Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representa-
tives (H.R. 1530) entitled “An Act to authorize appropri-
tions for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Depart-
ment of Defense, for military construction, and for defense
activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel
strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for
other purposes”, do pass with the following

AMENDMENT:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2 This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Au-
3 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996”.
4 SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF
5 CONTENTS.
6 (a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divi-
7 sions as follows:
(1) **DIVISION A**—Department of Defense Authorizations.

(2) **DIVISION B**—Military Construction Authorizations.

(3) **DIVISION C**—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

(4) **DIVISION D**—Information Technology Management Reform.

(b) **TABLE OF CONTENTS.**—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.
Sec. 2. Organization of Act into divisions; table of contents.
Sec. 3. Congressional defense committees defined.

**DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS**

**TITLE I—PROCUREMENT**

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 101. Army.
Sec. 102. Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 103. Air Force.
Sec. 104. Defense-wide activities.
Sec. 105. Reserve components.
Sec. 107. Chemical demilitarization program.
Sec. 108. Defense health program.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

Sec. 111. AH-64D Longbow Apache attack helicopter.
Sec. 112. OH-58D AHIP Scout helicopter.
Sec. 113. Hydra 70 rocket.
Sec. 114. Report on AH-64D engine upgrades.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

Sec. 121. Seawolf and new attack submarine programs.
Sec. 122. Repeal of prohibition on backfit of Trident submarines.
Sec. 123. Arleigh Burke class destroyer program.
Sec. 124. Split funding for construction of naval vessels.
Sec. 125. Seawolf submarine program.
Sec. 126. Crash attenuating seats acquisition program.
Subtitle D—Other Programs

Sec. 131. Tier II predator unmanned aerial vehicle program.
Sec. 132. Pioneer unmanned aerial vehicle program.
Sec. 133. Joint Primary Aircraft Training System program.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 202. Amount for basic research and exploratory development.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 211. A/F 117X long-range, medium attack aircraft.
Sec. 212. Navy mine countermeasures program.
Sec. 213. Marine Corps shore fire support.
Sec. 214. Space and missile tracking system program.
Sec. 215. Precision guided munitions.
Sec. 216. Defense Nuclear Agency programs.
Sec. 217. Counterproliferation support program.
Sec. 218. Nonlethal weapons program.
Sec. 219. Federally funded research and development centers.
Sec. 220. States eligible for assistance under Defense Experimental Program To Stimulate Competitive Research.
Sec. 221. National defense technology and industrial base, defense reinvestment, and conversion.
Sec. 222. Revisions of Manufacturing Science and Technology Program.
Sec. 223. Preparedness of the Department of Defense to respond to military and civil defense emergencies resulting from a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack.
Sec. 224. Joint Seismic Program and Global Seismic Network.
Sec. 225. Depressed altitude guided gun round system.
Sec. 226. Army echelon above corps communications.
Sec. 227. Testing of theater missile defense interceptors.

Subtitle C—Missile Defense

Sec. 231. Short title.
Sec. 232. Findings.
Sec. 233. Missile defense policy.
Sec. 234. Theater missile defense architecture.
Sec. 235. National missile defense system architecture.
Sec. 236. Cruise missile defense initiative.
Sec. 237. Policy regarding the ABM Treaty.
Sec. 238. Prohibition on funds to implement an international agreement concerning theater missile defense systems.
Sec. 239. Ballistic Missile Defense program elements.
Sec. 240. ABM Treaty defined.
Sec. 241. Repeal of missile defense provisions.
Sec. 242. Sense of Senate on the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation.
Sec. 243. Ballistic Missile Defense Technology Center.
TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 301. Operation and maintenance funding.
Sec. 302. Working capital funds.
Sec. 303. Armed Forces Retirement Home.
Sec. 304. Transfer from National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund.
Sec. 305. Increase in funding for the Civil Air Patrol.

Subtitle B—Depot-Level Maintenance and Repair

Sec. 311. Policy regarding performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense.
Sec. 312. Extension of authority for aviation depots and naval shipyards to engage in defense-related production and services.

Subtitle C—Environmental Provisions

Sec. 321. Revision of requirements for agreements for services under environmental restoration program.
Sec. 322. Discharges from vessels of the Armed Forces.
Sec. 323. Revision of authorities relating to restoration advisory boards.

Subtitle D—Civilian Employees

Sec. 331. Minimum number of military reserve technicians.
Sec. 332. Exemption of Department of Defense from personnel ceilings for civilian personnel.
Sec. 333. Wearing of uniform by National Guard technicians.
Sec. 334. Extension of temporary authority to pay civilian employees with respect to the evacuation from Guantanamo, Cuba.
Sec. 335. Sharing of personnel of Department of Defense domestic dependent schools and Defense Dependents’ Education System.
Sec. 336. Revision of authority for appointments of involuntarily separated military reserve technicians.
Sec. 337. Cost of continuing health insurance coverage for employees voluntarily separated from positions to be eliminated in a reduction in force.
Sec. 338. Elimination of 120-day limitation on details of certain employees.
Sec. 339. Repeal of requirement for part-time career opportunity employment reports.
Sec. 340. Authority of civilian employees of Department of Defense to participate voluntarily in reductions in force.
Sec. 341. Authority to pay severance payments in lump sums.
Sec. 342. Holidays for employees whose basic workweek is other than Monday through Friday.
Sec. 343. Coverage of nonappropriated fund employees under authority for flexible and compressed work schedules.

Subtitle E—Defense Financial Management

Sec. 351. Financial management training.
Sec. 352. Limitation on opening of new centers for Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
Subtitle F—Miscellaneous Assistance

Sec. 361. Department of Defense funding for National Guard participation in joint disaster and emergency assistance exercises.
Sec. 362. Office of Civil-Military Programs.
Sec. 363. Revision of authority for Civil-Military Cooperative Action Program.
Sec. 365. Overseas humanitarian, disaster, and civic AID programs.

Subtitle G—Operation of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Activities

Sec. 371. Disposition of excess morale, welfare, and recreation funds.
Sec. 372. Elimination of certain restrictions on purchases and sales of items by exchange stores and other morale, welfare, and recreation facilities.
Sec. 373. Repeal of requirement to convert ships' stores to nonappropriated fund instrumentalities.

Subtitle H—Other Matters

Sec. 382. Availability of recovered losses resulting from contractor fraud.
Sec. 383. Permanent authority for use of proceeds from the sale of certain lost, abandoned, or unclaimed property.
Sec. 384. Sale of military clothing and subsistence and other supplies of the Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 385. Conversion of Civilian Marksmanship Program to nonappropriated fund instrumentality and activities under program.
Sec. 386. Report on efforts to contract out certain functions of Department of Defense.
Sec. 387. Impact aid.
Sec. 388. Funding for troops to teachers program and troops to cops program.
Sec. 389. Authorizing the amounts requested in the budget for Junior ROTC.
Sec. 390. Report on private performance of certain functions performed by military aircraft.
Sec. 391. Allegany Ballistics Laboratory.
Sec. 392. Encouragement of use of leasing authority.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Active Forces

Sec. 401. End strengths for active forces.
Sec. 402. Temporary variation in DOPMA authorized end strength limitations for active duty Air Force and Navy officers in certain grades.
Sec. 403. Certain general and flag officers awaiting retirement not to be counted.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

Sec. 411. End strengths for Selected Reserve.
Sec. 412. End strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the reserves.
Sec. 413. Increase in number of members in certain grades authorized to serve on active duty in support of the reserves.
Sec. 414. Reserves on active duty in support of Cooperative Threat Reduction programs not to be counted.
Sec. 415. Reserves on active duty for military-to-military contacts and comparable activities not to be counted.

Subtitle C—Military Training Student Loads

Sec. 421. Authorization of training student loads.

Subtitle D—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 431. Authorization of appropriations for military personnel.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY

Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy

Sec. 501. Joint officer management.
Sec. 502. Revision of service obligation for graduates of the service academies.
Sec. 503. Qualifications for appointment as Surgeon General of an armed force.
Sec. 504. Deputy Judge Advocate General of the Air Force.
Sec. 505. Retiring general and flag officers; applicability of uniform criteria and procedures for retiring in highest grade in which served.
Sec. 506. Extension of certain reserve officer management authorities.
Sec. 507. Restrictions on wearing insignia for higher grade before promotion.
Sec. 508. Director of admissions, United States Military Academy: retirement for years of service.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Reserve Components

Sec. 511. Mobilization income insurance program for members of Ready Reserve.
Sec. 512. Eligibility of dentists to receive assistance under the financial assistance program for health care professionals in reserve components.
Sec. 513. Leave for members of reserve components performing public safety duty.

Subtitle C—Uniform Code of Military Justice

Sec. 521. References to Uniform Code of Military Justice.
Sec. 522. Definitions.
Sec. 523. Article 32 investigations.
Sec. 524. Refusal to testify before court-martial.
Sec. 525. Commitment of accused to treatment facility by reason of lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility.
Sec. 526. Forfeiture of pay and allowances and reduction in grade.
Sec. 527. Deferment of confinement.
Sec. 528. Submission of matters to the convening authority for consideration.
Sec. 529. Proceedings in revision.
Sec. 530. Appeal by the United States.
Sec. 531. Flight from apprehension.
Sec. 532. Carnal knowledge.
Sec. 533. Time after accession for initial instruction in the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
Sec. 534. Technical amendment.
Sec. 535. Permanent authority concerning temporary vacancies on the Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces.
Sec. 536. Advisory panel on UCMJ jurisdiction over civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in time of armed conflict.
Subtitle D—Decorations and Awards

Sec. 541. Award of Purple Heart to certain former prisoners of war.
Sec. 542. Meritorious and valorous service during Vietnam era: review and awards.
Sec. 543. Military intelligence personnel prevented by secrecy from being considered for decorations and awards.
Sec. 544. Review regarding awards of Distinguished-Service Cross to Asian-Americans and Pacific Islanders for certain World War II service.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 551. Determination of whereabouts and status of missing persons.
Sec. 552. Service not creditable for periods of unavailability or incapacity due to misconduct.
Sec. 553. Separation in cases involving extended confinement.
Sec. 554. Duration of field training or practice cruise required under the Senior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps program.
Sec. 555. Correction of military records.
Sec. 556. Limitation on reductions in medical personnel.
Sec. 557. Repeal of requirement for athletic director and nonappropriated fund account for the athletics programs at the service academies.
Sec. 558. Prohibition on use of funds for service academy preparatory school test program.
Sec. 559. Centralized judicial review of Department of Defense personnel actions.
Sec. 560. Delay in reorganization of Army ROTC regional headquarters structure.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

Sec. 601. Military pay raise for fiscal year 1996.
Sec. 602. Election of basic allowance for quarters instead of assignment to inadequate quarters.
Sec. 603. Payment of basic allowance for quarters to members of the uniformed services in pay grade E-6 who are assigned to sea duty.
Sec. 604. Limitation on reduction of variable housing allowance for certain members.
Sec. 605. Clarification of limitation on eligibility for family separation allowance.

Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special and Incentive Pays

Sec. 611. Extension of certain bonuses for reserve forces.
Sec. 612. Extension of certain bonuses and special pay for nurse officer candidates, registered nurses, and nurse anesthetists.
Sec. 613. Extension of authority relating to payment of other bonuses and special pays.
Sec. 614. Hazardous duty incentive pay for warrant officers and enlisted members serving as air weapons controllers.
Sec. 615. Aviation career incentive pay.
Sec. 616. Clarification of authority to provide special pay for nurses.
Sec. 617. Continuous entitlement to career sea pay for crew members of ships designated as tenders.
Sec. 618. Increase in maximum rate of special duty assignment pay for enlisted members serving as recruiters.

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

Sec. 621. Calculation on basis of mileage tables of Secretary of Defense; repeal of requirement.
Sec. 622. Departure allowances.
Sec. 623. Dislocation allowance for moves resulting from a base closure or realignment.
Sec. 624. Transportation of nondependent child from sponsor's station overseas after loss of dependent status while overseas.

Subtitle D—Commissaries and Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities

Sec. 631. Use of commissary stores by members of the Ready Reserve.
Sec. 632. Use of commissary stores by retired Reserves under age 60 and their survivors.
Sec. 633. Use of morale, welfare, and recreation facilities by members of reserve components and dependents: clarification of entitlement.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 641. Cost-of-living increases for retired pay.
Sec. 642. Eligibility for retired pay for non-regular service denied for members receiving certain sentences in courts-martial.
Sec. 643. Recoupment of administrative expenses in garnishment actions.
Sec. 644. Automatic maximum coverage under Servicemen's Group Life Insurance.
Sec. 645. Termination of Servicemen's Group Life Insurance for members of the Ready Reserve who fail to pay premiums.
Sec. 646. Report on extending to junior noncommissioned officers privileges provided for senior noncommissioned officers.
Sec. 647. Payment to survivors of deceased members of the uniformed services for all leave accrued.
Sec. 648. Annuities for certain military surviving spouses.
Sec. 649. Transitional compensation for dependents of members of the Armed Forces separated for dependent abuse.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE

Subtitle A—Health Care Services

Sec. 701. Medical care for surviving dependents of retired Reserves who die before age 60.
Sec. 702. Dental insurance for members of the Selected Reserve.
Sec. 703. Modification of requirements regarding routine physical examinations and immunizations under CHAMPUS.
Sec. 704. Permanent authority to carry out specialized treatment facility program.
Sec. 705. Waiver of medicare part B late enrollment penalty and establishment of special enrollment period for certain military retirees and dependents.

Subtitle B—TRICARE Program

Sec. 711. Definition of TRICARE program and other terms.
Sec. 712. Provision of TRICARE uniform benefits by uniformed services treatment facilities.
Sec. 713. Sense of Senate on access of medicare eligible beneficiaries of CHAMPUS to health care under TRICARE.
Sec. 714. Pilot program of individualized residential mental health services.

Subtitle C—Uniformed Services Treatment Facilities
Sec. 721. Delay of termination of status of certain facilities as uniformed services treatment facilities.
Sec. 722. Applicability of Federal Acquisition Regulation to participation agreements with uniformed services treatment facilities.
Sec. 723. Applicability of CHAMPUS payment rules in certain cases.

Subtitle D—Other Changes to Existing Laws Regarding Health Care Management
Sec. 731. Investment incentive for managed health care in medical treatment facilities.
Sec. 732. Revision and codification of limitations on physician payments under CHAMPUS.
Sec. 733. Personal services contracts for medical treatment facilities of the Coast Guard.
Sec. 734. Disclosure of information in medicare and medicaid coverage data bank to improve collection from responsible parties for health care services furnished under CHAMPUS.

Subtitle E—Other Matters
Sec. 741. TriService nursing research.
Sec. 742. Fisher House trust funds.
Sec. 743. Applicability of limitation on prices of pharmaceuticals procured for Coast Guard.
Sec. 744. Report on effect of closure of Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Colorado, on provision of care to military personnel and dependents experiencing health difficulties associated with Persian Gulf Syndrome.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS
Subtitle A—Acquisition Reform
Sec. 801. Waivers from cancellation of funds.
Sec. 802. Procurement notice posting thresholds and subcontracts for ocean transportation services.
Sec. 803. Prompt resolution of audit recommendations.
Sec. 804. Test program for negotiation of comprehensive subcontracting plans.
Sec. 805. Naval salvage facilities.
Sec. 806. Authority to delegate contracting authority.
Sec. 807. Coordination and communication of defense research activities.
Sec. 808. Procurement of items for experimental or test purposes.
Sec. 809. Quality control in procurements of critical aircraft and ship spare parts.
Sec. 810. Use of funds for acquisition of designs, processes, technical data, and computer software.
Sec. 811. Independent cost estimates for major defense acquisition programs.
Sec. 812. Fees for certain testing services.
Sec. 813. Construction, repair, alteration, furnishing, and equipping of naval vessels.
Sec. 814. Civil Reserve Air Fleet.
Sec. 815. Cost and pricing data.
Sec. 816. Procurement notice technical amendments.
Sec. 817. Repeal of duplicative authority for simplified acquisition purchases.
Sec. 818. Micro-purchases without competitive quotations.
Sec. 819. Restriction on reimbursement of costs.

Subtitle B—Other Matters
Sec. 821. Procurement technical assistance programs.
Sec. 822. Treatment of Department of Defense cable television franchise agreements.
Sec. 823. Preservation of ammunition industrial base.

TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT
Sec. 901. Redesignation of the position of Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS
Subtitle A—Financial Matters
Sec. 1001. Transfer authority.
Sec. 1002. Disbursing and certifying officials.
Sec. 1003. Defense modernization account.
Sec. 1005. Limitation on use of authority to pay for emergency and extraordinary expenses.
Sec. 1006. Transfer authority regarding funds available for foreign currency fluctuations.
Sec. 1007. Report on budget submission regarding reserve components.

Subtitle B—Naval Vessels
Sec. 1011. Iowa class battleships.
Sec. 1012. Transfer of naval vessels to certain foreign countries.
Sec. 1013. Naming amphibious ships.

Subtitle C—Counter-Drug Activities
Sec. 1021. Revision and clarification of authority for Federal support of drug interdiction and counter-drug activities of the National Guard.
Sec. 1022. National Drug Intelligence Center.
Sec. 1023. Assistance to Customs Service.

Subtitle D—Department of Defense Education Programs
Sec. 1031. Continuation of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.
Sec. 1032. Additional graduate schools and programs at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.
Sec. 1033. Funding for basic adult education programs for military personnel and dependents outside the United States.
Sec. 1034. Scope of education programs of Community College of the Air Force.
Sec. 1035. Date for annual report on Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program.
Sec. 1036. Establishment of Junior ROTC units in Indian reservation schools.

Subtitle E—Cooperative Threat Reduction With States of the Former Soviet Union
Sec. 1041. Cooperative Threat Reduction programs defined.
Sec. 1042. Funding matters.
Sec. 1043. Limitation relating to offensive biological warfare program of Russia.
Sec. 1044. Limitation on use of funds for cooperative threat reduction.

Subtitle F—Matters Relating to Other Nations
Sec. 1051. Cooperative research and development agreements with NATO organizations.
Sec. 1053. Defense export loan guarantees.
Sec. 1054. Landmine clearing assistance program.
Sec. 1055. Strategic cooperation between the United States and Israel.
Sec. 1056. Support services for the Navy at the Port of Haifa, Israel.
Sec. 1057. Prohibition on assistance to terrorist countries.
Sec. 1058. International military education and training.
Sec. 1059. Repeal of limitation regarding American diplomatic facilities in Germany.
Sec. 1060. Implementation of arms control agreements.
Sec. 1061. Sense of Congress on limiting the placing of United States forces under United Nations command or control.
Sec. 1062. Sense of Senate on protection of United States from ballistic missile attack.
Sec. 1063. Iran and Iraq arms nonproliferation.
Sec. 1064. Reports on arms export control and military assistance.

Subtitle G—Repeal of Certain Reporting Requirements
Sec. 1071. Reports required by title 10, United States Code.
Sec. 1072. Reports required by title 37, United States Code, and related provisions of defense authorization Acts.
Sec. 1073. Reports required by other defense authorization and appropriations Acts.
Sec. 1074. Reports required by other national security laws.
Sec. 1075. Reports required by other provisions of the United States Code.
Sec. 1076. Reports required by other provisions of law.
Sec. 1077. Reports required by Joint Committee on Printing.

Subtitle H—Other Matters
Sec. 1081. Global positioning system.
Sec. 1082. Limitation on retirement or dismantlement of strategic nuclear delivery systems.
Sec. 1083. National Guard civilian youth opportunities pilot program.
Sec. 1084. Report on Department of Defense boards and commissions.
Sec. 1085. Revision of authority for providing Army support for the National Science Center for Communications and Electronics.
Sec. 1086. Authority to suspend or terminate collection actions against deceased members.
Sec. 1087. Damage or loss to personal property due to emergency evacuation or extraordinary circumstances.
Sec. 1088. Check cashing and exchange transactions for dependents of United States Government personnel.
Sec. 1089. Travel of disabled veterans on military aircraft.
Sec. 1090. Transportation of crippled children in Pacific Rim region to Hawaii for medical care.
Sec. 1091. Student information for recruiting purposes.
Sec. 1092. State recognition of military advance medical directives.
Sec. 1093. Report on personnel requirements for control of transfer of certain weapons.
Sec. 1094. Sense of Senate regarding Ethics Committee investigation.
Sec. 1095. Sense of Senate regarding Federal spending.
Sec. 1096. Associate Director of Central Intelligence for Military Support.
Sec. 1097. Review of national policy on protecting the national information infrastructure against strategic attacks.
Sec. 1098. Judicial assistance to the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia and to the International Tribunal for Rwanda.
Sec. 1099. Landmine use moratorium.
Sec. 1099A. Extension of pilot outreach program.
Sec. 1099B. Sense of Senate on Midway Islands.
Sec. 1099C. Study on chemical weapons stockpile.
Sec. 1099D. Designation of National Maritime Center.
Sec. 1099E. Operational Support Airlift Aircraft Fleet.
Sec. 1099F. Sense of the Senate on Chemical Weapons Convention and START II Treaty ratification.

TITLE XI—TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS

Sec. 1101. Amendments related to Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act.
Sec. 1103. Amendments to reflect name change of Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
Sec. 1104. Miscellaneous amendments to title 10, United States Code.
Sec. 1105. Miscellaneous amendments to annual defense authorization Acts.
Sec. 1106. Miscellaneous amendments to Federal acquisition laws.
Sec. 1107. Miscellaneous amendments to other laws.
Sec. 1108. Coordination with other amendments.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS


TITLE XXI—ARMY

Sec. 2101. Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2102. Family housing.
Sec. 2103. Improvements to military family housing units.
Sec. 2104. Authorization of appropriations, Army.
Sec. 2105. Reduction in amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1992 military construction projects.

TITLE XXII—NAVY

Sec. 2201. Authorized Navy construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2202. Family housing.
Sec. 2203. Improvements to military family housing units.
Sec. 2204. Authorization of appropriations, Navy.
Sec. 2205. Revision of fiscal year 1995 authorization of appropriations to clarify availability of funds for Large Anechoic Chamber, Patuxent River Naval Warfare Center, Maryland.
Sec. 2206. Authority to carry out land acquisition project, Norfolk Naval Base, Virginia.
Sec. 2207. Acquisition of land, Henderson Hall, Arlington, Virginia.

TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE

Sec. 2301. Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2302. Family housing.
Sec. 2303. Improvements to military family housing units.
Sec. 2305. Reduction in amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1992 military construction projects.

TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES

Sec. 2401. Authorized Defense Agencies construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2402. Military housing private investment.
Sec. 2403. Improvements to military family housing units.
Sec. 2404. Energy conservation projects.
Sec. 2406. Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 1995 projects.
Sec. 2407. Reduction in amounts authorized to be appropriated for prior year military construction projects.

TITLE XXV—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

Sec. 2501. Authorized NATO construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2502. Authorization of appropriations, NATO.

TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

Sec. 2601. Authorized Guard and Reserve construction and land acquisition projects.
Sec. 2602. Reduction in amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1994 Air National Guard projects.

TITLE XXVII—EXPIRATION AND EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 2701. Expiration of authorizations and amounts required to be specified by law.
Sec. 2702. Extension of authorizations of certain fiscal year 1993 projects.
Sec. 2703. Extension of authorizations of certain fiscal year 1992 projects.
Sec. 2704. Effective date.
TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Military Construction Program and Military Family Housing Changes

Sec. 2801. Special threshold for unspecified minor construction projects to correct life, health, or safety deficiencies.
Sec. 2802. Clarification of scope of unspecified minor construction authority.
Sec. 2803. Temporary waiver of net floor area limitation for family housing acquired in lieu of construction.
Sec. 2804. Reestablishment of authority to waive net floor area limitation on acquisition by purchase of certain military family housing.
Sec. 2805. Temporary waiver of limitations on space by pay grade for military family housing units.
Sec. 2806. Increase in number of family housing units subject to foreign country maximum lease amount.
Sec. 2807. Expansion of authority for limited partnerships for development of military family housing.
Sec. 2808. Clarification of scope of report requirement on cost increases under contracts for military family housing construction.
Sec. 2809. Authority to convey damaged or deteriorated military family housing.
Sec. 2810. Energy and water conservation savings for the Department of Defense.
Sec. 2811. Alternative authority for construction and improvement of military housing.
Sec. 2812. Permanent authority to enter into leases of land for special operations activities.
Sec. 2813. Authority to use funds for certain educational purposes.

Subtitle B—Defense Base Closure and Realignment

Sec. 2821. In-kind consideration for leases at installations to be closed or realigned.
Sec. 2822. Clarification of authority regarding contracts for community services at installations being closed.
Sec. 2823. Clarification of funding for environmental restoration at installations approved for closure or realignment in 1995.
Sec. 2824. Authority to lease property requiring environmental remediation at installations approved for closure.
Sec. 2825. Final funding for Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission.
Sec. 2826. Improvement of base closure and realignment process.
Sec. 2827. Exercise of authority delegated by the Administrator of General Services.
Sec. 2828. Lease back of property disposed from installations approved for closure or realignment.
Sec. 2829. Proceeds of leases at installations approved for closure or realignment.
Sec. 2830. Consolidation of disposal of property and facilities at Fort Holabird, Maryland.
Sec. 2830A. Land conveyance, property underlying Cummins Apartment Complex, Fort Holabird, Maryland.
Sec. 2830B. Interim leases of property approved for closure or realignment.
Sec. 2830C. Sense of the Congress regarding Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Colorado.

Subtitle C—Land Conveyances

Sec. 2831. Land acquisition or exchange, Shaw Air Force Base, South Carolina.
Sec. 2832. Authority for Port Authority of State of Mississippi to use certain Navy property in Gulfport, Mississippi.

Sec. 2833. Conveyance of resource recovery facility, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

Sec. 2834. Conveyance of water and wastewater treatment plants, Fort Gordon, Georgia.

Sec. 2835. Conveyance of water treatment plant, Fort Pickett, Virginia.

Sec. 2836. Conveyance of electric power distribution system, Fort Irwin, California.

Sec. 2837. Land exchange, Fort Lewis, Washington.

Sec. 2838. Land conveyance, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Memphis, Tennessee.

Sec. 2839. Land conveyance, Radar Bomb Scoring Site, Forsyth, Montana.

Sec. 2840. Land conveyance, Radar Bomb Scoring Site, Powell, Wyoming.

Sec. 2841. Report on disposal of property, Fort Ord Military Complex, California.

Sec. 2842. Land conveyance, Navy property, Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

Sec. 2843. Land conveyance, Army Reserve property, Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

Sec. 2844. Land conveyance, Naval Communications Station, Stockton, California.

Sec. 2845. Land conveyance, William Langer Jewell Bearing Plant, Rolla, North Dakota.

Sec. 2846. Land exchange, United States Army Reserve Center, Gainesville, Georgia.

Subtitle D—Transfer of Jurisdiction and Establishment of Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie

Sec. 2851. Short title.

Sec. 2852. Definitions.

Sec. 2853. Establishment of Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie.

Sec. 2854. Transfer of management responsibilities and jurisdiction over Arsenal.

Sec. 2855. Disposal for industrial parks, a county landfill, and a national veterans cemetery and to the Administrator of General Services.

Sec. 2856. Continuation of responsibility and liability of the Secretary of the Army for environmental cleanup.

Sec. 2857. Degree of environmental cleanup.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 2861. Department of Defense laboratory revitalization demonstration program.

Sec. 2862. Prohibition on joint civil aviation use of Miramar Naval Air Station, California.

Sec. 2863. Report on agreement relating to conveyance of land, Fort Belvoir, Virginia.

Sec. 2864. Residual value report.

Sec. 2865. Renovation of the Pentagon Reservation.

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs Authorizations

Sec. 3101. Weapons activities.

Sec. 3102. Environmental restoration and waste management.
Sec. 3103. Other defense activities.
Sec. 3104. Defense nuclear waste disposal.
Sec. 3105. Payment of penalties assessed against Rocky Flats Site.
Sec. 3106. Standardization of ethics and reporting requirements affecting the Department of Energy with Government-wide standards.
Sec. 3107. Certain environmental restoration requirements.
Sec. 3108. Amending the hydronuclear provisions of this Act.

Subtitle B—Recurring General Provisions

Sec. 3121. Reprogramming.
Sec. 3122. Limits on general plant projects.
Sec. 3123. Limits on construction projects.
Sec. 3124. Fund transfer authority.
Sec. 3125. Authority for conceptual and construction design.
Sec. 3126. Authority for emergency planning, design, and construction activities.
Sec. 3127. Funds available for all national security programs of the Department of Energy.
Sec. 3128. Availability of funds.

Subtitle C—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 3131. Tritium production.
Sec. 3132. Fissile materials disposition.
Sec. 3133. Tritium recycling.
Sec. 3134. Manufacturing infrastructure for refabrication and certification of enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.
Sec. 3135. Hydronuclear experiments.
Sec. 3136. Fellowship program for development of skills critical to the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex.
Sec. 3137. Education program for development of personnel critical to the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex.
Sec. 3138. Limitation on use of funds for certain research and development purposes.
Sec. 3139. Processing of high level nuclear waste and spent nuclear fuel rods.
Sec. 3140. Department of Energy Declassification Productivity Initiative.
Sec. 3141. Authority to reprogram funds for disposition of certain spent nuclear fuel.
Sec. 3142. Protection of workers at nuclear weapons facilities.

Subtitle D—Review of Department of Energy National Security Programs

Sec. 3151. Review of Department of Energy national security programs.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 3161. Responsibility for Defense Programs Emergency Response Program.
Sec. 3162. Requirements for Department of Energy weapons activities budgets for fiscal years after fiscal year 1996.
Sec. 3163. Report on proposed purchases of tritium from foreign suppliers.
Sec. 3164. Report on hydronuclear testing.
Sec. 3165. Plan for the certification and stewardship of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.
Sec. 3167. Sense of Senate on negotiations regarding shipments of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

Sec. 3201. Authorization.

TITLE XXXIII—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Sec. 3301. Sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 (Elk Hills).
Sec. 3302. Future of naval petroleum reserves (other than Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1).

TITLE XXXIV—NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE

Sec. 3401. Authorized uses of stockpile funds.
Sec. 3402. Disposal of obsolete and excess materials contained in the National Defense Stockpile.
Sec. 3403. Disposal of chromite and manganese ores and chromium ferro and manganese metal electrolytic.
Sec. 3404. Restrictions on disposal of manganese ferro.
Sec. 3405. Excess defense-related materials: transfer to stockpile and disposal.

TITLE XXXV—PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

Sec. 3501. Short title.
Sec. 3502. Authorization of expenditures.

DIVISION D—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT REFORM

Sec. 4001. Short title.
Sec. 4002. Findings.
Sec. 4003. Purposes.
Sec. 4004. Definitions.
Sec. 4005. Applications of exclusions.

TITLE XLI—RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACQUISITIONS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Subtitle A—General Authority

Sec. 4101. Authority of heads of executive agencies.
Sec. 4102. Repeal of central authority of the Administrator of General Services.

Subtitle B—Director of the Office of Management and Budget

Sec. 4121. Responsibility of Director.
Sec. 4122. Capital planning and investment control.
Sec. 4123. Performance-based and results-based management.
Sec. 4124. Integration with information resource management responsibilities.

Subtitle C—Executive Agencies

Sec. 4131. Responsibilities.
Sec. 4132. Capital planning and investment control.
Sec. 4133. Performance and results-based management.
Sec. 4134. Specific authority.
Sec. 4135. Agency chief information officer.
Sec. 4136. Accountability.
Sec. 4137. Significant failures.
Sec. 4138. Interagency support.

Subtitle D—Chief Information Officers Council

Sec. 4141. Establishment of Chief Information Officers Council.

Subtitle E—Interagency Functional Groups

Sec. 4151. Establishment.
Sec. 4152. Specific functions.

Subtitle F—Other Responsibilities


Subtitle G—Sense of Congress

Sec. 4171. Sense of Congress.

TITLE XLII—PROCESS FOR ACQUISITIONS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Subtitle A—Procedures

Sec. 4201. Procurement procedures.
Sec. 4202. Incremental acquisition of information technology.
Sec. 4203. Task and delivery order contracts.

Subtitle B—Acquisition Management

Sec. 4221. Acquisition management team.
Sec. 4222. Oversight of acquisitions.

TITLE XLIII—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ACQUISITION PILOT PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—Conduct of Pilot Programs

Sec. 4301. Authorization to conduct pilot programs.
Sec. 4302. Evaluation criteria and plans.
Sec. 4303. Report.
Sec. 4304. Recommended legislation.
Sec. 4305. Rule of construction.

Subtitle B—Specific Pilot Programs

Sec. 4321. Share-in-savings pilot program.
Sec. 4322. Solutions-based contracting pilot program.

TITLE XLIV—OTHER INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT REFORM

Sec. 4401. On-line multiple award schedule contracting.
Sec. 4402. Disposal of excess computer equipment.
Sec. 4403. Leasing information technology.
TITLE XLV—PROCUREMENT PROTEST AUTHORITY OF THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL

Sec. 4501. Period for processing protests.
Sec. 4502. Definition.
Sec. 4503. Exclusivity of administrative remedies.

TITLE XLVI—RELATED TERMINATIONS, CONFORMING AMENDMENTS, AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS

Subtitle A—Conforming Amendments

Sec. 4601. Amendments to title 10, United States Code.
Sec. 4602. Amendments to title 28, United States Code.
Sec. 4603. Amendments to title 31, United States Code.
Sec. 4604. Amendments to title 38, United States Code.
Sec. 4606. Amendment to title 49, United States Code.
Sec. 4607. Other laws.
Sec. 4608. Access of certain information in information systems to the directory and system of access established under section 4101 of title 44, United States Code.
Sec. 4609. Rule of construction relating to the provisions of title 44, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Clerical Amendment

Sec. 4621. Amendment to title 38, United States Code.

TITLE XLVII—SAVINGS PROVISIONS

Sec. 4701. Savings provisions.

TITLE XLVIII—EFFECTIVE DATES

Sec. 4801. Effective dates.

1 SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES DEFINED.

For purposes of this Act, the term “congressional defense committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS
TITLE I—PROCUREMENT
Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 101. ARMY.
Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Army as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $1,396,451,000.
(2) For missiles, $894,430,000.
(3) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles, $1,547,964,000.
(4) For ammunition, $1,120,115,000.
(5) For other procurement, $2,771,101,000.

SEC. 102. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.
(a) NAVY.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Navy as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $4,916,588,000.
(2) For weapons, including missiles and torpedoes, $1,771,421,000.
(3) For shipbuilding and conversion, $7,111,935,000.
(4) For other procurement, $2,471,861,000.
(b) **Marine Corps.**—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Marine Corps in the amount of $683,416,000.

**SEC. 103. AIR FORCE.**

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Air Force as follows:

1. For aircraft, $6,318,586,000.
2. For missiles, $3,597,499,000.
3. For other procurement, $6,546,001,000.

**SEC. 104. DEFENSE-WIDE ACTIVITIES.**

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for Defense-wide procurement in the amount of $2,118,324,000.

**SEC. 105. RESERVE COMPONENTS.**

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement of aircraft, vehicles, communications equipment, and other equipment for the reserve components of the Armed Forces as follows:

1. For the Army National Guard, $209,400,000.
2. For the Air National Guard, $137,000,000.
3. For the Army Reserve, $62,000,000.
4. For the Naval Reserve, $74,000,000.
5. For the Air Force Reserve, $240,000,000.
6. For the Marine Corps Reserve, $55,000,000.
SEC. 106. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for procurement for the Inspector General of the Department of Defense in the amount of $1,000,000.

SEC. 107. CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION PROGRAM.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 the amount of $671,698,000 for—

(1) the destruction of lethal chemical weapons and munitions in accordance with section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521); and

(2) the destruction of chemical warfare material of the United States that is not covered by section 1412 of such Act.

SEC. 108. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the Department of Defense for procurement for carrying out health care programs, projects, and activities of the Department of Defense in the total amount of $288,033,000.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

SEC. 111. AH-64D LONGBOW APACHE ATTACK HELICOPTER.

The Secretary of the Army may, in accordance with section 2306b of title 10, United States Code, enter into multiyear procurement contracts for procurement of AH-64D Longbow Apache attack helicopters.
SEC. 112. OH-58D AHIP SCOUT HELICOPTER.

The prohibition in section 133(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1383) does not apply to the obligation of funds in amounts not to exceed $125,000,000 for the procurement of not more than 20 OH-58D AHIP Scout aircraft from funds appropriated for fiscal year 1996 pursuant to section 101.

SEC. 113. HYDRA 70 ROCKET.

(a) LIMITATION.—Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 may not be obligated to procure Hydra 70 rockets until the Secretary of the Army submits to Congress a document that contains the certifications described in subsection (b)(1) together with a discussion of the matter described in subsection (b)(2).

(b) CONTENT OF SUBMISSION.—(1) A document submitted under subsection (a) satisfies the certification requirements of that subsection if it contains the certifications of the Secretary that—

(A) the specific technical cause of Hydra 70 Rocket failures has been identified;

(B) the technical corrections necessary for eliminating premature detonations of such rockets have been validated;
(C) the total cost of making the necessary corrections on all Hydra 70 rockets that are in the Army inventory or are being procured under any contract in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act does not exceed the amount equal to 15 percent of the non-recurring costs that would be incurred by the Army for acquisition of improved rockets, including commercially developed nondevelopmental systems, to replace the Hydra 70 rockets; and

(D) a nondevelopmental composite rocket system has been fully reviewed for, or has received operational and platform certifications for, full qualification of an alternative composite rocket motor and propellant.

(2) The document shall also contain a discussion of whether the existence of the system referred to in the certification under paragraph (1)(D) will result in—

(A) early and continued availability of training rockets to meet the requirements of the Army for such rockets; and

(B) the attainment of competition in future procurements of training rockets to meet such requirements.

(c) Waiver Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement in subsection (a) for the Sec-
retary to submit the document described in that subsection before procuring Hydra 70 rockets if the Secretary deter-
mines that a delay in procuring the rockets pending compli-
ance with the requirement would result in a significant risk to the national security of the United States. Any such waiver may not take effect until the Secretary submits to Congress a notification of that determination together with the reasons for the determination.

SEC. 114. REPORT ON AH-64D ENGINE UPGRADES.

No later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to Congress a report on plans to procure T700-701C engine upgrade kits for Army AH-64D helicopters. The report shall include—

(1) a plan to provide for the upgrade of all Army AH-64D helicopters with T700-701C engine kits commencing in fiscal year 1996.

(2) detailed timeline and funding requirements for the engine upgrade program described in para-

ograph (1).

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

SEC. 121. SEAWOLF AND NEW ATTACK SUBMARINE PRO-

GRAMS.

(a) FUNDING.—(1) Of the amount authorized to be ap-

propriated under section 102(a)(3)—
(A) $1,507,477,000 shall be available for the final Seawolf attack submarine (SSN-23); and
(B) $814,498,000 shall be available for design and advance procurement in fiscal year 1996 for the lead submarine and the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program, of which—

(i) $10,000,000 shall be available only for participation of Newport News Shipbuilding in the New Attack Submarine design; and
(ii) $100,000,000 shall be available only for advance procurement and design of the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program.

(2) Of amounts authorized under any provision of law to be appropriated for procurement for the Navy for fiscal year 1997 for shipbuilding and conversion, $802,000,000 shall be available for design and advance procurement in fiscal year 1997 for the lead submarine and the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program, of which—

(A) $75,000,000 shall be available only for participation by Newport News Shipbuilding in the New Attack Submarine design; and
(B) $427,000,000 shall be available only for advance procurement and design of the second submarine under the New Attack Submarine program.

(3) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(2), $455,398,000 shall be available for research, development, test, and evaluation for the New Attack Submarine program.

(b) Competition Required.—Funds referred to in subsection (c) may not be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy certifies in writing to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that—

(1) the Secretary has restructured the New Attack Submarine program in accordance with this section so as to provide for—

(A) procurement of the lead vessel under the New Attack Submarine program from the Electric Boat Division beginning in fiscal year 1998, if the price offered by Electric Boat Division is determined by the Secretary as being fair and reasonable;

(B) procurement of the second vessel under the New Attack Submarine program from Newport News Shipbuilding beginning in fiscal year 1999, if the price offered by Newport News Ship-
building is determined by the Secretary as being fair and reasonable; and

(C) procurement of other vessels under the New Attack Submarine program under one or more contracts that are entered into after competition between potential competitors (as defined in subsection (i)) in which the Secretary shall solicit competitive proposals and award the contract or contracts on the basis of price; and

(2) the Secretary has directed, as set forth in detail in such certification, that no action prohibited in subsection (d) will be taken to impair the design, engineering, construction, and maintenance competencies of either Electric Boat Division or Newport News Shipbuilding to construct the New Attack Submarine.

(c) COVERED FUNDS.—The funds referred to in subsection (b) are as follows:

(1) Funds available to the Navy for any fiscal year after fiscal year 1995 for procurement of the final Seawolf attack submarine (SSN-23) pursuant to this Act or any Act enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Funds available to the Navy for any such fiscal year for research, development, test, and evalua-
tion or for procurement (including design and advance procurement) for the New Attack Submarine program pursuant to this Act or any Act enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) LIMITATION ON CERTAIN ACTIONS.—In order to ensure that Electric Boat Division and Newport News Shipbuilding retain the technical competencies to construct the New Attack Submarine, the following actions are prohibited:

(1) A termination of or failure to extend, except by reason of a breach of contract by the contractor or an insufficiency of appropriations—

(A) the existing Planning Yard contract for the Trident class submarines; or

(B) the existing Planning Yard contract for the SSN-688 Los Angeles class submarines.

(2) A termination of any existing Lead Design Yard contract for the SSN-21 Seawolf class submarines or for the SSN-688 Los Angeles class submarines, except by reason of a breach of contract by the contractor or an insufficiency of appropriations.

(3) A failure of, or refusal by, the Department of the Navy to permit both Electric Boat Division and Newport News Shipbuilding to have access to sufficient information concerning the design of the New
Attack Submarine to ensure that each is capable of constructing the New Attack Submarine.

(e) **Limitation on Expenditure of Funds for Seawolf Program.**—Of the funds referred to in subsection (c)(1)—

(1) not more than $700,000,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1996;

(2) not more than an additional $200,000,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1997;

(3) not more than an additional $200,000,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1998; and

(4) not more than an additional $407,477,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1999.

(f) **Limitation on Expenditure of Funds for New Attack Submarine Program.**—Funds referred to in subsection (c)(2) that are available for the lead and second vessels under the New Attack Submarine program may not be expended during fiscal year 1996 for the lead vessel under that program (other than for class design) unless funds are obligated or expended during such fiscal year for a contract in support of procurement of the second vessel under the program.

(g) **Reports Required.**—Not later than November 1, 1995, and every six months thereafter through November 1, 1998, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Commit-
tee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report setting forth the obligations and expenditures of funds for—

(1) the procurement of the final Seawolf attack submarine (SSN-23); and

(2) research, development, test, and evaluation or for procurement (including design and advance procurement) for the lead and second vessels under the New Attack Submarine program.

(h) REFERENCES TO CONTRACTORS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the contractor referred to as “Electric Boat Division” is General Dynamics Corporation Electric Boat Division; and

(2) the contractor referred to as “Newport News Shipbuilding” is Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company.

(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “potential competitor” means any source to which the Secretary of the Navy has awarded, within 10 years before the date of the enactment of this Act, a contract or contracts to construct one or more nuclear attack submarines.

(2) The term “New Attack Submarine” means any submarine planned or programmed by the Navy.
as a class of submarines the lead ship of which is planned by the Navy, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, for procurement in fiscal year 1998.

SEC. 122. REPEAL OF PROHIBITION ON BACKFIT OF TRIDENT SUBMARINES.


SEC. 123. ARLEIGH BURKE CLASS DESTROYER PROGRAM.

(a) First Increment Funding.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 102(a)(3), $650,000,000 shall be available in accordance with section 7315 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section 124), as the first increment of funding for two Arleigh Burke class destroyers.

(b) Final Increment Funding.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should plan for and request the final increment of funding for the two destroyers for fiscal year 1997 in accordance with section 7315 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section 124).

SEC. 124. SPLIT FUNDING FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 633 of title 10, United States Code is amended by adding at the end the following:
§ 7315. Planning for funding construction

(a) Planning for Split Funding.—The Secretary of Defense may provide in the future-years defense program for split funding of construction of new naval vessels satisfying the requirements of subsection (d).

(b) Split Funding Requests.—In the case of construction of a new naval vessel satisfying the requirements of subsection (d), the Secretary of the Navy shall—

(1) determine the total amount that is necessary for construction of the vessel, including an allowance for future inflation; and

(2) request funding for construction of the vessel in two substantially equal increments.

(c) Contract Authorized Upon Funding of First Increment.—(1) The Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract for the construction of a new naval vessel upon appropriation of a first increment of funding for construction of the vessel.

(2) A contract entered into in accordance with paragraph (1) shall include a liquidated damages clause for any termination of the contract for the convenience of the Government that occurs before the remainder of the amount necessary for full funding of the contract is appropriated.

(d) Applicability.—This section applies to construction of a naval vessel—
“(1) that is in a class of vessels for which the design is mature and there is sufficient construction experience for the costs of construction to be well understood and predictable; and

“(2) for which—

“(A) provision is made in the future-years defense program; or

“(B) the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy, has otherwise determined that there is a valid military requirement.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 633 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“7315. Planning for funding construction.”.

SEC. 125. SEAWOLF SUBMARINE PROGRAM.

(a) Limitation of Costs.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the total amount obligated or expended for procurement of the SSN–21, SSN–22, and SSN–23 Seawolf class submarines may not exceed $7,223,659,000.

(b) Automatic Increase of Limitation Amount.—The amount of the limitation set forth in subsection (a) is increased after fiscal year 1995 by the following amounts:

(1) The amounts of outfitting costs and post-delivery costs incurred for the submarines referred to in such subsection.
(2) The amounts of increases in costs attributable to economic inflation after fiscal year 1995.

(3) The amounts of increases in costs attributable to compliance with changes in Federal, State, or local laws enacted after fiscal year 1995.

SEC. 126. CRASH ATTENUATING SEATS ACQUISITION PROGRAM.

(a) Program Authorized.—The Secretary of the Navy may establish a program to procure for, and install in, H-53E military transport helicopters commercially developed, energy absorbing, crash attenuating seats that the Secretary determines are consistent with military specifications for seats for such helicopters.

(b) Funding.—To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, of the unobligated balance of amounts appropriated for the Legacy Resource Management Program pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301(5) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 2706), not more than $10,000,000 shall be available to the Secretary of the Navy, by transfer to the appropriate accounts, for carrying out the program authorized in subsection (a).
Subtitle D—Other Programs

SEC. 131. TIER II PREDATOR UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE PROGRAM.

Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 for procurement or for research, development, test, and evaluation may not be obligated or expended for the Tier II Predator unmanned aerial vehicle program.

SEC. 132. PIONEER UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE PROGRAM.

Not more than ⅙ of the amount appropriated pursuant to this Act for the activities and operations of the Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Joint Program Office (UAV-JPO), and none of the unobligated balances of funds appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1996 for the activities and operations of such office, may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that the nine Pioneer Unmanned Aerial Vehicle systems have been equipped with the Common Automatic Landing and Recovery System (CARS).
SEC. 133. JOINT PRIMARY AIRCRAFT TRAINING SYSTEM PROGRAM.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 103(1), $54,968,000 shall be available for the Joint Primary Aircraft Training System program for procurement of up to eight aircraft.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation as follows:

(1) For the Army, $4,845,097,000.
(2) For the Navy, $8,624,230,000.
(3) For the Air Force, $13,087,389,000.
(4) For Defense-wide activities, $9,533,148,000, of which—

(A) $239,341,000 is authorized for the activities of the Director, Test and Evaluation;
(B) $22,587,000 is authorized for the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation; and
(C) $475,470,000 is authorized for Other Theater Missile Defense, of which up to
$25,000,000 may be made available for the operation of the Battlefield Integration Center.

**SEC. 202. AMOUNT FOR BASIC RESEARCH AND EXPLORATORY DEVELOPMENT.**

(a) **Fiscal Year 1996.**—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201, $4,076,580,000 shall be available for basic research and exploratory development projects.

(b) **Basic Research and Exploratory Development Defined.**—For purposes of this section, the term “basic research and exploratory development” means work funded in program elements for defense research and development under Department of Defense category 6.1 or 6.2.

**Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations**

**SEC. 211. A/F117X Long-Range, Medium Attack Aircraft.**

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(2) for the Joint Advanced Strike Technology program—

(1) $25,000,000 shall be available for the conduct, during fiscal year 1996, of a 6-month program definition phase for the A/F117X, an F-117 fighter aircraft modified for use by the Navy as a long-range, medium attack aircraft; and
(2) $150,000,000 shall be available for engineering and manufacturing development of the A/F117X aircraft, except that none of such amount may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy, after considering the results of the program definition phase, approves proceeding into engineering and manufacturing development of the A/F117X aircraft.

SEC. 212. NAVY MINE COUNTERMEASURES PROGRAM.

Section 216(a) of the National Defense, Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1317) is amended—

(1) by striking out “Director, Defense Research and Engineering” and inserting in lieu thereof “Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology”; and

(2) by striking out “fiscal years 1995 through 1999” and inserting in lieu thereof “fiscal years 1997 through 1999”.

SEC. 213. MARINE CORPS SHORE FIRE SUPPORT.

Of the amount appropriated pursuant to section 201(2) for the Tomahawk Baseline Improvement Program, not more than 50 percent of that amount may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that the Sec-
Secretary has structured, and planned for full funding of, a program leading to a live-fire test of an Army Extended Range Multiple Launch Rocket from an Army Multiple Launch Rocket Launcher on a Navy ship before October 1, 1997.

SEC. 214. SPACE AND MISSILE TRACKING SYSTEM PROGRAM.

(a) DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT PLAN.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall structure the development schedule for the Space and Missile Tracking System so as to achieve a first launch of a user operation evaluation system (UOES) satellite in fiscal year 2001, and to attain initial operational capability (IOC) of a full constellation of user operation evaluation systems and objective system satellites in fiscal year 2003.

(b) MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT.—In exercising the responsibility for the Space and Missile Tracking System program, the Secretary of the Air Force shall first obtain the concurrence of the Director of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization before implementing any decision that would have any of the following results regarding the program:

(1) A reduction in funds available for obligation or expenditure for the program for a fiscal year below the amount specifically authorized and appropriated for the program for that fiscal year.
(2) An increase in the total program cost.

(3) A delay in a previously established development or deployment schedule.

(4) A modification in the performance parameters or specifications.

(c) Authorization.— Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(3) for fiscal year 1996, $249,824,000 shall be available for the Space and Missile Tracking System (SMTS) program.

SEC. 215. PRECISION GUIDED MUNITIONS.

(a) Analysis Required.— The Secretary of Defense shall perform an analysis of the full range of precision guided munitions in production and in research, development, test, and evaluation in order to determine the following:

(1) The numbers and types of precision guided munitions that are needed to provide a complementary capability against each target class.

(2) The feasibility of carrying out joint development and procurement of additional munition types by more than one of the Armed Forces.

(3) The feasibility of integrating a particular precision guided munition on multiple service platforms.

(4) The economy and effectiveness of continuing acquisition of—
(A) interim precision guided munitions; or
(B) precision guided munitions that, as a result of being procured in decreasing numbers to meet decreasing quantity requirements, have increased in cost per unit by more than 50 percent over the cost per unit for such munitions as of December 1, 1991.

(b) Report.—(1) Not later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the findings and other results of the analysis.

(2) The report shall include a detailed discussion of the process by which the Department of Defense—
(A) approves the development of new precision guided munitions;
(B) avoids duplication and redundancy in the precision guided munitions programs of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps;
(C) ensures rationality in the relationship between the funding plans for precision guided munitions modernization for fiscal years following fiscal year 1996 and the costs of such modernization for those fiscal years; and
(D) identifies by name and function each person responsible for approving each new precision guided munition for initial low-rate production.
(c) Funding Limitation.—Funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may not be expended for research, development, test, and evaluation or procurement of interim precision guided munitions until the Secretary of Defense submits the report under subsection (b).

(d) Interim Precision Guided Munition Defined.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a precision guided munition is an interim precision guided munition if the munition is being procured in fiscal year 1996, but funding is not proposed for additional procurement of the munition in the fiscal years after fiscal year 1996 in the future years defense program submitted to Congress in 1995 under section 221(a) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 216. DEFENSE NUCLEAR AGENCY PROGRAMS.

(a) Agency Funding.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense in section 201, $252,900,000 shall be available for the Defense Nuclear Agency.

(b) Tunnel Characterization and Neutralization Program.—Of the amount available under subsection (a), $3,000,000 shall be available for a tunnel characterization and neutralization program to be managed by the Defense Nuclear Agency as part of the counterproliferation activities of the Department of Defense.
(c) Long-Term Radiation Tolerant Microelectronics Program.—(1) Of the amount available under subsection (a), $6,000,000 shall be available for the establishment of a long-term radiation tolerant microelectronics program to be managed by the Defense Nuclear Agency for the purposes of—

(A) providing for the development of affordable and effective hardening technologies and for incorporation of such technologies into systems;

(B) sustaining the supporting industrial base; and

(C) ensuring that a use of a nuclear weapon in regional threat scenarios does not interrupt or defeat the continued operability of systems of the Armed Forces exposed to the combined effects of radiation emitted by the weapon.

(2) Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on how the long-term radiation tolerant microelectronics program is to be conducted and funded in the fiscal years after fiscal year 1996 that are covered by the future-years defense program submitted to Congress in 1995.
SEC. 217. COUNTERPROLIFERATION SUPPORT PROGRAM.

(a) Funding.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense under section 201(4), $144,500,000 shall be available for the Counterproliferation Support Program, of which—

1. $30,000,000 shall be available for a tactical antisatellite technologies program; and

2. $6,300,000 shall be available for research and development of technologies for Special Operations Command (SOCOM) counterproliferation activities.

(b) Additional Authority To Transfer Authorizations.—(1) In addition to the transfer authority provided in section 1003, upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 1996 to counterproliferation programs, projects, and activities identified as areas for progress by the Counterproliferation Program Review Committee established by section 1605 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.
(2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the authority of this subsection may not exceed $50,000,000.

(3) The authority provided by this subsection to transfer authorizations—

(A) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(B) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(4) A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this subsection shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(5) The Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify Congress of transfers made under the authority of this subsection.

SEC. 218. NONLETHAL WEAPONS PROGRAM.

(a) Establishment of Program Office.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish in the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology a Program Office for Nonlethal Systems and Technologies to conduct research, development, testing, and evaluation of

HR 1530 EAS
nonlethal weapons applicable to forces engaged in both tradi-
tional and nontraditional military operations.

(b) FUNDING.— Of the amount authorized to be appro-
riated under section 201(4), $37,200,000 shall be available
for the Program Office for Nonlethal Systems and Tech-
nologies.

SEC. 219. FEDERALLY FUNDED RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
MENT CENTERS.

(a) CENTERS COVERED.— Funds appropriated or oth-
erwise made available for the Department of Defense for fis-
cal year 1996 pursuant to an authorization of approipa-
tions in section 201 may be obligated to procure work from
a federally funded research and development center only in
the case of a center named in the report required by sub-
section (b) and, in the case of such a center, only in an
amount not in excess of the amount of the proposed funding
level set forth for that center in such report.

(b) REPORT ON ALLOCATIONS FOR CENTERS.— (1) Not
later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this
Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee
on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Na-
tional Security of the House of Representatives a report
containing—

(A) the name of each federally funded research
and development center from which work is proposed
to be procured for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996; and

(B) for each such center, the proposed funding level and the estimated personnel level for fiscal year 1996.

(2) The total of the proposed funding levels set forth in the report for all federally funded research and development centers may not exceed the amount set forth in subsection (d).

(c) Limitation Pending Submission of Report.— No funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1996 may be obligated to procure work from a federally funded research and development center until the Secretary of Defense submits the report required by subsection (b).

(d) Funding.— Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201, not more than a total of $1,162,650,000 may be obligated to procure services from the federally funded research and development centers named in the report required by subsection (b).

(e) Authority To Waive Funding Limitation.— The Secretary of Defense may waive the limitation regarding the maximum funding amount that applies under subsection (a) to a federally funded research and development center. Whenever the Secretary proposes to make such a
waiver, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives notice of the proposed waiver and the reasons for the waiver. The waiver may then be made only after the end of the 60-day period that begins on the date on which the notice is submitted to those committees, unless the Secretary determines that it is essential to the national security that funds be obligated for work at that center in excess of that limitation before the end of such period and notifies the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives of that determination and the reasons for the determination.

(f) **Undistributed Reduction.**—The total amount authorized to be appropriated for research, development, test, and evaluation in section 201 is hereby reduced by $90,000,000.

**SEC. 220. STATES ELIGIBLE FOR ASSISTANCE UNDER DEFENSE EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAM TO STIMULATE COMPETITIVE RESEARCH.**

Subparagraph (A) of section 257(d)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 2705; 10 U.S.C. 2358 note) is amended to read as follows:
“(A) the amount of all Department of Defense obligations for science and engineering research and development that were in effect with institutions of higher education in the State for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the designation is effective or for the last fiscal year for which statistics are available is less than the amount determined by multiplying 60 percent times \( \frac{1}{50} \) of the total amount of all Department of Defense obligations for science and engineering research and development that were in effect with institutions of higher education in the United States for such preceding or last fiscal year, as the case may be (to be determined in consultation with the Secretary of Defense);”.

SEC. 221. NATIONAL DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL BASE, DEFENSE REINVESTMENT, AND CONVERSION.

(a) REPEAL OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES AND REQUIREMENTS.—Chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 2491—

(A) by striking out paragraphs (12), (13), (14), and (15); and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (16) as paragraph (12);
(2) in section 2501—

(A) by striking out subsection (b); and

(B) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b); and

(3) by striking out sections 2512, 2513, 2516, 2520, 2523, and 2524.

(b) CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF DEFENSE ADVANCED MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PARTNERSHIPS.—Subsection (d) of section 2522 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“(d) SELECTION CRITERIA.—The criteria for the selection of proposed partnerships for establishment under this section shall be the criteria specified in section 2511(f) of this title.”

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 2516(b) of such title is amended—

(A) by inserting “and” at the end of paragraph (2);

(B) by striking out “; and” at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(C) by striking out paragraph (4).

(2) Section 2524 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “and the defense reinvestment, diversification, and conversion
program objectives set forth in section 2501(b) of this title; and

(B) in subsection (f), by striking out “and the reinvestment, diversification, and conversion program objectives set forth in section 2501(b) of this title”.

(d) Clerical Amendments.—(1) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter III of chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 2512, 2513, 2516, and 2520.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IV of such chapter is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 2523 and 2524.

SEC. 222. REVISIONS OF MANUFACTURING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.

(a) Participation of DoD Laboratories in Establishment of Program.—Subsection (a) of section 2525 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: “The Secretary shall use the manufacturing science and technology joint planning process of the directors of the Department of Defense laboratories in establishing the program.”.

(b) Participation of Equipment Manufacturers in Projects.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(c) Execution.—”;

and
(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) The Secretary shall seek, to the extent practicable, the participation of manufacturers of manufacturing equipment in the projects under the program.".

SEC. 223. PREPAREDNESS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO RESPOND TO MILITARY AND CIVIL DEFENSE EMERGENCIES RESULTING FROM A CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, OR NUCLEAR ATTACK.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than February 28, 1996, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall jointly submit to Congress a report on the plans and programs of the Department of Defense to prepare for and respond to military and civil defense emergencies resulting from a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack on the United States.

(b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—The report shall contain the following:

(1) A discussion of—

(A) the consequences of an attack for which the Department of Defense has a responsibility to provide a primary response; and

(B) the plans and programs for preparing for and providing that response.
(2) A discussion of—

(A) the consequences of an attack for which the Department of Defense has a responsibility to provide a supporting response; and

(B) the plans and programs for preparing for and providing that response.

(3) Any actions and recommended legislation that the Secretary considers necessary for improving the preparedness of the Department of Defense to respond effectively to the consequences of a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack on the United States.

SEC. 224. JOINT SEISMIC PROGRAM AND GLOBAL SEISMIC NETWORK.

To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, $9,500,000 of the unobligated balance of funds available to the Air Force for research, development, test, and evaluation for fiscal year 1995 shall be available for continuation of the Joint Seismic Program and Global Seismic Network.

SEC. 225. DEPRESSED ALTITUDE GUIDED GUN ROUND SYSTEM.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(1), $5,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated for continued development of the depressed altitude guided gun round system.
SEC. 226. ARMY ECHELON ABOVE CORPS COMMUNICATIONS.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 201(3), $40,000,000 is hereby transferred to the authorization of appropriations under section 101(5) for procurement of communications equipment for Army echelons above corps.

SEC. 227. TESTING OF THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS.

(a) The Secretary of Defense may not approve a theater missile defense interceptor program proceeding beyond the low-rate initial production acquisition stage until the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that such program has successfully completed initial operational test and evaluation, and is found to be a suitable and effective system.

(b) In order to be certified under subsection (a) as having been successfully completed, the initial operational test and evaluation conducted with respect to an interceptor program must have included flight tests—

(1) that were conducted with multiple interceptors and multiple targets in the presence of realistic countermeasures; and

(2) the results of which demonstrate the achievement by the interceptors of the baseline performance thresholds.
(c) For purposes of this section, the baseline performance thresholds with respect to a program are the weapons systems performance thresholds specified in the baseline description for the system established (pursuant to section 2435(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code) before the program entered the engineering and manufacturing development stage.

(d) The number of flight tests described in subsection (b) that are required in order to make the certification under subsection (a) shall be a number determined by the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation to be sufficient for the purposes of this section.

(e) The Secretary may augment flight testing to demonstrate weapons system performance goals for purposes of the certification under subsection (a) through the use of modeling and simulation that is validated by ground and flight testing.

(f) The Director of Operational Test and Evaluation and Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall include in their annual reports to Congress plans to adequately test theater missile defense interceptor programs throughout the acquisition process. As these theater missile defense systems progress through the acquisition process, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation and Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall include in their annual reports to
Congress an assessment of how these programs satisfy planned test objectives.

Subtitle C—Missile Defense

SEC. 231. SHORT TITLE.
This subtitle may be cited as the "Missile Defense Act of 1995".

SEC. 232. FINDINGS.
Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The threat that is posed to the national security of the United States by the proliferation of ballistic and cruise missiles is significant and growing, both quantitatively and qualitatively.

(2) The deployment of effective Theater Missile Defense systems can deny potential adversaries the option of escalating a conflict by threatening or attacking United States forces, coalition partners of the United States, or allies of the United States with ballistic missiles armed with weapons of mass destruction to offset the operational and technical advantages of the United States and its coalition partners and allies.

(3) The intelligence community of the United States has estimated that (A) the missile proliferation trend is toward longer range and more sophisticated ballistic missiles, (B) North Korea may deploy an
intercontinental ballistic missile capable of reaching Alaska or beyond within 5 years, and (C) although a new indigenously developed ballistic missile threat to the continental United States is not forecast within the next 10 years there is a danger that determined countries will acquire intercontinental ballistic missiles in the near future and with little warning by means other than indigenous development.

(4) The deployment by the United States and its allies of effective defenses against ballistic missiles of all ranges, as well as against cruise missiles, can reduce the incentives for countries to acquire such missiles or to augment existing missile capabilities.

(5) The Cold War distinction between strategic ballistic missiles and nonstrategic ballistic missiles and, therefore, the ABM Treaty's distinction between strategic defense and nonstrategic defense, has changed because of technological advancements and should be reviewed.

(6) The concept of mutual assured destruction, which was one of the major philosophical rationales for the ABM Treaty, is now questionable as a basis for stability in a multipolar world in which the United States and the states of the former Soviet Union
are seeking to normalize relations and eliminate Cold War attitudes and arrangements.

(7) Theater and national missile defenses can contribute to the maintenance of stability as missile threats proliferate and as the United States and the former Soviet Union significantly reduce the number of strategic nuclear forces in their respective inventories.

(8) Although technology control regimes and other forms of international arms control can contribute to nonproliferation, such measures alone are inadequate for dealing with missile proliferation, and should not be viewed as alternatives to missile defenses and other active and passive defenses.

(9) Due to limitations in the ABM Treaty which preclude deployment of more than 100 ground-based ABM interceptors at a single site, the United States is currently prohibited from deploying a national missile defense system capable of defending the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii against even the most limited ballistic missile attacks.

SEC. 233. MISSILE DEFENSE POLICY.

It is the policy of the United States to—

(1) deploy as soon as possible affordable and operationally effective theater missile defenses capable
of countering existing and emerging theater ballistic missiles;

(2)(A) develop for deployment a multiple-site na-
tional missile defense system that: (i) is affordable
and operationally effective against limited, acciden-
tal, and unauthorized ballistic missile attacks on the
territory of the United States, and (ii) can be aug-
mented over time as the threat changes to provide a
layered defense against limited, accidental, or unau-
thorized ballistic missile threats;

(B) initiate negotiations with the Russian Fed-
eration as necessary to provide for the national mis-
sile defense systems specified in section 235; and

(C) consider, if those negotiations fail, the option
of withdrawing from the ABM Treaty in accordance
with the provisions of Article XV of the Treaty, sub-
ject to consultations between the President and the
Senate;

(3) ensure congressional review, prior to a deci-
sion to deploy the system developed for deployment
under paragraph (2), of: (A) the affordability and
operational effectiveness of such a system; (B) the
threat to be countered by such a system; and (C)
ABM Treaty considerations with respect to such a
system.
(4) improve existing cruise missile defenses and
deploy as soon as practical defenses that are afford-
able and operationally effective against advanced
cruise missiles;

(5) pursue a focused research and development
program to provide follow-on ballistic missile defense
options;

(6) employ streamlined acquisition procedures to
lower the cost and accelerate the pace of developing
and deploying theater missile defenses, cruise missile
defenses, and national missile defenses;

(7) seek a cooperative transition to a regime that
does not feature mutual assured destruction and an
offense-only form of deterrence as the basis for strate-
gic stability; and

(8) carry out the policies, programs, and require-
ments of subtitle C of title II of this Act through proc-
esses specified within, or consistent with, the ABM
Treaty, which anticipates the need and provides the
means for amendment to the Treaty.

SEC. 234. THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE ARCHITECTURE.

(a) Establishment of Core Program.—To imple-
ment the policy established in section 233, the Secretary
of Defense shall establish a top priority core theater missile
defense program consisting of the following systems:
(1) The Patriot PAC-3 system, with a first unit equipped (FUE) in fiscal year 1998.

(2) The Navy Lower Tier (Area) system, with a user operational evaluation system (UOES) capability in fiscal year 1997 and an initial operational capability (IOC) in fiscal year 1999.

(3) The Theater High-Altitude Area Defense (THAAD) system, with a user operational evaluation system (UOES) capability in fiscal year 1997 and an initial operational capability (IOC) no later than fiscal year 2002.

(4) The Navy Upper Tier (Theater Wide) system, with a user operational evaluation system (UOES) capability in fiscal year 1999 and an initial operational capability (IOC) in fiscal year 2001.

(b) INTEROPERABILITY AND SUPPORT OF CORE SYSTEMS.—To maximize effectiveness and flexibility, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that core theater missile defense systems are interoperable and fully capable of exploiting external sensor and battle management support from systems such as the Navy’s Cooperative Engagement Capability (CEC), the Army’s Battlefield Integration Center (BIC), air and space-based sensors including, in particular, the Space and Missile Tracking System (SMTS).
(c) **Termination of Programs.**—The Secretary of Defense shall terminate the Boost Phase Interceptor (BPI) program.

(d) **Follow-on Systems.**—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall develop an affordable development plan for follow-on theater missile defense systems which leverages existing systems, technologies, and programs, and focuses investments to satisfy military requirements not met by the core program.

(2) Before adding new theater missile defense systems to the core program from among the follow-on activities, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report describing—

(A) the requirements for the program and the specific threats to be countered;

(B) how the new program will relate to, support, and leverage off existing core programs;

(C) the planned acquisition strategy; and

(D) a preliminary estimate of total program cost and budgetary impact.

(e) **Report.**—(1) Not later than the date on which the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees
a report detailing the Secretary’s plans for implementing the guidance specified in this section.

(2) For each deployment date for each system described in subsection (a), the report required by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall include the funding required for research, development, testing, evaluation, and deployment for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1997 through the end of the fiscal year in which deployment is projected under subsection (a).

SEC. 235. NATIONAL MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To implement the policy established in section 233, the Secretary of Defense shall develop an affordable and operationally effective national missile defense system to counter a limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile attack, and which is capable of attaining initial operational capability (IOC) by the end of 2003. Such system shall include the following:

(1) Ground-based interceptors capable of being deployed at multiple sites, the locations and numbers of which are to be determined so as to optimize the defensive coverage of the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii against limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile attacks.
(2) Fixed ground-based radars and space-based sensors, including the Space and Missile Tracking system, the mix, siting and numbers of which are to be determined so as to optimize sensor support and minimize total system cost.

(3) Battle management, command, control, and communications (BM/C3).

(b) INTERIM OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY.—To provide a hedge against the emergence of near-term ballistic missile threats against the United States and to support the development and deployment of the objective system specified in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall develop an interim national missile defense plan that would give the United States the ability to field a limited operational capability by the end of 1999 if required by the threat. In developing this plan the Secretary shall make use of—

(1) developmental, or user operational evaluation system (UOES) interceptors, radars, and battle management, command, control, and communications (BM/C3), to the extent that such use directly supports, and does not significantly increase the cost of, the objective system specified in subsection (a);

(2) one or more of the sites that will be used as deployment locations for the objective system specified in subsection (a);
(3) upgraded early warning radars; and
(4) space-based sensors.

(c) USE OF STREAMLINED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe and use streamlined acquisition procedures to—

(1) reduce the cost and increase the efficiency of developing the national missile defense system specified in subsection (a); and
(2) ensure that any interim national missile defense capabilities developed pursuant to subsection (b) are operationally effective and on a path to fulfill the technical requirements and schedule of the objective system.

(d) ADDITIONAL COST SAVING MEASURES.—In addition to the procedures prescribed pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense shall employ cost saving measures that do not decrease the operational effectiveness of the systems specified in subsections (a) and (b), and which do not pose unacceptable technical risk. The cost saving measures should include the following:

(1) The use of existing facilities and infrastructure.
(2) The use, where appropriate, of existing or upgraded systems and technologies, except that Min-
uteman boosters may not be used as part of a Na-

tional Missile Defense architecture.

(3) Development of systems and components that
do not rely on a large and permanent infrastructure
and are easily transported, emplaced, and moved.

(e) Report on Plan for Deployment.—Not later
than the date on which the President submits the budget
for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105 of title 31, United
States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the
congressional defense committees a report containing the
following matters:

(1) The Secretary’s plan for carrying out this
section.

(2) For each deployment date in subsections (a)
and (b), the report shall include the funding required
for research, development, testing, evaluation, and de-
ployment for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal
year 1997 through the end of the fiscal year in which
deployment is projected under subsection (a) or (b).
The report shall also describe the specific threat to be
countered and provide the Secretary’s assessment as
to whether deployment is affordable and operationally
effective.

(3) An analysis of options for supplementing or
modifying the national missile defense architecture
specified in subsection (a) before attaining initial operational capability, or evolving such architecture in a building block manner after attaining initial operational capability, to improve the cost-effectiveness or the operational effectiveness of such system by adding one or a combination of the following:

(A) Additional ground-based interceptors at existing or new sites.

(B) Sea-based missile defense systems.

(C) Space-based kinetic energy interceptors.

(D) Space-based directed energy systems.

SEC. 236. CRUISE MISSILE DEFENSE INITIATIVE.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall undertake an initiative to coordinate and strengthen the cruise missile defense programs, projects, and activities of the military departments, the Advanced Research Projects Agency and the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization to ensure that the United States develops and deploys affordable and operationally effective defenses against existing and future cruise missile threats.

(b) Actions of the Secretary of Defense.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that—

(1) to the extent practicable, the ballistic missile defense and cruise missile defense efforts of the De-
(2) existing air defense systems are adequately upgraded to provide an affordable and operationally effective defense against existing and near-term cruise missile threats; and

(3) the Department of Defense undertakes a high priority and well coordinated technology development program to support the future deployment of systems that are affordable and operationally effective against advanced cruise missiles, including cruise missiles with low observable features.

(c) Implementation Plan.—Not later than the date on which the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a detailed plan, in unclassified and classified forms, as necessary, for carrying out this section. The plan shall include an assessment of—

(1) the systems that currently have cruise missile defense capabilities, and existing programs to improve these capabilities;

(2) the technologies that could be deployed in the near- to mid-term to provide significant advances over existing cruise missile defense capabilities, and
the investments that would be required to ready the technologies for deployment;

(3) the cost and operational tradeoffs, if any, between upgrading existing air and missile defense systems and accelerating follow-on systems with significantly improved capabilities against advanced cruise missiles; and

(4) the organizational and management changes that would strengthen and further coordinate the cruise missile defense efforts of the Department of Defense, including the disadvantages, if any, of implementing such changes.

SEC. 237. POLICY REGARDING THE ABM TREATY.

(a) Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Article XIII of the ABM Treaty envisions “possible changes in the strategic situation which have a bearing on the provisions of this treaty”.

(2) Articles XIII and XIV of the ABM Treaty establish means for the Parties to amend the Treaty, and the Parties have employed these means to amend the Treaty.

(3) Article XV of the ABM Treaty establishes the means for a party to withdraw from the Treaty, upon 6 months notice, “if it decides that extraordinary
events related to the subject matter of this treaty have jeopardized its supreme interests".

(4) The policies, programs, and requirements of subtitle C of title II of this Act can be accomplished through processes specified within, or consistent with, the ABM Treaty, which anticipates the need and provides the means for amendment to the Treaty.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—In light of the findings and policies provided in this subtitle, it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Given the fundamental responsibility of the Government of the United States to protect the security of the United States, the increasingly serious threat posed to the United States by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missile technology, and the effect this threat could have on the options of the United States to act in a time of crisis—

(A) it is in the vital national security interest of the United States to defend itself from the threat of a limited, accidental, or unauthorized ballistic missile attack, whatever its source; and

(B) the deployment of a national missile defense system, in accord with section 233, to protect the territory of the United States against a
limited, accidental, or unauthorized missile at-
tack can strengthen strategic stability and deter-
rence; and

(2)(A) the Senate should undertake a comprehen-
sive review of the continuing value and validity of the
ABM Treaty with the intent of providing additional
policy guidance on the future of the ABM Treaty dur-
ing the second session of the One Hundred Fourth
Congress; and

(B) upon completion of the review, the Commit-
tee on Foreign Relations, in consultation with the
Committee on Armed Services and other appropriate
committees, should report its findings to the Senate.

SEC. 238. PROHIBITION ON FUNDS TO IMPLEMENT AN
INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT CONCERNING
THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Section 234 of the National Defense Author-
ization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 provides that the
ABM Treaty does not apply to or limit research, de-
development, testing, or deployment of missile defense
systems, system upgrades, or system components that
are designed to counter modern theater ballistic mis-
siles, regardless of the capabilities of such missiles,
unless those systems, system upgrades, or system com-
ponents are tested against or have demonstrated capabilities to counter modern strategic ballistic missiles.

(2) Section 232 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 provides that the United States shall not be bound by any international agreement that would substantially modify the ABM Treaty unless the agreement is entered into pursuant to the treaty making power of the President under the Constitution.

(3) the demarcation standard described in subsection (b)(1) is based upon current technology.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) unless a missile defense system, system upgrade, or system component, including one that exploits data from space-based or other external sensors, is flight tested against a ballistic missile target that exceeds a range of 3,500 kilometers or a velocity of 5 kilometers per second, such missile defense system, system upgrade, or system component has not been tested in an ABM mode nor deemed to have been given capabilities to counter strategic ballistic missiles, and

(2) any international agreement that would limit the research, development, testing, or deploy-
ment of missile defense systems, system upgrades, or
system components that are designed to counter mod-
ern theater ballistic missiles in a manner that would
be more restrictive than the criteria in paragraph (1)
should be entered into only pursuant to the treaty
making powers of the President under the Constitu-
tion.

(c) Prohibition on Funding.—Funds appropriated
or otherwise made available to the Department of Defense
for fiscal year 1996 may not be obligated or expended to
implement an agreement with any of the independent states
of the former Soviet Union entered into after January 1,
1995 that would establish a demarcation between theater
missile defense systems and anti-ballistic missile systems for
purposes of the ABM Treaty or that would restrict the per-
formance, operation, or deployment of United States theater
missile defense systems except: (1) to the extent provided
in an Act enacted subsequent to this Act; (2) to implement
that portion of any such agreement that implements the cri-
teria in subsection (b)(1); or (3) to implement any such
agreement that is entered into pursuant to the treaty mak-
ing power of the President under the Constitution.
SEC. 239. BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM ELEMENTS.

(a) ELEMENTS SPECIFIED.—In the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Defense budget for any fiscal year after fiscal year 1996 (as submitted in the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code), the amount requested for activities of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall be set forth in accordance with the following program elements:

(1) The Patriot system.

(2) The Navy Lower Tier (Area) system.

(3) The Theater High-Altitude Area Defense (THAAD) system.

(4) The Navy Upper Tier (Theater Wide) system.

(5) Other Theater Missile Defense Activities.

(6) National Missile Defense.

(7) Follow-On and Support Technologies.

(b) TREATMENT OF NON-CORE TMD IN OTHER THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE ACTIVITIES ELEMENT.—Funding for theater missile defense programs, projects, and activities, other than core theater missile defense programs, shall be covered in the “Other Theater Missile Defense Activities” program element.

(c) TREATMENT OF CORE THEATER MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAMS.—Funding for core theater missile de-
fense programs specified in section 234, shall be covered in
individual, dedicated program elements and shall be avail-
able only for activities covered by those program elements.

(d) BM/C3I PROGRAMS.—Funding for programs,
projects, and activities involving battle management, com-
mand, control, communications, and intelligence (BM/C3I)
shall be covered in the "Other Theater Missile Defense Ac-
tivities" program element or the "National Missile Defense"
program element, as determined on the basis of the primary
objectives involved.

(e) MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT.—Each program ele-
ment shall include requests for the amounts necessary for
the management and support of the programs, projects, and
activities contained in that program element.

SEC. 240. ABM TREATY DEFINED.

For purposes of this subtitle, the term "ABM Treaty"
means the Treaty Between the United States of America
and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Limita-
tion of Anti-Ballistic Missiles, signed at Moscow on May
26, 1972, and includes the Protocols to that Treaty, signed
at Moscow on July 3, 1974.

SEC. 241. REPEAL OF MISSILE DEFENSE PROVISIONS.
The following provisions of law are repealed:

(1) The Missile Defense Act of 1991 (part C of


SEC. 242. SENSE OF SENATE ON THE DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) The Office of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation of the Department of Defense was created by Congress to provide an independent validation and verification on the suitability and effectiveness of new weapons, and to ensure that the United States military departments acquire weapons that are proven in an operational environment before they are produced and used in combat.

(2) The office is currently making significant contributions to the process by which the Department of Defense acquires new weapons by providing vital insights on operational weapons tests to be used in this acquisition process.

(3) The office provides vital services to Congress in providing an independent certification on the performance of new weapons that have been operationally tested.
(4) A provision of H.R.1530, an Act entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes", agreed to by the House of Representatives on June 15, 1995, contains a provision that could substantially diminish the authority and responsibilities of the office and perhaps cause the elimination of the office and its functions.

(b) Sense of the Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the authority and responsibilities of the Office of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation of the Department of Defense should not be diminished or eliminated; and

(2) the conferees on H.R.1530, an Act entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes" should not propose to Congress a conference report on that Act that would
either diminish or eliminate the Office of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation or its functions.

SEC. 243. BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization shall establish a Ballistic Missile Defense Technology Center within the Space and Strategic Defense Command of the Army.

(b) MISSION.—The missions of the Center are as follows:

(1) To maximize common application of ballistic missile defense component technology programs, target test programs, functional analysis and phenomenology investigations.

(2) To store data from the missile defense technology programs of the Armed Forces using computer facilities of the Missile Defense Data Center.

(c) TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM COORDINATION WITH CENTER.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization, shall require the head of each element or activity of the Department of Defense beginning a new missile defense program referred to in subsection (b)(1) to first coordinate the program with the Ballistic Missile Defense Technology Center in order to prevent duplication of effort.
TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE FUNDING.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Army, $18,073,206,000.
(2) For the Navy, $21,343,960,000.
(3) For the Marine Corps, $2,405,711,000.
(4) For the Air Force, $18,224,893,000.
(5) For Defense-wide activities, $10,021,162,000.
(6) For the Army Reserve, $1,062,591,000.
(7) For the Naval Reserve, $840,842,000.
(8) For the Marine Corps Reserve, $90,283,000.
(9) For the Air Force Reserve, $1,482,947,000.
(10) For the Army National Guard, $2,304,108,000.
(11) For the Air National Guard, $2,734,221,000.
(12) For the Defense Inspector General, $138,226,000.
(13) For the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces, $6,521,000.
(14) For Environmental Restoration, Defense, $1,601,800,000.
(15) For Drug Interdiction and Counter-drug Activities, Defense-wide, $680,432,000.
(16) For Medical Programs, Defense, $9,943,825,000.
(17) For support for the 1996 Summer Olympics, $15,000,000.
(18) For Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, $365,000,000.
(19) For Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid programs, $60,000,000.

The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(5) is hereby reduced by $40,000,000.

SEC. 302. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Defense Business Operations Fund, $878,700,000.
(2) For the National Defense Sealift Fund, $1,084,220,000.

SEC. 303. ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations to Trust Fund.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of $45,000,000, to remain available until expended.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations From Trust Fund.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of $59,120,000 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home, including the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home and the Naval Home.

SEC. 304. TRANSFER FROM NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND.

(a) Transfer Authority.—To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, not more than $150,000,000 is authorized to be transferred from the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund to operation and maintenance accounts for fiscal year 1996 in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Army, $50,000,000.

