (a), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics shall exercise the milestone decision authority for—

(A) each major defense acquisition program under the National Security Agency Modernization Program, as designated under subsection (a)(2); and

(B) the acquisition of each major system under the National Security Agency Modernization Program, as described in subsection (d).

(2) The Under Secretary may not delegate the milestone decision authority to any other official before October 1, 2006.

(3) The Under Secretary may delegate the milestone decision authority to the Director of the National Security Agency at any time after the later of September 30, 2006, or the date on which the following conditions are satisfied:

(A) The Under Secretary has determined that the Director has implemented acquisition manage-
ment policies, procedures, and practices that are sufficiently mature to ensure that National Security Agency acquisitions are conducted in a manner consistent with a sound, efficient acquisition enterprise.

(B) The Under Secretary has consulted with the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence for Community Management on the delegation.

(C) The Secretary of Defense has approved the delegation.

(D) The Under Secretary has transmitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a notification of the intention to delegate the authority, together with a detailed discussion of the justification for the delegation of authority.

(d) MAJOR SYSTEM DEFINED.—In this section, the term “major system” means a system that meets either of the dollar threshold requirements set forth in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 2302d of title 10, United States Code (as adjusted under subsection (c) of such section).
SEC. 805. QUALITY CONTROL IN PROCUREMENT OF AVIATION CRITICAL SAFETY ITEMS AND RELATED SERVICES.

(a) Quality Control Policy.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe a quality control policy for the procurement of aviation critical safety items and the procurement of modifications, repair, and overhaul of such items.

(b) Content of Policy.—The policy shall include the following requirements:

(1) That the head of the design control activity for aviation critical safety items establish processes to identify and manage aviation critical safety items and modifications, repair, and overhaul of such items.

(2) That the head of the contracting activity for an aviation critical safety item enter into a contract for such item only with a source approved by the design control activity in accordance with section 2319 of title 10, United States Code.

(3) That the aviation critical safety items delivered, and the services performed with respect to aviation critical safety items, meet all technical and quality requirements specified by the design control activity, except for any requirement determined unnecessary by the Secretary of Defense in writing.
(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “aviation critical safety item” and “design control activity” have the meanings given such terms in section 2319(g) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (d).

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO TITLE 10.—Section 2319 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(3), by inserting after “the contracting officer” the following: “(or, in the case of a contract for the procurement of an aviation critical item, the head of the design control activity for such item)”;

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘aviation critical safety item’ means a part, an assembly, installation equipment, launch equipment, recovery equipment, or support equipment for an aircraft or aviation weapon system if the part, assembly, or equipment contains a characteristic any failure, malfunction, or absence of which could cause a catastrophic or critical failure resulting in the loss of or serious damage to the aircraft or weapon system, an unacceptable risk of personal injury or loss of life, an uncommanded engine
shutdown that jeopardizes safety, or the failure of a military mission.

“(2) The term ‘design control activity’, with respect to an aviation critical safety item, means the systems command of a military department that is specifically responsible for ensuring the airworthiness of an aviation system or equipment in which the item is to be used.”.

**Subtitle B—Procurement of Services**

**SEC. 811. EXPANSION AND EXTENSION OF INCENTIVE FOR USE OF PERFORMANCE-BASED CONTRACTS IN PROCUREMENTS OF SERVICES.**

(a) Increased Maximum Amount of Procurement Eligible for Commercial Items Treatment.—Paragraph (1)(A) of section 821(b) of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as enacted into law by Public Law 106–398; 114 Stat. 1654A–218; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note) is amended by striking “$5,000,000” and inserting “$10,000,000”.

(b) Extension of Authority.—Paragraph (4) of such section 821(b) is amended by striking “more than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “after October 30, 2006”.

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SEC. 812. PUBLIC-PRIVATE COMPETITIONS FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FUNCTIONS.

(a) Pilot Program for Best Value Source Selection for the Performance of Information Technology Services.—

(1) Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may carry out a pilot program for use of a best value criterion in the selection of sources for performance of information technology services for the Department of Defense.

(2) Conversion to Private Sector Performance.—(A) Under the pilot program, an analysis of the performance of an information technology services function for the Department of Defense under section 2461(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, shall include an examination of the performance of the function by Department of Defense civilian employees and by one or more private contractors to demonstrate whether change to performance by the private sector will result in the best value to the Government over the life of the contract, including in the examination the following:

(i) The cost to the Government, estimated by the Secretary of Defense (based on offers re-
ceived), for performance of the function by the private sector.

(ii) The estimated cost to the Government of Department of Defense civilian employees performing the function.

(iii) Benefits in addition to price that warrant performance of the function by a particular source at a cost higher than that of performance by Department of Defense civilian employees.

(iv) In addition to the cost referred to in clause (i), an estimate of all other costs and expenditures that the Government would incur because of the award of such a contract.

(B) Under the pilot program, subparagraph (A) of such section 2461(b)(3) shall not apply to an analysis of the performance of an information technology services function for the Department of Defense.

(3) CONTRACTING FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES.—(A) Under the pilot program, except as otherwise provided by law, the Secretary shall procure information technology services necessary for or beneficial to the accomplishment of the authorized functions of the Department of Defense
(other than functions which the Secretary of Defense
determines must be performed by military or Gov-
ernment personnel) from a source in the private sec-
tor if performance by that source represents the best
value to the United States, determined in accordance
with the competition requirements of Office of Man-
agement and Budget Circular A–76.

(B) Under the pilot program, section 2462(a)
of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply to
a procurement described in paragraph (1).

(4) Duration of pilot program.—(A) The
period for which the pilot program may be carried
out under this subsection shall be fiscal years 2004
through 2008.

(B) An analysis commenced under the pilot pro-
gram in accordance with paragraph (2), and a pro-
curement for which a solicitation has been issued in
accordance with paragraph (3), before the end of the
pilot program period may be continued in accord-
ance with paragraph (2) or (3), respectively, after
the end of such period.

(5) GAO review.—(A) The Comptroller Gen-
eral shall review the administration of any pilot pro-
gram carried out under this subsection to assess the
extent to which the program is effective and is equi-
table for the potential public sources and the potential private sources of information technology services for the Department of Defense.

(B) Not later than February 1, 2008, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the review of the program under subparagraph (A). The report shall include the Comptroller General’s assessment of the matters required under that subparagraph and any other conclusions resulting from the review.

(6) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “information technology service” means any service performed in the operation or maintenance of information technology (as defined in section 11101 of title 40, United States Code).

(b) RESOURCES-BASED SCHEDULES FOR COMPLETION OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE COMPETITIONS.—

(1) APPLICATION OF TIMEFRAMES.—Any interim or final deadline or other schedule-related milestone for the completion of a Department of Defense public-private competition shall be established solely on the basis of considered research and sound analysis regarding the availability of sufficient personnel, training, and technical resources to the De-
partment of Defense to carry out such competition in a timely manner.

(2) Extension of Timeframes.—Any interim or final deadline or other schedule-related milestone established (consistent with paragraph (1)) for the completion of a Department of Defense public-private competition shall be extended if the Department of Defense official responsible for managing the competition determines under procedures prescribed by the Secretary of Defense that the personnel, training, or technical resources available to the Department of Defense to carry out such competition timely are insufficient.

SEC. 813. AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS.

(a) Authority.—Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2396 the following new section:

“§2397. Personal services: procurement by certain elements of the Department of Defense

“(a) Authority.—The head of an element of the Department of Defense referred to in subsection (b) may enter into a contract for the procurement of services described in section 3109 of title 5 that are necessary to carry out a mission of that element without regard to the
limitations in such section if the head of that element determines in writing that the services to be procured are unique and that it would not be practicable to obtain such services by other means.

“(b) APPLICABILITY.—Subsection (a) applies to—

“(1) any element of the Department of Defense within the intelligence community, as defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)); and

“(2) the United States Special Operations Command, with respect to special operations activities described in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) of section 167(j) of this title.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2396 the following new item:

“2397. Personal services: procurement by certain elements of the Department of Defense.”.

Subtitle C—Major Defense Acquisition Programs

SEC. 821. CERTAIN WEAPONS-RELATED PROTOTYPE PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.—Subsection (g) of section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (10 U.S.C. 2371 note) is amended by
striking “September 30, 2004” and inserting “September 30, 2007”.

(b) INCREASED SCOPE OF AUTHORITY.—Subsection (a) of such section is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, or to improvement of weapons or weapon systems in use by the Armed Forces”.

(c) PILOT PROGRAM FOR TRANSITION TO FOLLOW-ON CONTRACTS.—Such section, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (e):

“(e) PILOT PROGRAM FOR TRANSITION TO FOLLOW-ON CONTRACTS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense is authorized to carry out a pilot program for follow-on contracting for the production of items or processes that are developed by nontraditional defense contractors under prototype projects carried out under this section.

“(2) Under the pilot program—

“(A) a qualifying contract for the procurement of such an item or process, or a qualifying sub-contract under a contract for the procurement of such an item or process, may be treated as a contract or subcontract, respectively, for the procure-
ment of commercial items, as defined in section 4(12) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(12)); and

“(B) the item or process may be treated as an item or process, respectively, that is developed in part with Federal funds and in part at private expense for the purposes of section 2320 of title 10, United States Code.

“(3) For the purposes of the pilot program, a qualifying contract or subcontract is a contract or subcontract, respectively, with a nontraditional defense contractor that—

“(A) does not exceed $50,000,000; and

“(B) is either—

“(i) a firm, fixed-price contract or subcontract; or

“(ii) a fixed-price contract or subcontract with economic price adjustment.

“(4) The authority to conduct a pilot program under this subsection shall terminate on September 30, 2007. The termination of the authority shall not affect the validity of contracts or subcontracts that are awarded or modified during the period of the pilot program, without regard to whether the contracts or subcontracts are performed during the period.”.
SEC. 822. APPLICABILITY OF CLINGER-COHEN ACT POLICIES AND REQUIREMENTS TO EQUIPMENT INTEGRAL TO A WEAPON OR WEAPON SYSTEM.

(a) In General.—(1) Chapter 131 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2223 the following:

“§ 2223a. Acquisition of equipment integral to a weapon or a weapon system: applicability of certain acquisition reform authorities and information technology-related requirements

“(a) Board of Senior Acquisition Officials.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish a board of senior acquisition officials to administer the implementation of the policies and requirements of chapter 113 of title 40 in procurements of information technology equipment determined by the Secretary as being an integral part of a weapon or a weapon system.

“(2) The Board shall be composed of the following officials:

“(A) Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, who shall be the Chairman.

“(B) The acquisition executive of each of the military departments.
“(C) The Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense.

“(c) Responsibilities of Board.—The Board shall be responsible for ensuring that—

“(1) the acquisition of information technology equipment determined by the Secretary of Defense as being an integral part of a weapon or a weapon system is conducted in a manner that is consistent with the capital planning, investment control, and performance and results-based management processes and requirements provided under sections 11302, 11303, 11312, and 11313 of title 40, to the extent that such processes requirements are applicable to the acquisition of such equipment;

“(2) issues of spectrum availability, interoperability, and information security are appropriately addressed in the development of weapons and weapon systems; and

“(3) in the case of information technology equipment that is to be incorporated into a weapon or a weapon system under a major defense acquisition program, the information technology equipment is incorporated in a manner that is consistent with—
“(A) the planned approach to applying certain provisions of law to major defense acquisition programs following the evolutionary acquisition process that the Secretary of Defense reported to Congress under section 802 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 116 Stat. 2602);

“(B) the acquisition policies that apply to spiral development programs under section 803 of such Act (116 Stat. 2603; 10 U.S.C. 2430 note); and

“(C) the software acquisition processes of the military department or Defense Agency concerned under section 804 of such Act (116 Stat. 2604; 10 U.S.C. 2430 note).

“(d) INAPPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.—The following provisions of law do not apply to information technology equipment that is determined by the Secretary of Defense as being an integral part of a weapon or a weapon system:

“(1) Section 11315 of title 40.

“(2) The policies and procedures established under section 11316 of title 40.
“(3) Subsections (d) and (e) of section 811 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as enacted into law by Public Law 106–398; 114 Stat. 1654A–211), and the requirements and prohibitions that are imposed by Department of Defense Directive 5000.1 pursuant to subsections (b) and (e) of such section.


“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘acquisition executive’, with respect to a military department, means the official who is designated as the senior procurement executive of the military department under section 16(3) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 414(3)).

“(2) The term ‘information technology’ has the meaning given such term in section 11101 of title 40.

“(3) The term ‘major defense acquisition program’ has the meaning given such term in section 2430 of this title.”.
(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2223 the following new item:

“2223a. Acquisition of equipment integral to a weapon or a weapon system: applicability of certain acquisition reform authorities and information technology-related requirements.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 2223 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) Equipment Integral to a Weapon or Weapon System.—(1) In the case of information technology equipment determined by the Secretary of Defense as being an integral part of a weapon or a weapon system, the responsibilities under this section shall be performed by the board of senior acquisition officials established pursuant to section 2223a of this title.

“(2) In this subsection, the term ‘information technology’ has the meaning given such term in section 11101 of title 40.”.

SEC. 823. APPLICABILITY OF REQUIREMENT FOR REPORTS ON MATURITY OF TECHNOLOGY AT INITIATION OF MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

Section 804(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–107; 115 Stat. 1180) is amended by striking “, as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act,” and inserting “(as in effect on
the date of the enactment of this Act), and the cor-
responding provision of any successor to such Instruc-
tion,”.

Subtitle D—Domestic Source
Requirements

SEC. 831. EXCEPTIONS TO BERRY AMENDMENT FOR CON-
ingency OPERATIONS AND OTHER URGENT
SITUATIONS.

Section 2533a(d) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or contin-
gency operations” after “in support of combat oper-
ations”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

“(4) Procurements for which the use of proce-
dures other than competitive procedures has been
approved on the basis of section 2304(e)(2) of this
title, relating to unusual and compelling urgency of
need.”.
SEC. 832. INAPPLICABILITY OF BERRY AMENDMENT TO PROCUREMENTS OF WASTE AND BYPRODUCTS OF COTTON AND WOOL FIBER FOR USE IN THE PRODUCTION OF PROPELLANTS AND EXPLOSIVES.

Section 2533a(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “(f) EXCEPTION” and all that follows through “the procurement of” and inserting the following:

“(f) EXCEPTIONS FOR CERTAIN OTHER COMMODITIES AND ITEMS.—Subsection (a) does not preclude the procurement of the following:

“(1)’’;

(2) by capitalizing the initial letter of the word following “(1)”, as added by paragraph (1); and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Waste and byproducts of cotton and wool fiber for use in the production of propellants and explosives.”.

SEC. 833. WAIVER AUTHORITY FOR DOMESTIC SOURCE OR CONTENT REQUIREMENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY.—Subchapter V of chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

† S 1047 ES
§ 2539c. Waiver of domestic source or content requirements

(a) AUTHORITY.—Except as provided in subsection (f), the Secretary of Defense may waive the application of any domestic source requirement or domestic content requirement referred to in subsection (b) and thereby authorize the procurement of items that are grown, reprocessed, reused, produced, or manufactured—

(1) in a foreign country that has a Declaration of Principles with the United States;

(2) in a foreign country that has a Declaration of Principles with the United States substantially from components and materials grown, reprocessed, reused, produced, or manufactured in the United States or any foreign country that has a Declaration of Principles with the United States; or

(3) in the United States substantially from components and materials grown, reprocessed, reused, produced, or manufactured in the United States or any foreign country that has a Declaration of Principles with the United States.

(b) COVERED REQUIREMENTS.—For purposes of this section:

(1) A domestic source requirement is any requirement under law that the Department of Defense satisfy its requirements for an item by pro-
curing an item that is grown, reprocessed, reused, produced, or manufactured in the United States or by a manufacturer that is a part of the national technology and industrial base (as defined in section 2500(1) of this title).

“(2) A domestic content requirement is any requirement under law that the Department of Defense satisfy its requirements for an item by procuring an item produced or manufactured partly or wholly from components and materials grown, reprocessed, reused, produced, or manufactured in the United States.

“(c) APPLICABILITY.—The authority of the Secretary to waive the application of a domestic source or content requirements under subsection (a) applies to the procurement of items for which the Secretary of Defense determines that—

“(1) application of the requirement would impede the reciprocal procurement of defense items under a Declaration of Principles with the United States; and

“(2) such country does not discriminate against defense items produced in the United States to a greater degree than the United States discriminates against defense items produced in that country.
“(d) LIMITATION ON DELEGATION.—The authority of the Secretary to waive the application of domestic source or content requirements under subsection (a) may not be delegated to any officer or employee other than the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics.

“(e) CONSULTATIONS.—The Secretary may grant a waiver of the application of a domestic source or content requirement under subsection (a) only after consultation with the United States Trade Representative, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of State.

“(f) LAWS NOT WAIVABLE.—The Secretary of Defense may not exercise the authority under subsection (a) to waive any domestic source or content requirement contained in any of the following laws:


“(3) Sections 7309 and 7310 of this title.

“(4) Section 2533a of this title.

“(g) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The authority under subsection (a) to waive a domestic source requirement or domestic content require-
ment is in addition to any other authority to waive such requirement.

“(h) CONSTRUCTION WITH RESPECT TO LATER ENACTED LAWS.—This section may not be construed as being inapplicable to a domestic source requirement or domestic content requirement that is set forth in a law enacted after the enactment of this section solely on the basis of the later enactment.

“(i) DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.—(1) In this section, the term ‘Declaration of Principles’ means a written understanding between the Department of Defense and its counterpart in a foreign country signifying a cooperative relationship between the Department and its counterpart to standardize or make interoperable defense equipment used by the armed forces and the armed forces of the foreign country across a broad spectrum of defense activities, including—

“(A) harmonization of military requirements and acquisition processes;

“(B) security of supply;

“(C) export procedures;

“(D) security of information;

“(E) ownership and corporate governance;

“(F) research and development;

“(G) flow of technical information; and
“(H) defense trade.

