In the Senate of the United States,

May 23, 2002.

Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representatives (H.R. 3009) entitled "An Act to extend the Andean Trade Preference Act, to grant additional trade benefits under that Act, and for other purposes.", do pass with the following

AMENDMENT:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Trade Act of 2002".

2SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS. (a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into 4 divisions as follows: (1) DIVISION A.—Trade Adjustment Assistance. (2) DIVISION B.—Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority. (3) DIVISION C.—Andean Trade Preference Act. (4) DIVISION D.—Extension of Certain Preferential Trade Treatment and Other Provisions. (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for 12 this Act is as follows: Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Organization of Act into divisions; table of contents.

DIVISION A—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

Sec. 101. Short title.

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TITLE I—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR WORKERS

Sec. 111. Adjustment assistance for workers.

Sec. 112. Displaced worker self-employment training pilot program.

TITLE II—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FIRMS

Sec. 201. Reauthorization of program.

TITLE III—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITIES

Sec. 301. Purpose.

Sec. 302. Trade adjustment assistance for communities.

TITLE IV—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FARMERS

Sec. 401. Trade adjustment assistance for farmers.

TITLE V—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FISHERMEN

Sec. 501. Trade adjustment assistance for fishermen.

TITLE VI—HEALTH CARE COVERAGE OPTIONS FOR WORKERS ELIGIBLE FOR TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

Sec. 601. Trade adjustment assistance health insurance credit.

- Sec. 602. Advance payment of trade adjustment assistance health insurance credit.
- Sec. 603. Health insurance coverage for eligible individuals.

TITLE VII—CONFORMING AMENDMENTS AND EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 701. Conforming amendments.

TITLE VIII—SAVINGS PROVISIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE

- Sec. 801. Savings provisions.
- Sec. 802. Effective date.

TITLE IX—REVENUE PROVISIONS

Sec. 901. Custom user fees.

TITLE X—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 1001. Country of origin labeling of fish and shellfish products. Sec. 1002. Sugar policy.

TITLE XI-CUSTOMS REAUTHORIZATION

Sec. 1101. Short title.

Subtitle A—United States Customs Service

Chapter 1—Drug Enforcement and Other Noncommercial and Commercial Operations

- Sec. 1111. Authorization of appropriations for noncommercial operations, commercial operations, and air and marine interdiction.
- Sec. 1112. Antiterrorist and illicit narcotics detection equipment for the United States-Mexico border, United States-Canada border, and Florida and the Gulf Coast seaports.
- Sec. 1113. Compliance with performance plan requirements.

Chapter 2-Child Cyber-Smuggling Center of the Customs Service

Sec. 1121. Authorization of appropriations for program to prevent child pornography/child sexual exploitation.

Chapter 3—Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 1131. Additional Customs Service officers for United States-Canada border.
- Sec. 1132. Study and report relating to personnel practices of the Customs Service.
- Sec. 1133. Study and report relating to accounting and auditing procedures of the Customs Service.
- Sec. 1134. Establishment and implementation of cost accounting system; reports.
- Sec. 1135. Study and report relating to timeliness of prospective rulings.
- Sec. 1136. Study and report relating to customs user fees.
- Sec. 1137. Authorization of appropriations for Customs staffing.

Chapter 4—Antiterrorism Provisions

- Sec. 1141. Emergency adjustments to offices, ports of entry, or staffing of the Customs Service.
- Sec. 1142. Mandatory advanced electronic information for cargo and passengers.

- Sec. 1143. Border search authority for certain contraband in outbound mail.
- Sec. 1144. Authorization of appropriations for reestablishment of Customs operations in New York City.

Chapter 5—Textile Transshipment Provisions

- Sec. 1151. GAO audit of textile transshipment monitoring by Customs Service.
- Sec. 1152. Authorization of appropriations for textile transshipment enforcement operations.
- Sec. 1153. Implementation of the African Growth and Opportunity Act.

Subtitle B—Office of the United States Trade Representative

Sec. 1161. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle C—United States International Trade Commission

Sec. 1171. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle D—Other Trade Provisions

- Sec. 1181. Increase in aggregate value of articles exempt from duty acquired abroad by United States residents.
- Sec. 1182. Regulatory audit procedures.

Subtitle E—Sense of Senate

Sec. 1191. Sense of Senate.

DIVISION B-BIPARTISAN TRADE PROMOTION AUTHORITY

TITLE XXI—TRADE PROMOTION AUTHORITY

- Sec. 2101. Short title; findings.
- Sec. 2102. Trade negotiating objectives.
- Sec. 2103. Trade agreements authority.
- Sec. 2104. Consultations and assessment.
- Sec. 2105. Implementation of trade agreements.
- Sec. 2106. Treatment of certain trade agreements for which negotiations have already begun.
- Sec. 2107. Congressional Oversight Group.
- Sec. 2108. Additional implementation and enforcement requirements.
- Sec. 2109. Committee staff.
- Sec. 2110. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 2111. Report on impact of trade promotion authority.
- Sec. 2112. Identification of small business advocate at WTO.
- Sec. 2113. Definitions.

DIVISION C—ANDEAN TRADE PREFERENCE ACT

TITLE XXXI—ANDEAN TRADE PREFERENCE

- Sec. 3101. Short title; findings.
- Sec. 3102. Temporary provisions.
- Sec. 3103. Termination.

TITLE XXXII—MISCELLANEOUS TRADE BENEFITS

Sec. 3201. Wool provisions.

Sec. 3202. Duty suspension on wool.

Sec. 3203. Ceiling fans.

Sec. 3204. Certain steam or other vapor generating boilers used in nuclear facilities.

DIVISION D—EXTENSION OF CERTAIN PREFERENTIAL TRADE TREATMENT AND OTHER PROVISIONS

TITLE XLI—EXTENSION OF GENERALIZED SYSTEM OF PREFERENCES

Sec. 4101. Generalized system of preferences.

Sec. 4102. Amendments to generalized system of preferences.

TITLE XLII—OTHER PROVISIONS

- Sec. 4201. Transparency in NAFTA tribunals.
- Sec. 4202. Expression of solidarity with Israel in its fight against terrorism.
- Sec. 4203. Limitation on use of certain revenue.
- Sec. 4204. Sense of the Senate regarding the United States-Russian Federation summit meeting, May 2002.
- Sec. 4205. No appropriations.

DIVISION A—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

3 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

4 This division may be cited as the "Trade Adjustment"

5 Assistance Reform Act of 2002".

6 TITLE I—TRADE ADJUSTMENT 7 ASSISTANCE FOR WORKERS

8 SEC. 111. ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR WORKERS.

- 9 Chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
- 10 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

11 "CHAPTER 2—ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

12 FOR WORKERS

13 "Subchapter A—General Provisions

14 "SEC. 221. DEFINITIONS.

15 *"In this chapter:*

1	"(1) Additional compensation.—The term
2	'additional compensation' has the meaning given that
3	term in section 205(3) of the Federal-State Extended
4	Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C.
5	3304 note).
6	"(2) Adversely affected employment.—The
7	term 'adversely affected employment' means employ-
8	ment in a firm or appropriate subdivision of a firm,
9	if workers of that firm or subdivision are eligible to
10	apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter.
11	"(3) Adversely affected worker.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'adversely af-
13	fected worker' means a worker who is a member
14	of a group of workers certified by the Secretary
15	under section $231(a)(1)$ as eligible for trade ad-
16	justment assistance.
17	"(B) Adversely affected secondary
18	worker.—The term 'adversely affected worker'
19	includes an adversely affected secondary worker
20	who is a member of a group of workers employed
21	at a downstream producer or a supplier, that is
22	certified by the Secretary under section $231(a)(2)$
23	as eligible for trade adjustment assistance.
24	"(4) AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS.—The term 'aver-
25	age weekly hours' means the average hours worked by

1	a worker (excluding overtime) in the employment
2	from which the worker has been or claims to have
3	been separated in the 52 weeks (excluding weeks dur-
4	ing which the worker was on leave for purposes of va-
5	cation, sickness, maternity, military service, or any
6	other employer-authorized leave) preceding the week
7	specified in paragraph $(5)(B)(ii)$.
8	"(5) Average weekly wage.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'average
10	weekly wage' means $\frac{1}{13}$ of the total wages paid
11	to an individual in the high quarter.
12	"(B) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of com-
13	puting the average weekly wage—
14	"(i) the term 'high quarter' means the
15	quarter in which the individual's total
16	wages were highest among the first 4 of the
17	last 5 completed calendar quarters imme-
18	diately preceding the quarter in which oc-
19	curs the week with respect to which the com-
20	putation is made; and
21	"(ii) the term 'week' means the week in
22	which total separation occurred, or, in cases
23	where partial separation is claimed, an ap-
24	propriate week, as defined in regulations
25	prescribed by the Secretary.

"(6) BENEFIT PERIOD.—The term benefit pe-

2	riod' means, with respect to an individual, the fol-
3	lowing:
4	"(A) STATE LAW.—The benefit year and
5	any ensuing period, as determined under appli-
6	cable State law, during which the individual is
7	eligible for regular compensation, additional
8	compensation, or extended compensation.
9	"(B) FEDERAL LAW.—The equivalent to the
10	benefit year or ensuing period provided for
11	under the applicable Federal unemployment in-
12	surance law.
13	"(7) BENEFIT YEAR.—The term 'benefit year'
14	has the same meaning given that term in the Federal-
15	State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of
16	1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note).
17	"(8) Contributed importantly.—The term
18	'contributed importantly' means a cause that is im-
19	portant but not necessarily more important than any
20	other cause.
21	"(9) Cooperating state.—The term 'cooper-
22	ating State' means any State that has entered into an
23	agreement with the Secretary under section 222.
24	"(10) Customized training.—The term 'cus-
25	tomized training' means training that is designed to
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1	meet the special requirements of an employer (includ-
2	ing a group of employers) and that is conducted with
3	a commitment by the employer to employ an indi-
4	vidual on successful completion of the training.
5	"(11) Downstream producer.—The term
6	'downstream producer' means a firm that performs
7	additional, value-added production processes for a
8	firm or subdivision, including a firm that performs
9	final assembly or finishing, directly for another firm
10	(or subdivision), for articles that were the basis for a
11	certification of eligibility under section $231(a)(1)$ of a
12	group of workers employed by such other firm, if the
13	certification of eligibility under section $231(a)(1)$ is
14	based on an increase in imports from, or a shift in
15	production to, Canada or Mexico.
16	"(12) Extended compensation.—The term 'ex-
17	tended compensation' has the meaning given that
18	term in section 205(4) of the Federal-State Extended
19	Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C.
20	3304 note).
21	"(13) Job Finding Club.—The term 'job finding
22	club' means a job search workshop which includes a
23	period of structured, supervised activity in which

24 participants attempt to obtain jobs.

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finding club.

"(14) Job search program.—The term 'job

search program' means a job search workshop or job

4	"(15) Job search workshop.—The term 'job
5	search workshop' means a short (1- to 3-day) sem-
6	inar, covering subjects such as labor market informa-
7	tion, résumé writing, interviewing techniques, and
8	techniques for finding job openings, that is designed
9	to provide participants with knowledge that will en-
10	able the participants to find jobs.
11	"(16) ON-THE-JOB TRAINING.—The term 'on-the-
12	job training' has the same meaning as that term has
13	in section 101(31) of the Workforce Investment Act.
14	"(17) PARTIAL SEPARATION.—A partial separa-
15	tion shall be considered to exist with respect to an in-
16	dividual if—
17	"(A) the individual has had a 20-percent or
18	greater reduction in the average weekly hours
19	worked by that individual in adversely affected
20	employment; and
21	``(B) the individual has had a 20-percent or
22	greater reduction in the average weekly wage of
23	the individual with respect to adversely affected
24	employment.

1	"(18) Regular compensation.—The term 'reg-
2	ular compensation' has the meaning given that term
3	in section 205(2) of the Federal-State Extended Un-
4	employment Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C.
5	3304 note).
б	"(19) Regular state unemployment.—The
7	term 'regular State unemployment' means unemploy-
8	ment insurance benefits other than an extension of
9	unemployment insurance by a State using its own
10	funds beyond either the 26-week period mandated by
11	Federal law or any additional period provided for
12	under the Federal-State Extended Unemployment
13	Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note).
14	"(20) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
15	the Secretary of Labor.
16	"(21) State.—The term 'State' includes each
17	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
18	and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
19	"(22) State agency.—The term 'State agency'
20	means the agency of the State that administers the
21	State law.
22	"(23) State law.—The term 'State law' means
23	the unemployment insurance law of the State ap-
24	proved by the Secretary under section 3304 of the In-
25	ternal Revenue Code of 1986.

1	"(24) SUPPLIER.—The term 'supplier' means a
2	firm that produces and supplies directly to another
3	firm (or subdivision) component parts for articles
4	that were the basis for a certification of eligibility
5	under section 231(a)(1) of a group of workers em-
6	ployed by such other firm.
7	"(25) TOTAL SEPARATION.—The term 'total sep-
8	aration' means the layoff or severance of an indi-
9	vidual from employment with a firm in which or in
10	a subdivision of which, adversely affected employment
11	exists.
12	"(26) UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.—The term
13	'unemployment insurance' means the unemployment
14	compensation payable to an individual under any
15	State law or Federal unemployment compensation
16	law, including chapter 85 of title 5, United States
17	Code, and the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act
18	(45 U.S.C. 351 et seq.).
19	"(27) WEEK.—Except as provided in paragraph
20	5(B)(ii), the term 'week' means a week as defined in
21	the applicable State law.
22	"(28) WEEK OF UNEMPLOYMENT.—The term
23	'week of unemployment' means a week of total, part-
24	total, or partial unemployment as determined under

the applicable State law or Federal unemployment
 insurance law.

3 "SEC. 222. AGREEMENTS WITH STATES.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized on be5 half of the United States to enter into an agreement with
6 any State or with any State agency (referred to in this
7 chapter as 'cooperating State' and 'cooperating State agen8 cy', respectively) to facilitate the provision of services under
9 this chapter.

10 "(b) PROVISIONS OF AGREEMENTS.—Under an agree11 ment entered into under subsection (a)—

12 "(1) the cooperating State agency as an agent of
13 the United States shall—

14 "(A) facilitate the early filing of petitions
15 under section 231(b) for any group of workers
16 that the State considers is likely to be eligible for
17 benefits under this chapter;

"(B) assist the Secretary in the review of
any petition submitted from that State by
verifying the information and providing other
assistance as the Secretary may request;

"(C) advise each worker who applies for unemployment insurance of the available benefits
under this chapter and the procedures and deadlines for applying for those benefits and of the

1	worker's potential eligibility for assistance with
2	health care coverage through the trade adjust-
3	ment assistance health insurance credit under
4	section 6429 of the Internal Revenue Code of
5	1986 or under funds made available to the State
6	to carry out section 173(f) of the Workforce In-
7	vestment Act of 1998;
8	"(D) receive applications for services under
9	this chapter;
10	``(E) provide payments on the basis pro-
11	vided for in this chapter;
12	``(F) advise each adversely affected worker
13	to apply for training under section 240, and of
14	the deadlines for benefits related to enrollment in
15	training under this chapter;
16	"(G) ensure that the State employees with
17	responsibility for carrying out an agreement en-
18	tered into under subsection (a)—
19	"(i) inform adversely affected workers
20	covered by a certification issued under sec-
21	tion 231(c) of the workers' (and individual
22	member's of the worker's family) potential
23	eligibility for—
24	((I) medical assistance under the
25	medicaid program established under

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1	title XIX of the Social Security Act (42
2	U.S.C. 1396a et seq.);
3	"(II) child health assistance under
4	the State children's health insurance
5	program established under title XXI of
6	that Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.);
7	"(III) child care services for
8	which assistance is provided under the
9	Child Care and Development Block
10	Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858 et
11	seq.);
12	"(IV) the trade adjustment assist-
13	ance health insurance credit under sec-
14	tion 6429 of the Internal Revenue Code
15	of 1986 and health care coverage assist-
16	ance under funds made available to the
17	State to carry out section 173(f) of the
18	Workforce Investment Act of 1998; and
19	"(V) other Federal- and State-
20	funded health care, child care, trans-
21	portation, and assistance programs for
22	which the workers may be eligible; and
23	"(ii) provide such workers with infor-
24	mation regarding how to apply for such as-
25	sistance, services, and programs, including

1	notification that the election period for
2	COBRA continuation may be extended for
3	certain workers under section 603 of the
4	Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of
5	2002;
6	"(H) provide adversely affected workers re-
7	ferral to training services approved under title I
8	of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29
9	U.S.C. 2801 et seq.), and any other appropriate
10	Federal or State program designed to assist dis-
11	located workers or unemployed individuals, con-
12	sistent with the requirements of subsection $(b)(2)$;
13	"(I) collect and transmit to the Secretary
14	any data as the Secretary shall reasonably re-
15	quire to assist the Secretary in assuring the ef-
16	fective and efficient performance of the programs
17	carried out under this chapter; and
18	(J) otherwise actively cooperate with the
19	Secretary and with other Federal and State
20	agencies in providing payments and services
21	under this chapter, including participation in
22	the performance measurement system established
23	by the Secretary under section 224.
24	"(2) the cooperating State shall—

1	``(A) arrange for the provision of services
2	under this chapter through the one-stop delivery
3	system established in section 134(c) of the Work-
4	force Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2864(c))
5	where available;
6	``(B) provide to adversely affected workers
7	statewide rapid response activities under section
8	134(a)(2)(A) of the Workforce Investment Act of
9	1998 (29 U.S.C. $2864(a)(2)(A)$) in the same
10	manner and to the same extent as any other
11	worker eligible for those activities;
12	``(C) afford adversely affected workers the
13	services provided under section 134(d) of the
14	Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C.
15	92864(d)) in the same manner and to the same
16	extent as any other worker eligible for those serv-
17	ices; and
18	(D) provide training services under this
19	chapter using training providers approved under
20	title I of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998
21	(29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.) which may include com-
22	munity colleges, and other effective providers of
23	training services.
24	"(c) Other Provisions.—

1	"(1) Approval of training providers.—The
2	Secretary shall ensure that the training services pro-
3	vided by cooperating States are provided by organiza-
4	tions approved by the Secretary to effectively assist
5	workers eligible for assistance under this chapter.
6	"(2) Amendment, suspension, or termi-
7	NATION OF AGREEMENTS.—Each agreement entered
8	into under this section shall provide the terms and
9	conditions upon which the agreement may be amend-
10	ed, suspended, or terminated.
11	"(3) EFFECT ON UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.—
12	Each agreement entered into under this section shall
13	provide that unemployment insurance otherwise pay-
14	able to any adversely affected worker will not be de-
15	nied or reduced for any week by reason of any right
16	to payments under this chapter.
17	"(4) Coordination of workforce investment
18	ACTIVITIES.—In order to promote the coordination of
19	Workforce Investment Act activities in each State
20	with activities carried out under this chapter, each
21	agreement entered into under this section shall pro-
22	vide that the State shall submit to the Secretary, in
23	such form as the Secretary may require, the descrip-
24	tion and information described in paragraphs (8)

1	and (14) of section 112(b) of the Workforce Invest-
2	ment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2822(b) (8) and (14)).
3	"(d) Review of State Determinations.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A determination by a co-
5	operating State regarding entitlement to program
6	benefits under this chapter is subject to review in the
7	same manner and to the same extent as determina-
8	tions under the applicable State law.
9	"(2) APPEAL.—A review undertaken by a cooper-
10	ating State under paragraph (1) may be appealed to
11	the Secretary pursuant to such regulations as the Sec-
12	retary may prescribe.
13	"SEC. 223. ADMINISTRATION ABSENT STATE AGREEMENT.
14	"(a) IN GENERAL.—In any State in which there is no
15	agreement in force under section 222, the Secretary shall
16	arrange, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, for
17	the performance of all necessary functions under this chap-
18	ter, including providing a hearing for any worker whose
19	application for payment is denied.
20	"(b) Finality of Determination.—A final deter-
21	mination under subsection (a) regarding entitlement to pro-
22	gram benefits under this chapter is subject to review by the
23	courts in the same manner and to the same extent as is
24	provided by section $205(g)$ of the Social Security Act (42)
25	$U.S.C. \ 405(g)).$

1	"SEC. 224. DATA COLLECTION; EVALUATIONS; REPORTS.
2	"(a) DATA COLLECTION.—The Secretary shall, pursu-
3	ant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary, collect any
4	data necessary to meet the requirements of this chapter.
5	"(b) PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS.—The Secretary
6	shall establish an effective performance measuring system
7	to evaluate the following:
8	"(1) Program performance.—
9	"(A) speed of petition processing;
10	"(B) quality of petition processing;
11	"(C) cost of training programs;
12	(D) coordination of programs under this
13	title with programs under the Workforce Invest-
14	ment Act (29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.);
15	((E) length of time participants take to
16	enter and complete training programs;
17	``(F) the effectiveness of individual contrac-
18	tors in providing appropriate retraining infor-
19	mation;
20	"(G) the effectiveness of individual approved
21	training programs in helping workers obtain em-
22	ployment;
23	((H) best practices related to the provision

24 of benefits and retraining; and

``(I)	other data to evaluate how individual
States ar	re implementing the requirements of this
title.	
"(2) PAR	TICIPANT OUTCOMES.—
"(A)) reemployment rates;
"(B)) types of jobs in which displaced work-
ers have	been placed;
"(C,) wage and benefit maintenance results;
"(D) training completion rates; and
"(E)) other data to evaluate how effective
programs	s under this chapter are for partici-
pants, t	aking into consideration current eco-
nomic co	nditions in the State.
"(3) PRO	GRAM PARTICIPATION DATA.—

15 "(A) the number of workers receiving benefits and the type of benefits being received; 16

17 "(B) the number of workers enrolled in, and 18 the duration of, training by major types of 19 training;

"(C) earnings history of workers that re-20 21 flects wages before separation and wages in any job obtained after receiving benefits under this 22 23 Act;

(D) the cause of dislocation identified in 24 each certified petition; 25

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1	``(E) the number of petitions filed and
2	workers certified in each United States congres-
3	sional district; and
4	``(F) the number of workers who received
5	waivers under each category identified in section
6	235(c)(1) and the average duration of such waiv-
7	ers.
8	"(c) STATE PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary shall en-
9	sure, to the extent practicable, through oversight and effec-
10	tive internal control measures the following:
11	"(1) STATE PARTICIPATION.—Participation by
12	each State in the performance measurement system
13	established under subsection (b).
14	"(2) MONITORING.—Monitoring by each State of
15	internal control measures with respect to performance
16	measurement data collected by each State.
17	"(3) RESPONSE.—The quality and speed of the
18	rapid response provided by each State under section
19	134(a)(2)(A) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998
20	(29 U.S.C. 2864(a)(2)(A)).
21	"(d) Reports.—
22	"(1) Reports by the secretary.—
23	"(A) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 6
24	months after the date of enactment of the Trade
25	Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of 2002, the

1	Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Fi-
2	nance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways
3	and Means of the House of Representatives a re-
4	port that—
5	"(i) describes the performance measure-
6	ment system established under subsection
7	<i>(b);</i>
8	"(ii) includes analysis of data collected
9	through the system established under sub-
10	section (b);
11	"(iii) includes information identifying
12	the number of workers who received waivers
13	under section $235(c)$ and the average dura-
14	tion of those during the preceding year;
15	"(iv) describes and analyzes State par-
16	ticipation in the system;
17	((v) analyzes the quality and speed of
18	the rapid response provided by each State
19	under section $134(a)(2)(A)$ of the Workforce
20	Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C.
21	2864(a)(2)(A)); and
22	"(vi) provides recommendations for
23	program improvements.
24	"(B) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1
25	year after the date the report is submitted under

1	subparagraph (A), and annually thereafter, the
2	Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Fi-
3	nance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways
4	and Means of the House of Representatives a re-
5	port that includes the information collected
б	under clauses (ii) through (v) of subparagraph
7	<i>(A)</i> .
8	"(2) STATE REPORTS.—Pursuant to regulations
9	prescribed by the Secretary, each State shall submit
10	to the Secretary a report that details its participation
11	in the programs established under this chapter, and
12	that contains the data necessary to allow the Sec-
13	retary to submit the report required under paragraph
14	(1).
15	"(3) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make
16	available to each State, and other public and private
17	organizations as determined by the Secretary, the
18	data gathered and evaluated through the performance
19	measurement system established under paragraph (1).
20	"SEC. 225. STUDY BY SECRETARY OF LABOR WHEN INTER-
21	NATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION BEGINS IN-
22	VESTIGATION.
23	"(a) Notification of Investigation.—Whenever the
24	
	International Trade Commission begins an investigation

sion shall immediately notify the Secretary of that inves tigation, and the Secretary shall immediately begin a study
 of—

4 "(1) the number of workers in the domestic in5 dustry producing the like or directly competitive arti6 cle who have been or are likely to be certified as eligi7 ble for adjustment assistance under this chapter; and
8 "(2) the extent to which the adjustment of those
9 workers to the import competition may be facilitated
10 through the use of existing programs.

11 "(b) REPORT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
a report based on the study conducted under subsection (a) to the President not later than 15 days
after the day on which the Commission makes its report under section 202(f).

17 "(2) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall
18 promptly make public the report provided to the
19 President under paragraph (1) (with the exception of
20 information which the Secretary determines to be con21 fidential) and shall have a summary of the report
22 published in the Federal Register.

1 "SEC. 226. REPORT BY SECRETARY OF LABOR ON LIKELY IM-

2

PACT OF TRADE AGREEMENTS.

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—At least 90 calendar days before the day on which the President enters into a trade agree-4 5 ment under section 2103(b) of the Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002, the President shall provide 6 7 the Secretary with details of the agreement as it exists at that time and direct the Secretary to prepare and submit 8 9 the assessment described in subsection (b). Between the time the President instructs the Secretary to prepare the assess-10 ment under this section and the time the Secretary submits 11 the assessment to Congress, the President shall keep the Sec-12 13 retary current with respect to the details of the agreement. 14 "(b) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 calendar days after the President enters into the agreement, the Secretary 15 shall submit to the President, the Committee on Finance 16 of the Senate, the Committee on Ways and Means of the 17 House of Representatives, and the Committees on Appro-18 19 priations of the Senate and the House of Representatives, a report assessing the likely impact of the agreement on em-20 ployment in the United States economy as a whole and in 21 22 specific industrial sectors, including the extent of worker 23 dislocations likely to result from implementation of the 24 agreement. The report shall include an estimate of the financial and administrative resources necessary to provide 25

trade adjustment assistance to all potentially adversely af fected workers.

3 "Subchapter B—Certifications 4 "SEC. 231. CERTIFICATION AS ADVERSELY AFFECTED 5 WORKERS. 6 "(a) ELIGIBILITY FOR CERTIFICATION.— 7 "(1) GENERAL RULE.—A group of workers (in-8 cluding workers in any agricultural firm or subdivision of an agricultural firm) shall be certified by the 9 10 Secretary as adversely affected workers and eligible 11 for trade adjustment assistance benefits under this 12 chapter pursuant to a petition filed under subsection 13 (b) if the Secretary determines that a significant 14 number or proportion of the workers in the workers' 15 firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have 16 become totally or partially separated, or are threat-17 ened to become totally or partially separated, and 18 that either— 19 (A)(i) the sales or production, or both, of 20 such firm or subdivision have decreased abso-21 lutely:

"(ii) the value or volume of imports of articles
cles like or directly competitive with articles produced by that firm or subdivision have increased;
and

"(iii) the increase in the value or volume of 1 2 imports described in clause (ii) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of 3 4 separation and to the decline in the sales or pro-5 duction of such firm or subdivision; or 6 "(B) there has been a shift in production by 7 the workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign 8 country of articles like or directly competitive 9 with articles which are produced by that firm or 10 subdivision and the shift in production contrib-11 uted importantly to the workers' separation or 12 threat of separation. 13 "(2) Adversely affected secondary work-14 ER.—A group of workers (including workers in any 15 agricultural firm or subdivision of an agricultural 16 firm) shall be certified by the Secretary as adversely 17 affected and eligible for trade adjustment assistance 18 benefits under this chapter pursuant to a petition filed under subsection (b) if the Secretary determines 19 20 that-"(A) a significant number or proportion of 21 22 the workers in the workers' firm or an appro-

23 priate subdivision of the firm have become to24 tally or partially separated, or are threatened to
25 become totally or partially separated;

1	"(B) the workers' firm (or subdivision) is a
2	supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or
3	subdivision) that employed a group of workers
4	who received a certification of eligibility under
5	paragraph (1), and such supply or production is
6	related to the article that was the basis for such
7	certification (as defined in section 221 (11) and
8	(24)); and
9	``(C) a loss of business by the workers' firm
10	with the firm (or subdivision) described in sub-
11	paragraph (B) contributed importantly to the
12	workers' separation or threat of separation deter-
13	mined under subparagraph (A).
14	"(3) Special rule for secondary work-
15	ERS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the Secretary
16	may, pursuant to standards established by the Sec-
17	retary and for good cause shown, certify as eligible for
18	trade adjustment assistance under this chapter a
19	group of workers who meet the requirements for cer-
20	tification as adversely affected secondary workers in
21	paragraph (2), except that the Secretary has not re-
22	ceived a petition under paragraph (1) on behalf of
23	workers at a firm to which the petitioning workers'
24	firm is a supplier or downstream producer as defined
25	in section 221 (11) and (24).

2	"(A) OIL AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCERS.—
3	For purposes of this section, any firm, or appro-
4	priate subdivision of a firm, that engages in ex-
5	ploration or drilling for oil or natural gas shall
6	be considered to be a firm producing oil or nat-
7	ural gas.
8	"(B) OIL AND NATURAL GAS IMPORTS.—For
9	purposes of this section, any firm, or appro-
10	priate subdivision of a firm, that engages in ex-
11	ploration or drilling for oil or natural gas, or
12	otherwise produces oil or natural gas, shall be
13	considered to be producing articles directly com-
14	petitive with imports of oil and with imports of
15	natural gas.
16	"(C) TACONITE.—For purposes of this sec-
17	tion, taconite pellets produced in the United
18	States shall be considered to be an article that is
19	like or directly competitive with imports of semi-
20	finished steel slab.
21	"(b) Petitions.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A petition for certification of
23	eligibility for trade adjustment assistance under this
24	chapter for a group of adversely affected workers shall
25	be filed simultaneously with the Secretary and with

1	the Governor of the State in which the firm or sub-
2	division of the firm employing the workers is located.
3	"(2) Persons who may file a petition.—A
4	petition under paragraph (1) may be filed by any of
5	the following:
6	"(A) WORKERS.—A group of workers (in-
7	cluding workers in an agricultural firm or sub-
8	division of any agricultural firm).
9	"(B) Worker representatives.—The
10	certified or recognized union or other duly ap-
11	pointed representative of the workers.
12	"(C) Worker adjustment and retrain-
13	ING NOTIFICATION.—Any entity to which notice
14	of a plant closing or mass layoff must be given
15	under section 3 of the Worker Adjustment and
16	Retraining Notification Act (29 U.S.C. 2102).
17	"(D) Other.—Employers of workers de-
18	scribed in subparagraph (A) , one-stop operators
19	or one-stop partners (as defined in section 101 of
20	the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C.
21	2801)), or State employment agencies, on behalf
22	of the workers.
23	"(E) Request to initiate certifi-
24	CATION.—The President, or the Committee on
25	Finance of the Senate or the Committee on Ways

1	and Means of the House of Representatives (by
2	resolution), may petition the Secretary to ini-
3	tiate a certification process under this chapter to
4	determine the eligibility for trade adjustment as-
5	sistance of a group of workers.
6	"(3) Actions by governor.—
7	"(A) COOPERATING STATE.—Upon receipt
8	of a petition, the Governor of a cooperating State
9	shall ensure that the requirements of the agree-
10	ment entered into under section 222 are met.
11	"(B) OTHER STATES.—Upon receipt of a
12	petition, the Governor of a State that has not en-
13	tered into an agreement under section 222 shall
14	coordinate closely with the Secretary to ensure
15	that workers covered by a petition are—
16	"(i) provided with all available serv-
17	ices, including rapid response activities
18	under section 134 of the Workforce Invest-
19	ment Act (29 U.S.C. 2864);
20	"(ii) informed of the workers' (and in-
21	dividual member's of the worker's family)
22	potential eligibility for—
23	((I) medical assistance under the
24	medicaid program established under

1	title XIX of the Social Security Act (42
2	U.S.C. 1396a et seq.);
3	"(II) child health assistance under
4	the State children's health insurance
5	program established under title XXI of
6	that Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.);
7	"(III) child care services for
8	which assistance is provided under the
9	Child Care and Development Block
10	Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858 et
11	seq.);
12	"(IV) the trade adjustment assist-
13	ance health insurance credit under sec-
14	tion 6429 of the Internal Revenue Code
15	of 1986 and health care coverage assist-
16	ance under funds made available to the
17	State to carry out section 173(f) of the
18	Workforce Investment Act of 1998; and
19	"(V) other Federal and State
20	funded health care, child care, trans-
21	portation, and assistance programs
22	that the workers may be eligible for;
23	and
24	"(iii) provided with information re-
25	garding how to apply for the assistance,

services, and programs described in clause
 (ii).

3 "(c) ACTIONS BY SECRETARY.—

4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—As soon as possible after the 5 date on which a petition is filed under subsection (b). 6 but not later than 40 days after that date, the Sec-7 retary shall determine whether the petitioning group 8 meets the requirements of subsection (a), and if war-9 ranted, shall issue a certification of eligibility for 10 trade adjustment assistance pursuant to this sub-11 chapter. In making the determination, the Secretary 12 shall consult with all petitioning entities.

"(2) PUBLICATION OF DETERMINATION.—Upon
making a determination under paragraph (1), the
Secretary shall promptly publish a summary of the
determination in the Federal Register together with
the reasons for making that determination.

18 "(3) DATE SPECIFIED IN CERTIFICATION.—Each
19 certification made under this subsection shall specify
20 the date on which the total or partial separation
21 began or threatened to begin with respect to a group
22 of certified workers.

23 "(4) PROJECTED TRAINING NEEDS.—The Sec24 retary shall inform the State Workforce Investment
25 Board or equivalent agency, and other public or pri-

vate agencies, institutions, employers, and labor orga-

2	nizations, as appropriate, of each certification issued
3	under section 231 and of projections, if available, of
4	the need for training under section 240 as a result of
5	that certification.
6	"(d) Scope of Certification.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A certification issued under
8	subsection (c) shall cover adversely affected workers in
9	any group that meets the requirements of subsection
10	(a), whose total or partial separation occurred on or
11	after the date on which the petition was filed under
12	subsection (b).
13	"(2) Workers separated prior to certifi-
14	CATION.—A certification issued under subsection (c)
15	shall cover adversely affected workers whose total or
16	partial separation occurred not more than 1 year
17	prior to the date on which the petition was filed
18	under subsection (b).
19	"(e) Termination of Certification.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines,
21	with respect to any certification of eligibility, that
22	workers separated from a firm or subdivision covered
23	by a certification of eligibility are no longer adversely
24	affected workers, the Secretary shall terminate the cer-
25	tification.

1	"(2) Publication of termination.—The Sec-
2	retary shall promptly publish notice of any termi-
3	nation made under paragraph (1) in the Federal Reg-
4	ister together with the reasons for making that deter-
5	mination.
6	"(3) APPLICATION.—Any determination made
7	under paragraph (1) shall apply only to total or par-
8	tial separations occurring after the termination date
9	specified by the Secretary.
10	"SEC. 232. BENEFIT INFORMATION TO WORKERS.
11	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in accordance
12	with the provisions of section 222 or 223, as appropriate,
13	provide prompt and full information to adversely affected
14	workers covered by a certification issued under section
15	231(c), including information regarding—
16	"(1) benefit allowances, training, and other em-
17	ployment services available under this chapter;
18	"(2) petition and application procedures under
19	this chapter;
20	"(3) appropriate filing dates for the allowances,
21	training, and services available under this chapter;
22	and
23	"(4) procedures for applying for and receiving
24	all other Federal benefits and services available to
25	separated workers during a period of unemployment.

1 "(b) Assistance to	GROUPS OF WORKERS.—
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2 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
3 any necessary assistance to enable groups of workers
4 to prepare petitions or applications for program bene5 fits.

6 "(2) ASSISTANCE FROM STATES.—The Secretary
7 shall ensure that cooperating States fully comply with
8 the agreements entered into under section 222 and
9 shall periodically review that compliance.

10 "(c) NOTICE.—

11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later that 15 days after 12 a certification is issued under section 231 (or as soon 13 as practicable after separation), the Secretary shall 14 provide written notice of the benefits available under 15 this chapter to each worker whom the Secretary has 16 reason to believe is covered by the certification.

17 "(2) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE.—The Secretary
18 shall publish notice of the benefits available under
19 this chapter to workers covered by each certification
20 made under section 231 in newspapers of general cir21 culation in the areas in which those workers reside.

"(3) NOTICE TO OTHER PARTIES AFFECTED BY
THESE PROVISIONS REGARDING HEALTH ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall notify each provider of
health insurance within the meaning of section 7527

1	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 of the avail-
2	ability of health care coverage assistance under title
3	VI of the Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of
4	2002 and of the temporary extension of the election
5	period for COBRA continuation coverage for certain
6	workers under section 603 of that Act.
7	"Subchapter C—Program Benefits
8	"PART I—GENERAL PROVISIONS
9	"SEC. 234. COMPREHENSIVE ASSISTANCE.
10	"Workers covered by a certification issued by the Sec-
11	retary under section 231 shall be eligible for the following:
12	"(1) Trade adjustment allowances as described
13	in sections 235 through 238.
14	"(2) Employment services as described in section
15	239.
16	"(3) Training as described in section 240.
17	"(4) Job search allowances as described in sec-
18	<i>tion 241.</i>
19	"(5) Relocation allowances as described in sec-
20	<i>tion 242.</i>
21	"(6) Supportive services and wage insurance as
22	described in section 243.
23	"(7) Health care coverage assistance under title
24	VI of the Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of
25	2002.

1	"PART II—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ALLOWANCES
2	"SEC. 235. QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR WORKERS.
3	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Payment of a trade adjustment al-
4	lowance shall be made to an adversely affected worker cov-
5	ered by a certification under section 231 who files an appli-
6	cation for the allowance for any week of unemployment that
7	begins more than 60 days after the date on which the peti-
8	tion that resulted in the certification was filed under section
9	231, if the following conditions are met:
10	"(1) TIME OF TOTAL OR PARTIAL SEPARATION
11	FROM EMPLOYMENT.—The adversely affected worker's
12	total or partial separation before the worker's appli-
13	cation under this chapter occurred—
14	"(A) within the period specified in either
15	section 231 (d) (1) or (2);
16	((B) before the expiration of the 2-year pe-
17	riod beginning on the date on which the certifi-
18	cation under section 231 was issued; and
19	(C) before the termination date (if any)
20	determined pursuant to section 231(e).
21	"(2) Employment required.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The adversely affected
23	worker had, in the 52-week period ending with
24	the week in which the total or partial separation
25	occurred, at least 26 weeks of employment at

1	wages of \$30 or more a week with a single firm
2	or subdivision of a firm.
3	"(B) UNAVAILABILITY OF DATA.—If data
4	with respect to weeks of employment with a firm
5	are not available, the worker had equivalent
6	amounts of employment computed under regula-
7	tions prescribed by the Secretary.
8	"(C) Week of employment.—For the pur-
9	poses of this paragraph any week shall be treated
10	as a week of employment at wages of \$30 or
11	more, if an adversely affected worker—
12	"(i) is on employer-authorized leave for
13	purposes of vacation, sickness, injury, or
14	maternity, or inactive duty training or ac-
15	tive duty for training in the Armed Forces
16	of the United States;
17	"(ii) does not work because of a dis-
18	ability that is compensable under a work-
19	men's compensation law or plan of a State
20	or the United States;
21	"(iii) had employment interrupted in
22	order to serve as a full-time representative
23	of a labor organization in that firm or sub-
24	division; or

1	"(iv) is on call-up for purposes of ac-
2	tive duty in a reserve status in the Armed
3	Forces of the United States, provided that
4	active duty is 'Federal service' as defined in
5	section 8521(a)(1) of title 5, United States
6	Code.
7	"(D) Exceptions.—
8	"(i) In the case of weeks described in
9	clause (i) or (iii) of subparagraph (C), or
10	both, not more than 7 weeks may be treated
11	as weeks of employment under subpara-
12	graph (C).
13	"(ii) In the case of weeks described in
14	clause (ii) or (iv) of subparagraph (C), not
15	more than 26 weeks may be treated as weeks
16	of employment under subparagraph (C).
17	"(3) UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.—The ad-
18	versely affected worker meets all of the following re-
19	quirements:
20	"(A) Entitlement to unemployment in-
21	SURANCE.—The worker was entitled to (or would
22	be entitled to if the worker applied for) unem-
23	ployment insurance for a week within the benefit
24	period—

"(i) in which total or partial separa-1 2 tion took place; or "(ii) which began (or would have 3 4 begun) by reason of the filing of a claim for unemployment insurance by the worker 5 6 after total or partial separation. 7 "(B) EXHAUSTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN-8 SURANCE.—The worker has exhausted all rights 9 to any regular State unemployment insurance to 10 which the worker was entitled (or would be enti-11 tled if the worker had applied for any regular 12 State unemployment insurance). 13 "(C) NO UNEXPIRED WAITING PERIOD.— 14 The worker does not have an unexpired waiting 15 period applicable to the worker for any unem-16 ployment insurance. 17 "(4) EXTENDED UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSA-18 TION.—The adversely affected worker, with respect to 19 a week of unemployment, would not be disqualified 20 for extended compensation payable under the Federal-21 State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 22 1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note) by reason of the work ac-23 ceptance and job search requirements in section 202(a)(3) of that Act. 24

1	"(5) TRAINING.—The adversely affected worker is
2	enrolled in a training program approved by the Sec-
3	retary under section 240(a), and the enrollment oc-
4	curred not later than the latest of the periods de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C).
6	"(A) 16 WEEKS.—The worker enrolled not
7	later than the last day of the 16th week after the
8	worker's most recent total separation that meets
9	the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2).
10	"(B) 8 WEEKS.—The worker enrolled not
11	later than the last day of the 8th week after the
12	week in which the Secretary issues a certification
13	covering the worker.
14	"(C) EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES.—Not-
15	withstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B) , the
16	adversely affected worker is eligible for trade ad-
17	justment assistance if the worker enrolled not
18	later than 45 days after the later of the dates
19	specified in subparagraph (A) or (B), and the
20	Secretary determines there are extenuating cir-
21	cumstances that justify an extension in the en-
22	rollment period.
23	"(b) Failure To Participate in Training.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Until the adversely affected
25	worker begins or resumes participation in a training

1	program approved under section 240(a), no trade ad-
2	justment allowance may be paid under subsection (a)
3	to an adversely affected worker for any week or any
4	succeeding week in which—
5	"(A) the Secretary determines that—
6	"(i) the adversely affected worker—
7	"(I) has failed to begin participa-
8	tion in a training program the enroll-
9	ment in which meets the requirement
10	of subsection $(a)(5)$; or
11	"(II) has ceased to participate in
12	such a training program before com-
13	pleting the training program; and
14	"(ii) there is no justifiable cause for
15	the failure or cessation; or
16	((B) the waiver issued to that worker under
17	subsection $(c)(1)$ is revoked under subsection
18	(c)(2).
19	"(2) EXCEPTION.—The provisions of subsection
20	(a)(5) and paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect
21	to any week of unemployment that begins before the
22	first week following the week in which the certifi-
23	cation is issued under section 231.
24	"(c) Waivers of Training Requirements.—

1	"(1) Issuance of waivers.—The Secretary
2	may issue a written statement to an adversely af-
3	fected worker waiving the requirement to be enrolled
4	in training described in subsection (a) if the Sec-
5	retary determines that the training requirement is
6	not feasible or appropriate for the worker, because of
7	1 or more of the following reasons:
8	"(A) RECALL.—The worker has been noti-
9	fied that the worker will be recalled by the firm
10	from which the separation occurred.
11	"(B) Marketable skills.—The worker
12	possesses marketable skills for suitable employ-
13	ment (as determined pursuant to an assessment
14	of the worker, which may include the profiling
15	system under section 303(j) of the Social Secu-
16	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 503(j)), carried out in ac-
17	cordance with guidelines issued by the Secretary)
18	and there is a reasonable expectation of employ-
19	ment at equivalent wages in the foreseeable fu-
20	ture.
21	"(C) Retirement.—The worker is within 2
22	years of meeting all requirements for entitlement
23	to either—
24	"(i) old-age insurance benefits under
25	title II of the Social Security Act (42

1	U.S.C. 401 et seq.) (except for application
2	therefore); or
3	"(ii) a private pension sponsored by
4	an employer or labor organization.
5	"(D) HEALTH.—The worker is unable to
6	participate in training due to the health of the
7	worker, except that a waiver under this subpara-
8	graph shall not be construed to exempt a worker
9	from requirements relating to the availability for
10	work, active search for work, or refusal to accept
11	work under Federal or State unemployment com-
12	pensation laws.
13	"(E) ENROLLMENT UNAVAILABLE.—The
14	first available enrollment date for the approved
15	training of the worker is within 60 days after
16	the date of the determination made under this
17	paragraph, or, if later, there are extenuating cir-
18	cumstances for the delay in enrollment, as deter-
19	mined pursuant to guidelines issued by the Sec-
20	retary.
21	"(F) TRAINING NOT AVAILABLE.—Training
22	approved by the Secretary is not reasonably
23	available to the worker from either governmental
24	agencies or private sources (which may include
25	area vocational education schools, as defined in

1	section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and
2	Technical Education Act of 1998 (20 U.S.C.
3	2302), and employers), no training that is suit-
4	able for the worker is available at a reasonable
5	cost, or no training funds are available.
6	"(G) OTHER.—The Secretary may, at his
7	discretion, issue a waiver if the Secretary deter-
8	mines that a worker has set forth in writing rea-
9	sons other than those provided for in subpara-
10	graphs (A) through (F) justifying the grant of
11	such waiver.
12	"(2) DURATION OF WAIVERS.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A waiver issued under
14	paragraph (1) shall be effective for not more
15	than 6 months after the date on which the waiv-
16	er is issued, unless the Secretary determines oth-
17	erwise.
18	"(B) REVOCATION.—The Secretary shall re-
19	voke a waiver issued under paragraph (1) if the
20	Secretary determines that the basis of a waiver
21	is no longer applicable to the worker.
22	"(3) Amendments under section 222.—
23	"(A) Issuance by cooperating states.—
24	Pursuant to an agreement under section 222, the

1	Secretary may authorize a cooperating State to
2	issue waivers as described in paragraph (1).
3	"(B) SUBMISSION OF STATEMENTS.—An
4	agreement under section 222 shall include a re-
5	quirement that the cooperating State submit to
6	the Secretary the written statements provided
7	under paragraph (1) and a statement of the rea-
8	sons for the waiver.
9	"SEC. 236. WEEKLY AMOUNTS.
10	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsections (b) and (c),
11	the trade adjustment allowance payable to an adversely af-
12	fected worker for a week of total unemployment shall be an
13	amount equal to the most recent weekly benefit amount of
14	the unemployment insurance payable to the worker for a
15	week of total unemployment preceding the worker's first ex-

16 haustion of unemployment insurance (as determined for
17 purposes of section 235(a)(3)(B)) reduced (but not below
18 zero) by—

19 "(1) any training allowance deductible under
20 subsection (c); and

21 "(2) any income that is deductible from unem22 ployment insurance under the disqualifying income
23 provisions of the applicable State law or Federal un24 employment insurance law.