(2) For the Navy, $50,000,000.

(3) For the Air Force, $50,000,000.
(b) Treatment of Transfers.—Amounts transferred under this section—

(1) shall be merged with, and be available for the same purposes and the same period as, the amounts in the accounts to which transferred; and

(2) may not be expended for an item that has been denied authorization of appropriations by Congress.

(c) Relationship to Other Transfer Authority.—The transfer authority provided in this section is in addition to the transfer authority provided in section 1001.

Sec. 305. Increase in Funding for the Civil Air Patrol.

(a) Increase.—(1) The amount of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for operation and maintenance of the Air Force for the Civil Air Patrol Corporation is hereby increased by $5,000,000.

(2) The amount authorized to be appropriated for operation and maintenance for the Civil Air Patrol Corporation under paragraph (1) is in addition to any other funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act for that purpose.

(b) Offsetting Reduction.—The amount authorized to be appropriated under this Act for Air Force support of the Civil Air Patrol is hereby reduced by $2,900,000. The
amount of the reduction shall be allocated among funds au-

thorized to be appropriated for Air Force personnel sup-
porting the Civil Air Patrol and for Air Force operation 

and maintenance support for the Civil Air Patrol.

**Subtitle B—Depot-Level Maintenance and Repair**

**SEC. 311. POLICY REGARDING PERFORMANCE OF DEPOT-
LEVEL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.**

(a) **REQUIREMENT FOR POLICY.**—Not later than 

March 31, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall develop and 

report to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate 

and the Committee on National Security of the House of 

Representatives a comprehensive policy on the performance 

of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department 

of Defense.

(b) **PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF POLICY.**—In developing 

the policy, it shall be the primary objective of the Secretary 

to ensure a ready and controlled source of technical com-

petence and repair and maintenance capabilities necessary 

for national security across a full range of current and pro-
jected training and operational requirements, including re-
quirements in peacetime, contingency operations, mobiliza-
tion, and other emergencies.

(c) **CONTENT OF POLICY.**—The policy shall—
(1) define, in terms of the requirements of the Department of Defense for performance of maintenance and repair, the purpose for having public depots for performing those functions;

(2) provide for performance of core depot-level maintenance and repair capabilities in facilities owned and operated by the United States;

(3) provide for the core capabilities to include sufficient skilled personnel, equipment, and facilities to achieve the objective set forth in subsection (b);

(4) address environmental liability;

(5) in the case of depot-level maintenance and repair workloads in excess of the workload required to be performed by Department of Defense depots, provide for competition for those workloads between public and private entities when there is sufficient potential for realizing cost savings based on adequate private sector competition and technical capabilities;

(6) provide for selection on the basis of merit whenever the workload of a Department of Defense depot is changed;

(7) provide transition provisions appropriate for persons in the Department of Defense depot-level workforce; and
(8) address issues concerning exchange of technical data between the Federal Government and the private sector, environmental liability, efficient and effective performance of depot functions, and adverse effects of the policy on the Federal Government workforce.

(d) CONSIDERATION.—In developing the policy, the Secretary shall take into consideration the capabilities of the public depots and the capabilities of businesses in the private sector to perform the maintenance and repair work required by the Department of Defense.

(e) REPEAL OF 60/40 REQUIREMENT AND REQUIREMENT RELATING TO COMPETITION.—(1) Sections 2466 and 2469 of title 10, United States Code, are repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 146 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 2466 and 2469.

(3) The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect on the date (after the date of the enactment of this Act) on which legislation is enacted that contains a provision that specifically states one of the following:

(A) "The policy on the performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense that was submitted by the Secretary of Defense to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate
and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives pursuant to section 311 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 is approved.”; or

(B) “The policy on the performance of depot-level maintenance and repair for the Department of Defense that was submitted by the Secretary of Defense to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives pursuant to section 311 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 is approved with the following modifications:” (with the modifications being stated in matter appearing after the colon).

(f) REVIEW BY THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.—

(1) The Secretary shall make available to the Comptroller General of the United States all information used by the Department in developing the policy under subsections (a) through (d) of this section.

(2) Not later than 45 days after the Secretary submits to Congress the report required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall transmit to Congress a report containing a detailed analysis of the Secretary’s proposed policy as reported under subsection (a).
SEC. 312. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR AVIATION DE-
POTS AND NAVAL SHIPYARDS TO ENGAGE IN
DEFENSE-RELATED PRODUCTION AND SERV-
ICES.

Section 1425(e) of the National Defense Authorization
1684), as amended by section 370(b) of Public Law 103-
160 (107 Stat. 1634) and section 386(b) of Public Law 103-
337 (108 Stat. 2742), is further amended by striking out
“September 30, 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “Sep-
tember 30, 1996”.

Subtitle C—Environmental
Provisions

SEC. 321. REVISION OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AGREEMENTS
FOR SERVICES UNDER ENVIRONMENTAL RES-
TORATION PROGRAM.

(a) Requirements.—(1) Section 2701(d) of title 10,
United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
“(d) Services of Other Agencies.—
“(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the
Secretary may enter into agreements on a reimburs-
able or other basis with any other Federal agency, or
with any State or local government agency, to obtain
the services of the agency to assist the Secretary in
carrying out any of the Secretary’s responsibilities
under this section. Services which may be obtained
under this subsection include the identification, investigation, and cleanup of any off-site contamination resulting from the release of a hazardous substance or waste at a facility under the Secretary’s jurisdiction.

“(2) LIMITATION ON REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS.—An agreement with an agency under paragraph (1) may provide for reimbursement of the agency only for technical or scientific services obtained from the agency.”.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the total amount of funds available for reimbursements under agreements entered into under section 2710(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by paragraph (1), in fiscal year 1996 may not exceed $5,000,000.

(B) The Secretary of Defense may pay in fiscal year 1996 an amount for reimbursements under agreements referred to in subparagraph (A) in excess of the amount specified in that subparagraph for that fiscal year if—

(i) the Secretary certifies to Congress that the payment of the amount under this subparagraph is essential for the management of the Defense Environmental Restoration Program under chapter 160 of title 10, United States Code; and
(ii) a period of 60 days has expired after the 
date on which the certification is received by Con-
gress.

(b) Report on Services Obtained.—The Secretary 
of Defense shall include in the report submitted to Congress 
with respect to fiscal year 1998 under section 2706(a) of 
title 10, United States Code, information on the services, 
if any, obtained by the Secretary during fiscal year 1996 
pursuant to each agreement on a reimbursable basis entered 
to with a State or local government agency under section 
2701(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by sub-
section (a). The information shall include a description of 
the services obtained under each agreement and the amount 
of the reimbursement provided for the services.

SEC. 322. DISCHARGES FROM VESSELS OF THE ARMED 
FORCES.

(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are to— 
(1) enhance the operational flexibility of vessels 
of the Armed Forces domestically and internationally; 
(2) stimulate the development of innovative ves-
sel pollution control technology; and 
(3) advance the development by the United 
States Navy of environmentally sound ships.

(b) Uniform National Discharge Standards De-
velopment.—Section 312 of the Federal Water Pollution
Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1322) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(n) **Uniform National Discharge Standards for Vessels of the Armed Forces.**—

"(1) **Applicability.**—This subsection shall apply to vessels of the Armed Forces and discharges, other than sewage, incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces, unless the Secretary of Defense finds that compliance with this subsection would not be in the national security interests of the United States.

"(2) **Determination of discharges required to be controlled by marine pollution control devices.**—

"(A) **In general.**—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Secretary of Commerce, and interested States, shall jointly determine the discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces for which it is reasonable and practicable to require use of a marine pollution control device to mitigate adverse impacts on the marine environment. Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1) of section 553 of
title 5, United States Code, the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall promulgate the determinations in accordance with the section.

"(B) Considerations.—In making a determination under subparagraph (A), the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall take into consideration—

"(i) the nature of the discharge;

"(ii) the environmental effects of the discharge;

"(iii) the practicability of using the marine pollution control device;

"(iv) the effect that installation or use of the marine pollution control device would have on the operation or operational capability of the vessel;

"(v) applicable United States law;

"(vi) applicable international standards; and

"(vii) the economic costs of the installation and use of the marine pollution control device.

"(3) Performance Standards for Marine Pollution Control Devices.—
“(A) In general.—For each discharge for which a marine pollution control device is determined to be required under paragraph (2), the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, other interested Federal agencies, and interested States, shall jointly promulgate Federal standards of performance for each marine pollution control device required with respect to the discharge. Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1) of section 553 of title 5, United States Code, the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall promulgate the standards in accordance with the section.

“(B) Considerations.—In promulgating standards under this paragraph, the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall take into consideration the matters set forth in paragraph (2)(B).

“(C) Classes, types, and sizes of vessels.—The standards promulgated under this paragraph may—
“(i) distinguish among classes, types, and sizes of vessels;

“(ii) distinguish between new and existing vessels; and

“(iii) provide for a waiver of the applicability of the standards as necessary or appropriate to a particular class, type, age, or size of vessel.

“(4) Regulations for use of marine pollution control devices.—The Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the Administrator and the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, shall promulgate such regulations governing the design, construction, installation, and use of marine pollution control devices on board vessels of the Armed Forces as are necessary to achieve the standards promulgated under paragraph (3).

“(5) Deadlines; effective date.—

“(A) Determinations.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall—

“(i) make the initial determinations under paragraph (2) not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this subsection; and

“(ii) every 5 years—
“(I) review the determinations; and
“(II) if necessary, revise the determinations based on significant new information.

“(B) STANDARDS.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall—
“(i) promulgate standards of performance for a marine pollution control device under paragraph (3) not later than 2 years after the date of a determination under paragraph (2) that the marine pollution control device is required; and
“(ii) every 5 years—
“(I) review the standards; and
“(II) if necessary, revise the standards, consistent with paragraph (3)(B) and based on significant new information.

“(C) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall promulgate regulations with respect to a marine pollution control device under paragraph (4) as soon as practicable after the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense promulgate standards with respect to the device
under paragraph (3), but not later than 1 year after the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense promulgate the standards. The regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4) shall become effective upon promulgation unless another effective date is specified in the regulations.

"(D) Petition for Review.—The Governor of any State may submit a petition requesting that the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator review a determination under paragraph (2) or a standard under paragraph (3), if there is significant new information, not considered previously, that could reasonably result in a change to the particular determination or standard after consideration of the matters set forth in paragraph (2)(B). The petition shall be accompanied by the scientific and technical information on which the petition is based. The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall grant or deny the petition not later than 2 years after the date of receipt of the petition.

"(6) Effect on Other Laws.—
“(A) Prohibition on regulation by states or political subdivisions of states.—Beginning on the effective date of—

“(i) a determination under paragraph (2) that it is not reasonable and practicable to require use of a marine pollution control device regarding a particular discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces; or

“(ii) regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4); except as provided in paragraph (7), neither a State nor a political subdivision of a State may adopt or enforce any statute or regulation of the State or political subdivision with respect to the discharge or the design, construction, installation, or use of any marine pollution control device required to control the discharge.

“(B) Federal laws.—This subsection shall not affect the application of section 311 to discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel.

“(7) Establishment of state no-discharge zones.—

“(A) State prohibition.—
“(i) In general.—After the effective
date of—

“(I) a determination under para-
graph (2) that it is not reasonable and
practicable to require use of a marine
pollution control device regarding a
particular discharge incidental to the
normal operation of a vessel of the
Armed Forces; or

“(II) regulations promulgated by
the Secretary of Defense under para-
graph (4); if a State determines that the protection
and enhancement of the quality of some or
all of the waters within the State require
greater environmental protection, the State
may prohibit 1 or more discharges incident-
tal to the normal operation of a vessel,
whether treated or not treated, into the wa-
ters. No prohibition shall apply until the
Administrator makes the determinations de-
scribed in subclauses (II) and (III) of sub-
paragraph (B)(i).

“(ii) Documentation.—To the extent
that a prohibition under this paragraph
would apply to vessels of the Armed Forces and not to other types of vessels, the State shall document the technical or environmental basis for the distinction.

“(B) PROHIBITION BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Upon application of a State, the Administrator shall by regulation prohibit the discharge from a vessel of 1 or more discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel, whether treated or not treated, into the waters covered by the application if the Administrator determines that—

“(I) the protection and enhancement of the quality of the specified waters within the State require a prohibition of the discharge into the waters;

“(II) adequate facilities for the safe and sanitary removal of the discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel are reasonably available for the waters to which the prohibition would apply; and
"(III) the prohibition will not have the effect of discriminating against a vessel of the Armed Forces by reason of the ownership or operation by the Federal Government, or the military function, of the vessel.

"(ii) APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL.—
The Administrator shall approve or disapprove an application submitted under clause (i) not later than 90 days after the date on which the application is submitted to the Administrator. Notwithstanding clause (i)(II), the Administrator shall not disapprove an application for the sole reason that there are not adequate facilities to remove any discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel from vessels of the Armed Forces.

"(C) APPLICABILITY TO FOREIGN FLAGGED VESSELS.—A prohibition under this paragraph—

"(i) shall not impose any design, construction, manning, or equipment standard on a foreign flagged vessel engaged in innocent passage unless the prohibition imple-
ments a generally accepted international rule or standard; and

“(ii) that relates to the prevention, reduction, and control of pollution shall not apply to a foreign flagged vessel engaged in transit passage unless the prohibition implements an applicable international regulation regarding the discharge of oil, oily waste, or any other noxious substance into the waters.

“(8) Prohibition relating to vessels of the armed forces.—After the effective date of the regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph (4), it shall be unlawful for any vessel of the Armed Forces subject to the regulations to—

“(A) operate in the navigable waters of the United States or the waters of the contiguous zone, if the vessel is not equipped with any required marine pollution control device meeting standards established under this subsection; or

“(B) discharge overboard any discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel in waters with respect to which a prohibition on the discharge has been established under paragraph (7).
“(9) Enforcement.—This subsection shall be enforceable, as provided in subsections (j) and (k), against any agency of the United States responsible for vessels of the Armed Forces notwithstanding any immunity asserted by the agency.”.

(c) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Definitions.—Section 312(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1322(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (8)—

(i) by striking “or”; and

(ii) by inserting “or agency of the United States” after “association,”;

(B) in paragraph (11), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(12) ‘discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel’—

“(A) means a discharge, including—

“(i) graywater, bilge water, cooling water, weather deck runoff, ballast water, oil water separator effluent, and any other pollutant discharge from the operation of a marine propulsion system, shipboard maneuvering system, crew habitability system,
or installed major equipment, such as an
aircraft carrier elevator or a catapult, or
from a protective, preservative, or absorp-
tive application to the hull of the vessel; and

"(ii) a discharge in connection with
the testing, maintenance, and repair of a
system described in clause (i) whenever the
vessel is waterborne; and

"(B) does not include—

"(i) a discharge of rubbish, trash, gar-
bage, or other such material discharged
overboard;

"(ii) an air emission resulting from
the operation of a vessel propulsion system,
motor driven equipment, or incinerator; or

"(iii) a discharge that is not covered
by part 122.3 of title 40, Code of Federal
Regulations (as in effect on the date of en-
actment of subsection (n));

"(13) 'marine pollution control device' means
any equipment or management practice, for installa-
tion or use on board a vessel of the Armed Forces,
that is—
“(A) designed to receive, retain, treat, control, or discharge a discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel; and

“(B) determined by the Administrator and the Secretary of Defense to be the most effective equipment or management practice to reduce the environmental impacts of the discharge consistent with the considerations set forth in subsection (n)(2)(B); and

“(14) ‘vessel of the Armed Forces’ means—

“(A) any vessel owned or operated by the Department of Defense, other than a time or voyage chartered vessel; and

“(B) any vessel owned or operated by the Department of Transportation that is designated by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating as a vessel equivalent to a vessel described in subparagraph (A).”.

(2) ENFORCEMENT.—The first sentence of section 312(j) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1322(j)) is amended—

(A) by striking “of this section or” and inserting a comma; and

(B) by striking “of this section shall” and inserting “, or subsection (n)(8) shall”.

HR 1530 EAS
(3) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—Subparagraph (A) of the second sentence of section 502(6) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1362(6)) is amended by striking ‘‘sewage from vessels’’ and inserting ‘‘sewage from vessels or a discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces’’.

(d) COOPERATION IN STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Defense may, by mutual agreement, with or without reimbursement, provide for the use of information, reports, personnel, or other resources of the Environmental Protection Agency or the Department of Defense to carry out section 312(n) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (as added by subsection (b)), including the use of the resources to—

(1) determine—

   (A) the nature and environmental effect of discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the Armed Forces;

   (B) the practicability of using marine pollution control devices on vessels of the Armed Forces; and

   (C) the effect that installation or use of marine pollution control devices on vessels of the
1 Armed Forces would have on the operation or
2 operational capability of the vessels; and
3 (2) establish performance standards for marine
4 pollution control devices on vessels of the Armed
5 Forces.

6 SEC. 323. REVISION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO RES-
7 TORATION ADVISORY BOARDS.
8 (a) Regulations.—Paragraph (2) of subsection (d)
9 of section 2705 of title 10, United States Code, is amended
10 to read as follows:
11 “(2)(A) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations re-
12 garding the establishment of restoration advisory boards
13 pursuant to this subsection.
14 “(B) The regulations shall set forth the following mat-
15 ters:
16 “(i) The functions of the boards.
17 “(ii) Funding for the boards.
18 “(iii) Accountability of the boards for expendi-
19 tures of funds.
20 “(iv) The routine administrative expenses that
21 may be paid pursuant to paragraph (3).
22 “(C) The issuance of regulations under subparagraph
23 (A) shall not be a precondition to the establishment of res-
24 toration advisory boards under this subsection.”.
(b) **Funding for Administrative Expenses.**—Paragraph (3) of such subsection is amended to read as follows:

“(3) The Secretary may authorize the commander of an installation to pay routine administrative expenses of a restoration advisory board established for that installation. Such payments shall be made from funds available under subsection (g).”.

(c) **Technical Assistance.**—Such section is further amended by striking out subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsection (e):

“(e) **Technical Assistance.**—(1) The Secretary may authorize the commander of an installation, upon the request of the technical review committee or restoration advisory board for the installation, to obtain for the committee or advisory board, as the case may be, from private sector sources technical assistance for interpreting scientific and engineering issues with regard to the nature of environmental hazards at the installation and the restoration activities proposed for or conducted at the installation. The commander of an installation shall use funds made available under subsection (g) for obtaining assistance under this paragraph.
“(2) The commander of an installation may obtain technical assistance under paragraph (1) for a technical review committee or restoration advisory board only if—

“(A) the technical review committee or restoration advisory board demonstrates that the Federal, State, and local agencies responsible for overseeing environmental restoration at the installation, and available Department of Defense personnel, do not have the technical expertise necessary for achieving the objective for which the technical assistance is to be obtained;

“(B) the technical assistance is likely to contribute to the efficiency, effectiveness, or timeliness of environmental restoration activities at the installation; and

“(C) the technical assistance is likely to contribute to community acceptance of environmental restoration activities at the installation.”.

(d) Funding.—(1) Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g) Funding.—The Secretary shall, to the extent provided in appropriations Acts, make funds available under subsections (d)(3) and (e)(1) using funds in the following accounts:
“(1) In the case of a military installation not approved for closure pursuant to a base closure law, the Defense Environmental Restoration Account established under section 2703(a) of this title.

“(2) In the case of an installation approved for closure pursuant to such a law, the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 1990 established under section 2906(a) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).”.

(2)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the total amount of funds made available under section 2705(g) of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), for fiscal year 1996 may not exceed $4,000,000.

(B) Amounts may not be made available under subsection (g) of such section 2705 after March 1, 1996, unless the Secretary of Defense prescribes the regulations required under subsection (d) of such section, as amended by subsection (a).

(e) Definition.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) Definition.—In this section, the term ‘base closure law’ means the following:


“(3) Section 2687 of this title.”.

(f) REPORTS ON ACTIVITIES OF TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEES AND RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARDS.—Section 2706(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(J) A statement of the activities, if any, of the technical review committee or restoration advisory board established for the installation under section 2705 of this title during the preceding fiscal year.”.

Subtitle D—Civilian Employees

SEC. 331. MINIMUM NUMBER OF MILITARY RESERVE TECHNICIANS.

For each of fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the minimum number of personnel employed as military reserve technicians (as defined in section 8401(30) of title 5, United States Code) for reserve components as of the last day of such fiscal year shall be as follows:

(1) For the Army National Guard, 25,750.

(2) For the Army Reserve, 7,000.
(3) For the Air National Guard, 23,250.

(4) For the Air Force Reserve, 10,000.

SEC. 332. EXEMPTION OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FROM PERSONNEL CEILINGS FOR CIVILIAN PERSONNEL.

Section 129 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out “man-year constraint or limitation” and inserting in lieu thereof “constraint or limitation in terms of man years, end strength, full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, or maximum number of employees”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking out “any end-strength” and inserting in lieu thereof “any constraint or limitation in terms of man years, end strength, full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, or maximum number of employees”.

SEC. 333. WEARING OF UNIFORM BY NATIONAL GUARD TECHNICIANS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Section 709(b) of title 32, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Except as prescribed by the Secretary concerned, a technician employed under subsection (a) shall, while so employed—

“(1) be a member of the National Guard;
“(2) hold the military grade specified by the Secretary concerned for that position; and
“(3) wear the uniform appropriate for the member’s grade and component of the armed forces while performing duties as a technician.”.

(b) Uniform Allowances for Officers.—Section 417 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
“(d)(1) For purposes of sections 415 and 416 of this title, a period for which an officer of an armed force, while employed as a National Guard technician, is required to wear a uniform under section 709(b) of title 32 shall be treated as a period of active duty (other than for training).
“(2) A uniform allowance may not be paid, and uniforms may not be furnished, to an officer under section 1593 of title 10 or section 5901 of title 5 for a period of employment referred to in paragraph (1) for which an officer is paid a uniform allowance under section 415 or 416 of this title.”.

(c) Clothing or Allowances for Enlisted Members.—Section 418 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by inserting “(a)” before “The President”; and
(2) by adding at the end the following:
"(b) In determining the quantity and kind of clothing or allowances to be furnished pursuant to regulations prescribed under this section to persons employed as National Guard technicians under section 709 of title 32, the President shall take into account the requirement under subsection (b) of such section for such persons to wear a uniform.

"(c) A uniform allowance may not be paid, and uniforms may not be furnished, under section 1593 of title 10 or section 5901 of title 5 to a person referred to in subsection (b) for a period of employment referred to in that subsection for which a uniform allowance is paid under section 415 or 416 of this title.".

SEC. 334. EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO PAY CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES WITH RESPECT TO THE EVACUATION FROM GUANTANAMO, CUBA.

(a) EXTENSION FOR 120 Days.—The authority provided in section 103 of Public Law 104±6 (109 Stat.79) shall be effective until the end of January 31, 1996.

(b) MONTHLY REPORT.—On the first day of each month, the Secretary of the Navy shall transmit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report regarding the employees being paid pursuant to section 103 of Public Law 104±6. The report shall include the num-
ber of the employees, their positions of employment, the
number and location of the employees' dependents, and the
actions that the Secretary is taking to eliminate the condi-
tions making the payments necessary.

SEC. 335. SHARING OF PERSONNEL OF DEPARTMENT OF
DEFENSE DOMESTIC DEPENDENT SCHOOLS
AND DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION
SYSTEM.

Section 2164(e) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following:

"(4)(A) The Secretary may, without regard to the pro-
visions of any law relating to the number, classification,
or compensation of employees—

"'(i) transfer civilian employees in schools estab-
lished under this section to schools in the defense de-
pendents' education system in order to provide the
services referred to in subparagraph (B) to such sys-
tem; and

"'(ii) transfer employees in such system to such
schools in order to provide such services to such
schools.

"'(B) The services referred to in subparagraph (A) are
the following:

"'(i) Administrative services.

"'(ii) Logistical services.
“(iii) Personnel services.

“(iv) Such other services as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(C) Transfers under this paragraph shall extend for such periods as the Secretary considers appropriate. The Secretary shall provide appropriate compensation for employees so transferred.

“(D) The Secretary may provide that the transfer of any employee under this paragraph occur without reimbursement of the school or system concerned.

“(E) In this paragraph, the term ‘defense dependents’ education system’ means the program established and operated under section 1402(a) of the Defense Dependents’ Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 921(a)).”.

SEC. 336. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR APPOINTMENTS OF INVOLUNTARILY SEPARATED MILITARY RESERVE TECHNICIANS.

(a) Revision of Authority.—Section 3329 of title 5, United States Code, as added by section 544 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2415), is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking out “‘be offered” and inserting in lieu thereof “be provided placement consideration in a position described in subsection (c)
through a priority placement program of the Department of Defense’; and

(2) by striking out subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsection (c):

“(c)(1) The position to be offered a former military technician under subsection (b) shall be a position—

“(A) in either the competitive service or the excepted service;

“(B) within the Department of Defense; and

“(C) in which the person is qualified to serve, taking into consideration whether the employee in that position is required to be a member of a reserve component of the armed forces as a condition of employment.

“(2) To the maximum extent practicable, the position shall also be in a pay grade or other pay classification sufficient to ensure that the rate of basic pay of the former military technician, upon appointment to the position, is not less than the rate of basic pay last received by the former military technician for technician service before separation.”.

(b) TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The section 3329 of title 5, United States Code, that was added by section 4431 of the National Defense Authoriza-
tion Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–484; 106 Stat. 2719) is redesignated as section 3330 of such title.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 33 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 3329, as added by section 4431(b) of such Act (106 Stat. 2720), and inserting in lieu thereof the following new item:

"3330. Government-wide list of vacant positions."

SEC. 337. COST OF CONTINUING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR EMPLOYEES VOLUNTARILY SEPARATED FROM POSITIONS TO BE ELIMINATED IN A REDUCTION IN FORCE.

Section 8905a(d)(4) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking out "from a position" and inserting in lieu thereof "or voluntary separation from a surplus position"; and

(B) by striking out "force—" and inserting in lieu thereof "force or a closure or realignment of a military installation pursuant to a base closure law—"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-

paragraph:

"(C) In this paragraph:
“(i) The term ‘surplus position’ means a position that, as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, is identified during planning for a reduction in force as being no longer required and is designated for elimination during the reduction in force.

“(ii) The term ‘base closure law’ means the following:

“(I) Section 2687 of title 10.


“(iii) The term ‘military installation’—

“(I) in the case of an installation covered by section 2687 of title 10, has the meaning given such term in subsection (e)(1) of such section;

“(II) in the case of an installation covered by the Act referred to in subclause (II) of clause (ii), has the meaning given such term in section 209(6) of such Act;
“(III) in the case of an installation covered by the Act referred to in subclause (III) of that clause, has the meaning given such term in section 2910(4) of such Act.”.

SEC. 338. ELIMINATION OF 120-DAY LIMITATION ON DETAILS OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.

Subsection (b) of section 3341 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) Details of employees of the Department of Defense under subsection (a) of this section may be made only by written order of the Secretary of the military department concerned (or by the Secretary of Defense, in the case of an employee of the Department of Defense who is not an employee of a military department) or a designee of the Secretary. Paragraph (1) does not apply to the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 339. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR PART-TIME CAREER OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYMENT REPORTS.

Section 3407 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) This section does not apply to the Department of Defense.”.
SEC. 340. AUTHORITY OF CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO PARTICIPATE VOLUNTARILY IN REDUCTIONS IN FORCE.

Section 3502 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f)(1) The Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department may—

"(A) release in a reduction in force an employee who volunteers for the release even though the employee is not otherwise subject to release in the reduction in force under the criteria applicable under the other provisions of this section; and

"(B) for each employee voluntarily released in the reduction in force under subparagraph (A), retain an employee who would otherwise be released in the reduction in force under such criteria.

"(2) A voluntary release of an employee in a reduction in force pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be treated as an involuntary release in the reduction in force.

"(3) The regulations prescribed under this section shall incorporate the authority provided in this subsection.

"(4) The authority under paragraph (1) may not be exercised after September 30, 1996.".
SEC. 341. AUTHORITY TO PAY SEVERANCE PAYMENTS IN LUMP SUMS.

Section 5595 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(i)(1) In the case of an employee of the Department of Defense who is entitled to severance pay under this section, the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned may, upon application by the employee, pay the total amount of the severance pay to the employee in one lump sum.

"(2)(A) If an employee paid severance pay in a lump sum under this subsection is reemployed by the Government of the United States or the government of the District of Columbia at such time that, had the employee been paid severance pay in regular pay periods under subsection (b), the payments of such pay would have been discontinued under subsection (d) upon such reemployment, the employee shall refund to the Department of Defense (for the military department that formerly employed the employee, if applicable) an amount equal to the amount of severance pay to which the employee was entitled under this section that would not have been paid to the employee under subsection (d) by reason of such reemployment.

"(B) The period of service represented by an amount of severance pay refunded by an employee under subparagraph (A) shall be considered service for which severance
pay has not been received by the employee under this section.

“(C) Amounts refunded to an agency under this paragraph shall be credited to the appropriation available for the pay of employees of the agency for the fiscal year in which received. Amounts so credited shall be merged with, and shall be available for the same purposes and the same period as, the other funds in that appropriation.

“(3) This subsection applies with respect to severance payable under this section for separations taking effect on or after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 and before October 1, 1999.”.

SEC. 342. HOLIDAYS FOR EMPLOYEES WHOSE BASIC WORKWEEK IS OTHER THAN MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY.

Section 6103(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking out “Instead” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in paragraph (3), instead”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(3)(A) In the case of an employee of a military department or any other employee of the Department of Defense, subject to the discretion of the Secretary
concerned, instead of a holiday that occurs on a regular weekly non-workday of an employee whose basic workweek is other than Monday through Friday, the legal holiday for the employee is—

“(i) the workday of the employee immediately before the regular weekly non-workday; or

“(ii) if the holiday occurs on a regular weekly non-workday administratively scheduled for the employee instead of Sunday, the next immediately following workday of the employee.

“(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term ‘Secretary concerned’ has the meaning given that term in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of section 101(a)(9) of title 10 and includes the Secretary of Defense with respect to an employee of the Department of Defense who is not an employee of a military department.”.

SEC. 343. COVERAGE OF NONAPPROPRIATED FUND EMPLOYEES UNDER AUTHORITY FOR FLEXIBLE AND COMPRESSED WORK SCHEDULES.

Paragraph (2) of section 6121 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(2) ‘employee’ has the meaning given the term in subsection (a) of section 2105 of this title, except
that such term also includes an employee described in subsection (c) of that section;”.

Subtitle E—Defense Financial Management

SEC. 351. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TRAINING.

(a) LIMITATION.—Funds authorized by this Act to be appropriated for the Department of Defense may not be obligated for a capital lease for the establishment of a Department of Defense financial management training center before the date that is 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits, in accordance with subsection (b), a certification of the need for such a center and a report on financial management training for Department of Defense personnel.

(b) CERTIFICATION AND REPORT.—(1) Before obligating funds for a Department of Defense financial management training center, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(A) certify to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives the need for such a center; and

(B) submit to such committees, with the certification, a report on financial management training for Department of Defense personnel.
(2) Any report under paragraph (1) shall contain the following:

(A) The Secretary's analysis of the requirements for providing financial management training for employees of the Department of Defense.

(B) The alternatives considered by the Secretary for meeting those requirements.

(C) A detailed plan for meeting those requirements.

(D) A financial analysis of the estimated short-term and long-term costs of carrying out the plan.

(E) If, after the analysis referred to in subparagraph (A) and after considering alternatives as described in subparagraph (B), the Secretary determines to meet the requirements through a financial management training center—

(i) the determination of the Secretary regarding the location for the university; and

(ii) a description of the process used by the Secretary for selecting that location.

SEC. 352. LIMITATION ON OPENING OF NEW CENTERS FOR
DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE.

(a) LIMITATION.—During fiscal year 1996, the Secretary of Defense may not establish any center for the De-
Defense Finance and Accounting Service that is not operating on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Exception.—If the Secretary submits to Congress not later than March 31, 1996, a report containing a discussion of the need for establishing a new center prohibited by subsection (a), the prohibition in such subsection shall not apply to the center effective 30 days after the date on which Congress receives the report.

(c) Reexamination of Need Required.—Before submitting a report regarding a new center that the Secretary planned before the date of the enactment of this Act to establish on or after that date, the Secretary shall reconsider the need for establishing that center.

Subtitle F—Miscellaneous Assistance

SEC. 361. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FUNDING FOR NATIONAL GUARD PARTICIPATION IN JOINT DISASTER AND EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE EXERCISES.

Section 503(a) of title 32, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) Paragraph (1) includes authority to provide for participation of the National Guard in conjunction with
the Army or the Air Force, or both, in joint exercises for
instruction to prepare the National Guard for response to
civil emergencies and disasters.”.

SEC. 362. OFFICE OF CIVIL-MILITARY PROGRAMS.
None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this
or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the Office
of Civil-Military Programs within the Office of the Assist-
ant Secretary of Defense for Reserve Affairs.

SEC. 363. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR CIVIL-MILITARY

COOPERATIVE ACTION PROGRAM.
(a) Reserve Components To Be Used For Cooper-
erative Action.—Section 410 of title 10, United States
Code, is amended in the second sentence of subsection (a)
by inserting “of the reserve components and of the combat
support and combat service support elements of the regular
components” after “resources”.

(b) Program Objectives.—Subsection (b) of such
section is amended by striking out paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
(4), (5), and (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
“(1) To enhance individual and unit training
and morale in the armed forces.
“(2) To encourage cooperation between civilian
and military sectors of society.”.
(c) Regulations.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking out paragraphs (5) and (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(5) Procedures to ensure that Department of Defense resources are not applied exclusively to the program.

"(6) A requirement that a commander of a unit of the armed forces involved in providing assistance certify that the assistance is consistent with the military missions of the unit."

SEC. 364. OFFICE OF HUMANITARIAN AND REFUGEE AFFAIRS.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the Office of Humanitarian and Refugee Affairs within the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict.

SEC. 365. OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID PROGRAMS.

(a) GAO Report.—Not later than December 15, 1995, the Comptroller General of the United States shall provide to the congressional defense committees a report on—

(1) existing funding mechanisms available to cover the costs associated with the Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Assistance activities
through funds provided to the Department of State or
the Agency for International Development, and

(2) if such mechanisms do not exist, actions nec-
essary to institute such mechanisms, including any
changes in existing law or regulations.

Subtitle G—Operation of Morale,
Welfare, and Recreation Activities

SEC. 371. DISPOSITION OF EXCESS MORALE, WELFARE, AND
RECREATION FUNDS.

Section 2219 of title 10, United States Code, is amend-
ed—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out “a mili-
tary department” and inserting in lieu thereof “an
armed force”;

(2) in the second sentence—

(A) by striking out “, department-wide’’;

and

(B) by striking out “of the military depart-
ment” and inserting in lieu thereof “for that
armed force”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following: “This sec-
tion does not apply to the Coast Guard.”.
SEC. 372. ELIMINATION OF CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON PURCHASES AND SALES OF ITEMS BY EXCHANGE STORES AND OTHER MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION FACILITIES.

(a) Restrictions Eliminated.—(1) Subchapter II of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

§ 2255. Military exchange stores and other morale, welfare, and recreation facilities: sale of items

“(a) Authority.—The MWR retail facilities may sell items in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

“(b) Certain Restrictions Prohibited.—The regulations may not include any of the following restrictions on the sale of items:

“(1) A restriction on the prices of items offered for sale, including any requirement to establish prices on the basis of a specific relationship between the prices charged for the merchandise and the cost of the merchandise to the MWR retail facilities concerned.

“(2) A restriction on price of purchase of an item.

“(3) A restriction on the categories of items that may be offered for sale.
“(4) A restriction on the size of items that may be offered for sale.

“(5) A restriction on the basis of—

“(A) whether the item was manufactured, produced, or mined in the United States; or

“(B) the extent to which the merchandise contains components or materials manufactured, produced, or mined in the United States.

“(c) MWR RETAIL FACILITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘MWR retail facilities’ means exchange stores and other revenue generating facilities operated by nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense for the morale, welfare, and recreation of members of the armed forces.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 134 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

‘‘2255. Military exchange stores and other morale, welfare, and recreation facilities: sale of items.’’.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than June 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report that identifies each restriction in effect immediately before the date of the enactment of this Act that is terminated or made inapplicable by section 2255 of title 10, United States Code (as added
by subsection (a)), to exchange stores and other revenue generating facilities operated by nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense for the morale, welfare, and recreation of members of the Armed Forces.

SEC. 373. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT TO CONVERT SHIPS' STORES TO NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITIES.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 371 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160; 107 Stat. 1634; 10 U.S.C. 7604 note) is amended by striking out subsections (a), (b), and (d).

(b) REPEAL OF RELATED CODIFIED PROVISIONS.—Section 7604 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out "(a) IN GENERAL.—"; and

(2) by striking out subsections (b) and (c).

Subtitle H—Other Matters

SEC. 381. NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND: AVAILABILITY FOR THE NATIONAL DEFENSE RESERVE FLEET.

Section 2218 of title 10, United States Code is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(1)—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (C);
(B) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and
(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(E) expenses of the National Defense Reserve Fleet, as established by section 11 of the Merchant Ship Sales Act of 1946 (50 U.S.C. App. 1744).”; and
(2) in subsection (i), by striking out “Nothing” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in subsection (c)(1)(E), nothing”.

SEC. 382. AVAILABILITY OF RECOVERED LOSSES RESULTING FROM CONTRACTOR FRAUD.

(a) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO RECEIVE 3 PERCENT.—Subchapter I of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2250. Recoveries of losses and expenses resulting from contractor fraud

“(a) RETENTION OF PART OF RECOVERY.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a portion of the amount recovered by the Government in a fiscal year for losses and expenses incurred by the Department of Defense as a result of contractor fraud at military installations shall be credited to appropriations accounts of the Depart-
ment of Defense for that fiscal year in accordance with allo-
cations made pursuant to subsection (b).

“(2) The total amount credited to appropriations ac-
counts for a fiscal year pursuant to paragraph (1) shall
be the lesser of—

“(A) the amount equal to three percent of the
amount referred to in such paragraph that is recov-
ered in that fiscal year; or
“(B) $500,000.

“(b) ALLOCATION OF RECOVERED FUNDS.—The Sec-
retary of Defense shall allocate amounts recovered in a con-
tractor fraud case through the Secretary of the military de-
partment concerned to each installation that incurred a loss
or expense as a result of the fraud.

“(c) USE BY MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.—The Sec-
retary of a military department receiving an allocation
under subsection (b) in a fiscal year with respect to a con-
tractor fraud case—

“(1) shall credit (for use by each installation
concerned) the amount equal to the costs incurred by
the military department in carrying out or support-
ing an investigation or litigation of the contractor
fraud case to appropriations accounts of the depart-
ment for such fiscal year that are used for paying the

costs of carrying out or supporting investigations or litigation of contractor fraud cases; and

“(2) may credit to any appropriation account of the department for that fiscal year (for use by each installation concerned) the amount, if any, that exceeds the amount credited to appropriations accounts under paragraph (1).

“(d) **Recoveries Included.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2)(B), subsection (a) applies to amounts recovered in civil or administrative actions (including settlements) as actual damages, restitution, and investigative costs.

“(2) Subsection (a) does not apply to—

“(A) criminal fines, forfeitures, civil penalties, and damages in excess of actual damages; or

“(B) recoveries of losses or expenses incurred by working-capital funds managed through the Defense Business Operations Fund.”.

(b) **Clerical Amendment.**—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

‘‘2248. Recoveries of losses and expenses resulting from contractor fraud.’’.

**SEC. 383. PERMANENT AUTHORITY FOR USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE SALE OF CERTAIN LOST, ABANDONED, OR UNCLAIMED PROPERTY.**

(a) **Permanent Authority.**—Section 2575 of title 10 is amended—
(1) by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(b)(1) In the case of property found on a military installation, the proceeds from the sale of the property under this section shall be credited to the operation and maintenance account of that installation and used—

“(A) to reimburse the installation for any costs incurred by the installation to collect, transport, store, protect, or sell the property; and

“(B) if all such costs are reimbursed, to support morale, welfare, and recreation activities under the jurisdiction of the armed forces conducted for the comfort, pleasure, contentment, or physical or mental improvement of members of the armed forces at that installation.

“(2) The net proceeds from the sale of other property under this section shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(d)(1) The owner (or heirs, next of kin, or legal representative of the owner) of personal property the proceeds of which are credited to a military installation under subsection (b)(1) may file a claim with the Secretary of Defense for the amount equal to the proceeds (less costs referred to in subparagraph (A) of such subsection). Amounts to pay
the claim shall be drawn from the morale, welfare, and recreation account for the installation that received the proceeds.

“(2) The owner (or heirs, next of kin, or legal representative of the owner) may file a claim with the General Accounting Office for proceeds covered into the Treasury under subsection (b)(2).

“(3) Unless a claim is filed under this subsection within 5 years after the date of the disposal of the property to which the claim relates, the claim may not be considered by a court, the Secretary of Defense (in the case of a claim filed under paragraph (1)), or the General Accounting Office (in the case of a claim filed under paragraph (2)).”.

(b) Repeal of Authority for Demonstration Program.—Section 343 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1343) is repealed.

SEC. 384. SALE OF MILITARY CLOTHING AND SUBSISTENCE AND OTHER SUPPLIES OF THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 651 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
§ 7606. Subsistence and other supplies: members of armed forces; veterans; executive or military departments and employees; prices

(a) The Secretary of the Navy shall procure and sell, for cash or credit—

(1) articles designated by the Secretary to members of the Navy and Marine Corps; and

(2) items of individual clothing and equipment to members of the Navy and Marine Corps, under such restrictions as the Secretary may prescribe. An account of sales on credit shall be kept and the amount due reported to the Secretary. Except for articles and items acquired through the use of working capital funds under section 2208 of this title, sales of articles shall be at cost, and sales of individual clothing and equipment shall be at average current prices, including overhead, as determined by the Secretary.

(b) The Secretary shall sell subsistence supplies to members of other armed forces at the prices at which like property is sold to members of the Navy and Marine Corps.

(c) The Secretary may sell serviceable supplies, other than subsistence supplies, to members of other armed forces for the buyers' use in the service. The prices at which the supplies are sold shall be the same prices at which like property is sold to members of the Navy and Marine Corps.
“(d) A person who has been discharged honorably or under honorable conditions from the Army, Navy, Air Force or Marine Corps and who is receiving care and medical treatment from the Public Health Service or the Department of Veterans Affairs may buy subsistence supplies and other supplies, except articles of uniform, at the prices at which like property is sold to members of the Navy and Marine Corps.

“(e) Under such conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, exterior articles of uniform may be sold to a person who has been discharged from the Navy or Marine Corps honorably or under honorable conditions, at the prices at which like articles are sold to members of the Navy or Marine Corps. This subsection does not modify sections 772 or 773 of this title.

“(f) Payment for subsistence supplies sold under this section shall be made in cash.

“(g)(1) The Secretary may provide for the procurement and sale of stores designated by the Secretary to such civilian officers and employees of the United States, and such other persons, as the Secretary considers proper—

“(A) at military installations outside the United States; and

“(B) subject to paragraph (2), at military installations inside the United States where the Sec-
retary determines that it is impracticable for those civilian officers, employees, and persons to obtain such stores from commercial enterprises without impairing the efficient operation of military activities.

"(2) Sales to civilian officers and employees inside the United States may be made under paragraph (1) only to those residing within military installations.

"(h) Appropriations for subsistence of the Navy or Marine Corps may be applied to the purchase of subsistence supplies for sale to members of the Navy and Marine Corps on active duty for the use of themselves and their families."

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 651 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

"7606. Subsistence and other supplies: members of armed forces; veterans; executive or military departments and employees; prices."

SEC. 385. CONVERSION OF CIVILIAN MARKSMANSHIP PROGRAM TO NONAPPROPRIATED FUND INSTRUMENTALITY AND ACTIVITIES UNDER PROGRAM.

(a) Conversion.—Section 4307 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4307. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: administration

"(a) Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentality.—On and after October 1, 1995, the Civilian Marksmanship
Program shall be operated as a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Defense for the benefit of members of the armed forces and for the promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety among civilians.

“(b) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—(1) The Civilian Marksmanship Program shall be under the general supervision of an Advisory Committee for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Firearms Safety, which shall replace the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice. The Advisory Committee shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Army.

“(2) Members of the Advisory Committee shall serve without compensation, except that members shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of Advisory Committee services.

“(c) DIRECTOR.—The Secretary of the Army shall appoint a person to serve as Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program.

“(d) FUNDING.—(1) The Advisory Committee and the Director may solicit, accept, hold, use, and dispose of, in furtherance of the activities of the Civilian Marksmanship Program, donations of money, property, and services re-
received by gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise. Donations may
be accepted notwithstanding any legal restrictions otherwise
arising from procurement relationships of the donors with
the United States.

"(2) All amounts collected under the Civilian Marks-
manship Program, including the proceeds from the sale of
arms, ammunition, targets, and other supplies and appli-
ances under section 4308 of this title, shall be credited to
the Civilian Marksmanship Program and shall be available
to carry out the Civilian Marksmanship Program. Amounts
collected by, and available to, the National Board for the
Promotion of Rifle Practice before the date of the enactment
of this section from sales programs and from fees in connec-
tion with competitions sponsored by that Board shall be
transferred to the nonappropriated funds account estab-
lished for the Civilian Marksmanship Program and shall
be available to carry out the Civilian Marksmanship Pro-
gram.

"(3) Funds held on behalf of the Civilian Marksman-
ship Program shall not be construed to be Government or
public funds or appropriated funds and shall not be avail-
able to support other nonappropriated fund instrumental-
ities of the Department of Defense. Expenditures on behalf
of the Civilian Marksmanship Program, including com-
pensation and benefits for civilian employees, may not ex-
ceed $5,000,000 during any fiscal year. The approval of the Advisory Committee shall be required for any expenditure in excess of $50,000. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds held on behalf of the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall remain available until expended.

"(e) Inapplicability of Advisory Committee Act.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) does not apply to the Advisory Committee.

"(f) Definitions.—In this section and sections 4308 through 4313 of this title:

"(1) The term ‘Civilian Marksmanship Program’ means the rifle practice and firearms safety program carried out under section 4308 of this title and includes the National Matches and small-arms firing schools referred to in section 4312 of this title.

"(2) The term ‘Advisory Committee’ means the Advisory Committee for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Firearms Safety.

"(3) The term ‘Director’ means the Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program.”.

(b) Activities.—Section 4308 of such title is amended to read as follows:
§ 4308. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: activities

(a) Instruction, Safety, and Competition Programs.—(1) The Civilian Marksmanship Program shall provide for—

(A) the operation and maintenance of indoor and outdoor rifle ranges and their accessories and appliances;

(B) the instruction of citizens of the United States in marksmanship, and the employment of necessary instructors for that purpose;

(C) the promotion of safe and responsible practice in the use of rifled arms and the maintenance and management of matches or competitions in the use of those arms; and

(D) the award to competitors of trophies, prizes, badges, and other insignia.

(2) In carrying out this subsection, the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall give priority to activities that benefit firearms safety training and competition for youth and reach as many youth participants as possible.

(3) Before a person may participate in any activity sponsored or supported by the Civilian Marksmanship Program under this subsection, the person shall be required to certify that the person has not violated any Federal or State firearms laws.
(b) Sale and Issuance of Arms and Ammunition.—(1) The Civilian Marksmanship Program may issue, without cost, the arms, ammunition (including caliber .22 and caliber .30 ammunition), targets, and other supplies and appliances necessary for activities conducted under subsection (a). Issuance shall be made only to gun clubs under the direction of the Director of the program that provide training in the use of rifled arms to youth, the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps, the Boy Scouts of America, 4-H Clubs, Future Farmers of America, and other youth-oriented organizations for training and competition.

“(2) The Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program may sell at fair market value caliber .30 rifles and accoutrements, caliber .22 rifles, and air rifles, and ammunition for such rifles, to gun clubs that are under the direction of the Director and provide training in the use of rifled arms. In lieu of sales, the Director may loan such rifles to such gun clubs.

“(3) The Director of the Civilian Marksmanship Program may sell at fair market value small arms, ammunition, targets, and other supplies and appliances necessary for target practice to citizens of the United States over 18 years of age who are members of a gun club under the direction of the Director.
“(4) Before conveying any weapon or ammunition to a person, whether by sale or lease, the Director shall provide for a criminal records check of the person with appropriate Federal and State law enforcement agencies.

“(c) Other Authorities.—The Director shall provide for—

“(1) the procurement of necessary supplies, appliances, trophies, prizes, badges, and other insignia, clerical and other services, and labor to carry out the Civilian Marksmanship Program; and

“(2) the transportation of employees, instructors, and civilians to give or to receive instruction or to assist or engage in practice in the use of rifled arms, and the transportation and subsistence, or an allowance instead of subsistence, of members of teams authorized by the Advisory Committee to participate in matches or competitions in the use of rifled arms.

“(d) Fees.—The Director, in consultation with the Advisory Committee, may impose reasonable fees for persons and gun clubs participating in any program or competition conducted under the Civilian Marksmanship Program for the promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety among civilians.

“(e) Receipt of Excess Arms and Ammunition.—(1) The Secretary of the Army shall reserve for the Civilian
Marksmanship Program all remaining M-1 Garand rifles, accoutrements, and ammunition for such rifles, still held by the Army. After the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996, the Secretary of the Army shall cease demilitarization of remaining M-1 Garand rifles in the Army inventory unless such rifles are determined to be irreparable.

"(2) Transfers under this subsection shall be made without cost to the Civilian Marksmanship Program, except for the costs of transportation for the transferred small arms and ammunition.

"(f) Participation Conditions.—(1) All participants in the Civilian Marksmanship Program and activities sponsored or supported by the Advisory Committee shall be required, as a condition of participation, to sign affidavits stating that—

"(A) they have never been convicted of a firearms violation under State or Federal law; and

"(B) they are not members of any organization which advocates the violent overthrow of the United States Government.

"(2) Any person found to have violated this subsection shall be ineligible to participate in the Civilian Marksmanship Program and future activities."
(c) Participation of Members of the Armed Forces in Instruction and Competition.—Section 4310 of such title is amended to read as follows:

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§ 4310. Rifle instruction and competitions: participation of members

“The commander of a major command of the armed forces may pay the personnel costs and travel and per diem expenses of members of an active or reserve component of the armed forces who participate in a competition sponsored by the Civilian Marksmanship Program or who provide instruction or other services in support of the Civilian Marksmanship Program.”.
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(d) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 4312(a) of such title is amended by striking out “as prescribed by the Secretary of the Army” and inserting in lieu thereof “as part of the Civilian Marksmanship Program”.

(2) Section 4313 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “Secretary of the Army” both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “Advisory Committee”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out “Appropriated funds available for the Civilian Marksmanship Program (as defined in section 4308(e) of this title) may” and inserting in lieu thereof
“Nonappropriated funds available to the Civilian Marksmanship Program shall’’.

(e) Clerical Amendments.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 401 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 4307, 4308, 4309, and 4310 and inserting in lieu thereof the following new items:

‘‘4307. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: administration.
‘‘4308. Promotion of rifle practice and firearms safety: activities.
‘‘4309. Rifle ranges: availability for use by members and civilians.
‘‘4310. Rifle instruction and competitions: participation of members.’’.

(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1995.

SEC. 386. REPORT ON EFFORTS TO CONTRACT OUT CERTAIN FUNCTIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Not later than March 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report describing the advantages and disadvantages of using contractor personnel, rather than civilian employees of the Department of Defense, to perform functions of the Department that are not essential to the warfighting mission of the Armed Forces. The report shall specify all legislative and regulatory impediments to contracting those functions for private performance.

SEC. 387. IMPACT AID.

(a) Special Rule for 1994 Payments.—The Secretary of Education shall not consider any payment to a
local educational agency by the Department of Defense, that
is available to such agency for current expenditures and
used for capital expenses, as funds available to such agency
for purposes of making a determination for fiscal year 1994
under section 3(d)(2)(B)(i) of the Act of September 30, 1950
(Public Law 874, 81st Congress) (as such Act was in effect
on September 30, 1994).

(b) Payments for Eligible Federally Connected
Children.—Subsection (f) of section 8003 of the Elementary
and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
7703) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the matter preceding clause (i) of
subparagraph (A), by striking “only if such
agency” and inserting “if such agency is eligible
for a supplementary payment in accordance
with subparagraph (B) or such agency”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new
subparagraph:

“(C) A local educational agency shall only
be eligible to receive additional assistance under
this subsection if the Secretary determines that—

“(i) such agency is exercising due diligence in availing itself of State and other
financial assistance; and
“(ii) the eligibility of such agency under State law for State aid with respect to the free public education of children described in subsection (a)(1) and the amount of such aid are determined on a basis no less favorable to such agency than the basis used in determining the eligibility of local educational agencies for State aid, and the amount of such aid, with respect to the free public education of other children in the State”; and

(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting “(other than any amount received under paragraph (2)(B))” after “subsection”; 

(ii) in subclause (I) of clause (i), by striking “or the average per-pupil expenditure of all the States”; 

(iii) by amending clause (ii) to read as follows:

“(ii) The Secretary shall next multiply the amount determined under clause (i) by the total number of students in average
daily attendance at the schools of the local educational agency.”; and

(iv) by amending clause (iii) to read as follows:

“(iii) The Secretary shall next subtract from the amount determined under clause (ii) all funds available to the local educational agency for current expenditures, but shall not so subtract funds provided—

“(I) under this Act; or

“(II) by any department or agency of the Federal Government (other than the Department) that are used for capital expenses.”; and

(B) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

“(B) SPECIAL RULE.—With respect to payments under this subsection for a fiscal year for a local educational agency described in clause (ii) or (iii) of paragraph (2)(A), the maximum amount of payments under this subsection shall be equal to—

“(i) the product of—

“(I) the average per-pupil expenditure in all States multiplied by 0.7,
except that such amount may not exceed 125 percent of the average per-pupil expenditure in all local educational agencies in the State; multiplied by

“(II) the number of students described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) for such agency; minus

“(ii) the amount of payments such agency receives under subsections (b) and (d) for such year.”.

(c) CURRENT YEAR DATA.—Paragraph (4) of section 8003(f) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 7703(f)) is amended to read as follows:

“(4) CURRENT YEAR DATA.—For purposes of providing assistance under this subsection the Secretary—

“(A) shall use student and revenue data from the fiscal year for which the local educational agency is applying for assistance under this subsection; and

“(B) shall derive the per pupil expenditure amount for such year for the local educational agency’s comparable school districts by increas-
ing or decreasing the per pupil expenditure data for the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made by the same percentage increase or decrease reflected between the per pupil expenditure data for the fourth fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made and the per pupil expenditure data for such second year.”

SEC. 388. FUNDING FOR TROOPS TO TEACHERS PROGRAM AND TROOPS TO COPS PROGRAM.

(a) FUNDING.— Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 431—

(1) $42,000,000 shall be available for the Troops-to-Teachers program; and

(2) $10,000,000 shall be available for the Troops-to-Cops program.

(b) DEFINITION.— In this section:

(1) The term “Troops-to-Cops program” means the program of assistance to separated members and former members of the Armed Forces to obtain employment with law enforcement agencies established, or carried out, under section 1152 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “Troops-to-Teachers program” means the program of assistance to separated mem-

HR 1530 EAS
members of the Armed Forces to obtain certification and employment as teachers or employment as teachers’ aides established under section 1151 of such title.

SEC. 389. AUTHORIZING THE AMOUNTS REQUESTED IN THE BUDGET FOR JUNIOR ROTC.

(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated $12,295,000 to fully fund the budget request for the Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps programs of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps. Such amount is in addition to the amount otherwise available for such programs under section 301.

(b) The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 101(4) is hereby reduced by $12,295,000.

SEC. 390. REPORT ON PRIVATE PERFORMANCE OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS PERFORMED BY MILITARY AIRCRAFT.

(a) Report Required.—Not later than May 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the feasibility, including the costs and benefits, of using private sources for satisfying, in whole or in part, the requirements of the Department of Defense for VIP transportation by air, airlift for other personnel and for cargo, in-flight refueling of aircraft, and performance of such other military aircraft functions as the Secretary considers appropriate to discuss in the report.
157

(b) Content of Report.—The report shall include a discussion of the following:

(1) Contracting for the performance of the functions referred to in subsection (a).

(2) Converting to private ownership and operation the Department of Defense VIP air fleets, personnel and cargo aircraft, and in-flight refueling aircraft, and other Department of Defense aircraft.

(3) The wartime requirements for the various VIP and transport fleets.

(4) The assumptions used in the cost-benefit analysis.

(5) The effect on military personnel and facilities of using private sources, as described in paragraphs (1) and (2), for the purposes described in subsection (a).

SEC. 391. AlleGany Ballistics Laboratory.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(2), $2,000,000 shall be available for the Alle-gany Ballistics Laboratory for essential safety functions.

SEC. 392. Encouragement of Use of Leasing Author-

ity.

(a) In General.—(1) Chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2316 the following new section:
§ 2317. Equipment Leasing

"The Secretary of Defense is authorized to use leasing in the acquisition of commercial vehicles when such leasing is practicable and efficient."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

``2317. Equipment leasing.""

(b) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to the congressional defense committees setting forth changes in legislation that would be required to facilitate the use of leases by the Department of Defense in the acquisition of equipment.

(c) Pilot Program.—The Secretary of the Army may conduct a pilot program for leasing of commercial utility cargo vehicles as follows:

(1) Existing commercial utility cargo vehicles may be traded in for credit against new replacement commercial utility cargo vehicle lease costs;

(2) Quantities of commercial utility cargo vehicles to be traded in and their value to be credited shall be subject to negotiation between the parties;

(3) New commercial utility cargo vehicle lease agreements may be executed with or without options to purchase at the end of each lease period;
(4) New commercial utility cargo vehicle lease periods may not exceed five years;

(5) Such leasing pilot program shall consist of replacing no more than forty percent of the validated requirement for commercial utility cargo vehicles, but may include an option or options for the remaining validated requirement which may be executed subject to the requirements of subsection (c)(7);

(6) The Army shall enter into such pilot program only if the Secretary—

(A) awards such program in accordance with the provisions of section 2304 of title 10, United States Code;

(B) has notified the congressional defense committees of his plans to execute the pilot program;

(C) has provided a report detailing the expected savings in operating and support costs from retiring older commercial utility cargo vehicles compared to the expected costs of leasing newer commercial utility cargo vehicles; and

(D) has allowed 30 calendar days to elapse after such notification.

(7) One year after the date of execution of an initial leasing contract, the Secretary of the Army
shall submit a report setting forth the status of the
pilot program. Such report shall be based upon at
least six months of operating experience. The Sec-
retary may exercise an option or options for subse-
quent commercial utility cargo vehicles only after he
has allowed 60 calendar days to elapse after submit-
ting this report.

(8) Expiration of Authority.—No lease of
commercial utility cargo vehicles may be entered into
under the pilot program after September 30, 2000.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL
AUTHORIZATIONS
Subtitle A—Active Forces

SEC. 401. END STRENGTHS FOR ACTIVE FORCES.

(a) Fiscal Year 1996.—The Armed Forces are au-
thorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September
30, 1996, as follows:

(1) The Army, 495,000, of which not more than
81,300 may be commissioned officers.

(2) The Navy, 428,340, of which not more than
58,870 may be commissioned officers.

(3) The Marine Corps, 174,000, of which not
more than 17,978 may be commissioned officers.

(4) The Air Force, 388,200, of which not more
than 75,928 may be commissioned officers.
(b) Fiscal Year 1997.—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 1997, as follows:

1 (1) The Army, 495,000, of which not more than 80,312 may be commissioned officers.

2 (2) The Navy, 409,740, of which not more than 56,615 may be commissioned officers.

3 (3) The Marine Corps, 174,000, of which not more than 17,978 may be commissioned officers.

4 (4) The Air Force, 385,400, of which not more than 76,494 may be commissioned officers.

Sec. 402. Temporary Variation in DOPMA Authorized End Strength Limitations for Active Duty Air Force and Navy Officers in Certain Grades.

(a) Air Force Officers.—(1) In the administration of the limitation under section 523(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, for fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the numbers applicable to officers of the Air Force serving on active duty in the grades of major, lieutenant colonel, and colonel shall be the numbers set forth for that fiscal year in paragraph (2) (rather than the numbers determined in accordance with the table in that section).

2 (2) The numbers referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal year:</th>
<th>Number of officers who may be serving on active duty in the grade of:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Major</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>15,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>15,645</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) NAVY OFFICERS.— (1) In the administration of the limitation under section 523(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, for fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the numbers applicable to officers of the Navy serving on active duty in the grades of lieutenant commander, commander, and captain shall be the numbers set forth for that fiscal year in paragraph (2) (rather than the numbers determined in accordance with the table in that section).

(2) The numbers referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal year:</th>
<th>Number of officers who may be serving on active duty in the grade of:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lieutenant commander</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>11,924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>11,732</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 403. CERTAIN GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS AWAITING RETIREMENT NOT TO BE COUNTED.

(a) DISTRIBUTION OF OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY IN GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICER GRADES.— Section 525 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) An officer continuing to hold the grade of general or admiral under section 601(b)(4) of this title after relief
from the position of Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or Commandant of the Marine Corps shall not be counted for purposes of this section.”.

(b) Number of Officers on Active Duty in Grade of General or Admiral.—Section 528(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) An officer continuing to hold the grade of general or admiral under section 601(b)(4) of this title after relief from the position of Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or Commandant of the Marine Corps shall not be counted for purposes of this section.”.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

Sec. 411. End Strengths for Selected Reserve.

(a) Fiscal Year 1996.—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 1996, as follows:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 373,000.

(2) The Army Reserve, 230,000.

(3) The Naval Reserve, 98,894.

(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 42,274.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 73,969.
(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 8,000.

(b) Fiscal Year 1997.—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 1997, as follows:
(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 367,000.
(2) The Army Reserve, 215,000.
(3) The Naval Reserve, 96,694.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 42,682.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 107,151.
(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 8,000.

(c) Waiver Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may vary the end strength authorized by subsection (a) or subsection (b) by not more than 2 percent.

(d) Adjustments.—The end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) or (b) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component for a fiscal year shall be proportionately reduced by—
(1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such
component which are on active duty (other than for training) at the end of the fiscal year, and

(2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at the end of the fiscal year.

Whenever such units or such individual members are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the end strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be proportionately increased by the total authorized strengths of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 412. END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

(a) Fiscal Year 1996.—Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(a), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 1996, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or, in the case of members of the National Guard, full-time National Guard duty for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:
(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 23,390.
(2) The Army Reserve, 11,575.
(3) The Naval Reserve, 17,587.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,559.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 10,066.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 628.

(b) Fiscal Year 1997.—Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(b), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 1997, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or, in the case of members of the National Guard, full-time National Guard duty for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 23,040.
(2) The Army Reserve, 11,550.
(3) The Naval Reserve, 17,171.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,976.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 9,824.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 625.
SEC. 413. INCREASE IN NUMBER OF MEMBERS IN CERTAIN GRADES AUTHORIZED TO SERVE ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

(a) Officers.—The table at the end of section 12011(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Army</th>
<th>Navy</th>
<th>Air Force</th>
<th>Marine Corps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major or Lieutenant Commander</td>
<td>3,219</td>
<td>1,071</td>
<td>643</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lieutenant Colonel or Commander</td>
<td>1,524</td>
<td>520</td>
<td>672</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colonel or Navy Captain</td>
<td>412</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>274</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Senior Enlisted Members.—The table at the end of section 12012(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Army</th>
<th>Navy</th>
<th>Air Force</th>
<th>Marine Corps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E-9</td>
<td>603</td>
<td>202</td>
<td>366</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-8</td>
<td>2,585</td>
<td>429</td>
<td>890</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 414. RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF CO-OPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROGRAMS NOT TO BE COUNTED.

Section 115(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(8) Members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve on active duty for more than 180 days to support programs described in section 1203(b) of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 (title
SEC. 415. RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY FOR MILITARY-TO-MILITARY CONTACTS AND COMPARABLE ACTIVITIES NOT TO BE COUNTED.

Section 168 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f):

```
(f) Active Duty End Strengths.—(1) A member of a reserve component referred to in paragraph (2) shall not be counted for purposes of the following personnel strength limitations:

(A) The end strength for active-duty personnel authorized pursuant to section 115(a)(1) of this title for the fiscal year in which the member carries out the activities referred to in paragraph (2).

(B) The authorized daily average for members in pay grades E-8 and E-9 under section 517 of this title for the calendar year in which the member carries out such activities.
```
“(C) The authorized strengths for commissioned officers under section 523 of this title for the fiscal year in which the member carries out such activities.

“(2) A member of a reserve component referred to in paragraph (1) is any member on active duty under an order to active duty for 180 days or more who is engaged in activities authorized under this section.”

Subtitle C—Military Training Student Loads

SEC. 421. AUTHORIZATION OF TRAINING STUDENT LOADS.

(a) Fiscal Year 1996.—For fiscal year 1996, the Armed Forces are authorized average military training student loads as follows:

(1) The Army, 75,013.

(2) The Navy, 44,238.

(3) The Marine Corps, 26,095.


(b) Fiscal Year 1997.—For fiscal year 1997, the Armed Forces are authorized average military training student loads as follows:


(2) The Navy, 44,121.

(3) The Marine Corps, 27,255.

(c) Scope.—The average military training student load authorized for an armed force for a fiscal year under subsection (a) or (b) applies to the active and reserve components of that armed force for that fiscal year.

(d) Adjustments.—The average military training student load authorized for a fiscal year in subsection (a) or (b) shall be adjusted consistent with the end strengths authorized for that fiscal year in subtitles A and B. The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe the manner in which such adjustments shall be apportioned.

Subtitle D—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 431. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for military personnel for fiscal year 1996 a total of $68,896,863,000. The authorization in the preceding sentence supersedes any other authorization of appropriations (definite or indefinite) for such purpose for fiscal year 1996.
TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY

Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy

SEC. 501. JOINT OFFICER MANAGEMENT.

(a) Critical Joint Duty Assignment Positions.—Section 661(d)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “1,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “500”.

(b) Additional Qualifying Joint Service.—Section 664 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(i) Joint Duty Credit for Certain Joint Task Force Assignments.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, may credit an officer with having completed a full tour of duty in a joint duty assignment upon the officer’s completion of service described in paragraph (2) or may grant credit for such service for purposes of determining the cumulative service of the officer in joint duty assignments. The credit for such service may be granted without regard to the length of the service (except as provided in regulations pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (4)) and without regard to whether the assignment in which the service was performed is a joint duty assignment as defined in regulations pursuant to section 668 of this title.
“(2) Service performed by an officer in a temporary assignment on a joint task force or a multinational force headquarters staff may be considered for credit under paragraph (1) if—

“(A) the Secretary of Defense determines that the service in that assignment provided significant experience in joint matters;

“(B) any portion of the service in that assignment was performed on or after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996; and

“(C) the officer is recommended for such credit by the Chief of Staff of the Army (for an officer in the Army), the Chief of Naval Operations (for an officer in the Navy), the Chief of Staff of the Air Force (for an officer in the Air Force), or the Commandant of the Marine Corps (for an officer in the Marine Corps).

“(3) Credit shall be granted under paragraph (1) on a case-by-case basis.

“(4) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe uniform criteria for determining whether to grant an officer credit under paragraph (1). The criteria shall include the following:
“(A) For an officer to be credited as having completed a full tour of duty in a joint duty assignment, the officer accumulated at least 24 months of service in a temporary assignment referred to in paragraph (2).

“(B) For an officer to be credited with service in a joint duty assignment for purposes of determining cumulative service in joint duty assignments, the officer accumulated at least 30 consecutive days of service or 60 days of total service in a temporary assignment referred to in paragraph (2).

“(C) The service was performed in support of a mission that was directed by the President or was assigned by the President to United States forces in the joint task force or multinational force involved.

“(D) The joint task force or multinational force involved was constituted or designated by the Secretary of Defense, by a commander of a combatant command or of another force, or by a multinational or United Nations command authority.

“(E) The joint task force or multinational force involved conducted military combat or combat-related operations or military operations other than war in a unified action under joint, multinational, or United Nations command and control.
"(5) Officers for whom joint duty credit is granted pursuant to this subsection shall not be taken into account for the purposes of section 661(d)(1) of this title, subsections (a)(3) and (b) of section 662 of this title, section 664(a) of this title, or paragraph (7), (8), (9), (11), or (12) of section 667 of this title.

"(6) In the case of an officer credited with having completed a full tour of duty in a joint duty assignment pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement in paragraph (1)(B) of section 661(c) of this title that the tour of duty in a joint duty assignment be performed after the officer completes a program of education referred to in paragraph (1)(A) of that section."

(c) Information in Annual Report.—Section 667 of such title is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (18) as paragraph (19); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (17) the following new paragraph (18):

"(18) The number of officers granted credit for service in joint duty assignments under section 664(i) of this title and—

"(A) of those officers—
“(i) the number of officers credited
with having completed a tour of duty in a
joint duty assignment; and
“(ii) the number of officers granted
credit for purposes of determining cumu-
labative service in joint duty assignments;
and
“(B) the identity of each operation for
which an officer has been granted credit pursu-
ant to section 664(i) of this title and a brief de-
scription of the mission of the operation.”.

(d) General and Flag Officer Exemption From
Waiver Limits.—Section 661(c)(3)(D) of such title is
amended by inserting “, other than for general or flag offi-
cers,” in the third sentence after “during any fiscal year”.

(e) Length of Second Joint Tour.—Section 664
of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (e)(2), by inserting after sub-
paragraph (B) the following:
“(C) Service described in subsection (f)(6), except
that no more than 10 percent of all joint duty assign-
ments shown on the list published pursuant to section
668(b)(2)(A) of this title may be so excluded in any
year.”; and

(2) in subsection (f)—
(A) by striking out “or” at the end of paragraph (4);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(6) a second joint duty assignment that is less than the period required under subsection (a), but not less than 2 years, without regard to whether a waiver was granted for such assignment under subsection (b).”.

SEC. 502. REVISION OF SERVICE OBLIGATION FOR GRADUATES OF THE SERVICE ACADEMIES.

(a) MILITARY ACADEMY.—Section 4348(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking out “six years” and inserting in lieu thereof “five years”.

(b) NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 6959(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking out “six years” and inserting in lieu thereof “five years”.

(c) AIR FORCE ACADEMY.—Section 9348(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking out “six years” and inserting in lieu thereof “five years”.

(d) REQUIREMENT FOR REVIEW AND REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall—
(1) review the effects that each of various periods of obligated active duty service for graduates of the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy would have on the number and quality of the eligible and qualified applicants seeking appointment to such academies; and

(2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the Secretary's findings together with any recommended legislation regarding the minimum periods of obligated active duty service for graduates of the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—(1) The amendments made by this section shall apply to persons who are first admitted to military service academies after December 31, 1991.

(2) Section 511(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1439; 10 U.S.C. 2114 note) is amended—

(A) by striking out “amendments made by this section” and inserting in lieu thereof “amendment made by subsection (a)”; and
(B) by striking out “or one of the service academies”.

SEC. 503. QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT AS SURGEON GENERAL OF AN ARMED FORCE.

(a) Surgeon General of the Army.—Section 3036 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by inserting after the third sentence the following: “The Surgeon General shall be appointed as prescribed in subsection (f).”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection (f):

“(f) The President shall appoint the Surgeon General from among commissioned officers in any corps of the Army Medical Department who are educationally and professionally qualified to furnish health care to other persons, including doctors of medicine, dentistry, and osteopathy, nurses, and clinical psychologists.”.

(b) Surgeon General of the Navy.—Section 5137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by striking out “in the Medical Corps” and inserting in lieu thereof “who are educationally and professionally qualified to furnish health care to other persons, including doctors of medicine, dentistry, and osteopathy, nurses, and clinical psychologists”; and
(2) in subsection (b), by striking out “in the Medical Corps” and inserting in lieu thereof “who is qualified to be the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery”.

(c) Surgeon General of the Air Force.—The first sentence of section 8036 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “designated as medical officers under section 8067(a) of this title” and inserting in lieu thereof “educationally and professionally qualified to furnish health care to other persons, including doctors of medicine, dentistry, and osteopathy, nurses, and clinical psychologists”.

SEC. 504. DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL OF THE AIR FORCE.

(a) Tenure and Grade of Deputy Judge Advocate General.—Section 8037(d)(1) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out “two years” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “four years”, and

(2) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “An officer appointed as Deputy Judge Advocate General who holds a lower regular grade shall be appointed in the regular grade of major general.”.
(b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—The amendments made by this section shall not apply to a person serving pursuant to appointment in the position of Deputy Judge Advocate General of the Air Force while such person is serving the term for which the person was appointed to such position before the date of the enactment of this Act and any extension of such term.

SEC. 505. RETIRING GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS: APPLICABILITY OF UNIFORM CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES FOR RETIRING IN HIGHEST GRADE IN WHICH SERVED.

(a) APPLICABILITY OF TIME-IN-GRADE REQUIREMENTS.—Section 1370 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)(A), by striking out “and below lieutenant general or vice admiral”; and

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (d)(2)(B), as added by section 1641 of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (title XVI of Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2968), by striking out “and below lieutenant general or vice admiral”.

(b) RETIREMENT IN HIGHEST GRADE UPON CERTIFICATION OF SATISFACTORY SERVICE.—Section 1370(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking out “Upon retirement an officer” and inserting in lieu thereof “An officer”; and

(2) by striking out “may, in the discretion” and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof “may be retired in the higher grade under subsection (a) only after the Secretary of Defense certifies in writing to the President and the Senate that the officer served on active duty satisfactorily in that grade. The 3-year time-in-grade requirement in paragraph (2)(A) of subsection (a) may not be reduced or waived under such subsection in the case of such an officer while the officer is under investigation for alleged misconduct or while disposition of an adverse personnel action is pending against the officer for alleged misconduct.”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Sections 3962(a), 5034, and 8962(a) of title 10, United States Code, are repealed.

(d) TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) Sections 3962(b) and 8962(b) of such title are amended by striking out “(b) Upon” and inserting in lieu thereof “Upon”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 505 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 5034.
(e) Effective Date for Amendments to Provision Taking Effect in 1996.—The amendment made by subsection (a)(2) shall take effect on October 1, 1996, immediately after subsection (d) of section 1370 of title 10, United States Code, takes effect under section 1691(b)(1) of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (108 Stat. 3026).

Sec. 506. Extension of Certain Reserve Officer Management Authorities.

(a) Grade Determination Authority for Certain Reserve Medical Officers.—Section 3359(b) and 8359(b) of title 10, United States Code, are each amended by striking out “September 30, 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1996”.

(b) Promotion Authority for Certain Reserve Officers Serving on Active Duty.—Sections 3380(d) and 8380(d) of title 10, United States Code, are each amended by striking out “September 30, 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1996”.

(c) Years of Service for Mandatory Transfer to the Retired Reserve.—Section 1016(d) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (10 U.S.C. 3360) is amended by striking out “September 30, 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1996”.

HR 1530 EAS
SEC. 507. RESTRICTIONS ON WEARING INSIGNIA FOR HIGHER GRADE BEFORE PROMOTION.

(a) ACTIVE-DUTY LIST.—(1) Subchapter II of chapter 36 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 624 the following:

"§ 624a. Restrictions on frocking

(a) RESTRICTIONS.—An officer may not be frocked to a grade unless—

(1) the Senate has confirmed by advice and consent a nomination of the officer for promotion to that grade; and

(2) the officer is serving in, or has been ordered to, a position for which that grade is authorized.

(b) BENEFITS NOT TO ACCRUE.—(1) An officer frocked to a grade may not, on the basis of the frocking—

(A) be paid the rate of pay provided for an officer in that grade having the same number of years of service as the frocked officer; or

(B) assume any legal authority associated with that grade.

(2) The period for which an officer is frocked to a grade may not be taken into account for any of the following purposes:

(A) Seniority in that grade.

(B) Time of service in that grade.
“(c) Numbers of Active-Duty List Officers Frocked to Grade O-7.—The number of officers on the active-duty list who are authorized by frocking to wear the insignia for the grade of brigadier general or, in the Navy, rear admiral (lower half) may not exceed 35.

“(d) Numbers of Active-Duty List Officers Frocked to Grades O-4, O-5, and O-6.—The number of officers of an armed force on the active-duty list who are authorized by frocking to wear the insignia for a grade to which a limitation on total number applies under section 523(a) of this title for a fiscal year may not exceed one percent of the total number provided for the officers in that grade in that armed force in the administration of the limitation under such section 523(a) for such fiscal year.

“(e) Definition.—In this section, the term ‘frock’, with respect to an officer, means to authorize the officer to wear the insignia of a higher grade before being promoted to that grade.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 36 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 624 the following:

“624a. Restrictions on frocking.”.

(b) Temporary Variation of Limitations on Numbers of Froocked Officers.—(1) In the administration of section 624a(c) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), for fiscal years 1996 and 1997, the maxi-
mum number applicable to officers on the active-duty list who are authorized by frocking to wear the insignia for the grade of brigadier general or, in the Navy, rear admiral (lower half) is as follows:

(A) During fiscal year 1996, 75 officers.

(B) During fiscal year 1997, 55 officers.

(2) In the administration of section 624a(d) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), for fiscal year 1996, the percent limitation applied under that section shall be two percent instead of one percent.

(c) Definition.—In this section, the term ‘frock’, with respect to an officer, means to authorize the officer to wear the insignia of a higher grade before being promoted to that grade.

SEC. 508. DIRECTOR OF ADMISSIONS, UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY: RETIREMENT FOR YEARS OF SERVICE.

(a) Authority To Direct Retirement.—Section 3920 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 3920. More than thirty years: permanent professors and the Director of Admissions of United States Military Academy"

“(a) Authority To Direct Retirement.—The Secretary of the Army may retire any of the personnel of the
United States Military Academy described in subsection (b) who has more than 30 years of service as a commissioned officer.

"(b) APPLICABILITY.—The authority under subsection (a) may be exercised in the case of the following personnel:

“(1) A permanent professor.

“(2) The Director of Admissions.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 367 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"3920. More than thirty years: permanent professors and the Director of Admissions of United States Military Academy."

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Reserve Components

SEC. 511. MOBILIZATION INCOME INSURANCE PROGRAM FOR MEMBERS OF READY RESERVE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—(1) Subtitle E of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 1213 the following new chapter:

“CHAPTER 1214—READY RESERVE INCOME INSURANCE

“Sec.

"12521. Definitions.

"12522. Establishment of insurance program.

"12523. Risk insured.

"12524. Enrollment and election of benefits.

"12525. Benefit amounts.

"12526. Premiums.

"12527. Payment of premiums.


"12529. Board of Actuaries.

"12530. Payment of benefits."
§ 12521. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) The term ‘insurance program’ means the Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Program established under section 12522 of this title.

(2) The term ‘covered service’ means active duty performed by a member of a reserve component under an order to active duty for a period of more than 30 days which specifies that the member’s service—

(A) is in support of an operational mission for which members of the reserve components have been ordered to active duty without their consent; or

(B) is in support of forces activated during a period of war declared by Congress or a period of national emergency declared by the President or Congress.

(3) The term ‘insured member’ means a member of the Ready Reserve who is enrolled for coverage under the insurance program in accordance with section 12524 of this title.

(4) The term ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Defense.
“(5) The term ‘Department’ means the Department of Defense.

“(6) The term ‘Board of Actuaries’ means the Department of Defense Education Benefits Board of Actuaries referred to in section 2006(e)(1) of this title.

“(7) The term ‘Fund’ means the Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund established by section 12528(a) of this title.

“§ 12522. Establishment of insurance program

“(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish for members of the Ready Reserve an insurance program to be known as the ‘Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Program’.

“(b) Administration.—The insurance program shall be administered by the Secretary. The Secretary may prescribe in regulations such rules, procedures, and policies as the Secretary considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the insurance program.

“§ 12523. Risk insured

“(a) In General.—The insurance program shall insure members of the Ready Reserve against the risk of being ordered into covered service.

“(b) Entitlement to Benefits.—(1) An insured member ordered into covered service shall be entitled to payment of a benefit for each month (and fraction thereof) of
covered service that exceeds 30 days of covered service, ex-
cept that no member may be paid under the insurance pro-
gram for more than 12 months of covered service served dur-
ing any period of 18 consecutive months.

“(2) Payment shall be based solely on the insured sta-
tus of a member and on the period of covered service served
by the member. Proof of loss of income or of expenses in-
curred as a result of covered service may not be required.

§ 12524. Enrollment and election of benefits

“(a) Enrollment.—(1) Except as provided in sub-
section (f), upon first becoming a member of the Ready Re-
serve, a member shall be automatically enrolled for coverage
under the insurance program. An automatic enrollment of
a member shall be void if within 30 days after first becom-
ing a member of the Ready Reserve the member declines
insurance under the program in accordance with the regu-
lations prescribed by the Secretary.

“(2) Promptly after the insurance program is estab-
lished, the Secretary shall offer to members of the reserve
components who are then members of the Ready Reserve
(other than members ineligible under subsection (f)) an op-
portunity to enroll for coverage under the insurance pro-
gram. A member who fails to enroll within 30 days after
being offered the opportunity shall be considered as having
declined to be insured under the program.
“(3) A member of the Ready Reserve ineligible to enroll under subsection (f) shall be afforded an opportunity to enroll upon being released from active duty if the member has not previously had the opportunity to be enrolled under paragraph (1) or (2). A member who fails to enroll within 30 days after being afforded that opportunity shall be considered as having declined to be insured under the program.

“(b) ELECTION OF BENEFIT AMOUNT.—The amount of a member’s monthly benefit under an enrollment shall be the basic benefit under subsection (a) of section 12525 of this title unless the member elects a different benefit under subsection (b) of such section within 30 days after first becoming a member of the Ready Reserve or within 30 days after being offered the opportunity to enroll, as the case may be.

“(c) ELECTIONS IRREVOCABLE.—(1) An election to decline insurance pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) is irrevocable.