“(2) A Declaration of Principles is underpinned by a memorandum of understanding or other agreement providing for the reciprocal procurement of defense items between the United States and the foreign country concerned without unfair discrimination in accordance with section 2531 of this title.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2539b the following new item:

"2539e. Waiver of domestic source or content requirements."

SEC. 834. BUY AMERICAN EXCEPTION FOR BALL BEARINGS AND ROLLER BEARINGS USED IN FOREIGN PRODUCTS.

Section 2534(a)(5) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, except ball bearings and roller bearings being procured for use in an end product manufactured by a manufacturer that does not satisfy the requirements of subsection (b) or in a component part manufactured by such a manufacturer”.

† S 1047 ES
Subtitle E—Defense Acquisition and Support Workforce

SEC. 841. FLEXIBILITY FOR MANAGEMENT OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION AND SUPPORT WORKFORCE.

(a) MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE.—(1) Sections 1703, 1705, 1706, and 1707 of title 10, United States Code, are repealed.

(2) Section 1724(d) of such title is amended—

(A) in the first sentence, by striking “The acquisition career program board concerned” and all that follows through “if the board certifies” and inserting “The Secretary of Defense may waive any or all of the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) with respect to an employee of the Department of Defense or member of the armed forces if the Secretary determines”;

(B) in the second sentence, by striking “the board” and inserting “the Secretary”; and

(C) by striking the third sentence.

(3) Section 1732(b) of such title is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)(C), by striking “, as validated by the appropriate career program management board”; and
(B) in paragraph (2)(A)(ii), by striking “has been certified by the acquisition career program board of the employing military department as possessing” and inserting “possess”.

(4) Section 1732(d) of such title is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking “the acquisition career program board of a military department” and all that follows through “if the board certifies” and inserting “The Secretary of Defense may waive any or all of the requirements of subsection (b) with respect to an employee if the Secretary determines”;

(ii) in the second sentence, by striking “the board” and inserting “the Secretary”; and

(iii) by striking the third sentence; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “The acquisition career program board of a military department” and inserting “The Secretary”.

(5) Section 1734(d) of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (d)—

(i) by striking paragraph (2); and

(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking the second sentence; and
(B) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “, by the acquisition career program board of the department concerned,”.

(6) Section 1737(c) of such title is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) by striking “(1) The Secretary” and inserting “The Secretary”.

(b) Elimination of Role of Office of Personnel Management.—(1) Section 1725 of such title is repealed.

(2) Section 1731 of such title is amended by striking subsection (c).

(3) Section 1732(c)(2) of such title is amended by striking the second and third sentences.

(4) Section 1734(g) of such title is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) in paragraph (1) by striking “(1) The Secretary” and inserting “The Secretary”.

(5) Section 1737 of such title is amended by striking subsection (d).

(6) Section 1744(c)(3)(A)(i) of such title is amended by striking “and such other requirements as the Office of Personnel Management may prescribe”.

(c) Single Acquisition Corps.—(1) Section 1731 of such title is amended—
(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking “each of the military departments and one or more Corps, as he considers appropriate, for the other components of” in the first sentence; and

(ii) by striking the second sentence; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “an Acquisition Corps” and inserting “the Acquisition Corps”.

(2) Sections 1732(a), 1732(e)(1), 1732(e)(2), 1733(a), 1734(e)(1), and 1737(a)(1) of such title are amended by striking “an Acquisition Corps” and inserting “the Acquisition Corps”.

(3) Section 1734 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (g), by striking “each Acquisition Corps, a test program in which members of a Corps” and inserting “the Acquisition Corps, a test program in which members of the Corps”; and

(B) in subsection (h), by striking “making assignments of civilian and military members of the Acquisition Corps of that military department” and inserting “making assignments of civilian and military personnel of that military department who are members of the Acquisition Corps”.

† S 1047 ES
(d) Consolidation of Certain Education and Training Program Requirements.—(1) Section 1742 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“§1742. Internship, cooperative education, and scholarship programs

“The Secretary of Defense shall conduct the following education and training programs:

“(1) An intern program for purposes of providing highly qualified and talented individuals an opportunity for accelerated promotions, career broadening assignments, and specified training to prepare them for entry into the Acquisition Corps.

“(2) A cooperative education credit program under which the Secretary arranges, through cooperative arrangements entered into with one or more accredited institutions of higher education, for such institutions to grant undergraduate credit for work performed by students who are employed by the Department of Defense in acquisition positions.

“(3) A scholarship program for the purpose of qualifying personnel for acquisition positions in the Department of Defense.”.

(2) Sections 1743 and 1744 of such title are repealed.

(e) General Management Provisions.—Subchapter V of chapter 87 of such title is amended—
(1) by striking section 1763; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new sec-
tion 1764:

“§ 1764. Authority to establish different minimum re-
quirements

“(a) AUTHORITY.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may
prescribe a different minimum number of years of experi-
ence, different minimum education qualifications, and dif-
ferent tenure of service qualifications to be required for
eligibility for appointment or advancement to an acquisi-
tion position referred to in subsection (b) than is required
for such position under or pursuant to any provision of
this chapter.
“(2) Any requirement prescribed under paragraph
(1) for a position referred to in any paragraph of sub-
section (b) shall be applied uniformly to all positions re-
ferred to in such paragraph.
“(b) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to the fol-
lowing acquisition positions in the Department of Defense:
“(1) Contracting officer, except a position re-
ferred to in paragraph (5).
“(2) Program executive officer.
“(3) Senior contracting official.
“(4) Program manager.
“(5) A position in the contract contingency force of an armed force that is filled by a member of that armed force.

“(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘contract contingency force’, with respect to an armed force, has the meaning given such term in regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned.”.

(f) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the items relating to sections 1703, 1705, 1706, and 1707.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of such chapter is amended by striking the item relating to section 1725.

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IV of such chapter is amended by striking the items relating to sections 1742, 1743, and 1744 and inserting the following:

“1742. Internship, cooperative education, and scholarship programs.”.

(4) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter V of such chapter is amended by striking the item relating to section 1763 and inserting the following:

“1764. Authority to establish different minimum requirements.”.
SEC. 842. LIMITATION AND REINVESTMENT AUTHORITY

RELATING TO REDUCTION OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION AND SUPPORT WORKFORCE.

(a) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the defense acquisition and support workforce may not be reduced, during fiscal years 2004, 2005, and 2006, below the level of that workforce as of September 30, 2002, determined on the basis of full-time equivalent positions, except as may be necessary to strengthen the defense acquisition and support workforce in higher priority positions in accordance with this section.

(b) WORKFORCE FLEXIBILITY.—During fiscal years 2004, 2005, and 2006, the Secretary of Defense may realign any part of the defense acquisition and support workforce to support reinvestment in other, higher priority positions in such workforce.

(c) HIGHER PRIORITY POSITIONS.—For the purposes of this section, higher priority positions in the defense acquisition and support workforce include the following positions:

(1) Positions the responsibilities of which include drafting performance-based work statements for services contracts and overseeing the performance of contracts awarded pursuant to such work statements.
(2) Positions the responsibilities of which include conducting spending analyses, negotiating company-wide pricing agreements, and taking other measures to reduce contract costs.

(3) Positions the responsibilities of which include reviewing contractor quality control systems, assessing and analyzing quality deficiency reports, and taking other measures to improve product quality.

(4) Positions the responsibilities of which include effectively conducting public-private competitions in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A–76.

(5) Any other positions in the defense acquisition and support workforce that the Secretary identifies as being higher priority positions that are staffed at levels not likely to ensure efficient and effective performance of all of the responsibilities of those positions.

(d) DEFENSE ACQUISITION AND SUPPORT WORKFORCE DEFINED.—In this section, the term “defense acquisition and support workforce” means members of the Armed Forces and civilian personnel who are assigned to, or are employed in, an organization of the Department
of Defense that has acquisition as its predominant mis-
mission, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 843. CLARIFICATION AND REVISION OF AUTHORITY

FOR DEMONSTRATION PROJECT RELATING

TO CERTAIN ACQUISITION PERSONNEL MAN-

AGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.

Section 4308 of the National Defense Authorization
Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (10 U.S.C. 1701 note) is
amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (3)
and inserting the following:

“(3) CONDITIONS.—Paragraph (2) shall not
apply with respect to a demonstration project
unless—

“(A) for each organization or team partici-
pating in the demonstration project—

“(i) at least one-third of the workforce
participating in the demonstration project
consists of members of the acquisition
workforce; and

“(ii) at least two-thirds of the work-
force participating in the demonstration
project consists of members of the acquisi-
tion workforce and supporting personnel
assigned to work directly with the acquisition workforce; and

“(B) the demonstration project commences before October 1, 2007.”;

(2) in subsection (d), by striking “95,000” in subsection (d) and inserting “120,000”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and

(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:

“(e) EFFECT OF REORGANIZATIONS.—The applicability of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) to an organization or team shall not terminate by reason that the organization or team, after having satisfied the conditions in paragraph (3) of such subsection when it began to participate in a demonstration project under this section, ceases to meet one or both of the conditions set forth in subparagraph (A) of such paragraph (3) as a result of a reorganization, restructuring, realignment, consolidation, or other organizational change.”.
Subtitle F—Federal Support for
Procurement of Anti-Terrorism
Technologies and Services by
State and Local Governments

SEC. 851. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY
to State and Local Government Con-
tractors.

(a) Authority.—Subject to the limitations of sub-
section (b), the President may exercise the discretionary
authority under Public Law 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et
seq.) so as to provide under such law for indemnification
of contractors and subcontractors in procurements by
States or units of local government of an anti-terrorism
technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of
preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or
recovering from acts of terrorism.

(b) Limitations.—Any authority that is delegated
by the President under subsection (a) to the head of a
Federal agency to provide for the indemnification of con-
tractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85–804 (50
U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for procurements by States or units
of local government may be exercised only—

(1) in the case of a procurement by a State or
unit of local government that—
(A) is made under a contract awarded pursuant to section 852; and

(B) is approved, in writing, for the provision of indemnification by the President or the official designated by the President under section 852(a); and

(2) with respect to—

(A) amounts of losses or damages not fully covered by private liability insurance and State or local government-provided indemnification; and

(B) liabilities of a contractor or subcontractor not arising out of willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the contractor or subcontractor, respectively.

SEC. 852. FEDERAL SUPPORT FOR ENHANCEMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL ANTI-TERRORISM RESPONSE CAPABILITIES.

(a) PROCUREMENTS OF ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS THROUGH FEDERAL CONTRACTS.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The President shall designate an officer or employee of the United States—

† S 1047 ES
(A) to establish, and the designated official shall establish, a program under which States and units of local government may procure through contracts entered into by the designated official anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism; and

(B) to carry out the SAFER grant program provided for under subsection (f).

(2) Designated Federal Procurement Official for Program.—In this section, the officer or employee designated by the President under paragraph (1) shall be referred to as the “designated Federal procurement official”.

(3) Authorities.—Under the program, the designated Federal procurement official—

(A) may, but shall not be required to, award contracts using the same authorities as are provided to the Administrator of General Services under section 309(b)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act (41 U.S.C. 259(b)(3)); and

(B) may make SAFER grants in accordance with subsection (f).
(4) Offers not required to state and local governments.—A contractor that sells anti-terrorism technology or anti-terrorism services to the Federal Government may not be required to offer such technology or services to a State or unit of local government under the program.

(b) Responsibilities of the Contracting Official.—In carrying out the program established under this section, the designated Federal procurement official shall—

(1) produce and maintain a catalog of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services suitable for procurement by States and units of local government under this program; and

(2) establish procedures in accordance with subsection (c) to address the procurement of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by States and units of local government under contracts awarded by the designated official.

(c) Required Procedures.—The procedures required by subsection (b)(2) shall implement the following requirements and authorities:

(1) Submissions by states.—

(A) Requests and payments.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), each State
desiring to participate in a procurement of anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services through a contract entered into by the designated Federal procurement official under this section shall submit to that official in such form and manner and at such times as such official prescribes, the following:

(i) **REQUEST.**—A request consisting of
an enumeration of the technologies or services, respectively, that are desired by the State and units of local government within the State.

(ii) **PAYMENT.**—Advance payment for each requested technology or service in an amount determined by the designated official based on estimated or actual costs of the technology or service and administrative costs incurred by such official.

(B) **OTHER CONTRACTS.**—The designated Federal procurement official may award and designate contracts under which States and units of local government may procure anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services directly from the contractors. No indemnification may be provided under Public Law 85–804
pursuant to an exercise of authority under section 851 for procurements that are made directly between contractors and States or units of local government.

(2) PERMITTED CATALOG TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES.—A State may include in a request submitted under paragraph (1) only a technology or service listed in the catalog produced under subsection (b)(1).

(3) COORDINATION OF LOCAL REQUESTS WITHIN STATE.—The Governor of a State may establish such procedures as the Governor considers appropriate for administering and coordinating requests for anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services from units of local government within the State.

(4) SHIPMENT AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS.—A State requesting anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services shall be responsible for arranging and paying for any shipment or transportation of the technologies or services, respectively, to the State and localities within the State.

(d) REIMBURSEMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.—In the case of a procurement made by or for a State or unit of local government under the procedures established under
this section, the designated Federal procurement official
shall require the State or unit of local government to reim-
burse the Department for the actual costs it has incurred
for such procurement.

(e) TIME FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—The catalog and
procedures required by subsection (b) of this section shall
be completed as soon as practicable and no later than 210
days after the enactment of this Act.

(f) SAFER GRANT PROGRAM.—

(1) AUTHORITY.—The designated Federal pro-
curement official, in cooperation with the Secretary
of the Department of Homeland Security or his des-
ignee, is authorized to make grants to eligible enti-
ties for the purpose of supporting increases in the
number of permanent positions for firefighters in
fire services to ensure staffing at levels and with
skill mixes that are adequate emergency response to
incidents or threats of terrorism.

(2) USE OF FUNDS.—The proceeds of a
SAFER grant to an eligible entity may be used only
for the purpose specified in paragraph (1).

(3) DURATION.—A SAFER grant to an eligible
entity shall provide funding for a period of 4 years.
The proceeds of the grant shall be disbursed to the
eligible entity in 4 equal annual installments.
(4) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—

(A) REQUIREMENT.—An eligible entity may receive a SAFER grant only if the entity enters into an agreement with the designated Federal procurement official to contribute non-Federal funds to achieve the purpose of the grant in the following amounts:

(i) During the second year in which funds of a SAFER grant are received, an amount equal to 25 percent of the amount of the SAFER grant funds received that year.

(ii) During the third year in which funds of a SAFER grant are received, an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount of the SAFER grant funds received that year.

(iii) During the fourth year in which funds of a SAFER grant are received, an amount equal to 75 percent of the amount of the SAFER grant funds received that year.

(B) WAIVER.—The designated Federal procurement official may waive the requirement
for a non-Federal contribution described in sub-
paragraph (A) in the case of any eligible entity.

(C) ASSET FORFEITURE FUNDS.—An eligi-
ble entity may use funds received from the dis-
posal of property transferred to the eligible en-
tity pursuant to section 9703(h) of title 31,
United States Code, section 981(e) of title 18,
United States Code, or section 616 of the Tar-
iff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1616a) to provide
the non-Federal share required under para-
graph (1).

(D) BIA FUNDS.—Funds appropriated for
the activities of any agency of a tribal organiza-
tion or for the Bureau of Indian Affairs to per-
form firefighting functions on any Indian lands
may be used to provide the share required
under subparagraph (A), and such funds shall
be deemed to be non-Federal funds for such
purpose.

(5) APPLICATIONS.—

(A) REQUIREMENT.—To receive a SAFER
grant, an eligible entity shall submit an applica-
tion for the grant to the designated Federal
procurement official.
(B) CONTENT.—Each application for a SAFER grant shall contain, for each fire service covered by the application, the following information:

(i) A long-term strategy for increasing the force of firefighters in the fire service to ensure readiness for appropriate and effective emergency response to incidents or threats of terrorism.

(ii) A detailed plan for implementing the strategy that reflects consultation with community groups, consultation with appropriate private and public entities, and consideration of any master plan that applies to the eligible entity.

(iii) An assessment of the ability of the eligible entity to increase the force of firefighters in the fire service without Federal assistance.

(iv) An assessment of the levels of community support for increasing that force, including financial and in-kind contributions and any other available community resources.
(v) Specific plans for obtaining necessary support and continued funding for the firefighter positions proposed to be added to the fire service with SAFER grant funds.

(vi) An assurance that the eligible entity will, to the extent practicable, seek to recruit and employ (or accept the voluntary services of) firefighters who are members of racial and ethnic minority groups or women.

(vii) Any additional information that the designated Federal procurement official considers appropriate.

(C) Special rule for small communities.—The designated Federal procurement official may authorize an eligible entity responsible for a population of less than 50,000 to submit an application without information required under subparagraph (B), and may otherwise make special provisions to facilitate the expedited submission, processing, and approval of an application by such an entity.

(D) Preferential consideration.—
The designated Federal procurement official
may give preferential consideration, to the ex-
tent feasible, to an application submitted by an
eligible entity that agrees to contribute a non-
Federal share higher than the share required
under paragraph (4)(A).

(E) ASSISTANCE WITH APPLICATIONS.—
The designated Federal procurement official is
authorized to provide technical assistance to an
eligible entity for the purpose of assisting with
the preparation of an application for a SAFER
grant.

(6) SPECIAL RULES ON USE OF FUNDS.—

(A) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—The
proceeds of a SAFER grant made to an eligible
entity shall be used to supplement and not sup-
plant other Federal funds, State funds, or
funds from a subdivision of a State, or, in the
case of a tribal organization, funds supplied by
the Bureau of Indian Affairs, that are available
for salaries or benefits for firefighters.