1	"(b) Adjustment for Workers Receiving Train-
2	ING.—
3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any adversely affected work-
4	er who is entitled to a trade adjustment allowance
5	and who is receiving training approved by the Sec-
6	retary, shall receive for each week in which the worker
7	is undergoing that training, a trade adjustment al-
8	lowance in an amount (computed for such week)
9	equal to the greater of—
10	"(A) the amount computed under subsection
11	(a); or
12	``(B) the amount of any weekly allowance
13	for that training to which the worker would be
14	entitled under any other Federal law for the
15	training of workers, if the worker applied for
16	that allowance.
17	"(2) Allowance paid in lieu of.—Any trade
18	adjustment allowance calculated under paragraph (1)
10	

shall be paid in lieu of any training allowance to
which the worker would be entitled under any other
Federal law.

(3) COORDINATION WITH UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.—Any week in which a worker undergoing
training approved by the Secretary receives payments
from unemployment insurance shall be subtracted

from the total number of weeks for which a worker
 may receive trade adjustment allowance under this
 chapter.

4 "(c) ADJUSTMENT FOR WORKERS RECEIVING ALLOW5 ANCES UNDER OTHER FEDERAL LAW.—

6 "(1) Reduction in weeks for which allow-7 ANCE WILL BE PAID.—If a training allowance under 8 any Federal law (other than this Act) is paid to an 9 adversely affected worker for any week of unemploy-10 ment with respect to which the worker would be enti-11 tled (determined without regard to any disqualifica-12 tion under section 235(b)) to a trade adjustment al-13 lowance if the worker applied for that allowance, each 14 week of unemployment shall be deducted from the 15 total number of weeks of trade adjustment allowance 16 otherwise payable to that worker under section 235(a)17 when the worker applies for a trade adjustment allow-18 ance and is determined to be entitled to the allowance. 19 "(2) PAYMENT OF DIFFERENCE.—If the training 20 allowance paid to a worker for any week of unem-

20 allowance paid to a worker for any week of unem-21 ployment is less than the amount of the trade adjust-22 ment allowance to which the worker would be entitled 23 if the worker applied for the trade adjustment allow-24 ance, the worker shall receive, when the worker ap-25 plies for a trade adjustment allowance and is determined to be entitled to the allowance, a trade adjust ment allowance for that week equal to the difference
 between the training allowance and the trade adjust ment allowance computed under subsection (b).

5 "SEC. 237. LIMITATIONS ON TRADE ADJUSTMENT ALLOW-6 ANCES.

7 "(a) Amount Payable.—The maximum amount of 8 trade adjustment allowance payable to an adversely affected 9 worker, with respect to the period covered by any certifi-10 cation, shall be the amount that is the product of 104 multiplied by the trade adjustment allowance payable to the 11 worker for a week of total unemployment (as determined 12 under section 236) reduced by the total sum of the regular 13 State unemployment insurance to which the worker was en-14 15 titled (or would have been entitled if the worker had applied for unemployment insurance) in the worker's first benefit 16 period described in section 235(a)(3)(A). 17

18 "(b) DURATION OF PAYMENTS.—

19 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para20 graph (2), a trade adjustment allowance shall not be
21 paid for any week occurring after the close of the 10422 week period that begins with the first week following
23 the week in which the adversely affected worker was
24 most recently totally separated—

	3
1	"(A) within the period that is described in
2	section $235(a)(1)$; and
3	" (B) with respect to which the worker meets
4	the requirements of section $235(a)(2)$.
5	"(2) Special rules.—
6	"(A) BREAK IN TRAINING.—For purposes of
7	this chapter, a worker shall be treated as partici-
8	pating in a training program approved by the
9	Secretary under section 240(a) during any week
10	that is part of a break in a training that does
11	not exceed 30 days if—
12	"(i) the worker was participating in a
13	training program approved under section
14	240(a) before the beginning of the break in
15	training; and
16	"(ii) the break is provided under the
17	training program.
18	"(B) ON-THE-JOB TRAINING.—No trade ad-
19	justment allowance shall be paid to a worker
20	under this chapter for any week during which
21	the worker is receiving on-the-job training, ex-
22	cept that a trade adjustment allowance shall be
23	paid if a worker is enrolled in a non-paid cus-
24	tomized training program.

1	"(C) Small business administration
2	PILOT PROGRAM.—An adversely affected worker
3	who is participating in a self-employment train-
4	ing program established by the Director of the
5	Small Business Administration pursuant to sec-
6	tion 102 of the Trade Adjustment Assistance Re-
7	form Act of 2002, shall not be ineligible to re-
8	ceive benefits under this chapter.
9	"(D) ADDITIONAL WEEKS FOR REMEDIAL
10	EDUCATION.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
11	sion of this section, in order to assist an ad-
12	versely affected worker to complete training ap-
13	proved for the worker under section 240, if the
14	program is a program of remedial education in
15	accordance with regulations prescribed by the
16	Secretary, payments may be made as trade ad-
17	justment allowances for up to 26 additional
18	weeks in the 26-week period that follows the last
19	week of entitlement to trade adjustment allow-
20	ances otherwise payable under this chapter.
21	"(c) Adjustment of Amounts Payable.—Amounts
22	payable to an adversely affected worker under this chapter
23	shall be subject to adjustment on a week-to-week basis as
~ .	

24 may be required by section 236.

25 "(d) YEAR-END ADJUSTMENT.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
2	provision of this Act or any other provision of law,
3	if the benefit year of a worker ends within an ex-
4	tended benefit period, the number of weeks of extended
5	benefits that the worker would, but for this subsection,
6	be entitled to in that extended benefit period shall not
7	be reduced by the number of weeks for which the
8	worker was entitled, during that benefit year, to trade
9	adjustment allowances under this part.
10	"(2) EXTENDED BENEFITS PERIOD.—For the

10 (2) EXTENDED BENEFITS PERIOD.—For the 11 purpose of this section the term 'extended benefit pe-12 riod' has the same meaning given that term in the 13 Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation 14 Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note).

15 "SEC. 238. APPLICATION OF STATE LAWS.

16 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except where inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter and subject to such regulations 17 as the Secretary may prescribe, the availability and dis-18 19 qualification provisions of the State law under which an adversely affected worker is entitled to unemployment in-20 21 surance (whether or not the worker has filed a claim for 22 such insurance), or, if the worker is not so entitled to unem-23 ployment insurance, of the State in which the worker was 24 totally or partially separated, shall apply to a worker that 25 files an application for trade adjustment assistance.

"(b) DURATION OF APPLICABILITY.—The State law de termined to be applicable with respect to a separation of
 an adversely affected worker shall remain applicable for
 purposes of subsection (a), with respect to a separation
 until the worker becomes entitled to unemployment insur ance under another State law (whether or not the worker
 has filed a claim for that insurance).

8 "PART III—EMPLOYMENT SERVICES, TRAINING, 9 AND OTHER ALLOWANCES

10 "SEC. 239. EMPLOYMENT SERVICES.

11 "The Secretary shall, in accordance with section 222 12 or 223, as applicable, make every reasonable effort to secure 13 for adversely affected workers covered by a certification 14 under section 231, counseling, testing, placement, and other 15 services provided for under any other Federal law.

16 "SEC. 240. TRAINING.

17 "(a) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAMS.—

18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve
19 training programs that include—

20 "(A) on-the-job training or customized
21 training;

22 "(B) any employment or training activity
23 provided through a one-stop delivery system
24 under chapter 5 of subtitle B of title I of the

1	Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C.
2	2861 et seq.);
3	"(C) any program of adult education;
4	``(D) any training program (other than a
5	training program described in paragraph (3))
6	for which all, or any portion, of the costs of
7	training the worker are paid—
8	"(i) under any Federal or State pro-
9	gram other than this chapter; or
10	"(ii) from any source other than this
11	section; and
12	((E) any other training program that the
13	Secretary determines is acceptable to meet the
14	needs of an adversely affected worker.
15	$In making the determination \ under \ subparagraph$
16	(E), the Secretary shall consult with interested par-
17	ties.
18	"(2) TRAINING AGREEMENTS.—Before approving
19	any training to which subsection $(f)(1)(C)$ may
20	apply, the Secretary may require that the adversely
21	affected worker enter into an agreement with the Sec-
22	retary under which the Secretary will not be required
23	to pay under subsection (b) the portion of the costs of
24	the training that the worker has reason to believe will

1	be paid under the program, or by the source, de-
2	scribed in clause (i) or (ii) of subsection $(f)(1)(C)$.
3	"(3) LIMITATION ON APPROVALS.—The Secretary
4	shall not approve a training program if all of the fol-
5	lowing apply:
6	"(A) PAYMENT BY PLAN.—Any portion of
7	the costs of the training program are paid under
8	any nongovernmental plan or program.
9	"(B) RIGHT TO OBTAIN.—The adversely af-
10	fected worker has a right to obtain training or
11	funds for training under that plan or program.
12	"(C) Reimbursement.—The plan or pro-
13	gram requires the worker to reimburse the plan
14	or program from funds provided under this
15	chapter, or from wages paid under the training
16	program, for any portion of the costs of that
17	training program paid under the plan or pro-
18	gram.
19	"(b) Payment of Training Costs.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon approval of a training
21	program under subsection (a), and subject to the limi-
22	tations imposed by this section, an adversely affected
23	worker covered by a certification issued under section
24	231 may be eligible to have payment of the costs of
25	that training, including any costs of an approved

1	training program incurred by a worker before a cer-
2	tification was issued under section 231, made on be-
3	half of the worker by the Secretary directly or through
4	a voucher system.
5	"(2) ON-THE-JOB TRAINING AND CUSTOMIZED
6	TRAINING.—
7	"(A) Provision of training on the Job
8	OR CUSTOMIZED TRAINING.—If the Secretary ap-
9	proves training under subsection (a), the Sec-
10	retary shall, insofar as possible, provide or as-
11	sure the provision of that training on the job or
12	customized training, and any training on the job
13	or customized training that is approved by the
14	Secretary under subsection (a) shall include re-
15	lated education necessary for the acquisition of
16	skills needed for a position within a particular
17	occupation.
18	"(B) Monthly installments.—If the Sec-
19	retary approves payment of any on-the-job train-
20	ing or customized training under subsection (a),
21	the Secretary shall pay the costs of that training
22	in equal monthly installments.
23	"(C) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary may
24	pay the costs of on-the-job training or customized
25	training only if—

1	"(i) no employed worker is displaced
2	by the adversely affected worker (including
3	partial displacement such as a reduction in
4	the hours of nonovertime work, wages, or
5	employment benefits);
6	"(ii) the training does not impair con-
7	tracts for services or collective bargaining
8	agreements;
9	"(iii) in the case of training that
10	would affect a collective bargaining agree-
11	ment, the written concurrence of the labor
12	organization concerned has been obtained;
13	"(iv) no other individual is on layoff
14	from the same, or any substantially equiva-
15	lent, job for which the adversely affected
16	worker is being trained;
17	(v) the employer has not terminated
18	the employment of any regular employee or
19	otherwise reduced the workforce of the em-
20	ployer with the intention of filling the va-
21	cancy so created by hiring the adversely af-
22	fected worker;
23	"(vi) the job for which the adversely af-
24	fected worker is being trained is not being
25	created in a promotional line that will in-

1 fringe in any way upon the promotional 2 opportunities of employed individuals: "(vii) the training is not for the same 3 4 occupation from which the worker was separated and with respect to which the worker's 5 6 group was certified pursuant to section 231; 7 "(viii) the employer is provided reim-8 bursement of not more than 50 percent of 9 the wage rate of the participant, for the cost 10 of providing the training and additional 11 supervision related to the training; 12 "(ix) the employer has not received 13 payment under subsection (b)(1) with re-14 spect to any other on-the-job training pro-15 vided by the employer or customized train-16 ing that failed to meet the requirements of 17 clauses (i) through (vi); and 18 "(x) the employer has not taken, at 19 any time, any action that violated the terms 20 of any certification described in clause 21 (viii) made by that employer with respect to

any other on-the-job training provided by

the employer or customized training for

which the Secretary has made a payment

under paragraph (1).

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1 "(c) Certain Workers Eligible for Training 2 BENEFITS.—An adversely affected worker covered by a certification issued under section 231, who is not qualified to 3 4 receive a trade adjustment allowance under section 235, may be eligible to have payment of the costs of training 5 made under this section, if the worker enters a training pro-6 7 gram approved by the Secretary not later than 6 months 8 after the date on which the certification that covers the 9 worker is issued or the Secretary determines that one of the 10 following applied:

"(1) Funding was not available at the time at
which the adversely affected worker was required to
enter training under paragraph (1).

14 "(2) The adversely affected worker was covered
15 by a waiver issued under section 235(c).

16 "(d) EXHAUSTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE NOT REQUIRED.—The Secretary may approve training, 17 and pay the costs thereof, for any adversely affected worker 18 who is a member of a group certified under section 231 19 at any time after the date on which the group is certified, 20 21 without regard to whether the worker has exhausted all 22 rights to any unemployment insurance to which the worker 23 is entitled.

24 "(e) SUPPLEMENTAL ASSISTANCE.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
2	and (3), when training is provided under a training
3	program approved by the Secretary under subsection
4	(a) in facilities that are not within commuting dis-
5	tance of a worker's regular place of residence, the Sec-
6	retary may authorize supplemental assistance to de-
7	fray reasonable transportation and subsistence ex-
8	penses for separate maintenance.
9	"(2) TRANSPORTATION EXPENSES.—The Sec-
10	retary may not authorize payments for travel ex-
11	penses exceeding the prevailing mileage rate author-
12	ized under the Federal travel regulations.
13	"(3) SUBSISTENCE EXPENSES.—The Secretary
14	may not authorize payments for subsistence that ex-
15	ceed the lesser of—
16	"(A) the actual per diem expenses for sub-
17	sistence of the worker; or
18	``(B) an amount equal to 50 percent of the
19	prevailing per diem allowance rate authorized
20	under Federal travel regulations.
21	"(f) Special Provisions; Limitations.—
22	"(1) LIMITATION ON MAKING PAYMENTS.—
23	"(A) DISALLOWANCE OF OTHER PAY-
24	MENT.—If the costs of training an adversely af-
25	fected worker are paid by the Secretary under

1	subsection (b), no other payment for those train-
2	ing costs may be made under any other provi-
3	sion of Federal law.
4	"(B) NO PAYMENT OF REIMBURSABLE
5	costs.—No payment for the costs of approved
6	training may be made under subsection (b) if
7	those costs—
8	"(i) have already been paid under any
9	other provision of Federal law; or
10	"(ii) are reimbursable under any other
11	provision of Federal law and a portion of
12	those costs has already been paid under that
13	other provision of Federal law.
14	"(C) NO PAYMENT OF COSTS PAID ELSE-
15	where.—The Secretary is not required to pay
16	the costs of any training approved under sub-
17	section (a) to the extent that those costs are paid
18	under any Federal or State program other than
19	this chapter.
20	"(D) EXCEPTION.—The provisions of this
21	paragraph shall not apply to, or take into ac-
22	count, any funds provided under any other pro-
23	vision of Federal law that are used for any pur-
24	pose other than the direct payment of the costs
25	incurred in training a particular adversely af-

fected worker, even if the use of those funds has
 the effect of indirectly paying for or reducing
 any portion of the costs involved in training the
 adversely affected worker.

"(2) UNEMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY.—A worker 5 6 may not be determined to be ineligible or disgualified for unemployment insurance or program benefits 7 8 under this subchapter because the individual is in 9 training approved under subsection (a), because of 10 leaving work which is not suitable employment to 11 enter the training, or because of the application to 12 any week in training of provisions of State law or Federal unemployment insurance law relating to 13 availability for work, active search for work, or re-14 15 fusal to accept work.

16 "(3) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section
17 the term 'suitable employment' means, with respect to
18 a worker, work of a substantially equal or higher skill
19 level than the worker's past adversely affected employ20 ment, and wages for such work at not less than 80
21 percent of the worker's average weekly wage.

"(4) PAYMENTS AFTER REEMPLOYMENT.—

23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an ad24 versely affected worker who secures reemploy25 ment, the Secretary may approve and pay the

1	costs of training (or shall continue to pay the
2	costs of training previously approved) for that
3	adversely affected worker, for the completion of
4	the training program or up to 26 weeks, which-
5	ever is less, after the date the adversely affected
6	worker becomes reemployed.
7	"(B) TRADE ADJUSTMENT ALLOWANCE.—
8	An adversely affected worker who is reemployed
9	and is undergoing training approved by the Sec-
10	retary pursuant to subparagraph (A) may con-
11	tinue to receive a trade adjustment allowance,
12	subject to the income offsets provided for in the
13	worker's State unemployment compensation law
14	in accordance with the provisions of section 237.
15	"(5) FUNDING.—The total amount of payments
16	that may be made under this section for any fiscal
17	year shall not exceed \$300,000,000.
18	"SEC. 240A. JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS.
19	"(a) GRANT PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary
20	is authorized to award grants to community colleges (as
21	defined in section 202 of the Tech-Prep Education Act (20
22	U.S.C. 2371)) on a competitive basis to establish job train-
23	ing programs for adversely affected workers.
24	"(b) Application.—

1	"(1) SUBMISSION.—To receive a grant under
2	this section, a community college shall submit an ap-
3	plication to the Secretary at such time and in such
4	manner as the Secretary shall require.
5	"(2) Contents.—The application submitted
6	under paragraph (1) shall provide a description of—
7	"(A) the population to be served with grant
8	funds received under this section;
9	``(B) how grant funds received under this
10	section will be expended; and
11	"(C) the job training programs that will be
12	established with grant funds received under this
13	section, including a description of how such pro-
14	grams relate to workforce needs in the area
15	where the community college is located.
16	"(c) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant
17	under this section, a community college shall be located in
18	an eligible community (as defined in section 271).
19	"(d) Decision on Applications.—Not later than 30
20	days after submission of an application under subsection
21	(b), the Secretary shall approve or disapprove the applica-
22	tion.
23	"(e) Use of Funds.—A community college that re-
24	ceives a grant under this section shall use the grant funds

to establish job training programs for adversely affected
 workers.

3	"SEC. 241. JOB SEARCH ALLOWANCES.
4	"(a) Job Search Allowance Authorized.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An adversely affected worker
6	covered by a certification issued under section 231
7	may file an application with the Secretary for pay-
8	ment of a job search allowance.
9	"(2) Approval of applications.—The Sec-
10	retary may grant an allowance pursuant to an appli-
11	cation filed under paragraph (1) when all of the fol-
12	lowing apply:
13	"(A) Assist adversely affected work-
14	ER.—The allowance is paid to assist an ad-
15	versely affected worker who has been totally sepa-
16	rated in securing a job within the United States.
17	"(B) LOCAL EMPLOYMENT NOT AVAIL-
18	ABLE.—The Secretary determines that the work-
19	er cannot reasonably be expected to secure suit-
20	able employment in the commuting area in
21	which the worker resides.
22	"(C) APPLICATION.—The worker has filed
23	an application for the allowance with the Sec-
24	retary before—

25 "(i) the later of—

1	"(I) the 365th day after the date
2	of the certification under which the
3	worker is certified as eligible; or
4	"(II) the 365th day after the date
5	of the worker's last total separation; or
6	"(ii) the date that is the 182d day
7	after the date on which the worker con-
8	cluded training, unless the worker received
9	a waiver under section 235(c).
10	"(b) Amount of Allowance.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An allowance granted under
12	subsection (a) shall provide reimbursement to the
13	worker of 90 percent of the cost of necessary job search
14	expenses as prescribed by the Secretary in regulations.
15	"(2) MAXIMUM ALLOWANCE.—Reimbursement
16	under this subsection may not exceed \$1,250 for any
17	worker.
18	"(3) Allowance for subsistence and trans-
19	portation.—Reimbursement under this subsection
20	may not be made for subsistence and transportation
21	expenses at levels exceeding those allowable under sec-
22	tion 240(e).
23	"(c) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the
24	Secretary shall reimburse any adversely affected worker for

1	necessary expenses incurred by the worker in participating
2	in a job search program approved by the Secretary.
3	"SEC. 242. RELOCATION ALLOWANCES.
4	"(a) Relocation Allowance Authorized.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any adversely affected work-
6	er covered by a certification issued under section 231
7	may file an application for a relocation allowance
8	with the Secretary, and the Secretary may grant the
9	relocation allowance, subject to the terms and condi-
10	tions of this section.
11	"(2) Conditions for granting allowance.—
12	A relocation allowance may be granted if all of the
13	following terms and conditions are met:
14	"(A) Assist an adversely affected
15	worker.—The relocation allowance will assist
16	an adversely affected worker in relocating within
17	the United States.
18	"(B) LOCAL EMPLOYMENT NOT AVAIL-
19	ABLE.—The Secretary determines that the work-
20	er cannot reasonably be expected to secure suit-
21	able employment in the commuting area in
22	which the worker resides.
23	"(C) TOTAL SEPARATION.—The worker is
24	totally separated from employment at the time
25	relocation commences.

1	"(D) Suitable employment obtained.—
2	The worker—
3	"(i) has obtained suitable employment
4	affording a reasonable expectation of long-
5	term duration in the area in which the
6	worker wishes to relocate; or
7	"(ii) has obtained a bona fide offer of
8	such employment.
9	"(E) APPLICATION.—The worker filed an
10	application with the Secretary before—
11	"(i) the later of—
12	"(I) the 425th day after the date
13	of the certification under section 231;
14	or
15	"(II) the 425th day after the date
16	of the worker's last total separation; or
17	"(ii) the date that is the 182d day
18	after the date on which the worker con-
19	cluded training, unless the worker received
20	$a \ waiver \ under \ section \ 235(c).$
21	"(b) Amount of Allowance.—The relocation allow-
22	ance granted to a worker under subsection (a) includes—
23	"(1) 90 percent of the reasonable and necessary
24	expenses (including, but not limited to, subsistence
25	and transportation expenses at levels not exceeding

1	those allowable under section 240(e)) specified in reg-
2	ulations prescribed by the Secretary, incurred in
3	transporting the worker, the worker's family, and
4	household effects; and
5	"(2) a lump sum equivalent to 3 times the work-
6	er's average weekly wage, up to a maximum payment
7	of \$1,250.
8	"(c) LIMITATIONS.—A relocation allowance may not
9	be granted to a worker unless—
10	"(1) the relocation occurs within 182 days after
11	the filing of the application for relocation assistance;
12	OT
13	"(2) the relocation occurs within 182 days after
14	the conclusion of training, if the worker entered a
15	training program approved by the Secretary under
16	section $240(a)$.
17	"SEC. 243. SUPPORTIVE SERVICES; WAGE INSURANCE.
18	"(a) Supportive Services.—
19	"(1) Application.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The State may, on be-
21	half of any adversely affected worker or group of
22	workers covered by a certification issued under
23	section 231—
24	"(i) file an application with the Sec-
25	retary for services under section 173 of the

1	Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (relating
2	to National Emergency Grants); and
3	"(ii) provide other services under title
4	I of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.
5	"(B) SERVICES.—The services available
6	under this paragraph include transportation,
7	child care, and dependent care that are necessary
8	to enable a worker to participate in activities
9	authorized under this chapter.
10	"(2) CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may approve
11	an application filed under paragraph $(1)(A)(i)$ and
12	provide supportive services to an adversely affected
13	worker only if the Secretary determines that all of the
14	following apply:
15	"(A) NECESSITY.—Providing services is
16	necessary to enable the worker to participate in
17	or complete training.
18	"(B) Consistent with workforce in-
19	VESTMENT ACT.—The services are consistent with
20	the supportive services provided to participants
21	under the provisions relating to dislocated work-
22	er employment and training activities set forth
23	in chapter 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Work-
24	force Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2861 et
25	seq.).

1 "(b) WAGE INSURANCE PROGRAM.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 2 3 the date of enactment of the Trade Adjustment Assist-4 ance Reform Act of 2002, the Secretary shall estab-5 lish, and the States shall implement, a Wage Insur-6 ance Program under which a State shall use the funds 7 provided to the State for trade adjustment allowances 8 to pay to an adversely affected worker certified under 9 section 231 a wage subsidy of up to 50 percent of the 10 difference between the wages received by the adversely 11 affected worker from reemployment and the wages re-12 ceived by the adversely affected worker at the time of 13 separation for a period not to exceed 2 years. 14

"(2) Amount of payment.—

15 "(A) WAGES UNDER \$40,000.—If the wages 16 the worker receives from reemployment are less 17 than \$40,000 a year, the wage subsidy shall be 18 50 percent of the difference between the amount 19 of the wages received by the worker from reem-20 ployment and the amount of the wages received 21 by the worker at the time of separation.

22 *"(B)* WAGES BETWEEN \$40,000 AND 23 \$50,000.—If the wages received by the worker 24 from reemployment are greater than \$40,000 a 25 year but less than \$50,000 a year, the wage sub-

1	sidy shall be 25 percent of the difference between
2	the amount of the wages received by the worker
3	from reemployment and the amount of the wages
4	received by the worker at the time of separation.
5	"(3) ELIGIBILITY.—An adversely affected worker
6	may be eligible to receive a wage subsidy under this
7	subsection if the worker—
8	"(A) enrolls in the Wage Insurance Pro-
9	gram;
10	``(B) obtains reemployment not more than
11	26 weeks after the date of separation from the
12	adversely affected employment;
13	"(C) is at least 50 years of age;
14	"(D) earns not more than \$50,000 a year in
15	wages from reemployment;
16	``(E) is employed on a full-time basis as de-
17	fined by State law in the State in which the
18	worker is employed; and
19	``(F) does not return to the employment
20	from which the worker was separated.
21	"(4) Amount of payments.—The payments
22	made under paragraph (1) to an adversely affected
23	worker may not exceed \$5,000 a year for each year
24	of the 2-year period.

1	"(5) Limitation on other benefits.—At the
2	time a worker begins to receive a wage subsidy under
3	this subsection the worker shall not be eligible to re-
4	ceive any benefits under this Act other than the wage
5	subsidy unless the Secretary determines, pursuant to
6	standards established by the Secretary, that the work-
7	er has shown circumstances that warrant eligibility
8	for training benefits under section 240.
9	"(6) FUNDING.—The total amount of payments
10	that may be made under this subsection for any fiscal
11	year shall not exceed \$50,000,000.
12	"(7) TERMINATION.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (B), no payments may be made
15	under this subsection after the date that is 2
16	years after the date on which the program under
17	this subsection is implemented in the State
18	under paragraph (1).
19	"(B) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding sub-
20	paragraph (A), a worker receiving payments
21	under this subsection on the date described in
22	subparagraph (A) shall continue to receive such
23	payments for as long as the worker meets the eli-
24	gibility requirements of this subsection.

	10
1	"(c) Studies of Assistance Available to Eco-
2	Nomically Distressed Workers.—
3	"(1) Study by the general accounting of-
4	FICE.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller Gen-
6	eral of the United States shall conduct a study
7	of all assistance provided by the Federal Govern-
8	ment for workers facing job loss and economic
9	distress.
10	"(B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the date of enactment of the Trade Adjustment
12	Assistance Reform Act of 2002, the Comptroller
13	General shall submit to the Committee on Fi-
14	nance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways
15	and Means of the House of Representatives a re-
16	port on the study conducted under subparagraph
17	(A). The report shall include a description of—
18	"(i) all Federal programs designed to
19	assist workers facing job loss and economic
20	distress, including all benefits and services;
21	"(ii) eligibility requirements for each
22	of the programs; and
23	"(iii) procedures for applying for and
24	receiving benefits and services under each of
25	the programs.

1	"(C) DISTRIBUTION OF GAO REPORT.—The
2	report described in subparagraph (B) shall be
3	distributed to all one-stop partners authorized
4	under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.
5	"(2) Studies by the states.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each State may con-
7	duct a study of its assistance programs for work-
8	ers facing job loss and economic distress.
9	"(B) GRANTS.—The Secretary may award
10	to each State a grant, not to exceed \$50,000, to
11	enable the State to conduct the study described
12	in subparagraph (A). Each study shall be under-
13	taken in consultation with affected parties.
14	"(C) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
15	the date of the grant, each State that receives a
16	grant under subparagraph (B) shall submit to
17	the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the
18	Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
19	Representatives the report described in subpara-
20	graph (A).
21	"(D) DISTRIBUTION OF STATE REPORTS.—
22	A report prepared by a State under this para-
23	graph shall be distributed to all the one-stop
24	partners in the State.

Subchapter D—Payment and Enforcement Provisions

3 "SEC. 244. PAYMENTS TO STATES.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, from time to time,
5 shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment
6 to each cooperating State, the sums necessary to enable that
7 State as agent of the United States to make payments pro8 vided for by this chapter.

9 "(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—All money paid to a cooperating State under this section shall be used solely for
the purposes for which it is paid.

13 "(2) RETURN OF FUNDS NOT SO USED.—Money 14 paid that is not used for the purpose for which it is 15 paid under subsection (a) shall be returned to the Sec-16 retary of the Treasury at the time specified in the 17 agreement entered into under section 222.

18 "(c) SURETY BOND.—Any agreement under section 19 222 may require any officer or employee of the cooperating 20 State certifying payments or disbursing funds under the 21 agreement or otherwise participating in the performance of 22 the agreement, to give a surety bond to the United States 23 in an amount the Secretary deems necessary, and may pro-24 vide for the payment of the cost of that bond from funds 25 for carrying out the purposes of this chapter. 3 "(a) LIABILITY OF CERTIFYING OFFICIALS.—No per4 son designated by the Secretary, or designated pursuant to
5 an agreement entered into under section 222, as a certifying
6 officer, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to de7 fraud the United States, shall be liable with respect to any
8 payment certified by that person under this chapter.

9 "(b) LIABILITY OF DISBURSING OFFICERS.—No dis-10 bursing officer, in the absence of gross negligence or intent 11 to defraud the United States, shall be liable with respect 12 to any payment by that officer under this chapter if the 13 payment was based on a voucher signed by a certifying offi-14 cer designated according to subsection (a).

15 "SEC. 246. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS.

16 *"(a) IN GENERAL.*—

17 "(1) OVERPAYMENT.—If a cooperating State, the 18 Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction deter-19 mines that any person has received any payment under this chapter to which the person was not enti-20 21 tled, including a payment referred to in subsection 22 (b), that person shall be liable to repay that amount 23 to the cooperating State or the Secretary, as the case 24 may be.

25 "(2) EXCEPTION.—The cooperating State or the
26 Secretary may waive repayment if the cooperating
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1	State or the Secretary determines, in accordance with
2	guidelines prescribed by the Secretary, that all of the
3	following apply:
4	"(A) NO FAULT.—The payment was made
5	without fault on the part of the person.
6	"(B) Repayment contrary to equity.—
7	Requiring repayment would be contrary to eq-
8	uity and good conscience.
9	"(3) Procedure for recovery.—
10	"(A) Recovery from other allowances
11	AUTHORIZED.—Unless an overpayment is other-
12	wise recovered or waived under paragraph (2),
13	the cooperating State or the Secretary shall re-
14	cover the overpayment by deductions from any
15	sums payable to that person under this chapter,
16	under any Federal unemployment compensation
17	law administered by the cooperating State or the
18	Secretary, or under any other Federal law ad-
19	ministered by the cooperating State or the Sec-
20	retary that provides for the payment of assist-
21	ance or an allowance with respect to unemploy-
22	ment.
23	"(B) Recovery from state allowances
24	AUTHORIZED.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
25	vision of Federal or State law, the Secretary

1 may require a cooperating State to recover any 2 overpayment under this chapter by deduction 3 from any unemployment insurance payable to 4 that person under State law, except that no single deduction under this paragraph shall exceed 5 6 50 percent of the amount otherwise payable. 7 "(b) Ineligibility for Further Payments.—Any 8 person, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, 9 shall be ineligible for any further payments under this chapter if a cooperating State, the Secretary, or a court 10 of competent jurisdiction determines that one of the fol-11

12 lowing applies:

13 "(1) FALSE STATEMENT.—The person knowingly 14 made, or caused another to make, a false statement or 15 representation of a material fact, and as a result of 16 the false statement or representation, the person re-17 ceived any payment under this chapter to which the 18 person was not entitled.

19 "(2) FAILURE TO DISCLOSE.—The person know20 ingly failed, or caused another to fail, to disclose a
21 material fact, and as a result of the nondisclosure, the
22 person received any payment under this chapter to
23 which the person was not entitled.

24 "(c) HEARING.—Except for overpayments determined
25 by a court of competent jurisdiction, no repayment may

be required, and no deduction may be made, under this sec tion until a determination under subsection (a) by the co operating State or the Secretary, as the case may be, has
 been made, notice of the determination and an opportunity
 for a fair hearing has been given to the person concerned,
 and the determination has become final.

7 "(d) RECOVERED FUNDS.—Any amount recovered
8 under this section shall be returned to the Treasury of the
9 United States.

10 "SEC. 247. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

11 "Whoever makes a false statement of a material fact 12 knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a mate-13 rial fact, for the purpose of obtaining or increasing for that 14 person or for any other person any payment authorized to 15 be furnished under this chapter or pursuant to an agree-16 ment under section 222 shall be fined not more than 17 \$10,000, imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

18 "SEC. 248. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

19 "There are authorized to be appropriated to the De-20 partment of Labor, for the period beginning October 1, 21 2001, and ending September 30, 2007, such sums as may 22 be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, in-23 cluding such additional sums for administrative expenses 24 as may be necessary for the department to meet the in-25 creased workload created by the Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform Act of 2002, provided that funding provided
 for training services shall not be used for expenses of admin istering the trade adjustment assistance for workers pro gram. Amounts appropriated under this section shall re main available until expended.

6 "SEC. 249. REGULATIONS.

7 "The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may
8 be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

9 "SEC. 250. SUBPOENA POWER.

10 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may require by 11 subpoend the attendance of witnesses and the production of 12 evidence necessary to make a determination under the pro-13 visions of this chapter.

14 "(b) COURT ORDER.—If a person refuses to obey a sub15 poena issued under subsection (a), a competent United
16 States district court, upon petition by the Secretary, may
17 issue an order requiring compliance with such subpoena.".
18 SEC. 112. DISPLACED WORKER SELF-EMPLOYMENT TRAIN19 ING PILOT PROGRAM.

20 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 6 months after 21 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the 22 Small Business Administration (in this section referred to 23 as the "Administrator") shall establish a self-employment 24 training program (in this section referred to as the "Pro-25 gram") for adversely affected workers (as defined in chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974), to be administered
 2 by the Small Business Administration.

3 (b) ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE.—If an adversely af4 fected worker seeks or receives assistance through the Pro5 gram, such action shall not affect the eligibility of that
6 worker to receive benefits under chapter 2 of title II of the
7 Trade Act of 1974.

8 (c) TRAINING ASSISTANCE.—The Program shall in9 clude, at a minimum, training in—

10 (1) pre-business startup planning;

(2) awareness of basic credit practices and credit
requirements; and

13 (3) developing business plans, financial pack14 ages, and credit applications.

(d) OUTREACH.—The Program should include outreach to adversely affected workers and counseling and lending partners of the Small Business Administration.

(e) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Beginning not later
than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
Administrator shall submit quarterly reports to the Committee on Finance and the Committee on Small Business
and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on
Ways and Means and the Committee on Small Business of
the House of Representatives regarding the implementation

of the Program, including Program delivery, staffing, and
 administrative expenses related to such implementation.

3 (f) GUIDELINES.—Not later than 180 days after the
4 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall issue
5 such guidelines as the Administrator determines to be nec6 essary to carry out the Program.

7 (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The Program shall terminate
8 3 years after the date of final publication of guidelines
9 under subsection (f).

10 TITLE II—TRADE ADJUSTMENT 11 ASSISTANCE FOR FIRMS

12 SEC. 201. REAUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 256(b) of chapter 3 of title
14 II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2346(b)) is amended
15 to read as follows:

16 "(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to the 17 Secretary \$16,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 18 2007, to carry out the Secretary's functions under this 19 chapter in connection with furnishing adjustment assist-20 ance to firms. Amounts appropriated under this subsection 21 shall remain available until expended.".

(b) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—Section 251(c) of chapter
3 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2341(c))
is amended—

1	(1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-
2	lows:
3	"(1) The Secretary shall certify a firm (includ-
4	ing any agricultural firm) as eligible to apply for ad-
5	justment assistance under this chapter if the Sec-
6	retary determines that a significant number or pro-
7	portion of the workers in such firm have become to-
8	tally or partially separated, or are threatened to be-
9	come totally or partially separated, and that either-
10	(A)(i)(I) sales or production, or both, of
11	the firm have decreased absolutely, or
12	"(II) sales or production, or both, of an ar-
13	ticle that accounted for not less than 25 percent
14	of the total production or sales of the firm dur-
15	ing the 12-month period for which data are
16	available have decreased absolutely; and
17	"(ii) increases in the value or volume of im-
18	ports of articles like or directly competitive with
19	articles which are produced by such firm contrib-
20	uted importantly to such total or partial separa-
21	tion, or threat thereof, and to such decline in
22	sales or production; or
23	"(B) a shift in production by the workers'
24	firm or subdivision to a foreign country of arti-
25	cles like or directly competitive with articles

which are produced by that firm or subdivision 1 2 contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation."; and 3 4 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "paragraph 5 (1)(C)" and inserting "paragraph (1)". TITLE III—TRADE ADJUSTMENT 6 ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITIES 7 8 SEC. 301. PURPOSE. 9 The purpose of this title is to assist communities with economic adjustment through the integration of political 10 11 and economic organizations, the coordination of Federal, 12 State, and local resources, the creation of community-based development strategies, and the provision of economic tran-13 sition assistance. 14 15 SEC. 302. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR COMMU-16 NITIES. 17 Chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2371 et seq.) is amended to read as follows: 18 19 "CHAPTER 4—COMMUNITY ECONOMIC 20 ADJUSTMENT 21 "SEC. 271. DEFINITIONS. 22 "In this chapter: 23 "(1) CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE.—The term 'civilian

- 24 labor force' has the meaning given that term in regu-
- 25 *lations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor.*

1	"(2) COMMUNITY.—The term 'community' means
2	a county or equivalent political subdivision of a
3	State.
4	"(A) RURAL COMMUNITY.—The term 'rural
5	community' means a community that has a
6	rural-urban continuum code of 4 through 9.
7	"(B) URBAN COMMUNITY.—The term 'urban
8	community' means a community that has a
9	rural-urban continuum code of 0 through 3.
10	"(3) Community economic development co-
11	ORDINATING COMMITTEE.—The term 'Community
12	Economic Development Coordinating Committee'
13	means a community group established under section
14	274 that consists of major groups significantly af-
15	fected by an increase in imports or a shift in produc-
16	tion, including local, regional, tribal, and State gov-
17	ernments, regional councils of governments and eco-
18	nomic development, and business, labor, education,
19	health, religious, and other community-based organi-
20	zations.
21	"(4) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means the
22	Director of the Office of Community Trade Adjust-
23	ment.

1	"(5) ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY.—The term 'eligible
2	community' means a community certified under sec-
3	tion 273 as eligible for assistance under this chapter.
4	"(6) JOB LOSS.—The term 'job loss' means the
5	total or partial separation of an individual, as those
6	terms are defined in section 221.
7	"(7) OFFICE.—The term 'Office' means the Office
8	of Community Trade Adjustment established under
9	section 272.
10	"(8) RURAL-URBAN CONTINUUM CODE.—The
11	term 'rural-urban continuum code' means a code as-
12	signed to a community according to the rural-urban
13	continuum code system, as defined by the Economic
14	Research Service of the Department of Agriculture.
15	"(9) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
16	the Secretary of Commerce.
17	"SEC. 272. OFFICE OF COMMUNITY TRADE ADJUSTMENT.
18	"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Within 6 months of the date
19	of enactment of the Trade Adjustment Assistance Reform
20	Act of 2002, there shall be established in the Office of Eco-
21	nomic Adjustment of the Economic Development Adminis-
22	tration of the Department of Commerce an Office of Com-
23	munity Trade Adjustment.

1	"(b) PERSONNEL.—The Office shall be headed by a Di-
2	rector, and shall have such staff as may be necessary to
3	carry out the responsibilities described in this chapter.
4	"(c) Coordination of Federal Response.—The
5	Office shall—
6	"(1) provide leadership, support, and coordina-
7	tion for a comprehensive management program to ad-
8	dress economic dislocation in eligible communities;
9	"(2) establish an easily accessible, one-stop clear-
10	inghouse for States and eligible communities to obtain
11	information regarding economic development assist-
12	ance available under Federal law;
13	"(3) coordinate the Federal response to an eligi-
14	ble community—
15	"(A) by identifying all Federal, State, and
16	local resources that are available to assist the eli-
17	gible community in recovering from economic
18	distress;
19	((B) by ensuring that all Federal agencies
20	offering assistance to an eligible community do
21	so in a targeted, integrated manner that ensures
22	that an eligible community has access to all
23	available Federal assistance;
24	(C) by assuring timely consultation and
25	cooperation between Federal, State, and regional

1	officials concerning community economic adjust-
2	ment;
3	"(D) by identifying and strengthening exist-
4	ing agency mechanisms designed to assist com-
5	munities in economic adjustment and workforce
6	reemployment;
7	"(E) by applying consistent policies, prac-
8	tices, and procedures in the administration of
9	Federal programs that are used to assist commu-
10	nities adversely impacted by an increase in im-
11	ports or a shift in production;
12	``(F) by creating, maintaining, and using a
13	uniform economic database to analyze commu-
14	nity adjustment activities; and
15	"(G) by assigning a community economic
16	adjustment advisor to work with each eligible
17	community;
18	"(4) provide comprehensive technical assistance
19	to any eligible community in the efforts of that com-
20	munity to—
21	"(A) identify serious economic problems in
22	the community that result from an increase in
23	imports or shift in production;

1	``(B) integrate the major groups and orga-
2	nizations significantly affected by the economic
3	adjustment;
4	"(C) organize a Community Economic De-
5	velopment Coordinating Committee;
6	"(D) access Federal, State, and local re-
7	sources designed to assist in economic develop-
8	ment and trade adjustment assistance;
9	``(E) diversify and strengthen the commu-
10	nity economy; and
11	``(F) develop a community-based strategic
12	plan to address workforce dislocation and eco-
13	nomic development;
14	"(5) establish specific criteria for submission and
15	evaluation of a strategic plan submitted under section
16	276(d);
17	"(6) administer the grant programs established
18	under sections 276 and 277; and
19	"(7) establish an interagency Trade Adjustment
20	Assistance Working Group, consisting of the rep-
21	resentatives of any Federal department or agency
22	with responsibility for economic adjustment assist-
23	ance, including the Department of Agriculture, the
24	Department of Defense, the Department of Education,
25	the Department of Labor, the Department of Housing

	50
1	and Urban Development, the Department of Health
2	and Human Services, the Small Business Adminis-
3	tration, the Department of the Treasury, the Depart-
4	ment of Commerce, the Office of the United States
5	Trade Representative, and the National Economic
6	Council.
7	"(d) WORKING GROUP.—The working group estab-
8	lished under subsection $(c)(7)$ shall examine other options
9	for addressing trade impacts on communities, such as:
10	"(1) Seeking legislative language directing the
11	Foreign Trade Zone ('FTZ') Board to expedite con-
12	sideration of FTZ applications from communities or
13	businesses that have been found eligible for trade ad-
14	justment assistance.
15	"(2) Seeking legislative language to make new
16	markets tax credits available in communities im-
17	pacted by trade.
18	"(3) Seeking legislative language to make work
19	opportunity tax credits available for hiring unem-
20	ployed workers who are certified eligible for trade ad-
21	justment assistance.
22	"(4) Examining ways to assist trade impacted
23	rural communities and industries take advantage of
24	the Department of Agriculture's rural development
25	program.

