107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 2522

To establish the Southwest Regional Border Authority.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 15 (legislative day, May 9), 2002

Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mrs. Hutchison) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

# A BILL

To establish the Southwest Regional Border Authority.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Southwest Regional Border Authority Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—SOUTHWEST REGIONAL BORDER AUTHORITY

- Sec. 101. Membership and voting.
- Sec. 102. Duties and powers.
- Sec. 103. Authority personnel matters.

### TITLE II—GRANTS AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

- Sec. 201. Infrastructure development and improvement.
- Sec. 202. Technology development.
- Sec. 203. Community development and entrepreneurship.
- Sec. 204. Education and workforce development.
- Sec. 205. Funding.
- Sec. 206. Supplements to Federal grant programs.
- Sec. 207. Demonstration projects.
- Sec. 208. Local development districts; certification and administrative expenses.
- Sec. 209. Distressed counties and areas and economically strong counties.
- Sec. 210. Development planning process.

#### TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION

- Sec. 301. Program development criteria.
- Sec. 302. Approval of development plans and projects.
- Sec. 303. Consent of States.
- Sec. 304. Records.
- Sec. 305. Annual report.
- Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 307. Termination of authority.

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) a rapid increase in population in the South-
- 4 west border region is placing a significant strain on
- 5 the infrastructure of the region, including transpor-
- 6 tation, water and wastewater, public health, and
- 7 telecommunications;
- 8 (2) 20 percent of the residents of the region
- 9 have incomes below the poverty level;
- 10 (3) unemployment rates in counties in the re-
- gion are up to 5 times the national unemployment
- 12 rate;
- 13 (4) per capita personal income in the region is
- significantly below the national average and much of
- the income in the region is distributed through wel-

1	fare programs, retirement programs, and unemploy-
2	ment payments;
3	(5) a lack of adequate access to capital in the
4	region—
5	(A) has created economic disparities in the
6	region; and
7	(B) has made it difficult for businesses to
8	start up in the region;
9	(6) many residents of the region live in commu-
10	nities referred to as "colonias" that lack basic neces-
11	sities, including running water, sewers, storm drain-
12	age, and electricity;
13	(7) many of the problems that exist in the re-
14	gion could be solved or ameliorated by technology
15	that would contribute to economic development in
16	the region;
17	(8) while numerous Federal, State, and local
18	programs target financial resources to the region,
19	those programs are often uncoordinated, duplicative,
20	and, in some cases, unavailable to eligible border
21	communities because those communities cannot af-
22	ford the required funding match;
23	(9) Congress has established several regional
24	economic development commissions, including the
25	Appalachian Regional Commission, the Delta Re-

- gional Authority, and the Denali Commission, to improve the economies of those areas of the United States that experience the greatest economic distress; and
  - (10) many of the counties in the region are among the most economically distressed in the United States and would benefit from a regional economic development commission.

# (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

- (1) to establish a regional economic development authority for the Southwest Border region to address critical issues relating to the economic health and well-being of the residents of the region;
- (2) to provide funding to communities in the region to stimulate and foster infrastructure development, technology development, community development and entrepreneurship, and education and workforce development in the region;
- (3) to increase the total amount of Federal funding available for border economic development projects by coordinating with and reducing duplication of other Federal, State, and local programs; and
- (4) to empower the people of the region through the use of local development districts and State and

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1	regional development plans that reflect State and
2	local priorities.
3	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) Attainment county.—The term "attain-
6	ment county" means an economically strong county
7	that is not a distressed county or a competitive
8	county.
9	(2) AUTHORITY.—The term "Authority" means
10	the Southwest Regional Border Authority estab-
11	lished by section 101(a)(1).
12	(3) BINATIONAL REGION.—The term "bina-
13	tional region" means the 150 miles on either side of
14	the United States-Mexico border.
15	(4) Business incubator service.—The term
16	"business incubator service" means—
17	(A) a legal service, including aid in pre-
18	paring a corporate charter, partnership agree-
19	ment, or contract;
20	(B) a service in support of the protection
21	of intellectual property through a patent, a
22	trademark, or any other means;
23	(C) a service in support of the acquisition
24	or use of advanced technology including the

1	use of Internet services and Web-based services;
2	and
3	(D) consultation on strategic planning,
4	marketing, or advertising.
5	(5) Competitive county.—The term "com-
6	petitive county" means an economically strong coun-
7	ty that meets at least 1, but not all, of the criteria
8	for a distressed county specified in paragraph (5).
9	(6) DISTRESSED COUNTY.—The term "dis-
10	tressed county" means a county in the region that—
11	(A)(i) has a poverty rate that is at least
12	150 percent of the poverty rate of the United
13	States;
14	(ii) has a per capita market income that is
15	not more than 67 percent of the per capita
16	market income of the United States; and
17	(iii) has a 3-year unemployment rate that
18	is at least 150 percent of the unemployment
19	rate of the United States; or
20	(B)(i) has a poverty rate that is at least
21	200 percent of the poverty rate of the United
22	States; and
23	(ii)(I) has a per capita market income that
24	is not more than 67 percent of the per capita
25	market income of the United States: or

