

106TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. 3180

To provide for the disclosure of the collection of information through computer software, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 6 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 22), 2000

Mr. EDWARDS introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

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## A BILL

To provide for the disclosure of the collection of information through computer software, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Spyware Control and  
5 Privacy Protection Act of 2000”.

6 **SEC. 2. COLLECTION OF INFORMATION BY COMPUTER**  
7 **SOFTWARE.**

8 (a) NOTICE AND CHOICE REQUIRED.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Any computer software  
10 made available to the public, whether by sale or

1 without charge, that includes a capability to collect  
2 information about the user of such computer soft-  
3 ware, the hardware on which such computer soft-  
4 ware is used, or the manner in which such computer  
5 software is used, and to disclose to such information  
6 to any person other than the user of such computer  
7 software, shall include—

8 (A) a clear and conspicuous written notice,  
9 on the first electronic page of the instructions  
10 for the installation of such computer software,  
11 that such computer software includes such ca-  
12 pability;

13 (B) a description of the information sub-  
14 ject to collection and the name and address of  
15 each person to whom such computer software  
16 will transmit or otherwise communicate such in-  
17 formation; and

18 (C) a clear and conspicuous written elec-  
19 tronic notice, in a manner reasonably calculated  
20 to provide the user of such computer software  
21 with easily understood instructions on how to  
22 disable such capability without affecting the  
23 performance or operation of such computer  
24 software for the purposes for which such com-  
25 puter software was intended.

1           (2) **ENABLEMENT OF CAPABILITY.**—A capa-  
2           bility of computer software described in paragraph  
3           (1) may not be enabled unless the user of such com-  
4           puter software provides affirmative consent, in ad-  
5           vance, to the enablement of the capability.

6           (3) **EXCEPTION.**—The requirements in para-  
7           graphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to any capability  
8           of computer software that is reasonably needed to—

9                   (A) determine whether or not the user is a  
10                  licensed or authorized user of such computer  
11                  software;

12                   (B) provide, upon request of the user,  
13                  technical support of the use of such computer  
14                  software by the user; or

15                   (C) enable an employer to monitor com-  
16                  puter usage by its employees while such employ-  
17                  ees are within the scope of employment as au-  
18                  thorized by applicable Federal, State, or local  
19                  law.

20           (4) **USE OF INFORMATION COLLECTED**  
21           **THROUGH EXCEPTED CAPABILITY.**—Any information  
22           collected through a capability described in paragraph  
23           (1) for a purpose referred to in paragraph (3) may  
24           be utilized only for the purpose for which such infor-  
25           mation is collected under paragraph (3).

1           (5) ACCESS TO INFORMATION COLLECTED  
2 THROUGH EXCEPTED CAPABILITY.—Any person col-  
3 lecting information about a user of computer soft-  
4 ware through a capability described in paragraph (1)  
5 shall—

6           (A) upon request of the user, provide rea-  
7 sonable access by user to information so col-  
8 lected;

9           (B) provide a reasonable opportunity for  
10 the user to correct, delete, or supplement such  
11 information; and

12           (C) make the correction or supplementary  
13 information a part of the information about the  
14 user for purposes of any future use of such in-  
15 formation under this subsection.

16           (6) SECURITY OF INFORMATION COLLECTED  
17 THROUGH EXCEPTED CAPABILITY.—Any person col-  
18 lecting information through a capability described in  
19 paragraph (1) shall establish and maintain reason-  
20 able procedures necessary to protect the security,  
21 confidentiality, and integrity of such information.

22           (b) PREINSTALLATION.—In the case of computer  
23 software described in subsection (a)(1) that is installed on  
24 a computer by someone other than the user of such com-  
25 puter software, whether through preinstallation by the

1 provider of such computer or computer software, by instal-  
2 lation by someone before delivery of such computer to the  
3 user, or otherwise, the notice and instructions under that  
4 subsection shall be provided in electronic form to the user  
5 before the first use of such computer software by the user.

6 (c) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of subsection (a) or (b)  
7 shall be treated as an unfair or deceptive act or practice  
8 proscribed by section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade  
9 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)).

10 (d) DISCLOSURE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT OR UNDER  
11 COURT ORDER.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other  
13 provision of this section, a computer software pro-  
14 vider that collects information about users of the  
15 computer software may disclose information about a  
16 user of the computer software—

17 (A) to a law enforcement agency in re-  
18 sponse to a warrant issued under the Federal  
19 Rules of Criminal Procedure, an equivalent  
20 State warrant, or a court order issued in ac-  
21 cordance with paragraph (3); or

22 (B) in response to a court order in a civil  
23 proceeding granted upon a showing of compel-  
24 ling need for the information that cannot be ac-  
25 commodated by any other means if—

1 (i) the user to whom the information  
2 relates is given reasonable notice by the  
3 person seeking the information of the court  
4 proceeding at which the order is requested;  
5 and

6 (ii) the user is afforded a reasonable  
7 opportunity to appear and contest the  
8 issuance of the requested order or to nar-  
9 row its scope.