(B) LIMITATION RELATING TO COMPENSA-
TION OF FIREFIGHTERS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The proceeds of a
SAFER grant may not be used to fund the
pay and benefits of a full-time firefighter if
the total annual amount of the pay and
benefits for that firefighter exceeds
$100,000. The designated Federal procure-
ment official may waive the prohibition in
the proceeding sentence in any particular
case.

(ii) Adjustment for inflation.—
Effective on October 1 of each year, the
total annual amount applicable under sub-
paragraph (A) shall be increased by the
percentage (rounded to the nearest one-
tenth of one percent) by which the Con-
sumer Price Index for all-urban consumers
published by the Department of Labor for
July of such year exceeds the Consumer
Price Index for all-urban consumers pub-
lished by the Department of Labor for
July of the preceding year. The first ad-
justment shall be made on October 1,
2004.

(7) Performance evaluation.—

(A) Requirement for information.—
The designated Federal procurement official
shall evaluate, each year, whether an entity re-
ceiving SAFER grant funds in such year is
substantially complying with the terms and conditions of the grant. The entity shall submit to the designated Federal procurement official any information that the designated Federal procurement official requires for that year for the purpose of the evaluation.

(B) Revocation or Suspension of Funding.—If the designated Federal procurement official determines that a recipient of a SAFER grant is not in substantial compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant the designated Federal procurement official may revoke or suspend funding of the grant.

(8) Access to Documents.—

(A) Audits by Designated Federal Procurement Official.—The designated Federal procurement official shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any pertinent books, documents, papers, or records of an eligible entity that receives a SAFER grant.

(B) Audits by the Comptroller General.—Subparagraph (A) shall also apply with respect to audits and examinations conducted by the Comptroller General of the United
(9) Termination of SAFER Grant Authority.—

(A) In General.—The authority to award a SAFER grant shall terminate at the end of September 30, 2010.

(B) Report to Congress.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the designated Federal procurement official shall submit to Congress a report on the SAFER grant program under this section. The report shall include an assessment of the effectiveness of the program for achieving its purpose, and may include any recommendations that the designated Federal procurement official has for increasing the forces of firefighters in fire services.

(10) Definitions.—In this subsection:

(A) Eligible Entity.—The term “eligible entity” means—

(i) a State;

(ii) a subdivision of a State;

(iii) a tribal organization;
(iv) any other public entity that the designated Federal procurement official determines appropriate for eligibility under this section; and

(v) a multijurisdictional or regional consortium of the entities described in clauses (i) through (iv).

(B) FIREFIGHTER.—The term “firefighter” means an employee or volunteer member of a fire service, including a firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, rescue worker, ambulance personnel, or hazardous materials worker, who—

(i) is trained in fire suppression and has the legal authority and responsibility to engage in fire suppression; or

(ii) is engaged in the prevention, control, and extinguishment of fires or response to emergency situations where life, property, or the environment is at risk.

(C) FIRE SERVICE.—The term “fire service” includes an organization described in section 4(5) of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 that is under the jurisdiction of a tribal organization.
(D) MASTER PLAN.—The term “master plan” has the meaning given the term in section 10 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974.

(E) SAFER GRANT.—The term ‘SAFER grant’ means a grant of financial assistance under this subsection.

(F) TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The term “tribal organization” has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).

(11) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this section such sums as may be necessary from the Department of Homeland Security, up to—

(A) $1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;

(B) $1,030,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;

and

(C) $1,061,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.

SEC. 853. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY AND SERVICE.—The terms “anti-terrorism technology” and
“anti-terrorism service” mean any product, equipment, or device, including information technology, and any service, system integration, or other kind of service (including a support service), respectively, that is related to technology and is designed, developed, modified, or procured for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.

(2) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term “information technology” has the meaning given such term in section 11101(6) of title 40, United States Code.

(3) STATE.—The term “State” includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any territory or possession of the United States.

(4) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term “unit of local government” means any city, county, township, town, borough, parish, village, or other general purpose political subdivision of a State; an Indian tribe which performs law enforcement functions as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or any agency of the District of Columbia Government or the United States Government performing
law enforcement functions in and for the District of Columbia or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Subtitle G—General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations, and Other Matters

SEC. 861. LIMITED ACQUISITION AUTHORITY FOR COMMANDER OF UNITED STATES JOINT FORCES COMMAND.

Section 164 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(h) LIMITED ACQUISITION AUTHORITY FOR COMMANDER OF CERTAIN UNIFIED COMBATANT COMMAND.—

(1) The Secretary of Defense shall delegate to the commander of the unified combatant command referred to in paragraph (2) authority of the Secretary under chapter 137 of this title sufficient to enable the commander to develop and acquire equipment described in paragraph (3). The exercise of authority so delegated is subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary.

“(2) The commander to which authority is delegated under paragraph (1) is the commander of the unified combatant command that has the mission for joint warfighting experimentation, as assigned by the Secretary of Defense.
“(3) The equipment referred to in paragraph (1) is as follows:

“(A) Battlefield command, control, communications, and intelligence equipment.

“(B) Any other equipment that the commander referred to in that paragraph determines necessary and appropriate for—

“(i) facilitating the use of joint forces in military operations; or

“(ii) enhancing the interoperability of equipment used by the various components of joint forces on the battlefield.

“(4) The authority delegated under paragraph (1) does not apply to the development or acquisition of a system for which—

“(A) the total expenditure for research, development, test, and evaluation is estimated to be $10,000,000 or more; or

“(B) the total expenditure for procurement of the system is estimated to be $50,000,000 or more.

“(5) The commander of the unified combatant command referred to in paragraph (1) shall require the inspector general of the command to conduct internal audits and inspections of purchasing and contracting administered by
SEC. 862. OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION.

(a) Leadership and Duties of Department of Defense Test Resource Management Center.—(1) Subsection (b)(1) of section 196 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking “on active duty. The Director” and inserting “on active duty or from among senior civilian officers and employees of the Department of Defense. A commissioned officer serving as the Director”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following: “A civilian officer or employee serving as the Director shall serve in a pay level equivalent in rank to lieutenant general.”.

(2)(A) Subsection (c)(1)(B) of such section is amended by inserting after “Department of Defense” the following: “other than budgets and expenditures for activities described in section 139(i) of this title”.

(B) Subsection (e)(1) of such section is amended—

(i) by striking “, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation,”; and

(ii) by striking “, Director’s”.
(b) Deployment Before Completion of OT&E.—Section 806(e) of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 116 Stat. 2607; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) If items are deployed under the rapid acquisition and deployment procedures prescribed pursuant to this section, or under any other authority, before the completion of operational test and evaluation of the items, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation shall have access to operational records and data relevant to such items in accordance with section 139(e)(3) of title 10, United States Code, for the purpose of completing operational test and evaluation of the items. The access to the operational records and data shall be provided in a time and manner determined by the Secretary of Defense consistent with requirements of operational security and other relevant operational requirements.”.

SEC. 863. Multiyear Task and Delivery Order Contracts.

(a) Repeal of Applicability of Existing Authority and Limitations.—Section 2306c of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (g); and
(2) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g).

(b) MULTIYEAR CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—Section 2304a of such title is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections (g) and (h), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f):

“(f) MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS.—The head of an agency entering into a task or delivery order contract under this section may provide for the contract to cover any period up to five years and may extend the contract period for one or more successive periods pursuant to an option provided in the contract or a modification of the contract. In no event, however, may the total contract period as extended exceed eight years.”

SEC. 864. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR CONTRACTOR ASSURANCES REGARDING THE COMPLETE-NESS, ACCURACY, AND CONTRACTUAL SUFFICIENCY OF TECHNICAL DATA PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

Section 2320(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (7); and
(2) by redesignating paragraphs (8) and (9) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively.

SEC. 865. REESTABLISHMENT OF AUTHORITY FOR SHORT-TERM LEASES OF REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY ACROSS FISCAL YEARS.

(a) Reestablishment of Authority.—Subsection (a) of section 2410a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” before “The Secretary of Defense”;

(2) by striking “for procurement of severable services” and inserting “for a purpose described in paragraph (2)”;

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) The purpose of a contract described in this paragraph is as follows:

“(A) The procurement of severable services.

“(B) The lease of real or personal property, including the maintenance of such property when contracted for as part of the lease agreement.”.

(b) Conforming and Clerical Amendments.—

(1) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:
§ 2410a. Contracts for periods crossing fiscal years: severable service contracts; leases of real or personal property.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 141 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 2410a and inserting the following new item:

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2410a. Contracts for periods crossing fiscal years: severable service contracts; leases of real or personal property.
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SEC. 866. CONSOLIDATION OF CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.

(a) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 10.—(1) Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2381 the following new section:

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§ 2382. Consolidation of contract requirements: policy and restrictions

(a) POLICY.—The Secretary of Defense shall require the Secretary of each military department, the head of each Defense Agency, and the head of each Department of Defense Field Activity to ensure that the decisions made by that official regarding consolidation of contract requirements of the department, agency, or field activity, as the case may be, are made with a view to providing small business concerns with appropriate opportunities to participate in Department of Defense procurements as prime contractors and appropriate opportunities to participate in such procurements as subcontractors.
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† S 1047 ES
“(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF ACQUISITION STRATEGIES INVOLVING CONSOLIDATION.—(1) An official of a military department, Defense Agency, or Department of Defense Field Activity may not execute an acquisition strategy that includes a consolidation of contract requirements of the military department, agency, or activity with a total value in excess of $5,000,000, unless the senior procurement executive concerned first—

“(A) conducts market research;

“(B) identifies any alternative contracting approaches that would involve a lesser degree of consolidation of contract requirements; and

“(C) determines that the consolidation is necessary and justified.

“(2) A senior procurement executive may determine that an acquisition strategy involving a consolidation of contract requirements is necessary and justified for the purposes of paragraph (1) if the benefits of the acquisition strategy substantially exceed the benefits of each of the possible alternative contracting approaches identified under subparagraph (B) of that paragraph. However, savings in administrative or personnel costs alone do not constitute, for such purposes, a sufficient justification for a consolidation of contract requirements in a procurement unless the total amount of the cost savings is expected
to be substantial in relation to the total cost of the procure-
ment.

“(3) Benefits considered for the purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2) may include cost and, regardless of whether quantifiable in dollar amounts—

“(A) quality;

“(B) acquisition cycle;

“(C) terms and conditions; and

“(D) any other benefit.

“(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The terms ‘consolidation of contract requirements’ and ‘consolidation’, with respect to contract requirements of a military department, Defense Agency, or Department of Defense Field Activity, mean a use of a solicitation to obtain offers for a single contract or a multiple award contract to satisfy two or more requirements of that department, agency, or activity for goods or services that have previously been provided to, or performed for, that department, agency, or activity under two or more separate contracts smaller in cost than the total cost of the contract for which the offers are solicited.

“(2) The term “multiple award contract” means—
“(A) a contract that is entered into by the Administrator of General Services under the multiple award schedule program referred to in section 2302(2)(C) of this title;

“(B) a multiple award task order contract or delivery order contract that is entered into under the authority of sections 2304a through 2304d of this title or sections 303H through 303K of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253h through 253k); and

“(C) any other indeterminate delivery, indeterminate quantity contract that is entered into by the head of a Federal agency with two or more sources pursuant to the same solicitation.

“(3) The term ‘senior procurement executive concerned’ means—

“(A) with respect to a military department, the official designated under section 16(3) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 414(3)) as the senior procurement executive for the military department; or

“(B) with respect to a Defense Agency or a Department of Defense Field Activity, the of-
ficial so designated for the Department of De-
fense.

“(4) The term ‘small business concern’ means
a business concern that is determined by the Admin-
istrator of the Small Business Administration to be
a small-business concern by application of the stand-
ards prescribed under section 3(a) of the Small
Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such
chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating
to section 2381 the following new item:

“2382. Consolidation of contract requirements: policy and restrictions.”.

(b) DATA REVIEW.—(1) The Secretary of Defense
shall revise the data collection systems of the Department
of Defense to ensure that such systems are capable of
identifying each procurement that involves a consolidation
of contract requirements within the department with a
total value in excess of $5,000,000.

(2) The Secretary shall ensure that appropriate offi-
cials of the Department of Defense periodically review the
information collected pursuant to paragraph (1) in co-
operation with the Small Business Administration—

(A) to determine the extent of the consolidation
of contract requirements in the Department of De-
fense; and
(B) to assess the impact of the consolidation of contract requirements on the availability of opportunities for small business concerns to participate in Department of Defense procurements, both as prime contractors and as subcontractors.

(3) In this subsection:

(A) The term “consolidation of contract requirements” has the meaning given that term in section 2382(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(B) The term “small business concern” means a business concern that is determined by the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to be a small-business concern by application of the standards prescribed under section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).

(c) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies only with respect to contracts entered into with funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act.
TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT
Subtitle A—Department Officers and Agencies

SEC. 901. CLARIFICATION OF RESPONSIBILITY OF MILITARY DEPARTMENTS TO SUPPORT COMBATANT COMMANDS.

Sections 3013(c)(4), 5013(c)(4), and 8013(3)(c)(4) of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking “(to the maximum extent practicable)”.

SEC. 902. REDESIGNATION OF NATIONAL IMAGERY AND MAPPING AGENCY AS NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

(a) Redesignation.—The National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA) is hereby redesignated as the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA).

(b) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Title 10, United States Code.—(A) Chapter 22 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “National Imagery and Mapping Agency” each place it appears (other than the penultimate place it appears in section 461(b) of such title) and inserting “National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency”.

† S 1047 ES
(B) Section 453(b) of such title is amended by striking “NIMA” each place it appears and inserting “NGA”.

(C)(i) Subsection (b)(3) of section 424 of such title is amended by striking “National Imagery and Mapping Agency” and inserting “National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency”.

(ii) The heading for such section is amended to read as follows:


(iii) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 21 of such title is amended in the item relating to section 424 by striking “National Imagery and Mapping Agency” and inserting “National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency”.

(D) Section 425(a) of such title is amended—

(i) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and

(ii) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
“(3) The words ‘National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency’, the initials ‘NGA’, or the seal of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.”

(E) Section 1614(2)(C) of such title is amended by striking “National Imagery and Mapping Agency” and inserting “National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency”.

(F)(i) The heading for chapter 22 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“CHAPTER 22—NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTTELLIGENCE AGENCY.”

(ii) The table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of such title, and at the beginning of part I of such subtitle, are each amended by striking the item relating to chapter 22 and inserting the following new item:

“22. National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency 441”.

(2) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—(A) Section 3(4)(E) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)(E)) is amended by striking “National Imagery and Mapping Agency” and inserting “National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency”.

(B) That Act is further amended by striking “National Imagery and Mapping Agency” each place it appears in sections 105, 105A, 105C, 106, and 110 (50 U.S.C. 403–5, 403–5a, 403–5c, 403–6,
404e) and inserting “National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency”.

(C) Section 105C of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–5c) is further amended—

(i) by striking “NIMA” each place it appears and inserting “NGA”; and

(ii) in subsection (a)(6)(B)(iv)(II), by striking “NIMA’s” and inserting “NGA’s”.

(D) The heading for section 105C of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–5c) is amended to read as follows:

“PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL FILES OF THE NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTELLIGENCE AGENCY”.

(E) The heading for section 110 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404e) is amended to read as follows:

“NATIONAL MISSION OF NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTELLIGENCE AGENCY”.

(F) The table of contents for that Act is amended—

(i) by striking the item relating to section 105C and inserting the following new item:

“Sec. 105C. Protection of operational files of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.”; and

(ii) by striking the item relating to section 110 and inserting the following new item:

“Sec. 110. National mission of National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.”.
(e) Report on Utilization of Certain Data Extraction and Exploitation Capabilities.—(1) Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the status of the efforts of the Agency to incorporate within the Commercial Joint Mapping Tool Kit (C/JMTK) applications for the rapid extraction and exploitation of three-dimensional geospatial data from reconnaissance imagery.

(2) In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

d) References.—Any reference to the National Imagery and Mapping Agency or NIMA in any law, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States shall be deemed to be a reference to the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency or NGA, respectively.
(c) MATTERS RELATING TO GEOSPATIAL INTELLIGENCE.—(1) Section 442(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “Imagery, intelligence, and information” and inserting “Geospatial intelligence”.

(2) Section 467 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) The term ‘geospatial intelligence’ means the exploitation and analysis of imagery and geospatial information to describe, assess, and visually depict physical features and geographically referenced activities on the earth, and includes imagery, imagery intelligence, and geospatial information.”.

(3) Section 110(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404e(a)) is amended by striking “imagery requirements” and inserting “geospatial intelligence requirements”.

SEC. 903. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS OF THE DEFENSE POLICY BOARD AND THE DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD.

(a) STANDARDS REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall promulgate standards of conduct for members of the Defense Policy Board and the Defense
Science Board. The purpose of the standards of conduct shall be to ensure public confidence in the Defense Policy Board and the Defense Science Board.

(b) ISSUES TO BE ADDRESSED.—The standards of conduct promulgated pursuant to subsection (a) shall address, at a minimum, the following:

(1) Conditions governing the access of Board members to classified information and other confidential information about the plans and operations of the Department of Defense and appropriate limitations on any use of such information for private gain.

(2) Guidelines for addressing conflicting financial interests and recusal from participation in matters affecting such interests.

(3) Guidelines regarding the lobbying of Department of Defense officials or other contacts with Department of Defense officials regarding matters in which Board members may have financial interests.

(c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives with a copy of the standards of conduct promulgated pursuant to sub-
section (a) immediately upon promulgation of the standards.

Subtitle B—Space Activities

SEC. 911. COORDINATION OF SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) Space Science and Technology Strategy.—

(1) The Under Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Director of Defense Research and Engineering, shall develop a space science and technology strategy and shall review and, as appropriate, revise the strategy annually.