1	(II) has a 3-year unemployment rate that
2	is at least 150 percent of the unemployment
3	rate of the United States.
4	(7) ECONOMICALLY STRONG COUNTY.—The
5	term "economically strong county" means a county
6	in the region that is not a distressed county.
7	(8) Federal Grant Program.—The term
8	"Federal grant program" means a Federal grant
9	program to provide assistance in—
10	(A) acquiring or developing land;
11	(B) constructing or equipping a highway,
12	road, bridge, or facility; or
13	(C) carrying out other economic develop-
14	ment activities.
15	(9) Isolated area of distress.—The term
16	"isolated area of distress" means an area located in
17	an economically strong county that has a high rate
18	of poverty, unemployment, or outmigration, as deter-
19	mined by the Authority.
20	(10) Local Development district.—The
21	term "local development district" means an entity
22	that—
23	(A)(i) is a planning district in existence on
24	the date of enactment of this Act that is recog-

1	nized by the Economic Development Adminis-
2	tration of the Department of Commerce; or
3	(ii) in the case of an area for which an en-
4	tity described in clause (i) does not exist, is—
5	(I) organized and operated in a man-
6	ner that ensures broad-based community
7	participation and an effective opportunity
8	for other nonprofit groups to contribute to
9	the development and implementation of
10	programs in the region;
11	(II) governed by a policy board with
12	at least a simple majority of members con-
13	sisting of elected officials or employees of
14	a general purpose unit of local government
15	who have been appointed to represent the
16	government;
17	(III) certified to the Authority as hav-
18	ing a charter or authority that includes the
19	economic development of counties or parts
20	of counties or other political subdivisions
21	within the region—
22	(aa) by the Governor of each
23	State in which the entity is located; or

1	(bb) by the State officer des-
2	ignated by the appropriate State law
3	to make the certification; and
4	(IV)(aa) a nonprofit incorporated
5	body organized or chartered under the law
6	of the State in which the entity is located;
7	(bb) a nonprofit agency or instrumen-
8	tality of a State or local government;
9	(cc) a public organization established
10	before the date of enactment of this Act
11	under State law for creation of multijuris-
12	dictional, area-wide planning organizations;
13	(dd) a nonprofit association or com-
14	bination of bodies, agencies, and instru-
15	mentalities described in subclauses (I)
16	through (III); or
17	(ee) a nonprofit, binational organiza-
18	tion; and
19	(B) has not, as certified by the Federal
20	cochairperson—
21	(i) inappropriately used Federal grant
22	funds from any Federal source; or
23	(ii) appointed an officer who, during
24	the period in which another entity inappro-
25	priately used Federal grant funds from any

1	Federal source, was an officer of the other
2	entity.
3	(11) Region.—The term "region" means—
4	(A) the counties of Cochise, Gila, Graham,
5	Greenlee, La Paz, Maricopa, Pima, Pinal,
6	Santa Cruz, and Yuma in the State of Arizona;
7	(B) the counties of Imperial, Los Angeles,
8	Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego,
9	and Ventura in the State of California;
10	(C) the counties of Catron, Chaves, Doña
11	Ana, Eddy, Grant, Hidalgo, Lincoln, Luna,
12	Otero, Sierra, and Socorro in the State of New
13	Mexico; and
14	(D) the counties of Atascosa, Bandera,
15	Bee, Bexar, Brewster, Brooks, Cameron, Coke,
16	Concho, Crane, Crockett, Culberson, Dimmit,
17	Duval, Ector, Edwards, El Paso, Frio, Gil-
18	lespie, Glasscock, Hidalgo, Hudspeth, Irion,
19	Jeff Davis, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Karnes, Ken-
20	dall, Kenedy, Kerr, Kimble, Kinney, Kleberg,
21	La Salle, Live Oak, Loving, Mason, Maverick,
22	McMullen, Medina, Menard, Midland, Nueces,
23	Pecos, Presidio, Reagan, Real, Reeves, San
24	Patricio, Shleicher, Sutton, Starr, Sterling,
25	Terrell, Tom Green, Upton, Uvalde, Val Verde,

1	Ward, Webb, Willacy, Wilson, Winkler, Zapata,
2	and Zavala in the State of Texas.
3	(12) Small Business.—The term "small busi-
4	ness" has the meaning given the term "small busi-
5	ness concern" in section 3(a) of the Small Business
6	Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).
7	TITLE I—SOUTHWEST REGIONAL
8	<b>BORDER AUTHORITY</b>
9	SEC. 101. MEMBERSHIP AND VOTING.
10	(a) Establishment.—
11	(1) In General.—There is established the
12	Southwest Regional Border Authority.
13	(2) Composition.—The Authority shall be
14	composed of—
15	(A) a Federal member, to be appointed by
16	the President, by and with the advice and con-
17	sent of the Senate; and
18	(B) State members who shall consist of the
19	Governor (or a designee of the Governor) of
20	each State in the region that elects to partici-
21	pate in the Authority.
22	(3) Cochairpersons.—The Authority shall be
23	headed by—
24	(A) the Federal member, who shall serve—
25	(i) as the Federal cochairperson: and

1	(ii) as a liaison between the Federal
2	Government and the Authority; and
3	(B) a State cochairperson, who shall—
4	(i) be a Governor of a State described
5	in paragraph (2)(B);
6	(ii) be elected by the State members
7	for a term of not more than 2 years; and
8	(iii) serve only 1 term during any 4
9	year period.
10	(b) Alternate Members.—
11	(1) State alternates.—The State member
12	of a State described in paragraph (2)(B) may have
13	a single alternate, who shall be—
14	(A) a resident of that State; and
15	(B) appointed by the Governor of the
16	State, from among the members of the cabinet
17	or personal staff of the Governor.
18	(2) Alternate federal cochairperson.—
19	The President shall appoint an alternate Federal co-
20	chairperson.
21	(3) Quorum.—Subject to subsection (d)(4), a
22	State alternate member shall not be counted toward
23	the establishment of a quorum of the members of
24	the Authority in any case in which a quorum of the
25	State members is required to be present.

