104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# **S.** 337

To enhance competition in the financial services sector, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 2 (legislative day, January 30), 1995

Mr. D'Amato introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

# A BILL

To enhance competition in the financial services sector, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Depository Institution Affiliation Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.

TITLE I—CREATION AND CONTROL OF FINANCIAL SERVICES HOLDING COMPANIES

Sec. 101. Definitions.

- Sec. 102. Amendments to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.
- Sec. 103. Amendments to the Federal Reserve Act.
- Sec. 104. Amendments to the Banking Act of 1933.
- Sec. 105. Amendments to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
- Sec. 106. Amendments to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Sec. 107. Amendment to the Home Owners' Loan Act.
- Sec. 108. Amendments to the Community Reinvestment Act.

#### TITLE II—SUPERVISORY IMPROVEMENTS

Sec. 201. National Financial Services Committee.

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- (1) current laws and regulations restrain effi ciency, competition, and innovation in the design
   and delivery of financial services to the disadvantage
- 6 of consumers;

10

- 7 (2) restrictions on ownership of depository insti-8 tutions and affiliations with other business organiza-9 tions interfere with their ability to attract and retain
- 11 (3) the vulnerability of the financial system and 12 its discrete components is increased and effective 13 monitoring, supervision, and coordination of actions

capital and managerial resources;

- during periods of stress is impeded by fragmented
- and disparate regulation; and
- 16 (4) current laws inhibit the ability of domestic
- financial markets and intermediaries to respond to
- the serious competitive challenges presented by for-
- eign intermediaries and the globalization of markets.

1	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to pro-
2	mote the safety and soundness of the Nation's financial
3	system, enhance the quality of regulation and supervision
4	of financial intermediaries, and achieve a more efficient
5	market and effective regulatory structure by—

- (1) establishing an alternative and comprehensive legislative framework for the creation and regulation of financial services holding companies;
- (2) increasing the capital adequacy of commercial banks, brokers and dealers, and savings and loan associations and other financial companies by eliminating restrictions on common ownership and affiliation within a financial services holding company;
- (3) permitting affiliates to engage in any activity subject to functional and equal regulation by the appropriate Federal or State regulator;
- (4) insulating and protecting insured depository institutions through higher capital requirements, expanded restrictions on relationships with affiliates, broader examination and enforcement authority and increased civil and criminal penalties;
- (5) permitting the efficient marketing and distribution of financial services to consumers subject

1	to safeguards against coercive tie-ins and other un-
2	fair and abusive practices; and
3	(6) establishing the National Financial Services
4	Committee to oversee the evolution and supervision
5	of the financial services industry and to report to the
6	Congress.
7	TITLE I—CREATION AND CON-
8	TROL OF FINANCIAL SERV-
9	<b>ICES HOLDING COMPANIES</b>
10	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
11	(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this Act—
12	(1) the term "financial services holding com-
13	pany'' means a company that—
14	(A) has filed with the National Financial
15	Services Committee, established under section
16	201, a notice stating such company's intent to
17	comply with the requirements of this Act and
18	has not withdrawn such notice; and
19	(B) controls an insured depository institu-
20	tion, or either—
21	(i) has, within the preceding 12
22	months, filed a notice under subsection (b)
23	to acquire control of an insured depository
24	institution, a bank holding company, a sav-
25	ings and loan holding company, or a finan-

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

cial services holding company, which	notice
has not been disapproved; or	

(ii) controls a depository institution which has, within the preceding 12 months, filed an application for deposit insurance under section 5 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act which has not been disapproved,

except that the filing of the notice described in subparagraph (A) by a bank holding company that does not control any bank, as defined in section 2(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, that is not an insured depository institution, other than a bank that has filed an application for deposit insurance under section 5 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, that has not been disapproved, shall result in immediate termination of the status of such company as a bank holding company, and the filing of the notice described in subparagraph (A) by a savings and loan holding company shall result in the immediate termination of the status of such company as a savings and loan holding company, except that, upon denial of any such application for deposit insurance filed by a bank

Ŭ
that is controlled by a company, the status of
which as a bank holding company is terminated
under this subparagraph, such company shal
4 resume its status as a bank holding company
5 (2) the term "bank holding company" has the
same meaning as in section 2(a) of the Bank Hold

ing Company Act of 1956;

- (3) the term "savings and loan holding company" has the same meaning as in section 10(a) of the Home Owners' Loan Act:
- (4) except as provided in subsection (f)(5), the term "affiliate" of a company means any other company which controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such company;
- (5) the term "appropriate Federal banking agency" has the same meaning as in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
- (6) the terms "depository institution" and "insured depository institution" have the same meanings as in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
- (7) the term "State" has the same meaning as in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act;
- (8) the term "company" means any corporation, partnership, business trust, association, or

1	similar organization, or any other trust unless by its
2	terms it must terminate within 25 years or not later
3	than 21 years and 10 months after the death of in-
4	dividuals living on the effective date of the trust, but
5	shall not include any corporation the majority of the
6	shares of which are owned by the United States or
7	by any State;
8	(9) the term "control" means the power, di-
9	rectly or indirectly, to direct the management or
10	policies of a company, or to vote 25 percent or more
11	of any class of voting securities of a company, except
12	that—
13	(A) no company shall be deemed to control
14	or to have acquired control of any other com-
15	pany by virtue of its ownership of the voting se-
16	curities of such other company—
17	(i) acquired or held in an agency,
18	trust, or other fiduciary capacity;
19	(ii) acquired or held in connection
20	with or incidental to—
21	(I) the underwriting of securities
22	if such securities are held only for
23	such period of time as will permit the
24	sale thereof on a reasonable basis; or