“(2) Subject to subsection (d), the amount of coverage may not be changed after enrollment.

“(d) ELECTION TO TERMINATE.—A member may terminate an enrollment at any time.

“(e) INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED.—The Secretary shall ensure that members referred to in subsection (a) are given a written explanation of the insurance pro-
gram and are advised that they have the right to decline to be insured and, if not declined, to elect coverage for a reduced benefit or an enhanced benefit under subsection (b).

"(f) Members Ineligible To Enroll.— Members of the Ready Reserve serving on active duty (or full-time National Guard duty) are not eligible to enroll for coverage under the insurance program. The Secretary may define any additional category of members of the Ready Reserve to be excluded from eligibility to purchase insurance under this chapter.

"§ 12525. Benefit amounts

"(a) Basic Benefit.— The basic benefit for an insured member under the insurance program is $1,000 per month (as adjusted under subsection (d)).

"(b) Reduced and Enhanced Benefits.— Under the regulations prescribed by the Secretary, a person enrolled for coverage under the insurance program may elect—

"(1) a reduced coverage benefit equal to one-half the amount of the basic benefit; or

"(2) an enhanced benefit in the amount of $1,500, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $3,500, $4,000, $4,500, or $5,000 per month (as adjusted under subsection (d)).
“(c) Amount for Partial Month.—The amount of insurance payable to an insured member for any period of covered service that is less than one month shall be determined by multiplying 1/30 of the monthly benefit rate for the member by the number of days of the covered service served by the member during such period.

“(d) Adjustment of Amounts.—(1) The Secretary shall determine annually the effect of inflation on benefits and shall adjust the amounts set forth in subsections (a) and (b)(2) to maintain the constant dollar value of the benefit.

“(2) If the amount of a benefit as adjusted under paragraph (1) is not evenly divisible by $10, the amount shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of $10, except that an amount evenly divisible by $5 but not by $10 shall be rounded to the next lower amount that is evenly divisible by $10.

“§ 12526. Premiums

“(a) Establishment of Rates.—(1) The Secretary, in consultation with the Board of Actuaries, shall prescribe the premium rates for insurance under the insurance program.

“(2) The Secretary shall prescribe a fixed premium rate for each $1,000 of monthly insurance benefit. The premium amount shall be equal to the share of the cost attrib-
uitable to insuring the member and shall be the same for all members of the Ready Reserve who are insured under the insurance program for the same benefit amount. The Secretary shall prescribe the rate on the basis of the best available estimate of risk and financial exposure, levels of subscription by members, and other relevant factors.

"(b) Level Premiums.—The premium rate prescribed for the first year of insurance coverage of an insured member shall be continued without change for subsequent years of insurance coverage, except that the Secretary, after consultation with the Board of Actuaries, may adjust the premium rate in order to fund inflation-adjusted benefit increases on an actuarially sound basis.

§ 12527. Payment of premiums

"(a) Methods of Payment.—(1) The monthly premium for coverage of a member under the insurance program shall be deducted and withheld from the insured member's basic pay for inactive duty training each month.

"(2) An insured member who does not receive pay on a monthly basis shall pay the Secretary directly the premium amount applicable for the level of benefits for which the member is insured.

"(b) Advance Pay for Premium.—The Secretary concerned may advance to an insured member the amount equal to the first insurance premium payment due under
this chapter. The advance may be paid out of appropriations for military pay. An advance to a member shall be collected from the member either by deducting and withholding the amount from basic pay payable for the member or by collecting it from the member directly. No disbursing or certifying officer shall be responsible for any loss resulting from an advance under this subsection.

"(c) PREMIUMS TO BE DEPOSITED IN FUND.—Premium amounts deducted and withheld from the basic pay of insured members and premium amounts paid directly to the Secretary shall be credited to the Fund.

§ 12528. Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established on the books of the Treasury a fund to be known as the 'Department of Defense Ready Reserve Income Insurance Fund', which shall be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Fund shall be used for the accumulation of funds in order to finance the liabilities of the insurance program on an actuarially sound basis.

"(b) ASSETS OF FUND.—There shall be deposited into the Fund the following:

"(1) Premiums paid under section 12527 of this title.

"(2) Any amount appropriated to the Fund.
“(3) Any return on investment of the assets of the Fund.

“(c) Availability.—Amounts in the Fund shall be available for paying insurance benefits under the insurance program.

“(d) Investment of Assets of Fund.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest such portion of the Fund as is not in the judgment of the Secretary of Defense required to meet current liabilities. Such investments shall be in public debt securities with maturities suitable to the needs of the Fund, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, and bearing interest at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration current market yields on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities. The income on such investments shall be credited to the Fund.

“(e) Annual Accounting.—At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Secretary, in consultation with the Board of Actuaries and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall determine the following:

“(1) The projected amount of the premiums to be collected, investment earnings to be received, and any transfers or appropriations to be made for the Fund for that fiscal year.
"(2) The amount for that fiscal year of any cumulative unfunded liability (including any negative amount or any gain to the Fund) resulting from payments of benefits.

"(3) The amount for that fiscal year (including any negative amount) of any cumulative actuarial gain or loss to the Fund.

§ 12529. Board of Actuaries

"(a) Actuarial Responsibility.—The Board of Actuaries shall have the actuarial responsibility for the insurance program.

"(b) Valuations and Premium Recommendations.—The Board of Actuaries shall carry out periodic actuarial valuations of the benefits under the insurance program and determine a premium rate methodology for the Secretary to use in setting premium rates for the insurance program. The Board shall conduct the first valuation and determine a premium rate methodology not later than six months after the insurance program is established.

"(c) Effects of Changed Benefits.—If at the time of any actuarial valuation under subsection (b) there has been a change in benefits under the insurance program that has been made since the last such valuation and such change in benefits increases or decreases the present value of amounts payable from the Fund, the Board of Actuaries
shall determine a premium rate methodology, and re-
ommend to the Secretary a premium schedule, for the liq-
uidation of any liability (or actuarial gain to the Fund) 
resulting from such change and any previous such changes 
so that the present value of the sum of the scheduled pre-
mium payments (or reduction in payments that would oth-
erwise be made) equals the cumulative increase (or decrease) 
in the present value of such benefits.

"(d) Actuarial Gains or Losses.—If at the time 
of any such valuation the Board of Actuaries determines 
that there has been an actuarial gain or loss to the Fund 
as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions since the 
last valuation or as a result of any differences, between ac-
tual and expected experience since the last valuation, the 
Board shall recommend to the Secretary a premium rate 
schedule for the amortization of the cumulative gain or loss 
to the Fund resulting from such changes in assumptions 
and any previous such changes in assumptions or from the 
differences in actual and expected experience, respectively, 
through an increase or decrease in the payments that would 
otherwise be made to the Fund.

"(e) Insufficient Assets.—If at any time liabilities 
of the Fund exceed assets of the Fund as a result of members 
of the Ready Reserve being ordered to active duty as de-
scribed in section 12521(2) of this title, and funds are un-
available to pay benefits completely, the Secretary shall re-
quest the President to submit to Congress a request for a
special appropriation to cover the unfunded liability. If ap-
propriations are not made to cover an unfunded liability
in any fiscal year, the Secretary shall reduce the amount
of the benefits paid under the insurance program to a total
amount that does not exceed the assets of the Fund expected
to accrue by the end of such fiscal year. Benefits that cannot
be paid because of such a reduction shall be deferred and
may be paid only after and to the extent that additional
funds become available.

“(f) Definition of Present Value.—The Board of
Actuaries shall define the term ‘present value’ for purposes
of this subsection.

§ 12530. Payment of benefits

“(a) Commencement of Payment.—An insured
member who serves in excess of 30 days of covered service
shall be paid the amount to which such member is entitled
on a monthly basis beginning not later than one month
after the 30th day of covered service.

“(b) Method of Payment.—The Secretary shall pre-
scribe in the regulations the manner in which payments
shall be made to the member or to a person designated in
accordance with subsection (c).
"(c) Designated Recipients.—(1) A member may designate in writing another person (including a spouse, parent, or other person with an insurable interest, as determined in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the Secretary) to receive payments of insurance benefits under the insurance program.

“(2) A member may direct that payments of insurance benefits for a person designated under paragraph (1) be deposited with a bank or other financial institution to the credit of the designated person.

“(d) Recipients in Event of Death of Insured Member.—Any insurance payable under the insurance program on account of a deceased member’s period of covered service shall be paid, upon the establishment of a valid claim, to the beneficiary or beneficiaries which the deceased member designated in writing. If no such designation has been made, the amount shall be payable in accordance with the laws of the State of the member’s domicile.

§ 12531. Purchase of insurance

“(a) Purchase Authorized.—The Secretary may, instead of or in addition to underwriting the insurance program through the Fund, purchase from one or more insurance companies a policy or policies of group insurance in order to provide the benefits required under this chapter. The Secretary may waive any requirement for full and open
competition in order to purchase an insurance policy under
this subsection.

"(b) Eligible Insurers.—In order to be eligible to
sell insurance to the Secretary for purposes of subsection
(a), an insurance company shall—

"(1) be licensed to issue insurance in each of the
50 States and in the District of Columbia; and

"(2) as of the most recent December 31 for which
information is available to the Secretary, have in ef-
fect at least one percent of the total amount of insur-
ance that all such insurance companies have in effect
in the United States.

"(c) Administrative Provisions.—(1) An insurance
company that issues a policy for purposes of subsection (a)
shall establish an administrative office at a place and under
a name designated by the Secretary.

"(2) For the purposes of carrying out this chapter, the
Secretary may use the facilities and services of any insur-
ance company issuing any policy for purposes of subsection
(a), may designate one such company as the representative
of the other companies for such purposes, and may contract
to pay a reasonable fee to the designated company for its
services.

"(d) Reinsurance.—The Secretary shall arrange
with each insurance company issuing any policy for pur-
poses of subsection (a) to reinsure, under conditions ap-
proved by the Secretary, portions of the total amount of
the insurance under such policy or policies with such other
insurance companies (which meet qualifying criteria pre-
scribed by the Secretary) as may elect to participate in such
reinsurance.

“(e) Termination.—The Secretary may at any time
terminate any policy purchased under this section.

“§ 12532. Termination for nonpayment of premiums;
forfeiture

“(a) Termination for Nonpayment.—The coverage
of a member under the insurance program shall terminate
without prior notice upon a failure of the member to make
required monthly payments of premiums for two consecu-
tive months. The Secretary may provide in the regulations
for reinstatement of insurance coverage terminated under
this subsection.

“(b) Forfeiture.—Any person convicted of mutiny,
treason, spying, or desertion, or who refuses to perform serv-

ice in the armed forces or refuses to wear the uniform of
any of the armed forces shall forfeit all rights to insurance
under this chapter.”.

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle
E, and at the beginning of part II of subtitle E, of title
10, United States Code, are amended by inserting after the
item relating to chapter 1213 the following new item:
“1214. Ready Reserve Income Insurance ....................................................... 12521”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The insurance program pro-
vided for in chapter 1214 of title 10, United States Code,
as added by subsection (a), and the requirement for deduc-
tions and contributions for that program shall take effect
on September 30, 1996, or on any earlier date declared by
the Secretary and published in the Federal Register.

SEC. 512. ELIGIBILITY OF DENTISTS TO RECEIVE ASSIST-
ANCE UNDER THE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
PROGRAM FOR HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS IN RESERVE COMPONENTS.
Section 16201(b) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended—

(1) by striking out “(b) PHYSICIANS IN CRITICAL
SPECIALTIES.—” and inserting in lieu thereof “(b)
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS IN CRITICAL SPECIAL-
TIES.—”;

(2) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by inserting “or dental school” in sub-
paragraph (A) after “medical school”;
(B) by inserting “or as a dental officer” in
subparagraph (B) after “medical officer”; and
(C) by striking out “physicians in a medi-
cal specialty designated” and inserting in lieu
thereof "physicians or dentists in a medical specialty or dental specialty, respectively, that is designated"; and

(3) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting "or dental officer" after "medical officer".

SEC. 513. LEAVE FOR MEMBERS OF RESERVE COMPONENTS PERFORMING PUBLIC SAFETY DUTY.

(a) Election of Leave to Be Charged.—Subsection (b) of section 6323 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "Upon the request of an employee, the period for which an employee is absent to perform service described in paragraph (2) may be charged to the employee's accrued annual leave or to compensatory time available to the employee instead of being charged as leave to which the employee is entitled under this subsection. The period of absence may not be charged to sick leave."

(b) Pay for Period of Absence.—Section 5519 of such title is amended by striking out "entitled to leave" and inserting in lieu thereof "granted military leave".
Subtitle C—Uniform Code of Military Justice

SEC. 521. REFERENCES TO UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this subtitle an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice).

SEC. 522. DEFINITIONS.

Section 801 (article 1) is amended by inserting after paragraph (14) the following new paragraphs:

“(15) The term ‘classified information’ means any information or material that has been determined by an official of the United States pursuant to law, an Executive order, or regulation to require protection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national security, and any restricted data, as defined in section 11(y) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(y)).

“(16) The term ‘national security’ means the national defense and foreign relations of the United States.”.
SEC. 523. ARTICLE 32 INVESTIGATIONS.

Section 832 (article 32) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

"(d) If evidence adduced in an investigation under this article indicates that the accused committed an uncharged offense, the investigating officer is authorized to investigate the subject matter of such offense without the accused having first been charged with the offense. If the accused was present at such investigation, was informed of the nature of each uncharged offense investigated, and was afforded the opportunities for representation, cross-examination, and presentation prescribed in subsection (b), no further investigation of such offense or offenses is necessary under this article."

SEC. 524. REFUSAL TO TESTIFY BEFORE COURT-MARTIAL.

Section 847(b) (article 47(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "indictment or" in the first sentence after "shall be tried on"; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out "shall be" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the court's discretion.".
SEC. 525. COMMITMENT OF ACCUSED TO TREATMENT FACILITY BY REASON OF LACK OF MENTAL CAPACITY OR MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY.

(a) Applicable Procedures.—(1) Chapter 47 is amended by inserting after section 850a (article 50a) the following:

"§ 850b. Art. 50b. Lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility: commitment of accused for examination and treatment"

“(a) Persons Incompetent To Stand Trial.—(1) In the case of a person determined under this chapter to be presently suffering from a mental disease or defect rendering the person mentally incompetent to the extent that the person is unable to understand the nature of the proceedings against that person or to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the general court-martial convening authority for that person shall commit the person to the custody of the Attorney General.

“(2) The Attorney General shall take action in accordance with section 4241(d) of title 18.

“(3) If at the end of the period for hospitalization provided for in section 4241(d) of title 18, it is determined that the committed person’s mental condition has not so improved as to permit the trial to proceed, action shall be taken in accordance with section 4246 of such title.
“(4)(A) When the director of a facility in which a person is hospitalized pursuant to paragraph (2) determines that the person has recovered to such an extent that the person is able to understand the nature of the proceedings against the person and to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the director shall promptly transmit a notification of that determination to the Attorney General and to the general court-martial convening authority for the person. The director shall send a copy of the notification to the person’s counsel.

“(B) Upon receipt of a notification, the general court-martial convening authority shall promptly take custody of the person unless the person covered by the notification is no longer subject to this chapter. If the person is no longer subject to this chapter, the Attorney General shall take any action within the authority of the Attorney General that the Attorney General considers appropriate regarding the person.

“(C) The director of the facility may retain custody of the person for not more than 30 days after transmitting the notifications required by subparagraph (A).

“(5) In the application of section 4246 of title 18 to a case under this subsection, references to the court that ordered the commitment of a person, and to the clerk of such court, shall be deemed to refer to the general court-martial
convening authority for that person. However, if the person
is no longer subject to this chapter at a time relevant to
the application of such section to the person, the United
States district court for the district where the person is hos-
pitalized or otherwise may be found shall be considered as
the court that ordered the commitment of the person.

"(b) Persons Found Not Guilty by Reason of
Lack of Mental Responsibility.—(1) If a person is
found by a court-martial not guilty only by reason of lack
of mental responsibility, the person shall be committed to
a suitable facility until the person is eligible for release in
accordance with this section.

"(2) The court-martial shall conduct a hearing on the
mental condition in accordance with subsection (c) of sec-
tion 4243 of title 18. Subsections (b) and (d) of that section
shall apply with respect to the hearing.

"(3) A report of the results of the hearing shall be made
to the general court-martial convening authority for the
person.

"(4) If the court-martial fails to find by the standard
specified in subsection (d) of section 4243 of title 18 that
the person’s release would not create a substantial risk of
bodily injury to another person or serious damage of prop-
erty of another due to a present mental disease or defect—
“(A) the general court-martial convening authority may commit the person to the custody of the Attorney General; and

“(B) the Attorney General shall take action in accordance with subsection (e) of section 4243 of title 18.

“(5) Subsections (f), (g), and (h) of section 4243 of title 18 shall apply in the case of a person hospitalized pursuant to paragraph (4)(B), except that the United States district court for the district where the person is hospitalized shall be considered as the court that ordered the person’s commitment.

“(c) General Provisions.—(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection (d)(1), the provisions of section 4247 of title 18 apply in the administration of this section.

“(2) In the application of section 4247(d) of title 18 to hearings conducted by a court-martial under this section or by (or by order of) a general court-martial convening authority under this section, the reference in that section to section 3006A of such title does not apply.

“(d) Applicability.—(1) The provisions of chapter 313 of title 18 referred to in this section apply according to the provisions of this section notwithstanding section 4247(j) of title 18.
“(2) If the status of a person as described in section 802 of this title (article 2) terminates while the person is, pursuant to this section, in the custody of the Attorney General, hospitalized, or on conditional release under a prescribed regimen of medical, psychiatric, or psychological care or treatment, the provisions of this section establishing requirements and procedures regarding a person no longer subject to this chapter shall continue to apply to that person notwithstanding the change of status.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter VII of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 850a (article 50a) the following:

“850b. 50b. Lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility: commitment of accused for examination and treatment.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 802 of title 10, United States Code (article 2 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) The provisions of this section are subject to section 850b(d)(2) of this title (article 50b(d)(2)).”.

(c) Effective Date.—Section 850b of title 10, United States Code (article 50b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), as added by subsection (a), shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to charges referred to courts-martial on or after that effective date.
SEC. 526. FORFEITURE OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES AND REDUCTION IN GRADE.

(a) Effective Date of Punishments.—Section 857(a) (article 57(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a)(1) Any forfeiture of pay, forfeiture of allowances, or reduction in grade included in a sentence of a court-martial takes effect on the earlier of—

"(A) the date that is 14 days after the date on which the sentence is adjudged; or

"(B) the date on which the sentence is approved by the convening authority.

"(2) On application by an accused, the convening authority may defer any forfeiture of pay, forfeiture of allowances, or reduction in grade that would otherwise become effective under paragraph (1)(A) until the date on which the sentence is approved by the convening authority. The deferment may be rescinded at any time by the convening authority.

"(3) A forfeiture of pay or allowances shall be collected from pay accruing on and after the date on which the sentence takes effect under paragraph (1). Periods during which a sentence to forfeiture of pay or forfeiture of allowances is suspended or deferred shall be excluded in computing the duration of the forfeiture.

"(4) In this subsection, the term ‘convening authority’, with respect to a sentence of a court-martial, means any
person authorized to act on the sentence under section 860 of this title (article 60).

(b) Effect of Punitive Separation or Confinement for One Year or More.—(1) Subchapter VIII is amended by inserting after section 858a (article 58a) the following new section (article):

"§ 858b. Art. 58b. Sentences: forfeiture of pay and allowances

"(a) A sentence adjudged by a court-martial that includes confinement for one year or more, death, dishonorable discharge, bad-conduct discharge, or dismissal shall result in the forfeiture of all pay and allowances due that member during any period of confinement or parole. The forfeiture required by this section shall take effect on the date determined under section 857(a) of this title (article 57(a)) and may be deferred in accordance with that section.

"(b) In a case involving an accused who has dependents, the convening authority or other person acting under section 860 of this title (article 60) may waive any or all of the forfeitures of pay and allowances required by subsection (a) for a period not to exceed six months. Any amount of pay or allowances that, except for a waiver under this subsection, would be forfeited shall be paid, as the convening authority or other person taking action directs, to the dependents of the accused."
(c) If the sentence of a member who forfeits pay and allowances under subsection (a) is set aside or disapproved or, as finally approved, does not provide for a punishment referred to in subsection (a), the member shall be paid the pay and allowances which the member would have been paid, except for the forfeiture, for the period during which the forfeiture was in effect."

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter VIII of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"858b. 58b. Sentences: forfeiture of pay and allowances."

(c) Applicability.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to a case in which a sentence is adjudged by a court-martial on or after the first day of the first month that begins at least 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 527. DEFERMENT OF CONFINEMENT.

Section 857 (article 57) is amended by striking out subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"'(e)(1) When an accused in the custody of a State or foreign country is returned temporarily to military authorities for trial by court-martial and is later returned to that State or foreign country under the authority of a mutual agreement or treaty, the convening authority of the court-martial may defer the service of the sentence to confinement without the consent of the accused. The deferment
shall terminate when the accused is released permanently to military authorities by the State or foreign country having custody of the accused.

"(2) In this subsection, the term 'State' includes the District of Columbia and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

"(f) While a review of a case under section 867(a)(2) of this title (article 67(a)(2)) is pending, the Secretary concerned or, when designated by the Secretary, an Under Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, the Judge Advocate General, or a commanding officer may defer further service of a sentence to confinement which has been ordered executed in such case."

SEC. 528. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO THE CONVENING AUTHORITY FOR CONSIDERATION.

Section 860(b)(1) (article 60(b)(1)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Any such submission shall be in writing."

SEC. 529. PROCEEDINGS IN REVISION.

Section 860(e)(2) (article 60(e)(2)) is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "A proceeding in revision may be ordered before authentication of the record of trial in order to correct a clerical mistake in a judgment, order, or other part of
the record or any error in the record arising from oversight or omission.”.

SEC. 530. APPEAL BY THE UNITED STATES.

Section 862(a)(1) (article 62(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“(a)(1)(A) In a trial by court-martial in which a military judge presides and in which a punitive discharge may be adjudged, the United States may appeal the following:

“(i) An order or ruling of the military judge which terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or specification.

“(ii) An order or ruling which excludes evidence that is substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding.

“(iii) An order or ruling which directs the disclosure of classified information.

“(iv) An order or ruling which imposes sanctions for nondisclosure of classified information.

“(v) A refusal of the military judge to issue a protective order sought by the United States to prevent the disclosure of classified information.

“(vi) A refusal by the military judge to enforce an order described in clause (v) that has previously been issued by appropriate authority.
(B) The United States may not appeal an order or ruling that is or that amounts to, a finding of not guilty with respect to the charge or specification.”.

SEC. 531. FLIGHT FROM APPREHENSION.

(a) In General.—Section 895 (article 95) is amended to read as follows:

“§ 895. Art. 95. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape

“Any person subject to this chapter who—

“(1) resists apprehension;

“(2) flees from apprehension;

“(3) breaks arrest; or

“(4) escapes from custody or confinement;

shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The item relating to section 895 (article 95) in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter X is amended to read as follows:

“895. Art. 95. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape.”.

SEC. 532. CARNAL KNOWLEDGE.

(a) Gender Neutrality.—Subsection (b) of section 920 (article 120) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Any person subject to this chapter who, under circumstances not amounting to rape, commits an act of sexual intercourse with a person—

“(1) who is not that person’s spouse; and
“(2) who has not attained the age of sixteen years; is guilty of carnal knowledge and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.”.

(b) MISTAKE OF FACT.—Such section (article) is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d)(1) In a prosecution under subsection (b), it is an affirmative defense that—

“(A) the person with whom the accused committed the act of sexual intercourse had at the time of the alleged offense attained the age of twelve years; and

“(B) the accused reasonably believed that that person had at the time of the alleged offense attained the age of sixteen years.

“(2) The accused has the burden of proving a defense under paragraph (1) by a preponderance of the evidence.”.

SEC. 533. TIME AFTER ACCESSION FOR INITIAL INSTRUCTION IN THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Section 937(a)(1) (article 137(a)(1)) is amended by striking out “within six days” and inserting in lieu thereof “within fourteen days”.

HR 1530 EAS
SEC. 534. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.

Section 866(f) (article 66(f)) is amended by striking out "Courts of Military Review" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Courts of Criminal Appeals".

SEC. 535. PERMANENT AUTHORITY CONCERNING TEMPORARY VACANCIES ON THE COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES.


SEC. 536. ADVISORY PANEL ON UCMJ JURISDICTION OVER CIVILIANS ACCOMPANYING THE ARMED FORCES IN TIME OF ARMED CONFLICT.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than December 15, 1996, the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly establish an advisory panel to review and make recommendations on jurisdiction over civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in time of armed conflict.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The panel shall be composed of at least 5 individuals, including experts in military law, international law, and federal civilian criminal law. In making appointments to the panel, the Secretary and the Attorney General shall ensure that the members of the panel reflect diverse experiences in the conduct of prosecution and defense functions.
(c) Duties.—The panel shall—

(1) review historical experiences and current practices concerning the employment, training, discipline, and functions of civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in the field;

(2) make specific recommendations (in accordance with subsection (d)) concerning—

(A) establishing court-martial jurisdiction over civilians accompanying the Armed Forces in the field during time of armed conflict not involving a war declared by Congress;

(B) revisions to the jurisdiction of the Article III courts over such persons; and

(C) establishment of Article I courts to exercise jurisdiction over such persons; and

(3) make such additional recommendations (in accordance with subsection (d)) as the panel considers appropriate as a result of the review.

(d) Report.—(1) Not later than December 15, 1996, the advisory panel shall transmit a report on the findings and recommendations of the panel to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General.

(2) Not later than January 15, 1997, the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly transmit the report of the advisory panel to Congress. The Secretary
and the Attorney General may include in the transmittal any joint comments on the report that they consider appropriate, and either such official may include in the transmittal any separate comments on the report that such official considers appropriate.

(e) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term "Article I court" means a court established under Article I of the Constitution.

(2) The term "Article III court" means a court established under Article III of the Constitution.

(f) Termination of Panel.—The panel shall terminate 30 days after the date of submission of the report to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General under subsection (d).

Subtitle D—Decorations and Awards

SEC. 541. AWARD OF PURPLE HEART TO CERTAIN FORMER PRISONERS OF WAR.

(a) Authority To Make Award.—The President may award the Purple Heart to a person who, while serving in the Armed Forces of the United States before April 25, 1962—

(1) was taken prisoner or held captive—

(A) in an action against an enemy of the United States;
221
(B) in military operations involving conflict with an opposing foreign force;
(C) during service with friendly forces engaged in an armed conflict against an opposing armed force in which the United States was not a belligerent party;
(D) as the result of an action of any such enemy or opposing armed force; or
(E) as the result of an act of any foreign hostile force; and
(2) was wounded while being taken prisoner or held captive.

(b) STANDARDS.—An award of the Purple Heart may be made under subsection (a) only in accordance with the standards in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act for the award of the Purple Heart to a member of the Armed Forces who, on or after April 25, 1962, has been taken prisoner and held captive under circumstances described in that subsection.

(c) EXCEPTION FOR AIDING THE ENEMY.—An award of a Purple Heart may not be made under this section to any person convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of rendering assistance to any enemy of the United States.

(d) COVERED WOUNDS.—A wound determined by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs as being a service-connected
injury arising from being taken prisoner or held captive under circumstances described in subsection (a) satisfies the condition set forth in paragraph (2) of that subsection.

(e) Relationship to Other Authority to Award the Purple Heart.—The authority under this section is in addition to any other authority of the President to award the Purple Heart.

SEC. 542. MERITORIOUS AND VALOROUS SERVICE DURING VIETNAM ERA: REVIEW AND AWARDS.

(a) Findings.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Ia Drang Valley (Pleiku) campaign, carried out by the Armed Forces of the United States in the Ia Drang Valley of Vietnam from October 23, 1965, to November 26, 1965, is illustrative of the many battles which pitted forces of the United States against North Vietnamese Army regulars and Viet Cong in vicious fighting in which many members of the Armed Forces displayed extraordinary heroism, sacrifice, and bravery which has not yet been officially recognized through award of appropriate decorations.

(2) Accounts of these battles published since the war ended authoritatively document repeated acts of extraordinary heroism, sacrifice, and bravery on the part of many members of the Armed Forces who were
engaged in these battles, many of whom have never
been officially recognized for those acts.

(3) In some of the battles United States military
units suffered substantial losses, in some cases a ma-

(4) The incidence of heavy casualties throughout
the war inhibited the timely collection of comprehen-
sive and detailed information to support rec-
ommendations for awards for the acts of heroism, sac-
ifice, and bravery performed.

(5) Requests to the Secretaries of the military de-
partments for review of award recommendations for
those acts have been denied because of restrictions in
law and regulations that require timely filing of rec-
ommendations and documented justification.

(6) Acts of heroism, sacrifice, and bravery per-
formed in combat by members of the Armed Forces of
the United States deserve appropriate and timely rec-
ognition by the people of the United States.

(7) It is appropriate to recognize military per-
sonnel for acts of extraordinary heroism, sacrifice, or
bravery that are belatedly, but properly, documented
by persons who witnessed those acts.

(b) WAIVER OF RESTRICTIONS ON AWARDS.—(1) Not-
withstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of
Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned may award or upgrade a decoration to any person for an act, an achievement, or service that the person performed in a campaign while serving on active duty during the Vietnam era.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies to any decoration (including any device in lieu of a decoration) that, during or after the Vietnam era and before the date of the enactment of this Act, was authorized by law or under regulations of the Department of Defense or the military department concerned to be awarded to a person for an act, an achievement, or service performed by that person while serving on active duty.

(c) Review of Award Recommendations.—(1) The Secretary of each military department shall review all recommendations for awards for acts, achievements, or service described in subsection (b)(1) that have been received by the Secretary during the period of the review.

(2) The Secretaries shall begin the review within 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall complete the review within one year after such date.

(3) The Secretary may use the same process for carrying out the review as the Secretary uses for reviewing other recommendations for awarding decorations to members of
the armed force or armed forces under the Secretary's juris-
diction for acts, achievements, or service.

(4)(A) Upon completing the review, the Secretary shall
submit a report on the review to the Committee on Armed
Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Secu-
ritv of the House of Representatives.

(B) The report shall contain the following information
on each recommendation for award reviewed:

(i) A summary of the recommendation.

(ii) The findings resulting from the review.

(iii) The final action taken on the recommenda-
tion.

(d) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “Vietnam era” has the meaning
given that term in section 101(29) of title 38, United
States Code.

(2) The term “active duty” has the meaning
given such term in section 101(d)(1) of title 10, Unit-
ed States Code.

SEC. 543. MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL PRE-
VENTED BY SECRECY FROM BEING CONSID-
ERED FOR DECORATIONS AND AWARDS.

(a) Waiver on Restrictions of Awards.—(1) Not-
withstanding any other provision of law, the President, the
Secretary of Defense, or the Secretary of the military de-
partment concerned may award a decoration to any person for an act, achievement, or service that the person performed in carrying out military intelligence duties during the period January 1, 1940, through December 31, 1990.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies to any decoration (including any device in lieu of a decoration) that, during or after the period described in paragraph (1) and before the date of the enactment of this Act, was authorized by law or under the regulations of the Department of Defense or the military department concerned to be awarded to a person for an act, achievement, or service performed by that person while serving on active duty.

(b) Review of Award Recommendations.—(1) The Secretary of each military department shall review all recommendations for awards of decorations for acts, achievements, or service described in subsection (a)(1) that have been received by the Secretary during the period of the review.

(2) The Secretary shall begin the review within 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall complete the review within one year after such date.

(3) The Secretary may use the same process for carrying out the review as the Secretary uses for reviewing other recommendations for awarding decorations to members of
the armed forces under the Secretary's jurisdiction for acts, achievements, or service.

(4) The Secretary may reject a recommendation if the Secretary determines that there is a justifiable basis for concluding that the recommendation is specious.

(5) The Secretary shall take reasonable actions to publicize widely the opportunity to recommend awards of decorations under this section.

(6)(A) Upon completing the review, the Secretary shall submit a report on the review to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives.

(B) The report shall contain the following information on each recommendation for an award reviewed:

(i) A summary of the recommendation.

(ii) The findings resulting from the review.

(iii) The final action taken on the recommendation.

(iv) Administrative or legislative recommendations to improve award procedures with respect to military intelligence personnel.

(c) Definition.—In this section, the term “active duty” has the meaning given such term in section 101(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code.
SEC. 544. REVIEW REGARDING AWARDS OF DISTINGUISHED-SERVICE CROSS TO ASIAN-AMERICANS AND PACIFIC ISLANDERS FOR CERTAIN WORLD WAR II SERVICE.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army shall—

(1) review the records relating to the award of the Distinguished-Service Cross to Asian-Americans and Native American Pacific Islanders for service as members of the Army during World War II in order to determine whether the award should be upgraded to the Medal of Honor; and

(2) submit to the President a recommendation that the President award a Medal of Honor to each such person for whom the Secretary determines an upgrade to be appropriate.

(b) WAIVER OF TIME LIMITATIONS.—The President is authorized to award a Medal of Honor to any person referred to in subsection (a) in accordance with a recommendation of the Secretary of the Army submitted under that subsection. The following restrictions do not apply in the case of any such person:

(1) Sections 3744 and 8744 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) Any regulation or other administrative restriction on—
(A) the time for awarding a Medal of Honor; or

(B) the awarding of a Medal of Honor for service for which a Distinguished-Service Cross has been awarded.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “Native American Pacific Islander” means a Native Hawaiian and any other Native American Pacific Islander within the meaning of the Native American Programs Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 2991 et seq.).

(2) The term “World War II” has the meaning given that term in section 101(8) of title 38, United States Code.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 551. DETERMINATION OF WHEREABOUTS AND STATUS OF MISSING PERSONS.

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to ensure that any member of the Armed Forces is accounted for by the United States (by the return of such person alive, by the return of the remains of such person, or by the decision that credible evidence exists to support another determination of the status of such person) and, as a general rule, is not declared dead solely because of the passage of time.
(b) IN GENERAL.—(1) Part II of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 75 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 76—MISSING PERSONS

Sec. 1501. System for accounting for missing persons.
"1502. Missing persons: initial report.
"1503. Actions of Secretary concerned; initial board inquiry.
"1504. Subsequent board of inquiry.
"1505. Further review.
"1506. Personnel files.
"1508. Return alive of person declared missing or dead.
"1509. Effect on State law.
"1510. Definitions.

§ 1501. System for accounting for missing persons

(a) OFFICE FOR MISSING PERSONNEL.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish within the Office of the Secretary of Defense an office to have responsibility for Department of Defense policy relating to missing persons. Subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Defense, the responsibilities of the office shall include—

"(A) policy, control, and oversight within the Department of Defense of the entire process for investigation and recovery related to missing persons; and

"(B) coordination for the Department of Defense with other departments and agencies of the United States on all matters concerning missing persons.

"(2) In carrying out the responsibilities of the office established under this subsection, the head of the office shall coordinate the efforts of that office with those of other de-
partments and agencies and other elements of the Department of Defense for such purposes and shall be responsible for the coordination for such purposes within the Department of Defense among the military departments, the Joint Staff, and the commanders of the combatant commands.

"(3) The office shall establish policies, which shall apply uniformly throughout the Department of Defense, for personnel recovery.

"(4) The office shall establish procedures to be followed by Department of Defense boards of inquiry, and by officials reviewing the reports of such boards, under this chapter.

"(b) Search and Rescue.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), responsibility for search and rescue policies within the Department of Defense shall be established by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict.

"(c) Uniform DoD Procedures.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe procedures, to apply uniformly throughout the Department of Defense, for—

"(A) the determination of the status of persons described in subsection (e); and

"(B) for the systematic, comprehensive, and timely collection, analysis, review, dissemination, and
periodic update of information related to such persons.

“(2) Such procedures may provide for the delegation by the Secretary of Defense of any responsibility of the Secretary under this chapter to the Secretary of a military department.

“(3) Such procedures shall be prescribed in a single directive applicable to all elements of the Department of Defense, other than the elements carrying out activities relating to search and rescue.

“(4) As part of such procedures, the Secretary may provide for the extension, on a case by-case basis, of any time limit specified in section 1503 or 1504 of this title. Any such extension may not be for a period in excess of the period with respect to which the extension is provided. Subsequent extensions may be provided on the same basis.

“(d) Coast Guard.—(1) The Secretary of Transportation shall designate an officer of the Department of Transportation to have responsibility within the Department of Transportation for matters relating to missing persons who are Coast Guard personnel.

“(2) The Secretary of Transportation shall prescribe procedures for the determination of the status of persons described in subsection (e) who are personnel of the Coast Guard and for the collection, analysis, review, and update
of information on such persons. To the maximum extent practicable, the procedures prescribed under this paragraph shall be similar to the procedures prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (c).

“(e) Covered Persons.—Section 1502 of this title applies in the case of any member of the armed forces on active duty who becomes involuntarily absent as a result of a hostile action, or under circumstances suggesting that the involuntary absence is a result of a hostile action, and whose status is undetermined or who is unaccounted for.

“(f) Primary Next of Kin.—The individual who is primary next of kin of any person prescribed in subsection (e) may for purposes of this chapter designate another individual to act on behalf of that individual as primary next of kin. The Secretary concerned shall treat an individual so designated as if the individual designated were the primary next of kin for purposes of this chapter. A designation under this subsection may be revoked at any time by the person who made the designation.

“(g) Termination of Applicability of Procedures When Missing Person Is Accounted For.—The provisions of this chapter relating to boards of inquiry and to the actions by the Secretary concerned on the reports of those boards shall cease to apply in the case of a missing
§ 1502. Missing persons: initial report

(a) Preliminary Assessment and Recommendation by Commander.—After receiving information that the whereabouts or status of a person described in section 1501(e) of this title is uncertain and that the absence of the person may be involuntary, the commander of the unit, facility, or area to or in which the person is assigned shall make a preliminary assessment of the circumstances. If, as a result of that assessment, the commander concludes that the person is missing, the commander shall—

“(1) recommend that the person be placed in a missing status; and

“(2) transmit that recommendation to the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary having jurisdiction over the missing person in accordance with procedures prescribed under section 1501 of this title.

(b) Forwarding of Records.—The commander making the initial assessment shall (in accordance with procedures prescribed under section 1501 of this title) safeguard and forward for official use any information relating to the whereabouts or status of a missing person that result from the preliminary assessment or from actions taken to locate the person.
§ 1503. Actions of Secretary concerned; initial board inquiry

(a) Determination By Secretary.—(1) Upon receiving a recommendation on the status of a person under section 1502(a)(2) of this title, the Secretary receiving the recommendation shall review the recommendation.

(2) After reviewing the recommendation on the status of a person, the Secretary shall—

(A) make a determination whether the person shall be declared missing; or

(B) if the Secretary determines that a status other than missing may be warranted for the person, appoint a board under this section to carry out an inquiry into the whereabouts or status of the person.

(b) Inquiries Involving More Than One Missing Person.—If it appears to the Secretary who appoints a board under this section that the absence or missing status of two or more persons is factually related, the Secretary may appoint a single board under this section to conduct the inquiry into the whereabouts or status of such persons.

(c) Composition.—(1) A board appointed under this section to inquire into the whereabouts or status of a person shall consist of at least one military officer who has experience with and understanding of military operations or activities similar to the operation or activity in which the person disappeared.
“(2) An individual may be appointed as a member of a board under this section only if the individual has a security clearance that affords the individual access to all information relating to the whereabouts and status of the missing persons covered by the inquiry.

“(3) The Secretary who appoints a board under this subsection shall, for purposes of providing legal counsel to the board, assign to the board a judge advocate, or appoint to the board an attorney, who has expertise in the law relating to missing persons, the determination of death of such persons, and the rights of family members and dependents of such persons.

“(d) Duties of Board.—A board appointed to conduct an inquiry into the whereabouts or status of a missing person under this section shall—

“(1) collect, develop, and investigate all facts and evidence relating to the disappearance, whereabouts, or status of the person;

“(2) collect appropriate documentation of the facts and evidence covered by the investigation;

“(3) analyze the facts and evidence, make findings based on that analysis, and draw conclusions as to the current whereabouts and status of the person; and
“(4) with respect to each person covered by the inquiry, recommend to the Secretary who appointed the board that—

“(A) the person be placed in a missing status; or

“(B) the person be declared to have deserted, to be absent without leave, or to be dead.

“(e) BOARD PROCEEDINGS.—During the proceedings of an inquiry under this section, a board shall—

“(1) collect, record, and safeguard all facts, documents, statements, photographs, tapes, messages, maps, sketches, reports, and other information (whether classified or unclassified) relating to the whereabouts or status of each person covered by the inquiry;

“(2) gather information relating to actions taken to find the person, including any evidence of the whereabouts or status of the person arising from such actions; and

“(3) maintain a record of its proceedings.

“(f) ACCESS TO PROCEEDINGS.—The proceedings of a board during an inquiry under this section shall be closed to the public (including, with respect to the person covered by the inquiry, the primary next of kin, other members of
the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person).

“(g) **RECOMMENDATION ON STATUS OF MISSING PERSONS.**—(1) Upon completion of its inquiry, a board appointed under this section shall make a recommendation to the Secretary who appointed the board as to the appropriate determination of the current whereabouts or status of each person whose whereabouts and status were covered by the inquiry.

“(2)(A) A board may not recommend under paragraph (1) that a person be declared dead unless the board determines that the evidence before it established conclusive proof of the death of the person.

“(B) In this paragraph, the term ‘conclusive proof of death’ means credible evidence establishing that death is the only credible explanation for the absence of the person.

“(h) **REPORT.**—(1) A board appointed under this section shall submit to the Secretary who appointed the board a report on the inquiry carried out by the board. The report shall include—

“(A) a discussion of the facts and evidence considered by the board in the inquiry;

“(B) the recommendation of the board under subsection (g) with respect to each person covered by the report; and
(C) disclosure of whether classified documents and information were reviewed by the board or were otherwise used by the board in forming recommendations under subparagraph (B).

(2) A board shall submit a report under this subsection with respect to the inquiry carried out by the board not later than 30 days after the date of the appointment of the board to carry out the inquiry.

(3) A report submitted under this subsection with respect to a missing person may not be made public until one year after the date on which the report is submitted, and not without the approval of the primary next of kin of the person.

(i) Determination by Secretary.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the receipt of a report from a board under subsection (j), the Secretary receiving the report shall review the report.

(2) In reviewing a report under paragraph (1) the Secretary shall determine whether or not the report is complete and free of administrative error. If the Secretary determines that the report is incomplete, or that the report is not free of administrative error, the Secretary may return the report to the board for further action on the report by the board.
"(3) Upon a determination by the Secretary that a report reviewed under this subsection is complete and free of administrative error, the Secretary shall make a determination concerning the status of each person covered by the report, including whether the person shall—

"(A) be declared missing;

"(B) be declared to have deserted;

"(C) be declared to be absent without leave; or

"(D) be declared to be dead.

"(j) Report to Family Members and Other Interested Persons.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary concerned makes a determination of the status of a person under subsection (a)(2) or (i), the Secretary shall take reasonable actions to—

"(1) provide to the primary next of kin, the other members of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person—

"(A) an unclassified summary of the unit commander’s report with respect to the person under section 1502(a) of this title; and

"(B) if a board was appointed to carry out an inquiry into the person under this section, the report of the board (including the names of the members of the board) under subsection (h); and
“(2) inform each individual referred to in paragraph (1) that the United States will conduct a subsequent inquiry into the whereabouts or status of the person on or about one year after the date of the first official notice of the disappearance of the person, unless information becomes available sooner that may result in a change in status of the person.

“(k) TREATMENT OF DETERMINATION.—Any determination of the status of a missing person under subsection (a)(2) or (i) shall be treated as the determination of the status of the person by all departments and agencies of the United States.

§ 1504. Subsequent board of inquiry

“(a) ADDITIONAL BOARD.—If information that may result in a change of status of a person covered by a determination under subsection (a)(2) or (i) of section 1503 of this title becomes available within one year after the date of the transmission of a report with respect to the person under section 1502(a)(2) of this title, the Secretary concerned shall appoint a board under this section to conduct an inquiry into the information.

“(b) DATE OF APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary concerned shall appoint a board under this section to conduct an inquiry into the whereabouts and status of a missing person on or about one year after the date of the trans-
mission of a report concerning the person under section 1502(a)(2) of this title.

“(c) Combined Inquiries.—If it appears to the Secretary concerned that the absence or status of two or more persons is factually related, the Secretary may appoint one board under this section to conduct the inquiry into the whereabouts or status of such persons.

“(d) Composition.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a board appointed under this section shall consist of not less than three officers having the grade of major or lieutenant commander or above.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall designate one member of a board appointed under this section as president of the board. The president of the board shall have a security clearance that affords the president access to all information relating to the whereabouts and status of each person covered by the inquiry.

“(3) One member of each board appointed under this subsection shall be an individual who—

“(A) has a occupational specialty similar to that of one or more of the persons covered by the inquiry; and

“(B) has an understanding of and expertise in the type of official activities that one or more such
persons were engaged in at the time such person or persons disappeared.

“(4) The Secretary who appoints a board under this subsection shall, for purposes of providing legal counsel to the board, assign to the board a judge advocate, or appoint to the board an attorney, who has expertise in the law relating to missing persons, the determination of death of such persons, and the rights of family members and dependents of such persons.

“(e) Duties of Board.—A board appointed under this section to conduct an inquiry into the whereabouts or status of a person shall—

“(1) review the report with respect to the person transmitted under section 1502(a)(2) of this title, and the report, if any, submitted under subsection (h) of section 1503 of this title by the board appointed to conduct inquiry into the status of the person under such section 1503;

“(2) collect and evaluate any document, fact, or other evidence with respect to the whereabouts or status of the person that has become available since the determination of the status of the person under section 1503 of this title;

“(3) draw conclusions as to the whereabouts or status of the person;
“(4) determine on the basis of the activities under paragraphs (1) and (2) whether the status of the person should be continued or changed; and

“(5) submit to the Secretary concerned a report describing the findings and conclusions of the board, together with a recommendation for a determination by the Secretary concerning the whereabouts or status of the person.

“(f) ATTENDANCE OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND CERTAIN OTHER INTERESTED PERSONS AT PROCEEDINGS.—(1) With respect to any person covered by an inquiry under this section, the primary next of kin, other members of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person may attend the proceedings of the board during the inquiry.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall take reasonable actions to notify each individual referred to in paragraph (1) of the opportunity to attend the proceedings of a board. Such notice shall be provided not less than 60 days before the first meeting of the board.

“(3) An individual who receives notice under paragraph (2) shall notify the Secretary of the intent, if any, of that individual to attend the proceedings of the board not later than 21 days after the date on which the individual receives the notice.
“(4) Each individual who notifies the Secretary under paragraph (3) of the individual’s intent to attend the proceedings of the board—

“(A) in the case of an individual who is the primary next of kin or other member of the immediate family of a missing person whose status is a subject of the inquiry and whose receipt of the pay or allowances (including allotments) of the person could be reduced or terminated as a result of a revision in the status of the person, may attend the proceedings of the board with private counsel;

“(B) shall have access to the personnel file of the missing person, to unclassified reports, if any, of the board appointed under section 1503 of this title to conduct the inquiry into the whereabouts and status of the person, and to any other unclassified information or documents relating to the whereabouts and status of the person;

“(C) shall be afforded the opportunity to present information at the proceedings of the board that such individual considers to be relevant to those proceedings; and

“(D) subject to paragraph (5), shall be given the opportunity to submit in writing an objection to any
recommendation of the board under subsection (h) as to the status of the missing person.

"(5)(A) Individuals who wish to file objections under paragraph (4)(D) to any recommendation of the board shall—

"(i) submit a letter of intent to the president of the board not later than 2 days after the date on which the recommendations are made; and

"(ii) submit to the president of the board the objections in writing not later than 15 days after the date on which the recommendations are made.

"(B) The president of a board shall include any objections to a recommendation of the board that are submitted to the president of the board under subparagraph (A) in the report of the board containing the recommendation under subsection (h).

"(6) An individual referred to in paragraph (1) who attends the proceedings of a board under this subsection shall not be entitled to reimbursement by the United States for any costs (including travel, lodging, meals, local transportation, legal fees, transcription costs, witness expenses, and other expenses) incurred by that individual in attending such proceedings.

"(g) Availability of Information to Boards.—(1) In conducting proceedings in an inquiry under this section,
a board may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States any information that the board considers necessary in order to conduct the proceedings.

“(2) Upon written request from the president of a board, the head of a department or agency of the United States shall release information covered by the request to the board. In releasing such information, the head of the department or agency shall—

“(A) declassify to an appropriate degree classified information; or

“(B) release the information in a manner not requiring the removal of markings indicating the classified nature of the information.

“(3)(A) If a request for information under paragraph (2) covers classified information that cannot be declassified, cannot be removed before release from the information covered by the request, or cannot be summarized in a manner that prevents the release of classified information, the classified information shall be made available only to the president of the board making the request.

“(B) The president of a board shall close to persons who do not have appropriate security clearances the proceeding of the board at which classified information is discussed. Participants at a proceeding of a board at which classified information is discussed shall comply with all app-
applicable laws and regulations relating to the disclosure of
classified information. The Secretary concerned shall assist
the president of a board in ensuring that classified informa-
tion is not compromised through board proceedings.

“(h) Recommendation on Status.—(1) Upon com-
pletion of an inquiry under this subsection, a board shall
make a recommendation as to the current whereabouts or
status of each missing person covered by the inquiry.

“(2) A board may not recommend under paragraph
(1) that a person be declared dead unless—

“(A) proof of death is established by the board;
or

“(B) in making the recommendation, the board
complies with section 1507 of this title.

“(i) Report.—A board appointed under this section
shall submit to the Secretary concerned a report on the in-
quiry carried out by the board, together with the evidence
considered by the board during the inquiry. The report may
include a classified annex.

“(j) Actions by Secretary Concerned.—(1) Not
later than 30 days after the receipt of a report from a board
under subsection (i), the Secretary shall review—

“(A) the report; and
“(B) the objections, if any, to the report submitted to the president of the board under subsection (f)(5).

“(2) In reviewing a report under paragraph (1) (including the objections described in subparagraph (B) of that paragraph), the Secretary concerned shall determine whether or not the report is complete and free of administrative error. If the Secretary determines that the report is incomplete, or that the report is not free of administrative error, the Secretary may return the report to the board for further action on the report by the board.

“(3) Upon a determination by the Secretary that a report reviewed under this subsection is complete and free of administrative error, the Secretary shall make a determination concerning the status of each person covered by the report.

“(k) Report to Family Members and Other Interested Persons.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Secretary concerned makes a determination with respect to a missing person under subsection (j), the Secretary shall—

“(1) provide an unclassified summary of the report reviewed by the Secretary in making the determination to the primary next of kin, the other mem-
bers of the immediate family, and any other previously designated person of the person; and

“(2) in the case of a person who continues to be in a missing status, inform each individual referred to in paragraph (1) that the United States will conduct subsequent inquiries into the whereabouts or status of the person upon obtaining credible information that may result in a change in the status of the person.

“(l) Treatment of Determination.—Any determination of the status of a missing person under subsection (j) shall supersede the determination of the status of the person under section 1503 of this title and shall be treated as the determination of the status of the person by all departments and agencies of the United States.

§ 1505. Further review

“(a) Subsequent Review.—(1) The Secretary concerned shall conduct subsequent inquiries into the whereabouts or status of any person determined by the Secretary under section 1504 of this title to be in a missing status.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall appoint a board to conduct an inquiry with respect to a person under this subsection upon obtaining credible information that may result in a change of status of the person.
``(b) CONDUCT OF PROCEEDINGS.—The appointment of, and activities before, a board appointed under this section shall be governed by the provisions of section 1504 of this title with respect to a board appointed under that section.

§ 1506. Personnel files

(a) INFORMATION IN FILES.—Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (d), the Secretary of the department having jurisdiction over a missing person at the time of the person’s disappearance shall, to the maximum extent practicable, ensure that the personnel file of the person contains all information in the possession of the United States relating to the disappearance and whereabouts or status of the person.

(b) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—(1) The Secretary concerned may withhold classified information from a personnel file under this section.

(2) If the Secretary concerned withholds classified information from a personnel file, the Secretary shall ensure that the file contains the following:

(A) A notice that the withheld information exists.

(B) A notice of the date of the most recent review of the classification of the withheld information.
“(c) Protection of privacy.—The Secretary concerned shall maintain personnel files under this section, and shall permit disclosure of or access to such files, in accordance with the provisions of section 552a of title 5 and with other applicable laws and regulations pertaining to the privacy of the persons covered by the files.

“(d) Privileged information.—The Secretary concerned shall withhold reports obtained as privileged information from the personnel files under this section. If the Secretary withholds a report from a personnel file under this subsection, the Secretary shall ensure that the file contains a notice that the withheld information exists.

“(e) Wrongful withholding.—Except as otherwise provided by law, any person who knowingly and willfully withholds from the personnel file of a missing person any information relating to the disappearance or whereabouts or status of a missing person shall be fined as provided in title 18 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

“(f) Availability of information.—The Secretary concerned shall, upon request, make available the contents of the personnel file of a missing person to the primary next of kin, the other members of the immediate family, or any other previously designated person of the person.
§ 1507. Recommendation of status of death

(a) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO RECOMMENDATION.—A board appointed under section 1504 or 1505 of this title may not recommend that a person be declared dead unless—

(1) credible evidence exists to suggest that the person is dead;

(2) the United States possesses no credible evidence that suggests that the person is alive;

(3) representatives of the United States have made a complete search of the area where the person was last seen (unless, after making a good faith effort to obtain access to such area, such representatives are not granted such access); and

(4) representatives of the United States have examined the records of the government or entity having control over the area where the person was last seen (unless, after making a good faith effort to obtain access to such records, such representatives are not granted such access).

(b) SUBMITTAL OF INFORMATION ON DEATH.—If a board appointed under section 1504 or 1505 of this title makes a recommendation that a missing person be declared dead, the board shall, to the maximum extent practicable, include in the report of the board with respect to the person under such section the following:

HR 1530 EAS
“(1) A detailed description of the location where
the death occurred.

“(2) A statement of the date on which the death
occurred.

“(3) A description of the location of the body, if
recovered.

“(4) If the body has been recovered and is not
identifiable through visual means, a certification by
a practitioner of an appropriate forensic science that
the body recovered is that of the missing person.

§ 1508. Return alive of person declared missing or
dead

“(a) Pay and allowances.— Any person (except for
a person subsequently determined to have been absent with-
out leave or a deserter) in a missing status or declared dead
under the Missing Persons Act of 1942 (56 Stat. 143) or
chapter 10 of title 37 or by a board appointed under this
chapter who is found alive and returned to the control of
the United States shall be paid for the full time of the ab-
sence of the person while given that status or declared dead
under the law and regulations relating to the pay and al-
lowances of persons returning from a missing status.

“(b) Effect on gratuities paid as a result of
status.— Subsection (a) shall not be interpreted to invali-
date or otherwise affect the receipt by any person of a death
§ 1509. Effect on State law

“Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to invalidate or limit the power of any State court or administrative entity, or the power of any court or administrative entity of any political subdivision thereof, to find or declare a person dead for purposes of such State or political subdivision.

§ 1510. Definitions

“In this chapter:

“(1) The term ‘missing person’ means a member of the armed forces on active duty who is in a missing status.

“(2) The term ‘missing status’ means the status of a missing person who is determined to be absent in a category of—

“(A) missing;

“(B) missing in action;

“(C) interned in a foreign country;

“(D) captured;

“(E) beleaguered;

“(F) besieged; or

“(G) detained.
“(3) The term ‘accounted for’, with respect to a person in a missing status, means that—

“(A) the person is returned to United States control alive;

“(B) the remains of the person are identified by competent authority; or

“(C) credible evidence exists to support another determination of the person’s status.

“(4) The term ‘primary next of kin’, in the case of a missing person, means the individual authorized to direct disposition of the remains of the person under section 1482(c) of this title.

“(5) The term ‘member of the immediate family’, in the case of a missing person, means the following:

“(A) The spouse of the person.

“(B) A natural child, adopted child, step child, or illegitimate child (if acknowledged by the person or parenthood has been established by a court of competent jurisdiction) of the person, except that if such child has not attained the age of 18 years, the term means a surviving parent or legal guardian of such child.

“(C) A biological parent of the person, unless legal custody of the person by the parent has
been previously terminated by reason of a court
decree or otherwise under law and not restored.

“(D) A brother or sister of the person, if
such brother or sister has attained the age of 18
years.

“(E) Any other blood relative or adoptive
relative of the person, if such relative was given
sole legal custody of the person by a court decree
or otherwise under law before the person attained
the age of 18 years and such custody was not
subsequently terminated before that time.

“(6) The term ‘previously designated person’, in
the case of a missing person, means an individual
designated by the person under section 655 of this
title for purposes of this chapter.

“(7) The term ‘classified information’ means any
information determined as such under applicable
laws and regulations of the United States.

“(8) The term ‘State’ includes the District of Co-
Cumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any
territory or possession of the United States.

“(9) The term ‘Secretary concerned’ includes the
Secretary of Transportation with respect to the Coast
Guard when it is not operating as a service in the
Department of the Navy.
“(10) The term ‘armed forces’ includes Coast Guard personnel operating in conjunction with, in support of, or under the command of a unified combatant command (as that term is used in section 6 of this title).”.

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A, and at the beginning of part II of subtitle A, of title 10, United States Code, are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 75 the following new item:

“76. Missing Persons ........................................................................................................ 1501”.

(c) Conforming Amendments.—Chapter 10 of title 37, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 555 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “when a member” and inserting in lieu thereof “except as provided in subsection (d), when a member”;

and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) This section does not apply in a case to which section 1502 of title 10 applies.”.

(2) Section 552 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “for all purposes,” in the second sentence of the matter following paragraph (2) and all that follows
through the end of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "for all purposes.";

(B) in subsection (b), by inserting "or under chapter 76 of title 10" before the period at the end; and

(C) in subsection (e), by inserting "or under chapter 76 of title 10" after "section 555 of this title" after "section 555 of this title".

(3) Section 553 is amended—

(A) in subsection (f), by striking out "the date the Secretary concerned receives evidence that" and inserting in lieu thereof "the date on which, in a case covered by section 555 of this title, the Secretary concerned receives evidence, or, in a case covered by chapter 76 of title 10, the Secretary concerned determines pursuant to that chapter that"; and

(B) in subsection (g), by inserting "or under chapter 76 of title 10" after section 555 of this title".

(4) Section 556 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by inserting after paragraph (7) the following: "Paragraphs (1), (5), (6), and (7) shall only apply with respect to a case to which section 555 of this title applies.";
(B) in subsection (b), by inserting ",, in a case to which section 555 of this title applies,” 
after “When the Secretary concerned”; and 
(C) In subsection (h)—
   (i) in the first sentence, by striking out “status” and inserting in lieu thereof “pay”; and 
   (ii) in the second sentence, by inserting “in a case to which section 555 of this title applies” after “under this section”. 
(d) Designation of Individuals Having Interest in Status of Service Members.—(1) Chapter 37 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 655. Designation of persons having interest in status of a missing member

"(a) The Secretary concerned shall, upon the enlistment or appointment of a person in the armed forces, require that the person specify in writing the person or persons, if any, other than that person's primary next of kin or immediate family, to whom information on the whereabouts or status of the member shall be provided if such whereabouts or status are investigated under chapter 76 of this title. The Secretary shall periodically, and whenever the member is deployed as part of a contingency operation
or in other circumstances specified by the Secretary, require
that such designation be reconfirmed, or modified, by the
member.

(b) The Secretary concerned shall, upon the request
of a member, permit the member to revise the person or
persons specified by the member under subsection (a) at any
time. Any such revision shall be in writing.’’.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chap-
ter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

‘‘655. Designation of persons having interest in status of a missing member.’’.

(e) Accounting for Civilian Employee and Con-
tractors of the United States.—(1) The Secretary of
State shall carry out a comprehensive study of the Missing
Persons Act of 1942 (56 Stat. 143), and any other laws
and regulations establishing procedures for the accounting
for of civilian employees of the United States or contractors
of the United States who serve with or accompany the
Armed Forces in the field. The purpose of the study is to
determine the means, if any, by which such procedures may
be improved.

(2) The Secretary of State shall carry out the study
required under paragraph (1) in consultation with the Sec-
retary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, the Di-
rector of Central Intelligence, and the heads of such other
departments and agencies of the Federal Government as the
President shall designate for that purpose.
(3) In carrying out the study, the Secretary of State shall examine the procedures undertaken when a civilian employee referred to in paragraph (1) becomes involuntarily absent as a result of a hostile action, or under circumstances suggesting that the involuntary absence is a result of a hostile action, and whose status is undetermined or who is unaccounted for, including procedures for—

(A) search and rescue for the employee;

(B) determining the status of the employee;

(C) reviewing and changing the status of the employee;

(D) determining the rights and benefits accorded to the family of the employee; and

(E) maintaining and providing appropriate access to the records of the employee and the investigation into the status of the employee.

(4) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the study carried out by the Secretary under this subsection. The report shall include the recommendations, if any, of the Secretary for legislation to improve the procedures covered by the study.
SEC. 552. SERVICE NOT CREDITABLE FOR PERIODS OF UN-

AVAILABILITY OR INCAPACITY DUE TO MIS-

CONDUCT.

(a) Enlisted Service Credit.—Section 972 of title

10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraphs (3) and (4) and

inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(3) is confined by military or civilian authori-

ties for more than one day in connection with a trial,

whether before, during, or after the trial; or”; and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (5) paragraph

(4).

(b) Officer Service Credit.—Chapter 49 of title

10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after sec-

tion 972 the following new section:

§ 972a. Officers: service not creditable

“(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection

(b), an officer of an armed force may not receive credit for

service in the armed forces for any purpose for a period

for which the officer—

“(1) deserts;

“(2) is absent from the officer’s organization,

station, or duty for more than one day without prop-

er authority, as determined by competent authority;
“(3) is confined by military or civilian authorities for more than one day in connection with a trial, whether before, during, or after the trial; or

“(4) is unable for more than one day, as determined by competent authority, to perform the officer’s duties because of intemperate use of drugs or alcoholic liquor, or because of disease or injury resulting from the officer’s misconduct.

“(b) Inapplicability to Computation of Basic Pay.—Subsection (a) does not apply to a determination of the amount of basic pay of the officer under section 205 of title 37.”.

(c) Army Computation of Years of Service.—Section 3926 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) A period for which service credit is denied under section 972a(a) of this title may not be counted for purposes of computing years of service under this section.”.

(d) Navy Computation of Years of Service.—Chapter 571 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 6327 the following new section:

§ 6328. Computation of years of service: service not creditable

“(a) Enlisted Members.—Years of service computed under this chapter may not include a period of unavail-
ability or incapacity to perform duties that is required under section 972 of this title to be made up by performance of service for an additional period.

"(b) Officers.—A period for which service credit is denied under section 972a(a) of this title may not be counted for purposes of computing years of service under this chapter."

(e) Air Force Computation of Years of Service.—Section 8926 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d) A period for which service credit is denied under section 972a(a) of this title may not be counted for purposes of computing years of service under this section."

(f) Clerical Amendments.—(1) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 49 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 972 the following:

"972a. Officers: service not creditable."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 571 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 6327 the following new item:

"6328. Computation of years of service: service not creditable."

(g) Effective Date and Applicability.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1995, and shall apply to occurrences on or after that date.
date of unavailability or incapacity to perform duties as
described in section 972 or 972a of title 10, United States
Code, as the case may be.

SEC. 553. SEPARATION IN CASES INVOLVING EXTENDED
CONFINEMENT.

(a) SEPARATION.—(1)(A) Chapter 59 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
ing:

"§ 1178. Persons under confinement for one year or
more

"Except as otherwise provided in regulations pre-
scribed by the Secretary of Defense, a person sentenced by
a court-martial to a period of confinement for one year or
more may be separated from the person’s armed force at
any time after the sentence to confinement has become final
under chapter 47 of this title and the person has served
in confinement for a period of one year.”.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter
59 of such title is amended by inserting at the end thereof
the following new item:

"1178. Persons under confinement for one year or more”.

(2)(A) Chapter 1221 of title 10, United States Code,
is amended by adding at the end the following:
§ 12687. Persons under confinement for one year or more

"Except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, a Reserve sentenced by a court-martial to a period of confinement for one year or more may be separated from the person's armed force at any time after the sentence to confinement has become final under chapter 47 of this title and the person has served in confinement for a period of one year."

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1221 of such title is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new item:

"12687. Persons under confinement for one year or more."

(b) Drop from Rolls.—(1) Section 1161(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "or (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(2) who may be separated under section 1178 of this title by reason of a sentence to confinement adjudged by a court-martial, or (3)".

(2) Section 12684 of such title is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1);

(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
“(2) who may be separated under section 12687 of this title by reason of a sentence to confinement adjudged by a court-martial; or”.

SEC. 554. DURATION OF FIELD TRAINING OR PRACTICE CRUISE REQUIRED UNDER THE SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS’ TRAINING CORPS PROGRAM.

Section 2104(b)(6)(A)(ii) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “not less than six weeks’ duration” and inserting in lieu thereof “a duration”.

SEC. 555. CORRECTION OF MILITARY RECORDS.

(a) Review of Procedures.—The Secretary of each military department shall review the system and procedures used by the Secretary in the exercise of authority under section 1552 of title 10, United States Code, in order to identify potential improvements that could be made in the process for correcting military records to ensure fairness, equity, and, consistent with appropriate service to applicants, maximum efficiency.

(b) Issues Reviewed.—In conducting the review, the Secretary shall consider the following issues:

(1) The composition of the board for correction of military records and of the support staff for the board.

(2) Timeliness of final action.
(3) Independence of deliberations by the civilian board for the correction of military records.

(4) The authority of the Secretary to modify the recommendations of the board.

(5) Burden of proof and other evidentiary standards.

(6) Alternative methods for correcting military records.

(c) Report.—(1) Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary of each military department shall submit a report on the results of the Secretary’s review under this section to the Secretary of Defense. The report shall contain the recommendations of the Secretary of the military department for improving the process for correcting military records in order to achieve the objectives referred to in subsection (a).

(2) The Secretary of Defense shall immediately transmit a copy of the report to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 556. LIMITATION ON REDUCTIONS IN MEDICAL PERSONNEL.

(a) Limitation on Reductions.—Unless the Secretary of Defense makes the certification described in subsection (b) for a fiscal year, the Secretary may not reduce
the number of medical personnel of the Department of Defense—

(1) in fiscal year 1996, to a number that is less than—

(A) 95 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of fiscal year 1994; or

(B) 90 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of fiscal year 1993; and

(2) in any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1996, to a number that is less than—

(A) 95 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal year; or

(B) 90 percent of the number of such personnel at the end of the third fiscal year preceding the fiscal year.

(b) Certification.—The Secretary may make a reduction described in subsection (a) if the Secretary certifies to Congress that—

(1) the number of medical personnel of the Department that is being reduced is excess to the current and projected needs of the military departments; and

(2) such reduction will not result in an increase in the cost of health care services provided under the
Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

(c) Report on Planned Reductions.—Not later than March 1, 1996, the Assistant Secretary of Defense having responsibility for health affairs, in consultation with Surgeon General of the Army, the Surgeon General of the Navy, and the Surgeon General of the Air Force, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for the reduction of the number of medical personnel of the Department of Defense over the 5-year period beginning on October 1, 1996.


(3) Section 518 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–484; 106 Stat. 2407) is repealed.

(e) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the term “medical personnel” has the meaning given such term in section 115a(g)(2) of title 10, United States Code, except
that such term includes civilian personnel of the Department of Defense assigned to military medical facilities.

SEC. 557. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR ATHLETIC DIRECTOR AND NONAPPROPRIATED FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE ATHLETICS PROGRAMS AT THE SERVICE ACADEMIES.

(a) United States Military Academy.—(1) Section 4357 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 403 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 4357.

(b) United States Naval Academy.—Section 556 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 2774) is amended by striking out subsections (b), (d), and (e).

(c) United States Air Force Academy.—(1) Section 9356 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 903 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 9356.

SEC. 558. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR SERVICE ACADEMY PREPARATORY SCHOOL TEST PROGRAM.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act, or oth-
erwise made available, to the Department of Defense may be obligated to carry out a test program for determining the cost effectiveness of transferring to the private sector the mission of operating one or more preparatory schools for the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy.

SEC. 559. CENTRALIZED JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PERSONNEL ACTIONS.

(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly establish an advisory panel on centralized review of Department of Defense administrative personnel actions.

(b) Membership.—(1) The panel shall be composed of five members appointed as follows:

   (A) One member appointed by the Chief Justice of the United States.

   (B) Three members appointed by the Secretary of Defense.

   (C) One member appointed by the Attorney General.

   (2) The Secretary of Defense shall designate one of the members appointed under paragraph (1)(B) to serve as chairman of the panel.

   (3) All members shall be appointed not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(4) The panel shall meet at the call of the chairman.

The panel shall hold its first meeting not later than 30 days after the date on which all members have been appointed.

(c) Duties.—The panel shall review, and provide findings and recommendations in accordance with subsection (d) regarding, the following matters:

(1) Whether the existing practices with regard to judicial review of administrative personnel actions of the Department of Defense are appropriate and adequate.

(2) Whether a centralized judicial review of administrative personnel actions should be established.

(3) Whether the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces should conduct such reviews.

(d) Report.—(1) Not later than December 15, 1996, the panel shall submit a report on the findings and recommendations of the panel to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General.

(2) Not later than January 1, 1997, the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General shall jointly transmit the panel’s report to Congress. The Secretary and the Attorney General may include in the transmittal any joint comments on the report that they consider appropriate, and either such official may include in the transmittal any sepa-
rate comments on the report that such official considers appropriate.

(e) **Termination of Panel.**—The panel shall terminate 30 days after the date of submission of the report to the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General under subsection (d).

**SEC. 560. DELAY IN REORGANIZATION OF ARMY ROTC REGIONAL HEADQUARTERS STRUCTURE.**

(a) **Delay.**—The Secretary of the Army may not take any action to reorganize the regional headquarters and basic camp structure of the Reserve Officers Training Corps program of the Army until six months after the date on which the report required by subsection (d) is submitted.

(b) **Cost-Benefit Analysis.**—The Secretary of the Army shall conduct a comparative cost-benefit analysis of various options for the reorganization of the regional headquarters and basic camp structure of the Army ROTC program. As part of such analysis, the Secretary shall measure each reorganization option considered against a common set of criteria.

(c) **Selection of Reorganization Option for Implementation.**—Based on the findings resulting from the cost-benefit analysis under subsection (b) and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate, the Secretary shall select one reorganization option for implement-
The Secretary may select an option for implementation only if the Secretary finds that the cost-benefit analysis and other factors considered clearly demonstrate that such option, better than any other option considered—

(1) provides the structure to meet projected mission requirements;
(2) achieves the most significant personnel and cost savings;
(3) uses existing basic and advanced camp facilities to the maximum extent possible;
(4) minimizes additional military construction costs; and
(5) makes maximum use of the reserve components to support basic and advanced camp operations, thereby minimizing the effect of those operations on active duty units.

(d) Report.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report describing the reorganization option selected under subsection (c). The report shall include the results of the cost-benefit analysis under subsection (b) and a detailed rationale for the reorganization option selected.
TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS
Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

SEC. 601. MILITARY PAY RAISE FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996.

(a) Waiver of Section 1009 Adjustment.—Any adjustment required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in elements of compensation of members of the uniformed services to become effective during fiscal year 1996 shall not be made.

(b) Increase in Basic Pay and BAS.—Effective on January 1, 1996, the rates of basic pay and basic allowance for subsistence of members of the uniformed services are increased by 2.4 percent.

(c) Increase in BAQ.—Effective on January 1, 1996, the rates of basic allowance for quarters of members of the uniformed services are increased by 5.2 percent.

SEC. 602. ELECTION OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR QUARTERS INSTEAD OF ASSIGNMENT TO INADEQUATE QUARTERS.

(a) Election Authorized.—Section 403(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”;

(2) by designating the second sentence as paragraph (2) and, as so designated, by striking out
“However, subject” and inserting in lieu thereof “Subject”; and 
(3) by adding at the end the following: 
“(3) A member without dependents who is in pay grade E-6 and who is assigned to quarters of the United States that do not meet the minimum adequacy standards established by the Department of Defense for members in such pay grade, or to a housing facility under the jurisdiction of a uniformed service that does not meet such standards, may elect not to occupy such quarters or facility and instead to receive the basic allowance for quarters prescribed for his pay grade by this section.”.

(b) Effective Date.— The amendments made by this section shall take effect on July 1, 1996.

SEC. 603. PAYMENT OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR QUARTERS TO MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES IN PAY GRADE E-6 WHO ARE ASSIGNED TO SEA DUTY.

(a) Payment Authorized.— Section 403(c)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—
(1) in the first sentence, by striking out “E-7” and inserting in lieu thereof “E-6”; and
(2) in the second sentence, by striking out “E-6” and inserting in lieu thereof “E-5”.

HR 1530 EAS
(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on July 1, 1996.

SEC. 604. LIMITATION ON REDUCTION OF VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS.

(a) LIMITATION ON REDUCTION IN VHA.—Subsection (c)(3) of section 403a of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "However, on and after January 1, 1996, the monthly amount of a variable housing allowance under this section for a member of a uniformed service with respect to an area may not be reduced so long as the member retains uninterrupted eligibility to receive a variable housing allowance within that area and the member's certified housing costs are not reduced, as indicated by certifications provided by the member under subsection (b)(4).".

(b) EFFECT ON TOTAL AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR VHA.—Subsection (d)(3) of such section is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "In addition, the total amount determined under paragraph (1) shall be adjusted to ensure that sufficient amounts are available to allow payment of any additional amounts of variable housing allowance necessary as a result of the requirements of the second sentence of subsection (c)(3).".

(c) REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than June 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Con-
gress a report describing the procedures to be used to implement the amendments made by this section and the costs of such amendments.

SEC. 605. CLARIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON ELIGIBILITY FOR FAMILY SEPARATION ALLOWANCE.

Section 427(b)(4) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting "paragraph (1)(A) of" after "not entitled to an allowance under" in the first sentence.

Subtitle B—Bonuses and Special Incentive Pays

SEC. 611. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUSES FOR RESERVE FORCES.

(a) Selected Reserve Reenlistment Bonus.—Section 308b(f) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(b) Selected Reserve Enlistment Bonus.—Section 308c(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".

(c) Selected Reserve Affiliation Bonus.—Section 308e(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1996" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1997".
(d) **Ready Reserve Enlistment and Reenlistment Bonus.**—Section 308h(g) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(e) **Prior Service Enlistment Bonus.**—Section 308i(i) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

**SEC. 612. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN BONUSES AND SPECIAL PAY FOR NURSE OFFICER CANDIDATES, REGISTERED NURSES, AND NURSE ANESTHETISTS.**

(a) **Nurse Officer Candidate Accession Program.**—Section 2130a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(b) **Accession Bonus for Registered Nurses.**—Section 302d(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(c) **Incentive Special Pay for Nurse Anesthetists.**—Section 302e(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.
SEC. 613. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO PAYMENT OF OTHER BONUSES AND SPECIAL PAYS.

(a) Aviation Officer Retention Bonus.—Section 301b(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996,” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(b) Reenlistment Bonus for Active Members.—Section 308(g) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(c) Enlistment Bonuses for Critical Skills.—Sections 308a(c) and 308f(c) of title 37, United States Code, are each amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(d) Special Pay for Enlisted Members of the Selected Reserve Assigned to Certain High Priority Units.—Section 308d(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(e) Repayment of Education Loans for Certain Health Professionals Who Serve in the Selected Reserve.—Section 16302(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “October 1, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 1, 1997”.
(f) Special Pay for Critically Short Wartime Health Specialists in the Selected Reserves.—Section 613(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1989 (37 U.S.C. 302 note) is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(g) Special Pay for Nuclear Qualified Officers Extending Period of Active Service.—Section 312(e) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(h) Nuclear Career Accession Bonus.—Section 312b(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “September 30, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

(i) Nuclear Career Annual Incentive Bonus.—Section 312c(d) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “October 1, 1996” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 1, 1997”.

SEC. 614. HAZARDOUS DUTY INCENTIVE PAY FOR WARRANT OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEMBERS SERVING AS AIR WEAPONS CONTROLLERS.

Section 301 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—
(1) in subsection (a)(11), by striking out “an officer (other than a warrant officer)” and inserting in lieu thereof “a member of a uniformed service”; and

(2) in subsection (c)(2)—

(A) by striking out “an officer” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “a member”;

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking out the table and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pay grade</th>
<th>Years of service as an air weapons controller</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 or less</td>
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<td>'O-7 and above</td>
<td>$200</td>
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<td>'O-6</td>
<td>225</td>
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and

(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking out “the officer” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “the member”.

HR 1530 EAS
SEC. 615. AVIATION CAREER INCENTIVE PAY.

(a) YEARS OF OPERATIONAL FLYING DUTIES REQUIRED.—Paragraph (4) of section 301a(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence by striking out "9" and inserting in lieu thereof "8".

(b) EXERCISE OF WAIVER AUTHORITY.—Paragraph (5) of such section is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The Secretary concerned may not delegate the authority in the preceding sentence to permit the payment of incentive pay under this subsection."

SEC. 616. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE SPECIAL PAY FOR NURSES.

Section 302c(d)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "or an officer" and inserting in lieu thereof "an officer"; and

(2) by inserting before the semicolon the following: ", an officer of the Nurse Corps of the Army or Navy, or an officer of the Air Force designated as a nurse".
SEC. 617. CONTINUOUS ENTITLEMENT TO CAREER SEA PAY FOR CREW MEMBERS OF SHIPS DESIGNATED AS TENDERS.

Section 305a(d)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

``(A) while permanently or temporarily assigned to a ship, ship-based staff, or ship-based aviation unit and—

``(i) while serving on a ship the primary mission of which is accomplished while under way;

``(ii) while serving as a member of the off-crew of a two-crewed submarine; or

``(iii) while serving as a member of a tender-class ship (with the hull classification of submarine or destroyer); or”.

SEC. 618. INCREASE IN MAXIMUM RATE OF SPECIAL DUTY ASSIGNMENT PAY FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS SERVING AS RECRUITERS.

(a) Special Maximum Rate for Recruiters.—Section 307(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “In the case of a member who is serving as a military recruiter and is eligible for special duty assignment pay under this subsection by reason of such duty, the Secretary concerned may
increase the monthly rate of special duty assignment pay for the member to not more than $375.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 1996.

Subtitle C—Travel and Transportation Allowances

SEC. 621. CALCULATION ON BASIS OF MILEAGE TABLES OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE: REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT.

Section 404(d)(1)(A) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “, based on distances established over the shortest usually traveled route, under mileage tables prepared under the direction of the Secretary of Defense”.

SEC. 622. DEPARTURE ALLOWANCES.

(a) ELIGIBILITY WHEN EVACUATION AUTHORIZED BUT NOT ORDERED.—Section 405a(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out “ordered” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “authorized or ordered”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1995, and shall apply to persons authorized or ordered to depart as described in section 405a(a) of title 37, United States Code, on or after such date.
SEC. 623. DISLOCATION ALLOWANCE FOR MOVES RESULTING FROM A BASE CLOSURE OR REALIGNMENT.

Section 407(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by—

(1) by striking out “or” at the end of paragraph (3);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) the member is ordered to move in connection with the closure or realignment of a military installation and, as a result, the member’s dependents actually move or, in the case of a member without dependents, the member actually moves.”.

SEC. 624. TRANSPORTATION OF NONDEPENDENT CHILD FROM SPONSOR’S STATION OVERSEAS AFTER LOSS OF DEPENDENT STATUS WHILE OVERSEAS.

Section 406(h)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentence: “If a member receives for an unmarried child of the member transportation in kind to the member’s station outside the United States or in Hawaii or Alaska, reimbursement therefor, or a monetary allowance in place thereof and, while the member is
serving at that station, the child ceases to be a dependent
of the member by reason of ceasing to satisfy an age require-
ment in section 401(a)(2) of this title or ceasing to be en-
rolled in an institution of higher education as described in
subparagraph (C) of such section, the child shall be treated
as a dependent of the member for purposes of this sub-
section.”.

Subtitle D—Commissaries and
Nonappropriated Fund Instrumentalities

SEC. 631. USE OF COMMISSARY STORES BY MEMBERS OF
THE READY RESERVE.

(a) PERIOD OF USE.—Section 1063 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—

(A) by inserting “for a period of one year
on the same basis as members on active duty”
before the period at the end of the first sentence;

and

(B) by striking out the second sentence;

(2) by striking out subsection (b); and

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection
(b).

(b) CONFORMING AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1)
The heading for such section is amended to read as follows:
§ 1063. Commissary stores: use by members of the Ready Reserve.

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 54 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“1063. Commissary stores: use by members of the Ready Reserve.”

SEC. 632. USE OF COMMISSARY STORES BY RETIRED RESERVES UNDER AGE 60 AND THEIR SURVIVORS.

(a) ELIGIBILITY.—Section 1064 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 1064. Commissary stores: use by retired Reserves under age 60 and their survivors

“(a) RETIRED RESERVES UNDER AGE 60.—Members of the reserve components under 60 years of age who, but for age, would be eligible for retired pay under chapter 1223 of this title (or under chapter 67 of this title as in effect before December 1, 1994) shall be authorized to use commissary stores of the Department of Defense on the same basis as members and former members of the armed forces who have retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

“(b) SURVIVORS.—If a person authorized to use commissary stores under subsection (a) dies before attaining 60 years of age, the surviving dependents of the deceased person shall be authorized to use commissary stores of the Depart-
Section 1064 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1064. Commissary stores: use by retired Reserves under age 60 and their survivors."