"SEC. 273. NOTIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION AS AN ELIGI-
BLE COMMUNITY.
"(a) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Labor, not later
than 15 days after making a determination that a group
of workers is eligible for trade adjustment assistance under
section 231, shall notify the Governor of the State in which
the community in which the worker's firm is located and
the Director, of the Secretary's determination.
"(b) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days after no-
tification by the Secretary of Labor described in subsection
(a), the Director shall certify as eligible for assistance under
this chapter a community in which both of the following
conditions applies:
"(1) NUMBER OF JOB LOSSES.—The Director
finds that—

"(A) in an urban community, at least 500
workers have been certified for assistance under
section 231 in the most recent 36-month period
preceding the date of certification under this section for which data are available; or

21 "(B) in a rural community, at least 300
22 workers have been certified for assistance under
23 section 231 in the most recent 36-month period
24 preceding the date of certification under this sec25 tion for which data are available.

1	"(2) Percent of workforce unemployed.—
2	The Director finds that the unemployment rate for the
3	community is at least 1 percent greater than the na-
4	tional unemployment rate for the most recent 12-
5	month period for which data are available.
б	"(c) Notification to Eligible Communities.—Not
7	later than 15 days after the Director certifies a community
8	as eligible under subsection (b), the Director shall notify
9	the community—
10	"(1) of its determination under subsection (b);
11	"(2) of the provisions of this chapter;
12	"(3) how to access the clearinghouse established
13	under section $272(c)(2)$; and
14	"(4) how to obtain technical assistance provided
15	under section $272(c)(4)$.
16	"SEC. 274. COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COORDI-
17	NATING COMMITTEE.
18	"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—In order to apply for and re-
19	ceive benefits under this chapter, an eligible community
20	shall establish a Community Economic Development Co-
21	ordinating Committee certified by the Director as meeting
22	the requirements of subsection $(b)(1)$.
23	"(b) Composition of the Committee.—
24	"(1) LOCAL PARTICIPATION.—The Community
25	Economic Development Coordinating Committee es-

1 tablished by an eligible community under subsection 2 (a) shall include representatives of those groups significantly affected by economic dislocation, such as 3 4 local, regional, tribal, and State governments, regional councils of governments and economic develop-5 6 ment, business, labor, education, health organizations, 7 religious, and other community-based groups providing assistance to workers, their families, and com-8 munities. 9

"(2) FEDERAL PARTICIPATION.—Pursuant to 10 11 section 275(b)(3), the community economic adjust-12 ment advisor, assigned by the Director to assist an el-13 igible community, shall serve as an ex officio member 14 of the Community Economic Development Coordi-15 nating Committee, and shall arrange for participa-16 tion by representatives of other Federal agencies on 17 that Committee as necessary.

18 "(3) EXISTING ORGANIZATION.—An eligible com19 munity may designate an existing organization in
20 that community as the Community Economic Devel21 opment Coordinating Committee if that organization
22 meets the requirements of paragraph (1) for the pur23 poses of this chapter.

24 "(c) DUTIES.—The Community Economic Develop25 ment Coordinating Committee shall—

"(1) ascertain the severity of the community eco nomic adjustment required as a result of the increase
 in imports or shift in production;

"(2) assess the capacity of the community to re-4 5 spond to the required economic adjustment and the 6 needs of the community as it undertakes economic ad-7 justment, taking into consideration such factors as the number of jobs lost, the size of the community, the di-8 versity of industries, the skills of the labor force, the 9 10 condition of the current labor market, the availability 11 of financial resources, the quality and availability of 12 educational facilities, the adequacy and availability 13 of public services, and the existence of a basic and ad-14 vanced infrastructure in the community:

15 "(3) facilitate a dialogue between concerned in16 terests in the community, represent the impacted com17 munity, and ensure all interests in the community
18 work collaboratively toward collective goals without
19 duplication of effort or resources;

"(4) oversee the development of a strategic plan
for community economic development, taking into
consideration the factors mentioned under paragraph
(2), and consistent with the criteria established by the
Secretary for the strategic plan developed under section 276;

1	"(5) create an executive council of members of
2	the Community Economic Development Coordinating
3	Committee to promote the strategic plan within the
4	community and ensure coordination and cooperation
5	among all stakeholders; and
6	"(6) apply for any grant, loan, or loan guar-
7	antee available under Federal law to develop or im-
8	plement the strategic plan, and be an eligible recipi-
9	ent for funding for economic adjustment for that com-
10	munity.
11	"SEC. 275. COMMUNITY ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT ADVI-
12	SORS.
13	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to section 272(c)(3)(G),
14	the Director shall assign a community economic adjustment
15	advisor to each eligible community.
16	"(b) DUTIES.—The community economic adjustment
17	advisor shall—
18	"(1) provide technical assistance to the eligible
19	community, assist in the development and implemen-
20	tation of a strategic plan, including applying for any
21	grant available under this or any other Federal law
22	to develop or implement that plan;
23	"(2) at the local and regional level, coordinate
24	the response of all Federal agencies offering assistance
25	to the eligible community;

1	"(3) serve as an ex officio member of the Com-
2	munity Economic Development Coordinating Com-
3	mittee established by an eligible community under
4	section 274;
5	"(4) act as liaison between the Community Eco-
6	nomic Development Coordinating Committee estab-
7	lished by the eligible community and all other Federal
8	agencies that offer assistance to eligible communities,

agencies that offer assistance to eligible communities, 9 including the Department of Agriculture, the Depart-10 ment of Defense, the Department of Education, the Department of Labor, the Department of Housing 11 12 and Urban Development, the Department of Health 13 and Human Services, the Small Business Adminis-14 tration, the Department of the Treasury, the National 15 Economic Council, and other offices or agencies of the 16 Department of Commerce;

17 "(5) report regularly to the Director regarding
18 the progress of development activities in the commu19 nity to which the community economic adjustment
20 advisor is assigned; and

21 "(6) perform other duties as directed by the Sec22 retary or the Director.

23 "SEC. 276. STRATEGIC PLANS.

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—With the assistance of the commu25 nity economic adjustment advisor, an eligible community

3 "(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR STRATEGIC PLAN.—A stra4 tegic plan shall contain, at a minimum, the following:

5 "(1) A description and justification of the capac-6 ity for economic adjustment, including the method of 7 financing to be used, the anticipated management 8 structure of the Community Economic Development 9 Coordinating Committee, and the commitment of the community to the strategic plan over the long term. 10 11 "(2) A description of, and a plan to accomplish, 12 the projects to be undertaken by the eligible commu-13 nity.

"(3) A description of how the plan and the
projects to be undertaken by the eligible community
will lead to job creation and job retention in the community.

"(4) A description of any alternative development plans that were considered, particularly less
costly alternatives, and why those plans were rejected
in favor of the proposed plan.

"(5) A description of any additional steps the eligible community will take to achieve economic adjustment and diversification, including how the plan
and the projects will contribute to establishing or

1	maintaining a level of public services necessary to at-
2	tract and retain economic investment.
3	"(6) A description and justification for the cost
4	and timing of proposed basic and advanced infra-
5	structure improvements in the eligible community.
6	"(7) A description of the occupational and work-
7	force conditions in the eligible community, including
8	but not limited to existing levels of workforce skills
9	and competencies, and educational programs avail-
10	able for workforce training and future employment
11	needs.
12	"(8) A description of how the plan will adapt to
13	changing markets, business cycles, and other vari-
14	ables.
15	(9) A graduation strategy through which the el-
16	igible community demonstrates that the community
17	will terminate the need for Federal assistance.
18	"(c) Grants To Develop Strategic Plans.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, upon receipt of
20	an application from a Community Economic Devel-
21	opment Coordinating Committee on behalf of an eligi-
22	ble community, shall award a grant to that commu-
23	nity to be used to develop the strategic plan.
24	"(2) Amount.—The amount of a grant made
25	under paragraph (1) shall be determined by the Sec-

retary, but may not exceed \$50,000 to each commu nity.

3 "(3) LIMIT.—Each community can only receive
4 1 grant under this subsection for the purpose of devel5 oping a strategic plan in any 5-year period.

6 "(d) SUBMISSION OF PLAN.—A strategic plan devel7 oped under subsection (a) shall be submitted to the Director
8 for evaluation and approval.

9 "SEC. 277. GRANTS FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

10 "The Director, upon receipt of an application from the 11 Community Economic Development Coordinating Com-12 mittee on behalf of an eligible community, may award a 13 grant to that community to carry out any project or pro-14 gram included in the strategic plan approved under section 15 276(d) that—

16	"(1) will be located in, or will create or preserve
17	high-wage jobs, in that eligible community; and
18	"(2) implements the strategy of that eligible com-
19	munity to create high-wage jobs in sectors that are ex-
20	pected to expand, including projects that—
21	((A) encourage industries to locate in that
22	eligible community, if such funds are not used to
23	encourage the relocation of any employer in a
24	manner that causes the dislocation of employees

1	of that employer at another facility in the
2	United States;
3	"(B) leverage resources to create or improve
4	Internet or telecommunications capabilities to
5	make the community more attractive for busi-
6	ness;
7	``(C) establish a funding pool for job cre-
8	ation through entrepreneurial activities;
9	(D) assist existing firms in that commu-
10	nity to restructure or retool to become more com-
11	petitive in world markets and prevent job loss; or
12	``(E) assist the community in acquiring the
13	resources and providing the level of public serv-
14	ices necessary to meet the objectives set out in the
15	strategic plan.
16	"SEC. 278. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
17	"There are authorized to be appropriated to the De-
18	partment of Commerce, for the period beginning October 1,
19	2001, and ending September 30, 2007, such sums as may
20	be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
21	"SEC. 279. GENERAL PROVISIONS.
22	"(a) Report by the Director.—Not later than 6
23	months after the date of enactment of the Trade Adjustment
24	Assistance Reform Act of 2002, and annually thereafter, the
25	Director shall submit to the Committee on Finance of the

Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House
 of Representatives a report regarding the programs estab lished under this title.

4 "(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe
5 such regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions
6 of this chapter.

7 "(c) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Funds appro8 priated under this chapter shall be used to supplement and
9 not supplant other Federal, State, and local public funds
10 expended to provide economic development assistance for
11 communities.".

12 TITLE IV—TRADE ADJUSTMENT 13 ASSISTANCE FOR FARMERS

14 SEC. 401. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FARMERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title II of the Trade Act of 1974
(19 U.S.C. 2251 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
the following new chapter:

18 "CHAPTER 6—ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

19 FOR FARMERS

20 *"SEC. 291. DEFINITIONS.*

21 *"In this chapter:*

22 "(1) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The term 'ag-

- 23 ricultural commodity' means any agricultural com-
- 24 modity (including livestock), except fish as defined in
- 25 section 299(1) of this Act, in its raw or natural state.

1	"(2) Agricultural commodity producer.—
2	The term 'agricultural commodity producer' has the
3	same meaning as the term 'person' as prescribed by
4	regulations promulgated under section 1001(5) of the
5	Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308(5)). The
6	term does not include any person described in section
7	299(2) of this Act.
8	"(3) Contributed importantly.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'contributed
10	importantly' means a cause which is important
11	but not necessarily more important than any
12	other cause.
13	"(B) Determination of contributed im-
14	portantly.—The determination of whether im-
15	ports of articles like or directly competitive with
16	an agricultural commodity with respect to which
17	a petition under this chapter was filed contrib-
18	uted importantly to a decline in the price of the
19	agricultural commodity shall be made by the
20	Secretary.
21	"(4) DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.—The
22	term 'duly authorized representative' means an asso-
23	ciation of agricultural commodity producers.
24	"(5) NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICE.—The term 'na-
25	tional average price' means the national average

price paid to an agricultural commodity producer for
 an agricultural commodity in a marketing year as
 determined by the Secretary.

4 "(6) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means
5 the Secretary of Agriculture.

6 "SEC. 292. PETITIONS; GROUP ELIGIBILITY.

7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A petition for a certification of 8 eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance under this chapter may be filed with the Secretary by a group of agri-9 cultural commodity producers or by their duly authorized 10 11 representative. Upon receipt of the petition, the Secretary shall promptly publish notice in the Federal Register that 12 the Secretary has received the petition and initiated an in-13 14 vestigation.

15 "(b) HEARINGS.—If the petitioner, or any other person 16 found by the Secretary to have a substantial interest in the 17 proceedings, submits not later than 10 days after the date 18 of the Secretary's publication under subsection (a) a request 19 for a hearing, the Secretary shall provide for a public hear-20 ing and afford such interested person an opportunity to be 21 present, to produce evidence, and to be heard.

(c) GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall certify a group of agricultural commodity producers as eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under
this chapter if the Secretary determines—

"(1) that the national average price for the agri-1 2 cultural commodity, or a class of goods within the ag-3 ricultural commodity, produced by the group for the 4 most recent marketing year for which the national av-5 erage price is available is less than 80 percent of the 6 average of the national average price for such agricultural commodity, or such class of goods, for the 5 7 8 marketing years preceding the most recent marketing 9 year; and 10 "(2) that increases in imports of articles like or 11 directly competitive with the agricultural commodity, 12 or class of goods within the agricultural commodity,

13 produced by the group contributed importantly to the14 decline in price described in paragraph (1).

15 "(d) SPECIAL RULE FOR QUALIFIED SUBSEQUENT
16 YEARS.—A group of agricultural commodity producers cer17 tified as eligible under section 293 shall be eligible to apply
18 for assistance under this chapter in any qualified year after
19 the year the group is first certified, if the Secretary deter20 mines that—

21 "(1) the national average price for the agricul22 tural commodity, or class of goods within the agricul23 tural commodity, produced by the group for the most
24 recent marketing year for which the national average

1	price is available is equal to or less than the price de-
2	termined under subsection $(c)(1)$; and
3	"(2) the requirements of subsection $(c)(2)$ are
4	met.
5	"(e) Determination of Qualified Year and Com-
6	MODITY.—In this chapter:
7	"(1) QUALIFIED YEAR.—The term 'qualified
8	year', with respect to a group of agricultural com-
9	modity producers certified as eligible under section
10	293, means each consecutive year after the year in
11	which the group is certified that the Secretary makes
12	the determination under subsection (c) or (d), as the
13	case may be.
14	"(2) Classes of goods within a com-
15	MODITY.—In any case in which there are separate
16	classes of goods within an agricultural commodity,
17	the Secretary shall treat each class as a separate com-
18	modity in determining group eligibility, the national
19	average price, and level of imports under this section
20	and section 296.

21 "SEC. 293. DETERMINATIONS BY SECRETARY OF AGRI22 CULTURE.

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the
24 date on which a petition is filed under section 292, but in
25 any event not later than 40 days after that date, the Sec-

retary shall determine whether the petitioning group meets 1 the requirements of section 292 (c) or (d), as the case may 2 3 be, and shall, if the group meets the requirements, issue a 4 certification of eligibility to apply for assistance under this chapter covering agricultural commodity producers in any 5 group that meets the requirements. Each certification shall 6 7 specify the date on which eligibility under this chapter be-8 gins.

9 "(b) NOTICE.—Upon making a determination on a pe-10 tition, the Secretary shall promptly publish a summary of 11 the determination in the Federal Register, together with the 12 Secretary's reasons for making the determination.

13 "(c) TERMINATION OF CERTIFICATION.—Whenever the 14 Secretary determines, with respect to any certification of 15 eligibility under this chapter, that the decline in price for the agricultural commodity covered by the certification is 16 no longer attributable to the conditions described in section 17 292, the Secretary shall terminate such certification and 18 promptly cause notice of such termination to be published 19 in the Federal Register, together with the Secretary's rea-20 21 sons for making such determination.

1"SEC. 294. STUDY BY SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE WHEN2INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION BEGINS3INVESTIGATION.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the International Trade
5 Commission (in this chapter referred to as the 'Commis6 sion') begins an investigation under section 202 with re7 spect to an agricultural commodity, the Commission shall
8 immediately notify the Secretary of the investigation. Upon
9 receipt of the notification, the Secretary shall immediately
10 conduct a study of—

11 "(1) the number of agricultural commodity pro-12 ducers producing a like or directly competitive agri-13 cultural commodity who have been or are likely to be 14 certified as eligible for adjustment assistance under 15 this chapter, and

16 "(2) the extent to which the adjustment of such
17 producers to the import competition may be facili18 tated through the use of existing programs.

19 "(b) REPORT.—Not later than 15 days after the day 20 on which the Commission makes its report under section 21 202(f), the Secretary shall submit a report to the President 22 setting forth the findings of the study described in sub-23 section (a). Upon making the report to the President, the 24 Secretary shall also promptly make the report public (with 25 the exception of information which the Secretary determines to be confidential) and shall have a summary of the report
 published in the Federal Register.

3 "SEC. 295. BENEFIT INFORMATION TO AGRICULTURAL COM4 MODITY PRODUCERS.

5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide full information to producers about the benefit allowances, 6 7 training, and other employment services available under 8 this title and about the petition and application procedures, and the appropriate filing dates, for such allowances, train-9 ing, and services. The Secretary shall provide whatever as-10 11 sistance is necessary to enable groups to prepare petitions or applications for program benefits under this title. 12

13 "(b) NOTICE OF BENEFITS.—

14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall mail
15 written notice of the benefits available under this
16 chapter to each agricultural commodity producer that
17 the Secretary has reason to believe is covered by a cer18 tification made under this chapter.

19 "(2) OTHER NOTICE.—The Secretary shall pub20 lish notice of the benefits available under this chapter
21 to agricultural commodity producers that are covered
22 by each certification made under this chapter in
23 newspapers of general circulation in the areas in
24 which such producers reside.

1	"(3) Other federal assistance.—The Sec-
2	retary shall also provide information concerning pro-
3	cedures for applying for and receiving all other Fed-
4	eral assistance and services available to workers fac-
5	ing economic distress.
6	"SEC. 296. QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR AGRICUL-
7	TURAL COMMODITY PRODUCERS.
8	"(a) IN GENERAL.—
9	"(1) Requirements.—Payment of a trade ad-
10	justment allowance shall be made to an adversely af-
11	fected agricultural commodity producer covered by a
12	certification under this chapter who files an applica-
13	tion for such allowance within 90 days after the date
14	on which the Secretary makes a determination and
15	issues a certification of eligibility under section 293,
16	if the following conditions are met:
17	"(A) The producer submits to the Secretary
18	sufficient information to establish the amount of
19	agricultural commodity covered by the applica-
20	tion filed under subsection (a) that was produced
21	by the producer in the most recent year.
22	"(B) The producer certifies that the pro-
23	ducer has not received cash benefits under any
24	provision of this title other than this chapter.

1	"(C) The producer's net farm income (as de-
2	termined by the Secretary) for the most recent
3	year is less than the producer's net farm income
4	for the latest year in which no adjustment assist-
5	ance was received by the producer under this
6	chapter.
7	``(D) The producer certifies that the pro-
8	ducer has met with an Extension Service em-
9	ployee or agent to obtain, at no cost to the pro-
10	ducer, information and technical assistance that
11	will assist the producer in adjusting to import
12	competition with respect to the adversely affected
13	agricultural commodity, including—
14	``(i) information regarding the feasi-
15	bility and desirability of substituting 1 or
16	more alternative commodities for the ad-
17	versely affected agricultural commodity;
18	and
19	"(ii) technical assistance that will im-
20	prove the competitiveness of the production
21	and marketing of the adversely affected ag-
22	ricultural commodity by the producer, in-
23	cluding yield and marketing improvements.
24	"(2) Limitation.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
2	other provision of this chapter, an agricultural
3	commodity producer shall not be eligible for as-
4	sistance under this chapter in any year in which
5	the average adjusted gross income of the producer
6	exceeds \$2,500,000.
7	"(B) CERTIFICATION.—To comply with the
8	limitation under subparagraph (A), an indi-
9	vidual or entity shall provide to the Secretary—
10	"(i) a certification by a certified public
11	accountant or another third party that is
12	acceptable to the Secretary that the average
13	adjusted gross income of the producer does
14	not exceed \$2,500,000; or
15	"(ii) information and documentation
16	regarding the adjusted gross income of the
17	producer through other procedures estab-
18	lished by the Secretary.
19	"(C) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
20	"(i) Adjusted gross income.—The
21	term 'adjusted gross income' means adjusted
22	gross income of an agricultural commodity
23	producer—
24	((I) as defined in section 62 of the
25	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and

1	implemented in accordance with proce-
2	dures established by the Secretary; and
3	"(II) that is earned directly or in-
4	directly from all agricultural and non-
5	agricultural sources of an individual
6	or entity for a fiscal or corresponding
7	crop year.
8	"(ii) Average adjusted gross in-
9	COME.—
10	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The term 'av-
11	erage adjusted gross income' means the
12	average adjusted gross income of a pro-
13	ducer for each of the 3 preceding tax-
14	able years.
15	"(II) EFFECTIVE ADJUSTED
16	GROSS INCOME.—In the case of a pro-
17	ducer that does not have an adjusted
18	gross income for each of the 3 pre-
19	ceding taxable years, the Secretary
20	shall establish rules that provide the
21	producer with an effective adjusted
22	gross income for the applicable year.
23	"(b) Amount of Cash Benefits.—
24	"(1) In general.—Subject to the provisions of
25	section 298, an adversely affected agricultural com-

1	modity producer described in subsection (a) shall be
2	entitled to adjustment assistance under this chapter
3	in an amount equal to the product of—
4	"(A) one-half of the difference between—
5	"(i) an amount equal to 80 percent of
6	the average of the national average price of
7	the agricultural commodity covered by the
8	application described in subsection (a) for
9	the 5 marketing years preceding the most
10	recent marketing year, and
11	"(ii) the national average price of the
12	agricultural commodity for the most recent
13	marketing year, and
14	``(B) the amount of the agricultural com-
15	modity produced by the agricultural commodity
16	producer in the most recent marketing year.
17	"(2) Special rule for subsequent quali-
18	FIED YEARS.—The amount of cash benefits for a
19	qualified year shall be determined in the same man-
20	ner as cash benefits are determined under paragraph
21	(1) except that the average national price of the agri-
22	cultural commodity shall be determined under para-
23	graph (1)(A)(i) by using the 5-marketing-year period
24	used to determine the amount of cash benefits for the
25	first certification.

"(c) Maximum Amount of Cash Assistance.—The
maximum amount of cash benefits an agricultural com-
modity producer may receive in any 12-month period shall
not exceed \$10,000.
"(d) Limitations on Other Assistance.—An agri-
cultural commodity producer entitled to receive a cash ben-

7 efit under this chapter—

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8 "(1) shall not be eligible for any other cash ben-9 efit under this title, and

10 "(2) shall be entitled to employment services and 11 training benefits under part III of subchapter C of 12 chapter 2.

13 "SEC. 297. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS.

14 "(a) IN GENERAL.—

15 "(1) REPAYMENT.—If the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that any person 16 17 has received any payment under this chapter to which 18 the person was not entitled, such person shall be liable 19 to repay such amount to the Secretary, except that the 20 Secretary may waive such repayment if the Secretary 21 determines, in accordance with guidelines prescribed 22 by the Secretary, that—

23 "(A) the payment was made without fault on the part of such person; and 24

1	``(B) requiring such repayment would be
2	contrary to equity and good conscience.
3	"(2) Recovery of overpayment.—Unless an
4	overpayment is otherwise recovered, or waived under
5	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall recover the over-
6	payment by deductions from any sums payable to
7	such person under this chapter.
8	"(b) False Statement.—A person shall, in addition
9	to any other penalty provided by law, be ineligible for any
10	further payments under this chapter—
11	"(1) if the Secretary, or a court of competent ju-
12	risdiction, determines that the person—
13	"(A) knowingly has made, or caused an-
14	other to make, a false statement or representation
15	of a material fact; or
16	``(B) knowingly has failed, or caused an-
17	other to fail, to disclose a material fact; and
18	"(2) as a result of such false statement or rep-
19	resentation, or of such nondisclosure, such person has
20	received any payment under this chapter to which the
21	person was not entitled.
22	"(c) Notice and Determination.—Except for over-
23	payments determined by a court of competent jurisdiction,
24	no repayment may be required, and no deduction may be
25	made, under this section until a determination under sub-

section (a)(1) by the Secretary has been made, notice of the
 determination and an opportunity for a fair hearing there on has been given to the person concerned, and the deter mination has become final.

5 "(d) PAYMENT TO TREASURY.—Any amount recovered
6 under this section shall be returned to the Treasury of the
7 United States.

8 "(e) PENALTIES.—Whoever makes a false statement of 9 a material fact knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails 10 to disclose a material fact, for the purpose of obtaining or 11 increasing for himself or for any other person any payment 12 authorized to be furnished under this chapter shall be fined 13 not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 14 1 year, or both.

15 "SEC. 298. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

16 "(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appro17 priated and there are appropriated to the Department of
18 Agriculture not to exceed \$90,000,000 for each of the fiscal
19 years 2002 through 2007 to carry out the purposes of this
20 chapter.

21 "(b) PROPORTIONATE REDUCTION.—If in any year,
22 the amount appropriated under this chapter is insufficient
23 to meet the requirements for adjustment assistance payable
24 under this chapter, the amount of assistance payable under
25 this chapter shall be reduced proportionately.".

1 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this 2 title shall take effect on the date that is 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act. 3 TITLE V—TRADE ADJUSTMENT 4 ASSISTANCE FOR FISHERMEN 5 SEC. 501. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FISHER-6 7 MEN. (a) IN GENERAL.—Title II of the Trade Act of 1974 8 9 (19 U.S.C. 2251 et seq.), as amended by title IV of this

10 Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new11 chapter:

12 "CHAPTER 7—ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE 13 FOR FISHERMEN

14 "SEC. 299. DEFINITIONS.

15 *"In this chapter:*

16 "(1) Commercial fishing, fish, fishery, 17 FISHING, FISHING VESSEL, PERSON, AND UNITED 18 STATES FISH PROCESSOR.—The terms 'commercial 19 fishing', 'fish', 'fishery', 'fishing', 'fishing vessel', 'per-20 son', and 'United States fish processor' have the same 21 meanings as such terms have in the Magnuson-Ste-22 vens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 23 U.S.C. 1802).

24 "(2) PRODUCER.—The term 'producer' means
25 any person who—

1	"(A) is engaged in commercial fishing; or
2	"(B) is a United States fish processor.
3	"(3) Contributed importantly.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'contributed
5	importantly' means a cause which is important
6	but not necessarily more important than any
7	other cause.
8	"(B) Determination of contributed im-
9	PORTANTLY.—The determination of whether im-
10	ports of articles like or directly competitive with
11	a fish caught through commercial fishing or
12	processed by a United States fish processor with
13	respect to which a petition under this chapter
14	was filed contributed importantly to a decline in
15	the price of the fish shall be made by the Sec-
16	retary.
17	"(4) DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.—The
18	term 'duly authorized representative' means an asso-
19	ciation of producers.
20	"(5) NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICE.—The term 'na-
21	tional average price' means the national average
22	price paid to a producer for fish in a marketing year
23	as determined by the Secretary.
24	"(6) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
25	the Secretary of Commerce.

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"(7) TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE CEN TER.—The term 'Trade Adjustment Assistance Center'
 shall have the same meaning as such term has in sec tion 253.

5 "SEC. 299A. PETITIONS; GROUP ELIGIBILITY.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A petition for a certification of 7 eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance under this 8 chapter may be filed with the Secretary by a group of pro-9 ducers or by their duly authorized representative. Upon re-10 ceipt of the petition, the Secretary shall promptly publish 11 notice in the Federal Register that the Secretary has re-12 ceived the petition and initiated an investigation.

13 "(b) HEARINGS.—If the petitioner, or any other person 14 found by the Secretary to have a substantial interest in the 15 proceedings, submits not later than 10 days after the date 16 of the Secretary's publication under subsection (a) a request 17 for a hearing, the Secretary shall provide for a public hear-18 ing and afford such interested person an opportunity to be 19 present, to produce evidence, and to be heard.

20 "(c) GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Sec21 retary shall certify a group of producers as eligible to apply
22 for adjustment assistance under this chapter if the Sec23 retary determines—

24 "(1) that the national average price for the fish,
25 or a class of fish, produced by the group for the most

1	recent marketing year for which the national average
2	price is available is less than 80 percent of the aver-
3	age of the national average price for such fish, or such
4	class of fish, for the 5 marketing years preceding the
5	most recent marketing year; and
6	"(2) that increases in imports of articles like or
7	directly competitive with the fish, or class of fish, pro-
8	duced by the group contributed importantly to the de-
9	cline in price described in paragraph (1).
10	"(d) Special Rule for Qualified Subsequent
11	YEARS.—A group of producers certified as eligible under
12	section 299B shall be eligible to apply for assistance under
13	this chapter in any qualified year after the year the group
14	is first certified, if the Secretary determines that—
15	"(1) the national average price for the fish, or
16	class of fish, produced by the group for the most re-
17	cent marketing year for which the national average
18	price is available is equal to or less than the price de-
19	termined under subsection $(c)(1)$; and
20	"(2) the requirements of subsection $(c)(2)$ are
21	met.
22	"(e) Determination of Qualified Year and Com-
23	MODITY.—In this chapter:
24	"(1) QUALIFIED YEAR.—The term 'qualified
25	year', with respect to a group of producers certified

as eligible under section 299B, means each consecutive
 year after the year in which the group is certified
 that the Secretary makes the determination under
 subsection (c) or (d), as the case may be.

5 "(2) CLASSES OF GOODS WITHIN A COM-6 MODITY.—In any case in which there are separate 7 classes of fish, the Secretary shall treat each class as 8 a separate commodity in determining group eligi-9 bility, the national average price, and level of imports 10 under this section and section 299E.

11 "SEC. 299B. DETERMINATIONS BY SECRETARY.

12 "(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the 13 date on which a petition is filed under section 299A, but in any event not later than 40 days after that date, the 14 15 Secretary shall determine whether the petitioning group meets the requirements of section 299A (c) or (d), as the 16 case may be, and shall, if the group meets the requirements, 17 issue a certification of eligibility to apply for assistance 18 19 under this chapter covering producers in any group that meets the requirements. Each certification shall specify the 20 21 date on which eligibility under this chapter begins.

"(b) NOTICE.—Upon making a determination on a petition, the Secretary shall promptly publish a summary of
the determination in the Federal Register, together with the
Secretary's reasons for making the determination.

1 "(c) TERMINATION OF CERTIFICATION.—Whenever the 2 Secretary determines, with respect to any certification of 3 eligibility under this chapter, that the decline in price for 4 the fish covered by the certification is no longer attributable 5 to the conditions described in section 299A, the Secretary shall terminate such certification and promptly cause no-6 tice of such termination to be published in the Federal Reg-7 8 ister, together with the Secretary's reasons for making such determination. 9

10 "SEC. 299C. STUDY BY SECRETARY WHEN INTERNATIONAL11TRADE COMMISSION BEGINS INVESTIGATION.

12 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the International Trade 13 Commission (in this chapter referred to as the 'Commis-14 sion') begins an investigation under section 202 with re-15 spect to a fish, the Commission shall immediately notify 16 the Secretary of the investigation. Upon receipt of the noti-17 fication, the Secretary shall immediately conduct a study 18 of—

"(1) the number of producers producing a like or
directly competitive agricultural commodity who have
been or are likely to be certified as eligible for adjustment assistance under this chapter, and

23 "(2) the extent to which the adjustment of such
24 producers to the import competition may be facili25 tated through the use of existing programs.

1 "(b) REPORT.—Not later than 15 days after the day 2 on which the Commission makes its report under section 3 202(f), the Secretary shall submit a report to the President 4 setting forth the findings of the study under subsection (a). 5 Upon making his report to the President, the Secretary shall also promptly make the report public (with the excep-6 7 tion of information which the Secretary determines to be confidential) and shall have a summary of it published in 8 the Federal Register. 9

10 "SEC. 299D. BENEFIT INFORMATION TO PRODUCERS.

11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide full 12 information to producers about the benefit allowances, 13 training, and other employment services available under this title and about the petition and application procedures. 14 15 and the appropriate filing dates, for such allowances, training, and services. The Secretary shall provide whatever as-16 sistance is necessary to enable groups to prepare petitions 17 18 or applications for program benefits under this title.

19 "(b) NOTICE OF BENEFITS.—

20 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall mail
21 written notice of the benefits available under this
22 chapter to each producer that the Secretary has rea23 son to believe is covered by a certification made under
24 this chapter.

"(2) OTHER NOTICE.—The Secretary shall pub-1 2 lish notice of the benefits available under this chapter to producers that are covered by each certification 3 4 made under this chapter in newspapers of general cir-5 culation in the areas in which such producers reside. 6 "SEC. 299E. QUALIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR PRODUCERS. 7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Payment of a trade adjustment allowance shall be made to an adversely affected producer cov-8 9 ered by a certification under this chapter who files an application for such allowance within 90 days after the date 10 11 on which the Secretary makes a determination and issues 12 a certification of eligibility under section 299B, if the following conditions are met: 13 14 "(1) The producer submits to the Secretary suffi-15 cient information to establish the amount of fish cov-16 ered by the application filed under subsection (a) that 17 was produced by the producer in the most recent year. 18 "(2) The producer certifies that the producer has

not received cash benefits under any provision of thistitle other than this chapter.

21 "(3) The producer's net fishing or processing in22 come (as determined by the Secretary) for the most
23 recent year is less than the producer's net fishing or
24 processing income for the latest year in which no ad-

1	justment assistance was received by the producer
2	under this chapter.
3	"(4) The producer certifies that—
4	"(A) the producer has met with an employee
5	or agent from a Trade Adjustment Assistance
6	Center to obtain, at no cost to the producer, in-
7	formation and technical assistance that will as-
8	sist the producer in adjusting to import competi-
9	tion with respect to the adversely affected fish,
10	including—
11	"(i) information regarding the feasi-
12	bility and desirability of substituting 1 or
13	more alternative fish for the adversely af-
14	fected fish; and
15	"(ii) technical assistance that will im-
16	prove the competitiveness of the production
17	and marketing of the adversely affected fish
18	by the producer, including yield and mar-
19	keting improvements; and
20	((B) none of the benefits will be used to
21	purchase, lease, or finance any new fishing ves-
22	sel, add capacity to any fishery, or otherwise add
23	to the overcapitalization of any fishery.
24	"(b) Amount of Cash Benefits.—

1	"(1) In general.—Subject to the provisions of
2	section 299G, an adversely affected producer described
3	in subsection (a) shall be entitled to adjustment as-
4	sistance under this chapter in an amount equal to the
5	product of—
6	"(A) one-half of the difference between—
7	"(i) an amount equal to 80 percent of
8	the average of the national average price of
9	the fish covered by the application described
10	in subsection (a) for the 5 marketing years
11	preceding the most recent marketing year;
12	and
13	"(ii) the national average price of the
14	fish for the most recent marketing year; and
15	(B) the amount of the fish produced by the
16	producer in the most recent marketing year.
17	"(2) Special rule for subsequent quali-
18	FIED YEARS.—The amount of cash benefits for a
19	qualified year shall be determined in the same man-
20	ner as cash benefits are determined under paragraph
21	(1) except that the average national price of the fish
22	shall be determined under paragraph $(1)(A)(i)$ by
23	using the 5-marketing-year period used to determine
24	the amount of cash benefits for the first certification.
25	A producer shall only be eligible for benefits for subse-

1	quent qualified years if the Secretary or his designee
2	determines that sufficient progress has been made im-
3	plementing the plans developed under section
4	299E(a)(4) of this title.
5	"(c) Maximum Amount of Cash Assistance.—The
6	maximum amount of cash benefits a producer may receive
7	in any 12-month period shall not exceed \$10,000.
8	"(d) Limitations on Other Assistance.—A pro-
9	ducer entitled to receive a cash benefit under this chapter—
10	"(1) shall not be eligible for any other cash ben-
11	efit under this title, and
12	"(2) shall be entitled to employment services and
13	training benefits under part III of subchapter C of
13 14	training benefits under part III of subchapter C of chapter 2.
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14	chapter 2.
14 15	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS.
14 15 16	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—
14 15 16 17	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) REPAYMENT.—If the Secretary, or a court
14 15 16 17 18	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) REPAYMENT.—If the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that any person
 14 15 16 17 18 19 	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) REPAYMENT.—If the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that any person has received any payment under this chapter to which
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) REPAYMENT.—If the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that any person has received any payment under this chapter to which the person was not entitled, such person shall be liable
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	chapter 2. "SEC. 299F. FRAUD AND RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS. "(a) IN GENERAL.— "(1) REPAYMENT.—If the Secretary, or a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that any person has received any payment under this chapter to which the person was not entitled, such person shall be liable to repay such amount to the Secretary, except that the

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1	"(A) the payment was made without fault
2	on the part of such person; and
3	``(B) requiring such repayment would be
4	contrary to equity and good conscience.
5	"(2) Recovery of overpayment.—Unless an
6	overpayment is otherwise recovered, or waived under
7	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall recover the over-
8	payment by deductions from any sums payable to
9	such person under this chapter.
10	"(b) False Statement.—A person shall, in addition
11	to any other penalty provided by law, be ineligible for any
12	further payments under this chapter—
13	"(1) if the Secretary, or a court of competent ju-
14	risdiction, determines that the person—
15	"(A) knowingly has made, or caused an-
16	other to make, a false statement or representation
17	of a material fact; or
18	"(B) knowingly has failed, or caused an-
19	other to fail, to disclose a material fact; and
20	"(2) as a result of such false statement or rep-
21	resentation, or of such nondisclosure, such person has
22	received any payment under this chapter to which the
23	person was not entitled.
24	"(c) Notice and Determination.—Except for over-
25	payments determined by a court of competent jurisdiction,

1 no repayment may be required, and no deduction may be
2 made, under this section until a determination under sub3 section (a)(1) by the Secretary has been made, notice of the
4 determination and an opportunity for a fair hearing there5 on has been given to the person concerned, and the deter6 mination has become final.

7 "(d) PAYMENT TO TREASURY.—Any amount recovered
8 under this section shall be returned to the Treasury of the
9 United States.

10 "(e) PENALTIES.—Whoever makes a false statement of 11 a material fact knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails 12 to disclose a material fact, for the purpose of obtaining or 13 increasing for himself or for any other person any payment 14 authorized to be furnished under this chapter shall be fined 15 not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 16 1 year, or both.

17 "SEC. 299G. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated and there are appropriated to the Department of
Commerce not to exceed \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal
years 2002 through 2007 to carry out the purposes of this
chapter.

23 "(b) PROPORTIONATE REDUCTION.—If in any year,
24 the amount appropriated under this chapter is insufficient
25 to meet the requirements for adjustment assistance payable

1 under this chapter, the amount of assistance payable under

2 this chapter shall be reduced proportionately.".

3 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this
4 title shall take effect on the date that is 180 days after the
5 date of enactment of this Act.

6 TITLE VI—HEALTH CARE COV7 ERAGE OPTIONS FOR WORK8 ERS ELIGIBLE FOR TRADE AD9 JUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

10sec. 601. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE HEALTH IN-11SURANCE CREDIT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter B of chapter 65 of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to abatements,
credits, and refunds) is amended by inserting after section
6428 the following new section:

16"SEC. 6429. TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE HEALTH IN-17SURANCE CREDIT.

18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by sub-19 title A an amount equal to 70 percent of the amount paid 20 21 during the taxable year for coverage for the taxpayer, the 22 taxpayer's spouse, and dependents of the taxpayer under 23 qualified health insurance during eligible coverage months. 24 "(b) ELIGIBLE COVERAGE MONTH.—For purposes of this section— 25

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible coverage
2	month' means any month if, as of the first day of
3	such month—
4	"(A) the taxpayer is an eligible individual,
5	"(B) the taxpayer is covered by qualified
6	health insurance,
7	"(C) the premium for coverage under such
8	insurance for such month is paid by the tax-
9	payer, and
10	"(D) the taxpayer does not have other speci-
11	fied coverage.
12	"(2) Special rules.—
13	"(A) Joint returns.—In the case of a
14	joint return, the requirements of paragraph (1)
15	shall be treated as met if at least 1 spouse satis-
16	fies such requirements.
17	"(B) Exclusion of months in which in-
18	DIVIDUAL IS IMPRISONED.—Such term shall not
19	include any month with respect to an individual
20	if, as of the first day of such month, such indi-
21	vidual is imprisoned under Federal, State, or
22	local authority.
23	"(3) Other specified coverage.—For pur-
24	poses of this subsection, an individual has other speci-

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1	fied coverage for any month if, as of the first day of
2	such month—
3	"(A) SUBSIDIZED COVERAGE.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Such individual is
5	covered under any qualified health insur-
6	ance under which at least 50 percent of the
7	cost of coverage (determined under section
8	4980B) is paid or incurred by an employer
9	(or former employer) of the taxpayer or the
10	taxpayer's spouse.
11	"(ii) TREATMENT OF CAFETERIA
12	PLANS AND FLEXIBLE SPENDING AC-
13	COUNTS.—For purposes of clause (i), the
14	cost of benefits—
15	"(I) which are chosen under a caf-
16	eteria plan (as defined in section
17	125(d)), or provided under a flexible
18	spending or similar arrangement, of
19	such an employer, and
20	"(II) which are not includible in
21	gross income under section 106,
22	shall be treated as borne by such employer.
23	"(B) Coverage under medicare, med-
24	ICAID, OR SCHIP.—Such individual—

1	"(i) is entitled to benefits under part A
2	of title XVIII of the Social Security Act or
3	is enrolled under part B of such title, or
4	"(ii) is enrolled in the program under
5	title XIX or XXI of such Act (other than
6	under section 1928).
7	"(C) CERTAIN OTHER COVERAGE.—Such
8	individual—
9	"(i) is enrolled in a health benefits
10	plan under chapter 89 of title 5, United
11	States Code,
12	"(ii) is entitled to receive benefits
13	under chapter 55 of title 10, United States
14	Code,
15	"(iii) is entitled to receive benefits
16	under chapter 17 of title 38, United States
17	Code, or
18	"(iv) is eligible for benefits under the
19	Indian Health Care Improvement Act.
20	"(4) Special Rule.—For purposes of this sub-
21	section, an individual does not have other specified
22	coverage for any month if such coverage is under a
23	qualified long-term care insurance contract (as de-
24	fined in section $7702B(b)(1)$).

"(c) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this sec tion, the term 'eligible individual' means an individual who
 is qualified to receive payment of a trade adjustment allow ance under section 235 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amend ed by section 111 of the Trade Adjustment Assistance Re form Act of 2002.

7 "(d) QUALIFIED HEALTH INSURANCE.—For purposes
8 of this section, the term 'qualified health insurance' means
9 health insurance coverage described under section 173(f) of
10 the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2918(f)).

11 "(e) COORDINATION WITH ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF
12 CREDIT.—

13 "(1) RECAPTURE OF EXCESS ADVANCE PAY-14 MENTS.—If any payment is made by the Secretary 15 under section 7527 during any calendar year to a 16 provider of qualified health insurance for an indi-17 vidual, then the tax imposed by this chapter for the 18 individual's last taxable year beginning in such cal-19 endar year shall be increased by the aggregate 20 amount of such payments.

21 "(2) RECONCILIATION OF PAYMENTS ADVANCED
22 AND CREDIT ALLOWED.—Any increase in tax under
23 paragraph (1) shall not be treated as tax imposed by
24 this chapter for purposes of determining the amount
25 of any credit (other than the credit allowed by sub-

1	section (a)) allowable under part IV of subchapter A
2	of chapter 1.
3	"(f) Special Rules.—
4	"(1) Coordination with other deduc-

TIONS.—Amounts taken into account under subsection
(a) shall not be taken into account in determining
any deduction allowed under section 162(l) or 213.

8 "(2) MSA DISTRIBUTIONS.—Amounts distributed 9 from an Archer MSA (as defined in section 220(d)) 10 shall not be taken into account under subsection (a). 11 "(3) Denial of credit to dependents.—No 12 credit shall be allowed under this section to any indi-13 vidual with respect to whom a deduction under sec-14 tion 151 is allowable to another taxpayer for a tax-15 able year beginning in the calendar year in which 16 such individual's taxable year begins.

17 "(4) CREDIT TREATED AS REFUNDABLE CRED18 IT.—For purposes of this title, the credit allowed
19 under this section shall be treated as a credit allow20 able under subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of
21 chapter 1.

22 "(5) EXPENSES MUST BE SUBSTANTIATED.—A
23 payment for qualified health insurance to which sub24 section (a) applies may be taken into account under

1	individual from whom such payments were received or for
2	whom such a reimbursement is claimed.
3	"(b) Form and Manner of Returns.—A return is
4	described in this subsection if such return—
5	"(1) is in such form as the Secretary may pre-
6	scribe, and
7	(2) contains—
8	"(A) the name, address, and TIN of each
9	individual referred to in subsection (a),
10	``(B) the aggregate of the advance credit
11	amounts provided to such individual and for
12	which reimbursement is claimed,
13	(C) the number of months for which such
14	advance credit amounts are so provided, and
15	``(D) such other information as the Sec-
16	retary may prescribe.
17	"(c) Statements To Be Furnished to Individuals
18	With Respect to Whom Information Is Required.—
19	Every person required to make a return under subsection
20	(a) shall furnish to each individual whose name is required
21	to be set forth in such return a written statement showing—
22	"(1) the name and address of the person required
23	to make such return and the phone number of the in-
24	formation contact for such person, and

"(2) the information required to be shown on the
 return with respect to such individual.