(2) The strategy shall, at a minimum, address the following issues:

   (A) Short-term and long-term goals of the space science and technology programs of the Department of Defense.

   (B) The process for achieving the goals, including an implementation plan.

   (C) The process for assessing progress made toward achieving the goals.

(3) Not later than March 15, 2004, the Under Secretary shall submit a report on the space science and technology strategy to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
(b) REQUIRED COORDINATION.—In executing the space science and technology strategy, the directors of the research laboratories of the Department of Defense, the heads of other Department of Defense research components, and the heads of all other appropriate organizations identified jointly by the Under Secretary of the Air Force and the Director of Defense Research and Engineering—

(1) shall identify research laboratory projects that make contributions pertaining directly and uniquely to the development of space technology; and

(2) may execute the identified projects only with the concurrence of the Under Secretary of the Air Force.

(c) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE REVIEW.—(1) The Comptroller General shall review and assess the space science and technology strategy developed under subsection (a) and the effectiveness of the coordination process required under subsection (b).

(2) Not later than September 1, 2004, the Comptroller General shall submit a report containing the findings and assessment under paragraph (1) to the committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
(1) The term “research laboratory of the Department of Defense” means the following:

(A) The Air Force Research Laboratory.

(B) The Naval Research Laboratory.

(C) The Office of Naval Research.

(D) The Army Research Laboratory.

(2) The term “other Department of Defense research component” means the following:

(A) The Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency.

(B) The National Reconnaissance Office.

SEC. 912. SPACE PERSONNEL CADRE.

(a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall develop a human capital resources strategy for space personnel of the Department of Defense.

(2) The strategy shall be designed to ensure that the space career fields of the military departments are integrated to the maximum extent practicable.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than February 1, 2004, the Secretary shall submit a report on the strategy to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The report shall contain the following information:

(1) The strategy.
(2) An assessment of the progress made in integrating the space career fields of the military departments.

(3) A comprehensive assessment of the adequacy of the establishment of the Air Force officer career field for space under section 8084 of title 10, United States Code, as a solution for correcting deficiencies identified by the Commission To Assess United States National Security Space Management and Organization (established under section 1621 of Public Law 106–65; 113 Stat. 813; 10 U.S.C. 111 note).

(c) General Accounting Office Review.—(1) The Comptroller General shall review the strategy developed under subsection (a) the space career fields of the military departments and the plans of the military departments for developing space career fields. The review shall include an assessment of how effective the strategy and the space career fields and plans, when implemented, are likely to be for developing the necessary cadre of personnel who are expert in space systems development and space systems operations.

(2) Not later than June 15, 2004, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committees referred to in subsection (a)(2) a report on the results of the review under...
paragraph (1), including the assessment required by such paragraph.

SEC. 913. POLICY REGARDING ASSURED ACCESS TO SPACE FOR UNITED STATES NATIONAL SECURITY PAYLOADS.

(a) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States for the President to undertake actions appropriate to ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that the United States has the capabilities necessary to launch and insert United States national security payloads into space whenever such payloads are needed in space.

(b) INCLUDED ACTIONS.—The appropriate actions referred to in subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, providing resources and policy guidance to sustain—

(1) the availability of at least two space launch vehicles or families of space launch vehicles capable of delivering into space all payloads designated as national security payloads by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Central Intelligence; and

(2) a robust space launch infrastructure and industrial base.

(c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall, to the maximum extent practicable, pursue the attainment of the capabilities described in subsection (a) in coordina-
tion with the Administrator of the National Space and
Aeronautics Administration.

SEC. 914. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE SPACE SURVEIL-
LANCE NETWORK SERVICES TO ENTITIES
OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Defense
shall carry out a pilot program to provide eligible entities
outside the Federal Government with satellite tracking
services using assets owned or controlled by the Depart-
ment of Defense.

(b) Eligible Entities.—The Secretary shall pre-
scribe the requirements for eligibility to obtain services
under the pilot program. The requirements shall, at a min-
imum, provide eligibility for the following entities:

(1) The governments of States.

(2) The governments of political subdivisions of
States.

(3) United States commercial entities.

(4) The governments of foreign countries.

(5) Foreign commercial entities.

(c) Sale of Services.—Services under the pilot
program may be provided by sale, except in the case of
services provided to a government described in paragraph
(1) or (2) of subsection (b).
(d) CONTRACTOR INTERMEDIARIES.—Services under the pilot program may be provided either directly to an eligible entity or through a contractor of the United States or a contractor of an eligible entity.

(e) SATCHELLE DATA AND RELATED ANALYSES.—The services provided under the pilot program may include satellite tracking data or any analysis of satellite data if the Secretary determines that it is in the national security interests of the United States for the services to include such data or analysis, respectively.

(f) REIMBURSEMENT OF COSTS.—The Secretary may require an entity purchasing services under the pilot program to reimburse the Department of Defense for the costs incurred by the Department in entering into the sale.

(g) CREDITING TO CHARGED ACCOUNTS.—(1) The proceeds of a sale of services under the pilot program, together with any amounts reimbursed under subsection (f) in connection with the sale, shall be credited to the appropriation for the fiscal year in which collected that is or corresponds to the appropriation charged the costs of such services.

(2) Amounts credited to an appropriation under paragraph (1) shall be merged with other sums in the appropriation and shall be available for the same period and the same purposes as the sums with which merged.
(h) Nontransferability Agreement.—The Secretary shall require a recipient of services under the pilot program to enter into an agreement not to transfer any data or technical information, including any analysis of satellite tracking data, to any other entity without the expressed approval of the Secretary.

(i) Prohibition Concerning Intelligence Assets or Data.—Services and information concerning, or derived from, United States intelligence assets or data may not be provided under the pilot program.

(j) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “United States commercial entity” means an entity that is involved in commerce and is organized under laws of a State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or American Samoa.

(2) The term “foreign commercial entity” means an entity that is involved in commerce and is organized under laws of a foreign country.

(k) Duration of Pilot Program.—The pilot program under this section shall be conducted for three years beginning on a date designated by the Secretary of De-
fense, but not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 915. CONTENT OF BIENNIAL GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM REPORT.

(a) Revised Content.—Paragraph (1) of section 2281(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (C);

(2) in subparagraph (E), by striking “Any progress made toward” and inserting “Progress and challenges in”;

(3) by striking subparagraph (F), and inserting the following:

“(F) Progress and challenges in protecting GPS from jamming, disruption, and interference.”;

(4) by redesignating subparagraphs (D), (E), and (F), as subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E), respectively; and

(5) by inserting after subparagraph (E), as so redesignated, the following new subparagraph (F):

“(F) Progress and challenges in developing the enhanced Global Positioning System required by section 218(b) of Public Law 105–261 (112 Stat. 1951; 10 U.S.C. 2281 note).”.
(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (2) of such section 2281(d) is amended by inserting “(C),” after “under subparagraphs”.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 921. COMBATANT COMMANDER INITIATIVE FUND.

(a) REDESIGNATION OF CINC INITIATIVE FUND.—

(1) The CINC Initiative Fund administered under section 166a of title 10, United States Code, is redesignated as the “Combatant Commander Initiative Fund”.

(2) Section 166a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking the heading for subsection (a) and inserting “COMBATANT COMMANDER INITIATIVE FUND.—“; and

(B) by striking “CINC Initiative Fund” in subsections (a), (c), and (d), and inserting “Combatant Commander Initiative Fund”.

(3) Any reference to the CINC Initiative Fund in any other provision of law or in any regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be considered to be a reference to the Combatant Commander Initiative Fund.

(b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—Subsection (b) of section 166a of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(10) Joint warfighting capabilities.”.

(e) INCREASED MAXIMUM AMOUNTS AUTHORIZED FOR USE.—Subsection (e)(1) of such section is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “$7,000,000” and inserting “$15,000,000”;  
(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking “$1,000,000” and inserting “$10,000,000”; and  
(3) in subparagraph (C), by striking “$2,000,000” and inserting “$10,000,000”.

SEC. 922. AUTHORITY FOR THE MARINE CORPS UNIVERSITY TO AWARD THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF OPERATIONAL STUDIES.

Section 7102(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “MARINE CORPS WAR COLLEGE.—” and inserting “AWARDING OF DEGREES.—(1)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Upon the recommendation of the Director and faculty of the Command and Staff College of the Marine Corps University, the President of the Marine Corps University may confer the degree of master of operational studies upon graduates of the School of Advanced
Warfighting of the Command and Staff College who fulfill the requirements for that degree.”.

SEC. 923. REPORT ON CHANGING ROLES OF UNITED STATES SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the changing roles of the United States Special Operations Command.

(b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—(1) The report shall specifically discuss in detail the following matters:

(A) The expanded role of the United States Special Operations Command in the global war on terrorism.

(B) The reorganization of the United States Special Operations Command to function as a supported combatant command for planning and executing operations.

(C) The role of the United States Special Operations Command as a supporting combatant command.

(2) The report shall also include, in addition to the matters discussed pursuant to paragraph (1), a discussion of the following matters:
(A) The military strategy to employ the United States Special Operations Command to fight the war on terrorism and how that strategy contributes to the overall national security strategy with regard to the global war on terrorism.

(B) The scope of the authority granted to the commander of the United States Special Operations Command to act as a supported commander and to prosecute the global war on terrorism.

(C) The operational and legal parameters within which the commander of the United States Special Operations Command is to exercise command authority in foreign countries when taking action against foreign and United States citizens engaged in terrorist activities.

(D) The decisionmaking procedures for authorizing, planning, and conducting individual missions, including procedures for consultation with Congress.

(E) The procedures for the commander of the United States Special Operations Command to use to coordinate with commanders of other combatant commands, especially geographic commands.

(F) Future organization plans and resource requirements for conducting the global counterterrorism mission.
(G) The impact of the changing role of the United States Special Operations Command on other special operations missions, including foreign internal defense, psychological operations, civil affairs, unconventional warfare, counterdrug activities, and humanitarian activities.

(c) FORMS OF REPORT.—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form and, as necessary, in classified form.

SEC. 924. INTEGRATION OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE, SURVEILLANCE, AND RECONNAISSANCE CAPABILITIES

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) As part of transformation efforts within the Department of Defense, each of the Armed Forces is developing intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities that best support future war fighting as envisioned by the leadership of the military department concerned.

(2) Concurrently, intelligence agencies of the Department of Defense outside the military departments are developing transformation roadmaps to best support the future decisionmaking and war fighting needs of their principal customers, but are
not always closely coordinating those efforts with the intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance development efforts of the military departments.

(3) A senior official of each military department has been designated as the integrator of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance for each of the Armed Forces in such military department, but there is not currently a well-defined forum where the integrators of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities for each of the Armed Forces can routinely interact with each other and with senior representatives of Department of Defense intelligence agencies, as well as with other members of the intelligence community, to ensure unity of effort and to preclude unnecessary duplication of effort.

(4) The current funding structure of a National Foreign Intelligence Program (NFIP), Joint Military Intelligence Program (JMIP), and Tactical Intelligence and Related Activities Program (TIARA) might not be the best approach for supporting the development of an intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance structure that is integrated to meet the national security requirements of the United States in the 21st century.
(5) The position of Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence was established in 2002 by Public Law 107–314 in order to facilitate resolution of the challenges to achieving an integrated intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance structure in the Department of Defense to meet such 21st century requirements.

(b) GOAL.—It shall be a goal of the Department of Defense to fully coordinate and integrate the intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities and developmental activities of the military departments, intelligence agencies of the Department of Defense, and relevant combatant commands as those departments, agencies, and commands transform their intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance systems to meet current and future needs.

(c) REQUIREMENT.—(1) The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence shall establish an Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance Integration Council to provide a permanent forum for the discussion and arbitration of issues relating to the integration of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities.

(2) The Council shall be composed of the senior intelligence officers of the Armed Forces and the United States Special Operations Command, the Director of Operations
of the Joint Staff, and the directors of the intelligence agencies of the Department of Defense.

(3) The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence shall invite the participation of the Director of Central Intelligence or his representative in the proceedings of the Council.

(d) ISR INTEGRATION ROADMAP.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence, in consultation with the Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance Integration Council and the Director of Central Intelligence, shall develop a comprehensive Defense Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance Integration Roadmap to guide the development and integration of the Department of Defense intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities for 15 years.

(e) REPORT.—(1) Not later than September 30, 2004, the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence shall submit to the committees of Congress specified in paragraph (2) a report on the Defense Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance Integration Roadmap developed under subsection (d). The report shall include the following matters:

(A) The fundamental goals established in the roadmap.
(B) An overview of the intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance integration activities of the military departments and the intelligence agencies of the Department of Defense.

(C) An investment strategy for achieving—

(i) an integration of Department of Defense intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities that ensures sustainment of needed tactical and operational efforts; and

(ii) efficient investment in new intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities.

(D) A discussion of how intelligence gathered and analyzed by the Department of Defense can enhance the role of the Department of Defense in fulfilling its homeland security responsibilities.

(E) A discussion of how counterintelligence activities of the Armed Forces and the Department of Defense intelligence agencies can be better integrated.

(F) Recommendations on how annual funding authorizations and appropriations can be optimally structured to best support the development of a fully integrated Department of Defense intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance architecture.
(2) The committees of Congress referred to in para-
graph (1) are as follows:

(A) The Committee on Armed Services, the
Committee on Appropriations, and the Select Com-
mittee on Intelligence of the Senate.

(B) The Committee on Armed Services, the
Committee on Appropriations, and the Permanent
Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of
Representatives.

SEC. 925. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL GUARD OF
THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.

(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Defense
may cooperate with the Governor of the Northern Mariana
Islands to establish the National Guard of the Northern
Mariana Islands, and may integrate into the Army Na-
tional Guard of the United States and the Air National
Guard of the United States the members of the National
Guard of the Northern Mariana Islands who are granted
Federal recognition under title 32, United States Code.

(b) Amendments to Title 10.—(1) Section 101 of
title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (c), by inserting “the North-
ern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico,” in para-
graphs (2) and (4); and
(B) in subsection (d)(5), by inserting “the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,”.

(2) Section 10001 of such title is amended by inserting “the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,”.

(c) Amendments to Title 32.—Title 32, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 101 is amended—

(A) in paragraphs (4) and (6), by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”; and

(B) in paragraph (19), by inserting “the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,”.

(2) Section 103 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(3) Section 104 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “and Puerto Rico” and inserting “, Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands”; and

(B) in subsections (c) and (d), by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

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(4) Section 107(b) is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(5) Section 109 is amended by inserting “the Northern Mariana Islands” in subsections (a), (b), and (e) after “Puerto Rico, ”.

(6) Section 112(i)(3) is amended by inserting “the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,”.

(7) Section 304 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “or of Puerto Rico” in the sentence following the oath.

(8) Section 314 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico” in subsections (a) and (d).

(9) Section 315 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico” each place it appears.

(10) Section 325(a) is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(11) Section 501(b) is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.
(12) Section 503(b) is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(13) Section 504(b) is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(14) Section 505 is amended by inserting “or the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico,” in the first sentence.

(15) Section 509(l)(1) is amended by inserting “the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,”.

(16) Section 702 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by inserting “, or the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”; and

(B) in subsections (b), (c), and (d), by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(17) Section 703 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico” in subsections (a) and (b).

(18) Section 704 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico” in subsections (a) and (b).
(19) Section 708 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “and Puerto Rico,” and inserting “Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands,”; and

(B) in subsection (d), by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(20) Section 710 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico” each place it appears in subsections (c), (d)(3), (e), and (f)(1).

(21) Section 711 is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(22) Section 712(1) is amended by inserting “, the Northern Mariana Islands,” after “Puerto Rico”.

(23) Section 715(c) is amended by striking “or the District of Columbia or Puerto Rico,” and inserting “, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or the Northern Mariana Islands”.

(d) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 37.—Section 101 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “the Canal Zone,” in paragraphs (7) and (9) and inserting “the Northern Mariana Islands,”.
(c) **Other References.**—Any reference that is made in any other provision of law or in any regulation of the United States to a State, or to the Governor of a State, in relation to the National Guard (as defined in section 101(3) of title 32, United States Code) shall be considered to include a reference to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands or to the Governor of the Northern Mariana Islands, respectively.

**TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**Subtitle A—Financial Matters**

**SEC. 1001. TRANSFER AUTHORITY.**

(a) **Authority To Transfer Authorizations.**—

(1) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 2004 between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed $3,000,000,000.
(b) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(e) EFFECT ON AUTHORIZATION AMOUNTS.—A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this section shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(d) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall promptly notify Congress of each transfer made under subsection (a).

SEC. 1002. UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTION TO NATO COMMON-FUNDED BUDGETS IN FISCAL YEAR 2004.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 2004 LIMITATION.—The total amount contributed by the Secretary of Defense in fiscal year 2004 for the common-funded budgets of NATO may be any amount up to, but not in excess of, the amount specified in subsection (b) (rather than the maximum
amount that would otherwise be applicable to those contributions under the fiscal year 1998 baseline limitation).

(b) **TOTAL AMOUNT.**—The amount of the limitation applicable under subsection (a) is the sum of the following:

1. The amounts of unexpended balances, as of the end of fiscal year 2003, of funds appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 2004 for payments for those budgets.
2. The amount specified in subsection (c)(1).
3. The amount specified in subsection (c)(2).
4. The total amount of the contributions authorized to be made under section 2501.

(c) **AUTHORIZED AMOUNTS.**—Amounts authorized to be appropriated by titles II and III of this Act are available for contributions for the common-funded budgets of NATO as follows:

1. Of the amount provided in section 201(1), $853,000 for the Civil Budget.
2. Of the amount provided in section 301(1), $207,125,000 for the Military Budget.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—For purposes of this section:

1. **COMMON-FUNDED BUDGETS OF NATO.**—The term “common-funded budgets of NATO” means the Military Budget, the Security Investment Program, and the Civil Budget of the North Atlantic
Treaty Organization (and any successor or additional account or program of NATO).