1	(4) Delegation of Power.—No power or re-
2	sponsibility of the Authority specified in paragraph
3	(2) or (3) of subsection (d), and no voting right of
4	any member of the Authority, shall be delegated to
5	any person who is not—
6	(A) a member of the Authority; or
7	(B) entitled to vote at meetings of the Au-
8	thority.
9	(c) Meetings.—
10	(1) Initial meeting.—The initial meeting of
11	the Authority shall be conducted not later than the
12	date that is the earlier of—
13	(A) 180 days after the date of enactment
14	of this Act; or
15	(B) 60 days after the date on which the
16	Federal cochairperson is appointed.
17	(2) Other Meetings.—The Authority shall
18	hold meetings at such times as the Authority deter-
19	mines, but not less often than semiannually.
20	(3) Location.—Meetings of the Authority shall
21	be conducted, on a rotating basis, at a site in the
22	region in each of the States of Arizona, California,
23	New Mexico, and Texas.
24	(d) Voting.—

1	(1) In general.—To be effective, a decision by
2	the Authority shall require the approval of the Fed-
3	eral cochairperson and not less than 60 percent of
4	the State members of the Authority (not including
5	any member representing a State that is delinquent
6	under section $102(d)(2)(D)$ ).
7	(2) Quorum.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—A majority of the State
9	members shall constitute a quorum.
10	(B) REQUIRED FOR POLICY DECISION.—A
11	quorum of State members shall be required to
12	be present for the Authority to make any policy
13	decision, including—
14	(i) a modification or revision of a pol-
15	icy decision of the Authority;
16	(ii) approval of a State or regional de-
17	velopment plan; and
18	(iii) any allocation of funds among the
19	States.
20	(3) PROJECT AND GRANT PROPOSALS.—The ap-
21	proval of project and grant proposals shall be—
22	(A) a responsibility of the Authority; and
23	(B) conducted in accordance with section
24	302.

1	(4) Voting by alternate members.—An al-
2	ternate member shall vote in the case of the absence,
3	death, disability, removal, or resignation of the Fed-
4	eral or State member for which the alternate mem-
5	ber is an alternate.
6	SEC. 102. DUTIES AND POWERS.
7	(a) Duties.—The Authority shall—
8	(1) develop comprehensive and coordinated
9	plans and programs to establish priorities and ap-
10	prove grants for the economic development of the re-
11	gion, giving due consideration to other Federal,
12	State, and local planning and development activities
13	in the region;
14	(2) conduct and sponsor investigations, re-
15	search, and studies, including an inventory and anal-
16	ysis of the resources of the region, using, in part,
17	the materials compiled by the Interagency Task
18	Force on the Economic Development of the South-
19	west Border established by Executive Order No.
20	13122 (64 Fed. Reg. 29201);
21	(3) sponsor demonstration projects under sec-
22	tion 207;
23	(4) review and study Federal, State, and local

public and private programs and, as appropriate,

1	recommend modifications or additions to increase
2	the effectiveness of the programs;
3	(5) formulate and recommend, as appropriate,
4	interstate and international compacts and other
5	forms of interstate and international cooperation;
6	(6) encourage private investment in industrial,
7	commercial, and recreational projects in the region;
8	(7) provide a forum for consideration of the
9	problems of the region and any proposed solutions to
10	those problems;
11	(8) establish and use, as appropriate, citizens,
12	special advisory counsels, and public conferences;
13	and
14	(9) provide a coordinating mechanism to avoid
15	duplication of efforts among the border programs of
16	the Federal agencies and the programs established
17	under the North American Free Trade Agreement
18	entered into by the United States, Mexico, and Can-
19	ada on December 17, 1992.
20	(b) Powers.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Au-
21	thority may—
22	(1) hold such hearings, sit and act at such
23	times and places, take such testimony, receive such
24	evidence, and print or otherwise reproduce and dis-

tribute a description of the proceedings of, and re-

- ports on actions by, the Authority as the Authority considers appropriate;
  - (2) request from any Federal, State, or local agency such information as may be available to or procurable by the agency that may be of use to the Authority in carrying out the duties of the Authority;
    - (3) maintain an accurate and complete record of all transactions and activities of the Authority, to be available for audit and examination by the Comptroller General of the United States;
    - (4) adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws and rules governing the conduct of business and the performance of duties of the Authority;
    - (5) request the head of any Federal agency to detail to the Authority, for a specified period of time, such personnel as the Authority requires to carry out duties of the Authority, each such detail to be without loss of seniority, pay, or other employee status;
    - (6) request the head of any State department or agency or local government to detail to the Authority, for a specified period of time, such personnel as the Authority requires to carry out the duties of