3 The written statement required under the preceding sen4 tence shall be furnished on or before January 31 of the year
5 following the calendar year for which the return under sub6 section (a) is required to be made.

7 "(d) ADVANCE CREDIT AMOUNT.—For purposes of this
8 section, the term 'advance credit amount' means an amount
9 for which the person can claim a reimbursement pursuant
10 to a program established by the Secretary under section
11 7527.".

12 (2) Assessable penalties.—

(A) Subparagraph (B) of section 6724(d)(1)
of such Code (relating to definitions) is amended
by redesignating clauses (xi) through (xvii) as
clauses (xii) through (xviii), respectively, and by
inserting after clause (x) the following new
clause:

19 "(xi) section 6050T (relating to returns
20 relating to trade adjustment assistance
21 health insurance credit),".

(B) Paragraph (2) of section 6724(d) of
such Code is amended by striking "or" at the
end of subparagraph (Z), by striking the period
at the end of subparagraph (AA) and inserting

1	", or", and by adding after subparagraph (AA)
2	the following new subparagraph:
3	"(BB) section 6050T (relating to returns re-
4	lating to trade adjustment assistance health in-
5	surance credit).".
6	(3) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sec-
7	tions for subpart B of part III of subchapter A of
8	chapter 61 of such Code is amended by inserting after
9	the item relating to section 6050S the following new
10	item:
	"Sec. 6050T. Returns relating to trade adjustment assistance health insurance credit.".
11	(c) CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR FRAUD.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter B of chapter 75 of
13	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to other
14	offenses) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"SEC. 7276. PENALTIES FOR OFFENSES RELATING TO
17	TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE HEALTH
18	INSURANCE CREDIT.
19	"Any person who knowingly misuses Department of
20	the Treasury names, symbols, titles, or initials to convey
21	the false impression of association with, or approval or en-
22	dorsement by, the Department of the Treasury of any insur-
23	ance products or group health coverage in connection with
24	the credit for trade adjustment assistance health insurance

1	under section 6429 shall on conviction thereof be fined not
2	more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than 1 year,
3	or both.".
4	(2) The table of sections for subchapter B of
5	chapter 75 of such Code is amended by adding at the
6	end the following:
	"Sec. 7276. Penalties for offenses relating to trade adjustment as- sistance health insurance credit.".
7	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
8	(1) Paragraph (2) of section 1324(b) of title 31,
9	United States Code, is amended by inserting before
10	the period ", or from section 6429 of such Code".
11	(2) The table of sections for subchapter B of
12	chapter 65 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
13	amended by adding at the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 6429. Trade adjustment assistance health insurance credit.".
14	(e) Effective Dates.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
16	graph (2), the amendments made by this section shall
17	apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
18	2001, without regard to whether final regulations to
19	carry out such amendments have been promulgated by
20	such date.
21	(2) PENALTIES.—The amendments made by sub-
22	section (c) shall take effect on the date of the enact-
23	ment of this Act.

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3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 77 of the Internal Revenue
4 Code of 1986 (relating to miscellaneous provisions) is
5 amended by adding at the end the following new section:
6 "SEC. 7527. ADVANCE PAYMENT OF TRADE ADJUSTMENT AS7 SISTANCE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT.

8 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—The Secretary shall establish 9 a program for making payments on behalf of eligible indi-10 viduals (as defined in section 6429(c)) to providers of health 11 insurance for such individuals for whom a qualified health 12 insurance credit eligibility certificate is in effect.

"(b) QUALIFIED HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT ELIGIBILITY CERTIFICATE.—For purposes of this section, a
qualified health insurance credit eligibility certificate is a
statement certified by a designated local agency (as defined
in section 51(d)(11)) (or by any other entity designated by
the Secretary) which—

19 "(1) certifies that the individual was an eligible
20 individual (as defined in section 6429(c)) as of the
21 first day of any month, and

22 "(2) provides such other information as the Sec23 retary may require for purposes of this section.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for
chapter 77 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended
by adding at the end the following new item:

"Sec. 7527. Advance payment of trade adjustment assistance health insurance credit.".

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1 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this 2 section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, without regard to whether final regulations to carry 3 4 out such amendments have been promulgated by such date. 5 SEC. 603. HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR ELIGIBLE 6 INDIVIDUALS. (a) ELIGIBILITY FOR GRANTS.—Section 173(a) of the 7 8 Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2918(a)) is 9 amended-(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the 10 11 end: 12 (2) in paragraph (3) by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and 13 14 (3) by adding at the end the following: "(4) from funds appropriated under section 15 174(c)— 16 17 "(A) to a State to provide the assistance de-18 scribed in subsection (f) to any eligible worker 19 (as defined in subsection (f)(4)(B)); and 20 "(B) to a State to provide the assistance de-21 scribed in subsection (g) to any eligible worker 22 (as defined in subsection (q)(5)).". 23 (b) Use of Funds for Health Insurance Cov-

24 ERAGE.—Section 173 of the Workforce Investment Act of

1	1998 (29 U.S.C. 2918) is amended by adding at the end
2	the following:
3	"(f) Health Insurance Coverage Assistance for
4	Eligible Workers.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Funds made available to a
6	State under paragraph $(4)(A)$ of subsection (a) may
7	be used by the State for the following:
8	"(A) HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.—To
9	assist an eligible worker (as defined in para-
10	graph (4)(B)) in enrolling in health insurance
11	coverage through—
12	"(i) COBRA continuation coverage;
13	"(ii) State-based continuation coverage
14	provided by the State under a State law
15	that requires such coverage even though the
16	coverage would not otherwise be required
17	under the provisions of law referred to in
18	paragraph (4)(A);
19	"(iii) the enrollment of the eligible
20	worker and the eligible worker's spouse and
21	dependents in health insurance coverage of-
22	fered through a qualified State high risk
23	pool or other comparable State-based health
24	insurance coverage alternative;

"(iv) the enrollment of the eligible 1 2 worker and the eligible worker's spouse and dependents in the health insurance program 3 4 offered for State employees; "(v) the enrollment of the eligible work-5 6 er and the eligible worker's spouse and de-7 pendents in a State-based health insurance 8 program that is comparable to the health 9 insurance program offered for State employ-10 ees; 11 "(vi) a direct payment arrangement entered into by the State and a group 12 13 health plan (including a multiemployer 14 plan as defined in section 3(37) of the Em-15 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 16 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002(37))), an issuer of 17 health insurance coverage, an adminis-18 trator, or an employer, as appropriate, on 19 behalf of the eligible worker and the eligible 20 worker's spouse and dependents: 21 "(vii) the enrollment of the eligible 22 worker and the eligible worker's spouse and

dependents in a State-operated, State-fund-

ed health plan;

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1	"(viii) the enrollment of the eligible
2	worker and the eligible worker's spouse and
3	dependents in health insurance coverage of-
4	fered through a State arrangement with a
5	private sector health care coverage pur-
6	chasing pool; or
7	"(ix) in the case of an eligible worker
8	who was enrolled in individual health in-
9	surance coverage during the 6-month period
10	that ends on the date on which the worker
11	became unemployed, enrollment in such in-
12	dividual health insurance coverage.
13	"(B) ESTABLISHMENT OF HEALTH INSUR-
14	ance coverage mechanisms.—To establish or
15	administer—
16	"(i) a qualified State high risk pool for
17	the purpose of providing health insurance
18	coverage to an eligible worker and the eligi-
19	ble worker's spouse and dependents;
20	"(ii) a State-based program for the
21	purpose of providing health insurance cov-
22	erage to an eligible worker and the eligible
23	worker's spouse and dependents that is com-
24	parable to the State health insurance pro-
25	gram for State employees; or

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1	"(iii) a program under which the State
2	enters into arrangements described in sub-
3	paragraph (A)(vi).
4	"(C) Administrative expenses.—To pay
5	the administrative expenses related to the enroll-
6	ment of eligible workers and the eligible workers
7	spouses and dependents in health insurance cov-
8	erage described in subparagraph (A),
9	including—
10	"(i) eligibility verification activities;
11	"(ii) the notification of eligible workers
12	of available health insurance coverage op-
13	tions;
14	"(iii) processing qualified health insur-
15	ance credit eligibility certificates provided
16	for under section 7527 of the Internal Rev-
17	enue Code of 1986;
18	"(iv) providing assistance to eligible
19	workers in enrolling in health insurance
20	coverage;
21	((v) the development or installation of
22	necessary data management systems; and
23	"(vi) any other expenses determined
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24 appropriate by the Secretary.

1	"(2) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO HEALTH IN-
2	SURANCE COVERAGE.—With respect to health insur-
3	ance coverage provided to eligible workers under any
4	of clauses (ii) through (viii) of paragraph (1)(A), the
5	State shall ensure that—
6	"(A) enrollment is guaranteed for workers
7	who provide a qualified health insurance credit
8	eligibility certificate described in section 7527 of
9	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and who pay
10	the remainder of the premium for such enroll-
11	ment;
12	``(B) no pre-existing condition limitations
13	are imposed with respect to such eligible workers;
14	``(C) the worker is not required (as a condi-
15	tion of enrollment or continued enrollment under
16	the coverage) to pay a premium or contribution
17	that is greater than the premium or contribution
18	for a similarly situated individual who is not an
19	eligible worker;
20	``(D) benefits under the coverage are the
21	same as (or substantially similar to) the benefits
22	provided to similarly situated individuals who
23	are not eligible workers;
24	``(E) the standard loss ratio for the coverage
25	is not less than 65 percent;

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1	``(F) in the case of coverage provided under
2	paragraph $(1)(A)(v)$, the premiums and benefits
3	are comparable to the premiums and benefits ap-
4	plicable to State employees; and
5	``(G) such coverage otherwise meets require-
6	ments established by the Secretary.
7	"(3) Availability of funds.—
8	"(A) Expedited procedures.—With re-
9	spect to applications submitted by States for
10	grants under this subsection, the Secretary
11	shall—
12	"(i) not later than 15 days after the
13	date on which the Secretary receives a com-
14	pleted application from a State, notify the
15	State of the determination of the Secretary
16	with respect to the approval or disapproval
17	of such application;
18	"(ii) in the case of a State application
19	that is disapproved by the Secretary, pro-
20	vide technical assistance, at the request of
21	the State, in a timely manner to enable the
22	State to submit an approved application;
23	and

- 1 "(iii) develop procedures to expedite 2 the provision of funds to States with approved applications. 3 4 "(B) Availability and distribution of FUNDS.—The Secretary shall ensure that funds 5 6 made available under section 174(c)(1)(A) to 7 carry out subsection (a)(4)(A) are available to 8 States throughout the period described in section 9 174(c)(2)(A). 10 "(4) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sub-11 section: 12 "(A) COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE.— 13 The term 'COBRA continuation coverage' means 14 coverage under a group health plan provided by 15 an employer pursuant to title XXII of the Public 16 Health Service Act, section 4980B of the Internal 17 Revenue Code of 1986, part 6 of subtitle B of 18 title I of the Employee Retirement Income Secu-19 rity Act of 1974, or section 8905a of title 5, 20 United States Code. 21 "(B) ELIGIBLE WORKER.—The term 'eligi-22 ble worker' means an individual who-23 "(i) is qualified to receive payment of
- 24 a trade adjustment allowance under section
 25 235 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended

1	by section 111 of the Trade Adjustment As-
2	sistance Reform Act of 2002;
3	"(ii) does not have other specified cov-
4	erage; and
5	"(iii) is not imprisoned under Federal,
6	State, or local authority.
7	"(C) Other specified coverage.—With
8	respect to any individual, the term 'other speci-
9	fied coverage' means—
10	"(i) Subsidized coverage.—
11	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Such indi-
12	vidual is covered under any health in-
13	surance coverage under which at least
14	50 percent of the cost of coverage (de-
15	termined under section $4980B$ of the
16	Internal Revenue Code of 1986) is paid
17	or incurred by an employer (or former
18	employer) of the individual or the in-
19	dividual's spouse.
20	"(II) TREATMENT OF CAFETERIA
21	PLANS AND FLEXIBLE SPENDING AC-
22	COUNTS.—For purposes of subclause
23	(I), the cost of benefits which are cho-
24	sen under a cafeteria plan (as defined
25	in section 125(d) of such Code), or pro-

vided under a flexible spending or
similar arrangement, of such an em-
ployer, and which are not includible in
gross income under section 106 of such
Code, shall be treated as borne by such
employer.
"(ii) Coverage under medicare,
MEDICAID, OR SCHIP.—Such individual—
((I) is entitled to benefits under
part A of title XVIII of the Social Se-
curity Act or is enrolled under part B
of such title, or
"(II) is enrolled in the program
under title XIX or XXI of such Act
(other than under section 1928).
"(iii) Certain other coverage.—
Such individual—
((I) is enrolled in a health bene-
fits plan under chapter 89 of title 5,
United States Code;
"(II) is entitled to receive benefits
under chapter 55 of title 10, United
States Code;

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1	"(III) is entitled to receive bene-
2	fits under chapter 17 of title 38,
3	United States Code; or
4	"(IV) is eligible for benefits under
5	the Indian Health Care Improvement
6	Act.
7	Such term does not include coverage under a
8	qualified long-term care insurance contract (as
9	defined in section $7702B(b)(1)$ of the Internal
10	Revenue Code of 1986).
11	"(D) GROUP HEALTH PLAN.—The term
12	'group health plan' has the meaning given that
13	term in section 2791(a) of the Public Health
14	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91(a)), section
15	607(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Secu-
16	rity Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1167(1)), and section
17	4980B(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
18	1986.
19	"(E) Health insurance coverage.—The
20	term 'health insurance coverage' has the meaning
21	given that term in section 2791(b)(1) of the Pub-
22	lic Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-
23	91(b)(1) (other than insurance if substantially
24	all of its coverage is of excepted benefits described

in section 2791(c) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-

2	91(c)).
3	"(F) Individual health insurance cov-
4	ERAGE.—The term 'individual health insurance
5	coverage' means health insurance coverage offered
6	to individuals other than in connection with a
7	group health plan. Such term does not include
8	Federal- or State-based health insurance cov-
9	erage.
10	"(G) Qualified state high risk pool.—
11	The term 'qualified State high risk pool' has the
12	meaning given that term in section $2744(c)(2)$ of
13	the Public Health Service Act.
14	"(H) Standard loss ratio.—The term
15	'standard loss ratio', with respect to the pool of
16	insured individuals under coverage described in
17	clauses (ii) through (viii) of subparagraph (A)
18	for a year, means—
19	"(i) the amount of claims incurred
20	with respect to the pool of insured individ-
21	uals in each such type of coverage for such
22	year; divided by
23	"(ii) the premiums paid for enrollment
24	in each such coverage for such year.
25	"(g) INTERIM HEALTH AND OTHER ASSISTANCE.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Funds made available to a
2	State under paragraph $(4)(B)$ of subsection (a) may
3	be used by the State to provide assistance and support
4	services to eligible workers, including health care cov-
5	erage, transportation, child care, dependent care, and
6	income assistance.
7	"(2) INCOME SUPPORT.—With respect to any in-
8	come assistance provided to an eligible worker with
9	such funds, such assistance shall supplement and not
10	supplant other income support or assistance provided
11	under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974
12	(19 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.) (as in effect on the day before
13	the effective date of the Trade Adjustment Assistance
14	Reform Act of 2002) or the unemployment compensa-
15	tion laws of the State where the eligible worker re-
16	sides.
17	"(3) Health care coverage.—With respect to
18	any health care coverage assistance provided to an el-
19	igible worker with such funds, the following rules
20	shall apply:
21	"(A) The State may provide assistance in
22	obtaining health care coverage to the eligible
23	worker and to the eligible worker's spouse and
24	dependents.

1	"(B) Such assistance shall supplement and
2	may not supplant any other State or local funds
3	used to provide health care coverage and may
4	not be included in determining the amount of
5	non-Federal contributions required under any
6	program.
7	"(4) Availability of funds.—
8	"(A) Expedited procedures.—With re-
9	spect to applications submitted by States for
10	grants under this subsection, the Secretary
11	shall—
12	"(i) not later than 15 days after the
13	date on which the Secretary receives a com-
14	pleted application from a State, notify the
15	State of the determination of the Secretary
16	with respect to the approval or disapproval
17	of such application;
18	"(ii) in the case of a State application
19	that is disapproved by the Secretary, pro-
20	vide technical assistance, at the request of
21	the State, in a timely manner to enable the
22	State to submit an approved application;
23	and

"(iii) develop procedures to expedite
 the provision of funds to States with ap proved applications.

4 "(B) AVAILABILITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF
5 FUNDS.—The Secretary shall ensure that funds
6 made available under section 174(c)(1)(B) to
7 carry out subsection (a)(4)(B) are available to
8 States throughout the period described in section
9 174(c)(2)(B).

10 "(5) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE WORKER.—In this 11 subsection, the term 'eligible worker' means an indi-12 vidual who is a member of a group of workers cer-13 tified after April 1, 2002 under chapter 2 of title II 14 of the Trade Act of 1974 (as in effect on the day be-15 fore the effective date of the Trade Adjustment Assist-16 ance Reform Act of 2002) and who is determined to 17 be qualified to receive payment of a trade adjustment 18 allowance under such chapter (as so in effect).".

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
20 174 of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C.
21 2919) is amended by adding at the end the following:

22 "(c) Assistance for Eligible Workers.—

23 "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
24 appropriated—

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1	"(A) to carry out subsection $(a)(4)(A)$ of
2	section 173—
3	"(i) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002;
4	and
5	"(ii) \$60,000,000 for each of fiscal
6	years 2003 through 2007; and
7	"(B) to carry out subsection $(a)(4)(B)$ of
8	section 173—
9	"(i) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2002;
10	"(ii) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
11	and
12	"(iii) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2004.
13	"(2) Availability of funds.—Funds appro-
14	priated under—
15	"(A) paragraph $(1)(A)$ for each fiscal year
16	shall, notwithstanding section $189(g)$, remain
17	available for obligation during the pendency of
18	any outstanding claim under the Trade Act of
19	1974, as amended by the Trade Adjustment As-
20	sistance Reform Act of 2002; and
21	"(B) paragraph $(1)(B)$, for each fiscal year
22	shall, notwithstanding section $189(g)$, remain
23	available during the period that begins on the
24	date of enactment of the Trade Adjustment As-

sistance Reform Act of 2002 and ends on Sep tember 30, 2004.".

3 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 132(a)(2)(A)
4 of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C.
5 2862(a)(2)(A)) is amended by inserting ", other than under
6 subsection (a)(4), (f), and (g)" after "grants".

7 (e) TEMPORARY EXTENSION OF COBRA ELECTION
8 PERIOD FOR CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 10 provision of law, the election period for COBRA con-11 tinuation coverage (as defined in section 6429(d)(2)12 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) with respect to 13 any eligible individual (as defined in section 6429(c)14 of such Code) for whom such period has expired as of 15 the date of the enactment of this Act, shall not end 16 before the date that is 60 days after the date the indi-17 vidual becomes such an eligible individual.

(2) PREEXISTING CONDITIONS.—If an individual
becomes such an eligible individual, any period before
the date of such eligibility shall be disregarded for
purposes of determining the 63-day periods referred to
in section 701(c)(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1181(c)(2)),
section 2701(c)(2) of the Public Health Service Act

(42 U.S.C. 300gg(c)(2)), and section 9801(c)(2) of the
 Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
 TITLE VII—CONFORMING
 AMENDMENTS AND EFFEC TIVE DATE

6 SEC. 701. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

7 (a) Amendments to the Trade Act of 1974.—

8 (1) ASSISTANCE TO INDUSTRIES.—Section 265 of 9 the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2355) is amended 10 by striking "certified as eligible to apply for adjust-11 ment assistance under sections 231 or 251", and in-12 serting "certified as eligible for trade adjustment as-13 sistance benefits under section 231, or as eligible to 14 apply for adjustment assistance under section 251".

15 (2) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE REPORT.—
16 Section 280 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
17 2391) is amended to read as follows:

18 "SEC. 280. GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE REPORT.

19 "(a) STUDY AND REPORT.—The Comptroller General
20 of the United States shall conduct a study of the adjustment
21 assistance programs established under chapters 2, 3, 4, 6,
22 and 7 of this title and shall report the results of such study
23 to the Congress no later than January 31, 2005. Such re24 port shall include an evaluation of—

1 "(1) the effectiveness of such programs in aiding 2 workers, farmers, fishermen, firms, and communities 3 to adjust to changed economic conditions resulting 4 from changes in the patterns of international trade; 5 and 6 "(2) the coordination of the administration of 7 such programs and other Government programs which 8 provide unemployment compensation and relief to de-9 pressed areas. 10 "(b) Assistance of Other Departments and AGENCIES.—In carrying out his responsibilities under this 11 section, the Comptroller General shall, to the extent prac-12 tical, avail himself of the assistance of the Departments of 13 Labor, Commerce, and Agriculture and the Small Business 14 15 Administration. The Secretaries of Labor, Commerce, and 16 Agriculture and the Administrator of the Small Business 17 Administration shall make available to the Comptroller 18 General any assistance necessary for an effective evaluation of the adjustment assistance programs established 19 20 under this title.".

21 (3) COORDINATION.—Section 281 of the Trade
22 Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2392) is amended by striking
23 "Departments of Labor and Commerce" and inserting
24 "Departments of Labor, Commerce, and Agriculture".

1	(4) TRADE MONITORING SYSTEM.—Section 282 of
2	the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2393) is amended
3	by striking "The Secretary of Commerce and the Sec-
4	retary of Labor" and inserting "The Secretaries of
5	Commerce, Labor, and Agriculture".
6	(5) Judicial review.—
7	(A) Section 284(a) of the Trade Act of 1974
8	(19 U.S.C. 2395(a)) is amended by striking
9	"under section 223 or section $250(c)$ " and all
10	that follows through "the Secretary of Commerce
11	under section 271" and inserting "under section
12	231, a firm or its representative, or any other
13	interested domestic party aggrieved by a final
14	determination of the Secretary of Commerce
15	under section 251, an agricultural commodity
16	producer (as defined in section 291(2)) aggrieved
17	by a determination of the Secretary of Agri-
18	culture under section 293, or a producer (as de-
19	fined in section $299(2)$) aggrieved by a deter-
20	mination of the Secretary of Commerce under
21	section 299B".
22	(B) Section 284 of such Trade Act of 1974
23	is amended in the second sentence of subsection
24	(a) and in subsections (b) and (c), by inserting

1	"or the Secretary of Agriculture" after "Sec-
2	retary of Commerce" each place it appears.
3	(6) TERMINATION.—Section 285 of the Trade Act
4	of 1974 is amended to read as follows:
5	"SEC. 285. TERMINATION.
6	"(a) Assistance for Workers.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
8	graph (2), trade adjustment assistance, vouchers, al-
9	lowances, and other payments or benefits may not be
10	provided under chapter 2 after September 30, 2007.
11	"(2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph
12	(1), a worker shall continue to receive trade adjust-
13	ment assistance benefits and other benefits under
14	chapter 2 for any week for which the worker meets the
15	eligibility requirements of that chapter, if on or before
16	September 30, 2007, the worker is—
17	"(A) certified as eligible for trade adjust-
18	ment assistance benefits under section 231; and
19	``(B) otherwise eligible to receive trade ad-
20	justment assistance benefits under chapter 2.
21	"(b) Other Assistance.—
22	"(1) Assistance for firms.—Technical assist-
23	ance may not be provided under chapter 3 after Sep-
24	tember 30, 2007.

1	"(2) Assistance for communities.—Technical
2	assistance and other payments may not be provided
3	under chapter 4 after September 30, 2007.
4	"(3) Assistance for farmers and fisher-
5	MEN.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
7	subparagraph (B), adjustment assistance, vouch-
8	ers, allowances, and other payments or benefits
9	may not be provided under chapter 6 or 7 after
10	September 30, 2007.
11	"(B) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding sub-
12	paragraph (A), an agricultural commodity pro-
13	ducer (as defined in section 291(2)) or producer
14	(as defined in section 299(2)), shall continue to
15	receive adjustment assistance benefits and other
16	benefits under chapter 6 or 7, whichever applies,
17	for any week for which the agricultural com-
18	modity producer or producer meets the eligibility
19	requirements of chapter 6 or 7, whichever ap-
20	plies, if on or before September 30, 2007, the ag-
21	ricultural commodity producer or producer is—
22	"(i) certified as eligible for adjustment
23	assistance benefits under chapter 6 or 7,
24	whichever applies; and

"(ii) is otherwise eligible to receive adjustment assistance benefits under such chapter 6 or 7.".
(6) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The table of contents for chapters 2, 3, and 4 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:

"Chapter 2—Adjustment Assistance for Workers

"SUBCHAPTER A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

"Sec. 221. Definitions.

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- "Sec. 222. Agreements with States.
- "Sec. 223. Administration absent State agreement.
- "Sec. 224. Data collection; evaluations; reports.
- "Sec. 225. Study by Secretary of Labor when International Trade Commission begins investigation.
- "Sec. 226. Report by Secretary of Labor on likely impact of trade agreements.

"SUBCHAPTER B—CERTIFICATIONS

"Sec. 231. Certification as adversely affected workers. "Sec. 232. Benefit information to workers.

"SUBCHAPTER C—PROGRAM BENEFITS

"PART I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

"Sec. 234. Comprehensive assistance.

"PART II—TRADE ADJUSTMENT ALLOWANCES

- "Sec. 235. Qualifying requirements for workers.
- "Sec. 236. Weekly amounts.
- "Sec. 237. Limitations on trade adjustment allowances.
- "Sec. 238. Application of State laws.

"PART III-EMPLOYMENT SERVICES, TRAINING, AND OTHER ALLOWANCES

- "Sec. 239. Employment services.
- "Sec. 240. Training.
- "Sec. 240A. Job training programs.
- "Sec. 241. Job search allowances.
- "Sec. 242. Relocation allowances.
- "Sec. 243. Supportive services; wage insurance.

"SUBCHAPTER D—PAYMENT AND ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS

"Sec. 244. Payments to States.

"Sec. 245. Liabilities of certifying and disbursing officers.

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- "Sec. 246. Fraud and recovery of overpayments.
- "Sec. 247. Criminal penalties.
- "Sec. 248. Authorization of appropriations.
- "Sec. 249. Regulations.
- "Sec. 250. Subpoena power.

"Chapter 3—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms

- "Sec. 251. Petitions and determinations.
- "Sec. 252. Approval of adjustment proposals.
- "Sec. 253. Technical assistance.
- "Sec. 254. Financial assistance.
- "Sec. 255. Conditions for financial assistance.
- "Sec. 256. Delegation of functions to Small Business Administration; authorization of appropriations.
- "Sec. 257. Administration of financial assistance.
- "Sec. 258. Protective provisions.
- "Sec. 259. Penalties.
- "Sec. 260. Suits.
- "Sec. 261. Definition of firm.
- "Sec. 262. Regulations.
- "Sec. 264. Study by Secretary of Commerce when International Trade Commission begins investigation; action where there is affirmative finding.
- "Sec. 265. Assistance to industries.

"Chapter 4—Community Economic Adjustment

- "Sec. 271. Definitions.
- "Sec. 272. Office of Community Trade Adjustment.
- "Sec. 273. Notification and certification as an eligible community.
- "Sec. 274. Community Economic Development Coordinating Committee.
- "Sec. 275. Community economic adjustment advisors.
- "Sec. 276. Strategic plans.
- "Sec. 277. Grants for economic development.
- "Sec. 278. Authorization of appropriations.
- "Sec. 279. General provisions.".

1	(B) CHAPTERS 6 AND 7.—The table of con-
2	tents for title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as
3	amended by subparagraph (A), is amended by
4	inserting after the items relating to chapter 5 the
5	following:
	"Chapter 6—Adjustment Assistance for Farmers

- "Sec. 291. Definitions.
- "Sec. 292. Petitions; group eligibility.
- "Sec. 293. Determinations by Secretary of Agriculture.
- "Sec. 294. Study by Secretary of Agriculture when International Trade Commission begins investigation.
- "Sec. 295. Benefit information to agricultural commodity producers.

"Sec. 296. Qualifying requirements for agricultural commodity producers.

"Sec. 297. Fraud and recovery of overpayments.

"Sec. 298. Authorization of appropriations.

"Chapter 7—Adjustment Assistance for Fishermen

"Sec. 299. Definitions.

"Sec. 299A. Petitions; group eligibility.

"Sec. 299B. Determinations by Secretary.

- "Sec. 299C. Study by Secretary when International Trade Commission begins investigation.
- "Sec. 299D. Benefit information to producers.

"Sec. 299E. Qualifying requirements for producers.

"Sec. 299F. Fraud and recovery of overpayments.

"Sec. 299G. Authorization of appropriations.".

1 (b) INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.—

2	(1) Adjusted gross income.—Section
3	62(a)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relat-
4	ing to the definition of adjusted gross income) is
5	amended by striking "trade readjustment allowances
6	under section 231 or 232" and inserting "trade ad-
7	justment allowances under section 235 or 236".
8	(2) Federal unemployment.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—Section 3304(a)(8) of the
10	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to the
11	approval of State unemployment insurance laws)
12	is amended to read as follows:

13 "(8) compensation shall not be denied to an in-14 dividual for any week because the individual is in 15 training with the approval of the State agency, or in 16 training approved by the Secretary of Labor pursu-17 ant to chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 18 (or because of the application, to any such week in

1	training, of State law provisions relating to avail-
2	ability for work, active search for work, or refusal to
3	accept work);".
4	(B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
5	(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided
6	in clause (ii), the amendments made by this
7	paragraph shall apply in the case of com-
8	pensation paid for weeks beginning on or
9	after the date that is 90 days after the date
10	of enactment of this Act.
11	(ii) Meeting of state legisla-
12	TURE.—
13	(I) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary
14	of Labor identifies a State as requiring
15	a change to its statutes or regulations
16	in order to comply with the amend-
17	ments made by subparagraph (A), the
18	amendments made by subparagraph
19	(A) shall apply in the case of com-
20	pensation paid for weeks beginning
21	after the earlier of—
22	(aa) the date the State
23	changes its statutes or regulations
24	in order to comply with the

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or

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amendments made by this section;

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3	(bb) the end of the first ses-
4	sion of the State legislature which
5	begins after the date of enactment
6	of this Act or which began prior
7	to such date and remained in ses-
8	sion for at least 25 calendar days
9	after such date;
10	except that in no case shall the amend-
11	ments made by this Act apply before
12	the date described in clause (i).
13	(II) Session defined.—In this
14	clause, the term "session" means a reg-
15	ular, special, budget, or other session of
16	a State legislature.
17	(c) Amendments to Title 28.—
18	(1) Civil actions against the united
19	STATES.—Section 1581(d) of title 28, United States
20	Code, is amended—
21	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "section
22	223" and inserting "section 231";
23	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "and";
24	and

1	(C) by striking paragraph (3), and insert-
2	ing the following:
3	"(3) any final determination of the Secretary of
4	Agriculture under section 293 of the Trade Act of
5	1974 with respect to the eligibility of an agricultural
6	commodity producer (as defined in section 291(2)) for
7	adjustment assistance under such Act; and
8	"(4) any final determination of the Secretary of
9	Commerce under section 299B of the Trade Act of
10	1974 with respect to the eligibility of a producer (as
11	defined in section 299(2)) for adjustment assistance
12	under such Act.".
13	(2) Persons entitled to commence a civil
14	ACTION.—Section 2631 of title 28, United States
15	Code, is amended—
16	(A) by amending subsection $(d)(1)$ to read
17	as follows:
18	(d)(1) A civil action to review any final determina-
19	tion of the Secretary of Labor under section 231 of the
20	Trade Act of 1974 with respect to the certification of work-
21	ers as adversely affected and eligible for trade adjustment
22	assistance under that Act may be commenced by a worker,
23	a group of workers, a certified or recognized union, or an
24	authorized representative of such worker or group, that peti-

tions for certification under that Act or is aggrieved by the
 final determination.";

3 (B) by striking paragraph (3), and insert4 ing the following:

"(3) A civil action to review any final deter-5 6 mination of the Secretary of Agriculture under sec-7 tion 293 of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to the 8 eligibility of an agricultural commodity producer for 9 adjustment assistance may be commenced in the 10 Court of International Trade by an agricultural com-11 modity producer that applies for assistance under 12 such Act and is aggrieved by such final determination, or by any other interested party that is ag-13 14 grieved by such final determination."; and

15 (C) by adding at the end the following new16 paragraph:

17 "(4) A civil action to review any final deter-18 mination of the Secretary of Commerce under section 19 299B of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to the eli-20 gibility of an producer (as defined in section 299(2)) 21 for adjustment assistance may be commenced in the 22 Court of International Trade by a producer that ap-23 plies for assistance under such Act and is aggrieved 24 by such final determination, or by any other interested party that is aggrieved by such final determina tion.".

3 (3) TIME FOR COMMENCEMENT OF ACTION.—Sec-4 tion 2636(d) of title 28, United States Code, is 5 amended by striking "under section 223 of the Trade 6 Act of 1974 or a final determination of the Secretary 7 of Commerce under section 251 or section 271 of such 8 Act" and inserting "under section 231 of the Trade 9 Act of 1974, a final determination of the Secretary of 10 Commerce under section 251 of that Act, a final de-11 termination of the Secretary of Agriculture under sec-12 tion 293 of that Act, or a final determination of the 13 Secretary of Commerce under section 299B of that 14 Act".

15 (4) Scope and standard of review.—Section 16 2640(c) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by 17 striking "under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 18 or any final determination of the Secretary of Com-19 merce under section 251 or section 271 of such Act" 20 and inserting "under section 231 of the Trade Act of 21 1974, a final determination of the Secretary of Com-22 merce under section 251 of that Act, a final determination of the Secretary of Agriculture under sec-23 24 tion 293 of that Act, or a final determination of the

3	(5) Relief.—Section $2643(c)(2)$ of title 28,
4	United States Code, is amended by striking "under
5	section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any final de-
6	termination of the Secretary of Commerce under sec-
7	tion 251 or section 271 of such Act" and inserting
8	"under section 231 of the Trade Act of 1974, a final
9	determination of the Secretary of Commerce under
10	section 251 of that Act, a final determination of the
11	Secretary of Agriculture under section 293 of that
12	Act, or a final determination of the Secretary of Com-
13	merce under section 299B of that Act".
14	(d) Amendment to the Food Stamp Act of 1977.—
15	Section $6(o)(1)(B)$ of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C.
16	2015(o)(1)(B)) is amended by striking "section 236" and
17	inserting "section 240".
18	TITLE VIII—SAVINGS PROVI-
19	SIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE
20	SEC. 801. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
21	(a) D ROGERDINGS NOW A REFECTED

21 (a) PROCEEDINGS NOT AFFECTED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of this division
shall not affect any petition for certification for benefits under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of
1974 that was in effect on September 30, 2001. Deter-

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1	minations shall be issued, appeals shall be taken
2	therefrom, and payments shall be made under those
3	determinations, as if this division had not been en-
4	acted, and orders issued in any proceeding shall con-
5	tinue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded,
6	or revoked by a duly authorized official, by a court
7	of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
8	(2) Modification or discontinuance.—Noth-
9	ing in this subsection shall be deemed to prohibit the
10	discontinuance or modification of any proceeding
11	under the same terms and conditions and to the same
12	extent that the proceeding could have been discon-
13	tinued or modified if this division had not been en-
14	acted.
15	(b) SUITS NOT AFFECTED.—The provisions of this di-
16	vision shall not affect any suit commenced before October
17	1, 2001, and in all those suits, proceedings shall be had,
18	appeals taken, and judgments rendered in the same manner

19 appears taken, and judgments renaered in the same manner19 and with the same effect as if this division had not been20 enacted.

(c) NONABATEMENT OF ACTIONS.—No suit, action, or
other proceeding commenced by or against the Federal Government, or by or against any individual in the official
capacity of that individual as an officer of the Federal Government, shall abate by reason of enactment of this Act.

1 SEC. 802. EFFECTIVE DATE.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in
3 sections 401(b), 501(b), and 701(b)(2)(B), titles IX, X, and
4 XI, and subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the
5 amendments made by this division shall apply to—

6 (1) petitions for certification filed under chapter
7 2 or 3 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 on or after
8 the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment
9 of this Act; and

(2) certifications for assistance under chapter 4
of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 issued on or after
the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment
of this Act.

14 (b) Workers Certified as Eligible Before EF-FECTIVE DATE.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a worker 15 shall continue to receive (or be eligible to receive) trade ad-16 justment assistance and other benefits under chapter 2 of 17 title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on September 18 19 30, 2001, for any week for which the worker meets the eligi-20 bility requirements of such chapter 2 as in effect on such date, if on or before such date, the worker— 21

(1) was certified as eligible for trade adjustment
assistance benefits under such chapter as in effect on
such date; and

(2) would otherwise be eligible to receive trade
 adjustment assistance benefits under such chapter as
 in effect on such date.

4 (c) WORKERS WHO BECAME ELIGIBLE DURING
5 QUALIFIED PERIOD.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection 7 (a) or any other provision of law, including section 8 285 of the Trade Act of 1974, any worker who would 9 have been eligible to receive trade adjustment assist-10 ance or other benefits under chapter 2 of title II of 11 the Trade Act if 1974 during the qualified period if 12 such chapter 2 had been in effect during such period, 13 shall be eligible to receive trade adjustment assistance 14 and other benefits under chapter 2 of title II of the 15 Trade Act of 1974, as in effect on September 30, 16 2001, for any week during the qualified period for 17 which the worker meets the eligibility requirements of 18 such chapter 2 as in effect on September 30, 2001.

(2) QUALIFIED PERIOD.—For purposes of this
subsection, the term "qualified period" means the period beginning on January 11, 2002 and ending on
the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment
of this Act.

24 (d) ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR FIRMS.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection 2 (a) or any other provision of law, including section 285 of the Trade Act of 1974, and except as provided 3 4 in paragraph (2) any firm that would have been eligible to receive adjustment assistance under chapter 3 5 6 of title II of the Trade Act if 1974 during the quali-7 fied period if such chapter 3 had been in effect during 8 such period, shall be eligible to receive adjustment as-9 sistance under chapter 3 of title II of the Trade Act 10 of 1974, as in effect on September 30, 2001, for any 11 week during the qualified period for which the firm 12 meets the eligibility requirements of such chapter 3 as 13 in effect on September 30, 2001.

14 (2) QUALIFIED PERIOD.—For purposes of this
15 subsection, the term "qualified period" means the pe16 riod beginning on October 1, 2001 and ending on the
17 date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of
18 this Act.

19 TITLE IX—REVENUE 20 PROVISIONS

21 SEC. 901. CUSTOM USER FEES.

Section 13031(j)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus
Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(j)(3)) is
amended by striking "September 30, 2003" and inserting
"December 31, 2010".

TITLE X—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

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3 SEC. 1001. COUNTRY OF ORIGIN LABELING OF FISH AND 4 SHELLFISH PRODUCTS. 5 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 6 (1) COVERED COMMODITY.—The term "covered 7 commodity" means— 8 (A) a perishable agricultural commodity; 9 and 10 (B) any fish or shellfish, and any fillet, 11 steak, nugget, or any other flesh from fish or 12 shellfish, whether fresh, chilled, frozen, canned, 13 smoked, or otherwise preserved. 14 (2) FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT.—The term 15 "food service establishment" means a restaurant, cafe-16 teria, lunch room, food stand, saloon, tavern, bar, 17 lounge, or other similar facility operated as an enter-18 prise engaged in the business of selling food to the 19 public. 20 (3) PERISHABLE AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY: 21 RETAILER.—The terms "perishable agricultural com-

23 terms in section 1(b) of the Perishable Agricultural

modity" and "retailer" have the meanings given the

24 Commodities Act, 1930 (7 U.S.C. 499a(b)).

22

1	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Agri-
3	cultural Marketing Service.
4	(b) Notice of Country of Origin.—
5	(1) REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in
6	paragraph (3), a retailer of a covered commodity
7	shall inform consumers, at the final point of sale of
8	the covered commodity to consumers, of the country of
9	origin of the covered commodity.
10	(2) United states country of origin.—A re-
11	tailer of a covered commodity may designate the cov-
12	ered commodity as having a United States country of
13	origin only if the covered commodity is exclusively
14	harvested and processed in the United States, or in
15	the case of farm-raised fish and shellfish, is hatched,
16	raised, harvested, and processed in the United States.
17	(3) Exemption for food service establish-
18	MENTS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a covered
19	commodity if the covered commodity is prepared or
20	served in a food service establishment, and—
21	(A) offered for sale or sold at the food serv-
22	ice establishment in normal retail quantities; or
23	(B) served to consumers at the food service
24	establishment.
25	(c) Method of Notification.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The information required by
 subsection (b) may be provided to consumers by
 means of a label, stamp, mark, placard, or other clear
 and visible sign on the covered commodity or on the
 package, display, holding unit, or bin containing the
 covered commodity at the final point of sale to con sumers.

8 (2) LABELED COMMODITIES.—If the covered 9 commodity is already individually labeled for retail 10 sale regarding country of origin, the retailer shall not 11 be required to provide any additional information to 12 comply with this section.

(d) AUDIT VERIFICATION SYSTEM.—The Secretary
may require that any person that prepares, stores, handles,
or distributes a covered commodity for retail sale maintain
a verifiable recordkeeping audit trail that will permit the
Secretary to ensure compliance with the regulations promulgated under subsection (g).

(e) INFORMATION.—Any person engaged in the business of supplying a covered commodity to a retailer shall
provide information to the retailer indicating the country
of origin of the covered commodity.

23 (f) ENFORCEMENT.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal agency having
 25 jurisdiction over retailers of covered commodities

1	shall, at such time as the necessary regulations are
2	adopted under subsection (g), $adopt$ measures in-
3	tended to ensure that the requirements of this section
4	are followed by affected retailers.
5	(2) VIOLATION.—A violation of subsection (b)
6	shall be treated as a violation under the Agricultural
7	Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.).
8	(g) Regulations.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may promul-
10	gate such regulations as are necessary to carry out
11	this section within 1 year after the date of enactment
12	of this Act.
13	(2) PARTNERSHIPS WITH STATES.—In promul-
14	gating the regulations, the Secretary shall, to the
15	maximum extent practicable, enter into partnerships
16	with States that have the enforcement infrastructure
17	necessary to carry out this section.
18	(h) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to the re-
19	tail sale of a covered commodity beginning on the date that
20	is 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 1002. SUGAR POLICY.
22	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
23	(1) the tariff-rate quotas imposed on imports of
24	sugar, syrups and sugar-containing products under
25	chapters 17, 18, 19, and 21 of the Harmonized Tariff

1	Schedule of the United States are an essential element
2	of United States sugar policy;
3	(2) circumvention of the tariff-rate quotas will,
4	if unchecked, make it impossible to achieve the objec-
5	tives of United States sugar policy;
6	(3) the tariff-rate quotas have been circumvented
7	frequently, defeating the purposes of United States
8	sugar policy and causing disruption to the United
9	States market for sweeteners, injury to domestic grow-
10	ers, refiners, and processors of sugar, and adversely
11	affecting legitimate exporters of sugar to the United
12	States;
13	(4) it is essential to United States sugar policy
14	that the tariff-rate quotas be enforced and that decep-
15	tive practices be prevented, including the importation
16	of products with no commercial use and failure to
17	disclose all relevant information to the United States
18	Customs Service; and
19	(5) unless action is taken to prevent circumven-
20	tion, circumvention of the tariff-rate quotas will con-
21	tinue and will ultimately destroy United States sugar
22	policy.
23	(b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to
24	maintain the integrity of the tariff-rate quotas on sugars,

25 syrups, and sugar-containing products by stopping cir-

cumvention as soon as it becomes apparent. It is also the
 policy of the United States that products not used to cir cumvent the tariff-rate quotas, such as molasses used for
 animal feed or for rum, not be affected by any action taken
 pursuant to this Act.

6 (c) IDENTIFICATION OF IMPORTS.—

7 (1) IDENTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days
8 after the date of enactment of this Act, and on a reg9 ular basis thereafter, the Secretary of Agriculture
10 shall—

(A) identify imports of articles that are circumventing tariff-rate quotas on sugars, syrups,
or sugar-containing products imposed under
chapter 17, 18, 19, or 21 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States; and

(B) report to the President the articles
found to be circumventing the tariff-rate quotas.
(2) ACTION BY PRESIDENT.—Upon receiving the
report from the Secretary of Agriculture, the President shall, by proclamation, include any article identified by the Secretary in the appropriate tariff-rate
quota provision of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.