(2) Fiscal Year 1998 baseline limitation.—
The term “fiscal year 1998 baseline limitation” means the maximum annual amount of Department of Defense contributions for common-funded budgets of NATO that is set forth as the annual limitation in section 3(2)(C)(ii) of the resolution of the Senate giving the advice and consent of the Senate to the ratification of the Protocols to the North Atlantic Treaty of 1949 on the Accession of Poland, Hungary, and the Czech Republic (as defined in section 4(7) of that resolution), approved by the Senate on April 30, 1998.

SEC. 1003. AUTHORIZATION OF SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2003.

(a) DOD AND DOE AUTHORIZATIONS.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense and the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2003 in the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314) are hereby adjusted, with respect to any such authorized amount, by the amount by which appropriations pursuant to such authorization are increased (by a supplemental appropriation) or decreased (by a rescission), or both, or are in-
creased by a transfer of funds, pursuant to title I of Public Law 108–11.

(b) Report on Fiscal Year 2003 Transfers.—

Not later than 30 days after the end of each fiscal quarter for which unexpended balances of funds appropriated under title I of Public Law 108–11 are available for the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report stating, for each transfer of such funds during such fiscal quarter of an amount provided for the Department of Defense through a so-called “transfer account”, including the Iraqi Freedom Fund or any other similar account—

(1) the amount of the transfer;

(2) the appropriation account to which the transfer was made; and

(3) the specific purpose for which the transferred funds were used or are to be used.

Subtitle B—Improvement of Travel Card Management

SEC. 1011. MANDATORY DISBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL ALLOWANCES DIRECTLY TO TRAVEL CARD CREDITORS.

Section 2784a(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “The Secretary of Defense may require” and inserting “The Secretary of Defense shall require”;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement for a direct payment to a travel care issuer under paragraph (1) in any case in which it is determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary that the direct payment would be against equity and good conscience or would be contrary to the best interests of the United States.”.

SEC. 1012. DETERMINATIONS OF CREDITWORTHINESS FOR ISSUANCE OF DEFENSE TRAVEL CARD.

Section 2784a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) DETERMINATIONS OF CREDITWORTHINESS FOR ISSUANCE OF DEFENSE TRAVEL CARD.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall require that the creditworthiness
of an individual be evaluated before a Defense travel card is issued to the individual. The evaluation may include an examination of the individual’s credit history in available credit records.

“(2) An individual may not be issued a Defense travel card if the individual is found not creditworthy as a result of the evaluation required under paragraph (1).”.

SEC. 1013. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS AND ASSESSING PENALTIES FOR MISUSE OF DEFENSE TRAVEL CARDS.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR GUIDANCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe guidelines and procedures for making determinations regarding the taking of disciplinary action, including assessment of penalties, against Department of Defense personnel for improper, fraudulent, or abusive use of Defense travel cards by such personnel.

(b) ACTIONS COVERED.—The disciplinary actions and penalties covered by the guidance and procedures prescribed under subsection (a) may include the following:

(1) Civil actions for false claims under sections 3729 through 3731 of title 31, United States Code.

(2) Administrative remedies for false claims and statements provided under chapter 38 of title 31, United States Code.
(3) In the case of civilian personnel, adverse personnel actions under chapter 75 of title 5, United States Code, and any other disciplinary actions available under law for employees of the United States.

(4) In the case of members of the Armed Forces, disciplinary actions and penalties under chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice).

(c) REPORT.—Not later than February 1, 2004, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the guidelines and penalties prescribed under subsection (a). The report shall include the following:

(1) The guidelines and penalties.

(2) A discussion of the implementation of the guidelines and penalties.

(3) A discussion of any additional administrative action, or any recommended legislation, that the Secretary considers necessary to effectively take disciplinary action against and penalize Department of Defense personnel for improper, fraudulent, or abusive use of Defense travel cards by such personnel.
(d) Defense Travel Card Defined.—In this section, the term “Defense travel card” has the meaning given such term in section 2784a(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle C—Reports

Sec. 1021. Elimination and Revision of Various Reporting Requirements Applicable to the Department of Defense.

(a) Provisions of Title 10.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 128 is amended by striking subsection (d).

(2) Section 437 is amended—

(A) by striking subsection (b); and

(B) in subsection (c)—

(i) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (2);

(ii) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting “; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) a description of each corporation, partnership, and other legal entity that was established during such fiscal year.”.

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(3)(A) Section 520c is amended—

(i) by striking subsection (b);

(ii) by striking “(a) Provision of Meals and Refreshments.—”; and

(iii) by striking the heading for such section and inserting the following:

“§ 520c. Provision of meals and refreshments for recruiting purposes”.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 31 of such title is amended to read as follow:

“520c. Provision of meals and refreshments for recruiting purposes.”.

(4) Section 986 is amended by striking subsection (e).

(5) Section 1060 is amended by striking subsection (d).

(6) Section 2212 is amended by striking subsections (d) and (e).

(7) Section 2224 is amended by striking subsection (c).

(8) Section 2255(b) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2);

(B) by striking “(b) Exception.—(1)” and inserting “(b) Exception.—”;

† S 1047 ES
(C) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and

(D) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively.

(9) Section 2323(i) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

(10) Section 2350a is amended by striking subsection (f).

(11) Section 2350b(d) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(1) Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year in which the Secretary of Defense has authority delegated as described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the administration of such authority under this section. The report for a fiscal year shall include the following information:

“(A) Each prime contract that the Secretary required to be awarded to a particular prime contractor during such fiscal year, and each subcontract that the Secretary required be awarded to a particular subcontractor during such fiscal year, to comply with a cooperative agreement, together with
the reasons that the Secretary exercised authority to
designate a particular contractor or subcontractor,
as the case may be.

“(B) Each exercise of the waiver authority
under subsection (c) during such fiscal year, includ-
ing the particular provision or provisions of law that
were waived.”; and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
paragraph (2).

(12) Section 2371(h) is amended by adding at
the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) No report is required under this section for fis-
cal years after fiscal year 2006.”.

(13) Section 2515(d) is amended—

(A) by striking “ANNUAL REPORT.—” and
inserting “BIENNIAL REPORT.—”; and

(B) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the second sentence, by striking
“each year” and inserting “each even-num-
bered year”; and

(ii) in the third sentence, by striking
“during the fiscal year” and inserting
“during the two fiscal years”.

(14) Section 2541d is amended—

(A) by striking subsection (b); and
(B) by striking “(a) Report by Commercial Firms to Secretary of Defense.—”.

(15) Section 2645(d) is amended—

(A) by striking “to Congress” and all that follows through “notification of the loss” in paragraph (1) and inserting “to Congress notification of the loss”;

(B) by striking “loss; and” and inserting “loss.”; and

(C) by striking paragraph (2).

(16) Section 2680 is amended by striking subsection (e).

(17) Section 2688(e) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) Quarterly Report.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the end of each quarter of a fiscal year, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the conveyances made under subsection (a) during such fiscal quarter. The report shall include, for each such conveyance, an economic analysis (based upon accepted life-cycle costing procedures approved by the Secretary of Defense) demonstrating that—

“(A) the long-term economic benefit of the conveyance to the United States exceeds the long-term
economic cost of the conveyance to the United States; and

“(B) the conveyance will reduce the long-term costs of the United States for utility services provided by the utility system concerned.

“(2) In this section, the term ‘congressional defense committees’ means the following:

“(A) The Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

“(B) The Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(18) Section 2807(b) is amended by striking “$500,000” and inserting “$1,000,000”.

(19) Section 2827 is amended—

(A) by striking subsection (b); and

(B) by striking “(a) Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary” and inserting “The Secretary”.

(20) Section 2902(g) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) by striking “(g)(1)” and inserting “(g)”.

(21) Section 9514 is amended—

(A) in subsection (c)—
(i) by striking “to Congress” and all
that follows through “notification of the
loss” in paragraph (1) and inserting “to
Congress notification of the loss”;
(ii) by striking “loss; and” and insert-
ing “loss.”; and
(iii) by striking paragraph (2); and
(B) by striking subsection (f).

(b) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR
FISCAL YEARS 1992 AND 1993.—Section 734 of the Na-
tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992
and 1993 (Public Law 102–190; 105 Stat. 1411; 10
U.S.C. 1074 note) is amended by striking subsection (c).

c) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR
FISCAL YEAR 1993.—Section 324 of the National Defense
Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–
484; 106 Stat. 2367; 10 U.S.C. 2701 note) is amended—
(1) by striking subsection (b); and
(2) in subsection (a), by striking “(a) SENSE
OF CONGRESS.—”.

d) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR
FISCAL YEAR 1995.—Section 721 of the National Defense
Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–
337; 108 Stat. 2804; 10 U.S.C. 1074 note) is amended
by striking subsection (h).


(1) in section 745(e) (112 Stat. 2078; 10 U.S.C. 1071 note)—

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) by striking “TRICARE.—(1) The” and inserting “TRICARE.—The” ; and


(1) by striking section 1025 (113 Stat. 748; 10 U.S.C. 113 note);
(2) in section 1039 (113 Stat. 756; 10 U.S.C. 113 note), by striking subsection (b); and

(3) in section 1201 (113 Stat. 779; 10 U.S.C. 168 note) by striking subsection (d).

(h) Department of Defense and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations for Recovery From and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States Act, 2002.—Section 8009 of the Department of Defense and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations for Recovery from and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States Act, 2002 (Public Law 107–117; 115 Stat. 2249) is amended by striking “, and these obligations shall be reported to the Congress as of September 30 of each year”.

SEC. 1022. GLOBAL STRIKE PLAN.

(a) Integrated Plan for Prompt Global Strike.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe an integrated plan for developing, deploying, and sustaining a prompt global strike capability in the Armed Forces. The Secretary shall update the plan annually.

(b) Reports Required.—(1) Not later than April 1 of each of 2004, 2005, and 2006, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the plan prescribed under subsection (a).
(2) Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A description and assessment of the targets against which long-range strike assets might be directed and the conditions under which the assets might be used.

(B) The role of, and plans for ensuring, sustainment and modernization of current long-range strike assets, including bombers, intercontinental ballistic missiles, and submarine launched ballistic missiles.

(C) A description of the capabilities desired for advanced long-range strike assets and plans to achieve those capabilities.

(D) A description of the capabilities desired for advanced conventional munitions and the plans to achieve those capabilities.

(E) An assessment of advanced nuclear concepts that could contribute to the prompt global strike mission.

(F) An assessment of the command, control, and communications capabilities necessary to support prompt global strike capabilities.
(G) An assessment of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities necessary to support prompt global strike capabilities.

(H) A description of how prompt global strike capabilities are to be integrated with theater strike capabilities.

(I) An estimated schedule for achieving the desired prompt global strike capabilities.

(J) The estimated cost of achieving the desired prompt global strike capabilities.

(K) A description of ongoing and future studies necessary for updating the plan appropriately.

SEC. 1023. REPORT ON THE CONDUCT OF OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 31, 2004, a report on the conduct of military operations under Operation Iraqi Freedom.

(2) The report shall be prepared in consultation with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Commander of the United States Central Command, and such other officials as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(b) CONTENT.—(1) The report shall include a discussion of the matters described in paragraph (2), with a par-
tic emphasis on accomplishments and shortcomings and on near-term and long-term corrective actions to address the shortcomings.

(2) The matters to be discussed in the report are as follows:

(A) The military objectives of the international coalition conducting Operation Iraqi Freedom, the military strategy selected to achieve the objectives, and an assessment of the execution of the military strategy.

(B) The deployment process, including the adaptability of the process to unforeseen contingencies and changing requirements.

(C) The reserve component mobilization process, including the timeliness of notification, training, and subsequent demobilization.

(D) The use and performance of major items of United States military equipment, weapon systems, and munitions (including items classified under special access procedures and items drawn from prepositioned stocks) and any expected effects of the experience with the use and performance of those items on the doctrinal and tactical employment of such items and on plans for continuing the acquisition of such items.
(E) Any additional identified requirements for military equipment, weapon systems, and munitions, including mix and quantity for future contingencies.

(F) The effectiveness of joint air operations, including the doctrine for the employment of close air support in the varied environments of Operation Iraqi Freedom, and the effectiveness of attack helicopter operations.

(G) The use of special operations forces, including operational and intelligence uses.

(H) The scope of logistics support, including support from other nations.

(I) The incidents of accidental fratricide, together with a discussion of the effectiveness of the tracking of friendly forces and of the combat identification systems in mitigating friendly fire incidents.

(J) The adequacy of spectrum and bandwidth to transmit all necessary information to operational forces and assets, including unmanned aerial vehicles, ground vehicles, and individual soldiers.

(K) The effectiveness of information operations, including the effectiveness of Commando Solo and other psychological operations assets, in achieving established objectives, together with a description of
technological and other restrictions on the use of psychological operations capabilities.

(L) The effectiveness of the reserve component forces used in Operation Iraqi Freedom.

(M) The adequacy of intelligence support to the warfighter before, during, and after combat operations, including the adequacy of such support to facilitate searches for weapons of mass destruction.

(N) The rapid insertion and integration, if any, of developmental but mission-essential equipment during all phases of the operation.

(O) The most critical lessons learned that could lead to long-term doctrinal, organizational, and technological changes, and the probable effects that an implementation of those changes would have on current visions, goals, and plans for transformation of the Armed Forces.

(P) The results of a study, carried out by the Secretary of Defense, regarding the availability of family support services provided to the dependents of members of the National Guard and other reserve components of the Armed Forces who are called or ordered to active duty (hereinafter in this subparagraph referred to as “mobilized members”), including, at a minimum, the following matters:
(i) A discussion of the extent to which co-
operative agreements are in place or need to be
entered into to ensure that dependents of mobi-
lized members receive adequate family support
services from within existing family readiness
groups at military installations without regard
to the members’ armed force or component of
an armed force.

(ii) A discussion of what additional family
support services, and what additional family
support agreements between and among the
Armed Forces (including the Coast Guard), are
necessary to ensure that adequate family sup-
port services are provided to the families of mo-
bilized members.

(iii) A discussion of what additional re-
sources are necessary to ensure that adequate
family support services are available to the de-
pendents of each mobilized member at the mili-
tary installation nearest the residence of the de-
pendents.

(iv) The additional outreach programs that
should be established between families of mobi-
lized members and the sources of family sup-
port services at the military installations in
their respective regions.

(v) A discussion of the procedures in place
for providing information on availability of fam-
ily support services to families of mobilized
members at the time the members are called or
ordered to active duty.

(c) FORMS OF REPORT.—The report shall be sub-
mitted in unclassified form, but may also be submitted in
classified form if necessary.

(d) REPORTING REQUIREMENT RELATING TO NON-
COMPETITIVE CONTRACTING FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION
OF INFRASTRUCTURE OF IRAQ.—(1) If a contract for the
maintenance, rehabilitation, construction, or repair of in-
frastructure in Iraq is entered into under the oversight
and direction of the Secretary of Defense or the Office
of Reconstruction and Humanitarian Assistance in the Of-
lice of the Secretary of Defense without full and open com-
petition, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Reg-
ister or Commerce Business Daily and otherwise make
available to the public, not later than 30 days after the
date on which the contract is entered into, the following
information:

(i) The amount of the contract.
(ii) A brief description of the scope of the contract.

(iii) A discussion of how the executive agency identified, and solicited offers from, potential contractors to perform the contract, together with a list of the potential contractors that were issued solicitations for the offers.

(iv) The justification and approval documents on which was based the determination to use procedures other than procedures that provide for full and open competition.

(B) Subparagraph (A) does not apply to a contract entered into more than one year after date of enactment.

(2)(A) The head of an executive agency may—

(i) withhold from publication and disclosure under paragraph (1) any document that is classified for restricted access in accordance with an Executive order in the interest of national defense or foreign policy; and

(ii) redact any part so classified that is in a document not so classified before publication and disclosure of the document under paragraph (1).

(B) In any case in which the head of an executive agency withholds information under subparagraph (A), the head of such executive agency shall make available an
unredacted version of the document containing that information to the chairman and ranking member of each of the following committees of Congress:

(i) The Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.

(ii) The Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

(iii) Each committee that the head of the executive agency determines has legislative jurisdiction for the operations of such department or agency to which the information relates.

(3) This subsection shall apply to contracts entered into on or after October 1, 2002, except that, in the case of a contract entered into before the date of the enactment of this Act, paragraph (1) shall be applied as if the contract had been entered into on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as affecting obligations to disclose United States Government information under any other provision of law.

(5) In this subsection, the terms “executive agency” and “full and open competition” have the meanings given such terms in section 4 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403).
SEC. 1024. REPORT ON MOBILIZATION OF THE RESERVES.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the mobilization of reserve component forces during fiscal years 2002 and 2003.

(b) CONTENT.—The report under subsection (a) shall include, for the period covered by the report, the following information:

(1) The number of Reserves who were called or ordered to active duty under a provision of law referred to in section 101(a)(13)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The number of such Reserves who were called or ordered to active duty for one year or more, including any extensions on active duty.

(3) The military specialties of the Reserves counted under paragraph (2).

(4) The number of Reserves who were called or ordered to active duty more than once under a provision of law referred to in section 101(a)(13)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

(5) The military specialties of the Reserves counted under paragraph (4).
(6) The known effects on the reserve components, including the effects on recruitment and retention of personnel for the reserve components, that have resulted from—

(A) the calls and orders of Reserves to active duty; and

(B) the tempo of the service of the Reserves on the active duty to which called or ordered.

(7) The changes in the Armed Forces, including any changes in the allocation of roles and missions between the active components and the reserve components of the Armed Forces, that are envisioned by the Secretary of Defense on the basis of—

(A) the effects discussed under paragraph (6); or

(B) the experienced need for calling and ordering Reserves to active duty during the period.