Section 1065 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1065. Use of certain morale, welfare, and recreation facilities by members of reserve components and dependents

“(a) Members of the Selected Reserve.—Members of the Selected Reserve in good standing (as determined by the Secretary concerned) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as members on active duty.
(b) Members of Ready Reserve Not in Selected Reserve.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe, members of the Ready Reserve (other than members of the Selected Reserve) may be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as members serving on active duty.

(c) Retirees Under Age 60.—Members of the reserve components under 60 years of age who, but for age, would be eligible for retired pay under chapter 1223 of this title (or under chapter 67 of this title as in effect before December 1, 1994) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as members and former members of the armed forces who have retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

(d) Dependents.—(1) Dependents of members referred to in subsection (a) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as dependents of members on active duty.

(2) Dependents of members referred to in subsection (c) shall be permitted to use MWR retail facilities on the same basis as dependents of members and former members of the armed forces who have retired entitled to retired or retainer pay under chapter 367, 571, or 867 of this title.

(e) MWR Retail Facility Defined.—In this section, the term ‘MWR retail facilities’ means exchange stores
and other revenue generating facilities operated by nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense for the morale, welfare, and recreation of members of the armed forces.”

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 641. COST-OF-LIVING INCREASES FOR RETIRED PAY.

(a) Modification of Delays.—Clause (ii) of section 1401a(b)(2)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out “1994, 1995, 1996, or 1997” and inserting in lieu thereof “1994 or 1995”; and

(2) by striking out “September” and inserting in lieu thereof “March”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The captions for such section 1401a(2)(B) and for clause (ii) of such section are amended by striking out “THROUGH 1998” and inserting in lieu thereof “THROUGH 1996”.

(c) Repeal of Superseeded Provision.—Section 8114A of Public Law 103–335 (108 Stat. 2648) is repealed.

SEC. 642. ELIGIBILITY FOR RETIRED PAY FOR NON-REGULAR SERVICE DENIED FOR MEMBERS RECEIVING CERTAIN SENTENCES IN COURTS-MARTIAL.

Section 12731 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively; and
(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d) A person who is convicted of an offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of this title), and whose executed sentence includes death, a dishonorable discharge, a bad conduct discharge, or (in the case of an officer) a dismissal is not eligible for retired pay under this chapter."

SEC. 643. RECOUPMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES IN GARNISHMENT ACTIONS.

(a) In General.—Subsection (j) of section 5520a of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph (2):

"(2) Such regulations shall provide that an agency’s administrative costs in executing legal process to which the agency is subject under this section shall be deducted from the amount withheld from the pay of the employee concerned pursuant to the legal process."

(b) Involuntary Allotments of Pay of Members of the Uniformed Services.—Subsection (k) of such section is amended—
(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):

"(3) Regulations under this subsection may also provide that the administrative costs in establishing and maintaining an involuntary allotment be deducted from the amount withheld from the pay of the member of the uniformed services concerned pursuant to such regulations.".

(c) Disposition of Amounts Withheld for Administrative Expenses.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(l) The amount of an agency's administrative costs deducted under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (j)(2) or (k)(2) shall be credited to the appropriation, fund, or account from which such administrative costs were paid.".

SEC. 644. AUTOMATIC MAXIMUM COVERAGE UNDER SERVICEMEN'S GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.

Section 1967 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsections (a) and (c), by striking out "$100,000" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof in each instance "$200,000";
(2) by striking out subsection (e); and
(3) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e).

SEC. 645. TERMINATION OF SERVICEMEN’S GROUP LIFE INSURANCE FOR MEMBERS OF THE READY RESERVE WHO FAIL TO PAY PREMIUMS.

Section 1968(a)(4) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“except that, if the member fails to make a direct remittance of a premium for the insurance to the Secretary when required to do so, the insurance shall cease with respect to the member 120 days after the date on which the Secretary transmits a notification of the termination by mail addressed to the member at the member’s last known address, unless the Secretary accepts from the member full payment of the premiums in arrears within such 120-day period.”.

SEC. 646. REPORT ON EXTENDING TO JUNIOR NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS PRIVILEGES PROVIDED FOR SENIOR NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a
A report containing the determinations of the Secretary regarding whether, in order to improve the working conditions of noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6, any of the privileges afforded noncommissioned officers in any of the pay grades above E-6 should be extended to noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6.

(b) Specific Recommendation Regarding Election of BAS.—The Secretary shall include in the report a determination on whether noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6 should be afforded the same privilege as noncommissioned officers in pay grades above E-6 to elect to mess separately and receive the basic allowance for subsistence.

(c) Additional Matters.—The report shall also contain a discussion of the following matters:

(1) The potential costs of extending additional privileges to noncommissioned officers in pay grades E-5 and E-6.

(2) The effects on readiness that would result from extending the additional privileges.

(3) The options for extending the privileges on an incremental basis over an extended period.

(d) Recommended Legislation.—The Secretary shall include in the report any recommended legislation that the Secretary considers necessary in order to authorize
SEC. 647. PAYMENT TO SURVIVORS OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES FOR ALL LEAVE ACCRUED.

(a) Inapplicability of 60-Day Limitation.—Section 501(d) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out the third sentence; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(2) The limitations in the second sentence of subsection (b)(3), subsection (f), and the second sentence of subsection (g) shall not apply with respect to a payment made under this subsection.”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 501(f) of such title is amended by striking out “, (d),” in the first sentence.

SEC. 648. ANNUITIES FOR CERTAIN MILITARY SURVIVING SPOUSES.

(a) Study Required.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to determine the quantitative results (described in subsection (b)) of enactment and exercise of authority for the Secretary of the military department concerned to pay an annuity to the qualified surviving spouse of each member of the Armed Forces who—
(A) died before March 21, 1974, and was entitled to retired or retainer pay on the date of death; or

(B) was a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces during the period beginning on September 21, 1972, and ending on October 1, 1978, and at the time of his death would have been entitled to retired pay under chapter 67 of title 10, United States Code (as in effect before December 1, 1994), but for the fact that he was under 60 years of age.

(2) A qualified surviving spouse for purposes of paragraph (1) is a surviving spouse who has not remarried and who is not eligible for an annuity under section 4 of Public Law 92–425 (10 U.S.C. 1448 note).

(b) REQUIRED DETERMINATIONS.—By means of the study required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall determine the following matters:

(1) The number of unremarried surviving spouses of deceased members and deceased former members of the Armed Forces referred to in subparagraph (A) of subsection (a)(1) who would be eligible for an annuity under authority described in such subsection.

(2) The number of unremarried surviving spouses of deceased members and deceased former members of reserve components of the Armed Forces

HR 1530 EAS
referred to in subparagraph (B) of subsection (a)(1) who would be eligible for an annuity under authority described in such subsection.

(3) The number of persons in each group of unremarried former spouses described in paragraphs (1) and (2) who are receiving a widow’s insurance benefit or a widower’s insurance benefit under title II of the Social Security Act on the basis of employment of a deceased member or deceased former member referred to in subsection (a)(1).

(c) REPORT.—(1) Not later than March 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the results of the study.

(2) The Secretary shall include in the report a recommendation on the amount of the annuity that should be authorized to be paid under any authority described in subsection (a)(1) together with a recommendation on whether the annuity should be adjusted annually to offset increases in the cost of living.
SEC. 649. TRANSITIONAL COMPENSATION FOR DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES SEPARATED FOR DEPENDENT ABUSE.

(a) Clarification of Entitlement.—Section 1059(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "of a separation from active duty as" in the first sentence.

(b) Effective Date for Program Authority.—Section 554(b)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (107 Stat. 1666; 10 U.S.C. 1059 note) is amended by striking out "the date of the enactment of this Act—" and inserting in lieu thereof "April 1, 1994—".

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE
Subtitle A—Health Care Services

SEC. 701. MEDICAL CARE FOR SURVIVING DEPENDENTS OF RETIRED RESERVES WHO DIE BEFORE AGE 60.

Section 1076(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in clause (2)—

(A) by striking out "death (A) would" and inserting in lieu thereof "death would"; and

(B) by striking out ", and (B) had elected to participate in the Survivor Benefit Plan es-
established under subchapter II of chapter 73 of this title; and

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out “without regard to subclause (B) of such clause”.

SEC. 702. DENTAL INSURANCE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE.

(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION.—(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1076a the following new section:

§ 1076b. Selected Reserve dental insurance

“(a) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PLAN.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a dental insurance plan for members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve. The plan shall provide for voluntary enrollment and for premium sharing between the Department of Defense and the members enrolled in the plan. The plan shall be administered under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

“(b) PREMIUM SHARING.—(1) A member enrolling in the dental insurance plan shall pay a share of the premium charged for the insurance coverage. The member’s share may not exceed $25 per month.

“(2) The Secretary of Defense may reduce the monthly premium required to be paid by enlisted members under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that the reduc-
tion is appropriate in order to assist enlisted members to participate in the dental insurance plan.

“(3) A member’s share of the premium for coverage by the dental insurance plan shall be deducted and withheld from the basic pay payable to the member for inactive duty training and from the basic pay payable to the member for active duty.

“(4) The Secretary of Defense shall pay the portion of the premium charged for coverage of a member under the dental insurance plan that exceeds the amount paid by the member.

“(c) Benefits Available Under the Plan.—The dental insurance plan shall provide benefits for basic dental care and treatment, including diagnostic services, preventative services, basic restorative services, and emergency oral examinations.

“(d) Termination of Coverage.—The coverage of a member by the dental insurance plan shall terminate on the last day of the month in which the member is discharged, transfers to the Individual Ready Reserve, Standby Reserve, or Retired Reserve, or is ordered to active duty for a period of more than 30 days.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1076a the following:

"1076b. Selected Reserve dental insurance."
(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301(16), $9,000,000 shall be available to pay the Department of Defense share of the premium required for members covered by the dental insurance plan established pursuant to section 1076b of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

SEC. 703. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS REGARDING ROUTINE PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS AND IMMUNIZATIONS UNDER CHAMPUS.

Section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) consistent with such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe regarding the content of health promotion and disease prevention visits, the schedule of pap smears and mammograms, and the types and schedule of immunizations—

"(A) for dependents under six years of age, both health promotion and disease prevention visits and immunizations may be provided; and

"(B) for dependents six years of age or older, health promotion and disease prevention visits may be provided in connection with im-
munizations or with diagnostic or preventive pap smears and mammograms;”.

SEC. 704. PERMANENT AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT SPECIALIZED TREATMENT FACILITY PROGRAM.

Section 1105 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (h).

SEC. 705. WAIVER OF MEDICARE PART B LATE ENROLLMENT PENALTY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF SPECIAL ENROLLMENT PERIOD FOR CERTAIN MILITARY RETIREES AND DEPENDENTS.

Section 1837 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395p) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(j)(1) The Secretary shall make special provisions for the enrollment of an individual who is a covered beneficiary under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, and who is affected adversely by the closure of a military medical treatment facility of the Department of Defense pursuant to a closure or realignment of a military installation.

“(2) The special enrollment provisions required by paragraph (1) shall be established in regulations issued by the Secretary. The regulations shall—

“(A) identify individuals covered by paragraph (1) in accordance with regulations providing for such
identification that are prescribed by the Secretary of Defense;

“(B) provide for a special enrollment period of at least 90 days to be scheduled at some time proximate to the date on which the military medical treatment facility involved is scheduled to be closed; and

“(C) provide that, with respect to individuals who enroll pursuant to paragraph (1), the increase in premiums under section 1839(b) due to late enrollment under this part shall not apply.

“(3) For purposes of this subsection—

“(A) the term ‘covered beneficiary’ has the meaning given such term in section 1072(5) of title 10, United States Code;

“(B) the term ‘military medical treatment facility’ means a facility of a uniformed service referred to in section 1074(a) of title 10, United States Code, in which health care is provided; and

“(C) the terms ‘military installation’ and ‘re-alignment’ have the meanings given such terms—

“(i) in section 209 of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Re-alignment Act (10 U.S.C. 2687 note), in the case of a closure or realignment under title II of such Act;
“(ii) in section 2910 of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note), in the case of a closure or realignment under such Act; or
“(iii) in subsection (e) of section 2687 of title 10, United States Code, in the case of a closure or realignment under such section.”.

Subtitle B—TRICARE Program

SEC. 711. DEFINITION OF TRICARE PROGRAM AND OTHER TERMS.

In this subtitle:

(1) The term “TRICARE program” means the managed health care program that is established by the Secretary of Defense under the authority of chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, principally section 1097 of such title, and includes the competitive selection of contractors to financially underwrite the delivery of health care services under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

(2) The term “covered beneficiary” means a beneficiary under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, including a beneficiary under section 1074(a) of such title.
(3) The term "Uniformed Services Treatment Facility" means a facility deemed to be a facility of the uniformed services by virtue of section 911(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (42 U.S.C. 248c(a)).

(4) The term "administering Secretaries" has the meaning given such term in section 1072(3) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 712. PROVISION OF TRICARE UNIFORM BENEFITS BY UNIFORMED SERVICES TREATMENT FACILITIES.

(a) Requirement.—Subject to subsection (b), upon the implementation of the TRICARE program in the catchment area served by a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility, the facility shall provide to the covered beneficiaries enrolled in a health care plan of such facility the same health care benefits (subject to the same conditions and limitations) as are available to covered beneficiaries in that area under the TRICARE program.

(b) Effect on Current Enrollees.—(1) A covered beneficiary who has been continuously enrolled on and after October 1, 1995, in a health care plan offered by a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility pursuant to a contract between the Secretary of Defense and the facility may elect to continue to receive health care benefits in accordance
with the plan instead of benefits in accordance with subsection (a).

(2) The Uniform Services Treatment Facility concerned shall continue to provide benefits to a covered beneficiary in accordance with an election of benefits by that beneficiary under paragraph (1). The requirement to do so shall terminate on the effective date of any contract between the Secretary of Defense and the facility that—

(A) is entered into on or after the date of the election; and

(B) requires the health care plan offered by the facility for covered beneficiaries to provide health care benefits in accordance with subsection (a).

SEC. 713. SENSE OF SENATE ON ACCESS OF MEDICARE ELIGIBLE BENEFICIARIES OF CHAMPUS TO HEALTH CARE UNDER TRICARE.

It is the sense of the Senate—

(1) that the Secretary of Defense should develop a program to ensure that covered beneficiaries who are eligible for medicare under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) and who reside in a region in which the TRICARE program has been implemented have adequate access to health care services after the implementation of the TRICARE program in that region; and
(2) to support strongly, as a means of ensuring such access, the reimbursement of the Department of Defense by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for health care services provided such beneficiaries at the medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 714. PILOT PROGRAM OF INDIVIDUALIZED RESIDENTIAL MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.

(a) Program Required.—During fiscal year 1996, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the other administering Secretaries, shall carry out a pilot program for providing wraparound services to covered beneficiaries who are children in need of mental health services. The Secretary shall carry out the pilot program in one region in which the TRICARE program has been implemented as of the beginning of such fiscal year.

(b) Wraparound Services Defined.—For purposes of this section, wraparound services are individualized mental health services that a provider provides, principally in a residential setting but also with follow-up services, in return for payment on a case rate basis. For payment of the case rate for a patient, the provider incurs the risk that it will be necessary for the provider to provide the patient with additional mental health services intermittently or on
a longer term basis after completion of the services provided on a residential basis under a treatment plan.

(c) Pilot Program Agreement.—Under the pilot program the Secretary of Defense shall enter into an agreement with a provider of mental health services that requires the provider—

(1) to provide wraparound services to covered beneficiaries referred to in subsection (a);

(2) to continue to provide such services to each beneficiary as needed during the period of the agreement even if the patient relocates outside the TRICARE program region involved (but inside the United States) during that period; and

(3) to accept as payment for such services an amount not in excess of the amount of the standard CHAMPUS residential treatment clinic benefit payable with respect to the covered beneficiary concerned (as determined in accordance with section 8.1 of chapter 3 of volume II of the CHAMPUS policy manual).

(d) Report.—Not later than March 1, 1997, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the pro-
gram carried out under this section. The report shall con-
tain—

(1) an assessment of the effectiveness of the pro-
gram; and

(2) the Secretary's views regarding whether the
program should be implemented in all regions where
the TRICARE program is carried out.

Subtitle C—Uniformed Services
Treatment Facilities

SEC. 721. DELAY OF TERMINATION OF STATUS OF CERTAIN
FACILITIES AS UNIFORMED SERVICES TREAT-
MENT FACILITIES.

Section 1252(e) of the Department of Defense Author-
ization Act, 1984 (42 U.S.C. 248d(e)) is amended by strik-
ing out “December 31, 1996” in the first sentence and in-
serting in lieu thereof “September 30, 1997”.

SEC. 722. APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGU-
LATION TO PARTICIPATION AGREEMENTS
WITH UNIFORMED SERVICES TREATMENT
FACILITIES.

Section 718(c) of the National Defense Authorization
1587) is amended—

(1) in the second sentence of paragraph (1), by
striking out “A participation agreement” and insert-
ing in lieu thereof "Except as provided in paragraph
(4), a participation agreement";

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
graph (5); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the follow-
ing new paragraph:

"(4) Applicability of Federal Acquisition
Regulation.—On and after the date of enactment of
the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
Year 1996, the Federal Acquisition Regulation issued
pursuant to section 25(c) of the Office of Federal Pro-
curement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 421(c)) shall apply to
any action to modify an existing participation agree-
ment and to any action by the Secretary of Defense
and a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility to
enter into a new participation agreement."

SEC. 723. APPLICABILITY OF CHAMPUS PAYMENT RULES IN
CERTAIN CASES.

Section 1074 of title 10, United States Code, is amend-
ed by adding at the end the following:

"(d)(1) The Secretary of Defense, after consultation
with the other administering Secretaries, may by regulation
require a private CHAMPUS provider to apply the
CHAMPUS payment rules (subject to any modifications
considered appropriate by the Secretary) in imposing
charges for health care that the provider provides outside the catchment area of a Uniformed Services Treatment Facility to a member of the uniformed services who is enrolled in a health care plan of the Uniformed Services Treatment Facility.

"(2) In this subsection:

"(A) The term ‘private CHAMPUS provider’ means a private facility or health care provider that is a health care provider under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services.

"(B) The term ‘CHAMPUS payment rules’ means the payment rules referred to in subsection (c).

"(C) The term ‘Uniformed Services Treatment Facility’ means a facility deemed to be a facility of the uniformed services under section 911(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1982 (42 U.S.C. 248c(a))."."

Subtitle D—Other Changes to Existing Laws Regarding Health Care Management

SEC. 731. INVESTMENT INCENTIVE FOR MANAGED HEALTH CARE IN MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

(a) Availability of 3 Percent of Appropriations for Two Fiscal Years.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United
States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1071 the following new section:

§ 1071a. Availability of appropriations

“Of the total amount authorized to be appropriated for a fiscal year for programs and activities carried out under this chapter, the amount equal to three percent of such total amount is authorized to be appropriated to remain available until the end of the following fiscal year.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.— The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1071 the following:

“1071a. Availability of appropriations.”.

SEC. 732. REVISION AND CODIFICATION OF LIMITATIONS ON PHYSICIAN PAYMENTS UNDER CHAMPUS.

(a) In General.— Section 1079(h) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(h)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), payment for a charge for services by an individual health care professional (or other noninstitutional health care provider) for which a claim is submitted under a plan contracted for under subsection (a) shall be limited to the lesser of—

“(A) the amount equivalent to the 80th percentile of billed charges, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the other administering Secretaries, for similar services in the same locality
during a 12-month base period that the Secretary shall define and may adjust as frequently as the Secretary considers appropriate; or

"(B) the amount payable for charges for such services (or similar services) under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) as determined in accordance with the reimbursement rules applicable to payments for medical and other health services under that title.

"(2) The amount to be paid to an individual health care professional (or other noninstitutional health care provider) shall be determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the other administering Secretaries. Such regulations—

"(A) may provide for such exceptions from the limitation on payments set forth in paragraph (1) as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure that covered beneficiaries have adequate access to health care services, including payment of amounts greater than the amounts otherwise payable under that paragraph when enrollees in managed care programs obtain covered emergency services from nonparticipating providers; and

"(B) shall establish limitations (similar to those established under title XVIII of the Social Security
Act) on beneficiary liability for charges of an individual health care professional (or other noninstitutional health care provider)."

(b) Transition.—In prescribing regulations under paragraph (2) of section 1079(h) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall provide—

(1) for a period of transition between the payment methodology in effect under section 1079(h) of such title, as such section was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, and the payment methodology under section 1079(h) of such title, as so amended; and

(2) that the amount payable under such section 1079(h), as so amended, for a charge for a service under a claim submitted during the period may not be less than 85 percent of the maximum amount that was payable under such section 1079(h), in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, for charges for the same service during the 1-year period (or a period of other duration that the Secretary considers appropriate) ending on the day before such date.
SEC. 733. PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES OF THE COAST GUARD.

(a) Contracting Authority.—Section 1091(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting after “Secretary of Defense” the following: “, with respect to medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense, and the Secretary of Transportation, with respect to medical treatment facilities of the Coast Guard when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy,”; and

(2) by striking out “medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense” and inserting in lieu thereof “such facilities”.

(b) Ratification of Existing Contracts.—Any exercise of authority under section 1091 of title 10, United States Code, to enter into a personal services contract on behalf of the Coast Guard before the effective date of the amendments made by subsection (a) is hereby ratified.

(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the earlier of the date of the enactment of this Act or October 1, 1995.
SEC. 734. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN MEDICARE AND MEDICAID COVERAGE DATA BANK TO IMPROVE COLLECTION FROM RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FOR HEALTH CARE SERVICES FURNISHED UNDER CHAMPUS.

(a) Purpose of Data Bank.—Subsection (a) of section 1144 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-14) is amended—

(1) by striking out “and” at the end of the paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof “, and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) assist in the identification of, and collection from, third parties responsible for the reimbursement of the costs incurred by the United States for health care services furnished to individuals who are covered beneficiaries under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, upon request by the administering Secretaries.”.

(b) Authority To Disclose Information.—Subsection (b)(2) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out “and” at the end of subparagraph (A);
(2) by striking out the period at the end of sub-
paragraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof “, and”;
and
(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(C) (subject to the restriction in subsection
(c)(7) of this section) to disclose any other infor-
mation in the Data Bank to the administering
Secretaries for purposes described in subsection
(a)(3) of this section.”.
(c) DEFINITION.— Subsection (f) of such section is
amended by adding at the end the following:
“(5) ADMINISTERING SECRETARIES.— The term
‘administering Secretaries’ shall have the meaning
given to such term by section 1072(3) of title 10,
United States Code.”.

Subtitle E—Other Matters
SEC. 741. TRISERVICE NURSING RESEARCH.
(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.— Chapter 104 of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
following:
“§ 2116. Research on the furnishing of care and serv-
ices by nurses of the armed forces
“(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.— The Board of Regents
of the University may establish at the University a program
of research on the furnishing of care and services by nurses
in the Armed Forces (hereafter in this section referred to as ‘military nursing research’). A program carried out under this section shall be known as the ‘TriService Nursing Research Program’.

“(b) TriService Research Group.—(1) The TriService Nursing Research Program shall be administered by a TriService Nursing Research Group composed of Army, Navy, and Air Force nurses who are involved in military nursing research and are designated by the Secretary concerned to serve as members of the group.

“(2) The TriService Nursing Research Group shall—

“(A) develop for the Department of Defense recommended guidelines for requesting, reviewing, and funding proposed military nursing research projects; and

“(B) make available to Army, Navy, and Air Force nurses and Department of Defense officials concerned with military nursing research—

“(i) information about nursing research projects that are being developed or carried out in the Army, Navy, and Air Force; and

“(ii) expertise and information beneficial to the encouragement of meaningful nursing research.
“(c) Research Topics.—For purposes of this section, military nursing research includes research on the following issues:

“(1) Issues regarding how to improve the results of nursing care and services provided in the armed forces in time of peace.

“(2) Issues regarding how to improve the results of nursing care and services provided in the armed forces in time of war.

“(3) Issues regarding how to prevent complications associated with battle injuries.

“(4) Issues regarding how to prevent complications associated with the transporting of patients in the military medical evacuation system.

“(5) Issues regarding how to improve methods of training nursing personnel.

“(6) Clinical nursing issues, including such issues as prevention and treatment of child abuse and spouse abuse.

“(7) Women’s health issues.

“(8) Wellness issues.

“(9) Preventive medicine issues.

“(10) Home care management issues.

“(11) Case management issues.”
(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 104 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

"2116. Research on the furnishing of care and services by nurses of the armed forces."

SEC. 742. FISHER HOUSE TRUST FUNDS.

(a) Establishment.—(1) Chapter 131 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 2221. Fisher House trust funds

"(a) Establishment.—The following trust funds are established on the books of the Treasury:

"(1) The Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army.

"(2) The Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force.

"(b) Investment.—Funds in the trust funds may be invested in securities of the United States. Earnings and gains realized from the investment of funds in a trust fund shall be credited to the trust fund.

"(c) Use of Funds.—(1) Amounts in the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army, that are attributable to earnings or gains realized from investments shall be available for operation and maintenance of Fisher houses that are located in proximity to medical treatment facilities of the Army."
“(2) Amounts in the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force, that are attributable to earnings or gains realized from investments shall be available for operation and maintenance of Fisher houses that are located in proximity to medical treatment facilities of the Air Force.

“(3) The use of funds under this section is subject to the requirements of section 1321(b)(2) of title 31.

“(d) Fisher houses defined.—For purposes of this section, Fisher houses are housing facilities that are located in proximity to medical treatment facilities of the Army or Air Force and are available for residential use on a temporary basis by patients at such facilities, members of the family of such patients, and others providing the equivalent of familial support for such patients.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2221. Fisher House trust funds.”.

(b) Corpus of trust funds.—(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall—

(A) close the accounts established with the funds that were required by section 8019 of Public Law 102-172 (105 Stat. 1175) and section 9023 of Public Law 102-396 (106 Stat. 1905) to be transferred to an appropriated trust fund; and
(B) transfer the amounts in such accounts to the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army, established by subsection (a)(1) of section 2221 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(2) The Secretary of the Air Force shall transfer to the Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force, established by subsection (a)(2) of section 2221 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section (a)), all amounts in the accounts for Air Force installations and other facilities that, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, are available for operation and maintenance of Fisher houses (as defined in subsection (c) of such section 2221).

(c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 1321 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by adding at the end of subsection (a) the following:

"(92) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Army.

"(93) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of the Air Force."

and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)";

(B) in the second sentence, by striking out "Amounts accruing to these funds (except to the trust fund 'Armed Forces Retirement Home


HR 1530 EAS
Trust Fund’’ and inserting in lieu thereof “Ex-
cept as provided in paragraph (2), amounts ac-
cruing to these funds’’;
(C) by striking out the third sentence; and
(D) by adding at the end the following:
“(2) Expenditures from the following trust funds shall
be made only under annual appropriations and only if the
appropriations are specifically authorized by law:
“(A) Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust
Fund.
“(B) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of
the Army.
“(C) Fisher House Trust Fund, Department of
the Air Force.”.
(d) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED PROVISIONS.—The fol-
lowing provisions of law are repealed:
(1) Section 8019 of Public Law 102–172 (105
Stat. 1175).
(2) Section 9023 of Public Law 102–396 (106
Stat. 1905).
(3) Section 8019 of Public Law 103–139 (107
Stat. 1441).
(4) Section 8017 of Public Law 103–335 (108
SEC. 743. APPLICABILITY OF LIMITATION ON PRICES OF
PHARMACEUTICALS PROCURED FOR COAST
GUARD.

Section 8126(b) of title 38, United States Code, is
amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) The Coast Guard.”.

SEC. 744. REPORT ON EFFECT OF CLOSURE OF FITZSIMONS
ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO, ON PRO-
VISION OF CARE TO MILITARY PERSONNEL
AND DEPENDENTS EXPERIENCING HEALTH
DIFFICULTIES ASSOCIATED WITH PERSIAN
GULF SYNDROME.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment
of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress
a report that—

(1) assesses the effects of the closure of Fitzsimons
Army Medical Center, Colorado, on the capability of
the Department of Defense to provide appropriate and
adequate health care to members and former members
of the Armed Forces and their dependents who suffer
from undiagnosed illnesses (or combination of ill-
nesses) as a result of service in the Armed Forces in
the Southwest Asia theater of operations during the
Persian Gulf War; and

(2) describes the plans of the Secretary of Defense
and the Secretary of the Army to ensure that ade-
quate and appropriate health care is available to such
members, former members, and their dependents for
such illnesses.

**TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS**

**Subtitle A—Acquisition Reform**

**SEC. 801. WAIVERS FROM CANCELLATION OF FUNDS.**

Notwithstanding section 1552(a) of title 31, United
States Code, funds appropriated for any fiscal year after
fiscal year 1995 that are administratively reserved or com-
mitted for satellite on-orbit incentive fees shall remain
available for obligation and expenditure until the fee is
earned, but only if and to the extent that section 1512 of
title 31, United States Code, the Impoundment Control Act
(2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), and other applicable provisions of
law are complied with in the reservation and commitment
of funds for that purpose.

**SEC. 802. PROCUREMENT NOTICE POSTING THRESHOLDS AND SUBCONTRACTS FOR OCEAN TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.**

(a) **Procurement Notice Posting Thresholds.**—

Section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Office of Federal Procurement
Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(a)(1)(B)) is amended—
(1) by striking out "subsection (f)—" and all that follows through the end of the subparagraph and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (b); and"; and

(2) by inserting after "property or services" the following: for a price expected to exceed $10,000, but not to exceed $25,000,"

(b) Subcontracts for Ocean Transportation Services.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither section 901(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. 1241(b)) nor section 2631 of title 10, United States Code, shall be included prior to May 1, 1996 on any list promulgated under section 34(b) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 430(b)).

SEC. 803. PROMPT RESOLUTION OF AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS.

Section 6009 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-355; 108 Stat. 3367, October 14, 1994) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 6009. PROMPT MANAGEMENT DECISIONS AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS.

"(a) MANAGEMENT DECISIONS.—(1) The head of a Federal agency shall make management decisions on all findings and recommendations set forth in an audit report of the inspector general of the agency within a maximum of six months after the issuance of the report."
“(2) The head of a Federal agency shall make management decisions on all findings and recommendations set forth in an audit report of any auditor from outside the Federal Government within a maximum of six months after the date on which the head of the agency receives the report.

“(b) COMPLETIONS OF ACTIONS.—The head of a Federal agency shall complete final action on each management decision required with regard to a recommendation in an inspector general’s report under subsection (a)(1) within 12 months after the date of the inspector general’s report. If the head of the agency fails to complete final action with regard to a management decision within the 12-month period, the inspector general concerned shall identify the matter in each of the inspector general’s semiannual reports pursuant to section 5(a)(3) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) until final action on the management decision is completed.”.

SEC. 804. TEST PROGRAM FOR NEGOTIATION OF COMPREHENSIVE SUBCONTRACTING PLANS.

(a) REVISION OF AUTHORITY.—Subsection (a) of section 834 of National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (15 U.S.C. 637 note) is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
“(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish a test program under which contracting activities in the military departments and the Defense Agencies are authorized to undertake one or more demonstration projects to determine whether the negotiation and administration of comprehensive subcontracting plans will reduce administrative burdens on contractors while enhancing opportunities provided under Department of Defense contracts for small business concerns and small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals. In selecting the contracting activities to undertake demonstration projects, the Secretary shall take such action as is necessary to ensure that a broad range of the supplies and services acquired by the Department of Defense are included in the test program.”.

(b) Covered Contractors.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking out paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(3) A Department of Defense contractor referred to in paragraph (1) is, with respect to a comprehensive subcontracting plan negotiated in any fiscal year, a business concern that, during the immediately preceding fiscal year, furnished the Department of Defense with supplies or services (including professional services, research and development services, and construction services) pursuant to at
least three Department of Defense contracts having an aggregate value of at least $5,000,000.”.

(c) Technical Amendments.—Such section is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (g); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g).

SEC. 805. NAVAL SALVAGE FACILITIES.

Chapter 637 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“CHAPTER 637—SALVAGE FACILITIES

“Sec.

“7361. Authority to provide for necessary salvage facilities.

“7362. Acquisition and transfer of vessels and equipment.

“7363. Settlement of claims.

“7364. Disposition of receipts.

“§ 7361. Authority to provide for necessary salvage facilities

“(a) Authority.—The Secretary of the Navy may contract or otherwise provide for necessary salvage facilities for public and private vessels.

“(b) Coordination With Secretary of Transportation.—The Secretary shall submit to the Secretary of Transportation for comment each proposed salvage contract that affects the interests of the Department of Transportation.

“(c) Limitation.—The Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract under subsection (a) only if the Sec-
Secretary determines that available commercial salvage facili-
ties are inadequate to meet the Navy's requirements and
provides public notice of the intent to enter into such a con-
tract.

"§ 7362. Acquisition and transfer of vessels and equip-
ment"

"(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy may ac-
quire or transfer such vessels and equipment for operation
by private salvage companies as the Secretary considers
necessary.

"(b) AGREEMENT ON USE.—A private recipient of any
salvage vessel or gear shall agree in writing that such vessel
or gear will be used to support organized offshore salvage
facilities for as many years as the Secretary shall consider
appropriate.

"§ 7363. Settlement of claims"

"The Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary's des-
ignee, may settle and receive payment for any claim by the
United States for salvage services rendered by the Depart-
ment of the Navy.

"§ 7364. Disposition of receipts"

"Amounts received under this chapter shall be credited
to appropriations for maintaining naval salvage facilities.
However, any amount received in excess of naval salvage
costs incurred by the Navy in that fiscal year shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.”.

SEC. 806. AUTHORITY TO DELEGATE CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.

(a) Repeal of duplicative authority and restriction.—Section 2356 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 139 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2356.

SEC. 807. COORDINATION AND COMMUNICATION OF DEFENSE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

Section 2364 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

1. in subsection (b)(5), by striking out “milestone O, milestone I, and milestone II” and inserting in lieu thereof “acquisition program”; and

2. in subsection (c), by striking out paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(2) The term ‘acquisition program decision’ has the meaning prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in regulations.”.
SEC. 808. PROCUREMENT OF ITEMS FOR EXPERIMENTAL OR TEST PURPOSES.

Section 2373(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “only” after “applies”.

SEC. 809. QUALITY CONTROL IN PROCUREMENTS OF CRITICAL AIRCRAFT AND SHIP SPARE PARTS.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 2383 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 141 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2383.

SEC. 810. USE OF FUNDS FOR ACQUISITION OF DESIGNS, PROCESSES, TECHNICAL DATA, AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE.

Section 2386(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(3) Design and process data, technical data, and computer software.”.

SEC. 811. INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATES FOR MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

Section 2434(b)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(A) be prepared—

“(i) by an office or other entity that is not under the supervision, direction, or control of the military department, Defense
Agency, or other component of the Department of Defense that is directly responsible for carrying out the development or acquisition of the program; or

"(ii) if the decision authority for the program has been delegated to an official of a military department, Defense Agency, or other component of the Department of Defense, by an office or other entity that is not directly responsible for carrying out the development or acquisition of the program; and"

SEC. 812. FEES FOR CERTAIN TESTING SERVICES.

Section 2539b(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "and indirect" after "recoup the direct".

SEC. 813. CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR, ALTERATION, FURNISHING, AND EQUIPPING OF NAVAL VESSELS.

(a) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS.—Chapter 633 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 7297 the following:

§ 7299. Contracts: applicability of Walsh-Healey Act

"Each contract for the construction, alteration, furnishing, or equipping of a naval vessel is subject to the Walsh-Healey Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.) unless the Presi-
dent determines that this requirement is not in the interest of national defense.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 7297 the following: “7299. Contracts: applicability of Walsh-Healey Act.”.

SEC. 814. CIVIL RESERVE AIR FLEET.

Section 9512 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “full Civil Reserve Air Fleet” both places it appears in subsections (b)(2) and (e) and inserting in lieu thereof “Civil Reserve Air Fleet”.

SEC. 815. COST AND PRICING DATA.

(a) Armed Services Procurements.—Section 2306a(d)(2)(A)(i) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “and the procurement is not covered by an exception in subsection (b),” and inserting in lieu thereof “and the offeror or contractor requests to be exempted from the requirement for submission of cost or pricing data pursuant to this subsection,”.

(b) Civilian Agency Procurements.—Section 304A(d)(2)(A)(i) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 254b(d)(2)(A)(i)) is amended by striking out “and the procurement is not covered by an exception in subsection (b),” and inserting in lieu thereof “and the offeror or contractor requests to be e-
empted from the requirement for submission of cost or pricing data pursuant to this subsection.”.

SEC. 816. PROCUREMENT NOTICE TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

Section 18(c)(1)(E) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(c)(1)(E)) is amended by inserting after “requirements contract” the following: “, a task order contract, or a delivery order contract”.

SEC. 817. REPEAL OF DUPLICATIVE AUTHORITY FOR SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION PURCHASES.

Section 31 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsections (a), (b), and (c);

(2) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as (a), (b), and (c), respectively;

(3) in subsection (b), as so redesignated, by striking out “provided in the Federal Acquisition Regulation pursuant to this section” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “contained in the Federal Acquisition Regulation”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(d) PROCEDURES DEFINED.—The simplified acquisition procedures referred to in this section are the simplified acquisition procedures that are provided in the Federal Acquisition Regulation pursuant to section 2304(g) of title 10,
United States Code, and section 303(g) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)).

SEC. 818. MICRO-PURCHASES WITHOUT COMPETITIVE QUOTATIONS.

Section 32(d) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 428) is amended by striking out “the contracting officer” and inserting in lieu thereof “an employee of an executive agency or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States authorized to do so”.

SEC. 819. RESTRICTION ON REIMBURSEMENT OF COSTS.

(a) None of the funds authorized to be appropriated in this Act for fiscal year 1996 may be obligated for payment on new contracts on which allowable costs charged to the Government include payments for individual compensation (including bonuses and other incentives) at a rate in excess of $250,000.

(b) It is the sense of the Senate that the Congress should consider extending the restriction described in section (a) permanently.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

SEC. 821. PROCUREMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(5), $12,000,000 shall be available
for carrying out the provisions of chapter 142 of title 10, United States Code.

(b) Specific Programs.—Of the amounts made available pursuant to subsection (a), $600,000 shall be available for fiscal year 1996 for the purpose of carrying out programs sponsored by eligible entities referred to in subparagraph (D) of section 2411(1) of title 10, United States Code, that provide procurement technical assistance in distressed areas referred to in subparagraph (B) of section 2411(2) of such title. If there is an insufficient number of satisfactory proposals for cooperative agreements in such distressed areas to allow effective use of the funds made available in accordance with this subsection in such areas, the funds shall be allocated among the Defense Contract Administration Services regions in accordance with section 2415 of such title.

SEC. 822. TREATMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CABLE TELEVISION FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS.

For purposes of part 49 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, a cable television franchise agreement of the Department of Defense shall be considered a contract for telecommunications services.
SEC. 823. PRESERVATION OF AMMUNITION INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) Review of Ammunition Procurement and Management Programs.—(1) Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall commence a review of the ammunition procurement and management programs of the Department of Defense, including the planning for, budgeting for, administration, and carrying out of such programs.

(2) The review under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of the following matters:

(A) The practicability and desirability of using centralized procurement practices to procure all ammunition required by the Armed Forces.

(B) The capability of the ammunition production facilities of the United States to meet the ammunition requirements of the Armed Forces.

(C) The practicability and desirability of privatizing such ammunition production facilities.

(D) The practicability and desirability of using integrated budget planning among the Armed Forces for the procurement of ammunition.

(E) The practicability and desirability of establishing an advocate within the Department of Defense for ammunition industrial base matters who shall be responsible for—
(i) establishing the quantity and price of ammunition procured by the Armed Forces; and

(ii) establishing and implementing policy to ensure the continuing viability of the ammunition industrial base in the United States.

(F) The practicability and desirability of providing information on the ammunition procurement practices of the Armed Forces to Congress through a single source.

(b) Report.—Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the following:

(1) The results of the review carried out under subsection (a).

(2) A discussion of the methodologies used in carrying out the review.

(3) An assessment of various methods of ensuring the continuing viability of the ammunition industrial base of the United States.

(4) Recommendations of means (including legislation) of implementing such methods in order to ensure such viability.
TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

SEC. 901. REDESIGNATION OF THE POSITION OF ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR ATOMIC ENERGY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Section 142 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 142. Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs;

(B) in subsection (a), by striking out “Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy” and inserting in lieu thereof “Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs”; and

(C) by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(b) The Assistant to the Secretary shall—

“(1) advise the Secretary of Defense on nuclear energy, nuclear weapons, and chemical and biological defense;
“(2) serve as the Staff Director of the Nuclear Weapons Council established by section 179 of this title; and

“(3) perform such additional duties as the Secretary may prescribe.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 4 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 142 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“142. Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs.”.

(b) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 179(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs.”.

(2) Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out “The Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Atomic Energy, Department of Defense.” and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs, Department of Defense.”.
SEC. 1001. TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) Authority To Transfer Authorizations.—(1) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 1996 between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred. (2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary of Defense may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed $2,000,000,000.

(b) Limitations.—The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(c) Effect on Authorization Amounts.—A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this section shall be deemed to increase the amount au-
thorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(d) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall promptly notify Congress of each transfer made under subsection (a).

SEC. 1002. DISBURSING AND CERTIFYING OFFICIALS.

(a) DISBURSING OFFICIALS.—(1) Section 3321(c) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) The Department of Defense."

(2) Section 2773 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking out "With the approval of the Secretary of a military department when the Secretary considers it necessary, a disbursing official of the military department" and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to paragraph (3), a disbursing official of the Department of Defense";

and

(ii) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(3) A disbursing official may make a designation under paragraph (1) only with the approval of the Secretary of Defense or, in the case of a disbursing official of
a military department, the Secretary of that military de-
partment.”; and
(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking out “any
military department” and inserting in lieu thereof
“the Department of Defense”.
(b) DESIGNATION OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED
FORCES TO HAVE AUTHORITY TO CERTIFY VOUCHERS.—
Section 3325(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
to read as follows:
“(b) In addition to officers and employees referred to
in subsection (a)(1)(B) of this section as having authoriza-
tion to certify vouchers, members of the armed forces under
the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense may certify
vouchers when authorized, in writing, by the Secretary to
do so.”.
(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 1012 of
title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out
“Secretary concerned” both places it appears and inserting
in lieu thereof “Secretary of Defense”.
(2) Section 1007(a) of title 37, United States Code,
is amended by striking out “Secretary concerned” and in-
serting in lieu thereof “Secretary of Defense, or upon the
denial of relief of an officer pursuant to section 3527 of
title 31”.
(3)(A) Section 7863 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking out “disbursements of public moneys or” and “the money was paid or”; and

(ii) in the second sentence, by striking out “disbursement or”.

(B)(i) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

“§ 7863. Disposal of public stores by order of commanding officer”.

(ii) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 661 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“7863. Disposal of public stores by order of commanding officer.”.

(4) Section 3527(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out “a disbursing official of the armed forces” and inserting in lieu thereof “an official of the armed forces referred to in subsection (a)”;

(B) by striking out “records,” and inserting in lieu thereof “records, or a payment described in section 3528(a)(4)(A) of this title,”;

(C) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), and realigning such clauses four ems from the left margin;
(D) by inserting before clause (i), as redesignated by subparagraph (C), the following:

“(A) in the case of a physical loss or deficiency—”;

(E) in clause (iii), as redesignated by subparagraph (C), by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof “; or”; and

(F) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) in the case of a payment described in section 3528(a)(4)(A) of this title, the Secretary of Defense or the appropriate Secretary of the military department of the Department of Defense, after taking a diligent collection action, finds that the criteria of section 3528(b)(1) of this title are satisfied.”.

SEC. 1003. DEFENSE MODERNIZATION ACCOUNT.

(a) Establishment and Use.—(1) Chapter 131 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 2221. Defense Modernization Account

“(a) Establishment.—There is established in the Treasury a special account to be known as the ‘Defense Modernization Account’.

“(b) Credits to Account.—(1) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, and upon a determination by the Secretary concerned of the availability and
(A) any amount of unexpired funds available to the Secretary for procurements that, as a result of economies, efficiencies, and other savings achieved in the procurements, are excess to the funding requirements of the procurements; and

(B) any amount of unexpired funds available to the Secretary for support of installations and facilities that, as a result of economies, efficiencies, and other savings, are excess to the funding requirements for support of installations and facilities.

(2) Funds referred to in paragraph (1) may not be transferred to the Defense Modernization Account by a Secretary concerned if—

(A) the funds are necessary for programs, projects, and activities that, as determined by the Secretary, have a higher priority than the purposes for which the funds would be available if transferred to that account; or

(B) the balance of funds in the account, after transfer of funds to the account would exceed $1,000,000,000.
“(3) Amounts credited to the Defense Modernization Account shall remain available for transfer until the end of the third fiscal year that follows the fiscal year in which the amounts are credited to the account.

“(4) The period of availability of funds for expenditure provided for in sections 1551 and 1552 of title 31 shall not be extended by transfer into the Defense Modernization Account.

“(c) Attribution of Funds.—The funds transferred to the Defense Modernization Account by a military department, Defense Agency, or other element of the Department of Defense shall be available in accordance with subsections (f) and (g) only for that military department, Defense Agency, or element.

“(d) Use of Funds.—Funds available from the Defense Modernization Account pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) may be used only for the following purposes:

“(1) For increasing, subject to subsection (e), the quantity of items and services procured under a procurement program in order to achieve a more efficient production or delivery rate.

“(2) For research, development, test and evaluation and procurement necessary for modernization of an existing system or of a system being procured under an ongoing procurement program.
"(e) Limitations.—(1) Funds from the Defense Modernization Account may not be used to increase the quantity of an item or services procured under a particular procurement program to the extent that doing so would—

"(A) result in procurement of a total quantity of items or services in excess of—

"(i) a specific limitation provided in law on the quantity of the items or services that may be procured; or

"(ii) the requirement for the items or services as approved by the Joint Requirements Oversight Council and reported to Congress by the Secretary of Defense; or

"(B) result in an obligation or expenditure of funds in excess of a specific limitation provided in law on the amount that may be obligated or expended, respectively, for the procurement program.

"(2) Funds from the Defense Modernization Account may not be used for a purpose or program for which Congress has not authorized appropriations.

"(3) Funds may not be transferred from the Defense Modernization Account in any year for the purpose of—

"(A) making any expenditure for which there is no corresponding obligation; or
“(B) making any expenditure that would satisfy an unliquidated or unrecorded obligation arising in a prior fiscal year.

“(f) Transfer of Funds.—(1) Funds in the Defense Modernization Account may be transferred in any fiscal year to appropriations available for use for purposes set forth in subsection (d).

“(2) Before funds in the Defense Modernization Account are transferred under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall transmit to the congressional defense committees a notification of the amount and purpose of the proposed transfer.

“(3) The total amount of the transfers from the Defense Modernization Account may not exceed $500,000,000 in any fiscal year.

“(g) Availability of Funds for Appropriation.—Funds in the Defense Modernization Account may be appropriated for purposes set forth in subsection (d) to the extent provided in Acts authorizing appropriations for the Department of the Defense.

“(h) Secretary To Act Through Comptroller.—In exercising authority under this section, the Secretary of Defense shall act through the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller), who shall be authorized to implement this section through the issuance of any necessary regulations,
policies, and procedures after consultation with the General
Counsel and Inspector General of the Department of De-
fense.

“(i) Quarterly Report.—Not later than 15 days
after the end of each calendar quarter, the Secretary of De-
fense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress
a report setting forth the amount and source of each credit
to the Defense Modernization Account during the quarter
and the amount and purpose of each transfer from the ac-
count during the quarter.

“(j) Definitions.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘Secretary concerned’ includes the
Secretary of Defense.

“(2) The term ‘unexpired funds’ means funds ap-
propriated for a definite period that remain available
for obligation.

“(3) The term ‘congressional defense committees’
means—

“(A) the Committees on Armed Services and
Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committees on National Security
and Appropriations of the House of Representa-
tives.

“(4) The term ‘appropriate committees of Con-
gress’ means—
“(A) the congressional defense committees;
(B) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
(C) the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives.

“(k) Inapplicability to Coast Guard.—This section does not apply to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 131 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2221. Defense Modernization Account.”.

(b) Effective Date.—Section 2221 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall take effect on October 1, 1995, and shall apply only to funds appropriated for fiscal years beginning on or after that date.

(c) Expiration of Authority and Account.—(1) The authority under section 2221(b) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), to transfer funds into the Defense Modernization Account shall terminate on October 1, 2003.

(2) Three years after the termination of transfer authority under paragraph (1), the Defense Modernization Account shall be closed and the remaining balance in the account shall be canceled and thereafter shall not be available for any purpose.
(3)(A) The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct two reviews of the administration of the Defense Modernization Account. In each review, the Comptroller General shall assess the operations and benefits of the account.

(B) Not later than March 1, 2000, the Comptroller General shall—

(i) complete the first review; and

(ii) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an initial report on the administration and benefits of the Defense Modernization Account.

(C) Not later than March 1, 2003, the Comptroller General shall—

(i) complete the second review; and

(ii) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a final report on the administration and benefits of the Defense Modernization Account.

(D) Each report shall include any recommended legislation regarding the account that the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

(E) In this paragraph, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” has the meaning given such term in section 2221(j)(4) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).
SEC. 1004. AUTHORIZATION OF PRIOR EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.

(a) Adjustment to Previous Authorizations.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1995 in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337) are hereby adjusted, with respect to any such authorized amount, by the amount by which appropriations pursuant to such authorization were increased (by a supplemental appropriation) or decreased (by a rescission), or both, in title I of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations and Rescissions for the Department of Defense to Preserve and Enhance Military Readiness Act of 1995 (Public Law 104–6).

(b) New Authorization.—The appropriation provided in section 104 of such Act is hereby authorized.

SEC. 1005. LIMITATION ON USE OF AUTHORITY TO PAY FOR EMERGENCY AND EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES.

Section 127 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):
“(c)(1) Funds may not be obligated or expended in an amount in excess of $500,000 under the authority of subsection (a) or (b) until the Secretary of Defense has notified the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and Appropriations of the House of Representatives of the intent to obligate or expend the funds, and—

“(A) in the case of an obligation or expenditure in excess of $1,000,000, 15 days have elapsed since the date of the notification; or

“(B) in the case of an obligation or expenditure in excess of $500,000, but not in excess of $1,000,000, 5 days have elapsed since the date of the notification.

“(2) Subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) shall not apply to an obligation or expenditure of funds otherwise covered by such subparagraph if the Secretary of Defense determines that the national security objectives of the United States will be compromised by the application of the subparagraph to the obligation or expenditure. If the Secretary makes a determination with respect to an expenditure under the preceding sentence, the Secretary shall notify the committees referred to in paragraph (1) not later than the later of—

“(A) 30 days after the date of the expenditure; or
“(B) the date on which the activity for which the expenditure is made is completed. 

“(3) A notification under this subsection shall include the amount to be obligated or expended, as the case may be, and the purpose of the obligation or expenditure.”.

SEC. 1006. TRANSFER AUTHORITY REGARDING FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS.

(a) Transfers to Military Personnel Accounts Authorized.—Section 2779 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) Transfers to Military Personnel Accounts.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may transfer funds to military personnel appropriations for a fiscal year out of funds available to the Department of Defense for that fiscal year under the appropriation ‘Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense’. 

“(2) This subsection applies with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995.”.

(b) Revision and Codification of Authority for Transfers to Foreign Currency Fluctuations Account.—Section 2779 of such title, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
“(d) Transfers to Foreign Currency Fluctuations Account.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may transfer to the appropriation ‘Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense’ unobligated amounts of funds appropriated for operation and maintenance and unobligated amounts of funds appropriated for military personnel.

“(2) Any transfer from an appropriation under paragraph (1) shall be made not later than the end of the second fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the appropriation is provided.

“(3) Any transfer made pursuant to the authority provided in this subsection shall be limited so that the amount in the appropriation ‘Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense’ does not exceed $970,000,000 at the time such transfer is made.

“(4) This subsection applies with respect to appropriations for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995.”.

(c) Conditions of Availability for Transferred Funds.—Section 2779 of such title, as amended by subsection (b), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) Conditions of Availability for Transferred Funds.—Amounts transferred under subsection (c) or (d) shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes
and for the same period as the appropriations to which transferred.

(d) **Conforming and Technical Amendments.**—(1)
Section 767A of Public Law 96-527 (94 Stat. 3093) is repealed.

(2) Section 791 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1983 (enacted in section 101(c) of Public Law 97-377; 96 Stat. 1865) is repealed.

(3) Section 2779 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “(a)(1)” and inserting in lieu thereof “(a) **Transfers Back to Foreign Currency Fluctuations Appropriation.**—(1)”;

and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out “(b)(1)” and inserting in lieu thereof “(b) **Funding for Losses in Military Construction and Family Housing.**—(1)”.

SEC. 1007. REPORT ON BUDGET SUBMISSION REGARDING RESERVE COMPONENTS.

(a) **Special Report.**—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, at the same time that the President submits the budget for fiscal year 1997 under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code,
a special report on funding for the reserve components of
the Armed Forces.

(b) CONTENT.—The report shall contain the following:

(1) The actions taken by the Department of De-
fense to enhance the Army National Guard, the Air
National Guard, and each of the other reserve compo-

(2) A separate listing, with respect to the Army
National Guard, the Air National Guard, and each of
the other reserve components, of each of the following:

(A) The specific amount requested for each
major weapon system.

(B) The specific amount requested for each
item of equipment.

(C) The specific amount requested for each
military construction project, together with the
location of each such project.

(3) If the total amount reported in accordance
with paragraph (2) is less than $1,080,000,000, an
additional separate listing described in paragraph (2)
in a total amount equal to $1,080,000,000.

Subtitle B—Naval Vessels

SEC. 1011. IOWA CLASS BATTLESHIPS.

(a) RETURN TO NAVAL VESSEL REGISTER.—The Sec-

etary of the Navy shall list on the Naval Vessel Register,
and maintain on such register, at least two of the Iowa class battleships that were stricken from the register in February 1995.

(b) Selection of Ships.—The Secretary shall select for listing on the register under subsection (a) the Iowa class battleships that are in the best material condition. In determining which battleships are in the best material condition, the Secretary shall take into consideration the findings of the Board of Inspection and Survey of the Navy, the extent to which each battleship has been modernized during the last period of active service of the battleship, and the military utility of each battleship after the modernization.

(c) Support.—The Secretary shall retain the existing logistical support necessary for support of at least two operational Iowa class battleships in active service, including technical manuals, repair and replacement parts, and ordnance.

(d) Replacement Capability.—The requirements of this section shall cease to be effective 60 days after the Secretary certifies in writing to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives that the Navy has within the fleet an operational surface fire support capability that equals or exceeds the fire support capability that the Iowa
class battleships listed on the Naval Vessel Register pursuant to subsection (a) would, if in active service, be able to provide for Marine Corps amphibious assaults and operations ashore.

SEC. 1012. TRANSFER OF NAVAL VESSELS TO CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer—

(1) to the Government of Bahrain the Oliver Hazard Perry class guided missile frigate Jack Williams (FFG 24);

(2) to the Government of Egypt the Oliver Hazard Perry class frigates Duncan (FFG 10) and Copeland (FFG 25);

(3) to the Government of Oman the Oliver Hazard Perry class guided missile frigate Mahlon S. Tisdale (FFG 27);

(4) to the Government of Turkey the Oliver Hazard Perry class frigates Clifton Sprague (FFG 16), Antrim (FFG 20), and Flatley (FFG 21); and

(5) to the Government of the United Arab Emirates the Oliver Hazard Perry class guided missile frigate Gallery (FFG 26).

(b) FORMS OF TRANSFER.—(1) A transfer under paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) of subsection (a) shall be on a

(2) A transfer under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) shall be on a lease basis under section 61 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796).

(c) Costs of Transfers.—Any expense incurred by the United States in connection with a transfer authorized by subsection (a) shall be charged to the recipient.

(d) Expiration of Authority.—The authority to transfer a vessel under subsection (a) shall expire at the end of the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, except that a lease entered into during that period under subsection (b)(2) may be renewed.

SEC. 1013. NAMING AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS.

(a) Findings.—The Senate finds that:

(1) This year is the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Iwo Jima, one of the great victories in all of the Marine Corps' illustrious history.

(2) The Navy has recently retired the ship that honored that battle, the U.S.S. IWO JIMA (LPH-2), the first ship in a class of amphibious assault ships.

(3) This Act authorizes the LHD-7, the final ship of the Wasp class of amphibious assault ships that will replace the Iwo Jima class of ships.
(4) The Navy is planning to start building a new class of amphibious transport docks, now called the LPD-17 class. This Act also authorizes funds that will lead to procurement of these vessels.

(5) There has been some confusion in the rationale behind naming new naval vessels with traditional naming conventions frequently violated.

(6) Although there have been good and sufficient reasons to depart from naming conventions in the past, the rationale for such departures has not always been clear.

(b) Sense of the Senate.—In light of these findings, expressed in subsection (a), it is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of the Navy should:

(1) Name the LHD-7 the U.S.S. IWO JIMA.

(2) Name the LPD-17 and all future ships of the LPD-17 class after famous Marine Corps battles or famous Marine Corps heroes.

Subtitle C—Counter-Drug Activities

Sec. 1021. Revision and clarification of authority for federal support of drug interdiction and counter-drug activities of the National Guard.

(a) Funding Assistance.—Subsection (a) of section 112 of title 32, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking out “submits a plan to the Secretary under subsection (b)” in the matter above paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof “submits to the Secretary a State drug interdiction and counter-drug activities plan satisfying the requirements of subsection (c)”;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(3) by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(1) the pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses, as authorized by State law, of personnel of the National Guard of that State used, while not in Federal service, for the purpose of drug interdiction and counter-drug activities;

“(2) the operation and maintenance of the equipment and facilities of the National Guard of that State used for the purpose of drug interdiction and counter-drug activities; and”.

(b) USE OF PERSONNEL PERFORMING FULL-TIME NATIONAL GUARD DUTY.—Section 112 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e);
(2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) as subsections (c), (d), (f), and (g), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):

``(b) USE OF PERSONNEL PERFORMING FULL TIME NATIONAL GUARD DUTY.—(1) Subject to subsection (e), personnel of the National Guard of a State may be ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title for the purpose of carrying out drug interdiction and counter-drug activities.

“(2) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, the Governor of a State may, in accordance with the State drug interdiction and counter-drug activities plan referred to in subsection (c), request that personnel of the National Guard of the State be ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title for the purpose of carrying out drug interdiction and counter-drug activities.”.

(c) STATE PLAN.—Subsection (c) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended—

(1) in the matter above paragraph (1), by striking out “A plan” and inserting in lieu thereof “A State drug interdiction and counter-drug activities plan”;

HR 1530 EAS
(2) by striking out “and” at the end of paragraph (2); and

(3) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking out “annual training” and inserting in lieu thereof “training”;

(B) by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(4) include a certification by the Attorney General of the State (or, in the case of a State with no position of Attorney General, a civilian official of the State equivalent to a State attorney general) that the use of the National Guard of the State for the activities proposed under the plan is authorized by, and is consistent with, State law; and

“(5) certify that the Governor of the State or a civilian law enforcement official of the State designated by the Governor has determined that any activities included in the plan that are carried out in conjunction with Federal law enforcement agencies serve a State law enforcement purpose.”.

(d) EXAMINATION OF STATE PLAN.—Subsection (d) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—
(A) by inserting after “Before funds are provided to the Governor of a State under this section” the following: “and before members of the National Guard of that State are ordered to full-time National Guard duty as authorized in subsection (b)(1)”; and

(B) by striking out “subsection (b)” and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (c)”; and

(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking out “subsection (b)” in subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (c)”; and

(B) by striking out subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(B) pursuant to the plan submitted for a previous fiscal year, funds were provided to the State in accordance with subsection (a) or personnel of the National Guard of the State were ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty in accordance with subsection (b).”.

(e) END STRENGTH LIMITATION.—Such section is amended by inserting after subsection (d), as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), the following new subsection (e):

“(e) END STRENGTH LIMITATION.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), at the end of a fiscal year there
may not be more than 4000 members of the National Guard—

"(A) on full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title to perform drug interdiction or counter-drug activities pursuant to an order to duty for a period of more than 180 days; or

"(B) on duty under State authority to perform drug interdiction or counter-drug activities pursuant to an order to duty for a period of more than 180 days with State pay and allowances being reimbursed with funds provided under subsection (a)(1).

"(2) The Secretary of Defense may increase the end strength authorized under paragraph (1) by not more than 20 percent for any fiscal year if the Secretary determines that such an increase is necessary in the national security interests of the United States."

(f) Definitions.—Subsection (g) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) The term ‘drug interdiction and counter-drug activities’, with respect to the National Guard of a State, means the use of National Guard personnel in drug interdiction and counter-drug law enforce-
372

ment activities authorized by the law of the State and requested by the Governor of the State.”.

SEC. 1022. NATIONAL DRUG INTELLIGENCE CENTER.

(a) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Except as provided in subsection (b), funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense pursuant to this or any other Act may not be obligated or expended for the National Drug Intelligence Center, Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

(b) EXCEPTION.—If the Attorney General operates the National Drug Intelligence Center using funds available for the Department of Justice, the Secretary of Defense may continue to provide Department of Defense intelligence personnel to support intelligence activities at the Center. The number of such personnel providing support to the Center after the date of the enactment of this Act may not exceed the number of the Department of Defense intelligence personnel who are supporting intelligence activities at the Center on the day before such date.

SEC. 1023. ASSISTANCE TO CUSTOMS SERVICE.

(a) NONINTRUSIVE INSPECTION SYSTEMS.—The Secretary of Defense shall, using funds available pursuant to subsection (b), either—
(1) procure nonintrusive inspection systems and
transfer the systems to the United States Customs
Service; or
(2) transfer the funds to the Secretary of the
Treasury for use to procure nonintrusive inspection
systems for the United States Customs Service.

(b) FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized to be appro-
priated under section 301(15), $25,000,000 shall be avail-
able for carrying out subsection (a).

Subtitle D—Department of Defense
Education Programs

SEC. 1031. CONTINUATION OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES
UNIVERSITY OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES.

(a) POLICY.—Congress reaffirms—
(1) the prohibition set forth in subsection (a) of
section 922 of the National Defense Authorization Act
2829; 10 U.S.C. 2112 note) regarding closure of the
Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences;
and
(2) the expression of the sense of Congress set
forth in subsection (b) of such section regarding the
budgetary commitment to continuation of the univer-
sity.
(b) Personnel Strength.—During the 5-year period beginning on October 1, 1995, the personnel staffing levels for the Uniformed Services University of the Health Services may not be reduced below the personnel staffing levels for the university as of October 1, 1993.

SEC. 1032. ADDITIONAL GRADUATE SCHOOLS AND PROGRAMS AT THE UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIVERSITY OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES.

Section 2113 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (h) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(h) The Board may establish the following educational programs:

"(1) Postdoctoral, postgraduate, and technological institutes.

"(2) A graduate school of nursing.

"(3) Other schools or programs that the Board determines necessary in order to operate the University in a cost-effective manner."

SEC. 1033. FUNDING FOR BASIC ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAMS FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL AND DEPENDENTS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 301, $600,000 shall be available to carry out
adult education programs, consistent with the Adult Edu-
cation Act (20 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.), for—

(1) members of the Armed Forces who are serv-
ing in locations that are outside the United States
and not described in subsection (b) of such section
313; and

(2) the dependents of such members.

SEC. 1034. SCOPE OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS OF COMMU-
NITY COLLEGE OF THE AIR FORCE.

Section 9315(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by striking out “for enlisted members of the armed
forces” and inserting in lieu thereof “for enlisted members
of the Air Force”.

SEC. 1035. DATE FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON SELECTED RE-
SERVE EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 16137 of title 10, United States Code, is
amended by striking out “December 15 of each year” and
inserting in lieu thereof “March 1 of each year”.

SEC. 1036. ESTABLISHMENT OF JUNIOR R.O.T.C. UNITS IN
INDIAN RESERVATION SCHOOLS.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense
should ensure that secondary educational institutions on
Indian reservations are afforded a full opportunity along
with other secondary educational institutions to be selected
as locations for establishment of new Junior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps units.

Subtitle E—Cooperative Threat Reduction With States of the Former Soviet Union

SEC. 1041. COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROGRAMS DEFINED.

For purposes of this subtitle, Cooperative Threat Reduction programs are the programs described in section 1203(b) of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 (title XII of Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1778; 22 U.S.C. 5952(b)).

SEC. 1042. FUNDING MATTERS.

(a) LIMITATION.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301(18) may not be obligated for any program established primarily to assist nuclear weapons scientists in States of the former Soviet Union until 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense certifies in writing to Congress that the funds to be obligated will not be used to contribute to the modernization of the strategic nuclear forces of such States or for research, development, or production of weapons of mass destruction.

(b) REIMBURSEMENT OF PAY ACCOUNTS.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under section 301(18) may be transferred to military personnel accounts for reimburse-
ment of those accounts for the pay and allowances paid to reserve component personnel for service while engaged in any activity under a Cooperative Threat Reduction program.

SEC. 1043. LIMITATION RELATING TO OFFENSIVE BIOLOGICAL WARFARE PROGRAM OF RUSSIA.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Even though the President of Russia and other senior leaders of the Russian government have committed Russia to comply with the Biological Weapons Convention, a June 1995 United States Government report asserts that official United States concern remains about the Russian biological warfare program.

(2) In reviewing the President's budget request for fiscal year 1996 for Cooperative Threat Reduction, and consistent with the finding in section 1207(a)(5) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 2884), the Senate has taken into consideration the questions and concerns about Russia's biological warfare program and Russia's compliance with the obligations under the Biological Weapons Convention.

(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION.—Of the amount available under sec-
tion 301(18) for Cooperative Threat Reduction programs, $50,000,000 shall be reserved and not obligated until the President certifies to Congress that Russia is in compliance with the obligations under the Biological Weapons Convention.

SEC. 1044. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION.

(a) LIMITATION.— Of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 1996 under the heading “FORMER SOVIET UNION THREAT REDUCTION” for dismantlement and destruction of chemical weapons, not more than $52,000,000 may be obligated or expended for that purpose until the President certifies to Congress the following:

(1) That the United States and Russia have completed a joint laboratory study evaluating the proposal of Russia to neutralize its chemical weapons and the United States agrees with the proposal.

(2) That Russia is in the process of preparing, with the assistance of the United States (if necessary), a comprehensive plan to manage the dismantlement and destruction of the Russia chemical weapons stockpile.

(3) That the United States and Russia are committed to resolving outstanding issues under the 1989
Wyoming Memorandum of Understanding and the 1990 Bilateral Destruction Agreement.

(b) Definitions.—In this section:


(2) The term “1990 Bilateral Destruction Agreement” means the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on destruction and non-production of chemical weapons and on measures to facilitate the multilateral convention on banning chemical weapons signed on June 1, 1990.

Subtitle F—Matters Relating to Other Nations

SEC. 1051. COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS WITH NATO ORGANIZATIONS.

Section 2350b(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or a NATO organization” after “a participant (other than the United States)”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting “or a NATO organization” after “a cooperative project”.

**SEC. 1052. NATIONAL SECURITY IMPLICATIONS OF UNITED STATES EXPORT CONTROL POLICY.**

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Export controls remain an important element of the national security policy of the United States.

(2) It is in the national interest that United States export control policy prevent the transfer, to potential adversaries or combatants of the United States, of technology that threatens the national security or defense of the United States.

(3) It is in the national interest that the United States monitor aggressively the export of technology in order to prevent its diversion to potential adversaries or combatants of the United States.

(4) The Department of Defense relies increasingly on commercial and dual-use technologies, products, and processes to support United States military capabilities and economic strength.
(5) The Department of Defense evaluates license applications for the export of commodities whose export is controlled for national security reasons if such commodities are exported to certain countries, but the Department does not evaluate license applications for the export of such commodities if such commodities are exported to other countries.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the maintenance of the military advantage of the United States depends on effective export controls on dual-use items and technologies that are critical to the military capabilities of the Armed Forces;

(2) the Government should identify the dual-use items and technologies that are critical to the military capabilities of the Armed Forces, including the military use made of such items and technologies, and should reevaluate the export control policy of the United States in light of such identification; and

(3) the Government should utilize unilateral export controls on dual-use items and technologies that are critical to the military capabilities of the Armed Forces (regardless of the availability of such items or technologies overseas) with respect to the countries that—
(A) pose a threat to the national security interests of the United States; and

(B) are not members in good standing of bilateral or multilateral agreements to which the United States is a party on the use of such items and technologies.

(c) REPORT REQUIRED.—(1) Not later than December 1, 1995, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and on International Relations of the House of Representatives a report on the effect of the export control policy of the United States on the national security interests of the United States.

(2) The report shall include the following:

(A) A list setting forth each country determined to be a rogue nation or potential adversary or combatant of the United States.

(B) For each country so listed, a list of—

(i) the categories of items that should be prohibited for export to the country;

(ii) the categories of items that should be exported to the country only under an individual license with conditions; and
(iii) the categories of items that may be exported to the country under a general distribution license.

(C) For each category of items listed under clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (B)—

(i) a statement whether export controls on the category of items are to be imposed under a multilateral international agreement or a unilateral decision of the United States; and

(ii) a justification for the decision not to prohibit the export of the items to the country.

(D) A description of United States policy on sharing satellite imagery that has military significance and a discussion of the criteria for determining the imagery that has that significance.

(E) A description of the relationship between United States policy on the export of space launch vehicle technology and the Missile Technology Control Regime.

(F) An assessment of United States efforts to support the inclusion of additional countries in the Missile Technology Control Regime.

(G) An assessment of the on-going efforts made by potential participant countries in the Missile
Technology Control Regime to meet the guidelines established by the Missile Technology Control Regime.

(H) A brief discussion of the history of the space launch vehicle programs of other countries, including a discussion of the military origins and purposes of such programs and the current level of military involvement in such programs.

(3) The Secretary shall submit the report in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

(4) In this subsection, the term "Missile Technology Control Regime" means the policy statement between the United States, the United Kingdom, the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Canada, and Japan, announced on April 16, 1987, to restrict sensitive missile-relevant transfers based on the Missile Technology Control Regime Annex, and any amendments thereto.

(d) Department of Defense Review of Export Licenses for Certain Biological Pathogens.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with appropriate elements of the intelligence community, review each application that is submitted to the Secretary of Commerce for an individual validated license for the export of a class 2, class 3, or class 4 biological pathogen to a country known or suspected to have an offensive biological weapons program. The purpose
of the review is to determine if the export of the pathogen pursuant to the license would be contrary to the national security interests of the United States.

(2) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the intelligence community, shall periodically inform the Secretary of Commerce as to the countries known or suspected to have an offensive biological weapons program.

(3) In order to facilitate the review of an application for an export license by appropriate elements of the intelligence committee under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit a copy of the application to such appropriate elements.

(4) The Secretary of Defense shall carry out the review of an application under this subsection not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Commerce forwards a copy of the application to the Secretary of Defense for review.

(5) Upon completion of the review of an application for an export license under this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Secretary of Commerce if the export of a biological pathogen pursuant to the license would be contrary to the national security interests of the United States.
(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon receipt of a notification with respect to an application for an export license under paragraph (5), the Secretary of Commerce shall deny the application.

(7) In this subsection:

(A) The term "class 2, class 3, or class 4 biological pathogen" means any biological pathogen characterized as a class 2, class 3, or class 4 biological pathogen by the Centers for Disease Control.

(B) The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4).

SEC. 1053. DEFENSE EXPORT LOAN GUARANTEES.

(a) Establishment of Program.—(1) Chapter 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

"SUBCHAPTER VI—DEFENSE EXPORT LOAN GUARANTEES

"2540. Establishment of loan guarantee program.
"2540a. Transferability.
"2540b. Limitations.
"2540c. Fees charged and collected.
"2540d. Definitions.

§ 2540. Establishment of loan guarantee program

(a) Establishment.—In order to meet the national security objectives in section 2501(a) of this title, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a program under which the
Secretary may issue guarantees assuring a lender against losses of principal or interest, or both principal and interest, arising out of the financing of the sale or long-term lease of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services to a country referred to in subsection (b).

"(b) COVERED COUNTRIES.—The authority under subsection (a) applies with respect to the following countries:

"(1) A member nation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

"(2) A country designated as of March 31, 1995, as a major non-NATO ally pursuant to section 2350a(i)(3) of this title.

"(3) A country in Central Europe that, as determined by the Secretary of State—

"(A) has changed its form of national government from a nondemocratic form of government to a democratic form of government since October 1, 1989; or

"(B) is in the processing of changing its form of national government from a nondemocratic form of government to a democratic form of government.

"(4) A noncommunist country that was a member nation of the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) as of October 31, 1993.
“(c) Authority Subject to Provisions of Appropriations.—The Secretary may guarantee a loan under this subchapter only as provided in appropriations Acts.

§ 2540a. Transferability

“A guarantee issued under this subchapter shall be fully and freely transferable.

§ 2540b. Limitations

“(a) Terms and Conditions of Loan Guarantees.—In issuing a guarantee under this subchapter for a medium-term or long-term loan, the Secretary may not offer terms and conditions more beneficial than those that would be provided to the recipient by the Export-Import Bank of the United States under similar circumstances in conjunction with the provision of guarantees for nondefense articles and services.

“(b) Losses Arising From Fraud or Misrepresentation.—No payment may be made under a guarantee issued under this subchapter for a loss arising out of fraud or misrepresentation for which the party seeking payment is responsible.

“(c) No Right of Acceleration.—The Secretary of Defense may not accelerate any guaranteed loan or increment, and may not pay any amount, in respect of a guarantee issued under this subchapter, other than in accordance with the original payment terms of the loan.
§ 2540c. Fees charged and collected

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall charge a fee (known as 'exposure fee') for each guarantee issued under this subchapter.

(b) Amount.—To the extent that the cost of the loan guarantees under this subchapter is not otherwise provided for in appropriations Acts, the fee imposed under this section with respect to a loan guarantee shall be fixed in an amount determined by the Secretary to be sufficient to meet potential liabilities of the United States under the loan guarantee.

(c) Payment Terms.—The fee for each guarantee shall become due as the guarantee is issued. In the case of a guarantee for a loan which is disbursed incrementally, and for which the guarantee is correspondingly issued incrementally as portions of the loan are disbursed, the fee shall be paid incrementally in proportion to the amount of the guarantee that is issued.

§ 2540d. Definitions

In this subchapter:

(1) The terms 'defense article', 'defense services', and 'design and construction services' have the meanings given those terms in section 47 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794).

(2) The term 'cost', with respect to a loan guarantee, has the meaning given that term in section 502
of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a).”.

(2) The table of subchapters at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“VI. Defense Export Loan Guarantees ........................................................... 2540”.

(b) REPORT.—(1) Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the loan guarantee program established pursuant to section 2540 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(2) The report shall include—

(A) an analysis of the costs and benefits of the loan guarantee program; and

(B) any recommendations for modification of the program that the President considers appropriate, including—

(i) any recommended addition to the list of countries for which a guarantee may be issued under the program; and

(ii) any proposed legislation necessary to authorize a recommended modification.

SEC. 1054. LANDMINE CLEARING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

(a) REVISION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 1413 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995
(Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 2913; 10 U.S.C. 401 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) Special Requirements for Fiscal Year 1996.—Funds available for fiscal year 1996 for the program under subsection (a) may not be obligated for involvement of members of the Armed Forces in an activity under the program until the date that is 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense certifies to Congress, in writing, that the involvement of such personnel in the activity satisfies military training requirements for such personnel.

“(g) Termination of Authority.—The Secretary of Defense may not provide assistance under subsection (a) after September 30, 1996.”.

(b) Revision of Definition of Landmine.—Section 1423(d)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1831) is amended by striking out “by remote control or”.

(c) Fiscal Year 1996 Funding.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301 for Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid (OHDACA) programs of the Department of Defense, not more than $20,000,000 shall be available for the program of assistance under section 1413 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fis-
SEC. 1055. STRATEGIC COOPERATION BETWEEN THE
UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The President and Congress have repeatedly declared the long-standing United States commitment to maintaining the qualitative superiority of the Israel Defense Forces over any combination of potential adversaries.

(2) Congress continues to recognize the many benefits to the United States from its strategic relationship with Israel, including that of enhanced regional stability and technical cooperation.

(3) Despite the historic peace effort in which Israel and its neighbors are engaged, Israel continues to face severe potential threats to its national security that are compounded by terrorism and by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missiles.

(4) Congress supports enhanced United States cooperation with Israel in all fields and, especially, in finding new ways to deter or counter mutual threats.
(b) **SENSE OF CONGRESS.**—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the President should ensure that any conventional defense system or technology offered by the United States for sale to any member nation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or to any major non-NATO ally is concurrently made available for purchase by Israel unless the President determines that it would not be in the national security interests of the United States to do so; and

(2) the President should make available to Israel, within existing technology transfer laws, regulations, and policies, advanced United States technology necessary for achieving continued progress in cooperative United States-Israel research and development of theater missile defenses.

**SEC. 1056. SUPPORT SERVICES FOR THE NAVY AT THE PORT OF HAIFA, ISRAEL.**

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should promptly undertake such actions as are necessary—

(1) to improve the services available to the Navy at the Port of Haifa, Israel; and

(2) to ensure that the continuing increase in commercial activities at the Port of Haifa does not
adversely affect the availability to the Navy of the
services required by the Navy at the port.

SEC. 1057. PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO TERRORIST
COUNTRIES.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Subchapter I of chapter 134 of
title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
end the following:

"§ 2249a. Prohibition on assistance to terrorist coun-
tries

"(a) PROHIBITION.—Funds available to the Depart-
ment of Defense may not be obligated or expended to provide
financial assistance to—

"(1) any country with respect to which the Sec-
retary of State has made a determination under sec-
tion 6(j)(1)(A) of the Export Administration Act of
1979 (50 App. 2405(j));

"(2) any country identified in the latest report
submitted to Congress under section 140 of the For-
egn Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988
and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f), as providing significant
support for international terrorism; or

"(3) any other country that, as determined by
the President—
“(A) grants sanctuary from prosecution to any individual or group that has committed an act of international terrorism; or

“(B) otherwise supports international terrorism.

“(b) WAIVER.—(1) The President may waive the application of subsection (a) to a country if the President determines that it is in the national security interests of the United States to do so or that the waiver should be granted for humanitarian reasons.

“(2) The President shall—

“(A) notify the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and on International Relations of the House of Representatives at least 15 days before the waiver takes effect; and

“(B) publish a notice of the waiver in the Federal Register.

“(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘international terrorism’ has the meaning given that term in section 140(d) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f(d)).”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2249a. Prohibition on assistance to terrorist countries.”.
SEC. 1058. INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) it is in the national security interest of the United States to promote military professionalism (including an understanding of and respect for the proper role of the military in a civilian-led democratic society), the effective management of defense resources, the recognition of internationally recognized human rights, and an effective military justice system within the armed forces of allies of the United States and of countries friendly to the United States;

(2) it is in the national security interest of the United States to foster rapport, understanding, and cooperation between the Armed Forces of the United States and the armed forces of allies of the United States and of countries friendly to the United States;

(3) the international military education and training program is a low-cost method of promoting military professionalism within the armed forces of allies of the United States and of countries friendly to the United States and fostering better relations between the Armed Forces of the United States and those armed forces;
(4) the dissolution of the Soviet Union and the Warsaw Pact alliance and the spread of democracy in the Western Hemisphere have created an opportunity to promote the military professionalism of the armed forces of the affected nations; 

(5) funding for the international military education and training program of the United States has decreased dramatically in recent years; 

(6) the decrease in funding for the international military education and training program has resulted in a major decrease in the participation of personnel from Asia, Latin America, and Africa in the program; 

(7) the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the commanders in chief of the regional combatant commands have consistently testified before congressional committees that the international military education and training program fosters cooperation with and improves military management, civilian control over the military forces, and respect for human rights within foreign military forces; and 

(8) the delegation by the President to the Secretary of Defense of authority to perform functions relating to the international military education and
(b) ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED.—(1) Part I of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 23—CONTACTS UNDER PROGRAMS IN SUPPORT OF FOREIGN MILITARY FORCES"

"Sec.
"461. Military-to-military contacts and comparable activities.
"462. International military education and training.

"§ 462. International military education and training
"(a) PROGRAM AUTHORITY.—Subject to the provisions of chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2347 et seq.), the Secretary of Defense, upon the recommendation of a commander of a combatant command, or, with respect to a geographic area or areas not within the area of responsibility of a commander of a combatant command, upon the recommendation of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, may pay a portion of the costs of providing international military education and training to military personnel of foreign countries and to civilian personnel of foreign countries who perform national defense functions.

"(b) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER FUNDING.—Any amount provided pursuant to subsection (a) shall be in ad-
dition to amounts otherwise available for international military education and training for that fiscal year.”.

(2) Section 168 of title 10, United States Code, is redesignated as section 461, is transferred to chapter 23 (as added by paragraph (1)), and is inserted after the table of sections at the beginning of such chapter.

(3)(A) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of such title and the beginning of part I of such subtitle are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 22 the following:

"23. Contacts Under Programs in Support of Foreign Military Forces ..... 461".

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 6 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 168.

(c) Fiscal Year 1996 Funding.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 301(5), $20,000,000 shall be available to the Secretary of Defense for the purposes of carrying out activities under section 462 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (b).

(d) Relationship to Authority of Secretary of State.—Nothing in this section or section 462 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (b)(1)), shall impair the authority or ability of the Secretary of State to coordinate policy regarding international military education and training programs.
SEC. 1059. REPEAL OF LIMITATION REGARDING AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC FACILITIES IN GERMANY.

Section 1432 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1833) is repealed.

SEC. 1060. IMPLEMENTATION OF ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENTS.

(a) Funding.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under sections 102, 103, 104, 201, and 301, $228,900,000 shall be available for implementing arms control agreements to which the United States is a party.