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1	the Authority, each such detail to be without loss
2	of seniority, pay, or other employee status;
3	(7) make recommendations to the President
4	regarding—
5	(A) the expenditure of funds at the Fed-
6	eral, State, and local levels under this Act; and
7	(B) additional Federal, State, and local
8	legislation that may be necessary to further the
9	purposes of this Act;
10	(8) provide for coverage of Authority employees
11	in a suitable retirement and employee benefit system
12	by—
13	(A) making arrangements or entering into
14	contracts with any participating State govern-
15	ment; or
16	(B) otherwise providing retirement and
17	other employee benefit coverage;
18	(9) accept, use, and dispose of gifts or dona-
19	tions of services or real, personal, tangible, or intan-
20	gible property;
21	(10) enter into and perform such contracts,
22	leases, cooperative agreements, or other transactions
23	as are necessary to carry out the duties of the Au-
24	thority; and
25	(11) establish and maintain—

1	(A) a central office, to be located at a site
2	that is not more than 100 miles from the
3	United States-Mexico border; and
4	(B) at least 1 field office in each of the
5	States of Arizona, California, New Mexico, and
6	Texas, to be located at sites in the region that
7	the Authority determines to be appropriate.
8	(c) Federal Agency Cooperation.—A Federal
9	agency shall—
10	(1) cooperate with the Authority; and
11	(2) provide, on request of the Federal cochair-
12	person, appropriate assistance in carrying out this
13	Act, in accordance with applicable Federal laws (in-
14	cluding regulations).
15	(d) Administrative Expenses.—
16	(1) In General.—
17	(A) Administrative expenses.—Subject
18	to paragraph (2), administrative expenses of the
19	Authority shall be paid—
20	(i) by the Federal Government, in an
21	amount equal to 60 percent of the admin-
22	istrative expenses; and
23	(ii) by the States in the region that
24	elect to participate in the Authority, in an

1	amount equal to 40 percent of the admin-
2	istrative expenses.
3	(B) Expenses of federal chair-
4	PERSON.—All expenses of the Federal cochair-
5	person, including expenses of the alternate and
6	staff of the Federal cochairperson, shall be paid
7	by the Federal Government.
8	(2) State share.—
9	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
10	graph (C), the share of administrative expenses
11	of the Authority to be paid by each State shall
12	be determined by a unanimous vote of the State
13	members of the Authority.
14	(B) NO FEDERAL PARTICIPATION.—The
15	Federal cochairperson shall not participate or
16	vote in any decision under subparagraph (A).
17	(C) LIMITATION.—A State shall not pay
18	less than 10 nor more than 40 percent of the
19	share of administrative expenses of the Author-
20	ity determined under paragraph (1)(A)(ii).
21	(D) Delinquent states.—During any
22	period in which a State is more than 1 year de-
23	linquent in payment of the State's share of ad-
24	ministrative expenses of the Authority under

1	this subsection (as determined by the Sec-
2	retary)—
3	(i) no assistance under this Act shall
4	be provided to the State (including assist-
5	ance to a political subdivision or a resident
6	of the State) for any project not approved
7	as of the date of the commencement of the
8	delinquency; and
9	(ii) no member of the Authority from
10	the State shall participate or vote in any
11	action by the Authority.
12	(E) EFFECT ON ASSISTANCE.—A State's
13	share of administrative expenses of the Author-
14	ity under this subsection shall not be taken into
15	consideration in determining the amount of as-
16	sistance provided to the State under title II.
17	SEC. 103. AUTHORITY PERSONNEL MATTERS.
18	(a) Compensation of Members.—
19	(1) Federal Cochairperson.—The Federal
20	cochairperson shall be compensated by the Federal
21	Government at the annual rate of basic pay pre-
22	scribed for level III of the Executive Schedule in
23	subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States
24	Code.

1	(2) Alternate federal cochairperson.—
2	The alternate Federal cochairperson—
3	(A) shall be compensated by the Federal
4	Government at the annual rate of basic pay
5	prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule
6	described in paragraph (1); and
7	(B) when not actively serving as an alter-
8	nate for the Federal cochairperson, shall per-
9	form such functions and duties as are delegated
10	by the Federal cochairperson.
11	(3) State members and alternates.—
12	(A) In general.—A State shall com-
13	pensate each member and alternate member
14	representing the State on the Authority at the
15	rate established by State law.
16	(B) No additional compensation.—No
17	State member or alternate member shall receive
18	any salary, or any contribution to or sup-
19	plementation of salary, from any source other
20	than the State for services provided by the
21	member or alternate member to the Authority.
22	(b) Detailed Employees.—
23	(1) In general.—No person detailed to serve
24	the Authority under section 102(b)(6) shall receive
25	any salary, or any contribution to or supplemen-

1	tation of salary, for services provided to the Author-
2	ity from—
3	(A) any source other than the State, local,
4	or intergovernmental department or agency
5	from which the person was detailed; or
6	(B) the Authority.
7	(2) VIOLATION.—Any person that violates this
8	subsection shall be fined not more than \$5,000, im-
9	prisoned not more than 1 year, or both.
10	(c) Additional Personnel.—
11	(1) Compensation.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Authority may ap-
13	point and fix the compensation of an executive
14	director and such other personnel as are nec-
15	essary to enable the Authority to carry out the
16	duties of the Authority.
17	(B) Exception.—Compensation under
18	subparagraph (A) shall not exceed the max-
19	imum rate of basic pay established for the Sen-
20	ior Executive Service under section 5382 of title
21	5, United States Code, including any applicable
22	locality-based comparability payment that may
23	be authorized under section $5304(h)(2)(C)$ of
24	that title.