1	(II) market making, dealing,
2	trading, brokerage, or other securities-
3	related activities, and not with a view
4	to acquiring, exercising, or transfer-
5	ring any control over the management
6	or policies of such company; or
7	(iii) acquired in securing or collecting
8	a debt previously contracted in good faith,
9	until 2 years after the date of acquisition
10	or for such additional period of time as the
11	appropriate Federal banking agency may
12	permit; and
13	(B) no company formed for the sole pur-
14	pose of participating in a proxy solicitation is in
15	control of a company by virtue of its acquisition
16	of voting rights with respect to shares of such
17	company acquired in the course of such solicita-
18	tion;
19	(10) the term "adequately capitalized", with re-
20	spect to an insured depository institution, has the
21	same meaning as in section 38(b)(1) of the Federal
22	Deposit Insurance Act;
23	(11) the term "well capitalized" has the same
24	meaning as in section 38(b)(1) of the Federal De-
25	posit Insurance Act;

- 1 (12) the term "minimum required capital", 2 with respect to an insured depository institution, 3 means the amount of capital that is required for the 4 institution to be adequately capitalized; and
- 5 (13) the term "domestic branch" has the same 6 meaning as in section 3(o) of the Federal Deposit 7 Insurance Act.
- 8 (b) Changes in Control of Insured Banks and Insured Institutions.—No financial services holding 10 company acting directly or indirectly, or through or in concert with one or more other persons, shall acquire control of an insured depository institution, a bank holding company, a savings and loan holding company, or a financial services holding company not controlled by such company on the date it became a financial services holding company, if such acquisition and control occurs through a purchase, assignment, transfer, pledge, or other disposition of voting stock of such insured depository institution, bank holding company, savings and loan holding company, or financial services holding company, unless the financial 20 services holding company has complied with the require-21 ments of section 7(j) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act. Any failure to comply with the preceding requirements shall subject the relevant financial services holding

company to the penalties and other procedures provided

1 in subsections (i) through (m) of this section, in addition2 to otherwise applicable penalties.

### (c) Affiliate Transactions.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal banking agency may—
  - (A) upon a finding of probable harm that cannot adequately be prevented by less burdensome rules and regulations, adopt such rules and regulations, consistent with the purposes of this Act, as may be necessary in order to prevent an insured depository institution that is controlled by a financial services holding company from engaging in unsafe or unsound practices that involve the financial services holding company or any of its affiliates including, without limitation, unsafe or unsound practices that involve covered transactions, as defined in section 23A of the Federal Reserve Act, and any transactions described in section 23B(a)(2) of the Federal Reserve Act; and
  - (B) by rule, regulation or order, exempt any insured depository institution that is controlled by a financial services holding company or class of such banks or institutions, or any transaction or class of transactions, from any

- requirement under subparagraph (A), or under section 23A or 23B of the Federal Reserve Act, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, rule, regulation or order, if the appropriate Federal banking agency deems such an exemption to be reasonable and not inconsistent with the purposes of this Act and in the public interest.
  - (2) REGULATORY ACTIVITY.—Any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) shall be adopted in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, except that the appropriate Federal banking agency shall give interested persons an opportunity for oral presentations of data, views, and arguments, in addition to written submissions.
  - (3) APPLICATION TO PRIOR APPROVED TRANS-ACTIONS.—Any transaction that was approved by a Federal regulatory agency before the date of enactment of this Act shall be exempt from any rules or regulations adopted pursuant to paragraph (1)(A).
  - (4) FEDERAL RESERVE ACT TREATMENT.— Subject to paragraph (1)(B), the provisions of sections 23A and 23B of the Federal Reserve Act shall be applicable to every insured depository institution controlled by a financial services holding company in

- the same manner and to the extent as if such insured depository institution were a member bank;
  and for this purpose, any company which would be
  an affiliate of an insured depository institution for
  purposes of such sections 23A and 23B if such insured depository institution were a member bank
  shall be deemed to be an affiliate of such insured depository institution.
  - (5) LIMITATIONS.—No insured depository institution that is an affiliate of a financial services holding company shall, directly or indirectly—
    - (A) extend credit in any manner to a securities affiliate or a subsidiary thereof;
    - (B) purchase for its own account assets of a securities affiliate or a subsidiary thereof;
    - (C) issue a guarantee, acceptance, or letter of credit, including an endorsement or standby letter of credit, for the benefit of a securities affiliate or a subsidiary thereof; or
    - (D) extend credit in any manner to any investment company advised by or the shares of which are distributed by a securities affiliate.
  - (6) EXCEPTION.—Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (5) do not apply to any extension of credit by an insured depository institution made to