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1	TITLE XI—CUSTOMS
2	REAUTHORIZATION
3	SEC. 1101. SHORT TITLE.
4	This title may be cited as the "Customs Border Secu-
5	rity Act of 2002".
6	Subtitle A—United States Customs
7	Service
8	CHAPTER 1-DRUG ENFORCEMENT AND
9	OTHER NONCOMMERCIAL AND COM-
10	MERCIAL OPERATIONS
11	SEC. 1111. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR NON-
12	COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS, COMMERCIAL OP-
13	ERATIONS, AND AIR AND MARINE INTERDIC-
14	TION.
15	(a) Noncommercial Operations.—Section 301(b)(1)
16	of the Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act
17	of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(1)) is amended—
18	(1) in subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
19	"(A) \$886,513,000 for fiscal year 2003.";
20	and
21	(2) in subparagraph (B) to read as follows:
22	"(B) \$909,471,000 for fiscal year 2004.".
23	(b) Commercial Operations.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 301(b)(2)(A) of the
2	Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act
3	of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(2)(A)) is amended—
4	(A) in clause (i) to read as follows:
5	"(i) \$1,603,482,000 for fiscal year 2003.";
6	and
7	(B) in clause (ii) to read as follows:
8	"(ii) \$1,645,009,000 for fiscal year 2004.".
9	(2) AUTOMATED COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT
10	COMPUTER SYSTEM.—Of the amount made available
11	for each of fiscal years 2003 and 2004 under section
12	301(b)(2)(A) of the Customs Procedural Reform and
13	Simplification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(2)(A)),
14	as amended by paragraph (1), \$308,000,000 shall be
15	available until expended for each such fiscal year for
16	the development, establishment, and implementation
17	of the Automated Commercial Environment computer
18	system.
19	(3) REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the
20	date of enactment of this Act, and not later than each
21	subsequent 90-day period, the Commissioner of Cus-
22	toms shall prepare and submit to the Committee on
23	Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and
24	the Committee on Finance of the Senate a report
25	demonstrating that the development and establish-

1	ment of the Automated Commercial Environment
2	computer system is being carried out in a cost-effec-
3	tive manner and meets the modernization require-
4	ments of title VI of the North American Free Trade
5	Agreements Implementation Act.
6	(c) AIR AND MARINE INTERDICTION.—Section
7	301(b)(3) of the Customs Procedural Reform and Sim-
8	plification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(3)) is
9	amended—
10	(1) in subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
11	"(A) \$181,860,000 for fiscal year 2003.";
12	and
13	(2) in subparagraph (B) to read as follows:
14	"(B) \$186,570,000 for fiscal year 2004.".
15	(d) SUBMISSION OF OUT-YEAR BUDGET PROJEC-
16	TIONS.—Section 301(a) of the Customs Procedural Reform
17	and Simplification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(a)) is
18	amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(3) By not later than the date on which the President
20	
	submits to Congress the budget of the United States Govern-
21	submits to Congress the budget of the United States Govern- ment for a fiscal year, the Commissioner of Customs shall
21 22	
	ment for a fiscal year, the Commissioner of Customs shall

cal year that will be necessary for the operations of the Cus toms Service as provided for in subsection (b).".

3 SEC. 1112. ANTITERRORIST AND ILLICIT NARCOTICS DE4 TECTION EQUIPMENT FOR THE UNITED
5 STATES-MEXICO BORDER, UNITED STATES6 CANADA BORDER, AND FLORIDA AND THE
7 GULF COAST SEAPORTS.

8 (a) FISCAL YEAR 2003.—Of the amounts made avail-9 able for fiscal year 2003 under section 301(b)(1)(A) of the Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 10 11 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(1)(A)), as amended by section 1111(a)12 of this title, \$90,244,000 shall be available until expended 13 for acquisition and other expenses associated with implementation and deployment of antiterrorist and illicit nar-14 15 cotics detection equipment along the United States-Mexico 16 border, the United States-Canada border, and Florida and 17 the Gulf Coast seaports, as follows:

18	(1) UNITED STATES-MEXICO BORDER.—For the
19	United States-Mexico border, the following:
20	(A) \$6,000,000 for 8 Vehicle and Container
21	Inspection Systems (VACIS).
22	(B) $$11,200,000$ for 5 mobile truck x-rays
23	with transmission and backscatter imaging.
24	(C) \$13,000,000 for the upgrade of 8 fixed-
25	site truck x-rays from the present energy level of

1	450,000 electron volts to 1,000,000 electron volts
2	(1-MeV).
3	(D) \$7,200,000 for 8 1–MeV pallet x-rays.
4	(E) $$1,000,000$ for 200 portable contraband
5	detectors (busters) to be distributed among ports
6	where the current allocations are inadequate.
7	(F) $600,000$ for 50 contraband detection
8	kits to be distributed among all southwest border
9	ports based on traffic volume.
10	(G) \$500,000 for 25 ultrasonic container in-
11	spection units to be distributed among all ports
12	receiving liquid-filled cargo and to ports with a
13	hazardous material inspection facility.
14	(H) $$2,450,000$ for 7 automated targeting
15	systems.
16	(I) $$360,000$ for 30 rapid tire deflator sys-
17	tems to be distributed to those ports where port
18	runners are a threat.
19	(J) \$480,000 for 20 portable Treasury En-
20	forcement Communications Systems (TECS) ter-
21	minals to be moved among ports as needed.
22	(K) $$1,000,000$ for 20 remote watch surveil-
23	lance camera systems at ports where there are
24	suspicious activities at loading docks, vehicle
25	queues, secondary inspection lanes, or areas

1	where visual surveillance or observation is ob-
2	scured.
3	(L) $$1,254,000$ for 57 weigh-in-motion sen-
4	sors to be distributed among the ports with the
5	greatest volume of outbound traffic.
6	(M) \$180,000 for 36 AM traffic information
7	radio stations, with 1 station to be located at
8	each border crossing.
9	(N) \$1,040,000 for 260 inbound vehicle
10	counters to be installed at every inbound vehicle
11	lane.
12	(O) \$950,000 for 38 spotter camera systems
13	to counter the surveillance of customs inspection
14	activities by persons outside the boundaries of
15	ports where such surveillance activities are oc-
16	curring.
17	(P) \$390,000 for 60 inbound commercial
18	truck transponders to be distributed to all ports
19	of entry.
20	(Q) \$1,600,000 for 40 narcotics vapor and
21	particle detectors to be distributed to each border
22	crossing.
23	(R) \$400,000 for license plate reader auto-
24	matic targeting software to be installed at each
25	port to target inbound vehicles.

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2	United States-Canada border, the following:
3	(A) \$3,000,000 for 4 Vehicle and Container
4	Inspection Systems (VACIS).
5	(B) $$8,800,000$ for 4 mobile truck x-rays
6	with transmission and backscatter imaging.
7	(C) \$3,600,000 for 4 1–MeV pallet x-rays.
8	(D) \$250,000 for 50 portable contraband de-
9	tectors (busters) to be distributed among ports
10	where the current allocations are inadequate.
11	(E) $$300,000$ for 25 contraband detection
12	kits to be distributed among ports based on traf-
13	fic volume.
14	(F) $$240,000$ for 10 portable Treasury En-
15	forcement Communications Systems (TECS) ter-
16	minals to be moved among ports as needed.
17	(G) $$400,000$ for 10 narcotics vapor and
18	particle detectors to be distributed to each border
19	crossing based on traffic volume.
20	(3) FLORIDA AND GULF COAST SEAPORTS.—For
21	Florida and the Gulf Coast seaports, the following:
22	(A) \$4,500,000 for 6 Vehicle and Container
23	Inspection Systems (VACIS).
24	(B) $$11,800,000$ for 5 mobile truck x-rays
25	with transmission and backscatter imaging.

1	(C) \$7,200,000 for 8 1–MeV pallet x-rays.
2	(D) \$250,000 for 50 portable contraband de-
3	tectors (busters) to be distributed among ports
4	where the current allocations are inadequate.
5	(E) $$300,000$ for 25 contraband detection
6	kits to be distributed among ports based on traf-
7	fic volume.
8	(b) FISCAL YEAR 2004.—Of the amounts made avail-
9	able for fiscal year 2004 under section $301(b)(1)(B)$ of the
10	Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978
11	(19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(1)(B)), as amended by section 1111(a)
12	of this title, \$9,000,000 shall be available until expended
13	for the maintenance and support of the equipment and

13 for the maintenance and support of the equipment and14 training of personnel to maintain and support the equip-15 ment described in subsection (a).

16 (c) Acquisition of Technologically Superior
17 Equipment; Transfer of Funds.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of Customs 19 may use amounts made available for fiscal year 2003 under section 301(b)(1)(A) of the Customs Procedural 20 21 Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(1)(A), as amended by section 1111(a) of this 22 23 title, for the acquisition of equipment other than the equipment described in subsection (a) if such other 24 25 equipment—

1	(A)(i) is technologically superior to the
2	equipment described in subsection (a); and
3	(ii) will achieve at least the same results at
4	a cost that is the same or less than the equip-
5	ment described in subsection (a); or
6	(B) can be obtained at a lower cost than the
7	equipment described in subsection (a).
8	(2) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—Notwithstanding any
9	other provision of this section, the Commissioner of
10	Customs may reallocate an amount not to exceed 10
11	percent of—
12	(A) the amount specified in any of subpara-
13	graphs (A) through (R) of subsection (a)(1) for
14	equipment specified in any other of such sub-
15	paragraphs (A) through (R);
16	(B) the amount specified in any of subpara-
17	graphs (A) through (G) of subsection $(a)(2)$ for
18	equipment specified in any other of such sub-
19	paragraphs (A) through (G); and
20	(C) the amount specified in any of subpara-
21	graphs (A) through (E) of subsection (a)(3) for
22	equipment specified in any other of such sub-
23	paragraphs (A) through (E).

3 As part of the annual performance plan for each of the fiscal years 2003 and 2004 covering each program activ-4 5 ity set forth in the budget of the United States Customs Service, as required under section 1115 of title 31, United 6 7 States Code, the Commissioner of Customs shall establish 8 performance goals, performance indicators, and comply 9 with all other requirements contained in paragraphs (1) through (6) of subsection (a) of such section with respect 10 11 to each of the activities to be carried out pursuant to sections 1121 of this title. 12

13 CHAPTER 2—CHILD CYBER-SMUGGLING 14 CENTER OF THE CUSTOMS SERVICE

15 SEC. 1121. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR PRO-

16**GRAM TO PREVENT CHILD PORNOGRAPHY/**17**CHILD SEXUAL EXPLOITATION.**

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
authorized to be appropriated to the Customs Service
\$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 to carry out the program
to prevent child pornography/child sexual exploitation established by the Child Cyber-Smuggling Center of the Customs Service.

(b) USE OF AMOUNTS FOR CHILD PORNOGRAPHY
CYBER TIPLINE.—Of the amount appropriated under subsection (a), the Customs Service shall provide 3.75 percent
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of such amount to the National Center for Missing and Ex ploited Children for the operation of the child pornography
 cyber tipline of the Center and for increased public aware ness of the tipline.

5 CHAPTER 3—MISCELLANEOUS 6 PROVISIONS 7 SEC. 1131. ADDITIONAL CUSTOMS SERVICE OFFICERS FOR

UNITED STATES-CANADA BORDER.

9 Of the amount made available for fiscal year 2003 under paragraphs (1) and (2)(A) of section 301(b) of the 10 11 Customs Procedural Reform and Simplification Act of 1978 12 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)), as amended by section 1111 of this title, \$25,000,000 shall be available until expended for the 13 14 Customs Service to hire approximately 285 additional Cus-15 toms Service officers to address the needs of the offices and ports along the United States-Canada border. 16

17 SEC. 1132. STUDY AND REPORT RELATING TO PERSONNEL

PRACTICES OF THE CUSTOMS SERVICE.

(a) STUDY.—The Commissioner of Customs shall conduct a study of current personnel practices of the Customs
Service, including an overview of performance standards
and the effect and impact of the collective bargaining process on drug interdiction efforts of the Customs Service and
a comparison of duty rotation policies of the Customs Serv-

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ice and other Federal agencies that employ similarly-situ ated personnel.

3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date
4 of enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of Customs shall
5 submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House
6 of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the
7 Senate a report containing the results of the study con8 ducted under subsection (a).

9 SEC. 1133. STUDY AND REPORT RELATING TO ACCOUNTING
10 AND AUDITING PROCEDURES OF THE CUS11 TOMS SERVICE.

(a) STUDY.—(1) The Commissioner of Customs shall
conduct a study of actions by the Customs Service to ensure
that appropriate training is being provided to Customs
Service personnel who are responsible for financial auditing
of importers.

17 (2) In conducting the study, the Commissioner—

(A) shall specifically identify those actions taken
to comply with provisions of law that protect the privacy and trade secrets of importers, such as section
552(b) of title 5, United States Code, and section
1905 of title 18, United States Code; and

(B) shall provide for public notice and comment
relating to verification of the actions described in subparagraph (A).

1 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date 2 of enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of Customs shall 3 submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House 4 of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate a report containing the results of the study con-5 ducted under subsection (a). 6 7 SEC. 1134. ESTABLISHMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF 8 COST ACCOUNTING SYSTEM; REPORTS. 9 (a) Establishment and Implementation.— 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 11 2003, the Commissioner of Customs shall, in accord-12 ance with the audit of the Customs Service's fiscal years 2000 and 1999 financial statements (as con-13 14 tained in the report of the Office of the Inspector Gen-15 eral of the Department of the Treasury issued on Feb-16 ruary 23, 2001), establish and implement a cost ac-17 counting system for expenses incurred in both com-18 mercial and noncommercial operations of the Customs 19 Service. 20 (2) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT.—The cost ac-21 counting system described in paragraph (1) shall pro-

vide for an identification of expenses based on the
type of operation, the port at which the operation
took place, the amount of time spent on the operation
by personnel of the Customs Service, and an identi-

fication of expenses based on any other appropriate
 classification necessary to provide for an accurate
 and complete accounting of the expenses.

4 (b) REPORTS.—Beginning on the date of enactment of
5 this Act and ending on the date on which the cost account6 ing system described in subsection (a) is fully implemented,
7 the Commissioner of Customs shall prepare and submit to
8 Congress on a quarterly basis a report on the progress of
9 implementing the cost accounting system pursuant to sub10 section (a).

11 SEC. 1135. STUDY AND REPORT RELATING TO TIMELINESS 12 OF PROSPECTIVE RULINGS.

(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a
study on the extent to which the Office of Regulations and
Rulings of the Customs Service has made improvements to
decrease the amount of time to issue prospective rulings
from the date on which a request for the ruling is received
by the Customs Service.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit
to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate
a report containing the results of the study conducted under
subsection (a).

(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "prospec tive ruling" means a ruling that is requested by an im porter on goods that are proposed to be imported into the
 United States and that relates to the proper classification,
 valuation, or marking of such goods.

6 SEC. 1136. STUDY AND REPORT RELATING TO CUSTOMS 7 USER FEES.

8 (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a 9 study on the extent to which the amount of each customs 10 user fee imposed under section 13031(a) of the Consolidated 11 Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 12 58c(a)) is commensurate with the level of services provided 13 by the Customs Service relating to the fee so imposed.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House
of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the
Senate a report in classified form containing—

19 (1) the results of the study conducted under sub20 section (a); and

(2) recommendations for the appropriate amount
of the customs user fees if such results indicate that
the fees are not commensurate with the level of services provided by the Customs Service.

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3 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Depart4 ment of Treasury such sums as may be necessary to provide
5 an increase in the annual rate of basic pay—

6 (1) for all journeyman Customs inspectors and 7 Canine Enforcement Officers who have completed at 8 least one year's service and are receiving an annual 9 rate of basic pay for positions at GS-9 of the General 10 Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States 11 Code, from the annual rate of basic pay payable for 12 positions at GS-9 of the General Schedule under sec-13 tion 5332, to an annual rate of basic pay payable for 14 positions at GS-11 of the General Schedule under 15 such section 5332; and

(2) for the support staff associated with the personnel described in subparagraph (A), at the appropriate GS level of the General Schedule under such
section 5332.

- 20 CHAPTER 4—ANTITERRORISM
 - PROVISIONS

22 SEC. 1141. EMERGENCY ADJUSTMENTS TO OFFICES, PORTS
23 OF ENTRY, OR STAFFING OF THE CUSTOMS
24 SERVICE.

25 Section 318 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1318)
26 is amended—

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	_ 0 _
1	(1) by striking "Whenever the President" and in-
2	serting "(a) Whenever the President"; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
5	the Secretary of the Treasury, when necessary to respond
6	to a national emergency declared under the National Emer-
7	gencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or to a specific threat
8	to human life or national interests, is authorized to take
9	the following actions on a temporary basis:
10	"(A) Eliminate, consolidate, or relocate any of-
11	fice or port of entry of the Customs Service.
12	"(B) Modify hours of service, alter services ren-
13	dered at any location, or reduce the number of em-
14	ployees at any location.
15	"(C) Take any other action that may be nec-
16	essary to directly respond to the national emergency
17	or specific threat.
18	"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
19	Commissioner of Customs, when necessary to respond to a
20	specific threat to human life or national interests, is author-
21	ized to close temporarily any Customs office or port of entry
22	or take any other lesser action that may be necessary to
23	respond to the specific threat.
24	"(3) The Secretary of the Treasury or the Commis-
25	sioner of Customs, as the case may be, shall notify the Com-

1	mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives
2	and the Committee on Finance of the Senate not later than
3	72 hours after taking any action under paragraph (1) or
4	(2).".
5	SEC. 1142. MANDATORY ADVANCED ELECTRONIC INFORMA-
6	TION FOR CARGO AND PASSENGERS.
7	(a) CARGO INFORMATION.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 431(b) of the Tariff
9	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1431(b)) is amended—
10	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "Any
11	manifest" and inserting "(1) Any manifest";
12	and
13	(B) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(2) In addition to any other requirement under this
15	section, for each land, air, or vessel carrier required to make
16	entry or obtain clearance under the customs laws of the
17	United States, the pilot, the master, operator, or owner of
18	such carrier (or the authorized agent of such operator or
19	owner) shall provide by electronic transmission cargo mani-
20	fest information in advance of such entry or clearance in
21	such manner, time, and form as prescribed under regula-
22	tions by the Secretary. The Secretary may exclude any class
23	of land, air, or vessel carrier for which the Secretary con-
24	cludes the requirements of this subparagraph are not nec-
25	essary.".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Subparagraphs
 (A) and (C) of section 431(d)(1) of such Act are each
 amended by inserting before the semicolon "or sub section (b)(2)".
 (b) PASSENGER INFORMATION.—Part II of title IV of

6 the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) is amended
7 by inserting after section 431 the following:

8 "SEC. 432. PASSENGER AND CREW MANIFEST INFORMATION 9 REQUIRED FOR LAND, AIR, OR VESSEL CAR10 RIERS.

11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For every person arriving or de-12 parting on a land, air, or vessel carrier required to make entry or obtain clearance under the customs laws of the 13 United States, the pilot, the master, operator, or owner of 14 15 such carrier (or the authorized agent of such operator or owner) shall provide by electronic transmission manifest in-16 formation described in subsection (b) in advance of such 17 entry or clearance in such manner, time, and form as pre-18 scribed under regulations by the Secretary. 19

20 "(b) INFORMATION DESCRIBED.—The information de21 scribed in this subsection shall include for each person de22 scribed in subsection (a), the person's—

- 23 *"(1) full name;*
- 24 "(2) date of birth and citizenship;
- 25 "(3) gender;

1	"(4) passport number and country of issuance;
2	"(5) United States visa number or resident alien
3	card number, as applicable;
4	"(6) passenger name record; and
5	"(7) such additional information that the Sec-
6	retary, by regulation, determines is reasonably nec-
7	essary to ensure aviation and maritime safety pursu-
8	ant to the laws enforced or administered by the Cus-
9	toms Service.".
10	(c) DEFINITION.—Section 401 of the Tariff Act of 1930
11	(19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(t) The term 'land, air, or vessel carrier' means a
14	land, air, or vessel carrier, as the case may be, that trans-
15	ports goods or passengers for payment or other consider-
16	ation, including money or services rendered.".
17	(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this
18	section shall take effect beginning 45 days after the date
19	of enactment of this Act.
20	SEC. 1143. BORDER SEARCH AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN CON-
21	TRABAND IN OUTBOUND MAIL.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended
23	by inserting after section 582 the following:
24	"SEC. 583. EXAMINATION OF OUTBOUND MAIL.
25	"(a) EXAMINATION.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of ensuring
2	compliance with the Customs laws of the United
3	States and other laws enforced by the Customs Serv-
4	ice, including the provisions of law described in para-
5	graph (2), a Customs officer may, subject to the provi-
6	sions of this section, stop and search at the border,
7	without a search warrant, mail of domestic origin
8	transmitted for export by the United States Postal
9	Service and foreign mail transiting the United States
10	that is being imported or exported by the United
11	States Postal Service.
12	"(2) Provisions of LAW described.—The pro-
13	visions of law described in this paragraph are the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(A) Section 5316 of title 31, United States
16	Code (relating to reports on exporting and im-
17	porting monetary instruments).
18	"(B) Sections 1461, 1463, 1465, and 1466,
19	and chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code
20	(relating to obscenity and child pornography).
21	"(C) Section 1003 of the Controlled Sub-
22	stances Import and Export Act (relating to ex-
23	portation of controlled substances) (21 U.S.C.
24	953).

1	"(D) The Export Administration Act of
2	1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2401 et seq.).
3	"(E) Section 38 of the Arms Export Control
4	Act (22 U.S.C. 2778).
5	((F) The International Emergency Eco-
6	nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
7	"(b) Search of Mail Not Sealed Against Inspec-
8	TION AND OTHER MAIL.—Mail not sealed against inspec-
9	tion under the postal laws and regulations of the United
10	States, mail which bears a Customs declaration, and mail
11	with respect to which the sender or addressee has consented
12	in writing to search, may be searched by a Customs officer.
13	"(c) Search of Mail Sealed Against Inspection
14	Weighing in Excess of 16 Ounces.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Mail weighing in excess of 16
16	ounces sealed against inspection under the postal laws and
17	regulations of the United States may be searched by a Cus-
18	toms officer, subject to paragraph (2), if there is reasonable
19	cause to suspect that such mail contains one or more of
20	the following:
21	"(A) Monetary instruments, as defined in section
22	1956 of title 18, United States Code.
22	

23 "(B) A weapon of mass destruction, as defined
24 in section 2332a(b) of title 18, United States Code.

1	``(C) A drug or other substance listed in schedule
2	I, II, III, or IV in section 202 of the Controlled Sub-
3	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 812).
4	"(D) National defense and related information
5	transmitted in violation of any of sections 793
6	through 798 of title 18, United States Code.
7	``(E) Merchandise mailed in violation of section
8	1715 or 1716 of title 18, United States Code.
9	``(F) Merchandise mailed in violation of any
10	provision of chapter 71 (relating to obscenity) or
11	chapter 110 (relating to sexual exploitation and other
12	abuse of children) of title 18, United States Code.
13	``(G) Merchandise mailed in violation of the Ex-
14	port Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App.
15	2401 et seq.).
16	``(H) Merchandise mailed in violation of section
17	38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778).
18	``(I) Merchandise mailed in violation of the
19	International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
20	U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
21	``(J) Merchandise mailed in violation of the
22	Trading with the Enemy Act (50 U.S.C. App. 1 et
23	seq.).
24	``(K) Merchandise subject to any other law en-
25	forced by the Customs Service.

1	"(2) LIMITATION.—No person acting under the
2	authority of paragraph (1) shall read, or authorize
3	any other person to read, any correspondence con-
4	tained in mail sealed against inspection unless prior
5	to so reading—
6	"(A) a search warrant has been issued pur-
7	suant to rule 41 of the Federal Rules of Criminal
8	Procedure; or
9	(B) the sender or addressee has given writ-
10	ten authorization for such reading.
11	"(d) Search of Mail Sealed Against Inspection
12	Weighing 16 Ounces or Less.—Notwithstanding any
13	other provision of this section, subsection $(a)(1)$ shall not
14	apply to mail weighing 16 ounces or less sealed against in-
15	spection under the postal laws and regulations of the United
16	States.".
17	(b) Certification by Secretary.—Not later than 3
18	months after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec-
19	retary of State shall determine whether the application of
20	section 583 of the Tariff Act of 1930 to foreign mail
21	transiting the United States that is imported or exported
22	by the United States Postal Service is being handled in a
23	manner consistent with international law and any inter-
24	national obligation of the United States. Section 583 of such
25	Act shall not apply to such foreign mail unless the Sec-

retary certifies to Congress that the application of such sec-1 2 tion 583 is consistent with international law and any international obligation of the United States. 3 4 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-5 6 graph (2), this section and the amendments made by 7 this section shall take effect on the date of enactment 8 of this Act. 9 (2) Certification with respect to foreign 10 MAIL.—The provisions of section 583 of the Tariff Act 11 of 1930 relating to foreign mail transiting the United 12 States that is imported or exported by the United 13 States Postal Service shall not take effect until the 14 Secretary of State certifies to Congress, pursuant to 15 subsection (b), that the application of such section 16 583 is consistent with international law and any 17 international obligation of the United States. 18 SEC. 1144. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR RE-19 ESTABLISHMENT OF CUSTOMS OPERATIONS 20 IN NEW YORK CITY. 21 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 22 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be ap-23 propriated for the reestablishment of operations of the 24 Customs Service in New York, New York, such sums

as may be necessary for fiscal year 2003.

1	(2) OPERATIONS DESCRIBED.—The operations
2	referred to in paragraph (1) include, but are not lim-
3	ited to, the following:
4	(A) Operations relating to the Port Director
5	of New York City, the New York Customs Man-
6	agement Center (including the Director of Field
7	Operations), and the Special Agent-In-Charge
8	for New York.
9	(B) Commercial operations, including tex-
10	tile enforcement operations and salaries and ex-
11	penses of—
12	(i) trade specialists who determine the
13	origin and value of merchandise;
14	(ii) analysts who monitor the entry
15	data into the United States of textiles and
16	textile products; and
17	(iii) Customs officials who work with
18	foreign governments to examine textile mak-
19	ers and verify entry information.
20	(b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant
21	to the authorization of appropriations under subsection (a)
22	are authorized to remain available until expended.

CHAPTER 5—TEXTILE TRANSSHIPMENT PROVISIONS

3 SEC. 1151. GAO AUDIT OF TEXTILE TRANSSHIPMENT MONI4 TORING BY CUSTOMS SERVICE.

5 (a) GAO AUDIT.—The Comptroller General of the
6 United States shall conduct an audit of the system estab7 lished and carried out by the Customs Service to monitor
8 textile transshipment.

9 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 9 months after the date 10 of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House 11 of Representatives and Committee on Finance of the Senate 12 a report that contains the results of the study conducted 13 under subsection (a), including recommendations for im-14 15 provements to the transshipment monitoring system if ap-16 plicable.

17 Described.—Transhipment (c)TRANSSHIPMENT within the meaning of this section has occurred when pref-18 erential treatment under any provision of law has been 19 claimed for a textile or apparel article on the basis of mate-20 21 rial false information concerning the country of origin, 22 manufacture, processing, or assembly of the article or any 23 of its components. For purposes of the preceding sentence, 24 false information is material if disclosure of the true information would mean or would have meant that the article 25

3	SEC. 1152. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR TEX-
4	TILE TRANSSHIPMENT ENFORCEMENT OPER-
5	ATIONS.
6	(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be ap-
8	propriated for textile transshipment enforcement oper-
9	ations of the Customs Service \$9,500,000 for fiscal
10	year 2003.
11	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pur-
12	suant to the authorization of appropriations under
13	paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available
14	until expended.
15	(b) USE OF FUNDS.—Of the amount appropriated
16	pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under sub-
17	section (a), the following amounts are authorized to be made
18	available for the following purposes:
19	(1) Import specialists.—\$1,463,000 for 21
20	Customs import specialists to be assigned to selected
21	ports for documentation review to support detentions
22	and exclusions and 1 additional Customs import spe-

cialist assigned to the Customs headquarters textile
program to administer the program and provide oversight.

(2) INSPECTORS.—\$652,080 for 10 Customs in spectors to be assigned to selected ports to examine
 targeted high-risk shipments.

4 (3) INVESTIGATORS.—(A) \$1,165,380 for 10 in5 vestigators to be assigned to selected ports to inves6 tigate instances of smuggling, quota and trade agree7 ment circumvention, and use of counterfeit visas to
8 enter inadmissible goods.

9 (B) \$149,603 for 1 investigator to be assigned to 10 Customs headquarters textile program to coordinate 11 and ensure implementation of textile production 12 verification team results from an investigation per-13 spective.

14 (4) INTERNATIONAL TRADE SPECIALISTS.—
15 \$226,500 for 3 international trade specialists to be
16 assigned to Customs headquarters to be dedicated to
17 illegal textile transshipment policy issues and other
18 free trade agreement enforcement issues.

19 (5) PERMANENT IMPORT SPECIALISTS FOR HONG
20 KONG.—\$500,000 for 2 permanent import specialist
21 positions and \$500,000 for 2 investigators to be as22 signed to Hong Kong to work with Hong Kong and
23 other government authorities in Southeast Asia to as24 sist such authorities pursue proactive enforcement of
25 bilateral trade agreements.

1	(6) VARIOUS PERMANENT TRADE POSITIONS.—
2	\$3,500,000 for the following:
3	(A) 2 permanent positions to be assigned to
4	the Customs attaché office in Central America to
5	address trade enforcement issues for that region.
6	(B) 2 permanent positions to be assigned to
7	the Customs attaché office in South Africa to ad-
8	dress trade enforcement issues pursuant to the
9	African Growth and Opportunity Act (title I of
10	Public Law 106–200).
11	(C) 4 permanent positions to be assigned to
12	the Customs attaché office in Mexico to address
13	the threat of illegal textile transshipment through
14	Mexico and other related issues under the North
15	American Free Trade Agreement Act.
16	(D) 2 permanent positions to be assigned to
17	the Customs attaché office in Seoul, South Korea,
18	to address the trade issues in the geographic re-
19	gion.
20	(E) 2 permanent positions to be assigned to
21	the proposed Customs attaché office in New
22	Delhi, India, to address the threat of illegal tex-
23	tile transshipment and other trade enforcement
24	issues.

1	(F) 2 permanent positions to be assigned to
2	the Customs attaché office in Rome, Italy, to ad-
3	dress trade enforcement issues in the geographic
4	region, including issues under free trade agree-
5	ments with Jordan and Israel.
6	(7) ATTORNEYS.—\$179,886 for 2 attorneys for
7	the Office of the Chief Counsel of the Customs Service
8	to pursue cases regarding illegal textile trans-
9	shipment.
10	(8) AUDITORS.—\$510,000 for 6 Customs audi-
11	tors to perform internal control reviews and document
12	and record reviews of suspect importers.
13	(9) Additional travel funds.—\$250,000 for
14	deployment of additional textile production
15	verification teams to sub-Saharan Africa.
16	(10) TRAINING.—(A) \$75,000 for training of
17	Customs personnel.
18	(B) $$200,000$ for training for foreign counter-
19	parts in risk management analytical techniques and
20	for teaching factory inspection techniques, model law
21	Development, and enforcement techniques.
22	(11) OUTREACH.—\$60,000 for outreach efforts to
23	United States importers.

1SEC. 1153. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AFRICAN GROWTH2AND OPPORTUNITY ACT.

3 Of the amount made available for fiscal year 2003 under section 301(b)(2)(A) of the Customs Procedural Re-4 5 form and Simplification Act of 1978 (19 U.S.C. 2075(b)(2)(A), as amended by section 1111(b)(1) of this 6 7 title, \$1,317,000 shall be available until expended for the 8 Customs Service to provide technical assistance to help sub-9 Saharan Africa countries develop and implement effective visa and anti-transshipment systems as required by the Af-10 11 rican Growth and Opportunity Act (title I of Public Law 106–200), as follows: 12

(1) TRAVEL FUNDS.—\$600,000 for import specialists, special agents, and other qualified Customs
personnel to travel to sub-Saharan Africa countries to
provide technical assistance in developing and implementing effective visa and anti-transshipment systems.

19 (2) IMPORT SPECIALISTS.—\$266,000 for 4 im20 port specialists to be assigned to Customs head21 quarters to be dedicated to providing technical assist22 ance to sub-Saharan African countries for developing
23 and implementing effective visa and anti-trans24 shipment systems.

1	(3) DATA RECONCILIATION ANALYSTS.—\$151,000
2	for 2 data reconciliation analysts to review apparel
3	shipments.
4	(4) Special Agents.—\$300,000 for 2 special
5	agents to be assigned to Customs headquarters to be
6	available to provide technical assistance to sub-Saha-
7	ran African countries in the performance of investiga-
8	tions and other enforcement initiatives.
9	Subtitle B—Office of the United
10	States Trade Representative
11	SEC. 1161. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 141(g)(1) of the Trade Act
13	of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2171(g)(1)) is amended—
14	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
15	(A) in the matter preceding clause (i) , by
16	striking "not to exceed";
17	(B) in clause (i) to read as follows:
18	"(i) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2003."; and
19	(C) in clause (ii) to read as follows:
20	"(ii) \$31,000,000 for fiscal year 2004."; and
21	(2) in subparagraph (B)—
22	(A) in clause (i), by adding "and" at the
23	end;
24	(B) by striking clause (ii); and

1 (C) by redesignating clause (iii) as clause 2 (ii).

3 SUBMISSION OF OUT-YEAR BUDGET PROJEC-(b)4 TIONS.—Section 141(g) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2171(g) is amended by adding at the end the following: 5 6 "(3) By not later than the date on which the President 7 submits to Congress the budget of the United States Govern-8 ment for a fiscal year, the United States Trade Representa-9 tive shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of 10 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate the projected amount of funds for the suc-11 ceeding fiscal year that will be necessary for the Office to 12 carry out its functions.". 13

14 (c) Additional Staff for Office of Assistant
15 U.S. Trade Representative for Congressional Af16 fairs.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be ap18 propriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal
19 year 2003 for the salaries and expenses of two addi20 tional legislative specialist employee positions within
21 the Office of the Assistant United States Trade Rep22 resentative for Congressional Affairs.

23 (2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pur24 suant to the authorization of appropriations under

1	paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available
2	until expended.
3	Subtitle C—United States
4	International Trade Commission
5	SEC. 1171. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 330(e)(2)(A) of the Tariff
7	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1330(e)(2)) is amended—
8	(1) in clause (i) to read as follows:
9	"(i) \$51,400,000 for fiscal year 2003."; and
10	(2) in clause (ii) to read as follows:
11	"(ii) \$53,400,000 for fiscal year 2004.".
12	(b) SUBMISSION OF OUT-YEAR BUDGET PROJEC-
13	TIONS.—Section 330(e) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
14	1330(e)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(4) By not later than the date on which the President
16	submits to Congress the budget of the United States Govern-
17	ment for a fiscal year, the Commission shall submit to the
18	Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-
19	tives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate the pro-
20	jected amount of funds for the succeeding fiscal year that
21	will be necessary for the Commission to carry out its func-
22	tions.".

1 Subtitle D—Other Trade Provisions 2 SEC. 1181. INCREASE IN AGGREGATE VALUE OF ARTICLES 3 EXEMPT FROM DUTY ACQUIRED ABROAD BY 4 UNITED STATES RESIDENTS.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subheading 9804.00.65 of the Har6 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States is amended
7 in the article description column by striking "\$400" and
8 inserting "\$800".

9 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by sub10 section (a) shall take effect 90 days after the date of enact11 ment of this Act.

12 SEC. 1182. REGULATORY AUDIT PROCEDURES.

13 Section 509(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 14 1509(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following: 15 "(6)(A) If during the course of any audit con-16 cluded under this subsection, the Customs Service 17 identifies overpayments of duties or fees or over-dec-18 larations of quantities or values that are within the 19 time period and scope of the audit that the Customs 20 Service has defined, then in calculating the loss of 21 revenue or monetary penalties under section 592, the 22 Customs Service shall treat the overpayments or over-23 declarations on finally liquidated entries as an offset 24 to any underpayments or underdeclarations also 25 identified on finally liquidated entries if such overpayments or over-declarations were not made by the
 person being audited for the purpose of violating any
 provision of law.

4 "(B) Nothing in this paragraph shall be con5 strued to authorize a refund not otherwise authorized
6 under section 520.".

7 Subtitle E—Sense of Senate

8 SEC. 1191. SENSE OF SENATE.

9 It is the sense of the Senate that fees collected for certain customs services (commonly referred to as "customs 10 user fees") provided for in section 13031 of the Consolidated 11 Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 12 58c) may be used only for the operations and programs of 13 the United States Customs Service. 14 **DIVISION B—BIPARTISAN TRADE** 15 **PROMOTION AUTHORITY** 16 TITLE XXI—TRADE PROMOTION 17 AUTHORITY 18 19 SEC. 2101. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS. 20 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Bi-

21 partisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002".

(b) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
(1) The expansion of international trade is vital

- 24 to the national security of the United States. Trade
- 25 is critical to the economic growth and strength of the

United States and to its leadership in the world. Sta-
ble trading relationships promote security and pros-
perity. Trade agreements today serve the same pur-
poses that security pacts played during the Cold War,
binding nations together through a series of mutual
rights and obligations. Leadership by the United
States in international trade fosters open markets, de-
mocracy, and peace throughout the world.
(2) The national security of the United States
depends on its economic security, which in turn is
founded upon a vibrant and growing industrial base.
Trade expansion has been the engine of economic
growth. Trade agreements maximize opportunities for
the critical sectors and building blocks of the economy
of the United States, such as information technology,
telecommunications and other leading technologies,
basic industries, capital equipment, medical equip-
ment, services, agriculture, environmental technology,
and intellectual property. Trade will create new op-
portunities for the United States and preserve the un-

paralleled strength of the United States in economic,

political, and military affairs. The United States, se-

cured by expanding trade and economic opportunities, will meet the challenges of the twenty-first cen-tury.

1	(3) Support for continued trade expansion re-
2	quires that dispute settlement procedures under inter-
3	national trade agreements not add to or diminish the
4	rights and obligations provided in such agreements.
5	Nevertheless, in several cases, dispute settlement pan-
6	els and the WTO Appellate Body have added to obli-
7	gations and diminished rights of the United States
8	under WTO Agreements. In particular, dispute settle-
9	ment panels and the Appellate Body have—
10	(A) given insufficient deference to the exper-
11	tise and fact-finding of the Department of Com-
12	merce and the United States International Trade
13	Commission;
14	(B) imposed an obligation concerning the
15	causal relationship between increased imports
16	into the United States and serious injury to do-
17	mestic industry necessary to support a safeguard
18	measure that is different from the obligation set
19	forth in the applicable WTO Agreements;
20	(C) imposed an obligation concerning the
21	exclusion from safeguards measures of products
22	imported from countries party to a free trade
23	agreement that is different from the obligation
24	set forth in the applicable WTO Agreements;

1	(D) imposed obligations on the Department
2	of Commerce with respect to the use of facts
3	available in antidumping investigations that are
4	different from the obligations set forth in the ap-
5	plicable WTO Agreements; and
6	(E) accorded insufficient deference to the
7	Department of Commerce's methodology for ad-
8	justing countervailing duties following the pri-
9	vatization of a subsidized foreign producer.
10	SEC. 2102. TRADE NEGOTIATING OBJECTIVES.
11	(a) Overall Trade Negotiating Objectives.—The
12	overall trade negotiating objectives of the United States for
13	agreements subject to the provisions of section 2103 are-
14	(1) to obtain more open, equitable, and recip-
15	rocal market access;
16	(2) to obtain the reduction or elimination of bar-
17	riers and distortions that are directly related to trade
18	and that decrease market opportunities for United
19	States exports or otherwise distort United States
20	trade;
21	(3) to further strengthen the system of inter-
22	national trading disciplines and procedures, includ-
23	ing dispute settlement;

1	(4) to foster economic growth, raise living stand-
2	ards, and promote full employment in the United
3	States and to enhance the global economy;
4	(5) to ensure that trade and environmental poli-
5	cies are mutually supportive and to seek to protect
6	and preserve the environment and enhance the inter-
7	national means of doing so, while optimizing the use
8	of the world's resources;
9	(6) to promote respect for worker rights and the
10	rights of children consistent with core labor standards
11	of the International Labor Organization (as defined
12	in section 2113(2)) and an understanding of the rela-
13	tionship between trade and worker rights;
14	(7) to seek provisions in trade agreements under
15	which parties to those agreements strive to ensure that
16	they do not weaken or reduce the protections afforded
17	in domestic environmental and labor laws as an en-
18	couragement fortrade; and
19	(8) to ensure that trade agreements afford small
20	businesses equal access to international markets, equi-
21	table trade benefits, expanded export market opportu-
22	nities, and provide for the reduction or elimination of
23	trade barriers that disproportionately impact small
24	business.
25	(b) Principal Trade Negotiating Objectives.—

(1) TRADE BARRIERS AND DISTORTIONS.—The

2	principal negotiating objectives of the United States
3	regarding trade barriers and other trade distortions
4	are—
5	(A) to expand competitive market opportu-
6	nities for United States exports including motor
7	vehicles and vehicle parts and to obtain fairer
8	and more open conditions of trade by reducing
9	or eliminating tariff and nontariff barriers and
10	policies and practices of foreign governments di-
11	rectly related to trade that decrease market op-
12	portunities for United States exports or other-
13	wise distort United States trade; and
14	(B) to obtain reciprocal tariff and nontariff
15	barrier elimination agreements, with particular
16	attention to those tariff categories covered in sec-
17	tion 111(b) of the Uruguay Round Agreements
18	Act (19 U.S.C. 3521(b)).
19	(2) TRADE IN SERVICES.—The principal negoti-
20	ating objective of the United States regarding trade in
21	services is to reduce or eliminate barriers to inter-
22	national trade in services, including regulatory and
23	other barriers that deny national treatment and mar-
24	ket access or unreasonably restrict the establishment
25	or operations of service suppliers.