1	(2) Executive director.—The executive
2	director—
3	(A) shall be a Federal employee; and
4	(B) shall be responsible for—
5	(i) carrying out the administrative du-
6	ties of the Authority;
7	(ii) directing the Authority staff; and
8	(iii) such other duties as the Author-
9	ity may assign.
10	(d) Conflicts of Interest.—
11	(1) In general.—Except as provided under
12	paragraph (2), no State member, State alternate, of-
13	ficer, employee, or detailee of the Authority shall
14	participate personally and substantially as a mem-
15	ber, alternate, officer, employee, or detailee of the
16	Authority, through decision, approval, disapproval,
17	recommendation, the rendering of advice, investiga-
18	tion, or otherwise, in any proceeding, application, re-
19	quest for a ruling or other determination, contract,
20	claim, controversy, or other matter in which the
21	member, alternate, officer, employee, or detailee has
22	a financial interest.
23	(2) Disclosure.—Paragraph (1) shall not
24	apply if the State member, State alternate, officer,
25	employee, or detailee—

- 1 (A) immediately advises the Authority of 2 the nature and circumstances of the proceeding, 3 application, request for a ruling or other deter-4 mination, contract, claim, controversy, or other 5 particular matter presenting a potential conflict 6 of interest;
  - (B) makes full disclosure of the financial interest; and
  - (C) before the proceeding concerning the matter presenting the conflict of interest, receives a written determination by the Authority that the interest is not so substantial as to be likely to affect the integrity of the services that the Authority may expect from the State member, State alternate, officer, employee, or detailee.
- 17 (3) VIOLATION.—Any person that violates this 18 subsection shall be fined not more than \$10,000, im-19 prisoned not more than 2 years, or both.
- 20 (e) Validity of Contracts, Loans, and 21 Grants.—The Authority may declare void any contract, 22 loan, or grant of or by the Authority in relation to which 23 the Authority determines that there has been a violation
- 24 of subsection (b), subsection (d), or any of sections 202
- 25 through 209 of title 18, United States Code.

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$1 \qquad (f)$	) Applicable	LABOR STA	NDARDS.—
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- (1) In General.—All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the construction, alteration, or repair, including painting and decorating, of projects, buildings, and works funded by the United States under this Act, shall be paid wages at not less than the prevailing wages on similar construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Act of March 3, 1931 (40 U.S.C. 276a et seq.).
  - (2) AUTHORITY.—With respect to the determination of wages under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267) and section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934 (40 U.S.C. 276c).

# TITLE II—GRANTS AND

# **DEVELOPMENT PLANNING**

- 19 SEC. 201. INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVE-
- 20 MENT.
- 21 The Authority may approve grants to States, local
- 22 governments, and public and nonprofit organizations in
- 23 the region for projects, approved in accordance with sec-
- 24 tion 302, to develop and improve the transportation, water

1	and wastewater, public health, and telecommunications in-
2	frastructure of the region.
3	SEC. 202. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.
4	The Authority may approve grants to small busi-
5	nesses, universities, national laboratories, and nonprofit
6	organizations in the region to research, develop, and dem-
7	onstrate technology that addresses—
8	(1) water quality;
9	(2) water quantity;
10	(3) pollution;
11	(4) transportation;
12	(5) energy consumption;
13	(6) public health;
14	(7) border and port security; and
15	(8) any other related matter that stimulates job
16	creation or enhances economic development, as de-
17	termined by the Authority.
18	SEC. 203. COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRE-
19	NEURSHIP.
20	The Authority may approve grants to States, local
21	governments, and public or nonprofit entities for projects,
22	approved in accordance with section 302—
23	(1) to create dynamic local economies by—
24	(A) recruiting businesses to the region;
25	and

1	(B) increasing and expanding international
2	trade to other countries;
3	(2) to foster entrepreneurship by—
4	(A) supporting the advancement of, and
5	providing entrepreneurial training and edu-
6	cation for, youths, students, and
7	businesspersons;
8	(B) improving access to debt and equity
9	capital by facilitating the establishment of de-
10	velopment venture capital funds and other ap-
11	propriate means;
12	(C) providing aid to communities in identi-
13	fying, developing, and implementing develop-
14	ment strategies for various sectors of the econ-
15	omy; and
16	(D)(i) developing a working network of
17	business incubators; and
18	(ii) supporting entities that provide busi-
19	ness incubator services.
20	(3) to promote civic responsibility and leader-
21	ship through activities that include—
22	(A) the identification and training of
23	emerging leaders;
24	(B) the encouragement of citizen participa-
25	tion; and

1	(C) the provision of assistance for strategic
2	planning and organization development.
3	SEC. 204. EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT.
4	The Authority, in coordination with State and local
5	workforce development boards, may approve grants to
6	States, local governments, and public or nonprofit entities
7	for projects, approved in accordance with section 302—
8	(1) to assist the region in obtaining the job
9	training, employment-related education, and busi-
10	ness development (with an emphasis on entrepre-
11	neurship) that are needed to build and maintain
12	strong local economies; and
13	(2) to supplement in-plant training programs
14	offered by State and local governments to attract
15	new businesses to the region.
16	SEC. 205. FUNDING.
17	(a) In General.—Funds for grants under sections
18	201 through 204 may be provided—
19	(1) entirely from appropriations to carry out
20	this Act;
21	(2) in combination with funds available under
22	another Federal grant program or other Federal
23	program; or
24	(3) in combination with funds from any other
25	source, including—