1	acquire of	or s	ell	any	securities	of	the	United	States
2	if—								

- (A) the extension of credit is to be repaid on the same calendar day;
- (B) the extension of credit is incidental to the clearing of transactions in those securities through that insured depository institution; and
- (C) both the principal of and the interest on the extension of credit are fully secured by securities of the United States.
- (7) LIMITATION ON CERTAIN MARKETABILITY ACTIVITIES.—No insured depository institution that is an affiliate of a financial services holding company shall directly or indirectly extend credit, or issue or enter into a standby letter of credit, asset purchase agreement, indemnity, guarantee, insurance, or other facility, for the purpose of enhancing the marketability of a securities issue underwritten or distributed by a securities affiliate.
- (8) ACTIVITIES DURING SECURITIES DISTRIBUTION.—No insured depository institution that is an affiliate of a financial services holding company shall knowingly extend or arrange for the extension of credit, directly or indirectly, secured by or for the purpose of purchasing any security while, or for 30

- days after, that security is the subject of a distribution in which a securities affiliate of that insured depository institution participates as an underwriter or a member of a selling group.
  - (9) EXTENSIONS OF CREDIT FOR PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS.—No depository institution that is an affiliate of a financial services holding company shall, directly or indirectly, extend credit to an issuer of securities underwritten by a securities affiliate for the purpose of paying the principal of those securities or interest for dividends on those securities.
  - (10) "SECURITIES AFFILIATE" DEFINED.—For purposes of paragraphs (5) through (9), the term "securities affiliate" means a company that engages in underwriting, distributing, or dealing in securities of any type, except that such term shall not include insurance products deemed to be securities, including and without limitation variable annuities and variable life insurance.

# (d) Capitalization.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each insured depository institution that is controlled by a financial services holding company shall be well capitalized.
- (2) ACTIONS BY FEDERAL REGULATORS.—In the event of a finding by the appropriate Federal

- banking agency that an insured depository institution controlled by a financial services holding company is not well capitalized, the financial services holding company shall—
  - (A) execute an agreement with the appropriate Federal banking agency within 30 days to return the insured depository institution within a reasonable period of time to being well capitalized; or
  - (B) divest control of the insured bank or insured institution in an orderly manner within 180 days, or such additional period of time as the appropriate Federal banking agency may determine is reasonably required in order to effect such divestiture.
  - (3) Capital of holding company.—The appropriate Federal banking agency may not impose by regulation, order, agreement, or any other means, any requirement pertaining to the capital of a financial services holding company.
- 21 (e) Interstate Acquisitions and Activities of 22 Insured Depository Institutions.—
- 23 (1) Insured banks.—No financial services 24 holding company may acquire control of an addi-25 tional insured bank (as such term is defined in sec-

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

tion 2(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956) if the acquisition could not be approved by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under section 3(d)(1)(B), 3(d)(1)(C), 3(d)(1)(D), 3(d)(2), 3(d)(3), 3(d)(4) or 3(d)(5) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, were such acquisition made by a bank holding company, except as otherwise authorized pursuant to section 13(f) of the

Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (2) Treatment of financial services holding company shall be treated as a bank holding company, and any insured depository institution affiliate of a financial services holding company shall be treated as a bank subsidiary for purposes of section 18(r) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
- (3) Savings associations.—No financial services holding company may acquire control of an additional savings association if the acquisition would be in violation of section 10(e)(3) of the Home Owners' Loan Act, were such acquisition made by a savings and loan holding company, except as otherwise authorized pursuant to section 13(k) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

1	(f) Differential Treatment Prohibition; Laws
2	Inconsistent With This Act.—
3	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
4	Federal law, no State, and no Federal or State regu-
5	latory agency, including the appropriate Federal
6	banking agency, may act by law, rule, regulation,
7	order, or otherwise if the effect of such action would
8	be to differentiate insured depository institutions
9	controlled by financial services holding companies
10	from any other insured depository institutions in a
11	manner adverse to insured depository institutions
12	controlled by financial services holding companies, or
13	to differentiate financial services holding companies
14	or their affiliates from bank holding companies or
15	savings and loan holding companies and their affili-
16	ates in a manner adverse to financial services hold-
17	ing companies or their affiliates, except to the extent
18	that the appropriate Federal banking agency may
19	act to implement this Act as authorized herein.
20	(2) Application of state laws.—
21	(A) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds
22	that—
23	(i) certain State laws and regulations
24	have the purpose or effect of preventing in-
25	sured depository institutions from being or

1	becoming affiliated with, companies or per-
2	sons engaged in nonbanking activities;
3	(ii) such laws restrain legitimate com-
4	petition in interstate commerce and deny
5	consumers freedom of choice in selecting
6	financial services;
7	(iii) such restrictions also threaten the
8	long-term safety and soundness of insured
9	depository institutions by denying them ac-
10	cess to capital;
11	(iv) given the preponderant Federal
12	interest in ensuring competition in national
13	markets for financial services and in ensur-
14	ing the safety and soundness of the feder-
15	ally insured banking and thrift industries,
16	it is necessary to preempt such anti-
17	competitive State laws and regulations to
18	the extent necessary to permit the forma-
19	tion and efficient operation of financial
20	services holding companies;
21	(v) there is, however, a legitimate and
22	traditional State interest in ensuring that
23	State banks and other companies are oper-
24	ated in a safe and sound manner to serve

