H. R. 2912

To amend the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 to reinstate payment under Medicare for home health services consisting of venipuncture solely for the purpose of obtaining a blood sample, and to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to study potential fraud and abuse under the Medicare program with respect to such services.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Rahall (for himself, Mr. Posehnard, Mr. Mollohan, Mrs. Clayton, Ms. Kilpatrick, Mr. McIntyre, Mr. Frost, Mr. Costello, Mr. Clement, Mr. Baesler, Mr. Aderholt, Mr. Boucher, and Mr. Cramer) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

A BILL

To amend the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 to reinstate payment under Medicare for home health services consisting of venipuncture solely for the purpose of obtaining a blood sample, and to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to study potential fraud and abuse under the Medicare Program with respect to such services.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Medicare Venipuncture Fairness Act of 1997”.

SEC. 2. REPEAL OF PROHIBITION ON PAYMENT FOR HOME HEALTH SERVICES SOLELY FOR PURPOSES OF OBTAINING A BLOOD SAMPLE; REPORT.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 4615 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 is hereby repealed.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Balanced Budget Act of 1997, as amended in subsection (a), is further amended by inserting after section 4614, the following new section:

“SEC. 4615. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON HOME HEALTH BENEFITS BASED SOLELY ON DRAWING BLOOD.

“(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct a study with respect to the provision of home health services consisting of venipuncture under title XVIII of the Social Security Act. In conducting such study, the Secretary, using the most recent data available, shall—

“(1) determine the number of beneficiaries who are provided home health services under the medicare program;

“(2) determine the number of beneficiaries who receive such services consisting of venipuncture;
“(3) compare the instances in which the only home health service provided in a home health visit is venipuncture solely for the purposes of obtaining a blood sample and those instances in which venipuncture is provided in such a visit in conjunction with the provision of other home health services;

“(4) determine the costs of providing payment for home health services consisting of venipuncture solely for the purpose of obtaining a blood sample, including in such determination an analysis of the increase in such costs attributable to fraud and abuse in the provision of or billing for such services under the medicare program; and

“(5) determine—

“(A) the costs to beneficiaries if payment under the medicare program is prohibited for home health services consisting of venipuncture solely for the purposes of obtaining a blood sample, and

“(B) the costs to States through potentially increased use of personal care services and nursing home placements under the reduced program due to such prohibition.

“(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
to Congress a report consisting of the findings of the study conducted under subsection (a).”.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to section 4615 in the table of contents of title IV of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 is amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 4615. Report to Congress on home health benefits based solely on drawing blood.”.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section take effect as if included in the enactment of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997.