1	(A) State and local governments, nonprofi					
2	organizations, and the private sector in th					
3	United States;					
4	(B) the federal and local government of					
5	and private sector in, Mexico; and					
6	(C) the North American Developmen					
7	Bank.					
8	(b) Priority of Funding.—The Authority shall					
9	award funding to each State in the region for activities					
10	in accordance with an order of priority to be determined					
11	by the State.					
12	(c) Binational Projects.—					
13	(1) Prohibition on Provision of Funding					
14	TO NON-UNITED STATES ENTITIES.—The Authority					
15	shall not award funding to any entity that is not in-					
16	corporated in the United States.					
17	(2) Funding of Binational Projects.—The					
18	Authority may award funding to a project in which					
19	an entity that is incorporated outside the United					
20	States participates if, for any fiscal year, the entity					
21	matches with an equal amount, in cash or in-kind,					
22	the assistance received under this Act for the fiscal					
23	year.					

# 1 SEC. 206. SUPPLEMENTS TO FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAMS.

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2	(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that certain States					
3	and local communities of the region, including local devel					
4	opment districts, may be unable to take maximum advan					
5	tage of Federal grant programs for which the States and					
6	communities are eligible because—					
7	(1) they lack the economic resources to provide					
8	the required matching share; or					
9	(2) there are insufficient funds available under					
10	the Federal law authorizing the Federal grant pro					
11	gram to meet pressing needs of the region.					
12	(b) Federal Grant Program Funding.—Not-					
13	withstanding any provision of law limiting the Federal					
14	share, the areas eligible for assistance, or the authoriza-					
15	tions of appropriations, under any Federal grant program,					
16	and in accordance with subsection (c), the Authority, with					
17	the approval of the Federal cochairperson and with respect					
18	to a project to be carried out in the region, may—					
19	(1) increase the Federal share of the costs of a					
20	project under any Federal grant program to not					
21	more than 90 percent (except as provided in section					
22	209(b)); and					
23	(2) use amounts made available to carry out					
24	this Act to pay all or a portion of the increased Fed-					
25	eral share.					

1	(1) In general.—In the case of any project
2	for which all or any portion of the basic Federal
3	share of the costs of the project is proposed to be
4	paid under this section, no Federal contribution
5	shall be made until the Federal official admin-
6	istering the Federal law that authorizes the Federal
7	grant program certifies that the project—
8	(A) meets (except as provided in subsection
9	(b)) the applicable requirements of the applica-
10	ble Federal grant program; and
11	(B) could be approved for Federal con-
12	tribution under the Federal grant program if
13	funds were available under the law for the
14	project.
15	(2) Certification by Authority.—
16	(A) In general.—The certifications and
17	determinations required to be made by the Au-
18	thority for approval of projects under this Act
19	in accordance with section 302—
20	(i) shall be controlling; and
21	(ii) shall be accepted by the Federal
22	agencies.
23	(B) ACCEPTANCE BY FEDERAL COCHAIR-
24	PERSON.—In the case of any project described
25	in paragraph (1), any finding, report, certifi-

1	cation, or documentation required to be sub-					
2	mitted with respect to the project to the head					
3	of the department, agency, or instrumentality of					
4	the Federal Government responsible for the ad-					
5	ministration of the Federal grant program					
6	under which the project is carried out shall k					
7	accepted by the Federal cochairperson.					
8	SEC. 207. DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.					
9	(a) In General.—For each fiscal year, the Author-					
10	ity may approve not more than 10 demonstration projects					
11	to carry out activities described in sections 201 through					
12	204, of which not more than 3 shall be carried out in any					
13	1 State.					
14	(b) Requirements.—A demonstration project car-					
15	ried out under this section shall—					
16	(1) be carried out on a multistate or multi-					
17	county basis; and					
18	(2) be developed in accordance with the regional					
19	development plan prepared under section 210(d).					
20	SEC. 208. LOCAL DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS; CERTIFICATION					
21	CATION AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.					
22	(a) Grants to Local Development Districts.—					
23	(1) In General.—The Authority may make					

grants to local development districts to pay the ad-

1	ministrative expenses of the local development dis-
2	tricts.
3	(2) Conditions for grants.—
4	(A) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of
5	any grant awarded under paragraph (1) shall
6	not exceed 80 percent of the administrative ex-
7	penses of the local development district receiv-
8	ing the grant.
9	(B) Maximum period.—No grant de-
10	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be awarded for a
11	period greater than 3 years to a State agency
12	certified as a local development district.
13	(C) Local share.—The contributions of
14	a local development district for administrative
15	expenses may be in cash or in kind, fairly evalu-
16	ated, including space, equipment, and services.
17	(b) Duties of Local Development Districts.—
18	A local development district shall—
19	(1) operate as a lead organization serving
20	multicounty areas in the region at the local level;
21	and
22	(2) serve as a liaison between State and local
23	governments, nonprofit organizations (including
24	community-based groups and educational institu-
25	tions) the business community and citizens that—