1	the interests of the public and consumers;
2	and
3	(vi) the preemption provided in sub-
4	paragraph (B) is not intended to preempt
5	State laws that concern the regulation, su-
6	pervision, and examination of State char-
7	tered entities, and that are not inconsistent
8	with the purposes of this Act.
9	(B) Preemption.—Any provision of Fed-
10	eral or State law, rule, regulation, or order that
11	is expressed or implied inconsistent with the
12	provisions and purposes of this section is hereby
13	preempted, including, without limitation, State
14	banking, savings and loan, insurance, real es-
15	tate, securities, finance company, retail, or
16	other laws which have the purpose or effect
17	of—
18	(i) preventing or impeding insured de-
19	pository institutions or affiliates, agents,
20	principals, brokers, directors, officers, em-
21	ployees, or other representatives of such
22	institutions or affiliates thereof from being
23	owned or controlled by or from being affili-
24	ated in any way with a financial services

holding company or any affiliate thereof as

a result of the types of nonbanking activities engaged in directly or indirectly by such company or any affiliate thereof or by any agent, principal, solicitor, broker, director, officer, employee, or other representative of such company or affiliate thereof; or

(ii) preventing insured banks or insured institutions or affiliates, agents, principals, brokers, directors, officers, employees, or other representatives of such institutions or affiliates thereof from offering or marketing products or services of their affiliated financial services holding company or any affiliate thereof or from having their products or services offered or marketed by their affiliated financial services holding company or any affiliate thereof, or by any agent, principal, broker, director, officer, employee, or other representative of such company or affiliate thereof.

### (3) Laws affecting court actions.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—No State or State regulatory agency may act by law, rule, regulation,

or order if the effect of such action would be to impede or prevent an insured bank or insured institution that is located in another State from qualifying to maintain or defend in court any action which could be maintained or defended under similar circumstances by a company that is located in such other State and that is not an insured depository institution, if the insured depository institution does not establish or operate in that State a "domestic branch".

(B) EXCEPTION.—Where the maintenance or defense of a court action referred to in subparagraph (A) by a company that is located in such other State and that is not an insured depository institution is subject to certain conditions, the maintenance or defense of such an action by an insured depository institution located in such other State may be subject to those same conditions, if such conditions are applied in a nondiscriminatory manner to fulfill legitimate State objectives and do not have the effect, directly or indirectly, of denying insured depository institutions located in other States the opportunity to maintain or defend such actions.

1 (4) OTHER RESTRICTIONS.—Except for licens-2 ing, marketing, compensation, employment, or other 3 requirements applied in a nondiscriminatory manner 4 to fulfill legitimate State regulatory objectives which 5 are not inconsistent with the purposes of this Act, 6 no State may, through legislative, administrative, ex-7 ecutive, or judicial action, impede or prevent a financial services holding company or affiliate thereof 8 9 from utilizing or compensating any agent (including 10 an affiliated insured depository institution acting in accordance with section 18(r) of the Federal Deposit 12 Insurance Act), solicitor, broker, employee, or other 13 person located in that State and representing in any 14 lawful capacity any insured depository institution or 15 any such financial services holding company or such 16 affiliate thereof, if, where any such person is being 17 utilized or compensated for the performance of ac-18 tivities on behalf of an insured depository institu-19 tion, such activities do not result in the establish-20 ment or operation by the insured depository institution of a domestic branch at any location other than 22 the main or branch offices of such depository insti-23 tution.

> (5) DEFINITIONS.—As used in paragraphs (2) through (4) only—

11

21

24

1	(A) the term "affiliate" means a person
2	that directly or indirectly controls or is con-
3	trolled by, or is under common control with the
4	person specified; and
5	(B) the term "control", including the
6	terms "controlled by" and "under common con-
7	trol with", means the power, directly or indi-
8	rectly, to direct the management or policies of
9	a person and shall be presumed to exist if any
10	person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, or
11	holds with power to vote 10 percent or more of
12	the voting securities of any other person.
13	(g) Securities, Insurance, and Real Estate Ac-
14	TIVITIES OF INSURED BANKS AND INSURED INSTITU-
15	TIONS.—
16	(1) In general.—No insured depository insti-
17	tution that is an affiliate of a financial services hold-
18	ing company shall directly engage in—
19	(A) dealing in or underwriting securities,
20	or purchasing or selling securities as agent, ex-
21	cept to the extent that such activities are per-
22	formed only with regard to obligations of the
23	United States or would be authorized for a na-
24	tional bank under the first section of the Act of

September 28, 1962 (12 U.S.C. 92a);

1	(B) insurance underwriting; or
2	(C) real estate investment or development,
3	except to the extent that such activities are per-
4	formed in relation to the premises of the in-
5	sured depository institution or in connection
6	with securing or collecting a debt previously
7	contracted in good faith, or would be authorized
8	for a national bank under the first section of
9	the Act of September 28, 1962 (12 U.S.C.
10	92a).
11	(2) Construction.—Nothing contained in this
12	subsection shall be construed to prohibit or im-
13	pede—
14	(A) a financial services holding company or
15	any affiliate of a financial services holding com-
16	pany other than an insured depository institu-
17	tion from engaging in any of the activities set
18	forth in paragraph (1); or
19	(B) any employee of an insured depository
20	institution that is an affiliate of a financial
21	services holding company from promoting or
22	advertising products or services of an affiliate
23	of such insured depository institution that en-
24	gages in any of such activities.