(b) Limitation.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a) for the costs of implementing an arms control agreement may be used to reimburse expenses incurred by any other party to the agreement for which, without regard to any executive agreement or any policy not part of an arms control agreement—

(A) the other party is responsible under the terms of the arms control agreement; and

(B) the United States has no responsibility under the agreement.

(2) The limitation in paragraph (1) does not apply to a use of funds to fulfill a policy of the United States to reimburse expenses incurred by another party to an arms control agreement if—
(A) the policy does not modify any obligation imposed by the arms control agreement;

(B) the President—

(i) issued or approved the policy before the date of the enactment of this Act; or

(ii) has entered into an agreement on the policy with the government of another country or has approved an agreement on the policy entered into by an official of the United States and the government of another country; and

(C) the President has notified the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives of the policy or the policy agreement (as the case may be), in writing, at least 30 days before the date on which the President issued or approved the policy or has entered into or approved the policy agreement.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “arms control agreement” means an arms control treaty or other form of international arms control agreement.

(2) The term “executive agreement” is an international agreement entered into by the President that is not authorized by statute or approved by the Sen-
ate under Article II, section 2, clause 2 of the Constitution.

SEC. 1061. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON LIMITING THE PLACING OF UNITED STATES FORCES UNDER UNITED NATIONS COMMAND OR CONTROL.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the President has made United Nations peace operations a major component of the foreign and security policies of the United States;

(2) the President has committed United States military personnel under United Nations operational control to missions in Haiti, Croatia, and Macedonia that could endanger those personnel;

(3) the President has committed the United States to deploy as many as 25,000 military personnel to Bosnia-Herzegovina as peacekeepers under United Nations command and control in the event that the parties to that conflict reach a peace agreement;

(4) although the President has insisted that he will retain command of United States forces at all times, in the past this has meant administrative control of United States forces only, while operational control has been ceded to United Nations commanders, some of whom were foreign nationals;
(5) the experience of United States forces participating in combined United States-United Nations operations in Somalia, and in combined United Nations-NATO operations in the former Yugoslavia, demonstrate that prerequisites for effective military operations such as unity of command and clarity of mission have not been met by United Nations command and control arrangements; and

(6) despite the many deficiencies in the conduct of United Nations peace operations, there may be occasions when it is in the national security interests of the United States to participate in such operations.

(b) Policy.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the President should consult closely with Congress regarding any United Nations peace operation that could involve United States combat forces, and that such consultations should continue throughout the duration of such activities;

(2) the President should consult with Congress prior to a vote within the United Nations Security Council on any resolution which would authorize, extend, or revise the mandates for such activities;

(3) in view of the complexity of United Nations peace operations and the difficulty of achieving unity of command and expeditious decisionmaking, the
United States should participate in such operations only when it is clearly in the national security interest to do so;

(4) United States combat forces should be under the operational control of qualified commanders and should have clear and effective command and control arrangements and rules of engagement (which do not restrict their self-defense in any way) and clear and unambiguous mission statements; and

(5) none of the Armed Forces of the United States should be under the operational control of foreign nationals in United Nations peace enforcement operations except in the most extraordinary circumstances.

(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the term “United Nations peace enforcement operations” means any international peace enforcement or similar activity that is authorized by the United Nations Security Council under chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations; and

(2) the term “United Nations peace operations” means any international peacekeeping, peacemaking, peace enforcement, or similar activity that is authorized by the United Nations Security Council under
chapter VI or VII of the Charter of the United Na-
tions.

SEC. 1062. SENSE OF SENATE ON PROTECTION OF UNITED
STATES FROM BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following find-
ings:

(1) The proliferation of weapons of mass destruc-
tion and ballistic missiles presents a threat to the en-
tire World.

(2) This threat was recognized by Secretary of
Defense William J. Perry in February 1995 in the
Annual Report to the President and the Congress
which states that “[b]eyond the five declared nuclear
weapons states, at least 20 other nations have ac-
quired or are attempting to acquire weapons of mass
destruction—nuclear, biological, or chemical weap-
ons—and the means to deliver them. In fact, in most
areas where United States forces could potentially be
engaged on a large scale, many of the most likely ad-
dversaries already possess chemical and biological
weapons. Moreover, some of these same states appear
determined to acquire nuclear weapons.”.

(3) At a summit in Moscow in May 1995, Presi-
dent Clinton and President Yeltsin commented on this
threat in a Joint Statement which recognizes
406

"... the threat posed by worldwide proliferation of missiles and missile technology and the necessity of counteracting this threat ... ".

(4) At least 25 countries may be developing weapons of mass destruction and the delivery systems for such weapons.

(5) At least 24 countries have chemical weapons programs in various stages of research and development.

(6) Approximately 10 countries are believed to have biological weapons programs in various stages of development.

(7) At least 10 countries are reportedly interested in the development of nuclear weapons.

(8) Several countries recognize that weapons of mass destruction and missiles increase their ability to deter, coerce, or otherwise threaten the United States. Saddam Hussein recognized this when he stated, on May 8, 1990, that "[o]ur missiles cannot reach Washington. If they could reach Washington, we would strike it if the need arose."

(9) International regimes like the Non-Proliferation Treaty, the Biological Weapons Convention, and the Missile Technology Control Regime, while effective, cannot by themselves halt the spread of weapons
and technology. On January 10, 1995, Director of Central Intelligence, James Woolsey, said with regard to Russia that "... we are particularly concerned with the safety of nuclear, chemical, and biological materials as well as highly enriched uranium or plutonium, although I want to stress that this is a global problem. For example, highly enriched uranium was recently stolen from South Africa, and last month Czech authorities recovered three kilograms of 87.8 percent-enriched HEU in the Czech Republic—the largest seizure of near-weapons grade material to date outside the Former Soviet Union."

(10) The possession of weapons of mass destruction and missiles by developing countries threatens our friends, allies, and forces abroad and will ultimately threaten the United States directly. On August 11, 1994, Deputy Secretary of Defense John Deutch said that "[i]f the North Koreans field the Taepo Dong 2 missile, Guam, Alaska, and parts of Hawaii would potentially be at risk."

(11) The end of the Cold War has changed the strategic environment facing and between the United States and Russia. That the Clinton Administration believes the environment to have changed was made clear by Secretary of Defense William J. Perry on
September 20, 1994, when he stated that "[w]e now have the opportunity to create a new relationship, based not on MAD, not on Mutual Assured Destruction, but rather on another acronym, MAS, or Mutual Assured Safety."

(12) The United States and Russia have the opportunity to create a relationship based on trust rather than fear.

(b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that all Americans should be protected from accidental, intentional, or limited ballistic missile attack. It is the further sense of the Senate that front-line troops of the United States Armed Forces should be protected from missile attacks.

(c) FUNDING FOR CORPS SAM AND BOOST-PHASE INTERCEPTOR PROGRAMS.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act, of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 201(4), $35,000,000 shall be available for the Corps SAM/MEADS program.

(2) With a portion of the funds authorized in paragraph (1) for the Corps SAM/MEADS program, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to determine whether a Theater Missile Defense system derived from Patriot technologies could fulfill the Corps
SAM/MEADS requirements at a lower estimated life-cycle cost than is estimated for the cost of the United States portion of the Corps SAM/MEADS program.

(3) The Secretary shall provide a report on the study required under paragraph (2) to the congressional defense committees not later than March 1, 1996.

(4) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by section 201(4), not more than $3,403,413,000 shall be available for missile defense programs within the Ballistic Missile Defense Organization.

(d) Obligation of Funds.—Of the amounts referred to in section (c)(1), $10,000,000 may not be obligated until the report referred to in subsection (c)(2) is submitted to the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 1063. IRAN AND IRAQ ARMS NONPROLIFERATION.

(a) Sanctions Against Transfers of Persons.—Section 1604(a) of the Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Act of 1992 (title XVI of Public Law 102-484; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended by inserting “to acquire chemical, biological, or nuclear weapons or” before “to acquire”.

(b) Sanctions Against Transfers of Foreign Countries.—Section 1605(a) of such Act is amended by inserting “to acquire chemical, biological, or nuclear weapons or” before “to acquire”.
(c) **Clarification of United States Assistance.**—Subparagraph (A) of section 1608(7) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(A) any assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), other than urgent humanitarian assistance or medicine;".

**SEC. 1064. REPORTS ON ARMS EXPORT CONTROL AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE.**

(a) **Reports by Secretary of State.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every year thereafter until 1998, the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress a report setting forth—

(1) an organizational plan to include those firms on the Department of State licensing watch-lists that—

(A) engage in the exportation of potentially sensitive or dual-use technologies; and

(B) have been identified or tracked by similar systems maintained by the Department of Defense, Department of Commerce, or the United States Customs Service; and

(2) further measures to be taken to strengthen United States export-control mechanisms.
(b) Reports by Inspector General.—(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and 1 year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of State and the Foreign Service shall submit to Congress a report on the evaluation by the Inspector General of the effectiveness of the watch-list screening process at the Department of State during the preceding year. The report shall be submitted in both a classified and unclassified version.

(2) Each report under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) set forth the number of licenses granted to parties on the watch-list;

(B) set forth the number of end-use checks performed by the Department;

(C) assess the screening process used by the Department in granting a license when an applicant is on a watch-list; and

(D) assess the extent to which the watch-list contains all relevant information and parties required by statute or regulation.

(c) Annual Military Assistance Report.—The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 654 the following new section:
“SEC. 655 ANNUAL MILITARY ASSISTANCE REPORT.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1 of 1996 and 1997, the President shall transmit to Congress an annual report for the fiscal year ending the previous September 30, showing the aggregate dollar value and quantity of defense articles (including excess defense articles) and defense services, and of military education and training, furnished by the United States to each foreign country and international organization, by category, specifying whether they were furnished by grant under chapter 2 or chapter 5 of part II of this Act or by sale under chapter 2 of the Arms Control Export Control Act or authorized by commercial sale license under section 38 of that Act.

“(b) ADDITIONAL CONTENTS OF REPORTS.—Each report shall also include the total amount of military items of non-United States manufacture being imported into the United States. The report should contain the country of origin, the type of item being imported, and the total amount of items.”.

Subtitle G—Repeal of Certain Reporting Requirements

SEC. 1071. REPORTS REQUIRED BY TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT ON RELOCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.—Section 1056 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking out subsection (f); and
(2) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection
(f).
(b) NOTICE OF SALARY INCREASES FOR FOREIGN NA-
tional Employees.— Section 1584 of such title is amend-
ed—
(1) by striking out subsection (b); and
(2) in subsection (a), by striking out “(a) Waiv-
er of Employment Restrictions for Certain
Personnel.—”.
(c) NOTICE OF INVOLUNTARY REDUCTIONS OF CIVIL-
ian Positions.— Section 1597 of such title is amended by
striking out subsection (e).
(d) NOTIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR AWARD OF
Contracts To Comply With Cooperative Agree-
ments.— Section 2350b(d) of such title is amended—
(1) by striking out paragraph (1);
(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as
paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and
(3) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated, by
striking out “shall also notify” and inserting in lieu
thereof “shall notify”.
(e) NOTICE REGARDING CONTRACTS PERFORMED FOR
Periods Exceeding 10 Years.— (1) Section 2352 of such
title is repealed.
(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 139 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2352.

(f) Annual Report on Biological Defense Research Program.—(1) Section 2370 of such title is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 139 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2370.

(g) Annual Report on Military Base Reuse Studies and Planning Assistance.—Section 2391 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (c); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively.

(h) Compilation of Reports Filed by Employees or Former Employees of Defense Contractors.—Section 2397 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e).

(i) Report on Low-Rate Production Under Naval Vessel and Military Satellite Programs.—Section 2400(c) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (2); and
(2) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking out “(1)”; and

(B) by redesignating clauses (A) and (B) as clauses (1) and (2), respectively.

(j) **Report on Waivers of Prohibition on Employment of Felons.**—Section 2408(a)(3) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(k) **Report on Determination Not To Debar for Fraudulent Use of Labels.**—Section 2410f(a) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(l) **Annual Report on Waivers of Prohibition Relating to Secondary Arab Boycott.**—Section 2410i(c) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(m) **Report on Adjustment of Amounts Defining Major Defense Acquisition Programs.**—Section 2430(b) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(n) **Budget Documents on Weapons Development and Procurement Schedules.**—(1) Section 2431 of such title is repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 144 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2431.
(o) Notice of Waiver of Limitation on Performance of Depot-Level Maintenance.—Section 2466(c) of such title is amended by striking out “and notifies Congress regarding the reasons for the waiver”.

(p) Annual Report on Information on Foreign-Controlled Contractors.—Section 2537 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

(q) Annual Report on Real Property Transactions.—Section 2662 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (b); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), respectively.

(r) Notifications and Reports on Architectural and Engineering Services and Construction Design.—Section 2807 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out subsections (b) and (c); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

(s) Report on Construction Projects for Environmental Response Actions.—Section 2810 of such title is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by striking out “Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Secretary”; 

(2) by striking out subsection (b); and 

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

(t) **NOTICE OF MILITARY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS ON GUAM.**—Section 2864(b) of such title is amended by striking out “after the 21-day period” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

(u) **ANNUAL REPORT ON ENERGY SAVINGS AT MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.**—Section 2865 of such title is amended by striking out subsection (f).

**SEC. 1072. REPORTS REQUIRED BY TITLE 37, UNITED STATES CODE, AND RELATED PROVISIONS OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.**

(a) **ANNUAL REPORT ON TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR DEPENDENTS.**—Section 406 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (i).

(b) **REPORT ON ANNUAL REVIEW OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES.**—Section 1008(a) of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.
(c) Report on Quadrennial Review of Adjustments in Compensation.—Section 1009(f) of such title is amended by striking out “of this title,” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof “of this title.”


SEC. 1073. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION AND APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.


1. by striking out subsection (b); and
2. in subsection (a), by striking out “(a) Limitation.—”.


(1) by striking out subsection (f); and
(2) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively.


(g) Public Law 102–484 Requirement for Report Relating to Use of Class I Ozone-Depleting Substances in Military Procurements.—Section 326(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–484; 106 Stat. 2368; 10 U.S.C. 301 note) is amended by striking out paragraphs (4) and (5).

(h) Public Law 103–139 Requirement for Report Regarding Heating Facility Modernization at Kaiserslautern.—Section 8008 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1994 (Public Law 103–139; 107 Stat. 1438), is amended by inserting “but without regard to the notification requirement in subsection (b)(2) of such section,” after “section 2690 of title 10, United States Code,”.
SEC. 1074. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER NATIONAL SECURITY LAWS.


(c) Public Law 85–804 Requirement for Report on Omission of Contract Clause Under Special National Defense Contracting Authority.—Section 3(b) of the Act of August 28, 1958 (50 U.S.C. 1433(b)), is amended by striking out the matter following paragraph (2).

SEC. 1075. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER PROVISIONS OF THE UNITED STATES CODE.

Section 1352(f) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(f)";

(2) by striking out the second sentence; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) Subsections (a)(6) and (d) do not apply to the Department of Defense.".
SEC. 1076. REPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW.


(b) Public Law 91–611 Requirement for Annual Report on Water Resources Project Agreements.—Section 221 of the Flood Control Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 1962d–5b) is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e); and

(2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e).


(1) by striking out subsection (d); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively.
SEC. 1077. REPORTS REQUIRED BY JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

Requirements for submission of the following reports imposed in the exercise of authority under section 103 of title 44, United States Code, do not apply to the Department of Defense:

1. A notice of intent to apply new printing processes.
2. A report on equipment acquisition or transfer.
3. A printing plant report.
4. A report on stored equipment.
5. A report on jobs which exceed Joint Committee on Printing duplicating limitations.
6. A notice of intent to contract for printing services.
7. Research and development plans.
8. A report on commercial printing.
10. An annual plant inventory.
11. An annual map or chart plant report.
12. A report on activation or moving a printing plant.
13. An equipment installation notice.
Subtitle H—Other Matters

SEC. 1081. GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM.

The Secretary of Defense shall turn off the selective availability feature of the global positioning system by May 1, 1996, unless the Secretary submits to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a plan that—

(1) provides for development and acquisition of—

(A) effective capabilities to deny hostile military forces the ability to use the global positioning system without hindering the ability of United States military forces and civil users to exploit the system; and

(B) global positioning system receivers and other techniques for weapons and weapon systems that provide substantially improved resistance to jamming and other forms of electronic interference or disruption; and

(2) includes a specific date by which the Secretary of Defense intends to complete the acquisition of the capabilities described in paragraph (1).
SEC. 1082. LIMITATION ON RETIREMENT OR DISMANTLEMENT OF STRATEGIC NUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS.

(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that, unless and until the START II Treaty enters into force, the Secretary of Defense should not take any action to retire or dismantle, or to prepare to retire or dismantle, any of the following strategic nuclear delivery systems:

(1) B-52H bomber aircraft.

(2) Trident ballistic missile submarines.

(3) Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missiles.

(4) Peacekeeper intercontinental ballistic missiles.

(b) Limitation on Use of Funds.—Funds available to the Department of Defense may not be obligated or expended during fiscal year 1996 for retiring or dismantling, or for preparing to retire or dismantle, any of the strategic nuclear delivery systems specified in subsection (a).

SEC. 1083. NATIONAL GUARD CIVILIAN YOUTH OPPORTUNITIES PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 1091(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484; 32 U.S.C. 501 note) is amended by striking out “through 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “through 1997”.

HR 1530 EAS
SEC. 1084. REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS.

(a) REPORT ON BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS RECEIVING DEPARTMENT SUPPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report containing the following:

(1) A list of the boards and commissions described in subsection (b) that received support (including funds, equipment, materiel, or other assets, or personnel) from the Department of Defense in last full fiscal year preceding the date of the report.

(2) A list of the boards and commissions referred to in paragraph (1) that are determined by the Secretary to merit continued support from the Department.

(3) A description, for each board and commission listed under paragraph (2), of—

(A) the purpose of the board or commission;

(B) the nature and cost of the support provided by the Department to the board or commission in the last full fiscal year preceding the date of the report;
(C) the nature and duration of the support that the Secretary proposes to provide to the board or commission;

(D) the anticipated cost to the Department of providing such support; and

(E) a justification of the determination that the board or commission merits the support of the Department.

(4) A list of the boards and commissions referred to in paragraph (1) that are determined by the Secretary not to merit continued support from the Department.

(5) A description, for each board and commission listed under paragraph (4), of—

(A) the purpose of the board or commission;

(B) the nature and cost of the support provided by the Department to the board or commission in the last full fiscal year preceding the date of the report; and

(C) a justification of the determination that the board or commission does not merit the support of the Department.

(b) COVERED BOARDS.—Subsection (a)(1) applies to the boards and commissions, including boards and commis-
visions authorized by law, operating within or for the Department of Defense that—

(1) provide only policy-making assistance or advisory services for the Department; or

(2) carry out activities that are not routine activities, on-going activities, or activities necessary to the routine, on-going operations of the Department.

SEC. 1085. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR PROVIDING ARMY SUPPORT FOR THE NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTER FOR COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTRONICS.

(a) PURPOSE.—Subsection (b)(2) of section 1459 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99–145; 99 Stat. 763) is amended by striking out "to make available" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "to provide for the management, operation, and maintenance of those areas in the national science center that are designated for use by the Army and to provide incidental support for the operation of general use areas of the center."

(b) AUTHORITY FOR SUPPORT.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(c) NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTER.—(1) The Secretary may manage, operate, and maintain facilities at the center under terms and conditions prescribed by the Secretary for
the purpose of conducting educational outreach programs
in accordance with chapter 111 of title 10, United States
Code.

“(2) The Foundation, or NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, shall submit to the Secretary for review and approval all matters pertaining to the acquisition, design, renovation, equipping, and furnishing of the center, including all plans, specifications, contracts, sites, and materials for the center.”.

(c) Authority for Acceptance of Gifts and Fundraising.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended to read as follows:

“(d) Gifts and Fundraising.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary may accept a conditional donation of money or property that is made for the benefit of, or in connection with, the center.

“(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may endorse, promote, and assist the efforts of the Foundation and NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, to obtain—

“(A) funds for the management, operation, and maintenance of the center; and

“(B) donations of exhibits, equipment, and other property for use in the center.
“(3) The Secretary may not accept a donation under this subsection that is made subject to—

“(A) any condition that is inconsistent with an applicable law or regulation; or

“(B) except to the extent provided in appropriations Acts, any condition that would necessitate an expenditure of appropriated funds.

“(4) The Secretary shall prescribe in regulations the criteria to be used in determining whether to accept a donation. The Secretary shall include criteria to ensure that acceptance of a donation does not establish an unfavorable appearance regarding the fairness and objectivity with which the Secretary or any other officer or employee of the Department of Defense performs official responsibilities and does not compromise or appear to compromise the integrity of a Government program or any official involved in that program.”.

(d) Authorized Uses.—Such section is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (f);

(2) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (f); and

(3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by inserting “areas designated for Army use in” after “The Secretary may make”.
(e) Alternative of Additional Development and Management.—Such section, as amended by subsection (d), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(g) Alternative or Additional Development and Management of the Center.—(1) The Secretary may enter into an agreement with NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, a nonprofit corporation of the State of Georgia, to develop, manage, and maintain a national science center under this section. In entering into an agreement with NSC Discovery Center, Incorporated, the Secretary may agree to any term or condition to which the Secretary is authorized under this section to agree for purposes of entering into an agreement with the Foundation.

“(2) The Secretary may exercise the authority under paragraph (1) in addition to, or instead of, exercising the authority provided under this section to enter into an agreement with the Foundation.”.

SEC. 1086. AUTHORITY TO SUSPEND OR TERMINATE COLLECTION ACTIONS AGAINST DECEASED MEMBERS.

Section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g)(1) The Secretary of Defense may suspend or terminate an action by the Department of Defense under this section to collect a claim against the estate of a person who
died while serving on active duty as a member of the armed
forces if the Secretary determines that, under the cir-
cumstances applicable with respect to the deceased person,
it is appropriate to do so.

“(2) For purposes of this subsection, the terms ‘armed
forces’ and ‘active duty’ have the meanings given such terms
in section 101 of title 10.”.

SEC. 1087. DAMAGE OR LOSS TO PERSONAL PROPERTY DUE
TO EMERGENCY EVACUATION OR EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES.

(a) Settlement of Claims of Personnel.—Section 3721(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
by inserting after the first sentence the following: “If, how-
ever, the claim arose from an emergency evacuation or from
extraordinary circumstances, the amount settled and paid
under the authority of the preceding sentence may exceed
$40,000, but may not exceed $100,000.”.

(b) Retroactive Effective Date.—The amendment
made by subsection (a) shall take effect as of June 1, 1991,
and shall apply with respect to claims arising on or after
that date.
SEC. 1088. CHECK CASHING AND EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS FOR DEPENDENTS OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL.

(a) Authority To Carry Out Transactions.—Subsection (b) of section 3342 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) a dependent of personnel of the Government, but only—

"(A) at a United States installation at which adequate banking facilities are not available; and

"(B) in the case of negotiation of negotiable instruments, if the dependent's sponsor authorizes, in writing, the presentation of negotiable instruments to the disbursing official for negotiation."

(b) Pay Offset.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
(3) The amount of any deficiency resulting from cash-
ing a check for a dependent under subsection (b)(3), includ-
ing any charges assessed against the disbursing official by
a financial institution for insufficient funds to pay the
check, may be offset from the pay of the dependent's spon-
sor.’’.

(c) Definitions.—Such section is further amended by
adding at the end the following:

‘‘(e) The Secretary of Defense shall define in regula-
tions the terms ‘dependent’ and ‘sponsor’ for the purposes
of this section. In the regulations, the term ‘dependent’, with
respect to a member of a uniformed service, shall have the
meaning given that term in section 401 of title 37.’’.

SEC. 1089. TRAVEL OF DISABLED VETERANS ON MILITARY
AIRCRAFT.

(a) Limited Entitlement.—Chapter 157 of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by inserting after section
2641 the following new section:

§ 2641a. Travel of disabled veterans on military air-
craft

‘‘(a) Limited Entitlement.—A veteran entitled
under laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Af-
fairs to receive compensation for a service-connected disabil-
ity rated as total by the Secretary is entitled, in the same
manner and to the same extent as retired members of the
armed forces, to transportation (on a space-available basis) on unscheduled military flights within the continental United States and on scheduled overseas flights operated by the Military Airlift Command.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms ‘veteran’, ‘compensation’, and ‘service-connected’ have the meanings given such terms in section 101 of title 38.’’.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections, at the beginning of such chapter, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2641 the following new item:

‘‘2641a. Travel of disabled veterans on military aircraft.’’.

SEC. 1090. TRANSPORTATION OF CRIPPLED CHILDREN IN PACIFIC RIM REGION TO HAWAII FOR MEDICAL CARE.

(a) TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED.—Chapter 157 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

‘‘§ 2643. Transportation of crippled children in Pacific Rim region to Hawaii for medical care

“(a) TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED.—Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense may provide persons eligible under subsection (b) with round trip transportation in an aircraft of the Department of Defense, on a space-available basis, between an airport in the Pacific Rim re-
gion and the State of Hawaii. No charge may be imposed for transportation provided under this section.

"(b) Persons Covered.—Persons eligible to be provided transportation under this section are as follows:

"(1) A child under 18 years of age who (A) resides in the Pacific Rim region, (B) is a crippled child in need of specialized medical care for the child’s condition as a crippled child, which may include any associated or related condition, (C) upon arrival in Hawaii, is to be admitted to receive such medical care, at no cost to the patient, at a medical facility in Honolulu, Hawaii, that specializes in providing such medical care, and (D) is unable to afford the costs of transportation to Hawaii.

"(2) One adult attendant accompanying a child transported under this section.

"(c) Conditions.—The Secretary may provide transportation under subsection (a) only if the Secretary determines that—

"(1) it is not inconsistent with the foreign policy of the United States to do so;

"(2) the transportation is for humanitarian purposes;

"(3) the health of the child to be transported is sufficient for the child to endure safely the stress of
travel for the necessary distance in the Department of
Defense aircraft involved;

"(4) all authorizations, permits, and other docu-
ments necessary for admission of the child at the med-
ical treatment facility referred to in subsection
(b)(1)(C) are in order;

"(5) all necessary passports and visas necessary
for departure from the residences of the persons to be
transported and from the airport of departure, for
entry into the United States, for reentry into the
country of departure, and for return to the persons’
residences are in proper order; and

"(6) arrangements have been made to ensure
that—

"(A) the persons to be transported will
board the aircraft on the schedule established by
the Secretary; and

"(B) the persons—

"(i) will be met and escorted to the
medical treatment facility by appropriate
personnel of the facility upon the arrival of
the aircraft in Hawaii; and

"(ii) will be returned to the airport in
Hawaii for transportation (on the schedule
established by the Secretary) back to the country of departure.”.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

‘‘2643. Transportation of crippled children in Pacific Rim region to Hawaii for medical care.”

SEC. 1091. STUDENT INFORMATION FOR RECRUITING PURPOSES.

(a) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) educational institutions, including secondary schools, should not have a policy of denying, or otherwise effectively preventing, the Secretary of Defense from obtaining for military recruiting purposes—

(A) entry to any campus or access to students on any campus equal to that of other employers; or

(B) access to directory information pertaining to students (other than in a case in which an objection has been raised as described in paragraph (2));

(2) an educational institution that releases directory information should—

(A) give public notice of the categories of such information to be released; and
(B) allow a reasonable period after such notice has been given for a student or (in the case of an individual younger than 18 years of age) a parent to inform the institution that any or all of such information should not be released without obtaining prior consent from the student or the parent, as the case may be; and

(3) the Secretary of Defense should prescribe regulations that contain procedures for determining if and when an educational institution has denied or prevented access to students or information as described in paragraph (1).

(b) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “directory information” means, with respect to a student, the student’s name, address, telephone listing, date and place of birth, level of education, degrees received, and (if available) the most recent previous educational program enrolled in by the student.

(2) The term “student” means an individual enrolled in any program of education who is 17 years of age or older.
SEC. 1092. STATE RECOGNITION OF MILITARY ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1044b the following new section:

"§ 1044c. Advance medical directives of armed forces personnel and dependents: requirement for recognition by States

"(a) INSTRUMENTS TO BE GIVEN LEGAL EFFECT WITHOUT REGARD TO STATE LAW.—An advance medical directive executed by a person eligible for legal assistance—

"(1) is exempt from any requirement of form, substance, formality, or recording that is provided for advance medical directives under the laws of a State; and

"(2) shall be given the same legal effect as an advance medical directive prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State concerned.

"(b) ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVES COVERED.—For purposes of this section, an advance medical directive is any written declaration that—

"(1) sets forth directions regarding the provision, withdrawal, or withholding of life-prolonging procedures, including hydration and sustenance, for the declarant whenever the declarant has a terminal physical condition or is in a persistent vegetative state; or
“(2) authorizes another person to make health
care decisions for the declarant, under circumstances
stated in the declaration, whenever the declarant is
incapable of making informed health care decisions.

“(c) STATEMENT TO BE INCLUDED.—(1) Under regu-
lations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, each advance
medical directive prepared by an attorney authorized to
provide legal assistance shall contain a statement that sets
forth the provisions of subsection (a).

“(2) Paragraph (1) shall not be construed to make in-
applicable the provisions of subsection (a) to an advance
medical directive that does not include a statement de-
scribed in that paragraph.

“(d) STATES NOT RECOGNIZING ADVANCE MEDICAL
DIRECTIVES.—Subsection (a) does not make an advance
medical directive enforceable in a State that does not other-
wise recognize and enforce advance medical directives under
the laws of the State.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘State’ includes the District of Co-
lumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and a
possession of the United States.

“(2) The term ‘person eligible for legal assist-
ance’ means a person who is eligible for legal assist-
ance under section 1044 of this title.
“(3) The term ‘legal assistance’ means legal services authorized under section 1044 of this title’.”

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1044b the following:

“1044c. Advance medical directives of armed forces personnel and dependents: requirement for recognition by States.”

(b) Effectiveness Date.—Section 1044c of title 10, United States Code, shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to advance medical directives referred to in such section that are executed before, on, or after that date.

SEC. 1093. REPORT ON PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTROL OF TRANSFER OF CERTAIN WEAPONS.

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the committees of Congress referred to in subsection (c) of section 1154 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1761) the report required under subsection (a) of that section. The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall include with the report an explanation of the failure of such Secretaries to submit the report in accordance with such subsection (a) and with all other previous requirements for the submittal of the report.
SEC. 1094. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING ETHICS COMMITTEE INVESTIGATION.

(a) The Senate finds that—

(1) the Senate Select Committee on Ethics has a thirty-one year tradition of handling investigations of official misconduct in a bipartisan, fair and professional manner;

(2) the Ethics Committee, to ensure fairness to all parties in any investigation, must conduct its responsibilities strictly according to established procedure and free from outside interference;

(3) the rights of all parties to bring an ethics complaint against a member, officer, or employee of the Senate are protected by the official rules and precedents of the Senate and the Ethics Committee;

(4) any Senator responding to a complaint before the Ethics Committee deserves a fair and non-partisan hearing according to the rules of the Ethics Committee;

(5) the rights of all parties in an investigation—both the individuals who bring a complaint or testify against a Senator, and any Senator charged with an ethics violation—can only be protected by strict adherence to the established rules and procedures of the ethics process;
(6) the integrity of the Senate and the integrity of the Ethics Committee rest on the continued adherence to precedents and rules, derived from the Constitution; and,

(7) the Senate as a whole has never intervened in any ongoing Senate Ethics Committee investigation, and has considered matters before that Committee only after the Committee has submitted a report and recommendations to the Senate;

(b) Therefore, it is the Sense of the Senate that the Select committee on Ethics should not, in the case of Senator Robert Packwood of Oregon, deviate from its customary and standard procedure, and should, prior to the Senate’s final resolution of the case, follow whatever procedures it deems necessary and appropriate to provide a full and complete public record of the relevant evidence in this case.

SEC. 1095. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING FEDERAL SPENDING.

It is the sense of the Senate that in pursuit of a balanced Federal budget, Congress should exercise fiscal restraint, particularly in authorizing spending not requested by the Executive Branch and in proposing new programs.
SEC. 1096. ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE FOR MILITARY SUPPORT.

Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) In the event that neither the Director nor Deputy Director of Central Intelligence is a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces, a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces appointed to the position of Associate Director of Central Intelligence for Military Support, while serving in such position, shall not be counted against the numbers and percentages of commissioned officers of the rank and grade of such officer authorized for the armed force of which such officer is a member."

SEC. 1097. REVIEW OF NATIONAL POLICY ON PROTECTING THE NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE AGAINST STRATEGIC ATTACKS.

Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report setting forth the following:

(1) The national policy and architecture governing the plans for establishing procedures, capabilities, systems, and processes necessary to perform indications, warning, and assessment functions regarding strategic attacks by foreign nations, groups, or individuals, or any other entity against the national information infrastructure.
(2) The future of the National Communications System (NCS), which has performed the central role in ensuring national security and emergency preparedness communications for essential United States Government and private sector users, including, specifically, a discussion of—

(A) whether there is a Federal interest in expanding or modernizing the National Communications System in light of the changing strategic national security environment and the revolution in information technologies; and

(B) the best use of the National Communications System and the assets and experience it represents as an integral part of a larger national strategy to protect the United States against a strategic attack on the national information infrastructure.

SEC. 1098. JUDICIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR YUGOSLAVIA AND TO THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR RWANDA.

(a) Surrender of Persons.—

(1) Application of United States extradition laws.— Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the provisions of chapter 209 of title 18, United States Code, relating to the extradition of per-
sons to a foreign country pursuant to a treaty or convention for extradition between the United States and a foreign government, shall apply in the same manner and extent to the surrender of persons, including United States citizens, to—

(A) the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia, pursuant to the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia; and

(B) the International Tribunal for Rwanda, pursuant to the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda.

(2) Evidence on Hearings.—For purposes of applying section 3190 of title 18, United States Code, in accordance with paragraph (1), the certification referred to in the section may be made by the principal diplomatic or consular officer of the United States resident in such foreign countries where the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia or the International Tribunal for Rwanda may be permanently or temporarily situated.

(3) Payment of Fees and Costs.—(A) The provisions of the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia
and of the Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda shall apply in lieu of the provisions of section 3195 of title 18, United States Code, with respect to the payment of expenses arising from the surrender by the United States of a person to the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia or the International Tribunal for Rwanda, respectively, or from any proceedings in the United States relating to such surrender.

(B) The authority of subparagraph (A) may be exercised only to the extent and in the amounts provided in advance in appropriations Acts.


(b) Assistance to Foreign and International Tribunals and to Litigants Before Such Tribunals.—Section 1782(a) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting in the first sentence after “foreign or international tribunal” the following: “including criminal investigations conducted prior to formal accusation”.

(c) Definitions.—As used in this section:


(3) Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia.—The term “Agreement Between the United States and the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia” means the Agreement on Surrender of Persons Between the Government of the United States and the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons
Responsible for Serious Violations of International Law in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia, signed at The Hague, October 5, 1994.

(4) Agreement between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda.—The term “Agreement between the United States and the International Tribunal for Rwanda” means the Agreement on Surrender of Persons Between the Government of the United States and the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighboring States, signed at The Hague, January 24, 1995.

SEC. 1099. LANDMINE USE MORATORIUM.

(a) Findings.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) On September 26, 1994, the President declared that it is a goal of the United States to eventually eliminate antipersonnel landmines.

(2) On December 15, 1994, the United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution sponsored by
the United States which called for international ef-
forts to eliminate antipersonnel landmines.

(3) According to the Department of State, there
are an estimated 80,000,000 to 110,000,000
unexploded landmines in 62 countries.

(4) Antipersonnel landmines are routinely used
against civilian populations and kill and maim an
estimated 70 people each day, or 26,000 people each
year.

(5) The Secretary of State has noted that land-
mines are “slow-motion weapons of mass destruc-
tion”.

(6) There are hundreds of varieties of anti-
personnel landmines, from a simple type available at
a cost of only two dollars to the more complex self-
destructing type, and all landmines of whatever vari-
ety kill and maim civilians, as well as combatants,
indiscriminately.

(b) CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS CONVENTION REVIEW.—

It is the sense of Congress that, at the United Nations con-
ference to review the 1980 Conventional Weapons Conven-
tion, including Protocol II on landmines, that is to be held
from September 25 to October 13, 1995, the President
should actively support proposals to modify Protocol II that
would implement as rapidly as possible the United States goal of eventually eliminating antipersonnel landmines.

(c) Moratorium on Use of Antipersonnel Landmines.—

(1) United States moratorium.—(A) For a period of one year beginning three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the United States shall not use antipersonnel landmines except along internationally recognized national borders or in demilitarized zones within a perimeter marked area that is monitored by military personnel and protected by adequate means to ensure the exclusion of civilians.

(B) If the President determines, before the end of the period of the United States moratorium under subparagraph (A), that the governments of other nations are implementing moratoria on use of antipersonnel landmines similar to the United States moratorium, the President may extend the period of the United States moratorium for such additional period as the President considers appropriate.

(2) Other nations.—It is the sense of Congress that the President should actively encourage the governments of other nations to join the United States in solving the global landmine crisis by implementing
moratoria on use of antipersonnel landmines similar to the United States moratorium as a step toward the elimination of antipersonnel landmines.

(d) Antipersonnel Landmine Exports.—It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with the United States moratorium on exports of antipersonnel landmines and in order to further discourage the global proliferation of antipersonnel landmines, the United States Government should not sell, license for export, or otherwise transfer defense articles and services to any foreign government which, as determined by the President, sells, exports, or otherwise transfers antipersonnel landmines.

(e) Definitions.—

For purposes of this Act:

(1) Antipersonnel Landmine.—The term “antipersonnel landmine” means any munition placed under, on, or near the ground or other surface area, delivered by artillery, rocket, mortar, or similar means, or dropped from an aircraft and which is designed, constructed, or adapted to be detonated or exploded by the presence, proximity, or contact of a person.

(2) 1980 Conventional Weapons Convention.—The term “1980 Conventional Weapons Convention” means the Convention on Prohibitions or
Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed To Be Excessively Injurious or To Have Indiscriminate Effects, together with the protocols relating thereto, done at Geneva on October 10, 1980.

SEC. 1099A. EXTENSION OF PILOT OUTREACH PROGRAM.

Section 1045(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 is amended by striking out "three" and inserting "five" in lieu thereof.

SEC. 1099B. SENSE OF SENATE ON MIDWAY ISLANDS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) September 2, 1995, marks the 50th anniversary of the United States victory over Japan in World War II.

(2) The Battle of Midway proved to be the turning point in the war in the Pacific, as United States Navy forces inflicted such severe losses on the Imperial Japanese Navy during the battle that the Imperial Japanese Navy never again took the offensive against United States or allied forces.

(3) During the Battle of Midway, an outnumbered force of the United States Navy, consisting of 29 ships and other units of the Armed Forces under the command of Admiral Nimitz and Admiral
Spruance, out-maneuvered and out-fought 350 ships of the Imperial Japanese Navy.

(4) It is in the public interest to erect a memorial to the Battle of Midway that is suitable to express the enduring gratitude of the American people for victory in the battle and to inspire future generations of Americans with the heroism and sacrifice of the members of the Armed Forces who achieved that victory.

(b) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the Midway Islands and the surrounding seas deserve to be memorialized;

(2) the historic structures related to the Battle of Midway should be maintained, in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, and subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose.

(3) appropriate access to the Midway Islands by survivors of the Battle of Midway, their families, and other visitors should be provided in a manner that ensures the public health and safety on the Midway Islands and the conservation and natural resources of those islands in accordance with existing Federal law.
SEC. 1099C. STUDY ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS STOCKPILE.

(a) Study.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to assess the risk associated with the transportation of the unitary stockpile, any portion of the stockpile to include drained agents from munitions and munitions, from one location to another within the continental United States. Also, the Secretary shall include a study of the assistance available to communities in the vicinity if the Department of Defense facilities co-located with continuing chemical stockpile and chemical demilitarization operations which facilities are subject to closure, realignment, or reutilization.

(2) The review shall include an analysis of—

(A) the results of the physical and chemical integrity report conducted by the Army on existing stockpile;

(B) a determination of the viability of transportation of any portion of the stockpile, to include drained agent from munitions and the munitions;

(C) the safety, cost-effectiveness, and public acceptability of transporting the stockpile, in its current configuration, or in alternative configurations;

(D) the economic effects of closure, realignment, or reutilization of the facilities referred to
(E) the unique problems that such communities face with respect to the reuse of such facilities as a result of the operations referred to in paragraph (1).

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the study carried out under subsection (a). The report shall include recommendations of the Secretary on methods for ensuring the expeditious and cost-effective transfer or lease of facilities referred to in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) to communities referred to in paragraph (1) for reuse by such communities.

SEC. 1099D. DESIGNATION OF NATIONAL MARITIME CENTER.

(a) Designation of National Maritime Center.—The NAUTICUS building, located at one Waterside Drive, Norfolk, Virginia, shall be known and designated as the “National Maritime Center”.

(b) Reference to National Maritime Center.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the building referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “National Maritime Center”.

HR 1530 EAS
SEC. 1099E. OPERATIONAL SUPPORT AIRLIFT AIRCRAFT FLEET.

(a) Submittal of JCS Report on Aircraft.—Not later than February 1, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress the report on aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft that is currently in preparation by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

(b) Content of Report.—(1) The report shall contain findings and recommendations regarding the following:

(A) Modernization and safety requirements for the Operational Support Airlift Aircraft fleet.

(B) Standardization plans and requirements of that fleet.

(C) The disposition of aircraft considered excess to that fleet in light of the requirements set forth under subparagraph (A).

(D) The need for helicopter support in the National Capital Region.

(E) The acceptable uses of helicopter support in the National Capital Region.

(2) In preparing the report, the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall take into account the recommendation of the Commission on Roles and Missions of the Armed Forces to reduce the size of the Operational Support Airlift Aircraft fleet.
459

(c) Regulations.—(1) Upon completion of the report referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary shall prescribe regulations, consistent with the findings and recommendations set forth in the report, for the operation, maintenance, disposition, and use of aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft.

(2) The regulations shall, to the maximum extent practicable, provide for, and encourage the use of, commercial airlines in lieu of the use of aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft.

(3) The regulations shall apply uniformly throughout the Department of Defense.

(4) The regulations should not require exclusive use of the aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft for any particular class of government personnel.

(d) Reductions in Flying Hours.—(1) The Secretary shall ensure that the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1996 by aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft does not exceed the number equal to 85 percent of the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1995 by such aircraft.

(2) The Secretary should ensure that the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1996 for helicopter support in the National Capital Region does not exceed the number
equal to 85 percent of the number of hours flown in fiscal year 1995 for such helicopter support.

(e) Restriction on Availability of Funds.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under title III for the operation and use of aircraft designated as Operational Support Airlift Aircraft, not more than 50 percent of such funds shall be available for that purpose until the submittal of the report referred to in subsection (a).

SEC. 1099F. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION AND START II TREATY RATIFICATION.

(a) Findings.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) Proliferation of chemical or nuclear weapons materials poses a danger to United States national security, and the threat or use of such materials by terrorists would directly threaten United States citizens at home and abroad.

(2) The Chemical Weapons Convention negotiated and signed by President Bush would make it more difficult for would-be proliferators, including terrorists, to acquire or use chemical weapons, if ratified and fully implemented as signed, by all signatories.
(3) The START II Treaty negotiated and signed by President Bush would help reduce the danger of potential proliferators, including terrorists, acquiring nuclear warheads and materials, and would contribute to United States-Russian bilateral efforts to secure and dismantle nuclear warheads, if ratified and fully implemented as signed by both parties.

(4) It is in the national security interest of the United States to take effective steps to make it harder for proliferators or would-be terrorists to obtain chemical or nuclear materials for use in weapons.

(5) The President has urged prompt Senate action on, and advice and consent to ratification of, the START II Treaty and the Chemical Weapons Convention.

(6) The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff has testified to Congress that ratification and full implementation of both treaties by all parties is in the United States national interest, and has strongly urged prompt Senate advice and consent to their ratification.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the United States and all other parties to the START II and Chemical Weapons Convention should
promptly ratify and fully implement, as negotiated, both treaties.

**TITLE XI—TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS**

**SEC. 1101. AMENDMENTS RELATED TO RESERVE OFFICER PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT ACT.**

(a) Public Law 103-337.—The Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (title XVI of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337)) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 1624 (108 Stat. 2961) is amended—

(A) by striking out "641" and all that follows through "(2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "620 is amended"; and

(B) by redesignating as subsection (d) the subsection added by the amendment made by that section.

(2) Section 1625 (108 Stat. 2962) is amended by striking out "Section 689" and inserting in lieu thereof "Section 12320".

(3) Section 1626(1) (108 Stat. 2962) is amended by striking out "(W-5)" in the second quoted matter therein and inserting in lieu thereof ", W-5,".
(4) Section 1627 (108 Stat. 2962) is amended by striking out “Section 1005(b)” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12645(b)”.  

(5) Section 1631 (108 Stat. 2964) is amended—  

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “Section 510” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12102”; and  

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out “Section 591” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12201”.  

(6) Section 1632 (108 Stat. 2965) is amended by striking out “Section 593(a)” and inserting in lieu thereof “Section 12203(a)”.  

(7) Section 1635(a) (108 Stat. 2968) is amended by striking out “section 1291” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 1691(b)”.  

(8) Section 1671 (108 Stat. 3013) is amended—  

(A) in subsection (b)(3), by striking out “512, and 517” and inserting in lieu thereof “and 512”; and  

(B) in subsection (c)(2), by striking out the comma after “861” in the first quoted matter therein.
(9) Section 1684(b) (108 Stat. 3024) is amended by striking out “section 14110(d)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 14111(c)”.

(b) **Subtitle E of Title 10.**—Subtitle E of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) The tables of chapters preceding part I and at the beginning of part IV are amended by striking out “Repayments” in the item relating to chapter 1609 and inserting in lieu thereof “Repayment Programs”.

(2)(A) The heading for section 10103 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 10103. Basic policy for order into Federal service”.

(B) The item relating to section 10103 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1003 is amended to read as follows:

“10103. Basic policy for order into Federal service.”.

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1005 is amended by striking out the third word in the item relating to section 10142.

(4) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1007 is amended—

(A) by striking out the third word in the item relating to section 10205; and

(B) by capitalizing the initial letter of the sixth word in the item relating to section 10211.
(5) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1011 is amended by inserting “Sec.” at the top of the column of section numbers.

(6) Section 10507 is amended—

(A) by striking out “section 124402(b)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12402(b)”; and

(B) by striking out “Air Forces” and inserting in lieu thereof “Air Force”.

(7)(A) Section 10508 is repealed.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1011 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 10508.

(8) Section 10542 is amended by striking out subsection (d).

(9) Section 12004(a) is amended by striking out “active-status” and inserting in lieu thereof “active status”.

(10) Section 12012 is amended by inserting “the” in the section heading before the penultimate word.

(11)(A) The heading for section 12201 is amended to read as follows:
§ 12201. Reserve officers: qualifications for appointment.

(B) The item relating to section 12201 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1205 is amended to read as follows:

``12201. Reserve officers: qualifications for appointment.''.

(12) The heading for section 12209 is amended to read as follows:

§ 12209. Officer candidates: enlisted Reserves''.

(13) The heading for section 12210 is amended to read as follows:

§ 12210. Attending Physician to the Congress: reserve grade while so serving''.

(14) Section 12213(a) is amended by striking out “section 593” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12203”.

(15) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1207 is amended by striking out “promotions” in the item relating to section 12243 and inserting in lieu thereof “promotion”.

(16) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1209 is amended—

(A) in the item relating to section 12304, by striking out the colon and inserting in lieu thereof of a semicolon; and
(B) in the item relating to section 12308, by striking out the second, third, and fourth words.

(17) Section 12307 is amended by striking out “Ready Reserve” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “Retired Reserve”.

(18) The heading of section 12401 is amended by striking out the seventh word.

(19) Section 12407(b) is amended—

(A) by striking out “of those jurisdictions” and inserting in lieu thereof “State”; and

(B) by striking out “jurisdictions” and inserting in lieu thereof “States”.

(20) Section 12731(f) is amended by striking out “the date of the enactment of this subsection” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 5, 1994,”.

(21) Section 12731a(c)(3) is amended by inserting a comma after “Defense Conversion”.

(22) Section 14003 is amended by inserting “lists” in the section heading immediately before the colon.

(23) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1403 is amended by striking out “selection board” in the item relating to section 14105 and inserting in lieu thereof “promotion board”.

HR 1530 EAS
(24) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1405 is amended—

(A) in the item relating to section 14307, by striking out "Numbers" and inserting in lieu thereof "Number";

(B) in the item relating to section 14309, by striking out the colon and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(C) in the item relating to section 14314, by capitalizing the initial letter of the antepenultimate word.

(25) Section 14315(a) is amended by striking out "a Reserve officer" and inserting in lieu thereof "a reserve officer".

(26) 14317(e) is amended—

(A) by inserting "OFFICERS ORDERED TO ACTIVE DUTY IN TIME OF WAR OR NATIONAL EMERGENCY.—" after "(e)"; and

(B) by striking out "section 10213 or 644" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 123 or 10213".

(27) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1407 is amended—
(A) in the item relating to section 14506, by inserting "reserve" after "Marine Corps and";
and

(B) in the item relating to section 14507, by inserting "reserve" after "Removal from the";
and

(C) in the item relating to section 14509, by inserting "in grades" after "reserve officers".

(28) Section 14501(a) is amended by inserting "OFFICERS BELOW THE GRADE OF COLONEL OR
NAVY CAPTAIN.—" after "(a)".

(29) The heading for section 14506 is amended by inserting a comma after "Air Force".

(30) Section 14508 is amended by striking out "this" after "from an active status under" in sub-
sections (c) and (d).

(31) Section 14515 is amended by striking out "inactive status" and inserting in lieu thereof "inac-
tive-status".

(32) Section 14903(b) is amended by striking out "chapter" and inserting in lieu thereof "title".

(33) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1606 is amended in the item relating to sec-
tion 16133 by striking out "limitations" and inserting in lieu thereof "limitation".
(34) Section 16132(c) is amended by striking out “section” and inserting in lieu thereof “sections”.

(35) Section 16135(b)(1)(A) is amended by striking out “section 2131(a)” and inserting in lieu thereof “sections 16131(a)”.

(36) Section 18236(b)(1) is amended by striking out “section 2233(e)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 18233(e)”.

(37) Section 18237 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out “section 2233(a)(1)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 18233(a)(1)”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking out “section 2233(a)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 18233(a)”.

(c) Other Provisions of Title 10.—Effective as of December 1, 1994 (except as otherwise expressly provided), and as if included as amendments made by the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (title XVI of Public Law 103-360) as originally enacted, title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 101(d)(6)(B)(i) is amended by striking out “section 175” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 10301”.
(2) Section 114(b) is amended by striking out "chapter 133" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1803".

(3) Section 115(d) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking out "section 673" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12302";

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking out "section 673b" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12304"; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by striking out "section 3500 or 8500" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12406".

(4) Section 123(a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "281, 592, 1002, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1374, 3217, 3218, 3219, 3220,,", "5414, 5457, 5458,, and "8217, 8218, 8219,,; and

(B) by striking out "and 8855" and inserting in lieu thereof "8855, 10214, 12003, 12004, 12005, 12007, 12202, 12213, 12642, 12645, 12646, 12647, 12771, 12772, and 12773".

(5) Section 582(1) is amended by striking out "section 672(d)" in subparagraph (B) and "section 673b" in subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu
thereof "section 12301(d)" and "section 12304", respectively.

(6) Section 641(1)(B) is amended by striking out "10501" and inserting in lieu thereof "10502, 10505, 10506(a), 10506(b), 10507".

(7) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 39 is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 687 and 690.

(8) Sections 1053(a)(1), 1064, and 1065(a) are amended by striking out "chapter 67" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1223".

(9) Section 1063(a)(1) is amended by striking out "section 1332(a)(2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732(a)(2)".

(10) Section 1074b(b)(2) is amended by striking out "section 673c" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12305".

(11) Section 1076(b)(2)(A) is amended by striking out "before the effective date of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "before December 1, 1994".

(12) Section 1176(b) is amended by striking out "section 1332" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732".
(13) Section 1208(b) is amended by striking out "section 1333" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12733".

(14) Section 1209 is amended by striking out "section 1332", "section 1335", and "chapter 71" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732", "section 12735", and "section 12739", respectively.

(15) Section 1407 is amended—

(A) in subsection (c)(1) and (d)(1), by striking out "section 1331" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731"; and

(B) in the heading for paragraph (1) of subsection (d), by striking out "CHAPTER 67" and inserting in lieu thereof "CHAPTER 1223".

(16) Section 1408(a)(5) is amended by striking out "section 1331" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12731"

(17) Section 1431(a)(1) is amended by striking out "section 1376(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12774(a)".

(18) Section 1463(a)(2) is amended by striking out "chapter 67" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1223".

(19) Section 1482(f)(2) is amended by inserting "section" before "12731 of this title".
(20) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 533 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 5454.

(21) Section 2006(b)(1) is amended by striking out "chapter 106 of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "chapter 1606 of this title".

(22) Section 2121(c) is amended by striking out "section 3353, 5600, or 8353" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12207", effective on the effective date specified in section 1691(b)(1) of Public Law 103-337.

(23) Section 2130a(b)(3) is amended by striking out "section 591" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12201".

(24) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 337 is amended by striking out the items relating to section 3351 and 3352.

(25) Sections 3850, 6389(c), 6391(c), and 8850 are amended by striking out "section 1332" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12732".

(26) Section 5600 is repealed, effective on the effective date specified in section 1691(b)(1) of Public Law 103-337.
(27) Section 5892 is amended by striking out "section 5457 or section 5458" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12004 or section 12005".

(28) Section 6410(a) is amended by striking out "section 1005" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12645".

(29) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 837 is amended by striking out the items relating to section 8351 and 8352.

(30) Section 8360(b) is amended by striking out "section 1002" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12642".

(31) Section 8380 is amended by striking out "section 524" in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12011".

(32) Sections 8819(a), 8846(a), and 8846(b) are amended by striking out "section 1005 and 1006" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 12645 and 12646".

(33) Section 8819 is amended by striking out "section 1005" and "section 1006" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12645" and "section 12646", respectively.

(d) CROSS REFERENCES IN OTHER DEFENSE LAWS.—
(1) Section 337(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 2717) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: “or who after November 30, 1994, transferred to the Retired Reserve under section 10154(2) of title 10, United States Code, without having completed the years of service required under section 12731(a)(2) of such title for eligibility for retired pay under chapter 1223 of such title”.


(A) in section 4415, by striking out “section 1331a” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12731a”;

(B) in subsection 4416—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking out “section 1331” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12731”;
(ii) in subsection (b)—

(I) by inserting “or section 12732” in paragraph (1) after “under that section”; and

(II) by inserting “or 12731(a)” in paragraph (2) after “section 1331(a)”;

(iii) in subsection (e)(2), by striking out “section 1332” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12732”; and

(iv) in subsection (g), by striking out “section 1331a” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12731a”; and

(C) in section 4418—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking out “section 1332” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12732”; and

(ii) in subsection (b)(1)(A), by striking out “section 1333” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12733”.

(4) Title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 302f(b), by striking out “section 673c of title 10” in paragraphs (2) and (3)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12305 of title 10”; and
(B) in section 433(a), by striking out "section 687 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12319 of title 10".

(e) CROSS REFERENCES IN OTHER LAWS.—

(1) Title 14, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 705(f), by striking out "600 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "12209 of title 10"; and

(B) in section 741(c), by striking out "section 1006 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12646 of title 10".

(2) Title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 3011(d)(3), by striking out "section 672, 673, 673b, 674, or 675 of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12301, 12302, 12304, 12306, or 12307 of title 10";

(B) in sections 3012(b)(1)(B)(iii) and 3701(b)(5)(B), by striking out "section 268(b) of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 10143(a) of title 10";

(C) in section 3501(a)(3)(C), by striking out "section 511(d) of title 10" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 12103(d) of title 10"; and

(D) in section 4211(4)(C), by striking out "section 672(a), (d), or (g), 673, or 673b of title
10” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12301(a), (d), or (g), 12302, or 12304 of title 10”.

(3) Section 702(a)(1) of the Soldiers’ and Sailors’ Civil Relief Act of 1940 (50 U.S.C. App. 592(a)(1)) is amended—

(A) by striking out “section 672 (a) or (g), 673, 673b, 674, 675, or 688 of title 10” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 688, 12301(a), 12301(g), 12302, 12304, 12306, or 12307 of title 10”; and

(B) by striking out “section 672(d) of such title” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 12301(d) of such title”.


(5) Section 179 of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12639) is amended in subsection (a)(2)(C) by striking out “section 216(a) of title 5” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 10101 of title 10”.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATES.—
(1) Section 1636 of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) The amendments made by sections 1672(a), 1673(a) (with respect to chapters 541 and 549), 1673(b)(2), 1673(b)(4), 1674(a), and 1674(b)(7) shall take effect on the effective date specified in section 1691(b)(1) of the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act (notwithstanding section 1691(a) of such Act).

(3) The amendments made by this section shall take effect as if included in the Reserve Officer Personnel Management Act as enacted on October 5, 1994.

SEC. 1102. AMENDMENTS RELATED TO FEDERAL ACQUISITION STREAMLINING ACT OF 1994.

(a) Public Law 103–355.—Effective as of October 13, 1994, and as if included therein as enacted, the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–355; 108 Stat. 3243 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 1202(a) (108 Stat. 3274) is amended by striking out the closing quotation marks and second period at the end of paragraph (2)(B) of the subsection inserted by the amendment made by that section.
(2) Section 1251(b) (108 Stat. 3284) is amended by striking out “Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act” and inserting in lieu thereof “Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949”.

(3) Section 2051(e) (108 Stat. 3304) is amended by striking out the closing quotation marks and second period at the end of subsection (f)(3) in the matter inserted by the amendment made by that section.


(5) The heading of section 2352(b) (108 Stat. 3322) is amended by striking out “PROCEDURES TO SMALL BUSINESS GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.—” and inserting in lieu thereof “PROCEDURES.—”.

(6) Section 3022 (108 Stat. 3333) is amended by striking out “each place” and all that follows through the end of the section and inserting in lieu thereof “in paragraph (1) and “, rent,” after “sell” in paragraph (2).”.

(7) Section 5092(b) (108 Stat. 3362) is amended by inserting “of paragraph (2)” after “second sentence”.

(8) Section 6005(a) (108 Stat. 3364) is amended by striking out the closing quotation marks and sec-
ond period at the end of subsection (e)(2) of the matter inserted by the amendment made by that section.

(9) Section 10005(f)(4) (108 Stat. 3409) is amended in the second matter in quotation marks by striking out ""Sec. 5. This Act"" and inserting in lieu thereof ""Sec. 7. This title"".

(b) Title 10, United States Code.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 2220(b) is amended by striking out ""the date of the enactment of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994"" and inserting in lieu thereof ""October 13, 1994"".

(2)(A) The section 2247 added by section 7202(a)(1) of Public Law 103–355 (108 Stat. 3379) is redesignated as section 2249.

(B) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 134 is revised to conform to the redesignation made by subparagraph (A).

(3) Section 2302(3)(K) is amended by adding a period at the end.

(4) Section 2304(h) is amended by striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
“(1) The Walsh-Healey Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.).”.

(5)(A) The section 2304a added by section 848(a)(1) of Public Law 103–160 (107 Stat. 1724) is redesignated as section 2304e.

(B) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 137 is revised to conform to the redesignation made by subparagraph (A).

(6) Section 2306a is amended—

(A) in subsection (d)(2)(A)(ii), by inserting “to” after “The information referred”;  
(B) in subsection (e)(4)(B)(ii), by striking out the second comma after “parties”; and  
(C) in subsection (i)(3), by inserting “(41 U.S.C. 403(12))” before the period at the end.

(7) Section 2323 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)(1)(C), by inserting a closing parenthesis after “1135d–5(3))” and after “1059c(b)(1))”;  
(B) in subsection (a)(3), by inserting a closing parenthesis after “421(c))”;  
(C) in subsection (b), by inserting “(1)” after “AMOUNT.—”;

and
(D) in subsection (i)(3), by adding at the end a subparagraph (D) identical to the subparagraph (D) set forth in the amendment made by section 811(e) of Public Law 103-160 (107 Stat. 1702).

(8) Section 2324 is amended—

(A) in subsection (e)(2)(C)—

(i) by striking out “awarding the contract” at the end of the first sentence; and

(ii) by striking out “title III” and all that follows through “Act)” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10b-1)”;

(B) in subsection (h)(2), by inserting “the head of the agency or” after “in the case of any contract if”.

(9) Section 2350b is amended—

(A) in subsection (c)(1)—

(i) by striking out “specifically—” and inserting in lieu thereof “specifically prescribe—”; and

(ii) by striking out “prescribe” in each of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D); and
(B) in subsection (d)(1), by striking out
“subcontract to be” and inserting in lieu thereof
“subcontract be”.

(10) Section 2356(a) is amended by striking out
“2354, or 2355” and inserting “or 2354”.

(11) Section 2372(i)(1) is amended by striking
out “section 2324(m)” and inserting in lieu thereof
“section 2324(l)”.

(12) Section 2384(b) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking “items, as” and insert-
ing in lieu thereof “items (as” ; and

(ii) by inserting a closing parenthesis
after “403(12)” ; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting a closing
parenthesis after “403(11)”.

(13) Section 2397(a)(1) is amended—

(A) by inserting “as defined in section
4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy
Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11))” after “threshold”; and

(B) by striking out “section 4(12) of the Of-

fice of Federal Procurement Policy Act” and in-
serting in lieu thereof “section 4(12) of such
Act”.
(14) Section 2397b(f) is amended by inserting a period at the end of paragraph (2)(B)(iii).

(15) Section 2400(a)(5) is amended by striking out “the preceding sentence” and inserting in lieu thereof “this paragraph”.

(16) Section 2405 is amended—

(A) in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a), by striking out “the date of the enactment of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 13, 1994”; and

(B) in subsection (c)(3)—

(i) by striking out “the later of—” and all that follows through “(B)”; and

(ii) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively, and realigning those subparagraphs accordingly.

(17) Section 2410d(b) is amended by striking out paragraph (3).

(18) Section 2424(c) is amended—

(A) by inserting “EXCEPTION FOR SOFT DRINKS.—” after “(c)”; and
(B) by striking out “drink” the first and third places it appears in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “beverage”.

(19) Section 2431 is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) by striking out “Any report” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “Any documents”; and

(ii) by striking out “the report” in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof “the documents”; and

(B) in subsection (c), by striking “reporting” and inserting in lieu thereof “documentation”.

(20) Section 2533(a) is amended by striking out “title III of the Act” and all that follows through “such Act” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a)) whether application of such Act”.

(21) Section 2662(b) is amended by striking out “small purchase threshold” and inserting in lieu thereof “simplified acquisition threshold”.

(22) Section 2701(i)(1) is amended—

(A) by striking out “Act of August 24, 1935 (40 U.S.C. 270a–270d), commonly referred to as
the ‘Miller Act,’” and inserting in lieu thereof
“Miller Act (40 U.S.C. 270a et seq.”); and
(B) by striking out “such Act of August 24,
1935” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Miller
Act”.
(c) Small Business Act.—The Small Business Act
(15 U.S.C. 632 et seq.) is amended as follows:
(1) Section 8(d) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)) is amended—
(A) in paragraph (1), by striking out the
second comma after “small business concerns”
the first place it appears; and
(B) in paragraph (6)(C), by striking out
“and small business concerns owned and con-
trolled by the socially and economically dis-
advantaged individuals” and inserting in lieu
thereof “, small business concerns owned and
controlled by socially and economically dis-
advantaged individuals, and small business con-
cerns owned and controlled by women”.
(2) Section 8(f) (15 U.S.C. 637(f)) is amended
by inserting “and” after the semicolon at the end of
paragraph (5).
(3) Section 15(g)(2) (15 U.S.C. 644(g)(2)) is amended by striking out the second comma after the first appearance of "small business concerns".

(d) TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 3551 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "subchapter—" and inserting in lieu thereof "subchapter:"; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking out "or proposed contract" and inserting in lieu thereof "or a solicitation or other request for offers".

(e) FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949.—The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended as follows:

(1) The table of contents in section 1 (40 U.S.C. 471 prec.) is amended—

(A) by striking out the item relating to section 104;

(B) by striking out the item relating to section 201 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 201. Procurements, warehousing, and related activities."

(C) by inserting after the item relating to section 315 the following new item:

"Sec. 316. Merit-based award of grants for research and development."
(D) by striking out the item relating to section 603 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 603. Authorizations for appropriations and transfer authority."); and

(E) by inserting after the item relating to section 605 the following new item:

"Sec. 606. Sex discrimination.".

(2) Section 111(b)(3) (40 U.S.C. 759(b)(3)) is amended by striking out the second period at the end of the third sentence.

(3) Section 111(f)(9) (40 U.S.C. 759(f)(9)) is amended in subparagraph (B) by striking out “or proposed contract” and inserting in lieu thereof “or a solicitation or other request for offers”.

(4) The heading for paragraph (1) of section 304A(c) is amended by changing each letter that is capitalized (other than the first letter of the first word) to lower case.

(5) The heading for section 314A (41 U.S.C. 41 U.S.C. 264a) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 314A. DEFINITIONS RELATING TO PROCUREMENT OF COMMERCIAL ITEMS.”.

(6) The heading for section 316 (41 U.S.C. 266) is amended by inserting at the end a period.

(f) WALSH-HEALEY ACT.—
(1) The Walsh-Healey Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.) is amended—

(A) by transferring the second section 11 (as added by section 7201(4) of Public Law 103-355) so as to appear after section 10; and

(B) by redesignating the three sections following such section 11 (as so transferred) as sections 12, 13, and 14.

(2) Such Act is further amended in section 10(c) by striking out the comma after “‘locality’”.

(g) ANTI-KICKBACK ACT OF 1986.—Section 7 of the Anti-Kickback Act of 1986 (41 U.S.C. 57) is amended by striking out the second period at the end of subsection (d).

(h) OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT.—The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 6 (41 U.S.C. 405) is amended by transferring paragraph (12) of subsection (d) (as such paragraph was redesignated by section 5091(2) of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-355; 108 Stat. 3361) to the end of that subsection.

(2) Section 18(b) (41 U.S.C. 416(b)) is amended by inserting “and” after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (5).
(3) Section 26(f)(3) (41 U.S.C. 422(f)(3) is amended in the first sentence by striking out "Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator" and inserting in lieu thereof "The Administrator".

(i) Other Laws.—

(1) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160) is amended as follows:

(A) Section 126(c) (107 Stat. 1567) is amended by striking out "section 2401 of title 10, United States Code, or section 9081 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2401 note)." and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2401 or 2401a of title 10, United States Code."

(B) Section 127 (107 Stat. 1568) is amended—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking out "section 2401 of title 10, United States Code, or section 9081 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2401 note)." and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2401 or 2401a of title 10, United States Code."; and
(ii) in subsection (e), by striking out "section 9081 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (10 U.S.C. 2401 note)." and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2401a of title 10, United States Code."


(4) Section 3737(g) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 15(g)) is amended by striking out "rights of obligations" and inserting in lieu thereof "rights or obligations".

(5) The section of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 22) amended by section 6004 of Public Law 103-355 (108 Stat. 3364) is amended by striking out "No member" and inserting in lieu thereof "SEC. 3741. No Member".

and inserting in lieu thereof "(as defined in section 4(12) of such Act (41 U.S.C. 403(12)))".

**SEC. 1103. AMENDMENTS TO REFLECT NAME CHANGE OF COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.**

(a) **Title 10, United States Code.**—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

1. (1) Sections 503(b)(5), 520a(d), 526(d)(1), 619a(h)(2), 806a(b), 838(b)(7), 946(c)(1)(A), 1098(b)(2), 2313(b)(4), 2361(c)(1), 2371(h), 2391(c), 2430(b), 2432(b)(3)(B), 2432(c)(2), 2432(h)(1), 2667(d)(3), 2672a(b), 2687(b)(1), 2891(a), 4342(g), 7307(b)(1)(A), and 9342(g) are amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives".

2. (2) Sections 178(c)(1)(A), 942(e)(5), 2350f(c), 2864(b), 7426(e), 7431(a), 7431(b)(1), 7431(c), 7438(b), 12302(b), 18235(a), and 18236(a) are amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on
(3) Section 113(j)(1) is amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the".

(4) Section 119(g) is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations, and the Defense Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations, of the Senate; and

"(2) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations, and the National Security Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations, of the House of Representatives."

(5) Section 127(c) is amended by striking out "Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and" and inserting in lieu thereof "Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on"
National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of”.

(6) Section 135(e) is amended—

(A) by inserting “(1)” after “(e)”;

(B) by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives are each” and inserting in lieu thereof “each congressional committee specified in paragraph (2) is”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(7) Section 179(e) is amended by striking out “to the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the”.

HR 1530 EAS
(8) Sections 401(d) and 402(d) are amended by striking out "submit to the" and all that follows through "Foreign Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof "submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations".

(9) Sections 1584(b), 2367(d)(2), and 2464(b)(3)(A) are amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the".

(10) Sections 2306b(g), 2801(c)(4), and 18233a(a)(1) are amended by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the".

(11) Section 1599(e)(2) is amended—
(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking out “The Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations,”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking out “The Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations” and inserting in lieu thereof “The Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations,”.

(12) Sections 1605(c), 4355(a)(3), 6968(a)(3), and 9355(a)(3) are amended by striking out “Armed Services” and inserting in lieu thereof “National Security”.

(13) Section 1060(d) is amended by striking out “Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations”.

(14) Section 2215 is amended—

(A) by inserting “(a) Certification Required.—” at the beginning of the text of the section;

(B) by striking out “to the Committees” and all that follows through “House of Rep-
resentatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “to the congressional committees specified in subsection (b)”;

and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(b) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The committees referred to in subsection (a) are—

“(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(2) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(15) Section 2218 is amended—

(A) in subsection (j), by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “the congressional defense committees”; and

(B) by adding at the end of subsection (k) the following new paragraph:

“(4) The term ‘congressional defense committees’ means—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(16) Section 2342(b) is amended—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out “section—” and inserting in lieu thereof “section unless—”;

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking out “unless”;

and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking out “notifies the” and all that follows through “House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Secretary submits to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives notice of the intended designation”.

(17) Section 2350a(f)(2) is amended by striking out “submit to the Committees” and all that follows through “House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and
the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives”.

(18) Section 2366 is amended—

(A) in subsection (d), by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “the congressional defense committees”; and

(B) by adding at the end of subsection (e) the following new paragraph:

“(7) The term ‘congressional defense committees’ means—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(19) Section 2399(h)(2) is amended by striking out “means” and all the follows and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “means—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(20) Section 2401(b)(1) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committees on Appropriations of the’’; and

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “those committees’’.

(21) Section 2403(e) is amended—

(A) by inserting “(1)” before “Before making’’;

(B) by striking out “shall notify the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “shall submit
to the congressional committees specified in paragraph (2) notice”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”.

(22) Section 2515(d) is amended—

(A) by striking out “REPORTING” and all that follows through “same time” and inserting in lieu thereof “ANNUAL REPORT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional committees specified in paragraph (2) an annual report on the activities of the Office. The report shall be submitted each year at the same time”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—
“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.”

(23) Section 2551 is amended—

(A) in subsection (e)(1), by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services” and all that follows through “House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives”; and

(B) in subsection (f)—

(i) by inserting “(1)” before “In any case”;

(ii) by striking out “Committees on Appropriations” and all that follows through “House of Representatives” the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “congressional committees specified in paragraph (2)”;}
(iii) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

"(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(B) the Committee on National Security, the Committee on International Relations, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives."

(24) Section 2662 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives"; and

(ii) in the matter following paragraph (6), by striking out "to be submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives";
(B) in subsection (b), by striking out "shall report annually to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall submit annually to the congressional committees named in subsection (a) a report";

(C) in subsection (e), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "the congressional committees named in subsection (a)"; and

(D) in subsection (f), by striking out "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives shall" and inserting in lieu thereof "the congressional committees named in subsection (a) shall".

(25) Section 2674(a) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking out "Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate, and the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof "Congressional committees specified in paragraph (3)"; and
(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) The committees referred to in paragraph (1) are—

“(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate; and

“(B) the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.”

(26) Section 2813(c) is amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “appropriate committees of Congress”.

(27) Sections 2825(b)(1) and 2832(b)(2) are amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and of the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “appropriate committees of Congress”.

(28) Section 2865(e)(2) and 2866(c)(2) are amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and House
of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “ap-
propriate committees of Congress”.

(29)(A) Section 7434 of such title is amended to
read as follows:

“§ 7434. Annual report to congressional committees

“Not later than October 31 of each year, the Secretary
shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the
Senate and the Committee on National Security of the
House of Representatives a report on the production from
the naval petroleum reserves during the preceding calendar
year.”.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table
of contents at the beginning of chapter 641 is amend-
ed to read as follows:

“7434. Annual report to congressional committees.”.

(b) Title 37, United States Code.—Title 37, United
States Code, is amended—

(1) in sections 301b(i)(2) and 406(i), by striking
out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and
House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu there-
of “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and
the Committee on National Security of the House of
Representatives”; and

(2) in section 431(d), by striking out “Armed
Services” the first place it appears and inserting in
lieu thereof “National Security”.

HR 1530 EAS
(c) ANNUAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.—

(1) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160) is amended in sections 2922(b) and 2925(b) (10 U.S.C. 2687 note) by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(2) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–484) is amended—

(A) in section 326(a)(5) (10 U.S.C. 2301 note) and section 1304(a) (10 U.S.C. 113 note), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”;

and

(B) in section 1505(e)(2)(B) (22 U.S.C. 5859a), by striking out “the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce” and in-
serting in lieu thereof “the Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on International Relations, and the Committee on Commerce”.

(3) Section 1097(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102–190; 22 U.S.C. 2751 note) is amended by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Affairs” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations”.

(4) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (P.L. 101–510) is amended as follows:

(A) Section 402(a) and section 1208(b)(3) (10 U.S.C. 1701 note) are amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(B) Section 1403(a) (50 U.S.C. 404b(a)) is amended—

(i) by striking out “the Committees on” and all that follows through “each
year” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on National Security, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives each year”.

(C) Section 1457(a) (50 U.S.C. 404c(a)) is amended by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Armed Services and” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on National Security and the Committee on International Relations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on”.

(D) Section 2921 (10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(i) in subsection (e)(3)(A), by striking out “the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Defense Subcommittees” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on National Secu-
rity, the Committee on Appropriations, and
the National Security Subcommittee”; and

(ii) in subsection (g)(2), by striking
out “the Committees on Armed Services of
the Senate and House of Representatives”
and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee
on Armed Services of the Senate and the
Committee on National Security of the
House of Representatives”.

(5) Section 613(h)(1) of the National Defense
Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1989 (Public Law
100-456; 37 U.S.C. 302 note), is amended by striking
out “the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate
and the House of Representatives” and inserting in
lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services of the
Senate and the Committee on National Security of
the House of Representatives”.

(6) Section 1412 of the Department of Defense
Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145; 50
U.S.C. 1521), is amended in subsections (b)(4) and
(k)(2), by striking out “Committees on Armed Ser-
vices of the Senate and House of Representatives” and
inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Serv-
vices of the Senate and the Committee on National Se-
curity of the House of Representatives”.
(7) Section 1002(d) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 22 U.S.C. 1928 note), is amended by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.


(A) in subsection (d), by striking out “Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”; and

(B) in subsection (e), by striking out “Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “congressional committees specified in subsection (d)”. 
(d) Base Closure Law.—The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended as follows:

(1) Sections 2902(e)(2)(B)(ii) and 2908(b) are amended by striking out “Armed Services” the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “National Security”.

(2) Section 2910(2) is amended by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services and the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and of the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives”.

(e) National Defense Stockpile.—The Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act is amended—

(1) in section 6(d) (50 U.S.C. 98e(d))—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”; and
(B) in paragraph (2), by striking out “the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “such congressional committees”; and

(2) in section 7(b) (50 U.S.C. 98f(b)), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(f) Other Defense-Related Provisions.—

(1) Section 8125(g)(2) of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100-463; 10 U.S.C. 113 note), is amended by striking out “Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Appropriations and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committees on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(2) Section 1505(f)(3) of the Military Child Care Act of 1989 (title XV of Public Law 101-189; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House
of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(3) Section 9047A of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1993 (Public Law 102–396; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note), is amended by striking out “the Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate” and inserting in lieu thereof “the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(4) Section 3059(c)(1) of the Defense Drug Interdiction Assistance Act (subtitle A of title III of Public Law 99–570; 10 U.S.C. 9441 note) is amended by striking out “Committees on Appropriations and on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives”.
(5) Section 7606(b) of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-690; 10 U.S.C. 9441 note) is amended by striking out “Committees on Appropriations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives”.

(6) Section 104(d)(5) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-4(d)(5)) is amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

(7) Section 8 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)(3), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on National Security and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight”;
(B) in subsection (b)(4), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations of the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “congressional committees specified in paragraph (3)”;

(C) in subsection (f)(1), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on National Security and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight”; and

(D) in subsection (f)(2), by striking out “Committees on Armed Services and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and Government Operations of the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “congressional committees specified in paragraph (1)”.

(8) Section 204(h)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485(h)(3)) is amended by striking out “Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and of the House of Representatives” and inserting in lieu thereof “Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Com-
mittee on National Security of the House of Representatives”.

SEC. 1104. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10,
UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) SUBTITLE A.—Subtitle A of title 10, United States
Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 113(i)(2)(B) is amended by striking
out “the five years covered” and all that follows
through “section 114(g)” and inserting in lieu thereof
“the period covered by the future-years defense pro-
gram submitted to Congress during that year pursu-
ant to section 221”.

(2) Section 136(c) is amended by striking out
“Comptroller” and inserting in lieu thereof “Under
Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)”.

(3) Section 227(3)(D) is amended by striking out
“for”.

(4) Effective October 1, 1995, section 526 is
amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out para-
graphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting in lieu
thereof the following:

“(1) For the Army, 302.
“(2) For the Navy, 216.
“(3) For the Air Force, 279.”;
(B) by striking out subsection (b);

(C) by redesignating subsections (c), (d),

and (e) as subsections (b), (c), and (d);

(D) in subsection (b), as so redesignated, by

striking out “that are applicable on and after

October 1, 1995”; and

(E) in paragraph (2)(B) of subsection (c),

as redesignated by subparagraph (C), is amend-

ed—

   (i) by striking out “the” after “in the”;

   (ii) by inserting “to” after “reserve

       component, or”; and

   (iii) by inserting “than” after “in a

       grade other”.

(5) Effective October 1, 1995, section 528(a) is

amended by striking out “after September 30, 1995,”

(6) Section 573(a)(2) is amended by striking out

“active duty list” and inserting in lieu thereof “ac-

tive-duty list”.

(7) Section 661(d)(2) is amended—

   (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking out

   “Until January 1, 1994” and all that follows

   through “each position so designated” and in-

   serting in lieu thereof “Each position designated

   by the Secretary under subparagraph (A)”;


(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking out “the second sentence of”; and

(C) by striking out subparagraph (D).

(8) Section 706(c)(1) is amended by striking out “section 4301 of title 38” and inserting in lieu thereof “chapter 43 of title 38”.

(9) Section 1059 is amended by striking out “subsection (j)” in subsections (c)(2) and (g)(3) and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (k)”.

(10) Section 1060a(f)(2)(B) is amended by striking out “(as defined in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)))” and inserting in lieu thereof “, as determined in accordance with the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)”.

(11) Section 1151 is amended—

(A) in subsection (b), by striking out “(20 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.)” in paragraphs (2)(A) and (3)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof “(20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.)”; and

(B) in subsection (e)(1)(B), by striking out “not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “not later than October 5, 1995”.

HR 1530 EAS
(12) Section 1152(g)(2) is amended by striking out “not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “not later than April 3, 1994.”.

(13) Section 1177(b)(2) is amended by striking out “provision of law” and inserting in lieu thereof “provision of law”.

(14) The heading for chapter 67 is amended by striking out “NONREGULAR” and inserting in lieu thereof “NON-REGULAR”.

(15) Section 1598(a)(2)(A) is amended by striking out “2701” and inserting in lieu thereof “6301”.

(16) Section 1745(a) is amended by striking out “section 4107(d)” both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “section 4107(b)”.

(17) Section 1746(a) is amended—

(A) by striking out “(1)” before “The Secretary of Defense’”; and

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.

(18) Section 2006(b)(2)(B)(ii) is amended by striking out “section 1412 of such title’” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 3012 of such title’”.

(19) Section 2011(a) is amended by striking out "TO" and inserting in lieu thereof "To".

(20) Section 2194(e) is amended by striking out "(20 U.S.C. 2891(12))" and inserting in lieu thereof "(20 U.S.C. 8801)".

(21) Sections 2217(b) and 2220(a)(2) are amended by striking out "Comptroller of the Department of Defense" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)".

(22) Section 2401(c)(2) is amended by striking out "pursuant to" and all that follows through "September 24, 1983;".

(23) Section 2410f(b) is amended by striking out "For purposes of" and inserting in lieu thereof "In".

(24) Section 2410j(a)(2)(A) is amended by striking out "2701" and inserting in lieu thereof "6301".

(25) Section 2457(e) is amended by striking out "title III of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a)," and inserting in lieu thereof "the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a)".

(26) Section 2465(b)(3) is amended by striking out "under contract" and all that follows through the period and inserting in lieu thereof "under contract on September 24, 1983;".

(27) Section 2471(b) is amended—
(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting “by” after “as determined”; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting “of” after “arising out”.

(28) Section 2524(e)(4)(B) is amended by inserting a comma before “with respect to”.

(29) The heading of section 2525 is amended by capitalizing the initial letter of the second, fourth, and fifth words.

(30) Chapter 152 is amended by striking out the table of subchapters at the beginning and the headings for subchapters I and II.

(31) Section 2534(c) is amended by capitalizing the initial letter of the third and fourth words of the subsection heading.

