¹⁰⁴TH CONGRESS H. R. 2779

AN ACT

To provide for appropriate implementation of the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 in Federal construction projects, and for other purposes.

104TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R. 2779

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- To provide for appropriate implementation of the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 in Federal construction projects, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Savings in Construc-3 tion Act of 1996".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 The Congress finds the following:

6 (1) The Metric Conversion Act of 1975 was en-7 acted in order to set forth the policy of the United 8 States to convert to the metric system. Section 3 of 9 that Act requires that each Federal agency use the 10 metric system of measurement in its procurements, 11 grants and other business related activities, unless 12 that use is likely to cause significant cost or loss of 13 markets to United States firms, such as when for-14 eign competitors are producing competing products 15 in non-metric units.

16 (2) Currently, many Federal agencies are re-17 quiring as a condition of obtaining Federal construc-18 tion contracts that all bidders must agree to use 19 products measured in round metric units, materials which are known as "hard-metric" products. This 20 21 require retooling, substantial capitalization can 22 costs, and other expensive production changes for 23 some suppliers to physically change the size of the 24 product.

25 (3) This "hard-metric" conversion requirement
26 has sometimes been imposed without appropriate re•HR 2779 EH

gard to whether that method is impractical or likely
 to cause significant costs or a loss of markets to
 United States firms.

4 (4) Some United States businesses that manu5 facture basic construction products suffer harm by
6 being forced to convert to hard-metric production, or
7 by being foreclosed from effectively bidding on Fed8 eral or federally assisted projects.

9 (5) This "hard-metric" conversion requirement 10 may place domestic producers at a competitive dis-11 advantage with respect to foreign producers; may re-12 duce the number of companies that may compete for 13 contracts with the Federal Government; and may 14 force manufacturers to maintain double inventories 15 of similar but incompatible products.

16 (6) This "hard-metric" conversion requirement
17 has unnecessarily raised the cost to the Government
18 of some lighting and concrete masonry products and
19 there is consensus that relief is in order.

(7) While the Metric Conversion Act of 1975
currently provides an exception to metric usage
when impractical or when it will cause economic inefficiencies, there is need for ombudsmen and procedures to ensure the effective implementation of the
exceptions.

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1 (8) The changes made by this Act will advance 2 the goals of the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 while 3 eliminating significant problems in its implementa-4 tion. 5 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. 6 Section 4 of the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (15 U.S.C. 205c) is amended— 7 8 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and 9 (4) as paragraphs (3), (6), and (7), respectively; 10 (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the follow-11 ing new paragraph: "(2) 'converted product' means a material or 12 13 product that is produced as a result of a hard-metric 14 conversion;"; 15 (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the follow-16 ing new paragraphs: "(4) 'hard-metric' means measurement, design, 17 18 and manufacture using the metric system of meas-19 urement, but does not include measurement, design, 20 and manufacture using English system measurement 21 units which are subsequently reexpressed in the met-22 ric system of measurement; "(5) 'hard-metric conversion' means a conver-23 24 sion that requires, in addition to the expression of 25 the linear dimensions of a product under the metric

1	system of measurement, a physical change in the
2	size of that product relative to the size of that prod-
3	uct established under the system of English meas-
4	urements in production practices of the appropriate
5	industry;";
6	(4) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
7	(6), as so redesignated by paragraph (1) of this sec-
8	tion;
9	(5) by striking the period at the end of para-
10	graph (7) , as so redesignated by paragraph (1) of
11	this section, and inserting in lieu thereof "; and";
12	and
13	(6) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraph:
15	"(8) 'small business' has the meaning given the
16	term 'small business concern' in section 3 of the
17	Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).".
18	SEC. 4. IMPLEMENTATION EXCEPTIONS.
19	The Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (15 U.S.C. 205a
20	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 11 the fol-
21	lowing new section:
22	"SEC. 12. (a) In carrying out the policy set forth in
23	section 3 (with particular emphasis on the policy set forth
24	in paragraph (2) of that section) a Federal agency may
25	require that specifications for structures or systems of

concrete masonry be expressed under the metric system
 of measurement, but may not require that concrete ma sonry units be converted products.

4 "(b) In carrying out the policy set forth in section 5 3 (with particular emphasis on the policy set forth in para-6 graph (2) of that section) a Federal agency may not re-7 quire that lighting fixtures be converted products unless 8 the predominant voluntary industry consensus standards 9 are hard-metric.".

10 SEC. 5. OMBUDSMAN.

Section 12 of the Metric Conversion Act of 1975, as
added by section 4 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

14 "(c)(1) The head of each executive agency that 15 awards construction contracts shall designate a senior 16 agency official to serve as a construction metrication om-17 budsman who shall be responsible for reviewing and re-18 sponding to complaints from prospective bidders, sub-19 contractors, suppliers, or their designated representatives 20 related to—

21 "(A) guidance or regulations issued by the
22 agency on the use of the metric system of measure23 ment in construction contracts; and

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"(B) the use of the metric system of measure ment for products or materials required for incorpo ration in individual construction projects.

4 The construction metrication ombudsman shall be inde-5 pendent of the contracting officer for construction con-6 tracts.

7 "(2) The ombudsman shall be responsible for ensur-8 ing that the agency is not implementing the metric system 9 of measurement in a manner that is impractical or is likely to cause significant inefficiencies or loss of markets to 10 United States firms in violation of the policy stated in sec-11 tion 3(2), or is otherwise inconsistent with guidance issued 12 by the Secretary of Commerce in consultation with the 13 Interagency Council on Metric Policy. 14

15 "(3) The ombudsman shall respond to each complaint 16 in writing within 30 days and make a recommendation to 17 the head of the executive agency for an appropriate resolu-18 tion thereto. In such a recommendation, the ombudsman 19 shall consider—

20 "(A) the availability of converted products and
21 hard metric production capacity of United States
22 firms, or lack thereof;

23 "(B) retooling costs and capital investment im-24 pacts;

25 "(C) the impact on small business;

1	"(D) the impact on trade;
2	"(E) the impact on competition for Federal
3	contracts;
4	"(F) the impact on jobs;
5	"(G) the impact on the competitiveness of Unit-
6	ed States firms; and
7	"(H) the cost to the Federal Government.
8	$\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}(4)$ After the head of the agency has rendered a de-
9	cision regarding a recommendation of the ombudsman, the
10	ombudsman shall be responsible for communicating the
11	decision to all appropriate policy, design, planning, pro-
12	curement, and notifying personnel in the agency. The om-
13	budsman shall conduct appropriate monitoring as required
14	to ensure the decision is implemented, and may submit
15	further recommendations, as needed. The head of the
16	agency's decision on the ombudsman's recommendations,
17	and any supporting documentation, shall be provided to
18	affected parties and made available to the public in a time-
19	ly manner.".

Passed the House of Representatives July 23, 1996. Attest:

Clerk.

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