10 (2) SAFEGUARDS AGAINST FURTHER DISCLO-  
11 SURE.—A court that issues an order described in  
12 paragraph (1) shall impose appropriate safeguards  
13 on the use of the information to protect against its  
14 unauthorized disclosure.

15 (3) COURT ORDERS.—A court order authorizing  
16 disclosure under paragraph (1)(A) may issue only  
17 with prior notice to the user and only if the law en-  
18 forcement agency shows that there is probable cause  
19 to believe that the user has engaged, is engaging, or  
20 is about to engage in criminal activity and that the  
21 records or other information sought are material to  
22 the investigation of such activity. In the case of a  
23 State government authority, such a court order shall  
24 not issue if prohibited by the law of such State. A  
25 court issuing an order pursuant to this paragraph,

1 on a motion made promptly by the computer soft-  
2 ware provider may quash or modify such order if the  
3 information or records requested are unreasonably  
4 voluminous in nature or if compliance with such  
5 order otherwise would cause an unreasonable burden  
6 on the provider.

7 (e) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—

8 (1) ACTIONS AUTHORIZED.—A person may, if  
9 otherwise permitted by the laws or rules of court of  
10 a State, bring in an appropriate Federal court, if  
11 such laws or rules prohibit such actions, either or  
12 both of the actions as follows:

13 (A) An action based on a violation of sub-  
14 section (a) or (b) to enjoin such violation.

15 (B) An action to recover actual monetary  
16 loss for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) in  
17 an amount equal to the greater of—

18 (i) the amount of such actual mone-  
19 tary loss; or

20 (ii) \$2,500 for such violation, not to  
21 exceed a total amount of \$500,000.

22 (2) ADDITIONAL REMEDY.—If the court in an  
23 action under paragraph (1) finds that the defendant  
24 willfully, knowingly, or repeatedly violated subsection  
25 (a) or (b), the court may, in its discretion, increase

1 the amount of the award under paragraph (1)(B) to  
2 an amount not greater than three times the amount  
3 available under paragraph (1)(B)(ii).

4 (3) LITIGATION COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES.—  
5 In any action under paragraph (1), the court may,  
6 in its discretion, require an undertaking for the pay-  
7 ment of the costs of such action and assess reason-  
8 able costs, including reasonable attorney fees,  
9 against the defendant.

10 (4) VENUE.—In addition to any contractual  
11 provision otherwise, venue for an action under para-  
12 graph (1) shall lie where the computer software con-  
13 cerned was installed or used or where the person al-  
14 leged to have committed the violation concerned is  
15 found.

16 (5) PROTECTION OF TRADE SECRETS.—At the  
17 request of any party to an action under paragraph  
18 (1), or any other participant in such action, the  
19 court may, in its discretion, issue a protective order  
20 and conduct proceedings in such action so as to pro-  
21 tect the secrecy and security of the computer, com-  
22 puter network, computer data, computer program,  
23 and computer software involved in order to—

24 (A) prevent possible recurrence of the  
25 same or a similar act by another person; or

1 (B) protect any trade secrets of such party  
2 or participant.

3 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 (1) COLLECT.—The term “collect” means the  
5 gathering of information about a computer or a user  
6 of computer software by any means, whether direct  
7 or indirect and whether active or passive.

8 (2) COMPUTER.—The term “computer” means  
9 a programmable electronic device that can store, re-  
10 trieve, and process data.

11 (3) COMPUTER SOFTWARE.—(A) Except as pro-  
12 vided in subparagraph (B), the term “computer soft-  
13 ware” means any program designed to cause a com-  
14 puter to perform a desired function or functions.

15 (B) The term does not include a text file, or  
16 cookie, placed on a person’s computer system by an  
17 Internet service provider, interactive computer serv-  
18 ice, or commercial Internet website to return infor-  
19 mation to the Internet service provider, interactive  
20 computer service, commercial Internet website, or  
21 third party if the person subsequently uses the  
22 Internet service provider or interactive computer  
23 service, or accesses the commercial Internet website.

1           (4) INFORMATION.—The term “information”  
2 means information that personally identifies a user  
3 of computer software, including the following:

4           (A) A first and last name, whether given  
5 at birth or adoption, assumed, or legally  
6 changed.

7           (B) A home or other physical address in-  
8 cluding street name and name of a city or town.

9           (C) An electronic mail address.

10          (D) A telephone number.

11          (E) A social security number.

12          (F) A credit card number, any access code  
13 associated with the credit card, or both.

14          (G) A birth date, birth certificate number,  
15 or place of birth.

16          (H) Any other unique information identi-  
17 fying an individual that a computer software  
18 provider, Internet service provider, interactive  
19 computer service, or operator of a commercial  
20 Internet website collects and combines with in-  
21 formation described in subparagraphs (A)  
22 through (G) of this paragraph.

23           (5) PERSON.—The term “person” has the  
24 meaning given that term in section 3(32) of the  
25 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(32)).

1           (6) USER.—The term “user” means an indi-  
2           vidual who acquires, through purchase or otherwise,  
3           computer software for purposes other than resale.

4           (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect  
5           180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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