(32) Section 2705(d)(2) is amended by striking out “the date of the enactment of this section” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 5, 1994”.

(33) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of chapter 169 is amended by adding a period at the end of the item relating to section 2811.

(b) Other Subtitles.—Subtitles B, C, and D of title 10, United States Code, are amended as follows:

(1) Sections 3022(a)(1), 5025(a)(1), and 8022(a)(1) are amended by striking out “Comptroller
of the Department of Defense’’ and inserting in lieu thereof ‘‘Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)’’.

(2) Section 6241 is amended by inserting ‘‘or’’ at the end of paragraph (2).

(3) Section 6333(a) is amended by striking out the first period after ‘‘section 1405’’ in formula C in the table under the column designated ‘‘Column 2’’.

(4) The item relating to section 7428 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 641 is amended by striking out ‘‘Agreement’’ and inserting in lieu thereof ‘‘Agreements’’.

(5) The item relating to section 7577 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 649 is amended by striking out ‘‘Officers’’ and inserting in lieu thereof ‘‘officers’’.

(6) The center heading for part IV in the table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle D is amended by inserting a comma after ‘‘SUPPLY’’.

SEC. 1105. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO ANNUAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.

(a) PUBLIC LAW 103–337.—Effective as of October 5, 1994, and as if included therein as enacted, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337) is amended as follows:
(1) Section 322(1) (108 Stat. 2711) is amended by striking out “SERVICE” in both sets of quoted matter and inserting in lieu thereof “SERVICES”.

(2) Section 531(g)(2) (108 Stat. 2758) is amended by inserting “item relating to section 1034 in the” after “The”.

(3) Section 541(c)(1) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by inserting a comma after “chief warrant officer”; and

(B) in the matter after subparagraph (C), by striking out “this”.

(4) Section 721(f)(2) (108 Stat. 2806) is amended by striking out “revaluated” and inserting in lieu thereof “reevaluated”.

(5) Section 722(d)(2) (108 Stat. 2808) is amended by striking out “National Academy of Science” and inserting in lieu thereof “National Academy of Sciences”.

(6) Section 904(d) (108 Stat. 2827) is amended by striking out “subsection (c)” the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (b)”.

(7) Section 1202 (108 Stat. 2882) is amended—

(A) by striking out “(title XII of Public Law 103–60” and inserting in lieu thereof “(title XII of Public Law 103–160”; and
(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “in the first sentence” before “and inserting in lieu thereof”.

(8) Section 1312(a)(2) (108 Stat. 2894) is amended by striking out “adding at the end” and inserting in lieu thereof “inserting after the item relating to section 123a”.

(9) Section 2813(c) (108 Stat. 3055) is amended by striking out “above paragraph (1)” both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “preceding sub-paragraph (A)”.

(b) Public Law 103–160.—The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160) is amended in section 1603(d) (22 U.S.C. 2751 note)—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out the second comma after “Not later than April 30 of each year”;

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking out “contributes” and inserting in lieu thereof “contribute”; and

(3) in paragraph (5), by striking out “is” and inserting in lieu thereof “are”.

c) Public Law 102–484.—The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–484) is amended as follows:
(1) Section 326(a)(5) (106 Stat. 2370; 10 U.S.C. 2301 note) is amended by inserting “report” after “each”.

(2) Section 4403(a) (10 U.S.C. 1293 note) is amended by striking out “through 1995” and inserting in lieu thereof “through fiscal year 1999”.

(d) Public Law 102–190.—Section 1097(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102–190; 105 Stat. 1490) is amended by striking out “the Federal Republic of Germany, France” and inserting in lieu thereof “France, Germany”.

Sec. 1106. Miscellaneous Amendments to Federal Acquisition Laws.

(a) Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act.—The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 6(b) (41 U.S.C. 405(b)) is amended by striking out the second comma after “under subsection (a)” in the first sentence.

(2) Section 18(a) (41 U.S.C. 416(a)) is amended in paragraph (1)(B) by striking out “described in subsection (f)” and inserting in lieu thereof “described in subsection (b)”.

(3) Section 25(b)(2) (41 U.S.C. 421(b)(2)) is amended by striking out “Under Secretary of Defense
for Acquisition” and inserting in lieu thereof “Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology”.

(b) OTHER LAWS.—

(1) Section 11(2) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by striking out the second comma after “Community Service”.

(2) Section 908(e) of the Defense Acquisition Improvement Act of 1986 (10 U.S.C. 2326 note) is amended by striking out “section 2325(g)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 2326(g)”.

(3) Effective as of August 9, 1989, and as if included therein as enacted, Public Law 101-73 is amended in section 501(b)(1)(A) (103 Stat. 393) by striking out “be,” and inserting in lieu thereof “be;” in the second quoted matter therein.

(4) Section 3732(a) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11(a)) is amended by striking out the second comma after “quarters”.

(5) Section 2 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 601) is amended in paragraphs (3), (5), (6), and (7), by striking out “The’ and inserting in lieu thereof “the’.

(6) Section 13 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 612) is amended—
(A) in subsection (a), by striking out "section 1302 of the Act of July 27, 1956, (70 Stat. 694, as amended; 31 U.S.C. 724a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1304 of title 31, United States Code"; and

(B) in subsection (c), by striking out "section 1302 of the Act of July 27, 1956, (70 Stat. 694, as amended; 31 U.S.C. 724a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1304 of title 31, United States Code, ".

SEC. 1107. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.

(a) OFFICER PERSONNEL ACT OF 1947.—Section 437 of the Officer Personnel Act of 1947 is repealed.

(b) TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 8171—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking out "903(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "903(a)";

(B) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting "section" before "39(b)"; and

(C) in subsection (d), by striking out "(33 U.S.C. 18 and 21, respectively)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(33 U.S.C. 918 and 921)";
(2) in sections 8172 and 8173, by striking out "(33 U.S.C. 2(2))" and inserting in lieu thereof "(33 U.S.C. 902(2))"; and

(3) in section 8339(d)(7), by striking out "Court of Military Appeals" and inserting in lieu thereof "Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces".

(c) Public Law 90-485.—Effective as of August 13, 1968, and as if included therein as originally enacted, section 1(6) of Public Law 90-485 (82 Stat. 753) is amended—

(1) by striking out the close quotation marks after the end of clause (4) of the matter inserted by the amendment made by that section; and

(2) by adding close quotation marks at the end.

(d) Title 37, United States Code.—Section 406(b)(1)(E) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "of this paragraph".

(e) Base Closure Act.—Section 2910 of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) by redesignating the second paragraph (10), as added by section 2(b) of the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of
1994 (Public Law 103-421; 108 Stat. 4352), as paragraph (11); and
(2) in paragraph (11), as so redesignated, by striking out “section 501(h)(4)” and “11411(h)(4)” and inserting in lieu thereof “501(i)(4)” and “11411(i)(4)”, respectively.

(f) Public Law 103-421.—Section 2(e)(5) of Public Law 103-421 (108 Stat. 4354) is amended—
(1) by striking out “(A)” after “(5)”; and
(2) by striking out “clause” in subparagraph (B)(iv) and inserting in lieu thereof “clauses”.

SEC. 1108. COORDINATION WITH OTHER AMENDMENTS.
For purposes of applying amendments made by provisions of this Act other than provisions of this title, this title shall be treated as having been enacted immediately before the other provisions of this Act.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.
This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996”.

TITLE XXI—ARMY

SEC. 2101. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2104(a)(1), the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>Fort Huachuca</td>
<td>$16,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Fort Irwin</td>
<td>$15,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Presidio of San Francisco</td>
<td>$3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>Fort Carson</td>
<td>$10,850,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>Fort McNair</td>
<td>$13,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Walter Reed Army Medical Center</td>
<td>$4,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Fort Benning</td>
<td>$37,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Gordon</td>
<td>$5,750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Stewart</td>
<td>$8,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Schofield Barracks</td>
<td>$35,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>Fort Riley</td>
<td>$15,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>Fort Campbell</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Knox</td>
<td>$5,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Watervliet Arsenal</td>
<td>$680,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Fort Bragg</td>
<td>$29,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>Fort Sill</td>
<td>$6,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Naval Weapons Station, Charleston ....</td>
<td>$25,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Fort Jackson</td>
<td>$32,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Hood</td>
<td>$32,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Bliss</td>
<td>$48,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Fort Eustis</td>
<td>$16,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Fort Lewis</td>
<td>$32,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONUS Classified</td>
<td>Classified Location</td>
<td>$1,900,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2104(a)(2), the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations outside of the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

HR 1530 EAS
United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Army: Outside the United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Country</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overseas Classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worldwide</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 2102. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) Construction and Acquisition.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2104(a)(5)(A), the Secretary of the Army may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition) at the installations, for the purposes, and in the amounts set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Army: Family Housing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Planning and Design.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2104(a)(5)(A), the Secretary of the Army may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or im-
provement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed $2,340,000.

SEC. 2103. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.

Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in sections 2104(a)(5)(A), the Secretary of the Army may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $26,212,000.

SEC. 2104. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, ARMY.

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Army in the total amount of $2,033,858,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 2101(a), $406,380,000.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 2101(b), $102,550,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $9,000,000.
(4) For architectural and engineering service and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $36,194,000.

(5) For military family housing functions:
   (A) For construction and acquisition, planning and design, and improvement of military family housing and facilities, $66,552,000.
   (B) For support of military family housing (including the functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $1,337,596,000.

(6) For the Homeowners Assistance Program as authorized by section 2832 of title 10, United States Code, $75,586,000, to remain available until expended.

(b) Limitation on Total Cost of Construction Projects.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 2101 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).
SEC. 2105. REDUCTION IN AMOUNTS AUTHORIZED TO BE APPROPRIATED FOR FISCAL YEAR 1992 MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

Section 2105(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1992 (division B of Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1511), as amended by section 2105(b)(2)(A) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (division B of Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1859), is further amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking out "$2,571,974,000" and insert in lieu thereof "$2,565,729,000".

TITLE XXII—NAVY

SEC. 2201. AUTHORIZED NAVY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2204(a)(1), the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base</td>
<td>$27,584,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>China Lake Naval Air Warfare Center Weapons Division.</td>
<td>$3,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lemoore Naval Air Station</td>
<td>$7,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>North Island Naval Air Station</td>
<td>$99,150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Point Mugu Naval Air Warfare Center Weapons Division.</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>San Diego Naval Command, Control, and Ocean Surveillance Center.</td>
<td>$3,170,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>San Diego Naval Station</td>
<td>$19,960,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Navy: Inside the United States—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>Twenty nine Palms Marine Corps Air-Ground Combat Center.</td>
<td>$2,490,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eglin Air Force Base, Naval School Explosive Ordnance Disposal.</td>
<td>$16,150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pensacola Naval Technical Training Center, Corry Station.</td>
<td>$2,565,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Kings Bay Strategic Weapons Facility, Atlantic.</td>
<td>$2,450,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Honolulu Naval Computer and Telecommunications Area, Master Station Eastern Pacific.</td>
<td>$1,980,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pearl Harbor Intelligence Center Pacific.</td>
<td>$2,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>Pearl Harbor Naval Submarine Base, Great Lakes Naval Training Center</td>
<td>$22,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$12,440,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>United States Naval Academy</td>
<td>$3,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>Lakehurst Naval Air Warfare Center Aircraft Division.</td>
<td>$1,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Camp Lejeune Marine Corps Base, Cherry Point Marine Corps Air Station.</td>
<td>$59,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$11,430,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>New River Marine Corps Air Station, Beaufort Marine Corps Air Station.</td>
<td>$14,650,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Henderson Hall, Arlington</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Norfolk Naval Station, Portsmouth Naval Hospital, Quantico Marine Corps Combat Development Command.</td>
<td>$10,580,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$9,500,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Williamsburg Fleet and Industrial Supply Center.</td>
<td>$3,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yorktown Naval Weapons Station</td>
<td>$8,390,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Bremerton Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Keyport Naval Undersea Warfare Center Division.</td>
<td>$1,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$5,300,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>Naval Security Group Detachment, Sugar Grove.</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONUS Classified</td>
<td>Classified location, Classified location.</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) **Outside the United States.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2204(a)(2), the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

## Navy: Outside the United States

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Guam Navy Public Works Center</td>
<td>$16,180,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HR 1530 EAS
### Navy: Outside the United States—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>Naples Naval Support Activity</td>
<td>$24,950,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Roosevelt Roads Naval Station</td>
<td>$11,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sabana Seca Naval Security Group Activity.</td>
<td>$2,200,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### SEC. 2202. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) Construction and Acquisition.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2204(a)(6)(A), the Secretary of the Navy may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition) at the installations, for the purposes, and in the amounts set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/Country</th>
<th>Installation</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base</td>
<td>69 units</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base</td>
<td>Community Center</td>
<td>$1,438,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$707,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lemoore Naval Air Station.</td>
<td>240 units</td>
<td>$34,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Point Mugu Pacific Missile Test Center.</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$1,020,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>San Diego Public Works Center.</td>
<td>346 units</td>
<td>$49,310,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Oahu Naval Complex</td>
<td>252 units</td>
<td>$48,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>Patuxent River Naval Air Test Center.</td>
<td>Warehouse</td>
<td>$890,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>United States Naval Academy.</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Cherry Point Marine Corps Air Station.</td>
<td>Community Center</td>
<td>$1,003,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Mechanicsburg Navy Ships Parts Control Center.</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Roosevelt Roads Naval Station.</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$710,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Dahlgren Naval Surface Warfare Center.</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$520,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Norfolk Public Works Center.</td>
<td>320 units</td>
<td>$42,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Norfolk Public Works Center.</td>
<td>Housing Office</td>
<td>$1,390,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Navy: Family Housing—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/Country</th>
<th>Installation</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Bangor Naval Submarine Base</td>
<td>141 units</td>
<td>$4,890,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naval Security Group Detachment, Sugar Grove</td>
<td>23 units</td>
<td>$3,590,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Planning and Design.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriation in section 2204(a)(6)(A), the Secretary of the Navy may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $24,390,000.

SEC. 2203. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.

Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2204(a)(6)(A), the Secretary of the Navy may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $259,489,000.

SEC. 2204. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NAVY.

(A) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Navy in the total amount of $2,077,459,000 as follows:
(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 2201(a), $399,659,000.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 2201(b), $69,250,000.

(3) For the military construction project at Newport Naval War College, Rhode Island, authorized by section 2201(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (division B of Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 3031), $18,000,000.

(4) For unspecified minor construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $7,200,000.

(5) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $48,774,000.

(6) For military family housing functions:

(A) For construction and acquisition, planning and design, and improvement of military family housing and facilities, $486,247,000.

(B) For support of military housing (including functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $1,048,329,000.
(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 2201 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

SEC. 2205. REVISION OF FISCAL YEAR 1995 AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO CLARIFY AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR LARGE ANECHOIC CHAMBER, PATUXENT RIVER NAVAL WARFARE CENTER, MARYLAND.

Section 2204(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (division B of Public Law 103–337; 108 Stat. 3033) is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking out "$1,591,824,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,601,824,000" and

(2) in paragraph (1), by striking out "$309,070,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$319,070,000".

SEC. 2206. AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT LAND ACQUISITION PROJECT, NORFOLK NAVAL BASE, VIRGINIA.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The table in section 2201(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
1993 (division B of Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2589) is amended—

(1) in the item relating to Damneck, Fleet Combat Training Center, Virginia, by striking out "$19,427,000" in the amount column and inserting in lieu thereof "$14,927,000"; and

(2) by inserting after the item relating to Norfolk, Naval Air Station, Virginia, the following new item:

| Norfolk, Naval Base                        | $4,500,000 |

(b) Extension of Project Authorization.—Notwithstanding section 2701(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (106 Stat. 2602), the authorization for the project for Norfolk Naval Base, Virginia, as provided in section 2201(a) of that Act, as amended by subsection (a), shall remain in effect until October 1, 1996, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 1997, whichever is later.

SEC. 2207. ACQUISITION OF LAND, HENDERSON HALL, ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA.

(a) Authority To Acquire.—Using funds available under section 2201(a), the Secretary of the Navy may acquire all right, title, and interest of any party in and to a parcel of real property, including an abandoned mau-
soleum, consisting of approximately 0.75 acres and located in Arlington, Virginia, the site of Henderson Hall.

(b) Demolition of Mausoleum.—Using funds available under section 2201(a), the Secretary may—

(1) demolish the mausoleum located on the parcel acquired under subsection (a); and

(2) provide for the removal and disposition in an appropriate manner of the remains contained in the mausoleum.

(c) Authority to Design Public Works Facility.—Using funds available under section 2201(a), the Secretary may obtain architectural and engineering services and construction design for a warehouse and office facility for the Marine Corps to be constructed on the property acquired under subsection (a).

(d) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property authorized to be acquired under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey that is satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of the survey shall be borne by the Secretary.

(e) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the acquisition under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.
TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE

SEC. 2301. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2304(a)(1), the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alabama</td>
<td>Maxwell Air Force Base</td>
<td>$5,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>Eielson Air Force Base</td>
<td>$7,850,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>Davis Monthan Air Force Base</td>
<td>$4,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Little Rock Air Force Base</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Beale Air Force Base</td>
<td>$7,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>Travis Air Force Base</td>
<td>$26,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>Dover Air Force Base</td>
<td>$5,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>Cape Canaveral Air Force Station</td>
<td>$1,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Moody Air Force Base</td>
<td>$25,190,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Hickam Air Force Base</td>
<td>$10,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>Mountain Home Air Force Base</td>
<td>$25,350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>Scot Air Force Base</td>
<td>$12,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>McConnell Air Force Base</td>
<td>$9,450,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Barksdale Air Force Base</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>Andrews Air Force Base</td>
<td>$12,886,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>Columbus Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>Whiteman Air Force Base</td>
<td>$6,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>Nellis Air Force Base</td>
<td>$20,050,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>McGuire Air Force Base</td>
<td>$16,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>Cannon Air Force Base</td>
<td>$10,420,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Pope Air Force Base</td>
<td>$8,250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>Grand Forks Air Force Base</td>
<td>$14,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minot Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,550,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>Installation or Location</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>Wright-Patterson Air Force Base</td>
<td>$4,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>Altus Air Force Base</td>
<td>$4,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Tinker Air Force Base</td>
<td>$16,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>Altus Air Force Base</td>
<td>$7,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>Shaw Air Force Base</td>
<td>$12,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Shaw Air Force Base</td>
<td>$16,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Tinker Air Force Base</td>
<td>$12,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>Shaw Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>Ellsworth Air Force Base</td>
<td>$7,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>Arnold Air Force Base</td>
<td>$5,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Dyess Air Force Base</td>
<td>$5,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Kelly Air Force Base</td>
<td>$3,244,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Laughlin Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Randolph Air Force Base</td>
<td>$3,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Reese Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Sheppard Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>Hill Air Force Base</td>
<td>$12,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Langley Air Force Base</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Fairchild Air Force Base</td>
<td>$7,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>McChord Air Force Base</td>
<td>$9,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>F.E. Warren Air Force Base</td>
<td>$9,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONUS Classified</td>
<td>Classified Location</td>
<td>$700,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Outside the United States.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2304(a)(2), the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>Spangdahlem Air Force Base</td>
<td>$8,380,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>Vogelweh Annex</td>
<td>$2,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>Araxos Radio Relay Site</td>
<td>$1,950,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>Aviano Air Base</td>
<td>$2,350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Gheidi Radio Relay Site</td>
<td>$1,450,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Ankara Air Station</td>
<td>$7,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Incirlik Air Base</td>
<td>$4,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
<td>Royal Air Force Lakenheath</td>
<td>$1,820,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
<td>Royal Air Force Mildenhall</td>
<td>$2,250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside the United States</td>
<td>Classified Location—Outside the United States</td>
<td>$17,100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 2302. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) Construction and Acquisition.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of ap-
appropriations in section 2304(a)(5)(A), the Secretary of the Air Force may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition) at the installations, for the purposes, and in the amounts set forth in the following table:

**Air Force: Family Housing**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/Country</th>
<th>Installation</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alaska .....</td>
<td>Elmendorf Air Force Base</td>
<td>Housing Office/Maintenance Facility.</td>
<td>$3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona .....</td>
<td>Davis Monthan Air Force Base</td>
<td>80 units</td>
<td>$9,498,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas .....</td>
<td>Little Rock Air Force Base</td>
<td>Replace 1 General Officer Quarters.</td>
<td>$210,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California .....</td>
<td>Beale Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office</td>
<td>$842,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edwards Air Force Base</td>
<td>67 units</td>
<td>$11,350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vandenberg Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vandenberg Air Force Base</td>
<td>143 units</td>
<td>$20,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado .....</td>
<td>Peterson Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office</td>
<td>$570,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District of Columbia ...</td>
<td>Bolling Air Force Base</td>
<td>32 units</td>
<td>$4,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida .....</td>
<td>Eglin Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eglin Auxiliary Field 9</td>
<td>Family Housing Office/Maintenance Facility.</td>
<td>$880,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MacDill Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office</td>
<td>$646,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patrick Air Force Base</td>
<td>70 units</td>
<td>$7,947,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tyndall Air Force Base</td>
<td>52 units</td>
<td>$5,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia .....</td>
<td>Moody Air Force Base</td>
<td>2 Officer and 1 General Officer Quarters.</td>
<td>$513,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Robins Air Force Base</td>
<td>83 units</td>
<td>$9,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho .....</td>
<td>Mountain Home Air Force Base</td>
<td>Housing Management Facility.</td>
<td>$844,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas .....</td>
<td>McConnell Air Force Base</td>
<td>39 units</td>
<td>$5,193,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana .....</td>
<td>Barksdale Air Force Base</td>
<td>62 units</td>
<td>$10,299,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Massachusetts .....</td>
<td>Hanscom Air Force Base</td>
<td>32 units</td>
<td>$5,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi .....</td>
<td>Keesler Air Force Base</td>
<td>98 units</td>
<td>$9,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri .....</td>
<td>Whiteman Air Force Base</td>
<td>72 units</td>
<td>$9,948,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada .....</td>
<td>Nellis Air Force Base</td>
<td>6 units</td>
<td>$1,357,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico .....</td>
<td>Holloman Air Force Base</td>
<td>1 General Officer Quarters.</td>
<td>$225,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina .....</td>
<td>Kirtland Air Force Base</td>
<td>105 units</td>
<td>$11,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pope Air Force Base</td>
<td>104 units</td>
<td>$9,984,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Air Force: Family Housing—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/Country</th>
<th>Installation</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>Seymour Johnson Air Force Base</td>
<td>1 General Officer Quarters</td>
<td>$204,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wright-Patterson Air Force Base</td>
<td>66 units</td>
<td>$5,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Shaw Air Force Base</td>
<td>Housing Maintenance Facility.</td>
<td>$715,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Dyess Air Force Base</td>
<td>Housing Maintenance Facility.</td>
<td>$580,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lackland Air Force Base</td>
<td>67 units</td>
<td>$6,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sheppard Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office.</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sheppard Air Force Base</td>
<td>Housing Maintenance Facility.</td>
<td>$600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>McChord Air Force Base</td>
<td>50 units</td>
<td>$9,504,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Andersen Air Force Base</td>
<td>Family Housing Office.</td>
<td>$1,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Incirlik Air Base</td>
<td>150 units</td>
<td>$10,146,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Planning and Design.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2304(a)(5)(A), the Secretary of the Air Force may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $9,039,000.

SEC. 2303. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.

Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2304(a)(5)(A), the Secretary of the Air Force may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $97,071,000.
SEC. 2304. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AIR FORCE.

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Air Force in the total amount of $1,740,704,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 2301(a), $510,116,000.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 2301(b), $49,400,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects authorized by section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $9,030,000.

(4) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $34,980,000.

(5) For military housing functions:

(A) For construction and acquisition, planning and design, and improvement of military family housing and facilities, $287,965,000.

(B) For support of military family housing (including the functions described in section...
(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 2301 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

SEC. 2305. REDUCTION IN AMOUNTS AUTHORIZED TO BE APPROPRIATED FOR FISCAL YEAR 1992 MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES

SEC. 2401. AUTHORIZED DEFENSE AGENCIES CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to section 2405(a)(1), the Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Installation Or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ballistic Missile Defense Organization:</td>
<td>Fort Bliss, Texas ................................</td>
<td>$13,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Finance &amp; Accounting Service</td>
<td>Columbus Center, Ohio .........................</td>
<td>$72,403,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Intelligence Agency:</td>
<td>Bolling Air Force Base, District of Columbia</td>
<td>$1,743,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Logistics Agency:</td>
<td>Defense Distribution Anniston, Alabama ........</td>
<td>$3,550,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Distribution Stockton, California .....</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Fuel Supply Center, Point Mugu, Calif.</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Fuel Supply Center, Dover Air Force Base, Delaware</td>
<td>$15,554,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Fuel Supply Center, Eglin Air Force Base, Florida</td>
<td>$2,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Fuel Supply Center, Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana</td>
<td>$13,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Fuel Supply Center, McGuire Air Force Base, New Jersey</td>
<td>$12,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Distribution Depot, New Cumberland, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$4,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defense Distribution Depot, Norfolk, Virginia</td>
<td>$10,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Mapping Agency:</td>
<td>Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center, Missouri</td>
<td>$40,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Medical Facility Office:</td>
<td>Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama ....</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Luke Air Force Base, Arizona ........</td>
<td>$8,100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Defense Agencies: Inside the United States—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Irwin, California ...</td>
<td>$6,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California</td>
<td>$1,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vandenberg Air Force Base, California</td>
<td>$5,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dover Air Force Base, Delaware</td>
<td>$4,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Benning, Georgia</td>
<td>$5,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana</td>
<td>$4,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bethesda Naval Hospital, Maryland</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Maryland</td>
<td>$1,550,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Hood, Texas</td>
<td>$5,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lackland Air Force Base, Texas</td>
<td>$6,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reese Air Force Base, Texas</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Northwest Naval Security Group Activity, Virginia</td>
<td>$4,300,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Security Agency:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Office of the Secretary of Defense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classified Location Inside the United States</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Department of Defense Dependents Schools:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama</td>
<td>$5,479,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Benning, Georgia</td>
<td>$1,116,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Jackson, South Carolina</td>
<td>$576,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special Operations Command:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine Corps Air Station, Camp Pendleton, California</td>
<td>$5,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eglin Air Force Base, Florida</td>
<td>$2,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eglin Auxiliary Field 9, Florida</td>
<td>$14,150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fort Bragg, North Carolina</td>
<td>$9,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Olmstead Field, Harrisburg International Airport, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$1,643,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damneck, Virginia</td>
<td>$4,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia</td>
<td>$6,100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Outside the United States.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to section 2405(a)(2), the Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations and locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Defense Agencies: Outside the United States

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Defense Logistics Agency:</td>
<td>Defense Fuel Support Point, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico</td>
<td>$6,200,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Defense Agencies: Outside the United States—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Defense Medical Facility Office</td>
<td>Defense Fuel Supply Center, Rota, Spain</td>
<td>$7,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department of Defense Dependents Schools</td>
<td>Naval Support Activity, Naples, Italy</td>
<td>$5,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Security Agency</td>
<td>Ramstein Air Force Base, Germany</td>
<td>$19,205,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naval Air Station, Sigonella, Italy</td>
<td>$7,595,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Security Agency</td>
<td>Menwith Hill Station, United Kingdom</td>
<td>$677,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Operations Command</td>
<td>Naval Station, Guam</td>
<td>$8,800,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 2402. MILITARY HOUSING PRIVATE INVESTMENT.

(a) Availability of Funds for Investment.— Of the amount authorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 2405(a)(11)(A) of this Act, $22,000,000 shall be available for crediting to the Department of Defense Housing Improvement Fund established by section 2883 of title 10, United States Code (as added by section 2811 of this Act).

(b) Use of Funds.— Notwithstanding section 2883(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code (as so added), the Secretary of Defense may use funds credited to the Department of Defense Housing Improvement Fund under subsection (a) to carry out any activities authorized by subchapter IV of chapter 169 of such title (as so added).

SEC. 2403. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.

Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriation in section 2405(a)(11)(A), the Sec-
Secretary of Defense may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $3,772,000.

SEC. 2404. ENERGY CONSERVATION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2405(a)(9), the Secretary of Defense may carry out energy conservation projects under section 2865 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 2405. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, DEFENSE AGENCIES.

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), in the total amount of $4,493,583,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 2401(a), $317,444,000.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 2401(b), $54,877,000.

(3) For military construction projects at Portsmouth Naval Hospital, Virginia, authorized by section 2401(a) of the Military Construction Authorization...


(5) For military construction projects at Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Maryland, authorized by section 2401(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (division B of Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2599), $27,000,000.

(6) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $23,007,000.

(7) For contingency construction projects of the Secretary of Defense under section 2804 of title 10, United States Code, $11,037,000.

(8) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $68,837,000.

(9) For energy conservation projects authorized by section 2404, $50,000,000.

(11) For military family housing functions:

   (A) For construction and acquisition and improvement of military family housing and facilities, $25,772,000.

   (B) For support of military housing (including functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $30,467,000, of which not more than $24,874,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units worldwide.

(b) LIMITATION OF TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variation authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variations authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 2401 of this Act may not exceed—

(1) the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a); and

(2) $35,003,000 (the balance of the amount authorized under section 2401(a) for the construction of
the Defense Finance and Accounting Service, Columbus Center, Ohio).

SEC. 2406. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 1995 PROJECTS.

The table in section 2401 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (division B of the Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 3040) is amended—

(1) in the item relating to Pine Bluff Arsenal, Arkansas, by striking out "$3,000,000" in the amount column and inserting in lieu thereof "$97,000,000";

and

(2) in the item relating to Umatilla Army Depot, Oregon, by striking out "$12,000,000" in the amount column and inserting in lieu thereof "$179,000,000".

SEC. 2407. REDUCTION IN AMOUNTS AUTHORIZED TO BE APPROPRIATED FOR PRIOR YEAR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

striking out "$1,644,478,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,641,244,000".

(b) Fiscal Year 1992 Authorizations.—Section 2404(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1992 (105 Stat. 1531), as amended by section 2404(b)(1)(A) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (division B of Public Law 103-160; 107 Stat. 1877), is further amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking out "$1,665,440,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,658,640,000".

(c) Fiscal Year 1993 Authorizations.—Section 2403(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (division B of Public Law 102-484; 106 Stat. 2600) is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking out "$2,567,146,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,558,556,000".

TITLE XXV—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

SEC. 2501. AUTHORIZED NATO CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

The Secretary of Defense may make contributions for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure Program as provided in section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, in an amount not to exceed the sum of the amount
authorized to be appropriated for this purpose in section 2502 and the amount collected from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a result of construction previously financed by the United States.

SEC. 2502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NATO.
Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995, for contributions by the Secretary of Defense under section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, for the share of the United States of the cost of projects for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure Program, as authorized by section 2501, in the amount of $179,000,000.

TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

SEC. 2601. AUTHORIZED GUARD AND RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.
There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1995, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Guard and Reserve Forces, and for contributions therefore, under chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), the following amounts:

(1) For the Department of the Army—
(A) for the Army National Guard of the United States, $148,589,000; and
(B) for the Army Reserve, $79,895,000.
(2) For the Department of the Navy, for the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve, $7,920,000.
(3) For the Department of the Air Force—
(A) for the Air National Guard of the United States, $167,503,000; and
(B) for the Air Force Reserve, $35,132,000.

SEC. 2602. REDUCTION IN AMOUNT AUTHORIZED TO BE APPROPRIATED FOR FISCAL YEAR 1994 AIR NATIONAL GUARD PROJECTS.

Section 2601(3)(A) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (division B of Public Law 103–160; 107 Stat. 1878) is amended by striking out "$236,341,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$229,641,000".

TITLE XXVII—EXPIRATION AND EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 2701. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AND AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIFIED BY LAW.

(a) Expiration of Authorizations After Three Years.—Except as provided in subsection (b), all author-
organizations contained in titles XXI through XXVI for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure program (and authorizations of appropriations therefore) shall expire on the later of—

(1) October 1, 1998; or

(2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 1999.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to authorizations for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure program (and authorizations of appropriations therefore), for which appropriated funds have been obligated before the later of—

(1) October 1, 1998; or

(2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for fiscal year 1999 for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, or contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure program.
SEC. 2702. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF CERTAIN
FISCAL YEAR 1993 PROJECTS.

(a) Extensions.—Notwithstanding section 2701 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (division B of Public Law 102–484; 106 Stat. 2602), authorizations for the projects set forth in the tables in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101, 2102, 2103, or 2106 of that Act, shall remain in effect until October 1, 1996, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 1997, whichever is later.

(b) Tables.—The tables referred to in subsection (a) are as follows:

### Army: Extension of 1993 Project Authorizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Pine Bluff Arsenal</td>
<td>Ammunition Demilitarization Support Facility.</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Schofield Barracks</td>
<td>Add/Alter Sewage Treatment Plant.</td>
<td>$17,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Fort Picket</td>
<td>Family Housing (26 units).</td>
<td>$2,300,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Navy: Extension of 1993 Project Authorizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base.</td>
<td>Sewage Treatment Plant Modifications. Large Anechoic Chamber, Phase I.</td>
<td>$19,740,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>Patuxent River Naval Warfare Center.</td>
<td></td>
<td>$60,990,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>Meridian Naval Air Station.</td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Air Force: Extension of 1993 Project Authorizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Little Rock Air Force Base</td>
<td>Fire Training Facility</td>
<td>$710,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>Bolling Air Force Base</td>
<td>Civil Engineer Complex</td>
<td>$9,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>Keesler Air Force Base</td>
<td>Alter Student Dormitory</td>
<td>$3,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>Offut Air Force Base</td>
<td>Fire Training Facility</td>
<td>$840,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Pope Air Force Base</td>
<td>Construct Bridge Road and Utilities</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Shaw Air Force Base</td>
<td>Fire Training Facility</td>
<td>$680,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Langley Air Force Base</td>
<td>Base Engineer Complex</td>
<td>$5,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Andersen Air Base</td>
<td>Landfill</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portugal</td>
<td>Lajes Field</td>
<td>Water Wells</td>
<td>$865,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fire Training Facility</td>
<td>$950,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Army Reserve: Extension of 1993 Project Authorizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>Bluefield</td>
<td>United States Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>$1,921,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clarksburg</td>
<td>United States Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>$5,358,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grantville</td>
<td>United States Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>$2,785,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jane Lew</td>
<td>United States Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>$1,566,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lewisburg</td>
<td>United States Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>$1,631,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Weirton</td>
<td>United States Army Reserve Center</td>
<td>$3,481,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Army National Guard: Extension of 1993 Project Authorizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alabama</td>
<td>Tuscaloosa</td>
<td>Armory</td>
<td>$2,273,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Union Springs</td>
<td>Armory</td>
<td>$813,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Los Alamitos Armed Forces Reserve Center</td>
<td>Fuel Facility</td>
<td>$1,553,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>Fort Dix</td>
<td>State Headquarters</td>
<td>$4,750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>La Grande</td>
<td>Organizational Maintenance Shop</td>
<td>$1,220,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Army National Guard: Extension of 1993 Project Authorizations—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>North Kingston</td>
<td>Armory Addition</td>
<td>$3,330,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>La Grande</td>
<td>Add/Alter Armory</td>
<td>$3,049,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 2703. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 1992 PROJECTS.

(a) Extensions.—Notwithstanding section 2701 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1992 (division B of Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1535), authorizations for the projects set forth in the tables in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101 or 2601 of that Act, and extended by section 2702 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (division B of Public Law 103-337; 108 Stat. 3047), shall remain in effect until October 1, 1996, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 1997, whichever is later.

(b) Tables.—The tables referred to in subsection (a) are as follows:

Army: Extension of 1992 Project Authorizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>Umatilla Army Depot</td>
<td>Ammunition Demilitarization Support Facility.</td>
<td>$3,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ammunition Demilitarization Utilities.</td>
<td>$7,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Army National Guard: Extension of 1992 Project Authorization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>Toledo</td>
<td>Armory</td>
<td>$3,183,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Installation or Location</th>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>Jackson</td>
<td>Joint Training Facility.</td>
<td>$1,537,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 2704. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Titles XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, and XXVI shall take effect on the later of—

(1) October 1, 1995; or

(2) the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Military Construction Program and Military Family Housing Changes

SEC. 2801. SPECIAL THRESHOLD FOR UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TO CORRECT LIFE, HEALTH, OR SAFETY DEFICIENCIES.

(a) Special Threshold.—Section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by adding at the end the following new sentence: “However, if the military construction project is intended solely to correct a life-, health-, or safety-threatening deficiency, a minor
military construction project may have an approved cost equal to or less than $3,000,000.”; and
(2) in subsection (c)(1), by striking out “not more than $300,000.” and inserting in lieu thereof “not more than—
“(A) $1,000,000, in the case of an unspecified military construction project intended solely to correct a life-, health-, or safety-threatening deficiency; or
“(B) $300,000, in the case of other unspecified military construction projects.”.
(b) Technical Amendment.—Section 2861(b)(6) of such title is amended by striking out “section 2805(a)(2)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 2805(a)(1)”.
SEC. 2802. CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE OF UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY.
Section 2805(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 2801 of this Act, is further amended by striking out “(1) that is for a single undertaking at a military installation, and (2)” in the second sentence.
SEC. 2803. TEMPORARY WAIVER OF NET FLOOR AREA LIMITATION FOR FAMILY HOUSING ACQUIRED IN LIEU OF CONSTRUCTION.
Section 2824(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following sentence: “The
limitation set forth in the preceding sentence does not apply
to family housing units acquired under this section during
the 5-year period beginning on the date of the enactment
of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
1996.”.

SEC. 2804. REESTABLISHMENT OF AUTHORITY TO WAIVE
NET FLOOR AREA LIMITATION ON ACQUISITION BY PURCHASE OF CERTAIN MILITARY
FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) REESTABLISHMENT.—Section 2826(e) of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by striking out the second
sentence.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—The Secretary concerned may ex-
ercise the authority provided in section 2826(e) of title 10,
United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), on or
after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “Secretary
concerned” has the meaning given such term in section
101(a)(9) of title 10, United States Code, and includes the
meaning given such term in section 2801(b)(3) of such title.
SEC. 2805. TEMPORARY WAIVER OF LIMITATIONS ON SPACE
BY PAY GRADE FOR MILITARY FAMILY HOUS-
ING UNITS.

Section 2826 of title 10, United States Code, as amend-
ed by section 2804 of this Act, is further amended by adding
at the end the following:

“(i)(1) This section does not apply to the construction,
acquisition, or improvement of military family housing
units during the 5-year period beginning on October 1,
1995.

“(2) The total number of military family housing
units constructed, acquired, or improved during any fiscal
year in the period referred to in paragraph (1) shall be
the total number of such units authorized by law for that
fiscal year.”.

SEC. 2806. INCREASE IN NUMBER OF FAMILY HOUSING
UNITS SUBJECT TO FOREIGN COUNTRY MAXI-
MUM LEASE AMOUNT.

(a) INCREASE IN NUMBER.—(1) Paragraph (1) of sec-
tion 2828(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended
by striking out “300 units” in the first sentence and insert-
ing in lieu thereof “450 units”.

(2) Paragraph (2) of such section is amended by strik-
ing out “300 units” and inserting in lieu thereof “450
units”.

HR 1530 EAS
(b) Waiver for Units for Incumbents of Special Positions and Other Personnel.—Paragraph (1) of such section is further amended by striking out “220 such units” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “350 such units”.

SEC. 2807. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY FOR LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) Participation of Other Military Departments.—(1) Subsection (a)(1) of section 2837 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “of the naval service” and inserting in lieu thereof “of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps”.

(2) Subsection (b)(1) of such section is amended by striking out “of the naval service” and inserting in lieu thereof “of the military department under the jurisdiction of such Secretary”.

(b) Administration.—(1) Such subsection (a)(1) is further amended by striking out “the Secretary of the Navy” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “the Secretary of a military department”.

(2) Subsection (c)(2) of such section is amended by striking out “the Secretary shall” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “the Secretary of the military department concerned shall”.
(3) Subsection (f) of such section is amended by striking out "the Secretary carries out" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary of a military department carries out".

(4) Subsection (g) of such section is amended by striking out "Secretary," and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of a military department,"

(c) ACCOUNT.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(d) ACCOUNT.—(1) There is hereby established on the books of the Treasury an account to be known as the 'Defense Housing Investment Account'.

"(2) There shall be deposited into the account—

"(A) such funds as may be authorized for and appropriated to the account;

"(B) any proceeds received by the Secretary of a military department from the repayment of investments or profits on investments of the Secretary under subsection (a); and

"(C) any unobligated balances which remain in the Navy Housing Investment Account as of the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996.

"(3) From such amounts as is provided in advance in appropriation Acts, funds in the account shall be avail-"
able to the Secretaries of the military departments in amounts determined by the Secretary of Defense for contracts, investments, and expenses necessary for the implementation of this section.

“(4) The Secretary of a military department may not enter into a contract in connection with a limited partnership under subsection (a) or a collateral incentive agreement under subsection (b) unless a sufficient amount of the unobligated balance of the funds in the account is available to the Secretary, as of the time the contract is entered into, to satisfy the total obligations to be incurred by the United States under the contract.”.

(d) Termination of Navy Housing Investment Board.—Such section is further amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (e); and

(2) in subsection (h)—

(A) by striking out “(1)”;

(B) by striking out paragraph (2).

(e) Extension of Authority.—Subsection (h) of such section, as amended by subsection (d) of this section, is further amended by striking out “September 30, 1999” and inserting in lieu thereof “September 30, 2000”.

(f) Conforming Amendment.—Subsection (g) of such section is further amended by striking out “NAVY” in the subsection caption.
SEC. 2808. CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE OF REPORT REQUIREMENT ON COST INCREASES UNDER CONTRACTS FOR MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION.

Subsection (d) of section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) The limitation on cost increases in subsection (a) does not apply to—

(1) the settlement of a contractor claim under a contract; or

(2) a within-scope modification to a contract, but only if—

(A) the increase in cost is approved by the Secretary concerned; and

(B) the Secretary concerned promptly submits written notification of the facts relating to the proposed increase in cost to the appropriate committees of Congress."

SEC. 2809. AUTHORITY TO CONVEY DAMAGED OR DETERIORATED MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) Authority.—(1) Subchapter III of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2854 the following new section:
§ 2854a. Conveyance of damaged or deteriorated military family housing; use of proceeds

(a) Authority To Convey.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary concerned may convey any family housing facility, including family housing facilities located in the United States and family housing facilities located outside the United States, that, due to damage or deterioration, is in a condition that is uneconomical to repair. Any conveyance of a family housing facility under this section may include a conveyance of the real property associated with the facility conveyed.

(2) The authority of this section does not apply to family housing facilities located at military installations approved for closure under a base closure law or family housing facilities located at installation outside the United States at which the Secretary of Defense terminates operations.

(3) The aggregate total value of the family housing facilities conveyed by the Department of Defense under the authority in this subsection in any fiscal year may not exceed $5,000,000.

(4) For purposes of this subsection, a family housing facility is in a condition that is uneconomical to repair if the cost of the necessary repairs for the facility would exceed the amount equal to 70 percent of the cost of constructing a family housing facility to replace such facility.
“(b) Consideration.—(1) As consideration for the conveyance of a family housing facility under subsection (a), the person to whom the facility is conveyed shall pay the United States an amount equal to the fair market value of the facility conveyed, including any real property conveyed along with the facility.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall determine the fair market value of any family housing facility and associated real property that is conveyed under subsection (a). Such determinations shall be final.

“(c) Notice and Wait Requirements.—The Secretary concerned may not enter into an agreement to convey a family housing facility under this section until—

“(1) the Secretary submits to the appropriate committees of Congress, in writing, a justification for the conveyance under the agreement, including—

“(A) an estimate of the consideration to be provided the United States under the agreement; and

“(B) an estimate of the cost of repairing the family housing facility to be conveyed; and

“(C) an estimate of the cost of replacing the family housing facility to be conveyed; and

“(2) a period of 21 calendar days has elapsed after the date on which the justification is received by the committees.
"(d) Inapplicability of Certain Property Disposal Laws.—The following provisions of law do not apply to the conveyance of a family housing facility under this section:


"(2) The provisions of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11301 et seq.).

"(e) Use of Proceeds.—(1) The proceeds of any conveyance of a family housing facility under this section shall be credited to the Department of Defense Military Housing Improvement Fund established under section 2883 of this title and available for the purposes described in paragraph (2).

"(2) The proceeds of a conveyance of a family housing facility under this section may be used for the following purposes:

"(A) To construct family housing units to replace the family housing facility conveyed under this section, but only to the extent that the number of units constructed with such proceeds does not exceed the number of units of military family housing of the facility conveyed."
“(B) To repair or restore existing military family housing.

“(C) To reimburse the Secretary concerned for the costs incurred by the Secretary in conveying the family housing facility.

“(3) Notwithstanding section 2883(c) of this title, proceeds in the account under this subsection shall be available under paragraph (1) for purposes described in paragraph (2) without any further appropriation.

“(f) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of any family housing facility conveyed under this section, including any real property associated with such facility, shall be determined by such means as the Secretary concerned considers satisfactory, including by survey in the case of real property.

“(g) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary concerned may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance of family housing facilities under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.”.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2854 the following new item:

“Sec. 2854a. Conveyance of damaged or deteriorated military family housing; use of proceeds.”.
(b) **Conforming Amendment.**— Section 204(h) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485(h)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (5); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph (4):

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“(4) This subsection does not apply to family housing facilities covered by section 2854a of title 10, United States Code.”
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**SEC. 2810. ENERGY AND WATER CONSERVATION SAVINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.**

(a) **Inclusion of Water Efficient Maintenance in Energy Performance Plan.**— Paragraph (3) of section 2865(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “‘energy efficient maintenance’” and inserting in lieu thereof “‘energy efficient maintenance or water efficient maintenance’”.

(b) **Scope of Term.**— Paragraph (4) of such section is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking out “‘energy efficient maintenance’” and inserting in lieu thereof “‘energy efficient maintenance or water efficient maintenance’”;
(2) in subparagraph (A), by striking out "systems or industrial processes," in the matter preceding clause (i) and inserting in lieu thereof "systems, industrial processes, or water efficiency applications,"; and

(3) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "or water cost savings" before the period at the end.

SEC. 2811. ALTERNATIVE AUTHORITY FOR CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF MILITARY HOUSING.

(a) ALTERNATIVE AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT AND IMPROVE MILITARY HOUSING.—(1) Chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SUBCHAPTER IV—ALTERNATIVE AUTHORITY FOR ACQUISITION AND IMPROVEMENT OF MILITARY HOUSING"

"Sec. 2871. Definitions.
2872. General authority.
2873. Direct loans and loan guarantees.
2874. Leasing of housing to be constructed.
2875. Investments in nongovernmental entities.
2876. Rental guarantees.
2877. Differential lease payments.
2878. Conveyance or lease of existing property and facilities.
2879. Interim leases.
2880. Unit size and type.
2881. Support facilities.
2882. Assignment of members of the armed forces to housing units.
2883. Department of Defense Housing Improvement Fund.
2884. Reports.
2885. Expiration of authority.

§ 2871. Definitions

"In this subchapter:
"(1) The term 'base closure law' means the following:

"(A) Section 2687 of this title.


"(2) The term 'Secretary concerned' includes the Secretary of Defense.

"(3) The term 'support facilities' means facilities relating to military housing units, including child care centers, day care centers, community centers, housing offices, maintenance complexes, dining facilities, unit offices, fitness centers, parks, and other similar facilities for the support of military housing.

§ 2872. General authority

"In addition to any other authority provided under this chapter for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of military family housing or military unaccompanied housing, the Secretary concerned may exercise any authority or any combination of authorities provided under this subchapter in order to provide for the acquisition, con-
struction, improvement, or rehabilitation by private persons of the following:

“(1) Family housing units on or near military installations within the United States and its territories and possessions.

“(2) Unaccompanied housing units on or near such military installations.

§ 2873. Direct loans and loan guarantees

“(a) Direct Loans.—(1) Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary concerned may make direct loans to persons in the private sector in order to provide funds to such persons for the acquisition, construction, improvement, or rehabilitation of housing units that the Secretary determines are suitable for use as military family housing or as military unaccompanied housing.

“(2) The Secretary concerned shall establish such terms and conditions with respect to loans made under this subsection as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States, including the period and frequency for repayment of such loans and the obligations of the obligors on such loans upon default.

“(b) Loan Guarantees.—(1) Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary concerned may guarantee a loan made to any person in the private sector if the proceeds of the loan are to be used by the person to acquire, construct, im-
prove, or rehabilitate housing units that the Secretary deter-
mines are suitable for use as military family housing or
as military unaccompanied housing.

“(2) The amount of a guarantee on a loan that may
be provided under paragraph (1) may not exceed the
amount equal to the lesser of—

“(A) the amount equal to 80 percent of the value
of the project; or

“(B) the amount of the outstanding principal of
the loan.

“(3) The Secretary concerned shall establish such terms
and conditions with respect to guarantees of loans under
this subsection as the Secretary considers appropriate to
protect the interests of the United States, including the
rights and obligations of obligors of such loans and the
rights and obligations of the United States with respect to
such guarantees.

“(c) Limitation on Direct Loan and Guarantee
Authority.—Direct loans and loan guarantees may be
made under this section only to the extent that appropria-
tions of budget authority to cover their cost (as defined in
section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990
(2 U.S.C. 661a(5)) are made in advance, or authority is
otherwise provided in appropriations Acts. If such approp-
riation or other authority is provided, there may be estab-
lished a financing account (as defined in section 502(7) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)) which shall be available for the disbursement of direct loans or payment of claims for payment on loan guarantees under this section and for all other cash flows to and from the Government as a result of direct loans and guarantees made under this section.

“§ 2874. Leasing of housing to be constructed

“(a) BUILD AND LEASE AUTHORIZED.— The Secretary concerned may enter into contracts for the lease of family housing units or unaccompanied housing units to be constructed, improved, or rehabilitated under this subchapter.

“(b) LEASE TERMS.— A contract under this section may be for any period that the Secretary concerned determines appropriate.

“§ 2875. Investments in nongovernmental entities

“(a) INVESTMENTS AUTHORIZED.— The Secretary concerned may make investments in nongovernmental entities carrying out projects for the acquisition, construction, improvement, or rehabilitation of housing units suitable for use as military family housing or as military unaccompanied housing.

“(b) FORMS OF INVESTMENT.— An investment under this section may take the form of a direct investment by the United States, an acquisition of a limited partnership interest by the United States, a purchase of stock or other
equity instruments by the United States, a purchase of
bonds or other debt instruments by the United States, or
any combination of such forms of investment.

“(c) LIMITATION ON VALUE OF INVESTMENT.—(1) The
cash amount of an investment under this section in a non-
governmental entity may not exceed an amount equal to
35 percent of the capital cost (as determined by the Sec-
retary concerned) of the project or projects that the entity
proposes to carry out under this section with the invest-
ment.

“(2) If the Secretary concerned conveys land or facili-
ties to a nongovernmental entity as all or part of an invest-
ment in the entity under this section, the total value of the
investment by the Secretary under this section may not ex-
ceed an amount equal to 45 percent of the capital cost (as
determined by the Secretary) of the project or projects that
the entity proposes to carry out under this section with the
investment.

“(3) In this subsection, the term ‘capital cost’, with
respect to a project for the acquisition, construction, im-
provement, or rehabilitation of housing, means the total
amount of the costs included in the basis of the housing
for Federal income tax purposes.

“(d) COLLATERAL INCENTIVE AGREEMENTS.—The
Secretary concerned may enter into collateral incentive
agreements with nongovernmental entities in which the Secretary makes an investment under this section to ensure that a suitable preference will be afforded members of the armed forces in the lease or purchase, as the case may be, of a reasonable number of the housing units covered by the investment.

"§ 2876. Rental guarantees

"The Secretary concerned may enter into agreements with private persons that acquire, construct, improve, or rehabilitate family housing units or unaccompanied housing units under this subchapter in order to assure—

"(1) the occupancy of such units at levels specified in the agreements; or

"(2) rental income derived from rental of such units at levels specified in the agreements.

"§ 2877. Differential lease payments

"The Secretary concerned, pursuant to an agreement entered into by the Secretary and a private lessor of family housing or unaccompanied housing to members of the armed forces, may pay the lessor an amount in addition to the rental payments for the housing made by the members as the Secretary determines appropriate to encourage the lessor to make the housing available to members of the armed forces as family housing or as unaccompanied housing.
§ 2878. Conveyance or lease of existing property and facilities

“(a) Conveyance or Lease Authorized.—The Secretary concerned may convey or lease property or facilities (including support facilities) to private persons for purposes of using the proceeds of such conveyance or lease to carry out activities under this subchapter.

“(b) Inapplicability to Property at Installation Approved for Closure.—The authority of this section does not apply to property or facilities located on or near a military installation approved for closure under a base closure law.

“(c) Terms and Conditions.—(1) The conveyance or lease of property or facilities under this section shall be for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary concerned considers appropriate for the purposes of this subchapter and to protect the interests of the United States.

“(2) As part or all of the consideration for a conveyance or lease under this section, the purchaser or lessor (as the case may be) may enter into an agreement with the Secretary to ensure that a suitable preference will be afforded members of the armed forces in the lease or sublease of a reasonable number of the housing units covered by the conveyance or lease, as the case may be, or in the lease of
other suitable housing units made available by the pur-
chaser or lessee.

“(d) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROPERTY MAN-
age ment Laws.—The conveyance or lease of property or
facilities under this section shall not be subject to the follow-
ing provisions of law:

“(1) Section 2667 of this title.

“(2) The Federal Property and Administrative
Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.).

“(3) Section 321 of the Act of June 30, 1932
(commonly known as the Economy Act) (47 Stat.

“(4) The Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assist-
ance Act (42 U.S.C. 11301 et seq.).

§ 2879. Interim leases

“Pending completion of a project to acquire, construct,
improve, or rehabilitate family housing units or unaccomp-
panied housing units under this subchapter, the Secretary
concerned may provide for the interim lease of such units
of the project as are complete. The term of a lease under
this section may not extend beyond the date of the comple-
tion of the project concerned.

§ 2880. Unit size and type

“(a) CONFORMITY WITH SIMILAR HOUSING UNITS IN
Locale.—The Secretary concerned shall ensure that the
room patterns and floor areas of family housing units and
unaccompanied housing units acquired, constructed, im-
proved, or rehabilitated under this subchapter are generally
comparable to the room patterns and floor areas of similar
housing units in the locality concerned.

"(b) Inapplicability of Limitations on Space by Pay Grade.—(1) Section 2826 of this title does not apply
to family housing units acquired, constructed, improved, or
rehabilitated under this subchapter.

"(2) The regulations prescribed under section 2856 of
this title do not apply to unaccompanied housing units ac-
quired, constructed, improved, or rehabilitated under this
subchapter.

§ 2881. Support facilities

"Any project for the acquisition, construction, im-
provement, or rehabilitation of family housing units or un-
accompanied housing units under this subchapter may in-
clude the acquisition, construction, or improvement of sup-
port facilities for the housing units concerned.

§ 2882. Assignment of members of the armed forces to
housing units

"(a) In General.—The Secretary concerned may as-
sign members of the armed forces to housing units acquired,
constructed, improved, or rehabilitated under this sub-
chapter.
(b) **Effect of Certain Assignments on Entitlement to Housing Allowances.**—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), housing referred to in subsection (a) shall be considered as quarters of the United States or a housing facility under the jurisdiction of a uniformed service for purposes of section 403(b) of title 37.

(2) A member of the armed forces who is assigned in accordance with subsection (a) to a housing unit not owned or leased by the United States shall be entitled to a basic allowance for quarters under section 403 of title 37 and, if in a high housing cost area, a variable housing allowance under section 403a of that title.

(c) **Lease Payments Through Pay Allotments.**—The Secretary concerned may require members of the armed forces who lease housing in housing units acquired, constructed, improved, or rehabilitated under this subchapter to make lease payments for such housing pursuant to allotments of the pay of such members under section 701 of title 37.

**§ 2883. Department of Defense Housing Improvement Fund**

(a) **Establishment.**—There is hereby established on the books of the Treasury an account to be known as the Department of Defense Housing Improvement Fund (in this
section referred to as the ‘Fund’). The Secretary of Defense
shall administer the Fund as a single account.

“(b) CREDITS TO FUND.—There shall be credited to the
Fund the following:

“(1) Funds appropriated to the Fund.

“(2) Any funds that the Secretary of Defense
may, to the extent provided in appropriations Acts,
transfer to the Fund from funds appropriated to the
Department of Defense for family housing, except that
such funds may be transferred only after the Sec-
retary of Defense transmits written notice of, and jus-
tification for, such transfer to the appropriate com-
mittees of Congress.

“(3) Any funds that the Secretary of Defense
may, to the extent provided in appropriations Acts,
transfer to the Fund from funds appropriated to the
Department of Defense for military unaccompanied
housing or for the operation and maintenance of mili-
tary unaccompanied housing, except that such funds
may be transferred only after the Secretary of Defense
transmits written notice of, and justification for, such
transfer to the appropriate committees of Congress.

“(4) Proceeds from the conveyance or lease of
property or facilities under section 2878 of this title.
“(5) Income from any activities under this subchapter, including interest on loans made under section 2873 of this title, income and gains realized from investments under section 2875 of this title, and any return of capital invested as part of such investments.

“(c) Use of Funds.—(1) To the extent provided in appropriations Acts and except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the Secretary of Defense may use amounts in the Fund to carry out activities under this subchapter (including activities required in connection with the planning, execution, and administration of contracts or agreements entered into under the authority of this subchapter) and may transfer funds to the Secretaries of the military departments to permit such Secretaries to carry out such activities.

“(2)(A) Funds in the fund that are derived from appropriations or transfers of funds for military family housing, or from income from activities under this subchapter with respect to such housing, may be used in accordance with paragraph (1) only to carry out activities under this subchapter with respect to military family housing.

“(B) Funds in the fund that are derived from appropriations or transfers of funds for military unaccompanied housing, or from income from activities under this subchapter with respect to such housing, may be used in ac-
cordance with paragraph (1) only to carry out activities
under this subchapter with respect to military unaccomp-
panied housing.

“(3) The Secretary may not enter into a contract or
agreement to carry out activities under this subchapter un-
less the Fund contains sufficient amounts, as of the time
the contract or agreement is entered into, to satisfy the total
obligations to be incurred by the United States under the
contract or agreement.

“(d) Limitation on Amount of Budget Author-
ity.—The total value in budget authority of all contracts,
agreements, and investments undertaken using the authori-
ties provided in this subchapter shall not exceed
$1,000,000,000.

§ 2884. Reports

“(a) Project Reports.—The Secretary of Defense
shall transmit to the appropriate committees of Congress
a report on each contract or agreement for a project for
the acquisition, construction, improvement, or rehabilita-
tion of family housing units or unaccompanied housing
units that the Secretary proposes to solicit under this sub-
chapter. The report shall describe the project and the in-
tended method of participation of the United States in the
project and provide a justification of such method of par-
ticipation.
"(b) Annual Reports.—The Secretary of Defense shall include each year in the materials that the Secretary submits to Congress in support of the budget submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105 of title 31 the following:

"(1) A report on the expenditures and receipts during the preceding fiscal year from the Department of Defense Housing Improvement Fund established under section 2883 of this title.

"(2) A methodology for evaluating the extent and effectiveness of the use of the authorities under this subchapter during such preceding fiscal year.

"(3) A description of the objectives of the Department of Defense for providing military family housing and military unaccompanied housing for members of the armed forces.

§ 2885. Expiration of authority

"The authority to enter into a transaction under this subchapter shall expire 5 years after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996."

(2) The table of subchapters at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to subchapter III the following new item:

"IV. Alternative Authority for Acquisition and Improvement of Military Housing ................................................................. 2870".
(b) Final Report.—Not later than March 1, 2000, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the use by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments of the authorities provided by subchapter IV of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a). The report shall assess the effectiveness of such authority in providing for the construction and improvement of military family housing and military unaccompanied housing.

(c) Cross Reference Amendment.—(1) Chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after section 2822 the following new section:

``
§ 2822a. Additional authority relating to military housing

"For additional authority regarding the acquisition, construction, or improvement of military family housing and military unaccompanied housing, see subchapter IV of this chapter."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2822 the following new item:

"2822a. Additional authority relating to military housing."
SEC. 2812. PERMANENT AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO LEASES OF LAND FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS ACTIVITIES.

(a) Permanent Authority.—Section 2680 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (d).

(b) Reporting Requirement.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection (d):

“(d) Reports.—Not later than March 1 of each year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on the Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report that—

“(1) identifies each leasehold interest acquired during the previous fiscal year under subsection (a); and

“(2) contains a discussion of each project for the construction or modification of facilities carried out pursuant to subsection (c) during such fiscal year.”.

SEC. 2813. AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS FOR CERTAIN EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

Section 2008 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out “section 10” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof “construction, as defined in section 8013(3) of the Elementary
and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7713(3)),
or to carry out section 8008 of such Act (20 U.S.C. 7708),
relating to impact aid.”.

**Subtitle B—Defense Base Closure and Realignment**

**SEC. 2821. IN-KIND CONSIDERATION FOR LEASES AT INSTALLATIONS TO BE CLOSED OR REALIGNED.**

Section 2667(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) The Secretary concerned may accept under subsection (b)(5) services of a lessee for an entire installation to be closed or realigned under a base closure law, or for any part of such installation, without regard to the requirement in subsection (b)(5) that a substantial part of the installation be leased.”.

**SEC. 2822. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY REGARDING CONTRACTS FOR COMMUNITY SERVICES AT INSTALLATIONS BEING CLOSED.**

(a) 1988 LAW.—Section 204(b)(8)(A) of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100–526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) by striking out “may contract” and inserting in lieu thereof “may enter into agreements (including
contracts, cooperative agreements, or other arrangements''); and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "An agreement under the authority in the preceding sentence may provide for the reimbursement of the local government concerned by the Secretary for the cost of any services provided under the agreement by that government.''.

(b) 1990 Law.—Section 2905(b)(8)(A) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) by striking out "may contract" and inserting in lieu thereof "may enter into agreements (including contracts, cooperative agreements, or other arrangements)''); and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "An agreement under the authority in the preceding sentence may provide for the reimbursement of the local government concerned by the Secretary for the cost of any services provided under the agreement by that government.''.

HR 1530 EAS
SEC. 2823. CLARIFICATION OF FUNDING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION AT INSTALLATIONS APPROVED FOR CLOSURE OR REALIGNMENT IN 1995.

Subsection (e) of section 2906 of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) ACCOUNT EXCLUSIVE SOURCE OF FUNDS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROJECTS.—(1) Except for funds deposited into the Account under subsection (a), and except as provided in paragraph (2), funds appropriated to the Department of Defense may not be used for purposes described in section 2905(a)(1)(C). The prohibition in this subsection shall expire upon the termination of the Secretary's authority to carry out a closure or realignment under this part.

“(2) Funds in the Defense Environmental Restoration Account established under section 2703(a) of title 10, United States Code, may be used in fiscal year 1996 for environmental restoration at installations approved for closure or realignment under this part in 1995.”.
SEC. 2824. AUTHORITY TO LEASE PROPERTY REQUIRING ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION AT INSTALLATIONS APPROVED FOR CLOSURE.

Section 120(h)(3) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)(3)) is amended in the matter following subparagraph (C)—

(1) by striking out the first sentence; and

(2) by adding at the end, flush to the paragraph margin, the following:

“The requirements of subparagraph (B) shall not apply in any case in which the person or entity to whom the real property is transferred is a potentially responsible party with respect to such property. “The requirements of subparagraph (B) shall not apply in any case in which the transfer of the property occurs or has occurred by means of a lease, without regard to whether the lessee has agreed to purchase the property or whether the duration of the lease is longer than 55 years. In the case of a lease entered into after September 30, 1995, with respect to real property located at an installation approved for closure or realignment under a base closure law, the agency leasing the property, in consultation with the Administrator, shall determine before leasing the property that the property is suitable for lease, that
the uses contemplated for the lease are consistent with
protection of human health and the environment, and
that there are adequate assurances that the United
States will take all remedial action referred to in sub-
paragraph (B) that has not been taken on the date of
the lease.”.

SEC. 2825. FINAL FUNDING FOR DEFENSE BASE CLOSURE
AND REALIGNMENT COMMISSION.

Section 2902(k) of the Defense Base Closure and Re-
alignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law
101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended by adding at
the end the following:

“(3)(A) The Secretary may transfer from the account
referred to in subparagraph (B) such unobligated funds in
that account as may be necessary for the Commission to
carry out its duties under this part during October, Novem-
ber, and December 1995. Funds transferred under the pre-
ceding sentence shall remain available until December 31,
1995.

“(B) The account referred to in subparagraph (A) is
the Department of Defense Base Closure Account established
under section 207(a) of the Defense Authorization Amend-
ments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law
100-526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).”.
SEC. 2826. IMPROVEMENT OF BASE CLOSURE AND REALIGNMENT PROCESS.

(a) Applicability.—Subparagraph (A) of section 2905(b)(7) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended by striking out “Determinations of the use to assist the homeless of buildings and property located at installations approved for closure under this part” and inserting in lieu thereof “Procedures for the disposal of buildings and property located at installations approved for closure or realignment under this part”.

(b) Redevelopment Authorities.—Subparagraph (B) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(iii) The chief executive officer of the State in which an installation covered by this paragraph is located may assist in resolving any disputes among citizens or groups of citizens as to the individuals and groups constituting the redevelopment authority for the installation.”.

(c) Agreements Under Redevelopment Plans.—Subparagraph (F)(ii)(I) of such section is amended in the second sentence by striking out “the approval of the redevelopment plan by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under subparagraph (H) or (J)” and inserting in lieu thereof “the decision regarding the disposal of the build-
ings and property covered by the agreements by the Secretary of Defense under subparagraph (K) or (L)’’.

(d) REVISION OF REDEVELOPMENT PLANS.—Subparagraph (I) of such section is amended by inserting ‘‘the Secretary of Defense and’’ before ‘‘the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development’’ each place it appears.

(e) DISPOSAL OF BUILDINGS AND PROPERTY.—(1)

Subparagraph (K) of such section is amended to read as follows:

‘‘(K)(i) Upon receipt of a notice under subparagraph (H)(iv) or (J)(ii) of the determination of the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development that a redevelopment plan for an installation meets the requirements set forth in subparagraph (H)(i), the Secretary of Defense shall dispose of the buildings and property at the installation.

‘‘(ii) For purposes of carrying out an environmental assessment of the closure or realignment of an installation, the Secretary shall treat the redevelopment plan for the installation (including the aspects of the plan providing for disposal to State or local governments, representatives of the homeless, and other interested parties) as part of the proposed Federal action for the installation.

‘‘(iii) The Secretary shall dispose of buildings and property under clause (i) in accordance with the record of decision or other decision document prepared by the Sec-
retary in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4331 et seq.) In preparing the record of decision or other decision document, the Secretary shall give substantial deference to the redevelopment plan concerned.

“(iv) The disposal under clause (i) of buildings and property to assist the homeless shall be without consideration.

“(v) In the case of a request for a conveyance under clause (i) of buildings and property for public benefit under section 203(k) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484(k)) and subchapter II of chapter 471 of title 49, United States Code, the applicant and use proposed in the request shall be determined to be eligible for the public benefit conveyance under the eligibility criteria set forth in such section or such subchapter. The determination of such eligibility should be made before the redevelopment plan concerned under subparagraph (G) ”.

(2) Subparagraph (L) of such section is amended by striking out clauses (iii) and (iv) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new clauses (iii) and (iv):

“(iii) Not later than 90 days after the date of the receipt of a revised plan for an installation under subpara-
graph (J), the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall—

“(I) notify the Secretary of Defense and the redevelopment authority concerned of the buildings and property at an installation under clause (i)(IV) that the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development determines are suitable for use to assist the homeless; and

“(II) notify the Secretary of Defense of the extent to which the revised plan meets the criteria set forth in subparagraph (H)(i).

“(iv)(I) Upon notice from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development with respect to an installation under clause (iii), the Secretary of Defense shall, after consultation with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and redevelopment authority concerned, dispose of buildings and property at the installation.

“(II) For purposes of carrying out an environmental assessment of the closure or realignment of an installation, the Secretary shall treat the redevelopment plan for the installation (including the aspects of the plan providing for disposal to State or local governments, representatives of the homeless, and other interested parties) as part of the proposed Federal action for the installation.
(III) The Secretary shall dispose of buildings and property under subclause (I) in accordance with the record of decision or other decision document prepared by the Secretary in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4331 et seq.) In preparing the record of decision or other decision document, the Secretary shall give deference to the redevelopment plan concerned.

(IV) The disposal under subclause (I) of buildings and property to assist the homeless shall be without consideration.

(V) In the case of a request for a conveyance under clause (i) of buildings and property for public benefit under section 203(k) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484(k)) and subchapter II of chapter 471 of title 49, United States Code, the applicant and use proposed in the request shall be determined to be eligible for the public benefit conveyance under the eligibility criteria set forth in such section or such subchapter. The determination of such eligibility should be made before the redevelopment plan concerned under subparagraph (G) ".

(f) Conforming Amendment.—Subparagraph (M)(i) of such section is amended by inserting "or (L)" after "subparagraph (K)".
(g) **Clarification of Participants in Process.**—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(P) For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘other interested parties’, in the case of an installation, includes any parties eligible for the conveyance of property of the installation under section 203(k) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484(k)) or subchapter II of chapter 471 of title 49, United States Code, whether or not the parties assist the homeless.”.

(h) **Technical Amendments.**—Section 2910 of such Act is amended—

(1) by designating the paragraph (10) added by section 2(b) of the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–421; 108 Stat. 4352) as paragraph (11); and

(2) in such paragraph, as so designated, by striking out “section 501(h)(4) of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411(h)(4))” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 501(i)(4) of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411(i)(4))”.

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*HR 1530 EAS*
SEC. 2827. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY DELEGATED BY THE
ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES.

Section 2905(b)(2) of the Defense Base Closure and Re-
alignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law
101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking out “Subject to subpara-
graph (C)” in the matter preceding clause (i)
and inserting in lieu thereof “Subject to sub-
paragraph (B)”;

(B) by striking out “in effect on the date of
the enactment of this Act” each place it appears
in clauses (i) and (ii);

(2) by striking out subparagraphs (B) and (C)
and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sub-
paragraph (B):

“(B) The Secretary may, with the concurrence of the
Administrator of General Services—

“(i) prescribe general policies and methods for
utilizing excess property and disposing of surplus
property pursuant to the authority delegated under
paragraph (1); and

“(ii) issue regulations relating to such policies
and methods which regulations supersede the regula-
tions referred to in subparagraph (A) with respect to
that authority.”; and
(3) by redesignating subparagraphs (D) and (E) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively.

SEC. 2828. LEASE BACK OF PROPERTY DISPOSED FROM INSTALLATIONS APPROVED FOR CLOSURE OR REALIGNMENT.

(a) AUTHORITY.—Section 2905(b)(4) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E) as subparagraphs (D), (E), and (F), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph (C):

“(C)(i) The Secretary may transfer real property at an installation approved for closure or realignment under this part (including property at an installation approved for realignment which property will be retained by the Department of Defense or another Federal agency after realignment) to the redevelopment authority for the installation if the redevelopment authority agrees to lease, directly upon transfer, all or a significant portion of the property transferred under this subparagraph to the Secretary or to the head of another department or agency of the Federal
Government. Subparagraph (B) shall apply to a transfer under this subparagraph.

"(ii) A lease under clause (i) shall be for a term of not to exceed 50 years, but may provide for options for renewal or extension of the term by the department or agency concerned.

"(iii) A lease under clause (i) may not require rental payments by the United States.

"(iv) A lease under clause (i) shall include a provision specifying that if the department or agency concerned ceases requiring the use of the leased property before the expiration of the term of the lease, the remainder of the lease term may, upon approval by the redevelopment authority concerned, be satisfied by the same or another department or agency of the Federal Government using the property for a use similar to the use under the lease."

(b) Use of Funds To Improve Leased Property.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a department or agency of the Federal Government that enters into a lease of property under section 2905(b)(4)(C) of the such Act, as amended by subsection (a), may use funds appropriated or otherwise available to the department or agency for such purpose to improve the leased property.
SEC. 2829. PROCEEDS OF LEASES AT INSTALLATIONS PROVED FOR CLOSURE OR REALIGNMENT.

(a) INTERIM LEASES.—Section 2667(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(A)—

(A) by striking out “and” at the end of clause (i);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of clause (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”;

and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(iii) money rentals referred to in paragraph (5).”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) Money rentals received by the United States under subsection (f) shall be deposited in the Department of Defense Base Closure Account 1990 established under section 2906(a) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).”.

(b) DEPOSIT IN 1990 ACCOUNT.—Section 2906(a)(2) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C)—
(A) by striking out “transfer or disposal” and inserting in lieu thereof “transfer, lease, or other disposal”; and

(B) by striking out “and” at the end;

(2) in subparagraph (D)—

(A) by striking out “transfer or disposal” and inserting in lieu thereof “transfer, lease, or other disposal”; and

(B) by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(E) money rentals received by the United States under section 2667(f) of title 10, United States Code.”.

SEC. 2830. CONSOLIDATION OF DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY AND FACILITIES AT FORT HOLABIRD, MARYLAND.

(a) CONSOLIDATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense shall dispose of the property and facilities at Fort Holabird, Maryland, described in subsection (b) in accordance with subparagraph (2)(e) of the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994 (P.L. 103–421), treating the property described in subsection (b) as if the CEO of the State had submitted a timely request to the Secretary
of Defense under subparagraph (2)(e)(1)(B)(ii) of the Base

(b) COVERED PROPERTY AND FACILITIES.—Subsection (a) applies to the following property and facilities at Fort Holabird, Maryland:

(1) Property and facilities that were approved for closure or realignment under the 1988 base closure law that are not disposed of as of the date of the enactment of this Act, including buildings 305 and 306 and the parking lots and other property associated with such buildings.

(2) Property and facilities that are approved for closure or realignment under the 1990 base closure law in 1995.

(c) USE OF SURVEYS AND OTHER EVALUATIONS OF PROPERTY.—In carrying out the disposal of the property and facilities referred to in subsection (b)(1), the Secretary shall utilize any surveys and other evaluations of such property and facilities that are prepared by the Corps of Engineers before the date of the enactment of this Act as part of the process for the disposal of such property and facilities under the 1988 base closure law.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:


SEC. 2830A. LAND CONVEYANCE, PROPERTY UNDERLYING CUMMINS APARTMENT COMPLEX, FORT HOLABIRD, MARYLAND.

(a) Conveyance Authorized.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Army may convey to the existing owner of the improvements thereon all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property underlying the Cummins Apartment Complex at Fort Holabird, Maryland, consisting of approximately 6 acres and any interest the United States may have in the improvements thereon.

(b) Consideration.—As consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a), the owner of the improvements referred to in that subsection shall provide compensation to the United States in an amount equal to the fair market value (as determined by the Secretary) of the property interest to be conveyed.
(c) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey that is satisfactory to the Secretary.

(d) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2830B. INTERIM LEASES OF PROPERTY APPROVED FOR CLOSURE OR REALIGNMENT.

Section 2667(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(4)(A) Notwithstanding the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the scope of any environmental impact analysis necessary to support an interim lease of property under this subsection shall be limited to the environmental consequences of activities authorized under the proposed lease and the cumulative impacts of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions during the period of the proposed lease.

"(B) Interim leases entered into under this subsection shall be deemed not to prejudice the final property disposal decision, even if final property disposal may be delayed until completion of the interim lease term. An interim lease
under this subsection shall not be entered into without prior consultation with the redevelopment authority concerned.

“(C) The provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not apply to an interim lease under this subsection if authorized activities under the lease would—

“(i) significantly affect the quality of the human environment; or

“(ii) irreversibly alter the environment in a way that would preclude any reasonable disposal alternative of the property concerned.”.

SEC. 2830C. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) Fitzsimons Army Medical Center in Aurora, Colorado has been recommended for closure in 1995 under the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990;

(2) The University of Colorado Health Sciences Center and the University of Colorado Hospital Authority are in urgent need of space to maintain their ability to deliver health care to meet the growing demand for their services;
(3) Reuse of the Fitzsimons facility at the earliest opportunity would provide significant benefit to the cities of Aurora and Denver; and

(4) Reuse of the Fitzsimons facility by the local community ensures that the property is fully utilized by providing a benefit to the community.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Therefore, it is the sense of Congress that upon acceptance of the Base Closure list:

(1) The Federal screening process for all military installations, including Fitzsimons Army Medical Center should be accomplished at the earliest opportunity;

(2) To the extent possible, the Secretary of the military departments should consider on an expedited basis transferring appropriate facilities to Local Redevelopment Authorities while still operational to ensure continuity of use to all parties concerned, in particular, the Secretary of the Army should consider an expedited transfer of Fitzsimons Army Medical Center because of significant preparations underway by the Local Redevelopment Authority;

(3) The Secretaries should not enter into leases with Local Redevelopment Authorities until the Secretary concerned has established that the lease falls within the categorical exclusions established by the
Military Departments pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);

(4) This section is in no way intended to circumvent the decisions of the 1995 BRAC or other applicable laws.

(c) Report.—180 days after the enactment of this Act the Secretary of the Army shall provide a report to the appropriate committees of the Congress on the Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that covers:

(1) The results of the Federal screening process for Fitzsimons and any actions that have been taken to expedite the review;

(2) Any impediments raised during the Federal screening process to the transfer or lease of Fitzsimons Army Medical Center;

(3) Any actions taken by the Secretary of the Army to lease the Fitzsimons Army Medical Center to the local redevelopment authority;

(4) The results of any environmental reviews under the National Environmental Policy Act in which such a lease would fall into the categorical exclusions established by the Secretary of the Army; and

(5) The results of the environmental baseline survey and a finding of suitability or nonsuitability.
Subtitle C—Land Conveyances

SEC. 2831. LAND ACQUISITION OR EXCHANGE, SHAW AIR FORCE BASE, SOUTH CAROLINA.

(a) LAND ACQUISITION.—The Secretary of the Air Force may, by means of an exchange of property, acceptance as a gift, or other means that does not require the use of appropriated funds, acquire all right, title, and interest in and to a parcel of real property (together with any improvements thereon) consisting of approximately 1,100 acres that is located adjacent to the eastern end of Shaw Air Force Base, South Carolina, and extends to Stamey Livestock Road in Sumter County, South Carolina.

(b) ACQUISITION THROUGH EXCHANGE OF LANDS.—For purposes of acquiring the real property described in subsection (a) by means of an exchange of lands, the Secretary may convey all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property in the possession of the Air Force if—

(1) the Secretary determines that the land exchange is in the best interests of the Air Force; and

(2) the fair market value of the Air Force parcel to be conveyed does not exceed the fair market value of the parcel to be acquired.

(c) REVERSION OF GIFT CONVEYANCE.—If the Secretary acquires the real property described in subsection (a)
by way of gift, the Secretary may accept in the deed of conveyance terms or conditions requiring that the land be reconveyed to the donor, or the donor's heirs, if Shaw Air Force Base ceases operations and is closed.

(d) Determinations of Fair Market Value.—The Secretary shall determine the fair market value of the parcels of real property to be acquired pursuant to subsection (a) or acquired and conveyed pursuant to subsection (b). Such determinations shall be final.

(e) Descriptions of Property.—The exact acreage and legal descriptions of the parcels of real property to be acquired pursuant to subsection (a) or acquired and conveyed pursuant to subsection (b) shall be determined by surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary.

(f) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the acquisition under subsection (a) or the acquisition and conveyance under subsection (b) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2832. AUTHORITY FOR PORT AUTHORITY OF STATE OF MISSISSIPPI TO USE CERTAIN NAVY PROPERTY IN GULFPORT, MISSISSIPPI.

(a) Joint Use Agreement Authorized.—The Secretary of the Navy may enter into an agreement with the
Port Authority of the State of Mississippi (in this section referred to as the "Port Authority"), under which the Port Authority may use up to 50 acres of real property and associated facilities located at the Naval Construction Battalion Center, Gulfport, Mississippi (in this section referred to as the "Center").

(b) Term of Agreement.—The agreement authorized under subsection (a) may be for an initial period of not more than 15 years. Under the agreement, the Secretary shall provide the Port Authority with an option to extend the agreement for 3 additional periods of 5 years each and for such additional periods as the Secretary and the Port Authority mutually agree.

(c) Restrictions on Use.—The agreement authorized under subsection (a) shall require the Port Authority—

(1) to suspend operations at the Center in the event that Navy contingency operations are conducted at the Center; and

(2) to use the property covered by the agreement in a manner consistent with the Navy operations at the Center.

(d) Consideration.—(1) As consideration for the use of the property covered by the agreement under subsection (a), the Port Authority shall pay to the Navy an amount equal to the fair market rental value of the property, as
determined by the Secretary taking into consideration the
nature and extent of the Port Authority's use of the prop-
erty.

(2) The Secretary may include a provision in the
agreement requiring the Port Authority—

(A) to pay the Navy an amount (as determined
by the Secretary) to cover the costs of replacing at the
Center any facilities vacated by the Navy on account
of the agreement or to construct suitable replacement
facilities for the Navy; and

(B) to pay the Navy an amount (as determined
by the Secretary) for the costs of relocating Navy op-
erations from the vacated facilities to the replacement
facilities.

(e) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary
may not enter into the agreement authorized by subsection
(a) until the end of the 21-day period beginning on the date
on which the Secretary submits to Congress a report con-
taining an explanation of the terms of the proposed agree-
ment and a description of the consideration that the Sec-
etary expects to receive under the agreement.

(f) USE OF PAYMENT.—(1) The Secretary may use
amounts received under subsection (d)(1) to pay for general
supervision, administration, and overhead expenses and for
improvement, maintenance, repair, construction, or res-
(2) The Secretary may use amounts received under subsection (d)(2) to pay for constructing new facilities, or making modifications to existing facilities, that are necessary to replace facilities vacated by the Navy on account of the agreement under subsection (a) and for relocating operations of the Navy from the vacated facilities to replacement facilities.