1	(3) FOREIGN INVESTMENT.—Recognizing that
2	United States law on the whole provides a high level
3	of protection for investment, consistent with or great-
4	er than the level required by international law, the
5	principal negotiating objectives of the United States
6	regarding foreign investment are to reduce or elimi-
7	nate artificial or trade-distorting barriers to trade-re-
8	lated foreign investment, while ensuring that foreign
9	investors in the United States are not accorded great-
10	er rights than United States investors in the United
11	States, and to secure for investors important rights
12	comparable to those that would be available under
13	United States legal principles and practice, by—
14	(A) reducing or eliminating exceptions to
15	the principle of national treatment;
16	(B) freeing the transfer of funds relating to
17	investments;
18	(C) reducing or eliminating performance re-
19	quirements, forced technology transfers, and
20	other unreasonable barriers to the establishment
21	and operation of investments;
22	(D) seeking to establish standards for expro-
23	priation and compensation for expropriation,
24	consistent with United States legal principles
25	and practice;

1	(E) seeking to establish standards for fair
2	and equitable treatment consistent with United
3	States legal principles and practice, including
4	the principle of due process;
5	(F) providing meaningful procedures for re-
6	solving investment disputes;
7	(G) seeking to improve mechanisms used to
8	resolve disputes between an investor and a gov-
9	ernment through—
10	(i) mechanisms to eliminate frivolous
11	claims and to deter the filing of frivolous
12	claims;
13	(ii) procedures to ensure the efficient
14	selection of arbitrators and the expeditious
15	disposition of claims;
16	(iii) procedures to enhance opportuni-
17	ties for public input into the formulation of
18	government positions; and
19	(iv) establishment of a single appellate
20	body to review decisions in investor-to-gov-
21	ernment disputes and thereby provide coher-
22	ence to the interpretations of investment
23	provisions in trade agreements; and
24	(H) ensuring the fullest measure of trans-
25	parency in the dispute settlement mechanism, to

1	the extent consistent with the need to protect in-
2	formation that is classified or business confiden-
3	tial, by—
4	(i) ensuring that all requests for dis-
5	pute settlement are promptly made public;
6	(ii) ensuring that—
7	(I) all proceedings, submissions,
8	findings, and decisions are promptly
9	made public;
10	(II) all hearings are open to the
11	public; and
12	(iii) establishing a mechanism for ac-
13	ceptance of amicus curiae submissions from
14	businesses, unions, and nongovernmental or-
15	ganizations.
16	(4) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.—The principal
17	negotiating objectives of the United States regarding
18	trade-related intellectual property are—
19	(A) to further promote adequate and effec-
20	tive protection of intellectual property rights, in-
21	cluding through—
22	(i)(I) ensuring accelerated and full im-
23	plementation of the Agreement on Trade-Re-
24	lated Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
25	referred to in section $101(d)(15)$ of the Uru-

1	guay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C.
2	3511(d)(15)), particularly with respect to
3	meeting enforcement obligations under that
4	agreement; and
5	(II) ensuring that the provisions of
6	any multilateral or bilateral trade agree-
7	ment governing intellectual property rights
8	that is entered into by the United States re-
9	flect a standard of protection similar to
10	that found in United States law;
11	(ii) providing strong protection for
12	new and emerging technologies and new
13	methods of transmitting and distributing
14	products embodying intellectual property;
15	(iii) preventing or eliminating dis-
16	crimination with respect to matters affect-
17	ing the availability, acquisition, scope,
18	maintenance, use, and enforcement of intel-
19	lectual property rights;
20	(iv) ensuring that standards of protec-
21	tion and enforcement keep pace with techno-
22	logical developments, and in particular en-
23	suring that rightholders have the legal and
24	technological means to control the use of
25	their works through the Internet and other

1	global communication media, and to pre-
2	vent the unauthorized use of their works;
3	and
4	(v) providing strong enforcement of in-
5	tellectual property rights, including through
6	accessible, expeditious, and effective civil,
7	administrative, and criminal enforcement
8	mechanisms;
9	(B) to secure fair, equitable, and non-
10	discriminatory market access opportunities for
11	United States persons that rely upon intellectual
12	property protection; and
13	(C) to respect the Declaration on the TRIPS
14	Agreement and Public Health, adopted by the
15	World Trade Organization at the Fourth Min-
16	isterial Conference at Doha, Qatar on November
17	14, 2001.
18	(5) TRANSPARENCY.—The principal negotiating
19	objective of the United States with respect to trans-
20	parency is to obtain wider and broader application
21	of the principle of transparency through—
22	(A) increased and more timely public access
23	to information regarding trade issues and the ac-
24	tivities of international trade institutions;

1	(B) increased openness at the WTO and
2	other international trade fora by increasing pub-
3	lic access to appropriate meetings, proceedings,
4	and submissions, including with regard to dis-
5	pute settlement and investment; and
6	(C) increased and more timely public access
7	to all notifications and supporting documenta-
8	tion submitted by parties to the WTO.
9	(6) ANTI-CORRUPTION.—The principal negoti-
10	ating objectives of the United States with respect to
11	the use of money or other things of value to influence
12	acts, decisions, or omissions of foreign governments or
13	officials or to secure any improper advantage in a
14	manner affecting trade are—
15	(A) to obtain high standards and appro-
16	priate domestic enforcement mechanisms appli-
17	cable to persons from all countries participating
18	in the applicable trade agreement that prohibit
19	such attempts to influence acts, decisions, or
20	omissions of foreign governments; and
21	(B) to ensure that such standards do not
22	place United States persons at a competitive dis-
23	advantage in international trade.
24	(7) Improvement of the wto and multilat-
25	ERAL TRADE AGREEMENTS.—The principal negoti-

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1	ating objectives of the United States regarding the im-
2	provement of the World Trade Organization, the Uru-
3	guay Round Agreements, and other multilateral and
4	bilateral trade agreements are—
5	(A) to achieve full implementation and ex-
6	tend the coverage of the World Trade Organiza-
7	tion and such agreements to products, sectors,
8	and conditions of trade not adequately covered;
9	and
10	(B) to expand country participation in and
11	enhancement of the Information Technology
12	Agreement and other trade agreements.
13	(8) REGULATORY PRACTICES.—The principal ne-
14	gotiating objectives of the United States regarding the
15	use of government regulation or other practices by for-
16	eign governments to provide a competitive advantage
17	to their domestic producers, service providers, or in-
18	vestors and thereby reduce market access for United
19	States goods, services, and investments are—
20	(A) to achieve increased transparency and
21	opportunity for the participation of affected par-
22	ties in the development of regulations;
23	(B) to require that proposed regulations be
24	based on sound science, cost-benefit analysis, risk
25	assessment, or other objective evidence;

1	(C) to establish consultative mechanisms
2	among parties to trade agreements to promote
3	increased transparency in developing guidelines,
4	rules, regulations, and laws for government pro-
5	curement and other regulatory regimes; and
6	(D) to achieve the elimination of govern-
7	ment measures such as price controls and ref-
8	erence pricing which deny full market access for
9	United States products.
10	(9) Electronic commerce.—The principal ne-
11	gotiating objectives of the United States with respect
12	to electronic commerce are—
13	(A) to ensure that current obligations, rules,
14	disciplines, and commitments under the World
15	Trade Organization apply to electronic com-
16	merce;
17	(B) to ensure that—
18	(i) electronically delivered goods and
19	services receive no less favorable treatment
20	under trade rules and commitments than
21	like products delivered in physical form;
22	and
23	(ii) the classification of such goods and
24	services ensures the most liberal trade treat-
25	ment possible;

1	(C) to ensure that governments refrain from
2	implementing trade-related measures that im-
3	pede electronic commerce;
4	(D) where legitimate policy objectives re-
5	quire domestic regulations that affect electronic
6	commerce, to obtain commitments that any such
7	regulations are the least restrictive on trade,
8	nondiscriminatory, and transparent, and pro-
9	mote an open market environment; and
10	(E) to extend the moratorium of the World
11	Trade Organization on duties on electronic
12	transmissions.
13	(10) Reciprocal trade in agriculture.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The principal negoti-
15	ating objective of the United States with respect
16	to agriculture is to obtain competitive opportuni-
17	ties for United States exports of agricultural
18	commodities in foreign markets substantially
19	equivalent to the competitive opportunities af-
20	forded foreign exports in United States markets
21	and to achieve fairer and more open conditions
22	of trade in bulk, specialty crop, and value-added
23	commodities by—
24	(i) reducing or eliminating, by a date

certain, tariffs or other charges that de-

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1	crease market opportunities for United
2	States exports—
3	(I) giving priority to those prod-
4	ucts that are subject to significantly
5	higher tariffs or subsidy regimes of
6	major producing countries; and
7	(II) providing reasonable adjust-
8	ment periods for United States import-
9	sensitive products, in close consultation
10	with the Congress on such products be-
11	fore initiating tariff reduction negotia-
12	tions;
13	(ii) reducing tariffs to levels that are
14	the same as or lower than those in the
15	United States;
16	(iii) seeking to eliminate all export
17	subsidies on agricultural commodities while
18	maintaining bona fide food aid and pre-
19	serving United States agricultural market
20	development and export credit programs
21	that allow the United States to compete
22	with other foreign export promotion efforts;
23	(iv) allowing the preservation of pro-
24	grams that support family farms and rural
25	communities but do not distort trade;

1	(v) developing disciplines for domestic
2	support programs, so that production that
3	is in excess of domestic food security needs
4	is sold at world prices;
5	(vi) eliminating Government policies
6	that create price-depressing surpluses;
7	(vii) eliminating state trading enter-
8	prises whenever possible;
9	(viii) developing, strengthening, and
10	clarifying rules and effective dispute settle-
11	ment mechanisms to eliminate practices
12	that unfairly decrease United States market
13	access opportunities or distort agricultural
14	markets to the detriment of the United
15	States, particularly with respect to import-
16	sensitive products, including—
17	(I) unfair or trade-distorting ac-
18	tivities of state trading enterprises and
19	other administrative mechanisms, with
20	emphasis on requiring price trans-
21	parency in the operation of state trad-
22	ing enterprises and such other mecha-
23	nisms in order to end cross subsidiza-
24	tion, price discrimination, and price
25	under cutting;

1	(II) unjustified trade restrictions
2	or commercial requirements, such as
3	labeling, that affect new technologies,
4	including biotechnology;
5	(III) unjustified sanitary or
6	phytosanitary restrictions, including
7	those not based on scientific principles
8	in contravention of the Uruguay
9	Round Agreements;
10	(IV) other unjustified technical
11	barriers to trade; and
12	(V) restrictive rules in the admin-
13	istration of tariff rate quotas;
14	(ix) eliminating practices that ad-
15	versely affect trade in perishable or cyclical
16	products, while improving import relief
17	mechanisms to recognize the unique charac-
18	teristics of perishable and cyclical agri-
19	culture;
20	(x) ensuring that the use of import re-
21	lief mechanisms for perishable and cyclical
22	agriculture are as accessible and timely to
23	growers in the United States as those mech-
24	anisms that are used by other countries;

1	(xi) taking into account whether a
2	party to the negotiations has failed to ad-
3	here to the provisions of already existing
4	trade agreements with the United States or
5	has circumvented obligations under those
6	agreements;
7	(xii) taking into account whether a
8	product is subject to market distortions by
9	reason of a failure of a major producing
10	country to adhere to the provisions of al-
11	ready existing trade agreements with the
12	United States or by the circumvention by
13	that country of its obligations under those
14	agreements;
15	(xiii) otherwise ensuring that countries
16	that accede to the World Trade Organiza-
17	tion have made meaningful market liberal-
18	ization commitments in agriculture;
19	(xiv) taking into account the impact
20	that agreements covering agriculture to
21	which the United States is a party, includ-
22	ing the North American Free Trade Agree-
23	ment, have on the United States agricul-
24	tural industry;

1	(xv) maintaining bona fide food assist-
2	ance programs and preserving United
3	States market development and export cred-
4	it programs; and
5	(xvi) strive to complete a general mul-
6	tilateral round in the World Trade Organi-
7	zation by January 1, 2005, and seek the
8	broadest market access possible in multilat-
9	eral, regional, and bilateral negotiations,
10	recognizing the effect that simultaneous sets
11	of negotiations may have on United States
12	import-sensitive commodities (including
13	those subject to tariff-rate quotas).
14	(B) Consultation.—
15	(i) Before commencing negotia-
16	TIONS.—Before commencing negotiations
17	with respect to agriculture, the United
18	States Trade Representative, in consulta-
19	tion with the Congress, shall seek to develop
20	a position on the treatment of seasonal and
21	perishable agricultural products to be em-
22	ployed in the negotiations in order to de-
23	velop an international consensus on the
24	treatment of seasonal or perishable agricul-
25	tural products in investigations relating to

1 dumping and safeguards and in any other 2 relevant area. 3 (ii) DURING NEGOTIATIONS.—During 4 any negotiations on agricultural subsidies, United States Trade Representative 5 the 6 shall seek to establish the common base year 7 for calculating the Aggregated Measurement 8 of Support (as defined in the Agreement on 9 Agriculture) as the end of each country's 10 Uruquay Round implementation period, as 11 reported in each country's Uruguay Round market access schedule. 12 13 (iii) Scope of objective.—The nego-14 tiating objective provided in subparagraph 15 (A) applies with respect to agricultural matters to be addressed in any trade agree-16 17 ment entered into under section 2103 (a) or 18 (b), including any trade agreement entered 19 into under section 2103 (a) or (b) that pro-20 vides for accession to a trade agreement to 21 which the United States is already a party, 22 such as the North American Free Trade 23 Agreement and the United States-Canada 24

Free Trade Agreement.

(11) LABOR AND THE ENVIRONMENT.—The prin cipal negotiating objectives of the United States with
 respect to labor and the environment are—

4 (A) to ensure that a party to a trade agreement with the United States does not fail to ef-5 6 fectively enforce its environmental or labor laws, 7 through a sustained or recurring course of action 8 or inaction, in a manner affecting trade between 9 the United States and that party after entry into 10 force of a trade agreement between those coun-11 tries;

12 (B) to recognize that parties to a trade 13 agreement retain the right to exercise discretion 14 with respect to investigatory, prosecutorial, requ-15 latory, and compliance matters and to make decisions regarding the allocation of resources to 16 17 enforcement with respect to other labor or envi-18 ronmental matters determined to have higher 19 priorities, and to recognize that a country is ef-20 fectively enforcing its laws if a course of action 21 or inaction reflects a reasonable exercise of such 22 discretion, or results from a bona fide decision 23 regarding the allocation of resources and no re-24 taliation may be authorized based on the exercise 25 of these rights or the right to establish domestic

1	labor standards and levels of environmental pro-
2	tection;
3	(C) to strengthen the capacity of United
4	States trading partners to promote respect for
5	core labor standards (as defined in section
6	2113(2));
7	(D) to strengthen the capacity of United
8	States trading partners to protect the environ-
9	ment through the promotion of sustainable devel-
10	opment;
11	(E) to reduce or eliminate government prac-
12	tices or policies that unduly threaten sustainable
13	development;
14	(F) to seek market access, through the elimi-
15	nation of tariffs and nontariff barriers, for
16	United States environmental technologies, goods,
17	and services; and
18	(G) to ensure that labor, environmental,
19	health, or safety policies and practices of the
20	parties to trade agreements with the United
21	States do not arbitrarily or unjustifiably dis-
22	criminate against United States exports or serve
23	as disguised barriers to trade.
24	(12) HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY.—The
25	principal negotiating objective regarding human

1	rights and democracy is to obtain provisions in trade
2	agreements that require parties to those agreements to
3	strive to protect internationally recognized civil, po-
4	litical, and human rights.
5	(13) DISPUTE SETTLEMENT AND ENFORCE-
6	MENT.—The principal negotiating objectives of the
7	United States with respect to dispute settlement and
8	enforcement of trade agreements are—
9	(A) to seek provisions in trade agreements
10	providing for resolution of disputes between gov-
11	ernments under those trade agreements in an ef-
12	fective, timely, transparent, equitable, and rea-
13	soned manner, requiring determinations based
14	on facts and the principles of the agreements,
15	with the goal of increasing compliance with the
16	agreements;
17	(B) to seek to strengthen the capacity of the
18	Trade Policy Review Mechanism of the World
19	Trade Organization to review compliance with
20	commitments;
21	(C) to seek improved adherence by panels
22	convened under the WTO Understanding on
23	Rules and Procedures Governing the Settlement
24	of Disputes and by the WTO Appellate Body to
25	the standard of review applicable under the

1	WTO Agreement involved in the dispute, includ-
2	ing greater deference, where appropriate, to the
3	fact finding and technical expertise of national
4	investigating authorities;
5	(D) to seek provisions encouraging the early
6	identification and settlement of disputes through
7	consultation;
8	(E) to seek provisions to encourage the pro-
9	vision of trade-expanding compensation if a
10	party to a dispute under the agreement does not
11	come into compliance with its obligations under
12	the agreement;
13	(F) to seek provisions to impose a penalty
14	upon a party to a dispute under the agreement
15	that—
16	(i) encourages compliance with the ob-
17	ligations of the agreement;
18	(ii) is appropriate to the parties, na-
19	ture, subject matter, and scope of the viola-
20	tion; and
21	(iii) has the aim of not adversely af-
22	fecting parties or interests not party to the
23	dispute while maintaining the effectiveness
24	of the enforcement mechanism; and

1	(G) to seek provisions that treat United
2	States principal negotiating objectives equally
3	with respect to—
4	(i) the ability to resort to dispute set-
5	tlement under the applicable agreement;
6	(ii) the availability of equivalent dis-
7	pute settlement procedures; and
8	(iii) the availability of equivalent rem-
9	edies.
10	(14) BORDER TAXES.—The principal negotiating
11	objective of the United States regarding border taxes
12	is to obtain a revision of the WTO rules with respect
13	to the treatment of border adjustments for internal
14	taxes to redress the disadvantage to countries relying
15	primarily on direct taxes for revenue rather than in-
16	direct taxes.
17	(15) WTO EXTENDED NEGOTIATIONS.—The
18	principal negotiating objectives of the United States
19	regarding trade in civil aircraft are those set forth in
20	section 135(c) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act
21	(19 U.S.C. 3355(c)) and regarding rules of origin are
22	the conclusion of an agreement described in section
23	132 of that Act (19 U.S.C. 3552).
24	(16) Textile negotiations.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The principal negoti-
2	ating objectives of the United States with respect
3	to trade in textiles and apparel articles is to ob-
4	tain competitive opportunities for United States
5	exports of textiles and apparel in foreign markets
6	substantially equivalent to the competitive op-
7	portunities afforded foreign exports in United
8	States markets and to achieve fairer and more
9	open conditions of trade in textiles and apparel
10	by—
11	(i) reducing to levels that are the same
12	as, or lower than, those in the United
13	States, or eliminating, by a date certain,
14	tariffs or other charges that decrease market
15	opportunities for United States exports of
16	textiles and apparel;
17	(ii) eliminating by a date certain non-
18	tariff barriers that decrease market opportu-
19	nities for United States textile and apparel
20	articles;
21	(iii) reducing or eliminating subsidies
22	that decrease market opportunities for
23	United States exports or unfairly distort
24	textile and apparel markets to the detriment
25	of the United States;

1	(iv) developing, strengthening, and
2	clarifying rules to eliminate practices that
3	unfairly decrease United States market ac-
4	cess opportunities or distort textile and ap-
5	parel markets to the detriment of the United
6	States;
7	(v) taking into account whether a
8	party to the negotiations has failed to ad-
9	here to the provisions of already existing
10	trade agreements with the United States or
11	has circumvented obligations under those
12	agreements;
13	(vi) taking into account whether a
14	product is subject to market distortions by
15	reason of a failure of a major producing
16	country to adhere to the provisions of al-
17	ready existing trade agreements with the
18	United States or by the circumvention by
19	that country of its obligations under those
20	agreements;
21	(vii) otherwise ensuring that countries
22	that accede to the World Trade Organiza-
23	tion have made meaningful market liberal-
24	ization commitments in textiles and ap-
25	parel; and

1	(viii) taking into account the impact
2	that agreements covering textiles and ap-
3	parel trade to which the United States is al-
4	ready a party are having on the United
5	States textile and apparel industry.
6	(B) Scope of objective.—The negotiating
7	objectives set forth in subparagraph (A) apply
8	with respect to trade in textile and apparel arti-
9	cles to be addressed in any trade agreement en-
10	tered into under section 2103 (a) or (b), includ-
11	ing any trade agreement entered under section
12	2103 (a) or (b) that provides for accession to a
13	trade agreement to which the United States is al-
14	ready a party.
15	(17) Worst forms of child labor.—The
16	principal negotiating objectives of the United States
17	regarding the trade-related aspects of the worst forms
18	of child labor are—
19	(A) to prevent distortions in the conduct of
20	international trade caused by the use of the
21	worst forms of child labor, in whole or in part,
22	in the production of goods for export in inter-
23	national commerce; and
24	(B) to redress unfair and illegitimate com-
25	petition based upon the use of the worst forms of

1 child labor, in whole or in part, in the produc-2 tion of goods for export in international com-3 merce, including through— 4 (i) promoting universal ratification and full compliance by all trading nations 5 6 with ILO Convention No. 182 Concerning 7 the Prohibition and Immediate Action for 8 the Elimination of the Worst Forms of 9 Child Labor, particularly with respect to meeting enforcement obligations under that 10 11 Convention and related international agree-12 *ments*: 13 (ii) pursuing action under Article XX 14 of GATT 1994 to allow WTO members to 15 restrict imports of goods found to be pro-16 duced with the worst forms of child labor; 17 *(iii)* seeking commitments by parties to 18 any multilateral or bilateral trade agree-19 ment that is entered into by the United 20 States to ensure that national laws reflect 21 international standards regarding preven-22 tion of the use of the worst forms of child 23 labor, especially in the conduct of inter-24

national trade; and

1	(iv) seeking commitments by trade
2	agreement parties to vigorously enforce laws
3	prohibiting the use of the worst forms of
4	child labor, especially in the conduct of
5	international trade, through accessible, ex-
6	peditious, and effective civil, administra-
7	tive, and criminal enforcement mechanisms.
8	(c) Promotion of Certain Priorities.—In order to
9	address and maintain United States competitiveness in the
10	global economy, the President shall—
11	(1) seek greater cooperation between the WTO
12	and the ILO;
13	(2) seek to establish consultative mechanisms
14	among parties to trade agreements to strengthen the
15	capacity of United States trading partners to promote
16	respect for core labor standards (as defined in section
17	2113(2)), and report to the Committee on Ways and
18	Means of the House of Representatives and the Com-
19	mittee on Finance of the Senate on the content and
20	operation of such mechanisms;
21	(3) seek to establish consultative mechanisms
22	among parties to trade agreements to strengthen the
23	capacity of United States trading partners to develop
24	and implement standards for the protection of the en-
25	vironment and human health based on sound science,

and report to the Committee on Ways and Means of
 the House of Representatives and the Committee on
 Finance of the Senate on the content and operation
 of such mechanisms;

5 (4) conduct environmental reviews of future 6 trade and investment agreements, consistent with Ex-7 ecutive Order 13141 of November 16, 1999 and the 8 relevant guidelines, and report to the Committee on 9 Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and 10 the Committee on Finance of the Senate on such re-11 views;

12 (5) review the impact of future trade agreements 13 on United States employment, modeled after Execu-14 tive Order 13141, taking into account the impact on 15 job security, the level of compensation of new jobs and 16 existing jobs, the displacement of employment, and the 17 regional distribution of employment, utilizing experi-18 ence from previous trade agreements and alternative 19 models of employment analysis, report to the Com-20 mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Represent-21 atives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate on 22 such review, and make that report available to the 23 *public*;

24 (6) take into account other legitimate United
25 States domestic objectives including, but not limited

to, the protection of legitimate health or safety, essen-
tial security, and consumer interests and the law and
regulations related thereto;
(7) have the Secretary of Labor consult with any
country seeking a trade agreement with the United
States concerning that country's labor laws and pro-
vide technical assistance to that country if needed;
(8) in connection with any trade negotiations
entered into under this Act, the President shall submit
to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House

10 e House 11 of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of 12 the Senate a meaningful labor rights report of the 13 country, or countries, with respect to which the Presi-14 dent is negotiating, on a time frame determined in 15 accordance with section 2107(b)(2)(E);

16 (9)(A) preserve the ability of the United States 17 to enforce rigorously its trade laws, including the 18 antidumping, countervailing duty, and safeguard 19 laws, and avoid agreements that lessen the effective-20 ness of domestic and international disciplines on un-21 fair trade, especially dumping and subsidies, or that 22 lessen the effectiveness of domestic and international 23 safeguard provisions, in order to ensure that United 24 States workers, agricultural producers, and firms can

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1	compete fully on fair terms and enjoy the benefits of
2	reciprocal trade concessions; and
3	(B) address and remedy market distortions that
4	lead to dumping and subsidization, including over-
5	capacity, cartelization, and market-access barriers.
6	(10) continue to promote consideration of multi-
7	lateral environmental agreements and consult with
8	parties to such agreements regarding the consistency
9	of any such agreement that includes trade measures
10	with existing environmental exceptions under Article
11	XX of the GATT 1994;
12	(11) report to the Committee on Ways and
13	Means of the House of Representatives and the Com-
14	mittee on Finance of the Senate, not later than 12
15	months after the imposition of a penalty or remedy
16	by the United States permitted by a trade agreement
17	to which this title applies, on the effectiveness of the
18	penalty or remedy applied under United States law
19	in enforcing United States rights under the trade
20	agreement; and
21	(12) seek to establish consultative mechanisms

21 (12) seek to establish consultative mechanisms
22 among parties to trade agreements to examine the
23 trade consequences of significant and unanticipated
24 currency movements and to scrutinize whether a for25 eign government engaged in a pattern of manipu-

lating its currency to promote a competitive advan tage in international trade.

3 The report required under paragraph (11) shall address
4 whether the penalty or remedy was effective in changing
5 the behavior of the targeted party and whether the penalty
6 or remedy had any adverse impact on parties or interests
7 not party to the dispute.

8 (d) CONSULTATIONS.—

9 (1) Consultations with congressional ad-10 VISERS.—In the course of negotiations conducted 11 under this title, the United States Trade Representa-12 tive shall consult closely and on a timely basis with, 13 and keep fully apprised of the negotiations, the Con-14 gressional Oversight Group convened under section 15 2107 and all committees of the House of Representa-16 tives and the Senate with jurisdiction over laws that 17 would be affected by a trade agreement resulting from 18 the negotiations.

19 (2) CONSULTATION BEFORE AGREEMENT INI20 TIALED.—In the course of negotiations conducted
21 under this title, the United States Trade Representa22 tive shall—

23 (A) consult closely and on a timely basis
24 (including immediately before initialing an
25 agreement) with, and keep fully apprised of the

1	negotiations, the congressional advisers for trade
2	policy and negotiations appointed under section
3	161 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2211),
4	the Committee on Ways and Means of the House
5	of Representatives, the Committee on Finance of
6	the Senate, and the Congressional Oversight
7	Group convened under section 2107; and
8	(B) with regard to any negotiations and
9	agreement relating to agricultural trade, also
10	consult closely and on a timely basis (including
11	immediately before initialing an agreement)
12	with, and keep fully apprised of the negotiations,
13	the Committee on Agriculture of the House of
14	Representatives and the Committee on Agri-
15	culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.
16	(e) Adherence to Obligations Under Uruguay
17	Round Agreements.—In determining whether to enter
18	into negotiations with a particular country, the President
19	shall take into account the extent to which that country has
20	implemented, or has accelerated the implementation of, its
21	obligations under the Uruguay Round Agreements.
22	SEC. 2103. TRADE AGREEMENTS AUTHORITY.
23	(a) Agreements Regarding Tariff Barriers.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the President deter-

25 mines that one or more existing duties or other im-

1	port restrictions of any foreign country or the United
2	States are unduly burdening and restricting the for-
3	eign trade of the United States and that the purposes,
4	policies, priorities, and objectives of this title will be
5	promoted thereby, the President—
6	(A) may enter into trade agreements with
7	foreign countries before—
8	(i) June 1, 2005; or
9	(ii) June 1, 2007, if trade authorities
10	procedures are extended under subsection
11	(c); and
12	(B) may, subject to paragraphs (2) and (3),
13	proclaim—
14	(i) such modification or continuance of
15	any existing duty,
16	(ii) such continuance of existing duty-
17	free or excise treatment, or
18	(iii) such additional duties,
19	as the President determines to be required or ap-
20	propriate to carry out any such trade agreement.
21	The President shall notify the Congress of the Presi-
22	dent's intention to enter into an agreement under this
23	subsection.
24	(2) LIMITATIONS.—No proclamation may be
25	made under paragraph (1) that—

1	(A) reduces any rate of duty (other than a
2	rate of duty that does not exceed 5 percent ad va-
3	lorem on the date of the enactment of this Act)
4	to a rate of duty which is less than 50 percent
5	of the rate of such duty that applies on such date
6	of enactment;
7	(B) reduces the rate of duty below that ap-
8	plicable under the Uruguay Round Agreements,
9	on any import sensitive agricultural product; or
10	(C) increases any rate of duty above the
11	rate that applied on the date of the enactment of
12	this Act.
13	(3) Aggregate reduction; exemption from
14	STAGING.—
15	(A) AGGREGATE REDUCTION.—Except as
16	provided in subparagraph (B), the aggregate re -
17	duction in the rate of duty on any article which
18	is in effect on any day pursuant to a trade
19	agreement entered into under paragraph (1)
20	shall not exceed the aggregate reduction which
21	would have been in effect on such day if—
22	(i) a reduction of 3 percent ad valorem
23	or a reduction of one-tenth of the total re-
24	duction, whichever is greater, had taken ef-
25	fect on the effective date of the first reduc-

1	tion proclaimed under paragraph (1) to
2	carry out such agreement with respect to
3	such article; and
4	(ii) a reduction equal to the amount
5	applicable under clause (i) had taken effect
6	at 1-year intervals after the effective date of
7	such first reduction.
8	(B) EXEMPTION FROM STAGING.—No stag-
9	ing is required under subparagraph (A) with re-
10	spect to a duty reduction that is proclaimed
11	under paragraph (1) for an article of a kind
12	that is not produced in the United States. The
13	United States International Trade Commission
14	shall advise the President of the identity of arti-
15	cles that may be exempted from staging under
16	this subparagraph.
17	(4) ROUNDING.—If the President determines that
18	such action will simplify the computation of reduc-
19	tions under paragraph (3), the President may round
20	an annual reduction by an amount equal to the lesser
21	of
22	(A) the difference between the reduction
23	without regard to this paragraph and the next
24	lower whole number; or
25	(B) one-half of 1 percent ad valorem.

1	(5) OTHER LIMITATIONS.—A rate of duty reduc-
2	tion that may not be proclaimed by reason of para-
3	graph (2) may take effect only if a provision author-
4	izing such reduction is included within an imple-
5	menting bill provided for under section 2105 and that
6	bill is enacted into law.
7	(6) OTHER TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.—Notwith-
8	standing paragraphs $(1)(B)$, $(2)(A)$, $(2)(C)$, and (3)
9	through (5), and subject to the consultation and lay-
10	over requirements of section 115 of the Uruguay
11	Round Agreements Act, the President may proclaim
12	the modification of any duty or staged rate reduction
13	of any duty set forth in Schedule XX, as defined in
14	section 2102(5) of that Act, if the United States
15	agrees to such modification or staged rate reduction
16	in a negotiation for the reciprocal elimination or har-
17	monization of duties under the auspices of the World
18	Trade Organization.
19	(7) Authority under uruguay round agree-
20	MENTS ACT NOT AFFECTED.—Nothing in this sub-
21	section shall limit the authority provided to the Presi-
22	dent under section 111(b) of the Uruguay Round
23	Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3521(b)).
24	(b) Agreements Regarding Tariff and Nontariff
25	

25 BARRIERS.—

1	(1) In general.—

2	(A) DETERMINATION BY PRESIDENT.—
3	Whenever the President determines that—
4	(i) one or more existing duties or any
5	other import restriction of any foreign
6	country or the United States or any other
7	barrier to, or other distortion of, inter-
8	national trade unduly burdens or restricts
9	the foreign trade of the United States or ad-
10	versely affects the United States economy; or
11	(ii) the imposition of any such barrier
12	or distortion is likely to result in such a
13	burden, restriction, or effect;
14	and that the purposes, policies, priorities, and
15	objectives of this title will be promoted thereby,
16	the President may enter into a trade agreement
17	described in subparagraph (B) during the period
18	described in subparagraph (C).
19	(B) Agreement to reduce or eliminate
20	CERTAIN DISTORTION.—The President may enter
21	into a trade agreement under subparagraph (A)
22	with foreign countries providing for—
23	(i) the reduction or elimination of a
24	duty, restriction, barrier, or other distortion
25	described in subparagraph (A), or

1	(ii) the prohibition of, or limitation on
2	the imposition of, such barrier or other dis-
3	tortion.
4	(C) TIME PERIOD.—The President may
5	enter into a trade agreement under this para-
6	graph before—
7	(i) June 1, 2005; or
8	(ii) June 1, 2007, if trade authorities
9	procedures are extended under subsection
10	(c).
11	(2) CONDITIONS.—A trade agreement may be en-
12	tered into under this subsection only if such agree-
13	ment makes progress in meeting the applicable objec-
14	tives described in section 2102 (a) and (b) and the
15	President satisfies the conditions set forth in section
16	2104.
17	(3) Bills qualifying for trade authorities
18	PROCEDURES.—
19	(A) APPLICATION OF EXPEDITED PROCE-
20	DURES.—The provisions of section 151 of the
21	Trade Act of 1974 (in this title referred to as
22	"trade authorities procedures") apply to a bill of
23	either House of Congress which contains provi-
24	sions described in subparagraph (B) to the same
25	extent as such section 151 applies to imple-

1	menting bills under that section. A bill to which
2	this paragraph applies shall hereafter in this
3	title be referred to as an "implementing bill".
4	(B) Provisions described.—The provi-
5	sions referred to in subparagraph (A) are—
6	(i) a provision approving a trade
7	agreement entered into under this subsection
8	and approving the statement of administra-
9	tive action, if any, proposed to implement
10	such trade agreement; and
11	(ii) if changes in existing laws or new
12	statutory authority are required to imple-
13	ment such trade agreement or agreements,
14	provisions, necessary or appropriate to im-
15	plement such trade agreement or agree-
16	ments, either repealing or amending exist-
17	ing laws or providing new statutory author-
18	ity.
19	(4) Limitations on trade authorities pro-
20	CEDURES.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
22	other provision of law, the provisions of section
23	151 of the Trade Act of 1974 (trade authorities
24	procedures) shall not apply to any provision in
25	an implementing bill being considered by the

1	Senate that modifies or amends, or requires a
2	modification of, or an amendment to, any law of
3	the United States that provides safeguards from
4	unfair foreign trade practices to United States
5	businesses or workers, including—
6	(i) imposition of countervailing and
7	antidumping duties (title VII of the Tariff
8	Act of 1930; 19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.);
9	(ii) protection from unfair methods of
10	competition and unfair acts in the importa-
11	tion of articles (section 337 of the Tariff Act
12	of 1930; 19 U.S.C. 1337);
13	(iii) relief from injury caused by im-
14	port competition (title II of the Trade Act
15	of 1974; 19 U.S.C. 2251 et seq.);
16	(iv) relief from unfair trade practices
17	(title III of the Trade Act of 1974; 19
18	U.S.C. 2411 et seq.); or
19	(v) national security import restric-
20	tions (section 232 of the Trade Expansion
21	Act of 1962; 19 U.S.C. 1862).
22	(B) Point of order in senate.—
23	(i) IN GENERAL.—When the Senate is
24	considering an implementing bill, upon a
25	point of order being made by any Senator

1	against any part of the implementing bill
2	that contains material in violation of sub-
3	paragraph (A), and the point of order is
4	sustained by the Presiding Officer, the part
5	of the implementing bill against which the
6	point of order is sustained shall be stricken
7	from the bill.
8	(ii) WAIVERS AND APPEALS.—
9	(I) WAIVERS.—Before the Pre-
10	siding Officer rules on a point of order
11	described in clause (i), any Senator
12	may move to waive the point of order
13	and the motion to waive shall not be
14	subject to amendment. A point of order
15	described in clause (i) is waived only
16	by the affirmative vote of a majority of
17	the Members of the Senate, duly chosen
18	and sworn.
19	(II) Appeals.—After the Pre-
20	siding Officer rules on a point of order
21	under this subparagraph, any Senator
22	may appeal the ruling of the Presiding
23	Officer on the point of order as it ap-
24	plies to some or all of the provisions on
25	which the Presiding Officer ruled. A

1	ruling of the Presiding Officer on a
2	point of order described in clause (i) is
3	sustained unless a majority of the
4	Members of the Senate, duly chosen
5	and sworn, vote not to sustain the rul-
6	ing.
7	(III) DEBATE.—Debate on a mo-
8	tion to waive under subclause (I) or on
9	an appeal of the ruling of the Pre-
10	siding Officer under subclause (II)
11	shall be limited to 1 hour. The time
12	shall be equally divided between, and
13	controlled by, the majority leader and
14	the minority leader, or their designees.
15	(c) Extension Disapproval Process for Congres-
16	SIONAL TRADE AUTHORITIES PROCEDURES.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section
18	2105(b)—
19	(A) the trade authorities procedures apply
20	to implementing bills submitted with respect to
21	trade agreements entered into under subsection
22	(b) before July 1, 2005; and
23	(B) the trade authorities procedures shall be
24	extended to implementing bills submitted with
25	respect to trade agreements entered into under

1	subsection (b) after June 30, 2005, and before
2	July 1, 2007, if (and only if)—
3	(i) the President requests such exten-
4	sion under paragraph (2); and
5	(ii) neither House of the Congress
6	adopts an extension disapproval resolution
7	under paragraph (5) before June 1, 2005.
8	(2) Report to congress by the presi-
9	DENT.—If the President is of the opinion that the
10	trade authorities procedures should be extended to im-
11	plementing bills described in paragraph $(1)(B)$, the
12	President shall submit to the Congress, not later than
13	March 1, 2005, a written report that contains a re-
14	quest for such extension, together with—
15	(A) a description of all trade agreements
16	that have been negotiated under subsection (b)
17	and the anticipated schedule for submitting such
18	agreements to the Congress for approval;
19	(B) a description of the progress that has
20	been made in negotiations to achieve the pur-
21	poses, policies, priorities, and objectives of this
22	title, and a statement that such progress justifies
23	the continuation of negotiations; and
24	(C) a statement of the reasons why the ex-
25	tension is needed to complete the negotiations.

(3) Other reports to congress.—

2	(A) REPORT BY THE ADVISORY COM-
3	MITTEE.—The President shall promptly inform
4	the Advisory Committee for Trade Policy and
5	Negotiations established under section 135 of the
6	Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2155) of the Presi-
7	dent's decision to submit a report to the Congress
8	under paragraph (2). The Advisory Committee
9	shall submit to the Congress as soon as prac-
10	ticable, but not later than May 1, 2005, a writ-
11	ten report that contains—
12	(i) its views regarding the progress
13	that has been made in negotiations to
14	achieve the purposes, policies, priorities,
15	and objectives of this title; and
16	(ii) a statement of its views, and the
17	reasons therefor, regarding whether the ex-
18	tension requested under paragraph (2)
19	should be approved or disapproved.
20	(B) REPORT BY ITC.—The President shall
21	promptly inform the International Trade Com-
22	mission of the President's decision to submit a
23	report to the Congress under paragraph (2). The
24	International Trade Commission shall submit to
25	the Congress as soon as practicable, but not later

1	than May 1, 2005, a written report that contains
2	a review and analysis of the economic impact on
3	the United States of all trade agreements imple-
4	mented between the date of enactment of this Act
5	and the date on which the President decides to
6	seek an extension requested under paragraph (2).
7	(4) Status of reports.—The reports sub-
8	mitted to the Congress under paragraphs (2) and (3),
9	or any portion of such reports, may be classified to
10	the extent the President determines appropriate.
11	(5) EXTENSION DISAPPROVAL RESOLUTIONS.—
12	(A) DEFINITION.—For purposes of para-
13	graph (1), the term "extension disapproval reso-
14	lution" means a resolution of either House of the
15	Congress, the sole matter after the resolving
16	clause of which is as follows: "That the
17	disapproves the request of the Presi-
18	dent for the extension, under section
19	2103(c)(1)(B)(i) of the Bipartisan Trade Pro-
20	motion Authority Act of 2002, of the trade au-
21	thorities procedures under that Act to any imple-
22	menting bill submitted with respect to any trade
23	agreement entered into under section 2103(b) of
24	that Act after June 30, 2005.", with the blank

1	space being filled with the name of the resolving
2	House of the Congress.
3	(B) INTRODUCTION.—Extension dis-
4	approval resolutions—
5	(i) may be introduced in either House
6	of the Congress by any member of such
7	House; and
8	(ii) shall be referred, in the House of
9	Representatives, to the Committee on Ways
10	and Means and, in addition, to the Com-
11	mittee on Rules.
12	(C) Application of section 152 of the
13	TRADE ACT OF 1974.—The provisions of section
14	152 (d) and (e) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
15	U.S.C. 2192 (d) and (e)) (relating to the floor
16	consideration of certain resolutions in the House
17	and Senate) apply to extension disapproval reso-
18	lutions.
19	(D) LIMITATIONS.—It is not in order for—
20	(i) the Senate to consider any exten-
21	sion disapproval resolution not reported by
22	the Committee on Finance;
23	(ii) the House of Representatives to
24	consider any extension disapproval resolu-
25	tion not reported by the Committee on Ways

1	and Means and, in addition, by the Com-
2	mittee on Rules; or
3	(iii) either House of the Congress to
4	consider an extension disapproval resolution
5	after June 30, 2005.
6	(d) Commencement of Negotiations.—In order to
7	contribute to the continued economic expansion of the
8	United States, the President shall commence negotiations
9	covering tariff and nontariff barriers affecting any indus-
10	try, product, or service sector, and expand existing sectoral
11	agreements to countries that are not parties to those agree-
12	ments, in cases where the President determines that such
13	negotiations are feasible and timely and would benefit the
14	United States. Such sectors include agriculture, commercial
15	services, intellectual property rights, industrial and capital
16	goods, government procurement, information technology
17	products, environmental technology and services, medical
18	equipment and services, civil aircraft, and infrastructure
19	products. In so doing, the President shall take into account
20	all of the principal negotiating objectives set forth in section
21	2102(b).

22 SEC. 2104. CONSULTATIONS AND ASSESSMENT.

(a) NOTICE AND CONSULTATION BEFORE NEGOTIATION.—The President, with respect to any agreement that
is subject to the provisions of section 2103(b), shall—

	(1) provide, at least 90 calendar days before ini-
	tiating negotiations, written notice to the Congress of
	the President's intention to enter into the negotiations
	and set forth therein the date the President intends to
	initiate such negotiations, the specific United States
	objectives for the negotiations, and whether the Presi-
,	dent intends to seek an agreement, or changes to an
	existing agreement;
)	(2) before and after submission of the notice, con-
)	sult regarding the negotiations with the Committee on
	Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways
*	and Means of the House of Representatives, such other
	committees of the House and Senate as the President
	deems appropriate, and the Congressional Oversight
	group convened under section 2107; and
	(3) upon the request of a majority of the mem-
,	bers of the Congressional Oversight Group under sec-
	tion 2107(c), meet with the Congressional Oversight
)	Group before initiating the negotiations or at any

other time concerning the negotiations. (b) NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING AGRICULTURE AND

FISHING INDUSTRY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Before initiating or con-tinuing negotiations the subject matter of which is di-rectly related to the subject matter under section

1	2102(b)(10)(A)(i) with any country, the President
2	shall assess whether United States tariffs on agricul-
3	tural products that were bound under the Uruguay
4	Round Agreements are lower than the tariffs bound
5	by that country. In addition, the President shall con-
6	sider whether the tariff levels bound and applied
7	throughout the world with respect to imports from the
8	United States are higher than United States tariffs
9	and whether the negotiation provides an opportunity
10	to address any such disparity. The President shall
11	consult with the Committee on Ways and Means and
12	the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives and the Committee on Finance and the
14	Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of
15	the Senate concerning the results of the assessment,
16	whether it is appropriate for the United States to
17	agree to further tariff reductions based on the conclu-
18	sions reached in the assessment, and how all applica-
19	ble negotiating objectives will be met.
20	(2) Special consultations on import sen-
21	SITIVE PRODUCTS.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—Before initiating nego-
23	tiations with regard to agriculture, and, with re-
24	spect to the Free Trade Area for the Americas
25	and negotiations with regard to agriculture

1	under the auspices of the World Trade Organiza-
2	tion, as soon as practicable after the enactment
3	of this Act, the United States Trade Representa-
4	tive shall—
5	(i) identify those agricultural products
6	subject to tariff-rate quotas on the date of
7	enactment of this Act, and agricultural
8	products subject to tariff reductions by the
9	United States as a result of the Uruguay
10	Round Agreements, for which the rate of
11	duty was reduced on January 1, 1995, to a
12	rate which was not less than 97.5 percent of
13	the rate of duty that applied to such article
14	on December 31, 1994;
15	(ii) consult with the Committee on
16	Ways and Means and the Committee on Ag-
17	riculture of the House of Representatives
18	and the Committee on Finance and the
19	Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
20	Forestry of the Senate concerning—
21	(I) whether any further tariff re-
22	ductions on the products identified
23	under clause (i) should be appropriate,
24	taking into account the impact of any
25	such tariff reduction on the United

1	States industry producing the product
2	concerned;
3	(II) whether the products so iden-
4	tified face unjustified sanitary or
5	phytosanitary restrictions, including
6	those not based on scientific principles
7	in contravention of the Uruguay
8	Round Agreements; and
9	(III) whether the countries par-
10	ticipating in the negotiations maintain
11	export subsidies or other programs,
12	policies, or practices that distort world
13	trade in such products and the impact
14	of such programs, policies, and prac-
15	tices on United States producers of the
16	products;
17	(iii) request that the International
18	Trade Commission prepare an assessment of
19	the probable economic effects of any such
20	tariff reduction on the United States indus-
21	try producing the product concerned and on
22	the United States economy as a whole; and
23	(iv) upon complying with clauses (i) ,
24	(ii), and (iii), notify the Committee on
25	Ways and Means and the Committee on Ag-

1	riculture of the House of Representatives
2	and the Committee on Finance and the
3	Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
4	Forestry of the Senate of those products
5	identified under clause (i) for which the
6	Trade Representative intends to seek tariff
7	liberalization in the negotiations and the
8	reasons for seeking such tariff liberalization.
9	(B) Identification of additional Agri-
10	CULTURAL PRODUCTS.—If, after negotiations de-
11	scribed in subparagraph (A) are commenced—
12	(i) the United States Trade Represent-
13	ative identifies any additional agricultural
14	product described in subparagraph $(A)(i)$
15	for tariff reductions which were not the sub-
16	ject of a notification under subparagraph
17	(A)(<i>iv</i>), or
18	(ii) any additional agricultural prod-
19	uct described in subparagraph $(A)(i)$ is the
20	subject of a request for tariff reductions by
21	a party to the negotiations,
22	the Trade Representative shall, as soon as prac-
23	ticable, notify the committees referred to in sub-
24	paragraph (A)(iv) of those products and the rea-
25	sons for seeking such tariff reductions.

1 (3) Negotiations regarding the fishing in-2 DUSTRY.—Before initiating, or continuing, negotia-3 tions which directly relate to fish or shellfish trade 4 with any country, the President shall consult with the Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee 5 6 on Resources of the House of Representatives, and the 7 Committee on Finance and the Committee on Com-8 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, 9 and shall keep the Committees apprised of negotia-10 tions on an ongoing and timely basis.

11 NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING TEXTILES.—Before (c)12 initiating or continuing negotiations the subject matter of 13 which is directly related to textiles and apparel products with any country, the President shall assess whether United 14 15 States tariffs on textile and apparel products that were bound under the Uruquay Round Agreements are lower 16 than the tariffs bound by that country and whether the ne-17 gotiation provides an opportunity to address any such dis-18 parity. The President shall consult with the Committee on 19 Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the 20 21 Committee on Finance of the Senate concerning the results 22 of the assessment, whether it is appropriate for the United 23 States to agree to further tariff reductions based on the con-24 clusions reached in the assessment, and how all applicable negotiating objectives will be met. 25

1	(d) Consultation With Congress Before Agree-
2	ments Entered Into.—
3	(1) CONSULTATION.—Before entering into any
4	trade agreement under section 2103(b), the President
5	shall consult with—
6	(A) the Committee on Ways and Means of
7	the House of Representatives and the Committee
8	on Finance of the Senate;
9	(B) each other committee of the House and
10	the Senate, and each joint committee of the Con-
11	gress, which has jurisdiction over legislation in-
12	volving subject matters which would be affected
13	by the trade agreement; and
14	(C) the Congressional Oversight Group con-
15	vened under section 2107.
16	(2) Scope.—The consultation described in para-
17	graph (1) shall include consultation with respect to—
18	(A) the nature of the agreement;
19	(B) how and to what extent the agreement
20	will achieve the applicable purposes, policies,
21	priorities, and objectives of this title; and
22	(C) the implementation of the agreement
23	under section 2105, including the general effect
24	of the agreement on existing laws.

1	(3) Report regarding united states tra	DE
2	REMEDY LAWS.—	

3 (A) CHANGES IN CERTAIN TRADE LAWS.— 4 The President, at least 90 calendar days before 5 the day on which the President enters into a trade agreement, shall notify the Committee on 6 7 Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate in 8 9 writing of any amendments to title VII of the 10 Tariff Act of 1930 or chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 that the President proposes to 11 include in a bill implementing such trade agree-12 13 ment.