(8) An assessment of how necessary it would be to call or order Reserves to active duty in the event of a war or contingency operation (as defined in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, United States Code) if such changes were implemented.
On the basis of the experience of calling and ordering Reserves to active duty during the period, an assessment of the process for calling and ordering Reserves to active duty, preparing such Reserves for the active duty, processing the Reserves into the force upon entry onto active duty, and deploying the Reserves, including an assessment of the adequacy of the alert and notification process from the perspectives of the individual Reserves, reserve component units, and employers of Reserves.

SEC. 1025. STUDY OF BERYLLIUM INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR STUDY.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study of the adequacy of the industrial base of the United States to meet defense requirements of the United States for beryllium.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than January 30, 2004, the Secretary shall submit a report on the results of the study to Congress. The report shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:

(1) A discussion of the issues identified with respect to the long-term supply of beryllium.

(2) An assessment of the need, if any, for modernization of the primary sources of production of beryllium.
(3) A discussion of the advisability of, and con-
cepts for, meeting the future defense requirements
of the United States for beryllium and maintaining
a stable domestic industrial base of sources of beryl-
lium through—

(A) cooperative arrangements commonly
referred to as public-private partnerships;

(B) the administration of the National De-
fense Stockpile under the Strategic and Critical
Materials Stock Piling Act; and

(C) any other means that the Secretary
identifies as feasible.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

SEC. 1031. BLUE FORCES TRACKING INITIATIVE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
ings:

(1) For military commanders, a principal pur-
pose of technology is to enable the commanders to
ascertain the location of the units in their commands
in near real time.

(2) Each of the Armed Forces is developing and
testing a variety of technologies for tracking friendly
forces (known as “blue forces”).

(3) Situational awareness of blue forces has
been much improved since the 1991 Persian Gulf
War, but blue forces tracking remains a complex problem characterized by information that is incomplete, not fully accurate, or untimely.

(4) Casualties in recent warfare have declined, but casualties associated with friendly fire incidents have remained relatively constant.

(5) Despite significant investment, a coordinated, interoperable plan for tracking blue forces throughout a United States or coalition forces theater of operations has not been developed.

(b) GOAL.—It shall be a goal of the Department of Defense to fully coordinate the various efforts of the Joint Staff, the commanders of the combatant commands, and the military departments to develop an effective blue forces tracking system.

(c) JOINT BLUE FORCES TRACKING EXPERIMENT.—

(1) The Secretary of Defense, through the Commander of the United States Joint Forces Command, shall carry out a joint experiment in fiscal year 2004 to demonstrate and evaluate available joint blue forces tracking technologies.

(2) The objectives of the experiment are as follows:

   (A) To explore various options for tracking United States and other friendly forces during combat operations.
(B) To determine an optimal, achievable, and ungradable solution for the development, acquisition, and fielding of a system for tracking all United States military forces that is coordinated and interoperable and also accommodates the participation of military forces of allied nations with United States forces in combat operations.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the conclusion of the experiment under subsection (c), but not later than December 1, 2004, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the experiment, together with a comprehensive plan for the development, acquisition, and fielding of a functional, near real time blue forces tracking system.

SEC. 1032. LOAN, DONATION, OR EXCHANGE OF OBSOLETE OR SURPLUS PROPERTY.

During fiscal years 2004 and 2005, the Secretary of the military department concerned may exchange for an historical artifact any obsolete or surplus property held by such military department in accordance with section 2572 of title 10, United States Code, without regard to whether the property is described in subsection (c) of such section.
SEC. 1033. ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND DONATIONS.

(a) AUTHORIZED SOURCES OF GIFTS AND DONATIONS.—Subsection (a) of section 2611 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “foreign gifts and donations” and inserting “gifts and donations from sources described in paragraph (2)”;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) The sources from which gifts and donations may be accepted under paragraph (1) are as follows:

“(A) A department or agency of the Federal Government.

“(B) The government of a State or of a political subdivision of a State.

“(C) The government of a foreign country.

“(D) A foundation or other charitable organization, including a foundation or charitable organization that is organized or operates under the laws of a foreign country.

“(E) Any source in the private sector of the United States or a foreign country.”.
(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The headings for subsections (a) and (f) of such section are amended by striking “FOREIGN”.

(2) Subsection (c) is amended by striking “foreign”.

(3) Subsection (f) is amended—

(A) by striking “foreign”; and

(B) by striking “faculty services)” and all that follows and inserting “faculty services).”.

(4)(A) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

“§2611. Asia-Pacific Center for Security Studies: acceptance of gifts and donations”.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 155 is amended to read as follows:

“2611. Asia-Pacific Center for Security Studies: acceptance of gifts and donations.”

(c) ACCEPTANCE OF GUARANTEES WITH GIFTS IN DEVELOPMENT OF MARINE CORPS HERITAGE CENTER, MARINE CORPS BASE, QUANTICO, VIRGINIA.—(1) The Secretary of the Navy may utilize the authority in section 6975 of title 10, United States Code, for purposes of the project to develop the Marine Corps Heritage Center at Marine Corps Base, Quantico, Virginia, authorized by section 2884 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (division B of the Floyd D. Spence
as enacted into law by Public Law 106–398; 114 Stat.
1654A–440).
(2) The authority in paragraph (1) shall expire on
December 31, 2006.
(3) The expiration under paragraph (2) of the au-
thority in paragraph (1) shall not effect any qualified
guarantee accepted pursuant to such authority for pur-
poses of the project referred to in paragraph (1) before
the date of the expiration of such authority under para-
graph (2).
SEC. 1034. PROVISION OF LIVING QUARTERS FOR CERTAIN
STUDENTS WORKING AT NATIONAL SECU-
RITY AGENCY LABORATORY.
Section 2195 of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:
“(d)(1) The Director of the National Security Agency
may provide living quarters to a student in the Student
Educational Employment Program or similar program (as
prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management) while
the student is employed at the laboratory of the Agency.
“(2) Notwithstanding section 5911(e) of title 5, living
quarters may be provided under paragraph (1) without
charge, or at rates or charges specified in regulations pre-
scribed by the Director.”.

SEC. 1035. PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL FILES OF THE
NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY.

(a) Consolidation of Current Provisions on
Protection of Operational Files.—The National Se-
curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended
by transferring sections 105C and 105D to the end of title
VII and redesignating such sections, as so transferred, as
sections 703 and 704, respectively.

(b) Protection of Operational Files of
NSA.—Title VII of such Act, as amended by subsection
(a), is further amended by adding at the end the following
new section:

“OPERATIONAL FILES OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY
AGENCY

“Sec. 705. (a) Exemption of Certain Oper-
ational Files From Search, Review, Publication,
or Disclosure.—(1) Operational files of the National
Security Agency (hereafter in this section referred to as
‘NSA’) may be exempted by the Director of NSA, in co-
modation with the Director of Central Intelligence, from
the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States
Code, which require publication, disclosure, search, or re-
view in connection therewith.

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“(2)(A) In this section, the term ‘operational files’ means—

“(i) files of the Signals Intelligence Directorate, and its successor organizations, which document the means by which foreign intelligence or counterintelligence is collected through technical systems; and

“(ii) files of the Research Associate Directorate, and its successor organizations, which document the means by which foreign intelligence or counterintelligence is collected through scientific and technical systems.

“(B) Files which are the sole repository of disseminated intelligence, and files that have been accessioned into NSA Archives, or its successor organizations, are not operational files.

“(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), exempted operational files shall continue to be subject to search and review for information concerning—

“(A) United States citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence who have requested information on themselves pursuant to the provisions of section 552 or 552a of title 5, United States Code;
“(B) any special activity the existence of which is not exempt from disclosure under the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code; or

“(C) the specific subject matter of an investigation by any of the following for any impropriety, or violation of law, Executive order, or Presidential directive, in the conduct of an intelligence activity:

“(i) The Committee on Armed Services and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

“(ii) The Committee on Armed Services and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.

“(iii) The Intelligence Oversight Board.

“(iv) The Department of Justice.

“(v) The Office of General Counsel of NSA.


“(vii) The Office of the Director of NSA.

“(4)(A) Files that are not exempted under paragraph (1) which contain information derived or disseminated from exempted operational files shall be subject to search and review.
“(B) The inclusion of information from exempted operational files in files that are not exempted under paragraph (1) shall not affect the exemption under paragraph (1) of the originating operational files from search, review, publication, or disclosure.

“(C) The declassification of some of the information contained in exempted operational files shall not affect the status of the operational file as being exempt from search, review, publication, or disclosure.

“(D) Records from exempted operational files which have been disseminated to and referenced in files that are not exempted under paragraph (1), and which have been returned to exempted operational files for sole retention shall be subject to search and review.

“(5) The provisions of paragraph (1) may not be superseded except by a provision of law which is enacted after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004, and which specifically cites and repeals or modifies such provisions.

“(6)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), whenever any person who has requested agency records under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, alleges that NSA has withheld records improperly because of failure to comply with any provision of this section, judicial
review shall be available under the terms set forth in section 552(a)(4)(B) of title 5, United States Code.

“(B) Judicial review shall not be available in the manner provided for under subparagraph (A) as follows:

“(i) In any case in which information specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interests of national defense or foreign relations is filed with, or produced for, the court by NSA, such information shall be examined ex parte, in camera by the court.

“(ii) The court shall determine, to the fullest extent practicable, the issues of fact based on sworn written submissions of the parties.

“(iii) When a complainant alleges that requested records are improperly withheld because of improper placement solely in exempted operational files, the complainant shall support such allegation with a sworn written submission based upon personal knowledge or otherwise admissible evidence.

“(iv)(I) When a complainant alleges that requested records were improperly withheld because of improper exemption of operational files, NSA shall meet its burden under section 552(a)(4)(B) of title 5, United States Code, by demonstrating to the court by sworn written submission that exempted
operational files likely to contain responsible records
currently perform the functions set forth in para-

"(II) The court may not order NSA to review
the content of any exempted operational file or files
in order to make the demonstration required under
subclause (I), unless the complainant disputes
NSA’s showing with a sworn written submission
based on personal knowledge or otherwise admissible
evidence.

"(v) In proceedings under clauses (iii) and (iv),
the parties may not obtain discovery pursuant to
rules 26 through 36 of the Federal Rules of Civil
Procedure, except that requests for admissions may
be made pursuant to rules 26 and 36.

"(vi) If the court finds under this paragraph
that NSA has improperly withheld requested records
because of failure to comply with any provision of
this subsection, the court shall order NSA to search
and review the appropriate exempted operational file
or files for the requested records and make such
records, or portions thereof, available in accordance
with the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United
States Code, and such order shall be the exclusive
remedy for failure to comply with this subsection.
“(vii) If at any time following the filing of a complaint pursuant to this paragraph NSA agrees to search the appropriate exempted operational file or files for the requested records, the court shall dismiss the claim based upon such complaint.

“(viii) Any information filed with, or produced for the court pursuant to clauses (i) and (iv) shall be coordinated with the Director of Central Intelligence before submission to the court.

“(b) DECENNIAL REVIEW OF EXEMPTED OPERATIONAL FILES.—(1) Not less than once every 10 years, the Director of the National Security Agency and the Director of Central Intelligence shall review the exemptions in force under subsection (a)(1) to determine whether such exemptions may be removed from a category of exempted files or any portion thereof. The Director of Central Intelligence must approve any determination to remove such exemptions.

“(2) The review required by paragraph (1) shall include consideration of the historical value or other public interest in the subject matter of a particular category of files or portions thereof and the potential for declassifying a significant part of the information contained therein.

“(3) A complainant that alleges that NSA has improperly withheld records because of failure to comply with
this subsection may seek judicial review in the district
court of the United States of the district in which any
of the parties reside, or in the District of Columbia. In
such a proceeding, the court’s review shall be limited to
determining the following:

“(A) Whether NSA has conducted the review
required by paragraph (1) before the expiration of
the 10-year period beginning on the date of the en-
actment of the National Defense Authorization Act
for Fiscal Year 2004 or before the expiration of the
10-year period beginning on the date of the most re-
cent review.

“(B) Whether NSA, in fact, considered the cri-
teria set forth in paragraph (2) in conducting the re-
quired review.”.

(e) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 701(b)
of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 431(b))
is amended by striking “For purposes of this title” and
inserting “In this section and section 702, ”.

(2) Section 702(c) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 432(c))
is amended by striking “enactment of this title” and in-
serting “October 15, 1984,”.

(3)(A) The title heading for title VII of such Act is
amended to read as follows:
“TITLE VII—PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL FILES”.

(B) The section heading for section 701 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL FILES OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY”.

(C) The section heading for section 702 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“DECENNIAL REVIEW OF EXEMPTED CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY OPERATIONAL FILES”.

(d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents for the National Security Act of 1947 is amended—

(1) by striking the items relating to sections 105C and 105D; and

(2) by striking the items relating to title VII and inserting the following new items:

“TITLE VII—PROTECTION OF OPERATIONAL FILES

“Sec. 701. Protection of operational files of the Central Intelligence Agency.
“Sec. 702. Decennial review of exempted Central Intelligence Agency operational files.
“Sec. 703. Protection of operational files of the National Imagery and Mapping Agency.
“Sec. 704. Protection of operational files of the National Reconnaissance Office.
“Sec. 705. Protection of operational files of the National Security Agency.”.
SEC. 1036. TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY EDUCATION PROGRAM TO DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE.


(1) in subsection (a), by striking “Secretary of Defense” and inserting “Director of Central Intelligence”; and

(2) by striking “Secretary” each place it appears (other than in subsection (h)) and inserting “Director”.

(b) Awards to Attend Foreign Language Center.—Section 802(h) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1902(h)) is amended by inserting “of Defense” after “Secretary” each place it appears.

(c) National Security Education Board.—(1) Section 803 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1903) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “Secretary of Defense” and inserting “Director”;

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “Secretary of Defense” and inserting “Director”;

(ii) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (7) as paragraphs (3) through (8), respectively; and
(iii) by inserting after paragraph (1), as so amended, the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) The Secretary of Defense.”;

(C) in subsection (e), by striking “subsection (b)(6)” and inserting “subsection (b)(8)”; and

(D) in subsection (d), by striking “Secretary” each place it appears and inserting “Director”.

(2) Section 806(d) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1906(d)) is amended by striking “paragraphs (1) through (7)” and inserting “paragraphs (2) through (8)”.

(d) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—Section 805 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1905) is amended by striking “Secretary” each place it appears and inserting “Director”.

(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 806 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1906) is amended by striking “Secretary” each place it appears and inserting “Director”.

(f) AUDITS.—Section 807 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1907) is amended by striking “Department of Defense” and inserting “Central Intelligence Agency”.

(g) DEFINITION.—Section 808 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1908) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (4) as paragraphs (2) through (5), respectively; and

(2) by inserting before paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (1):
“(1) The term ‘Director’ means the Director of Central Intelligence.”.

(h) MATTERS RELATING TO NATIONAL FLAGSHIP LANGUAGE INITIATIVE.—(1) Effective as if included therein as enacted by section 333(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–306; 116 Stat. 2396), section 802(i)(1) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 is amended by striking “Secretary” and inserting “Director”.

(2) Effective as if included therein as enacted by section 333(b) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (116 Stat. 2397), section 811(a) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 is amended by striking “Secretary” each place it appears and inserting “Director”.

(i) EFFECT OF TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATION ON SERVICE AGREEMENTS.—(1) The transfer to the Director of Central Intelligence of the administration of the National Security Education Program as a result of the amendments made by this section shall not affect the force, validity, or terms of any service agreement entered into under section 802(b) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (title VIII of Public Law 102–183; 50 U.S.C. 1902(b)) before the date of the enactment of this Act that is in force as of that date, except
that the Director shall administer such service agreement in lieu of the Secretary of Defense.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Director of Central Intelligence may, for purposes of the implementation of any service agreement referred to in paragraph (1), adopt regulations for the implementation of such service agreement that were prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(j) REPEAL OF SATISFIED REQUIREMENTS.—Section 802(g) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (title VIII of Public Law 102–183; 50 U.S.C. 1902(g)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “(1)”; and

(B) by striking the second sentence; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2).

(k) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (5)(A) of section 808 of such Act, as redesignated by subsection (g)(1) of this section, is further amended by striking “a agency” and inserting “an agency”.

† S 1047 ES
SEC. 1037. REPORT ON USE OF UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES FOR SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 2004, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the potential uses of unmanned aerial vehicles for support of the performance of homeland security missions.

(b) CONTENT.—The report shall, at a minimum, include the following matters:

(1) An assessment of the potential for using unmanned aerial vehicles for monitoring activities in remote areas along the northern and southern borders of the United States.

(2) An assessment of the potential for using long-endurance, land-based unmanned aerial vehicles for supporting the Coast Guard in the performance of its homeland security missions, drug interdiction missions, and other maritime missions along the approximately 95,000 miles of inland waterways in the United States.

(3) An assessment of the potential for using unmanned aerial vehicles for monitoring the safety and integrity of critical infrastructure within the territory of the United States, including the following:

(A) Oil and gas pipelines.
(B) Dams.

(C) Hydroelectric power plants.

(D) Nuclear power plants.

(E) Drinking water utilities.

(F) Long-distance power transmission lines.

(4) An assessment of the potential for using unmanned aerial vehicles for monitoring the transportation of hazardous cargo.

(5) A discussion of the safety issues involved in—

(A) the use of unmanned aerial vehicles by agencies other than the Department of Defense; and

(B) the operation of unmanned aerial vehicles over populated areas of the United States.

(6) A discussion of—

(A) the effects on privacy and civil liberties that could result from the monitoring uses of unmanned aerial vehicles operated over the territory of the United States; and

(B) any restrictions on the domestic use of unmanned aerial vehicles that should be imposed, or any other actions that should be taken, to prevent any adverse effect of such a
use of unmanned aerial vehicles on privacy or
civil liberties.