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(3) Insurance and real estate activi-TIES.—No bank holding company which becomes a financial services holding company and no financial services holding company which did not at any time prior to becoming such a holding company may, directly or indirectly, engage in insurance agency or real estate brokerage activities shall commence any insurance agency or real estate brokerage activities not permissible for bank holding companies under section 4(c)(8) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, unless such activities are conducted through an existing insurance agency or real estate brokerage firm, as the case may be, acquired directly or indirectly by such financial services holding company or through any successor to such insurance agency or real estate brokerage, and unless such acquired insurance agency or real estate brokerage firm shall have been actively engaged in such insurance or real estate agency activities during the 2-year period preceding the date of enactment of this Act.

- (4) Existing contracts.—Nothing in this subsection shall require the breach of any contract entered into before the date of enactment of this Act.
- (h) Tying and Insider Lending Provisions.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A financial services holding company shall be treated as a bank holding company for purposes of section 106 of the Bank Holding Company Act Amendments of 1970 and section 22(h) of the Federal Reserve Act and any regulation prescribed under any such section.
  - (2) Treatment under bank holding company and any of such company's other affiliates shall be subject to section 106 of the Bank Holding Company Act Amendments of 1970, in connection with any transaction involving the products or services of such company or affiliate and those of an insured depository institution affiliate, as if such company or any such company's other affiliates were an insured depository institution and such insured depository institution were a subsidiary of a bank holding company.
  - (3) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—For purposes of this subsection, the appropriate Federal banking agency shall exercise the authority provided to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under section 106 of the Bank Holding Company Act Amendments of 1970 and section 22(h) of the Federal Reserve Act.

(i) EXAMINATION AND ENFORCEMENT.—

- (1) APPROPRIATE FEDERAL BANKING AGENCY ACTIONS.—The appropriate Federal banking agency shall enforce the provisions of this section and any regulations adopted under the authority conferred in this section by using its examination and supervisory powers to ensure that each insured depository institution under its supervision is in compliance with the limitations of this section.
  - (2) No extension of insurance coverage.—In no instance shall the benefits of Federal deposit insurance coverage applicable to an insured depository institution that is controlled by a financial services holding company be extended to either such financial services holding company or to any other company controlled by such financial services holding company that is not an insured depository institution.
  - (3) AGENCY REVIEW OF RECORDS.—The appropriate Federal banking agency may examine the books, records and affairs of, or require reports from, any affiliate of an insured depository institution controlled by a financial services holding company in order to ensure compliance with the limitations of this section.

- (4) Enforcement of violations.—Whenever it appears to the appropriate Federal banking agency that any financial services holding company is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this section or any regulation prescribed under this section, such agency may, in its discretion, apply to the appropriate district court of the United States or the United States court of any territory for—
  - (A) a temporary or permanent injunction or restraining order enjoining such financial services holding company from violating this section or any regulation prescribed under this section; or
  - (B) such other equitable relief, including divestiture, as may be necessary to prevent such violation.
  - (5) COURT JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the United States and the United States court in any territory shall have jurisdiction and power to issue any injunction or restraining order or grant any other relief described in paragraph (3). When appropriate, any injunction, order, or other equitable relief granted under this subparagraph shall be granted without requiring the posting of any bond.

(6) Notice of violations.—Whenever it appears to a Federal or State official or agency with supervisory or examination authority over any affiliate of a financial services holding company that such affiliate or such financial services holding company is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this section or any regulation prescribed under this section, such official or agency shall promptly notify the appropriate Federal regulatory authority in order that the appropriate Federal regulatory authority in consultation with the notifying agency may determine whether action under this subsection is appropriate.

# (j) DIVESTITURE.—

(1) In General.—In addition to all of its other regulatory and supervisory powers, if the appropriate Federal banking agency determines that an insured depository institution under its supervision has engaged in a continuing course of conduct involving its financial services holding company or any affiliate of such holding company which has had, or has a significant probability of having, the effect of causing such insured depository institution to be in an unsafe or unsound condition, it may make an initial finding that the financial services holding com-

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

pany should be required to terminate its control of the insured depository institution. If the appropriate Federal banking agency makes such an initial finding, it shall within 3 days so notify the financial services holding company controlling the insured depository institution and the National Financial Services Committee. Such notice shall provide a statement for the basis of the appropriate Federal banking agency's action.

(2) Hearing procedures.—Not later than 30 days after receipt of the notice described in paragraph (1), the financial services holding company receiving such notice may request an agency hearing before the appropriate Federal banking agency. In such hearing, all issues shall be determined pursuant to section 554 of title 5, United States Code. The length of the hearing shall be determined by the appropriate Federal banking agency, and such hearing may be before a hearing examiner appointed by such agency. At the conclusion thereof, the appropriate Federal banking agency shall issue a final order, on the basis of the record made at such hearing, affirming or reversing the initial finding of the appropriate Federal banking agency. A company that fails to request an agency hearing under this paragraph shall

- be deemed to have consented to the issuance of a final order affirming the initial finding without the necessity of the hearing provided for in this paragraph.
  - (3) TERMINATION OF CONTROL.—If such final order affirms the initial finding, the financial services holding company shall, upon completion of the judicial review, if any, of the appropriate Federal banking agency's final order as provided for in subsection (m), terminate its control of the insured depository institution involved within 1 year.