1	(A) are involved in multijurisdictional plan-
2	ning;
3	(B) provide technical assistance to local ju-
4	risdictions and potential grantees; and
5	(C) provide leadership and civic develop-
6	ment assistance.
7	SEC. 209. DISTRESSED COUNTIES AND AREAS AND ECO-
8	NOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES.
9	(a) Designations.—At the initial meeting of the
10	Authority and annually thereafter, the Authority, in ac-
11	cordance with such criteria as the Authority may establish,
12	shall designate—
13	(1) distressed counties;
14	(2) economically strong counties;
15	(3) attainment counties;
16	(4) competitive counties; and
17	(5) isolated areas of distress.
18	(b) DISTRESSED COUNTIES.—
19	(1) In general.—For each fiscal year, the Au-
20	thority shall allocate at least 40 percent of the
21	amounts made available under section 306 for pro-
22	grams and projects designed to serve the needs of
23	distressed counties and isolated areas of distress in
24	the region.

(2) Funding limitations.—The funding limitations under section 206(b) shall not apply to a project to provide transportation or basic public services to residents of 1 or more distressed counties or isolated areas of distress in the region.

## (c) ECONOMICALLY STRONG COUNTIES.—

- (1) ATTAINMENT COUNTIES.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the Authority shall not provide funds for a project located in a county designated as an attainment county under subsection (a)(2)(A).
- (2) Competitive countries.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the Authority shall not provide more than 30 percent of the total cost of any project carried out in a county designated as a competitive county under subsection (a)(2)(B).

### (3) Exceptions.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The funding prohibition under paragraph (1) and the funding limitation under paragraph (2) shall not apply to grants to fund the administrative expenses of local development districts under section 208(a).
- (B) MULTICOUNTY PROJECTS.—If the Authority determines that a project could bring

1	significant benefits to areas of the region out-
2	side an attainment or competitive county, the
3	Authority may waive the application of the
4	funding prohibition under paragraph (1) and
5	the funding limitation under paragraph (2)
6	to—
7	(i) a multicounty project that includes
8	participation by an attainment or competi-
9	tive county; or
10	(ii) any other type of project.
11	(4) Isolated areas of distress.—For a des-
12	ignation of an isolated area of distress for assistance
13	to be effective, the designation shall be supported—
14	(A) by the most recent Federal data avail-
15	able; or
16	(B) if no recent Federal data are available
17	by the most recent data available through the
18	government of the State in which the isolated
19	area of distress is located.
20	SEC. 210. DEVELOPMENT PLANNING PROCESS.
21	(a) State Development Plan.—In accordance
22	with policies established by the Authority, each State
23	member shall submit an annual development plan for the
24	area of the region represented by the State member to

1	assist the Authority in determining funding priorities			
2	under section 205(b).			
3	(b) Consultation With Interested Parties.—			
4	In carrying out the development planning process (includ-			
5	ing the selection of programs and projects for assistance),			
6	a State shall—			
7	(1) consult with—			
8	(A) local development districts; and			
9	(B) local units of government;			
10	(2) take into consideration the goals, objectives,			
11	priorities, and recommendations of the entities de-			
12	scribed in paragraph (1); and			
13	(3) solicit input on and take into consideration			
14	the potential impact of the State development plan			
15	on the binational region.			
16	(c) Public Participation.—			
17	(1) In General.—The Authority and applica-			
18	ble State and local development districts shall en-			
19	courage and assist, to the maximum extent prac-			
20	ticable, public participation in the development, revi-			
21	sion, and implementation of all plans and programs			
22	under this Act.			
23	(2) Regulations.—The Authority shall de-			
24	velop guidelines for providing public participation			

1	described in paragraph (1), including public hear-
2	ings.
3	(d) REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN.—The Author-
4	ity shall prepare an annual regional development plan
5	that—
6	(1) is based on State development plans sub-
7	mitted under subsection (a);
8	(2) takes into account—
9	(A) the input of the private sector, aca-
10	demia, and nongovernmental organizations; and
11	(B) the potential impact of the regional de-
12	velopment plan on the binational region;
13	(3) establishes 5-year goals for the development
14	of the region;
15	(4) identifies and recommends to the States—
16	(A) potential multistate or multicounty
17	projects that further the goals for the region;
18	and
19	(B) potential development projects for the
20	binational region; and
21	(5) identifies and recommends to the Authority
22	for funding demonstration projects under section
23	207.

# 1 TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION

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)	SEC	301	PROGRAM	DEVEL	OPMENT	CRITERIA

3	(a) In General.—In considering programs and
4	projects to be provided assistance under this Act, and in
5	establishing a priority ranking of the requests for assist-
6	ance provided to the Authority, the Authority shall follow
7	procedures that ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
8	ticable, consideration of—
9	(1) the relationship of the project or class of
10	projects to overall regional development;
11	(2) the per capita income and poverty and un-
12	employment rates in an area;
13	(3) the financial resources available to the ap-
14	plicants for assistance seeking to carry out the
15	project, with emphasis on ensuring that projects are
16	adequately financed to maximize the probability of
17	successful economic development;
18	(4) the socioeconomic importance of the project
19	or class of projects in relation to other projects or
20	classes of projects that may be in competition for
21	the same funds;
22	(5) the prospects that the project for which as-
23	sistance is sought will improve, on a continuing rath-
24	er than a temporary basis, the opportunities for em-
25	ployment, the average level of income, or the eco-