(g) Construction by Port Authority.—The Secretary may authorize the Port Authority to demolish existing facilities located on the property covered by the agreement under subsection (a) and, consistent with the restriction provided under subsection (c)(2), construct new facilities on the property for the joint use of the Port Authority and the Navy.

(h) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the agreement authorized under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2833. CONVEYANCE OF RESOURCE RECOVERY FACILITY, FORT DIX, NEW JERSEY.

(a) Authority To Convey.—The Secretary of the Army may convey to Burlington County, New Jersey (in
this section referred to as the "County"), without consider-
ation, all right, title, and interest of the United States in
and to a parcel of real property at Fort Dix, New Jersey,
consisting of approximately two acres and containing a re-
source recovery facility known as the Fort Dix resource re-
cov er facility.

(b) RELATED EASEMENTS.— The Secretary may grant
to the County any easement that is necessary for access to
and operation of the resource recovery facility conveyed
under subsection (a).

(c) REQUIREMENT RELATING TO CONVEYANCE.— The
Secretary may not carry out the conveyance of the resource
recovery facility authorized in subsection (a) unless the
County agrees to accept the facility in its existing condition
at the time of conveyance.

(d) CONDITIONS ON CONVEYANCE.— The conveyance of
the resource recovery facility authorized by subsection (a)
is subject to the following conditions:

(1) That the County provide refuse service and
steam service to Fort Dix, New Jersey, at the rate
mutually agreed upon by the Secretary and the Coun-
ty and approved by the appropriate Federal or State
regulatory authority.

(2) That the County comply with all applicable
environmental laws and regulations (including any
permit or license requirements) relating to the re-
source recovery facility.

(3) That, consistent with its ownership of the re-
source recovery facility conveyed, the County assume
full responsibility for operation, maintenance, and re-
pair of the facility and for compliance of the facility
with all applicable regulatory requirements.

(4) That the County not commence any expan-
sion of the resource recovery facility without approval
of such expansion by the Secretary.

(e) DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.—The exact legal
description of the real property to be conveyed under sub-
section (a), including the resource recovery facility conveyed
therewith, and any easements granted under subsection (b),
shall be determined by a survey and by other means satis-
factory to the Secretary. The cost of any survey or other
services performed at the direction of the Secretary under
the authority in the preceding sentence shall be borne by
the County.

(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Sec-
retary may require such additional terms and conditions
in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) and
the grant of any easement under subsection (b) as the Sec-
retary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the
United States.
(a) Authority To Convey.—The Secretary of the Army may convey to the City of Augusta, Georgia (in this section referred to as the "City"), without consideration, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to two parcels of real property located at Fort Gordon, Georgia, consisting of approximately seven acres each. The parcels are improved with a water filtration plant, a water distribution system with storage tanks, a sewage treatment plant, and a sewage collection system.

(b) Related Easements.—The Secretary may grant to the City any easement that is necessary for access to the real property conveyed under subsection (a) and operation of the conveyed facilities.

(c) Requirement Relating to Conveyance.—The Secretary may not carry out the conveyance of the water and wastewater treatment plants and water and wastewater distribution and collection systems authorized in subsection (a) unless the City agrees to accept the plants and systems in their existing condition at the time of conveyance.

(d) Conditions On Conveyance.—The conveyance authorized by subsection (a) is subject to the following conditions:
(1) That the City provide water and sewer service to Fort Gordon, Georgia, at a rate mutually agreed upon by the Secretary and the City and approved by the appropriate Federal or State regulatory authority.

(2) That the City comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations (including any permit or license requirements) relating to the water and wastewater treatment plants and water and wastewater distribution and collection systems conveyed under that subsection.

(3) That, consistent with its ownership of the water and wastewater treatment plants and water and wastewater distribution and collection systems conveyed, the City assume full responsibility for operation, maintenance, and repair of the plants and water and systems conveyed under that subsection and for compliance of the plants and systems with all applicable regulatory requirements.

(4) That the City not commence any expansion of the water or wastewater treatment plant or water or wastewater distribution or collection system conveyed under that subsection without approval of such expansion by the Secretary.
(e) **Description of Property.**—The exact legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a), including the water and wastewater treatment plants and water and wastewater distribution and collection systems conveyed therewith, and of any easements granted under subsection (b), shall be determined by a survey and by other means satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any survey or other services performed at the direction of the Secretary under the authority in the preceding sentence shall be borne by the City.

(f) **Additional Terms and Conditions.**—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) and the grant of any easement under subsection (b) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

**SEC. 2835. CONVEYANCE OF WATER TREATMENT PLANT, FORT PICKETT, VIRGINIA.**

(a) **Authority To Convey.**—(1) The Secretary of the Army may convey to the Town of Blackstone, Virginia (in this section referred to as the "Town"), without consideration, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the property described in paragraph (2).

(2) The property referred to in paragraph (1) is the following property located at Fort Pickett, Virginia:
(A) A parcel of real property consisting of approximately 10 acres, including a reservoir and improvements thereon, the site of the Fort Pickett water treatment plant.

(B) Any equipment, fixtures, structures, or other improvements (including any water transmission lines, water distribution and service lines, fire hydrants, water pumping stations, and other improvements) not located on the parcel described in subparagraph (A) that are jointly identified by the Secretary and the Town as owned and utilized by the Federal Government in order to provide water to and distribute water at Fort Pickett.

(b) RELATED EASEMENTS.—The Secretary may grant to the Town the following easements relating to the conveyance of the property authorized by subsection (a):

(1) Such easements, if any, as the Secretary and the Town jointly determine are necessary in order to provide access to the water distribution system referred to in paragraph (2) of such subsection for maintenance, safety, and other purposes.

(2) Such easements, if any, as the Secretary and the Town jointly determine are necessary in order to provide access to the finished water lines from the system to the Town.
(3) Such rights of way appurtenant, if any, as the Secretary and the Town jointly determine are necessary in order to satisfy requirements imposed by any Federal, State, or municipal agency relating to the maintenance of a buffer zone around the water distribution system.

(c) WATER RIGHTS.—The Secretary shall grant to the Town as part of the conveyance under subsection (a) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to any water of the Nottoway River, Virginia, that is connected with the reservoir referred to in paragraph (2)(A) of such subsection.

(d) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CONVEYANCE.—(1) The Secretary may not carry out the conveyance of the water distribution system authorized under subsection (a) unless the Town agrees to accept the system in its existing condition at the time of the conveyance.

(2) The Secretary shall complete any environmental removal or remediation required under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) with respect to the system to be conveyed under this section before carrying out the conveyance.

(e) CONDITIONS.—The conveyance authorized in subsection (a) shall be subject to the following conditions:
(1) That the Town reserve for provision to Fort Pickett, and provide to Fort Pickett on demand, not less than 1,500,000 million gallons per day of treated water from the water distribution system.

(2) That the Town provide water to and distribute water at Fort Pickett at a rate that is no less favorable than the rate that the Town would charge a public or private entity similar to Fort Pickett for the provision and distribution of water.

(3) That the Town maintain and operate the water distribution system in compliance with all applicable Federal and State environmental laws and regulations (including any permit and license requirements).

(f) Description of Property.—The exact legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a), of any easements granted under subsection (b), and of any water rights granted under subsection (c) shall be determined by a survey and other means satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any survey or other services performed at the direction of the Secretary under the authority in the preceding sentence shall be borne by the Town.

(g) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance authorized under sub-
section (a), the easements granted under subsection (b), and
the water rights granted under subsection (c) that the Sec-
etary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the
United States.

SEC. 2836. CONVEYANCE OF ELECTRIC POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, FORT IRWIN, CALIFORNIA.

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—(1) The Secretary of the
Army may convey to the Southern California Edison Com-
pany, California (in this section referred to as the “Com-
pany”), without consideration, all right, title, and interest
of the United States in and to the electric power distribu-
tion system described in subsection (b).

(2) The Secretary may not convey any real property
under the authority in paragraph (1).

(b) COVERED SYSTEM.—The electric power distribu-
tion system referred to in subsection (a) is the electric power
distribution system located at Fort Irwin, California, and
includes the equipment, fixtures, structures, and other im-
provements (including approximately 115 miles of electrical
distribution lines, poles, switches, reclosers, transformers,
regulators, switchgears, and service lines) that the Federal
Government utilizes to provide electric power at Fort Irwin.

(c) RELATED EASEMENTS.—The Secretary may grant
to the Company any easement that is necessary for access
to and operation of the electric power distribution system conveyed under subsection (a).

(d) Requirement Relating to Conveyance.—The Secretary may not carry out the conveyance of the electric power distribution system authorized in subsection (a) unless the Company agrees to accept that system in its existing condition at the time of the conveyance.

(e) Conditions on Conveyance.—The conveyance authorized by subsection (a) is subject to the following conditions:

(1) That the Company provide electric power to Fort Irwin, California, at a rate mutually agreed upon by the Secretary and the Company and approved by the appropriate Federal or State regulatory authority.

(2) That the Company comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations (including any permit or license requirements) relating to the electric power distribution system.

(3) That, consistent with its ownership of the electric power distribution system conveyed, the Company assume full responsibility for operation, maintenance, and repair of the system and for compliance of the system with all applicable regulatory requirements.
That the Company not commence any expansion of the electric power distribution system without approval of such expansion by the Secretary.

(f) Description of Property.—The exact legal description of the electric power distribution system to be conveyed pursuant to subsection (a), including any easement granted under subsection (b), shall be determined by a survey and by other means satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any survey or other services performed at the direction of the Secretary pursuant to the authority in the preceding sentence shall be borne by the Company.

(g) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) and the grant of any easement under subsection (b) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2837. LAND EXCHANGE, FORT LEWIS, WASHINGTON.

(a) In General.—(1) The Secretary of the Army may convey to the Weyerhaeuser Real Estate Company, Washington (in this section referred to as the “Company”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the parcels of real property described in paragraph (2).
The authority in paragraph (1) applies to the following parcels of real property located on the Fort Lewis Military Reservation, Washington:

(A) An unimproved portion of Tract 1000 (formerly being in the DuPont-Steilacoom Road), consisting of approximately 1.23 acres.

(B) Tract 26E, consisting of approximately 0.03 acres.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—As consideration for the conveyance authorized by subsection (a), the Company shall—

(1) convey (or acquire and then convey) to the United States all right, title, and interest in and to a parcel of real property consisting of approximately 0.39 acres, together with improvements thereon, located within the boundaries of Fort Lewis Military Reservation;

(2) construct an access road from Pendleton Street to the DuPont Recreation Area and a walkway path through DuPont Recreation Area;

(3) construct as improvements to the recreation area a parking lot, storm drains, perimeter fencing, restroom facilities, and initial grading of the DuPont baseball fields; and

(4) provide such other consideration as may be necessary (as determined by the Secretary) to ensure
that the fair market value of the consideration provided by the Company under this subsection is not less than the fair market value of the parcels of real property conveyed under subsection (a).

(c) Determinations of Fair Market Value.—The determinations of the Secretary regarding the fair market value of the real property to be conveyed pursuant to subsections (a) and (b), and of any other consideration provided by the Company under subsection (b), shall be final.

(d) Treatment of Other Interests in Parcels To Be Conveyed.—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with the appropriate officials of Pierce County, Washington, which provides for—

(1) Pierce County to release the existing reversionary interest of Pierce County in the parcels of real property to be conveyed by the United States under subsection (a); and

(2) the United States, in exchange for the release, to convey or grant to Pierce County an interest in the parcel of real property conveyed to the United States under subsection (b)(1) that is similar in effect (as to that parcel) to the reversionary interest released by Pierce County under paragraph (1).

(e) Description of Property.—The exact acreages and legal descriptions of the parcels of real property to be
conveyed under subsections (a) and (b) shall be determined by surveys satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the Company.

(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require any additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyances under this section that the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interest of the United States.

SEC. 2838. LAND CONVEYANCE, NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—The Secretary of the Navy may convey to the Memphis and Shelby County Port Commission, Memphis, Tennessee (in this section referred to as the “Port”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property (including any improvements thereon) consisting of approximately 26 acres that is located at the Carderock Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Memphis Detachment, Presidents Island, Memphis, Tennessee.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—As consideration for the conveyance of real property under subsection (a), the Port shall—

(1) grant to the United States a restrictive easement in and to a parcel of real property consisting of approximately 100 acres that is adjacent to the
Memphis Detachment, Presidents Island, Memphis, Tennessee; and

(2) if the fair market value of the easement granted under paragraph (1) exceeds the fair market value of the real property conveyed under subsection (a), provide the United States such additional consideration as the Secretary and the Port jointly determine appropriate so that the value of the consideration received by the United States under this subsection is equal to or greater than the fair market value of the real property conveyed under subsection (a).

(c) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—The conveyance authorized by subsection (a) shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Land Exchange Agreement between the United States of America and the Memphis and Shelby County Port Commission, Memphis, Tennessee.

(d) DETERMINATION OF FAIR MARKET VALUE.—The Secretary shall determine the fair market value of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) and of the easement to be granted under subsection (b)(1). Such determinations shall be final.

(e) USE OF PROCEEDS.—The Secretary shall deposit any proceeds received under subsection (b)(2) as consideration for the conveyance of real property authorized under
subsection (a) in the special account established pursuant to section 204(h) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485(h)).

(f) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) and the easement to be granted under subsection (b)(1) shall be determined by surveys satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of the surveys shall be borne by the Port.

(g) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance authorized by subsection (a) and the easement granted under subsection (b)(1) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2839. LAND CONVEYANCE, RADAR BOMB SCORING SITE, FORSYTH, MONTANA.

(a) Authority To Convey.—The Secretary of the Air Force may convey, without consideration, to the City of Forsyth, Montana (in this section referred to as the “City”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the parcel of property (including any improvements thereon) consisting of approximately 58 acres located in Forsyth, Montana, which has served as a support complex and rec-
reational facilities for the Radar Bomb Scoring Site, Forsyth, Montana.

(b) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—The conveyance under subsection (a) shall be subject to the condition that the City—

(1) utilize the property and recreational facilities conveyed under that subsection for housing and recreation purposes; or

(2) enter into an agreement with an appropriate public or private entity to lease such property and facilities to that entity for such purposes.

(c) REVERSION.—If the Secretary determines at any time that the property conveyed under subsection (a) is not being utilized in accordance with paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) of subsection (b), all right, title, and interest in and to the conveyed property, including any improvements thereon, shall revert to the United States and the United States shall have the right of immediate entry onto the property.

(d) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property conveyed under this section shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such survey shall be borne by the City.

(e) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions
in connection with the conveyance under this section as the Secretary determines appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2840. LAND CONVEYANCE, RADAR BOMB SCORING SITE, POWELL, WYOMING.

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—The Secretary of the Air Force may convey, without consideration, to the Northwest College Board of Trustees (in this section referred to as the "Board"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property (including any improvements thereon) consisting of approximately 24 acres located in Powell, Wyoming, which has served as the location of a support complex, recreational facilities, and housing facilities for the Radar Bomb Scoring Site, Powell, Wyoming.

(b) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—The conveyance authorized under subsection (a) shall be subject to the condition that the Board use the property conveyed under that subsection for housing and recreation purposes and for such other purposes as the Secretary and the Board jointly determine appropriate.

(c) REVERSIONARY INTEREST.—During the 5-year period beginning on the date that the Secretary makes the conveyance authorized under subsection (a), if the Secretary determines that the conveyed property is not being used in accordance with subsection (b), all right, title, and interest
in and to the conveyed property, including any improvements thereon, shall revert to the United States and the United States shall have the right of immediate entry onto the property.

(d) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property conveyed under this section shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of the survey shall be borne by the Board.

(e) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2841. REPORT ON DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY, FORT ORD MILITARY COMPLEX, CALIFORNIA.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report describing the plans of the Secretary for the disposal of a parcel of real property consisting of approximately 477 acres at the former Fort Ord Military Complex, California, including the Black Horse Golf Course, the Bayonet Golf Course, and a portion of the Hayes Housing Facility.
SEC. 2842. LAND CONVEYANCE, NAVY PROPERTY, FORT SHERIDAN, ILLINOIS.

(a) Authority To Convey.—Subject to subsections (b) and (l), the Secretary of the Navy may convey to any transferee selected under subsection (i) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property (including any improvements thereon) at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, consisting of approximately 182 acres and comprising the Navy housing areas at Fort Sheridan.

(b) Requirement for Federal Screening of Property.—The Secretary may not carry out the conveyance of property authorized by subsection (a) unless the Secretary determines that no department or agency of the Federal Government will accept the transfer of the property.

(c) Consideration.—(1) As consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a), the transferee selected under subsection (i) shall—

(A) convey to the United States a parcel of real property that meets the requirements of subsection (d);

(B) design for and construct on the property conveyed under subparagraph (A) such housing facilities (including support facilities and infrastructure) to replace the housing facilities conveyed pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate;
(C) pay the cost of relocating Navy personnel residing in the housing facilities located on the real property conveyed pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) to the housing facilities constructed under subparagraph (B);

(D) provide for the education of dependents of such personnel under subsection (e); and

(E) carry out such activities for the maintenance and improvement of the facilities constructed under subparagraph (B) as the Secretary and the transferee jointly determine appropriate.

(2) The Secretary shall ensure that the fair market value of the consideration provided by the transferee under paragraph (1) is not less than the fair market value of the property interest conveyed by the Secretary under subsection (a).

(d) Requirements Relating to Property To Be Conveyed to United States.—The property interest conveyed to the United States under subsection (c)(1)(A) by the transferee selected under subsection (i) shall—

(1) be located not more than 25 miles from the Great Lakes Naval Training Center, Illinois;

(2) be located in a neighborhood or area having social and economic conditions similar to the social
and economic conditions of the area in which Fort Sheridan is located; and

(3) be acceptable to the Secretary.

(e) Education of Dependents of Navy Personnel.—In providing for the education of dependents of Navy personnel under subsection (c)(1)(D), the transferee selected under subsection (i) shall ensure that such dependents may enroll at the schools of one or more school districts in the vicinity of the real property conveyed to the United States under subsection (c)(1)(A) which schools and districts—

(1) meet such standards for schools and schools districts as the Secretary shall establish; and

(2) will continue to meet such standards after the enrollment of such dependents regardless of the receipt by such school districts of Federal impact aid.

(f) Interim Relocation of Navy Personnel.—Pending completion of the construction of all the housing facilities proposed to be constructed under subsection (c)(1)(B) by the transferee selected under subsection (i), the Secretary may relocate Navy personnel residing in housing facilities located on the property to be conveyed pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) to the housing facilities that have been constructed by the transferee under such subsection (c)(1)(B).
(g) **Applicability of Certain Agreements.**—The property conveyed by the Secretary pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) shall be subject to the Memorandum of Understanding concerning the Transfer of Certain Properties at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, dated August 8, 1991, between the Department of the Army and the Department of the Navy.

(h) **Determination of Fair Market Value.**—The Secretary shall determine the fair market value of the real property interest to be conveyed under subsection (a) and of the consideration to be provided under subsection (c)(1). Such determination shall be final.

(i) **Selection of Transferee.**—(1) The Secretary shall use competitive procedures for the selection of a transferee under subsection (a).

(2) In evaluating the offers of prospective transferees, the Secretary shall—

(A) consider the technical sufficiency of the offers and the adequacy of the offers in meeting the requirements for consideration set forth in subsection (c)(1); and

(B) consult with the communities and jurisdictions in the vicinity of Fort Sheridan (including the City of Lake Forest, the City of Highwood, and the City of Highland Park and the County of Lake) in
order to determine the most appropriate use of the property to be conveyed.

(j) Descriptions of Property.—The exact acreage and legal descriptions of the real property to be conveyed by the Secretary under subsection (a) and the real property to be conveyed under subsection (c)(1)(A) shall be determined by surveys satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the transferee selected under subsection (i).

(k) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyances under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2843. LAND CONVEYANCE, ARMY RESERVE PROPERTY, FORT SHERIDAN, ILLINOIS.

(a) Authority To Convey.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army may convey to any transferee selected under subsection (g) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property (including improvements thereon) at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, consisting of approximately 114 acres and comprising an Army Reserve area.

(b) Requirement for Federal Screening of Property.—The Secretary may not carry out the convey-
ance of property authorized by subsection (a) unless the Secretary determines that no department or agency of the Federal Government will accept the transfer of the property.

(c) CONSIDERATION.—(1) As consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a), the transferee selected under subsection (g) shall—

(A) convey to the United States a parcel of real property that meets the requirements of subsection (d);

(B) design for and construct on the property conveyed under subparagraph (A) such facilities (including support facilities and infrastructure) to replace the facilities conveyed pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate; and

(C) pay the cost of relocating Army personnel in the facilities located on the real property conveyed pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) to the facilities constructed under subparagraph (B).

(2) The Secretary shall ensure that the fair market value of the consideration provided by the transferee under paragraph (1) is not less than the fair market value of the real property conveyed by the Secretary under subsection (a).
(d) Requirements Relating to Property To Be Conveyed to United States.—The real property conveyed to the United States under subsection (c)(1)(A) by the transferee selected under subsection (g) shall—

(1) be located not more than 25 miles from Fort Sheridan;

(2) be located in a neighborhood or area having social and economic conditions similar to the social and economic conditions of the area in which Fort Sheridan is located; and

(3) be acceptable to the Secretary.

(e) Interim Relocation of Army Personnel.—Pending completion of the construction of all the facilities proposed to be constructed under subsection (c)(1)(B) by the transferee selected under subsection (g), the Secretary may relocate Army personnel in the facilities located on the property to be conveyed pursuant to the authority in subsection (a) to the facilities that have been constructed by the transferee under such subsection (c)(1)(B).

(f) Determination of Fair Market Value.—The Secretary shall determine the fair market value of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) and of the consideration to be provided under subsection (c)(1). Such determination shall be final.
(g) Selection of Transferee.—(1) The Secretary shall use competitive procedures for the selection of a transferee under subsection (a).

(2) In evaluating the offers of prospective transferees, the Secretary shall—

(A) consider the technical sufficiency of the offers and the adequacy of the offers in meeting the requirements for consideration set forth in subsection (c)(1); and

(B) consult with the communities and jurisdictions in the vicinity of Fort Sheridan (including the City of Lake Forest, the City of Highwood, and the City of Highland Park and the County of Lake) in order to determine the most appropriate use of the property to be conveyed.

(h) Descriptions of Property.—The exact acreage and legal descriptions of the real property to be conveyed by the Secretary under subsection (a) and the real property to be conveyed under subsection (c)(1)(A) shall be determined by surveys satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the transferee selected under subsection (g).

(i) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyances under this section as
the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2844. LAND CONVEYANCE, NAVAL COMMUNICATIONS STATION, STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA.

(a) Authority to Convey.—The Secretary of the Navy may, upon the concurrence of the Administrator of General Services and the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, convey to the Port of Stockton (in this section referred to as the "Port"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 1,450 acres at the Naval Communication Station, Stockton, California.

(b) Interim Lease.—Until such time as the real property described in subsection (a) is conveyed by deed, the Secretary may lease the property, along with improvements thereon, to the Port under terms and conditions satisfactory to the Secretary.

(c) Consideration.—The conveyance may be as a public benefit conveyance for port development as defined in section 203 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484), as amended, provided the Port satisfies the criteria in section 203 and such regulations as the Administrator of General Services may prescribe to implement that section. Should the Port fail to
qualify for a public benefit conveyance and still desire to acquire the property, then the Port shall, as consideration for the conveyance, pay to the United States an amount equal to the fair market value of the property to be conveyed, as determined by the Secretary.

(d) FEDERAL LEASE OF CONVEYED PROPERTY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, as a condition for transfer of this property under subparagraph (a), the Secretary may require that the Port agree to lease all or a part of the property currently under Federal use at the time of conveyance to the United States for use by the Department of Defense or any other Federal agency under the same terms and conditions now presently in force. Such terms and conditions will continue to include payment (to the Port) for maintenance of facilities leased to the Federal Government. Such maintenance of the Federal premises shall be to the reasonable satisfaction of the United States, or as required by all applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances.

(e) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such survey shall be borne by Port
(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) or the lease under subsection (b) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

(g) ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY OF PROPERTY.—Any contract for sale, deed, or other transfer of real property under this section shall be carried out in compliance with section 120(h) of the CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)) and other environmental laws.

SEC. 2845. LAND CONVEYANCE, WILLIAM LANGER JEWEL BEARING PLANT, ROLLA, NORTH DAKOTA.

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—The Administrator of General Services may convey, without consideration, to the Job Development Authority of the City of Rolla, North Dakota (in this section referred to as the “Authority”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, with improvements thereon and all associated personal property, consisting of approximately 9.77 acres and comprising the William Langer Jewel Bearing Plant in Rolla, North Dakota.

(b) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—The conveyance authorized under subsection (a) shall be subject to the condition that the Authority—
(1) use the real and personal property and improvements conveyed under that subsection for economic development relating to the jewel bearing plant;

(2) enter into an agreement with an appropriate public or private entity or person to lease such property and improvements to that entity or person for such economic development; or

(3) enter into an agreement with an appropriate public or private entity or person to sell such property and improvements to that entity or person for such economic development.

(c) Preference for Domestic Disposal of Jewel Bearings.—(1) In offering to enter into agreements pursuant to any provision of law for the disposal of jewel bearings from the National Defense Stockpile, the President shall give a right of first refusal on all such offers to the Authority or to the appropriate public or private entity or person with which the Authority enters into an agreement under subsection (b).

(2) For the purposes of this section, the term "National Defense Stockpile" means the stockpile provided for in section 4 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98(c)).
(d) Availability of Funds for Maintenance and Conveyance of Plant.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds available in fiscal year 1995 for the maintenance of the William Langer Jewel Bearing Plant in Public Law 103-335 shall be available for the maintenance of that plant in fiscal year 1996, pending conveyance, and for the conveyance of that plant under this section.

(e) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property conveyed under this section shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Administrator. The cost of such survey shall be borne by the Administrator.

(f) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Administrator may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under this section as the Administrator determines appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2846. LAND EXCHANGE, UNITED STATES ARMY RESERVE CENTER, GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Army may convey to the City of Gainesville, Georgia (in this section referred to as the “City”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property (together with any improvements thereon) consisting of ap-
proximately 4.2 acres located on Shallowford Road, in the City of Gainesville, Georgia.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—As consideration for the conveyance authorized by subsection (a), the city shall—

(1) convey to the United States all right, title, and interest in and to a parcel of real property consisting of approximately 8 acres of land, acceptable to the Secretary, in the Atlas Industrial Park, Gainesville, Georgia;

(2) design and construct on such real property suitable replacement facilities in accordance with the requirements of the Secretary, for the training activities of the United States Army Reserve;

(3) fund and perform any environmental and cultural resource studies, analysis, documentation that may be required in connection with the land exchange and construction considered by this section;

(4) reimburse the Secretary for the costs of relocating the United States Army Reserve units from the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) to the replacement facilities to be constructed by the City under subsection (b)(2). The Secretary shall deposit such funds in the same account used to pay for the relocation;
(5) pay to the United States an amount as may be necessary to ensure that the fair market value of the consideration provided by the City under this subsection is not less than fair market value of the parcel of real property conveyed under subsection (a); and

(6) assume all environmental liability under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)) for the real property to be conveyed under subsection (b)(1).

(c) Determination of Fair Market Value.—The determination of the Secretary regarding the fair market value of the real property to be conveyed pursuant to subsection (a), and of any other consideration provided by the City under subsection (b), shall be final.

(d) Description of Property.—The exact acreage and legal description of the parcels of real property to be conveyed under subsections (a) and (b) shall be determined by surveys satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the City.

(e) Additional Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary may require any additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyances under this section that the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interest of the United States.
Subtitle D—Transfer of Jurisdiction and Establishment of Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie

SEC. 2851. SHORT TITLE.
This subtitle may be cited as the “Illinois Land Conservation Act of 1995”.

SEC. 2852. DEFINITIONS.
As used in this subtitle:

(1) The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(2) The term “agricultural purposes” means, with respect to land, the use of land for row crops, pasture, hay, or grazing.

(3) The term “Arsenal” means the Joliet Army Ammunition Plant located in the State of Illinois.

(4) The term “Arsenal Land Use Concept” refers to the proposals that were developed and unanimously approved on April 8, 1994, by the Joliet Arsenal Citizen Planning Commission.


(6) The term “Defense Environmental Restoration Program” means the Defense Environmental
Restoration Program established under section 2701 of title 10, United States Code.

(7) The term “environmental law” means all applicable Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and requirements related to the protection of human health, natural and cultural resources, or the environment, including—

(A) CERCLA;

(B) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.);

(C) the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (commonly known as the “Clean Water Act”; 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);

(D) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);

(E) the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.);

(F) the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.); and

(G) title XIV of the Public Health Service Act (commonly known as the “Safe Drinking Water Act”) (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.).

(8) The term “hazardous substance” has the meaning given the term in section 101(14) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9601(14)).
(9) The term “MNP” means the Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie established under section 2853 and managed as part of the National Forest System.

(10) The term “national cemetery” means a cemetery that is part of the National Cemetery System under chapter 24 of title 38, United States Code.

(11) The term “person” has the meaning given the term in section 101(21) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9601(21)).

(12) The term “pollutant or contaminant” has the meaning given the term in section 101(33) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9601(33)).

(13) The term “release” has the meaning given the term in section 101(22) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9601(22)).

(14) The term “response” has the meaning given the term in section 101(25) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9601(25)).

(15) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 2853. ESTABLISHMENT OF MIDEWIN NATIONAL TALLGRASS PRAIRIE.

(a) Establishment.— On the date of the initial transfer of jurisdiction of portions of the Arsenal to the Sec-
Secretary under section 2854(a)(1), the Secretary shall establish the MNP described in subsection (b).

(b) Description.—The MNP shall consist of all portions of the Arsenal transferred to the Secretary under this subtitle.

(c) Administration.—The Secretary shall manage the MNP as a part of the National Forest System in accordance with this subtitle and the laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to the National Forests, except that the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (7 U.S.C. 1000 et seq.) shall not apply to the MNP.

(d) Land Acquisition Funds.—Notwithstanding section 7 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-9), money appropriated from the land and water conservation fund established under section 2 of that Act (16 U.S.C. 460l-5) may be used for acquisition of lands and interests in land for inclusion in the MNP.

(e) Land and Resource Management Plan.—The Secretary shall develop a land and resource management plan for the MNP, after consulting with the Illinois Department of Conservation and local governments adjacent to the MNP and providing an opportunity for public comment.

(f) Pre-Plan Management.—In order to expedite the administration and public use of the MNP, the Secretary may, prior to the development of a land and resource man-
management plan for the MNP under subsection (e), manage the MNP for the purposes described in subsection (g).

(g) PURPOSES OF MNP.—In establishing the MNP, the Secretary shall—

(1) conserve and enhance populations and habitats of fish, wildlife, and plants, including populations of grassland birds, raptors, passerines, and marsh and water birds;

(2) restore and enhance, where practicable, habitats for species listed as threatened or endangered, or proposed to be listed, under section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533);

(3) provide fish- and wildlife-oriented public uses at levels compatible with the conservation, enhancement, and restoration of native wildlife and plants and the habitats of native wildlife and plants;

(4) provide opportunities for scientific research;

(5) provide opportunities for environmental and land use education;

(6) manage the land and water resources of the MNP in a manner that will conserve and enhance the natural diversity of native fish, wildlife, and plants;

(7) conserve and enhance the quality of aquatic habitat; and
(8) provide for public recreation insofar as the recreation is compatible with paragraphs (1) through (7).

(h) **Prohibition Against the Construction of New Through Roads.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), no new construction of a highway, public road, or part of the interstate system, whether Federal, State, or local, shall be permitted through or across any portion of the MNP.

(2) This subsection does not preclude—

(A) construction and maintenance of roads for use within the MNP;

(B) the granting of authorizations for utility rights-of-way under applicable Federal, State, or local law;

(C) necessary access by the Secretary of the Army for purposes of restoration and cleanup as provided in this subtitle;

(D) such other access as is necessary.

(i) **Agricultural Leases and Special Use Authorizations.**—(1) If, at the time of transfer of jurisdiction under section 2854(a), there exists a lease issued by the Secretary of the Army, Secretary of Defense, or an employee of the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of Defense, for agricultural purposes on the land transferred, the Secretary, on the transfer of jurisdiction, shall issue a spe-
cial use authorization. Subject to paragraph (3), the terms
of the special use authorization shall be identical in sub-
stance to the lease, including terms prescribing the expira-
tion date and any payments owed to the United States. On
issuance of the special use authorization, the lease shall be-
come void.

(2) The Secretary may issue a special use authoriza-
tion to a person for use of the MNP for agricultural pur-
poses. The special use authorization shall require payment
of a rental fee, in advance, that is based on the fair market
value of the use allowed. Fair market value shall be deter-
mined by appraisal or a competitive bidding process. Sub-
ject to paragraph (3), the special use authorization shall
include such terms and conditions as the Secretary consid-
ers appropriate.

(3) No special use authorization shall be issued under
this subsection that has a term extending beyond the date
that is 20 years after the date of enactment of this Act,
unless the special use authorization is issued primarily for
purposes related to—
(A) erosion control;
(B) provision for food and habitat for fish and
wildlife; or
(C) resource management activities consistent
with the purposes of the MNP.
(j) Treatment of Rental Fees.—Funds received under a special use authorization issued under subsection (i) shall be subject to distribution to the State of Illinois and affected counties in accordance with the Act of May 23, 1908 (35 Stat. 260, chapter 192; 16 U.S.C. 500) and section 13 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 963, chapter 186; 16 U.S.C. 500). All funds not distributed under such Acts shall be credited to an MNP Rental Fee Account, to be maintained by the Secretary of the Treasury. Amounts in the Account shall remain available until expended, without fiscal year limitation. The Secretary may use funds in the Account to carry out prairie-improvement work. Any funds in the account that the Secretary determines to be in excess of the cost of doing prairie-improvement work shall be transferred, on the determination, to miscellaneous receipts, Forest Service Fund, as a National Forest receipt for the fiscal year in which the transfer is made.

(k) User Fees.—The Secretary may charge reasonable fees for the admission, occupancy, and use of the MNP and may prescribe a fee schedule providing for a reduction or a waiver of fees for a person engaged in an activity authorized by the Secretary, including volunteer services, research, or education. The Secretary shall permit admission, occupancy, and use of the MNP at no charge for a person
possessing a valid Golden Eagle Passport or Golden Age Passport.

(l) SALVAGE OF IMPROVEMENTS.—The Secretary may sell for salvage value any facility or improvement that is transferred to the Secretary under this subtitle.

(m) TREATMENT OF USER FEES AND SALVAGE RECEIPTS.—Funds collected under subsections (k) and (l) shall be credited to a Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie Restoration Fund, to be maintained by the Secretary of the Treasury. Amounts in the Fund shall remain available, subject to appropriation, without fiscal year limitation. The Secretary may use amounts in the Fund for restoration and administration of the MNP, including construction of a visitor and education center, restoration of ecosystems, construction of recreational facilities (such as trails), construction of administrative offices, and operation and maintenance of the MNP.

(n) COOPERATION WITH STATES, LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, AND OTHER ENTITIES.—In the management of the MNP, the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, cooperate with affected appropriate Federal, State, and local governmental agencies, private organizations, and corporations. The cooperation may include entering a cooperative agreement or exercising authority under the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.)
or the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Research Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 1641 et seq.). The purpose of the cooperation may include public education, land and resource protection, or cooperative management among government, corporate, and private landowners in a manner that is consistent with this subtitle.

SEC. 2854. TRANSFER OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES AND JURISDICTION OVER ARSENAL.

(a) PHASED TRANSFER OF JURISDICTION.—(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army may transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture those portions of the Arsenal property identified for transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture under subsection (c), and may transfer to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs those portions identified for transfer to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs under section 2855(a). In the case of the Arsenal property to be transferred to the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Army shall transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture only those portions for which the Secretary of the Army and the Administrator concur in finding that no further action is required under any environmental law and that have been eliminated from the areas to be further studied pursuant to the Defense Environmental Restoration Program for the Arsenal. Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
Secretary of the Army and the Administrator shall provide to the Secretary—

(A) all documentation that exists on the date the documentation is provided that supports the finding; and

(B) all information that exists on the date the information is provided that relates to the environmental conditions of the portions of the Arsenal to be transferred to the Secretary under this paragraph.

(2)(A) The Secretary of the Army may transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture any portion of the property generally identified in subsection (c) and not transferred pursuant to paragraph (1) when the Secretary of the Army and the Administrator concur in finding that no further action is required at that portion of property under any environmental law and that the portion has been eliminated from the areas to be further studied pursuant to the Defense Environmental Restoration Program for the Arsenal.

(B) Not later than 60 days before a transfer under this paragraph, the Secretary of the Army and the Administrator shall provide to the Secretary—

(i) all documentation that exists on the date the documentation is provided that supports the finding; and
(ii) all information that exists on the date the information is provided that relates to the environmental conditions of the portions of the Arsenal to be transferred to the Secretary under this paragraph.

(C) Transfer of jurisdiction under this paragraph may be accomplished on a parcel-by-parcel basis.

(b) TRANSFER WITHOUT REIMBURSEMENT.—The Secretary of the Army may transfer the area constituting the MNP to the Secretary without reimbursement.

(c) IDENTIFICATION OF PORTIONS FOR TRANSFER FOR MNP.—The lands to be transferred to the Secretary under subsection (a) shall be identified in an agreement between the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary. All the real property and improvements comprising the Arsenal, except for lands and facilities described in subsection (g) or designated for transfer or disposal to parties other than the Secretary under section 2855, shall be transferred to the Secretary.

(d) SECURITY MEASURES.—The Secretary, the Secretary of the Army, and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, shall each provide and maintain physical and other security measures on such portion of the Arsenal as is under the administrative jurisdiction of the respective Secretary. The security measures (which may include fences and natural barriers) shall include measures to prevent members of
the public from gaining unauthorized access to such portions of the Arsenal as are under the administrative jurisdiction of each respective Secretary and that may endanger health or safety.

(e) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary, the Secretary of the Army, and the Administrator individually and collectively may enter into a cooperative agreement or a memorandum of understanding among each other, with another affected Federal agency, State or local government, private organization, or corporation to carry out the purposes described in section 2853(g).

(f) Interim Activities of the Secretary.—Prior to transfer and subject to such reasonable terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Army may prescribe, the Secretary may enter on the Arsenal property for purposes related to planning, resource inventory, fish and wildlife habitat manipulation (which may include prescribed burning), and other such activities consistent with the purposes for which the MNP is established.

(g) Property Used for Environmental Cleanup.—(1) The Secretary of the Army shall retain jurisdiction, authority, and control over real property at the Arsenal that is used for—

(A) water treatment;
(B) the treatment, storage, or disposal of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, hazardous material, or petroleum product or a derivative of the product;

(C) purposes related to a response at the Arsenal;

and

(D) actions required at the Arsenal under an environmental law to remediate contamination or conditions of noncompliance with an environmental law.

(2) In the case of a conflict between management of the property by the Secretary and a response or other action required under an environmental law, or necessary to remediate a petroleum product or a derivative of the product, the response or other action shall take priority.

(3)(A) All costs of necessary surveys for the transfer of jurisdiction of a property to a Federal agency under this subtitle shall be borne by the agency to which the property is transferred.

(B) The Secretary of the Army shall bear the costs of any surveys necessary for the transfer of land to a non-Federal agency under section 2855.
SEC. 2855. DISPOSAL FOR INDUSTRIAL PARKS, A COUNTY LANDFILL, AND A NATIONAL VETERANS CEMETERY AND TO THE ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES.

(a) NATIONAL VETERANS CEMETERY.—The Secretary of the Army may convey to the Department of Veterans Affairs, without compensation, an area of real property to be used for a national cemetery, as authorized under section 2337 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1988 and 1989 (division B of Public Law 100–180; 101 Stat. 1225), consisting of approximately 910 acres, the approximate legal description of which includes part of sections 30 and 31 Jackson Township, T. 34 N. R. 10 E., and including part of sections 25 and 36 Channahon Township, T. 34 N. R. 9 E., Will County, Illinois, as depicted on the Arsenal Land Use Concept.

(b) COUNTY OF WILL LANDFILL.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) through (6), the Secretary of the Army may convey an area of real property to Will County, Illinois, without compensation, to be used for a landfill by the County, consisting of approximately 425 acres of the Arsenal, the approximate legal description of which includes part of sections 8 and 17, Florence Township, T. 33 N. R. 10 E., Will County, Illinois, as depicted in the Arsenal Land Use Concept.
(2) Additional acreage shall be added to the landfill described in paragraph (1) as is necessary to reasonably accommodate needs for the disposal of refuse and other materials from the restoration and cleanup of the Arsenal property.

(3) Use of the landfill described in paragraph (1) or additional acreage under paragraph (2) by any agency of the Federal Government shall be at no cost to the Federal Government.

(4) The Secretary of the Army may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with a conveyance under this subsection as the Secretary of the Army considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

(5) Any conveyance of real property under this subsection shall contain a reversionary interest that provides that the property shall revert to the Secretary of Agriculture for inclusion in the MNP if the property is not operated as a landfill.

(6) Liability for environmental conditions at or related to the landfill described in paragraph (1) resulting from activities occurring at the landfill after the date of enactment of this Act and before a revision under paragraph (5) shall be borne by Will County.
(c) Village of Elwood Industrial Park.—The Secretary of the Army may convey an area of real property to the Village of Elwood, Illinois, to be used for an industrial park, consisting of approximately 1,900 acres of the Arsenal, the approximate legal description of which includes part of section 30, Jackson Township, T. 34 N. R. 10 E., and sections or part of sections 24, 25, 26, 35, and 36 Channahon Township, T. 34 N. R. 9 E., Will County, Illinois, as depicted on the Arsenal Land Use Concept. The conveyance shall be at fair market value, as determined in accordance with Federal appraisal standards and procedures. Any funds received by the Village of Elwood from the sale or other transfer of the property, or portions of the property, less any costs expended for improvements on the property, shall be remitted to the Secretary of the Army.

(d) City of Wilmington Industrial Park.—The Secretary of the Army may convey an area of real property to the City of Wilmington, Illinois, to be used for an industrial park, consisting of approximately 1,100 acres of the Arsenal, the approximate legal description of which includes part of sections 16, 17, and 18 Florence Township, T. 33 N. R. 10 E., Will County, Illinois, as depicted on the Arsenal Land Use Concept. The conveyance shall be at fair market value, as determined in accordance with Federal appraisal standards and procedures. Any funds re-
ceived by the City of Wilmington from the sale or other transfer of the property, or portions of the property, less any costs expended for improvements on the property, shall be remitted to the Secretary of the Army.

(e) **Optional Additional Areas.**—(1) Not later than 180 days after the construction and installation of any remedial design approved by the Administrator and required for any lands described in paragraph (2), the Administrator shall provide to the Secretary all information existing on the date the information is provided regarding the implementation of the remedy, including information regarding the effectiveness of the remedy. Not later than 180 days after the Administrator provides the information to the Secretary, the Secretary of the Army shall offer the Secretary the option of accepting a conveyance of the areas described in paragraph (2), without reimbursement, to be added to the MNP subject to the terms and conditions, including the limitations on liability, contained in this subtitle. If the Secretary declines the offer, the property may be disposed of as the Secretary of the Army would ordinarily dispose of the property under applicable provisions of law. The conveyance of property under this paragraph may be accomplished on a parcel-by-parcel basis.

(2)(A) The areas on the Arsenal Land Use Concept that may be conveyed under paragraph (1) are—
(i) manufacturing area, study area 1, southern ash pile;
(ii) study area 2, explosive burning ground;
(iii) study area 3, flashing-grounds;
(iv) study area 4, lead azide area;
(v) study area 10, toluene tank farms;
(vi) study area 11, landfill;
(vii) study area 12, sellite manufacturing area;
(viii) study area 14, former pond area;
(ix) study area 15, sewage treatment plant;
(x) study area L1, load assemble packing area, group 61;
(xi) study area L2, explosive burning ground;
(xii) study area L3, demolition area;
(xiii) study area L4, landfill area;
(xiv) study area L5, salvage yard;
(xv) study area L7, group 1;
(xvi) study area L8, group 2;
(xvii) study area L9, group 3;
(xviii) study area L10, group 3A;
(xix) study area L12, Doyle Lake;
(xx) study area L14, group 4;
(xxi) study area L15, group 5;
(xxii) study area L18, group 8;
(xxiii) study area L19, group 9;
(xxiv) study area L20, group 20;
(xxv) study area L22, group 25;
(xxvi) study area L23, group 27;
(xxvii) study area L25, group 62;
(xxviii) study area L31, extraction pits;
(xxix) study area L33, PVC area;
(xxx) study area L34, former burning area; and
(xxxi) study area L35, fill area.

(B) The areas referred to in subparagraph (A) shall include all associated inventoried buildings and structures as identified in the Joliet Army Ammunition Plant Plantwide Building and Structures Report and the contaminate study sites for both the manufacturing and load assembly and packing sides of the Joliet Arsenal as shown in the Dames and Moore Final Report, Phase 2 Remedial Investigation Manufacturing (MFG) Area Joliet Army Ammunition Plant Joliet, Illinois (May 30, 1993. Contract No. DAAA15-90-D-0015 task order No. 6 prepared for: United States Army Environmental Center).

(C) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), the landfill and national cemetery described in paragraphs (3) and (4) shall not be subject to paragraph (1).
SEC. 2856. CONTINUATION OF RESPONSIBILITY AND LIABILITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY FOR ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP.

(a) Responsibility.—The Secretary of the Army shall retain the responsibility to complete any remedial, response, or other restoration actions required under any environmental law in order to carry out a transfer of property under section 2854 before carrying out the transfer of the property under that section.

(b) Liability for Arsenal.—(1) The Secretary of the Army shall retain any obligation or other liability at the Arsenal that the Secretary had under CERCLA and other environmental laws. Following transfer of a portion of the Arsenal under this subtitle, the Secretary of the Army shall be accorded any easement or access to the property that may be reasonably required to carry out the obligation or satisfy the liability.

(2) The Secretary of Agriculture shall not be responsible for the cost of any remedial, response, or other restoration action required under any environmental law for a matter that is related directly or indirectly to an activity of the Secretary of the Army, or a party acting under the authority of the Secretary of the Army, in connection with the Defense Environmental Restoration Program, at or related to the Arsenal, including—
(A) the costs or performance of responses required under CERCLA;

(B) the costs, penalties, or fines related to non-compliance with an environmental law at or related to the Arsenal or related to the presence, release, or threat of release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, hazardous waste, or hazardous material of any kind at or related to the Arsenal, including contamination resulting from migration of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, a hazardous material, or a petroleum product or a derivative of the product disposed during an activity of the Secretary of the Army; and

(C) the costs of an action necessary to remedy noncompliance or another problem specified in subparagraph (B).

(c) Payment of Response Costs.—A Federal agency that had or has operations at the Arsenal resulting in the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance or pollutant or contaminant shall pay the cost of a related response and shall pay the costs of a related action to remediate petroleum products or the derivatives of the products, including motor oil and aviation fuel.

(d) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of the Army with respect to the management
by the Secretary of real property included in the MNP subject to a response or other action at the Arsenal being carried out by or under the authority of the Secretary of the Army under any environmental law. The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of the Army prior to undertaking an activity on the MNP that may disturb the property to ensure that the activity shall not exacerbate contamination problems or interfere with performance by the Secretary of the Army of a response at the property.

SEC. 2857. DEGREE OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP.

(a) In General.—Nothing in this subtitle shall restrict or lessen the degree of cleanup at the Arsenal required to be carried out under any environmental law.

(b) Response.—The establishment of the MNP shall not restrict or lessen in any way a response or degree of cleanup required under CERCLA or other environmental law, or a response required under any environmental law to remediate petroleum products or the derivatives of the products, including motor oil and aviation fuel, required to be carried out by the Secretary of the Army at the Arsenal or surrounding areas.

(c) Environmental Quality of Property.—Any contract for sale, deed, or other transfer of real property under section 2855 shall be carried out in compliance with
section 120(h) of the CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)) and other environmental laws.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 2861. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE LABORATORY REVITALIZATION DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

(a) Program Required.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a program for the revitalization of Department of Defense laboratories to be known as the “Department of Defense Laboratory Revitalization Demonstration Program”. Under the program the Secretary may carry out minor military construction projects in accordance with subsection (b) and other applicable law to improve Department of Defense laboratories covered by the program.

(b) Increased Maximum Amounts Applicable to Minor Construction Projects.—For purpose of any military construction project carried out under the program—

(1) the amount provided in the second sentence of subsection (a)(1) of section 2805 of title 10, United States Code (as amended by section 2801 of this Act), shall be deemed to be $3,000,000;

(2) the amount provided in subsection (b)(1) of such section shall be deemed to be $1,500,000; and
(3) the amount provided in subsection (c)(1)(B) of such section, as so amended, shall be deemed to be $1,000,000.

(c) Program Requirements.—(1) Not later than 30 days before commencing the program, the Secretary shall—
   (A) designate the Department of Defense laboratories at which construction may be carried out under the program; and
   (B) establish procedures for the review and approval of requests from such laboratories to carry out such construction.

(2) The laboratories designated under paragraph (1)(A) may not include Department of Defense laboratories that are contractor owned.

(3) The Secretary shall notify Congress of the laboratories designated under paragraph (1)(A).

(d) Report.—Not later than September 30, 1998, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the program. The report shall include the Secretary’s conclusions and recommendations regarding the desirability of extending the authority set forth in subsection (b) to cover all Department of Defense laboratories.

(e) Exclusivity of Program.—Nothing in this section may be construed to limit any other authority provided
by law for any military construction project at a Department of Defense laboratory covered by the program.

(f) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) The term “laboratory” includes—

(A) a research, engineering, and development center;

(B) a test and evaluation activity owned, funded, and operated by the Federal Government through the Department of Defense; and

(C) a supporting facility of a laboratory.

(2) The term “supporting facility”, with respect to a laboratory, means any building or structure that is used in support of research, development, test, and evaluation at the laboratory.

(g) Expiration of Authority.—The Secretary may not commence a construction project under the program after September 30, 1999.

SEC. 2862. PROHIBITION ON JOINT CIVIL AVIATION USE OF MIRAMAR NAVAL AIR STATION, CALIFORNIA.

The Secretary of the Navy may not enter into any agreement that provides for or permits civil aircraft to use regularly Miramar Naval Air Station, California.
SEC. 2863. REPORT ON AGREEMENT RELATING TO CONVEYANCE OF LAND, FORT BELVOIR, VIRGINIA.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the status of negotiations for the agreement required under subsection (b) of section 2821 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (division B of Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1658) in connection with the land conveyance authorized under subsection (a) of that section. The report shall assess the likelihood that the negotiations will lead to an agreement and describe the alternative uses, if any, for the land referred to in such subsection (a) that have been identified by the Secretary.

SEC. 2864. RESIDUAL VALUE REPORT.

(a) The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), shall submit to the congressional defense committees status reports on the results of residual value negotiations between the United States and Germany, within 30 days of the receipt of such reports to the OMB.

(b) The reports shall include the following information:

(1) The estimated residual value of United States capital value and improvements to facilities in Ger-
many that the United States has turned over to Germany.

(2) The actual value obtained by the United States for each facility or installation turned over to the Government of Germany.

(3) The reason(s) for any difference between the estimated and actual value obtained.

SEC. 2865. RENOVATION OF THE PENTAGON RESERVATION.

The Secretary of Defense shall take such action as is necessary to reduce the total cost of the renovation of the Pentagon Reservation to not more than $1,118,000,000.

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
Subtitle A—National Security Programs Authorizations

SEC. 3101. WEAPONS ACTIVITIES.

(a) Stockpile Stewardship.—Subject to subsection (d), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for stockpile stewardship in carrying out weapons activities necessary
for national security programs in the amount of $1,624,080,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For core stockpile stewardship, $1,386,613,000, to be allocated as follows:

   (A) For operation and maintenance, $1,305,308,000.

   (B) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), $81,305,000, to be allocated as follows: Project 96-D-102, stockpile stewardship facilities revitalization, Phase VI, various locations, $2,520,000.

   Project 96-D-103, Atlas, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $8,400,000.

   Project 96-D-104, processing and environmental technology laboratory (PETL), Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, $1,800,000.

   Project 96-D-105, contained firing facility addition, Lawrence Livermore Na-
tional Laboratory, Livermore, California, $6,600,000.

Project 95-D-102, Chemical and Metallurgy Research Building upgrades, Los Alamos National Laboratory, New Mexico, $9,940,000.

Project 94-D-102, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, Phase V, various locations, $12,200,000.

Project 93-D-102, Nevada support facility, North Las Vegas, Nevada, $15,650,000.

Project 90-D-102, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, Phase III, various locations, $6,200,000.

Project 88-D-106, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, Phase II, various locations, $17,995,000.

(2) For inertial fusion, $230,667,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For operation and maintenance, $193,267,000.
(B) For the following plant project (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and land acquisition related thereto), $37,400,000:

Project 96-D-111, national ignition facility, location to be determined.

(3) For Marshall Islands activities and Nevada Test Site dose reconstruction, $6,800,000.

(b) STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT.—Subject to subsection (d), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for stockpile management in carrying out weapons activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $2,035,483,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, $1,911,858,000.

(2) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), $123,625,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project GPD-121, general plant projects, various locations, $10,000,000.
Project 96-D-122, sewage treatment quality upgrade (STQU), Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $600,000.

Project 96-D-123, retrofit heating, ventilation, and air conditioning and chillers for ozone protection, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $3,100,000.

Project 96-D-125, Washington measurements operations facility, Andrews Air Force Base, Camp Springs, Maryland, $900,000.

Project 96-D-126, tritium loading line modifications, Savannah River Site, South Carolina, $12,200,000.

Project 95-D-122, sanitary sewer upgrade, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $6,300,000.

Project 94-D-124, hydrogen fluoride supply system, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $8,700,000.

Project 94-D-125, upgrade life safety, Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri, $5,500,000.

Project 94-D-127, emergency notification system, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $2,000,000.
Project 94–D–128, environmental safety and health analytical laboratory, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $4,000,000.


Project 93–D–123, complex–21, various locations, $41,065,000.

Project 88–D–122, facilities capability assurance program, various locations, $8,660,000.

Project 88–D–123, security enhancements, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $13,400,000.

(c) Program Direction.—Subject to subsection (d), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for program direction in carrying out weapons activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $118,000,000.

(d) Adjustments.—The total amount authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this section is the sum of the amounts authorized to be appropriated in subsections (a) through (c) reduced by the sum of—

(1) $25,000,000, for savings resulting from procurement reform; and

(2) $86,344,000, for use of prior year balances.
SEC. 3102. ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION AND WASTE MANAGEMENT.

(a) Corrective Activities.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for corrective activities in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $3,406,000, all of which shall be available for the following plant project (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and land acquisition related thereto):

Project 90-D-103, environment, safety and health improvements, weapons research and development complex, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico.

(b) Environmental Restoration.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for environmental restoration for operating expenses in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $1,550,926,000.

(c) Waste Management.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for waste manage-
ment in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $2,386,596,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, $2,151,266,000.

(2) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), $235,330,000, to be allocated as follows:

- Project GPD-171, general plant projects, various locations, $15,728,000.
- Project 96-D-400, replace industrial waste piping, Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri, $200,000.
- Project 96-D-401, comprehensive treatment and management plan immobilization of miscellaneous wastes, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, Colorado, $1,400,000.
- Project 96-D-402, comprehensive treatment and management plan building 374/774 sludge immobilization, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, Colorado, $1,500,000.
Project 96-D-403, tank farm service upgrades, Savannah River, South Carolina, $3,315,000.

Project 96-D-405, T-plant secondary containment and leak detection upgrades, Richland, Washington, $2,100,000.

Project 96-D-406, K-Basin operations program, Richland, Washington, $41,000,000.

Project 96-D-409, advanced mixed waste treatment facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $5,000,000.

Project 96-D-410, specific manufacturing characterization facility assessment and upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $2,000,000.

Project 95-D-402, install permanent electrical service, Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, New Mexico, $4,314,000.

Project 95-D-405, industrial landfill V and construction/demolition landfill VII, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $4,600,000.

Project 95-D-406, road 5-01 reconstruction, area 5, Nevada Test Site, Nevada, $1,023,000.
Project 94-D-400, high explosive wastewater treatment system, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $4,445,000.

Project 94-D-402, liquid waste treatment system, Nevada Test Site, Nevada, $282,000.

Project 94-D-404, Melton Valley storage tanks capacity increase, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $11,000,000.

Project 94-D-407, initial tank retrieval systems, Richland, Washington, $9,400,000.

Project 94-D-411, solid waste operations complex project, Richland, Washington, $5,500,000.

Project 94-D-417, intermediate-level and low-activity waste vaults, Savannah River, South Carolina, $2,704,000.


Project 93-D-182, replacement of cross-site transfer system, Richland, Washington, $19,795,000.

Project 93-D-183, multi-tank waste storage facility, Richland, Washington, $31,000,000.
Project 93-D-187, high-level waste removal from filled waste tanks, Savannah River, South Carolina, $34,700,000.

Project 92-D-171, mixed waste receiving and storage facility, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $1,105,000.

Project 92-D-188, waste management environmental, safety and health (ES&H) and compliance activities, various locations, $1,100,000.

Project 90-D-172, aging waste transfer lines, Richland, Washington, $2,000,000.

Project 90-D-177, RWMC transuranic (TRU) waste characterization and storage facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $1,428,000.

Project 90-D-178, TSA retrieval containment building, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $2,606,000.

Project 89-D-173, tank farm ventilation upgrade, Richland, Washington, $800,000.

Project 89-D-174, replacement high-level waste evaporator, Savannah River, South Carolina, $11,500,000.
Project 86-D-103, decontamination and waste treatment facility, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, California, $8,885,000.

Project 83-D-148, nonradioactive hazardous waste management, Savannah River, South Carolina, $1,000,000.

(d) Technology Development.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for technology development in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $505,510,000.

(e) Transportation Management.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for transportation management in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $16,158,000.

(f) Nuclear Materials and Facilities Stabilization.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for nuclear materials and facilities stabilization in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security
programs in the amount of $1,596,028,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, $1,463,384,000.

(2) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), $132,644,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project GPD-171, general plant projects, various locations, $14,724,000.

Project 96-D-458, site drainage control, Mound Plant, Miamisburg, Ohio, $885,000.

Project 96-D-461, electrical distribution upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $1,539,000.

Project 96-D-462, health physics instrument laboratory, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $1,126,000.

Project 96-D-463, central facilities craft shop, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $724,000.

Project 96-D-464, electrical and utility systems upgrade, Idaho Chemical Processing Plant,
Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $4,952,000.

Project 96-D-465, 200 area sanitary sewer system, Richland, Washington, $1,800,000.

Project 96-D-470, environmental monitoring laboratory, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, $3,500,000.

Project 96-D-471, chlorofluorocarbon heating, ventilation, and air conditioning and chiller retrofit, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, $1,500,000.

Project 96-D-472, plant engineering and design, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, $4,000,000.

Project 96-D-473, health physics site support facility, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, $2,000,000.

Project 96-D-474, dry fuel storage facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $15,000,000.

Project 96-D-475, high level waste volume reduction demonstration (pentaborane), Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $5,000,000.
Project 95-D-155, upgrade site road infrastructure, Savannah River, South Carolina, $2,900,000.

Project 95-D-156, radio trunking system, Savannah River, South Carolina, $10,000,000.

Project 95-D-454, 324 facility compliance/renovation, Richland, Washington, $3,500,000.

Project 95-D-456, security facilities upgrade, Idaho Chemical Processing Plant, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $8,382,000.

Project 94-D-122, underground storage tanks, Rocky Flats, Golden, Colorado, $5,000,000.

Project 94-D-401, emergency response facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $5,074,000.

Project 94-D-412, 300 area process sewer piping system upgrade, Richland, Washington, $1,000,000.

Project 94-D-415, medical facilities, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $3,601,000.

Project 93-D-147, domestic water system upgrade, Phase I and II, Savannah River, South Carolina, $7,130,000.

Project 93-D-172, electrical upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $124,000.

Project 92-D-123, plant fire/security alarms system replacement, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, $9,560,000.

Project 92-D-125, master safeguards and security agreement/materials surveillance task force security upgrades, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, $7,000,000.

Project 92-D-181, fire and life safety improvements, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $6,883,000.

Project 91-D-127, criticality alarm and production annunciation utility replacement, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, $2,800,000.

(g) Compliance and Program Coordination.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year
1996 for compliance and program coordination in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $81,251,000, to be allocated as follows:

1. For operation and maintenance, $66,251,000.
2. For the following plant project (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and land acquisition related thereto), $15,000,000:
   - Project 95-E-600, hazardous materials training center, Richland, Washington.

(h) Analysis, Education, and Risk Management.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for analysis, education, and risk management in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of $80,022,000.

(i) Adjustments.—The total amount authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this section is the sum of the amounts specified in subsections (a) through (h) reduced by the sum of—

1. $276,942,000, for use of prior year balances; and
(2) $37,000,000 for recovery of overpayment to the Savannah River Pension Fund.

SEC. 3103. OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

(a) Other Defense Activities.—Subject to subsection (b), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for other defense activities in carrying out programs necessary for national security in the amount of $1,408,162,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For verification and control technology, $430,842,000, to be allocated as follows:
   (A) For nonproliferation and verification research and development, $226,142,000.
   (B) For arms control, $162,364,000.
   (C) For intelligence, $42,336,000.

(2) For nuclear safeguards and security, $83,395,000.

(3) For security investigations, $25,000,000.

(4) For security evaluations, $14,707,000.

(5) For the Office of Nuclear Safety, $15,050,000.

(6) For worker and community transition, $100,000,000.

(7) For fissile materials disposition, $70,000,000.
(8) For naval reactors development, $682,168,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For operation and infrastructure, $659,168,000.

(B) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), $23,000,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project 95-D-200, laboratory systems and hot cell upgrades, various locations, $11,300,000.

Project 95-D-201, advanced test reactor radioactive waste system upgrades, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $4,800,000.

Project 93-D-200, engineering services facilities, Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory, Niskayuna, New York, $3,900,000.

Project 90-N-102, expended core facility dry cell project, Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho, $3,000,000.

(b) ADJUSTMENT.—The total amount that may be appropriated pursuant to this section is the total amount au-
SEC. 3104. DEFENSE NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for payment to the Nuclear Waste Fund established in section 302(c) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10222(c)) in the amount of $198,400,000.

SEC. 3105. PAYMENT OF PENALTIES ASSESSED AGAINST ROCKY FLATS SITE.

The Secretary of Energy may pay to the Hazardous Substance Superfund established under section 9507 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 9507), from funds appropriated to the Department of Energy for environmental restoration and waste management activities pursuant to section 3102, stipulated civil penalties in the amount of $350,000 assessed under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) against the Rocky Flats Site, Golden, Colorado.
SEC. 3106. STANDARDIZATION OF ETHICS AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AFFECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY WITH GOVERNMENT-WIDE STANDARDS.

(a) REPEALS.—(1) Part A of title VI of the Department of Energy Organization Act and its catchline (42 U.S.C. 7211, 7212, and 7218) are repealed.

(2) Section 308 of the Energy Research and Development Administration Appropriation Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1977 (42 U.S.C. 5816a) is repealed.

(3) Section 522 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6392) is repealed.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The table of contents for the Department of Energy Organization Act is amended by striking out the items relating to part A of title VI including sections 601 through 603.

(2) The table of contents for the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by striking out the matter relating to section 522.

SEC. 3107. CERTAIN ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION REQUIREMENTS.

It is the sense of Congress that:

(1) No individual acting within the scope of that individual's employment with a Federal agency or department shall be personally subject to civil or criminal sanctions, for any failure to comply with an envi-
ronmental cleanup requirement under the Solid Waste Disposal Act or the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act or an analogous requirement under comparable Federal, State, or local laws, whether the failure to comply is due to lack of funds requested or appropriated to carry out such requirement. Federal and State enforcement authorities shall refrain from enforcement action in such circumstances.

(2) If appropriations by the Congress for fiscal year 1996 or any subsequent fiscal year are insufficient to fund any such environmental cleanup requirements, the committees of Congress with jurisdiction shall examine the issue, elicit the views of Federal agencies, affected States, and the public, and consider appropriate statutory amendments to address personal criminal liability, and any related issues pertaining to potential liability of any Federal agency or department or its contractors.

SEC. 3108. AMENDING THE HYDRONUCLEAR PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the provision dealing with hydronuclear experiments is qualified in the following respect:
“(c) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed as an authorization to conduct hydronuclear tests. Furthermore, nothing in this Act shall be construed as amending or repealing the requirements of section 507 of Public Law 102-377.”.

Subtitle B—Recurring General Provisions

SEC. 3121. REPROGRAMMING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Until the Secretary of Energy submits to the congressional defense committees the report referred to in subsection (b) and a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which such committees receive the report, the Secretary may not use amounts appropriated pursuant to this title for any program—

(1) in amounts that exceed, in a fiscal year—

(A) 110 percent of the amount authorized for that program by this title; or

(B) $1,000,000 more than the amount authorized for that program by this title; or

(2) which has not been presented to, or requested of, Congress.

(b) REPORT.—(1) The report referred to in subsection (a) is a report containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such proposed action.
(2) In the computation of the 30-day period under subsection (a), there shall be excluded any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain.

(c) Limitations.—(1) In no event may the total amount of funds obligated pursuant to this title exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated by this title.

(2) Funds appropriated pursuant to this title may not be used for an item for which Congress has specifically denied funds.

SEC. 3122. LIMITS ON GENERAL PLANT PROJECTS.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy may carry out any construction project under the general plant projects authorized by this title if the total estimated cost of the construction project does not exceed $2,000,000.

(b) Report to Congress.—If, at any time during the construction of any general plant project authorized by this title, the estimated cost of the project is revised because of unforeseen cost variations and the revised cost of the project exceeds $2,000,000, the Secretary shall immediately furnish a complete report to the congressional defense committees explaining the reasons for the cost variation.

SEC. 3123. LIMITS ON CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) In General.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), construction on a construction project may not
be started or additional obligations incurred in connection
with the project above the total estimated cost, whenever the
current estimated cost of the construction project, which is
authorized by sections 3101, 3102, and 3103, or which is
in support of national security programs of the Department
of Energy and was authorized by any previous Act, exceeds
by more than 25 percent the higher of—

(A) the amount authorized for the project; or
(B) the amount of the total estimated cost for the
project as shown in the most recent budget justifica-
tion data submitted to Congress.

(2) An action described in paragraph (1) may be taken
if—

(A) the Secretary of Energy has submitted to the
congressional defense committees a report on the ac-
tions and the circumstances making such action nec-
essary; and

(B) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the
date on which the report is received by the commit-
tees.

(3) In the computation of the 30-day period under
paragraph (2), there shall be excluded any day on which
either House of Congress is not in session because of an
adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain.
(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any construction project which has a current estimated cost of less than $5,000,000.

SEC. 3124. FUND TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) Transfer to Other Federal Agencies.—The Secretary of Energy may transfer funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to this title to other Federal agencies for the performance of work for which the funds were authorized. Funds so transferred may be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same period as the authorizations of the Federal agency to which the amounts are transferred.

(b) Transfer Within Department of Energy; Limitations.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of Energy may transfer funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to this title between any such authorizations. Amounts of authorizations so transferred may be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same period as the authorization to which the amounts are transferred.

(2) Not more than 5 percent of any such authorization may be transferred between authorizations under paragraph (1). No such authorization may be increased or decreased by more than 5 percent by a transfer under such paragraph.
(3) The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(A) may only be used to provide funds for items relating to weapons activities necessary for national security programs that have a higher priority than the items from which the funds are transferred; and

(B) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied funds by Congress.

c Notice to Congress.—The Secretary of Energy shall promptly notify the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives of any transfer of funds to or from authorizations under this title.
the conceptual design before submitting a request for funds for the construction project.

(3) The requirement in paragraph (1) does not apply to a request for funds—
(A) for a construction project the total estimated cost of which is less than $2,000,000; or
(B) for emergency planning, design, and construction activities under section 3126.

(b) Authority for Construction Design.—(1) Within the amounts authorized by this title, the Secretary of Energy may carry out construction design (including architectural and engineering services) in connection with any proposed construction project if the total estimated cost for such design does not exceed $600,000.

(2) If the total estimated cost for construction design in connection with any construction project exceeds $600,000, funds for such design must be specifically authorized by law.

SEC. 3126. AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY PLANNING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

(a) Authority.—The Secretary of Energy may use any funds available to the Department of Energy pursuant to an authorization in this title, including funds authorized to be appropriated under sections 3101, 3102, and 3103 for advance planning and construction design, to perform
planning, design, and construction activities for any Department of Energy national security program construction project that, as determined by the Secretary, must proceed expeditiously in order to protect public health and safety, meet the needs of national defense, or to protect property.

(b) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not exercise the authority under subsection (a) in the case of any construction project until the Secretary has submitted to the congressional defense committees a report on the activities that the Secretary intends to carry out under this section and the circumstances making such activities necessary.

(c) SPECIFIC AUTHORITY.—The requirement of section 3125(b)(2) does not apply to emergency planning, design, and construction activities conducted under this section.

(d) REPORT.—The Secretary of Energy shall report to the congressional defense committees any exercise of authority under this section.

SEC. 3127. FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR ALL NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

Subject to the provisions of appropriations Acts and section 3121 of this title, amounts appropriated pursuant to this title for management and support activities and for general plant projects are available for use, when necessary,
in connection with all national security programs of the
Department of Energy.

SEC. 3128. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.

When so specified in an appropriation Act, amounts
appropriated for operating expenses, plant projects, and
capital equipment may remain available until expended.

Subtitle C—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 3131. TRITIUM PRODUCTION.

(a) TRITIUM PRODUCTION.— Of the funds authorized
to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under sec-
tion 3101, not more than $50,000,000 shall be available to
conduct an assessment of alternative means of ensuring that
the tritium production of the Department of Energy is ade-
quate to meet the tritium requirements of the Department
of Defense. The assessment shall include an assessment of
various types of reactors and an accelerator.

(b) LOCATION OF NEW TRITIUM PRODUCTION FACIL-
ITY.— The Secretary of Energy shall locate the new tritium
production facility of the Department of Energy at the Sa-
vannah River Site, South Carolina.

(c) TRITIUM TARGETS.— Of the funds authorized to be
appropriated to the Department of Energy under section
3101, not more than $5,000,000 shall be available for the
Idaho National Engineering Laboratory for the test and development of nuclear reactor tritium targets for the various types of reactors to be assessed by the Department under subsection (a).

SEC. 3132. FISSION MATERIALS DISPOSITION.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3103(a)(7), $70,000,000 shall be available only for purposes of completing the evaluation of, and commencing implementation of, the interim- and long-term storage and disposition of fissile materials (including plutonium, highly enriched uranium, and other fissile materials) that are excess to the national security needs of the United States, of which $10,000,000 shall be available for plutonium resource assessment on a competitive basis by an appropriate university consortium.

SEC. 3133. TRITIUM RECYCLING.

(a) In general.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the following activities shall be carried out at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina:

(1) All tritium recycling for weapons, including tritium refitting.

(2) All activities regarding tritium formerly carried out at the Mound Plant, Ohio.
(b) Exception.—The following activities may be carried out at the Los Alamos National Laboratory, New Mexico:

(1) Research on tritium.

(2) Work on tritium in support of the defense inertial confinement fusion program.

(3) Provision of technical assistance to the Savannah River Site regarding the weapons surveillance program.

SEC. 3134. MANUFACTURING INFRASTRUCTURE FOR REFabRICATION AND CERTIFICATION OF ENDURING NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE.

(a) Manufacturing Program.—The Secretary of Energy shall carry out a program for purposes of establishing within the Government a manufacturing infrastructure that has the following capabilities as specified in the Nuclear Posture Review:

(1) To develop a stockpile surveillance engineering base.

(2) To refabricate and certify weapon components and types in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, as necessary.

(3) To design, fabricate, and certify new nuclear warheads, as necessary.

(4) To support nuclear weapons.
(5) To supply sufficient tritium in support of nuclear weapons to ensure an upload hedge in the event circumstances require.

(b) REQUIRED CAPABILITIES.—The manufacturing infrastructure established under the program under subsection (a) shall include the following capabilities (modernized to attain the objectives referred to in that subsection):

(1) The weapons assembly capabilities of the Pantex Plant.

(2) The weapon secondary fabrication capabilities of the Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

(3) The tritium production and recycling capabilities of the Savannah River Site.

(4) A weapon primary pit refabrication/manufacturing and reuse facility capability at Savannah River Site (if required for national security purposes).

(5) The non-nuclear component capabilities of the Kansas City Plant.

(c) NUCLEAR POSTURE REVIEW.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "Nuclear Posture Review" means the Department of Defense Nuclear Posture Review as contained in the Report of the Secretary of Defense to the President and the Congress dated February 19, 1995, or subsequent such reports.
(d) **Funding.**—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under section 3101(b), $143,000,000 shall be available for carrying out the program required under this section, of which—

1. $35,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Pantex Plant;
2. $30,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee;
3. $35,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Savannah River Site; and
4. $43,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Kansas City Plant.

**SEC. 3135. HYDRONUCLEAR EXPERIMENTS.**

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3101, $50,000,000 shall be available for preparation for the commencement of a program of hydronuclear experiments at the nuclear weapons design laboratories at the Nevada Test Site which program shall be for the purpose of maintaining confidence in the reliability and safety of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.
SEC. 3136. FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENT OF SKILLS CRITICAL TO THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NUCLEAR WEAPONS COMPLEX.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a fellowship program for the development of skills critical to the ongoing mission of the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex. Under the fellowship program, the Secretary shall—

(1) provide educational assistance and research assistance to eligible individuals to facilitate the development by such individuals of skills critical to maintaining the ongoing mission of the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex;

(2) employ eligible individuals at the facilities described in subsection (c) in order to facilitate the development of such skills by these individuals; or

(3) provide eligible individuals with the assistance and the employment.

(b) Eligible Individuals.—Individuals eligible for participation in the fellowship program are the following:

(1) Students pursuing graduate degrees in fields of science or engineering that are related to nuclear weapons engineering or to the science and technology base of the Department of Energy.

(2) Individuals engaged in postdoctoral studies in such fields.
(c) Covered Facilities.—The Secretary shall carry out the fellowship program at or in connection with the following facilities:

1. The Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri.
2. The Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas.
4. The Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

(d) Administration.—The Secretary shall carry out the fellowship program at a facility referred to in subsection (c) through the stockpile manager of the facility.

(e) Allocation of Funds.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Defense Programs, allocate funds available for the fellowship program under subsection (f) among the facilities referred to in subsection (c). The Secretary shall make the allocation after evaluating an assessment by the weapons program director of each such facility of the personnel and critical skills necessary at the facility for carrying out the ongoing mission of the facility.

(f) Funding.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101(b), $10,000,000 may be used for the pur-
pose of carrying out the fellowship program under this section.

SEC. 3137. EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PERSONNEL CRITICAL TO THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NUCLEAR WEAPONS COMPLEX.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct an education program to ensure the long-term supply of personnel having skills critical to the ongoing mission of the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex. Under the program, the Secretary shall provide—

(1) education programs designed to encourage and assist students in study in the fields of math, science, and engineering that are critical to maintaining the nuclear weapons complex;

(2) programs that enhance the teaching skills of teachers who teach students in such fields; and

(3) education programs that increase the scientific understanding of the general public in areas of importance to the nuclear weapons complex and to the Department of Energy national laboratories.

(b) Funding.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101(a), $10,000,000 may be used for the purpose of carrying out the education program under this section.
SEC. 3138. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES.

Funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101 may be obligated and expended for activities under the Department of Energy Laboratory Directed Research and Development Program or under Department of Energy technology transfer programs only if such activities support the national security mission of the Department.

SEC. 3139. PROCESSING OF HIGH LEVEL NUCLEAR WASTE AND SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RODS.

(a) Electrometallurgical Processing Activities.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, not more than $2,500,000 shall be available for electrometallurgical processing activities at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory.

(b) Processing of Spent Nuclear Fuel Rods at Savannah River Site.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, $30,000,000 shall be available for operating and maintenance activities at the Savannah River Site, which amount shall be available for the development at the canyon facilities at the site of technological methods (including plutonium processing and reprocessing) of separating, reducing, isolating, and storing the spent nuclear fuel rods that
are sent to the site from other Department of Energy facilities and from foreign facilities.

(c) PROCESSING OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RODS AT IDAHO NATIONAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, $15,000,000 shall be available for operating and maintenance activities at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, which amount shall be available for the development of technological methods of processing the spent nuclear fuel rods that will be sent to the laboratory from other Department of Energy facilities.

(d) SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL DEFINED.—In this section, the term “spent nuclear fuel” has the meaning given such term in section 2(23) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101(23)).

SEC. 3140. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DECLASSIFICATION PRODUCTIVITY INITIATIVE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3103, $3,000,000 shall be available for the Declassification Productivity Initiative of the Department of Energy.
SEC. 3141. AUTHORITY TO REPROGRAM FUNDS FOR DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.

(a) AUTHORITY TO REPROGRAM.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of Energy may reprogram funds available to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101(b) or 3102(b) to make such funds available for use for storage pool treatment and stabilization or for canning and storage in connection with the disposition of spent nuclear fuel in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which treatment and stabilization or canning and storage is—

(1) necessary in order to meet International Atomic Energy Agency safeguard standards with respect to the disposition of spent nuclear fuel; and


(b) LIMITATION.—The total amount that the Secretary may reprogram under the authority in subsection (a) may not exceed $5,000,000.

(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “spent nuclear fuel” has the meaning given such term in section 2(23)
of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101(23)).

SEC. 3142. PROTECTION OF WORKERS AT NUCLEAR WEAPONS FACILITIES.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, $10,000,000 shall be available to carry out activities authorized under section 3131 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102–190; 105 Stat. 1571; 42 U.S.C. 7274d), relating to worker protection at nuclear weapons facilities.

Subtitle D—Review of Department of Energy National Security Programs

SEC. 3151. REVIEW OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than March 15, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the national security programs of the Department of Energy.

(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report shall include an assessment of the following:
(1) The effectiveness of the Department of Energy in maintaining the safety and reliability of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(2) The management by the Department of the nuclear weapons complex, including—

(A) a comparison of the Department of Energy’s implementation of applicable environmental, health, and safety requirements with the implementation of similar requirements by the Department of Defense; and

(B) a comparison of the costs and benefits of the national security research and development programs of the Department of Energy with the costs and benefits of similar programs sponsored by the Department of Defense.

(3) The fulfillment of the requirements established for the Department of Energy in the Nuclear Posture Review.

(c) Definition.—In this section, the term “Nuclear Posture Review” means the Department of Defense Nuclear Posture Review as contained in the Report of the Secretary of Defense to the President and the Congress dated February 19, 1995, or in subsequent such reports.
Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 3161. RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEFENSE PROGRAMS EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROGRAM.

The Office of Military Applications under the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Defense Programs shall retain responsibility for the Defense Programs Emergency Response Program within the Department of Energy.

SEC. 3162. REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY WEAPONS ACTIVITIES BUDGETS FOR FISCAL YEARS AFTER FISCAL YEAR 1996.

(a) In General.—The weapons activities budget of the Department of Energy shall be developed in accordance with the Nuclear Posture Review, the Post Nuclear Posture Review Stockpile Memorandum currently under development, and the programmatic and technical requirements associated with the review and memorandum.

(b) Required Detail.—The Secretary of Energy shall include in the materials that the Secretary submits to Congress in support of the budget for a fiscal year submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, a long-term program plan, and a near-term program plan, for the certification and stewardship of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(c) Definition.—In this section, the term “Nuclear Posture Review” means the Department of Defense Nuclear
Posture Review as contained in the Report of the Secretary of Defense to the President and the Congress dated February 19, 1995, or in subsequent such reports.

SEC. 3163. REPORT ON PROPOSED PURCHASES OF TRITIUM FROM FOREIGN SUPPLIERS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than May 30, 1997, the President shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on any plans of the President to purchase from foreign suppliers tritium to be used for purposes of the nuclear weapons stockpile of the United States.

(b) FORM OF REPORT.—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

SEC. 3164. REPORT ON HYDRONUCLEAR TESTING.

(a) REPORT.—The Secretary of Energy shall direct the joint preparation by the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and the Los Alamos National Laboratory of a report on the advantages and disadvantages for the safety and reliability of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile of permitting alternative limits to the current limits on the explosive yield of hydronuclear tests. The report shall address the following explosive yield limits:

1. 4 pounds (TNT equivalent).
2. 400 pounds (TNT equivalent).
3. 4,000 pounds (TNT equivalent).
4. 40,000 pounds (TNT equivalent).
(b) **Funding.**—The Secretary shall make available funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3101 for preparation of the report required under subsection (a).

**SEC. 3165. PLAN FOR THE CERTIFICATION AND STEWARDSHIP OF THE ENDURING NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE.**

(a) **Requirement.**—Not later than March 15, 1996, and every March 15 thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a plan for maintaining the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(b) **Plan Elements.**—Each plan under subsection (a) shall set forth the following:

1. The numbers of weapons (including active weapons and inactive weapons) for each type of weapon in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.
2. The expected design lifetime of each weapon system type, the current age of each weapon system type, and any plans (including the analytical basis for such plans) for lifetime extensions of a weapon system type.
3. An estimate of the lifetime of the nuclear and non-nuclear components of the weapons (including active weapons and inactive weapons) in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, and any plans (including
the analytical basis for such plans) for lifetime extensions of such components.

(4) A schedule of the modifications, if any, required for each weapon type (including active weapons and inactive weapons) in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, and the cost of such modifications.

(5) The process to be used in recertifying the safety, reliability, and performance of each weapon type (including active weapons and inactive weapons) in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(6) The manufacturing infrastructure required to maintain the nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship management program.