## (k) Criminal Penalties.—

(1) WILLFUL VIOLATIONS.—Any company or insured depository institution which knowingly and willfully violates or knowingly and willfully participates in a violation of any provision of this section, or any rule, regulation, or order issued by an appropriate Federal banking agency pursuant thereto, shall, upon conviction, be fined for each violation not more than the greater of \$250,000 or an amount equal to ½100 of 1 percent of the minimum required capital of the relevant insured depository institution for each day during which the violation continues, except that in no case shall any such amount for any violation or related series of violations exceed 1 per-

- cent of the minimum required capital of the relevant insured depository institution.
  - Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any company, insured depository institution, and any other natural person who knowingly and willfully participates in a violation of any provision of this section or any rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant thereto, shall upon conviction be imprisoned not less than 5 years and fined for each violation not more than the greater of \$250,000 or double the individual's annual compensation at the time the violation occurred.
    - (3) Enforceability against officers and EMPLOYEES.—Every officer, director, employee, and agent of a financial services holding company or insured depository institution also shall be subject to the same penalties for false entries in any book, report, or statement of such company or insured depository institution as are applicable to officers, directors, employees, and agents of member banks for false entries in any books, reports, or statements of member banks under section 1005 of title 18, United States Code.

1 (4) Enforceability against holding com-2 PANIES.—A financial services holding company and 3 its affiliates shall be subject to the provisions of title 18, United States Code, to the same extent as a reg-5 istered bank holding company or savings and loan 6 holding company or any affiliate of such a company. 7 (1) CIVIL ENFORCEMENT, CEASE-AND-DESIST OR-8 DERS, CIVIL MONEY PENALTIES, REMOVAL, AND PROHI-BITION AUTHORITY.—Subsections (b) through (s) and subsection (u) of section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insur-10 ance Act shall apply to any financial services holding com-11 pany in the same manner as they apply to an insured depository institution. Nothing in subsection (b) or (c) of that section 8 shall authorize any Federal banking agency, other than the appropriate Federal banking agency, to issue a notice of charges or cease-and-desist order against a financial services holding company.

# (m) Civil Money Penalties.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal banking agency shall have authority to assess such a civil money penalty, after giving notice and an opportunity to the company or insured depository institution, officer, director, employee, agent, or other natural person to submit data, views, and arguments, and after giving due consideration to the ap-

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- propriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of financial resources and good faith of the company, insured depository institution, or natural person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations, and any data, views, and arguments submitted.
  - (2) Collection of Penalties.—The appropriate Federal banking agency may, in its discretion, compromise, modify, or remit any civil money penalty which is subject to imposition or has been imposed. The appropriate Federal banking agency may collect such civil money penalty by agreement with the company, insured bank or insured institution, or person, or by bringing an action in the appropriate United States district court, except that in any such action, the company, insured depository institution or person against whom the penalty has been assessed shall have a right to trial de novo.
- 19 (n) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Any party aggrieved by an appropriate Federal banking agency's findings or other actions under this Act may obtain review by the United States court of appeals of the circuit wherein such party has its principal place of business or the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, by filing a Notice of Appeal in such court within 30 days from

1	the date of such action, and simultaneously sending a copy
2	of such notice by registered or certified mail to the appro-
3	priate Federal banking agency. The appropriate Federal
4	banking agency shall promptly certify and file in such
5	court the record upon which such action or finding was
6	based. The actions or findings of the appropriate Federal
7	banking agency shall be set aside if not supported by sub-
8	stantial evidence or if found to violate procedures estab-
9	lished by this Act. An initial finding by the appropriate
10	Federal banking agency under subsection (j) shall be sub-
11	ject to judicial review only in the context of review of a
12	final order under paragraph (2) of subsection (j).
13	SEC. 102. AMENDMENTS TO THE BANK HOLDING COMPANY
14	ACT OF 1956.
15	Section 2(c)(2) of the Bank Holding Company Act
16	of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841(c)(2)) is amended by adding at
17	the end the following new subparagraph:
18	"(K) An insured bank, as defined in sec-
19	tion 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act
20	that is controlled by no company other than a
21	financial services holding company, as defined
22	in section 101 of the Depository Institution Af-
23	filiation Act.''.

#### 1 SEC. 103. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT.

- 2 Section 23A(a)(2) of the Federal Reserve Act (12
- 3 U.S.C. 371c(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 4 following: "Notwithstanding the foregoing, a loan or ex-
- 5 tension of credit shall not be deemed to be made to an
- 6 affiliate if—
- 7 "(A) the member bank approves such loan or
- 8 extension of credit in accordance with substantially
- 9 the same standards and procedures and on substan-
- tially the same terms that it applies to similar loans
- or extensions of credit the proceeds of which are not
- transferred to or for the benefit of an affiliate; and
- 13 "(B) such loan or extension of credit is not
- made for the purposes of evading any of the require-
- ments of this section.".

#### 16 SEC. 104. AMENDMENTS TO THE BANKING ACT OF 1933.

- 17 (a) Section 20.—Section 20 of the Banking Act of
- 18 1933 (12 U.S.C. 377) is amended by inserting after the
- 19 first undesignated paragraph the following:
- 20 "The provisions of this section shall not apply
- 21 to the affiliation of any bank that is an affiliate of
- a financial services holding company as defined in
- the Depository Institution Affiliation Act with the fi-
- 24 nancial services holding company or any other affili-
- ate of the financial services holding company.".