- 1 nomic development of the area to be served by the
- 2 project; and
- 3 (6) the extent to which the project design pro-
- 4 vides for detailed outcome measurements by which
- 5 grant expenditures and the results of the expendi-
- 6 tures may be evaluated.
- 7 (b) No Relocation Assistance.—No financial as-
- 8 sistance authorized by this Act shall be used to assist a
- 9 person or entity in relocating from 1 area to another, ex-
- 10 cept that financial assistance may be used as otherwise
- 11 authorized by this Act to attract businesses from outside
- 12 the region to the region.
- 13 (c) Maintenance of Effort.—Funds may be pro-
- 14 vided for a program or project in a State under this Act
- 15 only if the Authority determines that the level of Federal
- 16 or State financial assistance provided under a law other
- 17 than this Act, for the same type of program or project
- 18 in the same area of the State within the region, will not
- 19 be reduced as a result of funds made available by this Act.
- 20 SEC. 302. APPROVAL OF DEVELOPMENT PLANS AND
- PROJECTS.
- 22 (a) In General.—A State or regional development
- 23 plan or any multistate subregional plan that is proposed
- 24 for development under this Act shall be reviewed by the
- 25 Authority.

- 1 (b) EVALUATION BY STATE MEMBER.—An applica-
- 2 tion for a grant or any other assistance for a project under
- 3 this Act shall be made through and evaluated for approval
- 4 by the State member of the Authority representing the
- 5 applicant.
- 6 (c) Certification.—An application for a grant or
- 7 other assistance for a project shall be approved only on
- 8 certification by the State member that the application for
- 9 the project—
- 10 (1) describes ways in which the project complies
- 11 with any applicable State development plan;
- 12 (2) meets applicable criteria under section 301;
- 13 (3) provides adequate assurance that the pro-
- posed project will be properly administered, oper-
- ated, and maintained; and
- 16 (4) otherwise meets the requirements of this
- 17 Act.
- 18 (d) Votes for Decisions.—On certification by a
- 19 State member of the Authority of an application for a
- 20 grant or other assistance for a specific project under this
- 21 section, an affirmative vote of the Authority under section
- 22 101(d) shall be required for approval of the application.

## 1 SEC. 303. CONSENT OF STATES.

- Nothing in this Act requires any State to engage in
- 3 or accept any program under this Act without the consent
- 4 of the State.

### 5 SEC. 304. RECORDS.

- 6 (a) Records of the Authority.—
- 7 (1) In general.—The Authority shall main-
- 8 tain accurate and complete records of all trans-
- 9 actions and activities of the Authority.
- 10 (2) AVAILABILITY.—All records of the Author-
- ity shall be available for audit and examination by
- the Comptroller General of the United States (in-
- cluding authorized representatives of the Comp-
- troller General).
- 15 (b) Records of Recipients of Federal Assist-
- 16 ANCE.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—A recipient of Federal funds
- under this Act shall, as required by the Authority,
- maintain accurate and complete records of trans-
- actions and activities financed with Federal funds
- and report to the Authority on the transactions and
- 22 activities.
- 23 (2) AVAILABILITY.—All records required under
- paragraph (1) shall be available for audit by the
- 25 Comptroller General of the United States and the

1	Authority (including authorized representatives of
2	the Comptroller General and the Authority).
3	(c) Annual Audit.—The Comptroller General of the
4	United States shall audit the activities, transactions, and
5	records of the Authority on an annual basis.
6	SEC. 305. ANNUAL REPORT.
7	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
8	end of each fiscal year, the Authority shall submit to the
9	President and to Congress a report describing the activi-
10	ties carried out under this Act.
11	(b) Contents.—
12	(1) In general.—The report shall include—
13	(A) an evaluation of the progress of the
14	Authority—
15	(i) in meeting the goals set forth in
16	the regional development plan and the
17	State development plans; and
18	(ii) in working with other Federal
19	agencies and the border programs adminis-
20	tered by the Federal agencies;
21	(B) examples of notable projects in each
22	State;
23	(C) a description of all demonstration
24	projects funded under section 306(b) during the

1	fiscal year preceding submission of the report;
2	and
3	(D) any policy recommendations approved
4	by the Authority.
5	(2) Initial report.—In addition to the con-
6	tents specified in paragraph (1), the initial report
7	submitted under this section shall include—
8	(A) a determination as to whether the cre-
9	ation of a loan fund to be administered by the
10	Authority is necessary; and
11	(B) if the Authority determines that a loan
12	fund is necessary—
13	(i) a request for the authority to es-
14	tablish a loan fund; and
15	(ii) a description of the eligibility cri-
16	teria and performance requirements for the
17	loans.
18	SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
20	priated to the Authority to carry out this Act, to remain
21	available until expended—
22	(1) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
23	(2) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
24	(3) \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
25	(4) \$92,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.

- 1 (b) Demonstration Projects.—Of the funds
- 2 made available under subsection (a), \$5,000,000 for each
- 3 fiscal year shall be available to the Authority to carry out
- 4 section 207.
- 5 SEC. 307. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.
- 6 The authority provided by this Act terminates effec-
- 7 tive October 1, 2006.

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