(7) A discussion of what, if any, legislation and
organizational changes may be necessary to accom-
modate the use of unmanned aerial vehicles of the
Department of Defense in support of the perform-
ance of homeland security missions, including any
amendment of section 1385 of title 18, United
States Code (popularly referred to as the “Posse
Comitatus Act”).

(8) An evaluation of the capabilities of manu-
facturers of unmanned aerial vehicles to produce
such vehicles at higher rates if necessary to meet
any increased requirements for homeland security
and homeland defense missions.

(e) REFERRAL TO COMMITTEES.—The report under
subsection (a) shall be referred—

(1) upon receipt in the Senate, to the Com-
mittee on Armed Services of the Senate; and

(2) upon receipt in the House of Representa-
tives, to the Committee on Armed Services of the
House of Representatives.
SEC. 1038. CONVEYANCE OF SURPLUS T–37 AIRCRAFT TO AIR FORCE AVIATION HERITAGE FOUNDATION, INCORPORATED.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Air Force may convey, without consideration, to the Air Force Aviation Heritage Foundation, Incorporated, of Georgia (in this section referred to as the “Foundation”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to one surplus T–37 “Tweet” aircraft. The conveyance shall be made by means of a conditional deed of gift.

(b) CONDITION OF AIRCRAFT.—The Secretary may not convey ownership of the aircraft under subsection (a) until the Secretary determines that the Foundation has altered the aircraft in such manner as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure that the aircraft does not have any capability for use as a platform for launching or releasing munitions or any other combat capability that it was designed to have. The Secretary is not required to repair or alter the condition of the aircraft before conveying ownership of the aircraft.

(c) CONDITIONS FOR CONVEYANCE.—(1) The conveyance of a T–37 aircraft under this section shall be subject to the following conditions:

   (A) That the Foundation not convey any ownership interest in, or transfer possession of, the air-
craft to any other party without the prior approval of the Secretary of the Air Force.

(B) That the operation and maintenance of the aircraft comply with all applicable limitations and maintenance requirements imposed by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

(C) That if the Secretary of the Air Force determines at any time that the Foundation has conveyed an ownership interest in, or transferred possession of, the aircraft to any other party without the prior approval of the Secretary, or has failed to comply with the condition set forth in subparagraph (B), all right, title, and interest in and to the aircraft, including any repair or alteration of the aircraft, shall revert to the United States, and the United States shall have the right of immediate possession of the aircraft.

(2) The Secretary shall include the conditions under paragraph (1) in the instrument of conveyance of the T–37 aircraft.

(d) CONVEYANCE AT NO COST TO THE UNITED STATES.—Any conveyance of a T–37 aircraft under this section shall be made at no cost to the United States. Any costs associated with such conveyance, costs of determining compliance by the Foundation with the conditions
in subsection (b), and costs of operation and maintenance of the aircraft conveyed shall be borne by the Foundation.

(c) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary of the Air Force may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

(f) CLARIFICATION OF LIABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon the conveyance of ownership of a T–37 aircraft to the Foundation under subsection (a), the United States shall not be liable for any death, injury, loss, or damage that results from any use of that aircraft by any person other than the United States.

SEC. 1039. SENSE OF SENATE ON REWARD FOR INFORMATION LEADING TO RESOLUTION OF STATUS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WHO REMAIN MISSING IN ACTION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) The Department of Defense estimates that there are more than 10,000 members of the Armed Forces and others who as a result of activities during the Korean War or the Vietnam War were placed in a missing status or a prisoner of war sta-
tus, or who were determined to have been killed in action although the body was not recovered, and who remain unaccounted for.

(2) One member of the Armed Forces, Navy Captain Michael Scott Speicher, remains missing in action from the first Persian Gulf War, and there have been credible reports of him being seen alive in Iraq in the years since his plane was shot down on January 16, 1991.

(3) The United States should always pursue every lead and leave no stone unturned to completely account for the fate of its missing members of the Armed Forces.

(4) The Secretary of Defense has the authority to disburse funds as a reward to individuals who provide information leading to the conclusive resolution of cases of missing members of the Armed Forces.

(b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate—

(1) that the Secretary of Defense should use the authority available to the Secretary to disburse funds rewarding individuals who provide information leading to the conclusive resolution of the status of any missing member of the Armed Forces; and
(2) to encourage the Secretary to authorize and
publicize a reward of $1,000,000 for information re-
solving the fate of those members of the Armed
Forces, such as Michael Scott Speicher, who the
Secretary has reason to believe may yet be alive in
captivity.

SEC. 1040. ADVANCED SHIPBUILDING ENTERPRISE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
ings:

(1) The President’s budget for fiscal year 2004,
as submitted to Congress, includes $10,300,000 for
the Advanced Shipbuilding Enterprise of the Na-
tional Shipbuilding Research Program.

(2) The Advanced Shipbuilding Enterprise is an
innovative program to encourage greater efficiency
among shipyards in the defense industrial base.

(3) The leaders of the Nation’s shipbuilding in-
dustry have embraced the Advanced Shipbuilding
Enterprise as a method of exploring and collabor-
ating on innovation in shipbuilding and ship repair
that collectively benefits all manufacturers in the in-
dustry.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the
Senate that—
(1) the Senate strongly supports the innovative Advanced Shipbuilding Enterprise of the National Shipbuilding Research Program that has yielded new processes and techniques to reduce the cost of building and repairing ships in the United States;

(2) the Senate is concerned that the future-years defense program submitted to Congress for fiscal year 2004 does not reflect any funding for the Advanced Shipbuilding Enterprise after fiscal year 2004; and

(3) the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Navy should continue funding the Advanced Shipbuilding Enterprise at a sustaining level through the future-years defense program to support subsequent rounds of research that reduce the cost of designing, building, and repairing ships.

SEC. 1041. AIR FARES FOR MEMBERS OF ARMED FORCES.

It is the sense of the Senate that each United States air carrier should—

(1) make every effort to allow active duty members of the armed forces to purchase tickets, on a space-available basis, for the lowest fares offered for the flights desired, without regard to advance purchase requirements and other restrictions; and
(2) offer flexible terms that allow members of the armed forces on active duty to purchase, modify, or cancel tickets without time restrictions, fees, or penalties.

SEC. 1042. SENSE OF SENATE ON DEPLOYMENT OF AIRBORNE CHEMICAL AGENT MONITORING SYSTEMS AT CHEMICAL STOCKPILE DISPOSAL SITES IN THE UNITED STATES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) Millions of assembled chemical weapons are stockpiled at chemical agent disposal facilities and depot sites across the United States.

(2) Some of these weapons are filled with nerve agents, such as GB and VX and blister agents such as HD (mustard agent).

(3) Hundreds of thousands of United States citizens live in the vicinity of these chemical weapons stockpile sites and depots.

(4) The airborne chemical agent monitoring systems at these sites are inefficient or outdated compared to newer and advanced technologies on the market.

(b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of the Army should develop and deploy
a program to upgrade the airborne chemical agent moni-
toring systems at all chemical stockpile disposal sites
across the United States in order to achieve the broadest
possible protection of the general public, personnel in-
volved in the chemical demilitarization program, and the
environment.

SEC. 1043. FEDERAL ASSISTANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS
UNDER THE NATIONAL GUARD CHALLENGE
PROGRAM.

(a) Maximum Federal Share.—Section 509(d) of
title 32, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking paragraphs (1), (2), and (3);

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-

graph (1);

(3) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated, by

striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

and

(4) by adding at the end the following new

paragraph (2);

“(2) for fiscal year 2004 (notwithstanding para-

graph (1)), 65 percent of the costs of operating the

State program during that year.”.

(b) Study.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall
carry out a study to evaluate (A) the adequacy of the re-

requirement under section 509(d) of title 32, United States
Code, for the United States to fund 60 percent of the costs of operating a State program of the National Guard Challenge Program and the State to fund 40 percent of such costs, and (B) the value of the Challenge program to the Department of Defense.

(2) In carrying out the study under paragraph (1), the Secretary should identify potential alternatives to the matching funds structure provided for the National Guard Challenge Program under section 509(d) of title 32, United States Code, such as a range of Federal-State matching ratios, that would provide flexibility in the management of the program to better respond to temporary fiscal conditions.

(3) The Secretary shall include the results of the study, including findings, conclusions, and recommendations, in the next annual report to Congress under section 509(k) of title 32, United States Code, that is submitted to Congress after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) Amount for Federal Assistance.—(1) The amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(10) is hereby increased by $3,000,000.

(2) Of the total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(10), $68,216,000 shall be available for the National Guard Challenge Program under section 509 of title 32, United States Code.
(3) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(4) is hereby reduced by $3,000,000.

SEC. 1044. SENSE OF SENATE ON RECONSIDERATION OF DECISION TO TERMINATE BORDER SEAPORT INSPECTION DUTIES OF NATIONAL GUARD UNDER NATIONAL GUARD DRUG INTERDICATION AND COUNTER-DRUG MISSION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) The counter-drug inspection mission of the National Guard is highly important to preventing the infiltration of illegal narcotics across United States borders.

(2) The expertise of members of the National Guard in vehicle inspections at United States borders have made invaluable contributions to the identification and seizure of illegal narcotics being smuggled across United States borders.

(3) The support provided by the National Guard to the Customs Service and the Border Patrol has greatly enhanced the capability of the Customs Service and the Border Patrol to perform counter-terrorism surveillance and other border protection duties.
(b) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of Defense should reconsider the decision of the Department of Defense to terminate the border inspection and seaport inspection duties of the National Guard as part of the drug interdiction and counter-drug mission of the National Guard.

Title XI—Department of Defense Civilian Personnel Policy

Sec. 1101. Authority to Employ Civilian Faculty Members at the Western Hemisphere Institute for Security Cooperation.

Section 1595(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(6) The Western Hemisphere Institute for Security Cooperation.”.

Sec. 1102. Pay Authority for Critical Positions.

(a) Authority.—Chapter 81 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§1599e. Pay authority for critical positions

“(a) Authority Generally.—(1) When the Secretary of Defense seeks a grant of authority under section 5377 of title 5 for critical pay for one or more positions
within the Department of Defense, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget may fix the rate of basic pay, notwithstanding sections 5377(d)(2) and 5307 of such title, at any rate up to the salary set in accordance with section 104 of title 3.

“(2) Notwithstanding section 5307 of title 5, no allowance, differential, bonus, award, or similar cash payment may be paid to any employee receiving critical pay at a rate fixed under paragraph (1), in any calendar year if, or to the extent that, the employee’s total annual compensation will exceed the maximum amount of total annual compensation payable at the salary set in accordance with section 104 of title 3.

“(b) Temporary Streamlined Critical Pay Authority.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may establish, fix the compensation of, and appoint persons to positions designated as critical administrative, technical, or professional positions needed to carry out the functions of the Department of Defense, subject to paragraph (2).

“(2) The authority under paragraph (1) may be exercised with respect to a position only if—

“(A) the position—

“(i) requires expertise of an extremely high level in an administrative, technical, or professional field; and
“(ii) is critical to the successful accomplishment of an important mission by the Department of Defense;

“(B) the exercise of the authority is necessary to recruit or retain a person exceptionally well qualified for the position;

“(C) the number of all positions covered by the exercise of the authority does not exceed 40 at any one time;

“(D) in the case of a position designated as a critical administrative, technical, or professional position by an official other than the Secretary of Defense, the designation is approved by the Secretary;

“(E) the term of appointment to the position is limited to not more than four years;

“(F) the appointee to the position was not a Department of Defense employee before the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004;

“(G) the total annual compensation for the appointee to the position does not exceed the highest total annual compensation payable at the rate determined under section 104 of title 3; and

“(H) the position is excluded from collective bargaining units.
“(3) The authority under this subsection may be exercised without regard to—

“(A) subsection (a);

“(B) the provisions of title 5 governing appointments in the competitive service or the Senior Executive Service; and

“(C) chapters 51 and 53 of title 5, relating to classification and pay rates.

“(4) The authority under this subsection may not be exercised after the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004.

“(5) For so long as a person continues to serve without a break in service in a position to which appointed under this subsection, the expiration of authority under this subsection does not terminate the position, terminate the person’s appointment in the position before the end of the term for which appointed under this subsection, or affect the compensation fixed for the person’s service in the position under this subsection during such term of appointment.

“(6) Subchapter II of chapter 75 of title 5 does not apply to an employee during a term of service in a critical administrative, technical, or professional position to which the employee is appointed under this subsection.”.

† § 1047 ES
(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“1599e. Pay authority for critical positions.”.

SEC. 1103. EXTENSION, EXPANSION, AND REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR EXPERIMENTAL PERSONNEL PROGRAM FOR SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL.


(b) Increased Limitation on Number of Appointments.—Subsection (b)(1)(A) of such section is amended by striking “40” and inserting “50”.

(c) Commensurate Extension of Requirement for Annual Report.—Subsection (g) of such section is amended by striking “2006” and inserting “2009”.

SEC. 1104. TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL INVESTIGATIVE FUNCTIONS AND RELATED PERSONNEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) Transfer of Functions.—(1) With the consent of the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, the Secretary of Defense may transfer to the Office of Personnel Management such functions relating to the investigative activities of the Department of Defense as the Secretary, in consultation with the Director of Personnel Management, determines are necessary to carry out the functions transferred.
of Personnel Management the personnel security investiga-
tions functions that, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, are performed by the Defense Security Service of the Department of Defense.

(2) The Director of the Office of Personnel Manage-
ment may accept a transfer of functions under paragraph (1).

(3) Any transfer of a function under this subsection is a transfer of function within the meaning of section 3503 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL.—(1) If the Director of the Office of Personnel Management accepts a transfer of functions under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall also transfer to the Office of Personnel Management, and the Director shall accept—

(A) the Defense Security Service employees who perform those functions immediately before the transfer of functions; and

(B) the Defense Security Service employees who, as of such time, are first level supervisors of employees transferred under subparagraph (A).

(2) The Secretary may also transfer to the Office of Personnel Management any Defense Security Service employees (including higher level supervisors) who provide support services for the performance of the functions
transferred under subsection (a) or for the personnel (including supervisors) transferred under paragraph (1) if the Director—

(A) determines that the transfer of such additional employees and the positions of such employees to the Office of Personnel Management is necessary in the interest of effective performance of the transferred functions; and

(B) accepts the transfer of the additional employees.

(3) In the case of an employee transferred to the Office of Personnel Management under paragraph (1) or (2), whether a full-time or part-time employee—

(A) subsections (b) and (c) of section 5362 of title 5, United States Code, relating to grade retention, shall apply to the employee, except that—

(i) the grade retention period shall be the one-year period beginning on the date of the transfer; and

(ii) paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of such subsection (c) shall not apply to the employee; and

(B) the employee may not be separated, other than pursuant to chapter 75 of title 5, United States Code, during such one-year period.
(c) ACTIONS AFTER TRANSFER.—(1) Not later than one year after a transfer of functions to the Office of Personnel Management under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall review all functions performed by personnel of the Defense Security Service at the time of the transfer and make a written determination regarding whether each such function is inherently governmental or is otherwise inappropriate for performance by contractor personnel.

(2) A function performed by Defense Security Service employees as of the date of the enactment of this Act may not be converted to contractor performance by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management until—

(A) the Secretary of Defense reviews the function in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (1) and makes a written determination that the function is not inherently governmental and is not otherwise inappropriate for contractor performance; and

(B) the Director conducts a public-private competition regarding the performance of that function in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A–76.
TITLE XII—MATTERS RELATING TO OTHER NATIONS

SEC. 1201. AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF ATTENDANCE OF FOREIGN VISITORS UNDER REGIONAL DEFENSE COUNTERTERRORISM FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

(a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS.—(1) Subchapter I of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§2249c. Authority to use appropriated funds for costs of attendance of foreign visitors under Regional Defense Counterterrorism Fellowship Program

“(a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, funds appropriated to the Department of Defense may be used to pay any costs associated with the attendance of foreign military officers, ministry of defense officials, or security officials at United States military educational institutions, regional centers, conferences, seminars, or other training programs conducted under the Regional Defense Counterterrorism Fellowship Program, including costs of transportation and travel and subsistence costs.
“(b) LIMITATION.—The total amount of funds used under the authority in subsection (a) in any fiscal year may not exceed $20,000,000.

“(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 1 of each year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the administration of this section during the fiscal year ended in such year. The report shall include the following matters:

“(1) A complete accounting of the expenditure of appropriated funds for purposes authorized under subsection (a), including—

“(A) the countries of the foreign officers and officials for whom costs were paid; and

“(B) for each such country, the total amount of the costs paid.

“(2) The training courses attended by the foreign officers and officials, including a specification of which, if any, courses were conducted in foreign countries.

“(3) An assessment of the effectiveness of the Regional Defense Counterterrorism Fellowship Program in increasing the cooperation of the governments of foreign countries with the United States in the global war on terrorism.
“(4) A discussion of any actions being taken to improve the program.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“2249c. Authority to use appropriated funds for costs of attendance of foreign visitors under Regional Defense Counterterrorism Fellowship Program.”.

(b) Notification of Congress.—Not later than December 1, 2003, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) promulgate the final regulations for carrying out section 2249c of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a); and

(2) notify the congressional defense committees of the promulgation of such regulations.

SEC. 1202. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS TO RECOGNIZE SUPERIOR NONCOMBAT ACHIEVEMENTS OR PERFORMANCE OF MEMBERS OF FRIENDLY FOREIGN FORCES AND OTHER FOREIGN NATIONALS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting the following new section:
§ 1051a. Bilateral or regional cooperation programs: availability of funds to recognize superior noncombat achievements or performance

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may expend amounts available to the Department of Defense or the military departments for operation and maintenance for the purpose of recognizing superior noncombat achievements or performance of members of friendly foreign forces, or other foreign nationals, that significantly enhance or support the national security strategy of the United States.