SEC. 3166. APPLICABILITY OF ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY ACT OF 1955 TO LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO.

(a) Date of Transfer of Utilities.—Section 72 of the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955 (42 U.S.C. 2372) is amended by striking out “not later than five years after the date it is included within this Act” and inserting in lieu thereof “not later than June 30, 1998”.

(b) Date of Transfer of Municipal Installations.—Section 83 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2383) is amended by striking out “not later than five years after the date it is included within this Act” and inserting in lieu thereof “not later than June 30, 1998”.
(c) Recommendation for Further Assistance Payments.—Section 91 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2391) is amended—

(1) by striking out “, and the Los Alamos School Board;” and all that follows through “county of Los Alamos, New Mexico” and inserting in lieu thereof “; or not later than June 30, 1996, in the case of the Los Alamos School Board and the county of Los Alamos, New Mexico”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentence: “If the recommendation under the preceding sentence regarding the Los Alamos School Board or the county of Los Alamos, New Mexico, indicates a need for further assistance for the school board or the county, as the case may be, after June 30, 1997, the recommendation shall include a report and plan describing the actions required to eliminate the need for further assistance for the school board or the county, including a proposal for legislative action to carry out the plan.”.

(d) Contract To Make Payments.—Section 94 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2394) is amended—

(1) by striking out “June 30, 1996” each place it appears in the proviso in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1997”; and
(2) by striking out “July 1, 1996” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1997”.

SEC. 3167. SENSE OF SENATE ON NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING SHIPPMENTS OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL FROM NAVAL REACTORS.

(a) Sense of the Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Governor of the State of Idaho should continue good faith negotiations for the purpose of reaching an agreement on the issue of shipments of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors.

(b) Report.—(1) Not later than September 15, 1995, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a written report on the status or outcome of the negotiations urged under subsection (a).

(2) The report shall include the following matters:

(A) If an agreement is reached, the terms of the agreement, including the dates on which shipments of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors will resume.

(B) If an agreement is not reached—

(i) the Secretary’s evaluation of the issues remaining to be resolved before an agreement can be reached;
(ii) the likelihood that an agreement will be reached before October 1, 1995; and
(iii) the steps that must be taken regarding the shipment of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors to ensure that the Navy can meet the national security requirements of the United States.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

SEC. 3201. AUTHORIZATION.
There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996, $17,000,000 for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board under chapter 21 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286 et seq.).

TITLE XXXIII—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

SEC. 3301. SALE OF NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVE NUMBERED 1 (ELK HILLS).
(a) Sale of Elk Hills Unit Required.—(1) Chapter 641 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 7421 the following new section:

§ 7421a. Sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 (Elk Hills)

“(a) Sale Required.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter other than section 7431(a)(2)
of this title, the Secretary shall sell all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to lands owned or controlled by the United States inside Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, commonly referred to as the Elk Hills Unit, located in Kern County, California, and established by Executive order of the President, dated September 2, 1912. Subject to subsection (j), within one year after the effective date, the Secretary shall enter into one or more contracts for the sale of all of the interest of the United States in the reserve.

"(2) In this section:

"(A) The term ‘reserve’ means Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1.

"(B) The term ‘unit plan contract’ means the unit plan contract between equity owners of the lands within the boundaries of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 entered into on June 19, 1944.

"(C) The term ‘effective date’ means the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996.

"(b) EQUITY FINALIZATION.—(1) Not later than three months after the effective date, the Secretary shall finalize equity interests of the known oil and gas zones in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 in the manner provided by this subsection.
“(2) The Secretary shall retain the services of an independent petroleum engineer, mutually acceptable to the equity owners, who shall prepare a recommendation on final equity figures. The Secretary may accept the recommendation of the independent petroleum engineer for final equity in each known oil and gas zone and establish final equity interest in the Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 in accordance with such recommendation, or the Secretary may use such other method to establish final equity interest in the reserve as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(3) If, on the effective date, there is an ongoing equity redetermination dispute between the equity owners under section 9(b) of the unit plan contract, such dispute shall be resolved in the manner provided in the unit plan contract within five months after the effective date. Such resolution shall be considered final for all purposes under this section.

“(c) Timing and Administration of Sale.—(1) Not later than two months after the effective date, the Secretary shall publish a notice of intent to sell the Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1. The Secretary shall make all technical, geological, and financial information relevant to the sale of the reserve available to all interested and qualified buyers upon request. The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of General Services, shall ensure that the sale
process is fair and open to all interested and qualified par-
ties.

“(2)(A) Not later than two months after the effective
date, the Secretary shall retain the services of five independ-
et experts in the valuation of oil and gas fields to conduct
separate assessments, in a manner consistent with commer-
cial practices, of the value of the interest of the United
States in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1. In making
their assessments, the independent experts shall consider
(among other factors) all equipment and facilities to be in-
cluded in the sale, the estimated quantity of petroleum and
natural gas in the reserve, and the net present value of the
anticipated revenue stream that the Secretary and the Di-
rector of the Office of Management and Budget jointly deter-
mine the Treasury would receive from the reserve if the re-
serve were not sold, adjusted for any anticipated increases
in tax revenues that would result if the reserve were sold.
The independent experts shall complete their assessments
within six months after the effective date.

“(B) The independent experts shall also determine and
submit to the Secretary the estimated total amount of the
cost of any environmental restoration and remediation nec-
essary at the reserve. The Secretary shall report the estimate
to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget,
the Secretary of the Treasury, and Congress.
“(C) The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall set the minimum acceptable price for the reserve. The Secretary may not set the minimum acceptable price below the average of three of the assessments (after excluding the high and low assessments) made under subparagraph (A).

“(3) Not later than two months after the effective date, the Secretary shall retain the services of an investment banker to independently administer, in a manner consistent with commercial practices and in a manner that maximizes sale proceeds to the Government, the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 under this section. Notwithstanding section 7433(b) of this title, costs and fees of retaining the investment banker shall be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of the reserve.

“(4)(A) Not later than six months after the effective date, the investment banker serving as the sales administrator under paragraph (3) shall complete a draft contract or contracts for the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, which shall accompany the invitation for bids and describe the terms and provisions of the sale of the interest of the United States in the reserve.

“(B) The draft contract or contracts shall identify—

“(i) all equipment and facilities to be included in the sale; and
“(ii) any potential claim or liability (including liability for environmental restoration and remediation), and the extent of any such claim or liability, for which the United States is responsible under subsection (d).

“(C) The draft contract or contracts, including the terms and provisions of the sale of the interest of the United States in the reserve, shall be subject to review and approval by the Secretary, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. Each of those officials shall complete the review of, and approve or disapprove, the draft contract or contracts not later than seven months after the effective date.

“(5) Not later than seven months after the effective date, the Secretary shall publish an invitation for bids for the purchase of the reserve.

“(6) Not later than 10 months after the effective date, the Secretary shall identify the highest responsible offer or offers for purchase of the interest of the United States in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 that, in total, meet or exceed the minimum acceptable price determined under paragraph (2).

“(7) The Secretary shall take such action immediately after the effective date as is necessary to obtain from an independent petroleum engineer within six months after
that date a certification regarding the quantity of the content of the reserve. The Secretary shall use the certification in support of the preparation of the invitation for bids.

"(d) Future Liabilities.—The United States shall hold harmless and fully indemnify the purchaser or purchasers (as the case may be) of the interest of the United States in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 from and against any claim or liability as a result of ownership in the reserve by the United States, including any claim referred to in subsection (e).

"(e) Treatment of State of California Claim.—After the costs incurred in the conduct of the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 under this section are deducted, seven percent of the remaining proceeds from the sale of the reserve shall be reserved in a contingent fund in the Treasury (for a period not to exceed 10 years after the effective date) for payment to the State of California in the event that, and to the extent that, the claims of the State against the United States regarding production and proceeds of sale from Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 are resolved in favor of the State by a court of competent jurisdiction. Funds in the contingent fund shall be available for paying any such claim to the extent provided in appropriation Acts. After final disposition of the claims, any un-
obligated balance in the contingent fund shall be credited
to the general fund of the Treasury.

“(f) MAINTAINING ELK HILLS UNIT PRODUCTION.— Until the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 is completed under this section, the Secretary shall continue to produce the reserve at the maximum daily oil or gas rate from a reservoir, which will permit maximum economic development of the reservoir consistent with sound oil field engineering practices in accordance with section 3 of the unit plan contract. The definition of maximum efficient rate in section 7420(6) of this title shall not apply to the reserve.

“(g) EFFECT ON EXISTING CONTRACTS.—(1) In the case of any contract, in effect on the effective date, for the purchase of production from any part of the United States' share of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, the sale of the interest of the United States in the reserve shall be subject to the contract for a period of three months after the closing date of the sale or until termination of the contract, whichever occurs first. The term of any contract entered into after the effective date for the purchase of such production shall not exceed the anticipated closing date for the sale of the reserve.

“(2) The Secretary shall exercise the termination procedures provided in the contract between the United States...
and Bechtel Petroleum Operation, Inc., Contract Number DE-AC01-85FE60520 so that the contract terminates not later than the date of closing of the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 under subsection (c).

"(3) The Secretary shall exercise the termination procedures provided in the unit plan contract so that the unit plan contract terminates not later than the date of closing of the sale of reserve.

"(h) Effect on Antitrust Laws.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the application of the antitrust laws of the United States to the purchaser or purchasers (as the case may be) of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 or to the lands in the reserve subject to sale under this section upon the completion of the sale.

"(i) Preservation of Private Right, Title, and Interest.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to adversely affect the ownership interest of any other entity having any right, title, and interest in and to lands within the boundaries of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 and which are subject to the unit plan contract.

"(j) Notice to Congress.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary may not enter into any contract for the sale of the reserve until the end of the 31-day period beginning on the date on which the Secretary notifies the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee
on National Security and the Committee on Commerce of
the House of Representatives of the conditions of the pro-
posed sale.

“(2) If the Secretary receives only one offer for pur-
chase of the reserve or any subcomponent thereof, the Sec-
retary may not enter into a contract for the sale of the re-
serv e unless—

“(A) the Secretary submits to Congress a notifi-
cation of the receipt of only one offer together with the
conditions of the proposed sale of the reserve or parcel
to the offeror; and

“(B) a joint resolution of approval described in
subsection (k) is enacted within 45 days after the date
of the notification.

“(k) Joint Resolution of Approval.—(1) For the
purpose of paragraph (2)(B) of subsection (j), ‘joint resolu-
tion of approval’ means only a joint resolution that is in-
troduced after the date on which the notification referred
to in that paragraph is received by Congress, and—

“(A) that does not have a preamble;

“(B) the matter after the resolving clause of
which reads only as follows: ‘That Congress approves
the proposed sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Num-
bered 1 reported in the notification submitted to Con-
gress by the Secretary of Energy on ____________.”
(the blank space being filled in with the appropriate date); and

"(C) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution approving the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1'.

"(2) A resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives. A resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate. Such a resolution may not be reported before the 8th day after its introduction.

"(3) If the committee to which is referred a resolution described in paragraph (1) has not reported such resolution (or an identical resolution) at the end of 15 calendar days after its introduction, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such resolution and such resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.

"(4)(A) When the committee to which a resolution is referred has reported, or has been deemed to be discharged (under paragraph (3)) from further consideration of, a resolution described in paragraph (1), it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for any Member of the respec-
tive House to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution, and all points of order against the resolution (and against consideration of the resolution) are waived. The motion is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the respective House until disposed of.

"(B) Debate on the resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the resolution. A motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit the resolution is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is agreed to or disagreed to is not in order.

"(C) Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on a resolution described in paragraph (2), and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested
in accordance with the rules of the appropriate House, the vote on final passage of the resolution shall occur.

“(D) Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution described in paragraph (1) shall be decided without debate.

“(5) If, before the passage by one House of a resolution of that House described in paragraph (1), that House receives from the other House a resolution described in paragraph (1), then the following procedures shall apply:

“(A) The resolution of the other House shall not be referred to a committee.

“(B) With respect to a resolution described in paragraph (2) of the House receiving the resolution—

“(i) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no resolution had been received from the other House, but

“(ii) the vote on final passage shall be on the resolution of the other House.

“(6) This subsection is enacted by Congress—

“(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, and as such it is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect
to the procedure to be followed in that House in the
case of a resolution described in paragraph (1), and
it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is
inconsistent with such rules; and

"(B) with full recognition of the constitutional
right of either House to change the rules (so far as re-
lying to the procedure of that House) at any time,
in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the
case of any other rule of that House.

"(l) Noncompliance with Deadlines.—If, at any
time during the one-year period beginning on the effective
date, the Secretary determines that the actions necessary
to complete the sale of the reserve within that period are
not being taken or timely completed, the Secretary shall
transmit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate
and the Committees on National Security and on Commerce
of the House of Representatives a notification of that deter-
mination together with a plan setting forth the actions that
will be taken to ensure that the sale of the reserve will be
completed within that period. The Secretary shall consult
with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget
in preparing the plan for submission to the committees.

"(m) Oversight.—The Comptroller General shall
monitor the actions of the Secretary relating to the sale of
the reserve and report to the Committee on Armed Services
of the Senate and the Committee on National security of the House of Representatives any findings on such actions that the Comptroller General considers appropriate to report to such committees.

"(n) Acquisition of Services.—The Secretary may enter into contracts for the acquisition of services required under this section under the authority of paragraph (7) of section 303(c) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(c)), except that the notification required under subparagraph (B) of such paragraph for each contract shall be submitted to Congress not less than 7 days before the award of the contract.

"(o) Reconsideration of Process of Sale.—(1) If during the course of the sale of the reserve the Secretary of Energy and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget jointly determine that—

"(A) the sale is proceeding in a manner inconsistent with achievement of a sale price that reflects the full value of the reserve, or

"(B) a course of action other than the immediate sale of the reserve is in the best interests of the United States,

the Secretary shall submit a notification of the determination to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and
the Committees on National Security and on Commerce of
the House of Representatives.

“(2) After the Secretary submits a notification under
paragraph (1), the Secretary may not complete the sale the
reserve under this section unless there is enacted a joint res-
olution—

“(A) that is introduced after the date on which
the notification is received by the committees referred
to in such paragraph;

“(B) that does not have a preamble;

“(C) the matter after the resolving clause of
which reads only as follows: ‘That the Secretary of
Energy shall proceed with activities to sell Naval Pe-
troleum Reserve Numbered 1 in accordance with sec-
tion 7421a of title 10, United States Code, notwith-
standing the determination set forth in the notifica-
tion submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Energy
on _________.’ (the blank space being filled in
with the appropriate date); and

“(D) the title of which is as follows: ‘Joint reso-
lution approving continuation of actions to sell Naval
Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1’.

“(3) Subsection (k), except for paragraph (1) of such
subsection, shall apply to the joint resolution described in
paragraph (2).’.”
(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 7421 the following new item:

"7421a. Sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 (Elk Hills)."

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996 for carrying out section 7421a of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), in the total amount of $7,000,000.

SEC. 3302. FUTURE OF NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES (OTHER THAN NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVE NUMBERED 1).

(a) Study of Future of Petroleum Reserves.—(1) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study to determine which of the following options, or combination of options, would maximize the value of the naval petroleum reserves to or for the United States:

(A) Transfer of all or a part of the naval petroleum reserves to the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior for leasing in accordance with the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) and surface management in accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

(B) Lease of the naval petroleum reserves consistent with the provisions of such Acts.

(C) Sale of the interest of the United States in the naval petroleum reserves.
(2) The Secretary shall retain such independent consultants as the Secretary considers appropriate to conduct the study.

(3) An examination of the value to be derived by the United States from the transfer, lease, or sale of the naval petroleum reserves under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment and estimate, in a manner consistent with customary property valuation practices in the oil industry, of the fair market value of the interest of the United States in the naval petroleum reserves.

(4) Not later than December 31, 1995, the Secretary shall submit to Congress and make available to the public a report describing the results of the study and containing such recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate to implement the option, or combination of options, identified in the study that would maximize the value of the naval petroleum reserves to or for the United States.

(b) Implementation of Recommendations.—Not earlier than 31 days after submitting to Congress the report required under subsection (a)(4), and not later than December 31, 1996, the Secretary shall carry out the recommendations contained in the report.

(c) Naval Petroleum Reserves Defined.—For purposes of this section, the term “naval petroleum reserves” has the meaning given that term in section 7420(2)
of title 10, United States Code, except that such term does
not include Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1.

**TITLE XXXIV—NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE**

**SEC. 3401. AUTHORIZED USES OF STOCKPILE FUNDS.**

(a) **OBLIGATIONS AUTHORIZED.**—During fiscal year 1996, the National Defense Stockpile Manager may obligate up to $77,100,000 of the funds in the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund established under subsection (a) of section 9 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h) for the authorized uses of such funds under subsection (b)(2) of such section.

(b) **ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS.**—The National Defense Stockpile Manager may obligate amounts in excess of the amount specified in subsection (a) if the National Defense Stockpile Manager notifies Congress that extraordinary or emergency conditions necessitate the additional obligations. The National Defense Stockpile Manager may make the additional obligations described in the notification after the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date Congress receives the notification.

(c) **LIMITATIONS.**—The authorities provided by this section shall be subject to such limitations as may be provided in appropriations Acts.
SEC. 3402. DISPOSAL OF OBSOLETE AND EXCESS MATERIALS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE.

(a) DISPOSAL AUTHORIZED.—Subject to the conditions specified in subsection (b), the President may dispose of obsolete and excess materials currently contained in the National Defense Stockpile in order to modernize the stockpile. The materials subject to disposal under this subsection and the quantity of each material authorized to be disposed of by the President are set forth in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authorized Stockpile Disposals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Material for disposal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum Oxide, Abrasive Grade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antimony</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bauxite, Metallurgical Grade, Jamaican</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bauxite, Refractory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beryllium, Copper Master Alloy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beryllium, Metal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromite, Chemical Grade Ore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromite, Metallurgical Grade Ore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromite, Refractory Grade Ore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromium, Ferro Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromium Metal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbiun Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diamond, Bort</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diamond Stones</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluorspar, Acid Grade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germanium Metal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite, Natural, Ceylon Lump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iodine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jewel bearings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese, Ferro, High Carbon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese, Ferro, Medium Carbon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese, Ferro, Silicon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mica, Muscovite Block, Stained and Better</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Material for disposal | Quantity
---|---
Mica, Phlogopite Block | 130,745 pounds
Morphine, Sulfate & Analgesic, Refined | 5,679 pounds of anhydrous morphine alkaloid
Nickel | 887 short tons
Platinum | 252,641 troy ounces
Palladium | 1,064,601 troy ounces
Rubber, Natural | 25,138 long tons
Rutile | 257 short dry tons
Talc, Block & Lump | 2 short tons
Tantalum, Carbide Powder | 28,688 pounds of contained tantalum
Tantalum, Minerals | 2,575,234 pounds of contained tantalum
Tantalum, Oxide | 163,691 pounds of contained tantalum
Thorium Nitrate | 551,687 pounds
Tin | 1,077 metric tons
Titanium Sponge | 24,830 short tons
Tungsten Group | 82,312,516 pounds of contained tungsten
Vegetable Tannin, Chestnut | 15 long tons
Zirconium | 15,991 short dry tons

(b) Conditions on Disposal.—The authority of the President under subsection (a) to dispose of materials stored in the stockpile may not be used unless and until the Secretary of Defense certifies to Congress that the disposal of such materials will not adversely affect the capability of the National Defense Stockpile to supply the strategic and critical materials necessary to meet the needs of the United States during a period of national emergency that requires a significant level of mobilization of the economy of the United States, including any reconstitution of the military and industrial capabilities necessary to meet the planning assumptions used by the Secretary of Defense under section
14(b) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h-5(b)).

(c) Relationship to Other Disposal Authority.—The disposal authority provided in subsection (a) is in addition to any other disposal authority provided by law.

SEC. 3403. DISPOSAL OF CHROMITE AND MANGANESE ORES AND CHROMIUM FERRO AND MANGANESE METAL ELECTROLYTIC.

(a) Domestic Upgrading.—In offering to enter into agreements pursuant to any provision of law for the disposal from the National Defense Stockpile of chromite and manganese ores of metallurgical grade or chromium ferro and manganese metal electrolytic, the President shall give a right of first refusal on all such offers to domestic ferroalloy upgraders.

(b) Domestic Ferroalloy Upgrader Defined.—For purposes of this section, the term “domestic ferroalloy upgrader” means a company or other business entity that, as determined by the President—

(1) is engaged in operations to upgrade chromite or manganese ores of metallurgical grade or chromium ferro and manganese metal electrolytic; and
(2) conducts a significant level of its research, development, engineering, and upgrading operations in the United States.

SEC. 3404. RESTRICTIONS ON DISPOSAL OF MANGANESE FERRO.

(a) Disposal of Lower Grade Material First.—The President may not dispose of high carbon manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile that meets the National Defense Stockpile classification of Grade One, Specification 30(a), as revised on May 22, 1992, until completing the disposal of all manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile that does not meet such classification. The President may not reclassify manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Requirement for Remelting by Domestic Ferroalloy Producers.—Manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile that does not meet the classification specified in subsection (a) may be sold only for remelting by a domestic ferroalloy producer.

(c) Domestic Ferroalloy Producer Defined.—For purposes of this section, the term "domestic ferroalloy producer" means a company or other business entity that, as determined by the President—
(1) is engaged in operations to upgrade manganese ores of metallurgical grade or manganese ferro; and

(2) conducts a significant level of its research, development, engineering, and upgrading operations in the United States.

SEC. 3405. EXCESS DEFENSE-RELATED MATERIALS: TRANSFER TO STOCKPILE AND DISPOSAL.

(a) Transfer and Disposal.—The Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Pilling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``EXCESS DEFENSE-RELATED MATERIALS: TRANSFER TO STOCKPILE AND DISPOSAL

"Sec. 17. (a) The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall transfer to the stockpile for disposal in accordance with this Act uncontaminated materials that are in the inventory of Department of Energy materials for production of defense-related items, are excess to the requirements of the department for that purpose, and are suitable for transfer to the stockpile and disposal through the stockpile.

(b) The Secretary of Defense shall determine whether materials are suitable for transfer to the stockpile under this section, are suitable for disposal through the stockpile, and are uncontaminated.".
(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 4(a) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 98c(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(10) Materials transferred to the stockpile under section 17.”.

TITLE XXXV—PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

SEC. 3501. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Panama Canal Commission Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996”.

SEC. 3502. AUTHORIZATION OF EXPENDITURES.

(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the Panama Canal Commission is authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to it in accordance with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as may be necessary under the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.) for the operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Panama Canal for fiscal year 1996.

(b) Limitations.—For fiscal year 1996, the Panama Canal Commission may expend from funds in the Panama Canal Revolving Fund not more than $50,741,000 for administrative expenses, of which not more than—
(1) $15,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Supervisory Board of the Commission;

(2) $10,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Secretary of the Commission; and

(3) $45,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Administrator of the Commission.

(c) REPLACEMENT VEHICLES.—Funds available to the Panama Canal Commission shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed 38 passenger motor vehicles (including large heavy-duty vehicles to be used to transport Commission personnel across the isthmus of Panama) at a cost per vehicle of not more than $19,500. A vehicle may be purchased with such funds only as necessary to replace another passenger motor vehicle of the Commission.

DIVISION D—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT REFORM

SEC. 4001. SHORT TITLE.
This division may be cited as the “Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995”.

SEC. 4002. FINDINGS.
Congress makes the following findings:
(1) Federal information systems are critical to the lives of every American.

(2) The efficiency and effectiveness of the Federal Government is dependent upon the effective use of information.

(3) The Federal Government annually spends billions of dollars operating obsolete information systems.

(4) The use of obsolete information systems severely limits the quality of the services that the Federal Government provides, the efficiency of Federal Government operations, and the capabilities of the Federal Government to account for how taxpayer dollars are spent.

(5) The failure to modernize Federal Government information systems and the operations they support, despite efforts to do so, has resulted in the waste of billions of dollars that cannot be recovered.

(6) Despite improvements achieved through implementation of the Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990, most Federal agencies cannot track the expenditures of Federal dollars and, thus, expose the taxpayers to billions of dollars in waste, fraud, abuse, and mismanagement.
(7) Poor planning and program management and an overburdened acquisition process have resulted in the American taxpayers not getting their money's worth from the expenditure of $200,000,000,000 on information systems during the decade preceding the enactment of this Act.

(8) The Federal Government's investment control processes focus too late in the system lifecycle, lack sound capital planning, and pay inadequate attention to business process improvement, performance measurement, project milestones, or benchmarks against comparable organizations.

(9) Many Federal agencies lack adequate personnel with the basic skills necessary to effectively and efficiently use information technology and other information resources in support of agency programs and missions.

(10) Federal regulations governing information technology acquisitions are outdated, focus on paperwork and process rather than results, and prevent the Federal Government from taking timely advantage of the rapid advances taking place in the competitive and fast changing global information technology industry.
Buying, leasing, or developing information systems should be a top priority for Federal agency management because the high potential for the systems to substantially improve Federal Government operations, including the delivery of services to the public.

(12) Structural changes in the Federal Government, including elimination of the Brooks Act (section 111 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949), are necessary in order to improve Federal information management and to facilitate Federal Government acquisition of the state-of-the-art information technology that is critical for improving the efficiency and effectiveness of Federal Government operations.

SEC. 4003. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this division are as follows:

(1) To create incentives for the Federal Government to strategically use information technology in order to achieve efficient and effective operations of the Federal Government, and to provide cost effective and efficient delivery of Federal Government services to the taxpayers.
(2) To provide for the cost effective and timely acquisition, management, and use of effective information technology solutions.

(3) To transform the process-oriented procurement system of the Federal Government, as it relates to the acquisition of information technology, into a results-oriented procurement system.

(4) To increase the responsibility and authority of officials of the Office of Management and Budget and other Federal Government agencies, and the accountability of such officials to Congress and the public, in the use of information technology and other information resources in support of agency missions.

(5) To ensure that Federal Government agencies are responsible and accountable for achieving service delivery levels and project management performance comparable to the best in the private sector.

(6) To promote the development and operation of multiple-agency and Governmentwide, inter-operable, shared information resources to support the performance of Federal Government missions.

(7) To reduce fraud, waste, abuse, and errors resulting from a lack of, or poor implementation of, Federal Government information systems.
(8) To increase the capability of the Federal Government to restructure and improve processes before applying information technology.

(9) To increase the emphasis placed by Federal agency managers on completing effective capital planning and process improvement before applying information technology to the execution of plans and the performance of agency missions.

(10) To coordinate, integrate, and, to the extent practicable, establish uniform Federal information resources management policies and practices in order to improve the productivity, efficiency, and effectiveness of Federal Government programs and the delivery of services to the public.

(11) To strengthen the partnership between the Federal Government and State, local, and tribal governments for achieving Federal Government missions, goals, and objectives.

(12) To provide for the development of a well-trained core of professional Federal Government information resources managers.

(13) To improve the ability of agencies to share expertise and best practices and coordinate the development of common application systems and infrastructure.
SEC. 4004. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

(1) INFORMATION RESOURCES.—The term "information resources" means information and related resources such as personnel, equipment, funds, and information technology, but does not include information resources which support national security systems.

(2) INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT.—The term "information resources management" means the process of managing information resources to accomplish agency missions and to improve agency performance, including through the reduction of information collection burdens on the public.

(3) INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The term "information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information.

(4) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "information technology", with respect to an executive agency—

(A) means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem of equipment, that is used in the automatic acquisition, storage, manipulation, management, movement, control, display,
switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by the executive agency or under a contract with the executive agency which (i) requires the use of such system or subsystem of equipment, or (ii) requires the use, to a significant extent, of such system or subsystem of equipment in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product; and includes computers; ancillary equipment; software, firmware and similar procedures; services, including support services; and related resources;

(B) does not include any such equipment that is acquired by a Federal contractor incidental to a Federal contract; and

(C) does not include information technology contained in national security systems.

(5) Executive department.—The term “executive department” means an executive department specified in section 101 of title 5, United States Code.

(6) Executive agency.—The term “executive agency” has the meaning given the term in section 4(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(1)).

(7) Commercial item.—The term “commercial item” has the meaning given that term in section
4(12) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(12)).

(8) Nondevelopmental Item.—The term "nondevelopmental item" has the meaning given that term in section 4(13) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(13)).

(9) Information Architecture.—The term "information architecture", with respect to an executive agency, means a framework or plan for evolving or maintaining existing information technology, acquiring new information technology, and integrating the agency’s information technology to achieve the agency’s strategic goals and information resources management goals.

(10) National Security Systems.—The term "national security systems" are those telecommunications and information systems operated by the United States Government, the function, operation, or use of which: (A) involve intelligence activities; (B) involve cryptologic activities related to national security; (C) involves the command and control of military forces; (D) involves equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or (E) is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, but does not include systems to be
used for routine administrative and business applications (including payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications).

(11) Director.—The term “Director” means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

SEC. 4005. APPLICATIONS OF EXCLUSIONS.

In general.—The exclusions for national security systems provided in section 4004 of the division apply only in title XLI of this division unless otherwise provided in that title.

TITLE XLI—RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACQUISITIONS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Subtitle A—General Authority

SEC. 4101. AUTHORITY OF HEADS OF EXECUTIVE AGENCIES.

The heads of the executive agencies may conduct acquisitions of information technology pursuant to their respective authorities.

SEC. 4102. REPEAL OF CENTRAL AUTHORITY OF THE ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES.

Section 111 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759) is repealed.
Subtitle B—Director of the Office of Management and Budget

SEC. 4121. RESPONSIBILITY OF DIRECTOR.

(a) In fulfilling the responsibility to administer the functions assigned under chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, the Director shall comply with this subtitle with respect to the specific matters covered by this subtitle.

(b) This subtitle shall sunset on September 30, 2001, after which the Director may continue to comply with this subtitle.

SEC. 4122. CAPITAL PLANNING AND INVESTMENT CONTROL.

(a) With respect to the responsibilities under section 3504(h) of title 44, United States Code, the Director shall—

(1) promote and be responsible for improving the acquisition, use and disposal of information technology by the Federal Government to improve the productivity, efficiency, and effectiveness of Federal programs, including through dissemination of public information and the reduction of information collection burdens on the public;

(2) develop, as part of the budget process, a process for analyzing, tracking and evaluating the risk and results of all major agency capital investments or information systems over the life of the system:
(A) The process should identify opportunities for interagency cooperation, ensure the success of high risk and high return investments, but not duplicate or supplant existing agency investment development and control processes.

(B) The process should include development of explicit criteria for analyzing the projected and actual cost, benefit and risk of information systems investments. As part of the process three categories of information systems investments should be identified:

(i) High Risk.—Those projects that, by virtue of their size, complexity, use of innovative technology or other factors have an especially high risk of failure.

(ii) High Return.—Those projects that, by virtue of their total potential benefits in proportion to their costs, have particularly unique value to the public.

(iii) Crosscutting.—Those projects of individual agencies with shared benefit to or impact on other Federal agencies and State or local governments that require enforcement of operational standards or elimination of redundancies.
(C) Each annual budget submission shall include a report to Congress on the net program performance benefits achieved by major information systems investments and how these benefits support the accomplishment of agency goals.

(D) This process shall be performed with the assistance of and advice from the Chief Information Officers Council and appropriate inter-agency functional groups.

(E) The process shall ensure that agency information resources management plans are integrated into agency’s program plans and budgets for acquisition and use of information technology to improve agency performance and the accomplishment of agency missions.

(3) in consultation with the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, oversee the development and implementation of information technology standards by the Secretary of Commerce under section 4 of Public Law 100-235;

(4) designate (as the Director considers appropriate) one or more heads of executive agencies as an executive agent to contract for Governmentwide acquisition of information technology;
(5) encourage the executive agencies to develop and use the best practices in the acquisition of information technology by—

(A) identifying and collecting information regarding the best practices, including information on the development and implementation of the best practices by the executive agencies; and

(B) providing the executive agencies with information on the best practices and with advice and assistance regarding use of the best practices.

(6) assess, on a continuing basis, the experiences of executive agencies, State and local governments, international organizations, and the private sector in managing information technology;

(7) compare the performances of the executive agencies in using information technology and disseminate the comparisons to the executive agencies;

(8) monitor the development and implementation of training in the management of information technology for executive agency management personnel and staff;

(9) keep Congress fully informed on the extent to which the executive agencies are improving program performance and the accomplishment of agency mis-
visions through the use of the best practices in information technology;

(10) coordinate the development and review by the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of policy associated with Federal procurement and acquisition of information technology with the Office of Federal Procurement Policy; and

(11) seek and give due weight to the advice given by the Chief Information Officers Council or interagency functional groups regarding the performance of any responsibility of the Director under this subsection.

(b) The heads of executive agencies shall apply the Office of Management and Budget's guidelines promulgated pursuant to this section to national security systems only to the maximum extent practicable.

SEC. 4123. PERFORMANCE-BASED AND RESULTS-BASED MANAGEMENT.

(a) The Director shall encourage performance and results based management in fulfilling the responsibilities assigned under section 3504(h), of title 44, United States Code.

(1) Evaluation of agency programs and investments.—
(A) REQUIREMENT.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall evaluate the information resources management practices of the executive agencies with respect to the performance and results of the information technology investments of executive agencies.

(B) CONSIDERATION OF ADVICE AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—In performing the evaluation, the Director shall consider any advice and recommendations provided by the Chief Information Officers Council or any interagency functional group.

(2) GUIDANCE.—The Director shall issue clear and concise guidance to ensure that—

(A) an agency and its major subcomponents institutes effective and efficient capital planning processes to select, control and evaluate the results of all its major information systems investments;

(B) an agency determines, prior to making investments in new information systems—

(i) whether the function to be supported should be performed in the private sector rather than by an agency of the Federal Government and, if so, whether the
component of the agency performing that function should be converted from a govern-
ment organization to a private sector or-
ganization; or

(ii) whether the function should be per-
formed by the executive agency and, if so, whether the function should be performed by private sector source under a contract en-
tered into by head of the executive agency or executive agency personnel;

(C) the agency analyzes its missions and, based on the analysis, revises its mission-related processes and administrative processes, as appro-
priate, before making significant investments in information technology to be used in support of agency missions;

(D) the agency’s information resources management plan is current and adequate and, to the maximum extent practicable, specifically identifies how information technology to be ac-
quired is expected to improve agency operations and otherwise benefit the agency;

(E) agency information security is ade-
quate;

(F) the agency—
(i) provides adequately for the integration of the agency’s information resources management plans, strategic plans prepared pursuant to section 306 of title 5, United States code, and performance plans prepared pursuant to section 1115 of title 31, United States Code; and

(ii) budgets for the acquisition and use of information technology; and

(G) efficient and effective interagency and Governmentwide information technology investments are undertaken to improve the accomplishment of common agency missions.

(3) PERIODIC REVIEWS.—The Director shall ensure that selected information resources management activities of the executive agencies are periodically reviewed in order to ascertain the efficiency and effectiveness of information technology in improving agency performance and the accomplishment of agency missions.

(4) ENFORCEMENT OF ACCOUNTABILITY.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director may take any authorized action that the Director considers appropriate, including an action involving the budgetary process or appropriations manage-
ment process, to enforce accountability under this title in an executive agency.

(B) Specific actions.—Actions taken by the Director in the case of an executive agency may include—

(i) recommending a reduction or an increase in the amount proposed by the head of the executive agency to be included for information resources in the budget submitted to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code;

(ii) reducing or otherwise adjusting apportionments and reapportionments of appropriations for information resources;

(iii) using other authorized administrative controls over appropriations to restrict the availability of funds for information resources; and

(iv) designating for the executive agency an executive agent to contract with private sector sources for the performance of information resources management or the acquisition of information technology.

(b) The heads of executive agencies shall apply the Office of Management and Budget guidelines promulgated
pursuant to this section to national security systems only
to the maximum extent practicable. This subsection does not
apply to subparagraphs (4)(A) or (4)(B) (i), (ii), or (iii).

SEC. 4124. INTEGRATION WITH INFORMATION RESOURCE
MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES.

In undertaking activities and issuing guidance in ac-
cordance with this subtitle, the Director shall promote the
integration of information technology management with the
broader information resource management processes in the
agencies.

Subtitle C—Executive Agencies

SEC. 4131. RESPONSIBILITIES.

(a) In fulfilling the responsibilities assigned under
chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, the head of each
executive agency shall comply with this subtitle with respect
to the specific matters covered by this subtitle.

(b) This subtitle shall sunset on September 30, 2001,
after which the head of each executive agency may continue
to comply with this subtitle.

(c) Guidance issued by the Director in accordance with
subtitle B of this title shall sunset on September 30, 2001,
unless the Director determines it should continue in effect
pursuant to section 4121(b) of this division, and notifies
the Congress and the agencies of that intent by March 31,
SEC. 4132. CAPITAL PLANNING AND INVESTMENT CONTROL.

(a) In fulfilling the responsibilities assigned under section 3506(h) of title 44, United States Code, the head of each executive agency shall design and apply in the executive agency a process for maximizing the value and assessing and managing the risks of the information technology acquisitions of the agency.

(b) The process shall—

(1) provide for the selection, control, and evaluation of the results of information technology investments of the agency;

(2) be integrated with budget, financial, and program management decisions of the agency;

(3) include minimum criteria for considering an information systems investment— to include a quantitative assessment of projected net, risk-adjusted return on investment—as well as explicit criteria, both quantitative and qualitative, for comparing and prioritizing alternative information systems investment projects;

(4) identify information systems investments with share benefit to or impact on other Federal agencies and State or local governments that require enforcement of operational standards or elimination of redundancies;
(5) provide for clearly identifying in advance of
the proposed investment of quantifiable measurements
for determining the net benefits and risks; and
(6) provide senior management with timely in-
formation regarding the progress of information sys-
tems initiatives against measurable, independently-
verifiable milestones, including cost, ability to meet
specified requirements, timeliness, and quality.
(c) This section applies to national security systems
except for subsection (b).

SEC. 4133. PERFORMANCE AND RESULTS-BASED MANAGE-
MENT.

(a) In General.—In fulfilling the responsibilities
under section 3506(h) of title 44, United States Code, the
head of an executive agency shall—
(1) establish goals for improving the efficiency
and effectiveness of agency operations and, as appro-
priate, the delivery of services to the public through
the effective use of information technology;
(2) prepare an annual report, to be included in
the budget submission for the executive agency, on the
progress in achieving the goals;
(3) ensure that—
(A) the agency determines—
(i) whether the function should be performed in the private sector rather than by an agency of the Federal Government and, if so, whether the component of the agency performing that function should be converted from a governmental organization to a private sector organization; or

(ii) whether the function should be performed by the executive agency and, if so, whether the function should be performed by a private sector source under a contract entered into by head of the executive agency or executive agency personnel;

(B) the agency—

(i) provides adequately for the integration of the agency’s information resources management plans, strategic plans prepared pursuant to section 306 of title 5, United States Code, and performance plans prepared pursuant to section 1115 of title 31, United States Code; and

(ii) budgets for the acquisition and use of information technology;

(4) ensure that performance measurements are prescribed for information technology used by or to be
acquired for the executive agency and that the performance measurements measure how well the information technology supports agency programs;

(5) where comparable processes and organizations in the public or private sectors exist, quantitatively benchmark agency process performance against such processes in terms of cost, speed, productivity, and quality of outputs and outcomes;

(6) analyze its missions and, based on the analysis, revises its mission-related processes and administrative processes as appropriate before making significant investments in information technology to be used in support of agency missions;

(7) ensure that the agency’s information resources management plan is current and adequate and, to the maximum extent practicable, specifically identifies how information technology to be acquired is expected to improve agency operations and otherwise expected to benefit the agency;

(8) ensure that efficient and effective interagency and Governmentwide information technology investments are undertaken to improve the accomplishment of common agency missions; and

(9) ensure that an agency’s information security is adequate.
(b) Application.—This section applies to national security systems except for subparagraph (3)(A).

SEC. 4134. SPECIFIC AUTHORITY.

(a) In general.—The authority of the head of an executive agency under section 4101 and the authorities referred to in such section includes but is not limited to the following authorities:

(1) To acquire information technology as authorized by law.

(2) To enter into a contract that provides for multi-agency acquisitions of information technology subject to the approval and guidance of the Director.

(3) If the Director, based on advice from the Chief Information Officers Council or interagency functional groups, finds that it would be advantageous for the Federal Government to do so, to enter into a multi-agency contract for procurement of commercial items that requires each agency covered by the contract, when procuring such items, either to procure the items under that contract or to justify an alternative procurement of the items.

(4) To establish and support one or more independent technical review committees, composed of diverse agency personnel (including users) and outside experts selected by the head of the executive agency, to
advise the head of the executive agency about information systems programs.

(b) FTS 2000 PROGRAM.— Notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other law, the General Services Administration shall continue to manage the FTS 2000 program, and to coordinate the follow-on to that program, on behalf and with the advice of the Federal agencies.

SEC. 4135. AGENCY CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.

(a) DESIGNATION OF CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICERS.— Section 3506(a) of title 44, United States Code, is amended by striking out “senior official” wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “Chief Information Officer”; and by striking out “official” wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “Officer”.

(b) IN GENERAL.— The chief information officer of an executive agency shall be responsible for—

(1) providing advice and other assistance to the head of the executive agency and other senior management personnel of the executive agency to ensure that information technology is acquired and information resources are managed for the agency in a manner that implements the policies and procedures of this division and the priorities established by the agency head;
(2) developing, maintaining and facilitating the implementation of a sound and integrated information architecture for an agency; and

(3) promoting the effective and efficient design and operation of all major information resources management processes including work process improvements for an agency.

(c) Duties and Qualifications.—Duties and qualifications of chief information officers in agencies listed in section 901(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code:

(1) Information resources management duties shall be a primary duty of the chief information officer.

(2) The chief information officer shall monitor the performance of information technology programs of the executive agency, evaluate the performance on the basis of the applicable performance measurements, and advise the head of the executive agency regarding whether to continue or terminate programs and/or projects.

(3) The chief information officer shall, as part of the strategic planning process required under Government Performance and Results Act, annually—

(A) perform an assessment of the agency’s knowledge and skill requirements in information
resources management for achieving performance goals;

(B) an analysis of the degree to which existing positions and personnel, both at the executive and management levels, meet those requirements;

(C) develop strategies and specific plans for hiring, training and professional development to narrow the gap between needed and existing capability; and

(D) report to the agency head on the progress made in improving information management capability.

(4) Agencies may establish Chief Information Officers for major subcomponents or bureaus.

(5) Agency chief information officers shall possess demonstrated ability in general management of, and knowledge of and extensive practical experience in, information and information technology management practices of business or government entities.

(6) For each chief information officer, a deputy chief information officer shall be appointed by the agency head reporting directly to the respective agency or component chief information officer. Deputy chief information officers shall have demonstrated ability and experience in general management, busi-
ness process analysis, software and information systems development, design and management of information technology architectures, data and telecommunications management at government or business entities.

(d) EXECUTIVE LEVEL IV.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "Agency chief information officers designated under section 4135(c) of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995."

(e) APPLICATION.—This section applies to national security systems.

SEC. 4136. ACCOUNTABILITY.

(a) SYSTEM OF CONTROLS.—The head of each executive agency, in consultation with the chief information officer and the chief financial officer of that agency (or, in the case of an agency without a chief financial officer, any comparable official), shall establish policies and procedures that—

(1) ensure that the accounting, financial, and asset management systems and other information systems of the agency are designed, developed, maintained, and used effectively to provide financial or program performance data for financial statements of the agency;
(2) ensure that financial and related program performance data are provided on a reliable, consistent, and timely basis to agency financial management systems; and

(3) ensure that financial statements support—

(A) assessment and revision of mission-related processes and administrative processes of the agency; and

(B) performance measurement in the case of information system investments made by the agency.

(b) INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The information resources management plan required under section 3506(b)(2) of title 44, United States Code shall—

(1) be consistent with the strategic plan prepared by the head of the agency pursuant to section 306 of title 5, United States Code, where applicable, and the agency head's mission analysis, and ensure that the agency information systems conform to those plans.

The plan shall provide for applying information technology and other information resources in support of the performance of the missions of the agency and shall include the following:
(A) A statement of goals for improving the contribution of information resources to program productivity, efficiency, and effectiveness.

(B) Methods for measuring progress toward achieving the goals.

(C) Assignment of clear roles, responsibilities, and accountability for achieving the goals.

(D) A description of—

(i) the major existing and planned information technology components (such as information systems and telecommunication networks) of the agency and the relationship among the information technology components; and

(ii) the information architecture for the agency.

(E) A summary, for each ongoing or completed major information systems investment from the previous year, of the project's status and any changes in name, direction or scope, quantifiable results achieved and current maintenance expenditures.

(c) AGENCY INFORMATION.—The head of an executive agency shall periodically evaluate and, as necessary, im-
prove the accuracy, security, completeness, and reliability of information maintained by or for the agency.

(d) Application.—This section applies to national security systems except for subsection (b).

SEC. 4137. SIGNIFICANT FAILURES.

The agency shall include in the plan required under section 3506(b)(2) of title 44, United States Code, a justification for the continuation of any major information technology acquisition program, or phase or increment of such program, that has significantly deviated from the established cost, performance, or schedule baseline.

SEC. 4138. INTERAGENCY SUPPORT.

The heads of multiple executive agencies are authorized to utilize funds appropriated for use in oversight, acquisition and procurement of information technology to support the activities of the Chief Information Officers Council established pursuant to section 4141 and to such independent review committees and interagency groups established pursuant to section 4151 in such manner and amounts as prescribed by the Director.
Subtitle D—Chief Information Officers Council

SEC. 4141. ESTABLISHMENT OF CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICERS COUNCIL.

(a) Establishment.—There is established a Chief Information Officers Council, consisting of—

(1) the Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, who shall act as chairperson of the council;

(2) the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of the Office of Management and Budget;

(3) the Administrator of General Services;

(4) the Administrator of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy of the Office of Management and Budget;

(5) the Controller of the Office of Federal Financial Management of the Office of Management and Budget; and

(6) each of the Chief Information Officers from those agencies listed in section 901(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, along with a Chief Information Officer representing other Executive agencies.
(b) Functions.—The Chief Information Officers Council shall meet periodically to advise and coordinate the activities of the agencies of its members by—

(1) obtaining advice on information resources, information resources management, including the reduction of information collection burdens on the public, and information technology from State, local, and tribal governments and from the private sector;

(2) making recommendations to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget regarding Federal policies and practices on information resources management, including the reduction of information collection burdens on the public, to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of Federal programs;

(3) providing for the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to establish temporary special advisory groups to the Chief Information Officers Council, composed of senior officials from industry, academia and the Federal Government, to review Governmentwide information technology programs, information technology acquisitions, and issues of information technology policy; and

(4) reviewing agency programs and processes, to identify opportunities for consolidation of activities or cooperation.
(c) Consideration.—The Chief Information Officers Council shall consider national security systems for advice or coordination only with the consent of the affected agency. 

(d) Consultation.—The Chief Information Officers Council shall consult with the Public Printer appointed under section 301 of title 44, United States Code, regarding implementation of section 4819 of this division.

Subtitle E—Interagency Functional Groups

SEC. 4151. ESTABLISHMENT.

(a) In General.—The President may direct the establishment of one or more interagency groups to advise the Director and the agencies, known as “functional groups”—

(1) to examine areas including telecommunications, software engineering, common administrative and programmatic applications, computer security, and information policy, that would benefit from a Governmentwide or multi-agency perspective;

(2) to submit to the Chief Information Officers Council proposed solutions for problems in specific common operational areas;

(3) to promote cooperation among agencies on information technology matters;
(4) to review and make recommendations to the Director and the agencies concerned regarding major or high risk information technology acquisitions; and

(5) to otherwise improve the efficiency of information technology to support agency missions.

(b) Temporary Special Advisory Groups.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget is authorized to establish temporary special advisory groups to the functional groups, composed of experts from industry, academia and the Federal Government, to review Government-wide information technology programs, major or high-risk information technology acquisitions, and issues of information technology policy.

SEC. 4152. SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS.

(a) The functions of an interagency functional group are as follows:

(1) To identify common goals and requirements for common agency programs.

(2) To develop a coordinated approach to meeting agency requirements, including coordinated budget estimates and procurement programs.

(3) To identify opportunities to share information for improving the quality of the performance of agency functions, for reducing the cost of agency pro-
grams, and for reducing burdens of agency activities
on the public.

(4) To coordinate activities and the sharing of
information with other functional groups.

(5) To make recommendations to the heads of ex-
cutive agencies and to the Director of the Office of
Management and Budget regarding the selection of
protocols and other standards for information tech-
nology, including security standards.

(6) To support interoperability among informa-
tion systems.

(7) To perform other functions, related to the
purposes set forth in section 4151(a), that are as-
signed by the chief Information Officers Council.

(b) Interagency functional groups may perform these
functions with respect to national security systems only
with the consent of the affected agency.

Subtitle F—Other Responsibilities

SEC. 4161. RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE COMPUTER SE-
CURITY ACT OF 1987.

(a) In General.—(1) The Secretary of Commerce
shall, on the basis of standards and guidelines developed
by the National Institute of Standards and technology pur-
suant to section 20(a) (2) and (3) of the National Bureau
of Standards Act, promulgate standards and guidelines per-
taining to Federal computer systems, making such stand-
ards compulsory and binding to the extent to which the Sec-
retary determines necessary to improve the efficiency of op-
eration or security and privacy of Federal computer sys-
tems. The President may disapprove or modify such stand-
ards and guidelines if he determines such action to be in
the public interest. The President's authority to disapprove
or modify such standards and guidelines may not be dele-
gated. Notice of such disapproval or modification shall be
submitted promptly to the Committee on Government Re-
form and Oversight of the House of Representatives and the
Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and shall
be published promptly in the Federal Register. Upon receiv-
ing notice of such disapproval or modification, the Sec-
retary of Commerce shall immediately rescind or modify
such standards or guidelines as directed by the President.

(2) The head of a Federal agency may employ stand-
ards for the cost effective security and privacy of sensitive
information in a Federal computer system within or under
the supervision of that agency that are more stringent than
the standards promulgated by the Secretary of Commerce,
if such standards contain, at a minimum, the provisions
of those applicable standards made compulsory and binding
by the Secretary of Commerce.
(3) The standards determined to be compulsory and binding may be waived by the Secretary of Commerce in writing upon a determination that compliance would adversely affect the accomplishment of the mission of an operator of a Federal computer system, or cause a major adverse financial impact on the operator which is not offset by Governmentwide savings. The Secretary may delegate to the head of one or more Federal agencies authority to waive such standards to the extent to which the Secretary determines such action to be necessary and desirable to allow for timely and effective implementation of Federal computer system standards. The head of such agency may redelegate such authority only to a Chief Information Officer designated pursuant to section 3506 of title 44, United States Code. Notice of each such waiver and delegation shall be transmitted promptly to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and shall be published promptly in the Federal Register.

(4) As used in this section, the terms "Federal computer system" and "operator of a Federal computer system" have the meanings given in section 20(d) of the National Bureau of Standards Act.

(b) Exercise of Authority.—The authority conferred upon the Secretary by this section shall be exercised
subject to direction by the President and in coordination
with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget
to ensure fiscal and policy consistency.

(c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.— Sub-
sections 3504(g) (2) and (3), and 3506(g) (2) and (3) to
title 44, United States Code, are each amended by inserting
the phrase “and section 161 of the Information Technology
Reform Act of 1995” after the phrase “the Computer Secu-

Subtitle G—Sense of Congress

SEC. 4171. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress over the next five years that
executive agencies should achieve at least a real 5 percent
per year decrease in the cost incurred by the agency for
operating and maintaining information technology, and a
real 5 percent per year increase in the efficiency of the agen-
cy operations, by reason of improvements in information
resources management by the agency.

TITLE XLII—PROCESS FOR AC-
QUISITIONS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
Subtitle A—Procedures

SEC. 4201. PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES.

(a) RESPONSIBILITY.— The Director of the Office of
Management and Budget of the United States shall issue
guidance to be used in conducting information technology acquisitions.

(b) **Standards for Procedures.**—The Director shall ensure that the process for acquisition of information technology is, in general, a simplified, clear, and understandable process that specifically addresses the management of risk.

(c) **Performance Measurements.**—The guidance shall include performance measurements and other performance requirements that the Director determines appropriate.

(d) **Use of Commercial Items.**—The guidance shall mandate the use, to the maximum extent practicable, of commercial items to meet the information technology requirements of the executive agency.

(e) **Differentiated Procedures.**—Subject to subsection (b), the Director shall consider whether and, to the extent appropriate, how to differentiate in the treatment and conduct of acquisitions of information technology on any of the following bases:

1. The dollar value of the acquisition.
2. The information technology to be acquired, including such consideration as whether the item is a commercial item or an item being developed or modi-
fied uniquely for use by one or more executive agencies.

(3) The complexity of the information technology acquisition, including such considerations as size and scope.

(4) The level of risk, including technical and schedule risks.

(5) The level of experience or expertise of the critical personnel in the program office, mission unit, or office of the chief information officer of the executive agency concerned.

(6) The extent to which the information technology may be used Governmentwide or by several agencies.

SEC. 4202. INCREMENTAL ACQUISITION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.

(a) Civilian Agencies.—

(1) Procedures Authorized.—Title III of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 251 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 303H the following new section:

"Modular Contracting

"Sec. 303I. (a) In General.—An executive agency's need for a major system of information technology should, to the maximum extent practicable, be satisfied in succes-
sive acquisitions of interoperable increments pursuant to subsections (b) and (c). Such increments shall comply with readily available standards such that they can be connected to other increments that comply with such standards.

"(b) Division of Acquisitions into Increments.—Under the successive, incremental acquisition process, a major system of information technology may be divided into several smaller acquisition increments that—

"(1) are easier to manage individually than would be one extensive acquisition;

"(2) address complex information technology problems incrementally in order to enhance the likelihood of achieving workable solutions for those problems;

"(3) provide for delivery, implementation, and testing of workable systems or solutions in discrete increments each of which comprises a system or solution that is not dependent on any subsequent increment in order to perform its principal functions; and

"(4) provide an opportunity for subsequent increments of the acquisition to take advantage of any evolution in technology or needs that occur during conduct of the earlier increments.

"(c) Timely Acquisitions.—(1) A contract for an increment of an information technology acquisition should,
to the maximum extent practicable, be awarded within 180
days after the date on which the solicitation is issued, or
that increment of the acquisition should be considered for
cancellation.

"(2) The information technology provided for in a con-
tract for acquisition of information technology should be de-
ivered within 18 months after the date on which the solici-
tation resulting in award of the contract was issued.”.

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of con-
tents in the first section of such Act is amended by
inserting after the item relating to section 303H the
following new item:

“Sec. 303I Modular contracting.”.

(b) Department of Defense.—

(1) Procedures Authorized.—Chapter 137 of
title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting
after section 2305 the following new section:

§ 2305a. Modular Contracting

“(a) In General.—An executive agency’s need for a
major system of information technology should, to the maxi-
mum extent practicable, be satisfied in successive acquisi-
tions of interoperable increments pursuant to subsections
(b) and (c). Such increments shall comply with readily
available standards such that they can be connected to other
increments that comply with such standards.
“(b) Division of Acquisitions into Increments.—Under the successive incremental acquisition process, a major system of information technology may be divided into several smaller acquisition increments that—

“(1) are easier to manage individually than would be one extensive acquisition;

“(2) address complex information technology problems incrementally in order to enhance the likelihood of achieving workable solutions for those problems;

“(3) provide for delivery, implementation, and testing of workable systems or solutions in discrete increments each of which comprises a system or solution that is not dependent on any subsequent increment in order to perform its principal functions; and

“(4) provide an opportunity for subsequent increments of the acquisition to take advantage of any evolution in technology or needs that occur during conduct of the earlier increments.

“(c) Timely Acquisitions.—(1) A contract for an increment of an information technology acquisition should, to the maximum extent practicable, be awarded within 180 days after the date on which the solicitation is issued, or that increment of the acquisition should be considered for cancellation.
“(2) The information technology provided for in a contract for acquisition of information technology should be delivered within 18 months after the date on which the solicitation resulting in award of the contract was issued.”.

(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2305 the following:

‘‘2305a. Modular contracting.’’.

SEC. 4203. TASK AND DELIVERY ORDER CONTRACTS.

(a) Civilian Agency Acquisitions.—

(1) Requirement for Multiple Awards.—

Section 303H(d) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253H(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) In exercising the authority under this section for procurement of information technology, the head of an executive agency shall award at least two task or delivery order contracts for the same or similar information technology services or property unless the agency determines that it is not in the best interests of the United States to award two or more such contracts.”.
(2) Definition.—Section 303K of such Act (41 U.S.C. 253K) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) The term ‘information technology’ has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995.”.

(b) Armed Services Acquisitions.—

(1) Requirement for multiple awards.—Section 2304a(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) In exercising the authority under this section for procurement of information technology, the head of an executive agency shall award at least two task or delivery order contracts for the same or similar information technology services or property unless the agency determines that it is not in the best interests of the United States to award two or more such contracts.”.

(2) Definition.—Section 2304d of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) The term ‘information technology’ has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995.”.
Subtitle B—Acquisition Management

SEC. 4221. ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT TEAM.

(a) Capabilities of Agency Personnel.—The head of each executive agency shall ensure that the agency personnel involved in an acquisition of information technology have the experience, and have demonstrated the skills and knowledge, necessary to carry out the acquisition competently.

(b) Use of Outside Acquisition Team.—If the head of the executive agency determines that such personnel are not available for carrying out the acquisition, the head of that agency should consider designating a capable executive agent to carry out the acquisition.

SEC. 4222. OVERSIGHT OF ACQUISITIONS.

It is the sense of Congress that the director of the Office of Management and Budget, the heads of executive agencies, and the inspectors general of executive agencies, in performing responsibilities for oversight of information technology acquisitions, should emphasize reviews of the operational justifications for the acquisitions, the results of the acquisition programs, and the performance measurements established for the information technology rather than reviews of the acquisition process.
TITLE XLIII—INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY ACQUISITION
PILOT PROGRAMS
Subtitle A—Conduct of Pilot Programs

SEC. 4301. AUTHORIZATION TO CONDUCT PILOT PROGRAMS.

(a) In General.—

(1) Purpose.—The Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy (hereinafter referred to as the “Administrator”), in consultation with the Administrator for the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs shall be authorized to conduct pilot programs in order to test alternative approaches for acquisition of information technology and other information resources by executive agencies.

(2) Multi-agency, multi-activity conduct of each program.—Except as otherwise provided in this title, each pilot program conducted under this title shall be carried out in not more than two procuring activities in each of two executive agencies designated by the Administrator. The head of each designated executive agency shall, with the approval of the Administrator, select the procuring activities of the agency to participate in the test and shall des-
ignite a procurement testing official who shall be re-
sponsible for the conduct and evaluation of the pilot
program within the agency.

(b) Limitations.—

(1) Number.—Not more than two pilot pro-
grams shall be conducted under the authority of this
title, including one pilot program each pursuant to
the requirements of sections 4321 and 4322.

(2) Amount.—The total amount obligated for
contracts entered into under the pilot programs con-
ducted under the authority of this title may not ex-
ceed $750,000,000. The Administrator shall monitor
such contracts and ensure that contracts are not en-
tered into in violation of the limitation in the preced-
ing sentence.

(c) Involvement of Chief Information Officers
Council.—The Administrator may—

(1) conduct pilot programs recommended by the
Chief Information Officers Council; and

(2) consult with the Chief Information Officers
Council regarding development of pilot programs to
be conducted under this section.

(d) Period of Programs.—

(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the
Administrator shall conduct a pilot program for the
period, not in excess of five years, that is determined
by the Administrator to be sufficient to establish reli-
able results.

(2) **CONTINUING VALIDITY OF CONTRACTS.**— A
contract entered into under the pilot program before
the expiration of that program shall remain in effect
according to the terms of the contract after the expira-
tion of the program.

**SEC. 4302. EVALUATION CRITERIA AND PLANS.**

(a) **Measurable Test Criteria.**— The head of each
executive agency conducting a pilot program under section
4301 shall establish, to the maximum extent practicable,
measurable criteria for evaluating the effects of the proce-
dures or techniques to be tested under the program.

(b) **Test Plan.**— Before a pilot program may be con-
ducted under section 4301 the Administrator shall submit
to the Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Commit-
tee on Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on
Government Reform and Oversight and the Committee on
Small Business of the House of Representative a detailed
test plan for the program, including a detailed description
of the procedures to be used and a list of any regulations
that are to be waived.
SEC. 4303. REPORT.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of a pilot program conducted under this title the Administrator shall—

(1) submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget a report on the results and findings under the program; and

(2) provide a copy of the report to the Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Small Business of the Senate, and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives.

(b) CONTENT.—The report shall include the following:

(1) A detailed description of the results of the program, as measured by the criteria established for the program.

(2) A discussion of any legislation that the Administrator recommends, or changes in regulations that the Administrator considers necessary, in order to improve overall information resources management within the Federal Government.

SEC. 4304. RECOMMENDED LEGISLATION.

If the Director of the Office of Management and Budget determines that the results and findings under a pilot program under this title indicate that legislation is necessary or desirable in order to improve the process for acquisition
of information technology, the Director shall transmit the
Director’s recommendations for such legislation to the Com-
mittee on Governmental Affairs and the Committee on
Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on Govern-
ment Reform and Oversight and the Committee on Small
Business of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 4305. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title shall be construed as authorizing
the appropriation or obligation of funds for the pilot pro-
grams conducted pursuant to this title.

Subtitle B—Specific Pilot Programs

SEC. 4321. SHARE-IN-SAVINGS PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator may author-
ize agencies to carry out a pilot program to test the feasibil-
ity of—

(1) contracting on a competitive basis with a
private sector source to provide the Federal Govern-
ment with an information technology solution for im-
proving mission-related or administrative processes of
the Federal Government; and

(2) paying the private sector source an amount
equal to a portion of the savings derived by the Fed-
eral Government from any improvements in mission-
related processes and administrative processes that re-
sult from implementation of the solution.
(b) **Program Contracts.**—Up to five contracts for one project each may be entered into under the pilot program.

(c) **Selection of Projects.**—The projects shall be selected by the Administrator, in consultation with the Administrator for the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, from among projects recommended by the Chief Information Officers Council.

**SEC. 4322. SOLUTIONS-BASED CONTRACTING PILOT PROGRAM.**

(a) **In General.**—The Administrator may authorize agencies to carry out a pilot program to test the feasibility of the use of solutions-based contracting for acquisition of information technology.

(b) **Solutions-Based Contracting Defined.**—For purposes of this section, solutions-based contracting is an acquisition method under which the Federal Government user of the technology to be acquired defines the acquisition objectives, uses a streamlined contractor selection process, and allows industry sources to provide solutions that attain the objectives effectively. The emphasis of the method is on obtaining from industry an optimal solution.

(c) **Process.**—The Administrator shall require use of the following process for acquisitions under the pilot program:
(1) **Acquisition Plan Emphasizing Desired Result.**—Preparation of an acquisition plan that defines the functional requirements of the intended users of the information technology to be acquired, identifies the operational improvement results to be achieved, and defines the performance measurements to be applied in determining whether the information technology acquired satisfies the defined requirements and attains the identified results.

(2) **Results-Oriented Statement of Work.**—Use of a statement of work that is limited to an expression of the end results or performance capabilities desired under the acquisition plan.

(3) **Small Acquisition Organization.**—Assembly of small acquisition organization consisting of the following:

(A) An acquisition management team, the members of which are to be evaluated and rewarded under the pilot program for contributions toward attainment of the desired results identified in the acquisition plan.

(B) A small source selection team composed of representatives in the specific mission or administrative area to be supported by the infor-
mation technology to be acquired, a contracting
officer, and persons with relevant expertise.

(4) **Use of source selection factors em-
phasizing source qualifications.**—Use of source
selection factors that are limited to determining the
qualifications of the offeror, including such factors as
personnel skills, previous experience in providing
other private or public sector organizations with solu-
tions for attaining objectives similar to the objectives
to be attained in the acquisition, past contract per-
formance, qualifications of the proposed program
manager, and the proposed management plan.

(5) **Open communications with contractor
community.**—Open availability of the following in-
formation to potential offerors:

(A) The agency mission to be served by the
acquisition.

(B) The functional process to be performed
by use of information technology.

(C) The process improvements to be at-
tained.

(6) **Simple solicitation.**—Use of a simple so-
llication that sets forth only the functional work de-
scription, source selection factors, the required terms
and conditions, instructions regarding submission of
offers, and the estimate of the Federal Government’s budget for the desired work.

(7) **Simple proposals.**—Submission of oral proposals and acceptance of written supplemental submissions that are limited in size and scope and contain information on the offeror’s qualifications to perform the desired work together with information of past contract performance.

(8) **Simple evaluation.**—Use of a simple evaluation process, to be completed within 45 days after receipt of proposals, which consists of the following:

(A) Identification of the offerors that are within the competitive range of most of the qualified offerors.

(B) Issuance of invitations for at least three and not more than five of the identified offerors to make oral presentations to, and engage in discussions with, the evaluating personnel regarding the qualifications of the offerors, including how the qualifications of each offeror relate to the approaches proposed to be taken by the offeror in the acquisition.

(C) Evaluation of the qualifications of the identified offerors on the basis of submissions required under the process and any oral presen-
tations made by, and any discussions with, the offerors.

(9) Selection of Most Qualified Offeror.—

A selection process consisting of the following:

(A) Identification of the most qualified source, and ranking of alternative sources, primarily on the basis of the oral proposals, presentations, and discussions, but taking into consideration supplemental written submissions.

(B) Conduct for 30 to 60 days of a program definition phase, funded by the Federal Government—

(i) during which the selected source, in consultation with one or more intended users, develops a conceptual system design and technical approach, defines logical phases for the project, and estimates the total cost and the cost for each phase; and

(ii) after which a contract for performance of the work may be awarded to that source on the basis of cost, the responsiveness, reasonableness, and quality of the proposed performance, and a sharing of risk and benefits between the source and the Government.
(C) Conduct of as many successive program definition phases with the alternative sources (in the order ranked) as is necessary in order to award a contract in accordance with subparagraph (B).

(10) **SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION PHASING.**—System implementation to be executed in phases that are tailored to the solution, with various contract arrangements being used, as appropriate, for various phases and activities.

(11) **MUTUAL AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE.**—Authority for the Federal Government or the contractor to terminate the contract without penalty at the end of any phase defined for the project.

(12) **TIME MANAGEMENT DISCIPLINE.**—Application of a standard for awarding a contract within 60 to 90 days after issuance of the solicitation.

(d) **PILOT PROGRAM DESIGN.**—

(1) **JOINT PUBLIC-PRIVATE WORKING GROUP.**—The Administrator, in consultation with the Administrator for the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs shall establish a joint working group of Federal Government personnel and representatives of the information technology industry to design a plan for conduct of the pilot program. The establishment and
operation of this working group shall not be subject to the requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.).

(2) CONTENT OF PLAN.—The plan shall provide for use of solutions-based contracting in the Department of Defense and not more than two other executive agencies for a total of—

(A) not more than 10 projects, each of which has an estimated cost of between $25,000,000 and $100,000,000; and

(B) not more than 10 projects, each of which has an estimated cost of between $1,000,000 and $5,000,000, to be set aside for small business concerns.

(3) COMPLEXITY OF PROJECTS.—(A) Subject to subparagraph (C), each acquisition project under the pilot program shall be sufficiently complex to provide for meaningful evaluation of the use of solutions-based contracting for acquisition of information technology for executive agencies.

(B) In order for an acquisition project to satisfy the requirement in subparagraph (A)—

(i) the solution for attainment of the executive agency’s objectives under the project should
not be obvious, but rather shall involve a need for
some innovative development; and

(ii) the project shall incorporate all ele-
ments of system integration.

(C) An acquisition project should not be so ex-
tensive or lengthy as to result in undue delay in the
evaluation of the use of solutions-based contracting.

(e) Use of Experienced Federal Personnel.—
Only Federal Government personnel who are experienced,
and have demonstrated success, in managing or otherwise
performing significant functions in complex acquisitions
shall be used for evaluating offers, selecting sources, and
carrying out the performance phases in an acquisition
under the pilot program.

(f) Monitoring by GAO.—

(1) Requirement.— The Comptroller General of
the United States shall—

(A) monitor the conduct, and review the re-
results, of acquisitions under the pilot program;
and

(B) submit to Congress periodic reports con-
taining the views of the Comptroller General on
the activities, results, and findings under the
pilot program.
(2) **Expiration of Requirement.**—The requirement under paragraph (1)(B) shall terminate after submission of the report that contains the final views of the Comptroller General on the last of the acquisition projects completed under the pilot program.

**TITLE XLIV—OTHER INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT REFORM**

**SEC. 4401. ON-LINE MULTIPLE AWARD SCHEDULE CONTRACTING.**

(a) **Automation of Multiple Award Schedule Contracting.**—(1) In order to provide for the economic and efficient procurement of information technology, the Administrator of General Services shall establish a program for the development and implementation of a system to provide Governmentwide, on-line computer access to information on information technology products and services that are available for ordering through multiple award schedules.

(2) The system required by paragraph (1) shall, at a minimum—

(A) provide basic information on prices, features, and performance of all products and services available for ordering through the multiple award schedules;
(B) provide for updating that information to reflect changes in prices, features, and performance as soon as information on the changes becomes available;

(C) enables users to make on-line computer comparisons of the prices, features, and performance of similar products and services offered by various vendors;

(D) enable users to place, and vendors to receive, on-line computer orders for products and services available for ordering through the multiple award schedules (up to the maximum order limitation of the applicable schedule contract);

(E) enable ordering agencies to make payments to contractors by bank card, electronic funds transfer, or other automated methods in cases in which it is practicable and in the interest of the Federal Government to do so; and

(F) archive data relating to each order placed against multiple award schedule contracts using such system, including, at a minimum, data on—

(i) the agency or office placing the order;

(ii) the vendor receiving the order;

(iii) the products or services ordered; and

(iv) the total price of the order.
(3)(A) The system required by paragraph (1) shall be implemented not later than January 1, 1998.

(B) The Administrator shall certify to Congress that the system required by paragraph (1) has been implemented at such time as a system meeting the requirements of paragraph (2) is in place and accessible by at least 90 percent of the potential users in the departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

(4) Orders placed against multiple award schedule contracts through the system required by paragraph (1) may be considered for purposes of the determinations regarding implementation of the capability described under subsection (b) of section 30A of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 426a) and implementation of such capability under subsection (d) of such section.

(b) Streamlined Procedures; Pilot Program.—

(1)(A) In order to provide for compliance with provisions of law requiring the use of competitive procedures in Federal Government procurement, the procedures established by the Administrator of General Services for the program referred to in subsection (a) shall include requirements for—

(i) participation in multiple award schedule contracts to be open to all responsible and responsive sources; and
(ii) orders to be placed using a process which results in the lowest overall cost alternative to meet the needs of the Government, except in a case in which a written determination is made (in accordance with such procedures) that a different alternative would provide a substantially better overall value to the Government.

(B) The Administrator may require offerors to agree to accept orders electronically through the electronic exchange of procurement information in order to be eligible for award of a multiple award schedule contract.

(C) Regulations on the acquisition of commercial items issued pursuant to section 8002 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-355; 108 Stat. 3386; 41 U.S.C. 264 note) shall apply to multiple award schedule contracts.

(2) Within 90 days after the Administrator makes the certification referred to in subsection (a)(3)(B), the Administrator shall establish a pilot program to test streamlined procedures for the procurement of information technology products and services available for ordering through the multiple award schedules. The Administrator shall provide for the pilot program to be applicable to all multiple award schedule contracts for the purchase of information technology and to test the following procedures:
(A) A procedure under which negotiation of the terms and conditions for a covered multiple award schedule contract is limited to terms and conditions other than price.

(B) A procedure under which the vendor establishes the prices under a covered multiple award schedule contract and may adjust those prices at any time in the discretion of the vendor.

(C) A procedure under which a covered multiple award schedule contract is awarded to any responsible and responsive offeror that—

(i) has a suitable record of past performance on Federal Government contracts, including multiple award schedule contracts;

(ii) agrees to terms and conditions that the Administrator determines as being required by law or as being appropriate for the purchase of commercial items; and

(iii) agrees to establish and update prices and to accept orders electronically through the automated system established pursuant to subsection (a).

(3)(A) Not later than three years after the date on which the pilot program is established, the Comptroller General of the United States shall review the pilot program
and report to the Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives on the results of the pilot program.

(B) The report shall include the following:

(i) An evaluation of the extent of the competition for the orders placed under the pilot program.

(ii) The effect of the pilot program on prices charged under multiple award schedule contracts.

(iii) The effect of the pilot program on paperwork requirements for multiple award schedule contracts and orders.

(iv) The impact of the pilot program on small businesses and socially and economically disadvantaged small businesses.

(4) Unless reauthorized by Congress, the authority of the Administrator to award contracts under the pilot program shall expire four years after the date on which the pilot program is established. Contracts entered into before the authority expires shall remain in effect in accordance with their terms notwithstanding the expiration of the authority to enter new contracts under the pilot program.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
(1) The term “information technology” has the meaning given that term in section 4 of this Act.

(2) The term “commercial item” has the meaning given the term in section 4(12) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(12)).

(3) The term “competitive procedures” has the meaning given the term in section 309(b) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 259(b)).

SEC. 4402. DISPOSAL OF EXCESS COMPUTER EQUIPMENT.

(a) Authority To Donate.—The head of an executive agency may, without regard to the procedures otherwise applicable under title II of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 481 et seq.), convey without consideration all right, title, and interest of the United States in any computer equipment under the control of such official that is determined under title II of such Act as being excess property to a recipient in the following order of priority:

(1) Elementary and secondary schools under the jurisdiction of a local educational agency and schools funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

(2) Public libraries.

(3) Public colleges and universities.
(b) INVENTORY REQUIRED.—Upon the enactment of this Act, the head of an executive agency shall inventory all computer equipment under the control of that official and identify in accordance with title II of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 481 et seq.) the equipment, if any, that is excess property.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “excess property” has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 472).

(2) The terms “local educational agency”, “elementary school”, and “secondary school” have the meanings given such terms in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801).

SEC. 4403. LEASING INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.

(a) ANALYSIS BY GAO.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall perform a comparative analysis of alternative means of financing the acquisition of information technology. The analysis should—

(1) investigate the full range of alternative financing mechanisms, to include leasing, purchasing and rentals of new and used equipment; and
(2) assess the relative costs, benefits and risks of alternative financing options for the Federal Government.

(b) LEASING GUIDELINES.—Based on the analysis, the Comptroller General shall develop recommended guidelines for financing information technology for executive agencies.

TITLE XLV—PROCUREMENT PROTEST AUTHORITY OF THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL

SEC. 4501. PERIOD FOR PROCESSING PROTESTS.

Section 3554(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out “paragraph (2)” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “paragraphs (2) and (5)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(5)(A) The requirements and restrictions set forth in this paragraph apply in the case of a protest in a procurement of information technology.

“(B) The Comptroller General shall issue a final decision concerning a protest referred to in subparagraph (A) within 45 days after the date of the protest is submitted to the Comptroller General.

“(C) The disposition under this subchapter of a protest in a procurement referred to in subparagraph
(A) bars any further protest under this subchapter by
the same interested party on the same procurement.”.

SEC. 4502. DEFINITION.
Section 3551 of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
ed by adding at the end the following:
“(4) The term ‘information technology’ has the
meaning given that term in section 4 of the Informa-
tion Technology Management Reform Act of 1995.”.

SEC. 4503. EXCLUSIVITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.
Section 3556 of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
ed by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu
thereof the following:
“Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
Comptroller General shall have the exclusive administrative
authority to resolve a protest involving the solicitation, a
proposal for award, or an award of a contract for informa-
tion technology, to the exclusion of the boards of contract
appeals or any other entity. Nothing contained in the sub-
chapter shall affect the right of any interested party to file
a protest with the contracting agency or to file an action
in a district court of the United States of the United States
Court of Federal Claims.”.
TITLE XLVI—RELATED TERMINATIONS, CONFORMING AMENDMENTS, AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS

Subtitle A—Conforming Amendments

SEC. 4601. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

For the Department of Defense section 2315 of such title is amended by striking out from the words “Section 111” through the words “use of equipment or services if,” and substituting therein the following:

“For the purposes of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995, the term ‘national security systems’ means those telecommunications and information systems operated by the Department of Defense, the functions, operation or use of which”.

SEC. 4602. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED STATES CODE.

Section 612 of title 28, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (f), by striking out “section 111 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759)” and inserting in lieu thereof “the provisions of law, policies, and regula-
tions applicable to executive agencies under the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995”; 


(3) by striking out subsection (l); and

(4) by redesignating subsection (m) as subsection (l).

SEC. 4603. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOLLOWING RESOLUTION OF A PROTEST.—Section 1558(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out “or under section 111(f) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759(f))”.

(b) GAO PROCUREMENT PROTEST SYSTEM.—Section 3552 of such title is amended by striking out the second sentence.
SEC. 4604. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 38, UNITED STATES CODE.

Section 310 of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 310. CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.

"(a) The Secretary shall designate a chief information officer for the Department in accordance with section 4135(a) of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995.

"(b) The chief information officer shall perform the duties provided for chief information officers of executive agencies under the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995.".

SEC. 4605. PROVISIONS OF TITLE 44, UNITED STATES CODE, RELATING TO PAPERWORK REDUCTION.

(a) Definition.—Section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (9) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(9) the term ‘information technology’ has the meaning given that term in section 4004 of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1995;”.

(b) Development of Standards and Guidelines by National Institute of Standards and Technology.—Section 3504(h)(1)(B) of such title is amended by striking out "section 111(d) of the Federal Property and
1. Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759(d))
2. and inserting in lieu thereof “paragraphs (2) and (3) of
3. section 20(a) of the National Institute of Standards and
4. Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3(a))”.
5. (c) Compliance with Directives.—Section
6. 3504(h)(2) of such title is amended by striking out “sections
7. 110 and 111 of the Federal Property and Administrative
8. Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 757 and 759)” and insert-
9. ing in lieu thereof “the Information Technology Manage-
10. ment Reform Act of 1995 and directives issued under sec-
11. tion 110 of the Federal Property and Administrative Serv-
12. ices Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 757)”.

SEC. 4606. AMENDMENT TO TITLE 49, UNITED STATES CODE.

Section 40112(a) of title 49, United States Code, is
amended by striking out “or a contract to purchase prop-
erty to which section 111 of the Federal Property and Ad-
ministrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759) applies”.

SEC. 4607. OTHER LAWS.

(a) Computer Security Act of 1987.—(1) Section
2(b)(2) of the Computer Security Act of 1987 (Public Law
100-235; 101 Stat. 1724) is amended by striking out “by
amending section 111(d) of the Federal Property and Ad-
ministrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759(d))”; and
(2) Nothing in the Information Technology Management
Reform Act shall affect the limitations on the authorities set forth in Public Law 100-235.

(b) National Energy Conservation Policy Act.—
Section 801(b)(3) of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(b)(3)) is amended by striking out the second sentence.

(c) National Security Act of 1947.—Section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403c) is amended by striking out subsection (e).

SEC. 4608. ACCESS OF CERTAIN INFORMATION IN INFORMATION SYSTEMS TO THE DIRECTORY AND SYSTEM OF ACCESS ESTABLISHED UNDER SECTION 4101 OF TITLE 44, UNITED STATES CODE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this division, if in designing an information technology system pursuant to this division, the agency determines that a purpose of the system is to disseminate information to the public, then the head of such agency shall ensure that information so disseminated is included in the directory created pursuant to section 4101 of title 44, United States Code. Nothing in this section shall authorize the dissemination of information to the public unless otherwise authorized.
SEC. 4609. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION RELATING TO THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 44, UNITED STATES CODE.

Nothing in this division shall be construed to amend, modify or supercede any provision of title 44, United States Code, other than chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Clerical Amendment

SEC. 4621. AMENDMENT TO TITLE 38, UNITED STATES CODE.

The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 3 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 310 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"310. Chief information officer."

TITLE XLVII—SAVINGS PROVISIONS

SEC. 4701. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

(a) Regulations, Instruments, Rights, and Privileges.—All rules, regulations, contracts, orders, determinations, permits, certificates, licenses, grants, and privileges—

(1) which have been issued, made, granted, or allowed to become effective by the Administrator of General Services or the General Services Administration Board of Contract Appeals, or by a court of competent jurisdiction, in connection with an acquisition activity carried out under the section 111 of the Fed-
eral Property and Administrative Services Act of
1949 (40 U.S.C. 759), and

(2) which are in effect on the effective date of
this title, shall continue in effect according to their
terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set
aside, or revoked in accordance with law by the Di-
rector of the Office of Management and Budget, any
other authorized official, by a court of competent ju-
risdiction, or by operation of law.

(b) PROCEEDINGS AND APPLICATIONS.—

(1) TRANSFERS OF FUNCTIONS NOT TO AFFECT
PROCEEDINGS.—This Act and the amendments made
by this Act shall not affect any proceeding, including
any proceeding involving a claim or application, in
connection with an acquisition activity carried out
under section 111 of the Federal Property and Ad-
ministrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759)
that is pending before the Administrator of General
Services or the General Services Administration
Board of Contract Appeals on the effective date of this
Act.

(2) ORDERS IN PROCEEDINGS.—Orders may be
issued in any such proceeding, appeals may be taken
therefrom, and payments may be made pursuant to
such orders, as if this Act had not been enacted. An
order issued in any such proceeding shall continue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded, or revoked by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, or any other authorized official, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.

(3) Discontinuance or modification of proceedings not prohibited.—Nothing in this subsection prohibits the discontinuance or modification of any such proceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discontinued or modified if this Act had not been enacted.

(4) Regulations for transfer of proceedings.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget may prescribe regulations providing for the orderly transfer of proceedings continued under paragraph (1).
TITLE XLVIII—EFFECTIVE DATES

SEC. 4801. EFFECTIVE DATES.

This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Attest:

Secretary.