1	(b) Section 32.—Section 32 of the Banking Act of
2	1933 (12 U.S.C. 78) is amended by adding at the end
3	the following: "The provisions of this section shall not
4	apply to relationships involving an affiliate of a financial
5	services holding company, as defined in section 101 of the
6	Depository Institution Affiliation Act, and either that fi-
7	nancial services holding company or any other affiliate of
8	that financial services holding company.".
9	SEC. 105. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSUR-
10	ANCE ACT.
11	(a) Section 7.—Section 7(j) of the Federal Deposit
12	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (8), by striking subparagraph
14	(B) and inserting the following:
15	"(B) the term 'control' means the power,
16	directly or indirectly, to direct the management
17	or policies of a company, or to vote 25 percent
18	or more of any class of voting securities of a
19	company, except that no company shall be
20	deemed to control or to have acquired control of
21	any other company by virtue of its ownership of
22	the voting securities of such other company—
23	"(i) acquired or held in an agency,
24	trust, or other fiduciary capacity;

1	"(ii) acquired or held in connection
2	with or incidental to—
3	"(I) the underwriting of securi-
4	ties if such securities are held only for
5	such period of time as will permit the
6	sale thereof on a reasonable basis; or
7	''(II) market making, dealing,
8	trading, brokerage, or other securities-
9	related activities and not with a view
10	to acquiring, exercising, or transfer-
11	ring any control over the management
12	or policies of such company; or
13	"(iii) acquired in securing or collect-
14	ing a debt previously contracted in good
15	faith, until 2 years after the date of acqui-
16	sition, except that no company formed for
17	the sole purpose of participating in a proxy
18	solicitation is in control of a company by
19	virtue of its acquisition of voting rights
20	with respect to shares of such company ac-
21	quired in the course of such solicitation.";
22	and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following new
24	paragraph:

1	"(18) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
2	section, the term 'insured depository institution
3	shall include—
4	"(A) any 'bank holding company', as that
5	term is defined in section 2 of the Bank Hold-
6	ing Company Act of 1956, which has control of
7	any insured bank (as defined in that section 2)
8	and the appropriate Federal banking agency in
9	the case of a bank holding company shall be the
10	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-
11	tem;
12	"(B) any 'savings and loan holding com-
13	pany', as that term is defined in section 10 of
14	the Home Owners' Loan Act, which has control
15	of any insured savings association (as defined
16	in that section 10), and the appropriate Federa
17	banking agency, in the case of a savings and
18	loan holding company shall be the Office of
19	Thrift Supervision; and
20	"(C) any 'financial services holding com-
21	pany', as that term is defined in section
22	101(a)(1) of the Depository Institution Affili-
23	ation Act, which has control of any such in-

sured bank, and the appropriate Federal bank-

ing agency in the case of a financial services

24

- holding company shall be the appropriate Federal banking agency, as defined in section 101(a)(5) of the Depository Institution Affiliation Act, of such insured bank, or each such agency, if more than one, in the case of a financial services holding company which has control of more than one such insured bank.".
- 8 (b) SECTION 18.—Section 18(j)(1)(A) of the Federal 9 Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(j)(1)(A)) is 10 amended by striking "Sections" and inserting "Subject to 11 section 101(c)(1)(B) of the Depository Institution Affiliation Act, sections".
- 13 SEC. 106. AMENDMENTS TO THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
  14 ACT OF 1934.
- 15 (a) REGISTRATION OF BROKERS AND DEALERS.—
  16 Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
  17 U.S.C. 780) is amended by adding at the end the following
  18 new subsection:
- "(h) Adherence to Other Laws.—The Commission shall not grant registration to any broker or dealer unless such broker or dealer establishes to the satisfaction of the Commission that all requirements established by the Depository Institution Affiliation Act in connection with the activities of such broker or dealer (including any cap-
- 25 ital adequacy requirement) have been met.".

1	(b) Regulation of Brokers and Dealers.—Sec-
2	tion 15(b)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
3	U.S.C. 780 (b)(4)) is amended—
4	(1) in subparagraph (D), by inserting "the De-
5	pository Institution Affiliation Act," after "the Com-
6	modity Exchange Act,"; and
7	(2) in subparagraph (E), by inserting "the De-
8	pository Institution Affiliation Act," after "the Com-
9	modity Exchange Act,".
10	SEC. 107. AMENDMENT TO THE HOME OWNERS' LOAN ACT.
11	Section 11(a)(1) of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12
12	U.S.C. 1468(a)(1)) is amended by striking "Sections" and
13	inserting "Subject to section $101(c)(1)(B)$ of the Deposi-
14	tory Institution Affiliation Act, sections".
15	SEC. 108. AMENDMENT TO THE COMMUNITY REINVEST-
15 16	SEC. 108. AMENDMENT TO THE COMMUNITY REINVEST-MENT ACT.
16 17	MENT ACT.
16 17	MENT ACT.  Section 803(3) of the Community Reinvestment Act
16 17 18	MENT ACT.  Section 803(3) of the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (12 U.S.C. 2902(3)) is amended—
16 17 18 19	MENT ACT.  Section 803(3) of the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (12 U.S.C. 2902(3)) is amended—  (1) by inserting "or notice, as appropriate"
16 17 18 19 20	MENT ACT.  Section 803(3) of the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (12 U.S.C. 2902(3)) is amended—  (1) by inserting "or notice, as appropriate" after "an application";
16 17 18 19 20 21	MENT ACT.  Section 803(3) of the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (12 U.S.C. 2902(3)) is amended—  (1) by inserting "or notice, as appropriate" after "an application";  (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking "or" at