14(B) EXPLANATION.—On the date that the15President transmits the notification, the Presi-16dent also shall transmit to the Committees a re-17port explaining—

18	(i) the President's reasons for believing
19	that amendments to title VII of the Tariff
20	Act of 1930 or to chapter 1 of title II of the
21	Trade Act of 1974 are necessary to imple-
22	ment the trade agreement; and
23	(ii) the President's reasons for believ-
24	ing that such amendments are consistent

- 1 with the purposes, policies, and objectives 2 described in section 2102(c)(9). 3 (C) REPORT TO HOUSE.—Not later than 60 4 calendar days after the date on which the President transmits the notification described in sub-5 6 paragraph (A), the Chairman and ranking mem-7 ber of the Ways and Means Committee of the 8 House of Representatives, based on consultations 9 with the members of that Committee, shall issue 10 to the House of Representatives a report stating 11 whether the proposed amendments described in 12 the President's notification are consistent with 13 the purposes, policies, and objectives described in 14 section 2102(c)(9). In the event that the Chair-15 man and ranking member disagree with respect 16 to one or more conclusions, the report shall con-17 tain the separate views of the Chairman and 18 ranking member. 19 (D) REPORT TO SENATE.—Not later than 20 60 calendar days after the date on which the
- 20 Consultations with the members of that
 21 Committee, shall issue to the Senate a report

1 stating whether the proposed amendments de-2 scribed in the President's report are consistent 3 with the purposes, policies, and objectives de-4 scribed in section 2102(c)(9). In the event that the Chairman and ranking member disagree 5 6 with respect to one or more conclusions, the report shall contain the separate views of the 7 8 Chairman and ranking member.

9 (e) Advisory Committee Reports.—The report re-10 quired under section 135(e)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 regarding any trade agreement entered into under section 11 2103 (a) or (b) of this title shall be provided to the Presi-12 13 dent, the Congress, and the United States Trade Representative not later than 30 days after the date on which the 14 15 President notifies the Congress under section 2103(a)(1) or 2105(a)(1)(A) of the President's intention to enter into the 16 17 agreement.

18 (f) ITC ASSESSMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President, at least 90 calendar days before the day on which the President enters into a trade agreement under section 2103(b),
shall provide the International Trade Commission
(referred to in this subsection as "the Commission")
with the details of the agreement as it exists at that
time and request the Commission to prepare and sub-

1	mit an assessment of the agreement as described in
2	paragraph (2). Between the time the President makes
3	the request under this paragraph and the time the
4	Commission submits the assessment, the President
5	shall keep the Commission current with respect to the
6	details of the agreement.
7	(2) ITC Assessment.—Not later than 90 cal-
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8 endar days after the President enters into the agree-9 ment, the Commission shall submit to the President 10 and the Congress a report assessing the likely impact 11 of the agreement on the United States economy as a 12 whole and on specific industry sectors, including the 13 impact the agreement will have on the gross domestic 14 product, exports and imports, aggregate employment 15 and employment opportunities, the production, em-16 ployment, and competitive position of industries like-17 ly to be significantly affected by the agreement, and 18 the interests of United States consumers.

19 (3) REVIEW OF EMPIRICAL LITERATURE.—In
20 preparing the assessment, the Commission shall re21 view available economic assessments regarding the
22 agreement, including literature regarding any sub23 stantially equivalent proposed agreement, and shall
24 provide in its assessment a description of the analyses
25 used and conclusions drawn in such literature, and a

1	discussion of areas of consensus and divergence be-
2	tween the various analyses and conclusions, including
3	those of the Commission regarding the agreement.
4	SEC. 2105. IMPLEMENTATION OF TRADE AGREEMENTS.
5	(a) In General.—
6	(1) NOTIFICATION AND SUBMISSION.—Any agree-
7	ment entered into under section 2103(b) shall enter
8	into force with respect to the United States if (and
9	only if)—
10	(A) the President, at least 90 calendar days
11	before the day on which the President enters into
12	an agreement—
13	(i) notifies the House of Representa-
14	tives and the Senate of the President's in-
15	tention to enter into the agreement, and
16	promptly thereafter publishes notice of such
17	intention in the Federal Register; and
18	(ii) transmits to the Committee on
19	Ways and Means of the House of Represent-
20	atives and the Committee on Finance of the
21	Senate the notification and report described
22	in section 2104(d)(3) (A) and (B);
23	(B) within 60 days after entering into the
24	agreement, the President submits to the Congress
25	a description of those changes to existing laws

1	that the President considers would be required in
2	order to bring the United States into compliance
3	with the agreement;
4	(C) after entering into the agreement, the
5	President submits to the Congress, on a day on
6	which both Houses of Congress are in session, a
7	copy of the final legal text of the agreement, to-
8	gether with—
9	(i) a draft of an implementing bill de-
10	scribed in section 2103(b)(3);
11	(ii) a statement of any administrative
12	action proposed to implement the trade
13	agreement; and
14	(iii) the supporting information de-
15	scribed in paragraph (2); and
16	(D) the implementing bill is enacted into
17	law.
18	(2) SUPPORTING INFORMATION.—The supporting
19	information required under paragraph $(1)(C)(iii)$
20	consists of—
21	(A) an explanation as to how the imple-
22	menting bill and proposed administrative action
23	will change or affect existing law; and
24	(B) a statement—

1	(i) asserting that the agreement makes
2	progress in achieving the applicable pur-
3	poses, policies, priorities, and objectives of
4	this title; and
5	(ii) setting forth the reasons of the
6	President regarding—
7	(I) how and to what extent the
8	agreement makes progress in achieving
9	the applicable purposes, policies, and
10	objectives referred to in clause (i);
11	(II) whether and how the agree-
12	ment changes provisions of an agree-
13	ment previously negotiated;
14	(III) how the agreement serves the
15	interests of United States commerce;
16	(IV) how the implementing bill
17	meets the standards set forth in section
18	2103(b)(3);
19	(V) how and to what extent the
20	agreement makes progress in achieving
21	the applicable purposes, policies, and
22	objectives referred to in section 2102(c)
23	regarding the promotion of certain pri-
24	orities; and

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1	(VI) in the event that the reports
2	described in section $2104(b)(3)$ (C) and
3	(D) contain any findings that the pro-
4	posed amendments are inconsistent
5	with the purposes, policies, and objec-
6	tives described in section $2102(c)(9)$,
7	an explanation as to why the President
8	believes such findings to be incorrect.
9	(3) Reciprocal benefits.—In order to ensure
10	that a foreign country that is not a party to a trade
11	agreement entered into under section 2103(b) does not
12	receive benefits under the agreement unless the coun-
13	try is also subject to the obligations under the agree-
14	ment, the implementing bill submitted with respect to
15	the agreement shall provide that the benefits and obli-
16	gations under the agreement apply only to the parties
17	to the agreement, if such application is consistent
18	with the terms of the agreement. The implementing
19	bill may also provide that the benefits and obligations
20	under the agreement do not apply uniformly to all
21	parties to the agreement, if such application is con-
22	sistent with the terms of the agreement.
23	(4) Disclosure of commitments.—Any agree-
24	ment or other understanding with a foreign govern-

1	ment or governments (whether oral or in writing)
2	that—
3	(A) relates to a trade agreement with re-
4	spect to which Congress enacts implementing leg-
5	islation under trade authorities procedures, and
6	(B) is not disclosed to Congress before legis-
7	lation implementing that agreement is intro-
8	duced in either House of Congress,
9	shall not be considered to be part of the agreement ap-
10	proved by Congress and shall have no force and effect
11	under United States law or in any dispute settlement
12	body.
13	(b) Limitations on Trade Authorities Proce-
14	DURES.—
15	(1) For lack of notice or consultations.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The trade authorities
17	procedures shall not apply to any implementing
18	bill submitted with respect to a trade agreement
19	or trade agreements entered into under section
20	2103(b) if during the 60-day period beginning
21	on the date that one House of Congress agrees to
22	a procedural disapproval resolution for lack of
23	notice or consultations with respect to such trade
24	agreement or agreements, the other House sepa-
25	rately agrees to a procedural disapproval resolu-

tion with respect to such trade agreement or agreements.

3 (B) PROCEDURAL DISAPPROVAL RESOLU-4 TION.—(i) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "procedural disapproval resolution" means 5 6 a resolution of either House of Congress, the sole 7 matter after the resolving clause of which is as 8 follows: "That the President has failed or refused 9 to notify or consult in accordance with the Bi-10 partisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002 11 on negotiations with respect to 12 and, therefore, the trade authorities procedures 13 under that Act shall not apply to any imple-14 menting bill submitted with respect to such trade 15 agreement or agreements.", with the blank space 16 being filled with a description of the trade agree-17 ment or agreements with respect to which the 18 President is considered to have failed or refused 19 to notify or consult.

20 (ii) For purposes of clause (i), the President
21 has "failed or refused to notify or consult in ac22 cordance with the Bipartisan Trade Promotion
23 Authority Act of 2002" on negotiations with re24 spect to a trade agreement or trade agreements
25 if—

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1	(I) the President has failed or refused
2	to consult (as the case may be) in accord-
3	ance with section 2104 or 2105 with respect
4	to the negotiations, agreement, or agree-
5	ments;
6	(II) guidelines under section 2107(b)
7	have not been developed or met with respect
8	to the negotiations, agreement, or agree-
9	ments;
10	(III) the President has not met with
11	the Congressional Oversight Group pursu-
12	ant to a request made under section 2107(c)
13	with respect to the negotiations, agreement,
14	or agreements; or
15	(IV) the agreement or agreements fail
16	to make progress in achieving the purposes,
17	policies, priorities, and objectives of this
18	title.
19	(C) Procedures for considering reso-
20	LUTIONS.—(i) Procedural disapproval
21	resolutions—
22	(I) in the House of Representatives—
23	(aa) may be introduced by any
24	Member of the House;

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1	(bb) shall be referred to the Com-
2	mittee on Ways and Means and, in ad-
3	dition, to the Committee on Rules; and
4	(cc) may not be amended by ei-
5	ther Committee; and
6	(II) in the Senate—
7	(aa) may be introduced by any
8	Member of the Senate.
9	(bb) shall be referred to the Com-
10	mittee on Finance; and
11	(cc) may not be amended.
12	(ii) The provisions of section 152 (d) and
13	(e) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2192 (d)
14	and (e)) (relating to the floor consideration of
15	certain resolutions in the House and Senate)
16	apply to a procedural disapproval resolution in-
17	troduced with respect to a trade agreement if no
18	other procedural disapproval resolution with re-
19	spect to that trade agreement has previously been
20	considered under such provisions of section 152
21	of the Trade Act of 1974 in that House of Con-
22	gress during that Congress.
23	(iii) It is not in order for the House of Rep-
24	resentatives to consider any procedural dis-
25	approval resolution not reported by the Com-

1	mittee on Ways and Means and, in addition, by
2	the Committee on Rules.
3	(iv) It is not in order for the Senate to con-
4	sider any procedural disapproval resolution not
5	reported by the Committee on Finance.
6	(2) For failure to meet other require-
7	MENTS.—Prior to December 31, 2002, the Secretary of
8	Commerce shall transmit to Congress a report setting
9	forth the strategy of the United States for correcting
10	instances in which dispute settlement panels and the
11	Appellate Body of the WTO have added to obligations
12	or diminished rights of the United States, as de-
13	scribed in section 2101(b)(3). Trade authorities proce-
14	dures shall not apply to any implementing bill with
15	respect to an agreement negotiated under the auspices
16	of the WTO, unless the Secretary of Commerce has
17	issued such report in a timely manner.
18	(c) Rules of House of Representatives and Sen-
19	ATE.—Subsection (b) of this section and section 2103(c) are
20	enacted by the Congress—
21	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the
22	House of Representatives and the Senate, respectively,
23	and as such are deemed a part of the rules of each
24	House, respectively, and such procedures supersede

1	other rules only to the extent that they are incon-
2	sistent with such other rules; and
3	(2) with the full recognition of the constitutional
4	right of either House to change the rules (so far as re-
5	lating to the procedures of that House) at any time,
6	in the same manner, and to the same extent as any
7	other rule of that House.
8	SEC. 2106. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRADE AGREEMENTS
9	FOR WHICH NEGOTIATIONS HAVE ALREADY
10	BEGUN.
11	(a) CERTAIN AGREEMENTS.—Notwithstanding the
12	$prenegotiation\ notification\ and\ consultation\ requirement$
13	described in section 2104(a), if an agreement to which sec-
14	tion 2103(b) applies—
15	(1) is entered into under the auspices of the
16	World Trade Organization,
17	(2) is entered into with Chile,
18	(3) is entered into with Singapore, or
19	(4) establishes a Free Trade Area for the Amer-
20	icas,
21	and results from negotiations that were commenced before
22	the date of the enactment of this Act, subsection (b) shall
23	apply.
24	(b) TREATMENT OF AGREEMENTS.—In the case of any
25	agreement to which subsection (a) applies—

1	(1) the applicability of the trade authorities pro-
2	cedures to implementing bills shall be determined
3	without regard to the requirements of section $2104(a)$
4	(relating only to 90 days notice prior to initiating
5	negotiations), and any procedural disapproval resolu-
6	tion under section $2105(b)(1)(B)$ shall not be in order
7	on the basis of a failure or refusal to comply with the
8	provisions of section 2104(a); and
9	(2) the President shall, as soon as feasible after
10	the enactment of this Act—
11	(A) notify the Congress of the negotiations
12	described in subsection (a), the specific United
13	States objectives in the negotiations, and whether
14	the President is seeking a new agreement or
15	changes to an existing agreement; and
16	(B) before and after submission of the no-
17	tice, consult regarding the negotiations with the
18	committees referred to in section $2104(a)(2)$ and
19	the Congressional Oversight Group.
20	SEC. 2107. CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT GROUP.
21	(a) Members and Functions.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—By not later than 60 days
23	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not
24	later than 30 days after the convening of each Con-
25	gress, the chairman of the Committee on Ways and

1	Means of the House of Representatives and the chair-
2	man of the Committee on Finance of the Senate shall
3	convene the Congressional Oversight Group.
4	(2) Membership from the house.—In each
5	Congress, the Congressional Oversight Group shall be
6	comprised of the following Members of the House of
7	Representatives:
8	(A) The chairman and ranking member of
9	the Committee on Ways and Means, and 3 addi-
10	tional members of such Committee (not more
11	than 2 of whom are members of the same polit-
12	ical party).
13	(B) The chairman and ranking member, or
14	their designees, of the committees of the House of
15	Representatives which would have, under the
16	Rules of the House of Representatives, jurisdic-
17	tion over provisions of law affected by a trade
18	agreement negotiations for which are conducted
19	at any time during that Congress and to which
20	this title would apply.
21	(3) Membership from the senate.—In each
22	Congress, the Congressional Oversight Group shall
23	also be comprised of the following members of the Sen-
24	ate:

1	(A) The chairman and ranking Member of
2	the Committee on Finance and 3 additional
3	members of such Committee (not more than 2 of
4	whom are members of the same political party).
5	(B) The chairman and ranking member, or
6	their designees, of the committees of the Senate
7	which would have, under the Rules of the Senate,
8	jurisdiction over provisions of law affected by a
9	trade agreement negotiations for which are con-
10	ducted at any time during that Congress and to
11	which this title would apply.
12	(4) Accreditation.—Each member of the Con-
13	gressional Oversight Group described in paragraph
14	(2)(A) and $(3)(A)$ shall be accredited by the United
15	States Trade Representative on behalf of the President
16	as official advisers to the United States delegation in
17	negotiations for any trade agreement to which this
18	title applies. Each member of the Congressional Over-
19	sight Group described in paragraph (2)(B) and
20	(3)(B) shall be accredited by the United States Trade
21	Representative on behalf of the President as official
22	advisers to the United States delegation in the nego-
23	tiations by reason of which the member is in the Con-
24	gressional Oversight Group. The Congressional Over-
25	sight Group shall consult with and provide advice to

1	the Trade Representative regarding the formulation of
2	specific objectives, negotiating strategies and posi-
3	tions, the development of the applicable trade agree-
4	ment, and compliance and enforcement of the nego-
5	tiated commitments under the trade agreement.
6	(5) CHAIR.—The Congressional Oversight Group
7	shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Committee on
8	Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and
9	the Chairman of the Committee on Finance of the
10	Senate.
11	(b) Guidelines.—
12	(1) Purpose and revision.—The United States
13	Trade Representative, in consultation with the chair-
14	men and ranking minority members of the Committee
15	on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives
16	and the Committee on Finance of the Senate—
17	(A) shall, within 120 days after the date of
18	the enactment of this Act, develop written guide-
19	lines to facilitate the useful and timely exchange
20	of information between the Trade Representative
21	and the Congressional Oversight Group estab-
22	lished under this section; and
23	(B) may make such revisions to the guide-
24	lines as may be necessary from time to time.

(2) CONTENT.—The guidelines developed under
 paragraph (1) shall provide for, among other
 things—

(A) regular, detailed briefings of the Con-4 gressional Oversight Group regarding negoti-5 6 ating objectives, including the promotion of cer-7 tain priorities referred to in section 2102(c), and 8 positions and the status of the applicable nego-9 tiations, beginning as soon as practicable after 10 the Congressional Oversight Group is convened, 11 with more frequent briefings as trade negotia-12 tions enter the final stage;

(B) access by members of the Congressional
Oversight Group, and staff with proper security
clearances, to pertinent documents relating to the
negotiations, including classified materials;

17 (C) the closest practicable coordination be18 tween the Trade Representative and the Congres19 sional Oversight Group at all critical periods
20 during the negotiations, including at negotiation
21 sites;

(D) after the applicable trade agreement is
concluded, consultation regarding ongoing compliance and enforcement of negotiated commitments under the trade agreement; and

(E) the time frame for submitting the report
 required under section 2102(c)(8).

3 (c) REQUEST FOR MEETING.—Upon the request of a
4 majority of the Congressional Oversight Group, the Presi5 dent shall meet with the Congressional Oversight Group be6 fore initiating negotiations with respect to a trade agree7 ment, or at any other time concerning the negotiations.

8 SEC. 2108. ADDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCE9 MENT REQUIREMENTS.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—At the time the President submits 11 to the Congress the final text of an agreement pursuant to 12 section 2105(a)(1)(C), the President shall also submit a 13 plan for implementing and enforcing the agreement. The 14 implementation and enforcement plan shall include the fol-15 lowing:

16 (1) BORDER PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS.—A de17 scription of additional personnel required at border
18 entry points, including a list of additional customs
19 and agricultural inspectors.

20 (2) AGENCY STAFFING REQUIREMENTS.—A de21 scription of additional personnel required by Federal
22 agencies responsible for monitoring and implementing
23 the trade agreement, including personnel required by
24 the Office of the United States Trade Representative,
25 the Department of Commerce, the Department of Ag-

1	riculture (including additional personnel required to
2	implement sanitary and phytosanitary measures in
3	order to obtain market access for United States ex-
4	ports), the Department of the Treasury, and such
5	other agencies as may be necessary.
6	(3) CUSTOMS INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIRE-
7	MENTS.—A description of the additional equipment
8	and facilities needed by the United States Customs
9	Service.
10	(4) Impact on state and local govern-
11	MENTS.—A description of the impact the trade agree-
12	ment will have on State and local governments as a
13	result of increases in trade.
14	(5) COST ANALYSIS.—An analysis of the costs as-
15	sociated with each of the items listed in paragraphs
16	(1) through (4).
17	(b) BUDGET SUBMISSION.—The President shall in-
18	clude a request for the resources necessary to support the
19	plan described in subsection (a) in the first budget that the
20	President submits to the Congress after the submission of
21	the plan.
22	SEC. 2109. COMMITTEE STAFF.
23	The grant of trade promotion authority under this title
24	is likely to increase the activities of the primary committees
25	of jurisdiction in the area of international trade. In addi-

1 tion, the creation of the Congressional Oversight Group under section 2107 will increase the participation of a broader number of Members of Congress in the formulation of United States trade policy and oversight of the inter-

national trade agenda for the United States. The primary 5 committees of jurisdiction should have adequate staff to ac-6 7 commodate these increases in activities.

8 SEC. 2110. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

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9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2111 et seq.) is amended as follows: 10

11 (1) Implementing bill.—

12 (A)Section 151(b)(1)U.S.C.(19)13 2191(b)(1) is amended by striking "section 1103(a)(1) of the Omnibus Trade and Competi-14 15 tiveness Act of 1988, or section 282 of the Uru-16 quay Round Agreements Act" and inserting "sec-17 tion 282 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, 18 or section 2105(a)(1) of the Bipartisan Trade 19 Promotion Authority Act of 2002".

20 (B)Section 151(c)(1)U.S.C.(19)21 2191(c)(1) is amended by striking "or section 22 282 of the Uruquay Round Agreements Act" and 23 inserting ", section 282 of the Uruguay Round 24 Agreements Act, or section 2105(a)(1) of the Bi-

1	partisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of
2	2002".
3	(2) Advice from international trade com-
4	MISSION.—Section 131 (19 U.S.C. 2151) is
5	amended—
6	(A) in subsection (a)—
7	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "sec-
8	tion 123 of this Act or section 1102 (a) or
9	(c) of the Omnibus Trade and Competitive-
10	ness Act of 1988," and inserting "section
11	123 of this Act or section 2103 (a) or (b) of
12	the Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority
13	Act of 2002,"; and
14	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "sec-
15	tion 1102 (b) or (c) of the Omnibus Trade
16	and Competitiveness Act of 1988" and in-
17	serting "section 2103(b) of the Bipartisan
18	Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002";
19	(B) in subsection (b) , by striking "section
20	1102(a)(3)(A)" and inserting "section
21	2103(a)(3)(A) of the Bipartisan Trade Pro-
22	motion Authority Act of 2002"; and
23	(C) in subsection (c) , by striking "section
24	1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness
25	Act of 1988," and inserting "section 2103 of the

1	Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of
2	2002,".
3	(3) Hearings and Advice.—Sections 132,
4	133(a), and 134(a) (19 U.S.C. 2152, 2153(a), and
5	2154(a)) are each amended by striking "section 1102
6	of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of
7	1988," each place it appears and inserting "section
8	2103 of the Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority
9	Act of 2002,".
10	(4) Prerequisites for offers.—Section
11	134(b) (19 U.S.C. $2154(b)$) is amended by striking
12	"section 1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitive-
13	ness Act of 1988" and inserting "section 2103 of the
14	Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002".
15	(5) Advice from private and public sec-
16	TORS.—Section 135 (19 U.S.C. 2155) is amended—
17	(A) in subsection $(a)(1)(A)$, by striking
18	"section 1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Com-
19	petitiveness Act of 1988" and inserting "section
20	2103 of the Bipartisan Trade Promotion Author-
21	ity Act of 2002";
22	(B) in subsection (e)(1)—
23	(i) by striking "section 1102 of the
24	Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of
25	1988" each place it appears and inserting

- 1 "section 2103 of the Bipartisan Trade Pro-2 motion Authority Act of 2002"; and (ii) by striking "not later than the 3 4 date on which the President notifies the Congress under section 1103(a)(1)(A) of 5 6 such Act of 1988 of his intention to enter 7 into that agreement" and inserting "not 8 later than the date that is 30 days after the 9 date on which the President notifies the Congress under section 5(a)(1)(A) of the Bi-10 11 partisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 12 2002 of the President's intention to enter 13 into that agreement"; and 14 (C) in subsection (e)(2), by striking "section 15 1101 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988" and inserting "section 2102 of the 16 17 Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 18 2002". 19 (6) TRANSMISSION OF AGREEMENTS TO CON-20 GRESS.—Section 162(a) (19 U.S.C. 2212(a)) is
- amended by striking "or under section 1102 of the
 Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988"
 and inserting "or under section 2103 of the Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002".

4	(1) any trade agreement entered into under sec-
5	tion 2103 shall be treated as an agreement entered
6	into under section 101 or 102, as appropriate, of the
7	Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2111 or 2112); and
8	(2) any proclamation or Executive order issued
9	pursuant to a trade agreement entered into under sec-
10	tion 2103 shall be treated as a proclamation or Exec-
11	utive order issued pursuant to a trade agreement en-
12	tered into under section 102 of the Trade Act of 1974.
13	SEC. 2111. REPORT ON IMPACT OF TRADE PROMOTION AU-
14	THORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the International Trade Commission shall report to the Committee on Finance of the Senate
and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
Representatives regarding the economic impact on the
United States of the trade agreements described in subsection (b).

(b) AGREEMENTS.—The trade agreements described in
this subsection are:

24 (1) The United States-Israel Free Trade Agree25 ment.

1	(2) The United States-Canada Free Trade Agree-
2	
	ment.
3	(3) The North American Free Trade Agreement.
4	(4) The Uruguay Round Agreements.
5	(5) The Tokyo Round of Multilateral Trade Ne-
6	gotiations.
7	SEC. 2112. IDENTIFICATION OF SMALL BUSINESS ADVO-
8	CATE AT WTO.
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—The United States Trade Rep-
10	resentative shall pursue the identification of a small busi-
11	ness advocate at the World Trade Organization Secretariat
12	to examine the impact of WTO agreements on the interests
13	of small- and medium-sized enterprises, address the con-
14	cerns of small- and medium-sized enterprises, and rec-
15	ommend ways to address those interests in trade negotia-
16	tions involving the World Trade Organization.
17	(b) Assistant Trade Representative.—The Assist-
18	ant United States Trade Representative for Industry and
19	Telecommunications shall be responsible for ensuring that
20	the interests of small business are considered in all trade
21	negotiations in accordance with the objective described in
22	section $2102(a)(8)$. It is the sense of Congress that the small
23	business functions should be reflected in the title of the As-

- 24 sistant United States Trade Representative assigned the re-
- 25 sponsibility for small business.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of 1 2 enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the United 3 States Trade Representative shall prepare and submit a report to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the 4 Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-5 tives on the steps taken by the United States Trade Rep-6 resentative to pursue the identification of a small business 7 advocate at the World Trade Organization. 8

9 SEC. 2113. DEFINITIONS.

10 In this title:

11	(1) AGREEMENT ON AGRICULTURE.—The term
12	"Agreement on Agriculture" means the agreement re-
13	ferred to in section 101(d)(2) of the Uruguay Round
14	Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3511(d)(2)).
15	(2) Core labor standards.—The term "core
16	labor standards" means—
17	(A) the right of association;
18	(B) the right to organize and bargain collec-
19	tively;
20	(C) a prohibition on the use of any form of
21	forced or compulsory labor;
22	(D) a minimum age for the employment of
23	children; and

	500
1	(E) acceptable conditions of work with re-
2	spect to minimum wages, hours of work, and oc-
3	cupational safety and health.
4	(3) GATT 1994.—The term "GATT 1994" has
5	the meaning given that term in section 2 of the Uru-
6	guay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501).
7	(4) ILO.—The term "ILO" means the Inter-
8	national Labor Organization.
9	(5) Import sensitive agricultural prod-
10	UCT.—The term "import sensitive agricultural prod-
11	uct" means an agricultural product with respect to
12	which, as a result of the Uruguay Round
13	Agreements—
14	(A) the rate of duty was the subject of tariff
15	reductions by the United States, and pursuant to
16	such Agreements, was reduced on January 1,
17	1995, to a rate which was not less than 97.5 per-
18	cent of the rate of duty that applied to such arti-
19	cle on December 31, 1994; or
20	(B) became subject to a tariff-rate quota on
21	or after January 1, 1995.
22	(6) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United
23	States person" means—
24	(A) a United States citizen;

1	(B) a partnership, corporation, or other
2	legal entity organized under the laws of the
3	United States; and
4	(C) a partnership, corporation, or other
5	legal entity that is organized under the laws of
6	a foreign country and is controlled by entities
7	described in subparagraph (B) or United States
8	citizens, or both.
9	(7) URUGUAY ROUND AGREEMENTS.—The term
10	"Uruguay Round Agreements" has the meaning given
11	that term in section 2(7) of the Uruguay Round
12	Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501(7)).
13	(8) World trade organization; wto.—The
14	terms "World Trade Organization" and "WTO"
15	mean the organization established pursuant to the
16	WTO Agreement.
17	(9) WTO AGREEMENT.—The term "WTO Agree-
18	ment" means the Agreement Establishing the World
19	Trade Organization entered into on April 15, 1994.

DIVISION C—ANDEAN TRADE PREFERENCE ACT TITLE XXXI—ANDEAN TRADE PREFERENCE

5 SEC. 3101. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.

6 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "An7 dean Trade Preference Expansion Act".

8 (b) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: 9 (1) Since the Andean Trade Preference Act was 10 enacted in 1991, it has had a positive impact on 11 United States trade with Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, 12 and Peru. Two-way trade has doubled, with the 13 United States serving as the leading source of imports 14 and leading export market for each of the Andean 15 beneficiary countries. This has resulted in increased jobs and expanded export opportunities in both the 16 17 United States and the Andean region.

18 (2) The Andean Trade Preference Act has been a 19 key element in the United States counternarcotics 20 strategy in the Andean region, promoting export di-21 versification and broad-based economic development that provides sustainable economic alternatives to 22 23 drug-crop production, strengthening the legitimate 24 economies of Andean countries and creating viable alternatives to illicit trade in coca. 25

(3) Notwithstanding the success of the Andean
 Trade Preference Act, the Andean region remains
 threatened by political and economic instability and
 fragility, vulnerable to the consequences of the drug
 war and fierce global competition for its legitimate
 trade.

7 (4) The continuing instability in the Andean region poses a threat to the security interests of the 8 9 United States and the world. This problem has been 10 partially addressed through foreign aid, such as Plan 11 Colombia, enacted by Congress in 2000. However, for-12 eign aid alone is not sufficient. Enhancement of le-13 attimate trade with the United States provides an al-14 ternative means for reviving and stabilizing the 15 economies in the Andean region.

16 (5) The Andean Trade Preference Act constitutes
17 a tangible commitment by the United States to the
18 promotion of prosperity, stability, and democracy in
19 the beneficiary countries.

(6) Renewal and enhancement of the Andean
Trade Preference Act will bolster the confidence of domestic private enterprise and foreign investors in the
economic prospects of the region, ensuring that legitimate private enterprise can be the engine of economic
development and political stability in the region.

1	(7) Each of the Andean beneficiary countries is
2	committed to conclude negotiation of a Free Trade
3	Area of the Americas by the year 2005, as a means
4	of enhancing the economic security of the region.
5	(8) Temporarily enhancing trade benefits for An-
6	dean beneficiaries countries will promote the growth
7	of free enterprise and economic opportunity in these
8	countries and serve the security interests of the
9	United States, the region, and the world.
10	SEC. 3102. TEMPORARY PROVISIONS.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 204(b) of the Andean Trade
12	Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203(b)) is amended to read as
13	follows:
14	"(b) Import-Sensitive Articles.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
16	through (5), the duty-free treatment provided under
17	this title does not apply to—
18	"(A) textile and apparel articles which were
19	not eligible articles for purposes of this title on
20	January 1, 1994, as this title was in effect on
21	that date;
22	``(B) footwear not designated at the time of
23	the effective date of this title as eligible articles
24	for the purpose of the generalized system of pref-
25	erences under title V of the Trade Act of 1974;

1	"(C) tuna, prepared or preserved in any
2	manner, in airtight containers;
3	"(D) petroleum, or any product derived
4	from petroleum, provided for in headings 2709
5	and 2710 of the HTS;
6	((E) watches and watch parts (including
7	cases, bracelets, and straps), of whatever type in-
8	cluding, but not limited to, mechanical, quartz
9	digital, or quartz analog, if such watches or
10	watch parts contain any material which is the
11	product of any country with respect to which
12	HTS column 2 rates of duty apply;
13	((F) articles to which reduced rates of duty
14	apply under subsection (c);
15	"(G) sugars, syrups, and sugar containing
16	products subject to tariff-rate quotas; or
17	"(H) rum and tafia classified in sub-
18	heading 2208.40 of the HTS.
19	"(2) TRANSITION PERIOD TREATMENT OF CER-
20	TAIN TEXTILE AND APPAREL ARTICLES.—
21	"(A) ARTICLES COVERED.—During the
22	transition period, the preferential treatment de-
23	scribed in subparagraph (B) shall apply to the
24	following articles imported directly into the cus-

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1	toms territory of the United States from an
2	ATPEA beneficiary country:
3	"(i) Apparel articles assembled
4	FROM PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES
5	AND ATPEA BENEFICIARY COUNTRIES OR
6	PRODUCTS NOT AVAILABLE IN COMMERCIAL
7	QUANTITIES.—Apparel articles sewn or oth-
8	erwise assembled in 1 or more ATPEA ben-
9	eficiary countries, or the United States, or
10	both, exclusively from any one or any com-
11	bination of the following:
12	"(I) Fabrics or fabric components
13	formed, or components knit-to-shape,
14	in the United States, from yarns whol-
15	ly formed in the United States (includ-
16	ing fabrics not formed from yarns, if
17	such fabrics are classifiable under
18	heading 5602 or 5603 of the HTS and
19	are formed in the United States), pro-
20	vided that apparel articles sewn or oth-
21	erwise assembled from materials de-
22	scribed in this subclause are assembled
23	with thread formed in the United
24	States.

1	"(II) Fabric components knit-to-
2	shape in the United States from yarns
3	wholly formed in the United States
4	and fabric components knit-to-shape in
5	1 or more ATPEA beneficiary coun-
6	tries from yarns wholly formed in the
7	United States.
8	"(III) Fabrics or fabric compo-
9	nents formed or components knit-to-
10	shape, in 1 or more ATPEA bene-
11	ficiary countries, from yarns wholly
12	formed in 1 or more ATPEA bene-
13	ficiary countries, if such fabrics (in-
14	cluding fabrics not formed from yarns,
15	if such fabrics are classifiable under
16	heading 5602 or 5603 of the HTS and
17	are formed in 1 or more ATPEA bene-
18	ficiary countries) or components are in
19	chief weight of llama, or alpaca.
20	"(IV) Fabrics or yarns that are
21	not formed in the United States or in
22	1 or more ATPEA beneficiary coun-
23	tries, to the extent such fabrics or
24	yarns are considered not to be widely
25	available in commercial quantities for

1	purposes of determining the eligibility
2	of such apparel articles for preferential
3	treatment under Annex 401 of the
4	NAFTA.
5	"(ii) KNIT-TO-SHAPE APPAREL ARTI-
6	CLES.—Apparel articles knit-to-shape (other
7	than socks provided for in heading 6115 of
8	the HTS) in 1 or more ATPEA beneficiary
9	countries from yarns wholly formed in the
10	United States.
11	"(iii) REGIONAL FABRIC.—
12	"(I) GENERAL RULE.—Knit ap-
13	parel articles wholly assembled in 1 or
14	more ATPEA beneficiary countries ex-
15	clusively from fabric formed, or fabric
16	components formed, or components
17	knit-to-shape, or any combination
18	thereof, in 1 or more ATPEA bene-
19	ficiary countries from yarns wholly
20	formed in the United States, in an
21	amount not exceeding the amount set
22	forth in subclause (II).
23	"(II) LIMITATION.—The amount
24	referred to in subclause (I) is
25	70,000,000 square meter equivalents

1	during the 1-year period beginning on
2	March 1, 2002, increased by 16 per-
3	cent, compounded annually, in each
4	succeeding 1-year period through Feb-
5	ruary 28, 2006.
6	"(iv) Certain other apparel arti-
7	CLES.—
8	"(I) GENERAL RULE.—Subject to
9	subclause (II), any apparel article
10	classifiable under subheading 6212.10
11	of the HTS, if the article is both cut
12	and sewn or otherwise assembled in the
13	United States, or one or more of the
14	ATPEA beneficiary countries, or both.
15	"(II) LIMITATION.—During the 1-
16	year period beginning on March 1,
17	2003, and during each of the 2 suc-
18	ceeding 1-year periods, apparel articles
19	described in subclause (I) of a producer
20	or an entity controlling production
21	shall be eligible for preferential treat-
22	ment under subparagraph (B) only if
23	the aggregate cost of fabric components
24	formed in the United States that are
25	used in the production of all such arti-

1	cles of that producer or entity that are
2	entered during the preceding 1-year pe-
3	riod is at least 75 percent of the aggre-
4	gate declared customs value of the fab-
5	ric contained in all such articles of
6	that producer or entity that are en-
7	tered during the preceding 1-year pe-
8	riod.
9	"(III) DEVELOPMENT OF PROCE-
10	dure to ensure compliance.—The
11	United States Customs Service shall
12	develop and implement methods and
13	procedures to ensure ongoing compli-
14	ance with the requirement set forth in
15	subclause (II). If the Customs Service
16	finds that a producer or an entity con-
17	trolling production has not satisfied
18	such requirement in a 1-year period,
19	then apparel articles described in sub-
20	clause (I) of that producer or entity
21	shall be ineligible for preferential treat-
22	ment under subparagraph (B) during
23	any succeeding 1-year period until the
24	aggregate cost of fabric components
25	formed in the United States used in

1	the production of such articles of that
2	producer or entity that are entered
3	during the preceding 1-year period is
4	at least 85 percent of the aggregate de-
5	clared customs value of the fabric con-
6	tained in all such articles of that pro-
7	ducer or entity that are entered during
8	the preceding 1-year period.
9	"(v) Apparel articles assembled
10	FROM FABRICS OR YARN NOT WIDELY AVAIL-
11	ABLE IN COMMERCIAL QUANTITIES.—At the
12	request of any interested party, the Presi-
13	dent is authorized to proclaim additional
14	fabrics and yarn as eligible for preferential
15	treatment under clause (i)(IV) if—
16	"(I) the President determines that
17	such fabrics or yarn cannot be sup-
18	plied by the domestic industry in com-
19	mercial quantities in a timely manner;
20	"(II) the President has obtained
21	advice regarding the proposed action
22	from the appropriate advisory com-
23	mittee established under section 135 of
24	the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.

1	2155) and the United States Inter-
2	national Trade Commission;
3	"(III) within 60 days after the re-
4	quest, the President has submitted a re-
5	port to the Committee on Ways and
6	Means of the House of Representatives
7	and the Committee on Finance of the
8	Senate that sets forth the action pro-
9	posed to be proclaimed and the reasons
10	for such actions, and the advice ob-
11	tained under subclause (II);
12	"(IV) a period of 60 calendar
13	days, beginning with the first day on
14	which the President has met the re-
15	quirements of subclause (III), has ex-
16	pired; and
17	"(V) the President has consulted
18	with such committees regarding the
19	proposed action during the period re-
20	ferred to in subclause (III).
21	"(vi) Handloomed, handmade, and
22	FOLKLORE ARTICLES.—A handloomed,
23	handmade, or folklore article of an ATPEA
24	beneficiary country identified under sub-
25	paragraph (C) that is certified as such by

1	the competent authority of such beneficiary
2	country.
3	"(vii) Special rules.—
4	"(I) Exception for findings
5	AND TRIMMINGS.—(aa) An article oth-
6	erwise eligible for preferential treat-
7	ment under this paragraph shall not be
8	ineligible for such treatment because
9	the article contains findings or trim-
10	mings of foreign origin, if such find-
11	ings and trimmings do not exceed 25
12	percent of the cost of the components of
13	the assembled product. Examples of
14	findings and trimmings are sewing
15	thread, hooks and eyes, snaps, buttons,
16	'bow buds', decorative lace, trim, elas-
17	tic strips, zippers, including zipper
18	tapes and labels, and other similar
19	products. Elastic strips are considered
20	findings or trimmings only if they are
21	each less than 1 inch in width and are
22	used in the production of brassieres.
23	"(bb) In the case of an article de-
24	scribed in clause $(i)(I)$ of this subpara-
25	graph, sewing thread shall not be treat-

1	ed as findings or trimmings under this
2	subclause.
3	"(II) Certain interlinings.—
4	(aa) An article otherwise eligible for
5	preferential treatment under this para-
6	graph shall not be ineligible for such
7	treatment because the article contains
8	certain interlinings of foreign origin, if
9	the value of such interlinings (and any
10	findings and trimmings) does not ex-
11	ceed 25 percent of the cost of the com-
12	ponents of the assembled article.
13	"(bb) Interlinings eligible for the
14	treatment described in division (aa)
15	include only a chest type plate, 'hymo'
16	piece, or 'sleeve header', of woven or
17	weft-inserted warp knit construction
18	and of coarse animal hair or man-
19	made filaments.
20	"(cc) The treatment described in
21	this subclause shall terminate if the
22	President makes a determination that
23	United States manufacturers are pro-
24	ducing such interlinings in the United
25	States in commercial quantities.

1	"(III) DE MINIMIS RULE.—An ar-
2	ticle that would otherwise be ineligible
3	for preferential treatment under this
4	paragraph because the article contains
5	yarns not wholly formed in the United
6	States or in 1 or more ATPEA bene-
7	ficiary countries shall not be ineligible
8	for such treatment if the total weight of
9	all such yarns is not more than 7 per-
10	cent of the total weight of the good.
11	Notwithstanding the preceding sen-
12	tence, an apparel article containing
13	elastomeric yarns shall be eligible for
14	preferential treatment under this para-
15	graph only if such yarns are wholly
16	formed in the United States.
17	"(IV) Special origin rule.—An
18	article otherwise eligible for pref-
19	erential treatment under clause (i) of
20	this subparagraph shall not be ineli-
21	gible for such treatment because the ar-
22	ticle contains nylon filament yarn
23	(other than elastomeric yarn) that is
24	classifiable under subheading
25	5402.10.30, 5402.10.60, 5402.31.30,

1	5402.31.60, 5402.32.30, 5402.32.60,
2	5402.41.10, 5402.41.90, 5402.51.00, or
3	5402.61.00 of the HTS duty-free from
4	a country that is a party to an agree-
5	ment with the United States estab-
6	lishing a free trade area, which entered
7	into force before January 1, 1995.
8	"(V) CLARIFICATION OF CERTAIN
9	KNIT APPAREL ARTICLES.—Notwith-
10	standing any other provision of law,
11	an article otherwise eligible for pref-
12	erential treatment under clause (iii)(I)
13	of this subparagraph, shall not be in-
14	eligible for such treatment because the
15	article, or a component thereof, con-
16	tains fabric formed in the United
17	States from yarns wholly formed in the
18	United States.
19	"(viii) Textile luggage.—Textile
20	luggage—
21	"(I) assembled in an ATPEA ben-
22	eficiary country from fabric wholly
23	formed and cut in the United States,
24	from yarns wholly formed in the

United States, that is entered under
subheading 9802.00.80 of the HTS; or
"(II) assembled from fabric cut in
an ATPEA beneficiary country from
fabric wholly formed in the United
States from yarns wholly formed in the
United States.
"(B) Preferential treatment.—Except
as provided in subparagraph (E), during the
transition period, the articles to which subpara-
graph (A) applies shall enter the United States
free of duty and free of any quantitative restric-
tions, limitations, or consultation levels.
"(C) HANDLOOMED, HANDMADE, AND FOLK-
LORE ARTICLES.—For purposes of subparagraph
(A)(vi), the President shall consult with rep-
resentatives of the ATPEA beneficiary countries
concerned for the purpose of identifying par-
ticular textile and apparel goods that are mutu-
ally agreed upon as being handloomed, hand-
made, or folklore goods of a kind described in
section 2.3(a), (b), or (c) of the Annex or Appen-
dix 3.1.B.11 of the Annex.
"(D) Penalties for transshipments.—

1	"(i) Penalties for exporters.—If
2	the President determines, based on sufficient
3	evidence, that an exporter has engaged in
4	transshipment with respect to textile or ap-
5	parel articles from an ATPEA beneficiary
6	country, then the President shall deny all
7	benefits under this title to such exporter,
8	and any successor of such exporter, for a pe-
9	riod of 2 years.
10	"(ii) Penalties for countries.—
11	Whenever the President finds, based on suf-
12	ficient evidence, that transshipment has oc-
13	curred, the President shall request that the
14	ATPEA beneficiary country or countries
15	through whose territory the transshipment
16	has occurred take all necessary and appro-
17	priate actions to prevent such trans-
18	shipment. If the President determines that a
19	country is not taking such actions, the
20	President shall reduce the quantities of tex-
21	tile and apparel articles that may be im-
22	ported into the United States from such
23	country by the quantity of the transshipped
24	articles multiplied by 3, to the extent con-

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sistent with the obligations of the United

States under the WTO.
"(iii) Transshipment described.—
Transshipment within the meaning of this
subparagraph has occurred when pref-
erential treatment under subparagraph (B)
has been claimed for a textile or apparel ar-
ticle on the basis of material false informa-
tion concerning the country of origin, man-
ufacture, processing, or assembly of the arti-
cle or any of its components. For purposes
of this clause, false information is material
if disclosure of the true information would
mean or would have meant that the article
is or was ineligible for preferential treat-
ment under subparagraph (B).
"(E) BILATERAL EMERGENCY ACTIONS.—
"(i) IN GENERAL.—The President may
take bilateral emergency tariff actions of a
kind described in section 4 of the Annex
with respect to any apparel article im-
ported from an ATPEA beneficiary country
if the application of tariff treatment under
subparagraph (B) to such article results in
conditions that would be cause for the tak-

1	ing of such actions under such section 4
2	with respect to a like article described in the
3	same 8-digit subheading of the HTS that is
4	imported from Mexico.
5	"(ii) RULES RELATING TO BILATERAL
6	EMERGENCY ACTION.—For purposes of ap-
7	plying bilateral emergency action under
8	this subparagraph—
9	((I) the requirements of para-
10	graph (5) of section 4 of the Annex (re-
11	lating to providing compensation)
12	shall not apply;
13	"(II) the term 'transition period'
14	in section 4 of the Annex shall have the
15	meaning given that term in paragraph
16	(5)(D) of this subsection; and
17	"(III) the requirements to consult
18	specified in section 4 of the Annex
19	shall be treated as satisfied if the
20	President requests consultations with
21	the ATPEA beneficiary country in
22	question and the country does not
23	agree to consult within the time period
24	specified under section 4.