“(b) COVERED ACHIEVEMENTS OR PERFORMANCE.—The achievements or performance that may be recognized under subsection (a) include achievements or performance that—

“(1) play a crucial role in shaping the international security environment in a manner that protects and promotes the interests of the United States;

“(2) support or enhance the United States presence overseas or support or enhance United States peacetime engagement activities such as defense cooperation initiatives, security assistance training and programs, or training and exercises with the armed forces of the United States;
“(3) help deter aggression and coercion, build coalitions, or promote regional stability; or
“(4) serve as models for appropriate conduct for military forces in emerging democracies.
“(c) LIMITATION ON VALUE OF MEMENTOS.—The value of any memento procured or produced under subsection (a) may not exceed the minimal value in effect under section 7342(a)(5) of title 5.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1051 the following new item:

“1051a. Bilateral or regional cooperation programs: availability of funds to recognize superior noncombat achievements or performance.”.

SEC. 1203. CHECK CASHING AND EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS FOR FOREIGN PERSONNEL IN ALLIANCE OR COALITION FORCES.

Section 3342(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “or” at the end of paragraph (6);

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (7) and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(8) a member of the armed forces of a foreign nation who is participating in a combined operation, combined exercise, or combined humanitarian or peacekeeping mission that is carried out with armed forces of the United States pursuant to an alliance or coalition of the foreign nation with the United States if—

“(A) the senior commander of the armed forces of the United States participating in the operation, exercise, or mission has authorized the action under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a);

“(B) the government of the foreign nation has guaranteed payment for any deficiency resulting from such action; and

“(C) in the case of an action on a negotiable instrument, the negotiable instrument is drawn on a financial institution located in the United States or on a foreign branch of such an institution.”.

SEC. 1204. CLARIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE FOR INTERNATIONAL NONPROLIFERATION ACTIVITIES.

(a) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF ASSISTANCE IN FISCAL YEAR 2004.—The total amount of the assistance for
fiscal year 2004 that is provided by the Secretary of Defense under section 1505 of the Weapons of Mass Destruction Control Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5859a), including funds used for activities of the Department of Defense in support of the United Nations Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission, shall not exceed $15,000,000.

(b) Extension of Authority to Provide Assistance.—Subsection (f) of section 1505 of the Weapons of Mass Destruction Control Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5859a) is amended by striking “fiscal year 2003” and inserting “fiscal year 2004”.

c) References to United Nations Special Commission on Iraq.—Section 1505 of the Weapons of Mass Destruction Control Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5859a) is further amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(2), by striking “United Nations Special Commission on Iraq (or any successor organization)” and inserting “United Nations Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission”; and

(2) in subsection (d)(4)(A), by striking “United Nations Special Commission on Iraq (or any successor organization)” and inserting “United Nations Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission”.
SEC. 1205. REIMBURSABLE COSTS RELATING TO NATIONAL SECURITY CONTROLS ON SATELLITE EXPORT LICENSING.

(a) Direct Costs of Monitoring Foreign Launches of Satellites.—Section 1514(a)(1)(A) of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105–261; 22 U.S.C. 2778 note) is amended by striking “The costs of such monitoring services” in the second sentence and inserting the following: “The Department of Defense costs that are directly related to monitoring the launch, including transportation and per diem costs,”.

(b) GAO Study.—(1) The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of the Department of Defense costs of monitoring launches of satellites in a foreign country under section 1514 of Public Law 105–261.

(2) Not later than April 1, 2004, the Comptroller General shall submit a report on the study to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The report shall include the following:

(A) An assessment of the Department of Defense costs of monitoring the satellite launches described in paragraph (1).

(B) A review of the costs reimbursed to the Department of Defense by each person or entity receiving the satellite launch monitoring services, includ-
ing the extent to which indirect costs have been in-
cluded.

SEC. 1206. ANNUAL REPORT ON THE NATO PRAGUE CAPA-
BILITIES COMMITMENT AND THE NATO RE-
SPONSE FORCE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
ings:

(1) At the meeting of the North Atlantic Coun-
cil held in Prague in November 2002, the heads of
states and governments of the North Atlantic Treaty
Organization (NATO) launched a Prague Capabili-
ties Commitment and decided to create a NATO Re-
spose Force.

(2) The Prague Capabilities Commitment is
part of the continuing NATO effort to improve and
develop new military capabilities for modern warfare
in a high-threat environment. As part of this com-
mitment, individual NATO allies have made firm
and specific political commitments to improve their
capabilities in the areas of—

(A) chemical, biological, radiological, and
 nuclear defense;

(B) intelligence, surveillance, and target
 acquisition;

(C) air-to-ground surveillance;
(D) command, control, and communications;

(E) combat effectiveness, including precision guided munitions and suppression of enemy air defenses;

(F) strategic air and sea lift;

(G) air-to-air refueling; and

(H) deployable combat support and combat service support units.

(3) The NATO Response Force is envisioned to be a technologically advanced, flexible, deployable, interoperable, and sustainable force that includes land, sea, and air elements ready to move quickly to wherever needed, as determined by the North Atlantic Council. The NATO Response Force is also intended to be a catalyst for focusing and promoting improvements in NATO’s military capabilities. It is expected to have initial operational capability by October 2004, and full operational capability by October 2006.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—(1) Not later than January 31 of each year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and International Relations of the House of Representa-
atives a report, to be prepared in consultation with the Secretary of State, on implementation of the Prague Capabilities Commitment and development of the NATO Response Force by the member nations of NATO. The report shall include the following matters:

(A) A description of the actions taken by NATO as a whole and by each member nation of NATO other than the United States to further the Prague Capabilities Commitment, including any actions taken to improve capability shortfalls in the areas identified for improvement.

(B) A description of the actions taken by NATO as a whole and by each member nation of NATO, including the United States, to create the NATO Response Force.

(C) A discussion of the relationship between NATO's efforts to improve capabilities through the Prague Capabilities Commitment and those of the European Union to enhance European capabilities through the European Capabilities Action Plan, including the extent to which they are mutually reinforcing.

(D) A discussion of NATO decisionmaking on the implementation of the Prague Capabilities Com-
mitment and the development of the NATO Response Force, including—

(i) an assessment of whether the Prague Capabilities Commitment and the NATO Response Force are the sole jurisdiction of the Defense Planning Committee, the North Atlantic Council, or the Military Committee;

(ii) a description of the circumstances which led to the defense, military, security, and nuclear decisions of NATO on matters such as the Prague Capabilities Commitment and the NATO Response Force being made in bodies other than the Defense Planning Committee;

(iii) a description of the extent to which any member that does not participate in the integrated military structure of NATO contributes to each of the component committees of NATO, including any and all committees relevant to the Prague Capabilities Commitment and the NATO Response Force;

(iv) a description of the extent to which any member that does not participate in the integrated military structure of NATO participates in deliberations and decisions of NATO on resource policy, contribution ceilings, infra-
structure, force structure, modernization, threat assessments, training, exercises, deployments, and other issues related to the Prague Capabilities Commitment or the NATO Response Force;

(v) a description and assessment of the impediments, if any, that would preclude or limit NATO from conducting deliberations and making decisions on matters such as the Prague Capabilities Commitment or the NATO Response Force solely in the Defense Planning Committee;

(vi) the recommendations of the Secretary of Defense on streamlining defense, military, and security decisionmaking within NATO relating to the Prague Capabilities Commitment, and NATO Response Force, and other matters, including an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of the greater utilization of the Defense Planning Committee for such purposes; and

(vii) if a report under this subparagraph is a report other than the first report under this subparagraph, the information submitted in such report under any of clauses (i) through
(vi) may consist solely of an update of any in-
formation previously submitted under the appli-
cable clause in a preceding report under this
paragraph.

(2) The report shall be submitted in unclassified
form, but may also be submitted in classified form if nec-
essary.

SEC. 1207. EXPANSION AND EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO
PROVIDE ADDITIONAL SUPPORT FOR
COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES.

(a) General Extension of Authority.—Section
1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
Year 1998 (Public Law 105–85; 111 Stat. 1881), as
amended by section 1021 of the Floyd D. Spence National
Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as en-
acted into law by Public Law 106–398; 114 Stat. 1654A–
255), is further amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by inserting after “subsection (f),” the
following: “during fiscal years 1998 through
2006 in the case of the foreign governments
named in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection
(b), and fiscal years 2004 through 2006 in the
case of the foreign governments named in para-
graphs (3) through (9) of subsection (b),”; and
(B) by striking “either or both” and inserting “any”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “, for fiscal years 1998 through 2002”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “, for fiscal years 1998 through 2006”.

(b) ADDITIONAL GOVERNMENTS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE SUPPORT.—Subsection (b) of such section 1033 is further amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:


“(9) The Government of Uzbekistan.”.

(c) TYPES OF SUPPORT.—Subsection (c) of such section 1033 is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “riverine”; and

(2) in paragraph (3), by inserting “or upgrade” after “maintenance and repair”.
(d) MAXIMUM ANNUAL AMOUNT OF SUPPORT.—Sub-
section (e)(2) of such section 1033, as amended by such 
section 1021, is further amended by striking 
“$20,000,000 during any of the fiscal years 1999 through 
2006” and inserting “$20,000,000 during any of fiscal 
years 1999 through 2003, or $40,000,000 during any of 
fiscal years 2004 through 2006”.

(e) COUNTER-DRUG PLAN.—(1) Subsection (h) of 
such section 1033 is amended—

(A) in the subsection caption, by striking 
“Riverine”; 

(B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(i) by inserting “in the case of the govern-
ments named in paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-
section (b) and for fiscal year 2004 in the case 
of the governments named in paragraphs (3) 
through (9) of subsection (b)”; and 

(ii) by striking “riverine”; and 

(C) by striking “riverine” each place it appears 
in paragraphs (2), (7), (8), and (9).

(2) Subsection (f)(2)(A) of such section 1033 is 
amended by striking “riverine”.

(f) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The heading for such 
section 1033 is amended by striking “PERU AND CO-
LUMBIA” and inserting “OTHER COUNTRIES”.

† S 1047 ES
SEC. 1208. USE OF FUNDS FOR UNIFIED COUNTERDRUG AND COUNTERTERRORISM CAMPAIGN IN COLOMBIA.

(a) Authority.—(1) In fiscal years 2004 and 2005, the Secretary of Defense may use funds available for assistance to the Government of Colombia to support a unified campaign against narcotics trafficking and against activities by organizations designated as terrorist organizations such as the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC), the National Liberation Army (ELN), and the United Self-Defense Forces of Colombia (AUC).

(2) The authority to provide assistance for a campaign under this subsection includes authority to take actions to protect human health and welfare in emergency circumstances, including the undertaking of rescue operations.

(b) Applicability of Certain Laws and Limitations.—The use of funds pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) shall be subject to the following:


(c) LIMITATION ON PARTICIPATION OF UNITED STATES PERSONNEL.—No United States Armed Forces personnel or United States civilian contractor personnel employed by the United States may participate in any combat operation in connection with assistance using funds pursuant to the authority in subsection (a), except for the purpose of acting in self defense or of rescuing any United States citizen (including any United States Armed Forces personnel, United States civilian employee, or civilian contractor employed by the United States).

(d) CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER AUTHORITY.—The authority in subsection (a) to use funds to provide assistance to the Government of Colombia is in addition to any other authority in law to provide assistance to the Government of Colombia.

SEC. 1209. COMPETITIVE AWARD OF CONTRACTS FOR IRAQI RECONSTRUCTION.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Department of Defense shall fully comply with the Competition in Contracting Act (10 U.S.C. 2304 et seq.) for any contract awarded for re-
construction activities in Iraq and shall conduct a full and 
open competition for performing work needed for the re-
construction of the Iraqi oil industry.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—If the Department of 
Defense does not have a fully competitive contract in place 
to replace the March 8, 2003 contract for the reconstruc-
tion of the Iraqi oil industry by August 31, 2003, the Sec-
retary of Defense shall submit a report to Congress by 
September 30, 2003, detailing the reasons for allowing 
this sole-source contract to continue. A follow-up report 
shall be submitted to Congress each 60 days thereafter 
until a competitive contract is in place.

TITLE XIII—COOPERATIVE 
THREAT REDUCTION WITH 
STATES OF THE FORMER SO- 
VIET UNION

SEC. 1301. SPECIFICATION OF COOPERATIVE THREAT RE-
DUCTION PROGRAMS AND FUNDS.

(a) Specification of CTR Programs.—For pur-
poses of section 301 and other provisions of this Act, Co-
operative Threat Reduction programs are the programs 
specified in section 1501(b) of the National Defense Au-
 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 1997 (Public Law 104– 
(b) Fiscal Year 2004 Cooperative Threat Reduction Funds Defined.—As used in this title, the term “fiscal year 2004 Cooperative Threat Reduction funds” means the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301 for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs.

(c) Availability of Funds.—Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301 for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs shall be available for obligation for three fiscal years.

SEC. 1302. FUNDING ALLOCATIONS.

(a) Funding for Specific Purposes.—Of the $450,800,000 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2004 in section 301(22) for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, not more than the following amounts may be obligated for the purposes specified:

(1) For strategic offensive arms elimination in Russia, $57,600,000.

(2) For strategic nuclear arms elimination in Ukraine, $3,900,000.

(3) For nuclear weapons transportation security in Russia, $23,200,000.

(4) For weapons storage security in Russia, $48,000,000.
(5) For weapons of mass destruction proliferation prevention activities in the states of the former Soviet Union, $39,400,000.

(6) For chemical weapons destruction in Russia, $200,300,000.

(7) For biological weapons proliferation prevention activities in the former Soviet Union, $54,200,000.

(8) For defense and military contacts, $11,000,000.

(9) For activities designated as Other Assessments/Administrative Support, $13,100,000.

(b) REPORT ON OBLIGATION OR EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR OTHER PURPOSES.—No fiscal year 2004 Cooperative Threat Reduction funds may be obligated or expended for a purpose other than a purpose listed in paragraphs (1) through (9) of subsection (a) until 30 days after the date that the Secretary of Defense submits to Congress a report on the purpose for which the funds will be obligated or expended and the amount of funds to be obligated or expended. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be construed as authorizing the obligation or expenditure of fiscal year 2004 Cooperative Threat Reduction funds for a purpose for which the obligation or expendi-
ture of such funds is specifically prohibited under this title or any other provision of law.

(c) LIMITED AUTHORITY TO VARY INDIVIDUAL AMOUNTS.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), in any case in which the Secretary of Defense determines that it is necessary to do so in the national interest, the Secretary may obligate amounts appropriated for fiscal year 2004 for a purpose listed in any of the paragraphs in subsection (a) in excess of the amount specifically authorized for such purpose.

(2) An obligation of funds for a purpose stated in any of the paragraphs in subsection (a) in excess of the specific amount authorized for such purpose may be made using the authority provided in paragraph (1) only after—

(A) the Secretary submits to Congress notification of the intent to do so together with a complete discussion of the justification for doing so; and

(B) 15 days have elapsed following the date of the notification.

(3) The Secretary may not, under the authority provided in paragraph (1), obligate amounts for a purpose stated in any of paragraphs (6) through (9) of subsection (a) in excess of 125 percent of the specific amount authorized for such purpose.
SEC. 1303. ANNUAL CERTIFICATIONS ON USE OF FACILITIES BEING CONSTRUCTED FOR COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROJECTS OR ACTIVITIES.

(a) Certification on Use of Facilities Being Constructed.—Not later than the first Monday of February each year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a certification for each facility for a Cooperative Threat Reduction project or activity for which construction occurred during the preceding fiscal year on matters as follows:

(1) Whether or not such facility will be used for its intended purpose by the country in which the facility is constructed.

(2) Whether or not the country remains committed to the use of such facility for its intended purpose.

(b) Applicability.—Subsection (a) shall apply to—

(1) any facility the construction of which commences on or after the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) any facility the construction of which is ongoing as of that date.
SEC. 1304. AUTHORITY TO USE COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION FUNDS OUTSIDE THE FORMER SOVIET UNION.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The President may obligate and expend Cooperative Threat Reduction funds for a fiscal year, and any Cooperative Threat Reduction funds for a fiscal year before such fiscal year that remain available for obligation, for a proliferation threat reduction project or activity outside the states of the former Soviet Union if the President determines that such project or activity will—

(1) assist the United States in the resolution of a critical emerging proliferation threat; or

(2) permit the United States to take advantage of opportunities to achieve long-standing non-proliferation goals.

(b) SCOPE OF AUTHORITY.—The authority in subsection (a) to obligate and expend funds for a project or activity includes authority to provide equipment, goods, and services for the project or activity utilizing such funds, but does not include authority to provide cash directly to the project or activity.

(c) LIMITATION.—The amount that may be obligated in a fiscal year under the authority in subsection (a) may not exceed $50,000,000.
(d) **ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.**—Except as otherwise provided in subsections (a) and (b), the exercise of the authority in subsection (a) shall be subject to any requirement or limitation under another provision of law as follows:

(1) Any requirement for prior notice or other reports to Congress on the use of Cooperative Threat Reduction funds or on Cooperative Threat Reduction projects or activities.

(2) Any limitation on the obligation or expenditure of Cooperative Threat Reduction funds.

(3) Any limitation on Cooperative Threat Reduction projects or activities.

**SEC. 1305. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN CONDITIONS ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CHEMICAL WEAPONS DESTRUCTION.**

Section 8144 of Public Law 107–248 (116 Stat. 1571) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “and 2003” and inserting “2003, and 2004”; and
(2) in subsection (b), by striking “September 30, 2003” and inserting “September 30, 2004”.

Passed the Senate May 22, 2003.

Attest:

Secretary.
108th CONGRESS  1st Session  S. 1047

AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2004 for military activities of the Department of Defense, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.