1	(4) by adding at the end the following new sub-
2	paragraph:
3	"(G) the acquisition of an insured deposi-
4	tory institution requiring prior notice under sec-
5	tion 101(b) of the Depository Institution Affili-
6	ation Act.''.
7	TITLE II—SUPERVISORY
8	<b>IMPROVEMENTS</b>
9	SEC. 201. NATIONAL FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE.
10	(a) Establishment of National Financial
11	SERVICES OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.—There is established
12	a National Financial Services Oversight Committee which
13	shall consist of—
14	(1) the Secretary of the Treasury;
15	(2) the Chairman of the Board of Governors of
16	the Federal Reserve System;
17	(3) the Chairman of the Board of Directors of
18	the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
19	(4) the Director of the Office of Thrift Super-
20	vision;
21	(5) the Comptroller of the Currency;
22	(6) the Secretary of Commerce;
23	(7) the Attorney General;
24	(8) the Chairman of the Securities and Ex-
25	change Commission; and

- 1 (9) the Chairman of the Commodities Futures
- 2 Trading Commission.
- 3 (b) Member Agencies.—For purposes of this Act,
- 4 the agencies or departments headed by members of the
- 5 committee shall be referred to as "member agencies".
- 6 (c) Chair.—The chair of the committee shall be the
- 7 Secretary of the Treasury.
- 8 (d) Compensation.—Each member of the committee
- 9 shall serve without additional compensation, but shall be
- 10 entitled to reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out
- 11 the official duties as such a member.
- 12 (e) Public Meetings.—The committee shall hold
- 13 public meetings at least annually. All meetings of the com-
- 14 mittee shall be conducted in conformity with the provisions
- 15 of section 3(a) of the Government in the Sunshine Act
- 16 (5 U.S.C. 552b). The committee may not take any action
- 17 unless such action is approved by a vote of two-thirds of
- 18 the members of the committee.
- 19 (f) Secretariat.—The Department of the Treasury
- 20 shall provide the secretariat for the committee and shall
- 21 assume any expenses arising for execution of the respon-
- 22 sibilities of the committee.
- 23 (g) Access to Records.—For the purpose of carry-
- 24 ing out this section, the committee shall have access to
- 25 all books, accounts, records, reports, files, memoranda, pa-

- 1 pers, things, and property belonging to or in use by any2 appropriate Federal banking agency.
  - (h) Functions of the Committee.—

- (1) UNIFORM PRINCIPLES AND STANDARDS.—
  The committee shall, insofar as is practicable, establish uniform principles and standards for the examination and supervision of financial institutions and other providers of financial services, which shall be applied by the member agencies.
  - (2) Recommendations.—The committee shall make recommendations for uniformity in other supervisory matters, such as, but not limited to, identifying financial institutions and other providers of financial services in need of special supervisory attention, the adequacy of supervisory tools for determining the impact of affiliate operations on insured depository institutions and the ability of the member agencies to discover possible fraud or questionable practices.
  - (3) RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS.—The committee shall, from time to time, recommend to the Congress additional measures to strengthen the separation between insured depository institutions controlled by depository institutions holding companies from the activities of any of their affiliates in-

- 1 cluding, the imposition of additional restrictions on
- 2 interaffiliate transactions and the strict application
- of Federal deposit insurance coverage only for the
- 4 benefit of depositors of insured depository institu-
- 5 tions that are controlled by a financial services hold-
- 6 ing company.
- 7 (i) Consultation With State Regulators.—The
- 8 committee shall consult with the appropriate organizations
- 9 representing the State regulators of banks, savings and
- 10 loan associations, savings banks, securities firms, insur-
- 11 ance companies, and other providers of financial services,
- 12 and as deemed appropriate, meet with such State regu-
- 13 lators. The committee shall invite to each public meeting
- 14 of the committee representatives of such organizations.
- 15 (j) Studies and Recommendations.—The com-
- 16 mittee may conduct or authorize studies to carry out the
- 17 purposes of this Act. On the basis of such studies, the
- 18 committee may make recommendations to the Congress
- 19 and member agencies concerning the implementation of
- 20 this Act and changes in statutes and regulations necessary
- 21 to promote the strength and stability of the Nation's fi-
- 22 nancial system and financial institutions, the competitive-
- 23 ness of providers of financial services in domestic and
- 24 international markets and the purposes of this Act. Not
- 25 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,

- 1 the committee shall report to the Congress on proposals
- 2 for legislative or regulatory actions that will improve the
- 3 examination process to permit better oversight of all in-
- 4 sured depository institutions. In particular, the committee
- 5 shall consider whether the number of or compensation for
- 6 examiners employed by the appropriate Federal regulatory
- 7 agencies should be increased.

 $\bigcirc$ 

- S 337 IS——2
- S 337 IS——3
- S 337 IS——4