1	"(3) TRANSITION PERIOD TREATMENT OF CER-
2	TAIN OTHER ARTICLES ORIGINATING IN BENEFICIARY
3	COUNTRIES.—
4	"(A) Equivalent tariff treatment.—
5	"(i) In general.—Subject to clauses
6	(ii) and (iii), the tariff treatment accorded
7	at any time during the transition period to
8	any article referred to in any of subpara-
9	graphs (B), (D) through (F), or (H) of
10	paragraph (1) that is an ATPEA origi-
11	nating good, imported directly into the cus-
12	toms territory of the United States from an
13	ATPEA beneficiary country, shall be iden-
14	tical to the tariff treatment that is accorded
15	at such time under Annex 302.2 of the
16	NAFTA to an article described in the same
17	8-digit subheading of the HTS that is a
18	good of Mexico and is imported into the
19	United States.
20	"(ii) EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) does not
21	apply to any article accorded duty-free
22	treatment under U.S. Note 2(b) to sub-
23	chapter II of chapter 98 of the HTS.
24	"(iii) Certain Footwear.—

1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Duties on any
2	article described in subclause (II), that
3	is an ATPEA originating good im-
4	ported directly into the customs terri-
5	tory of the United States from an
6	ATPEA beneficiary country, shall be
7	reduced by 1/15 a year beginning on
8	the date of enactment of the Andean
9	Trade Preference Expansion Act.
10	"(II) ARTICLES DESCRIBED.—An
11	article described in this subclause
12	means an article described in sub-
13	heading 6401.10.00, 6401.91.00,
14	<i>6401.92.90, 6401.99.30, 6401.99.60,</i>
15	<i>6401.99.90, 6402.30.50, 6402.30.70,</i>
16	6402.30.80, 6402.91.50, 6402.91.80,
17	<i>6402.91.90, 6402.99.20, 6402.99.30,</i>
18	<i>6402.99.80, 6402.99.90, 6403.91.60,</i>
19	<i>6404.11.50, 6404.11.60, 6404.11.70,</i>
20	<i>6404.11.80, 6404.11.90, 6404.19.20,</i>
21	6404.19.35, 6404.19.50, or 6404.19.70
22	of the HTS.
23	"(B) Relationship to subsection (C)
24	DUTY REDUCTIONS.—If at any time during the
25	transition period the rate of duty that would

(but for action taken under subparagraph $(A)(i)$
in regard to such period) apply with respect to
any article under subsection (c) is a rate of duty
that is lower than the rate of duty resulting from
such action, then such lower rate of duty shall be
applied for the purposes of implementing such
action.
"(C) Special rule for sugars, syrups,
AND SUGAR CONTAINING PRODUCTS.—Duty-free
treatment under this Act shall not be extended to
sugars, syrups, and sugar-containing products
subject to over-quota duty rates under applicable
tariff-rate quotas.
"(D) Special rule for certain tuna
PRODUCTS.—
"(i) IN GENERAL.—The President may
proclaim duty-free treatment under this Act
for tuna that is harvested by United States
vessels or ATPEA beneficiary country ves-
sels, and is prepared or preserved in any
manner, in airtight containers in an
ATPEA beneficiary country. Such duty-free
treatment may be proclaimed in any cal-
endar year for a quantity of such tuna that
does not exceed 20 percent of the domestic

1	United States tuna pack in the preceding
2	calendar year. As used in the preceding sen-
3	tence, the term 'tuna pack' means tuna pack
4	as defined by the National Marine Fisheries
5	Service of the United States Department of
6	Commerce for purposes of subheading
7	1604.14.20 of the HTS as in effect on the
8	date of enactment of the Andean Trade
9	Preference Expansion Act.
10	"(ii) United states vessel.—For
11	purposes of this subparagraph, a 'United
12	States vessel' is a vessel having a certificate
13	of documentation with a fishery endorse-
14	ment under chapter 121 of title 46, United
15	States Code.
16	"(iii) ATPEA VESSEL.—For purposes
17	of this subparagraph, an 'ATPEA vessel' is
18	a vessel—
19	``(I) which is registered or re-
20	corded in an ATPEA beneficiary coun-
21	try;
22	((II) which sails under the flag of
23	an ATPEA beneficiary country;
24	"(III) which is at least 75 percent
25	owned by nationals of an ATPEA ben-

eficiary country or by a company hav-
ing its principal place of business in
an ATPEA beneficiary country, of
which the manager or managers, chair-
man of the board of directors or of the
supervisory board, and the majority of
the members of such boards are nation-
als of an ATPEA beneficiary country
and of which, in the case of a com-
pany, at least 50 percent of the capital
is owned by an ATPEA beneficiary
country or by public bodies or nation-
als of an ATPEA beneficiary country;
"(IV) of which the master and of-
ficers are nationals of an ATPEA ben-
eficiary country; and
"(V) of which at least 75 percent
of the crew are nationals of an ATPEA
beneficiary country.
"(4) CUSTOMS PROCEDURES.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—
"(i) REGULATIONS.—Any importer
that claims preferential treatment under
paragraph (2) or (3) shall comply with cus-
toms procedures similar in all material re-

1	spects to the requirements of Article 502(1)
2	of the NAFTA as implemented pursuant to
3	United States law, in accordance with regu-
4	lations promulgated by the Secretary of the
5	Treasury.
6	"(ii) Determination.—
7	"(I) IN GENERAL.—In order to
8	qualify for the preferential treatment
9	under paragraph (2) or (3) and for a
10	Certificate of Origin to be valid with
11	respect to any article for which such
12	treatment is claimed, there shall be in
13	effect a determination by the President
14	that each country described in sub-
15	clause (II)—
16	"(aa) has implemented and
17	follows; or
18	"(bb) is making substantial
19	progress toward implementing
20	and following, procedures and re-
21	quirements similar in all material
22	respects to the relevant procedures
23	and requirements under chapter 5
24	of the NAFTA.

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1	"(II) Country described.—A
2	country is described in this subclause if
3	it is an ATPEA beneficiary country—
4	"(aa) from which the article
5	is exported; or
6	"(bb) in which materials
7	used in the production of the arti-
8	cle originate or in which the arti-
9	cle or such materials undergo pro-
10	duction that contributes to a
11	claim that the article is eligible
12	for preferential treatment under
13	paragraph (2) or (3).
14	"(B) CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN.—The Certifi-
15	cate of Origin that otherwise would be required
16	pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (A)
17	shall not be required in the case of an article im-
18	ported under paragraph (2) or (3) if such Cer-
19	tificate of Origin would not be required under
20	Article 503 of the NAFTA (as implemented pur-
21	suant to United States law), if the article were
22	imported from Mexico.
23	"(C) Report by ustr on cooperation of
24	OTHER COUNTRIES CONCERNING CIRCUMVEN-
25	TION.—The United States Commissioner of Cus-

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toms shall conduct a study analyzing the extent
to which each ATPEA beneficiary country—
"(i) has cooperated fully with the
United States, consistent with its domestic
laws and procedures, in instances of cir-
cumvention or alleged circumvention of ex-

6 7 isting quotas on imports of textile and ap-8 parel goods, to establish necessary relevant 9 facts in the places of import, export, and, 10 where applicable, transshipment, including 11 investigation of circumvention practices, ex-12 changes of documents, correspondence, re-13 ports, and other relevant information, to the 14 extent such information is available;

"(ii) has taken appropriate measures,
consistent with its domestic laws and procedures, against exporters and importers involved in instances of false declaration concerning fiber content, quantities, description, classification, or origin of textile and
apparel goods; and

(iii) has penalized the individuals
and entities involved in any such circumvention, consistent with its domestic
laws and procedures, and has worked closely

1	to seek the cooperation of any third country
2	to prevent such circumvention from taking
3	place in that third country.
4	The Trade Representative shall submit to Con-
5	gress, not later than October 1, 2002, a report on
6	the study conducted under this subparagraph.
7	"(5) Definitions and special rules.—For
8	purposes of this subsection—
9	"(A) ANNEX.—The term 'the Annex' means
10	Annex 300–B of the NAFTA.
11	"(B) ATPEA BENEFICIARY COUNTRY.—The
12	term 'ATPEA beneficiary country' means any
13	'beneficiary country', as defined in section
14	203(a)(1) of this title, which the President des-
15	ignates as an ATPEA beneficiary country, tak-
16	ing into account the criteria contained in sub-
17	sections (c) and (d) of section 203 and other ap-
18	propriate criteria, including the following:
19	"(i) Whether the beneficiary country
20	has demonstrated a commitment to—
21	((I) undertake its obligations
22	under the WTO, including those agree-
23	ments listed in section $101(d)$ of the
24	Uruguay Round Agreements Act, on or
25	ahead of schedule; and

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1	"(II) participate in negotiations
2	toward the completion of the FTAA or
3	another free trade agreement.
4	"(ii) The extent to which the country
5	provides protection of intellectual property
6	rights consistent with or greater than the
7	protection afforded under the Agreement on
8	Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Prop-
9	erty Rights described in section $101(d)(15)$
10	of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act.
11	"(iii) The extent to which the country
12	provides internationally recognized worker
13	rights, including—
14	``(I) the right of association;
15	"(II) the right to organize and
16	bargain collectively;
17	"(III) a prohibition on the use of
18	any form of forced or compulsory
19	labor;
20	"(IV) a minimum age for the em-
21	ployment of children; and
22	"(V) acceptable conditions of work
23	with respect to minimum wages, hours
24	of work, and occupational safety and
25	health.

1	"(iv) Whether the country has imple-
2	mented its commitments to eliminate the
3	worst forms of child labor, as defined in sec-
4	tion 507(6) of the Trade Act of 1974.
5	"(v) The extent to which the country
6	has met the counter-narcotics certification
7	criteria set forth in section 490 of the For-
8	eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
9	2291j) for eligibility for United States as-
10	sistance.
11	"(vi) The extent to which the country
12	has taken steps to become a party to and
13	implements the Inter-American Convention
14	Against Corruption.
15	"(vii) The extent to which the
16	country—
17	"(I) applies transparent, non-
18	discriminatory, and competitive proce-
19	dures in government procurement
20	equivalent to those contained in the
21	Agreement on Government Procure-
22	ment described in section $101(d)(17)$ of
23	the Uruguay Round Agreements Act;
24	and

1	"(II) contributes to efforts in
2	international fora to develop and im-
3	plement international rules in trans-
4	parency in government procurement.
5	"(viii) The extent to which the country
6	has taken steps to support the efforts of the
7	United States to combat terrorism.
8	"(C) ATPEA ORIGINATING GOOD.—
9	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'ATPEA
10	originating good' means a good that meets
11	the rules of origin for a good set forth in
12	chapter 4 of the NAFTA as implemented
13	pursuant to United States law.
14	"(ii) Application of chapter 4.—In
15	applying chapter 4 of the NAFTA with re-
16	spect to an ATPEA beneficiary country for
17	purposes of this subsection—
18	``(I) no country other than the
19	United States and an ATPEA bene-
20	ficiary country may be treated as
21	being a party to the NAFTA;
22	"(II) any reference to trade be-
23	tween the United States and Mexico
24	shall be deemed to refer to trade be-

1	tween the United States and an
2	ATPEA beneficiary country;
3	"(III) any reference to a party
4	shall be deemed to refer to an ATPEA
5	beneficiary country or the United
6	States; and
7	"(IV) any reference to parties
8	shall be deemed to refer to any com-
9	bination of ATPEA beneficiary coun-
10	tries or to the United States and one
11	or more ATPEA beneficiary countries
12	(or any combination thereof).
13	"(D) TRANSITION PERIOD.—The term 'tran-
14	sition period' means, with respect to an ATPEA
15	beneficiary country, the period that begins on the
16	date of enactment, and ends on the earlier of-
17	"(i) February 28, 2006; or
18	"(ii) the date on which the FTAA or
19	another free trade agreement that makes
20	substantial progress in achieving the negoti-
21	ating objectives set forth in section
22	108(b)(5) of Public Law 103–182 (19
23	U.S.C. 3317(b)(5)) enters into force with re-
24	spect to the United States and the ATPEA
25	beneficiary country.

1	"(E) ATPEA.—The term 'ATPEA' means
2	the Andean Trade Preference Expansion Act.
3	"(F) FTAA.—The term 'FTAA' means the
4	Free Trade Area of the Americas.".
5	(b) Determination Regarding Retention of Des-
6	IGNATION.—Section 203(e) of the Andean Trade Preference
7	Act (19 U.S.C. 3202(e)) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (1)—
9	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A)
10	and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;
11	(B) by inserting "(A)" after "(1)"; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following:
13	(B) The President may, after the requirements of
14	paragraph (2) have been met—
15	((i) withdraw or suspend the designation of any
16	country as an ATPEA beneficiary country; or
17	"(ii) withdraw, suspend, or limit the application
18	of preferential treatment under section 204(b) (2) and
19	(3) to any article of any country;
20	if, after such designation, the President determines that, as
21	a result of changed circumstances, the performance of such
22	country is not satisfactory under the criteria set forth in
23	section $204(b)(5)(B)$."; and
24	(2) by adding after paragraph (2) the following
25	new paragraph:

"(3) If preferential treatment under section 204(b) (2)
 and (3) is withdrawn, suspended, or limited with respect
 to an ATPEA beneficiary country, such country shall not
 be deemed to be a 'party' for the purposes of applying sec tion 204(b)(5)(C) to imports of articles for which pref erential treatment has been withdrawn, suspended, or lim ited with respect to such country.".

8 (c) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 203(f) of
9 the Andean Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3202(f)) is
10 amended to read as follows:

11 "(f) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31,
2002, and every 2 years thereafter during the period
this title is in effect, the United States Trade Representative shall submit to Congress a report regarding the operation of this title, including—

17 "(A) with respect to subsections (c) and (d),
18 the results of a general review of beneficiary
19 countries based on the considerations described
20 in such subsections; and

21 "(B) the performance of each beneficiary
22 country or ATPEA beneficiary country, as the
23 case may be, under the criteria set forth in sec24 tion 204(b)(5)(B).

1	"(2) Public comment.—Before submitting the
2	report described in paragraph (1), the United States
3	Trade Representative shall publish a notice in the
4	Federal Register requesting public comments on
5	whether beneficiary countries are meeting the criteria
6	listed in section $204(b)(5)(B)$.".
7	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—
9	(A) Section 202 of the Andean Trade Pref-
10	erence Act (19 U.S.C. 3201) is amended by in-
11	serting "(or other preferential treatment)" after
12	"treatment".
13	(B) Section $204(a)(1)$ of the Andean Trade
14	Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203(a)(1)) is amend-
15	ed by inserting "(or otherwise provided for)"
16	after "eligibility".
17	(C) Section $204(a)(1)$ of the Andean Trade
18	Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203(a)(1)) is amend-
19	ed by inserting "(or preferential treatment)"
20	after "duty-free treatment".
21	(2) DEFINITIONS.—Section 203(a) of the Andean
22	Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3202(a)) is amended
23	by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
24	"(4) The term "NAFTA" means the North Amer-
25	ican Free Trade Agreement entered into between the

United States, Mexico, and Canada on December 17,
 1992.

3 "(5) The terms 'WTO' and 'WTO member' have
4 the meanings given those terms in section 2 of the
5 Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501).".
6 (e) PETITIONS FOR REVIEW.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after
8 the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall
9 promulgate regulations regarding the review of eligi10 bility of articles and countries under the Andean
11 Trade Preference Act, consistent with section 203(e) of
12 such Act, as amended by this title.

(2) CONTENT OF REGULATIONS.—The regulations 13 14 shall be similar to the regulations regarding eligi-15 bility under the Generalized System of Preferences 16 with respect to the timetable for reviews and content, 17 and shall include procedures for requesting with-18 drawal, suspension, or limitations of preferential 19 duty treatment under the Act, conducting reviews of 20 such requests, and implementing the results of the re-21 views.

22 SEC. 3103. TERMINATION.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 208(b) of the Andean Trade
24 Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3206(b)) is amended to read as
25 follows:

1	"(b) Termination of Preferential Treatment.—
2	No preferential duty treatment extended to beneficiary
3	countries under this Act shall remain in effect after Feb-
4	ruary 28, 2006.".
5	(b) Retroactive Application for Certain Liq-
6	UIDATIONS AND RELIQUIDATIONS.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 514
8	of the Tariff Act of 1930 or any other provision of
9	law, and subject to paragraph (3), the entry—
10	(A) of any article to which duty-free treat-
11	ment (or preferential treatment) under the Ande-
12	an Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.)
13	would have applied if the entry had been made
14	on December 4, 2001,
15	(B) that was made after December 4, 2001,
16	and before the date of the enactment of this Act,
17	and
18	(C) to which duty-free treatment (or pref-
19	erential treatment) under the Andean Trade
20	Preference Act did not apply,
21	shall be liquidated or reliquidated as if such duty-free
22	treatment (or preferential treatment) applied, and the
23	Secretary of the Treasury shall refund any duty paid
24	with respect to such entry.

1	(2) ENTRY.—As used in this subsection, the term
2	"entry" includes a withdrawal from warehouse for
3	consumption.
4	(3) REQUESTS.—Liquidation or reliquidation
5	may be made under paragraph (1) with respect to an
6	entry only if a request therefor is filed with the Cus-
7	toms Service, within 180 days after the date of the en-
8	actment of this Act, that contains sufficient informa-
9	tion to enable the Customs Service—
10	(A) to locate the entry; or
11	(B) to reconstruct the entry if it cannot be
12	located.
13	TITLE XXXII—MISCELLANEOUS
14	TRADE BENEFITS
15	SEC. 3201. WOOL PROVISIONS.
16	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
17	"Wool Manufacturer Payment Clarification and Technical
18	Corrections Act".
19	(b) Clarification of Temporary Duty Suspen-
20	SION.—Heading 9902.51.13 of the Harmonized Tariff
21	Schedule of the United States is amended by inserting "av-
22	erage" before "diameters".
23	(c) PAYMENTS TO MANUFACTURERS OF CERTAIN
24	Wool Products.—

1	(1) PAYMENTS.—Section 505 of the Trade and
2	Development Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–200; 114
3	Stat. 303) is amended as follows:
4	(A) Subsection (a) is amended—
5	(i) by striking "In each of the calendar
6	years" and inserting "For each of the cal-
7	endar years"; and
8	(ii) by striking "for a refund of duties"
9	and all that follows through the end of the
10	subsection and inserting "for a payment
11	equal to an amount determined pursuant to
12	subsection $(d)(1)$.".
13	(B) Subsection (b) is amended to read as
14	follows:
15	"(b) Wool Yarn.—
16	"(1) Importing manufacturers.—For each of
17	the calendar years 2000, 2001, and 2002, a manufac-
18	turer of worsted wool fabrics who imports wool yarn
19	of the kind described in heading 9902.51.13 of the
20	Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States
21	shall be eligible for a payment equal to an amount
22	determined pursuant to subsection $(d)(2)$.
23	"(2) Nonimporting manufacturers.—For
24	each of the calendar years 2001 and 2002, any other

25 manufacturer of worsted wool fabrics of imported

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1	wool yarn of the kind described in heading 9902.51.13
2	of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United
3	States shall be eligible for a payment equal to an
4	amount determined pursuant to subsection $(d)(2)$.".
5	(C) Subsection (c) is amended to read as
6	follows:
7	"(c) Wool Fiber and Wool Top.—
8	"(1) Importing manufacturers.—For each of
9	the calendar years 2000, 2001, and 2002, a manufac-
10	turer of wool yarn or wool fabric who imports wool
11	fiber or wool top of the kind described in heading
12	9902.51.14 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
13	United States shall be eligible for a payment equal to
14	an amount determined pursuant to subsection $(d)(3)$.
15	"(2) Nonimporting manufacturers.—For
16	each of the calendar years 2001 and 2002, any other
17	manufacturer of wool yarn or wool fabric of imported
18	wool fiber or wool top of the kind described in head-
19	ing 9902.51.14 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of
20	the United States shall be eligible for a payment
21	equal to an amount determined pursuant to sub-
22	section $(d)(3)$.".
23	(D) Section 505 is further amended by
24	striking subsection (d) and inserting the fol-
25	lowing new subsections:

1 "(d) Amount of Annual Payments to Manufac-2 turers.—

3 "(1) MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S SUITS, ETC. OF
4 IMPORTED WORSTED WOOL FABRICS.—

5 "(A) Eligible to receive more than 6 \$5,000.—Each annual payment to manufacturers described in subsection (a) who, according to the 7 8 records of the Customs Service as of September 9 11, 2001, are eligible to receive more than \$5,000 10 for each of the calendar years 2000, 2001, and 11 2002, shall be in an amount equal to one-third 12 of the amount determined by multiplying 13 \$30,124,000 by a fraction—

14 "(i) the numerator of which is the
15 amount attributable to the duties paid on
16 eligible wool products imported in calendar
17 year 1999 by the manufacturer making the
18 claim, and

19"(ii) the denominator of which is the20total amount attributable to the duties paid21on eligible wool products imported in cal-22endar year 1999 by all the manufacturers23described in subsection (a) who, according24to the records of the Customs Service as of25September 11, 2001, are eligible to receive

1	more than \$5,000 for each such calendar
2	year under this section as it was in effect
3	on that date.
4	"(B) ELIGIBLE WOOL PRODUCTS.—For pur-
5	poses of subparagraph (A), the term 'eligible
6	wool products' refers to imported worsted wool
7	fabrics described in subsection (a).
8	"(C) OTHERS.—All manufacturers described
9	in subsection (a), other than the manufacturers
10	to which subparagraph (A) applies, shall each
11	receive an annual payment in an amount equal
12	to one-third of the amount determined by divid-
13	ing \$1,665,000 by the number of all such other
14	manufacturers.
15	"(2) Manufacturers of worsted wool fab-
16	RICS OF IMPORTED WOOL YARN.—
17	"(A) Importing manufacturers.—Each
18	annual payment to an importing manufacturer
19	described in subsection $(b)(1)$ shall be in an
20	amount equal to one-third of the amount deter-
21	mined by multiplying \$2,202,000 by a
22	fraction—
23	((i) the numerator of which is the
24	amount attributable to the duties paid on
25	eligible wool products imported in calendar

1	year 1999 by the importing manufacturer
2	making the claim, and
3	"(ii) the denominator of which is the
4	total amount attributable to the duties paid
5	on eligible wool products imported in cal-
6	endar year 1999 by all the importing man-
7	ufacturers described in subsection (b)(1).
8	"(B) ELIGIBLE WOOL PRODUCTS.—For pur-
9	poses of subparagraph (A), the term 'eligible
10	wool products' refers to imported wool yarn de-
11	scribed in subsection (b)(1).
12	"(C) Nonimporting manufacturers.—
13	Each annual payment to a nonimporting manu-
14	facturer described in subsection $(b)(2)$ shall be in
15	an amount equal to one-half of the amount deter-
16	mined by multiplying \$141,000 by a fraction—
17	"(i) the numerator of which is the
18	amount attributable to the purchases of im-
19	ported eligible wool products in calendar
20	year 1999 by the nonimporting manufac-
21	turer making the claim, and
22	"(ii) the denominator of which is the
23	total amount attributable to the purchases
24	of imported eligible wool products in cal-
25	endar year 1999 by all the nonimporting

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1	manufacturers described in subsection
2	(b)(2).
3	"(3) Manufacturers of wool yarn or wool
4	FABRIC OF IMPORTED WOOL FIBER OR WOOL TOP
5	"(A) Importing manufacturers.—Each
6	annual payment to an importing manufacturer
7	described in subsection $(c)(1)$ shall be in an
8	amount equal to one-third of the amount deter-
9	mined by multiplying \$1,522,000 by a
10	fraction—
11	((i) the numerator of which is the
12	amount attributable to the duties paid on
13	eligible wool products imported in calendar
14	year 1999 by the importing manufacturer
15	making the claim, and
16	"(ii) the denominator of which is the
17	total amount attributable to the duties paid
18	on eligible wool products imported in cal-
19	endar year 1999 by all the importing man-
20	ufacturers described in subsection $(c)(1)$.
21	"(B) ELIGIBLE WOOL PRODUCTS.—For pur-
22	poses of subparagraph (A), the term 'eligible
23	wool products' refers to imported wool fiber or
24	wool top described in subsection $(c)(1)$.

1	"(C) Nonimporting manufacturers.—
2	Each annual payment to a nonimporting manu-
3	facturer described in subsection $(c)(2)$ shall be in
4	an amount equal to one-half of the amount deter-
5	mined by multiplying \$597,000 by a fraction—
6	"(i) the numerator of which is the
7	amount attributable to the purchases of im-
8	ported eligible wool products in calendar
9	year 1999 by the nonimporting manufac-
10	turer making the claim, and
11	"(ii) the denominator of which is the
12	amount attributable to the purchases of im-
13	ported eligible wool products in calendar
14	year 1999 by all the nonimporting manu-
15	facturers described in subsection $(c)(2)$.
16	"(4) Letters of intent.—Except for the non-
17	importing manufacturers described in subsections
18	(b)(2) and $(c)(2)$ who may make claims under this
19	section by virtue of the enactment of the Wool Manu-
20	facturer Payment Clarification and Technical Correc-
21	tions Act, only manufacturers who, according to the
22	records of the Customs Service, filed with the Customs
23	Service before September 11, 2001, letters of intent to
24	establish eligibility to be claimants are eligible to
25	make a claim for a payment under this section.

1	"(5) Amount attributable to purchases by
2	NONIMPORTING MANUFACTURERS.—

3 "(A) Amount attributable.—For pur-4 poses of paragraphs (2)(C) and (3)(C), the 5 amount attributable to the purchases of imported 6 eligible wool products in calendar year 1999 by a nonimporting manufacturer shall be the 7 8 amount the nonimporting manufacturer paid for 9 eligible wool products in calendar year 1999, as 10 evidenced by invoices. The nonimporting manu-11 facturer shall make such calculation and submit 12 the resulting amount to the Customs Service, 13 within 45 days after the date of enactment of the 14 Wool Manufacturer Payment Clarification and 15 Technical Corrections Act, in a signed affidavit 16 that attests that the information contained there-17 in is true and accurate to the best of the affiant's 18 belief and knowledge. The nonimporting manu-19 facturer shall retain the records upon which the 20 calculation is based for a period of five years be-21 ginning on the date the affidavit is submitted to 22 the Customs Service.

23 "(B) ELIGIBLE WOOL PRODUCT.—For pur24 poses of subparagraph (A)—

1	"(i) the eligible wool product for non-
2	importing manufacturers of worsted wool
3	fabrics is wool yarn of the kind described in
4	heading 9902.51.13 of the Harmonized Tar-
5	iff Schedule of the United States purchased
6	in calendar year 1999; and
7	"(ii) the eligible wool products for non-
8	importing manufacturers of wool yarn or
9	wool fabric are wool fiber or wool top of the
10	kind described in heading 9902.51.14 of
11	such Schedule purchased in calendar year
12	1999.
13	"(6) Amount attributable to duties paid.—
14	For purposes of paragraphs (1), (2)(A), and (3)(A),
15	the amount attributable to the duties paid by a man-
16	ufacturer shall be the amount shown on the records of
17	the Customs Service as of September 11, 2001, under
18	this section as then in effect.
19	"(7) Schedule of payments; realloca-
20	TIONS.—
21	"(A) SCHEDULE.—Of the payments de-
22	scribed in paragraphs (1), (2)(A), and (3)(A),
23	the Customs Service shall make the first and sec-
24	ond installments on or before the date that is 45
25	days after the date of enactment of the Wool

1	Manufacturer Payment Clarification and Tech-
2	nical Corrections Act, and the third installment
3	on or before April 15, 2003. Of the payments de-
4	scribed in paragraphs $(2)(C)$ and $(3)(C)$, the
5	Customs Service shall make the first installment
6	on or before the date that is 45 days after the
7	date of enactment of the Wool Manufacturer
8	Payment Clarification and Technical Correc-
9	tions Act, and the second installment on or be-
10	fore April 15, 2003.
11	"(B) REALLOCATIONS.—In the event that a
12	manufacturer that would have received payment
13	under subparagraph (A) or (C) of paragraph
14	(1), (2), or (3) ceases to be qualified for such
15	payment as such a manufacturer, the amounts
16	otherwise payable to the remaining manufactur-
17	ers under such subparagraph shall be increased
18	on a pro rata basis by the amount of the pay-
19	ment such manufacturer would have received.
20	"(8) REFERENCE.—For purposes of paragraphs
21	(1)(A) and (6), the 'records of the Customs Service as
22	of September 11, 2001' are the records of the Wool
23	Duty Unit of the Customs Service on September 11,
24	2001, as adjusted by the Customs Service to the extent
25	necessary to carry out this section. The amounts so

adjusted are not subject to administrative or judicial
 review.

3 *"(e) Affidavits by Manufacturers.*—

4 "(1) AFFIDAVIT REQUIRED.—A manufacturer may not receive a payment under this section for cal-5 6 endar year 2000, 2001, or 2002, as the case may be, 7 unless that manufacturer has submitted to the Cus-8 toms Service for that calendar year a signed affidavit 9 that attests that, during that calendar year, the affi-10 ant was a manufacturer in the United States de-11 scribed in subsection (a), (b), or (c).

12 "(2) TIMING.—An affidavit under paragraph (1)
13 shall be valid—

14 "(A) in the case of a manufacturer de-15 scribed in paragraph (1), (2)(A), or (3)(A) of 16 subsection (d) filing a claim for a payment for 17 calendar year 2000 or 2001, or both, only if the 18 affidavit is postmarked no later than 15 days 19 after the date of enactment of the Wool Manufac-20 turer Payment Clarification and Technical Cor-21 rections Act: and

22 "(B) in the case of a claim for a payment
23 for calendar year 2002, only if the affidavit is
24 postmarked no later than March 1, 2003.

"(f) OFFSETS.—Notwithstanding any other provision 1 2 of this section, any amount otherwise payable under sub-3 section (d) to a manufacturer in calendar year 2001 and, 4 where applicable, in calendar years 2002 and 2003, shall be reduced by the amount of any payment received by that 5 manufacturer under this section before the enactment of the 6 7 Wool Manufacturer Payment Clarification and Technical 8 Corrections Act.

9 "(g) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the 10 manufacturer is the party that owns—

"(1) imported worsted wool fabric, of the kind
described in heading 9902.51.11 or 9902.51.12 of the
Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, at
the time the fabric is cut and sewn in the United
States into men's or boys' suits, suit-type jackets, or
trousers;

17 "(2) imported wool yarn, of the kind described
18 in heading 9902.51.13 of such Schedule, at the time
19 the yarn is processed in the United States into wor20 sted wool fabric; or

21 "(3) imported wool fiber or wool top, of the kind
22 described in heading 9902.51.14 of such Schedule, at
23 the time the wool fiber or wool top is processed in the
24 United States into wool yarn.".

 2 priated and is appropriated, out of amounts in 3 General Fund of the Treasury not otherwise app 4 priated, \$36,251,000 to carry out the amendme 5 made by paragraph (1). 	ro-
 4 priated, \$36,251,000 to carry out the amendme 5 made by paragraph (1). 	
5 made by paragraph (1).	nts
6 SEC. 3202. DUTY SUSPENSION ON WOOL.	
7 (a) EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY DUTY REDUCTIONS	.—
8 (1) HEADING 9902.51.11.— Heading 9902.51.11	of
9 the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United Sta	ites
10 is amended by striking "2003" and inserting "200	5".
11 (2) HEADING 9902.51.12.— Heading 9902.51.12	of
12 the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United Sta	ites
13 is amended—	
14 (A) by striking "2003" and insert	ing
15 <i>"2005"; and</i>	
16 (B) by striking "6%" and inserting "Free	e".
17 (3) HEADING 9902.51.13.—Heading 9902.51.13	of
18 the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United Sta	ites
19 is amended by striking "2003" and inserting "200	5".
20 (4) HEADING 9902.51.14.—Heading 9902.51.14	of
21 the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United Sta	ites
is amended by striking "2003" and inserting "200	5".
23 (b) Limitation on Quantity of Imports.—	

1	(1) NOTE 15.—U.S. Note 15 to subchapter II of
2	chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
3	United States is amended—
4	(A) by striking "from January 1 to Decem-
5	ber 31 of each year, inclusive"; and
6	(B) by striking ", or such other" and insert-
7	ing the following: "in calendar year 2001,
8	3,500,000 square meter equivalents in calendar
9	year 2002, and 4,500,000 square meter equiva-
10	lents in calendar year 2003 and each calendar
11	year thereafter, or such greater".
12	(2) NOTE 16.—U.S. Note 16 to subchapter II of
13	chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
14	United States is amended—
15	(A) by striking "from January 1 to Decem-
16	ber 31 of each year, inclusive"; and
17	(B) by striking ", or such other" and insert-
18	ing the following: "in calendar year 2001,
19	2,500,000 square meter equivalents in calendar
20	year 2002, and 3,500,000 square meter equiva-
21	lents in calendar year 2003 and each calendar
22	year thereafter, or such greater".
23	(c) EXTENSION OF DUTY REFUNDS AND WOOL RE-
24	search Trust Fund.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The United States Customs
2	Service shall pay each manufacturer that receives a
3	payment under section 505 of the Trade and Develop-
4	ment Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–200) for calendar
5	year 2002, and that provides an affidavit that it re-
6	mains a manufacturer in the United States as of
7	January 1 of the year of the payment, 2 additional
8	payments, each payment equal to the payment re-
9	ceived for calendar year 2002 as follows:
10	(A) The first payment to be made after
11	January 1, 2004, but on or before April 15,
12	2004.
13	(B) The second payment to be made after
14	January 1, 2005, but on or before April 15,
15	2005.
16	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section 506(f)
17	of the Trade and Development Act of 2000 (Public
18	Law 106–200) is amended by striking "2004" and
19	inserting "2006".
20	
20	(3) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be
20 21	(3) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be appropriated and is appropriated out of amounts in
21	appropriated and is appropriated out of amounts in

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by sub section (a)(2)(B) applies to goods entered, or withdrawn
 from warehouse for consumption, on or after January 1,
 2002.

5 SEC. 3203. CEILING FANS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-7 sion of law, ceiling fans classified under subheading 8 8414.51.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United 9 States imported from Thailand shall enter duty-free and 10 without any quantitative limitations, if duty-free treatment under title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461 11 et seq.) would have applied to such entry had the competi-12 tive need limitation been waived under section 503(d) of 13 14 such Act.

15 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The provisions of this section 16 shall apply to ceiling fans described in subsection (a) that 17 are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for 18 consumption—

19 (1) on or after the date that is 15 days after the
20 date of enactment of this Act; and

21 (2) before July 30, 2002.

22 SEC. 3204. CERTAIN STEAM OR OTHER VAPOR GENERATING
23 BOILERS USED IN NUCLEAR FACILITIES.
24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subheading 9902.84.02 of the Har-

25 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States is amended—

1	(1) by striking "4.9%" and inserting "Free";
2	and
3	(2) by striking "12/31/2003" and inserting "12/
4	31/2006".
5	(b) Effective Date.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by
7	subsection (a) shall apply to goods entered, or with-
8	drawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after
9	January 1, 2002.
10	(2) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.—Notwith-
11	standing section 514 of the Tariff Act of 1930 or any
12	other provision of law, and subject to paragraph (4),
13	the entry of any article—
14	(A) that was made on or after January 1,
15	2002, and
16	(B) to which duty-free treatment would
17	have applied if the amendment made by this sec-
18	tion had been in effect on the date of such entry,
19	shall be liquidated or reliquidated as if such duty-free
20	treatment applied, and the Secretary of the Treasury
21	shall refund any duty paid with respect to such entry.
22	(3) ENTRY.—As used in this subsection, the term
23	"entry" includes a withdrawal from warehouse for
24	consumption.

1	(4) REQUESTS.—Liquidation or reliquidation
2	may be made under paragraph (2) with respect to an
3	entry only if a request therefor is filed with the Cus-
4	toms Service, within 180 days after the date of the en-
5	actment of this Act, that contains sufficient informa-
6	tion to enable the Customs Service—
7	(A) to locate the entry; or
8	(B) to reconstruct the entry if it cannot be
9	located.
10	DIVISION D-EXTENSION OF
11	CERTAIN PREFERENTIAL
12	TRADE TREATMENT AND
13	OTHER PROVISIONS
14	TITLE XLI—EXTENSION OF GEN-
15	ERALIZED SYSTEM OF PREF-
16	ERENCES
17	SEC. 4101. GENERALIZED SYSTEM OF PREFERENCES.
18	(a) EXTENSION OF DUTY-FREE TREATMENT UNDER
19	System.—Section 505 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
20	2465) is amended by striking "September 30, 2001" and
21	inserting "December 31, 2006".
22	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by sub-
23	section (a) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this
24	Act.

1	(c) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION FOR CERTAIN LIQ-
2	UIDATIONS AND RELIQUIDATIONS.—
3	(1) IN GENERAL.—
4	(A) ENTRY OF CERTAIN ARTICLES.—Not-
5	withstanding section 514 of the Tariff Act of
6	1930 or any other provision of law, and subject
7	to paragraph (2), the entry—
8	(i) of any article to which duty-free
9	treatment under title V of the Trade Act of
10	1974 would have applied if the entry had
11	been made on September 30, 2001;
12	(ii) that was made after September 30,
13	2001, and before the date of enactment of
14	this Act; and
15	(iii) to which duty-free treatment
16	under title V of that Act did not apply,
17	shall be liquidated or reliquidated as free of
18	duty, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall re-
19	fund any duty paid with respect to such entry.
20	(B) ENTRY.—In this subsection, the term
21	"entry" includes a withdrawal from warehouse
22	for consumption.
23	(2) REQUESTS.—Liquidation or reliquidation
24	may be made under paragraph (1) with respect to an
25	entry only if a request therefor is filed with the Cus-

1	toms Service, within 180 days after the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act, that contains sufficient information
3	to enable the Customs Service—
4	(A) to locate the entry; or
5	(B) to reconstruct the entry if it cannot be
6	located.
7	SEC. 4102. AMENDMENTS TO GENERALIZED SYSTEM OF
8	PREFERENCES.
9	(a) Eligibility for Generalized System of Pref-
10	ERENCES.—Section $502(b)(2)(F)$ of the Trade Act of 1974
11	(19 U.S.C. $2462(b)(2)(F)$) is amended by striking the pe-
12	riod at the end and inserting "or such country has not
13	taken steps to support the efforts of the United States to
14	combat terrorism.".
15	(b) Definition of Internationally Recognized
16	Worker Rights.—Section 507(4) of the Trade Act of 1974
17	(19 U.S.C. 2467(4)) is amended—
18	(1) by striking "and" at the end of subpara-
19	graph (D);
20	(2) by striking the period at the end of subpara-
21	graph (E) and inserting "; and";
22	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
23	paragraph:
24	``(F) a prohibition on discrimination with
25	respect to employment and occupation."; and

1	(4) by amending subparagraph (D) to read as
2	follows:
3	``(D) a minimum age for the employment of
4	children, and a prohibition on the worst forms of
5	child labor, as defined in paragraph (6);".
6	TITLE XLII—OTHER PROVISIONS
7	SEC. 4201. TRANSPARENCY IN NAFTA TRIBUNALS.
8	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
9	(1) Chapter Eleven of the North American Free
10	Trade Agreement (NAFTA) allows foreign investors to
11	file claims against signatory countries that directly or
12	indirectly nationalize or expropriate an investment,
13	or take measures "tantamount to nationalization or
14	expropriation" of such an investment.
15	(2) Foreign investors have filed several claims
16	against the United States, arguing that regulatory ac-
17	tivity has been "tantamount to nationalization or ex-
18	propriation". Most notably, a Canadian chemical
19	company claimed \$970,000,000 in damages allegedly
20	resulting from a California State regulation banning
21	the use of a gasoline additive produced by that com-
22	pany.
23	(3) A claim under Chapter Eleven of the NAFTA
24	is adjudicated by a three-member panel, whose delib-
25	erations are largely secret.

(4) While it may be necessary to protect the con fidentiality of business sensitive information, the gen eral lack of transparency of these proceedings has been
 excessive.

5 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this amendment is to 6 ensure that the proceedings of the NAFTA investor protec-7 tion tribunals are as transparent as possible, consistent 8 with the need to protect the confidentiality of business sen-9 sitive information.

10 (c) CHAPTER 11 OF NAFTA.—The President shall ne-11 gotiate with Canada and Mexico an amendment to Chapter 12 Eleven of the NAFTA to ensure the fullest transparency pos-13 sible with respect to the dispute settlement mechanism in 14 that Chapter, consistent with the need to protect informa-15 tion that is classified or confidential, by—

16 (1) ensuring that all requests for dispute settle17 ment under Chapter Eleven are promptly made pub18 lic;

19 (2) ensuring that with respect to Chapter
20 Eleven—

(A) all proceedings, submissions, findings,
and decisions are promptly made public; and
(B) all hearings are open to the public; and
(3) establishing a mechanism under that Chapter
for acceptance of amicus curiae submissions from

businesses, unions, and nongovernmental organiza tions.

3 (d) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—Within one
4 year of the date of enactment of this Act, the U.S. Trade
5 Representative shall certify to Congress that the President
6 has fulfilled the requirements set forth in subsection (c).

7 SEC. 4202. EXPRESSION OF SOLIDARITY WITH ISRAEL IN 8 ITS FIGHT AGAINST TERRORISM.

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

10 (1) The United States and Israel are now en-11 gaged in a common struggle against terrorism and 12 are on the frontlines of a conflict thrust upon them 13 against their will.

14 (2) President George W. Bush declared on No-15 vember 21, 2001, "We fight the terrorists and we fight 16 all of those who give them aid. America has a message 17 for the nations of the world: If you harbor terrorists, 18 you are terrorists. If you train or arm a terrorist, 19 you are a terrorist. If you feed a terrorist or fund a 20 terrorist, you are a terrorist, and you will be held ac-21 countable by the United States and our friends.".

(3) The United States has committed to provide
resources to states on the frontline in the war against
terrorism.

25 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—The Congress—

1	(1) stands in solidarity with Israel, a frontline
2	state in the war against terrorism, as it takes nec-
3	essary steps to provide security to its people by dis-
4	mantling the terrorist infrastructure in the Pales-
5	tinian areas;
6	(2) remains committed to Israel's right to self-de-
7	fense;
8	(3) will continue to assist Israel in strengthening
9	its homeland defenses;
10	(4) condemns Palestinian suicide bombings;
11	(5) demands that the Palestinian Authority ful-
12	fill its commitment to dismantle the terrorist infra-
13	structure in the Palestinian areas;
14	(6) urges all Arab states, particularly the United
15	States allies, Egypt and Saudi Arabia, to declare
16	their unqualified opposition to all forms of terrorism,
17	particularly suicide bombing, and to act in concert
18	with the United States to stop the violence; and
19	(7) urges all parties in the region to pursue vig-
20	orously efforts to establish a just, lasting, and com-
21	prehensive peace in the Middle East.
22	SEC. 4203. LIMITATION ON USE OF CERTAIN REVENUE.
23	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any rev-
24	enue generated from custom user fees imposed pursuant to

	012
1	Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. $58c(j)(3)$) may be
2	used only to fund the operations of the United States Cus-
3	toms Service.
4	SEC. 4204. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE UNITED
5	STATES-RUSSIAN FEDERATION SUMMIT
6	MEETING, MAY 2002.
7	(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—
8	(1) President George W. Bush will visit the Rus-
9	sian Federation May 23-25, 2002, to meet with his
10	Russian counterpart, President Vladimir V. Putin;
11	(2) the President and President Putin, and the
12	United States and Russian governments, continue to
13	cooperate closely in the fight against international
14	terrorism;
15	(3) the President seeks Russian cooperation in
16	containing the war-making capabilities of Iraq, in-
17	cluding that country's ongoing program to develop
18	and deploy weapons of mass destruction;
19	(4) during his visit, the President expects to sign
20	a treaty to significantly reduce deployed American
21	and Russian nuclear weapons by 2012;
22	(5) the President and his NATO partners have
23	further institutionalized United States-Russian secu-
24	rity cooperation through establishment of the NATO-

Russia Council, which meets for the first time on May
 28, 2002, in Rome, Italy;

3 (6) during his visit, the President will continue
4 to address religious freedom and human rights con5 cerns through open and candid discussions with
6 President Putin, with leading Russian activists, and
7 with representatives of Russia's revitalized and di8 verse Jewish community; and

9 (7) recognizing Russia's progress on religious 10 freedom and a broad range of other mechanisms to 11 address remaining concerns, the President has asked 12 the Congress to terminate application to Russian of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 (commonly known 13 as the "Jackson-Vanik Amendment") and authorize 14 15 the extension of normal trade relations to the products 16 of Russia.

17 (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—The Senate—

18 (1) supports the President's efforts to deepen the
19 friendship between the American and Russian peo20 ples;

(2) further supports the policy objectives of the
President mentioned in this section with respect to
the Russian Federation;

(3) supports terminating the application of title 1 2 IV of the Trade Act of 1974 to Russia in an appro-3 priate and timely manner; and (4) looks forward to learning the results of the 4 President's discussions with President Putin and 5 other representatives of the Russian government and 6 7 Russian society. 8 SEC. 4205. NO APPROPRIATIONS.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no10 direct appropriation may be made under this Act.

Attest:

Secretary.



AMENDMENT